

**VOLUME 3**  
**JOURNAL**  
**OF THE**  
**HOUSE**  
**OF REPRESENTATIVES**  
**SEVENTY-FIFTH SESSION**

**OF THE**  
**LEGISLATURE**

**STATE OF MINNESOTA**

**1987**

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**RAMALEY PRINTING COMPANY**

## STATE OF MINNESOTA

## SEVENTY-FIFTH SESSION—1987

## FIFTY-SECOND DAY

SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, MAY 14, 1987

The House of Representatives convened at 11:00 a.m. and was called to order by Fred C. Norton, Speaker of the House.

Prayer was offered by the Reverend Tim Johnson, Pastor at Cherokee Park United Church on St. Paul's West Side, St. Paul, Minnesota.

The roll was called and the following members were present:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Lieder	Ozment	Skoglund
Anderson, R.	Gutknecht	Long	Pappas	Solberg
Battaglia	Hartle	Marsh	Pauly	Sparby
Bauerly	Haukoos	McDonald	Pelowski	Stanius
Beard	Heap	McEachern	Peterson	Steenasma
Begich	Himle	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Bennett	Hugoson	McPherson	Price	Swenson
Bertram	Jacobs	Milbert	Quinn	Thiede
Bishop	Jaros	Miller	Quist	Tjornhom
Boo	Jefferson	Minne	Redalen	Tompkins
Brown	Jennings	Morrison	Reding	Trimble
Burger	Jensen	Munger	Rest	Tunheim
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Murphy	Rice	Uphus
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Valento
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vanasek
Clark	Kahn	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Neuenschwander	Rose	Voss
Cooper	Kelly	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dauner	Kelso	Ogren	Sarna	Waltman
DeBlieck	Kinkel	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Welle
Dempsey	Kludt	Olson, E.	Scheid	Wenzel
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Dorn	Knuth	Omann	Schreiber	Wynia
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Onnen	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Frederick	Krueger	Orenstein	Shaver	
Frerichs	Larsen	Osthoff	Simoneau	
Greenfield	Lasley	Otis		

A quorum was present.

Blatz was excused until 11:55 a.m. McKasy was excused until 12:05 p.m.

The Chief Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding day. Skoglund moved that further reading of the Journal be dis-



pensed with and that the Journal be approved as corrected by the Chief Clerk. The motion prevailed.

Anderson, R., and Carlson, D., were excused while in conference.

#### REPORTS OF CHIEF CLERK

Pursuant to Rules of the House, printed copies of H. F. Nos. 12, 549, 944, 1153, 1176, 1459, 727, 938 and 913 and S. F. Nos. 1280, 1210, 1260, 1449, 686, 704, 896, 966, 451, 533, 575, 875, 1095, 1307, 63, 478 and 806 have been placed in the members' files.

S. F. No. 451 and H. F. No. 629, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

#### SUSPENSION OF RULES

Reding moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 451 be substituted for H. F. No. 629 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1280 and H. F. No. 413, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

#### SUSPENSION OF RULES

Jensen moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 1280 be substituted for H. F. No. 413 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

#### PETITIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS

The following communications were received:

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR  
SAINT PAUL 55155

May 5, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives  
The State of Minnesota

Dear Sir:

I have the honor of informing you that I have received, approved, signed and deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State the following House Files:

H. F. No. 499, relating to metropolitan government; changing the treatment of current value credits and modifying the cost allocation system of the metropolitan waste control commission; providing for a reserve fund for the commission; authorizing appointment of advisory committees by the commission; authorizing an implementation period for transition to a new cost allocation system; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 473.511, subdivision 4; and 473.517, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, and 9; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.517, subdivisions 4, 5, and 7.

H. F. No. 1042, relating to motor carriers; exempting drivers of intrastate charter carriers from having in possession a medical examiner certificate if the driver has a school bus endorsement; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 221.031, by adding a subdivision.

Sincerely,

RUDY PERPICH  
Governor

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE  
ST. PAUL 55155

May 5, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

I have the honor to inform you that the following enrolled Acts of the 1987 Session of the State Legislature have been received from the Office of the Governor and are deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State for preservation, pursuant to the State Constitution, Article IV, Section 23:

<i>S.F.</i> No.	<i>H.F.</i> No.	<i>Session Laws</i> Chapter No.	<i>Date Approved</i> 1987	<i>Date Filed</i> 1987
793		52	May 5, 1987	May 5, 1987
	499	53	May 5, 1987	May 5, 1987
	1042	54	May 5, 1987	May 5, 1987

Sincerely,

JOAN ANDERSON GROWE  
Secretary of State

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR  
SAINT PAUL 55155

May 6, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives  
The State of Minnesota

Dear Sir:

I have the honor of informing you that I have received, approved, signed and deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State the following House Files:

H. F. No. 750, relating to state lands; authorizing sale of certain tax-forfeited lands that border public water in East Grand Forks, Polk county.

H. F. No. 839, relating to public safety; local emergency telephone service; requiring automatic location identification for public safety answering points under certain circumstances; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 403.02, subdivision 6, and by adding a subdivision.

Sincerely,

RUDY PERPICH  
Governor

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR  
SAINT PAUL 55155

May 7, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives  
The State of Minnesota

Dear Sir:

I have the honor of informing you that I have received, approved, signed and deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State the following House Files:

H. F. No. 469, relating to food licenses; regulating certain vending machine inspection fees; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 28A.09, subdivision 1.

H. F. No. 1355, relating to the city of Minneapolis; giving the city certain powers pertaining to conventions and tourism activities; providing for the use of certain tax revenues; amending Laws 1986, chapter 396, sections 2, subdivision 1; and 4, subdivisions 2 and 3.

Sincerely,

RUDY PERPICH  
Governor

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE  
ST. PAUL 55155

May 7, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
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<i>S.F.</i> No.	<i>H.F.</i> No.	<i>Session Laws</i> <i>Chapter No.</i>	<i>Date Approved</i> 1987	<i>Date Filed</i> 1987
	1355	55	May 7, 1987	May 7, 1987
	839	56	May 6, 1987	May 7, 1987
	750	57	May 6, 1987	May 7, 1987
	469	58	May 7, 1987	May 7, 1987
59		59	May 7, 1987	May 7, 1987
157		60	May 6, 1987	May 7, 1987
161		61	May 6, 1987	May 7, 1987
248		62	May 6, 1987	May 7, 1987
324		63	May 6, 1987	May 7, 1987
341		64	May 6, 1987	May 7, 1987
470		65	May 7, 1987	May 7, 1987
698		66	May 6, 1987	May 7, 1987
721		67	May 6, 1987	May 7, 1987
863		68	May 7, 1987	May 7, 1987
922		69	May 7, 1987	May 7, 1987
1015		70	May 7, 1987	May 7, 1987
1349		71	May 6, 1987	May 7, 1987

Sincerely,

JOAN ANDERSON GROWE  
Secretary of State

## REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

H. F. No. 303, A bill for an act relating to agriculture; changing the shade tree disease control program; imposing certain penalties; eliminating certain audit requirements and an insurance limitation; changing the cooperative associations law; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 18.023, subdivisions 1, 1a, and 9; 28A.08; 40.071; 308.58, subdivision 2; 308.62; 308.77; 308.83; and 308.85; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 38.02, subdivision 2; 38.13; 308.71; 308.82; 308.84; and 308.901 to 308.92.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 18.023, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] As used in subdivisions 1 to 12 the terms defined in this subdivision shall have the meanings given them.

(a) "Metropolitan area" means the area comprising the counties of Hennepin, Ramsey, Anoka, Dakota, Washington, Scott and Carver.

(b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agriculture.

(c) "Municipality" means any home rule charter or statutory city or any town exercising municipal powers pursuant to section 368.01, or any general or special law, located in the metropolitan area; or any special park district as organized under chapter 398; or any special purpose park and recreation board organized under the city charter of a city of the first class located in the metropolitan area; or any county in the metropolitan area for the purposes of county owned property or any portion of a county located outside the geographic boundaries of a city or town exercising municipal powers; and any municipality or county located outside the metropolitan area with an approved disease control program.

(d) "Shade tree disease" means Dutch elm disease or oak wilt disease, or any disorder affecting the growth and life of shade trees.

(e) "Wood utilization or disposal system" means facilities, equipment or systems used for the removal and disposal of diseased shade trees which includes the collection, transportation, processing or storage of wood and which aids in the recovery of materials or energy from wood.

(f) "Approved disease control program" means the municipal plan as approved by the commissioner to control shade tree disease.

(g) "Disease control area" means an area approved by the commissioner within which a municipality will conduct an approved disease control program.

(h) "Sanitation" means the identification, inspection, disruption of a common root system, girdling, trimming, removal and disposal of dead or diseased wood of elm or oak shade trees, including subsidies for trees removed pursuant to subdivision 4, on public or private property within a disease control area.

(i) "Reforestation" means the replacement of shade trees removed from public property and the planting of any species of tree as part of a municipal disease control program. For purposes of this clause, "public property" shall include private property within five feet of the boulevard or street terrace in any city which has enacted an ordinance on or before January 1, 1977, that prohibits or requires a permit for the planting of trees in the public right-of-way.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 28A.08, is amended to read:

**28A.08 [LICENSE FEES; PENALTIES.]**

The fees for licenses and the penalties for late renewal of licenses and penalties and for not obtaining a license before conducting business in food handling that are set in this section apply to the sections named except as provided under section 28A.09. Except as specified herein, bonds and assessments based on number of units operated or volume handled or processed which are provided for in said laws shall not be affected, nor shall any penalties for late payment of said assessments, nor shall inspection fees, be affected by this chapter. The late penalty may be waived by the commissioner.

Type of food handler	License Fee	Penalties Late Renewal	No License
1. Retail food handler			
(a) Having gross sales of less than \$50,000 for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$ 25	\$ 40	\$ 10
(b) Having \$50,000 to \$250,000 gross sales for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$ 50	\$ 75	\$ 13
(c) Having \$250,000 to \$1,000,000 gross sales for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$ 100	\$ 125	\$ 25
(d) Having over \$1,000,000 gross sales for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$ 200	\$ 250	\$ 50
2. Wholesale food handler			
(a) Having gross sales or service or less than \$250,000 for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$ 100	\$ 25	\$ 50
(b) Having \$250,000 to \$1,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$ 150	\$ 38	\$ 75
(c) Having over \$1,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$ 200	\$ 50	\$ 100

3. Food broker	\$ 50	\$ 75	\$13	\$ 25	\$ 25
4. Wholesale food processor or manufacturer					
(a) Having gross sales of less than \$250,000 for the immediately previous li- cense or fiscal year	\$150	\$200	\$38	\$ 50	\$ 75
(b) Having \$250,000 to \$1,000,000 gross sales for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$200	\$275	\$50	\$ 75	\$100
(c) Having over \$1,000,000 gross sales for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$250	\$375	\$63	\$100	\$125
5. Wholesale food processor of meat or poultry prod- ucts under supervision of the U. S. Department of Agriculture					
(a) Having gross sales of less than \$250,000 for the immediately previous li- cense or fiscal year	\$ 75	\$100	\$19	\$ 25	\$ 38
(b) Having \$250,000 to \$1,000,000 gross sales for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$ 90	\$150	\$23	\$ 50	\$ 45
(c) Having over \$1,000,000 gross sales for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$105	\$175	\$27	\$ 50	\$ 53
6. Wholesale food manufac- turer having the permis- sion of the commissioner to use the name Minne- sota farmstead cheese	\$ 30		\$10		\$ 15

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 31.101, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Federal pesticide chemical regulations and amendments thereto in effect on April 1, 1982 1987 adopted under authority of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as provided by United States Code, title 7, chapter 6, are the pesticide chemical rules in this state. Such rules may be amended by the commissioner proceeding in accordance with the administrative procedure act.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 31.101, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Federal food additive regulations and amendments thereto in effect on April 1, 1982 1987, as provided by Code of Federal Regulations, title 21, parts 170 to 199, are the food additive rules in this state. Such rules may be amended by the commissioner proceeding in accordance with the administrative procedure act.



Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 31.101, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Federal color additive regulations and amendments thereto in effect on April 1, 1982 1987, as provided by Code of Federal Regulations, title 21, parts 70 to 82, are the color additive rules in this state. Such rules may be amended by the commissioner proceeding in accordance with the administrative procedure act.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 31.101, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Federal special dietary use regulations and amendments thereto in effect on April 1, 1982 1987, as provided by Code of Federal Regulations, title 21, parts 104 and 105, are the special dietary use rules in this state. Such rules may be amended by the commissioner proceeding in accordance with the administrative procedure act.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 31.101, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. Federal regulations and amendments thereto in effect on April 1, 1982 1987 adopted under the Fair Packaging and Labeling Act, as provided by United States Code, title 15, sections 1451 to 1461, are the rules in this state. Such rules may be amended by the commissioner proceeding in accordance with the administrative procedure act; provided that the commissioner shall not adopt amendments to such rules or adopt other rules which are contrary to the labeling requirements for the net quantity of contents required pursuant to section 4 of the Fair Packaging and Labeling Act and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 31.101, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. Applicable federal regulations including recodification contained in Code of Federal Regulations, title 21, parts 0-1299, Food and Drugs, in effect April 1, 1982 1987, and not otherwise adopted herein, also are adopted as food rules of this state. Such rules may be amended by the commissioner in accordance with the administrative procedure act.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.071, is amended to read:

#### 40.071 [ADDITIONAL POWERS OF A DISTRICT.]

In addition to powers and duties otherwise provided by law, a soil and water conservation district may procure liability insurance as

provided in section 466.06, automobile insurance on personal cars while used on official business vehicles owned or leased by the districts, insurance on the contents of district offices up to a maximum of \$7,500 per office, and workers' compensation insurance, or may require the county or counties in which the district is located to include the district in the county's or counties' insurance coverage for these purposes.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 308.58, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [WHERE FILED; EVIDENCE.] The articles must be subscribed by the several incorporators and acknowledged by one of them before an officer authorized by the law of this state to take and certify acknowledgment of deeds and conveyances; and shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state, and when so filed such incorporation shall be complete and a certified copy of the articles shall be filed with the commissioner of agriculture. The articles, or certified copies thereof, shall be received in all the courts of this state, and other places, as prima facie evidence of the facts contained therein and of the due incorporation of such association.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 308.62, is amended to read:

#### 308.62 [DIRECTORS; ELECTION.]

The affairs of the association shall be managed by a board of not less than five directors, elected by the members or stockholders from their own number, except as hereinafter provided. The bylaws may provide that the territory in which the association has members shall be divided into districts and that the directors shall be elected according to such districts. In such case the bylaws shall specify the number of directors to be elected by each district, the manner and method of apportioning or reapportioning the directors, and of districting or redistricting the territory covered by the association. The bylaws may provide that primary elections should be held in each district to elect the directors apportioned to such districts, and the result of all such primary elections must be ratified by the next regular meeting of the association, or may be considered final by the association.

The bylaws shall provide that one or more directors may be appointed by the commissioner or any other public official or commission. The director or directors so appointed need not be members or stockholders of the association, but shall have the same powers and rights as other directors. Such directors shall not number more than one-fifth of the entire number of directors.

An association may provide a fair remuneration for the time actually spent by its officials and directors in its service. No director,

while serving in office, shall be a party to a contract for profit with the association differing in any way from the business relations accorded regular members or holders of common stock of the association, or to any other kind of contract differing from terms generally current in that district.

The bylaws may provide that no director shall occupy any position in the association, except the president and secretary on regular salary or substantially full-time pay.

The bylaws may provide for an executive committee and may allot to such committee all the functions and powers of the board of directors, subject to the general direction and control of the board.

When a vacancy on the board of directors occurs, other than by expiration of term, the remaining members of the board, by a majority vote, shall fill the vacancy, unless the bylaws provide for an election of directors by district. In such a case the board of directors shall immediately call a special meeting of the members or stockholders in that district to fill the vacancy.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 308.77, is amended to read:

**308.77 [ASSOCIATION HERETOFORE ORGANIZED MAY ADOPT PROVISIONS.]**

Any corporation or association organized under previously existing statutes may, by a majority vote of its stockholders or members, be brought under the provisions of sections 308.53 to 308.85 by limiting its membership and adopting the other restrictions, as provided therein. It shall make out, in duplicate, a statement signed and sworn to by its directors, upon forms supplied by the commissioner of agriculture, to the effect that the corporation or association has, by a majority vote of its stockholders or members, decided to accept the benefits and be bound by the provisions of sections 308.53 to 308.85. Articles of incorporation shall be filed as required in section 308.58, except that they shall be signed by the members of the board of directors. The filing fee shall be the same as for filing an amendment to the articles of incorporation. Where any association or corporation may be incorporated or brought under sections 308.53 to 308.85, all contracts heretofore made by or on behalf of the same by the promoters thereof in anticipation of such association becoming incorporated under the laws of this state or otherwise, including such contracts made by or in the name of some corporation organized elsewhere, and when same would have been valid, if entered into subsequent to the passage of Laws 1923, chapter 264, are hereby accepted and validated as if made after that date. Cooperative corporations and associations heretofore or hereafter organized and doing business under the existing law or laws supplementary thereto or amendatory thereof shall continue to be governed thereby

unless and until they shall elect to be brought under the provisions of sections 308.53 to 308.85 in the manner provided in this section.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 308.83, is amended to read:

**308.83 [GOVERNOR TO ACT UPON REPORT.]**

The governor shall have the power to remove from office any officer or director of any association, such removal to be upon such notice to the association and to the officers or directors thereof as shall be prescribed by the governor. In case ~~the commissioner has decided that~~ the further operation of any such association is deemed hazardous to the public interest, ~~and so reports to the governor,~~ the governor may refer the matter of winding up the affairs of such association to the attorney general and it shall thereupon be the duty of the attorney general to proceed to wind up the affairs of any such association in the manner provided by law for winding up the business of insolvent banking institutions in the state.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 308.85, is amended to read:

**308.85 [FEES.]**

For filing articles of incorporation, or amendments thereto, any association organized under sections 308.29 to ~~308.84~~ 308.85 shall pay \$15.

**Sec. 15. [REPEALER.]**

Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 38.02, subdivision 2; and 38.13, are repealed."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to agriculture; changing the shade tree disease control program; imposing certain penalties; eliminating certain audit requirements and an insurance limitation; changing the cooperative associations law; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 18.023, subdivision 1; 28A.08; 31.101, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8; 40.071; 308.58, subdivision 2; 308.62; 308.77; 308.83; and 308.85; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 38.02, subdivision 2; and 38.13."

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

H. F. No. 379, A bill for an act relating to appropriations; appropriating money to the commissioner of natural resources to replace income lost to state trust funds when certain timber permits were canceled.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Page 1, after line 13, insert:

“Sec. 2. [TIMBER RELEASED FROM TRUST FOR FIVE-YEAR PERIOD; DISPOSITION OF INCOME.]

Upon receipt by the permanent school fund of the funds necessary to replace lost income, as appropriated by section 1, the timber on the state trust fund lands covered by the canceled permits shall be released from the trust for a period of five years. During that five-year period, the commissioner of natural resources shall attempt to sell, recycle, or dispose of the timber as otherwise provided by law. Any income generated during the five-year period shall be returned to the general fund to the extent of the funds actually received by the permanent school fund. Any excess shall be deposited in the forest suspense account.”

Renumber the remaining section

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 5, after “canceled” insert “; releasing timber from the trust for a five-year period; authorizing the commissioner of natural resources to sell, recycle, or dispose of the timber; directing the disposition of income”

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

H. F. No. 516, A bill for an act relating to human services; creating the office of ombudsman for mental health and mental retardation; providing for the powers and duties of the ombudsman; creating a medical review board; requiring reporting of abuse and neglect to the ombudsman for mental health and mental retardation; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 13.46; subdivision 1; 626.556,

subdivisions 9 and 10; and 626.557, subdivision 9; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 245.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Page 12, after line 31, insert:

“Sec. 13. [APPROPRIATION.]

In addition to funds transferred to the office of ombudsman under section 4, subdivision 2, \$39,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the office of ombudsman for other expenses, including the ombudsman committee.”

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 7, after the semicolon insert “appropriating money;”

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

H. F. No. 576, A bill for an act relating to commerce; regulating securities; regulating the business of financial planning; restricting certain charges made by investment advisors and broker dealers; providing for the registration of securities; providing for the denial, suspension, and revocation of licenses and the censure of licensees; exempting the sale of certain stock of a closely-held corporation; exempting certain industrial revenue bond transactions; regulating real estate brokers and salespersons; prohibiting commission-splitting and rebating on timeshare and other recreational lands; providing for continuing education of brokers; regulating licensees acting as principals; regulating abandoned property; establishing a presumption of abandonment for certain profits or sums held by a cooperative; regulating the preparation and retention of abstracts of title to real property; transferring the powers and duties of the commissioner for the regulation of social and charitable organizations to the attorney general; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 60A.17, subdivision 6c; 80A.06, subdivision 5; 80A.07, subdivision 1; 80A.09, subdivision 1; 80A.12, by adding a subdivision; 80A.14, subdivision 18; 80A.15, subdivisions 1 and 2; 80A.19, subdivision 1; 82.17, subdivision 4; 82.19, subdivision 3; 82.21, subdivision 1; 82.22, subdivision 6; 82.24, subdivision 2; 82.34, subdivision 19; 308.12, by adding a subdivision; 309.50, subdivision 6; 309.502; 309.515, subdivision 1; 309.52, subdivisions 1a and 2; 309.53, subdivisions 1a, 3, 4, and by adding a

subdivision; 309.531; 309.533, by adding a subdivision; 309.54; 309.55, subdivision 6; 309.556; 309.56, subdivision 1; 309.57; 345.39; and 386.375; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 45 and 47; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 72A.23; 72A.24; 72A.28; 80A.20; 80A.21; 80C.15; 80C.16, subdivision 1; 82.25; 82.26; 83.34; 83.35, subdivision 3; 238.085; 309.515, subdivision 3; 309.532; 309.533, subdivisions 2, 3, and 4; 309.534; 309.555; and 309.58.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Page 2, delete lines 34 to 36

Page 3, delete lines 1 to 6 and insert:

"Subd. 2. [FIDUCIARY DUTY.] A person who represents that the person is a financial planner has a fiduciary duty to persons for whom services are performed for compensation. In an action for breach of fiduciary duty, a person may recover actual damages resulting from the breach, together with costs and disbursements, including reasonable costs of investigation and attorneys' fees."

Page 9, line 31, delete "14" and insert "30"

Page 24, delete section 15

Page 26, line 35, delete the second "of" and insert "prior to"

Page 29, delete section 22

Pages 41 and 42, delete section 38, and insert:

"Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 386.375, is amended to read:

386.375 [TRANSFER AND STORAGE OF ABSTRACTS.]

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] For the purposes of this section, "lender" means all state banks and trust companies, national banking associations, state and federally chartered savings and loan associations, mortgage banks, mutual savings banks, insurance companies, credit unions making a loan, or any person making a conventional loan as defined under section 47.20, subdivision 2, clause (3), or cooperative apartment loan as defined under section 47.20, subdivision 2, clause (4). A "selling lender" is a lender who sells, assigns, or transfers a loan and/or the servicing of a loan to a "purchasing lender" or "servicing agent."

Subd. 2. [RESPONSIBILITY FOR STORAGE.] Any title company, lender, or anyone other than the mortgagor or fee simple owner

holding an abstract of title to Minnesota real estate shall transfer the abstract of title to the mortgagor or fee simple owner of the real estate to which the abstract pertains before August 1, 1987. After August 1, 1987, the abstract of title shall be provided to the mortgagor or fee simple owner at the time of closing. This section does not apply if the holder of the abstract of title is the mortgagor or fee simple owner of the real estate to which the abstract pertains.

Subd. 3. [PENALTIES.] If a title company or lender fails to comply with the requirements of subdivision 2, the mortgagor or fee simple owner has the right to have an abstract made at the expense of the lender or title company holding the abstract.

Subdivision 1. [RESPONSIBILITY TO TRANSFER.] (a) A person holding an abstract of title to real estate located in Minnesota shall, at a closing of a sale of the property to which the abstract pertains, make a written offer to transfer the abstract of title to the mortgagor or fee owner at no charge to the mortgagor or fee owner. If the offer is accepted, the abstract must be transferred at the closing unless the abstract of title is being held after the closing for issuance of a final title opinion or policy of title insurance in which case the holder has a reasonable period of time to transfer the abstract.

(b) A person holding an abstract of title to real estate located in Minnesota shall, within ten days of receipt of a written request from the mortgagor or fee owner of the property to which the abstract pertains, transfer the abstract of title to the mortgagor or fee owner at no charge, other than postage, to the mortgagor or fee owner. If the abstract of title is being held after a closing for issuance of a final title opinion or policy of title insurance, the holder has a reasonable period of time to transfer the abstract.

(c) If a person holding an abstract of title to real estate located in Minnesota fails to comply with the requirements of this subdivision, the mortgagor or fee owner of the property may have an abstract of title made at the expense of the last known person holding the abstract of title, and is also entitled to collect actual civil damages of up to \$500 from the person last known to hold the abstract of title.

Subd. 2. [STORAGE OF ABSTRACTS.] Before a person holding an abstract of title to real estate located in Minnesota may impose a charge or fee to store the abstract, the person shall first make a written offer to the mortgagor or fee owner to transfer the abstract at no charge, other than postage, to the fee owner or mortgagor. This subdivision does not apply to a person who holds an abstract pursuant to a written contract with the fee owner or mortgagor. A person violating this subdivision is subject to a penalty of \$100 for each violation.

Subd. 3. [CONSUMER EDUCATION INFORMATION.] (a) A person other than the mortgagor or fee owner who transfers or offers



to transfer an abstract of title shall present to the mortgagor or fee owner basic information in plain English about abstracts of title. This information must be sent in a form prepared and approved by the commissioner of commerce and must contain at least the following items:

- (1) a definition and description of abstracts of title;
  - (2) an explanation that holders of abstracts of title must maintain it with reasonable care;
  - (3) an approximate cost or range of costs to replace a lost or damaged abstract of title;
  - (4) an explanation that abstracts of title may be required to sell, finance, or refinance real estate; and
  - (5) an explanation of options for storage of abstracts.
- (b) The commissioner shall prepare the form for use under this subdivision as soon as possible. This subdivision does not apply until 60 days after the form is approved by the commissioner.
- (c) A person violating this subdivision is subject to a penalty of \$100 for each violation.

Subd. 4. [STORAGE IN MINNESOTA.] After August 1, 1987, abstracts of title to real estate located in Minnesota must be stored within the state of Minnesota. Failure to comply with this subdivision entitles a mortgagor or fee owner to civil damages of up to \$500.

Subd. 5. [EXCEPTIONS.] This section does not apply if the person holding the abstract of title is the mortgagor or fee owner of the real estate to which the abstract pertains.

Subd. 6. [OFFER TO TRANSFER.] Any person holding an abstract of title pertaining to real estate located in Minnesota shall, before January 1, 1988, make a reasonable effort to contact the mortgagor or fee owner of the property and make a written offer to transfer the abstract of title to the mortgagor or fee owner. A person holding an abstract of title has made a reasonable effort to contact the mortgagor or fee owner if the person has sent an offer by United States mail, postage prepaid, to the last address of the mortgagor or fee owner shown in the person's records."

Renumber the sections in sequence

Correct internal references

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 27, delete "82.19, subdivision 3;"

Page 1, line 30, delete "309.502;"

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

H. F. No. 683, A bill for an act relating to the organization and operation of state government; modifying and clarifying the powers of the board; regulating dealers; prescribing a civil penalty; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 347.31; 347.32; 347.33; 347.34; 347.35; 347.37; 347.38; 347.39; and 347.40; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 346.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Page 4, line 32, strike "\$10" and insert "\$15" and delete "or" and insert "and \$100 for each"

Page 5, line 26, after "board" insert "must provide for the cost recovery for the activities of the board"

Page 5, line 27, after "penalties" insert "and"

Page 8, line 36, delete "\$....." and insert "\$10,000"

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 4, after "board" insert "of animal health"

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

H. F. No. 803, A bill for an act relating to commerce; creating a legislative commission to study government and business competition; prescribing its duties.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Page 2, line 10, after "[STAFFING.]" insert "The legislative coordinating commission," and after "agencies" insert a comma

Page 2, after line 18, insert:

"Sec. 2. [APPROPRIATION.]

\$10,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the legislative coordinating commission for purposes of this act."

Page 2, line 19, delete "2" and insert "3"

Page 2, line 20, delete "March" and insert "January"

Page 2, line 20, delete "1988" and insert "1989"

Page 2, after line 20, insert:

"Sec. 4. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

This act is effective July 1, 1987."

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 4, before the period insert "; appropriating money"

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

H. F. No. 859, A bill for an act relating to the department of finance; clarifying and correcting miscellaneous provisions to improve the administration of the department and of state government; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 3C.12, subdivision 2; 16A.06, by adding a subdivision; 16A.126, subdivision 2; 16A.127, subdivision 3; 16A.275; 16A.36, subdivision 2; 16A.41, subdivision 1; 16A.85, by adding a subdivision; and 116J.36, subdivision 6.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Page 3, line 14, delete "available" and strike "general fund" and after "money" insert "from the general fund"

Page 3, line 17, after the period, insert "The amount necessary to make the transfer is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of finance."

Pages 4 and 5, delete sections 7 and 8

Page 7, line 9, delete "9" and insert "7"

Renumber the sections in sequence

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, lines 9 and 10, delete "16A.41, subdivision 1; 16A.85, by adding a subdivision;"

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

H. F. No. 943, A bill for an act relating to the attorney general; creating a consumer protection account; providing for its administration; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 8.31, subdivisions 2b, 3, and by adding subdivisions.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Page 2, line 12, delete "All" and insert "The money deposited in the account may be expended only as appropriated by law"

Page 2, delete line 13

Page 2, line 14, delete "attorney general"

Page 3, after line 23, insert:

"Sec. 5. [APPROPRIATION.]

\$20,000 for the 1988-1989 biennium is appropriated from the consumer education account to the attorney general for the purposes of this act."

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 3, delete "protection" and insert "education" and after the second semicolon insert "appropriating money;"

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

H. F. No. 960, A bill for an act relating to human services; requiring director of state planning agency to contract for development of client advisory committees; appropriating money; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 252.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Page 2, line 14, delete "\$....." and insert "\$70,000"

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

H. F. No. 1595, A bill for an act relating to the judiciary; public defenders; requiring the state board of public defense to adopt standards governing district public defender offices; authorizing the state board of public defense to fix the salary of the state public defenders; requiring the state public defender to provide training for state and district public defenders; providing that compensation of district public defenders may not exceed compensation of county attorneys; allowing representation of indigents by public defender before formal appointment; providing for state funding of district public defenders; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 611.215, subdivisions 1 and 2; 611.216, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3; 611.23; 611.24; 611.25; 611.26, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, and 6; and 611.27, subdivisions 1 and 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 611; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 611.22; and 611.26, subdivisions 5 and 8.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Page 10, line 33, after "297A.257" insert "and having the greatest number of felonies and gross misdemeanors and to those districts organized in calendar year 1987. The board shall further consider the number of dispositions, such as jury trials, court trials, guilty pleas, the number of court appearances, and other trial-related financial data"

Page 11, delete section 18

Page 11, line 26, delete "19" and insert "18"

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 13, delete "appropriating money;"

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Voss from the Committee on Taxes to which was referred:

S. F. No. 170, A bill for an act relating to economic development; recodifying provisions governing housing and redevelopment authorities, port authorities, economic development authorities, area redevelopment, municipal development districts, mined underground space development, rural development finance authorities, public development debt, enterprise zones, tax increment financing, and other local economic development tools; extending duration of bond allocation act; removing certain service persons' preference provisions from the housing and redevelopment authority law; modifying requirements for developers' tax abatements under the housing and redevelopment authority law; removing a sunset on certain St. Paul port authority provisions; allocating bonding authority subject to a volume cap under federal tax law; allocating bonding authority to the city of Minneapolis, located in Hennepin county, and to the city of Saint Paul, located in Ramsey county; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 16B.61, subdivision 3; 41A.05, subdivision 2; 41A.06, subdivision 5; 115A.69, subdivision 9; 116J.27, subdivision 4; 116M.03, subdivisions 11, 19, and 28; 116M.06, subdivision 3; 116M.07, subdivision 11; 124.214, subdivision 3; 216B.49, subdivision 7; 268.38, subdivision 3; 272.02, subdivision 5; 272.026; 272.68, subdivision 4; 273.13, subdivisions 9 and 24; 273.1393; 282.01, subdivision 1; 290.61; 298.2211, subdivisions 1 and 3; 353.01, subdivision 6; 355.11, subdivision 5; 355.16; 412.251; 462C.02, subdivisions 6 and 9; 462C.05, subdivision 7; 462C.06; 465.54; 465.74, subdivision 7; 465.77; 471A.03, subdivision 9; 473.195, subdivision 1; 473.201, subdivision 1; 473.504, subdivision 11; 473.556, subdivision 6; 473.638, subdivision 2; 473.811, subdivision 8; 473.852, subdivision 6; 473F.02, subdivision 3; 473F.05; 473F.08, subdivisions 2, 4, and 6; 475.525, subdivision 3; 477A.011, subdivision 7; 504.24, subdivision 2; and 609.321, subdivision 12; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 273.1312; 273.1313; 273.1314; 273.71; 273.72; 273.73; 273.74; 273.75; 273.76; 273.77; 273.78; 273.86; 362A.01; 362A.02; 362A.03; 362A.04; 362A.041; 362A.05; 362A.06; 373.31; 426.055; 458.09; 458.091; 458.10; 458.11; 458.12; 458.14; 458.15; 458.16; 458.17; 458.18; 458.19; 458.191; 458.192; 458.193; 458.194; 458.1941; 458.195; 458.196; 458.197;

458.198; 458.199; 458.1991; 458.70; 458.701; 458.702; 458.703; 458.711; 458.712; 458.713; 458.72; 458.74; 458.741; 458.75; 458.76; 458.77; 458.771; 458.772; 458.773; 458.774; 458.775; 458.776; 458.777; 458.778; 458.79; 458.80; 458.801; 458.81; 458C.01; 458C.03; 458C.04; 458C.05; 458C.06; 458C.07; 458C.08; 458C.09; 458C.10; 458C.11; 458C.12; 458C.13; 458C.14; 458C.15; 458C.16; 458C.17; 458C.18; 458C.19; 458C.20; 458C.22; 458C.23; 459.01; 459.02; 459.03; 459.04; 459.05; 459.31; 459.32; 459.33; 459.34; 462.411; 462.415; 462.421; 462.425; 462.426; 462.427; 462.428; 462.429; 462.4291; 462.432; 462.435; 462.441; 462.445; 462.451; 462.455; 462.461; 462.465; 462.466; 462.471; 462.475; 462.481; 462.485; 462.491; 462.495; 462.501; 462.505; 462.511; 462.515; 462.521; 462.525; 462.531; 462.535; 462.541; 462.545; 462.551; 462.555; 462.556; 462.561; 462.565; 462.571; 462.575; 462.581; 462.585; 462.591; 462.595; 462.601; 462.605; 462.611; 462.615; 462.621; 462.625; 462.631; 462.635; 462.641; 462.645; 462.651; 462.655; 462.661; 462.665; 462.671; 462.675; 462.681; 462.685; 462.691; 462.695; 462.701; 462.705; 462.712; 462.713; 462.714; 462.715; 462.716; 465.026; 465.53; 465.55; 465.56; 472.01; 472.02; 472.03; 472.04; 472.05; 472.06; 472.07; 472.08; 472.09; 472.10; 472.11; 472.12; 472.125; 472.13; 472.14; 472.15; 472.16; 472A.01; 472A.02; 472A.03; 472A.04; 472A.05; 472A.06; 472A.07; 472A.09; 472A.10; 472A.11; 472A.12; 472A.13; 472B.01; 472B.02; 472B.03; 472B.04; 472B.05; 472B.06; 472B.07; 472B.08; 474.01; 474.02; 474.03; 474.04; 474.05; 474.06; 474.07; 474.08; 474.09; 474.10; 474.11; 474.13; 474.15; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 462C.11, subdivisions 2 and 3; 474A.02, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 12, 14, 16, 18, 19, 21, 26, and by adding subdivisions; 474A.03, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 474A.04, subdivisions 5, 6, and by adding a subdivision; 474A.13, subdivisions 1, 4, and 5; 474A.14; 474A.15; 474A.16; 474A.17; 474A.18; 474A.20; and 474A.21; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 474A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 474A.02, subdivisions 5, 9, 10, 11, 13, 15, 17, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27, 28, and 29; 474A.03, subdivisions 2 and 3; 474A.04, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, and 4; 474A.05; 474A.06; 474A.07; 474A.08; 474A.09; 474A.10; 474A.11; 474A.12; 474A.13, subdivisions 2 and 3; and 474A.19; Laws 1961, chapter 545; Laws 1963, chapters 254; and 827; Laws 1967, chapter 541; Laws 1969, chapter 98; Laws 1973, chapter 114; Laws 1974, chapter 218; Laws 1975, chapter 326; Laws 1976, chapter 234, section 3; Laws 1979, chapter 269, section 1; Laws 1980, chapters 453; and 595, sections 5 and 8; Laws 1981, chapters 222, section 6; and 223, section 6, subdivision 3; Laws 1982, chapter 523, article 24, section 2; Laws 1983, chapters 110; and 257, section 1; Laws 1984, chapters 397; 498; and 548, section 9; and Laws 1985, chapters 173; 177; 188; 189; 192; 199; 205; 206, sections 2 and 3; and 301, sections 3 and 4; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 469.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Page 2, delete line 62

Page 296, after line 12, insert:

"Sec. 243. [INSTRUCTION TO REVISOR.]

If a provision of a section of Minnesota Statutes repealed by section 244 is amended by the 1987 regular session, the revisor shall codify the amendment consistent with the recodification of the affected section by this act, notwithstanding any law to the contrary."

Page 296, line 13, delete "243" and insert "244"

Pages 297 to 319, delete ARTICLES 2 and 3

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, delete lines 16 to 19

Page 1, line 20, delete "county;"

Page 2, delete lines 32 to 45

Page 2, line 46, delete "3; and 474A.19;"

Page 2, line 52, delete everything after the first semicolon

Page 2, line 53, delete "section 6, subdivision 3;"

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

S. F. No. 232, A bill for an act relating to crimes; expanding the definition of crime for victims' rights provisions to include ordinance violations resulting in bodily harm; expanding crimes that entitle victim to notice of plea agreement; granting right to victim to submit an impact statement to the court; requiring officers to give victims a notice of their rights; requiring prosecutors to present to the court a written victim impact summary prepared by the victim; ensuring privacy of victim's request for notice of prisoner release; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 611A.01; 611A.02; and 611A.06; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes,



chapter 611A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 611A.03, subdivision 3.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 611A.01, is amended to read:

611A.01 [DEFINITIONS.]

For the purposes of sections 611A.01 to 611A.04 and 611A.06:

(a) "Crime" means conduct that is prohibited by local ordinance and results in bodily harm to an individual; or conduct that is included within the definition of "crime" in section 609.02, subdivision 1, or would be included within that definition but for the fact that (i) the person engaging in the conduct lacked capacity to commit the crime under the laws of this state, or (ii) the act was alleged or found to have been committed by a juvenile;

(b) "Victim" means a natural person who incurs loss or harm as a result of a crime. If the victim is deceased, "victim" means the deceased's surviving spouse or next of kin; and

(c) "Juvenile" has the same meaning as given to the term "child" in section 260.015, subdivision 2.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 611A.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [PLEA AGREEMENTS; NOTIFICATION OF VICTIM.] Prior to the entry of the factual basis for a plea pursuant to a plea agreement recommendation, a prosecuting attorney shall make a reasonable and good faith effort to inform the victim of:

(a) The contents of the plea agreement recommendation, including any recommendation made with respect to sentencing; and

(b) The right to be present at the sentencing hearing and to express in writing any objection to the agreement or to the proposed disposition. If the victim is not present when the court considers the recommendation, but has communicated objections to the prosecuting attorney, the prosecuting attorney shall make these objections known to the court.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 611A.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [APPLICABILITY.] The provisions of this section apply to crimes which are violations of sections 609.185, 609.19, 609.195, 609.20, 609.205, 609.221, 609.222, 609.223, 609.224, 609.24, 609.245, 609.25, 609.255, 609.342, 609.343, 609.344, 609.345, 609.365, 609.498, 609.561, 609.58, clauses (1)(b) and (2), and 609.687 gross misdemeanors, misdemeanors or ordinances involving bodily injury, and all felonies.

Sec. 4. [611A.037] [RIGHT TO SUBMIT STATEMENT AT SENTENCING.]

Subdivision 1. [IMPACT STATEMENT.] A victim has the right to submit an impact statement, either orally and/or in writing, to the court at the time of sentencing or disposition hearing.

Statements may include the following, subject to reasonable limitations as to time and length:

(1) a summary of the harm or trauma suffered by the victim as a result of the crime;

(2) a summary of the economic loss or damage suffered by the victim as a result of the crime; and

(3) the victim's recommendation for an appropriate sentence or disposition, and the victim's objections, if any, to the proposed sentence or disposition.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 611A.06, is amended to read:

611A.06 [RIGHT TO NOTICE OF RELEASE.]

The commissioner of corrections or other custodial authority shall make a good faith effort to notify the victim that the offender is to be released from imprisonment or incarceration, including release on extended furlough and for work release, or released from a facility in which the offender was confined due to incompetency, mental illness, or mental deficiency, or commitment under section 253B.18, prior to the release if the victim has mailed to the commissioner of corrections or to the head of the facility in which the offender is confined a written request for this notice. A written request for notice submitted under this section is classified as private data on individuals as provided in section 13.02, subdivision 12, and is accessible only to the victim in accordance with section 13.04. The commissioner or other custodial authority complies with this section upon mailing the notice of impending release to the victim at the address which the victim has most recently provided to the commissioner or authority in writing."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to crimes; making certain victims' rights provisions applicable to victims of certain ordinance violations; providing for plea agreement notification to a larger group of victims; permitting victims to submit an impact statement to the court; providing the data classification of a request for notice of prisoner release; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 611A.01; 611A.03, subdivisions 1 and 3; 611A.06; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 611A."

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

S. F. No. 368, A bill for an act relating to eminent domain; increasing appraisal fees awarded by commissioners; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 117.085.

Reported the same back with the recommendation that the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

S. F. No. 377, A bill for an act relating to state government; regulating the state council for the handicapped; extending the time for appeals by the council from state building code decisions affecting the interests of handicapped persons; changing the name of the council; amending the duties and responsibilities of the council; authorizing the council to initiate or intervene in proceedings affecting handicapped persons; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 16B.67; and 256.482.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 16B.67, is amended to read:

16B.67 [APPEALS.]

A person aggrieved by the final decision of any municipality as to the application of the code, including any rules adopted under sections 471.465 to 471.469, may, within ~~30~~ 180 days of the decision, appeal to the commissioner. Appellant shall submit a fee of \$20, payable to the commissioner, with the request for appeal. The final decision of the involved municipality is subject to review de novo by the commissioner or a designee. The commissioner shall submit written findings to the parties. Any person aggrieved by a ruling of the commissioner may appeal in accordance with chapter 14. For the purpose of this section "any person aggrieved" includes the state council for the handicapped on disability. No fee shall be required when the council for the handicapped on disability is the appellant.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.482, is amended to read:

256.482 [COUNCIL FOR THE HANDICAPPED ON DISABILITY.]

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT; MEMBERS.] There is hereby established the council for the handicapped on disability which shall consist of 21 members appointed by the governor. Members shall be appointed from the general public and from organizations which provide services for handicapped persons who have a disability. A majority of council members shall be handicapped persons with a disability or parents or guardians of handicapped persons with a disability. There shall be at least one member of the council appointed from each of the state development regions. The commissioners of the departments of education, human services, health, jobs and training, and human rights and the directors of the division of vocational rehabilitation services and state services for the blind or their designees shall serve as ex officio members of the council without vote. In addition, ~~there~~ the council may be appoint ex officio members from other bureaus, divisions, or sections of state departments which are directly concerned with the provision of services to handicapped persons with a disability.

The terms of members serving as of December 31, 1983, shall expire on that date. Thereafter, Notwithstanding the provisions of section 15.059, each member of the council appointed by the governor shall serve a three-year term and until a successor is appointed and qualified, ~~provided that of the members initially appointed to serve starting in 1984, one-third shall be appointed for one year, one-third for two years, and one-third for three years as designated by the governor.~~ The compensation and removal of all members and expiration of the council shall be as provided in section 15.059. The governor shall appoint a chair of the council from among the members appointed from the general public or handicapped who are persons with a disability or their parents or guardians. Vacancies shall be filled by the appointing authority for the remainder of the

unexpired term. The council shall not expire, as provided in section 15.059.

Subd. 2. [EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR; STAFF.] The council may select an executive director of the council by a vote of a majority of all council members. The executive director shall be in the unclassified service of the state and shall provide administrative support for the council and provide administrative leadership to implement council mandates, policies, and objectives. The executive director shall employ and direct staff authorized according to state law and necessary to carry out council mandates, policies, activities, and objectives. The salary of the executive director and staff shall be established pursuant to chapter 43A. The executive director and staff shall be reimbursed for the actual and necessary expenses incurred as a result of their council responsibilities.

Subd. 3. [RECEIPT OF FUNDS.] Whenever any person, firm or corporation offers to the council funds by the way of gift, grant or loan, for purposes of assisting the council to carry out its powers and duties, the council may accept such the offer by majority vote and upon such acceptance the chair shall receive such the funds subject to the terms of the offer, but, However, no money shall be accepted or received as a loan nor shall any indebtedness be incurred except in the manner and under the limitations otherwise provided by law.

Subd. 4. [ORGANIZATION; COMMITTEES.] The council shall organize itself in conformity with its responsibilities under sections 256.481 to 256.482 and shall establish committees which shall give detailed attention to the special needs of each category of handicapped persons who have a disability. The members of such the committees shall be designated by the chair with the approval of a majority of the council. Committees established shall include a committee on children which shall study the special needs of handicapped children and a committee on employment which shall study the special employment needs of handicapped persons. The council shall serve as liaison in Minnesota for the president's committee on employment of the handicapped and for any other organization for which it is so designated by the governor or state legislature.

Subd. 5. [DUTIES AND POWERS.] The council shall have the following duties and powers:

(1) to advise and otherwise aid the governor; appropriate state agencies, including but not limited to the departments of education, human services, jobs and training, and human rights, and the divisions of vocational rehabilitation services and services for the blind; the state legislature; and the public on matters pertaining to public policy and the administration of programs, services and facilities for handicapped persons who have a disability in Minnesota;

(2) to encourage and assist in the development of coordinated, interdepartmental goals and objectives and the coordination of programs, services and facilities among all state departments and private providers of service as they relate to handicapped persons with a disability;

(3) to serve as a source of information to the public regarding all services, programs and legislation pertaining to handicapped persons with a disability;

(4) to review and make comment to the governor, state agencies, the legislature, and the public concerning adequacy of state programs, plans and budgets for services to handicapped persons with a disability and for funding under the various federal grant programs;

(5) to research, formulate and advocate plans, programs and policies which will serve the needs of handicapped persons who are disabled;

(6) to advise the departments of labor and industry and jobs and training on the administration and improvement of the workers' compensation law as the law it relates to programs, facilities and personnel providing assistance to workers who are injured and handicapped workers disabled;

(7) to advise the workers' compensation division of the department of labor and industry and the workers' compensation court of appeals as to the necessity and extent of any alteration or remodeling of an existing residence or the building or purchase of a new or different residence which is proposed by a licensed architect under section 176.137;

(8) to initiate or seek to intervene as a party in any administrative proceeding and judicial review thereof to protect and advance the right of all persons who are disabled to an accessible physical environment as provided in section 16B.67; and

(9) to initiate or seek to intervene as a party in any administrative or judicial proceeding which concerns programs or services provided by public or private agencies or organizations and which directly affects the legal rights of persons with a disability.

Subd. 5a. [COLLECTION OF FEES.] The council is empowered to establish and collect fees for documents or technical services provided to the public. The fees shall be set at a level to reimburse the council for the actual cost incurred in providing the document or service. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 16A.72, all fees collected shall be deposited into the state treasury and credited to a separate dedicated account for council services. All money in this

dedicated account is appropriated by law to the council to provide documents and technical services to the public.

Sec. 3. [APPROPRIATION.]

\$10,000 for the biennium is appropriated from the account of the council on disability for the purpose of this act.

Sec. 4. [INSTRUCTION TO REVISOR.]

The revisor of statutes is directed to change the words "council for the handicapped" or "state council for the handicapped" wherever they appear in Minnesota Statutes to "council on disability" in the next edition of Minnesota Statutes.

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to state government; regulating the state council for the handicapped; extending the time for appeals by the council from state building code decisions affecting the interests of handicapped persons; changing the name of the council; amending the duties and responsibilities of the council; authorizing the council to initiate or intervene in proceedings affecting handicapped persons; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 16B.67; and 256.482."

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

S. F. No. 465, A bill for an act relating to transportation; providing for reduced speeds in work zones; providing for payment of administrative, filing, and plate fees; restricting unauthorized use of motor vehicles on public airport property; defining peace officer; describing qualifications for aircraft dealers license; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 168.012, subdivision 1c; 169.14, by adding a subdivision; 360.018, subdivision 6, and by adding a subdivision; 360.0751, subdivision 1; and 360.63, subdivision 1.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 160.81, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [JOINT STANDARDS.] The commissioner of transportation, in consultation with the commissioner of natural resources, shall establish standards for trunk highway segments located in areas of unusual scenic interest. The ~~rules~~ standards shall:

(1) define "areas of unusual scenic interest," which must include major recreational areas, historic areas and major publicly and privately owned tourist attractions;

(2) prescribe standards for right-of-way, shoulders and parking areas for trunk highway segments in such areas; and

(3) prescribe standards for scenic overlooks, parking piers and other parking areas, tourist information facilities, public water access points and other facilities intended to expand the recreational use of trunk highway segments in such areas.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.012, subdivision 1c, is amended to read:

Subd. 1c. [PAYMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE, PLATE, AND FILING FEE.] (a) The annual administrative fee for a tax-exempt vehicle under this section is \$5. The license plate fee for a tax-exempt vehicle, except a trailer, is \$10 for two plates per vehicle, payable only on the first tax-exempt registration of the vehicle. The registration period for a tax-exempt vehicle is biennial. The administrative fee is due on March 1 biennially and payable the preceding January 1, with validating stickers issued at time of payment.

(b) The owner of a tax-exempt vehicle shall apply for tax-exempt license plates, and pay the administrative and plate fees, and the filing fee under section 168.33, subdivision 7, ~~only to a deputy registrar in the county in which the vehicle is domiciled.~~

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 360.018, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [LICENSING OF AIRPORTS AND OTHER AIR NAVIGATION FACILITIES.] All proposed airports, restricted landing areas, and other air navigation facilities shall be first licensed by the commissioner before they, or any of them, shall be used or operated. Any municipality or person acquiring property for the purpose of constructing or establishing an airport or restricted landing area shall, prior to such acquisition, make application to the commissioner for a certificate of approval of the site selected and the general purpose or purposes for which the property is to be acquired, to insure that the property and its use shall conform to minimum standards of safety and shall serve public interest. It shall be unlawful for any municipality or officer or employee thereof, or for any person, to operate an airport, restricted landing area, or other



air navigation facility for which ~~an~~ the required annual license has not been issued by the commissioner. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a personal use airport that is more than five miles from a public airport, whether publicly or privately owned, need not obtain a license from the commissioner.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 360.018, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 12. [OPERATING VEHICLES ON AIRPORT PROPERTY.] No person shall operate a motor vehicle off a designated roadway on airport property without the authorization of the airport owner, or operate a motor vehicle anywhere on airport property in a careless or reckless manner with willful disregard for the safety of persons or property. A violation of this subdivision is a misdemeanor.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 360.0751, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [PEACE OFFICER DEFINED.] For purposes of this section, the term "peace officer" means a full-time police officer of any municipality, airport, or county, having satisfactorily completed a prescribed course of instruction in a school for instruction of persons in law enforcement conducted by the University of Minnesota or a similar course considered equivalent by the commissioner of public safety an employee of a political subdivision or state law enforcement agency who is licensed by the Minnesota board of peace officers standards and training, who is charged with the prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of the general criminal laws of the state, and who has full power of arrest, and shall also include the Minnesota state patrol, but does not include employees of the department of natural resources.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 360.63, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Any person engaged in the business of selling, purchasing, or dealing in aircraft, new or used, and who desires to withhold aircraft owned by that person from tax as provided in sections 360.511 to 360.67, may apply to the commissioner for an aircraft dealer's license. In order to qualify for an aircraft dealer's license the applicant shall show that the applicant has an established place of business on an airport licensed as a public airport approved by the commissioner and that has the necessary buildings, facilities and equipment for the proper storage and maintenance of aircraft in accordance with such rules as may be established by the commissioner. The commissioner may charge a fee of \$10 for each license, which license shall be effective for one year from the date of its issuance, or may authorize an aircraft dealer to operate under a flight operator's license as otherwise provided by this chapter. The commissioner is empowered to suspend or revoke any license issued

by the commissioner on determining that the holder thereof has violated any of the provisions of sections 360.511 to 360.67 or has failed to maintain any of the requirements necessary to obtain such license.

Sec. 7. Laws 1985, chapter 299, section 40, as amended by Laws 1986, chapter 454, section 34, is amended to read:

Sec. 40. [SPECIAL PERMIT.]

Subdivision 1. [PERMIT TO BE ISSUED.] Notwithstanding any law to the contrary the commissioner of transportation shall issue one special permit authorizing the operation for testing purposes of a three vehicle combination consisting of a motor vehicle, a "motorized hitch" and a trailer. The permit is valid for one year from the date of issuance. The annual fee for the permit is \$30. The permit is subject to all applicable provisions of Minnesota Statutes 1984, section 169.86, except as otherwise provided in this subdivision. The holder of the permit is responsible for all liability for personal injury, property damage or time lost, which may occur as a result of the operation of the combination for which the permit is issued, and must, if a claim is made against the state or a department, division officer or employee thereof arising from such operation, defend, indemnify and hold them harmless.

Subd. 2. [REPEALER.] This section is repealed July 31, 1987 1988.

Sec. 8. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 160.81, subdivision 4, is repealed."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to transportation; specifying that department of transportation standards for trunk highways in scenic areas are not rules; providing for payment of administrative, filing, and plate fees; restricting unauthorized use of motor vehicles on public airport property; defining peace officer; describing qualifications for aircraft dealers license; providing for certain permits; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 160.81, subdivision 1; 168.012, subdivision 1c; 360.018, subdivision 6, and by adding a subdivision; 360.0751, subdivision 1; 360.63, subdivision 1; and Laws 1985, chapter 299, section 40, as amended by Laws 1986, chapter 454, section 34; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 160.81, subdivision 4."

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

S. F. No. 682, A bill for an act relating to human services; expanding employment and training services in the aid to families with dependent children program; changing standards of eligibility for general assistance recipients and work readiness recipients; implementing immediate income withholding; modifying the child care sliding fee program; establishing the family health insurance program; changing standards of eligibility for the medical assistance program; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 144.219; 256.01, subdivision 2; 256.736, subdivisions 3, 4, 6, and 8, and by adding subdivisions; 256.74, subdivision 1; 256B.06, subdivision 1; 256D.01, subdivision 1a; 256D.02, subdivisions 5 and 8 and by adding a subdivision; 256D.03, subdivision 2; 256D.05, subdivision 1; 256D.051, subdivisions 1, 2, 6, and 8; 256D.06, subdivisions 1, 1b, and 2; 256D.08, subdivision 1; 256D.101; 256D.15; 257.33; 257.34, subdivision 1; 257.57, subdivision 2; 257.60; 257.62, by adding a subdivision; 257.63, subdivision 2; 267.02, by adding a subdivision; 267.03, subdivision 2; 268.0122, subdivision 3; 268.86, subdivision 2; 268.871, subdivisions 1 and 2, and by adding a subdivision; 268.88; 268.91, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, and by adding subdivisions; 510.07; 518.131, subdivision 7; 518.171, subdivision 1; 518.24; 518.551, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 518.57, subdivision 1; 518.611, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, and 8, and by adding a subdivision; 518.64, subdivision 2; and 518.645; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 256, 256D, and 518; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 256D.051, subdivisions 4, 5, and 12; 257.34, subdivision 2; and 268.86, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, and 5.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

#### "ARTICLE 1

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Medical assistance may be paid for any person:

(1) who is a child eligible for or receiving adoption assistance payments under Title IV-E of the Social Security Act, United States Code, title 42, sections 670 to 676 under Minnesota Statutes, section 259.40 or 259.431; or

(2) who is a child eligible for or receiving foster care maintenance payments under Title IV-E of the Social Security Act, United States Code, title 42, sections 670 to 676; or

(3) who is eligible for or receiving public assistance under the aid to families with dependent children program, the Minnesota supplemental aid program; or

(4) who is a pregnant woman, as certified in writing by a physician or nurse midwife, and who (a) meets the other eligibility criteria of this section, and (b) would be categorically eligible for assistance under the aid to families with dependent children program if the child had been born and was living with the woman; or

(5) who is a pregnant woman, as certified in writing by a physician or nurse midwife, who meets the other eligibility criteria of this section and whose unborn child would be eligible as a needy child under clause (9) if born and living with the woman; or

(6) who meets the categorical eligibility requirements of the supplemental security income program and the other eligibility requirements of this section; or

(7) who, except for the amount of income or resources, would qualify for supplemental security income for the aged, blind and disabled, or aid to families with dependent children, and who meets the other eligibility requirements of this section; or

(8) who is under 21 years of age and in need of medical care that neither the person nor the person's relatives responsible under sections 256B.01 to 256B.26 are financially able to provide; or

(9) who is an infant less than one year of age born on or after October 1, 1984, whose mother was eligible at the time of birth and who remains in the mother's household. Eligibility under this clause is concurrent with the mother's and does not depend on the father's income except as the income affects the mother's eligibility; or

(10) who is residing in a hospital for treatment of mental disease or tuberculosis and is 65 years of age or older and without means sufficient to pay the per capita hospital charge; and

(11) who resides in Minnesota, or, if absent from the state, is deemed to be a resident of Minnesota in accordance with the rules of the state agency; and

(12) who alone, or together with the person's spouse, does not own real property other than the homestead. For the purposes of this section, "homestead" means the house owned and occupied by the applicant or recipient as a primary place of residence, together with

the contiguous land upon which it is situated. The homestead shall continue to be excluded for persons residing in a long-term care facility if it is used as a primary residence by the spouse, minor child, or disabled child of any age; or the applicant/recipient is expected to return to the home as a principal residence within six calendar months of entry to the long-term care facility. Certification of expected return to the homestead shall be documented in writing by the attending physician. Real estate not used as a home may not be retained unless it produces net income applicable to the family's needs or the family is making a continuing effort to sell it at a fair and reasonable price or unless the commissioner determines that sale of the real estate would cause undue hardship or unless the equity in the real estate when combined with the equity in the homestead totals \$15,000 or less; and

(13) who individually does not own more than \$3,000 in cash or liquid assets, or if a member of a household with two family members (husband and wife, or parent and child), does not own more than \$6,000 in cash or liquid assets, plus \$200 for each additional legal dependent. In addition to these maximum amounts, an eligible individual or family may accrue interest on these amounts, but they must be reduced to the maximum at the time of an eligibility redetermination. For residents of long-term care facilities, the accumulation of the clothing and personal needs allowance pursuant to section 256B.35 must also be reduced to the maximum at the time of the eligibility redetermination. Cash and liquid assets may include a prepaid funeral contract and insurance policies with cash surrender value. The value of the following shall not be included:

(a) the homestead, and (b) one motor vehicle licensed pursuant to chapter 168 and defined as: (1) passenger automobile, (2) station wagon, (3) motorcycle, (4) motorized bicycle or (5) truck of the weight found in categories A to E, of section 168.013, subdivision 1e; and

(14) who has or anticipates receiving an annual income not in excess of the income standards by family size used in the aid to families with dependent children program, except that families and children may have an income up to  $133\frac{1}{3}$  of the AFDC payment standard, or who has income in excess of these maxima and in the month of application, or during the three months prior to the month of application, incurs expenses for medical care that total more than one-half of the annual excess income in accordance with the rules of the state agency. Notwithstanding any laws or rules to the contrary, in computing income to determine eligibility of persons who are not residents of long-term care facilities, the commissioner shall disregard increases in income as required by Public Law Number 94-566, section 503. In excess income cases, eligibility shall be limited to a period of six months beginning with the first of the month in which these medical obligations are first incurred; and

(15) who has continuing monthly expenses for medical care that are more than the amount of the person's excess income, computed

on a monthly basis, in which case eligibility may be established before the total income obligation referred to in the preceding paragraph is incurred, and medical assistance payments may be made to cover the monthly unmet medical need. In licensed nursing home and state hospital cases, income over and above that required for justified needs, determined pursuant to a schedule of contributions established by the commissioner of human services, is to be applied to the cost of institutional care. The commissioner of human services may establish a schedule of contributions to be made by the spouse of a nursing home resident to the cost of care; and

(16) who has applied or agrees to apply all proceeds received or receivable by the person or the person's spouse from automobile accident coverage and private health care coverage to the costs of medical care for the person, the spouse, and children. The state agency may require from any applicant or recipient of medical assistance the assignment of any rights accruing under private health care coverage. Any rights or amounts so assigned shall be applied against the cost of medical care paid for under this chapter. Any assignment shall not be effective as to benefits paid or provided under automobile accident coverage and private health care coverage prior to receipt of the assignment by the person or organization providing the benefits.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.01, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [SPECIFIC POWERS.] Subject to the provisions of section 241.021, subdivision 2, the commissioner of human services shall:

(1) Administer and supervise all forms of public assistance provided for by state law and other welfare activities or services as are vested in the commissioner.

(2) Administer and supervise all child welfare activities; promote the enforcement of laws protecting handicapped, dependent, neglected and delinquent children, and children born to mothers who were not married to the children's fathers at the times of the conception nor at the births of the children; license and supervise child-caring and child-placing agencies and institutions; supervise the care of children in boarding and foster homes or in private institutions; and generally perform all functions relating to the field of child welfare now vested in the state board of control.

(3) Administer and supervise all noninstitutional service to handicapped persons, including those who are visually impaired, hearing impaired, or physically impaired or otherwise handicapped. The commissioner may provide and contract for the care and treatment of qualified indigent children in facilities other than those located

and available at state hospitals when it is not feasible to provide the service in state hospitals.

(4) Assist and actively cooperate with other departments, agencies and institutions, local, state, and federal, by performing services in conformity with the purposes of Laws 1939, chapter 431.

(5) Act as the agent of and cooperate with the federal government in matters of mutual concern relative to and in conformity with the provisions of Laws 1939, chapter 431, including the administration of any federal funds granted to the state to aid in the performance of any functions of the commissioner as specified in Laws 1939, chapter 431, and including the promulgation of rules making uniformly available medical care benefits to all recipients of public assistance, at such times as the federal government increases its participation in assistance expenditures for medical care to recipients of public assistance, the cost thereof to be borne in the same proportion as are grants of aid to said recipients.

(6) Establish and maintain any administrative units reasonably necessary for the performance of administrative functions common to all divisions of the department.

(7) Administer and supervise any additional welfare activities and services as are vested by law in the department.

(8) The commissioner is designated as guardian of both the estate and the person of all the wards of the state of Minnesota, whether by operation of law or by an order of court, without any further act or proceeding whatever, except as to persons committed as mentally retarded.

(9) Act as coordinating referral and informational center on requests for service for newly arrived immigrants coming to Minnesota.

(10) The specific enumeration of powers and duties as hereinabove set forth shall in no way be construed to be a limitation upon the general transfer of powers herein contained.

(11) Establish county, regional, or statewide schedules of maximum fees and charges which may be paid by local agencies for medical, dental, surgical, hospital, nursing and nursing home care and medicine and medical supplies under all programs of medical care provided by the state and for congregate living care under the income maintenance programs.

(12) Have the authority to conduct and administer experimental projects to test methods and procedures of administering assistance and services to recipients or potential recipients of public welfare. To

carry out such experimental projects, it is further provided that the commissioner of human services is authorized to waive the enforcement of existing specific statutory program requirements, rules, and standards in one or more counties. The order establishing the waiver shall provide alternative methods and procedures of administration, shall not be in conflict with the basic purposes, coverage, or benefits provided by law, and in no event shall the duration of a project exceed ~~two~~ four years. It is further provided that no order establishing an experimental project as authorized by the provisions of this section shall become effective until the following conditions have been met:

(a) The proposed comprehensive plan including estimated project costs and the proposed order establishing the waiver shall be filed with the secretary of the senate and chief clerk of the house of representatives at least 60 days prior to its effective date.

(b) The secretary of health, education, and welfare of the United States has agreed, for the same project, to waive state plan requirements relative to statewide uniformity.

(c) A comprehensive plan, including estimated project costs, shall be approved by the legislative advisory commission and filed with the commissioner of administration.

(13) In accordance with federal requirements establish procedures to be followed by local welfare boards in creating citizen advisory committees, including procedures for selection of committee members.

(14) Allocate federal fiscal disallowances or sanctions which are based on quality control error rates for the aid to families with dependent children, medical assistance, or food stamp program in the following manner:

(a) One-half of the total amount of the disallowance shall be borne by the county boards responsible for administering the programs and shall be shared by each county board in the same proportion as that county's expenditures for the sanctioned program are to the total of all counties' expenditures for that program. Each county shall pay its share of the disallowance to the state of Minnesota. When a county fails to pay the amount due hereunder, the commissioner may deduct the amount from reimbursement otherwise due the county, or the attorney general, upon the request of the commissioner, may institute civil action to recover the amount due.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a), if the disallowance results from knowing noncompliance by one or more counties with a specific program instruction, and that knowing noncompliance is a matter of official county board record, the commissioner may require payment or recover from the county or



counties, in the manner prescribed in paragraph (a), an amount equal to the portion of the total disallowance which resulted from the noncompliance, and may distribute the balance of the disallowance according to paragraph (a).

(15) Develop and implement special projects that maximize reimbursements and result in the recovery of money to the state. For the purpose of recovering state money, the commissioner may enter into contracts with third parties. Any recoveries that result from projects or contracts entered into under this paragraph shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to a special account until the balance in the account reaches \$400,000. When the balance in the account exceeds \$400,000, the excess shall be transferred and credited to the general fund. All money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner for the purposes of this paragraph.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.73, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 7. [VERIFICATION PROCEDURES.] The commissioner shall form an advisory committee of local agency representatives, state officials, and recipients to recommend and implement ways to reduce verification procedures at the local level. The goal of this effort is to treat clients with dignity and expect client honesty. Verification procedures should be reduced to a minimum at the time of application and increased only as needed.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1a. [DEFINITIONS.] As used in this section the following words have the meanings given them:

(a) "AFDC" means aid to families with dependent children.

(b) "AFDC-UP" means that group of AFDC clients who are eligible for assistance by reason of unemployment as defined by the commissioner under section 256.12, subdivision 14.

(c) "Caretaker" means a parent or eligible adult who is part of the assistance unit that has applied for or is receiving AFDC.

(d) "Employment and training services" means programs, activities, and services related to job training and job placement, including job service programs, job training partnership act programs, wage subsidies, remedial and secondary education programs, post-secondary education programs excluding education leading to an advanced degree, vocational education programs, work incentive programs, work readiness programs, employment search, community work experience programs, displaced homemaker programs,

self-employment programs, grant diversion, employment experience programs, youth employment programs, community investment programs, supported work programs, and counseling and support activities necessary to stabilize the caretaker or the family.

(e) "Employment and training service provider" means an administrative entity certified by the commissioner of jobs and training to deliver employment and training services.

(f) "Minor parent" means a caretaker relative who is the parent of the dependent child or children in the assistance unit and who is under the age of 18.

(g) "Priority groups" or "priority caretakers" means recipients of AFDC or AFDC-UP designated as priorities for employment and training services under section 6.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2a. [PRIORITY GROUPS.] Priority for participation in employment and training services under this section must be given to caretakers who:

(1) are under the age of 22;

(2) have not received a high school diploma or general equivalency diploma; or

(3) have received 24 months or more of AFDC over the last 36 months.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [OPERATION OF PROGRAMS REGISTRATION.] To determine who shall be designated as an appropriate individual for certification for employment and training services, the commissioner of jobs and training shall provide, by rule, standards for county boards consistent with the standards promulgated by the secretary of health and human services. County boards shall certify appropriate individuals for employment and training services, shall notify the commissioner of human services, and shall require that every individual certified, as a condition of receiving aid to families with dependent children, register for employment services, training, and employment, unless such individual is: (a) To the extent permissible under federal law, every caretaker or child is required to register for employment and training services, as a condition of receiving AFDC, unless the caretaker or child is:

(1) a child who is under age 16; a child age 16 or 17 who is attending elementary or secondary school or a secondary level vocational or technical school full time, or a full-time student age 18 who is attending a secondary school or a secondary level vocational or technical program and who is expected to complete the school or program before reaching age 19;

(2) a person caretaker who is ill, incapacitated or of advanced age 55 or older;

(3) a person so remote from caretaker for whom participation in an employment and training service and where transportation is not reasonably available that effective participation is precluded would require a round trip commuting time by available transportation of more than two hours;

(4) a person caretaker whose presence in the home is required because of illness or incapacity of another member of the household;

(5) a parent caretaker or other caretaker relative of a child under the age of six who personally provides full-time care for the child;

(6) a parent or other caretaker if another adult relative in the assistance unit is registered and has not, without good cause, failed or refused to participate or accept employment;

(7) a pregnant woman in the last trimester of pregnancy; or

(8) a parent who is not the principal earner if the parent who is the principal earner is not exempt under clauses (1) to (7).

Any individual referred to in clauses (3) and (5) to (8) must be advised of the option to register for any available employment services, and training services, and employment if the individual so desires, and must be informed of the any available child care and other support services available if the individual decides to register.

If, after planning with a recipient a decision is made that the recipient must register for employment services, training, and employment, the county board shall notify the recipient in writing of the need to register for participation in an employment and training service and that the recipient (b) To the extent permissible by federal law, applicants for benefits under the AFDC program are registered for employment and training services by signing the application form. Applicants must be informed that they are registering for employment and training services by signing the form. Persons receiving benefits on the effective date of this section shall register for employment and training services to the extent permissible by federal law. The caretaker has a right to a fair hearing under

section 256.045 with respect to the appropriateness of the registration.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3a. [PARTICIPATION.] Caretakers in priority groups must participate in employment and training services under this section to the extent permissible under federal law. However, no assistance unit may be sanctioned for a caretaker's failure to participate in employment and training services under this section if failure results from inadequate funding for employment and training services.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [CONDITIONS OF CERTIFICATION.] The commissioner of human services shall:

(1) Arrange for or provide any relative or child caretaker required to register for participate in employment and training services pursuant to this section with child-care services, transportation, and other necessary family services;

(2) Pay ten percent of the cost of the work incentive program and any other costs that are required of that agency by federal regulation for employment and training services for recipients of aid to families with dependent children;

(3) Provide that in determining a recipient's needs any monthly incentive training payment made to the recipient by the department of jobs and training is disregarded and the additional expenses attributable to participation in a program are taken into account in grant determination to the extent permitted by federal regulations; and

(4) Provide that when it has been certified by the commissioner of jobs and training, certification to be binding upon the commissioner of human services county board, that a relative or child certified under caretaker required to participate in an employment and training program to the commissioner of jobs and training has been found by the commissioner, after a hearing conducted in the manner prescribed by section 268.10, subdivision 3, with the right of review in accordance with the provisions of section 268.10, subdivision 8, employment and training service provider to have refused without good cause to participate in appropriate employment and training services or to have refused without good cause to accept a bona fide offer of public or other employment, the county board shall provide that:

(a) If the relative caretaker makes the refusal, the relative's caretaker's needs shall not be taken into account in making the grant determination, and aid for any dependent child in the family will be made in the form of protective or vendor payments, except that when protective payments are made, the local agency may continue payments to the relative caretaker if a protective payee cannot reasonably be found.

(b) Aid with respect to a dependent child will be denied if a child who makes the refusal is the only child receiving aid in the family.

(c) If there is more than one child receiving aid in the family, aid for the child who makes the refusal will be denied and the child's needs will not be taken into account in making the grant determination.

(d) If the assistance unit's eligibility is based on the nonexempt principal earner's unemployment and this principal earner fails or refuses without good cause to participate or to accept employment, the entire assistance unit is ineligible for benefits under sections 256.72 to 256.87, if the family is subject to requirements of the work incentive program.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4a. [NOTICE AND RIGHT OF APPEAL.] The employment and training service provider shall notify the county board of a caretaker's failure without good cause to cooperate or accept employment. Any determination, action, or inaction on the part of the county board relating to a caretaker's participation under this section, is subject to the notice and hearing procedures in section 256.045, and Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, section 205.10.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [PROTECTION FROM GARNISHMENT.] Earnings of a recipient caretaker while participating in full or part-time employment or training shall be protected from garnishment. This protection shall extend for a period of six months from the date of termination of a recipient's caretaker's grant of assistance.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 10. [COUNTY DUTIES.] To the extent of available state appropriations, county boards shall:

(1) refer all priority caretakers required to register under subdivision 3 to an employment and training service provider for participation in employment and training services;

(2) identify to the employment and training service provider caretakers who fall into the priority groups;

(3) provide all caretakers with an orientation which (a) gives information on available employment and training services and support services, and (b) encourages clients to view AFDC as a temporary program providing grants and services to clients who set goals and develop strategies for supporting their families without AFDC assistance;

(4) work with the employment and training service provider to encourage voluntary participation by caretakers in the priority groups;

(5) work with the employment and training service provider to collect data as required by the commissioner;

(6) to the extent permissible under federal law, require all caretakers coming onto the AFDC program to attend orientation;

(7) encourage nonpriority caretakers to develop a plan to obtain self-sufficiency;

(8) notify the commissioner of the caretakers required to participate in employment and training services;

(9) inform appropriate caretakers of opportunities available through the head start program and encourage caretakers to have their children screened for enrollment in the program where appropriate;

(10) provide transportation assistance using the employment special needs fund to caretakers who participate in employment and training programs, with priority for services to caretakers in priority groups; and

(11) ensure that orientation, employment search, and case management services are made available to appropriate caretakers under this section, except that payment for case management services is governed by section 17.

A county board may provide other employment and training services that it considers necessary to help caretakers obtain self-sufficiency.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 11. [CASE MANAGEMENT SERVICES.] For clients described in section 6, the case manager shall:

(1) Assess the education, skills, and ability of the caretaker to secure and retain a job which, when added to child support, will support the caretaker's family. The case manager must work with the caretaker in completing this task;

(2) Set goals and develop a timetable for completing education and employment goals. The case manager must work with the caretaker in completing this task. For caretakers who are not literate or who have not completed high school, the first goal for the caretaker must be to complete literacy training or a general education diploma. Caretakers who are literate and have completed high school shall be counseled to set realistic attainable goals, taking into account the long-term needs of both the caretaker and the caretaker's family;

(3) For minor parents, assess the housing and support systems needed by the caretaker in order to provide the dependent children with adequate parenting. The case manager shall encourage minor parents who are not living with friends or relatives to live in a group home or foster care setting. If minor parents are unwilling to live in a group home or foster care setting or if no group home or foster care setting is available, the case manager shall assess the minor parent's need for training in parenting and independent living skills and shall refer appropriate minor parents to available counseling programs designed to teach needed skills;

(4) Coordinate services such as child care, transportation, and education assistance necessary to enable the caretaker to work toward the goals developed in clause (2). When a client needs child care services in order to attend an eligible institution under section 1 the case manager shall contact the appropriate system to reserve child care funds for the client. A caretaker who needs child care services in order to complete high school or a general education diploma is eligible for child care under section 268.91;

(5) Develop, execute, and monitor a contract between the local agency and the caretaker. The contract must include: (a) specific goals of the caretaker including stated measurements of progress toward each goal; (b) specific services provided by the county agency; and (c) conditions under which the county will withdraw the services provided.

The contract may include other terms as desired or needed by either party. In all cases, however, the case manager must ensure that the caretaker has set forth in the contract realistic goals

consistent with the ultimate goal of self-sufficiency for the caretaker's family; and

(6) Develop and refer caretakers to counseling or peer group networks for emotional support while participating in work, education, or training.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 12. [CASE MANAGERS.] (a) Counties may directly employ case managers if certified as an employment and training service provider under section 268.0122, or may contract for case management services with a certified employment and training service provider. Uncertified counties and contracting agencies may provide case management services only if they demonstrate the ability to coordinate employment, training, education, and support services. The commissioner of jobs and training shall determine whether or not an uncertified county or agency has demonstrated such ability.

(b) Counties that employ case managers must ensure that the case managers have the skills and knowledge necessary to perform the variety of tasks described in subdivision 11. Counties that contract with another agency for case management services must specify in the contract the skills and knowledge needed by the case managers. At a minimum, case managers must:

(1) have a thorough knowledge of training, education, and employment opportunities;

(2) have training or experience in understanding the needs of AFDC clients and their families; and

(3) be able to formulate creative individualized contracts.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 13. [EMPLOYMENT SEARCH.] (a) The commissioner of human services shall establish an employment search program pursuant to section 402(A)35 of the Social Security Act. The principal wage earner in an AFDC-UP assistance unit must participate in the employment search program within four months of being determined eligible for AFDC-UP unless:

(1) the caretaker is already participating in another approved employment and training service;

(2) the caretaker's employability plan specifies other activities; or



(3) the caretaker is unable to secure employment due to inability to communicate in the English language.

The employment and training service provider shall refer caretakers unable to communicate in the English language to English as a second-language course.

(b) The employment search program must provide the following services:

(1) an initial period of up to four weeks of job search activities for not more than 32 hours per week. The employment and training service provider shall specify for each participating caretaker the number of weeks and hours of job search to be conducted and shall report to the county board if the caretaker fails to cooperate with the employment search requirement; and

(2) an additional period of job search following the first period at the discretion of the employment and training service provider. The total of these two periods of job search may not exceed eight weeks.

(c) The employment search program may provide services to non-AFDC-UP caretakers.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 14. [REPORTING.] The commissioner of human services, in cooperation with the commissioner of jobs and training, shall develop reporting requirements for local agencies and employment and training service providers. The requirements must include information necessary to track recipients as they move between activities and information necessary to evaluate the effectiveness of the services.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 15. [STATE SHARE.] (a) The state must pay 75 percent of costs incurred by counties under subdivision 11, except that after July 1, 1988, the commissioner shall adjust the state share to reflect county performance. Factors which the commissioner may consider in adjusting the state share must include, but are not limited to, the following:

(1) percentage of long-term cases leaving the AFDC program after one year, two years, and three years;

(2) percentage of minor parents who finish high school;

(3) percentage of caretakers who are in training or education and are successfully working toward their contracted goals; and

(4) percentage of caretakers leaving the AFDC program.

The commissioner may raise or lower the state share of costs by a maximum of ten percent.

(b) If the state appropriation is not sufficient to fund the cost of case management services for all caretakers identified in subdivision 2a, the commissioner must define a statewide subgroup of caretakers which includes all caretakers in subdivision 2a, clause (1) and as many caretakers as possible from subdivision 2a, clauses (2) and (3).

(c) The commissioner shall allocate funds for employment and training services to the counties as follows:

(1) a portion based on the average monthly number of AFDC-UP cases in each county, to be used for the employment search activities described in subdivision 13;

(2) a portion based on the average monthly number of all AFDC cases to be used for the orientation and referral activities described in subdivision 10; and

(3) a portion based on the average monthly number of caretakers receiving AFDC who are under the age of 22 and the average monthly number of AFDC cases open for 24 or more consecutive months. Counties shall use this portion of funds for employment search, job preparedness, and training-related expenses with priority caretakers.

The commissioner shall determine the portion of funds for clauses (1) to (3). Funds shall be allocated at the beginning of each fiscal year, based on the average monthly cases for the 12-month period ending March 31 of the previous fiscal year. A county may appeal a decision of the commissioner under this clause.

(d) Counties and the department of jobs and training shall bill the commissioner of human services for any expenditures incurred by the county, the county's employment and training service provider, or the department of jobs and training that may be reimbursed by federal money. The commissioner of human services shall bill the United States Department of Health and Human Services for the reimbursement and appropriate the reimbursed money to the county or employment and training service provider that submitted the original bill. The reimbursed money must be used to expand services in this section.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 16. [PHASE-IN.] The commissioner shall implement this section on a statewide basis as quickly as possible. The commissioner may phase in changes under the section in any reasonable manner that ensures a unified, statewide coordinated program by no later than December 31, 1988.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.74, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [AMOUNT.] The amount of assistance which shall be granted to or on behalf of any dependent child and mother or other needy eligible relative caring for the dependent child shall be determined by the county agency in accordance with rules promulgated by the commissioner and shall be sufficient, when added to all other income and support available to the child, to provide the child with a reasonable subsistence compatible with decency and health. The amount shall be based on the method of budgeting required in Public Law Number 97-35, section 2315, United States Code, title 42, section 602, as amended and federal regulations at Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, section 233. Nonrecurring lump sum income received by an assistance unit must be budgeted in the normal retrospective cycle. The number of months of ineligibility is determined by dividing the amount of the lump sum income and all other income, after application of the applicable disregards, by the standard of need for the assistance unit. An amount remaining after this calculation is income in the first month of eligibility. If the total monthly income including the lump sum income is larger than the standard of need for a single month the first month of ineligibility is the payment month that corresponds with the budget month in which the lump sum income was received. In making its determination the county agency shall disregard the following from family income:

(1) all of the earned income of each dependent child receiving aid to families with dependent children who is a full-time student or part-time student, and not a full-time employee, attending a school, college, or university, or a course of vocational or technical training designed to fit students for gainful employment as well as all the earned income derived from the job training and partnership act (JTPA) for a dependent child for six calendar months per year, together with unearned income derived from the job training and partnership act;

(2) all educational grants and loans awarded pursuant to a federal law when public assistance was considered in making the award and the award was made on the basis of financial need; and that part of any other educational grant or loan which is used for educational

~~purposes, such as tuition, fees, equipment, transportation and child care expenses necessary for school attendance;~~

(3) the first \$75 of each individual's earned income. For self-employed persons, the expenses directly related to producing goods and services and without which the goods and services could not be produced shall be disregarded pursuant to rules promulgated by the commissioner;

(4) an amount equal to the actual expenditures but not to exceed \$160 for the care of each dependent child or incapacitated individual living in the same home and receiving aid. In the case of a person not engaged in full-time employment or not employed throughout the month, the commissioner shall prescribe by rule a lesser amount to be disregarded;

(5) thirty dollars plus one-third of the remainder of each individual's earned income not already disregarded for individuals found otherwise eligible to receive aid or who have received aid in one of the four months before the month of application. With respect to any month, the county welfare agency shall not disregard under this clause any earned income of any person who has:

(a) reduced earned income without good cause within 30 days preceding any month in which an assistance payment is made; or

(b) refused without good cause to accept an offer of suitable employment; or

(c) left employment or reduced earnings without good cause and applied for assistance so as to be able later to return to employment with the advantage of the income disregard; or

(d) failed without good cause to make a timely report of earned income in accordance with rules promulgated by the commissioner of human services.

Persons who are already employed and who apply for assistance shall have their needs computed with full account taken of their earned and other income. If earned and other income of the family is less than need, as determined on the basis of public assistance standards, the county agency shall determine the amount of the grant by applying the disregard of income provisions. The county agency shall not disregard earned income for persons in a family if the total monthly earned and other income exceeds their needs, unless for any one of the four preceding months their needs were met in whole or in part by a grant payment.

The disregard of \$30 and one-third of the remainder of earned income described in clause (5) shall be applied to the individual's

income for a period not to exceed four consecutive months. Any month in which the individual loses this disregard because of the provisions of clauses (5)(a) to (5)(d) shall be considered as one of the four months. An additional \$30 work incentive must be available for an eight-month period beginning in the month following the last month of the combined \$30 and one-third work incentive. This period must be in effect whether or not the person has earned income or is eligible for AFDC. To again qualify for the earned income disregards under clause (d), the individual must not be a recipient of aid for a period of 12 consecutive months. When an assistance unit becomes ineligible for aid due to the fact that these disregards are no longer applied to income, the assistance unit shall be eligible for medical assistance benefits for a 12-month period beginning with the first month of AFDC ineligibility;

(6) the first \$50 per assistance unit of the monthly support obligation collected by the support and recovery (IV-D) unit; and

(7) that portion of an insurance settlements settlement earmarked and used to pay medical bills, to compensate a member of an assistance unit for partial or permanent loss of function or a body part expenses, funeral and burial costs, or to repair or replace insured property.

The first \$50 of periodic support payments collected by the public authority responsible for child support enforcement from a person with a legal obligation to pay support for a member of the assistance unit shall be paid to the assistance unit within 15 days of the collection of such periodic support payments and shall be disregarded in determining the amount of assistance.

Sec. 19. [256.745] [SERVICE DELIVERY IMPROVEMENT PILOT PROJECT.]

Subdivision 1. [STEP.] "STEP" means the strive toward excellence program administered by the department of administration.

Subd. 2. [PILOT PROJECT ESTABLISHED; GOALS.] The service delivery improvement project, consisting of six pilot projects selected under subdivision 4, is established to use STEP productivity improvement technology to achieve the following goals: redesign of employment and training and income maintenance delivery systems as required under Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 14, article 9; and improvement of the quality and cost effectiveness of employment and training and income maintenance services provided to clients.

Subd. 3. [COMMITTEE.] The commissioner shall establish and select a committee to administer the service delivery improvement project. The committee consists of the commissioner, the commissioner of jobs and training, the commissioner of human services, one

member of the senate, one member of the house of representatives, one public member representing the private sector, and other public members considered necessary by the commissioner. The commissioner may reimburse the public members for actual expenses in the same manner and amount as authorized by the commissioner's plan under section 43A.18, subdivision 2.

Subd. 4. [DUTIES.] The committee shall solicit from local service units or consortia of local service units proposals to conduct innovative pilot projects to redesign the employment and training and income maintenance delivery system. By December 1, 1987, the committee shall evaluate the proposals and select six pilot projects to receive training and technical assistance as provided in subdivision 6.

Subd. 5. [EVALUATION.] The committee shall evaluate each proposal based upon the extent to which the proposed pilot project uses STEP productivity improvement technology, addresses the goals set forth under subdivision 2, and involves members of the private sector in joint financing of delivery system innovations.

Subd. 6. [TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.] The commissioner shall contract with the department of administration to provide staff training, technical assistance, and detailed periodic reports of the day-to-day operation of a pilot project to affected local service units.

Subd. 7. [COOPERATION OF AGENCIES.] The commissioner of human services and the commissioner of jobs and training shall cooperate fully with local service units undertaking pilot projects under this section. If requested by a local service unit which has had a pilot project selected under subdivision 4, the commissioner shall reduce, to the extent possible, reporting and other requirements which may be applicable under state law to that pilot project.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.0122, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [DUTIES AS A STATE AGENCY.] The commissioner shall:

(1) administer the unemployment insurance laws and related programs;

(2) administer the aspects of aid to families with dependent children, general assistance, work readiness, and food stamps that relate to employment and training services, subject to the limitations of federal regulations contract under section 268.86, subdivision 2;

(3) administer wage subsidies and the discretionary training and retraining fund, and recommend to the coordinator the use of the discretionary portion of wage subsidy appropriations;

(4) administer a national system of public employment offices as prescribed by United States Code, title 29, chapter 4B, the Wagner-Peyser Act, and other federal employment and training programs;

(5) cooperate with the federal government and its employment and training agencies in any reasonable manner as necessary to qualify for federal aid for employment and training services and money;

(6) enter into agreements with other departments of the state and local units of government as necessary;

(7) certify ~~competent~~ employment and training service providers and, with the concurrence of the coordinator, decertify service providers that fail to comply with performance criteria according to standards established by the coordinator;

(8) provide consistent, integrated employment and training services across the state;

(9) establish the standards for all employment and training services administered under this chapter;

(10) develop standards for the contents and structure of the county local service unit plans;

(11) provide current state and substate labor market information and forecasts, in cooperation with other agencies;

(12) prepare a plan and submit it to the coordinator in each even-numbered year, according to standards established by the coordinator, for use in developing a statewide employment and training plan;

(13) identify underserved populations, unmet service needs, and funding requirements;

(14) consult with the council for the blind on matters pertaining to programs and services for the blind and visually impaired; and

(15) submit to the governor, the coordinator, the commissioners of human services and finance, and the chairs of the senate finance and house appropriations committees a semiannual report that:

(a) reports, by client classification, an unduplicated count of the kinds and number of services furnished through each program

administered or supervised by the department or coordinated with it;

(b) reports on the number of job openings listed, developed, available, and obtained by clients;

(c) identifies the number of cooperative agreements in place, the number of individuals being served, and the kinds of service provided them;

(d) evaluates the performance of services, such as wage subsidies, community investments, work readiness, and grant diversions; and

(e) explains the effects of current employment levels, unemployment rates, and program performance on the unemployment insurance fund and general assistance, work readiness, and aid to families with dependent children caseloads and program expenditures.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.85, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [ORDER OF PRIORITY.] (a) The priority for services to be provided is:

(1) permanent, unsubsidized, full-time private or nonprofit sector employment and, where possible, in conjunction with targeted jobs tax credits as defined at United States Code, title 26, section 44B, as amended by Public Law Number 98-369, with highest priority to employment with paid medical benefits;

(2) permanent, subsidized, full-time private sector employment;

(3) permanent, subsidized, full-time nonprofit sector employment;

(4) training;

(5) relocation, except that relocation is considered only when a client can find affordable housing near the new location; and

(6) part-time, subsidized, nonprofit, or public employment with continued employment assistance.

(b) Individuals receiving any of the priority services in paragraph (a) must be provided with child care, transportation, or other support services as necessary and in relation to their eligibility and the availability of funds.

(c) In delivering employment and training services, local service units shall distribute their available resources in a manner that



provides greater incentives to clients in permanent private or nonprofit sector employment than in public sector jobs.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.86, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DEVELOPMENT DISCRETIONARY PROGRAMS.] The commissioner shall may develop and administer discretionary employment and training services programs to assist appropriate recipients of public assistance and unemployed and underemployed persons eligible to receive wage subsidies to become economically independent. The services must have as their objective the improvement of clients' opportunities for economic independence through permanent employment. The services must provide sufficient employment and training options to allow local service units to effectively meet the support services, educational, and training needs of their public assistance and wage subsidy clients programs may include on-the-job training, wage subsidies, classroom training, relocation expenses, temporary cash assistance for persons in training, and support services.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.86, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [ADMINISTRATION INTERAGENCY AGREEMENTS.] Under agreements necessary to comply with federal regulations, By October 1, 1987, the commissioner, on behalf of and the commissioner of human services, shall administer enter into a written contract for the design, delivery, and administration of employment and training services for applicants for or recipients of food stamps or aid to families with dependent children and food stamps. The commissioner shall administer employment and training services for general assistance and work readiness recipients in consultation with the commissioner of human services, including AFDC employment and training programs, grant diversion, and supported work. The contract must address:

- (1) specific roles and responsibilities of each department;
- (2) assignment and supervision of staff for interagency activities including any necessary interagency employee mobility agreements under the administrative procedures of the department of employee relations;
- (3) mechanisms for determining the conditions under which individuals participate in services, their rights and responsibilities while participating, and the standards by which the services must be administered;
- (4) procedures for providing technical assistance to local service units and employment and training service providers;

(5) access to appropriate staff for ongoing development and interpretation of policy, rules, and program standards;

(6) procedures for reimbursing appropriate agencies for administrative expenses; and

(7) procedures for accessing available federal funds.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.86, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [EMPLOYABILITY PLANS.] The commissioner shall require that a public assistance recipient's employment status is appraised within 30 days and that a written employability plan is prepared for appropriate public assistance recipients in consultation with the recipients. The plan must take into account the level of skill and education of the recipient, as measured against the existing market, the length of time the recipient has been absent from the work force, and the recipient's financial responsibility to a family, if any. The plan must be designed to help the recipient obtain suitable employment, or training and work skills necessary to secure suitable employment, and may include an arrangement with another service provider or agency for specialized employment, education, training, or support services. For a caretaker of a family receiving aid to families with dependent children, "suitable employment" must produce a net income which, taking into account the cost of medical insurance and expenses of work, including child care and transportation, equals or exceeds the standard of need determined under section 256.74, subdivision 1. A copy of the plan must be given to the recipient at the time it is prepared; an additional copy must be given to the local agency for its files.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.871, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [RESPONSIBILITY AND CERTIFICATION.] Unless prohibited by federal law or otherwise determined by state law or the coordinator, a local service unit is responsible for the delivery of employment and training services. After February 1, 1986 1988, employment and training services must be delivered by public, nonprofit, or private service providers that are certified to provide the services employment and training service providers.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.871, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [CONTRACTING PREFERENCE.] In contracting, a local service unit must give preference, whenever possible, to existing certified employment and training service providers including the job service, opportunities industrialization centers, displaced homemaker providers, work incentive providers, Minnesota employment

and economic development act providers, post-secondary educational institutions, and job training partnership act programs that can effectively coordinate federal, state, and local employment and training services; that can maximize use of available federal and other nonstate funds; and that have demonstrated the ability to serve public assistance clients as well as other unemployed people.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.871, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. [REPORTS.] Each employment and training service provider under contract with a local service unit to deliver employment and training services must submit an annual report by March 1 to the local service unit. The report must specify:

- (1) types of services provided;
- (2) number of priority and nonpriority AFDC recipients served, the number of work readiness assistance recipients served, and the number of other clients served;
- (3) how resources will be prioritized to serve priority and nonpriority public assistance recipients and other clients; and
- (4) manner in which state employment and training funds and programs are being coordinated with federal and local employment and training funds and programs.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.88, is amended to read:

268.88 [LOCAL SERVICE UNIT PLANS.]

(a) Local service units shall prepare and submit to the commissioner by ~~October~~ April 15 of each year an annual plan for the subsequent calendar year. The commissioner shall notify each local service unit by ~~December~~ May 1 of each year if its plan has been approved or disapproved. The plan must include:

- (1) a statement of objectives for the employment and training services the local service unit administers;
- (2) the establishment of public assistance caseload reduction goals and the strategies and programs that will be used to achieve these goals;
- (3) a statement of whether the goals from the preceding year were met and an explanation if the local service unit failed to meet the goals;

(4) the amount proposed to be allocated to each employment and training service;

(5) the proposed types of employment and training services the local service unit plans to utilize;

(6) a report on the use of wage subsidies, grant diversions, community investment programs, sliding fee day care, and other services administered under this chapter;

(7) an annual update of the community investment program plan according to standards established by the commissioner; and

(8) a performance review of the employment and training service providers delivering employment and training services for the local service unit; and

(9) a copy of any contract between the local service unit and an employment and training service provider including expected outcomes and service levels for public assistance clients.

(b) In counties with a city of the first class, the county and the city shall develop and submit a joint plan. The plan may not be submitted until agreed to by both the city and the county. The plan must provide for the direct allocation of employment and training money to the city and the county unless waived by either. If the county and the city cannot concur on a plan, the coordinator shall resolve their dispute.

(c) The commissioner may withhold the distribution of employment and training money from a local service unit that does not submit a plan to the commissioner by the date set by this section, and shall withhold the distribution of employment and training money from a local service unit whose plan has been disapproved by the coordinator until an acceptable amended plan has been submitted.

(d) For 1985, local service unit plans must be submitted by November 1, 1985 and must include:

(1) a statement of objectives for the employment and training services the local service unit administers;

(2) the establishment of public assistance caseload reduction goals and the strategies that will be used to achieve these goals;

(3) the amount proposed to be allocated to each employment and training service;

(4) the proposed employment and training services and service providers the local service unit plans to utilize; and

(5) a statement of intent regarding the establishment of either a community investment program or an employment experience program.

If the local service unit provides a statement of intent for the establishment of a community investment program under clause (5), the local service unit must submit a preliminary community investment program plan by February 1, 1986.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.91, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] For the purposes of this section the following terms have the meanings given.

(a) "Child care services" means child care provided in family day care homes, group day care homes, nursery schools, day nurseries, child day care centers, play groups, head start, and parent cooperatives, and in-home child care as defined in the Minnesota plan for social services to families and children or in the child's home.

(b) "Child" means a person 14 12 years old or younger, or a person age 13 or 14 who is handicapped, as defined in section 120.03.

(c) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of jobs and training human services.

(d) "Child care" means the care of a child by someone other than a parent or legal guardian in or outside the child's own home for gain or otherwise, on a regular basis, for any part of a 24-hour day.

(e) "County board" means the board of county commissioners in each county.

(f) "County plan" means the community social services plan required by section 256E.09.

(g) "Education program" means remedial or basic education or English as a second language instruction, completion of high school education, or completion of a general equivalency diploma. Education program may include post-secondary education leading to an undergraduate degree under the terms of subdivision 2.

(h) "Employment program" means employment of recipients defined in subdivision 4, vocational assessment, and job readiness and job search activities.

(i) "Human services board" means a board established under section 402.02; Laws 1974, chapter 293; or Laws 1976, chapter 340.

(j) "Provider" means the child care license holder or the legal nonlicensed caregiver who operates a family day care home, a group family day care home, a day care center, a nursery school, or a day nursery, or who functions in the child's home.

(k) "Training program" means job training not provided by post-secondary education institutions.

(l) "Set-aside funds" means funds reserved for recipients of aid to families with dependent children as specified in section 36.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.91, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [DUTIES OF COMMISSIONER.] (a) The commissioner shall develop standards for county and human services boards to provide child care services to enable eligible families to participate in employment or, training, or education programs. If funds from the higher education coordinating board child care grants program are expended, the child care fund may be used for child care costs of post-secondary education students if there are sufficient funds. The commissioner shall distribute money to counties to reduce the costs of child care for eligible families. The commissioner shall adopt rules to govern the program in accordance with this section. The rules must establish a sliding schedule of fees for parents receiving child care services. The commissioner shall require counties to collect and report data that the commissioner deems necessary to evaluate the effectiveness of the program in preventing and reducing participants' dependence on public assistance and in providing other benefits, including improvement in the care provided to children. The commissioner shall report to the full productivity and opportunity coordinator in each even-numbered year on the effectiveness of the program.

(b) The commissioner shall maximize the use of federal funds under the aid to families with dependent children employment special needs program in section 256.736, subdivision 8, for recipients of aid to families with dependent children who are in education, training, job search, or other activities allowed under that program. Funds appropriated under this section shall be coordinated with the aid to families with dependent children employment special needs program to accomplish this purpose. Federal funds obtained shall be used to expand the resources in the child care sliding fee program.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.91, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [ALLOCATION.] (a) By June 1 of each odd-numbered year Consistent with the community social services planning cycle, the commissioner shall notify all county and human services boards of the their allocation and the procedures used for the sliding fee program. Allocations must be made by July 1 of each odd-numbered year. If the appropriation is insufficient to meet the needs in all counties, the amount must be prorated among the counties.

(b) For the purposes of this section Except for set-aside funds for priority groups as described in subdivision 3a, the commissioner shall allocate money appropriated between the metropolitan area, comprising the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, and Washington, and the area outside the metropolitan area so that no more than 55 percent of the total appropriation goes to either area after excluding allocations for statewide administrative costs. The commissioner shall allocate 50 percent of the money among counties on the basis of the number of families below the poverty level, as determined from the most recent special census, and 50 percent on the basis of caseloads of aid to families with dependent children for the preceding fiscal year, as determined by the commissioner of human services.

(c) Once a quarter, the commissioner shall review the use of child care fund allocations by county. In accordance with the formula found in paragraph (b), the commissioner may reallocate unexpended or unencumbered money among those counties who have expended their full portion. Any unexpended funds from the first year of the biennium may be carried to the second year of the biennium.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.91, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3a. [SET-ASIDE FUNDS.] The commissioner shall set aside one-third of funds appropriated to be administered as follows:

(a) Set-aside funds shall be allocated among counties based on the basis of the sum of the average monthly number of caretakers receiving aid to families with dependent children under the age of 22 and the average monthly number of aid to families with dependent children cases open 24 or more consecutive months. The sum shall be derived for each fiscal year based on the 12-month period ending March 31 of the previous fiscal year. The commissioner may reallocate unspent set-aside funds to counties which expend their full allocation. The commissioner may allocate set-aside funds based on participation rates of priority groups in employment and training activities, if the commissioner finds that the formula distribution does not allocate funds among counties in a manner which represents voluntary participation levels.

(b) Set-aside funds shall be subject to the same sliding fee schedule and other requirements as the remainder of the sliding fee program.

(c) The county shall use the set-aside funds for persons in the priority groups in the aid to families with dependent children program defined in section 5. The county shall ensure that set-aside funds are controlled by case managers for coordination of child care funding with employment, training, and education programs for the priority groups. The county shall ensure that, through the case manager, priority caretakers are guaranteed set-aside funds for child care assistance as resources permit.

(d) If the commissioner finds, on or after January 1 of a fiscal year, that set-aside funds are not being fully utilized, the commissioner may permit counties to use set-aside funds for recipients of aid to families with dependent children who are not members of the priority groups, as long as priority for use of the funds will continue to be given to the priority groups.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.91, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3b. [COUNTY PLAN.] (a) The commissioner shall provide counties with the necessary forms and instructions for their community social services plans, as required in section 256E.09. The forms and instructions must incorporate the information necessary to receive child care funds. For calendar years 1987 and 1988, the county agency shall submit an amendment to its approved biennial community social services plan using the forms and instructions provided by the commissioner. Beginning January 1, 1989, the biennial community social services plan must include the child care fund.

(b) The plan must include: (1) an estimate of the need for child care services for the population defined in section 256E.03, subdivision 2, paragraph (h); (2) an estimate of the number of recipients served in each of the groups defined in subdivision 4; (3) justification, if the county prioritizes among the groups defined in subdivision 4; (4) an estimate of the number of caretaker recipients of aid to families with dependent children who will participate in employment, training, and education activities that will be federally reimbursable under the aid to families with dependent children employment special needs program; (5) the number of recipients of aid to families with dependent children who are in the priority groups defined in subdivision 3, paragraph (c); (6) documentation of the cooperative agreement with the regional service administrator as required under subdivision 3, paragraph (c); (7) descriptions of the types and availability of child care in the county; (8) documentation of any contract with another agency to deliver services under the child care fund; and (9) other information the commissioner considers necessary to administer the program.



For calendar years 1987 and 1988, the commissioner shall certify whether the plan fulfills the purposes and requirements of this section, state and federal law, and the rules of the state agency. On certifying that the plan does not do so, the commissioner shall state the reasons it does not, and the county has 30 days to submit a plan amended to comply with the requirements of the commissioner. If a county fails to resubmit a plan amended as required by the commissioner, the commissioner shall notify the county of the intention to reduce the next quarterly payment by an amount equal to five percent of the county's annual entitlement for each 30-day period during which the county fails to amend the plan as required by the commissioner.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.91, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3c. [REPORTING AND PAYMENTS.] (a) Counties shall submit on forms prescribed by the commissioner a quarterly financial and program activity report, due 20 calendar days after the end of each quarter. The financial and program activity report must include: (1) a detailed accounting of the expenditures and revenues for the program during the preceding quarter by funding source and by group as defined in subdivision 6; (2) a description of activities and concomitant expenditures that are federally reimbursable under the aid to families with dependent children employment special needs program; (3) a description of activities and concomitant expenditures of set-aside funds for priority groups of recipients of aid to families with dependent children; (4) information on funds encumbered at the quarter's end but not yet reimbursable, for use in adjusting allocations as provided in subdivision 3, paragraph (d); and (5) other data the commissioner considers necessary to account for the program or to evaluate its effectiveness in preventing and reducing participants' dependence on public assistance and in providing other benefits, including improvement in the care provided to children.

(b) The commissioner shall make payments to each county in quarterly installments. The commissioner may certify an advance for the first quarter of the fiscal year. Later payments must be based on actual expenditures as reported in the quarterly financial and program activity report.

(c) The commissioner may withhold, reduce, or terminate the allocation of any county that does not meet the reporting or other requirements of this program. The commissioner shall reallocate to other counties money so reduced or terminated.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.91, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [FINANCIAL ELIGIBILITY.] (a) Child care services must be available to families who need child care to find or keep employment or to obtain the training or education necessary to find employment and who:

- (1) receive aid to families with dependent children;
- (2) have household income below the eligibility levels for aid to families with dependent children; or
- (3) have household income within a range established by the commissioner.

(b) Child care services for the families receiving aid to families with dependent children must be made available as in-kind services, to cover any difference between the actual cost and the amount disregarded under the aid to families with dependent children program. Child care services to families whose incomes are below the threshold of eligibility for aid to families with dependent children, but that are not receiving aid to families with dependent children, must be made available without cost to the families.

(c) Child care services to families with incomes in the commissioner's established range must be made available on a sliding fee basis. The lower limit of the sliding fee range must be the eligibility limit for aid to families with dependent children. The upper limit of the range must be neither less than 70 percent nor more than 90 percent of the state median income for a family of four, adjusted for family size.

(d) If a disproportionate amount of the available money is provided to any one of the groups described in subdivision 4, paragraph (a), the county board shall document to the commissioner the reason the group received a disproportionate share. If a county projects that its child care allocation is insufficient to meet the needs of all groups eligible for these funds, it may prioritize new applications among the groups to be served. Set-aside funds shall be prioritized by the state, and counties do not have discretion over the use of these funds.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.91, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [EMPLOYMENT OR TRAINING ELIGIBILITY.] (a) Persons who are seeking employment and who are eligible for assistance under this section are eligible to receive the equivalent of one month of child care. Employed persons who work at least ten hours a week and receive at least a minimum wage for all hours worked are eligible for child care assistance.

(b) Persons eligible under this section for child care assistance for education or training must receive assistance for the length of the program or 24 months, whichever is shorter. An education or training program with demonstrated effectiveness may be approved by the commissioner of education and accredited by the appropriate agency as an eligible program including high school or an equivalent program, an English competency program, technical or vocational training, or a four-year or associate degree program participating in employment programs, training programs, or education programs are eligible for assistance from the child care fund, providing they are financially eligible under the sliding fee scale set by the commissioner in subdivision 7.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.91, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [COUNTY CONTRIBUTION.] (a) In addition to payments from parents, the program must be funded by county contributions. Except for set-aside funds, counties shall contribute five from county tax sources a minimum of 15 percent of the cost of the program in the program's first year and 15 percent in the second and subsequent years. The commissioner may require by rule that a county pay the commissioner the portion of sliding fee allocations paid by the state for which the county is responsible. The county shall advance its portion of sliding fee costs, based upon allocations made by the commissioner for that county for expenditures in the succeeding month. Adjustments of any overestimate or underestimate based on actual expenditures must be made by the commissioner by adjusting the estimate for any succeeding month after subtracting federal financial participation, fees, and other recoveries. The commissioner shall recover from the county as necessary to bring county expenditures into compliance with this subdivision.

(b) The commissioner shall recover from counties any state or federal funds found to be ineligible. If a federal audit exception is taken based on a percentage of federal earnings, all counties shall pay a share proportional to their respective federal earnings during the period in question.

A (c) To receive funds through this program, each county shall certify to the commissioner that the county has not reduced allocations from other federal, state, and county sources, which, in the absence of child care sliding fee or wage subsidy money, would have been available for child care services.

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.91, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [SLIDING FEE SCALE.] The sliding fee scale shall be designed so that the cost of child care to each family is affordable. The commissioner shall take into account basic living expenses of

food, housing, and transportation. In setting the sliding fee schedule, the commissioner shall exclude from the amount of income used to determine eligibility an amount for federal and state income and social security taxes attributable to that income level according to federal and state standardized tax tables. The fee schedule must be designed to use any available tax credits and to progress smoothly from appropriated assistance to assistance through tax credits.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.911, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [AUTHORITY.] The commissioner of human services may make grants to public or private nonprofit agencies for the planning, establishment, expansion, improvement, or operation of child care resource and referral programs and child care services according to the provisions of this section and may make grants to county boards to carry out the purposes of section 245.84.

Sec. 40. [CHILD SUPPORT INCENTIVE AWARDS; SANCTIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [INCENTIVE AWARDS.] Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 256.863, or any other law to the contrary for AFDC child support cases, after the target amount of \$36,704,000 for fiscal year 1987, and \$40,563,000 for fiscal year 1988, has been collected, the counties that exceed their pro rata share of the target collections amount for fiscal year 1987 and fiscal year 1988 as contained in the financial records of the commissioner of human services may retain an additional 50 percent of the nonfederal share of money collected exceeding the target amounts as child support incentive awards. The money retained shall be from the state share of collections.

Subd. 2. [SANCTIONS.] If the commissioner of human services determines on the basis of a program review that a county does not substantially meet the requirements of Title IV-D of the Social Security Act and Minnesota Statutes concerning child support enforcement, the commissioner may sanction the county by reducing the county share of collections two percentage points below the current county AFDC share as determined by Minnesota Statutes, section 256.863.

## ARTICLE 2

Section 1. [FEDERAL AUTHORITY.]

Subdivision 1. [LEGISLATIVE AUTHORITY.] (a) The commissioner of human services shall seek from the Congress of the United States authority to modify the administration and delivery of the aid

to families with dependent children program (AFDC) in Minnesota. The commissioner shall seek authority to:

(1) disregard more earned income of a recipient than currently allowed under United States Code, title 42, section 602(a)(8)(B)(ii). The purpose of this change is to provide an incentive to work and prevent recipients from experiencing a sudden loss of income after four months of employment;

(2) exclude from consideration in computing the income of an AFDC caretaker parent under the age of 18 any income of the parents of the caretaker parent, without regard to the residence of the caretaker parent. The purpose of this change is to allow a minor parent to receive financial assistance while remaining in a supportive home environment;

(3) determine the maximum value of an automobile which can be excluded as an asset under United States Code, title 42, section 602(a)(7)(B)(i). The purpose of this change is to recognize the need of AFDC recipients for reliable transportation in order to participate in work and training and become self-sufficient;

(4) disregard, in computing income, the cost of child care beyond that currently allowed under United States Code, title 42, section 602(a)(8)(A)(iii). The purpose of this change is to recognize the need of AFDC recipients for quality reliable child care in order to participate in work and training and become self-sufficient;

(5) permit a principal earner in a family receiving AFDC-UP to work more than 100 hours per month without being disqualified from the program. The purpose of this change is to recognize the financial reality of AFDC-UP families and to help the families achieve financial security before leaving the program. For the purposes of this subdivision, AFDC-UP refers to AFDC clients who are eligible for assistance because of unemployment as defined under section 256.12, subdivision 14;

(6) require that, as a condition of receiving aid to families with dependent children, minor parents of children six weeks of age and older who have not completed a high school education be required either to attend high school or to work toward a general education diploma as long as necessary child care and transportation services are available to them. Minor parents of children with special health needs are exempt from this requirement;

(7) allow the use of vendor payments for recipients who do not fulfill the conditions of clause (6); and

(8) introduce additional requirements or relax existing requirements to the extent the commissioner deems necessary to construct

an AFDC program for Minnesota that increases the possibility of self-sufficiency of recipient families.

(b) In constructing and negotiating modifications under clause (a), the commissioner shall not agree to terms or conditions that infringe on recipients' entitlement to benefits or impede federal financial participation under United States Code, title 42, subchapter IV, part A. The commissioner shall not accept a block grant or lump sum amount of federal money for AFDC in Minnesota unless the sum is adjusted to protect the state against an increase in the number of recipients during a period of recession.

Subd. 2. [FEDERAL APPROVAL.] The commissioner of human services shall seek federal approval to require that, as a condition of receiving aid to families with dependent children:

(1) minor parents of children six weeks of age and older who have not completed a high school education be required either to attend high school or to work toward a general education diploma as long as necessary child care and transportation services are available to them;

(2) caretakers of children age three and over be required to seek and accept suitable employment or training as long as necessary child care, transportation, and health benefits are available to them;

(3) minor parents not living with relatives be required to live in a group or foster home or, when the case manager determines the need for such services, to participate in a program that teaches skills in parenting and independent living, provided that the described living or counseling opportunities are available to the minor parent; and

(4) all caretakers coming onto the program be required to attend orientation and develop a plan to obtain self-sufficiency, to the extent that programs and services are available.

Subd. 3. [GRADUATED SANCTIONS.] The commissioner of human services shall seek federal approval to replace the sanctions under section 256.736, subdivision 4, clauses (4)(a) and (4)(d), with the following graduated sanctions:

(1) upon first caretaker refusal, 50 percent of the grant provided to the family shall be made in the form of protective or vendor payments; and

(2) upon second caretaker refusal, the entire grant provided to the family shall be made in the form of protective or vendor payments.

Subd. 4. [EDUCATION EXPENSES.] The commissioner of human services shall seek federal approval to exclude all expenses related to education when determining income for food stamp purposes.

Subd. 5. [DEMONSTRATION PROJECT.] If the commissioner determines that a demonstration project is the most expedient way to achieve the goals of subdivision 2, the commissioner shall apply to the secretary of health and human services for authorization to establish at least one demonstration project under United States Code, title 42, section 645. The commissioner shall request that, for purposes of the demonstration, the secretary waive requirements of United States Code, title 42, section 602, to the extent allowed under the Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, sections 282.14 to 282.16.

Subd. 6. [IMPLEMENTATION.] If federal approval is obtained to impose additional requirements on AFDC recipients, modifications under this section take precedence over current laws and regulations until July 1, 1988."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to human services; changing standards of eligibility for medical assistance; expanding employment and training services in the aid to families with dependent children program; establishing a service delivery improvement pilot project; modifying the child care sliding fee program; providing child support incentives and sanctions for counties; seeking certain federal waivers; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 256.01, subdivision 2; 256.73, by adding a subdivision; 256.736, subdivisions 3, 4, 6, and by adding subdivisions; 256.74, subdivision 1; 256B.06, subdivision 1; 268.0122, subdivision 3; 268.85, subdivision 2; 268.86, subdivisions 1, 2, and 4; 268.871, subdivisions 1, 2, and by adding a subdivision; 268.88; 268.91, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and by adding subdivisions; and 268.911, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 256."

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

S. F. No. 927, A bill for an act relating to driver's licenses; providing for a medical alert identifier; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 171.07, by adding a subdivision.

Reported the same back with the recommendation that the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Voss from the Committee on Taxes to which was referred:

S. F. No. 971, A bill for an act relating to public finance; modifying and extending means of financing operations of local government and certain nonprofit institutions; providing an income tax exemption for interest earned on certain governmental obligations; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 124.76, subdivision 2; 275.50, subdivision 5; 400.101; 429.061, subdivision 2; 429.091, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 462.461, subdivision 4; 462.555; 466.06; 471.981, subdivision 4, and by adding subdivisions; 473.811, subdivision 2; 474.02, subdivision 2; 474.03, subdivision 12; 475.51, subdivision 3; 475.54, subdivision 1, and by adding subdivisions; 475.55, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, and by adding a subdivision; 475.56; 475.60, subdivision 2; 475.66, subdivision 3; and 475.67, subdivisions 3 and 12; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 471 and 475; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 475.55, subdivision 5; and 475.67, subdivision 11.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Pages 7 and 8, delete section 3

Page 13, line 22, delete "housing" and "project"

Page 14, after line 22, insert:

"Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 462C.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. A city may also include in the housing plan, a program or programs to administer, and make or purchase a loan or loans to finance one or more multifamily housing developments within its boundaries, of the kind described in subdivision 2, 3, 4 or 7, and upon the conditions set forth in this section. A loan may be made or purchased for

(a) the acquisition and preparation of a site and the construction of a new development,

(b) the rehabilitation of an existing building and site and the discharge of any lien or other interest in the building and site,

(c) for the acquisition of an existing building and site and the rehabilitation thereof, or



(d) for the acquisition of an existing building and site for purposes of conversion to limited equity cooperative ownership by low or moderate income families, provided that: or

(e) for the acquisition, or acquisition and improvement, of an existing building and site by a nonprofit corporation which will operate the building as a multifamily housing development for rental primarily to elderly or handicapped persons.

(a) With respect to loans made or purchased pursuant to clause (b) or (c), the cost of rehabilitation of an existing building is must be estimated to equal at least \$1,000 per dwelling unit or 20 percent of the appraised value of the original building and site whichever is less, except that with respect to rehabilitation which consists primarily of improvement of the property with facilities or improvements to conserve energy or convert or retrofit for use of alternative energy sources, rehabilitation loans may be made without regard to cost; (b) and at least a substantial portion of such rehabilitation cost is must be estimated to be incurred for compliance with building codes or conservation of energy;

(e) Each development upon completion shall comply with all applicable code requirements; (d) A loan or loans may be made or purchased for either the construction or the long term financing of a development, or both, including the financing of the acquisition of dwelling units and interests in common facilities provided therein, by persons to whom such units and facilities may be sold as contemplated in chapter 515 or 515A or any supplemental or amendatory law thereof or as contemplated for a development consisting of cooperative housing; and

(e) Substantially all of the proceeds of each loan shall be used to pay the cost of a multifamily housing development, including property functionally related and subordinate to it; but nothing herein prevents the construction or acquisition of the development over, under, or adjacent to, and in conjunction with facilities to be used for purposes other than housing."

Page 21, delete section 17

Page 22, line 3, after "agreement" insert "for which funds are not appropriated in the current year's budget"

Pages 23 and 24, delete sections 23 and 24

Page 30, line 1, delete "5,000" and insert "7,500"

Page 30, line 2, strike "A" and insert "Baa-1"

Page 30, line 19, strike "\$300,000" and insert "\$1,200,000"

Page 32, lines 30 to 36, reinstate the stricken language

Page 33, lines 1 and 2, reinstate the stricken language

Page 33, line 26, delete "two" and insert "three"

Page 33, line 30, delete "two" and insert "three"

Page 34, after line 23, insert:

"Sec. 35. [475.79] [POWERS AVAILABLE TO OTHER POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS.]

Any powers granted to a municipality under chapter 475, other than the power to issue general obligation bonds and levy taxes, may be exercised by any other public corporation, authority, governmental unit, or other political subdivision of the state of Minnesota that is not a municipality. This grant of authority does not limit the powers granted to an entity under any other law.

Renumber the sections in sequence

Page 34, line 28, delete "25 to 31, 33, 37, and 38" and insert "19, 20, 22 to 28, 30, 34, and 36"

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 4, delete "providing an income"

Page 1, delete line 5

Page 1, line 6, delete "governmental obligations;"

Page 1, line 8, delete "400.101;"

Page 1, line 10, after "462.555;" insert "462C.05, subdivision 1;"

Page 1, line 11, delete "473.811;"

Page 1, line 12, delete the first "subdivision 2;"

Page 1, line 14, delete ", and by adding subdivisions"

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

S. F. No. 1057, A bill for an act relating to education; requiring the University of Minnesota to study alternative methods for animal testing.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Page 1, line 8, delete "shall" and insert "is requested to"

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 2, delete "requiring" and insert "requesting"

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Vanasek from the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration to which was referred:

House Resolution No. 40, A House resolution proclaiming 1987 as the Year of the United Way.

Reported the same back with the recommendation that the resolution be adopted.

The report was adopted.

Vanasek from the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration to which was referred:

House Resolution No. 44, A House resolution proclaiming Sunday, May 17, as Ethnic American Day in the State of Minnesota.

Reported the same back with the recommendation that the resolution be adopted.

The report was adopted.

Vanasek from the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration to which was referred:

House Resolution No. 45, A House resolution recognizing the participants in the 1987 High School Page Program.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Page 1, line 22, after "Christ," insert "Mark Clysdale,"

Page 1, line 23, after "Kubat," insert "Kerry Kubat, Sean LaBat,"

Page 2, line 2, after "Schweiger," insert "Stefanie Shaffer,"

With the recommendation that when so amended the resolution be adopted.

The report was adopted.

## **SECOND READING OF HOUSE BILLS**

H. F. Nos. 303, 379, 516, 576, 683, 803, 859, 943, 960 and 1595 were read for the second time.

## **SECOND READING OF SENATE BILLS**

S. F. Nos. 451, 1280, 170, 232, 368, 377, 465, 682, 927, 971 and 1057 were read for the second time.

## **INTRODUCTION AND FIRST READING OF HOUSE BILLS**

The following House Files were introduced:

Bishop introduced:

H. F. No. 1669, A bill for an act relating to traffic regulations; requiring motorcycle riders born after July 31, 1969 to wear protective headgear; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 169.974, subdivision 4.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Transportation.

Nelson, D., introduced:

H. F. No. 1670, A bill for an act relating to natural resources; providing eligibility requirements for waterbank agreements; providing requirements for the director of the division of waters; requiring the director to maintain current wetland values; authorizing wetland authorities to establish, maintain, and develop wetlands; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 105.392; and 105.40; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 105A.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Environment and Natural Resources.

Nelson, K., introduced:

H. F. No. 1671, A bill for an act relating to education; providing flexibility in the use of Minnesota academic excellence foundation revenue; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 121.612, by adding a subdivision.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Education.

Kludt and Kelly introduced:

H. F. No. 1672, A bill for an act relating to marriage dissolution; providing a date for valuing marital assets; providing for partial distribution of marital assets; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 518.58.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Bauerly, McEachern and Nelson, K., introduced:

H. F. No. 1673, A bill for an act relating to education; allowing school districts to withhold transcripts for the nonpayment of fees; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 120.74, subdivision 2.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Education.

Bauerly, McEachern and Nelson, K., introduced:

H. F. No. 1674, A bill for an act relating to education; allowing school districts to require chemical dependency assessments of

suspended pupils as a part of a readmission plan; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 127.30, by adding a subdivision.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Education.

#### HOUSE ADVISORIES

The following House Advisories were introduced:

Trimble and Begich introduced:

H. A. No. 39, A proposal to study the issue of mandatory overtime for Minnesota employees.

The advisory was referred to the Committee on Labor-Management Relations.

Trimble introduced:

H. A. No. 40, A proposal to study the use of part-time faculties in Minnesota higher education institutions.

The advisory was referred to the Committee on Higher Education.

Trimble and Larsen introduced:

H. A. No. 41, A proposal to study post-secondary educational systems' assessment instruments, programs and processes.

The advisory was referred to the Committee on Higher Education.

Trimble and Segal introduced:

H. A. No. 42, A proposal to study youth depression and suicide.

The advisory was referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.

Segal, Trimble, Pappas and McEachern introduced:

H. A. No. 43, A proposal to study limited English proficiency programs.

The advisory was referred to the Committee on Education.

Jacobs and Ogren introduced:

H. A. No. 44, A proposal to study funding mechanisms for universal telephone service.

The advisory was referred to the Committee on Regulated Industries.

Ogren, Beard, Quinn, McLaughlin and Jacobs introduced:

H. A. No. 45, A proposal to study the development of a strong viticulture industry in Minnesota.

The advisory was referred to the Committee on Regulated Industries.

Skoglund and Winter introduced:

H. A. No. 46, A proposal to review the community reinvestment policies of certain financial institutions.

The advisory was referred to the Committee on Financial Institutions and Insurance.

### MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

The following messages were received from the Senate:

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned:

H. F. No. 663, A bill for an act relating to health; providing for disposition of the remains of human fetuses; providing a penalty; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 145.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVER, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned:

H. F. No. 1083, A bill for an act relating to government liability; authorizing municipal insurers to settle tort claims; clarifying that instrumentalities of municipalities incorporated as nonprofit corporations may be included in the self insurance pool; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 466.06; 466.08; and 471.98, subdivision 2.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned:

H. F. No. 1390, A bill for an act relating to utilities; providing for representation of small business by attorney general in certain proceedings relating to utility rates, service, and other matters; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 8.33.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned:

H. F. No. 14, A bill for an act relating to unemployment compensation; limiting benefit charges to fire departments and emergency transportation services; regulating the receipt of benefits; providing that wages for volunteer firefighter or ambulance services not be deducted for benefit calculation purposes; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 268.06, subdivision 5; and 268.07, subdivision 2.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 554, A bill for an act relating to natural resources; changing certain provisions relating to state park permits; authorizing and assessing fees for state park permits for second vehicles; authorizing a state park permit exemption for Interstate Park under



reciprocal agreement with Wisconsin; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 85; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 85.05.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 200, A bill for an act relating to abuse and neglect reporting; providing a standard for the disclosure of a reporter's name under the child abuse reporting act and the vulnerable adults reporting act; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 626.556, subdivision 11; and 626.557, subdivision 12.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 983, A bill for an act relating to education; adding post-secondary vocational technical representation to UFARS and ESV computer councils; clarifying certain duties of the state board of vocational technical education and the state director of vocational technical education; applying a consistent name to schools operating under standards of the state board of vocational technical education; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 15.014, subdivision 3; 120.05; 121.901, subdivision 1; 121.933; 121.934, subdivisions 1 and 2; 123.37, subdivision 1a; 126.12, subdivision 2; 136C.04, subdivision 12, and by adding a subdivision; and 136C.29, subdivision 5; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 136C.32; and 136C.35.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

## CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Rukavina moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 983 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 983, A bill for an act relating to education; adding post-secondary vocational technical representation to UFARS and ESV computer councils; providing for certain duties of the state board of vocational technical education and the state director of vocational technical education; providing for uniform statutory terminology; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 120.05; 121.901, subdivision 1; 121.933; 121.934, subdivisions 1 and 2; 123.37, subdivision 1a; 126.12, subdivision 2; 136C.04, subdivision 12, and by adding a subdivision; and 136C.29, subdivision 5; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 136C.32; and 136C.35.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 117 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	McDonald	Pauly	Solberg
Battaglia	Gruenes	McEachern	Pelowski	Sparby
Bauerly	Hartle	McLaughlin	Peterson	Stanius
Beard	Haukoos	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Steensma
Begich	Hugoson	Milbert	Price	Sviggum
Bennett	Jacobs	Miller	Quinn	Swenson
Bertram	Jaros	Minne	Quist	Thiede
Bishop	Jefferson	Morrison	Redalen	Tjornhom
Boo	Jennings	Murphy	Reding	Tompkins
Brown	Jensen	Nelson, C.	Rest	Tunheim
Burger	Johnson, A.	Nelson, D.	Rice	Uphus
Carlson, D.	Johnson, R.	Nelson, K.	Richter	Valento
Carlson, L.	Johnson, V.	Neuenschwander	Riveness	Vanasek
Carruthers	Kahn	O'Connor	Rodosovich	Voss
Clark	Kelly	Ogren	Rose	Wagenius
Clausnitzer	Kelso	Olsen, S.	Rukavina	Waltman
Cooper	Kinkel	Olson, E.	Sarna	Welle
Dauner	Kludt	Olson, K.	Schafer	Wenzel
DeBlicke	Krueger	Omann	Scheid	Winter
Dempsey	Larsen	Onnen	Schreiber	Wynia
Dille	Lasley	Orenstein	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Dorn	Lieder	Otis	Segal	
Forsythe	Long	Ozment	Simoneau	
Frederick	Marsh	Pappas	Skoglund	

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 1026, A bill for an act relating to retirement; clarifying the responsibilities of the actuary retained by the legislative commission on pensions and retirement; clarifying and revising various actuarial determinations and procedures; authorizing the retention of actuarial advisors by various retirement funds; specifying the contents and methods for supplemental and alternative actuarial valuations; establishing a separate fund for the correctional employees retirement fund; clarifying certain terms; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 3.85, subdivision 12; 3A.11, subdivision 1; 11A.18, subdivisions 6, 9, and 11; 69.77, subdivisions 2b and 2h; 69.772, subdivision 3; 69.773, subdivisions 2 and 4; 136.82, subdivision 2; 179A.03, subdivision 19; 352.01, subdivision 12; 352.03, subdivision 6; 352.116, subdivisions 1, 3, and by adding a subdivision; 352.119, subdivision 2; 352.85, subdivision 6; 352.86, subdivision 4; 352B.01, by adding a subdivision; 352B.02, subdivision 1; 352B.08, subdivision 2; 352B.26, subdivision 3; 353.01, subdivision 14; 353.03, subdivision 3a; 353.271; 353.29, subdivision 6; 353.30, subdivision 3; 354.05, subdivision 7; 354.06, subdivision 2a; 354.07, subdivision 1; 354.35; 354.42, subdivision 5; 354.44, subdivision 2; 354.45; 354.48, subdivision 3; 354.532, subdivisions 1 and 2; 354.55, subdivisions 11, 12, and 13; 354.58; 354.62, subdivision 5; 354.63, subdivision 2; 354A.011, subdivision 17, and by adding a subdivision; 354A.021, by adding a subdivision; 354A.32; 354A.33; 354A.41, subdivision 2; 356.20, subdivisions 2, 3, and 4; 356.215; 356.216; 356.22, subdivision 2; 356.23; 356.41; 356.451, subdivision 1; 422A.01, subdivisions 6, 7, and 10; 422A.04, subdivisions 2 and 3; 422A.06, subdivisions 2, 5, 7, and 8; 422A.101; 422A.15, subdivisions 2 and 3; 422A.16, subdivisions 2, 3a, and 10; 422A.17; 422A.23, subdivisions 6 and 7; 465.72, subdivision 2; 490.121, subdivision 20; and 490.124, subdivision 11; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 352; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352B.26, subdivision 2.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVER, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Simoneau moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 1026 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1026, A bill for an act relating to retirement; clarifying the responsibilities of the actuary retained by the legislative commission on pensions and retirement; clarifying and revising various

actuarial determinations and procedures; authorizing the retention of actuarial advisors by various retirement funds; specifying the contents and methods for supplemental and alternative actuarial valuations; establishing a separate fund for the correctional employees retirement fund; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 3.85, subdivision 12; 3A.11, subdivision 1; 11A.18, subdivisions 6, 9, and 11; 69.77, subdivisions 2b and 2h; 69.772, subdivision 3; 69.773, subdivisions 2 and 4; 136.82, subdivision 2; 352.01, subdivision 12; 352.03, subdivision 6; 352.116, subdivisions 1, 3, and by adding a subdivision; 352.119, subdivision 2; 352.85, subdivision 6; 352.86, subdivision 4; 352B.01, by adding a subdivision; 352B.02, subdivision 1; 352B.08, subdivision 2; 352B.26, subdivision 3; 353.01, subdivision 14; 353.03, subdivision 3a; 353.271; 353.29, subdivision 6; 353.30, subdivision 3; 354.05, subdivision 7; 354.06, subdivision 2a; 354.07, subdivision 1; 354.35; 354.42, subdivision 5; 354.44, subdivision 2; 354.45; 354.48, subdivision 3; 354.532, subdivisions 1 and 2; 354.55, subdivisions 11, 12, and 13; 354.58; 354.62, subdivision 5; 354.63, subdivision 2; 354A.011, subdivision 17, and by adding a subdivision; 354A.021, by adding a subdivision; 354A.32; 354A.33; 354A.41, subdivision 2; 356.20, subdivisions 2, 3, and 4; 356.215; 356.216; 356.22, subdivision 2; 356.23; 356.41; 356.451, subdivision 1; 422A.01, subdivisions 6, 7, and 10; 422A.04, subdivisions 2 and 3; 422A.06, subdivisions 2, 5, 7, and 8; 422A.101; 422A.15, subdivisions 2 and 3; 422A.16, subdivisions 2, 3a, and 10; 422A.17; 422A.23, subdivisions 6 and 7; 490.121, subdivision 20; and 490.124, subdivision 11; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 352; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352B.26, subdivision 2.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 127 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Dauner	Jennings	Long	Olson, K.
Battaglia	DeBlicke	Jensen	Marsh	Omann
Bauerly	Dempsey	Johnson, A.	McEachern	Onnen
Beard	Dille	Johnson, R.	McLaughlin	Orenstein
Begich	Dorn	Johnson, V.	McPherson	Osthoff
Bennett	Forsythe	Kahn	Milbert	Otis
Bertram	Frederick	Kalis	Miller	Ozment
Bishop	Greenfield	Kelly	Minne	Pappas
Blatz	Gruenes	Kelso	Morrison	Pauly
Boo	Gutknecht	Kinkel	Munger	Pelowski
Brown	Hartle	Kludt	Murphy	Peterson
Burger	Haukoos	Knickerbocker	Nelson, C.	Poppenhagen
Carlson, D.	Heap	Knuth	Nelson, K.	Price
Carlson, L.	Himle	Kostohryz	Neuenschwander	Quinn
Carruthers	Hugoson	Krueger	O'Connor	Quist
Clark	Jacobs	Larsen	Ogren	Redalen
Clausnitzer	Jaros	Lasley	Olsen, S.	Reding
Cooper	Jefferson	Lieder	Olson, E.	Rest

Rice	Scheid	Sparby	Tunheim	Welle
Richter	Schreiber	Stanius	Uphus	Wenzel
Riveness	Seaberg	Steensma	Valento	Winter
Rodosovich	Segal	Sviggum	Vanasek	Wynia
Rose	Shaver	Swenson	Vellenga	Spk. Norton
Rukavina	Simoneau	Thiede	Voss	
Sarna	Skoglund	Tjornhom	Wagenius	
Schafer	Solberg	Trimble	Waltman	

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 404, A bill for an act relating to railroads; providing for designation of exempt railroad grade crossings; requiring stop signs at railroad grade crossings; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 169.28; and 219.20.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Wenzel moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 404 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 404, A bill for an act relating to railroads; providing for designation of exempt railroad grade crossings; requiring stop signs at railroad grade crossings; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 169.28; and 219.20.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 129 yeas and 1 nay as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Boo	Dauner	Gruenes	Jefferson
Battaglia	Brown	DeBlieck	Gutknecht	Jennings
Bauerly	Burger	Dempsey	Hartle	Jensen
Beard	Carlson, D.	Dille	Haukoos	Johnson, A.
Begich	Carlson, L.	Dorn	Heap	Johnson, R.
Bennett	Carruthers	Forsythe	Himle	Johnson, V.
Bertram	Clark	Frederick	Hugoson	Kahn
Bishop	Clausnitzer	Frerichs	Jacobs	Kalis
Blatz	Cooper	Greenfield	Jaros	Kelly

Kinkel	Minne	Pappas	Sarna	Tjornhom
Kludt	Morrison	Pauly	Schafer	Tompkins
Knickerbocker	Murphy	Pelowski	Scheid	Trimble
Knuth	Nelson, C.	Peterson	Schoenfeld	Tunheim
Kostohryz	Nelson, D.	Poppenhagen	Schreiber	Uphus
Krueger	Nelson, K.	Price	Seaberg	Valento
Larsen	Neuenschwander	Quinn	Segal	Vanasek
Lasley	O'Connor	Quist	Shaver	Vellenga
Lieder	Ogren	Redalen	Simoneau	Voss
Long	Olsen, S.	Reding	Skoglund	Wagenius
Marsh	Olson, E.	Rest	Solberg	Waltman
McDonald	Olson, K.	Rice	Sparby	Welle
McEachern	Omann	Richter	Stanius	Wenzel
McLaughlin	Onnen	Riveness	Steensma	Winter
McPherson	Orenstein	Rodosovich	Sviggum	Wynia
Milbert	Otis	Rose	Swenson	Spk. Norton
Miller	Ozment	Rukavina	Thiede	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Osthoff

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 813, A bill for an act relating to bicycles; requiring bicycles using a shoulder of a roadway to ride in the same direction as adjacent vehicular traffic; redefining the term roadway; defining the term shoulder; allowing designation of bikeways by resolution or ordinance; adopting additional definitions of bicycle terms; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 85.016; 160.02, by adding a subdivision; 160.263, subdivisions 2 and 3; 160.264; 160.265; 169.01, subdivisions 31 and 62, and by adding subdivisions; and 169.222, subdivision 4; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 160.263, subdivision 1.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Seaberg moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 813 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 813, A bill for an act relating to bicycles; requiring bicycles using a shoulder of a roadway to ride in the same direction as adjacent vehicular traffic; redefining the term roadway; defining

the term shoulder; allowing designation of bikeways by resolution or ordinance; adopting additional definitions of bicycle terms; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 85.016; 160.02, by adding a subdivision; 160.263, subdivisions 2 and 3; 160.264; 160.265; 169.01, subdivisions 31 and 62, and by adding subdivisions; and 169.222, subdivision 4; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 160.263, subdivision 1.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 132 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Lieder	Ozment	Skoglund
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Long	Pappas	Solberg
Bauerly	Hartle	Marsh	Pauly	Sparby
Beard	Haukoos	McDonald	Pelowski	Stanius
Begich	Heap	McEachern	Peterson	Steensma
Bennett	Himle	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Bertram	Hugoson	McPherson	Price	Swenson
Bishop	Jacobs	Milbert	Quinn	Thiede
Blatz	Jaros	Miller	Quist	Tjornhom
Boo	Jefferson	Minne	Redalen	Tompkins
Brown	Jennings	Morrison	Reding	Trimble
Burger	Jensen	Munger	Rest	Tunheim
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Murphy	Rice	Uphus
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Valento
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vanasek
Clark	Kahn	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Neuenschwander	Rose	Voss
Cooper	Kelly	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dauner	Kelso	Ogren	Sarna	Waltman
DeBlick	Kinkel	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Welle
Dempsey	Kludt	Olson, E.	Scheid	Wenzel
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Dorn	Knuth	Omann	Schreiber	Wynia
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Onnen	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Frederick	Krueger	Orenstein	Segal	
Frerichs	Larsen	Osthoff	Shaver	
Greenfield	Lasley	Otis	Simoneau	

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 591, A bill for an act relating to human services; authorizing the commissioner to make direct payments to shelter facilities; allowing facilities providing shelter services to women and children to appeal the denial of general assistance payments;

amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 256.01, subdivision 2; and 256D.05, by adding a subdivision.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Wynia moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 591 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 591, A bill for an act relating to human services; authorizing the commissioner to make direct payments to shelter facilities; allowing facilities providing shelter services to women and children to appeal the denial of general assistance payments; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 256.01, subdivision 2; and 256D.05, by adding a subdivision.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 132 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Larsen	Orenstein	Seaberg
Battaglia	Gruenes	Lasley	Osthoff	Segal
Bauerly	Gutknecht	Lieder	Otis	Shaver
Beard	Hartle	Long	Ozment	Simoneau
Begich	Haukoos	Marsh	Pappas	Skoglund
Bennett	Heap	McDonald	Pauly	Solberg
Bertram	Himle	McEachern	Pelowski	Sparby
Bishop	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Peterson	Stanius
Blatz	Jacobs	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Steensma
Boo	Jaros	Milbert	Price	Sviggum
Brown	Jefferson	Miller	Quinn	Swenson
Burger	Jennings	Minne	Quist	Thiede
Carlson, D.	Jensen	Morrison	Redalen	Tjornhom
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Reding	Tompkins
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rest	Trimble
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Tunheim
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Richter	Uphus
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Valento
Dauner	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Vanasek
DeBlick	Kelso	O'Connor	Rose	Vellenga
Dempsey	Kinkel	Ogren	Rukavina	Voss
Dille	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Wagenius
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Schafer	Waltman
Forsythe	Knuth	Olson, K.	Scheid	Welle
Frederick	Kostohryz	Omann	Schoenfeld	Wenzel
Frerichs	Krueger	Onnen	Schreiber	Winter
				Wynia
				Spk. Norton



The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 1274, A bill for an act relating to crimes; taxes; providing for collection from convicted person's tax refund of court-ordered restitution to crime victims; altering the priority of claims payments; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 270A.02; 270A.03, subdivisions 2, 5, and by adding a subdivision; 270A.10; and 611A.04, by adding a subdivision.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Nelson, D., moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 1274 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1274, A bill for an act relating to crimes; taxes; providing for collection from convicted person's tax refund of court-ordered restitution to crime victims; providing for priority of claims against refunds; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 270A.03, subdivisions 2, 5, and by adding a subdivision; and 270A.10; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 270A.02.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 129 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Carlson, D.	Frederick	Jennings	Knuth
Battaglia	Carlson, L.	Frerichs	Jensen	Kostohryz
Bauerly	Carruthers	Greenfield	Johnson, A.	Krueger
Beard	Clark	Gruenes	Johnson, R.	Larsen
Begich	Clausnitzer	Gutknecht	Johnson, V.	Lasley
Bennett	Cooper	Haukoos	Kahn	Lieder
Bertram	Dauner	Heap	Kalis	Long
Bishop	DeBlicck	Himle	Kelly	Marsh
Blatz	Dempsey	Hugoson	Kelso	McDonald
Boo	Dille	Jacobs	Kinkel	McLaughlin
Brown	Dorn	Jaros	Kludt	McPherson
Burger	Forsythe	Jefferson	Knickerbocker	Milbert

Miller	Omann	Redalen	Seaberg	Tunheim
Minne	Onnen	Reding	Segal	Uphus
Morrison	Orenstein	Rest	Shaver	Valento
Munger	Osthoff	Rice	Simoneau	Vanasek
Murphy	Otis	Richter	Skoglund	Vellenga
Nelson, C.	Ozment	Riveness	Solberg	Voss
Nelson, D.	Pappas	Rodosovich	Sparby	Wagenius
Nelson, K.	Pauly	Rose	Stanius	Waltman
Neuenschwander	Pelowski	Rukavina	Steensma	Welle
O'Connor	Peterson	Sarna	Sviggum	Wenzel
Ogren	Poppenhagen	Schafer	Swenson	Winter
Olsen, S.	Price	Scheid	Tjornhom	Wynia
Olson, E.	Quinn	Schoenfeld	Tompkins	Spk. Norton
Olson, K.	Quist	Schreiber	Trimble	

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 490, A bill for an act relating to elections; increasing the size of the board of education of special school district No. 1 of the city of Minneapolis to nine members providing for six members to be elected by districts; requiring compliance with certain campaign disclosure provisions; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 383B.041; 383B.042, subdivisions 5 and 9; 383B.053, subdivision 1; and 383B.058; and Laws 1959, chapter 462, section 3, subdivision 1, as amended and renumbered.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

McLaughlin moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 490 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 490, A bill for an act relating to elections; increasing the size of the board of education of special school district No. 1 of the city of Minneapolis to nine members; providing for six members to be elected by districts; requiring compliance with certain campaign disclosure provisions; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 383B.041; 383B.042, subdivisions 5 and 9; 383B.053, subdivision 1; and 383B.058; and Laws 1959, chapter 462, section 3, subdivision 1, as amended.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 100 yeas and 30 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Heap	Long	Osthoff	Segal
Battaglia	Jacobs	Marsh	Otis	Shaver
Bauerly	Jaros	McEachern	Ozment	Simoneau
Beard	Jefferson	McKasy	Pappas	Skoglund
Begich	Jennings	McLaughlin	Pauly	Solberg
Bertram	Jensen	McPherson	Pelowski	Sparby
Bishop	Johnson, A.	Milbert	Peterson	Steensma
Boo	Johnson, R.	Minne	Price	Svigum
Brown	Kahn	Morrison	Quinn	Swenson
Burger	Kalis	Munger	Redalen	Tompkins
Carlson, D.	Kelly	Murphy	Reding	Trimble
Carlson, L.	Kelso	Nelson, C.	Rest	Vanasek
Carruthers	Kinkel	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vellenga
Clark	Khudt	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Voss
Cooper	Knuth	Neuenschwander	Rose	Wagenius
DeBlicke	Kostohryz	O'Connor	Rukavina	Welle
Dorn	Krueger	Ogren	Sarna	Wenzel
Greenfield	Larsen	Olson, K.	Scheid	Winter
Gutknecht	Lasley	Onnen	Schoenfeld	Wynia
Hartle	Lieder	Orenstein	Seaberg	Spk. Norton

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bennett	Frederick	Johnson, V.	Omann	Stanius
Blatz	Frerichs	Knickerbocker	Poppenhagen	Thiede
Clausnitzer	Gruenes	McDonald	Quist	Tjornhom
Dauner	Haukoos	Miller	Richter	Uphus
Dempsey	Himle	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Valento
Forsythe	Hugoson	Olson, E.	Schreiber	Waltman

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 401, A bill for an act relating to environment; providing criminal penalties for violation of laws and rules relating to hazardous waste; providing for the distribution and expenditure of monetary penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 115.071, subdivision 2; and 609.531, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 115; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 115.071, subdivisions 2a and 2b.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Nelson, D., moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 401 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 401, A bill for an act relating to environment; providing criminal penalties for violation of laws and rules relating to hazardous waste; providing for the distribution and expenditure of monetary penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 115.071, subdivision 2; 609.531, subdivision 1; and 628.26; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 609; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 115.071, subdivisions 2a and 2b.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 130 yeas and 1 nay as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Long	Otis	Shaver
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Marsh	Ozment	Simoneau
Bauerly	Hartle	McDonald	Pappas	Skoglund
Beard	Haukoos	McEachern	Pauly	Solberg
Begich	Heap	McKasy	Pelowski	Sparby
Bennett	Himle	McLaughlin	Peterson	Stanius
Bertram	Hugoson	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Steenasma
Bishop	Jacobs	Milbert	Price	Sviggum
Blatz	Jaros	Miller	Quinn	Swenson
Boo	Jefferson	Minne	Quist	Thiede
Brown	Jennings	Morrison	Redalen	Tjornhom
Burger	Jensen	Munger	Reding	Tompkins
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Murphy	Rest	Trimble
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Tunheim
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Nelson, D.	Richter	Uphus
Clark	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Valento
Clausnitzer	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Vanasek
Cooper	Kelso	O'Connor	Rose	Vellenga
Dauner	Kinkel	Ogren	Rukavina	Voss
DeBlicke	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Wagenius
Dempsey	Knuth	Olson, E.	Schafer	Waltman
Dille	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Scheid	Welle
Dorn	Krueger	Omann	Schoenfeld	Wenzel
Frederick	Larsen	Onnen	Schreiber	Winter
Frerichs	Lasley	Orenstein	Seaberg	Wynia
Greenfield	Lieder	Osthoff	Segal	Spk. Norton

Those who voted in the negative were:

Knickerbocker

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 375, A bill for an act relating to corrections; clarifying the commissioner of corrections authority in licensing and supervising

ing institutions and facilities; providing for restitution by inmates for destruction of state property; clarifying terminology; authorizing the commissioner to adopt rules relating to payment of restitution by inmates; authorizing the forfeiture of contraband money or property; clarifying provisions relating to county probation reimbursement; providing a penalty for assaults on correctional employees; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 241.021, subdivision 1; 241.08, subdivision 1; 241.26, subdivision 5; 241.69, subdivision 2; 243.23, subdivision 3; 243.24, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 260.311, subdivision 4; 609.2231, by adding a subdivision; and 641.264, subdivision 2.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Kludt moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 375 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 375, A bill for an act relating to corrections; clarifying the authority of the commissioner of corrections in licensing and supervising institutions and facilities; providing for restitution by inmates for destruction of state property; clarifying terminology; authorizing the commissioner to adopt rules relating to payment of restitution by inmates; authorizing the forfeiture of contraband money or property; clarifying provisions relating to county probation reimbursement; providing a penalty for assaults on correctional employees; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 241.021, subdivision 1; 241.08, subdivision 1; 241.26, subdivision 5; 241.69, subdivision 2; 243.23, subdivision 3; 243.24, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 260.311, subdivision 4; 609.2231, by adding a subdivision; and 641.264, subdivision 2.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 132 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Brown	Dempsey	Haukoos	Johnson, R.
Battaglia	Burger	Dille	Heap	Johnson, V.
Bauerly	Carlson, D.	Dorn	Himle	Kahn
Beard	Carlson, L.	Forsythe	Hugoson	Kalis
Begich	Carruthers	Frederick	Jacobs	Kelly
Bennett	Clark	Frerichs	Jaros	Kelso
Bertram	Clausnitzer	Greenfield	Jefferson	Kinkel
Bishop	Cooper	Gruenes	Jennings	Kludt
Blatz	Dauner	Gutknecht	Jensen	Knickerbocker
Boo	DeBlicck	Hartle	Johnson, A.	Knuth

Kostohryz	Murphy	Pelowski	Scheid	Trimble
Krueger	Nelson, C.	Peterson	Schoenfeld	Tunheim
Larsen	Nelson, K.	Poppenhagen	Schreiber	Uphus
Lasley	Neuenschwander	Price	Seaberg	Valento
Lieder	O'Connor	Quinn	Segal	Vanasek
Long	Ogren	Quist	Shaver	Vellenga
Marsh	Olsen, S.	Redalen	Simoneau	Voss
McDonald	Olson, E.	Reding	Skoglund	Wagenius
McEachern	Olson, K.	Rest	Solberg	Waltman
McKasy	Omann	Rice	Sparby	Welle
McLaughlin	Onnen	Richter	Stanius	Wenzel
McPherson	Orenstein	Riveness	Steensma	Winter
Milbert	Osthoff	Rodosovich	Sviggum	Wynia
Miller	Otis	Rose	Swenson	Spk. Norton
Minne	Ozment	Rukavina	Thiede	
Morrison	Pappas	Sarna	Tjornhom	
Munger	Pauly	Schafer	Tompkins	

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 1327, A bill for an act relating to elections; specifying the time for precinct caucuses; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 202A.14, subdivision 1.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Skoglund moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 1327 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate.

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Skoglund motion and the roll was called. There were 103 yeas and 27 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Boo	Dille	Jaros	Kinkel
Battaglia	Brown	Dorn	Jefferson	Kludt
Bauerly	Carlson, L.	Forsythe	Jennings	Knickerbocker
Beard	Carruthers	Greenfield	Johnson, A.	Knuth
Begich	Clark	Gutknecht	Johnson, R.	Kostohryz
Bennett	Clausnitzer	Hartle	Johnson, V.	Krueger
Bertram	Cooper	Heap	Kahn	Larsen
Bishop	Dauner	Himle	Kelly	Lasley
Blatz	DeBlicke	Jacobs	Kelso	Lieder

Long	Neuenschwander	Pelowski	Sarna	Trimble
Marsh	O'Connor	Peterson	Scheid	Tunheim
McEachern	Ogren	Price	Schoenfeld	Vanasek
McLaughlin	Olsen, S.	Quinn	Seaberg	Vellenga
Milbert	Olsen, E.	Redalen	Segal	Voss
Minne	Olsen, K.	Reding	Simoneau	Wagenius
Morrison	Orenstein	Rest	Skoglund	Welle
Munger	Osthoff	Rice	Solberg	Wenzel
Murphy	Otis	Riveness	Sparby	Wynia
Nelson, C.	Ozment	Rodosevich	Stanius	Spk. Norton
Nelson, D.	Pappas	Rose	Steenma	
Nelson, K.	Pauly	Rukavina	Tompkins	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Burger	Hugoson	Omann	Schreiber	Valento
Dempsey	Jensen	Onnen	Sviggun	Waltman
Frederick	Kalis	Poppenhagen	Swenson	Winter
Frerichs	McDonald	Quist	Thiede	
Gruenes	McPherson	Richter	Tjornhom	
Haukoos	Miller	Schafer	Uphus	

The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1327, A bill for an act relating to elections; changing precinct caucus dates and procedures; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 202A.14, subdivision 1; and 202A.18, subdivision 2.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 113 yeas and 15 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gutknecht	Lasley	Ozment	Simoneau
Battaglia	Hartle	Lieder	Pauly	Skoglund
Bauerly	Haukoos	Long	Pelowski	Solberg
Beard	Heap	Marsh	Peterson	Sparby
Begich	Himle	McDonald	Poppenhagen	Stanius
Bennett	Jacobs	McEachern	Price	Steenma
Bertram	Jaros	McLaughlin	Quinn	Tjornhom
Bishop	Jefferson	Milbert	Quist	Tompkins
Blatz	Jennings	Minne	Redalen	Trimble
Brown	Johnson, A.	Morrison	Reding	Tunheim
Burger	Johnson, R.	Munger	Rest	Uphus
Carlson, D.	Johnson, V.	Murphy	Rice	Valento
Carlson, L.	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Riveness	Vanasek
Carruthers	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Rodosevich	Vellenga
Clark	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Rose	Voss
Clausnitzer	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Rukavina	Wagenius
Cooper	Kinkel	O'Connor	Sarna	Welle
Dauner	Kludt	Ogren	Scheid	Wenzel
DeBlieck	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Dempsey	Knuth	Olsen, E.	Schreiber	Wynia
Dorn	Kostohryz	Orenstein	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Forsythe	Krueger	Osthoff	Segal	
Greenfield	Larsen	Otis	Shaver	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Frederick	Hugoson	Miller	Richter	Swenson
Frerichs	Jensen	Omann	Schafer	Thiede
Gruenes	McPherson	Onnen	Sviggum	Waltman

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 345, A bill for an act relating to local government; allowing certain cities to appropriate money for advertising; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 465.56, subdivision 1.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVERN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Wenzel moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 345 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 345, A bill for an act relating to local government; providing for additional compensation for employees and members of municipal civil service boards; allowing certain cities to appropriate money for advertising; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 44.04, subdivision 4; and 465.56, subdivision 1.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 128 yeas and 4 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Burger	Frederick	Jefferson	Kludt
Battaglia	Carlson, D.	Greenfield	Jennings	Knickerbocker
Bauerly	Carlson, L.	Gruenes	Jensen	Knuth
Beard	Carruthers	Gutknecht	Johnson, A.	Kostobryz
Begich	Clark	Hartle	Johnson, R.	Krueger
Bennett	Clausnitzer	Haukoos	Johnson, V.	Larsen
Bertram	Cooper	Heap	Kahn	Lasley
Bishop	Dauner	Himle	Kalis	Lieder
Blatz	DeBlicek	Hugoson	Kelly	Long
Boo	Dorn	Jacobs	Kelso	Marsh
Brown	Forsythe	Jaros	Kinkel	McDonald



McEachern	Ogren	Quinn	Seaberg	Tunheim
McKasy	Olsen, S.	Quist	Segal	Uphus
McLaughlin	Olson, E.	Redalen	Shaver	Valento
McPherson	Olson, K.	Reding	Simoneau	Vanasek
Milbert	Omann	Rest	Skoglund	Vellenga
Miller	Onnen	Rice	Solberg	Voss
Minne	Orenstein	Richter	Sparby	Wagenius
Morrison	Otis	Riveness	Stanius	Waltman
Munger	Ozment	Rodosovich	Steensma	Welle
Murphy	Pappas	Rose	Sviggum	Wenzel
Nelson, C.	Pauly	Rukavina	Swenson	Winter
Nelson, D.	Pelowski	Sarna	Thiede	Wynia
Nelson, K.	Peterson	Schafer	Tjornhom	Spk. Norton
Neuenschwander	Poppenhagen	Scheid	Tompkins	
O'Connor	Price	Schoenfeld	Trimble	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Dempsey	Frerichs	Osthoff	Schreiber
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The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 1015, A bill for an act relating to motorboat safety; providing for enforcement of sanctions for operation of a motorboat while under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 361.121, subdivisions 2 and 3, and by adding subdivisions.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Rest moved that the House refuse to concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 1015, that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 3 members of the House, and that the House requests that a like committee be appointed by the Senate to confer on the disagreeing votes of the two houses. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

S. F. No. 1152.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S. F. NO. 1152

A bill for an act relating to alcoholic beverages; limiting imports by individuals; maximum volume for volume prices; purchases by delinquent licensees; restricting employment of minors in nonintoxicating liquor premises; providing for inspections; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 297C.09; 340A.302, subdivision 1; 340A.312, subdivision 2; 340A.318, subdivisions 1 and 3; and 340A.411, by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 340A.

May 7, 1987

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S. F. No. 1152, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate concur in the House amendments.

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: SAM G. SOLON AND DON ANDERSON.

House Conferees: JOEL JACOBS, TONY BENNETT AND PAUL ANDERS  
OGREN.

Jacobs moved that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 1152 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

The Speaker called Simoneau to the Chair.

S. F. No. 1152, A bill for an act relating to alcoholic beverages; limiting imports by individuals; maximum volume for volume

prices; purchases by delinquent licensees; restricting employment of minors in nonintoxicating liquor premises; providing for inspections; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 297C.09; 340A.302, subdivision 1; 340A.312, subdivision 2; 340A.318, subdivisions 1 and 3; and 340A.411, by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 340A.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 124 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Lasley	Orenstein	Simoneau
Battaglia	Gruenes	Lieder	Osthoff	Solberg
Bauerly	Gutknecht	Long	Otis	Sparby
Beard	Hartle	Marsh	Ozment	Starnius
Begich	Haukoos	McDonald	Pappas	Steensma
Bennett	Heap	McEachern	Pauly	Sviggum
Bertram	Hugoson	McKasy	Pelowski	Swenson
Bishop	Jacobs	McPherson	Peterson	Thiede
Blatz	Jaros	Milbert	Poppenhagen	Tjornhom
Boo	Jefferson	Miller	Price	Tompkins
Brown	Jennings	Minne	Quinn	Trimble
Burger	Jensen	Morrison	Quist	Tunheim
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Redalen	Uphus
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Reding	Valento
Carruthers	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Rice	Vanasek
Clark	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vellenga
Clausnitzer	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Voss
Cooper	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Rose	Wagenius
Dauner	Kinkel	O'Connor	Sarna	Waltman
DeBlicck	Kludt	Ogren	Scheid	Welle
Dempsey	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Schoenfeld	Wenzel
Dorn	Knuth	Olson, E.	Schreiber	Winter
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Seaberg	Wynia
Frederick	Krueger	Omann	Segal	Spk. Norton
Frerichs	Larsen	Onnen	Shaver	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

S. F. No. 168.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

## CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S. F. NO. 168

A bill for an act relating to human rights; clarifying certain provisions relating to discrimination in the extension of credit because of sex or marital status; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 363.03, subdivision 8.

May 4, 1987

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S. F. No. 168, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House recede from its amendment.

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: EMBER D. REICHGOTT, DONALD A. STORM AND ALLAN H. SPEAR.

House Conferees: DAVID T. BISHOP, DEE LONG AND CONNIE MORRISON.

Bishop moved that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 168 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 168, A bill for an act relating to human rights; clarifying certain provisions relating to discrimination in the extension of credit because of sex or marital status; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 363.03, subdivision 8.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 130 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Bennett	Brown	Carruthers	Dauner
Battaglia	Bertram	Burger	Clark	DeBlieck
Bauerly	Bishop	Carlson, D.	Clausnitzer	Dempsey
Begich	Blatz	Carlson, L.	Cooper	Dorn

Forsythe	Kelso	Murphy	Quinn	Sparby
Frederick	Kinkel	Nelson, C.	Quist	Stanius
Frerichs	Kludt	Nelson, D.	Redalen	Steenasma
Greenfield	Knickerbocker	Nelson, K.	Reding	Sviggum
Gruenes	Knuth	Neuenschwander	Rest	Swenson
Gutknecht	Kostohryz	O'Connor	Rice	Thiede
Hartle	Krueger	Ogren	Richter	Tjornhom
Haukoos	Larsen	Olsen, S.	Riveness	Tompkins
Heap	Lasley	Olson, E.	Rodosovich	Trimble
Himle	Lieder	Olson, K.	Rose	Tunheim
Hugoson	Long	Omamm	Rukavina	Uphus
Jacobs	Marsh	Onnen	Sarna	Valento
Jaros	McDonald	Orenstein	Schafer	Vanasek
Jefferson	McEachern	Osthoff	Scheid	Vellenga
Jennings	McKasy	Otis	Schoenfeld	Voss
Jensen	McLaughlin	Ozment	Schreiber	Wagenius
Johnson, A.	McPherson	Pappas	Seaberg	Waltman
Johnson, R.	Milbert	Pauly	Segal	Welle
Johnson, V.	Miller	Pelowski	Shaver	Wenzel
Kahn	Minne	Peterson	Simoneau	Winter
Kalis	Morrison	Poppenhagen	Skoglund	Wynia
Kelly	Munger	Price	Solberg	Spk. Norton

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following Senate Files, herewith transmitted:

S. F. Nos. 81, 946, 953, 652, 1044, 1472 and 463.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

### FIRST READING OF SENATE BILLS

S. F. No. 81, A bill for an act proposing an amendment to the Minnesota Constitution, article IV, section 23; article V, sections 1, 3, and 4; article VII, section 8; article VIII, section 2; article XI, sections 6, 7, 8, and 10; and article XIII, section 11; combining the offices of state treasurer, state auditor, and secretary of state into the office of state comptroller; providing that the first comptroller would be elected in 1990; transferring the powers, responsibilities, and duties of the state auditor, the secretary of state, and the state treasurer to the state comptroller.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Governmental Operations.

S. F. No. 946, A bill for an act relating to human services; altering allocation of federal fiscal disallowances based on error rates; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.01, subdivision 2.

The bill was read for the first time.

Clark moved that S. F. No. 946 and H. F. No. 1496, now on General Orders, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 953, A bill for an act relating to real property; providing for payment of property taxes for the year in which property is conveyed; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 507.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Taxes.

S. F. No. 652, A bill for an act relating to agriculture; providing a computerized filing system and central data base for uniform commercial code financing statements and lien statements; imposing a penalty; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 336.9-407; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 336.

The bill was read for the first time.

Milbert moved that S. F. No. 652 and H. F. No. 1297, now on Special Orders, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1044, A bill for an act relating to education; providing for combined seniority list of certain teachers in districts entering into agreements for secondary education unless otherwise negotiated; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 122.535, subdivision 2; and 122.541, subdivision 1.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Education.

S. F. No. 1472, A bill for an act relating to traffic regulations; requiring certain persons convicted of DWI or a DWI-related offense and certain juveniles adjudicated for a DWI offense to undergo chemical use assessment; imposing a chemical dependency assessment charge on persons convicted of DWI or a DWI-related offense, and juveniles adjudicated for a DWI offense for the purpose of financing these chemical use assessments; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 169.121, subdivision 5, and by adding a subdivision; 169.124; 169.125; 169.126, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, and by adding subdivisions; and 260.193,

subdivision 8; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 169.126, subdivision 5.

The bill was read for the first time.

Kelly moved that S. F. No. 1472 and H. F. No. 705, now on General Orders, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 463, A bill for an act relating to commerce; providing enforcement powers; regulating securities; regulating the business of financial planning; restricting certain charges made by investment advisors and broker dealers; providing for the registration of securities; providing for disclosure of interest rate or discount point agreements; providing for the denial, suspension, and revocation of licenses and the censure of licensees; exempting the sale of certain stock of a closely-held corporation; exempting certain industrial revenue bond transactions; regulating real estate brokers and salespersons; prohibiting commission-splitting and rebating on timeshare and other recreational lands; providing for continuing education of brokers; regulating licensees acting as principals; regulating abandoned property; establishing a presumption of abandonment for certain profits or sums held by a cooperative; regulating the transfer and storage of abstracts of title to real property; transferring the powers and duties of the commissioner for the regulation of social and charitable organizations to the attorney general and providing for further regulation of such organizations; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 60A.17, subdivision 6c; 72A.27; 80A.06, subdivision 5; 80A.07, subdivision 1; 80A.09, subdivision 1; 80A.12, by adding a subdivision; 80A.14, subdivision 18; 80A.15, subdivisions 1 and 2; 80A.19, subdivision 1; 80A.23, subdivision 11; 80A.26, subdivision 3; 80C.17, subdivision 1; 82.17, subdivision 4; 82.19, subdivision 3; 82.21, subdivision 1; 82.22, subdivision 6; 82.24, subdivision 2; 82.34, subdivision 19; 308.12, by adding a subdivision; 309.50, subdivision 6; 309.515, subdivision 1; 309.52, subdivisions 1a and 2; 309.53, subdivisions 1a, 3, 4, and by adding a subdivision; 309.531; 309.533, by adding a subdivision; 309.54; 309.55, subdivision 6; 309.556; 309.56, subdivision 1; 309.57; 345.39; and 386.375; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 45, 47, 82, and 508; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 72A.23; 72A.24; 72A.28; 80A.20; 80A.21; 80C.15; 80C.16, subdivision 1; 82.25; 82.26; 83.34; 83.35, subdivision 3; 238.085; 309.515, subdivision 3; 309.532; 309.533, subdivisions 2, 3, and 4; 309.534; 309.555; and 309.58.

The bill was read for the first time.

Sparby moved that S. F. No. 463 and H. F. No. 576, now on Technical General Orders, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

The following Conference Committee Report was received:

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 674

A bill for an act relating to crimes; dictating circumstances in which the court may stay execution of sentence following conviction for a second or subsequent offense relating to criminal sexual conduct; providing that information regarding a sexual assault victim is private; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 609.346, subdivisions 2 and 3; and 611A.06.

May 12, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 674, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment and that H. F. No. 674 be further amended as follows:

Page 1, line 24, delete everything after "at"

Page 1, delete line 25 and insert "a"

Page 2, line 2, delete "a term of"

Page 2, line 3, delete "that is proportional"

Page 2, line 4, delete "to defendant's prior record"

Page 2, line 5, delete "completes" and insert "complete".

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: KATHLEEN A. BLATZ, DOUGLAS G. SWENSON AND RANDY C. KELLY.

Senate Conferees: LINDA BERGLIN, FRITZ KNAAK AND DONNA C. PETERSON.



Blatz moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 674 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 674, A bill for an act relating to crimes; dictating circumstances in which the court may stay execution of sentence following conviction for a second or subsequent offense relating to criminal sexual conduct; providing that information regarding a sexual assault victim is private; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 609.346, subdivisions 2 and 3; and 611A.06.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 130 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gutknecht	Lieder	Osthoff	Shaver
Battaglia	Hartle	Long	Otis	Simoneau
Bauerly	Haukoos	Marsh	Ozment	Skoglund
Beard	Heap	McDonald	Pappas	Solberg
Begich	Himle	McEachern	Pauly	Sparby
Bennett	Hugoson	McKasy	Pelowski	Stanius
Bertram	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Peterson	Steensma
Bishop	Jaros	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Svigum
Blatz	Jefferson	Milbert	Price	Swenson
Brown	Jennings	Miller	Quinn	Thiede
Burger	Jensen	Minne	Quist	Tjornhom
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Morrison	Redalen	Tompkins
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Munger	Reding	Trimble
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Murphy	Rest	Tunheim
Clark	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Rice	Uphus
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Richter	Valento
Cooper	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Vanasek
Dauner	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Vellenga
DeBlicke	Kinkel	O'Connor	Rose	Voss
Dempsey	Khudt	Ogren	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Waltman
Forsythe	Knuth	Olson, E.	Schafer	Welle
Frederick	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Scheid	Wenzel
Frerichs	Krueger	Omman	Schreiber	Winter
Greenfield	Larsen	Onnen	Seaberg	Wynia
Gruenes	Lasley	Orenstein	Segal	Spk. Norton

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

#### ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on S. F. No. 915:

Pappas, Kelly and Carruthers.

**SPECIAL ORDERS**

H. F. No. 756 was reported to the House.

Sarna moved to amend H. F. No. 756, the first engrossment, as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 204B.32, is amended to read:

**204B.32 [ELECTION EXPENSES; PAYMENT.]**

The secretary of state shall pay the compensation for presidential electors, the cost of printing the pink paper ballots, and all necessary expenses incurred by the secretary of state in connection with elections. The counties shall pay the compensation prescribed in section 204B.31, clauses (b) and (c), the cost of printing the canary buff ballots, the white ballots, the pink ballots when machines are used, the state partisan primary ballots, and the state and county nonpartisan primary ballots, all necessary expenses incurred by county auditors in connection with elections, and the expenses of special county elections. The municipalities shall pay the compensation prescribed for election judges and sergeants at arms, the cost of printing the municipal ballots, providing ballot boxes, providing and equipping polling places and all necessary expenses of the municipal clerks in connection with elections, except special county elections. All disbursements under this section shall be presented, audited, and paid as in the case of other public expenses.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 204C.19, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [BALLOTS; ORDER OF COUNTING.] Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, the ballot boxes shall be opened, the votes counted, and the total declared one box at a time in the following order: the white box, the pink box, the canary buff box, the light green box, and then the other kinds of ballots voted at the election. If enough election judges are available to provide counting teams of four or more election judges for each box, more than one box may be opened and counted at the same time. The election judges on each counting team shall be evenly divided between the major political parties. The numbers entered on the summary sheet shall not be considered final until the ballots in all the boxes have been counted and corrections have been made if ballots have been deposited in the wrong boxes.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 204C.27, is amended to read:

**204C.27 [DELIVERY OF RETURNS TO COUNTY AUDITORS.]**

One or more of the election judges in each precinct shall deliver two sets of summary statements; all unused and spoiled white, pink, and ~~canary~~ buff ballots; and the envelopes containing the white, pink, and canary ballots either directly to the municipal clerk for transmittal to the county auditor's office or directly to the county auditor's office within 24 hours after the end of the hours for voting. One or more election judges shall deliver the remaining set of summary statements and returns, all unused and spoiled municipal ballots, the envelopes containing municipal ballots, and all other things furnished by the municipal clerk, to the municipal clerk's office within 24 hours after the end of the hours for voting.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 204D.08, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [STATE AND COUNTY NONPARTISAN PRIMARY BALLOT.] The state and county nonpartisan primary ballot shall be headed "State and County Nonpartisan Primary Ballot." It shall be printed on ~~canary~~ buff paper. The names of candidates for nomination to the supreme court, court of appeals, district, county and county municipal courts and all county offices shall be placed on this ballot.

No candidate whose name is placed on the state and county nonpartisan primary ballot shall be designated or identified as the candidate of any political party or in any other manner except as expressly provided by law.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 204D.11, is amended to read:

**204D.11 [STATE GENERAL ELECTION BALLOTS; CANDIDATES; OFFICIAL IN CHARGE; RULES; REIMBURSEMENT.]**

Subdivision 1. [WHITE BALLOT; RULES; REIMBURSEMENT.] The names of the candidates for all partisan offices voted on at the state general election shall be placed on a single ballot printed on white paper which shall be known as the "white ballot." This ballot shall be prepared by the county auditor subject to the rules of the secretary of state. The state shall contribute to the cost of preparing the white ballot and the envelopes required for the returns of that ballot. The secretary of state shall adopt rules for preparation and time of delivery of the white ballot and for establishing a basis for distributing to the counties the money appropriated by the state for white ballot costs. The appropriation shall be available both years of the biennium and shall be used for all state general and special elections. The secretary of state shall report to the chairs of the senate finance and house appropriations committees on all money used for special elections.

Subd. 2. [PINK BALLOTS.] Amendments to the state constitution shall be placed on a ballot printed on pink paper which shall be known as the "pink ballot." The pink ballot shall be prepared by the secretary of state.

Subd. 3. [CANARY BUFF BALLOT.] All questions and the names of all candidates for offices to be voted on at the state general election which are not placed on the white ballot shall be placed on a single ballot printed on canary buff paper which shall be known as the "canary buff ballot." The canary buff ballot shall be prepared by the county auditor.

Subd. 4. [SPECIAL FEDERAL WHITE BALLOT.] The names of all candidates for the offices of president and vice president of the United States and senator and representative in Congress shall be placed on a ballot printed on white paper which shall be known as the "special federal white ballot." This ballot shall be prepared by the county auditor in the same manner as the white ballot and shall be subject to the rules adopted by the secretary of state pursuant to subdivision 1. The special federal white ballot shall be the only ballot sent to citizens of the United States who are eligible to vote by absentee ballot for federal candidates in Minnesota as provided by Public Law Number 94-203 and Minnesota Statutes, chapter 203B.

Subd. 5. [BALLOT HEADINGS.] The white, pink and special federal white ballot shall be headed with the words "State General Election Ballot." The canary buff ballot shall be headed with the words "County and Judicial Nonpartisan General Election Ballot."

Subd. 6. [GRAY BALLOT.] When the canary buff ballot would be longer than 30 inches, the following offices that should be placed on the canary buff ballot may be placed instead on a separate gray ballot:

- (a) all soil and water conservation district supervisor offices; or
- (b) all soil and water conservation district supervisor and all county or municipal judicial offices; or
- (c) all soil and water conservation district supervisor, all county or municipal judicial offices, and all district judicial offices.

The gray ballot must be headed with the words: "District Nonpartisan General Election Ballot." Separate ballot boxes must be provided for these gray ballots.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 204D.13, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. [PARTY COLOR DESIGNATION.] At a state general or special election, the white ballot shall be tinted with different background colors to designate the nominees of each major political party. The candidate names and political party labels of all nominees of a major political party shall be printed in black ink on the background color for that major political party. The instructions for marking the ballot shall show the colors that designate the various major political parties. All ballot information not required to be printed on a tinted background shall be printed in black ink on white.

A color used to designate a major political party on the general election ballot shall be used exclusively to designate that party's nominees so long as the party meets the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 200.02, subdivision 7. The color blue described as PANTONE PMS305U in the PANTONE Color Formula Guide shall designate the Democratic-Farmer-Labor Party and the color canary described as PANTONE PMS101U shall designate the Independent-Republican Party. The secretary of state shall send to each of the county auditors a sample and description of the designated colors. The county auditors must use the designated colors or, if approved by the secretary of state, colors that are substantially the same. The secretary of state shall designate a different color for any political party meeting the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 200.02 after May 1, 1987.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 204D.14, is amended to read:

#### 204D.14 [CANARY BALLOTS; NONPARTISAN OFFICES.]

Subdivision 1. [ROTATION OF NAMES.] The names of candidates for nonpartisan offices on the canary buff ballot shall be rotated in the manner provided for rotation of names on state partisan primary ballots by section 204D.08, subdivision 3.

Subd. 2. [UNCONTESTED OFFICES.] County offices for which there is only one candidate shall appear after all contested county offices on the canary buff ballot. Judicial offices for which there is only one candidate shall appear after all contested judicial offices on the canary buff ballots.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 204D.16, is amended to read:

#### 204D.16 [SAMPLE GENERAL ELECTION BALLOTS; POSTING; PUBLICATION.]

Two weeks before the state general election the county auditor shall prepare sample copies of the white and canary buff ballots and shall post copies of these sample ballots and a sample of the pink

ballot in the auditor's office for public inspection. No earlier than 15 days and no later than two days before the state general election the county auditor shall cause the sample white and ~~canary~~ buff ballots to be published in at least one newspaper of general circulation in the county.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 205.17, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [BLUE BALLOTS; QUESTIONS.] All questions relating to the adoption of a city charter or charter amendments or a proposition for the issuance of bonds, and all other questions relating to city affairs submitted at an election to the voters of the municipality, shall be printed on one separate blue green ballot and shall be prepared, printed and distributed under the direction of the city clerk at the same time and in the same manner as other municipal ballots. The ballots, when voted, shall be deposited in a separate blue green ballot box provided by the local authorities for each voting precinct. The ballots shall be canvassed, counted, and returned in the same manner as other municipal ballots. The returns shall provide appropriate blank spaces for the counting, canvassing and returning of the results of the questions submitted on the blue ballot.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 206.61, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [PRINTING ON BALLOTS.] A ballot strip or ballot booklet must have printed on its face the words "Official Ballot" and the date of the election. Except as otherwise provided in sections 206.55 to 206.87 all ballot strips and ballot booklets shall be printed in black ink in as plain, clear type as size permits, ~~on material of the same color as is required for paper ballots~~ and of a size which will fit the ballot frame of a lever voting machine or the marking device of an electronic voting system. In a prominent place on ballot strips for constitutional amendments or that portion of the ballot booklet containing constitutional amendments shall be printed a notice stating that failure to vote on a constitutional amendment is, in effect, a vote in the negative. The county auditor may use one inch or more space between the partisan and nonpartisan ballot strip or portions of the ballot booklet.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 206.71, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. [COLOR OF BALLOT STRIPS.] Lever voting machine strips shall be of the same color material as is required for paper ballots. At a state general or special election, the white ballot strips shall be tinted with different background colors as provided in section 204D.13, subdivision 4.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 206.84, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [BALLOTS.] The ballot information, whether placed on the ballot card or on the ballot booklet must, as far as practicable, be in the same order provided for paper ballots, except that the information may be in vertical or horizontal rows, or on a number of separate pages. The secretary of state shall provide by rule for standard ballot formats for electronic voting systems.

The pages of a partisan primary ballot booklet ~~may be different colors or may otherwise differentiate between the parties must be different colors for different major political parties. The colors shall be those specified in section 204D.13, subdivision 4. All other ballot booklet pages at a primary election shall be of white material. All pages of a party's primary ballot must be consecutive, without the insertion of pages from another party. Partisan primary ballot booklets must contain a prominent notice of the effect of attempting to vote in more than one party's primary. A separate ballot booklet may also be used for each party in a partisan primary.~~

The pages of a general election ballot booklet shall be printed on white material. Ballot booklet pages shall be tinted with different background colors as provided in section 204D.13, subdivision 4.

Ballots for all questions must be provided in the same manner. Where ballot booklets are placed in a marking device, they shall be arranged on or in the marking device in the places provided. Ballot cards may contain special printed marks and holes as required for proper positioning and reading of the ballots by electronic vote counting equipment. Ballot cards must contain an identification of the precinct for which they have been prepared which can be read visually and which can be tabulated by the automatic tabulating equipment.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 206.90, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [BALLOTS.] In precincts using optical scan voting systems, a single ballot card on which all ballot information is included must be printed in black ink on white or buff colored material except that marks not to be read by the automatic tabulating equipment may be printed in another color ink. If more than one ballot card is required, ~~the cards must, so far as practicable, be of the same color as is required for paper ballots the second ballot shall be of buff colored material. At a state general or special election, the white ballot card shall be tinted with different background colors as provided in section 204D.13, subdivision 4.~~

Amend the title accordingly

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

POINT OF ORDER

Gutknecht raised a point of order pursuant to rule 6.13 relating to public testimony. Speaker pro tempore Simoneau ruled the point of order not well taken.

Shaver, Gutknecht, Pauly, Tjornhom, Omann, Schreiber, McKasy, McDonald and Hugoson moved to amend H. F. No. 756, the first engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 5 of the Sarna amendment, line 2, delete "The"

Page 5 of the Sarna amendment, line 2, after "subdivision 7." insert "The color yellow described as PANTONE PMS101U shall designate the Democratic-Farmer-Labor Party and the color blue described as PANTONE PMS305U in the PANTONE Color Formula Guide shall"

Page 5 of the Sarna amendment, delete lines 3 to 5

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

Osthoff moved to amend the Shaver et al amendment to H. F. No. 756, the first engrossment, as amended, as follows:

In the Shaver et al amendment, in the next to last line, delete "blue" and insert "gold"

The motion prevailed and the amendment to the amendment was adopted.

The question recurred on the Shaver et al amendment, as amended, and the roll was called. There were 50 yeas and 79 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bennett	Dille	Heap	McPherson	Poppenhagen
Bishop	Forsythe	Himle	Miller	Quist
Blatz	Frederick	Hugoson	Morrison	Redalen
Boo	Frerichs	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	
Burger	Gruenes	Kostohryz	Omann	
Carlson, D.	Gutknecht	Marsh	Onnen	
Clausnitzer	Hartle	McDonald	Ozment	
Dempsey	Haukoos	McKasy	Pauly	



Richter	Schreiber	Stanis	Thiede	Uphs
Rose	Seaberg	Sviggum	Tjornhom	Valento
Schafer	Shaver	Swenson	Tompkins	Waltman

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, G.	Jaros	Lieder	Otis	Simoneau
Battaglia	Jefferson	Long	Pappas	Skoglund
Bauerly	Jensen	McEachern	Pelowski	Solberg
Beard	Johnson, A.	McLaughlin	Peterson	Sparby
Begich	Johnson, R.	Milbert	Price	Steensma
Bertram	Johnson, V.	Minne	Quinn	Trimble
Brown	Kahn	Munger	Reding	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Kalis	Murphy	Rest	Vanasek
Carruthers	Kelly	Nelson, C.	Rice	Vellenga
Clark	Kelso	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Voss
Cooper	Kinkel	O'Connor	Rodosovich	Wagenius
Dauner	Kludt	Ogren	Rukavina	Welle
DeBlick	Knuth	Olson, E.	Sarna	Wenzel
Dorn	Krueger	Olson, K.	Scheid	Winter
Greenfield	Larsen	Orenstein	Schoenfeld	Spk. Norton
Jacobs	Lasley	Osthoff	Segal	

The motion did not prevail and the amendment, as amended, was not adopted.

Rose was excused between the hours of 2:10 p.m. and 2:55 p.m. while in conference.

Dorn was excused between the hours of 2:10 p.m. and 2:55 p.m. while in conference.

Orenstein was excused between the hours of 2:15 p.m. and 2:55 p.m. while in conference.

Shaver, Gutknecht, Knickerbocker, Pauly, Tjornhom and McDonald moved to amend H. F. No. 756, the first engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Pages 4 and 5 of the Sarna amendment, delete section 6

Pages 6, 7, and 8 of the Sarna amendment, delete sections 11, 12, and 13

Renumber the sections in sequence

Correct internal references

Amend the title accordingly

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Shaver et al amendment and the roll was called. There were 56 yeas and 74 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Ferichs	Knickerbocker	Onnen	Sviggum
Bennett	Gruenes	Knuth	Ozment	Swenson
Bishop	Gutknecht	Marsh	Pauly	Thiede
Blatz	Hartle	McDonald	Poppenhagen	Tjornhom
Boo	Haukoos	McKasy	Quist	Tompkins
Burger	Heap	McPherson	Redalen	Uphus
Carlson, D.	Himle	Miller	Richter	Valento
Clausnitzer	Hugoson	Morrison	Schafer	Waltman
Dempey	Jennings	Neuenschwander	Schreiber	
Dille	Jensen	Olsen, S.	Seaberg	
Forsythe	Johnson, V.	Olson, K.	Shaver	
Frederick	Kelso	Omann	Stanius	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Battaglia	Jefferson	McLaughlin	Peterson	Solberg
Bauerly	Johnson, A.	Milbert	Price	Sparby
Beard	Johnson, R.	Minne	Quinn	Steensma
Begich	Kahn	Munger	Reding	Trimble
Bertram	Kalis	Murphy	Rest	Tunheim
Brown	Kelly	Nelson, C.	Rice	Vanasek
Carlson, L.	Kinkel	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vellenga
Carruthers	Kludt	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Voss
Clark	Kostohryz	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
Cooper	Krueger	Ogren	Sarna	Welle
Dauner	Larsen	Olson, E.	Scheid	Wenzel
DeBlicek	Lasley	Osthoff	Schoenfeld	Winter
Greenfield	Lieder	Otis	Segal	Wynia
Jacobs	Long	Pappas	Simoneau	Spk. Norton
Jaros	McEachern	Pelowski	Skoglund	

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

McDonald moved to amend H. F. No. 756, the first engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 4, after line 34, insert:

"Colors or symbols used to designate the nominees of the major political parties shall be rotated so that on all ballots any color or symbol used designates each party a substantially equal number of times."

Page 4, delete lines 35 and 36

Page 5, delete lines 1 to 5

Page 5, line 6, delete "designate the Independent Republican Party."

Page 5, line 10, delete "The secretary of"

Page 5, delete lines 11 to 13

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

Carlson, D., was excused between the hours of 2:30 p.m. and 3:00 p.m. while in conference.

The question was taken on the McDonald amendment and the roll was called. There were 50 yeas and 75 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bennett	Frerichs	Marsh	Onnen	Shaver
Bishop	Gruenes	McDonald	Ozment	Stanius
Blatz	Gutknecht	McKasy	Pauly	Sviggum
Boo	Hartle	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Swenson
Burger	Haukoos	Miller	Quist	Thiede
Clausnitzer	Heap	Morrison	Redalen	Tjornhom
Dempsey	Himle	Neuenschwander	Richter	Tompkins
Dille	Hugoson	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Uphus
Forsythe	Jennings	Olsen, K.	Schreiber	Valento
Frederick	Knickerbocker	Omann	Seaberg	Waltman

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, G.	Jaros	Long	Pappas	Skoglund
Battaglia	Jefferson	McEachern	Pelowski	Solberg
Bauerly	Jensen	McLaughlin	Peterson	Sparby
Beard	Johnson, A.	Milbert	Price	Steenma
Begich	Johnson, R.	Minne	Quinn	Trimble
Bertram	Kahn	Munger	Reding	Tunheim
Brown	Kalis	Murphy	Rest	Vanasek
Carlson, L.	Kelly	Nelson, C.	Rice	Vellenga
Carruthers	Kelso	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Voss
Clark	Kinkel	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Wagenius
Cooper	Kludt	O'Connor	Rukavina	Welle
Dauner	Knuth	Ogren	Scheid	Wenzel
DeBlicck	Kostohryz	Olson, E.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Greenfield	Krueger	Osthoff	Segal	Wynia
Jacobs	Larsen	Otis	Simoneau	Spk. Norton

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

#### CALL OF THE HOUSE

On the motion of Richter and on the demand of 10 members, a call of the House was ordered. The following members answered to their names:

Bauerly	Brown	Dauner	Greenfield	Jacobs
Beard	Burger	DeBlicck	Gutknecht	Jaros
Bennett	Carlson, L.	Dempsey	Hartle	Jefferson
Bertram	Carruthers	Dille	Haukoos	Jensen
Bishop	Clark	Forsythe	Heap	Johnson, V.
Blatz	Clausnitzer	Frederick	Himle	Kelly
Boo	Cooper	Frerichs	Hugoson	Kelso

Kinkel	Miller	Ozment	Scheid	Tunheim
Kludt	Minne	Pappas	Schreiber	Uphus
Knickerbocker	Morrison	Pauly	Shaver	Valento
Kostohryz	Murphy	Pelowski	Simoneau	Vanasek
Krueger	Nelson, C.	Peterson	Skoglund	Vellenga
Larsen	Nelson, K.	Poppenhagen	Solberg	Wagenius
Lasley	O'Connor	Quinn	Sparby	Waltman
Long	Ogren	Redalen	Stanius	Welle
Marsh	Olsen, S.	Reding	Steensma	Wenzel
McDonald	Olson, E.	Rest	Swenson	Winter
McEachern	Olson, K.	Richter	Thiede	Spk. Norton
McLaughlin	Omann	Rodosovich	Tjornhom	
McPherson	Onnen	Sarna	Tompkins	
Milbert	Osthoff	Schafer	Trimble	

Kelly moved that further proceedings of the roll call be dispensed with and that the Sergeant at Arms be instructed to bring in the absentees. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

H. F. No. 756, A bill for an act relating to elections; prohibiting cities of the first class, except the city of St. Paul, from changing their voting systems; providing for placement of offices and candidate names on ballots used with optical scan voting systems; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 206.90, by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 204B.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called.

Schreiber moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 60 yeas and 71 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Battaglia	Jefferson	McLaughlin	Pappas	Schoenfeld
Bauerly	Johnson, A.	Milbert	Pelowski	Simoneau
Beard	Johnson, R.	Minne	Peterson	Solberg
Begich	Kahn	Munger	Price	Sparby
Bertram	Kelly	Murphy	Quinn	Trimble
Brown	Kinkel	Nelson, C.	Reding	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Kostohryz	Nelson, K.	Rest	Vanasek
Carruthers	Larsen	O'Connor	Rice	Voss
Clark	Lasley	Ogren	Riveness	Wagenius
Greenfield	Lieder	Orenstein	Rukavina	Wenzel
Jacobs	Long	Osthoff	Sarna	Wynia
Jaros	McEachern	Otis	Scheid	Spk. Norton

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, G.	Bishop	Burger	Cooper	Dempsey
Anderson, R.	Blatz	Carlson, D.	Dauner	Dille
Bennett	Boo	Clausnitzer	DeBlieck	Dorn

Forsythe	Johnson, V.	Morrison	Rodosovich	Tjornhom
Frederick	Kalis	Neuenschwander	Rose	Tompkins
Frerichs	Kelso	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Uphus
Gruenes	Kludt	Olsen, E.	Schreiber	Valento
Gutknecht	Knickerbocker	Olsen, K.	Seaberg	Vellenga
Hartle	Knuth	Omann	Segal	Waltman
Haukoos	Krueger	Onnen	Shaver	Welle
Heap	Marsh	Ozment	Stanius	Winter
Himle	McDonald	Pauly	Steensma	
Hugoson	McKasy	Poppenhagen	Sviggum	
Jennings	McPherson	Redalen	Swenson	
Jensen	Miller	Richter	Thiede	

The bill was not passed, as amended.

Carlson, D., was excused between the hours of 3:05 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. while in conference.

The Speaker resumed the Chair.

There being no objection, the order of business reverted to Messages from the Senate.

### MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

The following messages were received from the Senate:

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 715, A bill for an act relating to unemployment compensation; regulating administration of unemployment compensation; providing for benefits and contribution rates; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 268.04, subdivisions 2, 4, 24, and by adding subdivisions; 268.06, subdivisions 2, 3a, 8, and by adding a subdivision; 268.07, subdivisions 2, 2a, and 3; 268.071, subdivision 1; 268.08, subdivision 1; 268.09, subdivisions 1 and 2; 268.10, subdivisions 1 and 2; 268.12, subdivision 8; 268.121; 268.15, subdivision 3; 268.16, subdivision 2; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.04, subdivisions 29 and 30.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

The Speaker called Long to the Chair.

## CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Riveness moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 715 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate.

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Riveness motion and the roll was called.

Vanasek moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 71 yeas and 61 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Johnson, A.	Milbert	Felowski	Sparby
Battaglia	Johnson, R.	Minne	Peterson	Trimble
Beard	Kahn	Munger	Price	Tunheim
Begich	Kelly	Murphy	Quinn	Vanasek
Brown	Kelso	Nelson, C.	Reding	Vellenga
Carlson, L.	Kinkel	Nelson, D.	Rest	Wagenius
Carruthers	Kludt	Nelson, K.	Rice	Welle
Clark	Knuth	Neuenschwander	Riveness	Wenzel
Cooper	Kostohryz	O'Connor	Rodosovich	Winter
Dauner	Krueger	Ogren	Rukavina	Wynia
Greenfield	Larsen	Olson, E.	Sarna	Spk. Norton
Jacobs	Lasley	Orenstein	Scheid	
Jaros	Long	Osthoff	Simoneau	
Jefferson	McEachern	Otis	Skoglund	
Jensen	McLaughlin	Pappas	Solberg	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, R.	Dille	Jennings	Olson, K.	Schreiber
Bauerly	Dorn	Johnson, V.	Omann	Seaberg
Bennett	Forsythe	Kalis	Onnen	Shaver
Bertram	Frederick	Knickerbocker	Ozment	Stanius
Bishop	Frerichs	Lieder	Pauly	Steensma
Blatz	Gruenes	Marsh	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Boo	Gutknecht	McDonald	Quist	Swenson
Burger	Hartle	McKasy	Redalen	Thiede
Carlson, D.	Haukoos	McPherson	Richter	Tjornhom
Clausnitzer	Heap	Miller	Rose	Tompkins
DeBleeck	Himle	Morrison	Schafer	Uphus
Dempsey	Hugoson	Olsen, S.	Schoenfeld	Valento
				Waltman

The motion prevailed.

Orenstein was excused between the hours of 3:40 p.m. and 4:20 p.m. while in conference.

Carlson, D., was excused between the hours of 3:40 and 8:30 p.m.

The Speaker resumed the Chair.

H. F. No. 715, A bill for an act relating to unemployment compensation; regulating administration of unemployment compensation; providing for benefits and contribution rates; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 268.04, subdivisions 2, 4, 24, 26, and by adding subdivisions; 268.06, subdivisions 2, 3a, 8, and by adding a subdivision; 268.07, subdivisions 2, 2a, and 3; 268.071, subdivision 1; 268.08, subdivision 1; 268.09, subdivisions 1 and 2; 268.10, subdivisions 1 and 2; 268.12, subdivision 8; 268.121; 268.15, subdivision 3; and 268.16, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 268; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.04, subdivisions 29 and 30.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called.

Vanasek moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 68 yeas and 60 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Jefferson	Long	Otis	Simoneau
Battaglia	Jensen	McEachern	Pappas	Skoglund
Beard	Johnson, A.	McLaughlin	Peterson	Solberg
Begich	Johnson, R.	Milbert	Price	Trimble
Brown	Kahn	Minne	Quinn	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Kelly	Munger	Reding	Vanasek
Carruthers	Kelso	Murphy	Rest	Vellenga
Clark	Kinkel	Nelson, C.	Rice	Voss
Cooper	Kludt	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Wagenius
Daumer	Knuth	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Welle
DeBleeck	Kostohryz	Neuenschwander	Rukavina	Wenzel
Greenfield	Krueger	O'Connor	Sarna	Spk. Norton
Jacobs	Larsen	Ogren	Scheid	
Jaros	Lasley	Osthoff	Segal	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, R.	Forsythe	Knickerbocker	Onnen	Sparby
Bauerly	Frederick	Lieder	Ozment	Stanius
Bennett	Frerichs	Marsh	Pauly	Steensma
Bertram	Gruenes	McDonald	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Bishop	Gutknecht	McKasy	Quist	Swenson
Blatz	Hartle	McPherson	Redalen	Thiede
Boo	Haukoos	Miller	Richter	Tjornhom
Burger	Heap	Morrison	Rose	Tompkins
Clausnitzer	Himle	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Uphus
Dempsey	Hugoson	Olsen, E.	Schreiber	Valento
Dille	Jennings	Olsen, K.	Seaberg	Waltman
Dorn	Johnson, V.	Omann	Shaver	Winter

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following Senate Files, herewith transmitted:

S. F. Nos. 1191, 508, 587, 717, 841, 908 and 1029.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

### FIRST READING OF SENATE BILLS

S. F. No. 1191, A bill for an act relating to utilities; authorizing the public utilities commission to order refunds to reflect the impact of the Tax Reform Act.

The bill was read for the first time.

McLaughlin moved that S. F. No. 1191 and H. F. No. 1362, now on General Orders, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 508, A bill for an act relating to transportation; requiring a license for the transportation of hazardous waste; providing for license administration, suspension, and revocation; requiring rulemaking; providing penalties; specifying articles that may be carried as household goods; revising fees for certain motor carrier permits and certificates; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 221.061; 221.121, subdivision 7, and by adding a subdivision; 221.131, subdivisions 2 and 3; 221.291, subdivision 3; 221.296, subdivision 5; and 221.60, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 221.

The bill was read for the first time.

Long moved that S. F. No. 508 and H. F. No. 298, now on General Orders, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 587, A bill for an act relating to state government; adding certain emergency personnel to the list of people eligible for benefits from the peace officers benefit fund; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 176B.01, subdivision 2.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Appropriations.



S. F. No. 717, A bill for an act relating to agriculture; providing for pesticide registration and regulation; licensing applicators; clarifying and recodifying pesticide laws; providing penalties; requiring a report; appropriating money; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 18B; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 18A.21; 18A.22; 18A.23; 18A.24; 18A.25; 18A.26; 18A.27; 18A.28; 18A.29; 18A.30; 18A.31; 18A.32; 18A.33; 18A.34; 18A.35; 18A.36; 18A.37; 18A.38; 18A.39; 18A.40; 18A.41; 18A.42; 18A.43; 18A.44; 18A.45; and 18A.48.

The bill was read for the first time.

Kalis moved that S. F. No. 717 and H. F. No. 485, now on Special Orders, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 841, A bill for an act relating to natural resources; amending requirements for eligibility, applications, agreements, payments, and other terms and conditions of the conservation reserve program; changing requirements to drain privately owned inventoried wetlands and public waters; amending and changing requirements for the waterbank program; changing requirements for persons selling land under a waterbank agreement; establishing a native prairie bank program; providing for prairie management applications, agreements, payments, and other terms and conditions; appropriating funds; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 40.41; 40.42, subdivision 5, and by adding subdivisions; 40.43, subdivisions 2, 5, 6, and 7; 40.44, subdivision 2; 84.943, subdivisions 1, 3, and 5; 84.944, subdivision 1; 84.95, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 105.391, subdivision 3; 105.392, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 84.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

S. F. No. 908, A bill for an act relating to human services; establishing a community services conversion project; requiring counties to consider the opinions of parents when developing service plans for persons with mental retardation and related conditions; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.092, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 252.

The bill was read for the first time.

Kelso moved that S. F. No. 908 and H. F. No. 1022, now on General Orders, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1029, A bill for an act relating to utilities; establishing program to provide communication-impaired people with devices enabling their use of telephones; creating advisory committee and requiring report; providing for payment of costs of program; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 237.

The bill was read for the first time.

Clark moved that S. F. No. 1029 and H. F. No. 1002, now on Special Orders, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

## SPECIAL ORDERS

### CALL OF THE HOUSE LIFTED

Solberg moved that the call of the House be dispensed with. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

S. F. No. 1099, A bill for an act relating to natural resources; waiving indirect cost billings to the federal government and other states and provinces in certain circumstances; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 16A.127, by adding a subdivision.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 128 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Dorn	Kinkel	Nelson, C.	Redalen
Anderson, R.	Frederick	Kludt	Nelson, K.	Reding
Battaglia	Frerichs	Knickerbocker	Neuenschwander	Rest
Bauerly	Greenfield	Knuth	O'Connor	Rice
Beard	Gutknecht	Kostohryz	Ogren	Richter
Begich	Hartle	Krueger	Olsen, S.	Riveness
Bennett	Haukoos	Larsen	Olson, E.	Rodosovich
Bertram	Heap	Lasley	Olson, K.	Rose
Bishop	Himle	Lieder	Omann	Rukavina
Blatz	Hugoson	Long	Onnen	Sarna
Boo	Jacobs	Marsh	Orenstein	Schafer
Brown	Jaros	McDonald	Osthoff	Scheid
Burger	Jefferson	McEachern	Otis	Schoenfeld
Carlson, L.	Jennings	McKasy	Ozment	Schreiber
Carruthers	Jensen	McLaughlin	Pappas	Seaberg
Clark	Johnson, A.	McPherson	Pauly	Shaver
Clausnitzer	Johnson, R.	Milbert	Pelowski	Skoglund
Cooper	Johnson, V.	Miller	Peterson	Solberg
Dauner	Kahn	Minne	Poppenhagen	Sparby
DeBlicke	Kalis	Morrison	Price	Stanius
Dempsey	Kelly	Munger	Quinn	Steensma
Dille	Kelso	Murphy	Quist	Svigum

Swenson	Trimble	Vanasek	Waltman	Wynia
Thiede	Tunheim	Vellenga	Welle	Spk. Norton
Tjornhom	Uphus	Voss	Wenzel	
Tompkins	Valento	Wagenius	Winter	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

Bishop, Orenstein, Dorn and Rose were excused between the hours of 4:25 p.m. and 4:55 p.m. while in conference.

Rest was excused between the hours of 4:25 p.m. and 5:05 p.m. while in conference.

H. F. No. 862 was reported to the House.

Rukavina moved to amend H. F. No. 862, as follows:

Page 1, line 8, delete "ON GOVERNMENT AND"

Page 1, line 9, delete everything before the period

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

H. F. No. 862, A bill for an act relating to commerce; creating a legislative commission to study proposed low-level military air training in northeastern Minnesota; prescribing its duties.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 102 yeas and 19 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	DeBlicke	Kelly	Milbert	Peterson
Anderson, R.	Dempsey	Kelso	Minne	Price
Battaglia	Frerichs	Kinkel	Morrison	Quinn
Bauerly	Greenfield	Kludt	Munger	Reding
Beard	Gutknecht	Knuth	Murphy	Rice
Begich	Haukoos	Kostohryz	Nelson, C.	Richter
Bennett	Himle	Krueger	Nelson, K.	Riveness
Bertram	Hugoson	Larsen	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich
Blatz	Jacobs	Lasley	O'Connor	Rukavina
Boo	Jaros	Lieder	Ogren	Sarna
Burger	Jefferson	Long	Olsen, S.	Scheid
Carlson, L.	Jensen	Marsh	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld
Carruthers	Johnson, A.	McEachern	Omamm	Schreiber
Clark	Johnson, R.	McKasy	Otis	Seaberg
Cooper	Kahn	McLaughlin	Ozment	Segal
Dauner	Kalis	McPherson	Pappas	Simoneau

Skoglund	Sviggum	Trimble	Voss	Wynia
Solberg	Swenson	Tunheim	Wagenius	Spk. Norton
Sparby	Thiede	Uphus	Waltman	
Stanius	Tjornhom	Vanasek	Welle	
Steensma	Tompkins	Vellenga	Winter	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Clausnitzer	Hartle	Miller	Poppenhagen	Shaver
Dille	Heap	Onnen	Quist	Valento
Forsythe	Knickerbocker	Osthoff	Redalen	Wenzel
Frederick	McDonald	Pauly	Schafer	

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

H. F. No. 523, A bill for an act relating to elections; changing certain voter registration procedures to increase voter participation; providing for a computerized central registration system, voter registration forms in state income tax forms and booklets, and a combined voter registration, driver's license, and identification card form; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 201.021; 201.054, subdivision 1; 201.061, subdivision 1; 201.071, subdivision 4; 201.081; 201.121, subdivision 1; 201.13; 201.15; 201.161; 201.171; 201.221, subdivisions 2 and 4; 290.39, by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 201.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 124 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Kostohryz	Olsen, S.	Sarna
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Krueger	Olson, E.	Schafer
Bauerly	Hartle	Larsen	Olson, K.	Scheid
Beard	Haukoos	Lasley	Omamm	Schoenfeld
Begich	Heap	Lieder	Onnen	Schreiber
Bennett	Himle	Long	Osthoff	Seaberg
Bertram	Hugoson	Marsh	Otis	Segal
Blatz	Jacobs	McDonald	Ozment	Shaver
Boo	Jaros	McEachern	Pappas	Simoneau
Brown	Jefferson	McKasy	Pauly	Skoglund
Burger	Jennings	McLaughlin	Pelowski	Solberg
Carlson, L.	Jensen	McPherson	Peterson	Sparby
Carruthers	Johnson, A.	Milbert	Poppenhagen	Stanius
Clark	Johnson, R.	Miller	Price	Steensma
Clausnitzer	Johnson, V.	Minne	Quinn	Sviggum
Cooper	Kahn	Morrison	Quist	Swenson
Dauner	Kalis	Munger	Redalen	Thiede
DeBlicck	Kelly	Murphy	Reding	Tjornhom
Dempsey	Kelso	Nelson, C.	Rice	Tompkins
Forsythe	Kinkel	Nelson, K.	Richter	Trimble
Frederick	Kludt	Neuenschwander	Riveness	Tunheim
Frerichs	Knickerbocker	O'Connor	Rodosovich	Uphus
Greenfield	Knuth	Ogren	Rukavina	Valento

Vanasek  
Vellenga

Voss  
Wagenius

Waltman  
Wenzel

Winter  
Wynia

Spk. Norton

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

#### MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Vellenga moved that the vote whereby H. F. No. 756, as amended, was not passed earlier today on Special Orders be now reconsidered.

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

#### CALL OF THE HOUSE

On the motion of Vanasek and on the demand of 10 members, a call of the House was ordered. The following members answered to their names:

Anderson, R.	Hartle	Lieder	Osthoff	Skoglund
Bauerly	Haukoos	Long	Otis	Solberg
Beard	Heap	Marsh	Ozment	Stanius
Bennett	Himle	McDonald	Pappas	Steensma
Bertram	Jacobs	McEachern	Pauly	Sviggum
Blatz	Jaros	McKasy	Peterson	Swenson
Boo	Jefferson	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Thiede
Brown	Jennings	McPherson	Quinn	Tjornhom
Burger	Jensen	Miller	Quist	Tompkins
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Minne	Redalen	Trimble
Clausnitzer	Johnson, V.	Munger	Reding	Tunheim
Cooper	Kelly	Murphy	Riveness	Uphus
Dauner	Kelso	Nelson, C.	Rodosovich	Valento
DeBlieck	Kinkel	Nelson, K.	Sarna	Vanasek
Dempsey	Kludd	Neuenschwander	Schafer	Vellenga
Forsythe	Knickerbocker	O'Connor	Scheid	Wagenius
Frederick	Knuth	Ogren	Schreiber	Waltman
Frerichs	Kostohryz	Olsen, S.	Seaberg	Wenzel
Greenfield	Krueger	Olson, E.	Segal	Winter
Gruenes	Larsen	Olson, K.	Shaver	Wynia
Gutknecht	Lasley	Onnen	Simoneau	Spk. Norton

Vanasek moved that further proceedings of the roll call be dispensed with and that the Sergeant at Arms be instructed to bring in the absentees. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

McKasy and Anderson, R., were excused for the remainder of today's session.

The Speaker called Anderson, G., to the Chair.

The Speaker resumed the Chair.

#### POINT OF ORDER

Vanasek raised a point of order pursuant to section 101, paragraph 2, of "Mason's Manual of Legislative Procedure" relating to limiting

debate to the question before the House. The Speaker ruled the point of order well taken.

PREVIOUS QUESTION

Vanasek moved the previous question and the motion was properly seconded.

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Vanasek motion and the roll was called.

Vanasek moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 68 yeas and 1 nay as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Battaglia	Jacobs	Long	Otis	Solberg
Bauerly	Jaros	McEachern	Pappas	Sparby
Beard	Jefferson	McLaughlin	Pelowski	Steensma
Begich	Johnson, A.	Milbert	Price	Trimble
Bertram	Kahn	Minne	Quinn	Tunheim
Brown	Kalis	Murphy	Reding	Vanasek
Carlson, L.	Kelly	Nelson, C.	Rice	Vellenga
Carruthers	Kelso	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Voss
Clark	Kinkel	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
Cooper	Knuth	Ogren	Sarna	Welle
Dauner	Kostohryz	Olson, E.	Scheid	Winter
DeBlieck	Larsen	Olson, K.	Segal	Spk. Norton
Dorn	Lasley	Orenstein	Simoneau	
Greenfield	Lieder	Osthoff	Skoglund	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, G.

The motion prevailed.

The question recurred on the Vellenga motion and the roll was called.

Vanasek moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 68 yeas and 10 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Battaglia	Jaros	McEachern	Pelowski	Solberg
Bauerly	Jefferson	McLaughlin	Peterson	Sparby
Beard	Jennings	Milbert	Price	Steensma
Begich	Johnson, A.	Minne	Quinn	Trimble
Bertram	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Reding	Tunheim
Brown	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Rest	Vanasek
Carlson, L.	Kelly	Nelson, D.	Rice	Voss
Carruthers	Kinkel	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Wagenius
Clark	Kludt	O'Connor	Rukavina	Welle
Cooper	Knuth	Ogren	Sarna	Wenzel
Dauner	Kostohryz	Orenstein	Scheid	Winter
DeBlieck	Larsen	Osthoff	Segal	Spk. Norton
Greenfield	Lieder	Otis	Simoneau	
Jacobs	Long	Pappas	Skoglund	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, G.	Dorn	Kalis	Krueger	Olson, E.
Dille	Jensen	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich

The motion prevailed.

Vanasek moved that the House recess subject to the call of the Chair. The motion prevailed.

RECESS

RECONVENED

The House reconvened and was called to order by the Speaker.

Vanasek, pursuant to rule 5.10, announced that H. F. Nos. 683, 576, 803, 379, 960, 516, 303, 916, 177, 1184, 919 and 859 meet the requirements of the House Budget Resolution.

There being no objection, the order of business reverted to Reports of Standing Committees.

## REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

H. F. No. 539, A bill for an act relating to human services; extending subsidized adoption program; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 259.40, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Page 2, line 33, delete "22" and insert "21"

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

H. F. No. 919, A bill for an act relating to recreation and natural resources; authorizing grants to local government units for park acquisition and betterment; authorizing dam safety projects; authorizing the acquisition of natural habitat; authorizing acquisition and betterment of units of the outdoor recreation system including; but not limited to, state parks, trails, forests, fishing management lands, wildlife management areas, scientific and natural areas, wild, scenic, and recreational rivers, canoe and boating routes, and public water access; authorizing acquisition and development of amateur athletic training facilities; imposing the sales tax on certain clubs dues; providing for deposit and expenditures of certain sales tax revenues; authorizing the issuance of state bonds; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 297A.01, subdivision 3; and 297A.44, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 16A.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

“Section 1. [CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS; APPROPRIATIONS.]

The sums in the column marked “APPROPRIATIONS” are appropriated from the state building fund, or another named fund, to the state agencies indicated, to be spent to acquire and to better public land and buildings and other public improvements of a capital nature, as specified in this act.

#### SUMMARY

SUPREME COURT	\$ 40,600,000
ADMINISTRATION	16,463,500
CAPITOL AREA ARCHITECTURAL AND PLANNING BOARD	400,000
NATURAL RESOURCES	28,450,000
WASTE MANAGEMENT BOARD	3,000,000
POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY	72,300,000
ENERGY AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	41,935,000
IRON RANGE RESOURCES AND REHABILITATION BOARD	9,145,000



	\$
MILITARY AFFAIRS	2,658,700
VETERANS AFFAIRS	1,846,000
AGRICULTURE	8,000,000
FINANCE	8,000,000
MINNESOTA AMATEUR SPORTS COMMISSION	300,000
TRANSPORTATION	15,482,100
MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY	61,800,000
EDUCATION	1,339,800
VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL EDUCATION	36,446,200
COMMUNITY COLLEGES	31,903,400
STATE UNIVERSITIES	43,133,500
UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA	40,352,300
CORRECTIONS	2,743,300
HUMAN SERVICES	3,450,000
BOND SALE EXPENSES	452,000
TOTAL	470,200,800
General Fund	2,473,000
Reinvest in Minnesota Resources Fund	16,000,000
Trunk Highway Fund	14,816,100
Transportation Fund	7,000,000
Waste Management Fund	3,000,000
Water Pollution Control Fund	72,300,000
Building Fund	354,614,700

### APPROPRIATIONS

#### Sec. 2. SUPREME COURT

Judicial Building \$ 40,600,000

This appropriation is to the commissioner of administration, in consultation with the supreme court and the capitol area architectural and planning board, to complete working drawings and construct a judicial building.

Although authorization for the sale of bonds to construct this facility is provided in this act, funds for the facility must not be made available for expenditure before July 1, 1989.

\$ \$  
**Sec. 3. ADMINISTRATION**

Subdivision 1. To the commissioner of administration for the purposes specified in this section

16,463,500

(a) Remove or contain asbestos in state buildings and provide handicapped persons with access to state buildings

4,000,000

This appropriation is to be used to provide access to state buildings for handicapped persons and to remove or encapsulate asbestos-containing materials that have been identified as constituting risk factor 5 in the evaluation study dated January 18, 1984, and its supplement dated March 21, 1984, and risk factor 4 in state buildings to the extent that the appropriation permits.

(b) Restore Capitol Building, Phase III

1,500,000

This appropriation is to complete Phase III exterior renovation of the Capitol Building.

(c) Remodeling of the State Office Building and House portion of the Capitol Building

819,000

This appropriation is to complete the remodeling of the State Office Building and for rehabilitation of the House of Representatives' Chamber and related offices in the State Capitol Building.

(d) Renovate elevator in Veterans Services Building in St. Paul

180,500

(e) Reroof Veterans Services Building in St. Paul

136,000

(f) Demolition of the Centennial Building

421,000

\$

\$

This appropriation is to provide for the costs associated with demolition of the Centennial Office Building. The Department of Administration in cooperation with the Capitol Area Architectural Planning Board shall develop a plan for utilization of the vacant space created by the demolition. A report indicating the results of this study shall be presented to the chair of the Senate Finance Committee and the chair of the House Appropriations Committee by January 1, 1988.

(g) Asbestos Removal from the Department of Transportation Building

4,334,000

This appropriation is from the Trunk Highway Fund and is to be used to remove or encapsulate asbestos-containing materials from the Department of Transportation Building.

(h) Relocation of Department of Revenue

1,973,000

This appropriation is from the general fund and is to provide for moving costs and estimated increased rental costs associated with moving the Department of Revenue into a consolidated facility.

(i) Construction of a parking ramp west of the State Office Building

3,100,000

\$ \$

This appropriation is to the Department of Administration in cooperation with the capitol area architectural and planning board for the planning and construction of a parking ramp immediately west of the State Office Building. As much of the ramp as feasible must be located underground and the ramp design must be in concert with the existing architecture and landscaping of the Capitol Mall area.

Subd. 2. During the biennium, the department of administration shall study the possibility of conveying the Mechanic Arts Building to a private purchaser upon such terms as are reasonable and appropriate provided that any such conveyance is contingent upon the purchasers agreement to rehabilitate the building and to offer the state a long term lease at a reasonable rate. The department shall conduct a search for a state agency to occupy the building. The results of the study shall be reported to the chair of the senate finance committee and the chair of the house appropriations committee no later than June 30, 1988.

Sec. 4. CAPITOL AREA ARCHITECTURAL AND PLANNING BOARD

400,000

This appropriation is to provide for planning of a parking ramp immediately west of the State Office Building and a second ramp immediately west of the Department of Transportation building.

Sec. 5. NATURAL RESOURCES

Subdivision 1. To the commissioner of administration or the commissioner of natural resources for the purposes specified in the following subdivisions

\$

\$

28,450,000

Subd. 2. To the commissioner of natural resources to acquire critical natural habitat and to acquire and better public outdoor recreational lands and capital improvements

12,700,000

The commissioner of natural resources shall provide the necessary professional services for the performance of the duties under this subdivision from the amount appropriated for the various purposes. An approved complement of 24 unclassified positions is authorized.

Lands must be acquired by the commissioner of natural resources in accordance with policies established in Minnesota Statutes, sections 86A.01 to 86A.09. Lands acquired for each unit of the outdoor recreational system must be suited for the purpose of the unit and suited for management in accordance with principles applicable to it. The commissioner of natural resources shall submit semiannual work plans to the legislative commission on Minnesota resources and shall submit a work program to the commission and request its recommendation before spending any money appropriated by this subdivision for any purpose. The commission's recommendation is advisory only. Failure to respond to a request within 60 days after receipt is a negative recommendation. Work programs involving land acquisition must include a land acquisition plan.

(a) Acquisition of State Parks

1,200,000

	\$	\$
Sufficient funds for the acquisition of Mystery Cave as provided for in section 32 must be allocated from this appropriation.		
(b) Acquisition of state forest lands	500,000	
(c) Acquisition of wildlife areas and waterbank	750,000	
(d) Fisheries acquisition	100,000	
<p>Any unencumbered balance remaining in the appropriation made by Laws 1979, chapter 301, section 6, subdivision 2, the day following enactment of this act is available to be used by the commissioner for the alteration of a portion of an old railroad bridge over the St. Louis river in the city of Duluth to make the bridge suitable for use as a public access fishing pier and observation site.</p>		
(e) Acquisition and improvement of scientific and natural areas	1,400,000	
(f) Acquisition and improvement of water access sites	750,000	
(g) Improvement of forest roads.	500,000	
(h) Betterment of state parks.	3,800,000	
(i) Betterment of state trails	3,700,000	
Subd. 3. To the commissioner of natural resources for dam safety projects under Minnesota Statutes, section 105.482		4,000,000
(a) \$110,000 is for the Heron Lake dam and is available for expenditure immediately upon enactment of this act.		

\$ \$

(b) \$60,000 is for the removal of the Bernings Mill dam, the owner or local unit of government shall provide a suitable disposal site for demolition debris and access to the site, which satisfies the requirement for a local financial contribution to the project.

(c) \$100,000 each year is for flood control projects in area II of the Southern Minnesota River Basin. Grants shall be allocated consistent with the formula established in Minnesota Statutes, section 104.44.

(d) Any unencumbered balance remaining from the money appropriated by Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 15, section 4, subdivision 4, clause (b)(5), for the Nett Lake Dam project after the completion of project is appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources for a grant to the Nett Lake Band of Chippewa Indians for the construction of a wastewater treatment plant.

Subd. 4. Reinvest in Minnesota

8,000,000

The appropriations in this subdivision are from the reinvest in Minnesota resources fund.

(a) Fish and wildlife habitat

6,400,000

This appropriation is to acquire and improve land for fish and wildlife habitat under the comprehensive fish and wildlife management plan under Minnesota Statutes, section 84.942, to be available until expended. The commissioner shall provide the necessary professional services for the performance of duties under this paragraph from the amount appropriated.

(b) Aspen recycling

800,000

This appropriation is for expenditure under Minnesota Statutes, section 88.80, and for other forest wildlife management projects, to be available until expended.

\$ \$

(c) Native prairie land 240,000

(d) Critical habitat private sector matching account 560,000

This appropriation is for transfer to the critical habitat private sector matching account.

(e) The approved complement of the department of natural resources is increased by 12 positions in the unclassified service to implement this subdivision. One position in the unclassified service must be a program coordinator to work with other agencies and staff to implement this subdivision.

(f) Notwithstanding any other law, during the biennium easements granted under this act may be permanent or if limited duration then must be for at least 20 years with provisions for renewal for at least another 20-year period. Highest priority must be given to permanent easements consistent with the purposes of this act.



\$                                 \$

The appropriation is for payment of a grant to the city of Ely for land acquisition and construction of an international wolf center. This appropriation is available only as matched by contributions or pledges toward total project costs from nonstate sources. State funds shall be made available for project purposes on a \$1 state for every \$1 nonstate basis from time to time as needed for the project. The grant shall be available in unreasonable increments related to various phases of the project development. Notwithstanding the matching requirement, \$500,000 shall be made available immediately without match.

Subd. 6. Hibbing Core Library

250,000

This appropriation is to the commissioner of natural resources for the construction or purchase of a building to house the Mineral Division's Core Library in Hibbing, Minnesota.

Sec. 6. WASTE MANAGEMENT BOARD

3,000,000

This appropriation is from the waste management fund to the waste management board for the program of state capital assistance grants to local projects to develop feasible and prudent alternatives to disposal of solid waste. Up to \$180,000 may be spent for administration and technical and professional services. The approved complement of the waste management board is increased by one position.

Sec. 7. POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY

	\$	\$
To the pollution control agency from the water pollution control fund for the purposes specified in this section		72,300,000
(a) Construction grants for wastewater treatment facilities	52,540,800	
(b) Combined sewer overflow	16,547,000	
(c) For match to the federal revolving loan program	3,212,200	

The approved complement for the pollution control agency is increased by 11 positions in the classified service for purposes of implementing this section.

#### Sec. 8. ENERGY AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Subdivision 1. To the commissioner of energy and economic development for the purposes specified in this section	41,935,000
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Subd. 2. Outdoor Recreation	17,000,000
(a) Local Recreation Grants	2,000,000

This appropriation is to acquire and better recreation open space projects upon application by local units of government and Indian tribes and bands recognized by the federal government. Projects that receive federal grants must be given priority. A grant under this paragraph is not contingent upon the receipt of federal grants. A project may receive grant assistance of up to 50 percent of the total capital cost of the project or, if federal money is used, 50 percent of the local share. A project must not receive grant assistance of more than \$400,000. A local unit of government must not receive more than one grant during each fiscal biennium.

\$500,000 the first year and \$500,000 the second year shall be granted for projects outside the metropolitan area defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 473.121.

(b) Metropolitan Open Space

\$ 15,000,000

\$9,000,000 is for payment by the commissioner of energy and economic development to the metropolitan council established under Minnesota Statutes, section 473.123. The commissioner shall transfer the amount to the metropolitan council upon receipt of a certified copy of a council resolution requesting payment. The appropriation must be used to pay the cost of acquisition and betterment by the metropolitan council and local government units of regional recreational open space lands in accordance with the council's policy plan as provided in Minnesota Statutes, sections 473.315 and 473.341, including relocation costs and tax equivalents required to be paid by Minnesota Statutes, sections 473.315 and 473.341.

\$6,000,000 is for the acquisition and betterment of land on Lake Minnetonka for a regional park. No more than \$400,000 may be used for staff and independent professional services necessary to acquire and better open space and for the performance of the duties of the metropolitan council under this paragraph.

During the biennium, that part of Minnesota Statutes, section 398.09, paragraph (b), that requires local approval prior to acquiring real estate by purchase or condemnation shall not apply to this acquisition.

	\$	\$
(a) For a stadium, track and field, soccer, and training center in the city of Blaine	14,700,000	
(b) For a velodrome in the city of Blaine	700,000	
(c) For planning for an ice hockey training center in the city of Blaine	150,000	
(d) For a speedskating center in the city of Roseville, as approved by the metropolitan council in January 1985	3,500,000	
(e) For statewide ski jumping planning at Bloomington, Biwabik, and Coleraine	25,000	

Each of the appropriations for construction of these facilities is contingent upon designation of the respective facility as an official training site by the United States Olympic Committee and upon issuance of the necessary special tax revenue bonds.

Subd. 4. Duluth Zoo

3,500,000

This appropriation is for the renovation of the Duluth Zoo. \$2,000,000 of the appropriation is available upon the effective date of this act. The balance of the appropriation is available only to the extent that it is matched by contributions from nonstate sources. State funds shall be available for project purposes on a \$1 state for every \$1 nonstate basis from time to time as needed for the project. The appropriation shall be made available in reasonable increments related to various phases of the project development.

Subd. 5. Great River Road Project

360,000

This appropriation is for a grant to the city of Minneapolis for land acquisition related to the Great River Road project along the central waterfront area in downtown Minneapolis.

\$

\$

## Subd. 6. Railroad Assistance

2,000,000

This appropriation is from the state transportation fund specified in Minnesota Statutes, sections 222.49 to 222.63, and is to be used as a grant to the St. Louis and Lake County Regional Rail Authority to acquire and develop abandoned rail line of the Duluth, Mesabe, and Iron Range Railroad between Duluth and Two Harbors, Minnesota. If the property is acquired and subsequently liquidated, the proceeds up to \$2,000,000 shall be paid to the state transportation fund by the St. Louis and Lake County Regional Rail Authority.

Subd. 7. Agri-processing facility interest guarantee feasibility study

The department of energy and economic development shall report by February 15, 1988, to the appropriations and finance committees of the legislature on the feasibility of establishing an interest guarantee program for agri-processing facilities.

**Sec. 9. IRON RANGE RESOURCES AND REHABILITATION BOARD**

To the chair of the iron range resources and rehabilitation board for the purposes specified in this section

9,145,000

(a) For expansion of the Giants Ridge ski center

2,245,000

(b) For a canoe and kayak center

100,000

	\$	\$
(c) For a fieldhouse and multi-sport complex	3,400,000	
(d) Water system	1,700,000	
(e) Sewage system	1,700,000	

The appropriations in this section are for facilities at Biwabik. Each of the appropriations for construction of these facilities is contingent upon designation of the respective facility as an official training site by the United States Olympic Committee and upon issuance of the necessary special tax revenue bonds.

#### Sec. 10. MILITARY AFFAIRS

2,658,700

This appropriation is to the adjutant general for the purposes specified in this section:

(a) State's share of the costs related to construction of a new armory at Camp Ripley and is only available upon the federal government providing its share of the total construction cost of the facility.	2,458,700
(b) Roof repair and replacement	200,000

#### Sec. 11. VETERANS AFFAIRS

To the commissioner of administration for projects at the Minneapolis veterans home as specified in this section

1,846,000

(a) Renovate food service facilities	515,000
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Demolish building number 7 and construct a new warehouse. No further demolition of buildings shall take place. The Minnesota historical society and the department of veterans affairs shall investigate the feasibility of restoring and reusing the remaining buildings at the Minnesota veterans homes for use by veterans, veterans' families, or veterans' groups.

\$

\$

1,331,000

### Sec. 12. AGRICULTURE

8,000,000

This appropriation is from the reinvest in Minnesota resources fund for the conservation reserve program under Minnesota Statutes, section 40.43, to be available until expended. The commissioner shall provide the necessary professional services for the performance of duties under this section.

The approved complement of the department of agriculture is increased by two positions in the unclassified service to implement this section. One position must be a coordinator to work with other agencies to implement this section.

During the biennium, notwithstanding any other law, easements granted under this act may be permanent or if limited duration highest priority must be given to permanent easements consistent with the purposes of this act. Easements of limited duration must be for at least 20 years with provisions for renewal for at least another 20-year period.

### Sec. 13. FINANCE

8,000,000

To the commissioner of finance from the state building fund to make grants to qualified joint powers districts under the cooperative secondary facilities grant program under sections 33 to 38. This money is available until expended.

Sec. 14. MINNESOTA AMATEUR SPORTS COMMISSION

\$ 300,000

This appropriation is from the amateur athletic facilities account. \$150,000 of this is for fiscal year 1988 and \$150,000 for fiscal year 1989 to operate and maintain the facilities financed by bonds whose debt service is payable primarily from proceeds of the fund.

Sec. 15. TRANSPORTATION

Subdivision 1. To the commissioner of transportation for the purposes specified in this section

15,482,100

The appropriations in subdivisions 2 to 8 are from the trunk highway fund.

Subd. 2. Construct new central laboratory and research facility

4,668,000

This appropriation is to plan, construct, and occupy the facility. It is the intention of the legislature that this is a final and nonrecurring appropriation for a central laboratory and research facility.

Subd. 3. District Headquarters

1,191,500

(a) Design new district headquarters building at Bemidji

257,500

(b) Design new district headquarters building at Brainerd

257,500

(c) Design addition to district headquarters building at Duluth.

110,000



	\$	\$
(d) Remodel and construct an addition to district headquarters building at Rochester	566,500	
Subd. 4. Construct weigh scale at Saginaw		485,000
Subd. 5. Construct travel information center at Bemidji		250,000
Subd. 6. Truck stations		2,675,600
(a) Construct addition to Arden Hills truck station	594,100	
(b) Construct vehicle storage building at Adrian truck station	413,800	
(c) Construct vehicle storage building at Austin truck station	689,600	
(d) Construct addition to Breckenridge truck station	90,200	
(e) Design repair shop and truck station at Marshall	51,500	
(f) Construct vehicle storage building at Park Rapids truck station	412,000	
(g) Construct vehicle storage building at Red Wing truck station	424,400	
Subd. 7. Statewide		633,500
(a) Construct chemical storage sheds	206,000	
(b) Construct cold storage buildings	154,500	
(c) Land acquisition	273,000	
This appropriation is to acquire land for truck stations at St. James, Red Wing and Le Sueur, for headquarters at Bemidji, and for access to a site in Blaine for a central laboratory.		
Subd. 8. Construct rest areas at the locations listed in this subdivision		578,500
(a) Hayward (Albert Lea)	222,500	

Funding for this project is 90 per- cent federal and 10 percent state.	\$	\$
(b) Motley		32,400
(c) Camp Release (Montevideo)		32,400
(d) Maple Lake		33,400
(e) Tofte		33,400
(f) Cannon Falls		192,000
(g) Bear Creek (Racine)		32,400
Subd. 9. Local Road Bridge Re- placement and Rehabilitation		5,000,000
This appropriation is from the transportation fund.		
Sec. 16. MINNESOTA HIS- TORICAL SOCIETY		
Subdivision 1. To the Minne- sota historical society for the pur- poses specified in this section		61,800,000
Subd. 2. To construct a new state history center	55,760,600	
Construction must not begin until fiscal year 1989.		
Subd. 3. Plan and construct the Mille Lacs Indian Museum and cultural center	5,252,100	
Construction must not begin until the final plans and specifications have been presented to the chairs of the senate finance committee and house appropriations com- mittee for recommendation. The recommendations are advisory only. Failure or refusal to make a recommendation promptly is deemed a negative recommenda- tion.		
Subd. 4. Restoration of the Wil- liam Le Duc home		184,000
Subd. 5. Labor History Center		503,300
This appropriation is for design development and working draw- ings.		

	\$	\$
Subd. 6. Meighen Store complex restoration and reconstruction	100,000	
Sec. 17. EDUCATION.		
Subdivision 1. To the commissioners of administration and education for the purposes specified in this section		1,339,800
Subd. 2. To the commissioner of administration for the Faribault Academies		439,800
(a) Academy for the deaf reroof Noyes Hall	95,000	
(b) Academy for the deaf air condition Frechette Hall	238,700	
(c) Academy for the deaf install elevator in Noyes Hall	106,100	
Subd. 3. To the commissioner of education to be used to match local district funds used for the cost of constructing, enlarging, or modifying school buildings, if the commissioner of education determines that these costs are directly related to reducing or eliminating racial imbalance, and are a part of a desegregation plan approved by the commissioner of education during the 1986-1987 school year.		900,000
Sec. 18. VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL EDUCATION		
Subdivision 1. To the state board of vocational technical education for the purposes specified in this section		36,446,200

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 475.61, subdivision 4, the state board of vocational technical education may approve a request by a local school board to use any unobligated balance in the debt redemption fund to pay the districts share of construction projects authorized in this section.

Subd. 2. Post-secondary vocational technical construction in the school districts listed in this subdivision

\$

\$

30,841,800

(a) Independent School District No. 241, Albert Lea

1,734,700

This appropriation is to construct a new facility for diesel mechanics, classrooms, offices, and a resource center. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$2,040,800, whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(b) Independent School District No. 206, Alexandria

2,127,500

This appropriation is for phases II and III of the Alexandria AVTI construction project. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$2,502,900, whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(c) Independent School District No. 11, Anoka

971,100

This appropriation is to construct a new student commons and to remodel the present program space. The total cost of the project must not exceed \$1,142,500, whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(d) Independent School District No. 492, Austin

805,200

This appropriation is to construct new library, classroom, office, and child care space. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$947,200, whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(e) Independent School District No. 31, Bemidji

693,000

This appropriation is for construction of child care facilities, additional classrooms, and remodeling. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$815,200 whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(f) Independent School District No. 181, Brainerd

\$ 1,326,400

This appropriation is for construction of new space for expansion of programs, library/media center and student services. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$1,560,500 whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(g) Joint Vocational Technical District No. 900, Canby Campus

70,600

This appropriation is to construct a new library and bookstore, and remodel the existing building. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$70,600 whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(h) Independent School District No. 22, Detroit Lakes

1,176,100

This appropriation is for construction of classrooms, child care space, student center, video lab, a multi-use room, and remodeling of existing space. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$1,383,600 whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(i) Independent School District No. 709, Duluth

2,384,900

\$ \$

This appropriation is for reconstruction and remodeling of existing space to meet program needs and alleviate overcrowding, and for construction of new space. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$2,805,700 whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(j) Independent School District  
No. 697, Eveleth 505,800

This appropriation is for construction of new space for programs, student support/assessment space, and improved handicapped access. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$595,000 whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(k) Independent School District  
No. 656, Faribault 1,405,200

This appropriation is to construct new child care and classroom space and a new resource center and to remodel existing buildings. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$1,653,000, whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(l) Independent School District  
No. 701, Hibbing 1,296,000

This appropriation is to purchase and remodel the Davey McKee building, and to study the continued development or replacement of the existing campus. The total cost of the project and the study must not be more than \$1,530,000, whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(m) Independent School District  
No. 77, Mankato 5,111,200

\$ \$

This appropriation is to construct new classroom space and remodel existing buildings. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$6,013,000, whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(n) Independent School District No. 152, Moorhead 439,500

This appropriation is for construction of an addition to house student services, child care, and a media/resource center. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$517,000 whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(o) Independent School District No. 578, Pine City 1,283,500

This appropriation is to construct classrooms, provide new front entrance, child care, new student support service area, multiuse room, media center, and computer rooms. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$1,510,000, whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(p) Joint Vocational Technical District No. 900, Pipestone campus 827,000

This appropriation is to construct an addition for the fiberglass program, and to remodel the existing building. The total cost of the project must not exceed \$827,000 whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(q) Independent School District No. 256, Red Wing 100,800

This appropriation is to construct a cold storage building. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$118,600, whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

	\$	\$
(r) Independent School District No. 625, St. Paul		4,951,500

This appropriation is to construct new and remodel existing space, develop student commons area, expand library/media center, and provide child care and new administrative area. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$6,013,100, whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(s) Independent School District No. 564, Thief River Falls	1,797,700
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This appropriation is to construct classrooms at the airport and an addition at the main campus. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$2,114,900, whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(t) Independent School District No. 819, Wadena	1,803,500
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This appropriation is to reconstruct the existing building to provide new front entrance, new student commons and cafeteria, child care, library, and an addition to house the automotive program. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$2,060,000, whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(u) Independent School District No. 347, Willmar	30,600
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This appropriation is to remodel the community college administration building for a joint child care center. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$35,900, whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(v) Special Intermediate School District No. 287, Hennepin Technical Center	
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\$

\$

Special Intermediate School District No. 287, Hennepin Technical Center, may construct an addition to provide space for general instruction, graphics, drafting, mill-working, automatic packaging, media library, and child care facilities. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$1,607,300, to be paid entirely from local money.

(w) Special Intermediate School District No. 287, Hennepin Technical Center

Special Intermediate School District No. 287, Hennepin Technical Center, is authorized to remodel the existing facility for the horse care program, and to construct new facilities as needed for livestock training and housing. The district may utilize funds authorized in this section to acquire or lease and remodel alternative facilities for the horse care program if found to be more cost effective. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$750,000, to be paid entirely from local money.

(x) Independent School District No. 742, St. Cloud

Independent School District No. 742, St. Cloud, may construct an addition to provide space for general instruction, library, student commons, and child care facilities and to remodel other space as necessary. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$1,107,400, to be paid entirely from local money.

	\$	\$
(a) Roof repair for the following campuses: Albert Lea, Alexandria, Anoka, Brainerd, Dakota County, Detroit Lakes, Duluth, Faribault, Hutchinson, Mankato, Rochester, St. Cloud, Southwestern-Granite Falls, Southwestern-Pipestone, Staples, Suburban Hennepin-South Campus, Thief River Falls, Willmar, and Winona	4,173,600	
(b) Remove asbestos and correct code compliance violations	930,800	
The agency spending this appropriation must prepare a survey and report to the legislature by January 1, 1988, on the asbestos and PCB's that were found and removed and what asbestos and PCB's remain.		
Subd. 4. Statewide planning/direct appropriation		500,000
Sec. 19. COMMUNITY COLLEGES		
Subdivision 1. To the commissioner of administration for the purposes specified in the following subdivisions		31,903,400
Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.24, subdivision 2, the state board for community colleges shall supervise and control the making of necessary repairs to all state community college buildings and structures during the biennium ending June 30, 1989.		
Subd. 2. Brainerd Community College		98,400
This appropriation is to plan the remodeling and expansion of existing space and to plan construction of new space for child care and storage.		

	\$	\$
Subd. 3. Hibbing Community College		1,240,000

This appropriation is for construction of new child care and storage space and remodeling expansion of existing space.

Subd. 4. Inver Hills Community College		3,020,000
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This appropriation is to plan and construct or remodel classroom space, child care space, gymnasium, and relocation of administrative services.

Subd. 5. Itasca Community College		7,660,000
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This appropriation is for a new library, campus center, power plant, vehicle storage, child care space, and remodeling of existing space, demolish buildings, and repair roads and parking lots.

Subd. 6. Mesabi Community College		1,250,000
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This appropriation is to construct/remodel additional space for child care, storage, administration, and physical education.

Subd. 7. Normandale Community College		4,930,000
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This appropriation is to plan construction and remodeling of classrooms, labs, and community and cooperative program services.

Subd. 8. Northland Community College		3,710,000
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This appropriation is for construction of a new student center, administrative office, storage space, and child care space, and to remodel fine arts, cafeteria, and gymnasium facilities.

Subd. 9. North Hennepin Community College

\$

\$

970,000

This appropriation is for expanding and remodeling the gymnasium. North Hennepin Community College may contribute up to \$500,000 in campus reserve funds in addition to this appropriation to construct a swimming pool.

Subd. 10. Rochester Community College

2,620,000

This appropriation is for construction of new space for continuing education and child care, and for remodeling/expansion of existing space.

Subd. 11. Willmar Community College

3,090,000

This appropriation is to plan and construct or remodel new classrooms, labs, child care space, elevators, main entry, and additional parking.

Subd. 12. Systemwide

3,315,000

(a) Roof repair for the following campuses: Austin, Hibbing, Inver Hills, Mesabi, Minneapolis, Normandale, North Hennepin, and Rochester.

1,830,000

(b) Remove asbestos, improve sprinkler, mechanical, electrical, and energy systems, expand parking, and improve grounds and athletic fields

1,485,000

The agency spending this appropriation must prepare a survey and report to the legislature by January 1, 1988, on the asbestos and PCB's that were found and removed, and what asbestos and PCB's remain.

Sec. 20. STATE UNIVERSITIES

Subdivision 1. To the state university board for the purposes specified in the following subdivisions

\$

\$

43,133,500

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 16B.30 and 16B.31, during the biennium, the state university board shall supervise and control the preparation of plans and specifications for the construction, alteration, or enlargement of the state university buildings, structures, and improvements provided for in this section. During the biennium, the state university board shall advertise for bids and award contracts in connection with the improvements, supervise and inspect the work, approve necessary changes in the plans and specifications, approve estimates for payment, and accept the improvements when completed according to the plans and specifications.

Plans must be paid for out of this appropriation. The remainder of the appropriation must not be spent until the board has secured suitable plans and specifications, prepared by a competent architect or engineer. The plans and specifications must be accompanied by a detailed statement of the cost, quality, and description of all material and labor required for the completion of the work. No plan may be adopted, and no improvement made or building constructed, that contemplates the expenditure for its completion of more money than the appropriation for it, unless otherwise provided in this act. The board must not direct or permit an expenditure beyond the appropriation, and an agent of the board violating this provision is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

\$

\$

The board shall review and report to the governor and the legislature by January 15 of each year on the status of the capital improvement projects in this section.

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 16B.24, subdivision 2, during the biennium, the state university board shall supervise and control the making of necessary repairs to all state university buildings and structures during the biennium ending June 30, 1989.

Notwithstanding other law, during the biennium, the state university board, on behalf of St. Cloud and Winona state universities, may purchase property adjacent to or in the vicinity of the campuses as necessary for the development of the universities. The board shall make a written request to the department of administration, real estate management division, indicating the need to acquire property, specify the property to be acquired, and indicate the source and amount of money needed for the acquisition. The board shall proceed with the acquisition consistent with the policies and rules established by the department of administration. Before taking action, the state university board shall consult with the chairs of the senate finance committee and the house appropriations committee about the proposed action. Should either chair object to the proposed purchase, then further action must be suspended pending presentation of the proposal to the legislature for consideration.

\$

\$

During the biennium, the state university board must not prepare final plans and specifications for any construction or major remodeling authorized by this act until it has presented the program and schematic plans and cost estimates for all elements necessary to complete the project to the chairs of the house appropriations committee and the chair of the senate finance committee and the chairs have made their recommendations. The recommendations are advisory only. "Construction or major remodeling" means construction of a new building, or modifications of a building whose exterior dimension or interior configuration is altered in a material way. Reports on construction or major remodeling must summarize the current status of the individual project, the budget plan, and describe any conditions that are not consistent with the initial request, legislative testimony, or the appropriation. If applicable, schematic design documents must accompany the reports. Reports on projects that are not included in the above definition must be made before awarding bids. The reports must summarize the status of the individual projects, the budget plan, and any departure that may need to be made from the system's initial request. Architectural and design work may continue in accordance with the project schedule unless objections are raised by the chairs. If a unique situation arises during the planning process that may require a significant departure from the initial request or the appropriation, the agency or university must notify the chairs and await their responses before

	\$	\$
authorizing further work on the plans.		
Subd. 2. Bemidji Campus Remodel Sattgast Hall		5,039,300
Subd. 3. Mankato Campus		3,025,100
(a) Remodel Wiecking Center	1,390,500	
(b) Planning for Memorial Library	623,200	
(c) Planning for Trafton Hall addition	606,000	
(d) Planning for classroom/office building	405,400	
Subd. 4. Moorhead Campus		3,126,100
(a) Plan and remodel Hagen Hall, and upgrade the electrical distribution system	1,431,700	
(b) Construction of Regional Science Center	1,102,100	
(c) Enclose Center for the Arts courtyard	592,300	
Subd. 5. Saint Cloud Campus		20,054,700
(a) Remodel Stewart Hall	8,168,900	
(b) Construct and relocate greenhouse	927,000	
(c) Planning for Rec-Sports facility	191,000	
The student portion of this cost shall be based on a per student fee equal to that paid by students at the University of Minnesota, Twin Cities Campus.		
(d) Repair of Business Building Exterior	267,800	
(e) Acquisition of recreation fields land	1,000,000	



(f) Ice hockey center	\$ 9,500,000	\$
<p>This appropriation is contingent upon designation of the facility as an official training site by the United States Olympic Committee and upon issuance of the necessary special tax revenue bonds.</p>		
Subd. 6. Southwest Campus		1,658,300
(a) Waterproof tunnels	442,900	
(b) Tuck pointing	273,000	
(c) Planning for athletic building	139,000	
<p>The student portion of this cost shall be based on a per student fee equal to that paid by students at the University of Minnesota, Twin Cities Campus.</p>		
(d) Construction of classrooms and labs	248,900	
(e) Resurfacing of tennis courts and running track	154,500	
<p>The student portion of this cost shall be based on a per student fee equal to that paid by students at the University of Minnesota, Twin Cities Campus.</p>		
(f) 2 telecommunication towers and equipment for the Southwest Regional microwave backbone	400,000	
Subd. 7. Winona Campus		1,110,000
(a) Planning for applied science building	950,000	
(b) Planning for track/stadium complex	160,000	
<p>The student portion of this cost shall be based on a per student fee equal to that paid by students at the University of Minnesota, Twin Cities Campus.</p>		
Subd. 8. Statewide		9,120,000
(a) Abate asbestos materials and PCB's in transformers	5,000,000	

	\$	\$
The agency spending this appropriation must prepare a survey and report to the legislature by January 1, 1988, on the asbestos and PCB's that were found and removed, and what PCB's remain.		
(b) Roof repair for the following campuses: Bemidji, Mankato, Moorhead, St. Cloud, Southwest, and Winona	4,120,000	
Sec. 21. UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA		
Subdivision 1. To the regents of the University of Minnesota for the purposes specified in the following subdivisions		40,352,300
Subd. 2. Crookston Campus		1,119,400
(a) Plan agriculture operations management center	200,000	
(b) Construct linkages between various buildings	752,400	
(c) Watermain and sanitary sewer rehabilitation	167,000	
Subd. 3. Duluth Campus		6,134,000
(a) Replace boiler	1,752,300	
(b) Construct math/geology building addition	2,086,900	
(c) Construct Bohannon Hall addition	2,205,700	
(d) Plan Freshwater Research Laboratory	89,100	
Subd. 4. Morris Campus		511,700
(a) Repair roof and renovate Old Music Building	84,000	
(b) Plan student union renovation	209,900	
(c) Construct grain and feed handling facility	217,800	
Subd. 5. Rosemount Research Center		2,000,000

	\$	\$
<b>This appropriation is to clean up waste at the Rosemount Research Center.</b>		
Subd. 6. Twin Cities Campuses		21,335,900
(a) Remodel Green Hall, phase II	4,747,100	
(b) Develop comprehensive capital improvement plan for biological and related sciences	250,000	
(c) Plan construction of Earth Sciences Building	2,237,400	
(d) Plan renovation of vacated hospital space	891,000	
(e) Plan veterinary diagnostic lab renovation and construction	481,100	
(f) Plan Fraser Hall remodeling	786,100	
(g) Construct phase I of a recreational sports/physical education facility. Construction may not begin until the state appropriation has been matched by \$4,000,000 from student fees and \$5,200,000 from private funds.	8,500,000	
(h) Upgrade general purpose classrooms	2,827,400	
(i) Construct animal waste processing and utilization unit on St. Paul Campus	615,800	
(j) Swimming center	3,000,000	
<b>This appropriation is contingent upon designation of the facility as an official training site by the United States Olympic Committee and upon issuance of the necessary special tax revenue bonds.</b>		
(k) Fencing center	250,000	
<b>This appropriation is contingent upon designation of the facility as an official training site by the United States Olympic Committee and upon issuance of the necessary special tax revenue bonds.</b>		
Subd. 6. Waseca Campus		1,601,300

	\$	\$
(a) Plan recreational sports/ physical education addition	435,000	
The student portion of this cost shall be based on a per student fee equal to that paid by students at the University of Minnesota, Twin Cities Campus.		
(b) Renovate agriculture laboratories	1,002,900	
(c) Construct a truck, tractor, and equipment storage building	163,400	
Subd. 7. Systemwide		4,400,000

This appropriation is for fire and life safety; Phase II of PCB removal; asbestos treatment and removal; upgrade for the physically handicapped; and construction of an agricultural chemical storage facility on the St. Paul Campus.

It is requested that the University report to the legislature by January 15, 1988, on the status of the projects for which appropriations were made in subdivisions 5 and 7.

## Sec. 22. CORRECTIONS

Subdivision 1: To the commissioner of administration for the purposes specified in the following subdivisions

Subd. 2. Minnesota correctional facility - Lino Lakes "Q" building addition

2,743,300

206,000

Subd. 3. Minnesota Correctional Facility - Red Wing Boiler retrofit

25,000

Subd. 4. Minnesota Correctional Facility - Saint Cloud

250,800

(a) Fire and life safety projects

154,500

(b) Retrofit boiler with high efficiency burner

96,300

	\$	\$
This appropriation is to convert high pressure boilers to year-round low pressure operation.		
Subd. 5. Minnesota Correctional Facility - Sauk Centre Sullivan Cottage Remodeling - Phase 3		194,100
Subd. 6. Minnesota Correctional Facility - Stillwater		1,926,900
(a) Screens for cell hall windows	458,000	
(b) Industry storage building for steel	168,900	
(c) Auditorium conversion (Stillwater)	1,300,000	
Subd. 7. Thistledew Camp Program Activities Center		140,500
 Sec. 23. HUMAN SERVICES		
Subdivision 1. To the commissioner of administration or others for the purposes specified in the following subdivisions		3,450,000
Subd. 2. Brainerd Regional Treatment Center		700,000
This appropriation is to replace water and condensate lines at the hospital administration building.		
Subd. 3. Faribault Regional Treatment Center		500,000
This appropriation is to upgrade the primary electrical system.		
Subd. 4. Mash-Ka-Wisen juvenile chemical dependency treatment center		400,000

This appropriation is to the department of human services for a grant to a nonprofit organization located within Minnesota that is designated by the federal government to receive federal funds to construct a regional American Indian youth chemical dependency treatment center. If a nonprofit organization in Minnesota is not selected to receive federal funds by June 30, 1989, the appropriation is canceled. The appropriation is to help defray the costs of construction of the treatment center.

	\$	\$
Subd. 5. Systemwide		1,850,000
(a) Life safety	550,000	
(b) Residential building heating, ventilation, and air quality control		800,000
(c) Remodel chemical dependency program space	500,000	

#### Sec. 24. BOND SALE EXPENSES

To the commissioner of finance for bond sale expenses under Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.641, subdivision 8.

452,000

#### Sec. 25. [BOND SALE.]

Subdivision 1. [BUILDING FUND.] To provide the money appropriated in this act from the state building fund the commissioner of finance on request of the governor shall sell and issue bonds of the state in an amount up to \$354,614,700 in the manner, upon the terms, and with the effect prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, sections 16A.631 to 16A.675, and by the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, sections 4 to 7. To the extent permitted by section 31, the bonds must be general obligation special tax bonds paid for with the proceeds of the cigarette tax or the sales tax that are credited to the general obligation special tax debt service accounts in the state bond fund.

Subd. 2. [REINVEST IN MINNESOTA FUND.] To provide the money appropriated in this act from the reinvest in Minnesota fund, the commissioner of finance, on request of the governor, shall sell and issue bonds of the state in an amount up to \$16,000,000 in the

manner, upon the terms, and with the effect prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, sections 16A.631 to 16A.675, and by the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, sections 4 to 7. The proceeds of the bonds, except accrued interest and any premium received on the sale of the bonds, must be credited to a bond proceeds account in the reinvest in Minnesota resources fund.

Subd. 3. [TRANSPORTATION FUND.] To provide the money appropriated in this act from the state transportation fund the commissioner of finance on request of the governor shall sell and issue bonds of the state in an amount up to \$7,000,000 in the manner, upon the terms, and with the effect prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, sections 16A.631 to 16A.675, and by the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, sections 4 to 7. The proceeds of the bonds, except accrued interest and any premium received on the sale of the bonds, must be credited to a bond proceeds account in the state transportation fund.

Subd. 4. [WASTE MANAGEMENT FUND.] To provide the money appropriated in this act from the state waste management fund the commissioner of finance on request of the governor shall sell and issue bonds of the state in an amount up to \$3,000,000 in the manner, upon the terms, and with the effect prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, sections 16A.631 to 16A.675, and by the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, sections 4 to 7. The proceeds of the bonds, except accrued interest and any premium received on the sale of the bonds, must be credited to a bond proceeds account in the state waste management fund.

Subd. 5. [WATER POLLUTION CONTROL FUND.] To provide the money appropriated in this act from the water pollution control fund the commissioner of finance on request of the governor shall sell and issue bonds of the state in an amount up to \$72,300,000 in the manner, upon the terms, and with the effect prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, sections 16A.631 to 16A.675, and by the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, sections 4 to 7. The proceeds of the bonds, except accrued interest and any premium received on the sale of the bonds, must be credited to a bond proceeds account in the water pollution control fund.

Sec. 26. [CONSULTATION REQUIRED.]

Land must not be purchased and a building must not be purchased, constructed, or erected on land of the University of Minnesota until the regents have first consulted with the chair of the senate finance committee and the chair of the house appropriations committee and obtained their advisory recommendations.

## Sec. 27. [REVIEW OF PLANS.]

An agency to whom an appropriation is made in this act must not prepare final plans and specifications for any construction or major remodeling authorized by this act until the agency that will use the project has presented the program and schematic plans and cost estimates for all elements necessary to complete the project to the chair of the senate finance committee and the chair of the house appropriations committee and the chairs have made their recommendations. The recommendations are advisory only. Failure or refusal to make a recommendation promptly is considered a negative recommendation.

## Sec. 28. [APPROPRIATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION; TRANSFER.]

Upon the awarding of final contracts for the completion of a project for construction or other permanent improvement authorized by this act, or upon the abandonment of the project, the agency to whom the appropriation is made in this act may transfer the unencumbered balance in the project account to another project enumerated in the same section. The transfer must be made only to cover bids for the other project that were higher than was estimated when the appropriation for the other project was made and not to cover an expansion of the other project. The money transferred under this section is appropriated for the purposes for which transferred. For transfers by the state board of vocational technical education, the total cost of both projects and the required local share for both projects are adjusted accordingly. The commissioners and boards shall report to the chair of the senate finance committee and the chair of the house appropriations committee before a transfer is made under this section.

## Sec. 29. [APPROPRIATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION; FEDERAL MONEY; EXCEEDING AUTHORIZED COST.]

An agency that receives an appropriation in this act shall apply for the maximum federal share for each capital improvement project for which money is appropriated by this act. Encumbrance or expenditure of money in excess of the project authorization may be made only after the agency has consulted with the chair of the senate finance committee and the chair of the house appropriations committee and the chairs have made their recommendations. The recommendations are advisory only. Failure or refusal to make a recommendation promptly is considered a negative recommendation.

## Sec. 30. [METHODS OF ACQUISITION.]

If money has been appropriated by this act to the commissioner of administration to acquire lands or sites for public buildings or real



estate, the acquisition may be by gift, purchase, or condemnation proceedings. Condemnation proceedings must be under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 117.

**Sec. 31. [16A.661] [GENERAL OBLIGATION SPECIAL TAX BONDS.]**

Subdivision 1. [AUTHORITY.] When authorized by law enacted in accordance with the constitution, article XI, sections 5 and 7, the commissioner may by order sell and issue general obligation special tax bonds of the state evidencing public debt incurred for any purpose stated in the law. The bonds are payable primarily from the proceeds of special taxes appropriated to special tax bond debt service accounts established in subdivision 3 and other money on hand in that fund from time to time; however, the bonds are general obligations of the state, and the full faith and credit of the state are pledged for their payment.

Subd. 2. [MANNER OF ISSUANCE; MATURITIES.] The bonds must be issued and sold in accordance with section 16A.641, except that the maturities of the bonds and the interest rates applicable to the bonds must be fixed so that the principal and interest coming due in the 1987-1989 biennium on all bonds outstanding at any time does not exceed \$12,250,000. Sections 16A.672 and 16A.675 apply to the bonds.

Subd. 3. [ESTABLISHMENT OF DEBT SERVICE FUND; APPROPRIATION OF DEBT SERVICE FUND MONEY.] (a) There is established within the state bond fund a separate and special account designated as a general obligation special tax bond debt service account. There must be credited to this debt service account in each fiscal year from the tobacco tax revenue fund established in section 297.13 an amount sufficient to increase the balance on hand in the debt service account on each December 1 to an amount equal to the full amount of principal and interest to come due on all outstanding bonds whose debt service is payable primarily from proceeds of the tax to and including the second following July 1. The money on hand in the debt service account must be used solely for the payment of the principal of, and interest on, the bonds, and is appropriated for this purpose. This appropriation does not cancel as long as any of the bonds remain outstanding.

(b) There is established within the state bond fund a separate and special account designated as a general obligation special tax bond debt service account. There must be credited to this debt service account in each fiscal year from the sports and health club sale tax revenue fund established in section 49 an amount sufficient to increase the balance on hand in the debt service account on each December 1 to an amount equal to the full amount of principal and interest to come due on all outstanding bonds whose debt service is payable primarily from proceeds of the tax to and including the

second following July 1. The money on hand in the debt service account must be used solely for the payment of the principal of, and interest on, the bonds, and is appropriated for this purpose. This appropriation does not cancel as long as any of the bonds remain outstanding.

Subd. 4. [APPROPRIATION FROM GENERAL FUND.] There is annually appropriated to the general obligation special tax bond debt service accounts from the general fund the amount that, added to the amount in the general obligation special tax bond debt service accounts on December 1 each year, after giving effect to subdivision 3, is equal to the full amount of principal and interest to come due on all bonds to and including July 1 in the second ensuing year.

Subd. 5. [CONSTITUTIONAL TAX LEVY.] Under the constitution, article XI, section 7, the state auditor must levy each year on all taxable property within the state a tax sufficient, with the amount then on hand in the general obligation special tax bond debt service accounts, to pay all principal and interest on the bonds due and to become due to and including July 1 in the second ensuing year. The tax is not subject to limit as to rate or amount. However, the amount of money appropriated from other sources as provided in subdivisions 3 and 4, and actually received and on hand before the levy in any year, reduces the amount of the tax otherwise required to be levied. The proceeds of the tax must be credited to the appropriate general obligation special tax bond debt service account.

Subd. 6. [TAXABILITY; CERTIFICATION.] The commissioner shall ascertain from state records and certify to the initial purchasers of each series of bonds, subject to the approval of the attorney general, that all conditions exist and all actions have been taken that are needed to make the series of bonds valid and binding general obligations of the state in accordance with their terms. The bonds may be issued without regard to whether the interest to be paid on them is includable in gross income for federal tax purposes. However, if it is intended that the interest on the bonds be exempt from federal income taxes, the commissioner shall also certify for the state on the date of issue the facts, estimates, and circumstances that lead the commissioner reasonably to expect that the proceeds of the bonds and the projects financed by them will not be used in a way that would cause the interest on the bonds to be subject to federal income taxes; the commissioner may covenant and agree with the holders of the bonds that the state will comply with the provisions of the United States Internal Revenue Code now or hereafter enacted that are or may be applicable to the bonds and that establish conditions under which the interest to be paid on the bonds will not be subject to federal income taxes; and the commissioner and all other state officers shall take the actions or refrain from taking the actions necessary to comply with the covenants. Money required to be spent for compliance is appropriated to the commissioner from the general fund.

Subd. 7. [APPLICATION AND APPROPRIATION OF PROCEEDS.] The proceeds of the bonds must be deposited and spent as provided in this subdivision and are appropriated for those purposes. Any accrued interest and any premium received on the sale of the bonds, and any amount of bond proceeds determined by the commissioner to be needed to pay interest payable on the bonds up to 18 months following their issuance, must be credited to the appropriate general obligation special tax bond debt service account. Except as required for section 25, subdivisions 2 and 4, the balance of the bond proceeds shall be credited to the state building fund and spent for the purposes specified in the law authorizing the issuance of the bonds. So much of the proceeds as is necessary must be used to pay costs incurred in issuing and selling the bonds.

Subd. 8. [SPECIFIC BOND AUTHORIZATION.] (a) Upon request by the governor, the commissioner of finance may issue general obligation special tax revenue bonds under subdivision 1, to provide money appropriated for the purposes specified in sections 5, subdivision 4, (RIM); 7 (WPCF); and 12 (RIM).

(b) Upon request by the governor, the commissioner of finance may issue general obligation special tax revenue bonds under subdivision 1, to provide money appropriated for the purposes specified in sections 8, subdivision 3, (DEED); 9 (IRRRB); and 20, subdivision 5, clause (f), (St. Cloud State University); and 21, subdivision 6, (University of Minnesota).

**Sec. 32. [85.012] [Subd. 19.] [MYSTERY CAVE ADDED TO FORESTVILLE STATE PARK.]**

Subdivision 1. The commissioner of natural resources is authorized to acquire by gift or purchase the lands and interests in lands presently owned or controlled by the owners and operators of Mystery Cave, in Fillmore county, together with such other lands and interests in lands as may be necessary for the permanent development of Mystery Cave as a part of the state park system. These lands and interests in lands, when acquired, will constitute a part of Forestville state park, and shall be administered in the same manner as provided for other state parks and shall be perpetually dedicated for such use. After necessary repairs and development, the commissioner may conduct guided tours of Mystery Cave and may establish fees therefor. These fees shall be deposited in the state park working capital fund. As necessary to the operation of Mystery Cave, the commissioner may enter into agreements with local road authorities for the maintenance or improvement of roads necessary to provide access to the cave.

Subd. 2. The lands and interests in lands which the commissioner may acquire by gift or purchase for Mystery Cave are described as follows:

(1) the North Half of the East 16 acres of the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, and the East 1 acre of the Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter in Section 19; the Southwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter, and the North 20 acres of the East Half of the Southeast Quarter of Section 20; and a 2 rod cartway, the center line being described as follows: Commencing at a point 155 feet West of the northeast corner of the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter of Section 19, thence North 10 degrees 30 minutes West 600 feet, thence North 38 degrees 15 minutes West 196 feet, thence North 3 degrees West 460 feet to center of cartway; all in Township 102 North, Range 12 West, County of Fillmore; and

(2) subsurface estates and related rights and interests in lands needed for the permanent preservation of the cave and permanent development of those parts that will be open to the public. These subsurface estates shall include all minerals and mineral rights. The commissioner may exclude subsurface water and water rights from these acquisitions, on the condition that the location and drilling of wells be approved by the commissioner before drilling and that any water appropriation permit not substantially diminish the flow of any subterranean stream necessary to the natural condition of the cave. To the greatest extent possible, and for the purpose of avoiding future damage to the cave, the commissioner shall specifically include, as a part of the subsurface interests acquired, all sand, gravel, rock, and any other rights that customarily are regarded as interests in surface estates.

Subd. 3. [APPROPRIATION.] \$162,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of natural resources to be available until expended for the following purposes to implement the acquisition of Mystery Cave as part of Forestville state park under section 1. The following amounts are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner for the purposes specified:

- |  |                  |
|--|------------------|
| <u>(a) for additional equipment</u>      | <u>\$ 30,000</u> |
| <u>(b) for maintenance and operation</u> | <u>\$132,000</u> |

The approved complement of the department of natural resources is increased by one position in the classified service.

Sec. 33. [124.491] [CITATION.]

Sections 34 to 38 may be cited as the "cooperative secondary facilities grant act."

Sec. 34. [124.492] [POLICY AND PURPOSE.]

Because of the rates of decline in school-aged population, population shifts and economic changes that the state has experienced in recent years and anticipates in future years, and because in some instances local school districts have not, and will not be able to provide the required construction funds through local property taxes, the purpose of the cooperative secondary facilities grant program is to provide an incentive to encourage cooperation in making available to all secondary students those educational programs, services and facilities that are most efficiently and effectively provided by a cooperative effort of several school districts. The policy and purpose of sections 35 to 37 is to use the credit of the state, to a limited degree, to provide grants to cooperating groups of school districts to improve and expand the educational opportunities and facilities available to their secondary students.

Sec. 35. [124.493] [APPROVAL AUTHORITY; APPLICATION FORMS.]

Subdivision 1. [APPROVAL BY COMMISSIONER.] To the extent money is available, the commissioner of education may approve or disapprove applications under section 36. The grant money must be used only to acquire, construct, remodel or improve the building or site of a cooperative secondary facility under contracts to be entered into within 15 months after the date on which each grant is awarded.

Subd. 2. [APPLICATION FORMS; RULES.] The commissioner of education shall prepare application forms. The state board of education shall adopt rules under chapter 14 to govern the application process set out in section 36.

Sec. 36. [124.494] [GRANT APPLICATION PROCESS.]

Subdivision 1. [QUALIFICATION.] Any group of school districts that meets the criteria required under subdivision 2 may apply for an incentive grant in an amount up to 75 percent of the approved construction costs of a cooperative secondary education facility.

Subd. 2. [REVIEW BY COMMISSIONER.] (a) Any group of districts that submits an application for a grant shall submit a proposal to the commissioner for review and comment under section 121.15, and the commissioner shall prepare a review and comment on the proposed facility, regardless of the amount of the capital expenditure required to acquire, construct, remodel or improve the secondary facility. The commissioner must not approve an application for an incentive grant for any secondary facility unless the facility receives a favorable review and comment under section 121.15 and the following criteria are met:

(1) a minimum of three or more districts, with kindergarten to grade twelve enrollments in each district of no more than 1,000 pupils, enter into a joint powers agreement;

(2) a joint powers board representing all participating districts is established under section 471.59 to govern the cooperative secondary facility;

(3) the planned secondary facility will result in the joint powers district meeting the requirements of Minnesota Rules, parts 3500.2010 and 3500.2110;

(4) at least 240 pupils would be served in grades 10 to 12, 320 pupils would be served in grades 9 to 12, or 480 pupils would be served in grades 7 to 12;

(5) no more than one superintendent is employed by the joint powers board as a result of the cooperative secondary facility agreement;

(6) a statement of need is submitted, that may include reasons why the current secondary facilities are inadequate, unsafe or inaccessible to the handicapped;

(7) an educational plan is prepared, that includes input from both community and professional staff;

(8) a combined seniority list for all participating districts is developed by the joint powers board;

(9) an education program is developed that provides for more learning opportunities and course offerings for students than is currently available in any single member district; and

(10) a plan is developed for providing instruction of any resident students in other districts when distance to the secondary education facility makes attendance at the facility unreasonably difficult or impractical.

(b) To the extent possible, the joint powers board is encouraged to provide for severance pay or for early retirement incentives under section 125.611, for any teacher or administrator, as defined under section 125.12, subdivision 1, who is placed on unrequested leave as a result of the cooperative secondary facility agreement.

Subd. 3. [DISTRICT PROCEDURES.] A joint powers board of a secondary district established under subdivision 2 that intends to apply for a grant shall adopt a resolution stating the proposed costs of the project, the purpose for which the debt is to be incurred, and an estimate of the dates when the facilities for which the grant is requested will be contracted for and completed. Applications for the state grants must be accompanied by (a) a copy of the resolution, (b) a certificate by the clerk and treasurer of the joint powers board showing the current outstanding indebtedness of each member

district, and (c) a certificate by the county auditor of each county in which a portion of the joint powers district lies showing the information in the auditor's official records that is required to be used in computing the debt limit of the district under section 475.53, subdivision 4. The clerk's and treasurer's certificate shall show, as to each outstanding bond issue of each member district, the amount originally issued, the purpose for which issued, the date of issue, the amount remaining unpaid as of the date of the resolution, and the interest rates and due dates and amounts of principal thereon. Applications and necessary data must be in the form prescribed by the commissioner and the rules of the state board of education. When an application is received, the commissioner shall obtain from the commissioner of revenue, and from the public utilities commission when required, the information in their official records that is required to be used in computing the debt limit of the joint powers district under section 475.53, subdivision 4.

Subd. 4. [AWARD OF GRANTS.] The commissioner shall examine and consider all applications for grants, and if any joint powers district is found not qualified, the commissioner shall promptly notify that joint powers board. On January 1 and July 1 of each year, the commissioner shall make a determination on all pending applications that have been on file with the commissioner more than one month. If the applicants are determined to be qualified by the commissioner and the total amount of the grants applied for does not exceed the amount available or that can be made available in the incentive grant account, all grants so applied for shall be approved, subject to verification by the joint powers districts as specified in subdivision 6. If the total amount of the applications exceeds the amount that is or can be made available, the commissioner shall allot the available amount among the qualified applicant districts, according to the commissioner's judgment and discretion based upon their respective needs. The commissioner shall promptly certify to each qualified joint powers district the amount, if any, of the grant awarded to it.

Subd. 5. [REFERENDUM; BOND ISSUE.] Within 90 days after being awarded a grant under subdivision 4, the joint powers board shall submit the question of authorizing the borrowing of funds for the secondary facility to the voters of the joint powers district at a special election, which may be held in conjunction with the annual election of the school board members of the member districts. The question submitted shall state the total amount of funding needed from all sources. A majority of those voting in the affirmative on the question is sufficient to authorize the joint powers board to issue the bonds on public sale in accordance with chapter 475. The clerk of the joint powers board must certify the vote of the bond election to the commissioner of education. If the bonds are authorized by the voters, the commissioner shall notify the county auditor of each county in which the joint powers district is located that the grant amount certified under subdivision 4 is available and appropriated for

payment of principal and interest on the bonds issued under this subdivision, and the auditor shall reduce the joint powers district's debt service levies accordingly. If a majority of those voting on the question do not vote in the affirmative, the grant must be canceled.

Subd. 6. [CONTRACT.] Each grant must be evidenced by a contract between the joint powers board and the state acting through the commissioner. It obligates the state to pay to the joint powers board an amount computed according to subdivision 4, upon receipt by the commissioner of a certified resolution of the joint powers board verifying that contracts have been entered into for construction or remodeling of the facilities for which the grant is awarded and that bonds of the joint powers district have been issued and sold in the amount necessary to pay all project costs in excess of the amount of the grant, and estimating the costs.

Sec. 37. [124.495] [STATE BOND AUTHORIZATION.]

To provide money for the cooperative secondary facilities grant program, the commissioner of finance, upon the request of the commissioner of education, shall issue and sell bonds of the state up to the amount of \$8,000,000 in the manner, upon the terms and with the effect prescribed by sections 16A.631 to 16A.675 and the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, sections 4 to 7.

Sec. 38. [124.496] [REPORT TO THE LEGISLATURE.]

By January 15 of each year, the commissioner of education shall report to the legislature on the implementation of the cooperative secondary facilities grant program established in sections 1 to 5.

Sec. 39. [240A.01] [DEFINITIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [APPLICABILITY.] As used in sections 40 to 45, the words defined in this section have the meanings given them.

Subd. 2. [COMMISSION.] "Commission" means the Minnesota amateur sports commission.

Subd. 3. [LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.] "Local governments" means counties, towns, statutory or home rule charter cities, school districts, or any combination of them.

Subd. 4. [SPORTS FACILITY OR SPORTS FACILITIES.] "Sports facility" or "sports facilities" means real or personal property or both suitable for holding those amateur sports competitions determined by the commission.

Sec. 40. [240A.02] [MINNESOTA AMATEUR SPORTS COMMISSION.]



Subdivision 1. [CREATION.] The Minnesota amateur sports commission is created.

Subd. 2. [MEMBERSHIP.] The commission consists of seven members appointed by the governor. In making the initial appointments, the governor shall stagger the terms of the appointments so that three members serve for two years, two for four years, and two for six years. Thereafter, members shall serve terms of six years. Members of the initial board and all other boards are eligible for reappointment.

Subd. 3. [CHAIR.] Upon recommendation of the commission, the governor shall appoint the chair of the commission.

Subd. 4. [MEETINGS.] The commission shall meet at least quarterly and at other times determined by the commission and shall adopt rules to govern its proceedings.

Subd. 5. [STAFF.] The commission shall appoint an executive director who may hire the employees as authorized by the commission. The compensation of the executive director and other employees shall be determined by the commission.

Subd. 6. [COMPENSATION; EXPENSES; REMOVAL.] Commission members shall receive \$50 per meeting of the commission and shall be reimbursed for expenses incurred in performing the necessary business of the commission. A member of the commission may be removed as provided in section 15.0575.

Sec. 41. [240A.03] [GENERAL POWERS OF THE COMMISSION.]

Subdivision 1. [GENERAL.] The commission has the powers necessary and convenient to discharge the duties imposed by law, including but not limited to those provided in this section.

Subd. 2. [ACTIONS.] The commission may sue and be sued and is a public body within the meaning of chapter 562.

Subd. 3. [PROPERTY.] The commission may acquire by lease, purchase, gift, or devise all necessary right, title, and interest in and to real or personal property necessary to the purposes of amateur sports facilities.

Subd. 4. [CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATION.] The commission may own, operate, construct, repair, or refurbish, and enter into contracts for the same purposes for real or personal property or both necessary for amateur sports facilities.

Subd. 5. [EXEMPTION OF PROPERTY.] Real or personal property acquired, owned, leased, controlled, used, or occupied by the commission for the purposes of amateur sports facilities is declared to be acquired, owned, leased, controlled, used, and occupied for public, governmental, and municipal purposes, and is exempt from ad valorem taxation by the state or any political subdivision of the state, provided that the properties shall be subject to special assessments levied by a political subdivision for a local improvement in amounts proportionate to and not exceeding the special benefit received by the properties from the improvement. No possible use of any of the properties in any manner different from their use under sections 40 to 45 at the time shall be considered in determining the special benefit received by the properties. Assessments shall be subject to final confirmation by the commission, whose determination of the benefits shall be conclusive upon the political subdivision levying the assessment.

Subd. 6. [DISPOSITION OF PROPERTY.] The commission may sell or otherwise dispose of any real or personal property acquired by it that is no longer required for accomplishment of its purposes. The property shall be sold in the manner provided by section 458.196, insofar as practical and consistent with sections 473.551 to 473.595.

Subd. 7. [CONTRACTS.] The commission may contract for materials, supplies, and equipment, and may employ persons, firms, or corporations to perform one or more or all of the functions of architect, engineer, construction manager, project manager, or contractor for both design and construction, with respect to all or any part of a project to build or remodel sports facilities.

Subd. 8. [GIFTS AND GRANTS.] The commission may accept gifts of money, property, or services; may apply for and accept grants or loans of money or other property from the United States, the state, a subdivision of the state, or a person for any of its purposes; may enter into an agreement required in connection with it; and may hold, use, and dispose of the money, property, or services in accordance with the terms of the gift, grant, loan, or agreement relating to it. The commission may also make grants, gifts, and bequests of money, property, or services and enter into contracts to carry out the same. Money received under this subdivision is annually appropriated to the commission.

Subd. 9. [RESEARCH.] The commission may conduct research studies and programs; collect and analyze data; prepare reports, maps, charts, and tables; and conduct necessary hearings and investigations in connection with its functions.

Subd. 10. [USE AGREEMENTS.] The commission may lease, license, or enter into agreements and may fix, alter, charge, and collect rentals, fees, and charges to persons for the use, occupation, and availability of part or all of any premises, property, or facilities

under its ownership, operation, or control. Any use agreement may provide that the other contracting party shall have exclusive use of the premises at the times agreed upon.

Subd. 11. [INSURANCE.] The commission may require any employee to obtain and file with it an individual bond or fidelity insurance policy. It may obtain insurance in the amounts it considers necessary to protect it against the liability of the commission or its officers and employees for personal injury or death and property damage or destruction, with the effect stated in chapter 466, and against risks of damage to or destruction of any of its facilities, equipment, or other property.

Subd. 12. [RULES AND PROCEDURES.] The commission may adopt rules and procedures to implement its authority under sections 40 to 45. The rules and procedures are exempt from the rulemaking requirements of chapter 14.

Sec. 42. [240A.04] [PROMOTION AND DEVELOPMENT OF AMATEUR SPORTS.]

In addition to the powers and duties granted under section 13, the commission shall:

(1) promote the development of olympic training centers within the state;

(2) promote physical fitness in sports;

(3) develop, foster, and coordinate services and programs of physical fitness and amateur sports for the people of Minnesota;

(4) sponsor amateur sport workshops, clinics, conferences, and similar activities;

(5) provide recognition for outstanding developments and achievements in and contributions to amateur sports;

(6) stimulate and promote physical fitness in amateur sport research;

(7) collect, disseminate, and communicate amateur sport information throughout the amateur sport community;

(8) promote the development of amateur sport programs in schools and local governments;

(9) encourage local governments and communities to develop local physical fitness and amateur sport programs;

(10) develop programs to promote personal health, physical fitness, and participation in amateur sports in cooperation with medical, dental, sports medicine, and other similar professional societies;

(11) promote the development of recreational amateur sport opportunities and activities in the state, including the means of facilitating acquisition, proper financing, construction, and rehabilitation of sports facilities for the holding of minor and major amateur sporting events;

(12) promote national and international amateur sport competitions and events;

(13) sanction or sponsor any amateur sport competition, unless that sanction or sponsorship is harmful to the competition or to any participant in the competition;

(14) join and continue in membership in any regional or national amateur sports association or organization;

(15) promote the mainstreaming and normalization of people with physical disabilities, visual and hearing impairments in amateur sports; and

(16) take any and all other action necessary to further the purpose and interests of amateur sports in this state.

#### Sec. 43. [240A.05] [SANCTION OF CERTAIN EVENTS.]

The commission may sponsor or sanction amateur sporting events that include athletes who participate in events sponsored or sanctioned by the Minnesota state high school league or any other governing body of sport.

#### Sec. 44. [240A.06] [STATE AMATEUR ATHLETIC GAMES.]

Subdivision 1. [SPONSORSHIP REQUIRED.] The commission shall sponsor and sanction a series of statewide amateur athletic games patterned after the winter and summer Olympic Games, with variations as required by facilities, equipment, and expertise. The games shall be held annually beginning in 1989, except as otherwise allowed by the availability of funds or facilities and unless the time of the games would conflict with other sporting events as the commission determines.

Subd. 2. [LIMITATIONS.] The games shall be designed to encourage the participation of athletes representing a broad range of age groups, skill levels, physical disabilities, and Minnesota communities. Primary participants shall be residents of Minnesota. Regional

competitions to determine participants in the games may be held throughout the state, and the top qualifiers in each sport or the regional competitions are qualified to participate in the state amateur athletic games. The games shall be held at an appropriate site in the state.

Sec. 45. [240A.07] [COOPERATION URGED.]

Local governments are urged to cooperate with the commission to the greatest extent practicable in providing facilities for use in amateur sports and olympic training.

Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.13, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [CIGARETTE TAX APPORTIONMENT.] Revenues received from taxes, penalties and interest under sections 297.01 to 297.13 and from license fees and miscellaneous sources of revenue shall be deposited by the commissioner of revenue in a separate and special fund, designated as the tobacco tax revenue fund, in the state treasury and credited as follows:

(a) first to the general obligation special tax bond debt service account in each fiscal year the amount required by section 31, subdivision 3, paragraph (a); and

(b) after the requirements of paragraph (a) of this subdivision have been met:

(1) the revenue produced by one mill of the tax on cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds a thousand and two mills of the tax on cigarettes weighing more than three pounds a thousand must be credited to a Minnesota resources fund for purposes of natural resources acceleration as provided in chapter 86;

(2) the revenue produced by two mills of the tax on cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds a thousand and four mills of the tax on cigarettes weighing more than three pounds a thousand must be credited to the Minnesota state water pollution control fund created in section 116.16, provided that, if the tax on cigarettes imposed by United States Code, title 26, section 5701, as amended, is reduced after June 1, 1985, an additional one mill of the tax on cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds a thousand and two mills of the tax on cigarettes weighing more than three pounds a thousand must be credited to the Minnesota state water pollution control fund created in section 116.16 less any amount credited to the general obligation special tax debt service account under paragraph (a), with respect to bonds issued for the prevention, control, and abatement of water pollution;

(3) the revenue produced by one-half mill of the tax on cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds a thousand and one mill of the tax on cigarettes weighing more than three pounds a thousand must be credited to a public health fund, provided that if the tax on cigarettes imposed by United States Code, title 26, section 5701, as amended, is reduced after June 1, 1985, an additional two-tenths of one mill of the tax on cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds a thousand and an additional four-tenths of one mill of the tax on cigarettes weighing more than three pounds a thousand must be credited to the public health fund; and

(4) the balance of the revenues derived from taxes, penalties, and interest under sections 297.01 to 297.13 and from license fees and miscellaneous sources of revenue shall be credited to the general fund.

Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.26, is amended to read:

297.26 [REVENUE DISTRIBUTION.]

All revenues derived from taxes, penalties and interest under sections 297.21 to 297.26 shall be deposited by the commissioner in the general tobacco tax revenue fund and disposed of in the same manner as provided by section 297.13 for revenues received under sections 297.01 to 297.13.

Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.01, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. A "sale" and a "purchase" includes, but is not limited to, each of the following transactions:

(a) Any transfer of title or possession, or both, of tangible personal property, whether absolutely or conditionally, and the leasing of or the granting of a license to use or consume tangible personal property other than manufactured homes used for residential purposes for a continuous period of 30 days or more, for a consideration in money or by exchange or barter. "Sales" also include the transfer of computer software, meaning information and directions which dictate the function to be performed by data processing equipment and which are sold without adaptation to the specific requirements of the purchaser. This type of computer software, whether contained on tape, discs, cards, or other devices, shall be considered tangible personal property;

(b) The production, fabrication, printing or processing of tangible personal property for a consideration for consumers who furnish either directly or indirectly the materials used in the production, fabrication, printing or processing;

(c) The furnishing, preparing or serving for a consideration of food, meals or drinks, not including hospitals, sanatoriums, nursing homes or senior citizens homes, meals or drinks purchased for and served exclusively to individuals who are 60 years of age or over and their spouses or to the handicapped and their spouses by governmental agencies, nonprofit organizations, agencies, or churches or pursuant to any program funded in whole or part through 42 USCA sections 3001 through 3045, wherever delivered, prepared or served, meals and lunches served at public and private schools, universities or colleges, or the occasional meal thereof by a charitable or church organization. Notwithstanding section 297A.25, subdivision 2, taxable food or meals include, but are not limited to, the following:

(i) heated food or drinks;

(ii) sandwiches prepared by the retailer;

(iii) single sales of prepackaged ice cream or ice milk novelties prepared by the retailer;

(iv) hand-prepared or dispensed ice cream or ice milk products including cones, sundaes, and snow cones;

(v) soft drinks and other beverages prepared or served by the retailer;

(vi) gum;

(vii) ice;

(viii) all food sold in vending machines;

(ix) party trays prepared by the retailers; and

(x) all meals and single servings of packaged snack food, single cans or bottles of pop, sold in restaurants and bars;

(d) The granting of the privilege of admission to places of amusement or athletic events and the privilege of use of amusement devices or athletic facilities;

(e) The furnishing for a consideration of lodging and related services by a hotel, rooming house, tourist court, motel or trailer camp and of the granting of any similar license to use real property other than the renting or leasing thereof for a continuous period of 30 days or more;

(f) The furnishing for a consideration of electricity, gas, water, or steam for use or consumption within this state, or local exchange telephone service and intrastate toll service; the tax imposed on

amounts paid for telephone services is the liability of and shall be paid by the person paying for the services. Sales by municipal corporations in a proprietary capacity are included in the provisions of this clause. The furnishing of water and sewer services for residential use shall not be considered a sale;

(g) The furnishing for a consideration of cable television services, including charges for basic monthly service, charges for monthly premium service, and charges for any other similar television services;

(h) Notwithstanding subdivision 4, and section 297A.25, subdivision 9, the sales of horses including claiming sales and fees paid for breeding a stallion to a mare. This clause applies to sales and fees with respect to a horse to be used for racing whose birth has been recorded by the Jockey Club or the United States Trotting Association or the American Quarter Horse Association but shall not apply with respect to the sale of a horse bred and born in the state of Minnesota;

(i) The granting of membership in a club, association or other organization if:

(1) the club, association, or other organization makes available for the use of its members sports and athletic facilities (without regard to whether a separate charge is assessed for use of the facilities); and

(2) use of the sports and athletic facilities is not made available to the general public on the same basis as it is made available to members.

Granting of membership includes both one-time initiation fees and periodic membership dues. Sports and athletic facilities include golf courses, tennis, racquetball, handball and squash courts, basketball and volleyball facilities, running tracks, exercise equipment, swimming pools and other similar athletic or sports facilities. The provisions of this paragraph do not apply to camps or other recreation facilities owned and operated by an exempt organization under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, for educational and social activities for young people primarily age 18 and under.

Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.44, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. (a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) all revenues, including interest and penalties, derived from the excise and use taxes imposed by sections 297A.01 to 297A.44 shall be deposited by the commissioner in the state treasury and credited to the general fund.



(b) All excise and use taxes derived from sales and use of property and services purchased for the construction and operation of an agricultural resource project, from and after the date on which a conditional commitment for a loan guaranty for the project is made pursuant to section 41A.04, subdivision 3, shall be deposited in the agricultural resource loan guaranty fund. The commissioner of finance shall certify to the commissioner the date on which the project received the conditional commitment. The amount deposited in the loan guaranty fund shall be reduced by any refunds and by the costs incurred by the department of revenue to administer and enforce the assessment and collection of the taxes.

(c) All revenues, including interest and penalties, derived from the excise and use taxes imposed on sales and purchases included in section 48, paragraph (i), clauses (1) and (2), must be deposited by the commissioner of revenue in a separate and special fund, designated as the sports and health club sales tax revenue fund in the state treasury and credited as follows:

(1) first to the general obligation special tax bond debt service account in each fiscal year the amount required by section 31, subdivision 3, paragraph (b); and

(2) after the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section have been met:

(i) no more than the amounts specifically appropriated to operate and maintain facilities financed under sections 5, subdivision 4; 7; 8, subdivision 3; 9; 12; 20, subdivision 5, clause (f); and 21, subdivision 6, clauses (j) and (k) must be credited to an amateur athletic facilities account set up for this purpose; and

(ii) the balance must be credited to the general fund.

#### Sec. 50. [LOCAL BONDING AUTHORITY.]

Subdivision 1. [BONDING AUTHORITY.] In addition to bonds authorized by other law, independent school district No. 625 may issue \$400,000 in general obligation bonds in 1987 or 1988 for capital repairs and improvements. The bonds issued under this section are not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 475.58, 475.59, or the first sentence of 475.53, subdivision 5. The bonds must otherwise be issued as provided in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475. The authority to issue bonds under this section is in addition to any bonding authority authorized by Minnesota Statutes, chapter 124, or other law. The amount of bonding authority authorized under this section must be disregarded in calculating the bonding limit of chapter 124 or any other law other than Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475.

The bonds must not be issued until the school district has conveyed to the city of Saint Paul, by recordable deed, all of the interest of independent school district No. 625 in property legally described as King's Park View, Block 2. The property is otherwise known as the Edgcumbe school site and is bounded by Hamline Avenue, Pinehurst Avenue, Syndicate Street, and Ford Parkway. The school district may accept contributions, direct or indirect, related to the conveyance, from any source, provided that the amount of bonds authorized under this section must be reduced by the amount of contributions accepted except for contributions associated with the costs of issuing the bonds.

Subd. 2. [TAX LEVY FOR DEBT SERVICE.] To pay for the principal of and interest on bonds issued under subdivision 1, independent school district No. 625 must levy a tax annually in an amount sufficient under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, subdivisions 1 and 3, to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds. The tax authorized under this section is in addition to the taxes authorized to be levied under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 124A or 275, or other law. The tax authorized under this section is not subject to and must be disregarded in the calculation of any levies subject to limits on levies provided in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 124A or 275, or other law.

Sec. 51. [PLANNING.]

In its planning for new program offerings at a particular institution, each public post-secondary governing board shall consider the availability of physical space and the adequacy of facilities at that institution. If the board determines that new space or facilities are required, it shall examine the feasibility of developing the program at a different institution within its system.

Sec. 52. [GREAT RIVER ROAD BONDS.]

Subdivision 1. The city of Minneapolis may issue \$6,000,000 in general obligation bonds for land acquisition in connection with the great river road project. The bonds must be issued before December 31, 1987. The bonds issued under this subdivision are not included in the net indebtedness of the city as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 475.51, subdivision 4.

Subd. 2. Upon certification by the city of Minneapolis to the department of finance and the Minnesota pollution control agency that the city has issued \$6,000,000 in bonds under subdivision 1, any current or future repayments required by Minnesota Statutes, section 116.162, subdivision 6, are canceled.

Sec. 53. [EXPANDING USE OF RED RIVER DIKE FUNDS.]

The unobligated balance of the appropriations made in Laws 1981, chapter 361, section 3, subdivision 3, and Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 15, section 4, subdivision 5, does not cancel pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28 or other law, but is available for grants for flood management projects or to evaluate the practicality and feasibility of establishing a coordinated diking system along both sides of the Red River of the North beginning at East Grand Forks and Grand Forks and extending north for the Minnesota counties of Polk, Marshall, and Kittson, and the North Dakota counties of Grand Forks, Walsh, and Pembina. The commissioner of natural resources shall make the grants available to the Lower Red River watershed management board to cooperate and work with the Minnesota counties and the North Dakota counties and local water management organizations.

Sec. 54. [CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS.]

Subdivision 1. [CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT LEVY.] Dakota county may levy a property tax annually for a capital improvement program. The proceeds shall be placed in a capital improvement fund for the construction of an administrative office facility and disbursed like other county funds. Proceeds not used in the year collected may be held over for use in subsequent years. Interest earnings on money in the fund shall accrue to the fund. The tax shall be disregarded in the calculation of any levies or limits on levies provided by Minnesota Statutes, chapter 275, or other law.

Subd. 2. [AUTHORIZATION.] The county board may, by resolution, without submitting the question to a vote of the people, sell and issue up to \$7,000,000 in general obligation bonds of the county for an administrative office facility. This authority is in addition to any other authority granted by Minnesota Statutes, section 473.811, or other law.

Subd. 3. [FORM OF BONDS.] Payment of the bonds shall be secured by pledging the full faith and credit and taxing power of Dakota county. The county board shall prescribe the form of the bonds and their interest rate and sell them to the highest bidder after publication of the notice of the time and place for receiving the bids. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds shall be deposited in the capital improvement fund and disbursed like other county funds. Any unexpended balance in the capital improvement bond fund at the close of a fiscal year may be carried over for expenditure or encumbrance in subsequent fiscal years. Except as provided in this section, Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475 shall govern the issuance and payment of the bonds.

Sec. 55. [REVERSE REFERENDUM.]

Before each issuance of bonds under section 54, the county board shall publish its intention to do so for two successive weeks in the

official newspaper of the county or a newspaper of general circulation in the county, together with a notice fixing a date for a public hearing to obtain public comment on the matter. The hearing shall be held not less than two nor more than four weeks after the first publication of the resolution.

If a petition requesting a vote on the issuance, signed by voters equal in number to ten percent of the votes cast in the county in the last general election, is filed with the county auditor within 30 days after the hearing, the bonds must not be issued until a majority of the voters at a general or special election cast affirmative votes on the question of their issuance.

Sec. 56. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1 to 49, and 51 to 53, are effective the day following their final enactment.

Section 50 is effective the day after the governing body of independent school district No. 625 complies with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivision 3. Sections 54 and 55 are effective the day after the governing body of Dakota county complies with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivision 3.

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to public administration; authorizing spending to acquire and to better public land and buildings and other public improvements of a capital nature with certain conditions; authorizing issuance of state and local bonds; authorizing levies; imposing taxes; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 297.13, subdivision 1; and 297.26; 297A.01, subdivision 3; 297A.44, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 16A and 124; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 240A."

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

H. F. No. 1122, A bill for an act relating to agriculture; clarifying certain appropriations; prohibiting importation of certain bees; changing certain milk inspection fees and requirements; changing time for sale of certain state-owned property; eliminating certain requirements for grain buyers licenses; paying certain claims; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections

17B.15, subdivision 1; 19.58, subdivision 1; 32.394, subdivisions 8, 8b, and 9; 41.56, subdivision 4; 223.17, subdivision 1; and 580.031.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Delete everything after page 1, line 12, and insert:

*“Whereas, the family farm system has proven to be the means of food production best able to supply an ever expanding demand for food and at the same time to provide for the long-term, wide-based social, economic, and environmental concerns of our state; and*

*Whereas, the benefits of a healthy family farm system are shared by all citizens; and*

*Whereas, corporate agriculture, especially corporate dairy operations cannot be sensitive to the local needs of a richly diversified rural economy; Now, therefore,*

*Be it Resolved, by the legislature of the State of Minnesota that Congress should enact legislation to establish price supports for dairy products at 80 percent of parity for up to 800,000 pounds of production per farm unit per year; that this level be adjusted semiannually; and that there be limits set on the importation of dairy products and substitutes including casein; and*

*Be it Further Resolved, that reductions in the support price for milk currently scheduled to take effect during 1987 and 1988 not be implemented; and*

*Be it Further Resolved, that the United States Department of Agriculture be instructed to remove regional differentials in the support price of Grade “A” milk which unfairly disadvantage Upper Midwest dairy farmers; and*

*Be it Further Resolved, that the Secretary of State of Minnesota be instructed to transmit copies of this resolution to the President of the United States, the President of the Senate of the United States, the Speaker of the House of Representatives of the United States, to the Minnesota Senators and Representatives in Congress, and to the members of the United States Senate Agriculture and the United States House Agriculture Committees.”*

Delete the title and insert:

*“A resolution memorializing the President and Congress to provide fair treatment for dairy farmers.”*

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

H. F. No. 1407, A bill for an act relating to environment; establishing a siting process for a low-level radioactive waste facility; providing for volunteer sites and an alternative site selection process; establishing a siting board; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 116C.832, subdivision 1, and by adding subdivisions; 116C.834, subdivision 1; and 116C.842, subdivision 3; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116C.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Page 1, line 22, after "radioactive" insert "waste"

Page 1, line 25, delete "citizens"

Page 2, line 1, delete "subdivision 1,"

Page 2, after line 1, insert "116C.834 [ASSESSMENT OF GENERATORS.]"

Page 2, line 20, after "10" insert ", to the extent that the costs are reasonably attributable to waste generated in this state"

Page 2, after line 22, insert:

"Subd. 2. [COLLECTION AND DEPOSIT.] Fees assessed under subdivision 1 shall be collected by the commissioner of revenue. All money received pursuant to this subdivision shall be deposited in the general special revenue fund."

Page 2, line 28, delete "citizens"

Page 3, delete section 6

Page 3, line 13, delete "make" and insert "issue" and delete "of the determination"

Page 3, line 14, delete "Minnesota"

Page 3, line 16, delete "make a determination" and insert "determine"

Page 3, line 23, delete "CITIZENS"

Page 3, line 24, delete "citizens"

Page 3, line 26, delete "low-level radioactive waste"

Page 3, line 30, delete "Minnesota"

Page 3, line 36, delete "Minnesota"

Page 4, line 2, delete "Minnesota"

Page 4, line 14, delete "low-level radioactive waste facility"

Page 5, delete section 11 and insert:

"Sec. 11. [APPROPRIATIONS.]

\$1,320,000, but not more than the fees anticipated to be received from the assessment against low-level radioactive waste generators under Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.834, is appropriated from the special revenue fund to the environmental quality board to pay for costs of the siting board for expenses incurred under Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.842 and sections 9 and 10. The approved complement of the state planning agency is increased by seven positions. \$660,000 is for fiscal year 1988 and \$660,000 is for fiscal year 1989."

Renumber the sections in sequence

Correct internal references

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 8, delete ", subdivision 1"

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

H. F. No. 1453, A bill for an act relating to economic development; providing for review of state-funded scientific and technologically related research; creating a division of science and technology within the department of energy and economic development; creating a committee on science and technology research and develop-

ment and providing for its powers and duties; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116J.01, subdivision 3; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116J; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116J.94.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

**"Section 1. [116J.970] [SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY OFFICE ESTABLISHMENT; DUTIES.]**

The commissioner shall establish an office of science and technology, which shall:

(1) provide assistance to the committee on science and technology research and development established in section 2;

(2) prepare and deliver to the legislature every January 15, a science and technology annual report that shall contain:

(i) a list of the scientifically and technologically related research and development projects and development activities funded by a grant or loan of state money;

(ii) guidelines that the legislature may use in allocating state grant or loan money for scientifically and technologically related research and development projects, to include assessments of emerging technologies and those technologies that provide significant promise for the development of job-creating businesses; and

(iii) an analysis of the efficacy and completeness of the decentralized research peer review processes mandated in section 2, subdivision 5, with special emphasis on whether or not scientifically and technologically related research and development projects in Minnesota are in conformance with the guidelines established in item (ii), and whether or not the scientifically and technologically related research and development projects have or will result in creating scientifically and technologically related jobs;

(3) keep a current roster of technology intensive businesses in the state;

(4) collect and disseminate information on financial, technical, marketing, management, and other services available to technology intensive small and emerging businesses, including potential sources of debt and equity capital;

(5) review the technological development potential of various regions of the state and cooperate with and make recommendations



to the legislature, state agencies, local governments, local technology development agencies, the federal government, private businesses, and individuals for the realization of the development potential;

(6) sponsor and conduct conferences and studies, collect and disseminate information, and issue periodic reports relating to scientifically and technologically related research and development and education in the state, and represent the state at appropriate interstate and national conferences;

(7) take other action as assigned by the commissioner; and

(8) consult with and seek the advice of the committee on science and technology regarding items (2), (5) and (6).

Sec. 2. [116J.971] [COMMITTEE ON SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.]

Subdivision 1. [MEMBERSHIP] The committee on science and technology research and development consists of:

(1) a chair appointed by the governor to a four-year term;

(2) eight members appointed by the governor to six-year terms, at least three of whom must reside outside the seven-county metropolitan area;

(3) one member appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives at the beginning of each biennium to a two-year term;

(4) one member appointed by the minority leader of the house of representatives at the beginning of each biennium to a two-year term;

(5) one member appointed by the majority leader of the senate at the beginning of each biennium to a two-year term; and

(6) one member appointed by the minority leader of the senate at the beginning of each biennium to a two-year term.

Subd. 2. [QUALIFICATIONS AND DUTIES OF THE COMMITTEE ON SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.] Members of the committee on science and technology research and development must be qualified in at least one of the five following areas: economic development, academic and applied research, the administration of research, the review of research processes, and the management and development of technology intensive companies. The committee shall:

(i) advise upon and approve by a majority vote the guidelines required by section 1, clause (2), item (ii);

(ii) advise the director of the office of science and technology on the preparation of the analysis required by section 1, clause (2), item (iii);

(iii) approve the assignment of ad hoc advisory committees on science and technology research and development as needed; and

(iv) review and comment upon, if the committee considers it to be necessary, the reports of the ad hoc advisory committees and forward the reports to the director of the office of science and technology.

Subd. 3. [AD HOC ADVISORY COMMITTEES.] To perform the acts required by section 1, clause (2), the committee on science and technology research and development may, from time to time, approve the creation and use of ad hoc advisory committees composed of 3 to 15 members each. Members of the committee on science and technology research and development may be ad hoc committee members, but members of the permanent committee may not be a majority of an ad hoc committee.

Subd. 4. [COMPENSATION.] Members of the committee on science and technology research and development and of the ad hoc advisory committees receive no compensation, but payment of their expenses is governed by section 15.059, subdivision 6.

Subd. 5. [PEER REVIEW PLANS.] A state agency, board, commission, authority, public corporation which receives a direct appropriation from the state, post-secondary educational institutions or institution that funds scientifically and technologically related research shall establish a peer review system to evaluate the research. The committee on science and technology research and development shall recommend guidelines for establishing effective peer review. An agency, board, commission, authority, public corporation which receives a direct appropriation from the state, post-secondary educational institutions, or institution that funds scientifically and technologically related research shall, at least biennially, present to the committee on science and technology research and development or to ad hoc committees, as determined by the committee on science and technology research and development, a review and evaluation of the peer review process used in that organization.

Subd. 6. [AUTHORITY TO PERFORM REQUESTED EVALUATIONS.] The governor, commissioner, or director of the office of science and technology, speaker of the house of representatives, house of representatives minority leader, senate majority leader, senate minority leader, chair of the house of representatives appropriations committee, chair of the senate finance committee, or a

member of the legislature considering the introduction or approval of legislation containing funding for scientifically and technologically related research and development, may request the committee on science and technology research and development to evaluate a loan or grant made or to be made or the proposed legislation for funding scientifically and technologically related research and development to determine (1) whether it complies with the guidelines required by section 1, clause (2), item (ii); (2) whether it is technically feasible; and (3) for development proposals, whether the proposal appears to have the potential for economic development. Ad hoc committees may be appointed by the committee on science and technology research and development to perform these reviews.

Subd. 7. [AUTHORITY FOR REVIEW AND COMMENT UPON RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS.] Each agency, board, commission, authority, public corporation which receives a direct appropriation from the state, post-secondary educational institutions, or institution receiving an appropriation for the funding of scientifically and technologically related research and development must notify the office of science and technology within 60 days of making a loan or grant for scientifically or technologically related research and development. The notice shall contain a summary of the nature of and significant objectives of the research and development project funded by a grant or loan. The notice must also include information on the size and timing of previous grants or loans and anticipated additional funding needs. The committee on science and technology research and development shall, at least once each biennium, review scientifically and technologically related research funded by a state agency, board, commission, authority, public corporation which receives a direct appropriation from the state, post-secondary educational institutions, or institution to assess whether or not the research and development is conducted in accordance with the guidelines required by section 1, clause (2), item (ii). The committee's assessment shall be sent to the legislature on or before January 15 of every odd-numbered year.

Subd. 8. [STAFF APPOINTMENTS.] The director of the office of science and technology shall appoint those staff members in the classified and unclassified services necessary to perform the functions of the science and technology division. The director shall appoint in the unclassified service an executive director of the committee on science and technology research and development, who shall report to the director. The executive director must hold a post-baccalaureate degree in scientific or technologically related studies, or demonstrate experience in technological policy formulation.

### Sec. 3. [RESEARCH LINE ITEMS REQUIRED.]

The commissioner of finance shall establish budget line items that specifically identify funds used for scientifically and technologically related research and development.

## Sec. 4. [INITIAL APPOINTMENTS.]

Notwithstanding section 2, subdivision 1, the governor shall make the following initial appointments: the first chair to serve from July 1, 1987, to January 1, 1990; three members to serve from July 1, 1987, to January 1, 1993; three members to serve from July 1, 1987, to January 1, 1991; and two members to serve from July 1, 1987, to January 1, 1989.

## Sec. 5. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116J.94, is repealed."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to economic development; providing for review of state-funded scientific and technologically related research; creating an office of science and technology within the department of energy and economic development; creating a committee on science and technology research and development and providing for its powers and duties; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116J; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116J.94."

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

S. F. No. 69, A bill for an act relating to natural resources; establishing a commercial fish raising program; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 97A.475, by adding a subdivision; 97C.211, subdivisions 1 and 2, and by adding a subdivision; and 97C.391; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 17 and 97C.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. [17.50] [PROGRAM ESTABLISHMENT.]

The commissioner shall establish and promote a program for the commercial raising of fish in fish farms in consultation with an advisory committee consisting of the University of Minnesota, the commissioner of natural resources, the commissioner of agriculture, the commissioner of energy and economic development, the director

of the state planning agency, representatives of private fish raising industry, and the chairs of the environment and natural resources committees of the house of representatives and senate.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97A.475, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 29a. [FISH FARMS.] The fees for the following licenses to be issued to residents and nonresidents are:

(1) for a fish farm, \$250; and

(2) to take sucker eggs from public waters for a fish farm, \$150, plus \$3 for each quart in excess of 100 quarts.

Sec. 3. [97C.203] [DISPOSAL OF STATE HATCHERY EGGS OR FRY.]

(a) The commissioner shall dispose of game fish eggs and fry according to the following order of priorities:

(1) distribution of fish eggs and fry to state hatcheries to hatch fry or raise fingerlings for stocking waters of the state for recreational fishing;

(2) sale of fish eggs and fry to private fish hatcheries to hatch fry or raise fingerlings to stock waters of this state with fingerlings for recreational fishing at a price not less than the fair market value, established as the average price charged at the state's private hatcheries; and

(3) sale at a price not less than the fair market value, established as the average price charged at the state's private hatcheries of fish eggs and fry to private fish hatcheries and fish farms to hatch fry or raise fingerlings for sale.

(b) Until July 1, 1990, the commissioner must make at least two percent of the game fish eggs collected available to private hatcheries.

Sec. 4. [97C.209] [FISH FARMS.]

Subdivision 1. [LICENSE REQUIRED.] A person may not operate a fish farm without a fish farm license. A fish farm is a facility for commercially raising fish for sale to be commercially processed for human consumption. A fish farm licensee may operate a private hatchery without obtaining a private hatchery license.

Subd. 2. [ACQUISITION OF FISH.] (a) A person operating a fish farm may not obtain fish or fish eggs outside of the state unless

approved by the commissioner. The commissioner must either approve or deny the acquisition within 30 days after receiving a written request for approval.

(b) If the commissioner denies approval, a written notice must be submitted to the applicant stating the reasons for the denial and the commissioner must:

(1) designate approved sources to obtain the desired fish or fish eggs; or

(2) sell the fish or fish eggs from state fish hatcheries at fair market value.

Subd. 3. [RULES FOR OPERATION.] The commissioner shall prescribe rules that allow a person to maintain and operate a fish farm to raise and dispose of fish. The commissioner shall prescribe and assess a fee to cover the cost of inspection and disease certification of fish farms.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97C.211, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [LICENSE REQUIRED.] A person may not operate a private fish hatchery without a private fish hatchery license. A private fish hatchery is a facility for raising fish for sale for stocking waters or for angling.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97C.211, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [RULES FOR OPERATION.] The commissioner shall prescribe rules that allow a person to maintain and operate a private fish hatchery to raise and dispose of fish indigenous to state waters. The commissioner shall establish and assess a fee to cover the cost of inspection and disease certification of private hatcheries.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97C.211, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2a. [ACQUISITION OF FISH.] (a) A private fish hatchery may not obtain fish outside of the state unless the fish are approved by the commissioner. The commissioner must either approve or deny the acquisition within 30 days after receiving a written request for approval.

(b) If the commissioner denies approval, a written notice must be submitted to the applicant stating the reasons for the denial and the commissioner must:

(1) designate approved sources to obtain the desired fish or fish eggs; or

(2) sell the fish or fish eggs from state fish hatcheries at fair market value.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97C.391, is amended to read:

97C.391 [BUYING AND SELLING FISH.]

Subdivision 1. [GENERAL RESTRICTIONS.] A person may not buy or sell fish taken from the waters of this state, except:

(1) minnows;

(2) rough fish excluding ciscoes;

(3) fish taken under licensed commercial fishing operations;

(4) fish raised in a fish farm that are identified as prescribed by the commissioner;

(4) (5) fish raised in a private hatchery that are tagged or labeled or otherwise identified as prescribed by the commissioner; and

(5) (6) fish lawfully taken and subject to sale from other states and countries.

Subd. 2. [RESTRICTIONS ON CERTAIN GAME FISH.] Largemouth bass, smallmouth bass, rock bass, muskellunge, and sunfish may not be bought or sold, unless bought or sold by a private hatchery or fish farm to stock waters for recreational fishing, or as prescribed by the commissioner."

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

S. F. No. 478, A bill for an act relating to insurance; requiring notification of group life or health coverage changes; eliminating mandatory temporary insurance agent licenses; requiring those who solicit insurance to act as agent for the insured; regulating surplus lines insurance; regulating rates and forms; regulating insurance plan administrators; regulating trust funds; regulating the renewal, nonrenewal, and cancellation of commercial liability and property

insurance policies; authorizing employers to jointly self-insure for property or casualty liability and regulating these plans; providing continued group life coverage upon termination or layoff; providing for the establishment and operation of the insurance guaranty association and the life and health guaranty association; regulating accident and health insurance; regulating joint self-insurance employee health plans; requiring the treatment of pregnancy-related conditions in the same manner as other illnesses; mandating certain coverages; clarifying coverage for handicapped dependents; providing continued group accident and health coverage upon termination or layoff; requiring coverage of current spouse and children; imposing surety bond or securities requirements on certain health benefit plans; regulating Medicare supplement plan premium refunds; authorizing the renewal of certain long-term health policies; providing for the establishment and operation of the comprehensive health association and the joint underwriting association; providing comprehensive health insurance coverage for certain employees not eligible for Medicare; regulating fraternal benefit associations; regulating automobile insurance; providing for exemption from certain legal process of cash value, proceeds, or benefits under certain life insurance or annuity contracts; limiting the cancellation of fire insurance binders and policies; providing for administration of the FAIR plan; requiring accident prevention course premium reductions; limiting the grounds for cancellation or reduction in limits during the policy period; providing for the priority of security for payment of basic economic loss benefits; extending basic economic loss benefit protection; requiring coverages for former spouses; specifying membership on the assigned claims bureau; extending no-fault benefits to pedestrians who are struck by motorcycles; regulating township mutual insurance companies; providing for mandatory arbitration of certain claims; establishing a demonstration project to provide medical insurance to certain low income persons; requiring the commissioner to set rates for cooperative housing and neighborhood real estate trust insurance; authorizing investments in certain insurers; regulating trade practices; requiring life and health insurers to substantiate the underwriting standards they use; providing assigned risk plan coverage for certain vehicles used by the handicapped; regulating motor vehicle repairs; regulating certain self-insurance by political subdivisions; granting immunity from liability for volunteer coaches, managers, and officials; clarifying the statute of limitations applicable to actions regarding manufacturers or suppliers of material containing asbestos; modifying discounting of future damages; prescribing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 16A.133, subdivision 1; 45.024, subdivision 2; 60A.17, subdivisions 1a, 2c, 11, and 13; 60A.1701, subdivisions 7, and 8; 60A.196; 60A.197; 60A.198, subdivision 3; 60A.23, subdivision 8; 60A.29, subdivisions 2, 5, and 16, and by adding subdivisions; 60A.30; 60A.31; 60B.44, subdivisions 1, 4, 5, and 9; 60C.08, subdivision 1; 60C.09; 60C.12; 61A.28, subdivision 12; 61B.05, subdivision 1; 61B.09; 62A.041; 62A.043, by adding a subdivision; 62A.141; 62A.146; 62A.152, subdivision 2; 62A.17; 62A.21; 62A.27; 62A.31, subdivision 1a; 62A.43, subdivision 2, and



by adding a subdivision; 62A.46, by adding a subdivision; 62A.48, subdivisions 1, 2, 6, and by adding a subdivision; 62A.50, subdivision 3; 62D.05, by adding a subdivision; 62D.102; 62E.06, subdivision 1; 62E.10, subdivision 2, and by adding subdivisions; 62E.14, by adding a subdivision; 62F.041, subdivision 2; 62F.06, subdivision 1; 62H.01; 62H.02; 62H.04; 62I.02, subdivisions 1, and 3, and by adding a subdivision; 62I.03, subdivision 5; 62I.04; 62I.12, subdivision 1; 62I.13, by adding a subdivision; 62I.16, subdivision 3; 62I.22, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 64B.11, subdivision 4; 64B.18; 64B.27; 65A.01, subdivision 3a; 65A.03, subdivision 1; 65A.10; 65A.29, by adding a subdivision; 65A.35, subdivision 5; 65A.39; 65B.03, subdivision 1; 65B.12; 65B.1311; 65B.16; 65B.21, subdivision 2; 65B.28; 65B.46; 65B.49, by adding a subdivision; 65B.525, subdivision 1; 65B.63, subdivision 1; 67A.05, subdivision 2; 67A.06; 67A.231; 70A.06, by adding a subdivision; 70A.08, subdivision 3; 72A.20, subdivisions 11, 17, and by adding subdivisions; 72A.31, subdivision 1; 169.045, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 471.98, subdivision 2; 604.07, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, and by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 60A; 61A; 62A; 62E; 65A; 65B; 72A; 256B; 541; and 604; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 60E; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 62A.12; and 67A.43, subdivision 3; and Minnesota Rules, parts 2700.2400 to 2700.2440.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

“Section 1. [60A.084] [NOTIFICATION ON GROUP POLICIES.]

An employer providing life or health benefits to a group policyholder may not change benefits, limit coverage, or otherwise restrict participation until the certificate holder or enrollee has been notified of any changes, limitations, or restrictions. Notice in a format which meets the requirements of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act, 29 U.S.C.A. sections 1001 to 1461, shall be satisfactory for compliance within this section.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.17, subdivision 2c, is amended to read:

Subd. 2c. [~~MANDATORY TEMPORARY LICENSES.~~] The commissioner ~~shall~~ may grant a temporary insurance agent's license to a person who has submitted an application for a resident license which is accepted by the commissioner and who has successfully completed the examination, if any, required by the commissioner. The temporary license ~~shall~~ may be granted ~~no later than~~ as of the date upon which the applicant receives written notice from the commissioner that the application for resident license has been accepted by the commissioner and that the person has passed any

required examination. A temporary license will permit the applicant to act as an insurance agent for the original appointing insurer for the class of business specified therein until the earlier of (a) receipt by the applicant of the resident license, or (b) the expiration of 90 days from the date on which the temporary license was granted.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.17, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. [~~LIFE COMPANY AGENTS INSURER'S AGENT.~~] Any person who shall ~~solicit an application for~~ solicits insurance ~~upon the life of another shall, in any controversy between the assured or the assured's beneficiary and the company issuing any policy upon such application, be regarded as is the agent of the company insurer and not the agent of the assured insured.~~

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.17, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

Subd. 13. [AGENTS; VARIABLE CONTRACTS.] (a) [LICENSE REQUIRED.] No person shall sell or offer for sale a contract on a variable basis unless prior to making any solicitation or sale the person has obtained from the commissioner a license therefor. The license shall only be granted, upon the written requisition of an insurer, to a qualified person who holds a current license authorizing the person to solicit and sell life insurance and annuity contracts in this state. To become qualified, a person shall complete a written application on a form prescribed by the commissioner and shall take and pass an examination prescribed by the commissioner. ~~Prior to the taking of the examination, or upon reexamination, the applicant shall transmit to the commissioner, by money order or cashiers check payable to the state treasurer, an examination fee of \$10.~~

(b) [EXCEPTIONS.] (1) Any regularly salaried officer or employee of a licensed insurer may, without license or other qualification, act on behalf of that licensed insurer in the negotiation of a contract on a variable basis, provided that a licensed agent must participate in the sale of any contract.

(2) Any person who, on July 1, 1969, holds a valid license authorizing the person to solicit and sell life insurance and annuity contracts and who also holds a valid license issued by the department of commerce authorizing the person to sell or offer for sale contracts on a variable basis shall be issued a license by the commissioner of commerce upon application therefor and payment of a \$2 fee, which license shall expire on May 31, 1970, unless renewed by an insurer as provided in paragraph (a).

(3) Any person who holds a valid license to solicit and sell life insurance and annuity contracts may solicit and sell contracts on a

variable basis without acquiring a license under this subdivision if the contract is based on an account which is excluded from the definition of investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, United States Code, title 15, section 80a-3(11).

(c) [RULES.] The commissioner may by rules waive or modify any of the foregoing requirements or prescribe additional requirements deemed necessary for the proper sale and solicitation of contracts on a variable basis.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.196, is amended to read:

**60A.196 [DEFINITIONS.]**

Unless the context otherwise requires, the following terms have the meanings given them for the purposes of sections 60A.195 to 60A.209:

(a) "Surplus lines insurance" means insurance placed with an insurer permitted to transact the business of insurance in this state only pursuant to sections 60A.195 to 60A.209.

(b) "Eligible surplus lines insurer" means an insurer recognized as eligible to write insurance business under sections 60A.195 to 60A.209 but not licensed by any other Minnesota law to transact the business of insurance.

(c) "Ineligible surplus lines insurer" means an insurer not recognized as an eligible surplus lines insurer pursuant to sections 60A.195 to 60A.209 and not licensed by any other Minnesota law to transact the business of insurance. "Ineligible surplus insurer" includes a risk retention group as defined under the Liability Risk Retention Act, Public Law Number 99-563.

(d) "Surplus lines licensee" or "licensee" means a person licensed under sections 60A.195 to 60A.209 to place insurance with an eligible or ineligible surplus lines insurer.

(e) "Association" means an association registered under section 60A.208.

(f) "Alien insurer" means any insurer which is incorporated or otherwise organized outside of the United States.

(g) "Insurance laws" means chapters 60 to 79 inclusive.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.197, is amended to read:

## 60A.197 [RATES AND FORMS.]

(a) Rates used by eligible and ineligible surplus lines insurers shall not be subject to the insurance laws except that a rate shall not be excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory and shall be subject to sections 70A.04, 70A.05, and 70A.11.

(b) Forms used by eligible and ineligible surplus lines insurers pursuant to sections 60A.195 to 60A.209 shall not be are subject to the insurance laws, except that a section 70A.08, subdivision 3. If a rate service organization has not adopted a form for a particular type of insured, or if the commissioner has not restricted approval to the form adopted by the rate service organization, then forms used by surplus lines insurers are not subject to section 70A.08, subdivision 3. No policy shall not may contain language which misrepresents the true nature of the policy or class of policies. Except as otherwise required in this section, forms used by surplus lines insurers under sections 60A.195 to 60A.209 are not subject to the insurance laws.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.198, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [PROCEDURE FOR OBTAINING LICENSE.] A person licensed as a ~~resident~~ an agent in this state pursuant to other law may obtain a surplus lines license by doing the following:

(a) filing an application in the form and with the information the commissioner may reasonably require to determine the ability of the applicant to act in accordance with sections 60A.195 to 60A.209;

(b) maintaining a ~~resident agent~~ an agent's license in this state;

(c) delivering to the commissioner a financial guarantee bond from a surety acceptable to the commissioner for the greater of the following:

(1) \$5,000; or

(2) the largest semiannual surplus lines premium tax liability incurred by the applicant in the immediately preceding five years; and

(d) agreeing to file with the commissioner of revenue no later than February 15 and August 15 annually, a sworn statement of the charges for insurance procured or placed and the amounts returned on the insurance canceled under the license for the preceding six-month period ending December 31 and June 30 respectively, and at the time of the filing of this statement, paying the commissioner

a tax on premiums equal to three percent of the total written premiums less cancellations; and

(e) annually paying a fee as prescribed by section 60A.14, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), clause (11).

Sec. 8. [60A.2095] [CONSTRUCTION.]

Nothing in sections 60A.195 to 60A.209 shall be construed to permit the state to impose requirements beyond those granted by the Liability Risk Retention Act, Public Law Number 99-563.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.23, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [SELF-INSURANCE OR INSURANCE PLAN ADMINISTRATORS; WHO ARE VENDORS OF RISK MANAGEMENT SERVICES.] (1) [SCOPE.] This subdivision applies to any vendor of risk management services and to any entity which administers, for compensation, a self-insurance or insurance plan. This subdivision does not apply (a) to an insurance company authorized to transact insurance in this state, as defined by section 60A.06, subdivision 1, clauses (4) and (5); (b) to a service plan corporation, as defined by section 62C.02, subdivision 6; (c) to a health maintenance organization, as defined by section 62D.02, subdivision 4; (d) to an employer directly operating a self-insurance plan for its employees' benefits; or (e) to an entity which administers a program of health benefits established pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement between an employer, or group or association of employers, and a union or unions.

(2) [DEFINITIONS.] For purposes of this subdivision the following terms have the meanings given them.

(a) "Administering a self-insurance or insurance plan" means (i) processing, reviewing or paying claims, (ii) establishing or operating funds and accounts, or (iii) otherwise providing necessary administrative services in connection with the operation of a self-insurance or insurance plan.

(b) "Employer" means an employer, as defined by section 62E.02, subdivision 2.

(c) "Entity" means any association, corporation, partnership, sole proprietorship, trust, or other business entity engaged in or transacting business in this state.

(d) "Self-insurance or insurance plan" means a plan providing life, medical or hospital care, accident, sickness or disability insurance, as an employee fringe benefit, or a plan providing liability coverage

for any other risk or hazard, which is or is not directly insured or provided by a licensed insurer, service plan corporation, or health maintenance organization.

(e) "Vendor of risk management services" means an entity providing for compensation actuarial, financial management, accounting, legal or other services for the purpose of designing and establishing a self-insurance or insurance plan for an employer.

(3) [LICENSE.] No vendor of risk management services or entity administering a self-insurance or insurance plan may transact this business in this state unless it is licensed to do so by the commissioner. An applicant for a license shall state in writing the type of activities it seeks authorization to engage in and the type of services it seeks authorization to provide. The license may be granted only when the commissioner is satisfied that the entity possesses the necessary organization, background, expertise, and financial integrity to supply the services sought to be offered. The commissioner may issue a license subject to restrictions or limitations upon the authorization, including the type of services which may be supplied or the activities which may be engaged in. The license fee is \$100. All licenses are for a period of two years.

(4) [REGULATORY RESTRICTIONS; POWERS OF THE COMMISSIONER.] To assure that self-insurance or insurance plans are financially solvent, are administered in a fair and equitable fashion, and are processing claims and paying benefits in a prompt, fair, and honest manner, vendors of risk management services and entities administering insurance or self-insurance plans are subject to the supervision and examination by the commissioner. Vendors of risk management services, entities administering insurance or self-insurance plans, and insurance or self-insurance plans established or operated by them are subject to the trade practice requirements of sections 72A.19 to 72A.30.

(5) [RULE MAKING AUTHORITY.] To carry out the purposes of this subdivision, the commissioner may adopt rules, including emergency rules, pursuant to sections 14.01 to 14.70 14.69. These rules may:

(a) establish reporting requirements for administrators of insurance or self-insurance plans;

(b) establish standards and guidelines to assure the adequacy of financing, reinsuring, and administration of insurance or self-insurance plans;

(c) establish bonding requirements or other provisions assuring the financial integrity of entities administering insurance or self-insurance plans; or

(d) establish other reasonable requirements to further the purposes of this subdivision.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.30, is amended to read:

**60A.30 [RENEWAL OF INSURANCE POLICY WITH ALTERED RATES.]**

If an insurance company licensed to do business in this state offers or purports to offer to renew any commercial liability and/or property insurance policy at less favorable terms as to the dollar amount of coverage or deductibles, higher rates, and/or higher rating plan, the new terms, the new rates and/or rating plan may take effect on the renewal date of the policy if the insurer has sent to the policyholder notice of the new terms, new rates and/or rating plan at least ~~30~~ 60 days prior to the expiration date. If the insurer has not so notified the policyholder, the policyholder may elect to cancel the renewal policy within the ~~30-day~~ 60-day period after receipt of the notice. Earned premium for the period of coverage, if any, shall be calculated pro rata upon the prior rate. This subdivision does not apply to ocean marine insurance, accident and health insurance, and reinsurance.

This section does not apply if the change relates to guide "a" rates or excess rates also known as "consent to rates."

Sec. 11. [60A.35] [SCOPE.]

Except as specifically limited in section 60A.30, sections 11 to 14 apply to all commercial liability and/or property insurance policies issued by companies licensed to do business in this state except ocean marine insurance, accident and health insurance, excess insurance, surplus lines insurance, and reinsurance.

Sec. 12. [60A.36] [MIDTERM CANCELLATION.]

Subdivision 1. [REASON FOR CANCELLATION.] No insurer may cancel a policy of commercial liability and/or property insurance during the term of the policy, except for one or more of the following reasons:

(1) nonpayment of premium;

(2) misrepresentation or fraud made by or with the knowledge of the insured in obtaining the policy or in pursuing a claim under the policy;

(3) actions by the insured that have substantially increased or substantially changed the risk insured;

(4) refusal of the insured to eliminate known conditions that increase the potential for loss after notification by the insurer that the condition must be removed;

(5) substantial change in the risk assumed, except to the extent that the insurer should reasonably have foreseen the change or contemplated the risk in writing the contract;

(6) loss of reinsurance by the insurer which provided coverage to the insurer for a significant amount of the underlying risk insured. A notice of cancellation under this clause shall advise the policyholder that the policyholder has ten days from the date of receipt of the notice to appeal the cancellation to the commissioner of commerce and that the commissioner will render a decision as to whether the cancellation is justified because of the loss of reinsurance within five business days after receipt of the appeal;

(7) a determination by the commissioner that the continuation of the policy could place the insurer in violation of the insurance laws of this state; or

(8) nonpayment of dues to an association or organization, other than an insurance association or organization, where payment of dues is a prerequisite to obtaining or continuing the insurance. This provision for cancellation for failure to pay dues does not apply to persons who are retired at 62 years of age or older or who are disabled according to social security standards.

Subd. 2. [NOTICE.] Cancellation under subdivision 1, clauses (2) to (8), shall not be effective before 60 days after notice to the policyholder. The notice of cancellation shall contain a specific reason for cancellation as provided in subdivision 1.

A policy shall not be canceled for nonpayment of premium pursuant to subdivision 1, clause (1) unless the insurer, at least ten days before the effective cancellation date, has given notice to the policyholder of the amount of premium due and the due date. The notice shall state the effect of nonpayment by the due date. No cancellation for nonpayment of premium shall be effective if payment of the amount due is made before the effective date in the notice.

Subd. 3. [NEW POLICIES.] Subdivisions 1 and 2 do not apply to any insurance policy that has not been previously renewed if the policy has been in effect less than 90 days at the time the notice of cancellation is mailed or delivered. No cancellation under this subdivision is effective until at least ten days after the written notice to the policyholder.

Subd. 4. [LONGER TERM POLICIES.] A policy may be issued for a term longer than one year or for an indefinite term with a clause



providing for cancellation by the insurer for the reasons stated in subdivision 1 by giving notice as required by subdivision 2 at least 60 days before any anniversary date.

Sec. 13. [60A.37] [NONRENEWAL.]

Subdivision 1. [NOTICE REQUIRED.] At least 60 days before the date of expiration provided in the policy, a notice of intention not to renew the policy beyond the agreed expiration date must be made to the policyholder by the insurer. If the notice is not given at least 60 days before the date of expiration provided in the policy, the policy shall continue in force until 60 days after a notice of intent not to renew is received by the policyholder.

Subd. 2. [EXCEPTIONS.] This section does not apply if the policyholder has insured elsewhere, has accepted replacement coverage, or has requested or agreed to nonrenewal.

Sec. 14. [60A.38] [INTERPRETATION AND PENALTIES.]

Subdivision 1. [SECTIONS NOT EXCLUSIVE.] Sections 11 to 14 are not exclusive, and the commissioner may also consider other provisions of Minnesota law to be applicable to the circumstances or situations addressed by sections 11 to 14. The rights provided by sections 11 to 14 are in addition to and do not prejudice any other rights the policyholder may have at common law, under statute, or rules.

Subd. 2. [PENALTIES.] A violation of any provisions of sections 11 to 14 shall be deemed to be an unfair trade practice in the business of insurance and shall subject the violator to the penalties provided by sections 72A.17 to 72A.32 in addition to any other penalty provided by law.

Subd. 3. [NOTICES REQUIRED.] All notices required by sections 11 to 14 shall only be made by first class mail addressed to the policyholder's last known address or by delivery to the policyholder's last known address. Notice by first class mail is effective upon deposit in the United States mail. In addition to giving notice to the policyholder, the insurer must also give notice to the agent of record, if any, in the manner specified for the policyholder.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60B.44, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DEDUCTIBLE PROVISION.] The distribution of claims from the insurer's estate shall be in the order stated in this section with a descending degree of preference for each subdivision. The first \$50 of the amount allowed on each claim in the classes under subdivisions 3 to 7 shall be deducted from the claim and

included in the class under subdivision 9. Claims may not be cumulated by assignment to avoid application of the \$50 deductible provision. Subject to the \$50 deductible provision, Every claim in each class shall be paid in full or adequate funds retained for the payment before the members of the next class receive any payment. No subclasses shall be established within any class.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60B.44, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [LOSS CLAIMS; INCLUDING CLAIMS NOT COVERED BY A GUARANTY ASSOCIATION.] All claims under policies or contracts of coverage for losses incurred including third party claims, and all claims against the insurer for liability for bodily injury or for injury to or destruction of tangible property which are not under policies or contracts, except the first \$200 of losses otherwise payable to any claimant under this subdivision. All claims under life insurance and annuity policies, whether for death proceeds, annuity proceeds, or investment values, shall be treated as loss claims. Claims may not be cumulated by assignment to avoid application of the \$200 deductible provision. That portion of any loss for which indemnification is provided by other benefits or advantages recovered or recoverable by the claimant shall not be included in this class, other than benefits or advantages recovered or recoverable in discharge of familial obligations of support or by way of succession at death or as proceeds of life insurance, or as gratuities. No payment made by an employer to an employee shall be treated as a gratuity. Claims not covered by a guaranty association are loss claims. If any portion of a claim is covered by a reinsurance treaty or similar contractual obligation, that claim shall be entitled to a pro rata share, based upon the relationship the claim amount bears to all claims payable under the treaty or contract, of the proceeds received under that treaty or contractual obligation.

Claims receiving pro rata payments shall not, as to any remaining unpaid portion of their claim, be treated in a different manner than if no such payment had been received.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60B.44, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [UNEARNED PREMIUMS AND SMALL LOSS CLAIMS.] Claims under nonassessable policies or contracts of coverage for unearned premiums or subscription rates or other refunds and the first \$200 of loss excepted by the deductible provision in subdivision 4.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60B.44, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. [MISCELLANEOUS SUBORDINATED CLAIMS.] The remaining claims or portions of claims not already paid, with interest as in subdivision 8.

(a) The first \$50 of each claim in the classes under subdivisions 3 to 7 subordinated under this section;

(b) Claims under section 60B.39, subdivision 2;

(c) Claims subordinated by section 60B.61;

(d) Except to the extent excused or otherwise permitted pursuant to section 60B.37, claims filed late;

(e) Portions of claims subordinated under subdivision 6; and

(f) Claims or portions of claims payment of which is provided by other benefits or advantages recovered or recoverable by the claimant.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60C.09, is amended to read:

60C.09 [COVERED CLAIMS.]

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITION.] A covered claim is any unpaid claim, including one for unearned premium, which:

(a) (1) Arises out of and is within the coverage of an insurance policy issued by a member insurer if the insurer becomes an insolvent insurer after April 30, 1979; or

(2) Would be within the coverage of an extended reporting endorsement to a claims-made insurance policy if insolvency had not prevented the member insurer from fulfilling its obligation to issue the endorsement, if:

(i) the claims-made policy contained a provision affording the insured the right to purchase a reporting endorsement;

(ii) coverage will be no greater than if a reporting endorsement had been issued;

(iii) the insured has not purchased other insurance which applies to the claim; and

(iv) the insured's deductible under the policy is increased by an amount equal to the premium for the reporting endorsement as provided in the insured's claims-made policy, or if not so provided, then as established by a rate service organization.

(b) Arises out of a class of business which is not excepted from the scope of Laws 1971, chapter 145 by section 60C.02; and

(c) Is made by:

(i) A policyholder, or an insured beneficiary under a policy, who, at the time of the insured event, was a resident of this state; or

(ii) A person designated in the policy as having an insurable interest in or related to property situated in this state at the time of the insured event; or

(iii) An obligee or creditor under any surety bond, who, at the time of default by the principal debtor or obligor, was a resident of this state; or

(iv) A third party claimant under a liability policy or surety bond, if: (a) the insured or the third party claimant was a resident of this state at the time of the insured event; (b) the claim is for bodily or personal injuries suffered in this state by a person who when injured was a resident of this state; or (c) the claim is for damages to real property situated in this state at the time of damage; or

(v) A direct or indirect assignee of a person who except for the assignment might have claimed under (i), (ii) or (iii).

For purposes of paragraph (c), item (i), unit owners of condominiums, townhouses, or cooperatives are considered as having an insurable interest.

A covered claim also includes any unpaid claim which arises or exists within 30 days after the time of entry of an order of liquidation with a finding of insolvency by a court of competent jurisdiction unless prior thereto the insured replaces the policy or causes its cancellation or the policy expires on its expiration date.

Subd. 2. [LIMITATION OF AMOUNT.] Payment of a covered claim, except a claim for unearned premium by any single claimant, whether upon a single policy or multiple policies of insurance, is limited to the amount by which the allowance on any claim exceeds \$100 and is less than \$300,000. In the case of claim for unearned premium, the entire claim up to \$300,000 shall be allowed. The limitation on the amount of payment for a covered claim does not apply to claims for workers' compensation insurance. In no event is the association obligated to the policyholder or claimant in an amount in excess of the obligation of the insurer under the policy from which the claim arises.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 61A.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. No group life insurance policy shall be issued for delivery in this state until the form thereof and the form of any certificates issued thereunder have been filed in accordance with and subject to the provisions of section 61A.02. Each person insured under such a group life insurance policy (excepting policies which insure the lives of debtors of a creditor or vendor to secure payment of indebtedness) shall be furnished a certificate of insurance issued by the insurer and containing the following:

(a) Name and location of the insurance company;

(b) A statement as to the insurance protection to which the certificate holder is entitled, including any changes in such protection depending on the age of the person whose life is insured;

(c) Any and all provisions regarding the termination or reduction of the certificate holder's insurance protection;

(d) A statement that the master group policy may be examined at a reasonably accessible place;

(e) The maximum rate of contribution to be paid by the certificate holder;

(f) Beneficiary and method required to change such beneficiary;

(g) In the case of a group term insurance policy if the policy provides that insurance of the certificate holder will terminate, in case of a policy issued to an employer, by reason of termination of the certificate holder's employment; or in case of a policy issued to an organization of which the certificate holder is a member, by reason of termination of membership; a provision to the effect that in case of termination of employment or membership the certificate holder shall be entitled to have issued by the insurer, without evidence of insurability, upon application made to the insurer within 31 days after termination of employment or membership, and upon payment of the premium applicable to the class of risk to which that person belongs and to the form and amount of the policy at that person's then attained age, a policy of life insurance only, in any one of the forms customarily issued by the insurer except term insurance, in an amount equal to the amount of the life insurance protection under such group insurance policy at the time of such termination; and shall contain a further provision to the effect that upon the death of the certificate holder during such 31-day period and before any such individual policy has become effective, the amount of insurance for which the certificate holder was entitled to make application shall be payable as a death benefit by the insurer. If a group term life insurance contract provides that an employee or member of an organization loses coverage under the contract as a result of termination of employment or membership, the contract shall provide that the employee or member has the right to purchase a term

insurance policy from the insurer with the same amount of coverage, the premium for which shall not, during the first 18 months of coverage, exceed 102 percent of cost for that amount of coverage under the group term life insurance contract. The terminated employee or member shall be eligible without evidence of insurability. The terminated employee or member shall be notified of the rights under this section by the employer or organization and shall have 31 days from the date of notification to exercise the right of conversion. If the terminated employee or member dies before the expiration of the 31-day period, the benefits payable under the group contract shall still be payable. For the purposes of this clause, "termination" includes voluntary or involuntary termination, layoff and a reduction in hours to the point where the employee is no longer eligible for group life insurance benefits.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.01, is amended to read:

**62A.01 [POLICY OF ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE DEFINED.]**

The term "policy of accident and sickness insurance" as used herein includes any policy covering the kind of insurance described in section 60A.06, subdivision 1, clause (5)(a).

For the purpose of chapters 62A and 62E the term "policy" also includes certificates of insurance or similar evidence of insurance coverage issued to a Minnesota resident.

This section supersedes any inconsistent provision of chapters 62A and 62E.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.02, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [APPROVAL.] No such policy or certificate shall be issued, nor shall any application, rider, or endorsement be used in connection therewith, until the expiration of 60 days after it has been so filed unless the commissioner shall sooner give written approval thereto.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.041, is amended to read:

**62A.041 [MATERNITY BENEFITS; UNMARRIED WOMEN.]**

Each group policy of accident and health insurance and each group health maintenance contract shall provide the same coverage for maternity benefits to unmarried women and minor female dependents that it provides to married women including the wives of

employees choosing dependent family coverage. If an unmarried insured or an unmarried enrollee is a parent of a dependent child, each group policy and each group contract shall provide the same coverage for that child as that provided for the child of a married employee choosing dependent family coverage if the insured or the enrollee elects dependent family coverage.

Each individual policy of accident and health insurance and each individual health maintenance contract shall provide the same coverage for maternity benefits to unmarried women and minor female dependents as that provided for married women. If an unmarried insured or an unmarried enrollee is a parent of a dependent child, each individual policy and each individual contract shall also provide the same coverage for that child as that provided for the child of a married insured or a married enrollee choosing dependent family coverage if the insured or the enrollee elects dependent family coverage.

Each group subscriber contract of accident and health insurance or health maintenance contract, issued or renewed after August 1, 1987, shall include maternity benefits in the same manner as any other illness covered under the policy or contract.

For the purposes of this section, the term "maternity benefits" shall not include elective, induced abortion whether performed in a hospital, other abortion facility, or the office of a physician.

This section applies to policies and contracts issued, delivered, or renewed after August 1, 1985, that cover Minnesota residents.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.043, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3. No policy or certificate of health, medical, hospitalization, or accident and sickness insurance regulated under this chapter, or subscriber contract provided by a nonprofit health service plan corporation regulated under chapter 62C, or health maintenance organization regulated under chapter 62D, shall be issued, renewed, continued, delivered, issued for delivery, or executed in this state after August 1, 1987, unless the policy, plan, or contract specifically provides coverage for surgical and nonsurgical treatment of temporomandibular joint disorder and craniomandibular disorder. Coverage shall be the same as that for treatment to any other joint in the body, and shall apply if the treatment is administered or prescribed by a physician or dentist.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.141, is amended to read:

62A.141 [COVERAGE FOR HANDICAPPED DEPENDENTS.]

No group policy or plan of health and accident insurance regulated under this chapter, chapter 62C, or 62D, which provides for dependent coverage may be issued or renewed in this state after August 1, 1983, unless it covers the handicapped dependents of the insured, subscriber, or enrollee of the policy or plan. Consequently, the policy or plan shall not contain any provision concerning preexisting condition limitations, insurability, eligibility, or health underwriting approval concerning handicapped dependents.

If ordered by the commissioner of commerce, the insurer of a Minnesota-domiciled nonprofit association which is composed solely of agricultural members may restrict coverage under this section to apply only to Minnesota residents.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.146, is amended to read:

62A.146 [CONTINUATION OF BENEFITS TO SURVIVORS.]

No policy or plan of accident and health protection issued by an insurer, nonprofit health service plan corporation, or health maintenance organization, providing coverage of hospital or medical expense on either an expense incurred basis or other than an expense incurred basis which in addition to coverage of the insured, subscriber, or enrollee, also provides coverage to dependents, shall, except upon the written consent of the survivor or survivors of the deceased insured, subscriber or enrollee, terminate, suspend or otherwise restrict the participation in or the receipt of benefits otherwise payable under the policy or plan to the survivor or survivors until the earlier of the following dates:

(a) the date of remarriage of the surviving spouse becomes covered under another group health plan; or

(b) the date coverage would have terminated under the policy or plan had the insured, subscriber, or enrollee lived.

The survivor or survivors, in order to have the coverage and benefits extended, may be required to pay the entire cost of the protection on a monthly basis. In no event shall the amount of premium or fee contributions charged exceed 102 percent of the cost to the plan for such period of coverage for other similarly-situated spouses and dependent children who are not the survivors of a deceased insured, without regard to whether such cost is paid by the employer or employee. Failure of the survivor to make premium or fee payments within 90 days after notice of the requirement to pay the premiums or fees shall be a basis for the termination of the coverage without written consent. In event of termination by reason of the survivor's failure to make required premium or fee contributions, written notice of cancellation must be mailed to the survivor's last known address at least 30 days before the cancellation. If the



coverage is provided under a group policy or plan, any required premium or fee contributions for the coverage shall be paid by the survivor to the group policyholder or contract holder for remittance to the insurer, nonprofit health service plan corporation, or health maintenance organization.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.152, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [MINIMUM BENEFITS.] All group policies and all group subscriber contracts providing benefits for mental or nervous disorder treatments in a hospital shall also provide coverage, ~~to~~ on the same basis as coverage for other benefits for at least the extent of 80 percent of the first \$750 of the cost of the usual and customary charges of the first ten hours of treatment incurred over a 12-month benefit period, for mental or nervous disorder consultation, diagnosis and treatment services delivered while the insured person is not a bed patient in a hospital, and at least 75 percent of the cost of the usual and customary charges for any additional hours of treatment during the same 12-month benefit period for serious and persistent mental or nervous disorders, if the services are furnished by (1) a licensed or accredited hospital, (2) a community mental health center or mental health clinic approved or licensed by the commissioner of human services or other authorized state agency, or (3) a licensed consulting psychologist licensed under the provisions of sections 148.87 to 148.98, or a psychiatrist licensed under chapter 147. Prior authorization from an accident and health insurance company, or a nonprofit health service corporation, shall be required for an extension of coverage beyond ten hours of treatment. This prior authorization must be based upon the severity of the disorder, the patient's risk of deterioration without ongoing treatment and maintenance, degree of functional impairment, and a concise treatment plan. Authorization for extended treatment may not exceed a maximum of 30 visit hours during any 12-month benefit period.

For purposes of this section, covered treatment for a minor shall include treatment for the family if family therapy is recommended by a provider listed above in clause (1), (2) or (3).

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.17, is amended to read:

62A.17 [TERMINATION OF OR LAYOFF FROM EMPLOYMENT.]

Subdivision 1. [CONTINUATION OF COVERAGE.] Every group insurance policy, group subscriber contract, and health care plan included within the provisions of section 62A.16, except policies, contracts, or health care plans covering employees of an agency of the federal government, shall contain a provision which permits every eligible covered employee who is voluntarily or involuntarily

terminated or laid off from employment, if the policy, contract, or health care plan remains in force for active employees of the employer, to elect to continue the coverage for the employee and dependents.

An employee shall be considered to be laid off from employment if there is a reduction in hours to the point where the employee is no longer eligible under the policy, contract or health care plan. Termination shall not include discharge for gross misconduct.

Subd. 2. [RESPONSIBILITY OF EMPLOYEE.] Every eligible covered employee electing to continue coverage shall pay the former employer, on a monthly basis, the cost of the continued coverage. If the policy, contract, or health care plan is administered by a trust, every eligible covered employee electing to continue coverage shall pay the trust the cost of continued coverage according to the eligibility rules established by the trust. In no event shall the amount of premium charged exceed 102 percent of the cost to the plan for such period of coverage for similarly-situated employees with respect to whom neither termination nor layoff has occurred, without regard to whether such cost is paid by the employer or employee. The employee shall be eligible to continue the coverage until reemployed and eligible for health care coverage under a group policy, contract, or plan sponsored by the same or another employer the employee becomes covered under another group health plan, or for a period of 12 18 months after the termination of or lay off from employment, whichever is shorter.

Subd. 3. [ELIGIBILITY FOR CONTINUED COVERAGE.] An employee shall be eligible to make the election for the employee and dependents provided for in subdivision 1 if:

(a) In the period preceding the termination of or lay off from employment, the employee and dependents were covered through employment by a group insurance policy, subscriber's contract, or health care plan included within the provisions of section 62A.16;

(b) The termination of or lay off from employment was for reasons other than the discontinuance of the business, bankruptcy, or the employee's disability or retirement.

Subd. 4. [RESPONSIBILITY OF EMPLOYER.] After timely receipt of the monthly payment from an eligible a covered employee, if the employer, or the trustee, if the policy, contract, or health care plan is administered by a trust, fails to make the payment to the insurer, nonprofit health service plan corporation, or health maintenance organization, with the result that the employee's coverage is terminated, the employer or trust shall become liable for the employee's coverage to the same extent as the insurer, nonprofit health service plan corporation, or health maintenance organization would be if the coverage were still in effect.

In the case of a policy, contract or plan administered by a trust, the employer must notify the trustee within 30 days of the termination or layoff of a covered employee of the name and last known address of the employee.

If the employer or trust fails to notify a covered employee, the employer or trust shall continue to remain liable for the employee's coverage to the same extent as the insurer would be if the coverage were still in effect.

Subd. 5. [NOTICE OF OPTIONS.] Upon the termination of or lay off from employment of an eligible employee, the employer shall inform the employee within ten days after termination or lay off of:

(a) the right to elect to continue the coverage;

(b) the amount the employee must pay monthly to the employer to retain the coverage;

(c) the manner in which and the office of the employer to which the payment to the employer must be made; and

(d) the time by which the payments to the employer must be made to retain coverage.

If the policy, contract, or health care plan is administered by a trust, the employer is relieved of the obligation imposed by clauses (a) to (d). The trust shall inform the employee of the information required by clauses (a) to (d).

The employee shall have 60 days within which to elect coverage. The 60-day period shall begin to run on the date plan coverage would otherwise terminate or on the date upon which notice of the right to coverage is received, whichever is later.

Notice may must be in writing and sent by first class mail to the employee's last known address which the employee has provided the employer or trust. If the employer or trust fails to so notify the employee who is properly enrolled in the program, the employee shall have the option to retain coverage if the employee makes this election within 60 days of the date terminated or laid off by making the proper payment to the employer or trust to provide continuous coverage.

A notice in substantially the following form shall be sufficient:  
"As a terminated or laid off employee, the law authorizes you to maintain your group medical insurance for a period of up to 12 18 months. To do so you must notify your former employer within ten 60 days of your receipt of this notice that you intend to retain this

coverage and must make a monthly payment of \$..... to ..... at ..... by the ..... of each month.”

Subd. 6. [CONVERSION TO INDIVIDUAL POLICY.] A group insurance policy that provides posttermination or layoff coverage as required by this section shall also include a provision allowing a covered employee, surviving spouse, or dependent at the expiration of the posttermination or layoff coverage provided by subdivision 2 to obtain from the insurer offering the group policy or group subscriber contract, at the employee's, spouse's, or dependent's option and expense, without further evidence of insurability and without interruption of coverage, an individual policy of insurance or an individual subscriber contract providing at least the minimum benefits of a qualified plan as prescribed by section 62E.06 and the option of a number three qualified plan, a number two qualified plan, and a number one qualified plan as provided by section 62E.06, subdivisions 1 to 3 provided application is made to the insurer within 30 days following notice of the expiration of the continued coverage and upon payment of the appropriate premium. The required conversion contract must treat pregnancy the same as any other covered illness under the conversion contract. A health maintenance contract issued by a health maintenance organization that provides posttermination or layoff coverage as required by this section shall also include a provision allowing a former employee, surviving spouse, or dependent at the expiration of the posttermination or layoff coverage provided in subdivision 2 to obtain from the health maintenance organization, at the former employee's, spouse's, or dependent's option and expense, without further evidence of insurability and without interruption of coverage, an individual health maintenance contract. Effective January 1, 1985, enrollees who have become nonresidents of the health maintenance organization's service area shall be given the option, to be arranged by the health maintenance organization, of a number three qualified plan, a number two qualified plan, or a number one qualified plan as provided by section 62E.06, subdivisions 1 to 3 if an arrangement with an insurer can reasonably be made by the health maintenance organization. This option shall be made available at the enrollee's expense, without further evidence of insurability and without interruption of coverage.

A policy providing reduced benefits at a reduced premium rate may be accepted by the employee, the spouse, or a dependent in lieu of the optional coverage otherwise required by this subdivision.

The individual policy or contract shall be renewable at the covered option of the individual as long as the individual is not under another qualified plan as defined in section 62E.02, subdivision 4, up to age 65 or to the day before the date of eligibility for coverage under title XVIII of the Social Security Act, as amended. Any revisions in the table of rate for the individual policy shall apply to the covered person's original age at entry and shall apply equally to all similar policies issued by the insurer.

**Sec. 29. [62A.20] [COVERAGE OF CURRENT SPOUSE AND CHILDREN.]**

Subdivision 1. [REQUIREMENT.] Every policy of accident and health insurance providing coverage of hospital or medical expense on either an expense-incurred basis or other than an expense-incurred basis, which in addition to covering the insured also provides coverage to the spouse and dependent children of the insured shall contain:

(1) a provision which permits the spouse and dependent children to elect to continue coverage when the insured becomes enrolled for benefits under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act (Medicare); and

(2) a provision which permits the dependent children to continue coverage when they cease to be dependent children under the generally applicable requirement of the plan.

Subd. 2. [CONTINUATION PRIVILEGE.] The coverage described in subdivision 1 may be continued until the earlier of the following dates:

(1) the date coverage would otherwise terminate under the policy;

(2) 36 months after continuation by the spouse or dependent was elected; or

(3) the spouse or dependent children become covered under another group health plan.

If coverage is provided under a group policy, any required premium contributions for the coverage shall be paid by the insured on a monthly basis to the group policyholder for remittance to the insurer. In no event shall the amount of premium charged exceed 102 percent of the cost to the plan for such period of coverage for other similarly-situated spouse and dependent children to whom subdivision 1 is not applicable, without regard to whether such cost is paid by the employer or employee.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.21, is amended to read:

**62A.21 [CONVERSION PRIVILEGES FOR INSURED FORMER SPOUSES AND CHILDREN.]**

Subdivision 1. No policy of accident and health insurance providing coverage of hospital or medical expense on either an expense incurred basis or other than an expense incurred basis, which in addition to covering the insured also provides coverage to the spouse of the insured shall contain a provision for termination of coverage

for a spouse covered under the policy solely as a result of a break in the marital relationship ~~except by reason of an entry of a valid decree of dissolution of marriage.~~

Subd. 2a. [CONTINUATION PRIVILEGE.] Every policy described in subdivision 1 shall contain a provision which permits continuation of coverage under the policy for the insured's former spouse and dependent children upon entry of a valid decree of dissolution of marriage, ~~if the decree requires the insured to provide continued coverage for those persons.~~ The coverage ~~may~~ shall be continued until the earlier of the following dates:

(a) The date of ~~remarriage of either the insured or the insured's former spouse~~ becomes covered under any other group health plan;  
or

(b) The date coverage would otherwise terminate under the policy.

If the coverage is provided under a group policy, any required premium contributions for the coverage shall be paid by the insured on a monthly basis to the group policyholder for remittance to the insurer. In no event shall the amount of premium charged exceed 102 percent of the cost to the plan for such period of coverage for other similarly-situated spouses and dependent children with respect to whom the marital relationship has not dissolved, without regard to whether such cost is paid by the employer or employee.

Subd. 2b. [CONVERSION PRIVILEGE.] Every policy described in subdivision 1 shall contain a provision allowing a former spouse and dependent children of an insured, without providing evidence of insurability, to obtain from the insurer at the expiration of any continuation of coverage required under subdivision 2a or ~~section sections 62A.146 and 62A.20, or upon termination of coverage by reason of an entry of a valid decree of dissolution which does not require the insured to provide continued coverage for the former spouse and dependent children,~~ conversion coverage providing at least the minimum benefits of a qualified plan as prescribed by section 62E.06 and the option of a number three qualified plan, a number two qualified plan, a number one qualified plan as provided by section 62E.06, subdivisions 1 to 3, provided application is made to the insurer within 30 days following notice of the expiration of the continued coverage and upon payment of the appropriate premium. A policy providing reduced benefits at a reduced premium rate may be accepted by the former spouse and dependent children in lieu of the optional coverage otherwise required by this subdivision. The individual policy shall be renewable at the option of the former spouse as long as the former spouse is not covered under another qualified plan as defined in section 62E.02, subdivision 4, up to age 65 or to the day before the date of eligibility for coverage under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, as amended. Any revisions in the table of rate for the individual policy shall apply to the former

spouse's original age at entry, and shall apply equally to all similar policies issued by the insurer.

Subd. 3. Subdivision 1 applies to every policy of accident and health insurance which is delivered, issued for delivery, renewed or amended on or after July 19, 1977.

Subdivisions 2a and 2b apply to every policy of accident and health insurance which is delivered, issued for delivery, renewed, or amended on or after August 1, 1981.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.27, is amended to read:

62A.27 [COVERAGE FOR ADOPTED CHILDREN.]

No individual or group policy or plan of health and accident insurance regulated under this chapter or chapter 64B, subscriber contract regulated under chapter 62C, or health maintenance contract regulated under chapter 62D, providing coverage for more than one person may be issued or renewed in this state after August 1, 1983, unless the policy, plan, or contract covers adopted children of the insured, subscriber, or enrollee on the same basis as other dependents. Consequently, the policy or plan shall not contain any provision concerning preexisting condition limitations, insurability, eligibility, or health underwriting approval concerning adopted children.

The coverage required by this section is effective from the date of placement for the purpose of adoption and continues unless the placement is disrupted prior to legal adoption and the child is removed from placement.

Sec. 32. [62A.28] [SURETY BOND OR SECURITY FOR CERTAIN HEALTH BENEFIT PLANS.]

Subdivision 1. [SURETY BOND OR SECURITY REQUIREMENT.] Any employer, except the state and its political subdivisions as defined in section 65B.43, subdivision 20, who provides a health benefit plan to its Minnesota employees, which is to some extent self-insured by the employer, and who purchases stop-loss insurance coverage, or any other insurance coverage, in connection with the health benefit plan, shall annually file with the commissioner, within 60 days of the end of the employer's fiscal year, security acceptable to the commissioner in an amount specified under subdivision 2, or a surety bond in the form and amount prescribed by subdivisions 2 and 3. An acceptable surety bond is one issued by a corporate surety authorized by the commissioner to transact this business in the state of Minnesota for the purposes of this section. The term "Minnesota employees" includes any Minnesota resident who is employed by the employer.

Subd. 2. [AMOUNT OF SURETY OR SECURITY BOND.] The amount of surety bond or acceptable security required by subdivision 1 shall be equal to one-third of the projected annual medical and hospital expenses to be incurred by the employer or \$1,000, whichever is greater, with respect to its Minnesota employees by reason of the portion of the employer's health benefit plan which is self-insured by the employer. The projection shall be prepared by an actuary who is a member of the American Academy of Actuaries.

Subd. 3. [FORM OF THE SURETY BOND.] The surety bond shall provide as follows:

### SURETY BOND

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS: That (entity to be bonded), of (location), (hereinafter called the "principal"), as principal, and (bonding company name), a (name of state) corporation, of (location) (hereinafter called the "surety"), as surety are held and firmly bound unto the commissioner of commerce of the state of Minnesota for the use and benefit of Minnesota residents entitled to health benefits from the principal in the sum of (\$.....), for the payment of which well and truly to be made, the principal binds itself, its successor and assigns, and the surety binds itself and its successors and assigns, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

WHEREAS, in accordance with section (.....) of the Minnesota Statute principal is required to file a surety bond with the commissioner of commerce of the state of Minnesota.

NOW, THEREFORE, the condition of this obligation is such that if the said principal shall, according to the terms, provisions, and limitations of principals' health benefit program for its Minnesota employees pay all of its liabilities and obligations, including all benefits as provided in the attached plan, then, this obligation shall be null and void, otherwise to remain in full force and effect, subject, however, to the following terms and conditions:

1. The liability of the surety is limited to the payment of the benefits of the employee benefit plan which are payable by the principal and within the amount of the bond. The surety shall be bound to payments owed by the principal for obligations arising from a default of the principal or any loss incurred during the period to which the bond applies.

2. In the event of any default on the part of the principal to abide by the terms and provisions of the attached plan, the commissioner of commerce may, upon ten days notice to the surety and opportunity to be heard, require the surety to pay all of the principal's past and



future obligations under the attached plan with respect to the principal's Minnesota employees.

3. Service on the surety shall be deemed to be service on the principals.

4. This bond shall be in effect from ..... to ....., and may not be canceled by either the surety or the principal.

5. Any Minnesota employee of principal aggrieved by a default of principal under the attached plan, and/or the commissioner of commerce on behalf of any such employee, may enforce the provisions of this bond.

6. This bond shall become effective at (time of day, month, day, year).

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, said principals and said surety have caused this instrument to be signed by their respective, duly authorized officers and their corporate seals to be hereunto affixed this (day, month, year).

Signed, sealed and delivered in

the presence of:

Corporation Name

Bonding Company Name  
By:

Subd. 4. [PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO COMPLY.] The commissioner of revenue shall deny any business tax deduction to an employer for the employer's contribution to a health plan for the period which the employer fails to comply with this section. This section does not apply to trusts established under chapter 62H which have been approved by the commissioner.

Subd. 5. [PETITION TO REDUCE BOND OR SECURITY AMOUNT.] An employer subject to this section may petition the commissioner for, and the commissioner may grant, a reduction in the amount of the surety bond or security required.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.31, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. [APPLICATION TO CERTAIN POLICIES.] The requirements of sections 62A.31 to 62A.44 shall not apply to disability income protection insurance policies, long-term care policies issued pursuant to sections 62A.46 to 62A.56, or group policies of accident and health insurance which do not purport to supplement medicare issued to any of the following groups:

(a) A policy issued to an employer or employers or to the trustee of a fund established by an employer where only employees or retirees, and dependents of employees or retirees, are eligible for coverage.

(b) A policy issued to a labor union or similar employee organization.

(c) A policy issued to an association, a trust or the trustee of a fund established, created or maintained for the benefit of members of one or more associations. The association or associations shall have at the outset a minimum of 100 persons; shall have been organized and maintained in good faith for purposes other than that of obtaining insurance; shall have a constitution and bylaws which provide that (1) the association or associations hold regular meetings not less frequently than annually to further purposes of the members, (2) except for credit unions, the association or associations collect dues or solicit contributions from members, and (3) the members have voting privileges and representation on the governing board and committees, and (4) the members are not directly solicited, offered, or sold an insurance product that is available as an association benefit within the first 30 days of membership in the association.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.43, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [REFUNDS.] Notwithstanding the provisions of section 62A.38, an insurer which issues a medicare supplement plan to any person who has one plan then in effect, except as permitted in subdivision 1, shall, at the request of the insured, either refund the premiums or pay any claims on the policy, whichever is greater. Any refund of premium pursuant to this section or section 62A.38 shall be sent by the insurer directly to the insured within 15 days of the request by the insured.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.43, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. [OTHER POLICIES NOT PROHIBITED.] The prohibition in this section against the sale of duplicate medicare supplement coverage does not preclude the sale of insurance coverage, such as travel, accident, and sickness coverage, the effect or purpose of which is not to supplement medicare coverage. Notwithstanding this provision, if the commissioner determines that the coverage being sold is in fact medicare supplement insurance, the commissioner shall notify the insurer in writing of the determination. If the insurer does not thereafter comply with sections 62A.31 to 62A.44, the commissioner may, pursuant to chapter 14, revoke or suspend the insurer's authority to sell accident and health insurance in this state or impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000, or both.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.48, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 7. [EXISTING POLICIES.] Nothing in sections 62A.46 to 62A.56 prohibits the renewal of the following long-term health policies:

(1) any policies sold prior to August 1, 1986;

(2) policies sold prior to July 1, 1988, by associations exempted from sections 62A.31 to 62A.44 under section 62A.31, subdivision 1, paragraph (c); and

(3) policies sold outside the state of Minnesota to persons who at the time of sale were not residents of the state of Minnesota.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62D.102, is amended to read:

62D.102 [MINIMUM BENEFITS.]

In addition to minimum requirements established in other sections, all group health maintenance contracts providing benefits for mental or nervous disorder treatments in a hospital shall also provide coverage for at least ten hours of treatment over a 12-month period with a copayment not to exceed the greater of \$10 or 20 percent of the applicable usual and customary charge for mental or nervous disorder consultation, diagnosis and treatment services delivered while the enrollee is not a bed patient in a hospital and at least 75 percent of the cost of the usual and customary charges for any additional hours of ambulatory mental health treatment during the same 12-month benefit period for serious and persistent mental or nervous disorders.

Prior authorization may be required for an extension of coverage beyond ten hours of treatment. This prior authorization must be based upon the severity of the disorder, the patient's risk of deterioration without ongoing treatment and maintenance, degree of functional impairment, and a concise treatment plan. Authorization for extended treatment may not exceed a maximum of 30 visit hours during any 12-month benefit period.

For purposes of this section, covered treatment for a minor shall include treatment for the family if family therapy is recommended by a health maintenance organization provider.

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62E.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [NUMBER THREE PLAN.] A plan of health coverage shall be certified as a number three qualified plan if it otherwise meets the requirements established by chapters 62A and 62C, and the other laws of this state, whether or not the policy is

issued in Minnesota, and meets or exceeds the following minimum standards:

(a) The minimum benefits for a covered individual shall, subject to the other provisions of this subdivision, be equal to at least 80 percent of the cost of covered services in excess of an annual deductible which does not exceed \$150 per person. The coverage shall include a limitation of \$3,000 per person on total annual out-of-pocket expenses for services covered under this subdivision. The coverage shall be subject to a maximum lifetime benefit of not less than \$250,000.

The \$3,000 limitation on total annual out-of-pocket expenses and the \$250,000 maximum lifetime benefit shall not be subject to change or substitution by use of an actuarially equivalent benefit.

(b) Covered expenses shall be the usual and customary charges for the following services and articles when prescribed by a physician:

- (1) hospital services;
- (2) professional services for the diagnosis or treatment of injuries, illnesses, or conditions, other than ~~outpatient mental or dental~~, which are rendered by a physician or at the physician's direction;
- (3) drugs requiring a physician's prescription;
- (4) services of a nursing home for not more than 120 days in a year if the services would qualify as reimbursable services under medicare;
- (5) services of a home health agency if the services would qualify as reimbursable services under medicare;
- (6) use of radium or other radioactive materials;
- (7) oxygen;
- (8) anesthetics;
- (9) prostheses other than dental;
- (10) rental or purchase, as appropriate, of durable medical equipment other than eyeglasses and hearing aids;
- (11) diagnostic X-rays and laboratory tests;
- (12) oral surgery for partially or completely unerupted impacted teeth, a tooth root without the extraction of the entire tooth, or the

gums and tissues of the mouth when not performed in connection with the extraction or repair of teeth;

(13) services of a physical therapist; and

(14) transportation provided by licensed ambulance service to the nearest facility qualified to treat the condition; or a reasonable mileage rate for transportation to a kidney dialysis center for treatment; and

(15) services of an occupational therapist.

(c) Covered expenses for the services and articles specified in this subdivision do not include the following:

(1) any charge for care for injury or disease either (i) arising out of an injury in the course of employment and subject to a workers' compensation or similar law, (ii) for which benefits are payable without regard to fault under coverage statutorily required to be contained in any motor vehicle, or other liability insurance policy or equivalent self-insurance, or (iii) for which benefits are payable under another policy of accident and health insurance, medicare or any other governmental program except as otherwise provided by law;

(2) any charge for treatment for cosmetic purposes other than for reconstructive surgery when such service is incidental to or follows surgery resulting from injury, sickness or other diseases of the involved part or when such service is performed on a covered dependent child because of congenital disease or anomaly which has resulted in a functional defect as determined by the attending physician;

(3) care which is primarily for custodial or domiciliary purposes which would not qualify as eligible services under medicare;

(4) any charge for confinement in a private room to the extent it is in excess of the institution's charge for its most common semiprivate room, unless a private room is prescribed as medically necessary by a physician, provided, however, that if the institution does not have semiprivate rooms, its most common semiprivate room charge shall be considered to be 90 percent of its lowest private room charge;

(5) that part of any charge for services or articles rendered or prescribed by a physician, dentist, or other health care personnel which exceeds the prevailing charge in the locality where the service is provided; and

(6) any charge for services or articles the provision of which is not within the scope of authorized practice of the institution or individual rendering the services or articles.

(d) The minimum benefits for a qualified plan shall include, in addition to those benefits specified in clauses (a) and (e), benefits for well baby care, effective July 1, 1980, subject to applicable deductibles, coinsurance provisions, and maximum lifetime benefit limitations.

(e) Effective July 1, 1979, the minimum benefits of a qualified plan shall include, in addition to those benefits specified in clause (a), a second opinion from a physician on all surgical procedures expected to cost a total of \$500 or more in physician, laboratory and hospital fees, provided that the coverage need not include the repetition of any diagnostic tests.

(f) Effective August 1, 1985, the minimum benefits of a qualified plan must include, in addition to the benefits specified in clauses (a), (d), and (e), coverage for special dietary treatment for phenylketonuria when recommended by a physician.

(g) Outpatient mental health coverage is subject to section 62A.152, subdivision 2.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62E.14, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. [TERMINATED EMPLOYEES.] An employee who is voluntarily or involuntarily terminated or laid off from employment and unable to exercise the option to continue coverage under section 62A.17 may enroll, within 60 days of termination or lay-off, with a waiver of the preexisting condition limitation set forth in subdivision 3 and a waiver of the evidence of rejection set forth in subdivision 1, paragraph (c).

Sec. 40. [62E.18] [HEALTH INSURANCE FOR RETIRED EMPLOYEES NOT ELIGIBLE FOR MEDICARE.]

A Minnesota resident who is age 65 or over and is not eligible for the health insurance benefits of the federal Medicare program is entitled to purchase the benefits of a qualified plan, one or two, offered by the Minnesota comprehensive health association without any of the limitations set forth in section 62E.14, subdivision 1, paragraph (c).

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62F.041, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. This section shall expire on June 30, 1987 1989.

Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62F.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. A policy issued by the association shall provide for a continuous period of coverage beginning with its effective date and terminating automatically at 12:01 a.m. on September 1, 1988, or sooner as provided in sections 62F.01 to 62F.14 may not extend beyond a period of one year from the date on which the authorization under section 62F.04 ends. The policy shall be issued subject to the group retrospective rating plan and the stabilization reserve fund authorized by section 62F.09. The policy shall be written to apply to claims first made against the insured and reported to the association during the policy period. No policy form shall be used by the association unless it has been filed with the commissioner, and the commissioner may disapprove the form within 30 days if the commissioner determines it is misleading or violates public policy.

Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62H.04, is amended to read:

62H.04 [COMPLIANCE WITH OTHER LAWS.]

A joint self-insurance plan is subject to the requirements of chapter chapters 62A, and 62E, and sections 72A.17 to 72A.32 unless otherwise specifically exempt. A joint self-insurance plan must not offer less than a number two qualified plan or its actuarial equivalent.

Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62I.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. The association shall have no liability for premium taxes under section 60A.15, or any other taxes or assessments imposed by the state.

Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62I.03, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [DEFICIT.] "Deficit" means, for a particular policy year and line or type of insurance, that amount by which total paid and outstanding losses and loss adjustment expenses exceed premium revenue, including retrospective premium revenue.

Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62I.04, is amended to read:

62I.04 [POLICY ISSUANCE.]

Any person or entity that is a resident of the state of Minnesota who has a current written notice of refusal to insure from an insurer

licensed to offer insurance in the state of Minnesota may make written application to the association for coverage. The applicable premium or required portion of it must be paid prior to coverage by the association.

The application shall be filed simultaneously with the association and the market assistance plan for the association.

The association is authorized to (1) issue or cause to be issued insurance policies to applicants subject to limits specified in the plan of operation; (2) underwrite the insurance and adjust and pay losses with respect to it, or appoint service companies to perform those functions; (3) assume reinsurance from its members; and (4) cede reinsurance.

Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62L.16, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [SUPERVISION.] All money paid into the fund shall be held in trust by the corporate trustee selected by the board of directors. The corporate trustee may invest the money held in trust subject to the approval of the board. All investment income shall be credited to the fund. All expenses of the administration of the fund shall be charged against the fund. The money held in trust shall be used solely for the purpose of discharging when due any retrospective premium charges payable by policyholders and any retrospective premium refunds payable to policyholders under the group retrospective rating plan. Payment of retrospective premium charges shall be made upon certification of the amount due. If all money accruing to the fund is exhausted in payment of retrospective premium charges, all liability and obligations of the association's policyholders with respect to the payment of retrospective premium charges shall terminate and shall be conclusively presumed to have been discharged. Any stabilization reserve fund charges from a particular policy year and line or type of insurance not used to pay retrospective premiums must be returned to policyholders after all claims and expense obligations from that particular policy year and line or type of insurance are satisfied.

Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62L.22, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [NOTICE.] The commissioner of commerce shall publish notice of the hearing in the State Register at least 30 days before the hearing date. The notice should be that used for rulemaking under chapter 14. Approval by the administrative law judge of the notice prior to publication is not required. The notice must contain a statement that anyone wishing to oppose activation beyond 180 days for any particular class, must file a petition to intervene with the administrative law judge at least ten days before the hearing date. If



no notice to intervene is filed for a class, then the class is activated beyond the 180-day period without further action.

Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62I.22, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. [CASE PRESENTATION.] The department of commerce, upon request by small businesses as defined by section 14.115, subdivision 1, shall assist small businesses in any specific class requesting continuation of coverage beyond the 180-day period, in coordinating the class and presenting the case in the contested hearing.

Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 64B.11, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [FILING OF AMENDMENTS BY FOREIGN OR ALIEN SOCIETY.] Every foreign or alien society authorized to do business in this state shall file with the commissioner a duly certified copy of all amendments of, or additions to, its laws within 90 days after the enactment of same be subject to the requirements of section 72A.061, subdivision 2, as to amendments or additions to its bylaws.

Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 64B.27, is amended to read:

#### 64B.27 [ANNUAL LICENSE.]

Societies that are now authorized to transact business in this state may continue this business until the first day of June next succeeding August 1, 1985. The authority of the societies and all societies hereafter licensed, may thereafter be renewed annually, subject to section 60A.13, subdivisions 1, 5, 6, and 7. However, a license so issued shall continue in full force and effect until the new license is issued or specifically refused. ~~For each license or renewal the society shall pay the commissioner \$20.~~ A duly certified copy or duplicate of the license is prima facie evidence that the licensee is a fraternal benefit society within the meaning of this chapter.

Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65A.01, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

Subd. 3a. [CANCELLATION.] (1) There shall be printed in the policy or an endorsement attached to the policy a printed form in the following words:

When this policy has been issued to cover buildings used for residential purposes other than a hotel or motel and has been in effect for at least ~~six months~~ 60 days, or if it has been renewed, this

policy shall not be canceled, except for one or more of the following reasons which shall be stated in the notice of cancellation:

- (a) Nonpayment of premium;
- (b) Misrepresentation or fraud made by or with the knowledge of the insured in obtaining the policy or in pursuing a claim thereunder;
- (c) An act or omission of the insured which materially increases the risk originally accepted;
- (d) Physical changes in the insured property which are not corrected or restored within a reasonable time after they occur and which result in the property becoming uninsurable; or
- (e) Nonpayment of dues to an association or organization, other than an insurance association or organization, where payment of dues is a prerequisite to obtaining or continuing the insurance.

Provided, however, that this limitation on cancellation shall not apply to additional coverages in a divisible policy, other than a policy of fire and extended coverage insurance. If this company cancels the additional coverages, it may issue a new, separate fire policy at a premium calculated on a pro rata basis for the remaining period of the original policy.

(2) The provisions of clause (1)(e) shall not be included in the language of the policy or endorsement unless the payment of dues to an association or organization, other than an insurance association or organization, is a prerequisite to obtaining or continuing the insurance.

Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65A.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

65A.03 [BINDERS, TEMPORARY INSURANCE.]

Subdivision 1. [GENERALLY.] Binders or other contracts for temporary insurance may be made orally or in writing, and shall be deemed to include all the terms of such standard fire insurance policy and all such applicable endorsements as may be designated in such contract of temporary insurance; except that the cancellation clause of such standard fire insurance policy and the clause specifying the hour of the day at which the insurance shall commence; may be superseded by the express terms of such contract of temporary insurance.

Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65A.10, is amended to read:

## 65A.10 [LIMITATION.]

Nothing contained in sections 65A.08 and 65A.09 shall be construed to preclude insurance against the cost, in excess of actual cash value at the time any loss or damage occurs, of actually repairing, rebuilding or replacing the insured property. Where insurance covers the cost of replacing, rebuilding or repairing any loss or damaged property with equal or better kind of quality, the replacement, rebuilding or repair must be in accordance with the minimum code as required by state and/or local authorities.

Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65A.29, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 10. [RETURN OF UNEARNED PREMIUM.] Cancellation of a policy of homeowner's insurance pursuant to this section is not effective unless any unearned premium due the insured is returned to the insured with the notice of cancellation or is delivered or sent by mail to the insured so as to be received by the insured not later than the effective date of cancellation. If the premium has been forwarded by the insured's agent and debited to the agent's account with the company, upon cancellation the unearned premium shall be credited to the agent's account with the company.

Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65B.1311, is amended to read:

## 65B.1311 [COVERAGE FOR FORMER SPOUSE.]

Subdivision 1. [NEW POLICY ISSUED.] If the former spouse of a named insured under a policy of private passenger vehicle insurance applies within 60 days of entry of a valid decree of dissolution of the marriage and the former spouse was an insured driver under the policy for at least 12 months prior to entry of the decree, the insurer must issue a policy, upon payment of the appropriate premium, to the former spouse only on the basis of the driving record applicable to the former spouse and any person who is to be an insured, as defined in section 65B.43, under the policy to be issued, provided the person or persons to be insured meets the insurer's eligibility standards. An insurer must issue a policy of private passenger insurance to the former spouse of a named insured, within the provisions of subdivision 2 of this section, if the following conditions are met:

(1) the former spouse has been an insured driver under the former policy for at least the six months immediately preceding the entry of a valid decree of dissolution of marriage;

(2) the former spouse makes application for a policy before the end of the policy period or within 60 days after the entry of the decree of dissolution of marriage, whichever is later;

(3) the appropriate premium is paid; and

(4) the former spouse and any person or persons who is to be an insured, as defined in section 65B.43, meets the insurer's eligibility standards for renewal policies.

Subd. 2. [NAMED INSURED.] A named insured under a policy of private passenger vehicle insurance shall have the premium determined at the first and any subsequent renewals of the policy after entry of a valid decree of dissolution of the marriage of the named insured only on the basis of the driving record and rating classification applicable to the named insured and any person who is to be an insured, as defined in section 65B.43, under the policy to be renewed.

Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65B.15, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. No cancellation or reduction in the limits of liability of coverage during the policy period of any policy shall be effective unless notice thereof is given and unless based on one or more reasons stated in the policy which shall be limited to the following:

1. Nonpayment of premium; or
2. The policy was obtained through a material misrepresentation;  
or
3. Any insured made a false or fraudulent claim or knowingly aided or abetted another in the presentation of such a claim; or
4. The named insured failed to disclose fully motor vehicle accidents and moving traffic violations of the named insured for the preceding 36 months if called for in the written application; or
5. The named insured failed to disclose in the written application any requested information necessary for the acceptance or proper rating of the risk; or
6. The named insured knowingly failed to give any required written notice of loss or notice of lawsuit commenced against the named insured, or, when requested, refused to cooperate in the investigation of a claim or defense of a lawsuit; or
7. The named insured or any other operator who either resides in the same household, unless the other operator is identified by name in any other policy as an insured; or customarily operates an automobile insured under such policy:

(a) has, within the 36 months prior to the notice of cancellation, had that person's driver's license under suspension or revocation; or

(b) is or becomes subject to epilepsy or heart attacks, and such individual does not produce a written opinion from a physician testifying to that person's medical ability to operate a motor vehicle safely, such opinion to be based upon a reasonable medical probability; or

(c) has an accident record, conviction record (criminal or traffic), physical condition or mental condition, any one or all of which are such that the person's operation of an automobile might endanger the public safety; or

(d) has been convicted, or forfeited bail, during the 24 months immediately preceding the notice of cancellation for criminal negligence in the use or operation of an automobile, or assault arising out of the operation of a motor vehicle, or operating a motor vehicle while in an intoxicated condition or while under the influence of drugs; or leaving the scene of an accident without stopping to report; or making false statements in an application for a driver's license, or theft or unlawful taking of a motor vehicle; or

(e) has been convicted of, or forfeited bail for, one or more violations within the 18 months immediately preceding the notice of cancellation, of any law, ordinance, or rule which justify a revocation of a driver's license.

8. The insured automobile is:

(1) so mechanically defective that its operation might endanger public safety; or

(2) used in carrying passengers for hire or compensation, provided however that the use of an automobile for a car pool shall not be considered use of an automobile for hire or compensation; or

(3) used in the business of transportation of flammables or explosives; or

(4) an authorized emergency vehicle; or

(5) subject to an inspection law and has not been inspected or, if inspected, has failed to qualify within the period specified under such inspection law; or

(6) substantially changed in type or condition during the policy period, increasing the risk substantially, such as conversion to a commercial type vehicle, a dragster, sports car or so as to give clear evidence of a use other than the original use.

Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65B.16, is amended to read:

**65B.16 [STATEMENT OF REASONS FOR CANCELLATION OR REDUCTION.]**

No notice of cancellation or reduction in the limits of liability of coverage of an automobile insurance policy under section 65B.15 shall be effective unless the specific underwriting or other reason or reasons for such cancellation or reduction in the limits of liability of coverage are stated in such notice and the notice is mailed or delivered by the insurer to the named insured at least 30 days prior to the effective date of cancellation; provided, however, that when nonpayment of premium is the reason for cancellation or when the company is exercising its right to cancel insurance which has been in effect for less than 60 days at least ten days notice of cancellation, and the reasons for the cancellation, shall be given. Information regarding moving traffic violations or motor vehicle accidents must be specifically requested on the application in order for a company to use those incidents to exercise its right to cancel within the first 59 days of coverage. When nonpayment of premiums is the reason for cancellation, the reason must be given to the insured with the notice of cancellation; and if the company is exercising its right to cancel within the first 59 days of coverage and notice is given with less than ten days remaining in the 59-day period, the coverage must be extended, to expire ten days after notice was mailed.

**Sec. 59. [65B.162] [NOTICE OF POSSIBLE CANCELLATION.]**

A written notice shall be provided to all applicants for private passenger insurance, at the time the application is submitted, containing the following language in bold print: "THE INSURER MAY ELECT TO CANCEL COVERAGE AT ANY TIME DURING THE FIRST 59 DAYS FOLLOWING ISSUANCE OF THE COVERAGE FOR ANY REASON WHICH IS NOT SPECIFICALLY PROHIBITED BY STATUTE."

Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65B.21, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Upon receipt of a written objection pursuant to the provisions herein, the commissioner ~~shall~~ may notify the insurer of receipt of such objection and of the right of the insurer to file a written response thereto within ten days of receipt of such notification. The commissioner may also order an investigation of the objection or complaint, the submission of additional information by the insured or the insurer about the action by the insurer or the objections of the insured, or such other procedure as the commissioner deems appropriate or necessary. Within 23 days of receipt of such written objection by an insured the commissioner shall approve or disapprove the insurer's action and shall notify the insured and

insurer of the final decision. Either party may institute proceedings for judicial review of the commissioner's decision; provided, however, that the commissioner's final decision shall be binding pending judicial review.

Sec. 61. [65B.30] [COLLISION DAMAGE WAIVER FEE.]

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] (a) The "assigned risk blended rate" is an average of the assigned risk plan collision rates of all classifications except those for drivers under age 21, for the Minneapolis territory, the highest rated territory in the state, and the lowest rated territory in the state divided by 365.

(b) A "collision damage waiver" is a discharge of the responsibility of the renter or leasee to return the motor vehicle in the same condition as when rented.

Subd. 2. [LIMITATION.] When a motor vehicle is rented or leased in the state of Minnesota, if coverage for a collision damage waiver is provided, the fee charged for any days coverage shall be no greater than the assigned risk blended rate.

Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65B.46, is amended to read:

65B.46 [RIGHT TO BENEFITS.]

Subdivision 1. If the accident causing injury occurs in this state, every person suffering loss from injury arising out of maintenance or use of a motor vehicle or as a result of being struck as a pedestrian by a motorcycle has a right to basic economic loss benefits.

Subd. 2. If the accident causing injury occurs outside this state in the United States, United States possessions, or Canada, the following persons and their surviving dependents suffering loss from injury arising out of maintenance or use of a motor vehicle or as a result of being struck as a pedestrian by a motorcycle have a right to basic economic loss benefits:

(1) Insureds, and

(2) the driver and other occupants of a secured vehicle, other than (a) a vehicle which is regularly used in the course of the business of transporting persons or property and which is one of five or more vehicles under common ownership, or (b) a vehicle owned by a government other than this state, its political subdivisions, municipal corporations, or public agencies. The reparation obligor may, if the policy expressly states, extend the basic economic loss benefits to any stated area beyond the limits of the United States, United States possessions and Canada.

Subd. 3. For the purposes of sections 65B.41 to 65B.71, injuries suffered by a person while on, mounting or alighting from a motorcycle do not arise out of the maintenance or use of a motor vehicle although a motor vehicle is involved in the accident causing the injury.

Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65B.47, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. In case of injury to the driver or other occupant of a motor vehicle other than a commuter van, or other than a vehicle being used to transport children to school or to a school sponsored activity or other bus or taxicab while it is in operation within the state of Minnesota as to any Minnesota resident who is an insured as defined in section 65B.43, subdivision 5, if the accident causing the injury occurs while the vehicle is being used in the business of transporting persons or property, the security for payment of basic economic loss benefits is the security covering the vehicle or, if none, the security under which the injured person is an insured.

Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 67A.05, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [FILING OF BYLAWS AND AMENDMENTS THERETO.] Every township mutual fire insurance company doing business within this state shall cause a copy of its bylaws to be certified to by its president and its secretary and file the same with the commissioner and thereafter every amendment to the bylaws of any township mutual fire insurance company, duly certified to by its president and its secretary, shall within a reasonable time after its adoption be filed in the office of the commissioner be subject to the requirements of section 72A.061, subdivision 2, as to amendments or additions to its bylaws.

Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 67A.06, is amended to read:

#### 67A.06 [POWERS OF CORPORATION.]

Every corporation formed under the provisions of sections 67A.01 to 67A.26, shall have power:

- (1) To have succession by its corporate name for the time stated in its certificate of incorporation;
- (2) To sue and be sued in any court;
- (3) To have and use a common seal and alter the same at pleasure;



(4) To acquire, by purchase or otherwise, and to hold, enjoy, improve, lease, encumber, and convey all real and personal property necessary for the purpose of its organization, subject to such limitations as may be imposed by law or by its articles of incorporation;

(5) To elect or appoint in such manner as it may determine all necessary or proper officers, agents, boards, and committees, fix their compensation, and define their powers and duties;

(6) To make and amend consistently with law bylaws providing for the management of its property and the regulation and government of its affairs;

(7) To wind up and liquidate its business in the manner provided by chapter 60B; and

(8) To indemnify certain persons against expenses and liabilities as provided in section ~~300.082~~ 300.083. In applying section ~~300.082~~ 300.083 for this purpose, the term "members" shall be substituted for the terms "shareholders" and "stockholders."

Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 67A.231, is amended to read:

**67A.231 [DEPOSIT OF FUNDS; INVESTMENT; LIMITATIONS.]**

The directors of any township mutual insurance company may authorize the treasurer to invest any of its funds and accumulations in:

(a) Bonds, notes, mortgages, or other obligations guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America and those for which the credit of the United States is pledged to pay principal, interest or dividends, including United States agency and instrumentality bonds, debentures, or obligations;

(b) Bonds, notes, evidence of indebtedness, or other public authority obligations guaranteed by this state;

(c) Bonds, notes, evidence of the indebtedness or other obligations guaranteed by the full faith and credit of any county, municipality, school district, or other duly authorized political subdivision of this state;

(d) Loans upon improved and unencumbered real property in this state worth at least twice the amount loaned thereon, not including buildings, unless insured by property insurance policies payable to and held by the security holder;

(e) Real estate, including land, buildings and fixtures, located in this state and used primarily as home office space for the insurance company;

(f) Demand or time deposits or savings accounts in federally insured depositories located in this state to the extent that the deposit or investment is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Corporation, or the National Credit Union Administration;

(g) Guarantee fund certificates of a mutual insurer which reinsures the business of the township mutual insurance company. The commissioner may by rule limit the amount of guarantee fund certificates which the township mutual insurance company may purchase and this limit may be a function of the size of the township mutual insurance company;

(h) Up to \$1,500 in stock of an insurer which issues directors and officers liability insurance to township mutual insurance company directors and officers.

Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 70A.06, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subdivision 1a. Whenever an insurer files a change in a rate that will result in a 25 percent or more increase in a 12-month period over existing rates, the commissioner may hold a hearing to determine if the change is excessive. The hearing must be conducted under chapter 14. It shall be the responsibility of the insurer to show the rate is not excessive. The rate is effective unless it is determined within 60 days as a result of the hearing that the rate is excessive.

Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 70A.08, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Until January 1, 1988, The commissioner may restrict approval on claims-made policies to forms filed by a rate service organization which have been approved.

Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 72A.20, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. [APPLICATION TO CERTAIN SECTIONS.] Violating any provision of the following sections of this chapter not set forth in subdivisions 1 to 15 this section shall constitute an unfair method of competition and an unfair and deceptive act or practice: sections 72A.12, subdivisions 2, 3, and 4, 72A.16, subdivision 2, 72A.03 and 72A.04, 72A.08, subdivision 1 as modified by section 72A.08, subdivision 4, and 65B.13.

Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 72A.20, subdivision 17, is amended to read:

Subd. 17. [RETURN OF PREMIUMS UPON DEATH OF INSURED.] (a) Refusing, upon surrender of an individual policy of life insurance, to refund to the estate of the insured all unearned premiums paid on the policy covering the insured as of the time of the insured's death if the unearned premium is for a period of more than one month.

The insurer may deduct from the premium any previously accrued claim for loss or damage under the policy.

For the purposes of this section, a premium is unearned during the period of time the insurer has not been exposed to any risk of loss; or

(b) Refusing, upon termination or cancellation of a policy of automobile insurance under section 65B.14, subdivision 2, or a policy of homeowner's insurance under section 65A.27, subdivision 4, or a policy of accident and sickness under section 62A.01, to refund to the insured all unearned premiums paid on the policy covering the insured as of the time of the termination or cancellation if the unearned premium is for a period of more than one month.

The insurer may deduct from the premium any previously accrued claim for loss or damage under the policy.

For purposes of this section, a premium is unearned during the period of time the insurer has not been exposed to any risk of loss.

Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 72A.20, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 18. [IMPROPER BUSINESS PRACTICES.] (a) Improperly withholding, misappropriating, or converting any money belonging to a policyholder, beneficiary, or other person when received in the course of the insurance business; or (b) engaging in fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest practices in connection with the insurance business.

Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 72A.20, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 19. [SUPPORT FOR UNDERWRITING STANDARDS.] No life or health insurance company doing business in this state shall engage in any selection or underwriting process unless the insurance company establishes beforehand substantial data, actuarial projections, or claims experience which support the underwriting standards used by the insurance company. The data, projections, or claims experience used to support the selection or underwriting

process is not limited to only that of the company. The experience, projections, or data of other companies or a rate service organization may be used as well.

Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 72A.31, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. No person, firm or corporation engaged in the business of financing the purchase of real or personal property or of lending money on the security of real or personal property or who acts as agent or broker for one who purchases real property and borrows money on the security thereof, and no trustee, director, officer, agent or other employee of any such person, firm, or corporation shall directly or indirectly:

(1) require, as a condition precedent to such purchase or financing the purchase of such property or to loaning money upon the security of a mortgage thereon, or as a condition prerequisite for the renewal or extension of any such loan or mortgage or for the performance of any other act in connection therewith, that the person, firm or corporation making such purchase or for whom such purchase is to be financed or to whom the money is to be loaned or for whom such extension, renewal or other act is to be granted or performed negotiate any policy of insurance or renewal thereof covering such property through a particular agent, or insurer; or

(2) refuse to accept any policy of insurance covering such property because it was not negotiated through or with any particular agent, or insurer; or

(3) require any policy of insurance covering the property to exceed the replacement cost of the buildings on the mortgaged premises.

This section shall not prevent the disapproval of the insurer or a policy of insurance by any such person, firm, corporation, trustee, director, officer, agent or employee where there are reasonable grounds for believing that such insurance is unsatisfactory as to placement with an unauthorized insurer, the financial solvency of the insurer, adequacy of the coverage, adequacy of the insurer to assume the risk to be insured, the assessment features to which the policy is subject, or other grounds which are not arbitrary, unreasonable or discriminatory, nor shall this section forbid the securing of insurance or a renewal thereof at the request of the borrower or because of the borrower's failure to furnish the necessary insurance or renewal thereof.

Upon notice of any such disapproval of an insurer or a policy of insurance, the commissioner may order the approval of the insurer or the acceptance of the tendered policy of insurance, or both, if the commissioner determines such disapproval is not in accordance with the foregoing requirements. Failure to comply with such an order of

the commissioner of commerce shall be deemed a violation of this section.

Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 169.045, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 8. [INSURANCE.] In the event persons operating a motorized golf cart or four-wheel, all-terrain vehicle under this section cannot obtain liability insurance in the private market, that person may purchase automobile insurance, including no-fault coverage, from the Minnesota Automobile Assigned Risk Plan at a rate to be determined by the commissioner of commerce.

Sec. 75. [604.08] [VOLUNTEER ATHLETIC COACHES AND OFFICIALS; IMMUNITY FROM LIABILITY.]

Subdivision 1. [GRANT.] No individual who provides services or assistance without compensation as an athletic coach, manager, or official for a sports team or any other youth organization that is organized or performing under a nonprofit charter is liable for money damages to a player or participant as a result of the individual's acts or omissions in the providing of that service or assistance.

This section applies to organized sports competitions and practice and instruction in that sport.

For purposes of this section, "compensation" does not include reimbursement for expenses.

Subd. 2. [LIMITATION.] Subdivision 1 does not apply:

(1) to the extent that the acts or omissions are covered under an insurance policy issued to the entity for whom the coach, manager, or official serves;

(2) if the individual acts in a willful and wanton or reckless manner in providing the services or assistance, or if the individual has not successfully completed a safety orientation program established by the commissioner of public safety;

(3) if the acts or omissions arise out of the operation, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle;

(4) if the acts or omissions are a result of the individual's permitting a sports competition or practice to be conducted without adequate supervision;

(5) to an athletic coach, manager, or official who provides services or assistance as part of a public or private educational institution's athletic program; and

(6) if the individual acts in violation of federal, state, or local law.

The limitation in clause (1) constitutes a waiver of the defense of immunity to the extent of the liability stated in the policy, but has no effect on the liability of the individual beyond the coverage provided.

Sec. 76. [SPECIAL STUDY.]

The commissioner of health, with the advice and assistance of the commissioners of commerce and human services, shall prepare a report to the legislature which addresses the issues concerning reimbursement by third-party payors of home health care benefits for individuals with a medical condition which would require inpatient hospital services in the absence of home or community-based care, and who are dependent upon medical technology in order to avoid death or serious injury. Development of the report shall include participation by home care providers and third-party payors. The report must include recommendations for the adoption of definitions of home care, minimum standards of home care services, the costs of providing home care, and resolution of the issue of cost-shifting of home care. The report must be delivered to the legislature by January 15, 1988.

Sec. 77. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 62A.12 and 67A.43, subdivision 3, are repealed.

Minnesota Rules, parts 2700.2400; 2700.2410; 2700.2420; 2700.2430; and 2700.2440, are repealed.

Sec. 78. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 27 and 37 are effective for all group policies, all group subscriber contracts, all health maintenance contracts within the scope of Minnesota Statutes, chapters 62A, 62C, and 62D that are issued, delivered, or renewed in this state after August 1, 1987.

Section 74 is effective the day following final enactment.

Section 75 is effective August 1, 1987, and applies to claims arising from incidents occurring on or after that date."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to insurance; requiring notification of group life or health coverage changes; eliminating mandatory temporary insurance agent licenses; requiring those who solicit insurance to act as agent for the insured; regulating surplus lines insurance; regulating rates and forms; regulating insurance plan administrators; regulating the renewal, nonrenewal, and cancellation of commercial liability and property insurance policies; providing continued group life coverage upon termination or layoff; providing for the establishment and operation of the insurance guaranty association and the life and health guaranty association; regulating accident and health insurance; providing for the extra-territorial application of coverages; requiring the treatment of pregnancy-related conditions in the same manner as other illnesses; mandating certain coverages; clarifying coverage for handicapped dependents; providing group coverage for ambulatory mental health services; providing continued group accident and health coverage upon termination or layoff; requiring coverage of current spouse and children; imposing surety bond requirements on certain health benefit plans; regulating Medicare supplement plan premium refunds; authorizing the renewal of certain long-term health policies; providing for the establishment and operation of the comprehensive health association and the joint underwriting association; providing comprehensive health insurance coverage for certain employees not eligible for Medicare; regulating fraternal benefit associations; regulating automobile insurance; limiting the cancellation of fire insurance binders and policies; providing for administration of the FAIR plan; limiting the grounds for cancellation or reduction in limits during the policy period; providing for the priority of security for payment of basic economic loss benefits; extending basic economic loss benefit protection; requiring coverages for former spouses; regulating collision damage waiver fees; extending no-fault benefits to pedestrians who are struck by motorcycles; regulating township mutual insurance companies; authorizing investments in certain insurers; regulating trade practices; requiring life and health insurers to substantiate the underwriting standards they use; providing assigned risk plan coverage for certain vehicles used by the handicapped; granting immunity from liability for volunteer coaches, managers, and officials; providing for a special study of home health care benefits for certain individuals; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 60A.17, subdivisions 2c, 11, and 13; 60A.196; 60A.197; 60A.198, subdivision 3; 60A.23, subdivision 8; 60A.30; 60B.44, subdivisions 1, 4, 5, and 9; 60C.09; 61A.09, subdivision 1; 62A.01; 62A.02, subdivision 2; 62A.041; 62A.043, by adding a subdivision; 62A.141; 62A.146; 62A.152, subdivision 2; 62A.17; 62A.21; 62A.27; 62A.31, subdivision 1a; 62A.43, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 62A.48, by adding a subdivision; 62D.102; 62E.06, subdivision 1; 62E.14, by adding a subdivision; 62F.041, subdivision 2; 62F.06, subdivision 1; 62H.04; 62I.02, by adding a subdivision; 62I.03, subdivision 5; 62I.04; 62I.16, subdivision 3; 62I.22, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 64B.11, subdivision 4; 64B.27; 65A.01, subdivision 3a; 65A.03, subdivision 1; 65A.10; 65A.29, by adding a subdivision; 65B.1311; 65B.15,

subdivision 1; 65B.16; 65B.21, subdivision 2; 65B.46; 65B.47, subdivision 1; 67A.05, subdivision 2; 67A.06; 67A.231; 70A.06, by adding a subdivision; 70A.08, subdivision 3; 72A.20, subdivisions 11, 17, and by adding subdivisions; 72A.31, subdivision 1; and 169.045, by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 60A; 62A; 62E; 65B; and 604; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 62A.12; and 67A.43, subdivision 3; and Minnesota Rules, parts 2700.2400 to 2700.2440."

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

S. F. No. 1184, A bill for an act relating to state lands; authorizing the conveyance of certain lands in Pine county to the Amherst H. Wilder Foundation; amending Laws 1981, chapter 354, section 1, subdivisions 1 and 5; repealing Laws 1981, chapter 354, section 1, subdivisions 2, 3, and 4.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Page 2, after line 25, insert:

"Sec. 5. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1 to 4 are effective the day following final enactment."

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

## SECOND READING OF HOUSE BILLS

H. F. Nos. 539, 919, 1122, 1407 and 1453 were read for the second time.

## SECOND READING OF SENATE BILLS

S. F. Nos. 69, 478 and 1184 were read for the second time.



## ADJOURNMENT

Vanasek moved that when the House adjourns today it adjourn until 11:00 a.m., Friday, May 15, 1987. The motion prevailed.

Vanasek moved that the House adjourn. The motion prevailed, and the Speaker declared the House stands adjourned until 11:00 a.m., Friday, May 15, 1987.

EDWARD A. BURDICK, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

## STATE OF MINNESOTA

## SEVENTY-FIFTH SESSION — 1987

## FIFTY-THIRD DAY

SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, MAY 15, 1987

The House of Representatives convened at 11:00 a.m. and was called to order by Fred C. Norton, Speaker of the House.

Prayer was offered by Sunthi Poul Chookiatsirichai, Southeast Asian Lutheran Ministry of Minneapolis, Minneapolis, Minnesota.

The roll was called and the following members were present:

Anderson, G.	Frerichs	Krueger	Omann	Segal
Anderson, R.	Greenfield	Larsen	Onnen	Shaver
Battaglia	Gruenes	Lasley	Orenstein	Simoneau
Bauerly	Gutknecht	Lieder	Osthoff	Skoglund
Beard	Hartle	Long	Otis	Solberg
Begich	Haukoos	Marsh	Ozment	Sparby
Bennett	Heap	McDonald	Pappas	Stanius
Bertram	Himle	McEachern	Pauly	Steensma
Bishop	Hugoson	McKasy	Pelowski	Sviggum
Blatz	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Peterson	Swenson
Boo	Jaros	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Thiede
Brown	Jefferson	Milbert	Price	Tjornhom
Burger	Jennings	Miller	Quinn	Tompkins
Carlson, D.	Jensen	Minne	Reding	Trimble
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Morrison	Rest	Tunheim
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Munger	Rice	Uphus
Clark	Johnson, V.	Murphy	Richter	Valento
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Riveness	Vanasek
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Rose	Vellenga
Dauner	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Rukavina	Voss
DeBlieck	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Sarna	Wagenius
Dempsey	Kinkel	O'Connor	Schafer	Waltman
Dille	Kludt	Ogren	Scheid	Welle
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Schoenfeld	Wenzel
Forsythe	Knuth	Olson, E.	Schreiber	Winter
Frederick	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Seaberg	Wynia
				Spk. Norton

A quorum was present.

Rodosovich was excused until 12:00 noon. Quist was excused until 5:00 p.m. Redalen was excused until 5:10 p.m.

The Chief Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding day. Kelly moved that further reading of the Journal be dispensed with and that the Journal be approved as corrected by the Chief Clerk. The motion prevailed.

Anderson, R., was excused while in conference.

#### REPORTS OF CHIEF CLERK

Pursuant to Rules of the House, printed copies of H. F. Nos. 516, 303, 859, 943, 960, 379, 683, 1595, 576, 803, 862, 919, 539, 1122, 1407, 1453 and 756 and S. F. Nos. 463, 652, 1044, 1472, 81, 946, 953, 1191, 508, 587, 717, 841, 908, 1029, 170, 465, 971, 1057, 232, 682 and 377 have been placed in the members' files.

S. F. No. 508 and H. F. No. 298, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

#### SUSPENSION OF RULES

Long moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 508 be substituted for H. F. No. 298 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 652 and H. F. No. 1297, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

#### SUSPENSION OF RULES

Milbert moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 652 be substituted for H. F. No. 1297 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 717 and H. F. No. 485, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

#### SUSPENSION OF RULES

Kalis moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 717 be substituted for H. F. No. 485 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 946 and H. F. No. 1496, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

## SUSPENSION OF RULES

Clark moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 946 be substituted for H. F. No. 1496 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1029 and H. F. No. 1002, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

## SUSPENSION OF RULES

Clark moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 1029 be substituted for H. F. No. 1002 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1191 and H. F. No. 1362, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

## SUSPENSION OF RULES

McLaughlin moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 1191 be substituted for H. F. No. 1362 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 908 and H. F. No. 1022, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical.

Kelso moved that S. F. No. 908 be substituted for H. F. No. 1022 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1472 and H. F. No. 705, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

## SUSPENSION OF RULES

Kelly moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 1472 be substituted for H. F. No. 705 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

**SECOND READING OF SENATE BILLS**

S. F. Nos. 508, 652, 717, 946, 1029, 1191, 908 and 1472 were read for the second time.

**INTRODUCTION AND FIRST READING  
OF HOUSE BILLS**

The following House File was introduced:

Clark, McLaughlin, Jaros, Jefferson and Long introduced:

H. F. No. 1675, A bill for an act relating to human rights; prohibiting unfair discriminatory practices on the basis of affectional or sexual orientation; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 363.01, subdivision 24, and by adding a subdivision; 363.02, subdivisions 1 and 2; 363.03, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, and 8; 363.05, subdivision 1; 363.11; 363.115; and 363.12, subdivision 1.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

**HOUSE ADVISORIES**

The following House Advisory was introduced:

Olson, K.; Brown; Wenzel and Winter introduced:

H. A. No. 47, A proposal to study the feasibility of alternative crops in southern and western Minnesota.

The advisory was referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

**MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE**

The following messages were received from the Senate:

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House Files, herewith returned:

H. F. No. 654, A bill for an act relating to metropolitan government; providing for the composition of the metropolitan airports

commission; requiring plans and reports on noise, capacity, and other matters at Minneapolis-St. Paul International Airport; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 473.604, subdivision 1; 473.612; and 473.621, subdivision 1a.

H. F. No. 1417, A bill for an act relating to human services; providing for hospice care payments under medical assistance; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.02, subdivision 8.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned:

H. F. No. 88, A bill for an act relating to probate; changing and clarifying certain powers of trustees; redefining "augmented estate" for certain purposes; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 501.125, subdivision 1; 501.66, subdivision 28; and 524.2-202; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 501; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 501.125, subdivision 1a; and 501.66, subdivision 6a.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned:

H. F. No. 1281, A bill for an act relating to local government; authorizing Lake county to issue seasonal on-sale liquor licenses; authorizing St. Louis county to set the compensation of certain board and commission members; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 383C.073.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the adoption by the Senate of the following House Concurrent Resolution, herewith returned:

House Concurrent Resolution No. 8, A House concurrent resolution commemorating the life and work of John Mariucci.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the adoption by the Senate of the following House Concurrent Resolution, herewith returned:

House Concurrent Resolution No. 9, A House concurrent resolution designating the "Red Ribbon" to commemorate Minnesota citizens who are still missing in action or are being held against their will in Asian countries.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 674, A bill for an act relating to crimes; dictating circumstances in which the court may stay execution of sentence following conviction for a second or subsequent offense relating to criminal sexual conduct; providing that information regarding a sexual assault victim is private; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 609.346, subdivisions 2 and 3; and 611A.06.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate accedes to the request of the House for the appointment of a Conference Committee on the amendments adopted by the Senate to the following House File:

H. F. No. 1170, A bill for an act relating to state government; prohibiting certain mandated leaves of absence for state employees; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 43A.32, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision.

The Senate has appointed as such Committee:

Messrs. Jude; Moe, D. M., and Wegscheid.

Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate accedes to the request of the House for the appointment of a Conference Committee on the amendments adopted by the Senate to the following House File:

H. F. No. 1304, A bill for an act relating to insurance; regulating cancellations of insurance agency contracts; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 60A.

The Senate has appointed as such Committee:

Messrs. Luther, Metzen and Anderson.

Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate accedes to the request of the House for the appointment of a Conference Committee on the amendments adopted by the Senate to the following House File:

H. F. No. 1622, A bill for an act relating to courts; providing court of appeals and crime victim representation on the sentencing guidelines commission; providing that terms of commission members appointed by the governor are coterminous with the governor; changing the date on which the commission's report to the legislature is due; clarifying the membership on judicial appeal panels; permitting retired judges to solemnize marriages; clarifying judicial representation on the judicial standards board; authorizing the supreme court to adopt court rules; restricting mileage reimbursement for law clerks; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 244.09, subdivisions 2, 3, and 11; 253B.19, subdivision 1; 480.051; 481.02, subdivision 3; 484.545, subdivision 3; 484.62; 490.15, subdivision 1; 517.04; and 525.06.

The Senate has appointed as such Committee:

Messrs. Cohen, Spear and Knaak.

Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate



Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate accedes to the request of the House for the appointment of a Conference Committee on the amendments adopted by the Senate to the following House File:

H. F. No. 1374, A bill for an act relating to the office of the attorney general; removing the numerical limit on the number of assistant attorneys general; authorizing the attorney general to delegate contract review duties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 8.02, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 8.

The Senate has appointed as such Committee:

Messrs. Luther; Moe, D. M., and Knaak.

Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate accedes to the request of the House for the appointment of a Conference Committee on the amendments adopted by the Senate to the following House File:

H. F. No. 638, A bill for an act relating to elections; requiring election judges to inform voters of certain laws; providing for selection of a party in certain primary elections; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 204C.13, subdivision 2; and 206.80.

The Senate has appointed as such Committee:

Messrs. Dicklich, Pogemiller and Luther.

Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate accedes to the request of the House for the appointment of a Conference Committee on the amendments adopted by the Senate to the following House File:

H. F. No. 841, A bill for an act relating to utilities; providing for prevention of unlawful meter bypass, tampering, and use; providing

remedies; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 325E.

The Senate has appointed as such Committee:

Messrs. Jude, Spear and Ramstad.

Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate accedes to the request of the House for the appointment of a Conference Committee on the amendments adopted by the Senate to the following House File:

H. F. No. 596, A bill for an act relating to jails; providing for the detention and confinement of minors subject to prosecution as adults; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 641.14; and 636.07.

The Senate has appointed as such Committee:

Messrs. Freeman, Merriam and Beckman.

Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate accedes to the request of the House for the appointment of a Conference Committee on the amendments adopted by the Senate to the following House File:

H. F. No. 1073, A bill for an act relating to occupations and professions; providing advertising restrictions for plumbers; imposing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 326F.75.

The Senate has appointed as such Committee:

Messrs. Kroening, Frank and Willet.

Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate accedes to the request of the House for the appointment of a Conference Committee on the amendments adopted by the Senate to the following House File:

H. F. No. 1209, A bill for an act relating to public nuisances; defining a nuisance; providing for the enjoyment of nuisances; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 617; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 617.33; 617.34; 617.35; 617.36; 617.37; 617.38; 617.39; 617.40; and 617.41.

The Senate has appointed as such Committee:

Ms. Peterson, D. C.; Messrs. Cohen and Ramstad.

Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate accedes to the request of the House for the appointment of a Conference Committee on the amendments adopted by the Senate to the following House File:

H. F. No. 234, A bill for an act relating to employment; establishing unpaid leave of absences for new parents; setting conditions on return from leave; creating a cause of action; prohibiting cost of parental leave from increasing unemployment insurance experience rating; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.06, subdivision 5; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 181.

The Senate has appointed as such Committee:

Ms. Peterson, D. C.; Mr. Frank and Ms. Piper.

Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 1223, A bill for an act relating to Morrison county; removing special qualifications for newspapers; repealing Laws 1980, chapter 526.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVERN, Secretary of the Senate

CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Wenzel moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 1223 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1223, A bill for an act relating to legal newspapers; modifying certain requirements to qualify as a legal newspaper; removing special qualifications for newspapers in Morrison county; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 331A.02, subdivision 1; repealing Laws 1980, chapter 526.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 123 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Lieder	Otis	Solberg
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Long	Pappas	Sparby
Bauerly	Haukoos	Marsh	Pauly	Stanis
Beard	Heap	McDonald	Pelowski	Steenasma
Begich	Himle	McEachern	Peterson	Sviggum
Bennett	Hugoson	McKasy	Poppenhagen	Swenson
Bertram	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Price	Tiede
Bishop	Jaros	McPherson	Quinn	Tjornhom
Blatz	Jefferson	Milbert	Reding	Tompkins
Burger	Jensen	Miller	Rest	Trimble
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Minne	Rice	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Morrison	Richter	Uphus
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Munger	Riveness	Valento
Clark	Kahn	Murphy	Rose	Vanasek
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Nelson, C.	Rukavina	Vellenga
Cooper	Kelly	Nelson, D.	Sarna	Voss
Dauner	Kelso	Nelson, K.	Schafer	Wagenius
DeBlicke	Kinkel	Neuenschwander	Scheid	Waltman
Dempsey	Kludt	O'Connor	Schoenfeld	Welle
Dille	Knickerbocker	Ogren	Schreiber	Wenzel
Dorn	Knuth	Olsen, S.	Seaberg	Winter
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Omann	Segal	Wynia
Frederick	Krueger	Onnen	Shaver	Spk. Norton
Frerichs	Larsen	Orenstein	Simoneau	
Greenfield	Lasley	Osthoff	Skoglund	

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 1207, A bill for an act relating to real property; altering certain redemption periods; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 580.23, subdivision 2.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Lasley moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 1207 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1207, A bill for an act relating to real property; altering certain redemption periods; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 580.23, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 123 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Lieder	Osthoff	Solberg
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Long	Otis	Sparby
Bauerly	Haukoos	Marsh	Pappas	Stanius
Beard	Heap	McDonald	Pauly	Steensma
Begich	Himle	McEachern	Pelowski	Sviggum
Bennett	Hugoson	McKasy	Peterson	Swenson
Bertram	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Thiede
Bishop	Jaros	McPherson	Price	Tjornhom
Blatz	Jefferson	Milbert	Quinn	Tompkins
Boo	Jensen	Miller	Reding	Trimble
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Minne	Rest	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Morrison	Rice	Uphus
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Munger	Richter	Valento
Clark	Kahn	Murphy	Rose	Vanasek
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Nelson, C.	Rukavina	Vellenga
Cooper	Kelly	Nelson, D.	Sarna	Voss
Dauner	Kelso	Nelson, K.	Schafer	Wagenius
DeBlicck	Kinkel	Neuenschwander	Scheid	Waltman
Dempsey	Kludt	O'Connor	Schoenfeld	Welle
Dille	Knickerbocker	Ogren	Schreiber	Wenzel
Dorn	Knuth	Olsen, S.	Seaberg	Winter
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Olson, E.	Segal	Wynia
Frederick	Krueger	Omann	Shaver	Spk. Norton
Frerichs	Larsen	Onnen	Simoneau	
Greenfield	Lasley	Orenstein	Skoglund	

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 532, A bill for an act relating to public safety; motorized bicycles; establishing standards for the safe operation of motorized bicycles; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 65B.001, by adding a subdivision; 65B.43, subdivision 13; 168.011, subdivision 27; 169.01, subdivision 4a; 169.223; 171.01, subdivision 20; and 171.02, subdivision 3.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Kahn moved that the House refuse to concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 532, that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 3 members of the House, and that the House requests that a like committee be appointed by the Senate to confer on the disagreeing votes of the two houses. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 643, A bill for an act relating to domestic abuse; prohibiting modification or vacation of certain orders for protection in a marriage dissolution proceeding; providing that certain actions are not violations of an order for protection; requiring written notice to respondents of penalties for violation of an order; requiring notice to peace officers; requiring recording of hearings; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 518.131, subdivision 2; and 518B.01, subdivisions 4, 6, 14, and by adding subdivisions.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Vellenga moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 643 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 643, A bill for an act relating to domestic abuse; prohibiting modification or vacation of certain orders for protection in a marriage dissolution proceeding; providing that certain actions are not violations of an order for protection; requiring written notice to respondents of penalties for violation of an order; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 518.131, subdivision 2; and 518B.01, subdivisions 4, 6, 14, and by adding a subdivision.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 126 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Frerichs	Larsen	Onnen	Segal
Battaglia	Greenfield	Lasley	Orenstein	Shaver
Bauerly	Gruenes	Lieder	Otis	Simoneau
Beard	Gutknecht	Marsh	Ozment	Skoglund
Begich	Hartle	McDonald	Pappas	Solberg
Bennett	Haukoos	McEachern	Pauly	Sparby
Bertram	Heap	McKasy	Pelowski	Stanius
Bishop	Himle	McLaughlin	Peterson	Steensma
Blatz	Hugoson	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Boo	Jacobs	Milbert	Price	Swenson
Brown	Jaros	Miller	Quinn	Thiede
Burger	Jefferson	Minne	Reding	Tjornhom
Carlson, D.	Jennings	Morrison	Rest	Tompkins
Carlson, L.	Jensen	Munger	Rice	Trimble
Carruthers	Johnson, A.	Murphy	Richter	Uphus
Clark	Johnson, R.	Nelson, C.	Riveness	Valento
Clausnitzer	Johnson, V.	Nelson, D.	Rodosovich	Vanasek
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Rose	Vellenga
Dauner	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Rukavina	Voss
DeBleeck	Kinkel	O'Connor	Sarna	Wagenius
Dempsey	Kludt	Ogren	Schafer	Waltman
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Scheid	Welle
Dorn	Knuth	Olson, E.	Schoenfeld	Wenzel
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Schreiber	Winter
Frederick	Krueger	Omann	Seaberg	Wynia
				Spk. Norton

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 526, A bill for an act relating to human services; authorizing the department of human services to enter into shared service agreements; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 246.57, subdivisions 1, 2, and by adding a subdivision; repealing

Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 246.57, subdivision 3; 246.61; 246.62; and 246.63.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVER, Secretary of the Senate

CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Welle moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 526 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 526, A bill for an act relating to human services; authorizing the department of human services to enter into shared service agreements; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 246.57, subdivisions 1, 2, and by adding a subdivision; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 246.57, subdivision 3; 246.61; 246.62; and 246.63.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 129 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Lasley	Osthoff	Simoneau
Battaglia	Gruenes	Lieder	Otis	Skoglund
Bauerly	Gutknecht	Marsh	Ozment	Solberg
Beard	Hartle	McDonald	Pappas	Sparby
Begich	Haukoos	McEachern	Pauly	Stanius
Bennett	Heap	McKasy	Pelowski	Steensma
Bertram	Himle	McLaughlin	Peterson	Sviggum
Bishop	Hugoson	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Swenson
Blatz	Jacobs	Milbert	Price	Thiede
Boo	Jaros	Miller	Quinn	Tjornhom
Brown	Jefferson	Minne	Reding	Tompkins
Burger	Jennings	Morrison	Rest	Trimble
Carlson, D.	Jensen	Munger	Rice	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Murphy	Richter	Uphus
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Nelson, C.	Riveness	Valento
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, D.	Rodosovich	Vanasek
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Rose	Vellenga
Cooper	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rukavina	Voss
Dauner	Kelso	O'Connor	Sarna	Wagenius
DeBlicek	Kinkel	Ogren	Schafer	Waltman
Dempsey	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Scheid	Welle
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Schoenfeld	Wenzel
Dorn	Knuth	Olson, K.	Schreiber	Winter
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Omamm	Seaberg	Wynia
Frederick	Krueger	Onnen	Segal	Spk. Norton
Frerichs	Larsen	Orenstein	Shaver	

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.



Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 391, A bill for an act relating to crimes; increasing penalties for distributing controlled substances to a minor or employing a minor to distribute controlled substances; defining measurement and purity requirements of controlled substances for criminal and tax law purposes; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 152.15, subdivisions 1 and 4; 297D.01, subdivision 3; and 297D.07.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Marsh moved that the House refuse to concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 391, that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 3 members of the House, and that the House requests that a like committee be appointed by the Senate to confer on the disagreeing votes of the two houses. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 236, A bill for an act relating to elections; requiring fair campaign practices; imposing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 123.015; 200.015; 201.275; 204C.04; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapters 211A and 211B; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, chapter 210A.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Scheid moved that the House refuse to concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 236, that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 3 members of the House, and that the House requests that a like committee be appointed by the Senate to confer on the disagreeing votes of the two houses. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 1138, A bill for an act relating to small business; requiring use of certain socially and economically disadvantaged subcontractors; removing a five-year eligibility limitation; modifying the definition of small business; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 16B.19, subdivision 6; 16B.22; and 645.445, subdivisions 2 and 3.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Osthoff moved that the House refuse to concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 1138, that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 3 members of the House, and that the House requests that a like committee be appointed by the Senate to confer on the disagreeing votes of the two houses. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 990, A bill for an act relating to crimes; providing that persons convicted of a crime of violence may not ship, transport, possess, or receive a firearm for ten years following restoration of civil rights, the setting aside of a conviction, or a pardon; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 609.165, by adding a subdivision; 609.168; 624.712, subdivision 5; and 638.02, subdivision 2.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Segal moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 990 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 990, A bill for an act relating to crimes; providing that persons convicted of a crime of violence may not ship, transport, possess, or receive a firearm for ten years following restoration of civil rights, the setting aside of a conviction, or a pardon; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 609.165, by adding a subdivision; 609.168; 624.712, subdivision 5; and 638.02, subdivision 2.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 130 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

## Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Larsen	Onnen	Segal
Battaglia	Gruenes	Lasley	Orenstein	Shaver
Bauerly	Gutknecht	Lieder	Osthoff	Skoglund
Beard	Hartle	Long	Otis	Solberg
Begich	Haukoos	Marsh	Ozment	Sparby
Bennett	Heap	McDonald	Pappas	Stanius
Bertram	Himle	McEachern	Pauly	Steensma
Bishop	Hugoson	McKasy	Pelowski	Sviggum
Blatz	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Peterson	Swenson
Boo	Jaros	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Thiede
Brown	Jefferson	Milbert	Price	Tjornhom
Burger	Jennings	Miller	Quinn	Tompkins
Carlson, D.	Jensen	Minne	Reding	Trimble
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Morrison	Rest	Tunheim
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Munger	Rice	Uphus
Clark	Johnson, V.	Murphy	Richter	Valento
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Riveness	Vanasek
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Dauner	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Rose	Voss
DeBlieck	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dempsey	Kinkel	O'Connor	Sarna	Waltman
Dille	Kludt	Ogren	Schafer	Welle
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Scheid	Wenzel
Forsythe	Knuth	Olson, E.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Frederick	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Schreiber	Wynia
Frerichs	Krueger	Omann	Seaberg	Spk. Norton

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate refuses to concur in the House amendments to Senate File No. 865:

S. F. No. 865, A bill for an act relating to environment; authorizing an assessment against public utilities to finance the state costs of controlling acid deposition; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116C.69, subdivision 3.

The Senate respectfully requests that a Conference Committee be appointed thereon. The Senate has appointed as such committee:

Messrs. Dahl, Willet and Marty.

Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House with the request that the House appoint a like committee.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Trimble moved that the House accede to the request of the Senate and that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 3 members of the House to meet with a like committee appointed by the Senate

on the disagreeing votes of the two houses on S. F. No. 865. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

S. F. No. 353.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S. F. NO. 353

A bill for an act relating to metropolitan water management; authorizing metropolitan counties to adopt ground water plans; relating to notice procedures in certain counties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 112.53, subdivision 2; 473.875; 473.876, by adding subdivisions; 473.878, subdivisions 3, 5, 6, 7, and 9; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 473.

May 11, 1987

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S. F. No. 353, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House recede from its amendment and that S. F. No. 353 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 112.60, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1a. [ASSESSMENT NOTICE FOR METROPOLITAN WATERSHEDS.] For a watershed district entirely within the metropolitan area, the auditor must mail an assessment notice to property owners and corporations benefited and damaged before the assessment is made in subdivision 1. The assessment notice must include:

- (1) the amount to be specially assessed against the property;
- (2) the right of the property owner to prepay the entire assessment and to whom prepayment must be made;
- (3) whether partial prepayment of the assessment is authorized;
- (4) the time within which prepayment may be made without interest being charged; and
- (5) the rate of interest to be charged if the assessment is not prepaid within the required time period.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 112.60, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. [PREPAYMENT FOR METROPOLITAN WATERSHED DISTRICTS.] (a) For a watershed district entirely within the metropolitan area, a property owner or corporation may prepay the entire assessment at any time before the first installment of the assessment is entered on the tax lists for the year with the interest that has accrued to the date of payment, except that interest may not be charged on an assessment that is prepaid within 30 days after the assessment notice is mailed.

(b) After the first installment of an assessment is entered on the tax list, a property owner or corporation may prepay the entire assessment remaining due before November 15 with interest accrued to December 31 of the year in which the prepayment is made.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 112.64, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3a. [NOTICE AND PREPAYMENT FOR METROPOLITAN WATERSHEDS.] For a watershed district entirely within the metropolitan area, the auditor must mail an assessment notice to the owners of affected property as provided in section 112.60, subdivision 1a, before the assessment is levied. The assessment may be prepaid as provided in section 112.60, subdivision 5.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.875, is amended to read:

473.875 [SURFACE METROPOLITAN WATER MANAGEMENT PROGRAM PROGRAMS; PURPOSES.]

The purpose of the surface water management programs required by sections 473.875 to 473.883 is to protect, preserve and use natural surface and ground water storage and retention systems in order to (a) reduce to the greatest practical extent the public capital expen-

ditures necessary to control excessive volumes and rates of runoff, (b) protect and improve surface and ground water quality, (c) prevent flooding and erosion from surface flows, (d) promote ground water recharge, (e) protect and enhance fish and wildlife habitat and water recreational facilities, and (f) secure the other benefits associated with the proper management of surface and ground water.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.876, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2a. [GROUND WATER PLAN.] "Ground water plan" means a county plan adopted under section 12.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.876, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2b. [GROUND WATER SYSTEM.] "Ground water system" means one of the 14 principal aquifers of the state as defined by the United States Geological Survey in the Water-Resources Investigations 81-51, entitled "Designation of Principal Water Supply Aquifers in Minnesota" (August 1981), and its revisions.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.878, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [GENERAL STANDARDS.] (a) The watershed management plan shall extend through the year 1990 or any year thereafter which is evenly divisible by five.

(b) The plan must be updated before the expiration of the period covered by the plan. The plan must be reviewed for consistency with an adopted county ground water plan, and revised as necessary, whenever the watershed plan undergoes substantial revision or updating. In counties that adopt or amend ground water plans within five years following the effective date of section 12, watershed plans must be reviewed for consistency with the county ground water plan, and revised as necessary, not later than six years following the effective date of section 12. In counties that adopt or amend ground water plans after five years following the effective date of section 12, watershed plans must be reviewed for consistency with the county ground water plan, and revised as necessary, not later than one year following the adoption or amendment of the ground water plan. Upon the request of a watershed management organization, the county shall provide a written statement that: (1) identifies any substantial inconsistencies between the watershed plan and the ground water plan and any substantial adverse effects of the watershed plan on the ground water plan, and (2) evaluates, estimates the cost of, and recommends alternatives for amending the watershed plan to rectify any substantial inconsistencies and adverse effects.

(c) The plan shall contain the elements required by subdivision 4. Each element shall be set out in the degree of detail and prescription necessary to accomplish the purposes of sections 473.875 to 473.883, considering the character of existing and anticipated physical and hydrogeologic conditions, land use, and development and the severity of existing and anticipated water management problems in the watershed.

(d) The plan shall be prepared and submitted for review under subdivision 5 not later than December 31, 1986.

(e) Existing plans of a watershed management organization shall remain in force and effect until amended or superseded by plans adopted under sections 473.875 to 473.883. Existing or amended plans of a watershed management organization which meet the requirements of sections 473.875 to 473.883 may be submitted for review under subdivision 5.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.878, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [LOCAL REVIEW.] (a) Upon completion of the plan but before final adoption by the organization, the organization shall submit the plan for review and comment to all counties, soil and water conservation districts, towns, and statutory and home rule charter cities having territory within the watershed. Any local government unit which expects that substantial amendment of its local comprehensive plan will be necessary in order to bring local water management into conformance with the watershed plan shall describe as specifically as possible, within its comments, the amendments to the local plan which it expects will be necessary. If the county has a ground water plan, the county shall review and comment on the consistency of the watershed plan with the county ground water plan. Differences among local governmental agencies regarding the plan must be mediated.

(b) Sixty days after the submission to local government units for comment, the organization shall submit the plan, any comments received, and any appropriate amendments to the plan, to the board of the county or counties having territory within the watershed. The county shall approve or disapprove projects in the capital improvement program which may require the provision of county funds pursuant to section 112.60, subdivision 2, or 473.883. The county shall have 60 days to complete its review of the capital improvement program. If the county fails to complete its review within the prescribed period, unless an extension is agreed to by the organization the program shall be deemed approved. If the watershed extends into more than one county and one or more counties disapprove of all or part of a capital improvement program while the other county or counties approve, the program shall be submitted to the water resources board for review pursuant to subdivision 7.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.878, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [REVIEW BY METROPOLITAN COUNCIL.] After completion of the review under subdivision 5, the plan and all comments received shall be submitted to the metropolitan council for review. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in sections 112.46 and 473.165, the council shall review the plan in the same manner and with the same authority and effect as provided for the council's review of the comprehensive plans of local government units under section 473.175. The council shall comment on the apparent conformity with metropolitan system plans of any anticipated amendments to local comprehensive plans. The council may mediate and attempt to resolve differences among local governmental agencies regarding the plan.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.878, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [REVIEW BY STATE AGENCIES.] After completion of the review under subdivision 6, the plan and all comments received shall be submitted to the ~~commissioner~~ commissioners of natural resources and health and the director of the pollution control agency for review and comment on the consistency of the plan with state laws and rules relating to water and related land resources, and to the water resources board for review under section 112.46. Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, the water resources board shall review the plan as provided in section 112.46. The board shall review the plan for conformance with the requirements of chapter 112 and sections 473.875 to 473.883. The board shall not prescribe a plan, but may disapprove all or parts of a plan which it determines is not in conformance with the requirements of chapter 112 and sections 473.875 to 473.883. If the capital improvement program is the subject of a dispute between counties, the water resources board shall make a final decision on the issue. The decision shall be binding on the organization and the counties involved.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.878, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. [AMENDMENTS.] To the extent and in the manner required by the adopted plan, all amendments to the adopted plan shall be submitted to the towns, cities, county, and other agencies for review in accordance with the provisions of subdivisions 5, 6, and 7. Amendments necessary to revise the plan to be consistent with county ground water plan, as required by subdivision 3, must be submitted for review in accordance with subdivisions 5, 6, and 7.

Sec. 12. [473.8785] [GROUND WATER PLANS.]



Subdivision 1. [AUTHORITY.] A metropolitan county may prepare and adopt ground water plans in accordance with this section.

Subd. 2. [RESPONSIBLE UNITS.] The county may prepare and adopt the plan or, upon request of a soil and water conservation district, the county may delegate to the soil and water conservation district the preparation and adoption of all or part of a plan and the performance of other county responsibilities regarding the plan under this section and section 473.878.

Subd. 3. [LOCAL COORDINATION.] To assure the coordination of efforts of all units of government during the preparation and implementation of watershed and ground water plans, the county shall conduct meetings with local units of government and watershed management organizations, and may enter into agreements with local units of government and watershed management organizations establishing the responsibilities during the preparation and implementation of the water plans.

Subd. 4. [ASSISTANCE; ADVISORY COMMITTEE.] The county may contract with the Minnesota geological survey, the United States geological survey, a soil and water conservation district, or other public or private agencies or persons for services in performing the county's responsibilities regarding the plan under this section and section 473.878. Counties may enter into agreements with other counties or local units of government under section 471.59 for the performance of these responsibilities. To assist in the development of the ground water plan, the county shall seek the advice of the Minnesota geological survey, the departments of health and natural resources, the pollution control agency, and other appropriate local, state, and federal agencies, and shall name an advisory committee of 15 members. The committee must include representatives of various interests, including construction, agriculture, hydrogeology, and well drilling. At least four members of the committee must be from the public at large with no direct pecuniary interest in any project involving ground water protection. At least seven members must be appointed from watershed management organizations, statutory and home rule charter cities, and towns, and these local government representatives must be geographically distributed so that at least one is appointed from each county commissioner district. The county shall consult the advisory committee on the development, content, and implementation of the plan, including the relationship of the ground water plan and existing watershed and local water management plans, the effect of the ground water plan on the other plans, and the allocation of costs and governmental authority and responsibilities during implementation.

Subd. 5. [GENERAL STANDARDS.] The ground water plan must extend through the year 1995 or any year thereafter which is evenly divisible by five. The plan must contain the elements required by subdivision 6. Each element must be set out in the degree of detail

and prescription necessary to accomplish the purposes of sections 473.875 to 473.883, considering the character of existing and anticipated physical and hydrogeologic conditions, land use, and development and the severity of existing and anticipated ground water management problems in the county. To the fullest extent possible in a manner consistent with ground water protection, a county shall make maximum use of existing and available data and studies in preparing the ground water plan and incorporate into its ground water plan relevant data from existing plans and studies and the relevant provisions of existing plans adopted by watershed management organizations having jurisdiction wholly or partly within the county.

Subd. 6. [CONTENTS.] A ground water plan must:

- (1) cover the entire area within the county;
- (2) describe existing and expected changes to the physical environment, land use, and development in the county;
- (3) summarize available information about the ground water and related resources in the county, including existing and potential distribution, availability, quality, and use;
- (4) state the goals, objectives, scope, and priorities of ground water protection in the county;
- (5) contain standards, criteria, and guidelines for the protection of ground water from pollution and for various types of land uses in environmentally sensitive areas, critical areas, or previously contaminated areas;
- (6) describe relationships and possible conflicts between the ground water plan and the plans of other counties, local government units, and watershed management organizations in the affected ground water system;
- (7) set forth standards and guidelines for implementation of the plan by watershed management organizations and local units of government; and
- (8) include a procedure for amending the ground water plan.

Subd. 7. [LOCAL REVIEW AND COMMENT.] Upon completion of the ground water plan but before final adoption by the county, the county shall submit the plan for review and comment to each soil and water conservation district, town, statutory and home rule charter city, and watershed management organization having territory within the county. The county also shall submit the plan to any other county or watershed management organization or district in

the affected ground water system that could affect or be affected by implementation of the plan. Any political subdivision or watershed management organization that expects that substantial amendment of its plans would be necessary in order to bring them into conformance with the county ground water plan shall describe as specifically as possible, within its comments, the amendments that it expects would be necessary and the cost of amendment and implementation. Reviewing entities have 60 days to review and comment. Differences among local governmental agencies regarding the plan must be mediated.

Subd. 8. [REVIEW BY METROPOLITAN COUNCIL.] After completion of the review under subdivision 7, the plan and all comments received must be submitted to the metropolitan council for review. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in sections 112.46 and 473.165, the council shall review the plan in the same manner and with the same authority and effect as provided for the council's review of the comprehensive plans of local government units under section 473.175. The council shall comment on the apparent conformity with metropolitan system plans of any anticipated amendments to watershed plans and local comprehensive plans. The council shall summarize and evaluate the cost of rectifying inconsistencies between the ground water plan and watershed plans. If the council finds that significant funding problems, needs, or inequities will result from the ground water plan, the council shall report to the legislature on the matter and on appropriate means of allocating and paying costs. The council may mediate and attempt to resolve differences among local governmental agencies regarding the plan.

Subd. 9. [REVIEW BY STATE AGENCIES.] After completion of the review under subdivision 8, the plan and all comments received must be submitted to the commissioners of natural resources and health and the director of the pollution control agency for review and comment on the consistency of the plan with state laws and rules relating to water and related land resources, and to the water resources board for review under section 112.46. Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, the water resources board shall review the plan as provided in section 112.46. The board shall review the plan for conformance with the requirements of chapter 112 and sections 473.875 to 473.883. The board may not prescribe a plan, but may disapprove all or parts of a plan which it determines is not in conformance with the requirements of chapter 112 and sections 473.875 to 473.883.

Subd. 10. [ADOPTION; IMPLEMENTATION.] The county shall adopt and implement its ground water plan within 120 days after approval of the plan by the water resources board.

Subd. 11. [AMENDMENTS.] To the extent and in the manner required by the adopted plan, all amendments to the adopted plan

must be submitted to the towns, cities, counties, and other agencies for review in accordance with the provisions of subdivisions 7 to 9.

Sec. 13. [APPLICATION.]

Sections 4 to 12 apply in the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, and Washington."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to metropolitan water management; providing assessment and notice procedures; providing for county ground water plans; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 112.60, by adding subdivisions; 112.64, by adding a subdivision; 473.875; 473.876, by adding subdivisions; and 473.878, subdivisions 3, 5, 6, 7, and 9; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 473."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: TAD JUDE, GEN OLSON AND GENE MERRIAM.

House Conferees: DARBY NELSON, ERNEST A. LARSEN AND SIDNEY J. PAULY.

Nelson, D., moved that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 353 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 353, A bill for an act relating to metropolitan water management; authorizing metropolitan counties to adopt ground water plans; relating to notice procedures in certain counties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 112.53, subdivision 2; 473.875; 473.876, by adding subdivisions; and 473.878, subdivisions 3, 5, 6, 7, and 9; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 473.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 129 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Bauerly	Begich	Bertram	Blatz
Battaglia	Beard	Bennett	Bishop	Boo

Burger	Jaros	McKasy	Pauly	Solberg
Carlson, D.	Jefferson	McLaughlin	Pelowski	Sparby
Carlson, L.	Jennings	McPherson	Peterson	Stanius
Carruthers	Jensen	Milbert	Poppenhagen	Steensma
Clark	Johnson, A.	Miller	Price	Sviggum
Clausnitzer	Johnson, R.	Minne	Quinn	Swenson
Cooper	Johnson, V.	Morrison	Reding	Thiede
Dauner	Kahn	Munger	Rest	Tjornhom
DeBlicke	Kalis	Murphy	Rice	Tompkins
Dempsey	Kelly	Nelson, C.	Richter	Trimble
Dille	Kelso	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Tunheim
Dorn	Kinkel	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Uphus
Forsythe	Kludt	Neuenschwander	Rose	Valento
Frederick	Knickerbocker	O'Connor	Rukavina	Vanasek
Frerichs	Knuth	Ogren	Sarna	Vellenga
Greenfield	Kostohryz	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Voss
Gruenes	Krueger	Olson, K.	Scheid	Wagenius
Gutknecht	Larsen	Omann	Schoenfeld	Waltman
Hartle	Lasley	Onnen	Schreiber	Welle
Haukoos	Lieder	Orenstein	Seaberg	Wenzel
Heap	Long	Osthoff	Segal	Winter
Himle	Marsh	Otis	Shaver	Wynia
Hugoson	McDonald	Ozment	Simoneau	Spk. Norton
Jacobs	McEachern	Pappas	Skoglund	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

S. F. No. 94.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S. F. NO. 94

A bill for an act relating to public health; requiring an itemized billing for hearing aid repairs; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 145.43, by adding a subdivision.

May 7, 1987

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S. F. No. 94, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House recede from its amendment and that S.F. No. 94 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 145.43, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1b. [ITEMIZED REPAIR BILL.] (a) Any person or company who agrees to repair a hearing aid must provide the customer with a billing that specifically itemizes all parts and labor charges for services rendered. The bill must also include the person's or company's name, address, and phone number.

(b) This subdivision does not apply to:

(1) a person or company that repairs a hearing aid pursuant to an express warranty covering the hearing aid and the warranty covers the entire costs, both parts and labor, of the repair; and

(2) a person or company that repairs a hearing aid and the repair is expressly warranted for a period of at least one year, the warranty covers the entire costs, both parts and labor, of the repair, and a copy of the express warranty is given to the customer."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: CHARLES R. DAVIS, HOWARD A. KNUTSON AND JOHN J. MARTY.

House Conferees: JERRY J. BAUERLY, BERNIE OMANN AND JEFF BERTRAM.

Bauerly moved that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 94 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 94, A bill for an act relating to public health; requiring an itemized billing for hearing aid repairs; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 145.43, by adding a subdivision.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 126 yeas and 2 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Krueger	Olson, K.	Schreiber
Battaglia	Gruenes	Larsen	Omann	Seaberg
Bauerly	Gutknecht	Lasley	Onnen	Segal
Begich	Hartle	Lieder	Orenstein	Shaver
Bennett	Haukoos	Long	Osthoff	Simoneau
Bertram	Heap	Marsh	Otis	Skoglund
Bishop	Himle	McDonald	Ozment	Solberg
Blatz	Hugoson	McEachern	Pappas	Sparby
Boo	Jacobs	McKasy	Pauly	Stanius
Brown	Jaros	McLaughlin	Pelowski	Steensma
Burger	Jennings	McPherson	Peterson	Sviggum
Carlson, D.	Jensen	Milbert	Poppenhagen	Swenson
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Miller	Price	Thiede
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Minne	Reding	Tjornhom
Clark	Johnson, V.	Morrison	Rest	Tompkins
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Munger	Rice	Tunheim
Cooper	Kalis	Murphy	Richter	Valento
Dauner	Kelly	Nelson, C.	Riveness	Vanasek
DeBlick	Kelso	Nelson, D.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Dempsey	Kinkel	Nelson, K.	Rose	Voss
Dille	Kludt	Neuenschwander	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dorn	Knickerbocker	O'Connor	Sarna	Waltman
Forsythe	Knuth	Ogren	Schafer	Welle
Frederick	Kostohryz	Olsen, S.	Scheid	Wenzel
Frerichs		Olson, E.	Schoenfeld	Winter
				Wynia

Those who voted in the negative were:

Beard                      Quinn

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following Senate File, herewith transmitted:

S. F. No. 905.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

## FIRST READING OF SENATE BILLS

S. F. No. 905, A bill for an act relating to appropriations; appropriating money to the commissioner of natural resources to

replace income lost to state trust funds when certain timber permits were canceled; releasing timber from the trust for a five-year period; authorizing the commissioner of natural resources to sell, recycle or dispose of the timber; directing the disposition of income.

The bill was read for the first time.

Neuenschwander moved that S. F. No. 905 and H. F. No. 379, now on Technical General Orders, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

The following Conference Committee Reports were received:

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 230

A bill for an act relating to elections; authorizing combination of certain municipalities for election purposes; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 204B.14, subdivisions 2, 4, 5, and by adding a subdivision; 204B.21, subdivision 2; and 204B.22, subdivision 1.

May 13, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 230, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment and that H. F. No. 230 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 204B.14, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [SEPARATE PRECINCTS; REQUIREMENTS.] The following shall constitute at least one election precinct:

(a) Each city ward; and

(b) Each town and each statutory city, unless a town and statutory city municipalities are combined for election purposes under subdivision 8. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, each town and each statutory city located within the metropolitan area as defined



in section 473.121, subdivision 2 shall constitute at least one election precinct.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 204B.14, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [BOUNDARY CHANGE PROCEDURE.] Any change in the boundary of an election precinct shall be adopted at least 90 days before the date of the next election, and shall not take effect until notice of the change has been posted in the office of the municipal clerk or county auditor for at least 60 days. Except in the case of the combination or separation of municipalities for election purposes under subdivision 8, the municipal clerk or county auditor shall notify each affected registered voter of the change in election precinct boundaries at least 30 days prior to the first election held after the change takes effect.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 204B.14, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [PRECINCT BOUNDARIES; DESCRIPTION; MAPS.] Each municipal clerk shall prepare and file with the county auditor of each county in which the municipality is located, with the secretary of state and with the state planning director maps showing the correct boundaries of each election precinct in the municipality. At least 30 days before any change in an election precinct or in a corporate boundary becomes effective, the municipal clerk shall prepare maps showing the new boundaries of the precincts and shall forward copies of these maps to the secretary of state, the appropriate county auditors and the state planning director. The clerk shall retain copies of the precinct maps for public inspection. The county auditor shall prepare and file precinct boundary maps for precincts in unorganized territories, and the municipal clerk designated in the combination agreement shall prepare and file precinct boundary maps in the case of municipalities combined for election purposes under subdivision 8, in the same manner as provided for precincts in municipalities. For every election held in the municipality the election judges shall be furnished precinct maps as provided in section 201.061, subdivision 6.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 204B.14, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 8. [COMBINED PRECINCT.] (a) Up to four contiguous municipalities located entirely outside the metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2, that are contained in the same legislative district, congressional district, and county commissioner district may enter into a combination agreement to form one precinct for state and county election purposes, upon the approval of the county auditor. The governing body of each municipality proposing to enter into a combination agreement must provide the inhab-

itants of the municipality with published and posted notice of the proposed agreement three weeks before the second Tuesday in March. A combination agreement must be approved by resolutions of all of the governing bodies of the combining municipalities on or before the second Tuesday in March of an election year. A copy of the combination agreement must be submitted to the county auditor for approval, on or before May 1 of an election year.

(b) One or more of the municipalities in the combined precinct may withdraw from the combination by a resolution of the governing body of the withdrawing municipality, passed on or before the second Tuesday in March of an election year. The withdrawing municipality shall file the resolution with the county auditor no later than May 1 of an election year. The decision of any one municipality to withdraw from the combination agreement automatically dissolves the combination unless all the remaining municipalities continue to meet all the requirements of this subdivision.

(c) The combination agreement must specify the designated polling place and the municipal election officials or governing bodies responsible for appointing election judges and the chair of the election board, posting notices, preparing precinct maps, and carrying out other election duties required by law.

(d) In combining or separating, the municipalities must meet the time requirements specified in this section for changing precinct boundaries and in section 204B.16, subdivision 3, for designating a different polling place.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 204B.21, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [APPOINTING AUTHORITY; POWERS AND DUTIES.] Election judges for precincts in a municipality shall be appointed by the governing body of the municipality. Election judges for precincts in unorganized territory shall be appointed by the county board. Election judges for a precinct composed of two or more municipalities must be appointed by the governing body of the municipality or municipalities responsible for appointing election judges as provided in the agreement to combine for election purposes. Appointments shall be made from lists furnished pursuant to subdivision 1 subject to the eligibility requirements and other qualifications established or authorized under section 204B.19. If no lists have been furnished or if additional election judges are required after all listed names have been exhausted, the appointing authority may appoint any other individual to serve as an election judge subject to the same requirements and qualifications. The appointments shall be made at least 25 days before the election at which the election judges will serve.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 204B.22, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [MINIMUM NUMBER REQUIRED.] A minimum of three election judges shall be appointed for each precinct. In a precinct of municipalities combined for election purposes under section 204B.14, subdivision 8, at least one judge must be appointed from each municipality in the combined precinct, provided that not less than three judges shall be appointed for each combined precinct. The appointing authorities may appoint election judges for any precinct in addition to the number required by this subdivision including additional election judges to count ballots after voting has ended.

Sec. 7. [PRECINCT BOUNDARY CHANGES.]

Notwithstanding section 204B.14, subdivision 3, municipalities may enter a combination agreement as provided in section 4 until April 1, 1988.

Sec. 8. [204B.45] [MAIL BALLOTING.]

Subdivision 1. [AUTHORIZATION.] Any town having fewer than 400 registered voters and not located in a metropolitan county as defined by section 473.121 may apply to the county auditor to provide balloting by mail at any county or state election with no polling place other than the office of the auditor or clerk. The county board may provide for balloting by mail in unorganized territory.

Subd. 2. [PROCEDURE.] Notice of the election and the special mail procedure must be given at least six weeks prior to the election. No earlier than 20 days or later than 18 days prior to the election, the auditor shall mail ballots by nonforwardable mail to all voters registered in the town or unorganized territory. Eligible voters not registered at the time the ballots are mailed may apply for ballots as provided in chapter 203B. Ballot return envelopes, with return postage provided, must be preaddressed to the auditor or clerk and the voter may return the ballot by mail or in person to the office of the auditor or clerk. The costs of the mailing shall be paid by the election jurisdiction in which the voter resides. Any ballot received by 8:00 p.m. on the day of the election must be counted.

Subd. 3. [ELECTION LAW APPLIED; RULES.] The Minnesota election law is applicable to mail balloting except as provided by this section or by rules adopted by the secretary of state, but only paper ballots may be used. The secretary of state shall adopt rules for the conduct of mail balloting, including instructions to voters, procedures for challenge of voters, public observation of the counting of ballots, and procedures for proper handling and safeguarding of ballots to ensure the integrity of the election.

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to elections; authorizing combination of certain municipalities for election purposes; providing mail balloting; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 204B.14, subdivisions 2, 4, 5, and by adding a subdivision; 204B.21, subdivision 2; and 204B.22, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 204B."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: JIM TUNHEIM, CLAIR L. NELSON AND SYLVESTER B. UPHUS.

Senate Conferees: LEROY A. STUMPF, DON SAMUELSON AND JEROME M. HUGHES.

Tunheim moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 230 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 230, A bill for an act relating to elections; authorizing combination of certain municipalities for election purposes; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 204B.14, subdivisions 2, 4, 5, and by adding a subdivision; 204B.21, subdivision 2; and 204B.22, subdivision 1.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 129 yeas and 1 nay as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Clausnitzer	Himle	Knickerbocker	Minne
Battaglia	Cooper	Hugoson	Knuth	Morrison
Bauerly	Dauner	Jacobs	Kostohryz	Munger
Beard	DeBlick	Jaros	Krueger	Murphy
Begich	Dempsey	Jefferson	Larsen	Nelson, C.
Bennett	Dille	Jennings	Lasley	Nelson, D.
Bertram	Dorn	Jensen	Lieder	Nelson, K.
Bishop	Forsythe	Johnson, A.	Long	Neuenschwander
Blatz	Frederick	Johnson, R.	Marsh	O'Connor
Boo	Frerichs	Johnson, V.	McDonald	Ogren
Brown	Greenfield	Kahn	McEachern	Olsen, S.
Burger	Gruenes	Kalis	McKasy	Olson, E.
Carlson, D.	Gutknecht	Kelly	McLaughlin	Olson, K.
Carlson, L.	Hartle	Kelso	McPherson	Omann
Carruthers	Haukoos	Kinkel	Milbert	Onnen
Clark	Heap	Kludt	Miller	Orenstein

Osthoff	Reding	Scheid	Stanius	Vanasek
Otis	Rest	Schoenfeld	Steensma	Vellenga
Ozment	Rice	Schreiber	Sviggum	Voss
Pappas	Richter	Seaberg	Swenson	Wagenius
Pauly	Riveness	Segal	Tjornhom	Waltman
Pelowski	Rodosovich	Shaver	Tompkins	Welle
Peterson	Rose	Simoneau	Trimble	Wenzel
Poppenhagen	Rukavina	Skoglund	Tunheim	Winter
Price	Sarna	Solberg	Uphus	Wynia
Quinn	Schafer	Sparby	Valento	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Thiede

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

#### CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 854

A bill for an act relating to judgments; clarifying the procedure and cost for filing foreign judgments; clarifying the procedure to be used in securing a judgment and execution; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 548.27; 548.30; 549.09; and 550.04.

May 13, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 854, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment.

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: HOWARD R. ORENSTEIN, TERRY M. DEMPSEY AND RANDY C. KELLY.

Senate Conferees: DENNIS R. FREDERICKSON, TAD JUDE AND RICHARD J. COHEN.

Orenstein moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 854 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 854, A bill for an act relating to judgments; clarifying the procedure and cost for filing foreign judgments; clarifying the procedure to be used in securing a judgment and execution; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 548.27; 548.30; 549.09; and 550.04.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 130 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Larsen	Onnen	Segal
Battaglia	Gruenes	Lasley	Orenstein	Shaver
Bauerly	Gutknecht	Lieder	Osthoff	Simoneau
Beard	Hartle	Long	Otis	Skoglund
Begich	Haukoos	Marsh	Ozment	Solberg
Bennett	Heap	McDonald	Pappas	Sparby
Bertram	Himle	McEachern	Pauly	Stanius
Bishop	Hugoson	McKasy	Pelowski	Steensma
Blatz	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Peterson	Sviggum
Boo	Jaros	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Swenson
Brown	Jefferson	Milbert	Price	Thiede
Burger	Jennings	Miller	Quinn	Tjornhom
Carlson, D.	Jensen	Minne	Reding	Tompkins
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Morrison	Rest	Trimble
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Munger	Rice	Uphus
Clark	Johnson, V.	Murphy	Richter	Valento
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Riveness	Vanasek
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Dauner	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Rose	Voss
DeBlieck	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dempsey	Kinkel	O'Connor	Sarna	Waltman
Dille	Kludt	Ogren	Schafer	Welle
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Scheid	Wenzel
Forsythe	Knuth	Olson, E.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Frederick	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Schreiber	Wynia
Frerichs	Krueger	Omann	Seaberg	Spk. Norton

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

Vanasek moved that the House recess subject to the call of the Chair. The motion prevailed.

RECESS

RECONVENED

The House reconvened and was called to order by the Speaker.

### CONSIDERATION UNDER RULE 1.10

Pursuant to rule 1.10, Anderson, G., requested immediate consideration of H. F. Nos. 919 and 859.

The Speaker called Simoneau to the Chair.

H. F. No. 919 was reported to the House.

Uphus was excused between the hours of 3:00 p.m. and 5:10 p.m.

#### CALL OF THE HOUSE

On the motion of Anderson, G., and on the demand of 10 members, a call of the House was ordered. The following members answered to their names:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Larsen	Omann	Segal
Bauerly	Gutknecht	Lasley	Onnen	Simoneau
Beard	Hartle	Lieder	Osthoff	Skoglund
Bennett	Haukoos	Long	Ozment	Solberg
Bertram	Heap	Marsh	Pappas	Stanius
Bishop	Himle	McDonald	Pauly	Sviggum
Blatz	Hugoson	McEachern	Pelowski	Thiede
Boo	Jacobs	McKasy	Peterson	Tjornhom
Burger	Jaros	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Tompkins
Carlson, D.	Jefferson	McPherson	Price	Trimble
Carlson, L.	Jensen	Milbert	Quinn	Tunheim
Carruthers	Johnson, A.	Miller	Reding	Valento
Clausnitzer	Johnson, R.	Minne	Rest	Vellenga
Cooper	Johnson, V.	Morrison	Richter	Voss
Dauner	Kahn	Munger	Riveness	Wagenius
DeBlicck	Kalis	Murphy	Rodosovich	Waltman
Dempsey	Kelly	Nelson, C.	Rose	Welle
Dille	Kelso	Nelson, D.	Rukavina	Wenzel
Dorn	Kinkel	O'Connor	Sarna	Winter
Forsythe	Kludt	Ogren	Schafer	Spk. Norton
Frederick	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Scheid	
Frerichs	Knuth	Olson, E.	Schreiber	
Greenfield	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Seaberg	

Anderson, G., moved that further proceedings of the roll call be dispensed with and that the Sergeant at Arms be instructed to bring in the absentees. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

Rodosovich moved to amend H. F. No. 919, the second engrossment, as follows:

Page 53, line 3, before the period insert “, or to an association incorporated under section 315.44”

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Rodosovich amendment and the roll was called.

Kelly moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 57 yeas and 66 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Beard	Frederick	Lieder	Pelowski	Sviggum
Bennett	Frerichs	McDonald	Poppenhagen	Swenson
Blatz	Gutknecht	McKasy	Richter	Thiede
Boo	Hartle	McPherson	Rodosovich	Tjornhom
Burger	Haukoos	Miller	Schafer	Tompkins
Carlson, D.	Heap	Morrison	Schreiber	Trimble
Clausnitzer	Himle	Olsen, S.	Seaberg	Valento
DeBlieck	Hugoson	Olson, K.	Segal	Waltman
Dempsey	Johnson, V.	Onnen	Shaver	Winter
Dille	Kelly	Ozment	Skoglund	
Dorn	Kludt	Pappas	Solberg	
Forsythe	Knickerbocker	Pauly	Stanius	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, G.	Jaros	Long	Orenstein	Simoneau
Battaglia	Jefferson	Marsh	Osthoff	Sparby
Bauerly	Jensen	McEachern	Peterson	Steensma
Begich	Johnson, A.	McLaughlin	Price	Tunheim
Bertram	Johnson, R.	Minne	Quinn	Vellenga
Bishop	Kahn	Munger	Reding	Voss
Carlson, L.	Kalis	Murphy	Rest	Wagenius
Carruthers	Kelso	Nelson, C.	Rice	Welle
Clark	Kinkel	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Wenzel
Cooper	Knuth	Nelson, K.	Rose	Spk. Norton
Dauner	Kostohryz	O'Connor	Rukavina	
Greenfield	Krueger	Ogren	Sarna	
Gruenes	Larsen	Olson, E.	Scheid	
Jacobs	Lasley	Omann	Schoenfeld	

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

Carlson, L., moved to amend H. F. No. 919, the second engrossment, as follows:

Page 26, line 19, delete "Planning for applied science building" and insert "Acquisition of land"

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

The Speaker resumed the Chair.

H. F. No. 919, A bill for an act relating to public administration; authorizing spending to acquire and to better public land and buildings and other public improvements of a capital nature with certain conditions; authorizing issuance of state and local bonds; authorizing levies; imposing taxes; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 297.13, subdivision 1; and 297.26; 297A.01, subdivision 3; 297A.44, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 16A and 124; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 240A.



The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called.

Vanasek moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 83 yeas and 42 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Jacobs	Marsh	Ozment	Simoneau
Battaglia	Jefferson	McEachern	Pappas	Skoglund
Bauerly	Jensen	McLaughlin	Pelowski	Solberg
Beard	Johnson, A.	Milbert	Peterson	Sparby
Begich	Johnson, R.	Minne	Price	Steensma
Bertram	Kahn	Munger	Quinn	Trimble
Bishop	Kalis	Murphy	Reding	Tunheim
Brown	Kelly	Nelson, C.	Rest	Vanasek
Carlson, L.	Kelso	Nelson, D.	Rice	Vellenga
Carruthers	Kinkel	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Voss
Clark	Kludd	O'Connor	Rodosovich	Welle
Cooper	Knuth	Ogren	Rose	Wenzel
Dauner	Kostohryz	Olson, E.	Rukavina	Winter
DeBlick	Krueger	Omann	Sarna	Wynia
Dorn	Larsen	Orenstein	Scheid	Spk. Norton
Greenfield	Lieder	Osthoff	Schoenfeld	
Gruenes	Long	Otis	Segal	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bennett	Frerichs	Knickerbocker	Pauly	Swenson
Blatz	Gutknecht	McDonald	Poppenhagen	Thiede
Burger	Hartle	McKasy	Richter	Tjornhom
Carlson, D.	Haukoos	McPherson	Schafer	Tompkins
Clausnitzer	Heap	Miller	Schreiber	Valento
Dempsey	Himle	Morrison	Seaberg	Waltman
Dille	Hugoson	Neuenschwander	Shaver	
Forsythe	Jaros	Olsen, S.	Stanius	
Frederick	Johnson, V.	Onnen	Sviggum	

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

H. F. No. 859, A bill for an act relating to the department of finance; clarifying and correcting miscellaneous provisions to improve the administration of the department and of state government; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 3C.12, subdivision 2; 16A.06, by adding a subdivision; 16A.126, subdivision 2; 16A.127, subdivision 3; 16A.275; 16A.36, subdivision 2; and 116J.36, subdivision 6.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called.

Vanasek moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 100 yeas and 20 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Hartle	Krueger	Olson, E.	Shaver
Battaglia	Heap	Larsen	Olson, K.	Simoneau
Bauerly	Himle	Lasley	Omann	Skoglund
Beard	Jacobs	Lieder	Orenstein	Solberg
Begich	Jaros	Long	Otis	Sparby
Bertram	Jefferson	McEachern	Ozment	Steensma
Bishop	Jennings	McLaughlin	Pauly	Swenson
Blatz	Jensen	McPherson	Pelowski	Tompkins
Burger	Johnson, A.	Milbert	Peterson	Trimble
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Minne	Price	Tunheim
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Morrison	Quinn	Valento
Clark	Kahn	Munger	Reding	Vanasek
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Murphy	Rest	Vellenga
Cooper	Kelly	Nelson, C.	Riveness	Voss
Dauner	Kelso	Nelson, D.	Rodosovich	Wagenius
DeBlieck	Kinkel	Nelson, K.	Rose	Welle
Dille	Kludt	Neuenschwander	Rukavina	Wenzel
Dorn	Knickerbocker	O'Connor	Sarna	Winter
Greenfield	Knuth	Ogren	Seaberg	Wynia
Gutknecht	Kostohryz	Olsen, S.	Segal	Spk. Norton

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bennett	Frerichs	McDonald	Richter	Sviggum
Dempsey	Gruenes	Miller	Schafer	Thiede
Forsythe	Haukoos	Osthoff	Scheid	Tjornhom
Frederick	Hugoson	Poppenhagen	Stanius	Waltman

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

#### CALL OF THE HOUSE LIFTED

Long moved that the call of the House be dispensed with. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

Vanasek moved that the House recess subject to the call of the Chair. The motion prevailed.

#### RECESS

#### RECONVENED

The House reconvened and was called to order by Speaker pro tempore Long.

## ANNOUNCEMENTS BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on H. F. No. 1015:

Rest, Blatz and Kludt.

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on H. F. No. 1138:

Osthoff, Sarna and Pauly.

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on S. F. No. 865:

Trimble, Munger and Rose.

Dorn, Orenstein and Rodosovich were excused while in conference.

There being no objection, the order of business reverted to Reports of Chief Clerk.

## REPORTS OF CHIEF CLERK

S. F. No. 463 and H. F. No. 576, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

## SUSPENSION OF RULES

Sparby moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 463 be substituted for H. F. No. 576 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

## SECOND READING OF SENATE BILLS

S. F. No. 463 was read for the second time.

## MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

The following message was received from the Senate:

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following Senate Files, herewith transmitted:

S. F. Nos. 1345, 1437, 612, 858, 1202, 405, 514, 1524 and 1203.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

### FIRST READING OF SENATE BILLS

S. F. No. 1345, A bill for an act relating to the judiciary; public defenders; providing for membership of the state board of public defense; providing for appointment of a chief administrator; requiring the state board of public defense to adopt standards governing district public defender offices; authorizing the state board of public defense to fix the salary of the state public defenders; requiring the state public defender to provide training for state and district public defenders, appointed counsel, and legal service corporation attorneys; providing that compensation of district public defenders may not exceed compensation of county attorneys; allowing representation of indigents by public defender before formal appointment; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 611.215, subdivisions 1 and 2, and by adding a subdivision; 611.216, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3; 611.23; 611.24; 611.25; 611.26, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, and 6; and 611.27, subdivisions 1 and 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 611; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 611.22; and 611.26, subdivisions 5 and 8.

The bill was read for the first time.

Solberg moved that S. F. No. 1345 and H. F. No. 1595, now on Technical General Orders, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1437, A bill for an act relating to economic development; providing for review of state-funded scientific and technologically related research; creating an office of science and technology within the department of energy and economic development; creating a committee on science and technology research and development and providing for its powers and duties; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116J; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116J.94.

The bill was read for the first time.

Reding moved that S. F. No. 1437 and H. F. No. 1453, now on Technical General Orders, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 612, A bill for an act relating to health; creating exceptions to the nursing home moratorium; establishing a review

process for approval of additional exceptions to the moratorium; prohibiting renewal of licenses for nursing home and boarding care home beds in rooms with more than four beds; providing for changes in property-related costs for reduced licensed bed capacity; allowing for depreciation recapture; providing for a new appeals procedure for appraised value appeal requests; establishing service principles and rate-setting procedures for day training and habilitation services to persons with mental retardation and related conditions; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 144.55, subdivision 6; 144A.05; 144A.071, subdivision 3; 144A.27; 245.782, subdivision 5; 252.21; 252.22; 252.23; 252.24, subdivisions 1 and 4; 252.25; 256B.02, subdivision 8; 256B.431, subdivisions 2b, 2e, 3a, 4, and by adding subdivisions; 256B.50, subdivision 2; 256B.501, subdivisions 1, 2, and 8; and 256E.09, subdivision 3; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 144A and 252; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 256B.501, subdivisions 5, 6, 7, and 9; and 256E.06, subdivision 2a; repealing Minnesota Rules, parts 9525.1210, subparts 11 and 12; 9525.1230, subpart 2; 9525.1260; 9525.1270; 9525.1280; and 9525.1310.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

S. F. No. 858, A bill for an act relating to health; providing for asbestos regulation; directing the commissioner of health to regulate and license persons or entities enclosing, removing, or encapsulating asbestos; providing penalties; appropriating money; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 326.

The bill was read for the first time.

Nelson, D., moved that S. F. No. 858 and H. F. No. 302, now on General Orders, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1202, A bill for an act relating to environment; establishing a siting process for a low-level radioactive waste facility; providing for volunteer sites and an alternative site selection process; establishing a siting board; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 116C.832, subdivision 1, and by adding subdivisions; 116C.834; and 116C.842, subdivision 3; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116C.

The bill was read for the first time.

Kahn moved that S. F. No. 1202 and H. F. No. 1407, now on Technical General Orders, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 405, A bill for an act relating to Forestville state park; adding property comprising Mystery Cave to Forestville state park; authorizing acquisition of lands and interests in lands therefor; providing for a Niagara Cave feasibility study; appropriating money.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

S. F. No. 514, A bill for an act relating to human services; creating the office of ombudsman for mental health and mental retardation; providing for the powers and duties of the ombudsman; creating a medical review board; requiring reporting of abuse and neglect to the ombudsman for mental health and mental retardation; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 13.46, subdivision 1; 626.556, subdivisions 9 and 10; and 626.557, subdivision 9; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 245.

The bill was read for the first time.

Wynia moved that S. F. No. 514 and H. F. No. 516, now on Technical General Orders, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1524, A bill for an act relating to claims against the state; providing for payment of various claims; appropriating money.

The bill was read for the first time.

Kalis moved that S. F. No. 1524 and H. F. No. 1645, now on General Orders, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1203, A bill for an act relating to state government; reorganizing the department of agriculture, the department of energy and economic development, and the department of public service, and providing for the powers and duties of the three departments; changing the name of the department of energy and economic development to the department of trade and economic development; designating the department of jobs and training as the administrative agency for certain juvenile justice and delinquency prevention purposes; providing grants for youth intervention programs; changing the membership of the world trade center board; establishing the world trade center institute; authorizing the board to contract for certain services and programs; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 17.03, by adding a subdivision; 17.101, subdivision 1; 18.023, subdivision 11; 18.024, subdivision 1; 43A.08, subdivision 1; 44A.01; 44A.031; 104.35,

subdivisions 2 and 3; 115A.12, subdivision 2; 116C.03, subdivision 2; 116J.01; 116J.03; 116J.58, subdivision 2; 116J.60; and 116J.63, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 44A; 116J; 236A; and 268; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 216C; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 4.09; 17.03, subdivision 5; 44A.03; 44A.04; 44A.05; 44A.07; 116J.404; and 116J.405.

The bill was read for the first time.

Anderson, G., moved that S. F. No. 1203 and H. F. No. 1095, now on General Orders, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

#### REPORT FROM THE COMMITTEE ON RULES AND LEGISLATIVE ADMINISTRATION

Vanasek, from the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration, pursuant to House Rule No. 1.9, designated the following bills as Special Orders to be acted upon immediately preceding General Orders pending for today, Friday, May 15, 1987:

H. F. Nos. 794, 899, 1203, 302 and 303; S. F. Nos. 463 and 478; H. F. Nos. 169, 943, 1095, 1499, 1645, 887 and 1219; S. F. Nos. 90 and 682; H. F. Nos. 960 and 1326; S. F. No. 167; H. F. No. 939; S. F. No. 1472; H. F. Nos. 239 and 829; and S. F. No. 897.

#### MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS

House Resolution No. 45 was reported to the House.

Vanasek moved that House Resolution No. 45 be now adopted.

#### HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 45

A House resolution recognizing the participants in the 1987 High School Page Program.

*Whereas*, 160 students from across the state participated in the High School Page Program during a 16-week period from January 19 to May 8 to serve as Pages and to learn the legislative process firsthand; and

*Whereas*, recognition is given to the 32 High School Page Alumni who have volunteered to return the week of May 11 to 15, 1987; and

*Whereas*, the Alumni will serve for one or two days as a demonstration of their appreciation for the educational, informative, and exciting week they spent at the State Capitol with the representatives and staff of the legislative, executive, and judicial branches of government; *Now, Therefore*,

*Be It Resolved* by the House of Representatives of the State of Minnesota that it recognizes the participants in the 1987 High School Page Program. It appreciates the volunteer service of the following 32 Page Alumni: Dina Andreotti, Carol Backstrom, Eric Batalden, Ann Bettendorf, Rebecca Cardinal, Heidi Christ, Mark Clysdale, Jermaine Collin, Christine Commerford, Donovan Crew, Carolyn Kritta, Chad Kubat, Kerry Kubat, Sean LaBat, Cameron Lepisto, Shawna McCorvey, Travis Messinger, Jes Mingo, Michael Peterson, Dan Rhode, Steve Rudolph, Kathleen Russell, Jane Schoelch, Robert Schweiger, Stefanie Shaffer, Michael Slater, Tom Sorensen, Paul Sorensen, Tracy Stead, Aaron Sticht, Steve Van Kekerix, and Diane Warring.

*Be It Further Resolved* that the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives is directed to prepare enrolled copies of this resolution, to be authenticated by his signature and that of the Speaker, and that they be presented to each of the Pages named above.

The motion prevailed and House Resolution No. 45 was adopted.

### CONSIDERATION UNDER RULE 1.10

Pursuant to rule 1.10, Voss requested immediate consideration of S. F. Nos. 170 and 971.

S. F. No. 170, A bill for an act relating to economic development; recodifying provisions governing housing and redevelopment authorities, port authorities, economic development authorities, area redevelopment, municipal development districts, mined underground space development, rural development finance authorities, public development debt, enterprise zones, tax increment financing, and other local economic development tools; extending duration of bond allocation act; removing certain service persons' preference provisions from the housing and redevelopment authority law; modifying requirements for developers' tax abatements under the housing and redevelopment authority law; removing a sunset on certain St. Paul port authority provisions; allocating bonding authority subject to a volume cap under federal tax law; allocating bonding authority to the city of Minneapolis, located in Hennepin county, and to the city of Saint Paul, located in Ramsey county; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 16B.61, subdivision 3; 41A.05, subdivision 2; 41A.06, subdivision 5; 115A.69, subdivision 9; 116J.27, subdivision 4; 116M.03, subdivisions 11, 19, and 28;



116M.06, subdivision 3; 116M.07, subdivision 11; 124.214, subdivision 3; 216B.49, subdivision 7; 268.38, subdivision 3; 272.02, subdivision 5; 272.026; 272.68, subdivision 4; 273.13, subdivisions 9 and 24; 273.1393; 282.01, subdivision 1; 290.61; 298.2211, subdivisions 1 and 3; 353.01, subdivision 6; 355.11, subdivision 5; 355.16; 412.251; 462C.02, subdivisions 6 and 9; 462C.05, subdivision 7; 462C.06; 465.54; 465.74, subdivision 7; 465.77; 471A.03, subdivision 9; 473.195, subdivision 1; 473.201, subdivision 1; 473.504, subdivision 11; 473.556, subdivision 6; 473.638, subdivision 2; 473.811, subdivision 8; 473.852, subdivision 6; 473F.02, subdivision 3; 473F.05; 473F.08, subdivisions 2, 4, and 6; 475.525, subdivision 3; 477A.011, subdivision 7; 504.24, subdivision 2; and 609.321, subdivision 12; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 273.1312; 273.1313; 273.1314; 273.71; 273.72; 273.73; 273.74; 273.75; 273.76; 273.77; 273.78; 273.86; 362A.01; 362A.02; 362A.03; 362A.04; 362A.041; 362A.05; 362A.06; 373.31; 426.055; 458.09; 458.091; 458.10; 458.11; 458.12; 458.14; 458.15; 458.16; 458.17; 458.18; 458.19; 458.191; 458.192; 458.193; 458.194; 458.1941; 458.195; 458.196; 458.197; 458.198; 458.199; 458.1991; 458.70; 458.701; 458.702; 458.703; 458.711; 458.712; 458.713; 458.72; 458.74; 458.741; 458.75; 458.76; 458.77; 458.771; 458.772; 458.773; 458.774; 458.775; 458.776; 458.777; 458.778; 458.79; 458.80; 458.801; 458.81; 458C.01; 458C.03; 458C.04; 458C.05; 458C.06; 458C.07; 458C.08; 458C.09; 458C.10; 458C.11; 458C.12; 458C.13; 458C.14; 458C.15; 458C.16; 458C.17; 458C.18; 458C.19; 458C.20; 458C.22; 458C.23; 459.01; 459.02; 459.03; 459.04; 459.05; 459.31; 459.32; 459.33; 459.34; 462.411; 462.415; 462.421; 462.425; 462.426; 462.427; 462.428; 462.429; 462.4291; 462.432; 462.435; 462.441; 462.445; 462.451; 462.455; 462.461; 462.465; 462.466; 462.471; 462.475; 462.481; 462.485; 462.491; 462.495; 462.501; 462.505; 462.511; 462.515; 462.521; 462.525; 462.531; 462.535; 462.541; 462.545; 462.551; 462.555; 462.556; 462.561; 462.565; 462.571; 462.575; 462.581; 462.585; 462.591; 462.595; 462.601; 462.605; 462.611; 462.615; 462.621; 462.625; 462.631; 462.635; 462.641; 462.645; 462.651; 462.655; 462.661; 462.665; 462.671; 462.675; 462.681; 462.685; 462.691; 462.695; 462.701; 462.705; 462.712; 462.713; 462.714; 462.715; 462.716; 465.026; 465.53; 465.55; 465.56; 472.01; 472.02; 472.03; 472.04; 472.05; 472.06; 472.07; 472.08; 472.09; 472.10; 472.11; 472.12; 472.125; 472.13; 472.14; 472.15; 472.16; 472A.01; 472A.02; 472A.03; 472A.04; 472A.05; 472A.06; 472A.07; 472A.09; 472A.10; 472A.11; 472A.12; 472A.13; 472B.01; 472B.02; 472B.03; 472B.04; 472B.05; 472B.06; 472B.07; 472B.08; 474.01; 474.02; 474.03; 474.04; 474.05; 474.06; 474.07; 474.08; 474.09; 474.10; 474.11; 474.13; 474.15; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 462C.11, subdivisions 2 and 3; 474A.02, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 12, 14, 16, 18, 19, 21, 26, and by adding subdivisions; 474A.03, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 474A.04, subdivisions 5, 6, and by adding a subdivision; 474A.13, subdivisions 1, 4, and 5; 474A.14; 474A.15; 474A.16; 474A.17; 474A.18; 474A.20; and 474A.21; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 474A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 474A.02, subdivisions 5, 9, 10, 11, 13, 15, 17, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27, 28, and 29;

474A.03, subdivisions 2 and 3; 474A.04, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, and 4; 474A.05; 474A.06; 474A.07; 474A.08; 474A.09; 474A.10; 474A.11; 474A.12; 474A.13, subdivisions 2 and 3; and 474A.19; Laws 1961, chapter 545; Laws 1963, chapters 254; and 827; Laws 1967, chapter 541; Laws 1969, chapter 98; Laws 1973, chapter 114; Laws 1974, chapter 218; Laws 1975, chapter 326; Laws 1976, chapter 234, section 3; Laws 1979, chapter 269, section 1; Laws 1980, chapters 453; and 595, sections 5 and 8; Laws 1981, chapters 222, section 6; and 223, section 6, subdivision 3; Laws 1982, chapter 523, article 24, section 2; Laws 1983, chapters 110; and 257, section 1; Laws 1984, chapters 397; 498; and 548, section 9; and Laws 1985, chapters 173; 177; 188; 189; 192; 199; 205; 206, sections 2 and 3; and 301, sections 3 and 4; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 469.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 121 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Krueger	Omann	Segal
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Larsen	Onnen	Shaver
Bauerly	Hartle	Lasley	Osthoff	Simoneau
Beard	Haukoos	Lieder	Otis	Skoglund
Begich	Heap	Long	Ozment	Solberg
Bennett	Himle	Marsh	Pappas	Sparby
Bertram	Hugoson	McDonald	Pauly	Stanius
Bishop	Jacobs	McEachern	Pelowski	Steensma
Blatz	Jaros	McKasy	Peterson	Sviggum
Boo	Jefferson	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Swenson
Burger	Jennings	McPherson	Price	Thiede
Carlson, D.	Jensen	Milbert	Quinn	Tjornhom
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Miller	Reding	Tompkins
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Minne	Rest	Trimble
Clark	Johnson, V.	Morrison	Rice	Tunheim
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Munger	Richter	Valento
Cooper	Kalis	Murphy	Riveness	Vanasek
DeBlicke	Kelly	Nelson, C.	Rose	Vellenga
Dempsey	Kelso	Nelson, K.	Rukavina	Voss
Dille	Kinkel	Neuenschwander	Sarna	Wagenius
Forsythe	Kludt	O'Connor	Schafer	Waltman
Frederick	Knickerbocker	Ogren	Scheid	Wenzel
Frerichs	Knuth	Olsen, S.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Greenfield	Kostohryz	Olson, E.	Schreiber	Wynia
				Spk. Norton

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

Speaker pro tempore Long called Simoneau to the Chair.

S. F. No. 971 was reported to the House.

Rest moved to amend S. F. No. 971, the unofficial engrossment, as follows:

Page 23, after line 13, insert:

"Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 475.54, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 7a. A municipality may enter into an agreement with a bank or dealer described in section 475.66, subdivision 1, for an exchange of interest rates pursuant to this subdivision. A municipality with outstanding obligations bearing interest at a variable rate may agree to pay sums equal to interest at a fixed rate or at a different variable rate determined pursuant to a formula set out in the agreement on an amount not exceeding the outstanding principal amount of the obligations, in exchange for an agreement by the bank or dealer to pay sums equal to interest on a like amount at a variable rate determined pursuant to a formula set out in the agreement. A municipality with outstanding obligations bearing interest at a fixed rate or rates may agree to pay sums equal to interest at a variable rate determined pursuant to a formula set out in the agreement on an amount not exceeding the outstanding principal amount of the obligations, in exchange for an agreement by the bank or dealer to pay sums equal to interest on a like amount at a fixed rate or rates set out in the agreement. The agreement to pay the bank or dealer is not an obligation of the municipality as defined in section 475.51, subdivision 3. For purposes of calculation of a debt service levy, determination of a rate of interest on a special assessment or other calculation based on the rate of interest on an obligation, a municipality which has entered into an interest rate swap agreement described in this subdivision may determine to treat the amount or rate of interest on the obligation as the net rate or amount of interest payable after giving effect to the swap agreement. Subject to any applicable bonds covenants, any payments required to be made by the municipality under the swap agreement may be made from sums secured to pay debt service on the obligations with respect to which the swap agreement was made or from any other available source of the municipality."

Renumber the sections

Page 33, line 16, delete "19, 20, 22 to 28, 30, 34, and 36" and insert "8, 18, 19, 23 to 29, 31, 35, and 37"

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 11, after "1" insert "and by adding subdivisions"

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Schreiber moved to amend S. F. No. 971, the unofficial engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 28, line 17, delete the new language and reinstate the old language

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

S. F. No. 971, A bill for an act relating to public finance; modifying and extending means of financing operations of local government and certain nonprofit institutions; providing an income tax exemption for interest earned on certain governmental obligations; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 124.76, subdivision 2; 275.50, subdivision 5; 400.101; 429.061, subdivision 2; 429.091, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 462.461, subdivision 4; 462.555; 466.06; 471.981, subdivision 4, and by adding subdivisions; 473.811, subdivision 2; 474.02, subdivision 2; 474.03, subdivision 12; 475.51, subdivision 3; 475.54, subdivision 1, and by adding subdivisions; 475.55, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, and by adding a subdivision; 475.56; 475.60, subdivision 2; 475.66, subdivision 3; and 475.67, subdivisions 3 and 12; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 471, and 475; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 475.55, subdivision 5; and 475.67, subdivision 11.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 120 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Battaglia	Gruenes	Krueger	Omann	Segal
Bauerly	Gutknecht	Larsen	Onnen	Shaver
Beard	Hartle	Lasley	Otis	Simoneau
Begich	Haukoos	Lieder	Ozment	Skoglund
Bennett	Heap	Long	Pappas	Solberg
Bertram	Himle	Marsh	Pauly	Sparby
Blatz	Hugoson	McDonald	Pelowski	Stanius
Boo	Jacobs	McEachern	Peterson	Steensma
Brown	Jaros	McKasy	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Burger	Jefferson	McLaughlin	Price	Swenson
Carlson, D.	Jennings	McPherson	Quinn	Thiede
Carlson, L.	Jensen	Milbert	Reding	Tjornhom
Carruthers	Johnson, A.	Miller	Rest	Tompkins
Clark	Johnson, R.	Minne	Rice	Trimble
Clausnitzer	Johnson, V.	Morrison	Richter	Tunheim
Cooper	Kahn	Munger	Riveness	Valento
Dauner	Kalis	Murphy	Rose	Vanasek
DeBlick	Kelly	Nelson, C.	Rukavina	Voss
Dempsey	Kelso	Nelson, D.	Sarna	Wagenius
Dille	Kinkel	Nelson, K.	Schafer	Waltman
Forsythe	Kludt	O'Connor	Scheid	Welle
Frederick	Knickerbocker	Ogren	Schoenfeld	Wenzel
Frerichs	Knuth	Olsen, S.	Schreiber	Winter
Greenfield	Kostohryz	Olson, E.	Seaberg	Spk. Norton

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

## SPECIAL ORDERS

H. F. No. 794 was reported to the House.

Long moved to amend H. F. No. 794, the second engrossment, as follows:

Page 12, line 2, before the period insert "after public notification as required in subdivision 4"

Page 12, line 3, delete "4" and insert "5"

Page 12, after line 17, insert:

"(c) The local government unit may invite and employ the assistance of interested persons, including persons operating solid waste collection services, in developing plans and proposals for organized collection and in establishing the organized collection system."

Page 12, line 18, delete "(c)" and insert "(d)"

Page 12, after line 27, insert:

"Subd. 4. [CITIES AND TOWNS; NOTICE; PLANNING.] (a) At least 90 days before proposing an ordinance, franchise, license, contract or other means of organizing collection, a city or town, by resolution of the governing body, shall announce its intent to organize collection and invite the participation of interested persons in planning and establishing the organized collection system.

(b) The resolution of intent must be adopted after a public hearing. The hearing must be held at least two weeks after public notice and mailed notice to persons known by the city or town to be operating solid waste collection services in the city or town. The failure to give mailed notice to persons or defect in the notice does not invalidate the proceedings, provided a bona fide effort to comply with notice requirements has been made.

(c) During the 90-day period following the resolution of intent, and before proposing a method of organizing collection, the city or town shall develop or supervise the development of plans or proposals for organized collection.

(d) Upon request, the city or town shall provide mailed notice of subsequent proceedings on the organization of collection in the city or town."

Page 12, line 28, delete "4" and insert "5"

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Speaker pro tempore Simoneau called Anderson, G., to the Chair.

Gruenes was excused while in conference.

McPherson, Beard and Swenson moved to amend H. F. No. 794, the second engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 25, after line 14, insert:

“Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.803, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. [PROPOSED INVENTORY OF DISPOSAL SITES.] By October 15, 1981, a metropolitan county having a population of less than 300,000, as determined by the 1980 United States Census, shall adopt, by resolution of the county governing body, an inventory of at least three proposed sites in the county suitable for mixed municipal solid waste disposal facilities and shall submit the inventory to the council for approval or disapproval. A metropolitan county having a population greater than 300,000, as determined by the 1980 United States Census, shall adopt, by resolution of the county governing body, an inventory of at least four proposed sites in the county that are suitable for mixed municipal solid waste disposal facilities and shall submit the inventory to the council for approval or disapproval. The council shall evaluate and approve or disapprove each proposed site in accordance with the standards set out in this subdivision. Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, each site shall satisfy the standards and criteria in federal and state regulations and the council's policy plan for solid waste management. In proposing and approving sites for the inventory, the counties and the council shall prefer land which is capable of being returned to its existing use or the use anticipated in a plan of a metropolitan agency, county, or local unit of government use after closure of a disposal facility. Each site shall contain no less than 80 acres and no more than 250 acres. Each proposed site shall be surrounded by a buffer area at least equal to the area of the site. No site shall be adopted by a county or the council as part of an inventory unless the agency certifies its intrinsic suitability for the use intended, based on preliminary environmental analysis and on site surveys and investigations conducted by the county. Notwithstanding any plan, charter provision, law, ordinance, regulation, or other requirement of any state agency or political subdivision, no land shall be excluded from consideration for inclusion in the inventory except: (1) land within any part of the regional recreation open space systems as defined by section 473.351, subdivision 1, paragraph (d); and (2) land determined by the agency to be intrinsically unsuitable. If the metropolitan council has determined

during the original siting process that other suitable sites were available in the county, a county with land to be excluded from the inventory under clause (1) must select an intrinsically suitable alternative site. Each county shall provide to the agency data relating to the intrinsic suitability of the sites to be proposed for the inventory as soon as available. By July 1, 1981 each county shall propose at least the number of sites required for the inventory, and the director of the agency shall issue a notice indicating which of those sites the director recommends be certified as intrinsically suitable. Notice of hearings on the director's recommendation shall be published in the state register and newspapers of general circulation in the metropolitan area and shall be sent by mail to the metropolitan council and local government units containing a proposed inventory site. A hearing shall be held in each metropolitan county and shall be conducted by the state office of administrative hearings in a manner consistent with the completion of the proceedings and the administrative law judge's report to the agency in the time allowed by this section. The hearing shall afford all interested persons an opportunity to testify and present evidence on the subject of the hearing. The subject of the hearing shall be limited to information submitted by the county and additional information on the proposed sites which is relevant to the agency's decision on intrinsic suitability. The rulemaking and contested case procedures of chapter 14 shall not apply to this hearing. The report of the administrative law judge shall contain findings of fact, conclusions, and recommendations on the subject of the hearing. The agency shall make a final determination as to the intrinsic suitability of each proposed site and shall certify them accordingly within 90 days of the county's proposal of a site. The agency shall not be required to promulgate rules pursuant to chapter 15 on criteria and standards to govern its certification of intrinsic suitability under this section. No action of the agency shall be held invalid by reason of the agency's failure to notify any of the entities listed in this subdivision. The council shall evaluate each site with respect to local land use and land use controls, the protection of agriculture and natural resources, existing and future development patterns, transportation facilities and other services and facilities appropriate to land disposal facilities, the quality of other potential sites, and patterns of generation of solid waste. The council shall notify a county of any site proposed by the county which the council disapproves and shall allow the county 60 days to propose an alternative site. If the county fails to propose an alternative acceptable to the council in the time allowed, the council shall propose a site acceptable to it for inclusion in the inventory of sites in that county. If in the council's judgment a county does not contain the requisite number of satisfactory sites, the council may reduce the number of sites required of that county."

Page 33, line 8, delete "39" and insert "40"

Renumber the sections in sequence

Correct the internal references

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 16, after "473.803," insert "subdivision 1a, and"

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

Speaker pro tempore Anderson, G., called Simoneau to the Chair.

The question was taken on the McPherson et al amendment and the roll was called. There were 31 yeas and 84 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Beard	Frerichs	Lasley	Price	Thiede
Blatz	Gutknecht	Marsh	Quinn	Valento
Boo	Heap	McDonald	Richter	Wenzel
Burger	Himle	McPherson	Schafer	
Dempsey	Hugoson	Miller	Shaver	
Dille	Jacobs	Ogren	Sviggum	
Forsythe	Krueger	Poppenhagen	Swenson	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, G.	Jennings	McLaughlin	Otis	Skoglund
Battaglia	Jensen	Milbert	Ozment	Solberg
Bauerly	Johnson, A.	Minne	Pappas	Stanius
Begich	Johnson, R.	Morrison	Pelowski	Steensma
Bennett	Kahn	Munger	Peterson	Tompkins
Bertram	Kahs	Murphy	Quist	Trimble
Brown	Kelly	Nelson, C.	Reding	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Kelso	Nelson, D.	Rest	Uphus
Carruthers	Kinkel	Nelson, K.	Rice	Vanasek
Clark	Kludt	Neuenschwander	Riveness	Vellenga
Dauner	Knickerbocker	O'Connor	Rose	Voss
DeBleck	Knuth	Olsen, S.	Rukavina	Wagenius
Greenfield	Kostohryz	Olson, E.	Sarna	Welle
Gruenes	Larsen	Olson, K.	Scheid	Winter
Hartle	Lieder	Omman	Schoenfeld	Wynia
Jaros	Long	Onnen	Segal	Spk. Norton
Jefferson	McEachern	Osthoff	Simoneau	

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

Clausnitzer; Nelson, D.; Larsen and Pauly moved to amend H. F. No. 794, the second engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 11, line 12, strike "15" and insert "15"

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Beard and Price moved to amend H. F. No. 794, the second engrossment, as amended, as follows:



Page 25, after line 31, insert:

"Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.833, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [COUNTY SITE SELECTION AUTHORITIES.] Each metropolitan county shall establish a site selection authority. Within 90 days following the county's determination of adequacy under subdivision 2a, each site selection authority shall select specific sites within the county from the council's disposal site inventory, in accordance with the procedures established by the council under section 473.149, subdivision 2e, and in a number and capacity equal to that required by the council to be acquired by the county. Each site selection authority shall be composed of the county board, plus one member appointed by the governing body of each city or town within the county containing a site in the council's disposal site inventory or the majority of the land contained within such a site. If the number of members on the site selection authority who reside in a city or town containing all or part of a site or buffer area is equal to or greater than the number of members who do not, the chair of the county board shall appoint to the authority an additional member or members, residing within the county but not within a city or town containing all or part of a site or buffer area, sufficient to assure a majority of one on the authority of members residing in cities and towns not containing all or any part of a site or buffer area. The chair of the county board shall be the chair of the site selection authority. If a site selection authority has not selected the requisite number and capacity of sites in accordance with the council's standards, criteria, and procedures within the time allowed by this subdivision, the council shall make the selection. A county is not required to develop a solid waste disposal facility in any municipality in which a mixed municipal solid waste resource recovery facility having a capacity greater than 400 tons per day is located if the council finds that the capacity and number of disposal facilities required by the development schedule in that county can be provided in that county without development of the solid waste disposal facility. A county or group of counties contributing mixed municipal solid waste to a municipal solid waste resource recovery facility is not required to develop a solid waste disposal facility in that county or those counties if the council finds that the capacity of the resource recovery facility is sufficient to provide all of the municipal solid waste disposal needs of the county or counties."

Renumber the sections in sequence

Correct internal references

Amend the title accordingly

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Beard and Price amendment and the roll was called. There were 24 yeas and 97 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Beard	DeBlieck	Lasley	O'Connor	Sarna
Begich	Gutknecht	Marsh	Ogren	Sviggum
Boo	Jacobs	McDonald	Peterson	Swenson
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	McEachern	Quinn	Valento
Cooper	Kludt	McPherson	Redalen	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, G.	Heap	McKasy	Pauly	Stanis
Battaglia	Himle	McLaughlin	Pelowski	Steensma
Bauerly	Hugoson	Milbert	Poppenhagen	Tjornhom
Bennett	Jefferson	Minne	Quist	Tompkins
Bertram	Jennings	Morrison	Reding	Trimble
Blatz	Jensen	Munger	Rest	Tunheim
Brown	Johnson, A.	Murphy	Richter	Uphus
Burger	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Riveness	Vanasek
Carlson, L.	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Rose	Vellenga
Clark	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Rukavina	Voss
Clausnitzer	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Schafer	Wagenius
Dauner	Kelso	Olsen, S.	Scheid	Waltman
Dille	Kinkel	Olson, E.	Schoenfeld	Welle
Forsythe	Knickerbocker	Olson, K.	Schreiber	Wenzel
Frederick	Knuth	Omann	Segal	Winter
Frerichs	Kostohryz	Onnen	Shaver	Wynia
Greenfield	Krueger	Osthoff	Simoneau	Spk. Norton
Gruenes	Larsen	Otis	Skoglund	
Hartle	Lieder	Ozment	Solberg	
Haukoos	Long	Pappas	Sparby	

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

H. F. No. 794, A bill for an act relating to waste management; regulating disposal of wastes; providing for a solid waste management policy; providing for recycling policy and marketing; managing household hazardous wastes; regulating the sale and disposal of motor oil and lead acid batteries; providing for waste pesticide collection; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 115A.03, subdivisions 9 and 21; 115A.06, subdivision 14; 115A.11, subdivision 2; 115A.15, subdivision 6; 115A.42; 115A.45; 115A.49; 115A.51; 115A.52; 115A.53; 115A.54, subdivision 2a; 115A.81, subdivision 2; 115A.921; 115A.95; 116.07, subdivision 4b; 116.41, subdivision 2; 116M.07, by adding a subdivision; 176.011, subdivision 9; 239.52; 325E.11; 473.149, subdivisions 2d and 6; 473.803, by adding a subdivision; 473.834, subdivision 2; 473.842, subdivision 2; 473.844, subdivisions 1 and 4; and 473.846; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 115A; 239; 325E; and 473; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 115A.13; 115A.43; 115A.44; 473.834, subdivision 3; and 473.844, subdivisions 2 and 5.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 127 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Hartle	Long	Ozment	Solberg
Battaglia	Haukoos	Marsh	Pappas	Sparby
Bauerly	Heap	McDonald	Pauly	Stanius
Beard	Himle	McEachern	Pelowski	Steensma
Begich	Hugoson	McKasy	Peterson	Sviggum
Bennett	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Swenson
Bertram	Jaros	McPherson	Price	Thiede
Blatz	Jefferson	Milbert	Quinn	Tjornhom
Boo	Jennings	Miller	Quist	Tompkins
Brown	Jensen	Minne	Redalen	Trimble
Burger	Johnson, A.	Morrison	Reding	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Munger	Rest	Uphus
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Murphy	Rice	Valento
Clark	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Richter	Vanasek
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vellenga
Cooper	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Rose	Voss
Dauner	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Rukavina	Wagenius
DeBlieck	Kinkel	O'Connor	Sarna	Waltman
Dempsey	Kludt	Ogren	Schafer	Welle
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Scheid	Wenzel
Forsythe	Knuth	Olson, E.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Frederick	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Schreiber	Wynia
Frerichs	Krueger	Omann	Segal	Spk. Norton
Greenfield	Larsen	Onnen	Shaver	
Gruenes	Lasley	Osthoff	Simoneau	
Gutknecht	Lieder	Otis	Skoglund	

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

H. F. No. 899, A bill for an act relating to education; establishing the Fond du Lac Higher Education Center; continuing the Fond du Lac Higher Education Task Force; requiring reports; appropriating money; amending Laws 1986, First Special Session chapter 1, article 10, section 1, subdivision 9.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 97 yeas and 23 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Clark	Jensen	Kostohryz	Milbert
Battaglia	Cooper	Johnson, A.	Krueger	Minne
Bauerly	Dauner	Johnson, R.	Larsen	Morrison
Beard	DeBlieck	Kahn	Lasley	Munger
Begich	Greenfield	Kalis	Lieder	Murphy
Bennett	Hartle	Kelly	Long	Nelson, C.
Bertram	Heap	Kelso	McDonald	Nelson, D.
Brown	Jacobs	Kinkel	McEachern	Nelson, K.
Burger	Jaros	Kludt	McKasy	Neuenschwander
Carlson, L.	Jefferson	Knickerbocker	McLaughlin	O'Connor
Carruthers	Jennings	Knuth	McPherson	Ogren

Olsen, S.	Pauly	Riveness	Sparby	Wagenius
Olson, E.	Pelowski	Rukavina	Stanius	Welle
Olson, K.	Peterson	Sarna	Steensma	Wenzel
Omann	Price	Scheid	Tompkins	Winter
Onnen	Quinn	Schoenfeld	Trimble	Wynia
Osthoff	Redalen	Segal	Tunheim	Spk. Norton
Otis	Reding	Simoneau	Vanasek	
Ozment	Rest	Skoglund	Vellenga	
Pappas	Rice	Solberg	Voss	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Blatz	Frederick	Himle	Quist	Swenson
Boo	Frerichs	Hugoson	Richter	Tjornhom
Clausnitzer	Gruenes	Johnson, V.	Schafer	Waltman
Dille	Gutknecht	Miller	Schreiber	
Forsythe	Haukoos	Poppenhagen	Svigum	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

H. F. No. 1203 was reported to the House.

McLaughlin moved to amend H. F. No. 1203, the first engrossment, as follows:

Page 3, line 10, delete the new language

Page 3, line 15, after the period insert "An employee who has received public assistance payments shall notify the department of human services, benefit recovery section, of its potential intervention claim prior to making or settling a claim for benefits under this chapter."

Page 5, delete line 2, and insert:

"(c) A person who is a party to a claim upon which"

Page 7, delete line 18, and insert:

"(c) A person who is a party to a claim upon which"

Page 9, delete line 9, and insert:

"(c) A person who is party to a claim upon which"

Page 12, delete line 3, and insert:

"(iii) A person who is party to a claim upon"

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

H. F. No. 1203, A bill for an act relating to human services; requiring court-ordered group health insurance benefits be paid to providers; requiring all parties to sign workers' compensation settlement agreements; requiring notification to commissioner regarding workers' compensation payments; establishing a public assistance lien; establishing third party payer liability; requiring reporting of group insurance coverage; providing for reimbursement of benefits from programs with federal participation; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 62A.046; 176.191, subdivision 4; 256B.02, by adding a subdivision; 256B.042, subdivisions 2, 3, and by adding subdivisions; 256B.37, subdivisions 1, 2, and by adding subdivisions; 256D.03, by adding a subdivision; 268.121; 473.405, subdivision 13; and 514.69; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 256.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended; and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 124 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gutknecht	Lasley	Osthoff	Simoneau
Battaglia	Hartle	Lieder	Otis	Skoglund
Bauerly	Haukoos	Long	Ozment	Solberg
Beard	Heap	Marsh	Pappas	Sparby
Begich	Himle	McEachern	Pauly	Stanius
Bennett	Hugoson	McKasy	Pelowski	Steensma
Bertram	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Peterson	Sviggum
Blatz	Jaros	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Swenson
Boo	Jefferson	Milbert	Price	Thiede
Brown	Jennings	Miller	Quinn	Tjornhom
Burger	Jensen	Minne	Quist	Trimble
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Morrison	Redalen	Tunheim
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Munger	Reding	Uphus
Clark	Johnson, V.	Murphy	Rest	Valento
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Rice	Vanasek
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Richter	Vellenga
Dauner	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Voss
DeBlick	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Rose	Wagenius
Dempsey	Kinkel	O'Connor	Rukavina	Waltman
Dille	Kludt	Ogren	Sarna	Welle
Forsythe	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Wenzel
Frederick	Knuth	Olson, E.	Scheid	Winter
Frerichs	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Wynia
Greenfield	Krueger	Omman	Schreiber	Spk. Norton
Gruenes	Larsen	Onnen	Segal	

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

The Speaker resumed the Chair.

Shaver and McDonald were excused between the hours of 6:20 p.m. and 7:30 p.m.

Gruenes and Dempsey were excused while in conference.

H. F. No. 303, A bill for an act relating to agriculture; changing the shade tree disease control program; imposing certain penalties; eliminating certain audit requirements and an insurance limitation; changing the cooperative associations law; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 18.023, subdivision 1; 28A.08; 31.101, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8; 40.071; 308.58, subdivision 2; 308.62; 308.77; 308.83; and 308.85; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 38.02, subdivision 2; and 38.13.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 77 yeas and 41 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Jaros	Long	Price	Swenson
Battaglia	Jefferson	McEachern	Quinn	Tompkins
Bauerly	Jensen	McLaughlin	Redalen	Trimble
Beard	Johnson, A.	Minne	Reding	Tunheim
Begich	Johnson, R.	Munger	Rest	Vanasek
Bertram	Kahn	Murphy	Rice	Vellenga
Brown	Kalis	Nelson, C.	Riveness	Voss
Burger	Kelly	Nelson, D.	Rukavina	Wagenius
Carlson, L.	Kelso	Nelson, K.	Sarna	Welle
Carruthers	Kinkel	Neuenschwander	Schoenfeld	Wenzel
Clark	Kludt	O'Connor	Segal	Winter
Cooper	Knuth	Ogren	Simoneau	Wynia
Dauner	Kostohryz	Olson, E.	Skoglund	Spk. Norton
DeBlicek	Krueger	Otis	Solberg	
Greenfield	Larsen	Pelowski	Sparby	
Jacobs	Lieder	Peterson	Steensma	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bennett	Hartle	McKasy	Pauly	Thiede
Bishop	Haukoos	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Tjornhom
Blatz	Heap	Milbert	Quist	Uphus
Clausnitzer	Himle	Miller	Richter	Valento
Dille	Hugoson	Morrison	Rose	Waltman
Forsythe	Johnson, V.	Olsen, S.	Schafer	
Frederick	Knickerbocker	Omann	Schreiber	
Frerichs	Lasley	Onnen	Stanius	
Gutknecht	Marsh	Osthoff	Sviggum	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

The Speaker called Long to the Chair.

Quinn and Ogren were excused between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 7:30 p.m.

Himle was excused between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 7:35 p.m.

S. F. No. 478 was reported to the House.

McKasy moved to amend S. F. No. 478, the unofficial engrossment, as follows:

Pages 29 to 32, delete section 32

Renumber the remaining sections

Correct internal references

Amend the title accordingly

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the McKasy amendment and the roll was called. There were 42 yeas and 74 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bennett	Frerichs	Marsh	Poppenhagen	Thiede
Bertram	Gruenes	McKasy	Quist	Tjornhom
Bishop	Gutknecht	McPherson	Richter	Tompkins
Blatz	Hartle	Miller	Rose	Uphus
Burger	Haukoos	Morrison	Schafer	Valento
Clausnitzer	Heap	Olsen, S.	Schreiber	Waltman
Dempsey	Hugoson	Omann	Seaberg	
Dille	Johnson, V.	Pauly	Stanius	
Frederick	Knickerbocker	Pelowski	Swenson	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, G.	Jaros	Lieder	Osthoff	Skoglund
Battaglia	Jefferson	Long	Otis	Solberg
Bauerly	Jensen	McEachern	Ozment	Sparby
Beard	Johnson, A.	McLaughlin	Pappas	Steenasma
Begich	Johnson, R.	Milbert	Peterson	Trimble
Brown	Kahn	Minne	Price	Vanasek
Carlson, D.	Kelly	Munger	Reding	Vellenga
Carlson, L.	Kelso	Murphy	Rest	Voss
Carruthers	Kinkel	Nelson, C.	Rice	Wagenius
Clark	Kludt	Nelson, D.	Rivenness	Welle
Cooper	Knuth	Nelson, K.	Rukavina	Wenzel
Dauner	Kostohryz	O'Connor	Sarna	Winter
DeBlick	Krueger	Olson, E.	Scheid	Wynia
Greenfield	Larsen	Olson, K.	Segal	Spk. Norton
Jacobs	Lasley	Onnen	Simoneau	

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

Rose was excused while in conference.

Neuenschwander moved to amend S. F. No. 478, the unofficial engrossment, as follows:

Page 17, after line 32, insert:

"Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 61A.09, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1a. [EXCLUSION.] The requirements of section 20 do not apply to group insurance policies covering employees of a small business, as defined in section 645.44."

Page 32, after line 18, insert:

"Sec. 34. [SMALL BUSINESS EXEMPTION.]

The requirements of sections 24, 27, and 28 do not apply to policies, plans, or contracts covering employees of a small business, as defined in section 645.445."

Renumber the sections in sequence

Amend the title accordingly

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Neuenschwander amendment and the roll was called. There were 10 yeas and 100 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bertram	Johnson, V.	McKasy	Schoenfeld	Steensma
DeBlicck	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Sparby	Swenson

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, G.	Gutknecht	Lasley	Osthoff	Skoglund
Battaglia	Hartle	Lieder	Otis	Solberg
Bauerly	Haukoos	Long	Ozment	Stanius
Beard	Heap	Marsh	Pappas	Sviggum
Begich	Hugoson	McEachern	Pauly	Tjornhom
Bennett	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Pelowski	Tompkins
Burger	Jaros	McPherson	Peterson	Trimble
Carlson, D.	Jefferson	Milbert	Price	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Jensen	Miller	Redalen	Uphus
Carruthers	Johnson, A.	Minne	Reding	Valento
Clark	Johnson, R.	Morrison	Rest	Vanasek
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Murphy	Rice	Vellenga
Cooper	Kelly	Nelson, C.	Riveness	Voss
Dauner	Kinkel	Nelson, D.	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dempsey	Kludt	Nelson, K.	Sarna	Waltman
Dille	Knickerbocker	O'Connor	Schafer	Welle
Forsythe	Knuth	Olsen, S.	Scheid	Wenzel
Frerichs	Kostohryz	Olson, E.	Schreiber	Winter
Greenfield	Krueger	Omann	Segal	Wynia
Gruenes	Larsen	Onnen	Simoneau	Spk. Norton

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.



Carlson, D., was excused while in conference.

S. F. No. 478, A bill for an act relating to insurance; requiring notification of group life or health coverage changes; eliminating mandatory temporary insurance agent licenses; requiring those who solicit insurance to act as agent for the insured; regulating surplus lines insurance; regulating rates and forms; regulating insurance plan administrators; regulating trust funds; regulating the renewal, nonrenewal, and cancellation of commercial liability and property insurance policies; authorizing employers to jointly self-insure for property or casualty liability and regulating these plans; providing continued group life coverage upon termination or layoff; providing for the establishment and operation of the insurance guaranty association and the life and health guaranty association; regulating accident and health insurance; regulating joint self-insurance employee health plans; requiring the treatment of pregnancy-related conditions in the same manner as other illnesses; mandating certain coverages; clarifying coverage for handicapped dependents; providing continued group accident and health coverage upon termination or layoff; requiring coverage of current spouse and children; imposing surety bond or securities requirements on certain health benefit plans; regulating Medicare supplement plan premium refunds; authorizing the renewal of certain long-term health policies; providing for the establishment and operation of the comprehensive health association and the joint underwriting association; providing comprehensive health insurance coverage for certain employees not eligible for Medicare; regulating fraternal benefit associations; regulating automobile insurance; providing for exemption from certain legal process of cash value, proceeds, or benefits under certain life insurance or annuity contracts; limiting the cancellation of fire insurance binders and policies; providing for administration of the FAIR plan; requiring accident prevention course premium reductions; limiting the grounds for cancellation or reduction in limits during the policy period; providing for the priority of security for payment of basic economic loss benefits; extending basic economic loss benefit protection; requiring coverages for former spouses; specifying membership on the assigned claims bureau; extending no-fault benefits to pedestrians who are struck by motorcycles; regulating township mutual insurance companies; providing for mandatory arbitration of certain claims; establishing a demonstration project to provide medical insurance to certain low income persons; requiring the commissioner to set rates for cooperative housing and neighborhood real estate trust insurance; authorizing investments in certain insurers; regulating trade practices; requiring life and health insurers to substantiate the underwriting standards they use; providing assigned risk plan coverage for certain vehicles used by the handicapped; regulating motor vehicle repairs; regulating certain self-insurance by political subdivisions; granting immunity from liability for volunteer coaches, managers, and officials; clarifying the statute of limitations applicable to actions regarding manufacturers or suppliers of material containing asbes-

tos; modifying discounting of future damages; prescribing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 16A.133, subdivision 1; 45.024, subdivision 2; 60A.17, subdivisions 1a, 2c, 11, and 13; 60A.1701, subdivisions 7, and 8; 60A.196; 60A.197; 60A.198, subdivision 3; 60A.23, subdivision 8; 60A.29, subdivisions 2, 5, and 16, and by adding subdivisions; 60A.30; 60A.31; 60B.44, subdivisions 1, 4, 5, and 9; 60C.08, subdivision 1; 60C.09; 60C.12; 61A.28, subdivision 12; 61B.05, subdivision 1; 61B.09; 62A.041; 62A.043, by adding a subdivision; 62A.141; 62A.146; 62A.152, subdivision 2; 62A.17; 62A.21; 62A.27; 62A.31, subdivision 1a; 62A.43, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 62A.46, by adding a subdivision; 62A.48, subdivisions 1, 2, 6, and by adding a subdivision; 62A.50, subdivision 3; 62D.05, by adding a subdivision; 62D.102; 62E.06, subdivision 1; 62E.10, subdivision 2, and by adding subdivisions; 62E.14, by adding a subdivision; 62F.041, subdivision 2; 62F.06, subdivision 1; 62H.01; 62H.02; 62H.04; 62I.02, subdivisions 1, and 3, and by adding a subdivision; 62I.03, subdivision 5; 62I.04; 62I.12, subdivision 1; 62I.13, by adding a subdivision; 62I.16, subdivision 3; 62I.22, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 64B.11, subdivision 4; 64B.18; 64B.27; 65A.01, subdivision 3a; 65A.03, subdivision 1; 65A.10; 65A.29, by adding a subdivision; 65A.35, subdivision 5; 65A.39; 65B.03, subdivision 1; 65B.12; 65B.1311; 65B.16; 65B.21, subdivision 2; 65B.28; 65B.46; 65B.49, by adding a subdivision; 65B.525, subdivision 1; 65B.63, subdivision 1; 67A.05, subdivision 2; 67A.06; 67A.231; 70A.06, by adding a subdivision; 70A.08, subdivision 3; 72A.20, subdivisions 11, 17, and by adding subdivisions; 72A.31, subdivision 1; 169.045, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 471.98, subdivision 2; 604.07, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, and by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 60A; 61A; 62A; 62E; 65A; 65B; 72A; 256B; 541; and 604; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 60E; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 62A.12; and 67A.43, subdivision 3; and Minnesota Rules, parts 2700.2400 to 2700.2440.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 119 yeas and 5 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Carruthers	Hartle	Kahn	Lasley
Battaglia	Clark	Haukoos	Kalis	Lieder
Bauerly	Clausnitzer	Heap	Kelly	Long
Beard	Cooper	Jacobs	Kelso	Marsh
Begich	Dauner	Jaros	Kinkel	McDonald
Bennett	DeBlieck	Jefferson	Kludt	McEachern
Bishop	Dille	Jennings	Knickerbocker	McKasy
Blatz	Forsythe	Jensen	Knuth	McLaughlin
Boo	Greenfield	Johnson, A.	Kostohryz	McPherson
Brown	Gruenes	Johnson, R.	Krueger	Milbert
Carlson, L.	Gutknecht	Johnson, V.	Larsen	Miller

Minne	Onnen	Reding	Simoneau	Uphus
Morrison	Orenstein	Rest	Skoglund	Valento
Munger	Osthoff	Rice	Solberg	Vanasek
Murphy	Otis	Richter	Sparby	Vellenga
Nelson, C.	Ozment	Riveness	Stanius	Voss
Nelson, D.	Pappas	Rukavina	Steensma	Wagenius
Nelson, K.	Pauly	Sarna	Sviggum	Waltman
O'Connor	Pelowski	Schafer	Swenson	Welle
Ogren	Peterson	Scheid	Thiede	Wenzel
Olsen, S.	Price	Schoenfeld	Tjornhom	Winter
Olson, E.	Quinn	Seaberg	Tompkins	Wynia
Olson, K.	Quist	Segal	Trimble	Spk. Norton
Omann	Redalen	Shaver	Tunheim	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Burger	Dempsey	Frerichs	Hugoson	Poppenhagen
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The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

Orenstein was excused while in conference.

There being no objection, the order of business reverted to Messages from the Senate.

### MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

The following message was received from the Senate:

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 919, A bill for an act relating to public administration; authorizing spending to acquire and to better public land and buildings and other public improvements of a capital nature with certain conditions; authorizing issuance of state and local bonds; authorizing levies; imposing taxes; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 297.13, subdivision 1; and 297.26; 297A.01, subdivision 3; 297A.44, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 16A and 124; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 240A.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Simoneau moved that the House refuse to concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 919, that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 5 members of the House, and that the House requests

that a like committee be appointed by the Senate to confer on the disagreeing votes of the two houses. The motion prevailed.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on H. F. No. 919:

Anderson, G.; Carlson, L.; Munger; Quinn and Bishop.

**SPECIAL ORDERS, Continued**

H. F. No. 169 was reported to the House.

Speaker pro tempore Long called Simoneau to the Chair.

Reding moved to amend H. F. No. 169, the second engrossment, as follows:

Page 2, line 5, delete "by" and insert "under" and delete everything after "chapter"

Page 2, line 6, delete everything before the period and insert "and other taxes imposed by the state or the United States on receipts from lawful gambling"

Page 4, delete sections 11 and 12

Page 4, after line 35, insert:

"Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.162, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. [SALES FROM FACILITIES.] All gambling equipment purchased by a licensed distributor for resale in Minnesota must prior to its resale be unloaded into a facility located in Minnesota which the distributor owns or leases."

Page 6, delete line 35 and insert "Section 14 is effective January 1, 1988. The remainder of this act is effective June 1, 1987."

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, lines 12 and 13, delete ", and by adding a subdivision"

Page 1, lines 13 and 14, delete "subdivision 1, and"

Page 1, line 14, delete "a subdivision" and insert "subdivisions"

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Reding moved to amend H. F. No. 169, the second engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 3, line 30, strike "ever"

Page 3, line 31, after "offense" insert "within ten years of the date of license application"

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Riveness; Olsen, S., and Reding moved to amend H. F. No. 169, the second engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 3, line 9, after the period insert "The rules must specify that no more than 50 percent of the annual premium on a policy of liability insurance procured by the organization may be taken as an allowable expense from the gross receipts from lawful gambling. This expense shall be allowed by the board only to the extent that it relates directly to the conduct of lawful gambling and is verified in the manner the board prescribes by rule."

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 9, after the second semicolon insert "regulating allowable expenses;"

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

H. F. No. 169, A bill for an act relating to lawful gambling; including payment of taxes as a lawful purpose; increasing the percentage of profits that may be used for necessary expenses; changing requirements for distributors; authorizing the board to adopt rules restricting the amount of rent charged by organizations; prohibiting local units of government from requiring organizations to make certain expenditures; making various technical changes; regulating allowable expenses; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 349.12, subdivisions 11, 12, 13, and 15; 349.14; 349.15; 349.151, subdivision 3; 349.161, subdivisions 3, 5, and 7; 349.162, by adding subdivisions; 349.18, subdivisions 1 and 3; 349.19, subdivision 3; 349.21; and 349.213, subdivision 1.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 125 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Larsen	Onnen	Shaver
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Lasley	Osthoff	Simoneau
Bauerly	Hartle	Lieder	Otis	Solberg
Beard	Haukoos	Long	Ozment	Sparby
Begich	Heap	Marsh	Pappas	Stanius
Bennett	Himle	McDonald	Pauly	Steensma
Bertram	Hugoson	McEachern	Pelowski	Svigum
Bishop	Jacobs	McKasy	Peterson	Swenson
Blatz	Jaros	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Thiede
Boo	Jefferson	Milbert	Price	Tjornhom
Brown	Jennings	Miller	Quinn	Tompkins
Burger	Jensen	Minne	Quist	Trimble
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Morrison	Redalen	Tunheim
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Munger	Reding	Uphus
Clark	Johnson, V.	Murphy	Rest	Valento
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Rice	Vanasek
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Richter	Vellenga
Dauner	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Voss
DeBlieck	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dempsey	Kinkel	O'Connor	Sarna	Waltman
Dille	Kludt	Ogren	Schafer	Welle
Forsythe	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Scheid	Wenzel
Frederick	Knuth	Olsen, E.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Frerichs	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Schreiber	Wynia
Greenfield	Krueger	Omam	Segal	Spk. Norton

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

H. F. No. 943, A bill for an act relating to the attorney general; creating a consumer education account; providing for its administration; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 8.31, subdivisions 2b, 3, and by adding subdivisions.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 126 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Carruthers	Gutknecht	Johnson, V.	Lieder
Battaglia	Clark	Hartle	Kahn	Long
Bauerly	Clausnitzer	Haukoos	Kalis	Marsh
Beard	Cooper	Heap	Kelly	McDonald
Begich	Dauner	Himle	Kelso	McEachern
Bennett	DeBlieck	Hugoson	Kinkel	McKasy
Bertram	Dempsey	Jacobs	Kludt	McLaughlin
Bishop	Dille	Jaros	Knickerbocker	McPherson
Blatz	Forsythe	Jefferson	Knuth	Milbert
Boo	Frederick	Jennings	Kostohryz	Miller
Brown	Frerichs	Jensen	Krueger	Minne
Burger	Greenfield	Johnson, A.	Larsen	Morrison
Carlson, L.	Gruenes	Johnson, R.	Lasley	Munger

Murphy	Ozment	Richter	Sparby	Vellenga
Nelson, C.	Pappas	Riveness	Stanius	Voss
Nelson, D.	Pauly	Rukavina	Steensma	Wagenius
Nelson, K.	Pelowski	Sarna	Sviggum	Waltman
O'Connor	Peterson	Schafer	Swenson	Welle
Ogren	Poppenhagen	Scheid	Thiede	Wenzel
Olsen, S.	Price	Schoenfeld	Tjornhom	Winter
Olson, E.	Quinn	Schreiber	Tompkins	Wynia
Olson, K.	Quist	Segal	Trimble	Spk. Norton
Omamm	Redalen	Shaver	Tunheim	
Onnen	Reding	Simoneau	Uphus	
Osthoff	Rest	Skoglund	Valento	
Otis	Rice	Solberg	Vanasek	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

H. F. No. 1499 was reported to the House.

There being no objection, H. F. No. 1499 was temporarily laid over on Special Orders.

H. F. No. 887, A bill for an act relating to environment; creating the clean water partnership program for the control of nonpoint source water pollution and providing for administration by the pollution control agency; requiring a state water quality assessment; authorizing technical and financial assistance to local governments; authorizing rulemaking; appropriating money; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 115.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 128 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Dille	Kahn	Milbert	Pappas
Battaglia	Forsythe	Kalis	Miller	Pauly
Bauerly	Frederick	Kelly	Minne	Pelowski
Beard	Frerichs	Kelso	Morrison	Peterson
Begich	Greenfield	Kinkel	Munger	Poppenhagen
Bennett	Gruenes	Kludt	Murphy	Price
Bertram	Gutknecht	Knickerbocker	Nelson, C.	Quinn
Bishop	Hartle	Knuth	Nelson, D.	Quist
Blatz	Haukoos	Kostohryz	Nelson, K.	Redalen
Boo	Heap	Krueger	Neuenschwander	Reding
Brown	Himle	Larsen	O'Connor	Rest
Burger	Hugoson	Lasley	Ogren	Rice
Carlson, L.	Jacobs	Lieder	Olsen, S.	Richter
Carruthers	Jaros	Long	Olson, E.	Riveness
Clark	Jefferson	Marsh	Olson, K.	Rukavina
Clausnitzer	Jennings	McDonald	Omamm	Sarna
Cooper	Jensen	McEachern	Onnen	Schafer
Dauner	Johnson, A.	McKasy	Osthoff	Scheid
DeBleck	Johnson, R.	McLaughlin	Otis	Schoenfeld
Dempsey	Johnson, V.	McPherson	Ozment	Schreiber

Seaberg  
Segal  
Shaver  
Simoneau  
Skoglund  
Solberg

Sparby  
Stanius  
Steensma  
Sviggum  
Swenson  
Thiede

Tjornhom  
Tompkins  
Trimble  
Tunheim  
Uphus  
Valento

Vanasek  
Vellenga  
Voss  
Wagenius  
Waltman  
Welle

Wenzel  
Winter  
Wynia  
Spk. Norton

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

Blatz was excused between the hours of 8:15 p.m. and 9:30 p.m.

H. F. No. 1219 was reported to the House.

Kelso moved to amend H. F. No. 1219, the first engrossment, as follows:

Page 1, line 12, delete "the cost" and insert "all related costs"

Page 2, line 14, delete "the earlier of (1)"

Page 2, line 18, delete "or (2) construction of the"

Page 2, line 19, delete "Bloomington ferry bridge is completed"

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Bishop was excused while in conference.

Onnen moved to amend H. F. No. 1219, the first engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 1, line 10, before "admissions" insert "adult"

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Onnen amendment and the roll was called. There were 29 yeas and 90 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bennett  
Clausnitzer  
Frerichs  
Gutknecht  
Hartle  
Haukoos

Heap  
Knickerbocker  
Marsh  
McKasy  
McPherson  
Miller

Omann  
Onnen  
Poppenhagen  
Quist  
Richter  
Schafer

Schreiber  
Seaberg  
Shaver  
Skoglund  
Stanius  
Sviggum

Swenson  
Thiede  
Tjornhom  
Valento  
Waltman



Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Kostohryz	Ogren	Schoenfeld
Battaglia	Gruenes	Krueger	Olsen, S.	Segal
Bauerly	Himle	Larsen	Olson, E.	Simoneau
Beard	Hugoson	Lasley	Olson, K.	Solberg
Begich	Jacobs	Lieder	Osthoff	Sparby
Bertram	Jaros	Long	Otis	Steensma
Boo	Jefferson	McEachern	Pappas	Trimble
Brown	Jennings	McLaughlin	Pauly	Tunheim
Burger	Jensen	Milbert	Pelowski	Uphus
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Minne	Peterson	Vanasek
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Morrison	Price	Vellenga
Clark	Kahn	Munger	Quinn	Voss
Cooper	Kalis	Murphy	Reding	Wagenius
Dauner	Kelly	Nelson, C.	Rice	Welle
DeBlieck	Kelso	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Wenzel
Dempsey	Kinkel	Nelson, K.	Rukavina	Winter
Dille	Kludt	Neuenschwander	Sarna	Wymia
Forsythe	Knuth	O'Connor	Scheid	Spk. Norton

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

Gruenes was excused while in conference.

Himle moved to amend H. F. No. 1219, the first engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 1, line 17, delete "except a place of amusement owned by the Scott county agricultural society"

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

H. F. No. 1219, A bill for an act relating to taxation; authorizing Scott county to impose a tax on admissions to major amusement facilities; providing for expenditure of the proceeds of the tax.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 94 yeas and 26 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Carlson, L.	Hugoson	Kalis	Lieder
Battaglia	Carruthers	Jacobs	Kelly	Long
Bauerly	Clark	Jaros	Kelso	Marsh
Beard	Cooper	Jefferson	Kinkel	McEachern
Begich	Dauner	Jennings	Kludt	Milbert
Bennett	DeBlieck	Jensen	Knuth	Minne
Bertram	Dempsey	Johnson, A.	Kostohryz	Morrison
Boo	Dille	Johnson, R.	Krueger	Munger
Brown	Greenfield	Johnson, V.	Larsen	Murphy
Burger	Hartle	Kahn	Lasley	Nelson, C.

Nelson, D.	Otis	Rest	Solberg	Vellenga
Nelson, K.	Ozment	Rice	Sparby	Voss
Neuenschwander	Pappas	Riveness	Stanius	Wagenius
O'Connor	Pelowski	Rukavina	Steenasma	Welle
Ogren	Peterson	Sarna	Swenson	Wenzel
Olson, E.	Price	Scheid	Trimble	Winter
Olson, K.	Quinn	Schoenfeld	Tunheim	Wynia
Omann	Redalen	Segal	Uphus	Spk. Norton
Osthoff	Reding	Simoneau	Vanasek	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Clausnitzer	Heap	Onnen	Seaberg	Valento
Forsythe	Knickerbocker	Poppenhagen	Shaver	Waltman
Frederick	McKasy	Quist	Skoglund	
Frerichs	McPherson	Richter	Sviggum	
Gutknecht	Miller	Schafer	Thiede	
Haukoos	Olsen, S.	Schreiber	Tjornhom	

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

Dempsey was excused while in conference.

S. F. No. 90 was reported to the House.

Knuth and Bishop moved to amend S. F. No. 90, as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

#### “PIPELINE ROUTING

Section 1. [116I.015] [ROUTING OF CERTAIN PIPELINES.]

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITION.] For purposes of this section and notwithstanding section 116I.01, subdivision 3, “pipeline” means:

(1) pipe with a nominal diameter of six inches or more that is designed to transport hazardous liquids, but does not include pipe designed to transport a hazardous liquid by gravity, and pipe designed to transport or store a hazardous liquid within a refining, storage, or manufacturing facility; or

(2) pipe designed to be operated at a pressure of more than 275 pounds per square inch and to carry gas.

Subd. 2. [PROHIBITION.] A person may not construct a pipeline without a pipeline routing permit issued by the environmental quality board unless the pipeline is exempted from the board's routing authority under this section or rules adopted under this section. A pipeline requiring a permit may only be constructed on a route designated by the board.

Subd. 3. [RULES.] (a) The environmental quality board shall adopt rules governing the routing of pipelines. The rules apply only to the route of pipelines and may not set safety standards for the construction of pipelines.

(b) The rules must:

(1) require that a person proposing construction of a pipeline submit to the board one preferred route for the pipeline and evidence of consideration of alternatives;

(2) provide for notice of proposed pipeline routes to local units of government and to owners and lessees of property along the routes being considered;

(3) provide for public hearings on proposed pipeline routes;

(4) provide criteria that the board will use in determining pipeline routes, which must include the existence of populated areas, consideration of local government land use laws including ordinances adopted under section 26, and the impact of the proposed pipeline on the natural environment;

(5) provide a procedure that the board will follow in issuing pipeline routing permits and require the board to issue the permits within nine months after the permit application is received by the board, unless the board extends this deadline for cause;

(6) provide for the payment of fees by persons proposing to construct pipelines to cover the costs of the board in implementing this section;

(7) allow the board to provide exemptions from all or part of the pipeline routing permit application process in emergencies or if the board determines that the proposed pipeline will not have a significant impact on humans or the environment;

(8) require exemption determinations to be made within 90 days after an application; and

(9) require that a person who has constructed a pipeline, to the extent possible, restore the area affected by the pipeline to the natural conditions that existed immediately before construction of the pipeline, provided that this restoration is compatible with the safe operation, maintenance, and inspection of the pipeline.

(c) The rules do not apply to temporary use of a route for purposes other than installation of a pipeline, to securing survey or geological data, to repair or replacement of an existing pipeline within the existing right-of-way, or to minor relocation of less than three-

quarters of a mile of an existing pipeline. The rules do not apply to construction of new pipeline in a right-of-way in which pipeline has been constructed before the effective date of subdivision 2 or in a right-of-way that has been approved by the board after the effective date of subdivision 2, except when the board determines that there is a significant chance of an adverse effect on the environment or that there has been a significant change in land use or population density in or near the right-of-way since the first construction of pipeline in the right-of-way, or since the board first approved the right-of-way.

**Subd. 4. [PRIMARY RESPONSIBILITY AND REGULATION OF ROUTE DESIGNATION.]** The issuance of a pipeline routing permit under this section and subsequent purchase and use of the route locations is the only site approval required to be obtained by the person owning or constructing the pipeline. The pipeline routing permit supersedes and preempts all zoning, building, or land use rules, regulations, or ordinances promulgated by regional, county, local, and special purpose governments.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116I.02, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

**Subd. 2.** Any person proposing to construct or operate a pipeline for which a pipeline routing permit is not required under section 1, shall so notify the environmental quality board and the county board of each county through which the pipeline will be constructed. The notice shall include a description of the route on which the pipeline is proposed to be located, the size and type of pipeline to be constructed, the types of commodities to be carried and the construction and operational characteristics of the pipeline. The proposed route shall be described in sufficient detail so that the owners or lessees of property on which the route is located can be identified. Notice to the environmental quality board shall be accompanied by a fee of \$25,000 for preparation of an information book as provided in section 116I.03 and for expenses incurred by state agencies to participate in public meetings as provided in section 116I.04. All fees received are appropriated to the environmental quality board for its own use and for distribution to state agencies for these purposes. The environmental quality board shall refund any amount that exceeds the actual cost to the board of preparing the information book, including necessary revisions, and to state agencies for participating in the public meetings.

If the pipeline route described in the notice is changed to the extent that, in any county, 20 percent or more of the owners or lessees of property on which the new route is located were not owners or lessees of property on which the other route was located, the person proposing to construct and operate the pipeline shall notify the environmental quality board and the county board of that

county of the change in the proposed route. No additional fee shall be required for a notice of change of a proposed route.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116I.02, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. ~~No~~ (a) If a pipeline routing permit is not required for construction of a pipeline under section 1, a person shall may not negotiate or acquire an easement or right-of-way agreement for the purpose of constructing and operating a pipeline until 30 days after:

(a) (1) a public meeting has been held as provided in section 116I.04 in the county in which the right-of-way in question is located; and

(b) (2) that person has provided to the owner or lessee from whom the easement or agreement is acquired a copy of the information book prepared pursuant to section 116I.03.

(b) If the original information book is revised pursuant to section 116I.03, each owner or lessee of property which the original route did not affect shall be provided with a copy of the revised book.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 117.48, is amended to read:

117.48 [CRUDE OIL PIPELINE COMPANIES, EMINENT DOMAIN.]

The business of transporting crude petroleum, oil, their related products and derivatives including liquefied hydrocarbons, or natural gas by pipeline as a common carrier, is declared to be in the public interest and necessary to the public welfare, and the taking of private property therefor is declared to be for a public use and purpose. Any corporation or association qualified to do business in the state of Minnesota engaged in or preparing to engage in the business of transporting crude petroleum, oil, their related products and derivatives including liquefied hydrocarbons, or natural gas by pipeline as a common carrier, is authorized to acquire, for the purpose of such business, easements or rights of way, over, through, under or across any lands, not owned by the state or devoted to a public purpose for the construction, erection, laying, maintaining, operating, altering, repairing, renewing and removing in whole or in part, a pipeline for the transportation of crude petroleum, oil, their related products and derivatives including liquefied hydrocarbons, or natural gas. To such end it shall have and enjoy the right of eminent domain to be exercised in accordance with this chapter, and acts amendatory thereof, all of which provisions shall govern insofar as they may be applicable hereto. Nothing herein shall be construed as authorizing the taking of any property owned by the state, or any municipal subdivision thereof, or the acquisition of any rights in

public waters except after permit, lease, license or authorization issued pursuant to law.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 117.49, is amended to read:

**117.49 [APPROVAL OF PROCEEDINGS BY COMMISSIONER OF NATURAL RESOURCES.]**

In the event that the right to exercise the power of eminent domain in accordance with this chapter, is granted by law to any person, corporation or association qualified to do business in the state of Minnesota engaged in or preparing to engage in the business of transporting crude petroleum, oil, their related products and derivatives including liquefied hydrocarbons, or natural gas by pipeline as a common carrier, the right shall not be exercised by such person, corporation, or association until the plans of the project for which the exercise of the power of eminent domain is proposed shall have first been submitted to and approved by the commissioner of natural resources. The plans shall be submitted in sufficient detail so that the commissioner can make a determination as to the impact that the proposed project will have on the environment. The commissioner of natural resources shall make a comprehensive review of such plans and make detailed comments on the effect that such project, if pursued, would have on the environment, including recommendations for changes or alterations, if any, that would be required before such project would be approved by the commissioner. Failure of the commissioner to approve or disapprove the plans so submitted within 90 days after submission shall be deemed approval of the plans and the power of eminent domain may thereupon be exercised for such project. This section does not apply to use of eminent domain in regard to a pipeline for which a routing permit is required by section 1.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 216B.16, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 9a. [PIPELINE SAFETY PROGRAMS.] All costs of a public utility that are necessary to comply with state pipeline safety programs under sections 7 to 13, sections 299F.56 to 299F.64, or sections 22 to 38 must be recognized and included by the commission in the determination of just and reasonable rates as if the costs were directly incurred by the utility in furnishing utility service.

**ONE CALL EXCAVATION NOTICE SYSTEM**

Sec. 7. [216C.01] [DEFINITIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [APPLICABILITY.] The definitions in this section apply to sections 7 to 13.

Subd. 2. [DAMAGE.] "Damage" means:

(1) the substantial weakening of structural or lateral support of an underground facility;

(2) penetration, impairment, or destruction of any underground protective coating, housing, or other protective device; or

(3) impact with or the partial or complete severance of an underground facility to the extent that the facility operator determines that repairs are required.

Subd. 3. [EMERGENCY.] "Emergency" means a condition that poses a clear and immediate danger to life or health, or a significant loss of property.

Subd. 4. [EMERGENCY RESPONDER.] "Emergency responder" means a fire department or company, a law enforcement official or office, an ambulance or other emergency rescue service, or the division of emergency services created by section 12.04, subdivision 1.

Subd. 5. [EXCAVATION.] "Excavation" means an activity that moves, removes, or otherwise disturbs the soil at a depth of 18 inches or greater by use of a motor, engine, hydraulic or pneumatically-powered tool, or machine-powered equipment of any kind, or by explosives. Excavation does not include:

(1) the repair or installation of agricultural drainage tile for which notice has been given as provided by section 116L.07, subdivision 2;

(2) the extraction of minerals;

(3) the opening of a grave in a cemetery; or

(4) normal maintenance of roads and streets if the maintenance does not change the original grade and does not involve the road ditch.

Subd. 6. [EXCAVATOR.] "Excavator" means a person who conducts excavation in the state.

Subd. 7. [LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL UNIT.] "Local governmental unit" means a county, town, or statutory or home rule charter city.

Subd. 8. [NOTIFICATION CENTER.] "Notification center" means a center that receives notice from excavators of planned excavation and transmits this notice to participating operators.

Subd. 9. [OPERATOR.] "Operator" means a person who owns or operates an underground facility. A person is not considered an operator solely because the person is an owner or tenant of real property where underground facilities are located if the underground facilities are used exclusively to furnish services or commodities on that property.

Subd. 10. [PERSON.] "Person" means the state, a public agency, an individual, corporation, partnership, association, or other business or public entity or a trustee, receiver, assignee, or personal representative of any of them.

Subd. 11. [UNDERGROUND FACILITY.] "Underground facility" means an underground line, facility, system, and its appurtenances used to produce, store, convey, transmit, or distribute communications, data, electricity, power, heat, gas, oil, petroleum products, water including storm water, steam, sewage, and other similar substances.

Sec. 8. [216C.02] [NOTICE TO EXCAVATORS AND UNDERGROUND FACILITY OPERATORS.]

Subdivision 1. [DISPLAY AND DISTRIBUTION.] Local governmental units that issue permits for an activity involving excavation must continuously display an excavator's and operator's notice at the location where permits are applied for and obtained. An excavator and operator's notice and a copy of sections 9 to 13 must be furnished to each person obtaining a permit for excavation.

Subd. 2. [FORM.] The notification center shall prescribe an excavator and operator's notice. The notice must inform excavators and operators of their obligations to comply with sections 9 to 13. The center shall furnish to local governmental units:

(1) a copy of the notice and sections 9 to 13 in a form suitable for photocopying;

(2) a copy of the display and distribution requirements under subdivision 1; and

(3) the telephone number and mailing address of the notification center.

Sec. 9. [216C.03] [NOTIFICATION CENTER.]

Subdivision 1. [PARTICIPATION.] An operator shall participate in and share in the costs of one statewide notification center operated by a vendor selected under subdivision 2.



Subd. 2. [ESTABLISHMENT OF NOTIFICATION CENTER.] (a) The notification center services must be provided by a nonprofit corporation approved in writing by the commissioner. A group or nonprofit corporation that intends to seek approval under this paragraph shall notify the commissioner by September 1, 1987, of the date, time, and location of its first meeting. The commissioner shall provide advance notice of the first organizational meeting by publication in qualified legal newspapers and in appropriate trade journals, and by written notice to all appropriate trade associations.

The nonprofit corporation must be governed by a board of directors of up to 20 members, one of whom is the director of the office of pipeline safety. The other board members must represent and be elected by operators, excavators, and other persons eligible to participate in the center. By November 1, 1987, the board shall, with input from all interested parties, determine the operating procedures and technology needed for a single statewide notification center and establish a notification process and competitive bidding procedure to select a vendor to provide the notification service. In deciding to approve a nonprofit corporation, the commissioner shall consider whether it meets the requirements of this paragraph and whether it demonstrates that it has the ability to contract for and implement the notification center service.

(b) If the commissioner has not approved a nonprofit corporation under paragraph (a) by January 1, 1988, the commissioner shall follow the procedure in this paragraph. The commissioner shall prepare a preliminary draft of operating procedures and technology needed for a statewide notification center and the method for assessing the cost of the service among operators. After holding at least one public hearing on the preliminary draft following notice given in the manner required by paragraph (a), the commissioner shall adopt final operating procedures, technology, and assessment methods. The preliminary draft, public hearings, and final adoption are not subject to chapter 14. By June 1, 1988, the commissioner shall select a vendor to provide the notification center service. The commissioner shall advertise for bids as provided in section 16B.07, subdivision 3, and base the selection of a vendor on an identification of the lowest responsible bidder as provided in section 16B.09, subdivision 1. The commissioner shall select and contract with the vendor to provide the notification center service, but all costs of the center must be paid by the operators. The commissioner may at any time appoint a task force to advise on the renewal of the contract or any other matter involving the center's operations.

(c) The notification center must be in operation by October 1, 1988. An operator may submit a bid and be selected to contract to provide the notification center service under paragraph (a) or (b). The commissioner shall annually review the services provided by the nonprofit corporation approved under paragraph (a) or the vendor selected under paragraph (b).

Subd. 3. [COOPERATION WITH LOCAL GOVERNMENT.] In establishing operating procedures and technology for the statewide notification center, the board of directors or the commissioner must work in cooperation with the league of Minnesota cities, the association of Minnesota counties, and the township officers' association. The purpose of this cooperation is to maximize the participation of local governmental units that issue permits for activities involving excavation to assure that excavators receive notice of and comply with the requirements of sections 7 to 13.

Subd. 4. [NOTICE TO LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL UNITS.] The notification center shall provide local governmental units with a master list, by county, of the operators in the county who are participants in the notification center, and the telephone number and mailing address of the notification center.

Sec. 10. [216C.04] [EXCAVATION.]

Subdivision 1. [NOTICE OF EXCAVATION REQUIRED; CONTENTS.] (a) Except in an emergency, an excavator shall contact the notification center and provide an excavation notice at least 48 hours before beginning any excavation, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays. An excavation begins, for purposes of this requirement, the first time excavation occurs in an area that was not previously identified by the excavator in an excavation notice.

(b) The excavation notice may be oral or written, and must contain the following information:

- (1) the name of the individual providing the excavation notice;
- (2) the precise location of the proposed area of excavation;
- (3) the name, address, and telephone number of the excavator or excavator's company;
- (4) the excavator's field telephone number, if one is available;
- (5) the type and the extent of the proposed excavation work;
- (6) whether or not the discharge of explosives is anticipated; and
- (7) the date and time when excavation is to commence.

Subd. 2. [DUTIES OF NOTIFICATION CENTER.] The notification center shall assign an inquiry identification number to each excavation notice and retain a record of all excavation notices received for at least six years. The center shall immediately transmit the information contained in an excavation notice to every

operator that has an underground facility in the area of the proposed excavation.

Subd. 3. [LOCATING UNDERGROUND FACILITIES.] (a) An operator shall, within 48 hours after receiving an excavation notice from the center, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, unless otherwise agreed to between the excavator and operator, locate and mark or otherwise provide the approximate horizontal location of the underground facilities of the operator, without cost to the excavator. The excavator shall determine the precise location of the underground facility, without damage, before excavating within two feet of the marked location of the underground facility.

(b) For the purpose of this section, the approximate horizontal location of the underground facilities is a strip of land two feet on either side of the underground facilities.

(c) Markers used to designate the approximate location of underground facilities must follow the current color code standard used by the American Public Works Association.

(d) If the operator cannot complete marking of the excavation area before the excavation commencement time stated in the excavation notice, the operator shall promptly contact the excavator. If the excavator postpones the excavation commencement time stated in the excavation notice by more than 48 hours, or cancels the excavation, the excavator shall notify the notification center.

#### Sec. 11. [216C.05] [PRECAUTIONS TO AVOID DAMAGE.]

An excavator shall:

(1) plan the excavation to avoid damage to and minimize interference with underground facilities in and near the construction area;

(2) maintain a clearance between an underground facility and the cutting edge or point of any mechanized equipment, considering the known limit of control of the cutting edge or point to avoid damage to the facility;

(3) provide support for underground facilities in and near the construction area, including during backfill operations, to protect the facilities; and

(4) conduct the excavation in a careful and prudent manner.

#### Sec. 12. [216C.06] [DAMAGE TO FACILITIES.]

Subdivision 1. [NOTICE; REPAIRS.] (a) If any damage occurs to an underground facility or its protective covering, the excavator

shall notify the operator as soon as reasonably possible. When the operator receives a damage notice, the operator shall promptly dispatch personnel to the damage area to investigate. If the damage endangers life, health, or property, the excavator responsible for the work shall take immediate action to protect the public and property and to minimize the hazard until arrival of the operator's personnel or until emergency responders have arrived and taken charge of the damaged area.

(b) An excavator shall delay backfilling in the immediate area of the damaged underground facilities until the damage has been investigated by the operator, unless the operator authorizes otherwise. The repair of damage must be performed by the operator or by qualified personnel authorized by the operator.

(c) An excavator who knowingly damages an underground facility, and who does not notify the operator as soon as reasonably possible or who backfills in violation of paragraph (b), is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Subd. 2. [COST REIMBURSEMENT.] (a) If an excavator damages an underground facility, the excavator shall reimburse the operator for the cost of necessary repairs, and for a pipeline the cost of the product that was being carried in the pipeline and was lost as a direct result of the damage.

(b) Reimbursement is not required if the damage to the underground facility was caused by the sole negligence of the operator or the operator failed to comply with section 10, subdivision 3.

Subd. 3. [PRIMA FACIE EVIDENCE OF NEGLIGENCE.] It is prima facie evidence of the excavator's negligence in a civil court action if damage to the underground facilities of an operator resulted from excavation, and the excavator failed to give an excavation notice under section 10 or provide support as required by section 11.

### Sec. 13. [216C.07] [EFFECT ON LOCAL ORDINANCES.]

(a) Sections 7 to 13 do not affect or impair local ordinances, charters, or other provisions of law requiring permits to be obtained before excavating.

(b) A person with a permit for excavation from the state or a public agency is subject to sections 7 to 13. The state or public agency that issued a permit for excavation is not liable for the actions of an excavator who fails to comply with sections 7 to 13.

## INTRASTATE GAS PIPELINE SAFETY

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 299F.56, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 7. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of public safety, acting through the director of pipeline safety.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 299F.57, is amended to read:

## 299F.57 [MINIMUM SAFETY STANDARDS.]

Subdivision 1. The state fire marshal commissioner shall, by order, establish minimum safety standards for the transportation of gas and pipeline facilities. Such standards may apply to the design, installation, inspection, testing, construction, extension, operation, replacement and maintenance of pipeline facilities. Standards affecting the design, installation, construction, initial inspection and initial testing shall not be applicable to pipeline facilities in existence on the date such standards are adopted. Such safety standards shall be practicable and designed to meet the need for pipeline safety. In prescribing such standards, the state fire marshal commissioner shall consider:

- (a) relevant available pipeline safety data;
- (b) whether such standards are appropriate for the particular type of pipeline transportation;
- (c) the reasonableness of any proposed standards;
- (d) the extent to which any such standards will contribute to public safety; and
- (e) the existing standards established by the Secretary of Transportation of the United States pursuant to the Natural Gas Pipeline Safety Act of 1968 of the United States.

Provided, however, that the state fire marshal commissioner shall not be empowered to adopt any such standards as to the transportation of gas or to pipeline facilities which are subject to the jurisdiction of the Federal Power Commission under the Natural Gas Act of the United States, except as provided in sections 22 to 38.

Subd. 2. Any standards prescribed under this section, and amendments thereto, shall become effective 30 days after the date of issuance of such standards unless the state fire marshal commissioner, for good cause recited, determines an earlier or later effective

date is required as the result of the period reasonably necessary for compliance.

Subd. 3. The rulemaking, contested case and judicial review provisions of chapter 14, shall apply to all orders establishing, amending, revoking, or waiving compliance with, any standard established under sections 299F.56 to 299F.64 or any penalty imposed under sections 299F.56 to 299F.64. The state fire marshal commissioner shall afford interested persons an opportunity to participate fully in the establishment of such safety standards through submission of written data, views or arguments, with opportunity to present oral testimony and argument.

Subd. 4. The state fire marshal commissioner, on finding a particular facility to be hazardous to life or property, shall be empowered to require the person operating such facility to take such steps necessary to remove such hazards.

Subd. 5. Upon application by any person engaged in the transportation of gas or the operation of pipeline facilities, the state fire marshal commissioner may, after notice and opportunity for hearing and under such terms and conditions and to such extent as the state fire marshal commissioner deems appropriate, waive in whole or in part compliance with any standards established under sections 299F.56 to 299F.64, on determining that a waiver of compliance with such standard is not inconsistent with gas pipeline safety. The state fire marshal commissioner shall state the reasons for any such waiver.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 299F.58, is amended to read:

#### 299F.58 [CERTIFICATIONS AND REPORTS.]

The state fire marshal commissioner is authorized to make such certifications and reports to the United States Secretary of Transportation as may be required from time to time under the Natural Gas Pipeline Safety Act of 1968 of the United States.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 299F.60, is amended to read:

#### 299F.60 [CIVIL PENALTIES.]

Subdivision 1. Any person who violates any provision of sections 299F.56 to 299F.64, or any rule issued thereunder, shall be subject to a civil penalty to be imposed by the state fire marshal commissioner not to exceed \$1,000 \$10,000 for each such violation for each day that such violation persists, except that the maximum civil penalty shall not exceed \$200,000 for any related series of violations.

Subd. 2. The state fire marshal commissioner may negotiate a compromise settlement of a civil penalty. In determining the amount of such penalty, or the amount of the compromise settlement, the state fire marshal commissioner shall consider the appropriateness of such penalty to the size of the business of the person charged, the gravity of the violation, and the good faith of the person charged in attempting to achieve compliance, after notification of a violation. The contested case and judicial review provisions of chapter 14 shall apply to all orders of the state fire marshal commissioner imposing any penalty under sections 299F.56 to 299F.64 or under any rule promulgated thereunder. The amount of such penalty, when finally determined, may be deducted from any sums owing by the state of Minnesota to the person charged.

Subd. 3. No person shall be subjected to civil penalties under both sections 299F.56 to 299F.64 and under Public Law Number 90-481, Statutes at Large, volume 82, page 720, 90th Congress, S. 1166, approved August 12, 1968, for conduct which may give rise to a violation of both acts.

Subd. 4. All penalties collected under sections 299F.56 to 299F.64 shall be paid over to the state treasurer for deposit in the state treasury to the credit of the general fund pipeline safety account.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 299F.61, is amended to read:

299F.61 [INJUNCTIVE RELIEF]

Subdivision 1. The district courts of the state of Minnesota shall have jurisdiction, subject to the provisions of the statutes and the rules of practice and procedure of the state of Minnesota relative to civil actions in the district courts, to restrain violations of sections 299F.56 to 299F.64, including the restraint of transportation of gas or the operation of a pipeline facility, or to enforce standards established hereunder upon petition by the attorney general on behalf of the state of Minnesota. Whenever practicable, the state fire marshal commissioner shall give notice to any person against whom an action for injunctive relief is contemplated and afford the person an opportunity to present views, and, except in the case of a knowing and willful violation, shall afford the person reasonable opportunity to achieve compliance. However, the failure to give such notice and afford such opportunity shall not preclude the granting of appropriate relief.

Subd. 2. Actions under sections 299F.56 to 299F.64 shall be brought in the district in the state of Minnesota wherein the defendant's principal place of business is located, and process in such cases may be served in any other district in the state of Minnesota where the defendant may be found or of which the defendant is an inhabitant or transacts business.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 299F.62, is amended to read:

**299F.62 [PLAN FOR INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE.]**

Each person who engages in the transportation of gas or who owns or operates pipeline facilities subject to sections 299F.56 to 299F.64 shall file with the state fire marshal commissioner a plan for inspection and maintenance of each such pipeline facility owned or operated by such person, and any changes in such plan, in accordance with the rules prescribed by the state fire marshal commissioner. On finding that such plan is inadequate to achieve safe operation, the state fire marshal commissioner shall, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, require such plan to be revised. The plan required by the state fire marshal commissioner shall be practicable and designed to meet the need for pipeline safety. In determining the adequacy of any such plan, the state fire marshal commissioner shall consider the following:

- (a) relevant available pipeline safety data;
- (b) whether the plan is appropriate for the particular type of pipeline transportation;
- (c) the reasonableness of the plan; and
- (d) the extent to which such plan will contribute to public safety.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 299F.63, is amended to read:

**299F.63 [RECORDS AND REPORTS; INSPECTIONS; TRADE SECRETS.]**

Subdivision 1. Each person who engages in the transportation of gas or who owns or operates pipeline facilities shall establish and maintain such records, make such reports, and provide such information as the state fire marshal commissioner may reasonably require to determine whether such person has acted or is acting in compliance with sections 299F.56 to 299F.64 and the standards established under sections 299F.56 to 299F.64. Each such person shall, upon request of an officer, employee, or agent authorized by the state fire marshal commissioner, permit such officer, employee, or agent to inspect books, papers, records and documents relevant to determining whether such person has acted or is acting in compliance with sections 299F.56 to 299F.64 and the standards established pursuant to sections 299F.56 to 299F.64. For purposes of enforcement of sections 299F.56 to 299F.64, officers, employees, or agents authorized by the state fire marshal commissioner, upon presenting appropriate credentials to the individual in charge, are authorized to



enter upon, at reasonable times, pipeline facilities, and to inspect, at reasonable times and within reasonable limits and in a reasonable manner, such facilities. Each such inspection shall be commenced and completed with reasonable promptness.

Subd. 2. In the course of the exercise of duties and responsibilities under sections 299F.56 to 299F.64, the state fire marshal commissioner shall wherever practicable employ a practice of spot checking and issuance of certificates of compliance, with respect to persons subject to sections 299F.56 to 299F.64, to limit costs of enforcement of the safety standards established pursuant to sections 299F.56 to 299F.64.

Subd. 3. All information reported to or otherwise obtained by the state fire marshal commissioner or a representative, which contains or relates to a trade secret, as referred to in section 1905 of title 18 of the United States Code, or otherwise constitutes a trade secret under law, shall be considered confidential for the purpose of such laws, except that such information and is private or nonpublic data as defined in section 13.02. This data may be disclosed to other officers or employees concerned with carrying out sections 299F.56 to 299F.64 or when relevant in any proceeding under sections 299F.56 to 299F.64.

Subd. 4. [COST OF INSPECTION AND REVIEW.] The state fire marshal commissioner shall establish, by rule under section 16A.128, a fee to recover the state share of all costs related to field inspections, investigations of pipeline facilities, plan review, and other duties as provided by sections 299F.56 to 299F.63. Fees collected under this subdivision shall be credited to the general fund pipeline safety account.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 299F.64, is amended to read:

**299F.64 [FEDERAL MONEYS.]**

The state fire marshal commissioner may accept any and all moneys provided for or made available to this state by the United States of America or any department or agency thereof with respect to prescribing, setting, and enforcing rules and safety standards for the transportation of natural and other gas by pipelines in accordance with the provisions of federal law and any rules or regulations promulgated thereunder and the state fire marshal commissioner is further authorized to do any and all things, not contrary to the laws of this state, required of this state by such federal law and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder in order to obtain such federal moneys.

## OFFICE OF PIPELINE SAFETY

## Sec. 22. [299J.01] [AUTHORITY OF OFFICE OF PIPELINE SAFETY.]

The commissioner of public safety shall, to the extent authorized by agreement with the United States Secretary of Transportation, act as agent for the United States Secretary of Transportation to implement the federal Hazardous Liquid Pipeline Safety Act, United States Code, title 49, sections 2001 to 2014, the federal Natural Gas Pipeline Safety Act, United States Code, title 49, sections 1671 to 1686, and federal pipeline safety regulations with respect to interstate pipelines located within this state, as necessary to obtain annual federal certification. The commissioner shall, to the extent authorized by federal law, regulate pipelines in the state as authorized by sections 22 to 38, and sections 299F.56 to 299F.64.

## Sec. 23. [299J.02] [DEFINITIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [APPLICABILITY.] The definitions in this section apply to sections 22 to 38.

Subd. 2. [COMMISSIONER.] "Commissioner" means the commissioner of public safety.

Subd. 3. [DIRECTOR.] "Director" means the director of the office of pipeline safety.

Subd. 4. [EMERGENCY.] "Emergency" means a condition that poses a clear and immediate danger to life or health or that threatens a significant loss of property.

Subd. 5. [EMERGENCY RELEASE.] "Emergency release" means a release that poses a clear and immediate danger to life or health or that threatens a significant loss of property.

Subd. 6. [EMERGENCY RESPONDER.] "Emergency responder" means a fire department or company, a law enforcement official or office, an ambulance or other emergency rescue service, or the division of emergency services created by section 12.04, subdivision 1.

Subd. 7. [GAS.] "Gas" has the meaning given it in Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 192.3.

Subd. 8. [HAZARDOUS LIQUID.] "Hazardous liquid" means "hazardous liquid" and "highly volatile liquid" as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 195.2.

Subd. 9. [LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL UNIT.] "Local governmental unit" means a county, town, or statutory or home rule charter city.

Subd. 10. [PERSON.] "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, association, or other business entity or a trustee, receiver, assignee, or personal representative of any of them.

Subd. 11. [PIPELINE.] "Pipeline" means:

(1) pipe with a nominal diameter of six inches or more, located in the state, that is used to transport hazardous liquids, but does not include pipe used to transport a hazardous liquid by gravity, and pipe used to transport or store a hazardous liquid within a refining, storage, or manufacturing facility; or

(2) pipe operated at a pressure of more than 275 pounds per square inch that carries gas.

Subd. 12. [PIPELINE OPERATOR.] "Pipeline operator" means a person who owns or operates a pipeline.

Subd. 13. [RELEASE.] "Release" means a spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying, discharging, injecting, leaching, dumping, disposing, flowing, or any other uncontrolled escape of a hazardous liquid or gas from a pipeline.

Sec. 24. [299J.03] [OFFICE OF PIPELINE SAFETY.]

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT.] The office of pipeline safety is under the control of a director appointed by the commissioner and serving at the commissioner's pleasure in the unclassified service. The commissioner shall employ in the office of pipeline safety inspectors and other professional and clerical staff who serve in the classified service.

Subd. 2. [QUALIFICATIONS.] (a) The director of the office must be knowledgeable in the operation and safety aspects of pipelines.

(b) Inspectors must have scientific or technical training or experience that demonstrates in-depth knowledge of pipeline engineering technology and pipeline safety.

(c) Inspectors shall complete courses at the transportation safety institute and be certified by the institute as soon as possible following appointment.

Sec. 25. [299J.04] [DUTIES OF THE OFFICE OF PIPELINE SAFETY.]

Subdivision 1. [GENERAL DUTIES.] The commissioner shall:

(1) promote the use of the 911 emergency telephone system as an appropriate method for the public to notify emergency responders of an emergency release;

(2) provide training on a regular basis to all potentially affected local governmental units in pipeline incident contingency planning and emergency response by itself or in cooperation with pipeline operators, other state offices, or local governmental units;

(3) require local governmental units to work with pipeline owners to provide a program of continuing public education on the subject of pipeline operation and safety;

(4) monitor and gather information on the development of reliable pipeline technologies capable of detecting and geographically locating pipeline releases, use the information gathered in the development of rules as provided in this section, and report to the legislature every two years in the manner provided by section 3.195 on the activities of the office under this clause;

(5) maintain a data base of all pipeline releases, which must be based on annual reports from all pipeline operators;

(6) inspect, as necessary, any record, map, or written procedure required by sections 22 to 38 to be kept by a pipeline operator concerning the reporting of releases, and the design, construction, testing, or operation and maintenance of pipelines; and

(7) adopt rules to implement sections 22 to 38.

The rules adopted under clause (7) must treat separately and distinguish between hazardous liquid and gas pipelines.

Subd. 2. [DELEGATED DUTIES.] The commissioner shall seek and accept federal designation of the office's pipeline inspectors as federal agents for the purposes of enforcement of the federal Hazardous Liquid Pipeline Safety Act, United States Code, title 49, sections 2001 to 2014, the federal Natural Gas Pipeline Safety Act, United States Code, title 49, sections 1671 to 1686, and federal rules adopted to implement those acts. If the United States secretary of transportation delegates inspection authority to the state as provided in this subdivision, the commissioner shall do the following to carry out the delegated federal authority:

(1) inspect pipelines periodically at times determined by rules of the commissioner;

(2) collect inspection fees; and

(3) order and oversee the testing of pipelines as provided in rules adopted under this section.

Subd. 3. [RULEMAKING CONTINGENT ON FEDERAL AUTHORITY.] (a) The commissioner shall consider adoption of rules on subjects in this subdivision if federal law authorizes the state regulation. The rules must treat separately and distinguish between hazardous liquid and gas pipelines.

(b) The commissioner shall consider higher safety margin requirements for operating pressures on pipelines located in populated or environmentally sensitive areas.

(c) The commissioner shall consider having pipeline operators periodically submit comprehensive reports to the office on the condition of their pipelines, and requiring appropriate pipeline testing based on concerns identified in these reports. The testing requirements must apply more strictly to pipelines in populated or environmentally sensitive areas.

(d) The commissioner shall consider methods for pipeline operators to improve their ability to rapidly locate and isolate releases. The methods must include:

(1) remote control shutoff valves on all new pipelines, with the distance between the valves dependent on the type and density of development, the presence of environmentally sensitive areas, and the application of appropriate engineering standards;

(2) remotely monitored pressure gauges and flow meters installed at each pump station and remote valve location;

(3) specific emergency response procedures and training requirements for shutting down pumps; and

(4) use of reliable technology for detecting and geographically locating releases, and for shutting appropriate valves as rapidly as possible.

(e) The commissioner shall consider standards for the manufacture of pipe used in pipelines, pipeline construction, and pipeline operation. Best available technology in pipe manufacture, pipeline construction, and pipeline reconstruction must be required and developed in consultation with the commissioner of labor and industry.

Subd. 4. [RELATION TO OTHER LAW.] Rules adopted to implement sections 22 to 38 must be consistent with sections 299F.56 to 299F.64 to the extent that the rules deal with pipelines governed by those sections.

## Sec. 26. [299J.05] [PIPELINE SETBACK ORDINANCE.]

(a) The commissioner shall adopt a model ordinance under chapter 14 requiring a setback from pipelines in areas where residential or other development is allowed. The model ordinance must apply only to new development and not to development that has occurred, or for which development permits have been issued, before the effective date of the ordinance.

(b) By August 1, 1989, each statutory or home rule charter city, town, or county that has planning and zoning authority under sections 366.10 to 366.19, 394.21 to 394.37, or 462.351 to 462.365, and in which a pipeline is located, shall adopt a pipeline setback ordinance that meets or exceeds the minimum standards of the model ordinance and is approved by the commissioner. The model ordinance applies in a jurisdiction where the local governmental unit does not adopt a setback ordinance that is approved by the commissioner by August 1, 1989.

## Sec. 27. [299J.06] [PIPELINE SAFETY ADVISORY COUNCIL.]

Subdivision 1. [MEMBERSHIP.] The pipeline safety advisory council consists of nine members appointed by the commissioner. One member must be chosen from the hazardous liquid pipeline industry, one from the gas pipeline industry, and one from personnel who design or construct pipelines. Three members must be state or local government employees and three members must be state residents unaffiliated with state or local government or the pipeline or utility industries. The members serve on a part-time basis.

Subd. 2. [POWERS AND DUTIES.] The council shall advise the commissioner, director and other appropriate federal, state, and local government agencies and officials on matters relating to pipeline safety and operation. The council shall advise the environmental quality board on implementation of sections 1 to 3, and the director and commissioner on the implementation of sections 7 to 13, 299F.56 to 299F.64, and 22 to 38, and shall review and comment on proposed rules and on the operation of the office of pipeline safety.

Subd. 3. [ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANCE.] The commissioner shall provide offices and administrative assistance necessary for the performance of the council's duties.

Subd. 4. [TERMS; COMPENSATION; REMOVAL.] The terms, compensation, and removal of members are governed by section 15.0575.

## Sec. 28. [299J.07] [PENALTIES FOR FAILING TO REPORT EMERGENCY RELEASE.]

Subdivision 1. [DUTY TO REPORT.] A pipeline operator shall immediately report by telephone to the emergency response center established by the commissioner of public safety an emergency release from the operator's pipeline.

Subd. 2. [CRIMINAL LIABILITY.] (a) An employee of a pipeline operator who has responsibility to make the report under subdivision 1 is guilty of a felony if:

(1) the employee knows or has reason to know that an emergency release exists;

(2) the employee does not immediately report the release to the commissioner of public safety; and

(3) the emergency release causes the death of an individual or great bodily harm as defined in section 609.02, subdivision 8.

(b) A person convicted under this subdivision may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than seven years or payment of a fine of not more than \$14,000, or both.

Sec. 29. [299J.08] [COMMISSIONER TO REPORT RELEASE; ADVICE AND COORDINATION.]

Upon receiving notice of an emergency release, the commissioner or a designee shall immediately report the emergency release to the emergency responder of the appropriate local government unit, to the pollution control agency if the notice of the release is required by section 115.061, and to any other person or office, as provided by the rules or procedures of the office of pipeline safety. A pipeline operator's report of an emergency release to the commissioner satisfies the notification requirements of section 115.061. The commissioner shall advise the emergency responder concerning appropriate emergency procedures and coordinate the procedures.

Sec. 30. [299J.09] [PIPELINE OPERATORS TO FILE INFORMATION AND GIVE NOTICE.]

Subdivision 1. [MAP REQUIRED.] (a) The operator of every pipeline in operation shall file a detailed pipeline map in the scale required by the rules:

(1) with the director and the commissioner of transportation, showing the location and approximate depth of the pipelines and appurtenances operated by that operator within the state; and

(2) with the recorder and with the director of emergency services or the sheriff of every county traversed by the pipeline, showing the

location and approximate depth of the pipelines and appurtenances operated by that operator within the county.

(b) The maps required under paragraph (a) must be filed by the operator of a newly constructed pipeline before it is operational, and by the operator of a pipeline for which the route has been changed after the original filing of a map under this section. The maps required by this paragraph must be filed at least 30 days before a hazardous liquid or gas is first pumped into the pipeline.

Subd. 2. [EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN.] (a) At least 30 days before a hazardous liquid or gas is pumped into a pipeline, the pipeline operator shall file an emergency response plan with the director and with the director of emergency services or the sheriff of every county traversed by the pipeline. The emergency response plan must describe the operator's procedures for responding to and containing releases, including:

(1) an identification of specific actions that will be taken by the operator on discovery of a release;

(2) the operator's liaison procedure with emergency responders;

(3) the operator's means of communication with the responders; and

(4) the operator's means of preventing ignition of vapors resulting from a release.

(b) An operator must file significant changes made to an emergency response plan in the same manner as the original response plan within ten days of the effective date of the change.

Subd. 3. [PROCEDURAL MANUAL.] At least 30 days before a hazardous liquid or gas is pumped into a pipeline, the pipeline operator must file with the director its procedural manual as required under Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, part 192, subparts L and M, and part 195, subpart F, as may be required by rules of the commissioner.

Subd. 4. [NOTICE OF TESTING AND TEST RESULTS.] (a) At least 48 hours before conducting a hydrostatic test, whether or not the test is required by sections 22 to 38 or the rules of the commissioner, a pipeline operator shall give notice of the test to the director and the local governmental units traversed by the portion of pipeline to be tested. Advance notice is not required if the operator determines that an emergency exists requiring immediate testing of the pipeline. The notice must include:



(1) the name, address, and telephone numbers of the pipeline operator;

(2) the specific location of the pipeline or pipeline section to be tested, including a suitable map of the route of the pipeline, and the location of the test equipment;

(3) the date and time the test is to be conducted;

(4) the method by which the test will be accomplished and the type of test medium to be used; and

(5) the name and telephone number of any independent testing firm or other person responsible for certification of results.

(b) Authorized representatives of the director and any affected local governmental unit may observe the test.

(c) The results of a hydrostatic test conducted by the operator or by an independent testing company must be sent to the director and to every local governmental unit traversed by the tested portion of the pipeline within ten days of completion of the test. The test results must include:

(1) the date of the test;

(2) the specific location of the pipeline or pipeline section tested, including a suitable map of the route of the pipeline;

(3) the results of the test; and

(4) other information required by rule.

Subd. 5. [NOTICE OF PRODUCT.] (a) Within ten days after the effective date of this section or within ten days of beginning operation of the pipeline, whichever is later, a pipeline operator shall file information with the director and the sheriff of every county traversed by a pipeline of the types of products that will be carried in the pipeline. The operator shall include in its filing to sheriffs a material safety data sheet for each product that the operator expects to carry in the pipeline. The sheriff shall transmit copies of the material safety data sheets to the appropriate emergency responders.

(b) After filing the information required by paragraph (a), the pipeline operator shall file information in the same manner of any additional types of substances that will be carried in the pipeline at least three days before the change.

Sec. 31. [299J.10] [LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN.]

(a) A local governmental unit having a pipeline within its jurisdiction shall prepare a pipeline release emergency response plan. The local governmental unit must consult with the pipeline owner or operator when preparing the plan. Preparation of the plan must be coordinated by the county traversed by the pipeline for the other local governmental units within that county. The commissioner shall prescribe rules for the content of the plan. The plan must be completed and adopted by local governmental units within six months after the effective date of the rules prescribing the contents of the plan.

(b) A local governmental unit shall review its plan annually and amend it to reflect changes in the operation of the local governmental unit, in the operation of the pipeline, or other matters relating to pipeline safety. The director may at any reasonable time examine a response plan required by this section.

Sec. 32. [299J.11] [ADOPTION OF FEDERAL PIPELINE INSPECTION RULES.]

To enable the state to qualify for annual federal certification to enforce the federal pipeline inspection program authorized by the Hazardous Liquid Pipeline Safety Act, United States Code, title 49, sections 2001 to 2014, the federal Natural Gas Pipeline Safety Act, United States Code, title 49, sections 1671 to 1686, and the rules implementing those acts, the federal pipeline inspection rules and safety standards are adopted.

Sec. 33. [299J.12] [PIPELINE INSPECTION FEE.]

Subdivision 1. [ASSESSMENT AND DEPOSIT OF FEE.] For each year following the delegation to the state of the inspection authority described in section 25, the commissioner shall assess and collect from every pipeline operator an inspection fee in an amount calculated under subdivision 2. If an operator does not pay the fee within 60 days after the assessment was mailed, the commissioner may impose a delinquency fee of ten percent of the annual inspection fee and interest at the rate of 15 percent per year on the portion of the annual fee not paid. Fees collected by the commissioner under this section must be deposited in the pipeline safety account.

Subd. 2. [CALCULATION OF FEE.] Fees for pipelines governed by section 299F.63, subdivision 4 must be established as provided in the rules adopted under that section. For other pipelines, for each calendar year that an inspection fee is to be assessed, the commissioner shall calculate the total number of miles of pipeline to be inspected, the total cost of inspection, and the percentage of the total miles to be inspected that are or will be operated by each pipeline

operator. Each pipeline operator must be assessed a portion of the total inspection costs equal to the percentage of the total miles of pipeline to be operated by the pipeline operator, but the total fee may not exceed \$5 for each mile of the operator's pipeline.

Sec. 34. [299J.13] [ACCESS TO INFORMATION; CLASSIFICATION OF DATA.]

Subdivision 1. [DUTY TO PROVIDE INFORMATION.] A person who the director has reason to believe is responsible for an emergency release shall, when requested by the office or an authorized agent of the office, furnish to the director any information that the person may have or may reasonably obtain that is relevant to the emergency release.

Subd. 2. [ACCESS TO INFORMATION AND PROPERTY.] The director or an authorized agent, upon presentation of credentials, may:

(1) examine and copy any books, papers, records, memoranda, or data of any person who has a duty to provide information under subdivision 1; and

(2) enter upon any property, public or private, for the purpose of taking any action authorized by sections 22 to 38, including obtaining information from any person who has a duty to provide the information under subdivision 1 and conducting surveys or investigations.

Subd. 3. [CLASSIFICATION OF DATA.] Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, data obtained from any person under subdivision 1 or 2 is public data as defined in section 13.02. Upon certification by the subject of the data that the data relates to sales figures, processes or methods of production unique to that person, or information that would tend to affect adversely the competitive position of that person, the director shall classify the data as private or nonpublic data as defined in section 13.02. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, data classified as private or nonpublic under this subdivision may be disclosed when relevant in any proceeding under sections 22 to 38, or to other public agencies concerned with the implementation of sections 22 to 38.

Subd. 4. [RECOVERY OF EXPENSES.] Reasonable and necessary expenses incurred by the director under this section, including administrative and legal expenses, may be recovered from a person who has been found liable under section 28, 36, or 37, or any other law relating to the operation of a pipeline, in a separate action brought by the attorney general or in connection with an action under section 37. The director's certification of expenses is prima facie evidence that the expenses are reasonable and necessary.

Sec. 35. [299J.14] [LINE MARKERS REQUIRED; VANDALISM PROHIBITED; PENALTY.]

Subdivision 1. [LINE MARKERS REQUIRED.] A pipeline operator shall place and maintain line markers over each pipeline as required by Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, parts 192.707 and 195.410.

Subd. 2. [VANDALISM PROHIBITED; PENALTY.] A person may not deface, mar, damage, remove, injure, displace, destroy, or tamper with any sign or line marker marking the location of a pipeline. A person violating this subdivision is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 36. [299J.15] [DISPOSAL OF PIPELINE PROHIBITED; PENALTY; ENFORCEMENT.]

Subdivision 1. [DISPOSAL PROHIBITED.] (a) After an emergency release has occurred, a pipeline operator, or its employee or agent, may not dispose of, destroy, or alter the part of a pipeline that was involved in the emergency release until approval is granted by the commissioner. The authority of the commissioner to grant approval may not be delegated.

(b) This subdivision does not prevent the repair of a pipeline in the ground without the approval of the commissioner, or the excavation and removal from the ground of a pipeline or part of a pipeline without the approval of the commissioner. However, the pipeline may not be altered with the intent to prevent or hinder a determination of the cause of the emergency release.

Subd. 2. [CRIMINAL PENALTY.] A person who knowingly violates subdivision 1, or who denies the director or the director's designee access to the pipeline for the purposes of inspection, is guilty of a felony and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both.

Sec. 37. [299J.16] [CIVIL PENALTY; INJUNCTIVE RELIEF]

Subdivision 1. [CIVIL PENALTY.] (a) A pipeline operator who violates section 28, subdivision 1, 30, or 36, or the rules of the commissioner implementing those sections, shall forfeit and pay to the state a civil penalty in an amount to be determined by the court as follows:

(1) for a violation of section 30, up to \$10,000 for each day that the operator remains in violation; and

(2) for a violation of section 28, subdivision 1, or 36, up to \$100,000 for each violation.

(b) The penalty provided under this subdivision may be recovered by an action brought by the attorney general in the name of the state in connection with an action to recover expenses of the director under section 34, subdivision 4, or by a separate action in the district court of Ramsey county or in the county of the defendant's residence.

Subd. 2. [ACTION TO COMPEL PERFORMANCE; INJUNCTIVE RELIEF.] A person who fails to perform an act required by section 30, 34, or 36, or the rules of the commissioner implementing those sections, may be compelled to do so by an action in district court brought by the attorney general in the name of the state.

**Sec. 38. [299J.17] [OTHER REMEDIES PRESERVED.]**

Sections 22 to 38 do not abolish or diminish the right of a person to bring a legal action or use a remedy available under any other provision of state or federal law, including common law, to recover for personal injury, disease, economic loss, or other costs arising out of a release.

**Sec. 39. [299J.18] [PIPELINE SAFETY ACCOUNT.]**

The pipeline safety account is established as an account in the state treasury. All fees and penalties collected under sections 22 to 38 shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the pipeline safety account.

Money received by the office in the form of gifts, grants, reimbursements, or appropriations from any source shall be credited to the pipeline safety account.

**Sec. 40. [TRAINING FOR PIPELINE INSPECTORS.]**

Persons holding positions as inspectors with the state fire marshal on January 1, 1987, may be transferred or appointed to positions as inspectors with the office of pipeline safety without complying with the training requirements of section 24, subdivision 2, paragraph (b).

**Sec. 41. [APPROPRIATION.]**

\$418,300 is appropriated from the general fund to the agencies indicated in this section for the purposes of this act, to be available for the fiscal year ending June 30 in the years indicated.

	<u>1988</u>	<u>1989</u>
<u>(a) State planning director</u>	<u>\$ 73,000</u>	<u>-0-</u>
<u>Any unencumbered balance remaining in the first year does not cancel and is available for the second year.</u>		
<u>(b) Commissioner of public safety</u>	<u>\$184,400</u>	<u>\$160,900</u>
<u>The approved complement of the department of public safety is increased by three positions.</u>		

Sec. 42. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1, subdivisions 1 and 3; 4; 7; 9, subdivision 2; and 27 are effective the day following final enactment. Sections 1, subdivisions 2 and 4; 2; and 3 are effective July 1, 1988. Sections 8; 9, subdivisions 1 and 3; 10; 11; 12; and 13 are effective October 1, 1988, and section 12, subdivision 1, paragraph (c) applies to crimes committed on or after that date. Sections 28, 35, and 36 are effective August 1, 1987, and apply to crimes committed on or after that date.

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to public safety; pipelines and underground facilities; requiring a routing permit to construct a new pipeline; creating the office of pipeline safety and providing for its powers and duties; authorizing rulemaking for purposes of delegation of federal authority; creating the pipeline safety advisory commission; regulating the operation of certain pipelines; requiring the adoption of pipeline setback ordinances; providing for notification of excavation in the area of underground facilities; providing for a pipeline inspection fee; providing penalties; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 116I.02, subdivisions 2 and 3; 117.48; 117.49; 216B.16, by adding a subdivision; 299F.56, by adding a subdivision; 299F.57; 299F.58; 299F.60; 299F.61; 299F.62; 299F.63; and 299F.64; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116I; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapters 216C and 299J."

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Johnson, V., moved to amend S. F. No. 90, as amended, as follows:

Page 7, line 26, of the Knuth and Bishop amendment, delete "or"

Page 7, line 29, of the Knuth and Bishop amendment, delete the period and insert "; or"

Page 7 of the Knuth and Bishop amendment, after line 29, insert:

"(5) plowing, cultivating, planting, harvesting, and similar operations in connection with growing crops, landscaping, or gardening, unless any of these activities disturbs the soil to a depth of 18 inches or more."

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

S. F. No. 90, A bill for an act relating to public safety; pipelines and underground facilities; requiring a routing permit to construct a new pipeline; creating the office of pipeline safety and providing for its powers and duties; authorizing rulemaking for purposes of delegation of federal authority; creating the pipeline safety advisory commission; regulating the operation of certain pipelines; requiring the adoption of pipeline setback ordinances; providing for notification of excavation in the area of underground facilities; providing for a pipeline inspection fee; providing penalties; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 116I.02, subdivisions 2 and 3; 216B.16, by adding a subdivision; 299F.56, by adding a subdivision; 299F.57; 299F.58; 299F.60; 299F.61; 299F.62; 299F.63; and 299F.64; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116I; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapters 216C and 299J.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 125 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Hartle	Lieder	Otis	Simoneau
Battaglia	Haukoos	Long	Ozment	Skoglund
Bauerly	Heap	Marsh	Pappas	Solberg
Beard	Himle	McDonald	Pauly	Sparby
Begich	Hugoson	McEachern	Pelowski	Stanius
Bennett	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Peterson	Steensma
Bertram	Jaros	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Blatz	Jefferson	Milbert	Price	Swenson
Boo	Jennings	Miller	Quinn	Thiede
Brown	Jensen	Minne	Quist	Tjornbom
Burger	Johnson, A.	Morrison	Redalen	Tompkins
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Munger	Rest	Trimble
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Murphy	Rice	Tunheim
Clark	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Richter	Uphus
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Valento
Cooper	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Rose	Vanasek
Dauner	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Rukavina	Vellenga
DeBlieck	Kinkel	O'Connor	Sarna	Voss
Dille	Kludd	Ogren	Schafer	Wagenius
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Scheid	Waltman
Forsythe	Knuth	Olson, E.	Schoenfeld	Welle
Frederick	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Schreiber	Wenzel
Frerichs	Krueger	Omann	Seaberg	Winter
Greenfield	Larsen	Onnen	Segal	Wynia
Gutknecht	Lasley	Orenstein	Shaver	Spk. Norton

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 682 was reported to the House.

There being no objection, S. F. No. 682 was temporarily laid over on Special Orders.

Rose was excused while in conference.

H. F. No. 960, A bill for an act relating to human services; requiring director of state planning agency to contract for development of client advisory committees; appropriating money; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 252.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 113 yeas and 11 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Heap	Long	Otis	Solberg
Battaglia	Himle	Marsh	Ozment	Sparby
Bauerly	Hugoson	McDonald	Pappas	Stanius
Beard	Jacobs	McEachern	Pauly	Steensma
Begich	Jaros	McKasy	Pelowski	Sviggum
Bennett	Jefferson	McLaughlin	Peterson	Swenson
Bertram	Jennings	Milbert	Poppenhagen	Tjornhom
Blatz	Jensen	Minne	Price	Tompkins
Boo	Johnson, R.	Munger	Quinn	Trimble
Brown	Johnson, V.	Murphy	Redalen	Tunheim
Burger	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Reding	Uphus
Carlson, L.	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Rest	Vanasek
Carruthers	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Rice	Vellenga
Clark	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Riveness	Voss
Cooper	Kinkel	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dauner	Kludt	Ogren	Sarna	Waltman
DeBlicke	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Scheid	Welle
Dille	Knuth	Olson, E.	Schoenfeld	Wenzel
Dorn	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Seaberg	Winter
Forsythe	Krueger	Omann	Segal	Wynia
Greenfield	Larsen	Onnen	Shaver	Spk. Norton
Gutknecht	Lasley	Orenstein	Simoneau	
Hartle	Lieder	Osthoff	Skoghund	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Clausnitzer	McPherson	Richter	Thiede
Frederick	Miller	Schafer	Valento
Haukoos	Quist	Schreiber	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

H. F. No. 1326, A bill for an act relating to energy; authorizing loans to municipalities for energy conservation investments and authorizing repayment of those loans; authorizing issuance of bonds;



appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 116J.37; 275.50, subdivision 5; 471.65; and 475.51, subdivision 4.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 124 yeas and 1 nay as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Heap	McDonald	Ozment	Skoglund
Battaglia	Himle	McEachern	Pappas	Solberg
Bauerly	Hugoson	McKasy	Pauly	Sparby
Beard	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Pelowski	Stanius
Begich	Jaros	McPherson	Peterson	Steensma
Bennett	Jefferson	Milbert	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Bertram	Jennings	Miller	Price	Swenson
Blatz	Jensen	Minne	Quinn	Thiede
Brown	Johnson, A.	Morrison	Quist	Tjornhom
Burger	Johnson, R.	Munger	Redalen	Tompkins
Carlson, L.	Johnson, V.	Murphy	Reding	Trimble
Carruthers	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Rest	Tunheim
Clark	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Rice	Uphus
Clausnitzer	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Richter	Valento
Cooper	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Riveness	Vanasek
Dauner	Kinkel	O'Connor	Rukavina	Vellenga
DeBlieck	Kludt	Ogren	Sarna	Voss
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Wagenius
Dorn	Knuth	Olson, E.	Scheid	Waltman
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Welle
Frederick	Krueger	Omman	Schreiber	Wenzel
Frerichs	Larsen	Onnen	Seaberg	Winter
Greenfield	Lasley	Orenstein	Segal	Wynia
Hartle	Lieder	Osthoff	Shaver	Spk. Norton
Haukoos	Long	Otis	Simoneau	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Marsh

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 167 was reported to the House.

Riveness and Swenson moved to amend S. F. No. 167, the unofficial engrossment, as follows:

Page 2, line 6, delete "Twenty-nine" and insert "14"

Page 2, line 8, before the period insert ", and 15 members shall be appointed by the governor"

Page 2, line 9, after "board" insert "and governor"

Page 2, line 12, reinstate "governor" and insert "and"

Page 3, line 4, delete everything after "governor"

Page 3, delete line 5

Page 3, line 6, delete everything before the period and insert "utilizing the appointment process under section 15.0597"

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 4, delete "board" and insert "governor"

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

S. F. No. 167, A bill for an act relating to the Minnesota zoological garden; increasing the size of the zoological board; permitting the board to appoint new members to the board; exempting members of the board from filing statements of economic interest; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 85A.01, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 124 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Hartle	Lieder	Ozment	Skoglund
Battaglia	Haukoos	Long	Pappas	Solberg
Bauerly	Heap	Marsh	Pauly	Sparby
Beard	Himle	McDonald	Pelowski	Stanius
Begich	Hugoson	McEachern	Peterson	Steensma
Bennett	Jacobs	McKasy	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Bertram	Jaros	McLaughlin	Price	Swenson
Blatz	Jefferson	McPherson	Quinn	Thiede
Boo	Jennings	Milbert	Quist	Tjornhom
Brown	Jensen	Morrison	Redalen	Tompkins
Burger	Johnson, A.	Munger	Reding	Trimble
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rest	Tunheim
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Nelson, D.	Rice	Uphus
Clark	Kahn	Nelson, K.	Richter	Valento
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Neuenschwander	Riveness	Vanasek
Cooper	Kelly	O'Connor	Rukavina	Vellenga
Dauner	Kelso	Ogren	Sarna	Voss
DeBlicke	Kinkel	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Wagenius
Dille	Kludd	Olson, E.	Scheid	Waltman
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Welle
Forsythe	Knuth	Omman	Schreiber	Wenzel
Frederick	Kostohryz	Onnen	Seaberg	Winter
Frerichs	Krueger	Orenstein	Segal	Wynia
Greenfield	Larsen	Osthoff	Shaver	Spk. Norton
Gutknecht	Lasley	Otis	Simoneau	

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

H. F. No. 239 was reported to the House.

There being no objection, H. F. No. 239 was temporarily laid over on Special Orders.

S. F. No. 897 was reported to the House.

There being no objection, S. F. No. 897 was temporarily laid over on Special Orders.

Riveness moved that the House recess subject to the call of the Chair. The motion prevailed.

#### RECESS

#### RECONVENED

The House reconvened and was called to order by Speaker pro tempore Simoneau.

#### ANNOUNCEMENTS BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on H. F. No. 236:

Scheid, Neuenschwander and Knickerbocker.

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on H. F. No. 532:

Jensen, Kahn and Carlson, D.

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on H. F. No. 391:

Marsh, Kelly and Blatz.

#### SPECIAL ORDERS, Continued

H. F. No. 239 which was temporarily laid over earlier today was again reported to the House.

Olsen, S., moved to amend H. F. No. 239, the second engrossment, as follows:

Pages 28 and 29, delete section 60

Page 30, line 31, delete "primary and"

Page 30, line 35, delete "primary,"

Page 30, line 36, delete everything before and after "general election"

Page 31, line 1, delete "school district primary"

Page 32, lines 5, 8, 13, and 14, delete "primary,"

Page 32, delete lines 24 to 27

Page 32, line 28, delete "3" and insert "2"

Page 32, lines 30 and 31, delete "primary or"

Page 33, line 2, delete "4" and insert "3"

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Olsen, S., amendment and the roll was called. There were 9 yeas and 111 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Burger	Heap	McPherson	Sviggum	Tompkins
Forsythe	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Swenson	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, G.	Dorn	Kinkel	Munger	Poppenhagen
Battaglia	Greenfield	Kludt	Murphy	Price
Bauerly	Gruenes	Knuth	Nelson, C.	Quinn
Beard	Gutknecht	Kostohryz	Nelson, K.	Quist
Begich	Hartle	Krueger	Neuenschwander	Reding
Bennett	Himle	Larsen	O'Connor	Rest
Bertram	Hugoson	Lasley	Ogren	Rice
Blatz	Jacobs	Lieder	Olson, E.	Richter
Brown	Jaros	Long	Olson, K.	Riveness
Carlson, L.	Jefferson	Marsh	Omann	Rodosovich
Carruthers	Jensen	McDonald	Omann	Rukavina
Clark	Johnson, A.	McEachern	Orenstein	Sarna
Clausnitzer	Johnson, R.	McKasy	Osthoff	Schafer
Cooper	Johnson, V.	McLaughlin	Otis	Scheid
Dauner	Kahn	Milbert	Pappas	Schoenfeld
DeBlick	Kalis	Miller	Pauly	Schreiber
Dempsey	Kelly	Minne	Pelowski	Seaberg
Dille	Kelso	Morrison	Peterson	Segal

Shaver	Stanius	Tunheim	Wagenius	Spk. Norton
Simoneau	Steensma	Valento	Waltman	
Skoglund	Thiede	Vanasek	Wenzel	
Solberg	Tjornhom	Vellenga	Winter	
Sparby	Trimble	Voss	Wynia	

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

H. F. No. 239, A bill for an act relating to elections; providing for school district elections to be conducted according to Minnesota election law; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 6.54; 122.22, subdivisions 2 and 4; 122.23, subdivisions 2, 9, and 10; 122.25, subdivision 1; 123.11, subdivision 7; 123.33, subdivision 4; 123.351, subdivision 1; 123.51; 127.09; 127.11; 200.01; 200.015; 200.02, by adding a subdivision; 201.016, subdivision 2; 201.018, subdivision 2; 201.061, subdivisions 3 and 6; 201.071, subdivisions 1, 3, 5, 6, and by adding a subdivision; 201.221, subdivisions 3 and 4; 201.27, subdivision 2; 203B.01, subdivision 2; 203B.04, subdivisions 1 and 2; 203B.05, subdivisions 1 and 2; 203B.06, subdivision 2; 203B.08, subdivision 4; 203B.10; 203B.11, subdivision 1; 203B.12, subdivision 6; 203B.13; 203B.15; 203B.19; 203B.23; 204B.02; 204B.09, subdivision 2; 204B.16, subdivision 1; 204B.18, subdivision 2; 204B.19, subdivision 1; 204B.21, subdivision 2; 204B.25, subdivision 1; 204B.29; 204B.31; 204B.32; 204B.34, by adding a subdivision; 204B.35, subdivision 1; 204C.02; 204C.06, subdivision 2; 204C.07, subdivision 3; 204C.08, subdivision 4; 204C.10, subdivision 2; 204C.19, subdivision 2; 204C.20, subdivision 4; 204C.24, subdivision 2; 204C.25; 204C.26, subdivisions 2 and 3; 204C.27; 204C.28, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 204C.29, subdivision 1; 204C.36; 206.56, by adding a subdivision; 206.58, subdivision 2; 209.02; 209.021, subdivision 3; 210A.01, subdivision 3; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 206; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 205A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 123.015; 123.32; and 201.095.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 128 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Burger	Dorn	Himle	Kahn
Battaglia	Carlson, L.	Forsythe	Hugoson	Kalis
Bauerly	Carruthers	Frederick	Jacobs	Kelly
Beard	Clark	Frerichs	Jaros	Kelso
Begich	Clausnitzer	Greenfield	Jefferson	Kinkel
Bennett	Cooper	Gruenes	Jennings	Kludt
Bertram	Dauner	Gutknecht	Jensen	Knickerbocker
Blatz	DeBlicke	Hartle	Johnson, A.	Knuth
Boo	Dempsey	Haukoos	Johnson, R.	Kostohryz
Brown	Dille	Heap	Johnson, V.	Krueger

Larsen	Nelson, C.	Pelowski	Scheid	Tompkins
Lasley	Nelson, K.	Peterson	Schoenfeld	Trimble
Lieder	Neuenschwander	Poppenhagen	Schreiber	Tunheim
Long	O'Connor	Price	Seaberg	Uphus
Marsh	Ogren	Quinn	Segal	Valento
McDonald	Olsen, S.	Quist	Shaver	Vanasek
McEachern	Olson, E.	Redalen	Simoneau	Vellenga
McKasy	Olson, K.	Reding	Skoglund	Voss
McLaughlin	Omman	Rest	Solberg	Wagenius
McPherson	Onnen	Rice	Sparby	Waltman
Milbert	Orenstein	Richter	Stanius	Wenzel
Miller	Osthoff	Riveness	Steensma	Winter
Minne	Otis	Rodosovich	Sviggum	Wynia
Morrison	Ozment	Rukavina	Swenson	Spk. Norton
Munger	Pappas	Sarnia	Thiede	
Murphy	Pauly	Schafer	Tjornhom	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

H. F. No. 1499 which was temporarily laid over earlier today was again reported to the House.

Wynia moved to amend H. F. No. 1499, the second engrossment, as follows:

Page 1, after line 8, insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62D.05, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. [SUPPLEMENTAL BENEFITS.] A health maintenance organization may, as a supplemental benefit, provide coverage to its enrollees for health care services and supplies received from providers who are not employed by, under contract with, or otherwise affiliated with the health maintenance organization. The commissioner may, pursuant to chapter 14, adopt, enforce, and administer rules relating to this subdivision, including: rules insuring that these benefits are supplementary and not substitutes for comprehensive health maintenance services; rules relating to protection against insolvency, including the establishment of necessary financial reserves; rules relating to appropriate standards for claims processing; rules relating to marketing practices; and other rules necessary for the effective and efficient administration of this subdivision. The commissioner, in adopting rules, shall give consideration to existing laws and rules administered and enforced by the department of commerce relating to health insurance plans. Except as otherwise provided by law, a health maintenance organization may not advertise, offer, or enter into contracts for the coverage described in this subdivision until 30 days after the effective date of rules adopted by the commissioner of health to implement this subdivision."

Renumber the subsequent sections

Page 3, line 18, delete “one private employer” and insert “two private employers, one of whom self-insures for health benefits and one of whom offers health benefits to employees but does not bear risk”

Page 3, line 33, delete “1” and insert “2”

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 5, delete “section” and insert “sections 62D.05, by adding a subdivision; and”

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

H. F. No. 1499, A bill for an act relating to health; requiring transfers from the special revenue account to the public health fund; authorizing a feasibility study; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 62D.05, by adding a subdivision; and 214.06, subdivision 1.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 127 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Larsen	Omann	Seaberg
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Lasley	Onnen	Segal
Bauerly	Hartle	Lieder	Orenstein	Shaver
Beard	Haukoos	Long	Osthoff	Skoglund
Begich	Heap	Marsh	Otis	Solberg
Bennett	Himle	McDonald	Ozment	Sparby
Bertram	Hugoson	McEachern	Pappas	Stanius
Blatz	Jacobs	McKasy	Pauly	Steensma
Boo	Jaros	McLaughlin	Pelowski	Sviggum
Brown	Jefferson	McPherson	Peterson	Swenson
Burger	Jennings	Milbert	Poppenhagen	Thiede
Carlson, L.	Jensen	Miller	Price	Tjornhom
Carruthers	Johnson, A.	Minne	Quinn	Tompkins
Clark	Johnson, R.	Morrison	Redalen	Trimble
Clausnitzer	Johnson, V.	Munger	Reding	Tunheim
Cooper	Kahn	Murphy	Rest	Uphus
Dauner	Kalis	Nelson, C.	Rice	Valento
DeBleck	Kelly	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vanasek
Dempsey	Kelso	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Dille	Kinkel	Neuenschwander	Rukavina	Voss
Dorn	Kludt	O'Connor	Sarna	Wagenius
Forsythe	Knickerbocker	Ogren	Schafer	Waltman
Frederick	Knuth	Olsen, S.	Scheid	Welle
Frerichs	Kostohryz	Olson, E.	Schoenfeld	Wenzel
Greenfield	Krueger	Olson, K.	Schreiber	Winter
				Wynia
				Spk. Norton

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

There being no objection, the order of business reverted to Reports of Standing Committees.

## REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

H. F. No. 176, A bill for an act relating to education; providing for model programs in adult vocational occupational literacy training; appropriating money; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 136C.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

“Section 1. [136C.045] [ADULT VOCATIONAL AND OCCUPATIONAL LITERACY PROGRAM.]

Subdivision 1. [ADVISORY COMMITTEE.] An advisory committee is established to assist in providing literacy programs integrated with vocational and occupational training to work with dislocated workers and other persons entering the job market. The committee shall consist of representatives selected as follows: one each by the board of regents of the University of Minnesota, the state university board, the state board for community colleges, the state board of vocational technical education, the state board of education, the state planning agency, the state department of jobs and training, and the governor's job training council; and two public members, with experience in vocational occupational literacy, by the higher education advisory council. The state board of vocational technical education shall provide staff and support for the committee.

Subd. 2. [COMMITTEE DUTIES.] The advisory committee shall award grants for model literacy programs. It shall develop criteria for selecting model sites, establishing application procedures and dates, and awarding the grants. The selection criteria shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- (a) an explanation of the nature of the vocational programs;
- (b) effective integration of vocational and occupational training with basic education instruction;
- (c) research and development components;



- (d) involvement of existing local resources;
- (e) the provision of matching funds;
- (f) qualification of instructors;
- (g) coordination with groups involved in literacy efforts; and
- (h) coordination with human service agencies.

Subd. 3. [APPLICATION FOR GRANTS.] School districts, post-secondary institutions, and other agencies providing vocational and occupational training to adults may apply to the advisory committee for a grant to develop and implement a model program. Grants shall be awarded on a competitive basis.

Subd. 4. [REPORTS.] Each grant recipient shall report on its program to the advisory committee by June 1, 1988, and December 1, 1988. The advisory committee shall report its preliminary findings to the legislature by January 15, 1989.

Subd. 5. [FUNDING.] The board of regents of the University of Minnesota, the state university board, the state board for community colleges, and the state board of vocational technical education are requested to provide financial resources to implement model programs selected by the advisory committee.

The department of education shall use \$37,500 of the money appropriated for adult basic and continuing education for the 1988-1989 biennium to provide financial assistance to implement the provisions of this section."

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 4, delete everything before "proposing"

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

H. F. No. 363, A bill for an act relating to employment; providing for retraining of dislocated workers; requiring the commissioner of jobs and training to coordinate services to dislocated workers; requiring notification of employment termination; providing for the monitoring of dislocated workers and plant closings; providing a state match for federal dislocated worker funding; appropriating

money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 267.02, subdivision 3; 268.0111, subdivision 4; 268.0122, subdivision 3; and 268.89, by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 268.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Page 5, delete section 7

Page 5, line 36, delete "COORDINATOR" and insert "COMMISSIONER"

Page 6, line 1, delete "full productivity and opportunity coordinator" and insert "commissioner of jobs and training"

Page 6, line 6, delete "commissioner of jobs and training and the"

Page 6, line 7, delete "coordinator" and insert "commissioner"

Page 6, line 8, delete "coordinator" and insert "commissioner"

Page 6, line 12, delete "\$....." and insert "\$120,000"

Page 6, line 15, delete everything after the period

Page 6, delete lines 16 to 21

Page 6, line 22, delete everything before "provide" and insert "Up to 33 percent of the appropriation may be used to"

Page 6, line 25, delete "ten" and insert "67"

Page 6, line 26, after "fund" insert "an"

Page 6, line 26, delete "staff" and insert "complement position"

Page 6, line 28, after "workers" insert a period and delete the remaining language

Page 6, delete line 29

Page 6, line 31, delete "\$150,000" and insert "\$80,000"

Page 7, line 3, before the period insert "over a six-month period"

Renumber the sections in sequence

Amend the title accordingly

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

H. F. No. 566, A bill for an act relating to public safety; authorizing executive council, under federal law, to repair state property damaged by major disaster; dedicating receipts from criminal justice datacommunications network billings; appropriating video gaming license fees to commissioner of public safety for disbursal to municipalities; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 9.061, subdivision 1; 299C.48; and 349.52, subdivisions 2 and 3.

Reported the same back with the recommendation that the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

H. F. No. 578, A bill for an act relating to state government; adding certain emergency personnel to the list of people eligible for benefits from the peace officers benefit fund; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 176B.01, subdivision 2.

Reported the same back with the recommendation that the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

H. F. No. 777, A bill for an act relating to motor fuels; trade practices; extending the expiration of the ethanol development fund to the year 2000; prohibiting "no ethanol" signs; appropriating money for promoting ethanol; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 41A.09, subdivisions 3 and 5; and 325E.09, subdivision 4.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Page 3, lines 13 and 15, delete "\$....." and insert "\$100,000"

Page 3, line 18, before the period insert "fuel usage" and delete everything after the period

Page 3, delete lines 19 and 20

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

H. F. No. 835, A bill for an act relating to natural resources; establishing a state flood hazard mitigation grant program; authorizing grants-in-aid to local government units; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 104.02; 105.482, subdivision 5; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 104.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Pages 5 and 6, delete sections 6 and 7.

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, lines 4 and 5, delete "appropriating money;"

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

H. F. No. 886, A bill for an act relating to natural resources; conservation reserve program; definitions, eligibility for inclusion, applications, agreements, payments, and other terms and conditions; native prairie bank program; appropriating funds; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 40.41; 40.42, subdivision 5, and by adding subdivisions; 40.43, subdivisions 2, 5, 6, and 7; 40.44, subdivisions 2 and 3; 40.45; 84.943, subdivision 1; 84.944, subdivision 1; 84.95, by adding a subdivision; 105.391, subdivision 3; and 105.392, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.41, is amended to read:

40.41 [PURPOSE AND POLICY.]

It is the purposes of sections 40.41 to 40.45 to keep certain marginal agricultural land out of crop production or pasture to protect soil and water quality and support fish and wildlife habitat. It is state policy to encourage the retirement of marginal, highly erodible land, particularly land adjacent to public waters and drainage systems, from crop production and to reestablish a cover of perennial vegetation.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.42, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [LANDOWNER.] "Landowner" means a Minnesota resident who owns or is a buyer under a contract for deed, of land that qualifies as a family farm, a family farm corporation or an authorized farm corporation under section 500.24, subdivision 2 individuals, family farm, family farm corporations as defined under section 500.24, subdivision 2, paragraph (c), and authorized farm corporations as defined under section 500.24, subdivision 2, paragraph (d), which either own eligible land or are purchasing eligible land under a contract for deed.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.42, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 7. [WETLAND.] "Wetland" means land that has a predominance of hydric soils and that is inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, or that periodically does support, a predominance of hydrophytic vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.42, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 8. [WINDBREAK.] "Windbreak" means a strip or belt of trees, shrubs, or grass barriers at least six rows deep and within 300 feet of the right-of-way of a highway.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.43, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [ELIGIBLE LAND.] Land may be placed in the conservation reserve program if the land:

(1) is marginal agricultural land, or is adjacent to marginal agricultural land and is either beneficial to resource protection or

necessary for efficient recording of the land description, or consists of a drained wetland, or is land that with a windbreak would be beneficial to resource protection. Cropland adjacent to the restored wetland may also be enrolled to the extent of up to four acres of cropland for each acre of wetland restored;

(2) was owned by the applicant landowner on January 1, 1985, or for an application made on or after January 1, 1988, was owned by the applicant landowner, or a parent or other blood relative of the landowner, for at least three years before the date of application;

(3) is at least five acres in size, except for a windbreak, or is a whole field as defined by the United States Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Services;

(4) is not set aside, enrolled or diverted under another federal or state government program; and

(5) was in agricultural crop production or pasture for at least two years during the period 1981 to 1985.

The eligible enrolled land of a landowner may not exceed 20 percent of the landowner's total agricultural land acreage in the state, if the landowner owns at least 200 acres of agricultural land as defined by section 500.24, subdivision 2. If a landowner owns less than 200 acres of agricultural land the amount that may be enrolled in the conservation reserve is:

(a) all agricultural land owned, if 20 acres or less; or

(b) if the total agricultural land owned is more than 20 acres but less than 200 acres, 20 acres plus ten percent of the balance of the agricultural land.

In selecting land for enrollment in the program, highest priority must be given to permanent easements that are consistent with the purposes stated in section 40.41.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.43, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [CONSERVATION EASEMENTS.] The commissioner may acquire conservation easements on eligible land. An easement may be permanent or of limited duration. An easement of limited duration may not be acquired if it is for a period less than ten 20 years. The negotiation and acquisition of easements authorized by this section are exempt from the contractual provisions of chapter 16B.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.43, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [AGREEMENTS BY LANDOWNER.] The commissioner may enroll eligible land in the conservation reserve program by signing an agreement in recordable form with a landowner in which the landowner agrees:

(1) to convey to the state a conservation easement that is not subject to any prior title, lien, or encumbrance;

(2) to seed the land subject to the conservation easement, as specified in the agreement, to establish and maintain perennial cover of either a grass-legume mixture or native grasses for the term of the easement, at seeding rates determined by the commissioner; or to plant trees or carry out other long-term capital improvements approved by the commissioner for soil and water conservation or wildlife management;

(3) to restore any drained wetland and to convey to the state a permanent easement for the wetland;

(4) that other land supporting natural vegetation owned or leased as part of the same farm operation during the term of the easement, if it supports natural vegetation or has not been used in agricultural crop production or pasture unless a landowner under a permanent easement receives approval from the commissioners of agriculture and natural resources and, prior to the land conversion activity, implements a soil and water conservation district approved conservation plan following the recommendations of the field office technical guide; and

(4) (5) to the enforcement of the terms of the easement and agreements in this subdivision by an action for specific performance, a mandatory injunction, or for damages in an amount not to exceed the total amount paid by the state to the landowner under subdivision 6, with interest from the date of each default under the agreement; and

(6) that the easement duration may be lengthened only through mutual agreement with the commissioners of agriculture and natural resources if they determine that the changes are necessary to effectuate the purpose of the program or to facilitate its administration.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.43, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [PAYMENTS FOR CONSERVATION EASEMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENT OF COVER.] The commissioner must make the following payments to the landowner for the conservation easement and agreement:

(1) to establish the perennial cover or other improvements required by the agreement, up to 75 percent of the total eligible cost not to exceed \$75 per acre for limited duration easements, and 100 percent of the total eligible cost not to exceed \$100 per acre for perpetual easements;

(2) for the cost of planting trees required by the agreement, up to \$75 75 percent of the total eligible cost not to exceed \$200 per acre for limited duration easements, and 100 percent of the total eligible cost not to exceed \$300 per acre for perpetual easements;

(3) for a permanent easement, 70 percent of the township average equalized estimated market value of agricultural property as established by the commissioner of revenue at the time ~~the~~ of easement is conveyed application; and

(4) for an easement of limited duration, 90 percent of the present value of the average of the ~~acceptable~~ accepted bids for the federal conservation reserve program, as contained in Public Law Number 99-198, in the relevant geographic area and on bids ~~made immediately prior to when~~ accepted at the time of easement is ~~conveyed. If~~ conveyed. If federal bid figures have not been determined for the area, or the federal program has been discontinued, the rate paid shall application; or

(5) an alternative payment system for easements based on cash rent or a similar system as may be determined by the commissioner.

The commissioner may not pay more than \$50,000 to a landowner for all the landowner's conservation easements and agreements.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.43, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [EASEMENT RENEWAL.] When a conservation easement of limited duration expires, a new conservation easement and agreement for an additional period of ~~ten~~ not less than 20 years may be acquired by agreement of the commissioner and the landowner, under the terms of this section. The commissioner may adjust payment rates as a result of renewing an agreement and conservation easement only after examining the condition of the established cover, conservation practices, and land values.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.44, subdivision 2, is amended to read:



Subd. 2. [TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.] The commissioners of agriculture and natural resources must provide necessary technical assistance to landowners enrolled in the conservation reserve program. The commissioner of natural resources must provide technical advice and assistance to the commissioner on (1) the form and content of the conservation easement and agreement, ~~and on;~~ (2) forestry and agronomic practices; and (3) hydrologic and hydraulic design relating to the establishment and maintenance of permanent cover, or other conservation improvements. The commissioner of transportation must provide technical advice and assistance to the commissioners of agriculture and natural resources on the planting of windbreaks adjacent to highways. The commissioners of agriculture and natural resources shall jointly prepare an informational booklet on the conservation reserve program and other state and federal programs for land acquisition, conservation, and retirement to be made available to eligible landowners and the general public.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.44, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [SUPPLEMENTAL CONSERVATION PAYMENTS.] The commissioner may supplement ~~cost-share~~ payments made under ~~other federal land retirement programs, up to \$75 an acre,~~ to the extent of available appropriations other than bond proceeds. The supplemental ~~cost-share~~ payments must be used to establish perennial cover on land enrolled or ~~increase payments for land enrollment~~ in programs approved by the commissioner, including the federal conservation reserve program and federal and state waterbank programs program.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.45, is amended to read:

#### 40.45 [RULEMAKING.]

The commissioner ~~shall~~ may adopt emergency rules and is ~~authorized to adopt to implement this act.~~ The emergency rules in order to implement sections 40.41 to 40.45 adopted on August 27, 1986, shall remain in effect until December 31, 1987, or until amended or replaced by emergency or permanent rules. The rules must include standards for tree planting so that planting does not conflict with existing electrical lines, telephone lines, rights-of-way, or drainage ditches.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 84.943, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT.] The Minnesota critical habitat private sector matching account is established as a separate account in the state treasury reinvest in Minnesota resources fund

established under section 84.95. The account shall be administered by the commissioner of natural resources as provided in this section.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 84.944, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ACQUISITION CONSIDERATIONS.] In determining what critical natural habitat shall be acquired or improved, the commissioner shall consider:

(1) the significance of the land or water as existing or potential habitat for fish and wildlife and providing fish and wildlife oriented recreation;

(2) the significance of the land, water, or habitat improvement to maintain or enhance native plant, fish, or wildlife species designated as endangered or threatened under section 97.488;

(3) the presence of native ecological communities that are now uncommon or diminishing; and

(4) the significance of the land, water or habitat improvement to protect or enhance natural features within or contiguous to natural areas including fish spawning areas, wildlife management areas, scientific and natural areas, riparian habitat and fish and wildlife management projects.

Based on the above clauses, the commissioner by order promulgated under section 97A.051, subdivision 3, must establish a process to prioritize what critical habitat shall be acquired or improved.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 84.95, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3. [WORK PLAN.] By February 1 of each year the commissioner of natural resources, in consultation with the commissioner of agriculture, must present a written work plan for expenditure of money from the reinvest in Minnesota resources fund for the next fiscal year to the senate and house committees on agriculture and environment and natural resources for their review and comment. Any recommendations to the commissioners by the committees must be returned to the commissioners by March 15. By April 30 of each year the commissioner must make the work plan, with any revisions, available to the public for comment. In so doing, the commissioner must hold at least three public meetings to inform the public of the work plan; one meeting to be held in the Twin Cities metropolitan area, the others at non-Twin Cities locations, one each in northern and southern Minnesota. By January 15 of each year, the commissioner must prepare a written progress report on projects undertaken and money encumbered during the fiscal year just ended, and

must transmit the report to the above committees and make the report available to the public.

Sec. 16. [84.959] [FINDINGS.]

The legislature finds that native prairie is found primarily on marginal lands poorly suited to grain production and provides important wildlife, scientific, erosion control, educational, and recreational values.

Sec. 17. [84.96] [NATIVE PRAIRIE BANK.]

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT.] The commissioner shall establish a native prairie bank, determine where native prairie land is located in the state, and prescribe eligibility requirements for inclusion of land in the native prairie bank.

Subd. 2. [DEFINITION.] For the purposes of this section, "native prairie" means land that has never been plowed, with less than ten percent tree cover and with predominantly native prairie vegetation.

Subd. 3. [EASEMENT ACQUISITION.] (a) The commissioner may acquire native prairie for conservation purposes by entering into easements with landowners. The easements must be conservation easements as defined in section 84C.01, clause (1), except the easements may be made possessory as well as nonpossessory if agreed upon by the landowner and the commissioner.

(b) The easements may be permanent or of limited duration. Highest priority must be given to permanent easements consistent with the purposes of this section. Easements of limited duration must be for at least 20 years, with provision for renewal for at least another 20-year period. For easements of limited duration, the commissioner may reexamine and adjust the payment rates at the beginning of any renewal period after considering current land and crop values.

Subd. 4. [EASEMENT AGREEMENT.] (a) In the easement between the commissioner and an owner, the owner must agree:

(1) to place in the program for the period of the easement eligible native prairie areas designated by the owner, including prairie covered by a federal or state easement that allows agricultural use and desirable land adjacent to the prairie as determined by the commissioner;

(2) not to alter the native prairie by plowing, heavy grazing, seeding to nonnative grasses or legumes, spraying with large amounts of herbicides, or otherwise destroying the native prairie character of the easement area, except mowing the native prairie

tract for wild hay may qualify for easement as determined by the commissioner;

(3) to implement the native prairie conservation and development plan as provided in the easement agreement, unless a requirement in the easement agreement is waived or modified by the commissioner;

(4) to forfeit all rights to further payments under the terms of the easement and to refund to the state all payments received under the easement if the easement is violated at any time when the owner has control of the land subject to the easement, if the commissioner determines that the violation warrants termination of the easement, or if the commissioner determines that the violation does not warrant termination of the easement, the commissioner may determine refunds or payment adjustments to be paid by the commissioner;

(5) not to adopt a practice specified by the commissioner in the easement as a practice that would tend to defeat the purposes of the easement; and

(6) to additional provisions included in the easement that the commissioner determines are desirable.

(b) In return for the easement of the owner, the commissioner shall make payments as provided in subdivision 5 and may provide advice on conservation and development practices on the native prairie in the easement and adjacent areas.

Subd. 5. [PAYMENTS.] (a) The commissioner must make payments to the landowner under this subdivision for the easement.

(b) For a permanent easement, the commissioner must pay 50 percent of the average equalized estimated market value of cropland in the township as established by the commissioner of revenue for the time period when the application is made.

(c) For an easement of limited duration, the landowner shall receive a lump sum payment equal to the present value of the annual payments for the term of the easement based on 50 percent of the mean adjusted cash rental for cropland in the county as established by the commissioner of revenue for the time period when the application is made.

(d) To maintain and protect native prairies, the commissioner may enter into easements that allow selected agricultural practices. Payment must be based on paragraph (b) or (c) but may be reduced due to the agricultural practices allowed after negotiation with the landowner.

Subd. 6. [RENEWAL.] A limited-term easement may be converted to a permanent easement or renewed at the end of the easement period by mutual agreement of the commissioner and the owner, subject to any rate redetermination by the commissioner.

Subd. 7. [EASEMENT RUNS WITH LAND.] If during the easement period the owner sells or otherwise disposes of the ownership or right of occupancy of the land, the new owner must continue the easement under the same terms or conditions.

Subd. 8. [MODIFICATION AND TERMINATION BY AGREEMENT.] The commissioner may terminate an easement by mutual agreement with the owner if the commissioner determines that the termination would be in the public interest. The commissioner may agree to modifications of agreements if the commissioner determines the modification is desirable to implement the native prairie program.

Subd. 9. [RULES.] The commissioner of natural resources may adopt rules that include the procedures and payment rates to implement this section.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 105.391, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Except as provided below, no public waters or wetlands shall be drained, and no permit authorizing drainage of public waters or wetlands shall be issued, unless the public waters or wetlands being drained are replaced by public waters or wetlands which that will have equal or greater public value. ~~However, after a state waterbank program has been established, Wetlands which are eligible for inclusion in that program, the drainage of which is lawful, feasible, and practical and would provide high quality cropland and that is the projected land use, as determined by the commissioner, may be drained without a permit and without replacement of wetlands of equal or greater public value if the commissioner does not elect, within 60 days of the receipt of an application for a permit to drain the wetlands, to either (1) place the wetlands in the state waterbank program under section 105.392, or (2) acquire it in fee pursuant to section 97A.145, or (3) indemnify the landowner through any other appropriate means, including but not limited to conservation restrictions, easements, leases, or any applicable federal program.~~ The applicant, if not offered a choice of the above alternatives, is entitled to drain the wetlands involved.

In addition, the owner or owners of lands underlying wetlands situated on privately owned lands may apply to the commissioner for a permit to drain the wetlands at any time after the expiration of ten years following the original designation thereof. Upon receipt of an application, the commissioner shall review the current status and conditions of the wetlands. If the commissioner finds that the

current status or conditions are such that it appears likely that the economic or other benefits from agricultural use to the owner or owners which would result from drainage would exceed the public benefits of maintaining the wetlands, the commissioner shall grant the application and issue a drainage permit. If the application is denied, no additional application shall be made until the expiration of an additional ten years.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 105.392, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. The legislature finds that it is in the public interest to preserve the wetlands of the state and thereby to conserve surface waters, to maintain and improve water quality, preserve wildlife habitat, to reduce runoff, to provide for floodwater retention, to reduce stream sedimentation, to contribute to improved subsurface moisture, to enhance the natural beauty of the landscape, and to promote comprehensive and total water management planning. Therefore, the commissioner of natural resources is authorized to promulgate rules, which shall include the procedures and payment rates designed to effectuate the terms of this section. This program is intended to supplement and complement the federal water bank program and the payment rates established shall be at least equal to the federal rates existing at the time any agreements are entered into.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 105.392, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. For the conservation of wetlands, whether or not included in the definition contained in section 105.37, subdivision 15, the commissioner shall have authority to may acquire wetlands in fee pursuant to section 97A.145, or may enter into easement agreements with landowners for the conservation of wetlands and other waters. These easement agreements shall be conservation easements, as defined in section 84C.01, paragraph (1), but, in addition, may be made possessory as well as nonpossessory if agreed upon by the landowner and the commissioner. These agreements easements shall be entered into for a period of ten not less than 20 years, with provision for renewal for additional ten year not less than 20-year periods, or the agreements may provide that the easement will be permanent in duration. Highest priority must be given to the selection of permanent easements. The commissioner may reexamine the payment rates at the beginning of any ten year 20-year renewal period in the light of the then giving consideration to current land and crop values and make needed adjustments in rates for any renewal period.

Wetlands eligible for inclusion in the waterbank program shall have all the following characteristics as determined by the commissioner: (a) type 3, 4, or 5 as defined in United States Fish and

Wildlife Service Circular No. 39 (1971 edition); (b) its drainage is lawful, feasible, and practical; and (c) its drainage would provide high quality cropland and that is the projected land use. Waters which have the foregoing characteristics but are less than ten acres in size in unincorporated areas or less than 2½ acres in size in incorporated areas shall also be eligible for inclusion in the waterbank program, at the discretion of the commissioner.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 105.392, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. In the agreement easement between the commissioner and an owner, the owner shall agree:

(1) to place in the program for the period of the agreement eligible wetland areas the owner designates, which areas may include wetlands covered by a federal or state government easement which that permits agricultural use, together with such adjacent areas as determined desirable by the commissioner;

(2) not to drain, burn, fill, or otherwise destroy the wetland character of such areas, nor to use such areas for agricultural purposes, as determined by the commissioner;

(3) to effectuate the wetland conservation and development plan for the land in accordance with the terms of the agreement, unless any requirement thereof is waived or modified by the commissioner;

(4) to forfeit all rights to further payments or grants under the agreement and to refund to the state all payments or grants received thereunder upon violating the agreement at any stage during the time the owner has control of the land subject to the agreement if the commissioner determines that the violation is of such a nature as to warrant termination of the agreement, or to make refunds or accept such payment adjustments as the commissioner may deem appropriate if the commissioner determines that the violation by the owner does not warrant termination of the agreement;

(5) upon transfer of right and interest in the land subject to the agreement during the agreement period, to forfeit all rights to further payments or grants under the agreement and refund to the state all payments or grants received thereunder during the year of the transfer unless the transferee of any such land agrees with the commissioner to assume all obligations of the agreement;

(6) not to adopt any practice specified by the commissioner in the agreement easement as a practice which would tend to defeat the purposes of the agreement easement; and

(7) (6) to additional provisions which the commissioner determines are desirable and includes in the agreement easement to effectuate the purposes of the program or to facilitate its administration.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 105.392, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. In return for the agreement easement of the owner, the commissioner shall (1) make an annual payment to the owner for the period of the agreement at the rate as the commissioner determines to be fair and reasonable in consideration of the obligations undertaken by the owner; and (2) must provide advice on conservation and development practices on the wetlands and adjacent areas for the purposes of this section as the commissioner determines to be appropriate. In making the determination, the commissioner shall consider, among other things, the rate of compensation necessary to encourage owners of wetlands to participate in the waterbank program. The commissioner must make the following payments to the landowner for the easement: (1) for a permanent easement, 50 percent of the average equalized estimated market value of cropland in the township as established by the commissioner of revenue for the time period when the application is made; (2) for an easement of limited duration, a lump sum payment equal to the present value of the annual payments for the term of the easement based on 50 percent of the mean adjusted cash rental for cropland in the county as established by the commissioner of revenue for the time period when the application is made.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 105.392, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Any agreement A limited-term easement may be converted to a permanent easement or renewed or extended at the end of the agreement easement period for an additional period of ten 20 years by mutual agreement of the commissioner and the owner, subject to any rate redetermination by the commissioner. If during the agreement easement period the owner sells or otherwise disposes of the ownership or right of occupancy of the land, the new owner may must continue such agreement the easement under the same terms or conditions, or enter into a new agreement in accordance with the provisions of this section, including the provisions for renewal and adjustment of payment rates, or may choose not to participate in the program, except any water designated as wetlands shall not be drained.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 105.392, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. The commissioner may terminate any agreement easement by mutual agreement with the owner if the commissioner



determines that the termination would be in the public interest, and may agree to any modification of agreements the commissioner may determine to be desirable to carry out the purposes of the program or facilitate its administration."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to natural resources; conservation reserve program; definitions, eligibility for inclusion, applications, agreements, payments, and other terms and conditions; native prairie bank program; appropriating funds; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 40.41; 40.42, subdivision 5, and by adding subdivisions; 40.43, subdivisions 2, 3, 5, 6, and 7; 40.44, subdivisions 2 and 3; 40.45; 84.943, subdivision 1; 84.944, subdivision 1; 84.95, by adding a subdivision; 105.391, subdivision 3; and 105.392, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 84."

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass..

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

H. F. No. 1074, A bill for an act relating to small business; authorizing the bureau of small business within the department of energy and economic development to engage in certain collaborative activities with small business development centers; appropriating money; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116J.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Page 2, line 12, delete "\$500,000" and insert "\$100,000"

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

H. F. No. 1087, A bill for an act relating to public safety; school buses; requiring training for school bus drivers; providing for transitional requirements; appropriating money; amending Minnesota

Statutes 1986, section 171.321, subdivisions 1, 2, and by adding a subdivision.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Pages 1 and 2, delete section 1

Page 2, line 12, delete "the" and insert "for"

Page 2, line 13, delete ", required by subdivision 3"

Pages 2 and 3, delete sections 3 and 4

Page 3, line 11, delete "sections 1 and 2" and insert "section 1"

Page 3, delete line 16

Page 3, line 17, delete everything before "effective" and insert "Section 1 is"

Renumber the sections in sequence

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 3, delete everything after the semicolon

Page 1, line 4, delete "transitional requirements;"

Page 1, line 6, delete everything before the period and insert "subdivision 2"

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

H. F. No. 1109, A bill for an act relating to economic development; establishing the Minnesota council on quality and productivity and providing for its powers and duties; appropriating money.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. [FINDINGS.]

The competitiveness of Minnesota business in a global economy depends on its ability to deliver competitively priced quality products and service. Minnesota should act now to promote quality and productivity in industry and services in order to gain the competitive edge for the state's employers. Businesses that are successful in a global economy can offer secure and high paying jobs leading to a higher standard of living for Minnesotans.

The Minnesota council on quality and productivity is designed to forge a creative partnership between the public and private sectors and to promote and enhance productivity in the state. The council will serve as a clearinghouse for information relating to quality and productivity and monitor productivity changes in the workplace and the economy as a whole. It will engage in activities to educate and assist businesses, business organizations, labor organizations, and the general public about the council's importance and encourage increasing the use of quality and productivity programs by these groups. The council will serve to coordinate the efforts of the many diverse groups now working on quality and productivity initiatives.

## Sec. 2. [COUNCIL ON PRODUCTIVITY AND QUALITY.]

Subdivision 1. [MEMBERSHIP.] The Minnesota council on quality and productivity consists of the commissioner of energy and economic development and eight other members. Six members, must be appointed from the general public and have backgrounds in or represent management, labor, small business, engineering, government, or business management education. The governor shall appoint four of the general public members, the speaker of the house shall appoint one of the general public members, and the senate majority leader shall appoint one of the general public members. Before appointing general public members, the appointing authority must consult with individuals who were members of the governor's commission on the economic future of Minnesota. One member of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the house and one member of the senate appointed by the senate majority leader shall serve on the council.

The council shall elect two co-chairs from its membership, except that the commissioner of energy and economic development may not serve as a co-chair. Compensation of public members for expenses is as provided for members of advisory task forces under section 15.059, subdivision 6.

Subd. 2. [STAFF.] The council may hire an executive director and any additional professional staff in the unclassified service. The council must reimburse the commissioner of energy and economic development for administrative support.

## Sec. 3. [COUNCIL ACTIVITIES.]

Subdivision 1. [PUBLIC INFORMATION.] The council shall inform the business and labor community and the general public of the importance of quality and productivity in the workplace to the state and its economy. To do so, the council may use advertising, press releases, public service announcements, seminars, workshops, or any other means the council deems practical and effective.

Subd. 2. [SERVICES TO BUSINESSES AND LABOR ORGANIZATIONS.] The council shall research new techniques and information relating to education programs relating to quality and productivity, the effectiveness of those educational programs, new production technologies, methods of quality control, innovative strategies for marketing of goods and services, issues relating to the quality of the workplace, and new management and labor relationships. The council shall establish a system for receiving and responding to requests for information in those areas.

Subd. 3. [MATCHING FUNDS.] The council shall seek money or in-kind services from the private sector to match money appropriated by the state for its activities. The council may accept gifts, grants or services from individuals, firms, corporations, foundation or other organizations.

Subd. 4. [CONSULTANTS.] The council shall compile a list of consultants experienced in productivity and quality techniques and education and shall, upon request, provide the names of appropriately qualified consultants to businesses, business organizations, or labor organizations. The list may include the names of individuals, businesses, or organizations willing to provide consulting services without fee to clients selected by the council as an in-kind grant to the council. The council may establish a grant program to assist businesses, business organizations, or labor organizations in need of consulting services, but unable to pay a consulting fee and for which no in-kind grant of services is available.

Subd. 5. [RESEARCH ON QUALITY AND PRODUCTIVITY.] The council must contract with the commissioner of energy and economic development or other individuals or organizations to research and monitor developments in quality and productivity in the state and nation. The research may examine the effect of changes in quality and productivity on the state's economy and seek to identify the type of businesses that could benefit from new techniques to improve quality and productivity.

#### Sec. 4. [REPORT TO GOVERNOR AND LEGISLATURE.]

The council shall report to the governor and legislature by January 15, 1989, on the council's activities. The report shall include:

(1) the means the council used to educate business, labor, and the general public on the importance of quality and productivity;

(2) the number of businesses, business organizations, and labor organizations the council helped to find appropriately qualified consultants;

(3) the amount of private money funds raised to provide funding for the council and its activities;

(4) a summary of the research relating to the effect of quality and productivity improvements on the state's economy; and

(5) recommendations for changes in state policies that may improve quality and productivity in the state.

#### Sec. 5. [APPROPRIATION.]

\$100,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the department of energy and economic development for use by the Minnesota council on quality and productivity for the purposes of sections 1 to 4. \$50,000 of the appropriation is available immediately after the appointment of the council. The commissioner shall place the remainder in a separate account and release money from that account to the council only as an equal match from nonstate sources is verified by the commissioner. Up to three-fifths of the required nonstate match may be the value, as determined by the council, of consulting services provided to businesses, business organizations, or labor organizations through the council.

#### Sec. 6. [REPEALER.]

Sections 1 to 5 are repealed July 1, 1989."

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

H. F. No. 1279, A bill for an act relating to agriculture; transferring authority of the commissioner of energy and economic development relating to governor's council on rural development to the commissioner of agriculture; authorizing loan and grant programs; providing for new members; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 116J.951; 116J.955; and 116J.961, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, and 9; proposing coding for new law in

Minnesota Statutes, chapter 17; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116J.961, subdivision 10.

Reported the same back with the recommendation that the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

H. F. No. 1335, A bill for an act relating to state government; creating the council on Martin Luther King, Jr. holidays and providing for the council's powers and duties; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 44B.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Page 3, after line 17, insert:

"Sec. 2. [APPROPRIATION.]

\$35,000 in fiscal year 1988 and \$35,000 in fiscal year 1989 is appropriated from the general fund for the purpose of implementing section 1."

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 4, after the semicolon insert "appropriating money;"

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

H. F. No. 1465, A bill for an act relating to economic development; providing training and employment for low income seniors; creating the hospitality host older worker tourism program; prescribing duties for the commissioner of the department of jobs and training; appropriating money.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. [FINDINGS.]

The legislature finds that by assisting low income older workers and by increasing the visibility of the tourism industry in Minnesota, local economies, especially in rural areas, and state finances will improve. The legislature further finds that training older workers to advise tourists on tourism opportunities will encourage tourists to spend more time and money in Minnesota.

Sec. 2. [DEFINITIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [SCOPE.] For the purpose of sections 1 to 4, the terms defined in this section have the meanings given them.

Subd. 2. [BOARD.] "Board" means the Minnesota board on aging.

Subd. 3. [LOW INCOME.] "Low income" means an individual whose annual income is less than the United States Office of Management and Budget's poverty level.

Subd. 4. [OLDER WORKER.] "Older worker" means a low income resident who is at least 55 years old.

Sec. 3. [HOSPITALITY HOST OLDER WORKER TOURISM PROGRAM.]

The board shall provide a grant-in-aid to a private nonprofit agency, which has demonstrated experience in working with older workers, tourism, jobs training, and job placement, to sponsor the hospitality host older worker program. The program shall:

- (1) train older workers to be tourist hosts;
- (2) coordinate with other low-income job programs;
- (3) provide a training wage of up to \$4 an hour;
- (4) employ hospitality host older workers for up to six months at wages of \$4 an hour; and
- (5) attempt to place trained hospitality host older workers with private employers.

Sec. 4. [APPROPRIATION.]

\$50,000 for fiscal year 1988 and \$50,000 for fiscal year 1989 is appropriated to the Minnesota board on aging from the general fund for the purpose of implementing sections 1 to 3."

Amend the title accordingly

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Rice moved pursuant to rule 5.10 that S. F. No. 806 and H. F. Nos. 1335, 363, 1465, 1074, 777, 1087, 1109 and 943 meet the requirements of the House Budget Resolution. The motion prevailed.

## SECOND READING OF HOUSE BILLS

H. F. Nos. 176, 363, 566, 578, 777, 835, 886, 1074, 1087, 1109, 1279, 1335 and 1465 were read for the second time.

## MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

The following messages were received from the Senate:

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 137, A bill for an act relating to criminal procedure; providing a procedure for ordering joint or separate trials for jointly charged defendants; permitting the prosecution to offer a rebuttal closing argument; allowing the prosecution and the defense an equal number of peremptory challenges when the offense charged is not punishable by life imprisonment; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 631.07; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 631.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVER, Secretary of the Senate

## CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Kelly moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 137 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 137, A bill for an act relating to criminal procedure; providing a procedure for ordering joint or separate trials for jointly charged defendants; permitting the prosecution to offer a rebuttal closing argument; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section



631.07; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 631.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 127 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gutknecht	Lieder	Osthoff	Simoneau
Bataglia	Hartle	Long	Otis	Skoglund
Bauerly	Haukoos	Marsh	Ozment	Solberg
Beard	Heap	McDonald	Pappas	Sparby
Begich	Himle	McEachern	Pauly	Stanius
Bennett	Hugoson	McKasy	Pelowski	Steensma
Bertram	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Blatz	Jaros	McPherson	Price	Swenson
Boo	Jefferson	Milbert	Quinn	Thiede
Brown	Jennings	Miller	Quist	Tjornhom
Burger	Jensen	Minne	Redalen	Tompkins
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Morrison	Reding	Trimble
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Munger	Rest	Tunheim
Clark	Johnson, V.	Murphy	Rice	Valento
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Richter	Vellenga
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Voss
Dauner	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Wagenius
DeBlick	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Rukavina	Waltman
Dempsey	Kinkel	O'Connor	Sarna	Welle
Dille	Kludt	Ogren	Schafer	Wenzel
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Scheid	Winter
Forsythe	Knuth	Olson, E.	Schoenfeld	Wynia
Frederick	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Schreiber	Spk. Norton
Frerichs	Krueger	Omann	Seaberg	
Greenfield	Larsen	Onnen	Segal	
Gruenes	Lasley	Orenstein	Shaver	

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following Senate Files, herewith transmitted:

S. F. Nos. 834, 1008 and 1479.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

### FIRST READING OF SENATE BILLS

S. F. No. 834, A bill for an act relating to human services; establishing the office of assistant commissioner of mental health;

establishing a state advisory council on mental health; creating a mental health division in the department of human services; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 245.

The bill was read for the first time.

Segal moved that S. F. No. 834 and H. F. No. 829, now on Special Orders, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1008, A bill for an act relating to occupations and professions; providing for the regulation of the practice of chiropractic; providing for peer review of services and fees; providing grounds for license revocation; prescribing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 148.06, subdivision 1; 148.07, subdivision 2; 148.08, subdivision 3; 148.10, subdivisions 1, 3, and by adding a subdivision; and 319A.02, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 148; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 148.101.

The bill was read for the first time.

Ogren moved that S. F. No. 1008 and H. F. No. 939, now on Special Orders, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1479, A bill for an act relating to economic development; establishing the Minnesota council on productivity and quality; assigning its powers and duties; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116J.

The bill was read for the first time.

Otis moved that S. F. No. 1479 and H. F. No. 1109, now on Technical General Orders, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

REPORT FROM THE COMMITTEE ON RULES AND  
LEGISLATIVE ADMINISTRATION

Vanasek, from the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration, pursuant to House Rule No. 1.9, designated the following bills as Special Orders to be acted upon immediately following Special Orders pending for today, Friday, May 15, 1987:

S. F. No. 1029; H. F. Nos. 438 and 1407; S. F. Nos. 1280, 971, 1232, 1272 and 717; H. F. Nos. 12 and 549; S. F. No. 652; H.F. Nos. 1153, 1176 and 1459; S. F. Nos. 317, 1230, 927, 508 and 456; H.F. No. 913;

S. F. No. 63; H. F. Nos. 516, 683 and 944; S. F. No. 451; H. F. No. 1595; S. F. Nos. 465, 1041 and 44.

### SPECIAL ORDERS, Continued

S. F. No. 897 which was temporarily laid over earlier today was again reported to the House.

Jacobs moved to amend S. F. No. 897, as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

“Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 299A.02, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [REPORTS; RULES.] The commissioner shall have power to require periodic factual reports from all licensed importers, manufacturers, wholesalers and retailers of intoxicating liquors and to make all reasonable rules to effect the object of Laws 1985, chapter 305, articles 2 to 11. The rules shall include provisions for assuring the purity of intoxicating liquors and the true statement of its contents and proper labeling thereof with regard to all forms of sale. No rule may require the use of new containers in aging whiskey. No rule may require cordials or liqueurs to contain in excess of two and one-half percent by weight of sugar or dextrose or both. No rule may prohibit wine or other commodities from being offered at wholesale on original or assorted cases with distilled spirits or vice versa.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 340A.101, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. [EXCLUSIVE LIQUOR STORE.] “Exclusive liquor store” is an establishment used exclusively for the sale of intoxicating liquor except for the incidental sale of ice, tobacco, nonintoxicating malt liquor, beverages for mixing with intoxicating liquor, ~~and soft drinks may also be sold,~~ cork extraction devices, and books and videos on the use of alcoholic beverages in the preparation of food, and the establishment may offer recorded or live entertainment ~~and make available coin-operated amusement devices.~~ “Exclusive liquor store” also includes an on-sale or combination on-sale and off-sale intoxicating liquor establishment which sells food for on-premise consumption when authorized by the municipality issuing the license.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 340A.405, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [COUNTIES.] (a) A county may issue an off-sale intoxicating license with the approval of the commissioner to exclusive liquor stores located within unorganized territory of the county.

(b) A county board of any county except Ramsey county containing a town exercising powers under section 368.01, subdivision 1, may issue an off-sale license to an exclusive liquor store within that town with the approval of the commissioner. No license may be issued under this paragraph unless the town board adopts a resolution supporting the issuance of the license.

(c) A county board of any county except Ramsey county containing a town that may not exercise powers under section 368.01, subdivision 1, may issue a combination off-sale and on-sale license to restaurants within that town with the approval of the commissioner pursuant to section 340A.404, subdivision 6. No license may be issued under this paragraph unless the town board adopts a resolution supporting the issuance of the license.

(d) No license may be issued under this subdivision unless a public hearing is held on the issuance of the license. Notice must be given to all interested parties and to any city located within three miles of the premises proposed to be licensed. At the hearing the county board shall consider testimony and exhibits presented by interested parties and may base its decision to issue or deny a license upon the nature of the business to be conducted and its impact upon any municipality, the character and reputation of the applicant, and the propriety of the location. Any hearing held under this paragraph is not subject to chapter 14.

(e) A county board may not issue a license under this subdivision to a person for an establishment located less than three miles by the most direct route from the boundary of any statutory or home rule city except cities of the first class or within Pine, Carver or Kanabec counties within three miles of a statutory or home rule city with a municipal liquor store.

(f) The town board may impose an additional license fee in an amount not to exceed 20 percent of the county license fee.

(g) Notwithstanding any provision of this subdivision or Laws 1973, chapter 566, as amended by Laws 1974, chapter 200, a county board may transfer or renew a license that was issued by a town board under Minnesota Statutes 1984, section 340.11, subdivision 10b prior to January 1, 1985.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 340A.410, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 9. [COIN-OPERATED DEVICES.] Coin-operated amusement devices may not be made available in establishments licensed

solely for the off-sale of intoxicating liquor or municipal stores which sell only at off-sale. An establishment holding a combination on-sale and off-sale license or a municipal liquor store which sells at on-sale and off-sale which makes coin-operated devices available shall keep such devices to the greatest extent practicable in that area of the establishment where on-sales are made.

Sec. 5. [SUNDAY LICENSES; DOUGLAS COUNTY.]

Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, any license for the on-sale of intoxicating liquor on Sundays issued by Douglas county to an establishment located in a town in which an election under Minnesota Statutes, section 340A.504, subdivision 3, clauses (d) and (e), has not been held may continue in effect and be renewed until the date of the next town meeting, and may continue in effect and be renewed after that date if the issuance of Sunday intoxicating liquor on-sale licenses is approved by the voters of the town at that town meeting.

Sec. 6. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 34.119, 34.12, 34.13, and 34.14 are repealed.

Sec. 7. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Section 5 is effective on approval by the Douglas county board and compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivision 3."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to intoxicating liquor; limitation on rule-making authority of commissioner; items which may be sold in exclusive liquor stores; specifying counties where certain restrictions on license location apply; specifying establishments where coin-operated devices may not be kept; providing for the continuation of certain licenses in Douglas county; repealing restrictions on beer content; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 299A.02, subdivision 3; 340A.101, subdivision 10; 340A.405, subdivision 2; 340A.410, by adding a subdivision; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986; sections 34.119; 34.12; 34.13; and 34.14."

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Orenstein was excused while in conference.

Ogren offered an amendment to S. F. No. 897, as amended.

## POINT OF ORDER

Olsen, S., raised a point of order pursuant to rule 3.10 that the Ogren amendment was not in order. Speaker pro tempore Simoneau ruled the point of order well taken and the amendment out of order.

Sparby moved to amend S. F. No. 897, as amended, as follows:

Page 3 of the Jacobs amendment, line 10, after "Carver" insert "Red Lake"

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Olsen, S., moved to amend S. F. No. 897, as amended, as follows:

Page 1 of the Jacobs amendment, delete lines 16, 17 and 18

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Jacobs moved that S. F. No. 897, as amended, be returned to General Orders. The motion prevailed.

Riveness moved that the remaining bills on Special Orders for today be continued one day. The motion prevailed.

## GENERAL ORDERS

Riveness moved that the bills on General Orders for today be continued one day. The motion prevailed.

## MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS

Otis moved that the name of Winter be added as an author on H. F. No. 1109. The motion prevailed.

Larsen moved that the name of Gutknecht be added as an author on H. F. No. 1505. The motion prevailed.

Orenstein moved that a statement be printed in the permanent Journal of the House.

Following is the statement: "I was excused pursuant to the Rules of the House while in Conference Committee when the final vote was

taken on H. F. No. 715, as amended by the Senate. Had I been present, I would have voted yea." The motion prevailed.

Beard moved that S. F. No. 587 be recalled from the Committee on Appropriations and together with H. F. No. 578, now on Technical General Orders, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

Munger moved that S. F. No. 841 be recalled from the Committee on Appropriations and together with H. F. No. 886, now on Technical General Orders, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

Gruenes moved that the name of Bauerly be shown as chief author and the name of Gruenes be shown as second author on H. F. No. 57. The motion prevailed.

Pappas moved that H. F. No. 455 be returned to its author. The motion prevailed.

Vanasek introduced:

House Concurrent Resolution No. 11, A House concurrent resolution relating to adjournment of the Senate and House of Representatives until 1988.

The concurrent resolution was referred to the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration.

#### PROTEST AND DISSENT

Minnesota House Speaker Fred Norton's dictatorial conduct on May 14, 1987, by gagging minority House members has compelled the undersigned to register this protest and dissent pursuant to Article IV, Section 11 of the Minnesota Constitution.

This abuse of power peaked during House floor debate on H. F. No. 756, a DFL bill to rig elections by highlighting DFL candidates' names in an appealing color on the ballots. Fifty members of the IR minority, joined by 21 DFLers, objected and the bill failed on a bipartisan vote of 60-71. The motion to reconsider the bill compelled IRs to renew the debate. We objected to making major revisions in election law that no committee has heard and no public groups have had opportunity to comment on. We objected to the unfair advantage the bill would give DFLers in state elections. We objected to the role that Attorney General Skip Humphrey, a likely candidate in next year's U. S. Senate elections, had in helping this bill take shape. We

objected to the self-serving DFL attempt to undercut Minnesota's tradition of conducting clean and honest elections. One IR member, Elton Redalen of Fountain, firmly committed to opposing this method of legislating and this unfair election law proposal, held the floor for nearly five hours and vowed not to relinquish it until the DFL withdrew its bill.

The speeches and debate led by Representative Redalen were stopped when the DFL Majority Leader raised a point of order which the Speaker upheld without giving the IR Minority any opportunity to advise on or respond to. The majority then closed off debate with a motion that appears to have never been used before in the history of the House.

This "gag" on objections to a bill that would rig elections comes on the heels of other gags and oppressive actions by the Speaker. By stripping members of his own party of committee assignments for voting "No" on a major bill, he has told all DFL legislators they better toe the DFL Caucus line rather than vote in the interests of their districts or they, too, will be punished. More flagrantly abusive is the Speaker's recent bizarre ruling declaring a minority report out of order, thereby depriving us of the chance to offer alternatives.

Because the rights of the minority have been abused and the voices of dissent intimidated in this legislative session, the integrity of the democracy which has made this state strong has been seriously breached. We speak of the high principles of self-government, of the foundation of ethics, traditions and fundamental doctrines upon which our representative form of state government is based. We defend the right of every member to speak within the Rules of the House, and we defend Minnesotans' right to have their voices heard through ours.

But on May 14, 1987, the light of democracy in Minnesota was dimmed. The voices of legislators were silenced against their wills.

Signed:

Elton Redalen  
Bill Schreiber  
John Himle  
Gary Schafer  
Paul Thiede  
Kathleen Blatz  
K. J. McDonald  
Eileen Tompkins  
Dean Hartle  
Tony Bennett  
Donald J. Valento  
Dale Clausnitzer

Doug Swenson  
Bob Waltman  
Virgil Johnson  
Sylvester Uphus  
Tony Onnen  
Steve Sviggum  
Harriet McPherson  
Allen Quist  
Doug Carlson  
Bob Haukoos  
Marcus Marsh  
Dave Gruenes



Sidney Pauly  
Chris Tjornhom  
Bernie Omann  
Gene Hugoson  
Dave Bishop  
Craig Shaver  
Gil Gutknecht  
Howard Miller  
Don Richter  
Connie Morrison  
Marcel "Sal" Frederick  
Dennis J. Poppenhagen  
Bert J. McKasy

Dennis Ozment  
John Burger  
Sally Olsen  
Jerry Knickerbocker  
Jim Heap  
Terry Dempsey  
Don Frerichs  
Mary Forsythe  
Steve Dille  
John Rose  
Brad Stanius  
Ben Boo  
Art Seaberg

#### ADJOURNMENT

Riveness moved that when the House adjourns today it adjourn until 10:00 a.m., Saturday, May 16, 1987. The motion prevailed.

Riveness moved that the House adjourn. The motion prevailed, and the Speaker declared the House stands adjourned until 10:00 a.m., Saturday, May 16, 1987.

EDWARD A. BURDICK, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

## STATE OF MINNESOTA

## SEVENTY-FIFTH SESSION—1987

## FIFTY-FOURTH DAY

SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MAY 16, 1987

The House of Representatives convened at 10:00 a.m. and was called to order by Wayne Simoneau, Speaker pro tempore of the House.

Prayer was offered by the Reverend Larry Mens, United Methodist Church, Minneapolis Native American Ministries, Minneapolis, Minnesota.

The roll was called and the following members were present:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Larsen	Orenstein	Seaberg
Anderson, R.	Gruenes	Lasley	Osthoff	Segal
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Lieder	Otis	Shaver
Bauerly	Hartle	Long	Ozment	Simoneau
Beard	Haukoos	Marsh	Pappas	Skoglund
Begich	Heap	McDonald	Pauly	Solberg
Bennett	Himle	McEachern	Pelowski	Sparby
Bertram	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Peterson	Stanius
Bishop	Jacobs	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Steensma
Blatz	Jaros	Milbert	Price	Sviggum
Boo	Jefferson	Miller	Quinn	Swenson
Brown	Jennings	Minne	Quist	Thiede
Burger	Jensen	Morrison	Redalen	Trimble
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Reding	Tunheim
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rest	Uphus
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Valento
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Richter	Vellenga
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Voss
Dauner	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Waltman
DeBlieck	Kelso	O'Connor	Rose	Welle
Dempsey	Kinkel	Ogren	Rukavina	Wenzel
Dille	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Winter
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Schafer	Wynia
Forsythe	Knuth	Olson, K.	Scheid	Spk. Norton
Frederick	Kostohryz	Omamm	Schoenfeld	
Frerichs	Krueger	Onnen	Schreiber	

A quorum was present.

McKasy and Tompkins were excused.

Tjornhom was excused until 10:45 a.m. Wagenius was excused until 11:15 a.m. Vanasek was excused until 12:00 noon. Carlson, D., was excused until 1:20 p.m.

The Chief Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding day. McDonald moved that further reading of the Journal be dispensed with and that the Journal be approved as corrected by the Chief Clerk. The motion prevailed.

Anderson, R., was excused while in conference.

#### REPORTS OF CHIEF CLERK

Pursuant to Rules of the House, printed copies of H. F. Nos. 1203, 566, 1279, 578, 169, 794, 176, 363, 1109, 835, 777, 1087, 886, 1074, 1465, 1335, 1219 and 1499 and S. F. Nos. 682, 69, 1184, 478, 905, 1203, 405, 514, 1524, 612, 858, 1202, 1345, 1437, 834, 1008, 897 and 1479 have been placed in the members' files.

S. F. No. 905 and H. F. No. 379, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

#### SUSPENSION OF RULES

Neuenschwander moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 905 be substituted for H. F. No. 379 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1524 and H. F. No. 1645, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

#### SUSPENSION OF RULES

Kalis moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 1524 be substituted for H. F. No. 1645 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1202 and H. F. No. 1407, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

#### SUSPENSION OF RULES

Kahn moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 1202 be substituted for H. F. No. 1407 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 514 and H. F. No. 516, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

#### SUSPENSION OF RULES

Wynia moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 514 be substituted for H. F. No. 516 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 858 and H. F. No. 302, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

#### SUSPENSION OF RULES

Nelson, D., moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 858 be substituted for H. F. No. 302 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1203 and H. F. No. 1095, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

#### SUSPENSION OF RULES

Anderson, G., moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 1203 be substituted for H. F. No. 1095 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1437 and H. F. No. 1453, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

#### SUSPENSION OF RULES

Reding moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 1437 be substituted for H. F. No. 1453 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1345 and H. F. No. 1595, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

## SUSPENSION OF RULES

Solberg moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 1345 be substituted for H. F. No. 1595 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 834 and H. F. No. 829, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

## SUSPENSION OF RULES

Segal moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 834 be substituted for H. F. No. 829 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1008 and H. F. No. 939, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

## SUSPENSION OF RULES

Ogren moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 1008 be substituted for H. F. No. 939 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 587 and H. F. No. 578, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical.

Beard moved that S. F. No. 587 be substituted for H. F. No. 578 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1479 and H. F. No. 1109, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

## SUSPENSION OF RULES

Otis moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 1479 be substituted for H. F. No. 1109 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 841 and H. F. No. 886, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

## SUSPENSION OF RULES

Munger moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 841 be substituted for H. F. No. 886 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

**REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES**

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

S. F. No. 1223, A bill for an act relating to state departments and agencies; creating a commission for the quincentennial of the Hispanic presence in the western hemisphere.

Reported the same back with the recommendation that the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

**SECOND READING OF SENATE BILLS**

S. F. Nos. 905, 1524, 1202, 514, 858, 1203, 1437, 1345, 834, 1008, 587, 1479, 841 and 1223 were read for the second time.

**INTRODUCTION AND FIRST READING  
OF HOUSE BILLS**

The following House Files were introduced:

Cooper, Brown, Bertram, Dauner and Winter introduced:

H. F. No. 1676, A bill for an act relating to agriculture; requiring agricultural contracts to comply with the plain language contract act; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 325G.30, by adding subdivisions; 325G.31; 325G.32; 325G.33, subdivision 2; 325G.34, subdivisions 3, 4, and 5; 325G.35, subdivisions 1, 3, and 5; and 325G.36.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Commerce.

Segal; Knuth; McEachern; Nelson, K., and Kelso introduced:

H. F. No. 1677, A bill for an act relating to education; requiring the department of education to study alternative methods of financing elementary and secondary education.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Education.

Johnson, A.; Simoneau and Otis introduced:

H. F. No. 1678, A bill for an act relating to housing; requiring written disclosure of defects in residential housing before sale of that housing; providing for the form, delivery, and effect of disclosure; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 327D.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Economic Development and Housing.

Kelso, Schafer and McEachern introduced:

H. F. No. 1679, A bill for an act relating to education; providing that community education directors and coordinators are not required to hold a license; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 121.88, subdivision 1.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Education.

Clark and Kahn introduced:

H. F. No. 1680, A bill for an act relating to health; prohibiting law enforcement officers from removing emergency identifying devices or cards from disabled persons; clarifying the crime of disorderly conduct; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 145.853, subdivision 2; and 609.72, subdivision 1.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.

#### HOUSE ADVISORIES

The following House Advisories were introduced:

Nelson, D.; Blatz; Kelly and McKasy introduced:

H. A. No. 48, A proposal to study the Minnesota government data practices act.

The advisory was referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

O'Connor, Carruthers, Frerichs, Ogren and Sarna introduced:

H. A. No. 49, A proposal to study consumer interest rate regulation.

The advisory was referred to the Committee on Commerce.

Orenstein, Bishop, Kludt, Kelly and Carruthers introduced:

H. A. No. 50, A proposal to examine the workload of the state judicial branch.

The advisory was referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

### MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

The following messages were received from the Senate:

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 230, A bill for an act relating to elections; authorizing combination of certain municipalities for election purposes; providing mail balloting; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 204B.14, subdivisions 2, 4, 5, and by adding a subdivision; 204B.21, subdivision 2; and 204B.22, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 204B.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVERN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 854, A bill for an act relating to judgments; clarifying the procedure and cost for filing foreign judgments; clarifying the procedure to be used in securing a judgment and execution; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 548.27; 548.30; 549.09; and 550.04.



The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate accedes to the request of the House for the appointment of a Conference Committee on the amendments adopted by the Senate to the following House File:

H. F. No. 1138, A bill for an act relating to small business; requiring use of certain socially and economically disadvantaged subcontractors; removing a five-year eligibility limitation; modifying the definition of small business; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 16B.19, subdivision 6; 16B.22; and 645.445, subdivisions 2 and 3.

The Senate has appointed as such committee:

Ms. Peterson, D. C.; Mrs. Adkins and Mr. Storm.

Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate accedes to the request of the House for the appointment of a Conference Committee on the amendments adopted by the Senate to the following House File:

H. F. No. 1015, A bill for an act relating to motorboat safety; providing for enforcement of sanctions for operation of a motorboat while under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 361.121, subdivisions 2 and 3, and by adding subdivisions.

The Senate has appointed as such committee:

Ms. Peterson, D. C.; Messrs. Merriam and Ramstad.

Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate accedes to the request of the House for the appointment of a Conference Committee on the amendments adopted by the Senate to the following House File:

H. F. No. 919, A bill for an act relating to public administration; authorizing spending to acquire and to better public land and buildings and other public improvements of a capital nature with certain conditions; authorizing issuance of state and local bonds; authorizing levies; imposing taxes; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 297.13, subdivision 1; and 297.26; 297A.01, subdivision 3; 297A.44, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 16A and 124; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 240A.

The Senate has appointed as such committee:

Messrs. Merriam; Freeman; Solon; Johnson, D. E., and Moe, R. D.

Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVER, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 444, A bill for an act relating to insurance; regulating funeral and burial expenses; allowing persons to select funeral or burial services and supplies of their choice; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 72A.325.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVER, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Sparby moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 444 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 444, A bill for an act relating to insurance; regulating funeral and burial expenses; allowing persons to select funeral or burial services and supplies of their choice; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 72A.325.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 116 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Lasley	Otis	Simoneau
Bauerly	Gutknecht	Lieder	Ozment	Skoglund
Beard	Hartle	Marsh	Pappas	Solberg
Begich	Haukoos	McDonald	Pauly	Sparby
Bennett	Heap	McEachern	Pelowski	Stanius
Bertram	Hugoson	McPherson	Peterson	Steensma
Blatz	Jacobs	Milbert	Price	Sviggum
Boo	Jaros	Miller	Quinn	Swenson
Brown	Jefferson	Minne	Redalen	Thiede
Burger	Jennings	Morrison	Reding	Trimble
Carlson, L.	Jensen	Munger	Rest	Tunheim
Carruthers	Johnson, A.	Murphy	Rice	Uphus
Clark	Johnson, R.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Valento
Clausnitzer	Johnson, V.	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Vellenga
Cooper	Kalis	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Voss
Dauner	Kelly	O'Connor	Rose	Waltman
DeBlicck	Kelso	Ogren	Rukavina	Wenzel
Dempsey	Kinkel	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Wintner
Dille	Kludt	Olson, E.	Schafer	Wynia
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olson, K.	Scheid	Spk. Norton
Forsythe	Knuth	Omman	Schoenfeld	
Frederick	Kostohryz	Onnen	Schreiber	
Frerichs	Krueger	Orenstein	Seaberg	
Greenfield	Larsen	Osthoff	Segal	

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 1252, A bill for an act relating to eminent domain; authorizing court having jurisdiction over an eminent domain proceeding to compel occupants of condemned real estate to deliver possession; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 117.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Clark moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 1252 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1252, A bill for an act relating to eminent domain; authorizing court having jurisdiction over an eminent domain proceeding to compel occupants of condemned real estate to deliver possession; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 117.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 99 yeas and 18 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Forsythe	Lasley	Osthoff	Segal
Battaglia	Greenfield	Lieder	Otis	Simoneau
Bauerly	Hartle	Marsh	Ozment	Skoglund
Beard	Heap	McEachern	Pappas	Solberg
Begich	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Pelowski	Sparby
Bennett	Jaros	Milbert	Peterson	Stanius
Bertram	Jefferson	Minne	Price	Steensma
Bishop	Jensen	Morrison	Quinn	Swenson
Blatz	Johnson, A.	Munger	Redalen	Trimble
Brown	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Reding	Tunheim
Burger	Kalis	Nelson, C.	Rest	Uphus
Carlson, L.	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Rice	Valento
Carruthers	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Riveness	Vellenga
Clark	Kinkel	O'Connor	Rodosovich	Voss
Cooper	Kludt	Ogren	Rose	Welle
Dauner	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Rukavina	Wenzel
DeBleek	Knuth	Olson, E.	Sarna	Winter
Dempsey	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Scheid	Wynia
Dille	Krueger	Omann	Schoenfeld	Spk. Norton
Dorn	Larsen	Orenstein	Schreiber	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Boo	Gutknecht	McDonald	Pauly	Thiede
Clausnitzer	Haukoos	McPherson	Richter	Waltman
Frederick	Hugoson	Miller	Schafer	
Frerichs	Johnson, V.	Onnen	Sviggum	

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 1030, A bill for an act relating to water pollution; providing for grants and loans for the construction and rehabilitation of wastewater treatment facilities and systems; authorizing rulemaking; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 116.16, subdivision 5; 116.167; 116.18, subdivisions 2a, 3a, and by adding

subdivisions; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Munger moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 1030 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1030, A bill for an act relating to water pollution; providing for grants and loans for the construction and rehabilitation of wastewater treatment facilities and systems; authorizing rulemaking; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116.18, by adding subdivisions; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 127 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gutknecht	Lieder	Otis	Shaver
Battaglia	Hartle	Long	Ozment	Simoneau
Bauerly	Haukoos	Marsh	Pappas	Skoglund
Beard	Heap	McDonald	Pauly	Solberg
Begich	Himle	McEachern	Pelowski	Sparby
Bennett	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Peterson	Stanius
Bertram	Jacobs	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Steensma
Bishop	Jaros	Milbert	Price	Sviggum
Blatz	Jefferson	Miller	Quinn	Swenson
Brown	Jennings	Minne	Quist	Thiede
Burger	Jensen	Morrison	Redalen	Tjornhom
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Reding	Trimble
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rest	Tunheim
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Uphus
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Richter	Valento
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Vellenga
Dauner	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Voss
DeBlicck	Kelso	O'Connor	Rose	Waltman
Dempsey	Kinkel	Ogren	Rukavina	Welle
Dille	Kludd	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Wenzel
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Schafer	Winter
Forsythe	Knuth	Olson, K.	Scheid	Wynia
Frederick	Kostohryz	Omamm	Schoenfeld	Spk. Norton
Frerichs	Krueger	Onnen	Schreiber	
Greenfield	Larsen	Orenstein	Seaberg	
Gruenes	Lasley	Osthoff	Segal	

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 834, A bill for an act relating to natural resources; providing for the deposit of receipts from private forest management services into the forest management fund; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 88.79, subdivision 2; and 89.04.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Solberg moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 834 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 834, A bill for an act relating to natural resources; providing for the deposit of receipts from private forest management services into the forest management fund; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 88.79, subdivision 2; and 89.04.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 128 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Dorn	Kalis	Morrison	Peterson
Battaglia	Forsythe	Kelly	Munger	Poppenhagen
Bauerly	Frederick	Kelso	Murphy	Price
Beard	Frerichs	Kinkel	Nelson, C.	Quinn
Begich	Greenfield	Kludt	Nelson, D.	Quist
Bennett	Gruenes	Knickerbocker	Nelson, K.	Redalen
Bertram	Gutknecht	Knuth	Neuenschwander	Reding
Bishop	Hartle	Kostohryz	O'Connor	Rest
Blatz	Haukoos	Krueger	Ogren	Rice
Boo	Heap	Larsen	Olsen, S.	Richter
Brown	Himle	Lasley	Olson, E.	Riveness
Burger	Hugoson	Lieder	Olson, K.	Rodosovich
Carlson, L.	Jacobs	Long	Omann	Rose
Carruthers	Jaros	Marsh	Ornen	Rukavina
Clark	Jefferson	McDonald	Orenstein	Sarna
Clausnitzer	Jennings	McEachern	Osthoff	Schafer
Cooper	Jensen	McLaughlin	Otis	Scheid
Dauner	Johnson, A.	McPherson	Ozment	Schoenfeld
DeBlicek	Johnson, R.	Milbert	Pappas	Schreiber
Dempsey	Johnson, V.	Miller	Pauly	Seaberg
Dille	Kahn	Minne	Pelowski	Segal

Shaver	Stanius	Tjornhom	Vellenga	Winter
Simoneau	Steensma	Trimble	Voss	Wynia
Skoglund	Swiggum	Tunheim	Waltman	Spk. Norton
Solberg	Swenson	Uphus	Welle	
Sparby	Thiede	Valento	Wenzel	

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 1113, A bill for an act relating to state departments and agencies; abolishing the Minnesota humane society as a state agency and authorizing its formation as a state federation of county and district societies; providing for the powers and duties of county and district societies and for the prevention of cruelty to animals; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 16B.51, subdivision 1; 43A.27, subdivision 2; 343.01; 343.06; 343.10; 343.12; 343.22, subdivision 1; 343.29, subdivision 1; 346.37, subdivision 6; and 347.37; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 343.08.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Kludt moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 1113 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1113, A bill for an act relating to state departments and agencies; abolishing the Minnesota humane society as a state agency and authorizing its formation as a state federation of county and district societies; providing for the powers and duties of county and district societies and for the prevention of cruelty to animals; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 16B.51, subdivision 1; 43A.27, subdivision 2; 343.01; 343.06; 343.10; 343.11; 343.12; 343.22, subdivision 1; 343.29, subdivision 1; 346.37, subdivision 6; and 347.37; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 343.08.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 123 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gutknecht	Lieder	Otis	Segal
Battaglia	Hartle	Long	Ozment	Shaver
Bauerly	Haukoos	Marsh	Pappas	Simoneau
Beard	Heap	McDonald	Pauly	Skoglund
Begich	Himle	McEachern	Pelowski	Solberg
Bennett	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Peterson	Sparby
Bertram	Jacobs	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Stanius
Bishop	Jaros	Milbert	Price	Steenasma
Blatz	Jefferson	Miller	Quinn	Sviggum
Brown	Jennings	Minne	Quist	Swenson
Burger	Jensen	Morrison	Redalen	Thiede
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Reding	Tjornhom
Clark	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rest	Trimble
Clausnitzer	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Tunheim
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Richter	Uphus
Dauner	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Valento
DeBlicck	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Vallenga
Dempsey	Kinkel	O'Connor	Rose	Waltman
Dille	Kludt	Ogren	Rukavina	Welle
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Wenzel
Forsythe	Knuth	Olsen, E.	Schafer	Winter
Frederick	Kostohryz	Olsen, K.	Scheid	Wynia
Frerichs	Krueger	Omann	Schoenfeld	Spk. Norton
Greenfield	Larsen	Onnen	Schreiber	
Gruenes	Lasley	Orenstein	Seaberg	

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Rodosovich was excused while in conference.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 1127, A bill for an act relating to utilities; providing for the establishment of flexible gas utility rates for certain customers subject to effective competition; requiring the department of public service to conduct a study; providing for recovery of study costs; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 216B.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Osthoff moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 1127 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1127, A bill for an act relating to utilities; providing for the establishment of flexible gas utility rates for certain customers subject to effective competition; requiring the department of public



service to conduct a study; appropriating money; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 216B.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 126 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Krueger	Onnen	Schreiber
Battaglia	Gruenes	Larsen	Orenstein	Seaberg
Bauerly	Gutknecht	Lasley	Osthoff	Segal
Beard	Hartle	Lieder	Otis	Shaver
Begich	Haukoos	Long	Ozment	Simoneau
Bennett	Heap	Marsh	Pappas	Skoglund
Bertram	Himle	McDonald	Pauly	Solberg
Bishop	Hugoson	McEachern	Pelowski	Sparby
Blatz	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Peterson	Stanius
Boo	Jaros	Milbert	Poppenhagen	Steensma
Brown	Jefferson	Miller	Price	Sviggum
Burger	Jennings	Minne	Quinn	Swenson
Carlson, L.	Jensen	Morrison	Quist	Thiede
Carruthers	Johnson, A.	Munger	Redalen	Tjornhom
Clark	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Reding	Trimble
Clausnitzer	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Rest	Tunheim
Cooper	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Rice	Uphus
Dauner	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Richter	Valento
DeBlieck	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Riveness	Vellenga
Dempsey	Kelso	O'Connor	Rose	Voss
Dille	Kinkel	Ogren	Rukavina	Waltman
Dorn	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Welle
Forsythe	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Schafer	Wenzel
Frederick	Knuth	Olson, K.	Scheid	Winter
Frerichs	Kostohryz	Omann	Schoenfeld	Wynia
				Spk. Norton

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 1542, A bill for an act relating to unemployment compensation; making various technical and housekeeping changes; defining "wages"; regulating benefits and contributions; providing for the administration of the unemployment compensation law; providing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 268.04, subdivisions 9, 12, 24, 25, 26, 29, and by adding subdivisions; 268.06, subdivisions 2, 3a, 5, 6, 8, 19, 20, 22, and 24; 268.07, subdivision 3; 268.08, subdivisions 3, 3a, and by adding a subdivision; 268.09, subdivisions 1 and 3; 268.12, subdivision 8; 268.121; 268.15, subdivision 3; 268.16, subdivision 2, and by adding subdivi-

sions; 268.161, subdivisions 1, 8, 9, and by adding a subdivision; 268.18, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and by adding a subdivision; 268.65, subdivision 5; 270A.09, by adding a subdivision; and 508.25; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 268; and repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.24.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

O'Connor moved that the House refuse to concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 1542, that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 3 members of the House, and that the House requests that a like committee be appointed by the Senate to confer on the disagreeing votes of the two houses. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 291, A bill for an act relating to financial institutions; regulating incorporations and operations of banks; requiring approval of certain insider agreements; regulating acquisitions by bank holding companies; authorizing the commissioner to borrow money to satisfy obligations of certain closed institutions; regulating bank or trust company investments; regulating claims against liquidated institutions; providing for the organization of credit unions; regulating interest and dividends paid on deposits; regulating industrial loan and thrifts; providing for the submission of certain reports; modifying the maximum allowable interest rate on certain loans used to satisfy the balances owed on contracts for deed; requiring the periodic examination of collection agencies; regulating consumer deficiency judgments; modifying the examination requirement for safe deposit companies and insurance premium finance companies; regulating motor vehicle installment sales; regulating bank applications; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 46.041; 46.042; 46.07, subdivision 2; 46.131, subdivision 9; 47.10, subdivision 3, and by adding a subdivision; 47.204, subdivision 1; 47.205, subdivisions 2 and 4; 48.055, subdivision 5; 48.15, subdivision 2; 48.51; 48.61, subdivisions 3 and 5; 48.92, subdivision 10; 48.97, subdivision 2; 48.98, subdivision 1; 48.99, subdivision 1; 49.04, subdivision 1; 49.05, by adding a subdivision; 49.24, subdivision 5; 51A.58; 52.01; 52.02, subdivision 3; 52.09, subdivision 2; 52.18; 53.04, subdivisions 3a and 5; 53.09, subdivision 2; 55.095; 55.15; 56.12; 59A.06, subdivision 3; 168.66, subdivisions 5 and 9; 168.705; 168.71; 168.72, subdivisions 1 and 4; 168.73; 168.74; 325G.36; and 332.29, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in

Minnesota Statutes, chapters 46 and 47; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 48.60 and 55.13.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVER, Secretary of the Senate

Winter moved that the House refuse to concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 291, that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 3 members of the House, and that the House requests that a like committee be appointed by the Senate to confer on the disagreeing votes of the two houses. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

S. F. No. 184.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVER, Secretary of the Senate

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S. F. NO. 184

A bill for an act relating to utilities; trade practices; restricting use and connection of automatic dialing-announcing devices to telephone lines; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 325E.

May 14, 1987

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S. F. No. 184, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House recede from its amendment and that S. F. No. 184 be further amended as follows:

Page 1, after line 19, insert:

"Subd. 4. [COMMERCIAL TELEPHONE SOLICITATION.]  
"Commercial telephone solicitation" means any unsolicited call to a  
residential subscriber when the person initiating the call has not  
had a prior business or personal relationship with the subscriber,  
and when the purpose of the call is to solicit the purchase or the  
consideration of purchase of goods or services by the subscriber.  
Commercial telephone solicitation does not include calls initiated by  
organizations listed in section 290.21, subdivision 3, clauses (a) to  
(e)."

Renumber the remaining subdivision

Page 2, line 6, delete "does" and insert "and section 5 do"

Page 2, line 7, delete everything after "(2)" and insert "messages  
to subscribers with whom the caller has a current business or  
personal relationship"

Page 2, delete line 8

Page 2, line 9, delete everything before the comma

Page 2, after line 28, insert:

"Sec. 5. [325E.30] [TIME OF DAY LIMIT.]

A caller shall not use an automatic dialing-announcing device nor  
make any commercial telephone solicitation before 9:00 a.m. or after  
9:00 p.m."

Page 2, line 29, delete "5" and insert "6"

Page 2, line 30, delete "4" and insert "5"

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: ALLAN H. SPEAR, WILLIAM V. BELANGER, JR., AND  
GREGORY L. DAHL.

House Conferees: JOSEPH QUINN, KAREN CLARK AND JOHN SARNA.

Quinn moved that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F.  
No. 184 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the  
Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 184, A bill for an act relating to utilities; trade practices; restricting use and connection of automatic dialing-announcing devices to telephone lines; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 325E.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 123 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Lieder	Ozment	Simoneau
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Marsh	Pappas	Skoglund
Bauerly	Hartle	McDonald	Pauly	Solberg
Beard	Haukoos	McEachern	Pelowski	Sparby
Begich	Heap	McLaughlin	Peterson	Stanius
Bennett	Himle	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Steensma
Bertram	Hugoson	Milbert	Price	Sviggum
Bishop	Jacobs	Miller	Quinn	Swenson
Boo	Jaros	Minne	Quist	Thiede
Brown	Jefferson	Morrison	Redalen	Tjornhom
Burger	Jennings	Munger	Reding	Trimble
Carlson, L.	Jensen	Murphy	Rest	Tunheim
Carruthers	Johnson, A.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Uphus
Clark	Johnson, R.	Nelson, D.	Richter	Valento
Clausnitzer	Johnson, V.	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Vellenga
Cooper	Kalis	Neuenschwander	Rose	Voss
Dauner	Kelly	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
DeBlieck	Kinkel	Ogren	Sarna	Waltman
Dempsey	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Welle
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Scheid	Wenzel
Dorn	Knuth	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Omann	Schreiber	Wynia
Frederick	Krueger	Onnen	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Frerichs	Larsen	Orenstein	Segal	
Greenfield	Lasley	Otis	Shaver	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

S. F. No. 785.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S. F. NO. 785

A bill for an act relating to crimes; eliminating consent defense to charge of depriving another of parental rights; allowing filing of

felony charges before 14 days have elapsed; increasing penalty for depriving another of parental rights; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 609.26, subdivisions 2, 5, and 6.

May 14, 1987

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S. F. No. 785, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House recede from its amendment and that S. F. No. 785 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 609.26, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [DEFENSES.] No person violates subdivision 1 if the action:

(1) is taken to protect the child from physical or sexual assault or substantial emotional harm;

(2) is taken to protect the person taking the action from physical or sexual assault;

(3) is consented to by the parent, stepparent, or legal custodian seeking prosecution, but consent to custody or specific visitation is not consent to the action of failing to return or concealing a minor child; or

(4) is otherwise authorized by a court order issued prior to the violation of subdivision 1.

The defenses provided in this subdivision are in addition to and do not limit other defenses available under this chapter or chapter 611.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 609.26, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [DISMISSAL OF CHARGE.] A felony charge brought under this section shall be dismissed if:

(a) the person voluntarily returns the child within 14 days after taking, detaining, or failing to return the child in violation of this section; or

(b)(1) the person taking the action and the child have not left the state of Minnesota; and (2) within a period of 14 days after taking the action, (i) a motion or proceeding under chapter 518, 518A, 518B, or 518C is commenced by the person taking the action, or (ii) the attorney representing the person taking the action has consented to service of process by the party whose rights are being deprived, for any motion or action pursuant to chapter 518, 518A, 518B, or 518C.

Clause (a) does not apply if the person returns the child as a result of being located by law enforcement authorities.

This subdivision does not prohibit the filing of felony charges or an offense report before the expiration of the 14 days.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 609.26, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [PENALTY.] Except as otherwise provided in subdivision 5, whoever violates this section may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than ~~one year and one day~~ two years or to payment of a fine of ~~\$3,000~~ \$4,000, or both."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to crimes; restricting consent defense to charge of depriving another of parental rights; allowing filing of felony charges before 14 days have elapsed; increasing penalty for depriving another of parental rights; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 609.26, subdivisions 2, 5, and 6."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: DONNA C. PETERSON, WILLIAM V. BELLANGER, JR., AND LAWRENCE J. POGEMILLER

House Conferees: GLORIA M. SEGAL, TERRY M. DEMPSEY AND RANDY C. KELLY.

Segal moved that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 785 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 785, A bill for an act relating to crimes; eliminating consent defense to charge of depriving another of parental rights; allowing filing of felony charges before 14 days have elapsed; increasing penalty for depriving another of parental rights; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 609.26, subdivisions 2, 5, and 6.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 121 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Frerichs	Kostohryz	Omann	Schreiber
Battaglia	Greenfield	Krueger	Onnen	Seaberg
Bauerly	Gruenes	Larsen	Orenstein	Segal
Beard	Gutknecht	Lasley	Otis	Shaver
Begich	Hartle	Lieder	Ozment	Simoneau
Bennett	Haukoos	Marsh	Pappas	Skoglund
Bertram	Heap	McEachern	Pauly	Solberg
Bishop	Himle	McLaughlin	Pelowski	Stanius
Blatz	Hugoson	McPherson	Peterson	Steensma
Boo	Jacobs	Milbert	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Brown	Jaros	Miller	Price	Swenson
Burger	Jefferson	Minne	Quinn	Thiede
Carlson, L.	Jennings	Morrison	Quist	Tjornhom
Carruthers	Jensen	Munger	Redalen	Trimble
Clark	Johnson, A.	Murphy	Reding	Tunheim
Clausnitzer	Johnson, R.	Nelson, C.	Rest	Uphus
Cooper	Johnson, V.	Nelson, D.	Rice	Valento
Dauner	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Richter	Vellenga
DeBlicck	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Riveness	Voss
Dempsey	Kelso	O'Connor	Rose	Wagnius
Dille	Kinkel	Ogren	Rukavina	Waltman
Dorn	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Welle
Forsythe	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Schafer	Wenzel
Frederick	Knuth	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Winter
				Spk. Norton

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

S. F. No. 911.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate



## CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S. F. NO. 911

A bill for an act relating to education; requiring school districts to make available instruction in Braille reading and writing to blind pupils; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 126.

May 14, 1987

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S. F. No. 911, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House recede from its amendment and that S. F. No. 911 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. [126.071] [BRAILLE-INSTRUCTION.]

Subdivision 1. [AVAILABILITY.] A school district shall make available, to a blind pupil, instruction in Braille reading and writing as specified under subdivisions 2 and 3. A blind pupil is a pupil who is blind as defined in section 290.06, subdivision 3f, paragraph (4), clause (e).

Subd. 2. [ASSESSMENT.] A reading and writing assessment of a child identified as a blind child must be done at least once every three years. The person who performs the assessment must be mutually agreed upon by the school district and the parent. The assessment must be in writing and must recommend whether or not instruction in Braille reading and writing should be commenced or continued for the assessed child. The commissioner of education shall adopt rules establishing criteria for determining whether or not instruction in Braille reading and writing should be commenced or continued for the assessed child.

Subd. 3. [SPECIFICS OF RECOMMENDATION.] The child's individual education plan must specify:

(1) a reason for recommending or not recommending Braille instruction;

(2) the date on which Braille instruction will commence;

(3) how many Braille sessions per week must be provided by the school district;

(4) the duration of each session;

(5) how to integrate Braille instruction into the assessed child's regular classroom activities; and

(6) the special training, if any, that the classroom instructional personnel must have to provide the integrated Braille instruction.

Subd. 4. [BRAILLE IS A SERVICE.] Instruction in Braille reading and writing is a service included in special instruction and services under section 120.17."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: JEROME M. HUGHES, NANCY BRATAAS AND JAMES C. PEHLER.

House Conferees: TOM RUKAVINA, LONA A. MINNE AND SALLY OLSEN.

Rukavina moved that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 911 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 911, A bill for an act relating to education; requiring school districts to make available instruction in Braille reading and writing to blind pupils; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 126.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 122 yeas and 3 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Boo	DeBlicek	Hartle	Jensen
Battaglia	Brown	Dempsey	Haukoos	Johnson, A.
Bauerly	Burger	Dille	Heap	Johnson, R.
Beard	Carlson, L.	Dorn	Himle	Johnson, V.
Begich	Carruthers	Forsythe	Hugoson	Kahn
Bennett	Clark	Frederick	Jacobs	Kalis
Bertram	Clausnitzer	Frerichs	Jaros	Kelly
Bishop	Cooper	Greenfield	Jefferson	Kelso
Blatz	Dauner	Gutknecht	Jennings	Kinkel

Kludt	Munger	Pappas	Schafer	Trimble
Knickerbocker	Murphy	Pauly	Scheid	Tunheim
Knuth	Nelson, C.	Pelowski	Schoenfeld	Uphus
Kostohryz	Nelson, D.	Peterson	Schreiber	Valento
Krueger	Neuenschwander	Poppenhagen	Seaberg	Vellenga
Larsen	O'Connor	Price	Segal	Voss
Lieder	Ogren	Quinn	Shaver	Wagenius
Marsh	Olsen, S.	Redalen	Simóneau	Waltman
McDonald	Olson, E.	Reding	Skoglund	Welle
McEachern	Olson, K.	Rest	Solberg	Wenzel
McLaughlin	Omamn	Rice	Sparby	Winter
McPherson	Onnen	Richter	Stanious	Wynia
Milbert	Orenstein	Riveness	Steensma	Spk. Nerton
Miller	Osthoff	Rose	Sviggum	
Minne	Otis	Rukavima	Swenson	
Morrison	Ozment	Sarna	Tjornhom	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Lasley            Quist            Thiede

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

S. F. No. 1261.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S. F. NO. 1261

A bill for an act relating to the state building code; changing certain provisions relating to public buildings; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 16B.60, subdivisions 3 and 6; 16B.61, by adding a subdivision; and 16B.71.

May 14, 1987

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S. F. No. 1261, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House recede from its amendment and that S. F. No. 1261 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 16B.60, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [MUNICIPALITY.] "Municipality" means a city, county, or town meeting the requirements of section 368.01, subdivision 1, ~~or the University of Minnesota, or the state for public buildings.~~

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 16B.60, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [PUBLIC BUILDING.] "Public building" means a building and its grounds, the cost of which is paid for by the state, a state agency ~~or governmental subdivision, an agency of a governmental subdivision,~~ or a school district.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 16B.61, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1a. [ADMINISTRATION BY COMMISSIONER.] The commissioner shall administer and enforce the state building code as a municipality with respect to public buildings in the state. The commissioner shall establish appropriate permit, plan review, and inspection fees for public buildings. Fees and surcharges for public buildings must be remitted to the commissioner, who shall deposit them in the state treasury for credit to the special revenue fund.

Municipalities other than the state having a contractual agreement with the commissioner for code administration and enforcement service for public buildings shall charge their customary fees, including surcharge, to be paid directly to the contractual jurisdiction by the applicant seeking authorization to construct a public building. The commissioner shall contract with a municipality other than the state for plan review, code administration, and code enforcement service for public buildings in the contractual jurisdiction if the building officials of the municipality meet the requirements of section 16B.65 and wish to provide those services and if the commissioner determines that the municipality has enough adequately trained and qualified building inspectors to provide those services for the construction project.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 16B.71, is amended to read:

16B.71 [PERMIT FEES, TO WHOM APPLICABLE.]

Municipal building officials shall administer and enforce the state building code with respect to all subject structures constructed within their jurisdiction, including all buildings constructed by the state of Minnesota, its agencies, departments, and instrumentalities, school districts, municipalities other than the state, as defined in section 16B.60, and the University of Minnesota. These governmental bodies shall pay the building permit fees and surcharges that the inspecting municipality customarily imposes for its administration and enforcement of the code.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 515A.2-110, is amended to read:

515A.2-110 [CONDOMINIUM PLATS.]

(a) Condominium plats are a part of the declaration. The condominium plat shall contain a certification by a registered professional land surveyor or registered professional architect, as to the parts of the plat prepared by each, that the condominium plat accurately depicts all information required by this section. The portions of the condominium plat depicting the dimensions of the portions of the condominium described in paragraphs (b)(3), (8), (9), (10), and (11), may be prepared by either a land surveyor or an architect. The other portions of the plat must be prepared only by a land surveyor. All measurements must be undertaken in accordance with good professional practice. The certification must indicate that the work was undertaken by or under the supervision of the certifying architect or land surveyor. Certification by the architect or land surveyor does not constitute a guaranty or warranty of the nature, suitability, or quality of construction of the condominium.

(b) Each condominium plat shall show:

(1) the number of the condominium and the boundaries and dimensions of the land included in the condominium;

(2) the dimensions and location of all existing structural improvements and roadways;

(3) the intended location and dimensions of any contemplated common element improvements to be constructed within the condominium labeled either "MUST BE BUILT" or "NEED NOT BE BUILT";

(4) the location and dimensions of any additional real estate, labeled as such;

(5) the extent of any encroachments by or upon any portion of the condominium;

(6) the location and dimensions of all recorded easements within the condominium serving or burdening any portion of the condominium;

(7) the distance between noncontiguous parcels of real estate;

(8) the location and dimensions of limited common elements, including porches, balconies and patios, other than limited common elements described in section 515A.2-102(2) and (4);

(9) the location and dimensions of the vertical boundaries of each unit and that unit's identifying number;

(10) the location and dimensions of the horizontal unit boundaries with reference to established or assumed datum and that unit's identifying number;

(11) any units which may be converted by the declarant to create additional units or common elements (section 515A.2-115) identified separately.

(c) When adding additional real estate (section 515A.2-111), the declarant shall record supplemental condominium plats for that real estate conforming to the requirements of subsection (b). If less than all additional real estate is being added, the supplemental condominium plats shall also show the location and dimensions of the remaining portion.

(d) If a declarant subdivides or converts any unit into two or more units, common elements or limited common elements (section 515A.2-115), the declarant shall record an amendment to the condominium plat showing the location and dimensions of any new units, common elements and limited common elements thus created.

#### Sec. 6. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1 to 4 are effective the day following final enactment, but do not apply to the construction and remodeling of public buildings for which plans and specifications have been approved by the commissioner before that date.

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: JOHN J. MARTY, DENNIS R. FREDERICKSON AND DAVID J. FREDERICKSON.

House Conferees: NORMAN R. DEBLIECK, RICHARD "JEFF" JEFFERSON, AND CONNIE MORRISON.

DeBlicek moved that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 1261 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1261, A bill for an act relating to the state building code; changing certain provisions relating to public buildings; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 16B.60, subdivisions 3 and 6; 16B.61, by adding a subdivision; and 16B.71.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 125 yeas and 2 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Larsen	Onnen	Segal
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Lasley	Orenstein	Shaver
Bauerly	Hartle	Lieder	Otis	Simoneau
Beard	Haukoos	Long	Ozment	Skoglund
Begich	Heap	Marsh	Pappas	Solberg
Bennett	Himle	McDonald	Pauly	Sparby
Bertram	Hugoson	McEachern	Pelowski	Stanius
Bishop	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Peterson	Steensma
Blatz	Jaros	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Boo	Jefferson	Milbert	Price	Swenson
Brown	Jennings	Miller	Quinn	Thiede
Burger	Jensen	Minne	Quist	Tjornhom
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Morrison	Redalen	Trimble
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Munger	Reding	Tunheim
Clark	Johnson, V.	Murphy	Rest	Uphus
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Rice	Valento
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Richter	Vellenga
Dauner	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Voss
DeBlicek	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Rose	Wagenius
Dille	Kinkel	O'Connor	Rukavina	Waltman
Dorn	Kludt	Ogren	Sarna	Welle
Forsythe	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Wenzel
Frederick	Knuth	Olson, E.	Scheid	Winter
Frerichs	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Wynia
Greenfield	Krueger	Omamm	Schreiber	Spk. Norton

Those who voted in the negative were:

Dempsey            Osthoff

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

S. F. No. 89.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVERN, Secretary of the Senate

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S. F. NO. 89

A bill for an act relating to agriculture; clarifying and amending the farmer-lender mediation act; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 336.9-501; 550.365; 559.209; 581.015; 583.22, subdivisions 2 and 8, and by adding a subdivision; 583.24, subdivisions 1, 3, and by adding a subdivision; 583.26, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, and by adding a subdivision; 583.27, subdivisions 1, 3, and 4; 583.28; and 583.285; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 583.

May 14, 1987

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S. F. No. 89, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House recede from its amendment and that S. F. No. 89 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. [550.366] [JUDGMENTS ON DEBTS RELATED TO AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY.]

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] For purposes of this section the following terms have the meanings given:

(a) [AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY.] "Agricultural property" means personal property that is used in a farm operation.

(b) [FARM DEBTOR.] "Farm debtor" means a person who has incurred debt while in the operation of a family farm, a family farm corporation, or an authorized farm corporation as defined in section 500.24, subdivision 2.

Subd. 2. [LIMITS ON EXECUTION.] A judgment for the unpaid balance of a debt on agricultural property owed by a farm debtor



may not be executed upon real or personal property after three years from the date the judgment was entered.

Subd. 3. [ATTACHMENT TO NEWLY ACQUIRED PROPERTY.] A judgment for the unpaid balance of a debt on agricultural property owed by a farm debtor does not attach to real or personal property that is acquired by the farm debtor after the judgment is entered.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 336.9-501, is amended to read:

336.9-501 [DEFAULT; PROCEDURE WHEN SECURITY AGREEMENT COVERS BOTH REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.]

(1) When a debtor is in default under a security agreement, a secured party has the rights and remedies provided in this part and except as limited by subsection (3) those provided in the security agreement. The secured party may reduce a claim to judgment, foreclose, or otherwise enforce the security interest by any available judicial procedure. If the collateral is documents the secured party may proceed either as to the documents or as to the goods covered thereby. A secured party in possession has the rights, remedies, and duties provided in section 336.9-207. The rights and remedies referred to in this subsection are cumulative.

(2) After default, the debtor has the rights and remedies provided in this part, those provided in the security agreement, and those provided in section 336.9-207.

(3) To the extent that they give rights to the debtor and impose duties on the secured party, the rules stated in the subsections referred to below may not be waived or varied except as provided with respect to compulsory disposition of collateral (subsection (3) of section 336.9-504 and section 336.9-505) and with respect to redemption of collateral (section 336.9-506) but the parties may by agreement determine the standards by which the fulfillment of these rights and duties is to be measured if such standards are not manifestly unreasonable:

(a) Subsection (2) of section 336.9-502 and subsection (2) of section 336.9-504 insofar as they require accounting for surplus proceeds of collateral;

(b) Subsection (3) of section 336.9-504 and subsection (1) of section 336.9-505 which deal with disposition of collateral;

(c) Subsection (2) of section 336.9-505 which deals with acceptance of collateral as discharge of obligation;

(d) Section 336.9-506 which deals with redemption of collateral; and

(e) Subsection (1) of section 336.9-507 which deals with the secured party's liability for failure to comply with this part.

(4) If the security agreement covers both real and personal property, the secured party may proceed under this part as to the personal property or may proceed as to both the real and the personal property in accordance with the secured party's rights and remedies in respect of the real property in which case the provisions of this part do not apply.

(5) When a secured party has reduced a claim to judgment the lien of any levy which may be made upon collateral by virtue of any execution based upon the judgment shall relate back to the date of the perfection of the security interest in such collateral. A judicial sale, pursuant to such execution, is a foreclosure of the security interest by judicial procedure within the meaning of this section, and the secured party may purchase at the sale and thereafter hold the collateral free of any other requirements of this article.

(6) A person may not begin to enforce a security interest in collateral that is agricultural property subject to sections 583.20 to 583.32 that has secured a debt of more than \$5,000 unless: a mediation notice under subsection (7) is served on the debtor after a condition of default has occurred in the security agreement and a copy filed with served on the director; and the debtor and creditor have completed mediation under sections 583.20 to 583.32; or as otherwise allowed under sections 583.20 to 583.32.

(7) A mediation notice under subsection (6) must contain the following notice with the blanks properly filled in.

"TO: ....(Name of Debtor)....

YOU HAVE DEFAULTED ON THE ....(Debt in Default).... SECURED BY AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY DESCRIBED AS ....(Reasonable Description of Agricultural Property Collateral)....

AS A SECURED PARTY, ....(Name of Secured Party).... INTENDS TO ENFORCE THE SECURITY AGREEMENT AGAINST THE AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY DESCRIBED ABOVE BY REPOSSESSING, FORECLOSING ON, OR OBTAINING A COURT JUDGMENT AGAINST THE PROPERTY.

YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO HAVE THE DEBT REVIEWED FOR MEDIATION. IF YOU REQUEST MEDIATION, A DEBT THAT IS IN DEFAULT WILL BE MEDIATED ONLY ONCE. IF YOU DO NOT REQUEST MEDIATION, THIS DEBT WILL NOT

BE SUBJECT TO FUTURE MEDIATION IF THE SECURED PARTY ENFORCES THE DEBT.

IF YOU PARTICIPATE IN MEDIATION, THE DIRECTOR OF THE AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION SERVICE WILL PROVIDE AN ORIENTATION MEETING AND A CREDIT FINANCIAL ANALYST TO HELP YOU TO PREPARE FINANCIAL INFORMATION. IF YOU DECIDE TO PARTICIPATE IN MEDIATION, IT WILL BE TO YOUR ADVANTAGE TO ASSEMBLE YOUR FARM FINANCE AND OPERATION RECORDS AND TO CONTACT A COUNTY EXTENSION OFFICE AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. MEDIATION WILL ATTEMPT TO ARRIVE AT AN AGREEMENT FOR HANDLING FUTURE FINANCIAL RELATIONS.

TO HAVE THE DEBT REVIEWED FOR MEDIATION YOU MUST FILE A MEDIATION REQUEST WITH THE DIRECTOR ... (Date of 14 Days after Service of the Mediation Notice)... WITHIN 14 DAYS AFTER YOU RECEIVE THIS NOTICE. THE MEDIATION REQUEST FORM IS AVAILABLE AT ANY COUNTY RECORDER'S OR COUNTY EXTENSION OFFICE.

FROM: ....(Name and Address of Secured Party)....”

Sec. 3. [514.661] [LIEN FOR RENTAL VALUE OF FARM MACHINERY DURING MEDIATION.]

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] The definitions in this section apply to this section.

(a) “Reasonable rental value” means an amount not more than the rental value of machinery of like capacity and age as determined by the director of the University of Minnesota extension service and is limited to the tachometer time during which or the acreage for which the machinery is used during the mediation period.

(b) “Seasonal use machinery” means machinery, equipment, or implements used exclusively for planting, for row crop cultivating, or for harvesting. Seasonal use machinery does not include a tractor, tillage equipment, or utility implements used for general farm purposes.

Subd. 2. [LIEN; ATTACHMENT.] (a) A person or entity with a debt secured by a perfected or unperfected security interest in seasonal use machinery that is subject to mediation who engages in mediation under sections 583.20 to 583.32, as a result of a debtor's default on a purchase money loan or contract, has a lien limited to the lesser of: (1) the total of principal and interest amounts required to bring the debt current until the stay of the creditor's enforcement action is lifted; and (2) the reasonable rental value of seasonal use machinery that is used for field operation during mediation until the stay of the creditor's enforcement action is lifted.

(b) The lien attaches to the crops produced by the debtor in the calendar year in which mediation occurs.

Subd. 3. [PERFECTION.] To perfect a lien under this section, the lien must attach and a person or entity entitled to the lien must file a lien statement in the appropriate filing office under section 336.9-401 during mediation or within 30 days after the conclusion of mediation.

Subd. 4. [DUTIES OF FILING OFFICER.] The filing officer shall enter on the lien statement the time of day and date of filing. The filing officer shall file, amend, terminate, note the filing of a lien statement, and charge the fee for filing under this section in the manner provided by section 336.9-403 for a financing statement. A lien statement is void and may be removed from the filing system 18 months after the date of filing. The lien statement may be physically destroyed after 30 months from the date of filing.

Subd. 5. [PRIORITY.] (a) A perfected lien has priority over all other liens and security interests in crops produced by the debtor during the calendar year in which the mediation occurs except for a perfected landlord's lien under section 514.960.

(b) An unperfected lien has the priority of an unperfected security interest under section 336.9-312.

Subd. 6. [ENFORCEMENT OF LIEN.] (a) The holder of a lien under this section may enforce the lien in the manner provided in sections 336.9-501 to 336.9-508, subject to section 550.17. For enforcement of the lien, the lienholder is the secured party and the person leasing the property is the debtor, and each has the respective rights and duties of a secured party and a debtor under sections 336.9-501 to 336.9-508. If a right or duty under sections 336.9-501 to 336.9-508 is contingent upon the existence of express language in a security agreement or may be waived by express language in a security agreement, the requisite language does not exist.

(b) The principal amount of debt secured by seasonal use machinery must be reduced by an amount equal to any amount paid in satisfaction of a lien created under this section, less interest accrued on the debt during mediation.

Subd. 7. [ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS; LIEN EXTINGUISHED.] An action to enforce a lien under this section may be brought in district court in a county where the property is located after the lien is perfected. A lien statement may be amended, except the amount demanded, by leave of the court in the furtherance of justice. A lien is extinguished if an action to enforce the lien is not brought within 18 months after the date the lien statement is filed.

Subd. 8. [EXEMPTION FROM MEDIATION.] A lien created and perfected under this section is exempt from sections 583.20 to 583.32 and is effective against crops growing or to be grown by the debtor in the calendar year.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 514.960, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [PERFECTION.] ~~(a)~~ To perfect a landlord lien, the lien must attach and the person or entity entitled to the lien must file a lien statement with the appropriate filing office under section 336.9-401 by 30 days after the crops become growing crops.

~~(b) A landlord lien that is not perfected has the priority of an unperfected security interest under section 336.9-312.~~

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 514.960, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [PRIORITY.] (a) A perfected landlord lien has priority over all other liens or security interests in crops grown or produced on the property that was leased and the crop products and proceeds.

(b) A landlord lien that is not perfected has the priority of an unperfected security interest under section 336.9-312.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 550.365, is amended to read:

550.365 [MEDIATION NOTICE AND CONDITIONS REQUIREMENTS FOR AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY.]

Subdivision 1. [REQUIREMENT.] A person may not attach, execute on, levy on, or seize agricultural property subject to sections 583.20 to 583.32 that has secured a debt of more than \$5,000 unless: (1) a mediation notice is served on the judgment debtor and a copy filed with served on the director; and ~~(2)~~ the debtor and creditor have completed mediation under sections 583.20 to 583.32; or (2) as otherwise allowed under sections 583.20 to 583.32.

Subd. 2. [CONTENTS.] A mediation notice must contain the following notice with the blanks properly filled in.

"TO: ....(Name of Judgment Debtor)....

A JUDGMENT WAS ORDERED AGAINST YOU BY ....(Name of Court).... ON ....(Date of Judgment).

AS A JUDGMENT CREDITOR, ....(Name of Judgment Creditor).... INTENDS TO TAKE ACTION AGAINST THE AGRICUL-

TURAL PROPERTY DESCRIBED AS ....(Description of Agricultural Property).... TO SATISFY THE JUDGMENT.

YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO HAVE THE DEBT REVIEWED FOR MEDIATION. IF YOU REQUEST MEDIATION, A DEBT THAT IS IN DEFAULT WILL BE MEDIATED ONLY ONCE. IF YOU DO NOT REQUEST MEDIATION, THIS DEBT WILL NOT BE SUBJECT TO FUTURE MEDIATION IF THE SECURED PARTY ENFORCES THE DEBT.

IF YOU PARTICIPATE IN MEDIATION, THE DIRECTOR OF THE AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION SERVICE WILL PROVIDE AN ORIENTATION MEETING AND A CREDIT FINANCIAL ANALYST TO HELP YOU PREPARE FINANCIAL INFORMATION. IF YOU DECIDE TO PARTICIPATE IN MEDIATION, IT WILL BE TO YOUR ADVANTAGE TO ASSEMBLE YOUR FARM FINANCE AND OPERATION RECORDS AND TO CONTACT A COUNTY EXTENSION OFFICE AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. MEDIATION WILL ATTEMPT TO ARRIVE AT AN AGREEMENT FOR HANDLING FUTURE FINANCIAL RELATIONS.

TO HAVE THE DEBT REVIEWED FOR MEDIATION YOU MUST FILE A MEDIATION REQUEST WITH THE DIRECTOR ... (Date of 14 Days after Service of the Mediation Notice).... WITHIN 14 DAYS AFTER YOU RECEIVE THIS NOTICE. THE MEDIATION REQUEST FORM IS AVAILABLE AT ANY COUNTY RECORDER'S OR COUNTY EXTENSION OFFICE.

FROM: ....(Name and Address of Judgment Creditor)....”

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 559.209, is amended to read:

559.209 [MEDIATION NOTICE AND CONDITIONS FOR AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY.]

Subdivision 1. [REQUIREMENT.] A person may not begin to terminate a contract for deed under section 559.21 to purchase agricultural property subject to sections 583.20 to 583.32 ~~that secured a debt for a remaining balance on the contract of more than \$5,000 unless:~~ (1) a mediation notice is served on the contract for deed purchaser after a default has occurred under the contract and a copy filed with served on the director; and (2) the contract for deed vendor and purchaser have completed mediation under sections 583.20 to 583.32; or (2) as otherwise allowed under sections 583.20 to 583.32.

Subd. 2. [CONTENTS.] A mediation notice must contain the following notice with the blanks properly filled in.

“TO: ....(Name of Contract for Deed Purchaser)....

YOU HAVE DEFAULTED ON THE CONTRACT FOR DEED OF THE AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY DESCRIBED AS ....(Size and Reasonable Location of Property, Not Legal Description)....

AS THE CONTRACT FOR DEED VENDOR, ....(Contract for Deed Vendor).... INTENDS TO TERMINATE THE CONTRACT AND TAKE BACK THE PROPERTY.

YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO HAVE THE CONTRACT FOR DEED DEBT REVIEWED FOR MEDIATION. IF YOU REQUEST MEDIATION, A DEBT THAT IS IN DEFAULT WILL BE MEDIATED ONLY ONCE. IF YOU DO NOT REQUEST MEDIATION, THIS DEBT WILL NOT BE SUBJECT TO FUTURE MEDIATION IF THE CONTRACT FOR DEED VENDOR BEGINS REMEDIES TO ENFORCE THE DEBT.

IF YOU PARTICIPATE IN MEDIATION, THE DIRECTOR OF THE AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION SERVICE WILL PROVIDE AN ORIENTATION MEETING AND A CREDIT FINANCIAL ANALYST TO HELP YOU PREPARE FINANCIAL INFORMATION. IF YOU DECIDE TO PARTICIPATE IN MEDIATION, IT WILL BE TO YOUR ADVANTAGE TO ASSEMBLE YOUR FARM FINANCE AND OPERATION RECORDS AND TO CONTACT A COUNTY EXTENSION OFFICE AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. MEDIATION WILL ATTEMPT TO ARRIVE AT AN AGREEMENT FOR HANDLING FUTURE FINANCIAL RELATIONS.

TO HAVE THE CONTRACT FOR DEED DEBT REVIEWED FOR MEDIATION YOU MUST FILE A MEDIATION REQUEST WITH THE DIRECTOR ....(Date of 14 Days after Service of the Mediation Notice).... WITHIN 14 DAYS AFTER YOU RECEIVE THE NOTICE. THE MEDIATION REQUEST FORM IS AVAILABLE AT ANY COUNTY RECORDER'S OR COUNTY EXTENSION OFFICE.

FROM: ....(Name and Address of Contract for Deed Vendor)....”

Sec. 8. [559.2091] [CONTRACT FOR DEED SUBJECT TO MEDIATION.]

Subdivision 1. [LIEN FOR RENTAL VALUE; ATTACHMENT.] (a) A contract for deed vendor who is a natural person with a debt subject to mediation under sections 583.20 to 583.32 and who engages in mediation under sections 583.20 to 583.32 as a result of a purchaser's default on the contract, is considered a person who leases a property for agricultural production under section 514.960. The vendor has a lien for the reasonable rental value of the property

during the mediation period as mutually determined by the vendor and the vendee not to exceed the rental value of the land as determined by the director of the University of Minnesota extension service, or by district court. The rental period under this section must not exceed the period in which the vendor's remedies are stayed under sections 583.20 to 583.32.

(b) The lien attaches to crops grown or to be grown by the vendee on the property subject to the contract regardless of the ownership of the crops.

Subd. 2. [PERFECTION.] Notwithstanding the requirement of section 514.960, subdivision 2, that the lien be filed within 30 days after the crops become growing crops, the lien provided under this subdivision is perfected by the vendor only if filed during mediation or within 30 days after the conclusion of mediation.

Subd. 3. [CREDITING OF PAYMENTS.] Payments acquired through a lien created under this subdivision must be applied as a payment on the contract according to the terms of the contract.

Subd. 4. [MEDIATION EXEMPTION.] A lien created under this section and filed under section 514.960 is exempt from sections 583.20 to 583.32.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 580.031, is amended to read:

580.031 [MINIMUM NOTICE.]

Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, eight weeks' published notice must be given prior to the foreclosure sale of a homestead to which ~~the provisions of chapter 583 sections 583.01 to 583.12~~ apply if the notice is published for the first time after May 24, 1983 and prior to May 1, 1985 or, after June 8, 1985, and prior to May 1, 1987, or after the effective date of this act and prior to May 1, 1989. The notice must contain the information specified in section 580.04.

At least eight weeks before the appointed time of sale, a copy of the notice must be served upon the person in possession of the mortgaged premises, if the premises are actually occupied.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 581.015, is amended to read:

581.015 [MEDIATION NOTICE AND CONDITIONS FOR AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY.]



Subdivision 1. [REQUIREMENT.] A person may not begin a proceeding under this chapter 580 or 581 to foreclose a mortgage on agricultural property subject to sections 583.20 to 583.32 that has a secured debt of more than \$5,000 unless: (1) a mediation notice is served on the mortgagor after a default has occurred in the mortgage and a copy is filed with served on the director; and (2) the mortgagor and mortgagee have completed mediation under sections 583.20 to 583.32; or (2) as otherwise allowed under sections 583.20 to 583.32.

Subd. 2. [CONTENTS.] A mediation notice must contain the following notice with the blanks properly filled in.

"TO: ....(Name of Record Owner)....

**YOU HAVE DEFAULTED ON THE MORTGAGE OF THE AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY DESCRIBED AS ....(Size and Reasonable Location, Not Legal Description)....**

**AS HOLDER OF THE MORTGAGE, ....(Name of Holder of Mortgage).... INTENDS TO FORECLOSE ON THE PROPERTY DESCRIBED ABOVE.**

**YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO HAVE THE MORTGAGE DEBT REVIEWED FOR MEDIATION. IF YOU REQUEST MEDIATION, A DEBT THAT IS IN DEFAULT WILL BE MEDIATED ONLY ONCE. IF YOU DO NOT REQUEST MEDIATION, THIS DEBT WILL NOT BE SUBJECT TO FUTURE MEDIATION IF THE SECURED PARTY ENFORCES THE DEBT.**

**IF YOU PARTICIPATE IN MEDIATION, THE DIRECTOR OF THE AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION SERVICE WILL PROVIDE AN ORIENTATION MEETING AND A CREDIT FINANCIAL ANALYST TO HELP YOU PREPARE FINANCIAL INFORMATION. IF YOU DECIDE TO PARTICIPATE IN MEDIATION, IT WILL BE TO YOUR ADVANTAGE TO ASSEMBLE YOUR FARM FINANCE AND OPERATION RECORDS AND TO CONTACT A COUNTY EXTENSION OFFICE AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. MEDIATION WILL ATTEMPT TO ARRIVE AT AN AGREEMENT FOR HANDLING FUTURE FINANCIAL RELATIONS.**

**TO HAVE THE MORTGAGE DEBT REVIEWED FOR MEDIATION YOU MUST FILE A MEDIATION REQUEST WITH THE DIRECTOR ... (Date of 14 Days after Service of the Mediation Notice)... WITHIN 14 DAYS AFTER YOU RECEIVE THIS NOTICE. THE MEDIATION REQUEST FORM IS AVAILABLE AT ANY COUNTY RECORDER'S OR COUNTY EXTENSION OFFICE.**

**FROM: ....(Name and Address of Holder of Mortgage)...."**

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 583.22, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY.] "Agricultural property" means real property that is principally used for farming as defined in section 500.24, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), and raising poultry, and personal property that is used as security to finance a farm operation or used as part of a farm operation including equipment, crops, livestock, and proceeds of the security, and removable agricultural structures under lease with option to purchase. "Agricultural property" does not include: personal property that is subject to a possessory lien under sections 514.18 to 514.22; property that is leased to the debtor other than removable agricultural structures under lease with option to purchase; or farm machinery that is primarily used for custom field work.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 583.22, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6a. [FINANCIAL ANALYST.] "Financial analyst" means a person: (1) knowledgeable in agricultural and financial matters that can provide financial analysis; (2) who is able to aid the debtor in preparing the financial information required under section 583.26, subdivision 3; and (3) who is approved by the director. A financial analyst may include county extension agents, adult farm management instructors, AVTI instructors, and other persons able to carry out the duties of a financial analyst.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 583.22, subdivision 7b, is amended to read:

Subd. 7b. [NECESSARY LIVING EXPENSES.] As used in section 583.27, "necessary living expenses" means a sum approximately equal to one and one-half times the amount to which the family would be entitled if eligible for payments under section 256.74, unless limited by section 583.27, subdivision 1, paragraph (b).

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 583.22, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [SERVE.] "Serve" means (1) personal service as in a district court civil action; (2) service by certified mail using return receipt signed by addressee only; or (3) actual delivery of required documents with signed receipt; or (4) if an unsuccessful attempt is made to serve under clause (1) or (2), service may be made by mail with a certificate of mailing to the last known address of the debtor. For purposes of serving under clause (4), the addressee is considered to have been served the documents five days after the date on the certificate of mailing.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 583.24, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [CREDITORS.] (a) The farmer-lender mediation act applies to creditors who are owed debts subject to the farmer-lender mediation act and are:

- (1) the United States or an agency of the United States;
- (2) corporations, partnerships, and other business entities; and
- (3) individuals.

(b) The farmer-lender mediation act does not apply to creditors of a debtor described under subdivision 2, paragraph (b).

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 583.24, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. [DEBTS.] (a) The farmer-lender mediation act does not apply to a debt:

(1) for which a proof of claim form has been filed in bankruptcy by a creditor or that was listed as a scheduled debt, of a debtor who has filed a petition in bankruptcy after the effective date of this act under United States Code, title 11, chapter 7, 11, 12, or 13;

(2) if the debt was in default when the creditor received a mediation proceeding notice under the farmer-lender mediation act and the creditor filed a claim form, the debt was mediated during the mediation period under section 583.26, subdivision 8, and (i) the mediation was unresolved; or (ii) a mediation agreement with respect to that debt was signed;

(3) for which the creditor has served a mediation notice, the debtor has failed to make a timely request for mediation, and within 30 days after the debtor failed to make a timely request the creditor began a proceeding to enforce the debt against the agricultural property of the debtor;

(4) for which a creditor has received a mediation proceeding notice and the creditor and debtor have restructured the debt and have signed a separate mediation agreement with respect to that debt; or

(5) for which there is a lien for rental value of farm machinery under section 514.661 or a lien for rental value relating to a contract for deed subject to the farmer-lender mediation act under section 559.2091.

(b) For purposes of paragraph (a), clause (3), providing a copy of a forbearance policy is considered beginning a proceeding to enforce a debt if the board of an institution has adopted a forbearance policy that provides for deferring or rescheduling payments of principal or interest, renewal or extension of loan terms, reduction in the amount or rate of principal or interest due on a loan, or other similar actions, and requires that the debtor must receive a copy of the policy at least 20 days prior to loan acceleration or debt collection proceedings.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 583.26, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [MEDIATION NOTICE.] (a) A creditor desiring to start a proceeding to enforce a debt against agricultural property under chapter 580 or 581 or sections 336.9-501 to 336.9-508, to terminate a contract for deed to purchase agricultural property under section 559.21, or to garnish, levy on, execute on, seize, or attach agricultural property, must serve an applicable mediation notice under sections 336.9-501, 550.365, 559.209, and 581.015 on the debtor and the director. The creditor must also file with the director proof of the date the mediation notice was served on the debtor. The creditor may not begin the proceeding until the creditor and debtor have completed mediation the stay of the creditor's remedies is lifted under subdivision 5, or as allowed under sections 583.20 to 583.32.

(b) The director shall combine all mediation notices for the same debtor that are received prior to the initial mediation meeting into one mediation proceeding.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 583.26, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [MEDIATION REQUEST.] (a) A debtor must file a mediation request form with the director by 14 days after receiving a mediation notice. The debtor must state all known creditors with debts secured for agricultural property. The mediation request form must include an instruction that the debtor must state all known creditors with debts secured by agricultural property and unsecured creditors that are necessary for the farm operation of the debtor. It is the debtor's discretion as to which unsecured creditors are necessary for the farm operation. The mediation request must state the date that the notice was served on the debtor. The director shall make mediation request forms available in the county recorder's and county extension office of each county.

(b) Except as provided in section 583.24, subdivision 4, paragraph (a), clause (3), a debtor who fails to file a timely mediation request waives the right to mediation for that debt under the farmer-lender mediation act. The director shall notify a the creditor who served the

mediation notice stating that the creditor may proceed against the agricultural property because the debtor has failed to file a mediation request.

(c) If a debtor has not received a mediation notice and is subject to a proceeding of a creditor enforcing a debt against agricultural property under chapter 580 or 581 or sections 336.9-501 to 336.9-508, terminating a contract for deed to purchase agricultural property under section 559.21, or garnishing, levying on, executing on, seizing, or attaching agricultural property, the debtor may file a mediation request with the director. The mediation request form must indicate that the debtor has not received a mediation notice.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 583.26, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [CREDIT FINANCIAL ANALYST AND FARM ADVOCATE.] (a) Within three business days after receiving a mediation notice request, the director shall provide a credit financial analyst knowledgeable in agricultural and financial matters to meet with the debtor and assure that information relative to the finances of the debtor is prepared for the initial mediation meeting. The financial analyst must review and, if necessary, prepare the debtor's financial records before the initial mediation meeting.

(b) After receiving the mediation notice, the director shall notify provide the debtor that with a list of farm advocate advocates that may be available without charge to assist the debtor and the credit financial analyst.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 583.26, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3a. [ORIENTATION SESSION.] The director shall schedule an orientation session to be held at least five days before the first mediation meeting. The debtor, the financial analyst, and a mediator shall participate in the orientation session. The mediator at the session need not be the one assigned to the mediation proceeding under subdivision 4. Creditors participating in the mediation may participate in the orientation session. At the orientation session, the financial analyst shall review the debtor's financial and inventory records to determine if they are adequate for the mediation and inform the debtor of any inadequacies, and the mediator shall inform the debtor of the requirements of the mediation process.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 583.26, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [INITIAL MEDIATION MEETING PROCEEDING NOTICE.] (a) By ten days after receiving a mediation request, the director shall send: (1) a mediation meeting proceeding notice to the

debtor; and (2) a mediation meeting proceeding notice to all creditors listed by the debtor in the mediation request; and (3) a claim form to all known secured creditors of stated by the debtor.

(b) The mediation meeting proceeding notice must include a time and place for an initial mediation meeting between the debtor, all known creditors of the debtor, and a list of three mediators. state:

(1) the name and address of the debtor;

(2) that the debtor has requested mediation under the farmer-lender mediation act;

(3) the time and place for the orientation session;

(4) the time and place for the initial mediation meeting;

(5) a list of the names of three mediators that may be assigned to the proceeding, along with background information on those mediators including biographical information, a summary of previous mediation experience, and the number of agreements signed by parties to previous mediation;

(6) that the debtor and the initiating creditor may each request the director to exclude one mediator by notifying the director within three days after receiving the notice;

(7) that in lieu of having a mediator assigned by the director, the debtor and any one or more of the creditors may agree to select and pay for a professional mediator that is approved by the director;

(8) that the farmer-lender mediation act prohibits the creditor from beginning or continuing a proceeding to enforce the debt against agricultural property for 90 days after the debtor files a mediation request with the director unless otherwise allowed; and

(9) that the creditor must provide the debtor by the initial mediation meeting with copies of notes and contracts for debts subject to the farmer-lender mediation act and provide a statement of interest rates on the debts, delinquent payments, unpaid principal and interest balances, the creditor's value of the collateral, and debt restructuring programs available by the creditor.

(c) An initial mediation meeting must be held within 20 days of the notice.

~~(e) Each~~ (d) The initiating creditor and the debtor may each request the director to exclude one mediator from the list by sending the director a notice to such effect exclude the mediator within three days after receiving the mediation meeting proceeding notice. In the

event that requests from the creditors to remove mediators from the list would result in the exclusion of all of the remaining mediators the director shall appoint the mediator not excluded by the creditor owed the largest debt. In the event that a debtor and creditor request the same mediator, the director shall appoint that mediator.

(e) In lieu of the director assigning a mediator, the debtor and any one or more of the creditors may agree to select and pay for a professional mediator for the mediation proceeding. The director must approve the professional mediator before the professional mediator may be assigned to the mediation proceeding. The professional mediator may not be approved unless the professional mediator prepares and signs an affidavit:

(1) disclosing any biases, relationships, or previous associations with the debtor or creditors subject to the mediation proceedings;

(2) stating certifications, training, or qualifications as a professional mediator;

(3) disclosing fees to be charged or a rate schedule of fees for the mediation proceeding; and

(4) affirming to uphold the farmer-lender mediation act and faithfully discharge the duties of a mediator.

(f) After receiving a mediation proceeding notice, a secured creditor must return a claim form if the debt is not subject to the farmer-lender mediation act and specify why the debt is not subject to sections 583.20 to 583.32.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 583.26, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [EFFECT OF MEDIATION MEETING PROCEEDING NOTICE.] (a) Except as provided in ~~paragraph~~ paragraphs (b), (c), and (d), if a creditor receives a mediation ~~meeting proceeding~~ notice under subdivision 4 the creditor and the creditor's successors in interest may not begin or continue proceedings to enforce a debt subject to the farmer-lender mediation act against agricultural property of the debtor under chapter 580 or 581 or sections 336.9-501 to 336.9-508, to terminate a contract for deed to purchase agricultural property under section 559.21, or to garnish, levy on, execute on, seize, or attach agricultural property. ~~Time periods under and affecting those procedures stop running until (1) 90 days after the initiation of mediation, or (2) a mediation agreement is reached date the debtor files a mediation request with the director.~~

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), if a creditor is an agency of the United States and receives a mediation meeting proceeding

notice under subdivision 4, the creditor and the creditor's successors in interest may not begin or continue proceedings to enforce a debt against agricultural property of the debtor under chapter 580 or 581 or sections 336.9-501 to 336.9-508, to terminate a contract for deed to purchase agricultural property under section 559.21, or to garnish, levy on, execute on, seize, or attach agricultural property. Time periods under and affecting those procedures stop running until (1) 180 days after the initiation of mediation, or (2) a mediation agreement is reached date the debtor files a mediation request with the director.

(c) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b) or section 583.26, subdivision 1, a creditor receiving a mediation proceeding notice may begin proceedings to enforce a debt against agricultural property of the debtor:

(1) at the time the creditor receives a mediator's affidavit of the debtor's lack of good faith under section 583.27; or

(2) five days after the date the debtor and creditor sign an agreement allowing the creditor to proceed to enforce the debt against agricultural property if the debtor has not rescinded the agreement within the five days.

(d) A creditor receiving a mediation proceeding notice must provide the debtor by the initial mediation meeting with copies of notes and contracts for debts subject to the farmer-lender mediation act and provide a statement of interest rates on the debts, delinquent payments, unpaid principal balance, a list of all collateral securing debts, a creditor's estimate of the value of the collateral, and debt restructuring programs available by the creditor.

(e) The provisions of this subdivision are subject to section 583.27, relating to extension or reduction in the period before a creditor may begin to enforce a debt and court-supervised mediation.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 583.26, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [ELIGIBILITY AND DUTIES OF MEDIATOR.] (a) A person is not eligible to be a mediator if the person has a conflict of interest that does not allow the person to be impartial. A conflict of interest includes being a current officer or board member or officer of the initiating creditor.

(b) At the initial mediation meeting and subsequent meetings, the mediator shall:

(1) listen to the debtor and the creditors desiring to be heard;



- (2) attempt to mediate between the debtor and the creditors;
- (3) advise the debtor and creditors of assistance programs available;
- (4) attempt to arrive at an agreement to fairly adjust, refinance, or pay the debts; and
- (5) advise, counsel, and assist the debtor and creditors in attempting to arrive at an agreement for the future conduct of financial relations among them.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 583.26, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. [MEDIATION AGREEMENT.] (a) If an agreement is reached among the debtor and creditors the mediator shall draft witness and sign a written mediation agreement, have it signed by the debtor and creditors, and, if applicable, submit the agreement to the Minnesota rural finance administration for approval of debt restructuring.

(b) The debtor and creditors who are parties to the approved mediation agreement and creditors who have filed claim forms and have not objected to the mediation agreement:

- (1) are bound by the terms of the agreement;
- (2) may enforce the mediation agreement as a legal contract; and
- (3) may use the mediation agreement as a defense against an action contrary to the mediation agreement.

(c) A debtor may agree to allow a creditor to proceed to enforce a debt against agricultural property before the enforcement is otherwise allowed under subdivision 5, but the debtor or creditor may rescind the agreement within five business days after the debtor and particular creditor both sign the agreement.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 583.26, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 10. [END OF MEDIATION.] (a) The mediator shall sign and serve to the parties and the director a termination statement by the end of the time period specified in subdivision 5.

(b) The mediator shall prepare a termination statement that:

- (1) acknowledges that mediation has ended; and

(2) describes or references agreements reached between a creditor and the debtor, if any, and agreements reached among creditors, if any.

(c) Mediation agreements may be included as part of the termination statement.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 583.27, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [OBLIGATION OF GOOD FAITH.] (a) The parties must engage in mediation in good faith. Not participating in good faith includes: (1) a failure on a regular or continuing basis to attend and participate in mediation sessions without cause; (2) failure to provide full information regarding the financial obligations of the parties and other creditors including the obligation of a creditor to provide information under section 583.26, subdivision 5, paragraph (d); (3) failure of the creditor to designate a representative to participate in the mediation with authority to make binding commitments within one business day to fully settle, compromise, or otherwise mediate the matter; (4) lack of a written statement of debt restructuring alternatives and a statement of reasons why alternatives are unacceptable to one of the parties; (5) failure of a creditor to release funds from the sale of farm products to the debtor for necessary living and farm operating expenses; or (6) other similar behavior which evidences lack of good faith by the party. A failure to agree to reduce, restructure, refinance, or forgive debt does not, in itself, evidence lack of good faith by the creditor.

(b) The amount that the creditor is required to release for necessary living expenses under this section is limited to \$1,600 per month less the debtor's off-farm income.

(c) If the debtor and creditor do not agree on the amount of necessary living expenses to be released, the debtor or creditor may petition conciliation court in the county of the debtor's residence to make a determination of the amount to be released. The conciliation court must make the determination within ten days after receiving the petition.

(d) If the debtor and creditors do not agree on the amount of necessary operating expenses or necessary living and operating expenses to be released, the debtor or a creditor requested to release necessary living or operating expenses may petition the district court of the debtor's residence to make a determination of the amount to be released. The court shall hear and make a determination of the amount of living and operating expenses to be released within ten days after receiving the petition. The court shall also add or subtract up to ten days to the time when the creditor can begin to enforce a proceeding to collect the debt against agricultural property of the debtor and assess costs, including any attorney fees, among

the parties to the court proceeding. The court shall equitably adjust the time to begin a creditor's proceeding and the assessment of costs based on the parties' good faith claim to the amount of living and operating expenses to be released.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 583.27, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [CREDITOR'S LACK OF GOOD FAITH; COURT SUPERVISED MEDIATION.] If the mediator finds the creditor has not participated in mediation in good faith, the debtor may require court supervised mandatory mediation by filing the affidavit with the district court of the county ~~where the property is located of the debtor's residence~~ with a request for court supervision of mediation and serving a copy of the request on the creditor. Upon request the court shall require both parties to mediate under the supervision of the court in good faith for a period of not more than 60 days. All creditor remedies must be suspended during this period. The court may issue orders necessary to effect good faith mediation. Following the mediation period, if the court finds the creditor has not participated in mediation in good faith, the court shall by order suspend the creditor's remedies for an additional period of 180 days. A creditor found by the mediator not to have participated in good faith shall pay attorneys' fees and costs of the debtor requesting court-supervision of mediation or additional suspension of creditor's remedies.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 583.27, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [DEBTOR LACK OF GOOD FAITH.] (a) A debtor is not mediating in good faith if the debtor fraudulently conceals, removes, or transfers agricultural property in which the debtor knows there is a security interest. The concealing, removing, or transferring must be in violation of a security agreement without remitting the proceeds to the secured party and must have occurred during the mediation period.

(b) A creditor may immediately proceed with creditor's remedies upon receipt of a mediator's affidavit of a debtor's lack of good faith notwithstanding any other requirements of sections 583.20 to 583.32.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 583.27, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. [INSPECTION OF COLLATERAL.] (a) After a debtor requests mediation under section 583.26, subdivision 2, a creditor who is participating in the mediation and who has a security agreement relating to agricultural property under the debtor's control may inspect the secured agricultural property during normal

business hours on 24 hours' notice to the debtor. For purposes of this subdivision, "normal business hours" means 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. Monday through Saturday but excludes legal Minnesota and United States holidays.

(b) Failure to permit this inspection by the creditor, or destruction or waste of the property securing the debt, is evidence of the debtor's lack of good faith under subdivision 1, clause (6).

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 583.27, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. [REVIEW OF GOOD FAITH FINDING.] (a) Upon petition by a debtor or creditor, a court may review a mediator's affidavit of lack of good faith or a mediator's failure to file an affidavit of lack of good faith of a creditor under subdivision 3 or a debtor under subdivision 4. The review is limited to whether the mediator committed an abuse of discretion in filing or failing to file an affidavit of lack of good faith. The petition must be reviewed by the court within ten days after the petition is filed.

(b) If the court finds that the mediator committed an abuse of discretion in filing, or failing to file, an affidavit of lack of good faith, the court may: (1) reinstate mediation and the stay of creditors' enforcement actions; (2) order court supervised mediation; or (3) allow creditors to proceed immediately with creditors' remedies.

(c) A mediator may offer testimony but is not required to testify as part of the court's review.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 583.27, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 7. [CONVERSION OF SECURITY.] A debtor who fraudulently conceals, removes, or transfers agricultural property in which the debtor knows there is a security interest is ineligible for mediation under the farmer-lender mediation act if the concealing, removing, or transferring was in violation of a security agreement without remitting the proceeds to the secured party. The secured party must petition the district court in the county of the debtor's residence for an order permitting the secured party to proceed with the secured party's remedies notwithstanding sections 583.20 to 583.32. The petition must be brought within one year after the concealing, removing, or transferring occurred. The district court shall issue a summons within seven days commanding the person against whom the petition is made to appear before the court on a day and place stated in the summons. The appearance must be no less than seven and no more than 14 days from the issuance of the summons. The district court must deliver findings within ten days after the close of the hearing. A petition under this subdivision

cannot be brought after the secured party has served a mediation notice on the debtor under section 583.26.

Sec. 32. [583.284] [RETENTION OF PURCHASE MONEY SECURITY INTEREST.]

If a creditor has a purchase money security interest as defined in section 336.9-107, and renegotiates the debt under the farmer-lender mediation act to reduce the principal balance or the interest rate or to extend the repayment period, the creditor retains the purchase money security interest for the renegotiated debt.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 583.285, is amended to read:

583.285 [RULES.]

The state court administrator commissioner of agriculture, in consultation with the director of the bureau of mediation services and the director of the University of Minnesota agricultural extension service, shall make rules under chapter 14, to implement the farmer-lender mediation act. The state court administrator commissioner of agriculture may adopt emergency rules.

Sec. 34. [583.305] [PROHIBITED WAIVERS.]

A waiver of mediation rights under the farmer-lender mediation act is void except as expressly allowed under the farmer-lender mediation act.

Sec. 35. [CONTINUING EFFECT OF RULES.]

Rules adopted by the state court administrator's office and published in the State Register on August 18, 1986, in volume 11, pages 302 to 307, are effective until June 30, 1989, unless the rules are amended or superseded by rules adopted by the commissioner of agriculture or the rules are inconsistent with this act.

Sec. 36. Laws 1983, chapter 215, section 16, as amended by Laws 1984, chapter 474, section 7, as amended by Laws 1985, chapter 306, section 26, is amended to read:

Sec. 16. [REPEALER.]

Sections 1 to 15 are repealed effective July 1, 1987 1989, but any postponement or other relief ordered by a court continues to be valid for the period ordered by the court.

Sec. 37. Laws 1986, chapter 398, article 1, section 18, is amended to read:

**Sec. 18. [REPEALER.]**

Sections 1 to 17 and Minnesota Statutes, section 336.9-501, subsections (6) and (7), are repealed on July 1, ~~1988~~ 1989.

**Sec. 38. [INSTRUCTION TO REVISOR.]**

The revisor shall renumber section 581.015 as section 582.039 and make all corresponding changes to cross references.

**Sec. 39. [REPEALER.]**

Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 583.24, subdivision 3, is repealed.

**Sec. 40. [EFFECTIVE DATES.]**

Except as otherwise provided in this section, this act takes effect July 1, 1987.

Section 1 is effective the day after final enactment and applies to all judgments entered on or after that date.

Sections 2 to 8, 10 to 32, and 34 apply to mediation proceedings related to notices filed after June 30, 1987.

Sections 9, 33, 35, and 36 take effect the day after final enactment."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to agriculture; clarifying and amending the farmer-lender mediation act; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 336.9-501; 514.960, subdivisions 2 and 4; 550.365; 559.209; 580.031; 581.015; 583.22, subdivisions 2, 7b, and 8, and by adding a subdivision; 583.24, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 583.26, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 9, and by adding a subdivision; 583.27, subdivisions 1, 3, and 4; and 583.285; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 514, 550, 559, and 583; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 583.24, subdivision 3."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: CHARLES A. BERG, JOHN E. BRANDL, CHARLES R. DAVIS, LEROY A. STUMPF AND DENNIS R. FREDERICKSON.

House Conferees: JERRY SCHOENFELD, ANDY STEENSMAN, EDGAR L. OLSON, WALLY A. SPARBY AND STEPHEN E. DILLE.

Schoenfeld moved that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 89 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 89, A bill for an act relating to agriculture; clarifying and amending the farmer-lender mediation act; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 336.9-501; 550.365; 559.209; 581.015; 583.22, subdivisions 2 and 8, and by adding a subdivision; 583.24, subdivisions 1, 3, and by adding a subdivision; 583.26, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, and by adding a subdivision; 583.27, subdivisions 1, 3, and 4; 583.28; and 583.285; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 583.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 121 yeas and 1 nay as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Lasley	Osthoff	Seaberg
Battaglia	Hartle	Lieder	Otis	Segal
Bauerly	Haukoos	Long	Ozment	Simoneau
Beard	Heap	Marsh	Pappas	Skoglund
Begich	Himle	McDonald	Pauly	Solberg
Bennett	Hugoson	McEachern	Pelowski	Sparby
Bertram	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Peterson	Stanius
Blatz	Jaros	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Steenasma
Boo	Jefferson	Milbert	Price	Sviggum
Brown	Jennings	Miller	Quinn	Swenson
Burger	Jensen	Minne	Quist	Thiede
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Redalen	Tjornhom
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Reding	Trimble
Clark	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Rest	Tunheim
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Rice	Uphus
Dauner	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Richter	Valento
DeBlicke	Kelso	O'Connor	Riveness	Vellenga
Dempsey	Kinkel	Ogren	Rose	Voss
Dille	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Sarna	Waltman
Forsythe	Knuth	Olson, K.	Schafer	Welle
Frederick	Kostohryz	Omman	Scheid	Wenzel
Frerichs	Krueger	Onnen	Schoenfeld	Winter
Greenfield	Larsen	Orenstein	Schreiber	Wynia
				Spk. Norton

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bishop

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

S. F. No. 397.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVER, Secretary of the Senate

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S. F. NO. 397

A bill for an act relating to elections; setting times for changing election precincts and redistricting certain election districts; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 204B.14, subdivision 3; and 375.025, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 204B.

April 21, 1987

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S. F. No. 397, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House recede from its amendment and that S. F. No. 397 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. [204B.135] [REDISTRICTING OF ELECTION DISTRICTS.]

Subdivision 1. [CITIES WITH WARDS.] A city that elects its council members by wards may not redistrict those wards in a year ending in one or before the legislature has been redistricted in a year ending in two. The wards must be redistricted within 45 days after the legislature has been redistricted or by May 10 in the year ending in two, whichever is first.

Subd. 2. [OTHER ELECTION DISTRICTS.] For purposes of this subdivision, "local government election district" means a county



district, park and recreation district, school district, or soil and water conservation district. Local government election districts, other than city wards covered by subdivision 1, may not be redistricted until precinct boundaries are re-established under section 204B.14, subdivision 3, paragraph (c) or by May 10 in a year ending in two, whichever comes first. Election districts covered by this subdivision must be redistricted within 65 days of the time when the legislature has been redistricted or by June 1 in the year ending in two, whichever comes first.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 204B.14, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [BOUNDARY CHANGES; PROHIBITIONS; EXCEPTION.] Notwithstanding other law or charter provisions to the contrary, during the period from January 1 in any year ending in seven to January 1 in any the time when the legislature has been redistricted in a year ending in two, no changes may be made in the boundaries of any election precinct except as provided in this subdivision.

(a) If a city annexes an unincorporated area located in the same county as the city and adjacent to the corporate boundary, the annexed area may be included in an election precinct immediately adjacent to it.

(b) A municipality or county may establish new election precincts lying entirely within the boundaries of any existing precinct and shall assign names to the new precincts which include the name of the former precinct.

During a year ending in one, the council of each home rule charter city which elects its council members by wards and which has a city election in the year ending in one or which has a general city election before March 15 in a year ending in two may change precinct boundaries for the purpose of reapportioning wards. As soon as possible after legislative apportionment, and prior to the next election, cities shall rearrange the

(c) Precinct boundaries must be re-established within 45 days of the time when the legislature has been redistricted, or by May 10 in a year ending in two, whichever comes first.

Precincts must be arranged so that no precinct lies in more than one legislative district.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 375.025, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [STANDARDS.] The redistricting plan in use in a county shall be used until a new plan is adopted in accordance with this section. Each county shall be divided into as many districts numbered consecutively as it has members of the county board. Commissioner districts shall be bounded by town, municipal, ward, or precinct lines. Each district shall be composed of contiguous territory as regular and compact in form as practicable, depending upon the geography of the county involved and shall be as nearly equal in population as possible. No district shall vary in population more than ten percent from the average for all districts in the county, unless the result forces a voting precinct to be split. A majority of the least populous districts shall contain not less than a majority of the population of the county. A county may be redistricted by the county board after each federal census. When it appears after a federal census that the districts of the county are not in accord with the standards set forth in this subdivision, the county shall be redistricted by the county board within 180 days of the date on which certified copies of the latest federal census are filed with the secretary of state in accordance with section 600.18 the times set in section 1, subdivision 2. Before acting to redistrict, the county board, or a redistricting commission if one is appointed, shall publish three weeks notice of its purpose, stating the time and place of the meeting where the matter will be considered, in the newspaper having the contract to publish the commissioners' proceedings for the county for the current year."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to elections; setting times for changing election precincts and redistricting certain election districts; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 204B.14, subdivision 3; and 375.025, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 204B."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: DONNA C. PETERSON, GARY W. LAIDIG AND WILLIAM P. LUTHER

House Conferees: LINDA SCHEID, JERRY KNICKERBOCKER AND TOM OSTHOFF.

Scheid moved that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 397 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 397, A bill for an act relating to elections; setting times for changing election precincts and redistricting certain election

districts; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 204B.14, subdivision 3; and 375.025, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 204B.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 127 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Lasley	Osthoff	Shaver
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Lieder	Otis	Simoneau
Bauerly	Hartle	Long	Ozment	Skoglund
Beard	Haukoos	Marsh	Pappas	Solberg
Begich	Heap	McDonald	Pauly	Sparby
Bennett	Himle	McEachern	Pelowski	Stanius
Bertram	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Peterson	Steensma
Bishop	Jacobs	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Blatz	Jaros	Milbert	Price	Swenson
Boo	Jefferson	Miller	Quinn	Thiede
Brown	Jennings	Minne	Quist	Tjornhom
Burger	Jensen	Morrison	Redalen	Trimble
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Reding	Tunheim
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rest	Uphus
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Valento
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Richter	Vellenga
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Wagenius
Dauner	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rose	Waltman
DeBlieck	Kelso	O'Connor	Rukavina	Welle
Dempsey	Kinkel	Ogren	Sarna	Wenzel
Dille	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Winter
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Scheid	Wynia
Forsythe	Knuth	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Spk. Norton
Frederick	Kostohryz	Omann	Schreiber	
Frerichs	Krueger	Onnen	Seaberg	
Greenfield	Larsen	Orenstein	Segal	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following Senate Files, herewith transmitted:

S. F. Nos. 187 and 326.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVERN, Secretary of the Senate

### FIRST READING OF SENATE BILLS

S. F. No. 187, A bill for an act relating to liens; personal property; establishing a lien on personal property held in self-service storage

facilities; providing for the enforcement of these liens; regulating rental agreements and advertising; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 514.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Commerce.

S. F. No. 326, A bill for an act relating to public safety; authorizing executive council, under federal law, to repair state property damaged by major disaster; dedicating receipts from criminal justice datacommunications network billings; appropriating video gaming license fees to commissioner of public safety for disbursement to municipalities; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 9.061, subdivision 1; 299C.48; and 349.52, subdivisions 2 and 3.

The bill was read for the first time.

Knuth moved that S. F. No. 326 and H. F. No. 566, now on Technical General Orders, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

The following Conference Committee Reports were received:

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 841

A bill for an act relating to utilities; providing for prevention of unlawful meter bypass, tampering, and use; providing remedies; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 325E.

May 14, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 841, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment and that H. F. No. 841 be further amended as follows:

Page 1, line 21, delete "otherwise interfering with or"

Page 2, line 3, delete "moving,"

Page 2, delete lines 10 to 21 and insert:

"Subd. 2. [CIVIL ACTIONS; REMEDIES.] A utility may bring a civil action for damages against a person who: (1) deliberately commits, authorizes, attempts, solicits, aids, or abets bypassing, tampering, unauthorized connection, or unauthorized metering that results in damages to the utility; or (2) knowingly receives service provided as a result of bypassing, tampering, unauthorized connection, or unauthorized metering. The utility may recover double the costs of the service provided; the costs and expenses for investigation, disconnection, reconnection, service calls, equipment, and employees; and the trial costs and witness fees."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: PHIL CARRUTHERS, BERT McKASY AND JOEL JACOBS.

Senate Conferees: TAD JUDE, JIM RAMSTAD AND ALLAN H. SPEAR.

Carruthers moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 841 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 841, A bill for an act relating to utilities; providing for prevention of unlawful meter bypass, tampering, and use; providing remedies; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 325E.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 125 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Dauner	Jaros	Larsen	Neuenschwander
Battaglia	DeBlieck	Jefferson	Lasley	O'Connor
Bauerly	Dempsey	Jennings	Lieder	Ogren
Beard	Dille	Jensen	Long	Olsen, S.
Begich	Dorn	Johnson, A.	Marsh	Olson, E.
Bennett	Forsythe	Johnson, R.	McDonald	Olson, K.
Bertram	Frederick	Johnson, V.	McEachern	Omann
Bishop	Frerichs	Kahn	McLaughlin	Onnen
Blatz	Greenfield	Kalis	McPherson	Orenstein
Boo	Gruenes	Kelly	Milbert	Osthoff
Brown	Gutknecht	Kelso	Miller	Otis
Burger	Hartle	Kinkel	Minne	Ozment
Carlson, L.	Haukoos	Kludt	Morrison	Pappas
Carruthers	Heap	Knickerbocker	Munger	Pauly
Clark	Himle	Knuth	Murphy	Pelowski
Clausnitzer	Hugoson	Kostohryz	Nelson, C.	Peterson
Cooper	Jacobs	Krueger	Nelson, K.	Poppenhagen

Price	Riveness	Seaberg	Steensma	Valento
Quinn	Rose	Segal	Svigum	Vellenga
Quist	Rukavina	Shaver	Swenson	Voss
Redalen	Sarna	Simoneau	Thiede	Wagenius
Reding	Schafer	Skoglund	Tjornhom	Waltman
Rest	Scheid	Solberg	Trimble	Wenzel
Rice	Schoenfeld	Sparby	Tunheim	Winter
Richter	Schreiber	Stanius	Uphus	Wynia

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 1209

A bill for an act relating to public nuisances; defining a nuisance; providing for the enjoinder of nuisances; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 617; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 617.33; 617.34; 617.35; 617.36; 617.37; 617.38; 617.39; 617.40; and 617.41.

May 14, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 1209, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendments.

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: JEAN D. WAGENIUS, DAVID T. BISHOP AND HOWARD R. ORENSTEIN.

Senate Conferees: DONNA C. PETERSON, JIM RAMSTAD AND RICHARD J. COHEN.

Wagenius moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 1209 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1209, A bill for an act relating to public nuisances; defining a nuisance; providing for the enjoinder of nuisances;

proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 617; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 617.33; 617.34; 617.35; 617.36; 617.37; 617.38; 617.39; 617.40; and 617.41.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 122 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gutknecht	Lasley	Otis	Simoneau
Battaglia	Hartle	Lieder	Ozment	Skoglund
Bauerly	Haukoos	Long	Pappas	Solberg
Beard	Heap	Marsh	Pauly	Sparby
Begich	Himle	McDonald	Pelowski	Stanius
Bennett	Hugoson	McEachern	Peterson	Steensma
Bertram	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Price	Sviggum
Blatz	Jaros	McPherson	Quinn	Swenson
Boo	Jefferson	Milbert	Quist	Thiede
Brown	Jennings	Miller	Redalen	Tjornhom
Burger	Jensen	Minne	Reding	Trimble
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Rest	Tunheim
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rice	Uphus
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Valento
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Vellenga
Cooper	Kalis	Neuenschwander	Rose	Voss
Dauner	Kelly	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
DeBlick	Kelso	Ogren	Sarna	Waltman
Dempsey	Kinkel	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Wenzel
Dille	Kludt	Olsen, E.	Scheid	Winter
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Wynia
Forsythe	Knuth	Omman	Schreiber	Spk. Norton
Frerichs	Kostohryz	Onnen	Seaberg	
Greenfield	Krueger	Orenstein	Segal	
Gruenes	Larsen	Osthoff	Shaver	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

#### CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 638

A bill for an act relating to elections; requiring election judges to inform voters of certain laws; providing for selection of a party in certain primary elections; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 204C.13, subdivision 2; and 206.80.

May 15, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 638, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House accede to the Senate amendment.

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: LONA A. MINNE, GIL GUTKNECHT AND RICHARD KOSTOHRYZ.

Senate Conferees: RONALD R. DICKLICH, WILLIAM P. LUTHER AND LAWRENCE J. POGEMILLER.

Minne moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 638 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 638, A bill for an act relating to elections; requiring election judges to inform voters of certain laws; providing for selection of a party in certain primary elections; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 204C.13, subdivision 2; and 206.80.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 127 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Frederick	Kinkel	Nelson, K.	Reding
Battaglia	Frerichs	Kludt	Neuenschwander	Rest
Bauerly	Greenfield	Knickerbocker	O'Connor	Rice
Beard	Gruenes	Knuth	Ogren	Richter
Begich	Gutknecht	Kostohryz	Olsen, S.	Riveness
Bennett	Hartle	Krueger	Olson, E.	Rose
Bertram	Haukoos	Larsen	Olson, K.	Rukavina
Blatz	Heap	Lasley	Omam	Sarna
Boo	Himle	Lieder	Onnen	Schafer
Brown	Hugoson	Long	Orenstein	Scheid
Burger	Jacobs	Marsh	Osthoff	Schoenfeld
Carlson, L.	Jaros	McDonald	Otis	Schreiber
Carruthers	Jefferson	McEachern	Ozment	Seaberg
Clark	Jennings	McLaughlin	Pappas	Segal
Clausnitzer	Jensen	McPherson	Pauly	Shaver
Cooper	Johnson, A.	Milbert	Pelowski	Simoneau
Dauner	Johnson, R.	Miller	Peterson	Skoglund
DeBlicek	Johnson, V.	Minne	Poppenhagen	Solberg
Dempsey	Kahn	Morrison	Price	Sparby
Dille	Kalis	Munger	Quinn	Stanius
Dorn	Kelly	Murphy	Quist	Steenmsa
Forsythe	Kelso	Nelson, C.	Redalen	Sviggum



Swenson  
Thiede  
Tjornhom  
Trimble

Tunheim  
Uphus  
Valento  
Vanasek

Vellenga  
Voss  
Wagenius  
Waltman

Welle  
Wenzel  
Winter  
Wynia

Spk. Norton

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 1304

A bill for an act relating to insurance; regulating cancellations of insurance agency contracts; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 60A.

May 15, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 1304, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment and that H. F. No. 1304 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

“Section 1. [60A.172] [INSURANCE AGENCY CONTRACTS; CANCELLATION.]

(a) An insurer may not cancel a written agreement with an agent or, without the agent's written approval at the time of a reduction or restriction, reduce or restrict an agent's underwriting authority with respect to property or casualty insurance, based solely on the loss ratio experience on that agent's book of business, if: the insurer required the agent to submit the application for underwriting approval, all material information on the application was fully completed, and the agent has not omitted or altered any information provided by the applicant.

(b) For purposes of this section, “loss ratio experience” means the ratio of premiums paid divided by the claims paid during the previous two-year period.

(c) This section applies only to agents who write insurance business exclusively for one company and are not in the direct employ of the company.

Sec. 2. [60A.173] [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Section 1 is effective January 1, 1987, and applies to cancellations begun as of that date. As a condition of doing business in the state of Minnesota, an insurer shall promptly reinstate any agreements cancelled under section 1 and shall restore any authority reduced or restricted under section 1 from January 1, 1987, until the day following final enactment of this act.

Sec. 3. [60A.174] [SEVERABILITY.]

If section 2 is determined by a final, nonappealable order of any Minnesota or federal court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unconstitutional, section 1 is effective the day following final enactment."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: BOB MILBERT, DAVID T. BISHOP AND JOSEPH QUINN.

Senate Conferees: WILLIAM P. LUTHER, DON ANDERSON AND JAMES METZEN.

Milbert moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 1304 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1304, A bill for an act relating to insurance; regulating cancellations of insurance agency contracts; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 60A.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 127 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Brown	Dille	Heap	Johnson, V.
Battaglia	Burger	Dorn	Himle	Kahn
Bauerly	Carlson, L.	Forsythe	Hugoson	Kalis
Beard	Carruthers	Frederick	Jacobs	Kelly
Begich	Clark	Frerichs	Jaros	Kelso
Bennett	Clausnitzer	Greenfield	Jefferson	Kinkel
Bertram	Cooper	Gruenes	Jennings	Kludt
Bishop	Dauner	Gutknecht	Jensen	Knickerbocker
Blatz	DeBlicck	Hartle	Johnson, A.	Knuth
Boo	Dempsey	Haukoos	Johnson, R.	Kostohryz

Krueger	Nelson, C.	Pelowski	Scheid	Trimble
Larsen	Nelson, K.	Peterson	Schoenfeld	Tunheim
Lasley	Neuenschwander	Poppenhagen	Schreiber	Uphus
Lieder	O'Connor	Price	Seaberg	Valento
Long	Ogren	Quinn	Segal	Vanasek
Marsh	Olsen, S.	Quist	Shaver	Vellenga
McDonald	Olson, E.	Redalen	Simoneau	Voss
McEachern	Olson, K.	Reding	Skoglund	Wagenius
McLaughlin	Omann	Rest	Solberg	Waltman
McPherson	Onnen	Rice	Sparby	Wenzel
Milbert	Orenstein	Richter	Stanuis	Winter
Miller	Osthoff	Riveness	Steenasma	Wynia
Minne	Otis	Rose	Sviggum	Spk. Norton
Morrison	Ozment	Rukavina	Swenson	
Munger	Pappas	Sarna	Thiede	
Murphy	Pauly	Schafer	Tjornhom	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 283

A bill for an act relating to elections; requiring confidentiality of certain matters before the ethical practices board; raising certain campaign contribution disclosure limits; changing the method of calculating certain campaign expenditure limits; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 10A.02, subdivision 11; 10A.12, subdivision 5; 10A.20, subdivisions 3 and 5; 10A.25, subdivisions 2 and 7; 10A.255; and Laws 1980, chapter 362, section 4, subdivision 3; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 210A.

May 12, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 283, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment and that H. F. No. 283 be further amended as follows:

Page 7, after line 23, insert:

"Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 10A.32, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. As a condition of receiving any money from the state elections campaign fund, a candidate shall agree by stating in writing to the board that (a) the candidate's expenditures and

approved expenditures shall not exceed the expenditure limits as set forth in section 10A.25 and that (b) the candidate shall not accept contributions or allow approved expenditures to be made on the candidate's behalf for the period beginning with January 1 of the election year or with the registration of the candidate's principal campaign committee, whichever occurs later, and ending December 31 of the election year, which aggregate contributions and approved expenditures exceed the difference between the amount in excess of 25 percent of the expenditure limits set forth in section 10A.25, but not exceeding \$15,000, which may legally be expended by or for the candidate, and the amount which the candidate receives from the state elections campaign fund. The agreement, insofar as it relates to the expenditure limits set forth in section 10A.25, remains effective until the dissolution of the principal campaign committee of the candidate or the opening of filings for the next succeeding election to the office held or sought at the time of agreement, whichever occurs first. Money in the account of the principal campaign committee of a candidate on January 1 of the election year for the office held or sought shall be considered contributions accepted by that candidate in that year for the purposes of this subdivision. That amount of all contributions accepted by a candidate in an election year which equals the amount of noncampaign disbursements and contributions and expenditures to promote or defeat a ballot question which are made by that candidate in that year shall not count toward the aggregate contributions and approved expenditure limit imposed by this subdivision. Any amount by which the aggregate contributions and approved expenditures agreed to under clause (b) exceed the difference shall be returned to the state treasurer in the manner provided in subdivision 2. In no case shall the amount returned exceed the amount received from the state elections campaign fund.

The candidate may submit the signed agreement to the filing officer on the day of filing the affidavit of candidacy or petition to appear on the ballot, or to the board no later than September 1.

The board prior to the first day of filing for office shall forward forms for the agreement to all filing officers. The filing officer shall without delay forward signed agreements to the board. An agreement may not be rescinded after September 1.

For the purposes of this subdivision only, the total amount to be distributed to each candidate is calculated to be the candidate's share of the total estimated funds in the candidate's party account as provided in subdivision 3a, plus the total amount estimated as provided in subdivision 3a to be in the general account of the state elections campaign fund and set aside for that office divided by the number of candidates whose names are to appear on the general election ballot for that office. If for any reason the amount actually received by the candidate is greater than the candidate's share of the

estimate, and the contributions thereby exceed the difference, the agreement shall not be considered violated."

Pages 7 and 8, delete section 9, and insert:

"Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 383B.048, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [CONTENT OF REPORTS.] Each campaign report required under this section shall disclose:

- (a) The amount of liquid assets on hand at the beginning of the reporting period;
- (b) The name, address and employer, or occupation if self-employed, of each individual, committee or political fund that made transfers or donations in kind to the political committee in an aggregate amount or value in excess of ~~\$50~~ \$100, together with the amount and date;
- (c) The sum of all contributions made to the political committee or political fund;
- (d) Each loan made or received by the political committee or political fund within the year in aggregate in excess of \$100, together with the name, address, occupation and the principal place of business, if any, of the lender and any endorser and the date and amount of the loan. A loan made to a political committee or political fund which is forgiven or is repaid by an entity other than that political committee or fund shall be reported as a contribution;
- (e) The sum of all receipts, including all contributions and loans, during the reporting period;
- (f) The name and address of each person to whom aggregate expenditures have been made by or on behalf of the political committee or fund within the year in excess of \$100, the amount, date and purpose of each expenditure and the ballot question or the name and address of the candidate supported or opposed by the expenditure;
- (g) The sum of all expenditures made by the political committee or fund;
- (h) The amount and nature of any advance of credit incurred by the political committee or fund continuously reported until paid or forgiven. An advance of credit incurred by a political committee or fund which is forgiven or is paid by an entity other than that political committee or fund shall be reported as a donation in kind;

(i) The name and address of each political committee or fund to which aggregate transfers in excess of \$100 have been made within the year, together with the amount and date of each transfer;

(j) The sum of all transfers made to political committees or funds; and

(k) The sum of all disbursements not made to influence the outcome of an election."

Renumber the sections in sequence

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 9, delete "and Laws 1980,"

Page 1, line 10, delete everything before the semicolon and insert "10A.32, subdivision 3; and 383B.048, subdivision 2"

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: ALICE JOHNSON, LINDA SCHEID AND JERRY KNICKERBOCKER.

Senate Conferees: DON FRANK, GREGORY L. DAHL AND WILLIAM P. LUTHER.

Johnson, A., moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 283 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 283, A bill for an act relating to elections; requiring confidentiality of certain matters before the ethical practices board; raising certain campaign contribution disclosure limits; changing the method of calculating certain campaign expenditure limits; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 10A.02, subdivision 11; 10A.12, subdivision 5; 10A.20, subdivisions 3 and 5; 10A.25, subdivisions 2 and 7; 10A.255; and Laws 1980, chapter 362, section 4, subdivision 3; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 210A.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 125 yeas and 1 nay as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Krueger	Orenstein	Seaberg
Battaglia	Gruenes	Larsen	Osthoff	Segal
Bauerly	Gutknecht	Lasley	Otis	Shaver
Beard	Hartle	Lieder	Ozment	Simoneau
Begich	Haukoos	Long	Pappas	Skoglund
Bennett	Heap	Marsh	Pauly	Solberg
Bertram	Himle	McDonald	Pelowski	Sparby
Bishop	Hugoson	McEachern	Peterson	Stanius
Blatz	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Steensma
Boo	Jaros	McPherson	Price	Sviggum
Brown	Jefferson	Milbert	Quinn	Swenson
Burger	Jennings	Miller	Quist	Tjornhom
Carlson, L.	Jensen	Minne	Redalen	Trimble
Carruthers	Johnson, A.	Morrison	Reding	Tunheim
Clark	Johnson, R.	Munger	Rest	Uphus
Clausnitzer	Johnson, V.	Murphy	Rice	Valento
Cooper	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Richter	Vanasek
Dauner	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Vellenga
DeBlick	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rose	Voss
Dempsey	Kelso	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dille	Kinkel	Ogren	Sarna	Waltman
Dorn	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Wenzel
Forsythe	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Scheid	Winter
Frederick	Knuth	Omann	Schoenfeld	Wynia
Frerichs	Kostohryz	Onnen	Schreiber	Spk. Norton

Those who voted in the negative were:

Olson, K.

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

### SPECIAL ORDERS

S. F. No. 463 was reported to the House.

Sparby moved to amend S. F. No. 463, as follows:

Page 2, line 36, delete everything after the headnote and insert "Persons who represent that they are financial planners have"

Page 3, line 1, delete everything before the second "a"

Page 9, line 4, after "writing" insert "or is permitted by subdivision 4"

Page 9, line 7, delete "OFFERS" and insert "AGREEMENTS"

Page 9, line 8, delete "orally" and after "an" insert "oral"

Page 9, line 10, after "agreement" insert "provided that if the borrower and lender have not executed a written agreement, this

subdivision does not prohibit the offer and acceptance of an oral agreement which is offered and accepted during a period no greater than ten days before closing"

Page 9, line 35, after "application" insert "which causes the agreement to expire before closing"

Page 10, after line 22, insert:

"Sec. 6. [47.208] [DELIVERY OF SATISFACTION OF MORTGAGE.]

Subdivision 1. [DELIVERY REQUIRED.] Upon written request, a good and valid satisfaction of mortgage in recordable form shall be delivered to any party paying the full and final balance of a mortgage indebtedness that is secured by Minnesota real estate; such delivery shall be in hand or by certified mail postmarked within 45 days of the receipt of the written request to the holder of any interest of record in said mortgage and within 45 days of the payment of all sums due thereon.

Subd. 2. [PENALTY.] If a lender fails to comply with the requirements of subdivision 1, the lender may be held liable to the party paying the balance of the mortgage debt, for a civil penalty of up to \$500, in addition to any actual damages caused by the violation."

Page 29, delete section 21

Page 34, line 18, delete "operational expenses" and insert "the direct cost of prizes given to the public by the charitable organization in connection with lawful gambling conducted in compliance with chapter 349"

Page 35, lines 31 and 35, delete "operational expenses" and insert "the direct cost of prizes given to the public by the charitable organization in connection with lawful gambling conducted in compliance with chapter 349"

Page 36, lines 10 and 11, 21, and 25, delete "operational expenses" and insert "the direct cost of prizes given to the public by the charitable organization in connection with lawful gambling conducted in compliance with chapter 349"

Page 38, lines 12 and 25, delete "operational expenses" and insert "the direct cost of prizes given to the public by the charitable organization in connection with lawful gambling conducted in compliance with chapter 349"

Page 50, line 7, delete "commissioner" and insert "department"



Page 50, line 15, before "Section 26" insert "Section 5 is effective June 1, 1987."

Renumber the sections in sequence

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 31, delete "82.19,"

Page 1, line 32, delete "subdivision 3;"

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

S. F. No. 463, as amended, was read for the third time.

#### MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Kludt moved that the action whereby S. F. No. 463, as amended, was read for the third time be now reconsidered.

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Kludt motion and the roll was called. There were 74 yeas and 50 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bead	Gutknecht	Lasley	Ozment	Segal
Bennett	Hartle	Marsh	Pappas	Shaver
Bertram	Haukoos	McDonald	Pauly	Simoneau
Blatz	Heap	McEachern	Pelowski	Skoglund
Boo	Himle	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Stanius
Burger	Hugoson	McPherson	Quinn	Sviggum
Carlson, L.	Jacobs	Miller	Quist	Swenson
Carruthers	Jaros	Morrison	Redalen	Thiede
Clausnitzer	Jefferson	Nelson, D.	Rest	Tjornhom
Dempsey	Jennings	Nelson, K.	Richter	Uphus
Dille	Johnson, V.	Ogren	Rose	Valento
Forsythe	Kelly	Omann	Rukavina	Voss
Frederick	Kludt	Onnen	Schafer	Wagenius
Greenfield	Knickerbocker	Orenstein	Schreiber	Waltman
Gruenes	Krueger	Otis	Seaberg	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, G.	Dauner	Kelso	Munger	Osthoff
Battaglia	DeBleck	Kinkel	Murphy	Peterson
Bauerly	Dorn	Kostohryz	Nelson, C.	Price
Begich	Frerichs	Larsen	Neuenschwander	Reding
Bishop	Jensen	Lieder	O'Connor	Rice
Brown	Johnson, A.	Long	Olsen, S.	Sarna
Clark	Johnson, R.	Milbert	Olsen, E.	Scheid
Cooper	Kalis	Minne	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld

Solberg  
SparbySteensma  
TunheimVellenga  
WelleWenzel  
WinterWynia  
Spk. Norton

The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 463, as amended, was again reported to the House.

Kludt moved to amend S. F. No. 463, as amended, as follows:

Page 2, line 12, delete "or advice"

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Carruthers moved to amend S. F. No. 463, as amended, as follows:

Page 2, delete lines 3 to 36

Page 3, delete lines 1 to 9

Renumber the remaining sections

Knickerbocker moved that S. F. No. 463, as amended, be re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

#### CALL OF THE HOUSE

On the motion of Sparby and on the demand of 10 members, a call of the House was ordered. The following members answered to their names:

Battaglia  
Bauerly  
Beard  
Begich  
Bennett  
Bishop  
Blatz  
Boo  
Brown  
Burger  
Carruthers  
Clark  
Clausnitzer  
Cooper  
Dauner  
DeBlicke  
Dempsey  
Dille  
Dorn

Forsythe  
Frederick  
Frerichs  
Gruenes  
Gutknecht  
Hartle  
Haukoos  
Heap  
Himle  
Hugoson  
Jacobs  
Jefferson  
Jennings  
Jensen  
Johnson, A.  
Johnson, V.  
Kelly  
Kelso  
Kinkel

Kludt  
Knickerbocker  
Knuth  
Kostohryz  
Krueger  
Larsen  
Lasley  
Lieder  
Long  
McDonald  
McLaughlin  
McPherson  
Milbert  
Miller  
Minne  
Morrison  
Murphy  
Nelson, C.  
Nelson, K.

Olsen, S.  
Olson, E.  
Olson, K.  
Omman  
Onnen  
Orenstein  
Pappas  
Pauly  
Poppenhagen  
Price  
Quinn  
Redalen  
Reding  
Richter  
Riveness  
Schafer  
Scheid  
Schreiber  
Shaver

Skoglund  
Solberg  
Sparby  
Stanisus  
Steensma  
Sviggum  
Swenson  
Thiede  
Tjornhom  
Trimble  
Uphus  
Valento  
Vellenga  
Wagenius  
Waltman  
Welle  
Wenzel  
Winter  
Spk. Norton

Minne moved that further proceedings of the roll call be dispensed with and that the Sergeant at Arms be instructed to bring in the absentees. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

Poppenhagen was excused between the hours of 1:25 p.m. and 4:20 p.m.

The question recurred on the Knickerbocker motion and the roll was called.

Riveness moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 36 yeas and 81 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bennett	Gutknecht	McPherson	Schafer	Tjornhom
Blatz	Haukoos	Miller	Schreiber	Uphus
Carlson, D.	Heap	Morrison	Seaberg	Valento
Clausnitzer	Himle	Olsen, S.	Shaver	Waltman
Dempsey	Hugoson	Pauly	Stanisus	
Dille	Johnson, V.	Quist	Swiggum	
Frederick	Kelly	Richter	Swenson	
Frerichs	Knickerbocker	Rose	Thiede	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, G.	Forsythe	Knuth	Olson, E.	Sarna
Battaglia	Greenfield	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Scheid
Bauerly	Gruenes	Krueger	Omann	Schoenfeld
Beard	Hartle	Larsen	Onnen	Simoneau
Begich	Jacobs	Lasley	Orenstein	Skoglund
Bertram	Jaros	Lieder	Osthoff	Solberg
Bishop	Jefferson	McEachern	Pappas	Sparby
Brown	Jemmings	McLaughlin	Pelowski	Steensma
Burger	Jensen	Milbert	Peterson	Trimble
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Minne	Price	Tunheim
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Munger	Quinn	Vellenga
Clark	Kahn	Murphy	Redalen	Voss
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, C.	Reding	Wagenius
Dauner	Kelso	Nelson, K.	Rice	Welle
DeBlieck	Kinkel	O'Connor	Riveness	Wenzel
Dorn	Kludd	Ogren	Rukavina	Winter
				Spk. Norton

The motion did not prevail.

The question recurred on the adoption of the Carruthers amendment to S. F. No. 463, as amended. The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Sparby moved that S. F. No. 463, as amended, be temporarily laid over on Special Orders. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1203 was reported to the House.

Rice moved that S. F. No. 1203 be temporarily laid over on Special Orders. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 682 was reported to the House.

Rice moved that S. F. No. 682 be temporarily laid over on Special Orders. The motion prevailed.

CALL OF THE HOUSE LIFTED

Riveness moved that the call of the House be dispensed with. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

S. F. No. 1472 was reported to the House.

Kelly moved to amend S. F. No. 1472, as follows:

Pages 1 to 2, delete section 1, and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 169.121, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3b. [HABITUAL OFFENDERS; CHEMICAL USE TREATMENT.] If a person has been convicted under this section, section 169.129, an ordinance in conformity with either of them, or a statute or ordinance from another state in conformity with either of them, and if the person is then convicted of violating this section, section 169.129, or an ordinance in conformity with either of them (1) once within five years of the first conviction or (2) two or more times within ten years after the first conviction, the court must order the person to submit to the level of care recommended in the chemical use assessment required under section 169.126.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 169.121, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Except as otherwise provided in section 1, when a court sentences a person convicted of violating this section, section 169.129, or an ordinance in conformity with either of them, the court may stay imposition or execution of any sentence authorized by subdivision 3 or 4, except the revocation of the driver's license, on the condition that the convicted person submit to treatment by a public or private institution or a facility providing rehabilitation for chemical dependency licensed by the department of human services the level of care recommended in the chemical use assessment report required under section 169.126. If the court does not order a level of

care in accordance with the assessment report recommendation as a condition of a stay of imposition or execution, it shall state on the record its reasons for not following the assessment report recommendation. A stay of imposition or execution shall be in the manner provided in section 609.135. The court shall report to the commissioner of public safety any stay of imposition or execution of sentence granted under the provisions of this section.”

Renumber the remaining sections

Page 2, line 18, delete “9” and insert “10”

Page 5, line 31, delete “9” and insert “10”

Page 8, line 15, delete “9” and insert “10”

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 5, after the semicolon insert “requiring courts to order chemical use treatment for habitual DWI offenders in accordance with the assessment recommendation;”

Page 1, lines 11 to 12, delete “a subdivision” and insert “subdivisions”

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

S. F. No. 1472, A bill for an act relating to traffic regulations; requiring certain persons convicted of DWI or a DWI-related offense and certain juveniles adjudicated for a DWI offense to undergo chemical use assessment; imposing a chemical dependency assessment charge on persons convicted of DWI or a DWI-related offense, and juveniles adjudicated for a DWI offense for the purpose of financing these chemical use assessments; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 169.121, subdivision 5, and by adding a subdivision; 169.124; 169.125; 169.126, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, and by adding subdivisions; and 260.193, subdivision 8; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 169.126, subdivision 5.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 127 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Bauerly	Begich	Bertram	Blatz
Battaglia	Beard	Bennett	Bishop	Boo

Brown	Jaros	McLaughlin	Pelowski	Sparby
Burger	Jefferson	McPherson	Peterson	Stanius
Carlson, D.	Jennings	Milbert	Price	Steensma
Carlson, L.	Jensen	Minne	Quinn	Sviggum
Carruthers	Johnson, A.	Morrison	Quist	Swenson
Clark	Johnson, R.	Munger	Redalen	Thiede
Clausnitzer	Johnson, V.	Murphy	Reding	Tjornhom
Cooper	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Rest	Trimble
Dauner	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Rice	Tunheim
DeBlieck	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Richter	Upho
Dempey	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Riveness	Valento
Dorn	Kinkel	O'Connor	Rose	Vanasek
Forsythe	Kludt	Ogren	Rukavina	Vellenga
Frederick	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Voss
Frerichs	Knuth	Olson, E.	Schafer	Wagenius
Greenfield	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Scheid	Waltman
Gruenes	Krueger	Omann	Schoenfeld	Welle
Gutknecht	Larsen	Onnen	Schreiber	Wenzel
Hartle	Lasley	Orenstein	Seaberg	Winter
Haukoos	Lieder	Osthoff	Segal	Wynia
Heap	Long	Otis	Shaver	Spk. Norton
Himle	Marsh	Ozment	Simoneau	
Hugoson	McDonald	Pappas	Skoglund	
Jacobs	McEachern	Pauly	Solberg	

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 682 which was temporarily laid over earlier today was again reported to the House.

Riveness moved that S. F. No. 682 be returned to General Orders. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1029 was reported to the House.

Clark moved to amend S. F. No. 1029, as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. [237.50] [DEFINITIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [SCOPE.] The terms used in sections 1 to 7 have the meanings given them in this section.

Subd. 2. [BOARD.] "Board" means the telecommunication access for communication-impaired persons board established in section 2.

Subd. 3. [COMMUNICATION IMPAIRED.] "Communication impaired" means certified as deaf, severely hearing impaired, hard of hearing, speech impaired, or deaf and blind.

Subd. 4. [COMMUNICATION DEVICE.] "Communication device" means a device that when connected to a telephone enables a

communication-impaired person to communicate with another person utilizing the telephone system. A "communication device" includes a ring signaler, an amplification device, a telephone device for the deaf, and a telebraille unit.

Subd. 5. [EXCHANGE.] "Exchange" means a unit area established and described by the tariff of a telephone company for the administration of telephone service in a specified geographical area, usually embracing a city, town, or village and its environs, and served by one or more central offices, together with associated facilities used in providing service within that area.

Subd. 6. [FUND.] "Fund" means the telecommunication access for communication-impaired persons fund established in section 3.

Subd. 7. [INTEREXCHANGE SERVICE.] "Interexchange service" means telephone service between points in two or more exchanges.

Subd. 8. [INTER-LATA INTEREXCHANGE SERVICE.] "Inter-LATA interexchange service" means interexchange service originating and terminating in different LATAs.

Subd. 9. [LOCAL ACCESS AND TRANSPORT AREA.] "Local access and transport area (LATA)" means a geographical area designated by the Modification of Final Judgment in U.S. v. Western Electric Co., Inc., 552 F. Supp. 131 (D.D.C. 1982), including modifications in effect on the effective date of sections 2 to 5.

Subd. 10. [LOCAL EXCHANGE SERVICE.] "Local exchange service" means telephone service between points within an exchange.

Subd. 11. [MESSAGE RELAY SERVICE.] "Message relay service" means a central statewide service through which a communication-impaired person, using a communication device, may send and receive messages to and from a non-communication-impaired person whose telephone is not equipped with a communication device and through which a non-communication-impaired person may, by using voice communication, send and receive messages to and from a communication-impaired person.

## Sec. 2. [237.51] [BOARD.]

Subdivision 1. [CREATION.] The telecommunication access for communication-impaired persons board is established to establish and administer a program to distribute communication devices to eligible communication-impaired persons and to create and maintain a message relay service.

Subd. 2. [MEMBERS.] The board consists of 12 persons to include:

(1) the commissioner of the department of human services or the commissioner's designee;

(2) the director of the department of public service or the director's designee;

(3) five communication-impaired persons appointed by the governor;

(4) one person appointed by the governor who is a professional in the area of communications disabilities;

(5) one person appointed by the governor to represent the telephone company providing local exchange service to the largest number of persons;

(6) one member of the Minnesota Telephone Association appointed by the governor to represent other affected telephone companies; and

(7) one person appointed by the governor to represent companies providing inter-LATA interexchange telephone service; and

(8) one person to represent the organization operating the message relay service to be appointed by the governor at the time the board contracts with the organization pursuant to section 5.

Subd. 3. [REMOVAL; VACANCY; EXPENSES.] The removal of members and filling of vacancies shall be handled as provided under section 15.059, subdivision 4. Members of the board may be reimbursed for expenses incurred in attending meetings as authorized by the commissioner's plan adopted under section 43A.18, subdivision 2.

Subd. 4. [MEETINGS.] The board shall meet at least monthly until December 31, 1988, and at least quarterly thereafter.

Subd. 5. [DUTIES.] In addition to any duties specified elsewhere in sections 2 to 7, the board shall:

(1) define economic hardship, special needs, and household criteria so as to determine the priority of eligible applicants for initial distribution of devices and to determine circumstances necessitating provision of more than one communication device per household;

(2) establish a method to verify eligibility requirements;



(3) research and publish lists of available communication devices and compatibility of the devices with available telephone equipment;

(4) enter contracts for the establishment and operation of the message relay service pursuant to section 5;

(5) inform the public and specifically the community of communication-impaired persons of the program;

(6) prepare the reports required by section 6;

(7) administer the fund created in section 3;

(8) retain the services of a program administrator; and

(9) study the potential economic impact of the program on local communication device retailers and dispensers and develop guidelines for the purchase of some communication devices from local retailers and dispensers if the study determines that otherwise they will be economically harmed by implementation of sections 1 to 7.

Subd. 6. [ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT.] The director of the department of public service shall provide staff assistance not including the program administrator who is to be chosen by the board, administrative services, and office space under a contract with the board. The board shall reimburse the commissioner for services, staff, and space provided. The board may request necessary information from the supervising officer of any state agency.

### Sec. 3. [237.52] [FUND; ASSESSMENT.]

Subdivision 1. [FUND.] A telecommunication access for communication-impaired persons fund is established as an account in the state treasury. Earnings, such as interest, dividends, and any other earnings arising from fund assets, must be credited to the fund.

Subd. 2. [ASSESSMENT.] The board shall annually recommend to the commission an adequate and appropriate mechanism to implement sections 1 to 7. The commission shall annually determine the funding mechanism to be used within 60 days of receipt of the recommendation of the program administrator and shall order the imposition of surcharges effective on the earliest practicable date. The commission shall establish a monthly charge no greater than ten cents for each customer access line, including trunk equivalents as designated by the commission pursuant to section 403.11, subdivision 1.

Subd. 3. [COLLECTION.] Every telephone company providing local service in this state shall collect the charges established by the commission under subdivision 2 and transfer amounts collected to the commissioner of administration in the same manner as provided in section 403.11, subdivision 1, paragraph (c). The commissioner of administration must deposit the receipts in the fund established in subdivision 1.

Subd. 4. [APPROPRIATION.] Money in the fund is appropriated to the board to implement sections 2 to 7.

Subd. 5. [EXPENDITURES.] Money in the fund may only be used for:

(1) program administration including personnel cost, public relations, board members' expenses, preparation of reports, and other reasonable expenses not to exceed 20 percent of total program expenditures;

(2) reimbursing telephone companies for purchases made or services provided pursuant to section 4;

(3) contracting for establishment and operation of the message relay service required by section 5.

All costs directly associated with the establishment of the board and program, the purchase and distribution of communication devices and the establishment and operation of the message relay service are either reimbursable or directly payable from the fund after authorization by the board.

Sec. 4. [237.53] [COMMUNICATION DEVICES.]

Subdivision 1. [APPLICATION.] A person applying for a communication device under this section must apply to the program administrator on a form prescribed by the board.

Subd. 2. [ELIGIBILITY.] To be eligible to obtain a communication device under this section, a person must be:

(1) at least five years of age;

(2) communication impaired;

(3) a resident of the state;

(4) a resident in a household that has a median income at or below the applicable median household income in the state, except a deaf and blind person applying for a telebraille unit may reside in a

household that has a median income no more than 150 percent of the applicable median household income in the state; and

(5) a resident in a household that has telephone service or that has made application for service and has been assigned a telephone number.

Subd. 3. [DISTRIBUTION.] The telephone company providing local exchange service to the largest number of persons in the state shall purchase and distribute to each other telephone company providing local exchange service a sufficient number of communication devices so that each eligible household receives an appropriate device. Each telephone company providing local exchange service shall distribute the devices to eligible households in its service area free of charge as directed by the program administrator. Initial distribution of the devices will be on a priority basis as determined by the board under section 2.

Subd. 4. [TRAINING; MAINTENANCE.] The company providing local exchange service to an eligible household shall maintain the communication devices and provide training, without charge, to first-time users of the devices.

Subd. 5. [WIRING INSTALLATION.] If a communication-impaired person is not served by telephone service and is subject to economic hardship as determined by the board, the telephone company providing local service shall at the direction of the administrator of the program install necessary outside wiring without charge to the household.

Subd. 6. [OWNERSHIP.] All communication devices purchased pursuant to subdivision 3 will become the property of the company providing the communication device to eligible recipients and are excluded from that company's rate base for the purpose of establishing rates under section 237.075 as applicable.

Subd. 7. [STANDARDS.] The communication devices distributed under this section must comply with the electronic industries association standards and approved by the Federal Communications Commission. Each company must provide each eligible person a choice of several models of devices, the retail value of which may not exceed \$600 for a communication device for the deaf and a retail value of \$7,000 for a telebraille device.

Subd. 8. [REIMBURSEMENT.] The board shall reimburse telephone companies for the cost of any purchase or service required under this section from money in the fund established in section 3.

Sec. 5. [237.54] [MESSAGE RELAY SERVICE.]

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT.] The board shall contract with an inter-LATA interexchange telephone service provider to establish a third-party message relay service with an "800" number to enable telecommunication between communication-impaired persons and non-communication-impaired persons.

Subd. 2. [OPERATION.] The board shall contract with a local consumer organization that serves communication-impaired persons for operation of the message relay system. The operator of the system shall keep all messages confidential, shall train personnel in the unique needs of communication-impaired people, and shall inform communication-impaired persons and the public of the availability and use of the system. The operator shall not relay a message unless it originates or terminates through a communication device for the deaf or a telebraille device.

Sec. 6. [237.55] [REPORTS; PLANS.]

The board shall prepare a report for presentation to the commission not later than December 31, 1987, to include plans for distributing communication devices and establishing a third-party message relay service and a recommendation for a funding mechanism pursuant to section 3, subdivision 2. The provision of service required under sections 1 to 7 may begin when the plan is approved by the commission or March 1, 1988, whichever is earlier.

Beginning in 1988, the board must prepare a report for presentation to the commission by December 31 of each year through the year 1992. Each report must review the accessibility of the telephone system to communication-impaired persons, review the ability of non-communication-impaired persons to communicate with communication-impaired persons via the telephone system, describe services provided, account for money received and disbursed annually for each aspect of the program to date, and include predicted future operation until the final report.

The final report must, in detail, describe program operation and make recommendations for the funding and service level for necessary ongoing services. The commission may recommend changes in the program to the legislature throughout its operation and shall make a recommendation to the legislature by February 1, 1993, for the future provision and maintenance of the services.

Sec. 7. [237.56] [ADEQUATE SERVICE.]

The services required to be provided under sections 1 to 6 may be enforced under section 237.081 upon a complaint of at least two communication-impaired persons within the service area of any one telephone company, provided that if only one person within the service area of a company is receiving service under sections 1 to 6, the commission may proceed upon a complaint from that person.

## Sec. 8. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1 to 7 are effective July 1, 1987, and are repealed effective June 30, 1993."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to utilities; establishing program to provide communication-impaired people with devices enabling their use of telephones; creating advisory committee and requiring report; providing for payment of costs of program; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 237."

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

S. F. No. 1029, A bill for an act relating to utilities; establishing program to provide communication-impaired people with devices enabling their use of telephones; creating advisory committee and requiring report; providing for payment of costs of program; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 237.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 89 yeas and 25 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Frederick	Larsen	Omann	Seaberg
Battaglia	Greenfield	Lasley	Onnen	Segal
Bauerly	Gruenes	Lieder	Orenstein	Simoneau
Beard	Himle	McEachern	Otis	Solberg
Begich	Jacobs	Milbert	Ozment	Steensma
Bertram	Jaros	Miller	Pappas	Swenson
Blatz	Jefferson	Minne	Pelowski	Tjornhom
Brown	Jennings	Morrison	Peterson	Trimble
Burger	Jensen	Munger	Price	Tunheim
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Murphy	Quinn	Vanasek
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Nelson, C.	Reding	Vellenga
Carruthers	Kelly	Nelson, D.	Rice	Voss
Clark	Kelso	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Welle
Cooper	Kinkel	Neuenschwander	Rose	Wenzel
Dauner	Kludt	O'Connor	Rukavina	Winter
DeBlieck	Knuth	Ogren	Sarna	Wynia
Dille	Kostohryz	Olsen, S.	Scheid	Spk. Norton
Dorn	Krueger	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bennett	Gutknecht	Kalis	Redalen	Sviggum
Clausnitzer	Hartle	Knickerbocker	Richter	Thiede
Dempsey	Haukoos	McDonald	Schafer	Uphus
Forsythe	Hugoson	Pauly	Schreiber	Valento
Frerichs	Johnson, V.	Quist	Shaver	Waltman

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 1524 was reported to the House.

Kalis moved to amend S. F. No. 1524, as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

**"Section 1. [VETERANS BONUS CLAIMS; APPROPRIATIONS; GENERAL FUND.]**

Subdivision 1. [GENERALLY.] The sums set forth in this section are appropriated from the general fund to the persons named in subdivisions 2, 3, and 4 in full and final payment of claims against the state for adjusted compensation arising from World War II, the Korean conflict, and Vietnam service.

Subd. 2. [WORLD WAR II.] Robert E. Amundson, 320 Northwest 4th Avenue, Faribault, Minnesota 55021 .....\$245.

Subd. 3. [KOREAN CONFLICT.] Robert E. Amundson, 320 Northwest 4th Avenue, Faribault, Minnesota 55021.....\$180.

Frank H. Bellanger, Box 367, Cass Lake, Minnesota 56633.....\$97.50.

David Hoff, Route 2, Box 140, Cohasset, Minnesota 55721.....\$90.

Walter R. Kaisler, Route 3, Cambridge, Minnesota 55008.....\$45.

Calvin E. Peterson, Box 9, Tri-Court Motel, East Highway 12, Willmar, Minnesota 56201.....\$195.

Richard E. Swan, 714 8th Street South, Moorhead, Minnesota 56560.....\$97.50.

Floyd E. Thorpe, 500 Home Street, Apartment 25B, Fairmont, Minnesota 56031.....\$105.

Louis C. Welter, 1681 Euclid, St. Paul, Minnesota 55106.....\$165.

Subd. 4. [VIETNAM SERVICE.] Robert E. Becker, 314 North Van Buren Street, Springfield, Minnesota 56087.....\$600.

Toshi K. Behrendt (beneficiary), Route 78, Box 198, 606 3rd Street, Pine River, Minnesota 56474.....\$300.

Steven P. Brandt, 718 Oakdale Avenue, St. Paul, Minnesota 55107.....\$105.

Raymond D. Campbell, Jr., 15679 220th Street North, Scandia, Minnesota 55073.....\$100.

Bruce E. Cook, Rural Route 1, Box 127A, Mountain Iron, Minnesota 55768.....\$500.

William E. Dwyer, 768 East Orange Avenue, St. Paul, Minnesota 55106.....\$300.

Lonny L. Gohde, Route 1, Box 267, Sarona, Wisconsin 54870.....\$585.

Joseph L. Goulet, 3119 4th Street North, Apartment 1, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55411.....\$300.

John E. Hanson, 3004 3rd Avenue Southwest, Grand Rapids, Minnesota 55744.....\$300.

Dennis H. Huot, 3402 Cedar Avenue South, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55407.....\$300.

Steven G. Johnson, Route 2, Box 157, St. Charles, Minnesota 55972.....\$255.

Jack E. Keefer, Jr., 20 North 3rd Street, Long Prairie, Minnesota 56347.....\$210.

Robert D. Keto, 12900 Pilgrim Lane, Champlin, Minnesota 55316.....\$100.

Reuben D. Kort, 918 Lindburg Drive, Little Falls, Minnesota 56345.....\$600.

William F. Loll, P. O. Box 1052, Eyota, Minnesota 55934.....\$150.

Gerald E. May, 1311 South Arago, Peoria, Illinois 61605.....\$600.

Margaret A. McLain, 2610 Woodland Avenue, Duluth, Minnesota 55803.....\$300.

Steven S. Nowlan, 5730 Camden Avenue North, Brooklyn Center, Minnesota 55430.....\$300.

Joseph C. Olson, 534 Forest Street, St. Paul, Minnesota 55106.....\$600.

Steven R. Olson, 4224 Winnetka Avenue North, Apartment 206, New Hope, Minnesota 55428.....\$100.

Dennis W. Pooler, 516 Walnut Street, Petaluma, California 94952.....\$300.

Garrett I. Raasch, Grove City, Minnesota 56243.....\$600.

Michael D. St. Dennis, 2958 Queen Avenue North, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55411.....\$120.

Arlen G. Simi, 2268 26th Avenue South, St. Cloud, Minnesota 56301.....\$300.

Phyllis J. Strader (beneficiary), Rural Route 1, Wheaton, Minnesota 56296.....\$1,000.

Gary B. Stranberg, 13201 Pierce Street Northeast, Blaine, Minnesota 55434.....\$465.

Wayne L. Svare, 327 8th Avenue South, St. Cloud, Minnesota 56301.....\$300.

David H. Swaggert, 6515 Corvallis Avenue North, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55428.....\$600.

Michael L. Thesenvitz, 2068 Temple Court, St. Paul, Minnesota 55104.....\$600.

## Sec. 2. [CLAIMS OF DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS.]

There is appropriated from the general fund to the department of corrections \$269.16 for calendar year 1985 and \$357.66 for calendar year 1986 to reimburse the department for money expended for medical expenses incurred by individuals under the jurisdiction of the department who were injured while performing community service work in instances where insurance coverage did not apply.

## Sec. 3. [TRUNK HIGHWAY FUND CLAIMS.]

Subdivision 1. The sum set forth in this section is appropriated from the trunk highway fund to the commissioner of transportation for payment to the person named in this section in full and final payment of claims against the state. This appropriation is available until June 30, 1988.

Subd. 2. Lillian J. Rehak, 222 Duke Street, St. Paul, Minnesota 55102, for well damage in 1985 resulting from highway construction on the route of Interstate 35E.....\$13,000.00."



Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to claims against the state; providing for payment of various claims; appropriating money."

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

#### SUSPENSION OF RULES

Pursuant to Article IV, Section 19, of the Constitution of the state of Minnesota, Kalis moved that the rule therein be suspended and an urgency be declared so that S. F. No. 1524, as amended, be given its third reading and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

Kalis moved that the Rules of the House be so far suspended that S. F. No. 1524, as amended, be given its third reading and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1524, A bill for an act relating to claims against the state; providing for payment of various claims; appropriating money.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 127 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Frerichs	Knickerbocker	O'Connor	Riveness
Battaglia	Greenfield	Knuth	Ogren	Rose
Bauerly	Gruenes	Kostohryz	Olsen, S.	Rukavina
Beard	Gutknecht	Krueger	Olson, E.	Sarna
Begich	Hartle	Larsen	Olson, K.	Schafer
Bennett	Haukoos	Lasley	Omann	Scheid
Bertram	Heap	Lieder	Onnen	Schoenfeld
Blatz	Himle	Long	Orenstein	Schreiber
Brown	Hugoson	Marsh	Osthoff	Seaberg
Burger	Jacobs	McDonald	Otis	Segal
Carlson, D.	Jaros	McEachern	Ozment	Shaver
Carlson, L.	Jefferson	McLaughlin	Pappas	Simoneau
Carruthers	Jennings	McPherson	Pauly	Skoglund
Clark	Jensen	Milbert	Pelowski	Solberg
Clausnitzer	Johnson, A.	Miller	Peterson	Sparby
Cooper	Johnson, R.	Minne	Price	Stanius
Dauner	Johnson, V.	Morrison	Quinn	Steensma
DeBlieck	Kahn	Munger	Quist	Sviggum
Dempsey	Kalis	Murphy	Redalen	Swenson
Dille	Kelly	Nelson, C.	Reding	Thiede
Dorn	Kelso	Nelson, D.	Rest	Tjornhom
Forsythe	Kinkel	Nelson, K.	Rice	Trimble
Frederick	Kludt	Neuenschwander	Richter	Tunheim

Uphus  
Valento  
Vanasek

Vellenga  
Voss  
Wagenius

Waltman  
Welle  
Wenzel

Winter  
Wynia  
Spk. Norton

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 834 was reported to the House.

#### SUSPENSION OF RULES

Pursuant to Article IV, Section 19, of the Constitution of the state of Minnesota, Segal moved that the rule therein be suspended and an urgency be declared so that S. F. No. 834 be given its third reading and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

Segal moved that the Rules of the House be so far suspended that S. F. No. 834 be given its third reading and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 834, A bill for an act relating to human services; establishing the office of assistant commissioner of mental health; establishing a state advisory council on mental health; creating a mental health division in the department of human services; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 245.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 128 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Dorn	Kalis	Morrison	Peterson
Battaglia	Forsythe	Kelly	Munger	Price
Bauerly	Frederick	Kelso	Murphy	Quinn
Beard	Frerichs	Kinkel	Nelson, C.	Quist
Begich	Greenfield	Kludt	Nelson, D.	Redalen
Bennett	Gruenes	Knickerbocker	Nelson, K.	Reding
Bertram	Gutknecht	Knuth	Neuenschwander	Rest
Blatz	Hartle	Kostohryz	O'Connor	Rice
Boo	Haukoos	Krueger	Ogren	Richter
Brown	Heap	Larsen	Olsen, S.	Riveness
Burger	Himle	Lasley	Olsen, E.	Rose
Carlson, D.	Hugoson	Lieder	Olson, K.	Rukavina
Carlson, L.	Jacobs	Long	Omann	Sarna
Carruthers	Jaros	Marsh	Onnen	Schafer
Clark	Jefferson	McDonald	Orenstein	Scheid
Clausnitzer	Jennings	McEachern	Osthoff	Schoenfeld
Cooper	Jensen	McLaughlin	Otis	Schreiber
Dauner	Johnson, A.	McPherson	Ozment	Seaberg
DeBlicek	Johnson, R.	Milbert	Pappas	Segal
Dempsey	Johnson, V.	Miller	Pauly	Shaver
Dille	Kahn	Minne	Pelowski	Simoneau

Skoglund	Swiggum	Tunheim	Voss	Winter
Solberg	Swenson	Uphus	Wagenius	Wynia
Sparby	Thiede	Valento	Waltman	Spk. Norton
Stanius	Tjornhom	Vanasek	Welle	
Steensma	Trimble	Vellenga	Wenzel	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

H. F. No. 438, A bill for an act relating to human services; authorizing the commissioner of human services to study the needs of elderly persons with mental retardation or related conditions.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 123 yeas and 2 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Larsen	Onnen	Simoneau
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Lasley	Orenstein	Skoglund
Bauerly	Hartle	Lieder	Osthoff	Solberg
Beard	Haukoos	Long	Otis	Sparby
Begich	Heap	Marsh	Ozment	Stanius
Bennett	Himle	McDonald	Pappas	Steensma
Bertram	Hugoson	McEachern	Pauly	Swiggum
Blatz	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Pelowski	Swenson
Boo	Jaros	McPherson	Peterson	Tjornhom
Brown	Jefferson	Milbert	Price	Trimble
Burger	Jennings	Miller	Quinn	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Jensen	Minne	Redalen	Uphus
Carruthers	Johnson, A.	Morrison	Reding	Valento
Clark	Johnson, R.	Munger	Rest	Vanasek
Clausnitzer	Johnson, V.	Murphy	Rice	Vellenga
Cooper	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Riveness	Voss
Dauner	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Rukavina	Wagenius
DeBleek	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Sarna	Waltman
Dempsey	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Schafer	Welle
Dille	Kinkel	O'Connor	Scheid	Wenzel
Dorn	Kludt	Ogren	Schoenfeld	Winter
Forsythe	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Schreiber	Wynia
Frederick	Knuth	Olson, E.	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Frerichs	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Segal	
Greenfield	Krueger	Omann	Shaver	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Richter	Thiede
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The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 1202 was reported to the House.

#### SUSPENSION OF RULES

Pursuant to Article IV, Section 19, of the Constitution of the state of Minnesota, Kahn moved that the rule therein be suspended and

an urgency be declared so that S. F. No. 1202 be given its third reading and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

Kahn moved that the Rules of the House be so far suspended that S. F. No. 1202 be given its third reading and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1202, A bill for an act relating to environment; establishing a siting process for a low-level radioactive waste facility; providing for volunteer sites and an alternative site selection process; establishing a siting board; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 116C.832, subdivision 1, and by adding subdivisions; 116C.834; and 116C.842, subdivision 3; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116C.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 125 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Larsen	Onnen	Segal
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Lasley	Orenstein	Shaver
Bauerly	Hartle	Lieder	Osthoff	Simoneau
Beard	Haukoos	Long	Otis	Skoglund
Begich	Heap	Marsh	Ozment	Solberg
Bennett	Himle	McDonald	Pappas	Stanius
Bertram	Hugoson	McEachern	Pauly	Steensma
Blatz	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Pelowski	Sviggum
Boo	Jaros	McPherson	Peterson	Swenson
Brown	Jefferson	Milbert	Price	Tiede
Burger	Jennings	Miller	Quinn	Tjornhom
Carlson, L.	Jensen	Minne	Quist	Trimble
Carruthers	Johnson, A.	Morrison	Redalen	Tunheim
Clark	Johnson, R.	Munger	Reding	Uphus
Clausnitzer	Johnson, V.	Murphy	Rest	Valento
Cooper	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Rice	Vanasek
Dauner	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Richter	Vellenga
DeBlicek	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Voss
Dempsey	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dille	Kinkel	O'Connor	Sarna	Waltman
Dorn	Kludt	Ogren	Schafer	Welle
Forsythe	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Scheid	Wenzel
Frederick	Knuth	Olson, E.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Frerichs	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Schreiber	Wynia
Greenfield	Krueger	Omamm	Seaberg	Spk. Norton

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

There being no objection, the order of business reverted to Messages from the Senate.

## MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

The following messages were received from the Senate:

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 303, A bill for an act relating to agriculture; changing the shade tree disease control program; imposing certain penalties; eliminating certain audit requirements and an insurance limitation; changing the cooperative associations law; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 18.023, subdivision 1; 28A.08; 31.101, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8; 40.071; 308.58, subdivision 2; 308.62; 308.77; 308.83; and 308.85; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 38.02, subdivision 2; and 38.13.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Nelson, C., moved that the House refuse to concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 303, that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 5 members of the House, and that the House requests that a like committee be appointed by the Senate to confer on the disagreeing votes of the two houses.

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

### POINT OF ORDER

Quist raised a point of order pursuant to section 677, paragraph 1, of "Mason's Manual of Legislative Procedure" relating to minority committee reports. Speaker pro tempore Simoneau ruled the point of order not well taken.

The question was taken on the Nelson, C., motion and the roll was called. There were 125 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Boo	Clausnitzer	Forsythe	Haukoos
Bauerly	Brown	Cooper	Frederick	Heap
Beard	Burger	Dauner	Frerichs	Himle
Begich	Carlson, D.	DeBlick	Greenfield	Hugoson
Bennett	Carlson, L.	Dempsey	Gruenes	Jacobs
Bertram	Carruthers	Dille	Gutknecht	Jaros
Blatz	Clark	Dorn	Hartle	Jefferson

Jennings	Marsh	Olson, E.	Rice	Sviggum
Jensen	McDonald	Olson, K.	Richter	Swenson
Johnson, A.	McEachern	Omman	Riveness	Thiede
Johnson, R.	McLaughlin	Onnen	Rose	Tjornhom
Johnson, V.	McPherson	Orenstein	Rukavina	Trimble
Kalis	Milbert	Osthoff	Sarna	Tunheim
Kelly	Miller	Otis	Schafer	Uphus
Kelso	Minne	Ozment	Scheid	Valento
Kinkel	Morrison	Pappas	Schoenfeld	Vanasek
Kludt	Munger	Pauly	Schreiber	Vellenga
Knickerbocker	Murphy	Pelowski	Segal	Voss
Knuth	Nelson, C.	Peterson	Shaver	Wagenius
Kostohryz	Nelson, D.	Price	Simoneau	Waltman
Krueger	Nelson, K.	Quinn	Skoglund	Welle
Larsen	Neuenschwander	Quist	Solberg	Wenzel
Lasley	O'Connor	Redalen	Sparby	Winter
Lieder	Ogren	Reding	Stanius	Wynia
Long	Olsen, S.	Rest	Steensma	Spk. Norton

The motion prevailed.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 141, A bill for an act relating to liability; authorizing the elimination or limitation of a director's personal liability to a cooperative association or its members; exempting certain directors, members, and agents of nonprofit corporations from civil liability; exempting certain members of hospital district boards from certain civil liability; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 317.201; and 447.32, by adding a subdivision; and proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 308.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVER, Secretary of the Senate

Ogren moved that the House refuse to concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 141, that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 3 members of the House, and that the House requests that a like committee be appointed by the Senate to confer on the disagreeing votes of the two houses. The motion prevailed.

#### ANNOUNCEMENTS BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on H. F. No. 303:

Nelson, C.; Wenzel; Kalis; Schoenfeld and Dille.

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on H. F. No. 141:

Ogren, Orenstein and Marsh.

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on H. F. No. 291:

Winter, Skoglund and Knickerbocker.

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on H. F. No. 1542:

O'Connor, Begich and Sarna.

### SPECIAL ORDERS, Continued

S. F. No. 1203 was reported to the House.

Anderson, G., moved to amend S. F. No. 1203, as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

#### "ARTICLE 1

#### ENERGY

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 18.023, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. [REPORT TO THE LEGISLATURE.] On or before January 31 of each year, the commissioner shall report to the legislature on the preceding year's approved disease control programs and any experimental programs conducted pursuant to subdivision 10a. The commissioner, with the assistance of the commissioner of energy trade and economic development and the director of public service, shall investigate and evaluate the potential uses of wood infected with shade tree disease, including the uses as an alternative energy source and as a component in the construction or manufacture of new products.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 18.024, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. The department of agriculture, in cooperation with the commissioner of energy trade and economic development, the director of public service, and the Minnesota shade tree advisory

committee, shall draft recommendations for wood utilization or disposal systems as defined in section 18.023. These recommendations shall encourage maximum utilization of diseased shade trees. In addition to insuring maximum utilization, the recommendations shall must be designed to insure public safety and to assure compliance with approved disease control programs.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 104.35, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. The commissioner shall make the proposed management plan available to affected local governmental bodies, shoreland owners, conservation and outdoor recreation groups, the commissioner of energy trade and economic development, the director of public service, the governor, and the general public. The commissioner of energy trade and economic development, the director of public service, and the governor shall review the proposed management plan pursuant to in accordance with the criteria specified in section 86A.09, subdivision 3, and submit any written comments to the commissioner within 60 days after receipt of the proposed management plan. Not less than 60 days after making such information available, the commissioner shall conduct a public hearing on the proposed management plan in the county seat of each county which that contains a portion of the designated area, in the manner provided in chapter 14.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 104.35, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Upon receipt of the administrative law judge's report, the commissioner shall immediately forward the proposed management plan and the administrative law judge's report to the commissioner of energy trade and economic development and the director of public service for review pursuant to under section 86A.09, subdivision 3, except that the review by the commissioner of energy trade and economic development shall and the director of public service must be completed or be deemed completed within 30 days after receiving the administrative law judge's report, and the review by the governor shall must be completed or be deemed completed within 15 days after receipt. Within 60 days after receipt of the administrative law judge's report, the commissioner shall decide whether to designate by order the river or a segment thereof of the river as a wild, scenic, or recreational river and, if so designated, shall adopt a management plan to govern the area. The commissioner shall notify and inform public agencies and private landowners of the plan and its purposes so as to encourage their cooperation in the management and use of their land in a manner consistent with the plan and its purposes.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 115A.12, subdivision 2, is amended to read:



Subd. 2. [TECHNICAL ADVISORY COUNCIL.] The chair of the board shall establish an interagency technical advisory council to advise the board and the chair on matters the board, through its chair, deems necessary. The members of the council shall be are the commissioner of health; the commissioner of agriculture; the commissioner of natural resources; the director of the pollution control agency; the commissioner of energy trade and economic development; the director of public service; other heads of agency the chair of the board deems necessary; or their designees. The council shall meet at the call of the chair of the board, who shall serve as chair of the council. The members, collectively and individually shall advise the board and the chair on matters within their various areas of expertise and shall provide technical assistance and information as requested by the board through its chair.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116C.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. ~~The board shall include as members of the board are~~ the director of the state planning agency, the director of public service, the director of the pollution control agency, the commissioner of natural resources, the commissioner of agriculture, the commissioner of health, the commissioner of transportation, and a representative of the governor's office designated by the governor. The governor shall appoint five members from the general public to the board, subject to the advice and consent of the senate. At least two of the five public members ~~shall~~ must have knowledge of and be conversant in water management issues in the state.

Sec. 7. [216C.01] [DEFINITIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [APPLICABILITY.] The definitions in this section apply to section 8 and those sections renumbered by section 10.

Subd. 2. [DIRECTOR.] "Director" means the director of the department of public service.

Subd. 3. [DEPARTMENT.] "Department" means the department of public service.

Sec. 8. [216C.02] [POWERS AND DUTIES OF DIRECTOR; RULES.]

Subdivision 1. [POWERS.] The director may:

(1) apply for, receive, and spend money received from federal, municipal, county, regional, and other government agencies and private sources;

(2) apply for, accept, and disburse grants and other aids from public and private sources;

(3) contract for professional services if work or services required or authorized to be carried out by the director cannot be satisfactorily performed by employees of the department or by another state agency;

(4) enter into interstate compacts to carry out research and planning jointly with other states or the federal government when appropriate;

(5) upon reasonable request, distribute informational material at no cost to the public; and

(6) enter into contracts for the performance of the director's duties with federal, state, regional, metropolitan, local, and other agencies or units of government and educational institutions, including the University of Minnesota, without regard to the competitive bidding requirements of chapters 16A and 16B.

Subd. 2. [RULES.] The director may adopt rules under chapter 14 to carry out the director's duties and responsibilities under this section and those sections renumbered by section 10.

#### Sec. 9. [FUNCTIONS TRANSFERRED; ENERGY DIVISION ESTABLISHED.]

The functions of the department of energy and economic development energy division are transferred from that division to the public service department and are placed under the jurisdiction and control of the director of public service. The energy division is established within the department of public service. The division shall administer the duties and functions assigned to it by law.

#### Sec. 10. [INSTRUCTION TO REVISOR.]

Subdivision 1. The revisor of statutes shall renumber the section of Minnesota Statutes specified in column A with the corresponding number in column B. The revisor shall make necessary cross reference changes consistent with the renumbering.

In the statutes listed below, the revisor of statutes shall also change all references to "commissioner" or "commissioner of the department of energy and economic development" in the statutes specified in column A to "director" and all references to "department of energy and economic development" to "department."

<u>Column A</u>	<u>Column B</u>
<u>116J.04</u>	<u>216C.04</u>
<u>116J.05</u>	<u>216C.05</u>
<u>116J.06</u>	<u>216C.06</u>
<u>116J.07</u>	<u>216C.07</u>
<u>116J.08</u>	<u>216C.08</u>
<u>116J.09</u>	<u>216C.09</u>
<u>116J.10</u>	<u>216C.10</u>
<u>116J.11</u>	<u>216C.11</u>
<u>116J.12</u>	<u>216C.12</u>
<u>116J.13</u>	<u>216C.13</u>
<u>116J.14</u>	<u>216C.14</u>
<u>116J.15</u>	<u>216C.15</u>
<u>116J.16</u>	<u>216C.16</u>
<u>116J.17</u>	<u>216C.17</u>
<u>116J.18</u>	<u>216C.18</u>
<u>116J.19</u>	<u>216C.19</u>
<u>116J.20</u>	<u>216C.20</u>
<u>116J.21</u>	<u>216C.21</u>
<u>116J.22</u>	<u>216C.22</u>
<u>116J.23</u>	<u>216C.23</u>
<u>116J.24</u>	<u>216C.24</u>
<u>116J.25</u>	<u>216C.25</u>
<u>116J.26</u>	<u>216C.26</u>
<u>116J.261</u>	<u>216C.261</u>
<u>116J.262</u>	<u>216C.262</u>
<u>116J.27</u>	<u>216C.27</u>
<u>116J.29</u>	<u>216C.29</u>
<u>116J.30</u>	<u>216C.30</u>
<u>116J.31</u>	<u>216C.31</u>
<u>116J.315</u>	<u>216C.315</u>
<u>116J.32</u>	<u>216C.32</u>
<u>116J.33</u>	<u>216C.33</u>
<u>116J.34</u>	<u>216C.34</u>
<u>116J.35</u>	<u>216C.35</u>
<u>116J.373</u>	<u>216C.373</u>
<u>116J.38</u>	<u>216C.38</u>
<u>116J.381</u>	<u>216C.381</u>

Subd. 2. The revisor of statutes shall change all references to the "commissioner of energy and economic development" or the "commissioner" (meaning the commissioner of energy and economic development) to the "director of public service" or the "director" in the statutes listed below:

13.68

325F.19

325F.20

325F.21

325F.22

325F.23

325F.24

16B.56, subd. 1

115A.15

126.111

174.03, subd. 7

#### AGRICULTURE AND TRADE

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 17.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. [COOPERATION WITH MINNESOTA TRADE OFFICE.] The commissioner of agriculture, the commissioner of trade and economic development, and the director of the Minnesota trade office shall cooperate with each other to promote the beneficial agricultural interests of the state. The commissioner of trade and economic development and the director of the Minnesota trade office have primary responsibility for promoting state agricultural interests to national and international markets. The commissioner of agriculture has primary responsibility for promoting the agricultural interests of producers, promoting state agricultural markets, and promoting agricultural interests of the state in cooperative production and marketing efforts with other states.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 17.101, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

~~Subdivision 1. [DEPARTMENTAL DUTIES.]~~ For the purposes of expanding, improving, and developing the markets for products of Minnesota agriculture, the commissioner shall encourage and promote the marketing of these products by means of:

- (a) advertising Minnesota agricultural products;
- (b) assisting state agricultural commodity organizations;
- (c) developing methods to increase processing and marketing of agricultural commodities including commodities not being produced

in Minnesota on a commercial scale, but which may have economic potential in national and international markets;

(d) investigating and identifying new marketing technology and methods to enhance the competitive position of Minnesota agricultural products;

(e) evaluating livestock marketing opportunities;

(f) assessing and developing national and international markets for Minnesota agricultural products;

(g) studying the conversion of raw agricultural products to manufactured products including ethanol;

(h) hosting the visits of foreign trade teams to Minnesota and defraying the teams' expenses;

(i) assisting Minnesota agricultural businesses desiring to sell their products in national and international markets; and

(j) other activities the commissioner deems appropriate to promote Minnesota agricultural products in national and international markets.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 43A.08, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [UNCLASSIFIED POSITIONS.] Unclassified positions are held by employees who are:

(a) Chosen by election or appointed to fill an elective office;

(b) Heads of agencies required by law to be appointed by the governor or other elective officers, and the executive or administrative heads of departments, bureaus, divisions and institutions specifically established by law in the unclassified service;

(c) Deputy and assistant agency heads, and one confidential secretary in the agencies listed in subdivision 1a;

(d) The confidential secretary to each of the elective officers of this state and, for the secretary of state, state auditor, and state treasurer, an additional deputy, clerk, or employee;

(e) Intermittent help employed by the commissioner of public safety to assist in the issuance of vehicle licenses;

(f) Employees in the offices of the governor and of the lieutenant governor, and one confidential employee for the governor in the office of the adjutant general;

(g) Employees of the Washington, D.C., office of the state of Minnesota;

(h) Employees of the legislature and of legislative committees or commissions; provided that employees of the legislative audit commission, except for the legislative auditor, the deputy legislative auditors, and their confidential secretaries, shall be employees in the classified service;

~~(h)~~ (i) Presidents, vice presidents, deans, other managers and professionals in academic and academic support programs, administrative or service faculty, teachers, research assistants and student employees eligible under terms of the federal economic opportunity act work study program in the state universities and community colleges. This paragraph shall, but not be construed to include the custodial, clerical, or maintenance employees, or any professional or managerial employee performing duties in connection with the business administration of these institutions.

~~(i)~~ (j) Officers and enlisted persons in the national guard;

~~(j)~~ (k) Attorneys, legal assistants, examiners, and three confidential employees appointed by the attorney general or employed with the attorney general's authorization;

~~(k)~~ (l) Judges and all employees of the judicial branch, referees, receivers, jurors, and notaries public, except referees and adjusters employed by the department of labor and industry;

~~(l)~~ (m) Members of the state patrol; provided that selection and appointment of state patrol troopers shall be made in accordance with applicable laws governing the classified service;

~~(m)~~ (n) Chaplains employed by the state;

~~(n)~~ (o) Examination monitors and intermittent training instructors employed by the departments of employee relations and commerce;

~~(o)~~ (p) Student workers; and

~~(p)~~ (q) Employees unclassified pursuant to other statutory authority.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116J.01, is amended to read:

116J.01 [DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY TRADE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.]

Subdivision 1. [APPOINTMENT.] The department of energy trade and economic development shall be is supervised and controlled by the commissioner of energy trade and economic development, who shall be is appointed by the governor and serve serves under the provisions of section 15.06.

Subd. 2. [CONFIDENTIAL SECRETARY.] The commissioner may appoint a confidential secretary in the unclassified service.

Subd. 3. [DEPARTMENTAL ORGANIZATION.] The commissioner shall organize the department as provided in section 15.06. The department shall be organized into four divisions, which shall be designated as the energy business promotion and marketing division, the community development division, the economic development policy analysis division, and the financial management Minnesota trade office division; and one office, the office of tourism. Each division and office is responsible for administering shall administer the duties and functions assigned to it by law. When the duties of the divisions or office are not allocated by law, the commissioner may establish and revise the assignments of each division and office. Each division shall be is under the direction of a deputy commissioner in the unclassified service. The office of tourism is under the direction of a director of tourism in the unclassified service. The governor shall appoint the director of tourism.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116J.03, is amended to read:

116J.03 [DEFINITIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [SCOPE.] As used in chapter 116J, the terms defined in this section have the meaning given them.

Subd. 2. [COMMISSIONER.] "Commissioner" means the commissioner of energy trade and economic development.

Subd. 3. [DEPARTMENT.] "Department" means the department of energy trade and economic development.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116J.58, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [PROMOTIONAL CONTRACTS.] In order to best carry out duties and responsibilities and to serve the people of the state in the promotion of tourism, trade, and economic development, the commissioner may engage in programs and projects jointly with a

private person, firm, corporation or association and may enter into contracts under terms to be mutually agreed upon to carry out such programs and projects not including acquisition of land or buildings. Such Contracts may be negotiated and shall are not be subject to the provisions of chapter 16, insofar as such provisions relate 16B relating to competitive bidding.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116J.60, is amended to read:

116J.60 [PROMOTIONAL EXPENSES.]

In the promotion of tourism, trade, and economic development of the state, the commissioner of energy trade and economic development may expend money appropriated by the legislature for these purposes in the same manner as private persons, firms, corporations, and associations make expenditures for these purposes. An expenditure for food, lodging, or travel is not governed by the travel rules of the commissioner of employee relations. No money shall be expended for the appearance in radio or television broadcasts by an elected public official.

Sec. 18. [116J.613] [WASHINGTON OFFICE.]

The commissioner may appoint employees in the Washington, D.C., office of the state of Minnesota in accordance with chapter 43A, and prescribe their duties.

In the operation of the Washington, D.C., office of the state of Minnesota, the commissioner may expend money appropriated by the legislature for promotional purposes in the same manner as private persons, firms, corporations, and associations expend money for promotional purposes. Promotional expenditures for food, lodging, or travel are not governed by the travel rules of the commissioner of employee relations.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116J.63, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. The commissioner shall recommend a schedule of fees pursuant to section 16A.128 to be charged for these materials and for services rendered by the department in furnishing them. Fees for reports, publications, or related publicity or promotional material are not subject to the rulemaking requirements of chapter 14 and are not subject to sections 16A.128 and 16A.1281. The fees prescribed by the commissioner shall must be commensurate with the distribution objective of the department for the material produced or with the cost of furnishing the services. All fees for materials and services shall must be deposited in the general fund.



Sec. 20. [116J.966] [COMMISSIONER'S POWERS AND DUTIES;  
TRADE OFFICE.]

Subdivision 1. [TRADE PROMOTION DUTIES GENERALLY.]  
The commissioner shall promote, develop, and facilitate trade and foreign investment in Minnesota. In furtherance of these goals, and in addition to the powers granted by section 116J.035, the commissioner may:

(1) locate, develop, and promote international markets for Minnesota products and services;

(2) locate, develop, and promote domestic and international markets for Minnesota agricultural products and services;

(3) arrange and lead trade missions to countries with promising international markets for Minnesota goods, technology, services, and agricultural products;

(4) promote Minnesota products and services at international trade shows;

(5) promote Minnesota agricultural products and services at domestic and international trade shows;

(6) organize, promote, and present international trade shows featuring Minnesota products and services;

(7) organize, promote, and present domestic and international trade shows featuring Minnesota agricultural products;

(8) host trade delegations and assist foreign traders in contacting appropriate Minnesota businesses and investments;

(9) develop contacts with Minnesota businesses and gather and provide information to assist them in locating and communicating with international trading or joint venture counterparts;

(10) provide information, education, and counseling services to Minnesota businesses regarding the economic, commercial, legal, and cultural contexts of international trade;

(11) provide Minnesota businesses with international trade leads and information about the availability and sources of services relating to international trade, such as export financing, licensing, freight forwarding, international advertising, translation, and custom brokering;

(12) locate, attract, and promote foreign investment and business development in Minnesota to enhance employment opportunities in Minnesota;

(13) provide foreign businesses and investors desiring to locate facilities in Minnesota information regarding sources of governmental, legal, real estate, financial, and business services;

(14) undertake activities to support the world trade center; and

(15) enter into contracts or other agreements with private persons and public entities to carry out the purposes of promoting international trade and attracting investment from foreign countries to Minnesota and to carry out this section, without regard to sections 16B.07 and 16B.09.

Subd. 2. [AGRICULTURAL PROMOTION.] The commissioner of trade and economic development and the director of the Minnesota trade office shall cooperate and consult with the commissioner of agriculture in promoting the beneficial agricultural interests of the state. The commissioner of trade and economic development and the director of the Minnesota trade office shall have the primary responsibility for promoting state agricultural interests to national and international markets. The commissioner of agriculture has primary responsibility for promoting the agricultural interests of producers, promoting state agricultural markets, and promoting the agricultural interests of the state in cooperative production and marketing efforts with other states.

Subd. 3. [ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT.]

The commissioner of agriculture in consultation with the director of the Minnesota trade office shall provide administrative staff and support to the Interstate Agricultural Grain Marketing Commission members from this state.

## JUVENILE JUSTICE AND YOUTH INTERVENTION

Sec. 21. [268.29] [JUVENILE JUSTICE PROGRAM.]

The governor shall designate the department of jobs and training as the sole agency responsible for supervising the preparation and administration of the state plan for juvenile justice required by the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974, as amended.

The governor shall designate the juvenile justice advisory committee as the supervisory board for the department of jobs and

training with respect to preparation and administration of the state plan and award of grants.

The governor shall appoint members to the juvenile justice advisory committee in accordance with the membership requirements of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974, as amended.

Sec. 22. [268.30] [GRANTS-IN-AID TO YOUTH INTERVENTION PROGRAMS.]

Subdivision 1. [GRANTS.] The commissioner may make grants to nonprofit agencies administering youth intervention programs in communities where the programs are or may be established.

“Youth intervention program” means a nonresidential community-based program providing advocacy, education, counseling, and referral services to youth and their families experiencing personal, familial, school, legal, or chemical problems with the goal of resolving the present problems and preventing the occurrence of the problems in the future.

Subd. 2. [APPLICATIONS.] Applications for a grant-in-aid shall be made by the administering agency to the commissioner. The grant-in-aid is contingent upon the agency having obtained from the community in which the youth intervention program is established local matching money two times the amount of the grant that is sought.

The commissioner shall provide by rule the application form, procedures for making application form, criteria for review of the application, and kinds of contributions in addition to cash that qualify as local matching money. No grant to any agency shall exceed \$25,000.

Sec. 23. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 4.09; 17.03, subdivision 5; 116J.404; and 116J.405 are repealed.

Sec. 24. [INSTRUCTION TO REVISOR.]

Subdivision 1. The revisor of statutes shall renumber each section of Minnesota Statutes in column A with the corresponding number in column B. The revisor shall also make necessary cross reference changes consistent with the renumbering and change the words “commissioner of agriculture” or similar words to “commissioner of the department of trade and economic development” or similar words.

Column A  
17.103  
17.104  
17.105

Column B  
116J.972  
116J.973  
116J.974

Subd. 2. The revisor of statutes shall, except in those sections listed in section 10, change all references to the commissioner or the department of energy and economic development to the commissioner or department of trade and economic development, as appropriate, whenever those words appear in Minnesota Statutes.

Sec. 25. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

This article is effective the day following final enactment.

## ARTICLE 2

### WORLD TRADE CENTER

Section 1. [44A.001] [DEFINITIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [APPLICABILITY.] For purposes of this chapter, the following terms have the meaning given them in this section.

Subd. 2. [BOARD.] "Board" means the governing board of the Minnesota world trade center corporation.

Subd. 3. [CONFERENCE AND SERVICE CENTER.] "Conference and service center" means the approximately 20,000 square feet of space on the third and fourth floors of the Minnesota world trade center that the state of Minnesota has the right to possess, occupy and use subject to the terms and conditions of the development agreement.

Subd. 4. [CORPORATION.] "Corporation" means the Minnesota world trade center corporation established by section 44A.01.

Subd. 5. [DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT.] "Development agreement" means the agreement entered into by and between the world trade center board, as agent of the state of Minnesota, and Oxford Development Minnesota, Inc., dated July 27, 1984, and the amendments to that agreement, for development and construction of a world trade center at a designated site in Minnesota.

Subd. 6. [MINNESOTA WORLD TRADE CENTER.] "Minnesota world trade center" means the facility constructed in accordance with the development agreement.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 44A.01, is amended to read:

**44A.01 [WORLD TRADE CENTER BOARD CORPORATION.]**

Subdivision 1. [MEMBERSHIP ESTABLISHMENT.] (a) A world trade center board is created to facilitate and support Minnesota world trade center programs and services and promote the growth of international trade in Minnesota. The world trade center board consists of nine voting members and four legislators serving as nonvoting members. Three members are representatives of the membership of the Minnesota world trade center, one member is a representative of the international business community, and one member is a representative of the agricultural community.

(b) The initial voting members are appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the senate. The terms of five of the initial voting members shall expire the first Monday in January 1987. The terms of the remaining four initial voting members shall expire the first Monday in January 1989. A vacancy is filled in the same manner as the appointment. The Minnesota world trade center corporation is a public corporation. The corporation is established to facilitate and support Minnesota world trade center programs and services and to promote the Minnesota world trade center. The corporation is a state agency but is not subject to chapters 14, 16A, 16B, 43A, 179, and 179A.

Subd. 2. [BOARD MEMBERSHIP.] (a) The Minnesota world trade center corporation is governed by a board of directors consisting of (1) nine members elected by the association of members established under section 4, subdivision 2, clause (5); (2) three members appointed by the governor; and (3) six legislators.

(b) The members elected by the association shall be elected from members of the international business community and shall serve terms of six years.

(c) The three members appointed by the governor shall be appointed with the advice and consent of the senate and serve terms of six years.

(e) (d) Legislator members are two three members of the senate appointed under the rules of the senate and two three members of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker. At least one member from each house must be appointed from the minority party of that house. Except for the initial members, who are to be appointed following enactment, they are appointed at the beginning of each regular session of the legislature for two-year terms. A legislator who remains a member of the body from which the legislator was appointed may serve until a successor is appointed and qualifies. A vacancy in a legislator member's term is filled for

the unexpired portion of the term in the same manner as the original appointment.

Subd. 2-3. [TERMS; COMPENSATION; REMOVAL.] Except as provided in this section, terms, compensation, and removal of members who are not legislators are as provided in section 15.059.

Subd. 3-4. [ORGANIZATION.] The chair of the world trade center board is selected by the board members. The board shall elect a chair and an executive committee from its members.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 44A.02, is amended to read:

#### 44A.02 [PRESIDENT.]

Subdivision 1. [SELECTION.] The president of the world trade center board corporation is selected by a majority of the board and serves at the pleasure of the board. The president must be familiar with the international business community, and have demonstrated proficiency in communication skills, administration, and management. The salary of the president is set by the board within the limit set by sections, but may not exceed 95 percent of the salary for the governor under section 15A.081, subdivision 1, and 43A.17 6.

Subd. 2. [DUTIES.] The president is the chief administrative officer of the board corporation and is responsible for performing the executive duties of the board corporation. The president is not a member of the board.

Subd. 3. [EMPLOYEES.] The president may appoint unclassified employees in accordance with chapter 43A and prescribe their duties. Employees and officers of the corporation are not state employees, but at the option of the board may participate in the following plans for employees in the unclassified service: the state retirement plan, the state deferred compensation plan, and the health insurance and life insurance plans. The president may delegate to a subordinate the exercise of specified statutory powers or duties as the president deems advisable, subject to the control of the president.

#### Sec. 4. [44A.023] [POWERS.]

Subdivision 1. [LEGAL ACTION.] The corporation may sue, and be sued in the manner and subject to the limitations of other state agencies.

Subd. 2. [OTHER POWERS.] The board may directly, or authorize others in the corporation to:

(1) define, formulate, administer, and deliver programs and services through the world trade center;

(2) establish satellite operations of the Minnesota world trade center within the continental United States;

(3) accept gifts and grants from other sources;

(4) set and collect fees for services and programs;

(5) adopt membership requirements for an association of members of the Minnesota world trade center;

(6) participate jointly with private persons, firms, corporations, or organizations or with public entities in appropriate programs or projects and enter into contracts to spend money to carry out those programs or projects;

(7) have a seal and alter it at will;

(8) acquire and dispose of personal property, including inchoate and intellectual property, royalties, stock, and stock warrants;

(9) enter into contracts or agreements with a federal or state agency, individual, business entity, or other organization;

(10) acquire and dispose of real property or an interest in real property;

(11) purchase insurance;

(12) spend money appropriated to it for its purposes, including expenditures for the food, lodging, and travel of consultants and speakers hired by the board, and for publications, advertising, and promotional activities; and

(13) hold and maintain, with the owner of the Minnesota world trade center, membership for the Minnesota world trade center in the world trade centers association.

Sec. 5. [44A.025] [DUTIES.]

The board shall directly, or authorize others in the corporation to:

(1) promote and market the Minnesota world trade center;

(2) sponsor conferences or other promotional events in the conference and service center;

(3) adopt bylaws governing operation of the corporation by November 1, 1987;

(4) establish a Minnesota world trade center club program in accordance with the development agreement;

(5) conduct public relations and liaison activities between the corporation and the international business community; and

(6) establish and maintain an office in the Minnesota world trade center.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 44A.031, is amended to read:

44A.031 [PROMOTIONAL EXPENSES.]

The world trade center board may directly, or authorize others in the corporation to, expend money in the world trade center fund, and any other money appropriated by the legislature, for the purpose of promotion of world trade in Minnesota to carry out sections 4 and 5. Promotional expenses include, but are not limited to, expenses for the food, lodging and travel of consultants and speakers and corporation employees hired by the board, and publications and other forms of advertising. Promotional expenditures may be made in the same manner as expenditures made by private persons, firms, corporations, or associations for similar purposes, and are not subject to regulation by the commissioner of employee relations.

Sec. 7. [44A.0311] [WORLD TRADE CENTER CORPORATION FUND.]

A world trade center corporation fund is established as an account in the state treasury. All money received by the corporation, including money generated from the use of the conference and service center, except money generated from the use of the center by the Minnesota trade office, shall be deposited in the fund. Money in the fund including interest earned is appropriated to the board and shall be used exclusively for corporation purposes.

Sec. 8. [44A.11] [USE OF CONFERENCE AND SERVICE CENTER.]

The board shall operate or provide for the operation of the conference and service center. Priority use of the conference and service center shall be given to programs and activities related to international trade. The board may provide for the use of the center for public benefits and other revenue raising purposes only after all other uses of the center for international business have been accommodated.



## Sec. 9. [TRANSITION.]

(a) Nine members of the first Minnesota world trade center corporation board of directors are the nine members of the Minnesota world trade center board on the effective date of this section. Three of these members shall serve a term of two years, three a term of four years, and three a term of six years. The determination of members who serve these terms shall be made by lot. On expiration of a member's term under this paragraph, a successor shall be elected under section 2, subdivision 2, paragraph (b).

(b) Three members of the first Minnesota world trade center corporation board of directors shall be appointed by the members of the first Minnesota world trade center corporation board of directors chosen under section 2, paragraph (d) and paragraph (a) of this section. One of these members shall serve a term of two years, one a term of four years, and one a term of six years. The determination of members who serve these terms shall be made by lot. On expiration of a member's term under this paragraph, a successor shall be chosen under section 2, subdivision 2, paragraph (c).

## Sec. 10. [MEMBERSHIP AGREEMENT.]

The Minnesota world trade center corporation may request the executive board of the world trade centers association to transfer the membership of the Minnesota world trade center board in the world trade centers association to the corporation and the owner of the Minnesota world trade center.

## Sec. 11. [TRANSFERS; APPROPRIATIONS; COMPLEMENT.]

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] The definitions in section 1 apply to this section.

Subd. 2. [TRANSFER.] All of the state of Minnesota's rights and obligations under the development agreement and all existing contracts related to the approximately 20,000 square feet to which the world trade center board is a party or beneficiary is transferred to the board of the corporation. All other property of the world trade center board, including any unexpended balance of the world trade center board 1987 appropriation and matching funds, is transferred and appropriated to the board of the corporation.

Subd. 3. [OPERATING EXPENSES APPROPRIATION.] \$135,000 the first year and \$180,000 the second year is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of administration to pay the operating expenses of the Minnesota world trade center conference and service center as required by the development agreement, to be available until June 30, 1989. If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

**Sec. 12. [REPEALER.]**

Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 44A.03; 44A.04; 44A.05; and 44A.07, are repealed.

**Sec. 13. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]**

Sections 1 to 12 are effective July 1, 1987."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to state government; reorganizing the department of agriculture, the department of energy and economic development, and the department of public service, and providing for the powers and duties of the three departments; changing the name of the department of energy and economic development to the department of trade and economic development; designating the department of jobs and training as the administrative agency for certain juvenile justice and delinquency prevention purposes; providing grants for youth intervention programs; creating the Minnesota world trade center corporation and providing for its powers and duties; changing the membership of the world trade center board; authorizing the board to contract for certain services and programs; establishing the conference and service facility fund; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 17.03, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 18.023, subdivision 11; 18.024, subdivision 1; 43A.08, subdivision 1; 44A.01; 44A.02; 44A.031; 104.35, subdivisions 2 and 3; 115A.12, subdivision 2; 116C.03, subdivision 2; 116J.01; 116J.03; 116J.58, subdivision 2; 116J.60; and 116J.63, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 44A; 116J; and 268; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 216C; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 4.09; 17.03, subdivision 5; 44A.03; 44A.04; 44A.05; 44A.07; 116J.404; and 116J.405."

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

**SUSPENSION OF RULES**

Pursuant to Article IV, Section 19, of the Constitution of the state of Minnesota, Anderson, G., moved that the rule therein be suspended and an urgency be declared so that S. F. No. 1203, as amended, be given its third reading and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

Anderson, G., moved that the Rules of the House be so far suspended that S. F. No. 1203, as amended, be given its third reading and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1203, A bill for an act relating to state government; reorganizing the department of agriculture, the department of energy and economic development, and the department of public service, and providing for the powers and duties of the three departments; changing the name of the department of energy and economic development to the department of trade and economic development; designating the department of jobs and training as the administrative agency for certain juvenile justice and delinquency prevention purposes; providing grants for youth intervention programs; changing the membership of the world trade center board; establishing the world trade center institute; authorizing the board to contract for certain services and programs; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 17.03, by adding a subdivision; 17.101, subdivision 1; 18.023, subdivision 11; 18.024, subdivision 1; 43A.08, subdivision 1; 44A.01; 44A.031; 104.35, subdivisions 2 and 3; 115A.12, subdivision 2; 116C.03, subdivision 2; 116J.01; 116J.03; 116J.58, subdivision 2; 116J.60; and 116J.63, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 44A; 116J; 236A; and 268; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 216C; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 4.09; 17.03, subdivision 5; 44A.03; 44A.04; 44A.05; 44A.07; 116J.404; and 116J.405.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 123 yeas and 1 nay as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gutknecht	Marsh	Pauly	Steensma
Battaglia	Hartle	McDonald	Pelowski	Sviggum
Bauerly	Haukoos	McEachern	Peterson	Swenson
Beard	Heap	McLaughlin	Price	Thiede
Begich	Himle	McPherson	Quinn	Tjornhom
Bennett	Hugoson	Milbert	Quist	Trimble
Bertram	Jacobs	Miller	Redalen	Tunheim
Blatz	Jaros	Minne	Reding	Uphus
Boo	Jefferson	Morrison	Rest	Valento
Brown	Jennings	Munger	Rice	Vanasek
Burger	Jensen	Murphy	Richter	Vellenga
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Nelson, C.	Riveness	Voss
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Nelson, D.	Rukavina	Wagenius
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, K.	Sarna	Waltman
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Neuenschwander	Schafer	Welle
Cooper	Kelly	O'Connor	Scheid	Wenzel
Dauner	Kelso	Ogren	Schoenfeld	Winter
DeBlieck	Kinkel	Olsen, S.	Schreiber	Wynia
Dempsey	Kludt	Olsen, E.	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olson, K.	Segal	
Dorn	Knuth	Omann	Shaver	
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Onnen	Simoneau	
Frederick	Krueger	Orenstein	Skoglund	
Frerichs	Larsen	Otis	Solberg	
Greenfield	Lasley	Ozment	Sparby	
Gruenes	Lieder	Pappas	Stanius	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Osthoff

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 858 was reported to the House.

#### SUSPENSION OF RULES

Pursuant to Article IV, Section 19, of the Constitution of the state of Minnesota, Nelson, D., moved that the rule therein be suspended and an urgency be declared so that S. F. No. 858 be given its third reading and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

Nelson, D., moved that the Rules of the House be so far suspended that S. F. No. 858 be given its third reading and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

Speaker pro tempore Simoneau called Long to the Chair.

S. F. No. 858, A bill for an act relating to health; providing for asbestos regulation; directing the commissioner of health to regulate and license persons or entities enclosing, removing, or encapsulating asbestos; providing penalties; appropriating money; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 326.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 125 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	DeBlieck	Jefferson	Lieder	Ogren
Battaglia	Dempsey	Jennings	Marsh	Olsen, S.
Bauerly	Dille	Jensen	McDonald	Olson, E.
Beard	Dorn	Johnson, A.	McEachern	Olson, K.
Begich	Forsythe	Johnson, R.	McLaughlin	Omann
Bennett	Frederick	Johnson, V.	McPherson	Onnen
Bertram	Frerichs	Kalis	Milbert	Orenstein
Blatz	Greenfield	Kelly	Miller	Osthoff
Boo	Gruenes	Kelso	Minne	Otis
Brown	Gutknecht	Kinkel	Morrison	Ozment
Burger	Hartle	Kludt	Munger	Pappas
Carlson, L.	Haukoos	Knickerbocker	Murphy	Pauly
Carruthers	Heap	Knuth	Nelson, C.	Pelowski
Clark	Himle	Kostohryz	Nelson, D.	Peterson
Clausnitzer	Hugoson	Krueger	Nelson, K.	Price
Cooper	Jacob	Larsen	Neuenschwander	Quinn
Dauner	Jaros	Lasley	O'Connor	Quist

Redalen	Sarna	Simoneau	Thiede	Voss
Reding	Schafer	Skoglund	Tjornhom	Wagenius
Rest	Scheid	Solberg	Trimble	Waltman
Rice	Schoenfeld	Sparby	Tunheim	Welle
Richter	Schreiber	Stanius	Uphus	Wenzel
Riveness	Seaberg	Steenasma	Valento	Winter
Rose	Segal	Svigum	Vanasek	Wynia
Rukavina	Shaver	Swenson	Vellenga	Spk. Norton

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 1008 was reported to the House.

Ogren moved to amend S. F. No. 1008, as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 148.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [LICENSE REQUIRED; QUALIFICATIONS.] No person shall practice chiropractic in this state without first being licensed by the state board of chiropractic examiners. The applicant shall have earned at least one-half of all academic credits required for awarding of a baccalaureate degree from the University of Minnesota, or other university, college or community college of equal standing, in subject matter determined by the board, and taken a four-year resident course of at least eight months each in a school or college of chiropractic that is fully accredited by the council on chiropractic education or fully accredited by an agency approved by the United States office of education or their successors. The board may recommend a two-year prechiropractic course of instruction to any university, college or community college which in its judgment would satisfy the academic prerequisite for licensure as established by this section.

An examination for a license shall be in writing and shall include testing in:

(a) The basic sciences including but not limited to anatomy, physiology, bacteriology, pathology, hygiene, and chemistry as related to the human body or mind;

(b) The clinical sciences including but not limited to the science and art of chiropractic, chiropractic physiotherapy, diagnosis, roentgenology and nutrition; and

(c) Professional ethics and any other subjects that the board may deem advisable.

The board may consider a valid certificate of examination from the National Board of Chiropractic Examiners as evidence of compliance with the written examination requirements of this subdivision. The applicant shall be required to give practical demonstration in vertebral palpation, ~~nerve tracing~~ neurology, adjusting and any other subject that the board may deem advisable. A license, countersigned by the members of the board and authenticated by the seal thereof, shall be granted to each applicant who correctly answers 75 percent of the questions propounded in each of the subjects required by this subdivision and meets the standards of practical demonstration established by the board. Each application shall be accompanied by a fee set by the board. The fee shall not be returned in the event of failure to pass, but the applicant may, within one year, apply for examination without the payment of an additional fee. The board may grant a license to an applicant who holds a valid license to practice chiropractic issued by the appropriate licensing board of another state or country, provided the applicant meets the other requirements of this section and satisfactorily passes the practical examination before the board. The burden of proof is on the applicant to demonstrate these qualifications or satisfaction of these requirements.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 148.07, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [EXPENSES.] The expenses of administering sections 148.01 to ~~148.101~~ 148.105 shall be paid from the appropriation made to the state board of chiropractic examiners. Expenditures and revenues must be managed in accordance with the statewide accounting principles and requirements of the commissioner of finance.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 148.08, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [RULES.] The board of chiropractic examiners shall promulgate rules necessary to administer sections 148.01 to ~~148.101~~ 148.105 to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the public, including rules governing the practice of chiropractic and defining any terms, whether or not used in sections 148.01 to ~~148.101~~ 148.105, if the definitions are not inconsistent with the provisions of sections 148.01 to ~~148.101~~ 148.105.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 148.10, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [GROUNDS.] The state board of chiropractic examiners may refuse to grant, or may revoke, suspend, condition,

limit, restrict or qualify a license to practice chiropractic, or may cause the name of a person licensed to be removed from the records in the office of the court administrator of the district court for:

(1) the publishing or distributing, or causing to be published or distributed, in newspapers, magazines, directories, pamphlets, posters, cards, or in any other manner by advertisement, wherein the term "cure" or "guarantee to cure" or similar terms are used; which is hereby declared to be fraudulent and misleading to the general public; Advertising that is false or misleading; that violates a rule of the board; or that claims the cure of any condition or disease.

(2) The employment of fraud or deception in applying for a license or in passing the examination provided for in section 148.06; or conduct which subverts or attempts to subvert the licensing examination process.

(3) The practice of chiropractic under a false or assumed name or the impersonation of another practitioner of like or different name;

(4) The conviction of a crime involving moral turpitude;

(5) The conviction, during the previous five years, of a felony reasonably related to the practice of chiropractic.

(6) Habitual intemperance in the use of alcohol or drugs;

(6) (7) Failure to pay the annual renewal license fee;

(7) (8) Advanced physical or mental disability;

(8) (9) The revocation or suspension of a license to practice chiropractic; or other disciplinary action against the licensee; or the denial of an application for a license by the proper licensing authority of another state, territory or country; or failure to report to the board that charges regarding the person's license have been brought in another state or jurisdiction.

(9) (10) The violation of, or failure to comply with, the provisions of sections 148.01 to 148.101 148.105, the rules of the state board of chiropractic examiners, or a lawful order of the board;

(10) (11) Unprofessional conduct; or

(11) (12) Being unable to practice chiropractic with reasonable skill and safety to patients by reason of illness, professional incompetence, senility, drunkenness, use of drugs, narcotics, chemicals or any other type of material, or as a result of any mental or physical condition, including deterioration through the aging process or loss of motor skills. If the board has probable cause to believe that a

person comes within this clause, it shall direct the person to submit to a mental or physical examination. For the purpose of this clause, every person licensed under this chapter shall be deemed to have given consent to submit to a mental or physical examination when directed in writing by the board and further to have waived all objections to the admissibility of the examining physicians' testimony or examination reports on the ground that the same constitute a privileged communication. Failure of a person to submit to such examination when directed shall constitute an admission of the allegations, unless the failure was due to circumstances beyond the person's control, in which case a default and final order may be entered without the taking of testimony or presentation of evidence. A person affected under this clause shall at reasonable intervals be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate that the person can resume the competent practice of chiropractic with reasonable skill and safety to patients.

In addition to ordering a physical or mental examination, the board may, notwithstanding section 13.42, 144.651, or any other law limiting access to health data, obtain health data and health records relating to a licensee or applicant without the licensee's or applicant's consent if the board has probable cause to believe that a doctor of chiropractic comes under this clause. The health data may be requested from a provider, as defined in section 144.335, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), an insurance company, or a government agency, including the department of human services. A provider, insurance company, or government agency shall comply with any written request of the board under this subdivision and is not liable in any action for damages for releasing the data requested by the board if the data are released pursuant to a written request under this subdivision, unless the information is false and the provider or entity giving the information knew, or had reason to believe, the information was false. Information obtained under this subdivision is classified as private under sections 13.01 to 13.87.

In any proceeding under this clause, neither the record of proceedings nor the orders entered by the board shall be used against a person in any other proceeding.

(13) Aiding or abetting an unlicensed person in the practice of chiropractic, except that it is not a violation of this clause for a doctor of chiropractic to employ, supervise, or delegate functions to a qualified person who may or may not be required to obtain a license or registration to provide health services if that person is practicing within the scope of his or her license or registration or delegated authority.

(14) Improper management of health records, including failure to maintain adequate health records as described in clause (18), to comply with a patient's request made under section 144.335 or to furnish a health record or report required by law.



(15) Failure to make reports required by section 7, subdivisions 2 and 5, or to cooperate with an investigation of the board as required by section 9, or the submission of a knowingly false report against another doctor of chiropractic under section 5.

(16) Splitting fees, or promising to pay a portion of a fee or a commission, or accepting a rebate.

(17) Revealing a privileged communication from or relating to a patient, except when otherwise required or permitted by law.

(18) Failing to keep written chiropractic records justifying the course of treatment of the patient, including, but not limited to, patient histories, examination results, test results, and X-rays. Unless otherwise required by law, written records need not be retained for more than seven years and X-rays need not be retained for more than four years.

(19) Exercising influence on the patient or client in such a manner as to exploit the patient or client for financial gain of the licensee or of a third party which shall include, but not be limited to, the promotion or sale of services, goods, or appliances.

(20) Gross or repeated malpractice or the failure to practice chiropractic at a level of care, skill, and treatment which is recognized by a reasonably prudent chiropractor as being acceptable under similar conditions and circumstances.

(21) Delegating professional responsibilities to a person when the licensee delegating such responsibilities knows or has reason to know that the person is not qualified by training, experience, or licensure to perform them.

For the purposes of clause (2), conduct that subverts or attempts to subvert the licensing examination process includes, but is not limited to: (a) conduct that violates the security of the examination materials, such as removing examination materials from the examination room or having unauthorized possession of any portion of a future, current, or previously administered licensing examination; (b) conduct that violates the standard of test administration, such as communicating with another examinee during administration of the examination, copying another examinee's answers, permitting another examinee to copy one's answers, or possessing unauthorized materials; or (c) impersonating an examinee or permitting an impersonator to take the examination on one's own behalf.

For the purposes of clause clauses (4) and (5), conviction shall be deemed to include a criminal proceeding in which as used in these subdivisions includes a conviction of an offense that if committed in this state would be deemed a felony without regard to its designation elsewhere, or a criminal proceeding where a finding or verdict of

guilt is made or returned but the adjudication of guilt is either withheld or not entered.

For the purposes of clauses (4) and, (5), and (6), a copy of the judgment or proceeding under seal of the administrator of the court or of the administrative agency which entered the same shall be admissible into evidence without further authentication and shall constitute prima facie evidence of its contents.

For the purposes of clause (10) (11), unprofessional conduct means any unethical, deceptive or deleterious conduct or practice harmful to the public, any departure from or the failure to conform to the minimal standards of acceptable chiropractic practice, or a willful or careless disregard for the health, welfare or safety of patients, in any of which cases proof of actual injury need not be established. Unprofessional conduct shall include, but not be limited to, the following acts of a chiropractor:

(a) Gross ignorance of, or incompetence in, the practice of chiropractic;

(b) Making suggestive, lewd, lascivious or improper advances to a patient Engaging in conduct with a patient that is sexual or may reasonably be interpreted by the patient as sexual, or in any verbal behavior that is seductive or sexually demeaning to a patient;

(c) Performing unnecessary services;

(d) Charging a patient an unconscionable fee or charging for services not rendered;

(e) Directly or indirectly engaging in threatening, dishonest, or misleading fee collection techniques;

(f) Perpetrating fraud upon patients, third party payers, or others, relating to the practice of chiropractic, including violations of the Medicare or Medicaid laws or state medical assistance laws; and

(g) Advertising that the licensee will accept for services rendered assigned payments from any third-party payor as payment in full, if the effect is to give the impression of eliminating the need of payment by the patient of any required deductible or copayment applicable in the patient's health benefit plan; or advertising a fee or charge for a service or treatment different from the fee or charge the licensee submits to a third-party payor for that service or treatment. As used in this clause, "advertise" means solicitation by the licensee by means of handbills, posters, circulars, motion pictures, radio, newspapers, television, or in any other manner. In addition to the board's power to punish for violations of this clause, violation of this clause is also a misdemeanor;

(h) Accepting for services rendered assigned payments from any third-party payor as payment in full, if the effect is to eliminate the need of payment by the patient of any required deductible or copayment applicable in the patient's health benefit plan, except as hereinafter provided; or collecting a fee or charge for a service or treatment different from the fee or charge the licensee submits to a third-party payor for that service or treatment, except as hereinafter provided. This clause is intended to prohibit offerings to the public of the above listed practices and those actual practices as well, except that in instances where the intent is not to collect an excessive remuneration from the third-party payor but rather to provide services at a reduced rate to a patient unable to afford the deductible or copayment, the services may be performed for a lesser charge or fee. The burden of proof for establishing that this is the case shall be on the licensee; and

(i) Any other act that the board by rule may define.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 148.10, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [REPRIMAND; PENALTIES; PROBATION.] In addition to the other powers granted to the board under this chapter, the board may, in connection with any person whom the board, after a hearing, adjudges unqualified or whom the board, after a hearing, finds to have performed one or more of the acts described in subdivision 1:

(a) Publicly reprimand or censure the person;

(b) Place the person on probation for the period and upon the terms and conditions that the board may prescribe; and

(c) Require payment of all costs of proceedings resulting in the disciplinary action; and

(d) Impose a civil penalty not exceeding \$10,000 for each separate violation, the amount of the civil penalty to be fixed so as to deprive the doctor of chiropractic of any economic advantage gained by reason of the violation charged or to reimburse the board for the cost of the investigation and proceeding.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 148.10, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. [EFFECT OF APPEAL.] A suspension, revocation, condition, limitation, qualification, or restriction of a license shall be in effect pending determination of an appeal unless the court, upon petition and for good cause shown, shall otherwise order.

A license to practice chiropractic is automatically suspended if (1) a guardian of the person of a licensee is appointed by order of a probate court under sections 525.54 to 525.61, for reasons other than the minority of the licensee; or (2) the licensee is committed by order of a probate court under chapter 253B or sections 526.09 to 526.11. The license remains suspended until the licensee is restored to capacity by a court and, upon petition by the licensee, the suspension is terminated by the board after a hearing.

Sec. 7. [148.102] [REPORTS OF STATE OR LOCAL SOCIETIES.]

Subdivision 1. [REQUIREMENT.] If a state or local chiropractic society receives a complaint which might be grounds for discipline under section 148.10 against a member doctor of chiropractic, the society shall report the complaint or shall direct the complainant to the board of chiropractic examiners.

Subd. 2. [LICENSED PROFESSIONALS.] A licensed health professional shall report to the board personal knowledge of any conduct which the professional reasonably believes constitutes grounds for disciplinary action under section 148.10 by any doctor of chiropractic including any conduct indicating that the doctor of chiropractic may be incompetent, or may have engaged in unprofessional conduct, or may be physically unable to engage safely in the practice of chiropractic. No report shall be required if the information was obtained in the course of a patient relationship if the patient is a doctor of chiropractic and the treating health professional successfully counsels the doctor of chiropractic to limit or withdraw from practice to the extent required by the impairment; or (2) is a patient or former patient of the doctor of chiropractic and the treating professional is a psychologist from whom the patient is receiving psychotherapeutic services.

Subd. 3. [INSURERS.] Two times each year each insurer authorized to sell insurance described in section 60A.06, subdivision 1, clause (13), and providing professional liability insurance to chiropractors shall submit to the board a report concerning the chiropractors against whom malpractice settlements or awards have been made to the plaintiff. The report must contain at least the following information:

(1) the total number of malpractice settlements or awards made to the plaintiff;

(2) the date the malpractice settlements or awards to the plaintiff were made;

(3) the allegations contained in the claim or complaint leading to the settlements or awards made to the plaintiff;

(4) the dollar amount of each malpractice settlement or award;

(5) the regular address of the practice of the doctor of chiropractic against whom an award was made or with whom a settlement was made; and

(6) the name of the doctor of chiropractic against whom an award was made or with whom a settlement was made.

The insurance company shall, in addition to the above information, report to the board any information it possesses which tends to substantiate a charge that a doctor of chiropractic may have engaged in conduct violating section 148.10 and this section.

Subd. 4. [COURTS.] The clerk of district court or any other court of competent jurisdiction shall report to the board any judgment or other determination of the court which adjudges or includes a finding that a doctor of chiropractic is mentally ill, mentally incompetent, guilty of a felony, guilty of an abuse or fraud, appoints a guardian of the doctor of chiropractic under sections 525.54 to 525.61 or commits a doctor of chiropractic under chapter 253B or sections 526.09 to 526.11.

Subd. 5. [SELF-REPORTING.] A doctor of chiropractic shall report to the board any action concerning that doctor which would require that a report be filed with the board by any person, health care facility, business, or organization under subdivision 4.

Subd. 6. [DEADLINES; FORMS.] Reports required by subdivisions 1 to 5 must be submitted not later than 30 days after the occurrence of the reportable event or transaction. The board may provide forms for the submission of reports required by this section, may require that reports be submitted on the forms provided, and may adopt rules necessary to assure prompt and accurate reporting.

Subd. 7. [SUBPOENAS.] The board may issue subpoenas for the production of any reports required by subdivisions 1 to 5 or any related documents.

Sec. 8. [148.103] [IMMUNITY FOR REPORTING OR INVESTIGATING.]

Subdivision 1. [REPORTING.] Any person, health care facility, business, or organization is immune from civil liability or criminal prosecution for submitting a report to the board under section 7 or for otherwise reporting to the board violations or alleged violations of section 148.10. The reports are private.

Subd. 2. [INVESTIGATION.] Members of the board and persons employed by the board or engaged in the investigation or prosecution of violations and in the preparation and management of charges of violations of sections 148.01 to 148.105 on behalf of the board are

immune from civil liability and criminal prosecution for any actions, transactions, or publications in the execution of, or relating to, their duties under sections 148.01 to 148.105.

Sec. 9. [148.104] [COOPERATION DURING INVESTIGATIONS.]

A doctor of chiropractic who is the subject of an investigation by or on behalf of the board shall cooperate fully with the investigation. Cooperation includes responding fully and promptly to any question raised by or on behalf of the board relating to the subject of the investigation and providing copies of patient health records, as reasonably requested by the board, to assist the board in its investigation.

Sec. 10. [148.105] [VIOLATION.]

Subdivision 1. [GENERALLY.] Any person who practices, or attempts to practice, chiropractic or who uses any of the terms or letters "Doctors of Chiropractic," "Chiropractor," "D.C.," or any other title or letters under any circumstances as to lead the public to believe that the person who so uses the terms is engaged in the practice of chiropractic, without having complied with the provisions of sections 148.01 to 148.104, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor; and, upon conviction, fined not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$10,000 or be imprisoned in the county jail for not less than 30 days nor more than six months or punished by both fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court. It is the duty of the county attorney of the county in which the person practices to prosecute. Nothing in sections 148.01 to 148.105 shall be considered as interfering with any person:

(a) licensed by a health related licensing board, as defined in section 214.01, subdivision 2, including licensed psychologists with respect to the use of hypnosis;

(b) registered by the commissioner of health under section 214.13;  
or

(c) engaged in other methods of healing regulated by law in the state of Minnesota;  
provided that the person confines activities within the scope of the license or other regulation and does not practice or attempt to practice chiropractic.

Subd. 2. [EXCEPTIONS.] The following persons shall not be in violation of subdivision 1:

(1) a student practicing under the direct supervision of a preceptor while the student is enrolled in and regularly attending a recognized chiropractic college; and

(2) a student who is in continuing training and performing the duties of an intern or resident or engaged in postgraduate work considered by the board to be the equivalent of an internship or residency in any institution approved for training by the board.

Sec. 11. [148.106] [PEER REVIEW OF SERVICES AND FEES.]

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] As used in this section, the term:

(a) "Accepted standards" for peer review of a licensed chiropractor means those standards of care, skill, and treatment which are recognized by a reasonably prudent similar health care provider as being acceptable under similar conditions and circumstances.

(b) "Appropriate chiropractic treatment" means a determination made of treatment and other services performed, which by virtue of a substantiated and properly diagnosed condition, appears to be of a type consistent with that diagnosis as reviewed by the peer review committee.

(c) "Unconscionable fees" means charges submitted for services performed that are unnecessary or unreasonable charges in the judgment of the peer review committee. In determining the unconscionability of costs, the committee may consider, among other appropriate factors, charges by health care providers other than chiropractors for the same or similar services.

(d) "Bill for treatment" means all services provided to a consumer, regardless of the monetary consideration paid to the health care provider.

(e) "Patient" means an individual who receives chiropractic treatment from a chiropractor.

(f) "Peer review" means an evaluation, based on accepted standards, by a peer review committee of the appropriateness, quality, utilization, and cost of health care and health services provided to a patient.

(g) "Peer review committee" means a committee of seven individuals, five of whom are chiropractors licensed under this chapter, two of whom are consumers, and none of whom is in a direct business relationship with the provider, insurer, or patient whose case is being reviewed. The committee shall be appointed by the executive director of the board or provided for by a contractual arrangement with the board, and may consist of different individuals for review of different cases.

(h) "Properly utilized services" means appropriate treatment services rendered, including frequency and duration, which are

substantiated as being necessary and reasonable by clinical records and reports of the provider or any other facts or evidence pertinent to the controversy as reviewed by the peer review committee.

Subd. 2. [PURPOSE.] The board shall review directly or by contract information relating to certain chiropractic providers for the purposes identified in section 145.61.

It is the intention of the legislature that the peer review system and activities established under this chapter, including the board and the peer review committee and their officers, members, employees and agents, shall be exempt from challenge under federal or state antitrust laws or other similar laws in regulation of trade or commerce.

Subd. 3. [DUTIES.] The peer review committee shall advise the board as to its findings under subdivision 2. The peer review committee may hear, without qualification or threshold, any submission regarding the appropriateness, quality, or utilization of chiropractic services. The board may establish additional criteria for screening requests for peer review. The screening shall occur upon submission by a patient, the patient's representative, insurer, or chiropractor of an inquiry about a bill for treatment rendered to a patient by a health care provider.

Subd. 4. [FEES FOR REVIEW.] Any third party provider making a peer review request may be charged a fee to assist in defraying the administrative costs of performing the review.

Subd. 5. [CONDUCT OF REVIEW.] Peer review occurs upon submission by a patient, the patient's representative, insurer, or chiropractor, in accordance with the procedures approved by the board, of an inquiry about a bill for treatment rendered to a patient by a chiropractor. The peer review committee shall examine each inquiry submitted to it and shall report its findings to the executive director of the board and furnish copies of the findings to the patient, chiropractor, and third-party payor. The findings of the peer review committee on each inquiry reviewed shall include a determination of whether or not the chiropractor properly utilized services and rendered or ordered appropriate treatment or services and whether or not the cost of the treatment was unconscionable.

Subd. 6. [ANNUAL REPORT.] An annual summary of the findings of the peer review committee shall be prepared by the committee and submitted to the board. The report may be made available to interested persons upon request and upon payment of necessary administrative costs to defray the expenses of reproduction. No report or summary submitted to the public by the board may disclose the name or identifier of any patient without the patient's consent.



Subd. 7. [TREATMENT RECORDS.] The acceptance of, or the request for, payment for treatment rendered to a patient by a doctor of chiropractic constitutes the consent of the doctor of chiropractic to the submission of all necessary records and other information concerning the treatment to the peer review committee.

Subd. 8. [RULES.] (a) The board may adopt rules it considers necessary and appropriate to implement the peer review system and activities established under this chapter.

(b) The decision by the board to refer the matter to a peer review committee, the establishment by the board of the procedures by which a peer review committee reviews the rendering of health care services, and the proceedings and findings of a peer review committee are not subject to the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14.

Subd. 9. [APPLICATION OF OTHER LAW.] (a) The provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 145.62, apply to any person, firm, corporation, or other entity providing information to the board or the peer review committee.

(b) The provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 145.63, apply to an officer, member, employee, or agent of the board and to an officer, member, employee, or agent of an entity with which the board has contracted under this section.

Subd. 10. [CONFIDENTIALITY OF PEER REVIEW RECORDS.] All data and information acquired by the board or the peer review committee, in the exercise of its duties and functions, shall be subject to the same disclosure and confidentiality protections as provided for data and information of other review organizations under section 145.64. This subdivision does not limit or restrict the board or the peer review committee from fully performing their prescribed peer review duties and functions, nor does it apply to disciplinary and enforcement proceedings under Minnesota Statutes, sections 14.57 to 14.62, 148.10, 148.105, 214.10, and 214.11. The peer review committee shall file with the board a complaint against a health care provider if it determines that reasonable cause exists to believe the health care provider has violated any portion of this chapter or rules adopted under it, for which a licensed chiropractor may be disciplined. The peer review committee shall transmit all complaint information it possesses to the board. The data, information, and records are classified as private data on individuals for purposes of chapter 13. The patient records obtained by the board pursuant to this section must be used solely for the purposes of the board relating to peer review or the disciplinary process.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 319A.02, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. "Professional service" means personal service rendered by a professional pursuant to a license or certificate issued by the state of Minnesota to practice medicine and surgery pursuant to sections 147.01 to 147.29, chiropractic pursuant to sections 148.01 to ~~148.101~~ 148.105, nursing pursuant to sections 148.171 to 148.285, optometry pursuant to sections 148.52 to 148.62, psychology pursuant to sections 148.88 to 148.98, dentistry pursuant to sections 150A.01 to 150A.12, pharmacy pursuant to sections 151.01 to 151.40, podiatry pursuant to sections 153.01 to 153.15, veterinary medicine pursuant to sections 156.001 to 156.14, architecture, engineering, surveying and landscape architecture pursuant to sections 326.02 to 326.15, accountancy pursuant to sections 326.17 to 326.23, or law pursuant to sections 481.01 to 481.17, or pursuant to a license or certificate issued by another state pursuant to similar laws.

Sec. 13. [APPROPRIATION.]

The sum of \$336,400 is appropriated from the special revenue fund to the state board of chiropractic examiners for the purposes of funding the board's operation.

Fees assessed shall be adjusted to provide for this appropriation.

The appropriation is available until June 30, 1989.

Sec. 14. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 148.101, is repealed.

Sec. 15. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1 to 12 and 14 are effective the day following final enactment."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to occupations and professions; providing for the regulation of the practice of chiropractic; providing for peer review of services and fees; providing grounds for license revocation; prescribing penalties; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 148.06, subdivision 1; 148.07, subdivision 2; 148.08, subdivision 3; 148.10, subdivisions 1, 3, and by adding a subdivision; and 319A.02, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 148; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 148.101."

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Ogren moved to amend S. F. No. 1008, as amended, as follows:

Page 17, line 36, delete "\$336,400" and insert "\$44,000"

Page 18, line 2, delete "board's operation" and insert "peer review committee"

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Ogren moved to amend S. F. No. 1008, as amended, as follows:

Page 15, line 20, after "provider" insert "or chiropractor"

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

#### SUSPENSION OF RULES

Pursuant to Article IV, Section 19, of the Constitution of the state of Minnesota, Ogren moved that the rule therein be suspended and an urgency be declared so that S. F. No. 1008, as amended, be given its third reading and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

Ogren moved that the Rules of the House be so far suspended that S. F. No. 1008, as amended, be given its third reading and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1008, A bill for an act relating to occupations and professions; providing for the regulation of the practice of chiropractic; providing for peer review of services and fees; providing grounds for license revocation; prescribing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 148.06, subdivision 1; 148.07, subdivision 2; 148.08, subdivision 3; 148.10, subdivisions 1, 3, and by adding a subdivision; and 319A.02, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 148; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 148.101.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 125 yeas and 1 nay as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Bennett	Burger	Clausnitzer	Dorn
Battaglia	Bertram	Carlson, D.	Cooper	Forsythe
Bauerly	Blatz	Carlson, L.	Dauner	Frederick
Beard	Boo	Carruthers	DeBlicck	Frerichs
Begich	Brown	Clark	Dempsey	Greenfield

Gruenes	Knickerbocker	Nelson, D.	Redalen	Stanius
Hartle	Knuth	Nelson, K.	Reding	Steensma
Haukoos	Kostohryz	O'Connor	Rest	Sviggum
Heap	Krueger	Ogren	Rice	Swenson
Himle	Larsen	Olsen, S.	Richter	Thiede
Hugoson	Lasley	Olsen, E.	Riveness	Tjornhom
Jacobs	Lieder	Olsen, K.	Rose	Trimble
Jaros	Long	Omann	Rukavina	Tunheim
Jefferson	Marsh	Onnen	Sarna	Uphus
Jennings	McDonald	Orenstein	Schafer	Valento
Jensen	McEachern	Osthoff	Scheid	Vanasek
Johnson, A.	McLaughlin	Otis	Schoenfeld	Vellenga
Johnson, R.	McPherson	Ozment	Schreiber	Voss
Johnson, V.	Milbert	Pappas	Seaberg	Wagenius
Kahn	Miller	Pauly	Segal	Waltman
Kalis	Minne	Pelowski	Shaver	Welle
Kelly	Morrison	Peterson	Simoneau	Wenzel
Kelso	Munger	Price	Skoglund	Winter
Kinkel	Murphy	Quinn	Solberg	Wynia
Kludt	Nelson, C.	Quist	Sparby	Spk. Norton

Those who voted in the negative were:

Gutknecht

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 1280 was reported to the House.

Jensen moved to amend S. F. No. 1280, as follows:

Page 3, line 31, after "misdemeanor" strike the remainder of the line and insert a period

Page 3, lines 32 through 34, strike all existing language and delete all underscored language

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Jacobs moved to amend S. F. No. 1280, as amended, as follows:

Page 11, after line 15, insert:

"Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 299A.02, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [REPORTS; RULES.] The commissioner shall have power to require periodic factual reports from all licensed importers, manufacturers, wholesalers and retailers of intoxicating liquors and to make all reasonable rules to effect the object of Laws 1985, chapter 305, articles 2 to 11. The rules shall include provisions for assuring the purity of intoxicating liquors and the true statement of its contents and proper labeling thereof with regard to all forms of sale. No rule may require the use of new containers in aging

whiskey. No rule may require cordials or liqueurs to contain in excess of two and one-half percent by weight of sugar or dextrose or both."

Renumber the sections in sequence:

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 17, after "approaching;" insert "restricting rulemaking authority of the commissioner;"

Page 1, line 30, after "2;" insert "299A.02, subdivision 3;"

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

S. F. No. 1280, A bill for an act relating to public safety; increasing taxable gross weight of vehicles at which proof of payment of use tax is required; providing for permits for new vehicles used in events for promotion purposes; changing trip permit conditions; increasing fine for unlawful use of registration plates or certificates; allowing police to give age of parties in traffic accident to media; providing for the disclosure of certain information from accident reports; providing for service of notice of driver's license revocation by court; prescribing contents of petition for judicial review of driver's license revocation; subjecting alcohol problem assessment rules to administrative procedure act; prescribing actions by drivers on one-way road when emergency vehicle approaching; requiring school buses on one-way, separated roads with shoulders to load and unload without flashing lights; removing obsolete deadlines; prohibiting alteration of vehicle stop lamps; providing for \$10 fee for class A classified provisional driver's license; allowing inspection of school buses for approved wheelchair devices; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 168.013, subdivision 20; 168.187, subdivision 17; 168.27, subdivision 16; 168.36, subdivision 2; 169.09, subdivision 13; 169.121, subdivision 7; 169.123, subdivision 5c; 169.124, subdivision 2; 169.20, subdivision 5; 169.44, subdivisions 2, 16, and 17; 169.57, by adding a subdivision; 171.06, subdivision 2; and 299A.11.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 122 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Bennett	Burger	Cooper	Dorn
Battaglia	Bertram	Carlson, L.	Dauner	Forsythe
Bauerly	Blatz	Carruthers	DeBlicck	Frederick
Beard	Boo	Clark	Dempsey	Frerichs
Begich	Brown	Clausnitzer	Dille	Greenfield

Gruenes	Kludt	Nelson, D.	Redalen	Sviggum
Gutknecht	Knickerbocker	Nelson, K.	Reding	Swenson
Hartle	Kostohryz	Neuenschwander	Rest	Thiede
Haukoos	Krueger	O'Connor	Richter	Tjornhom
Heap	Larsen	Ogren	Riveness	Trimble
Himle	Lasley	Olsen, S.	Rukavina	Tunheim
Hugoson	Lieder	Olson, E.	Sarna	Uphus
Jacobs	Long	Olson, K.	Schafer	Valento
Jaros	Marsh	Omann	Scheid	Vanasek
Jefferson	McDonald	Onnen	Schoenfeld	Vellenga
Jennings	McEachern	Orenstein	Schreiber	Wagenius
Jensen	McLaughlin	Osthoff	Seaberg	Waltman
Johnson, A.	McPherson	Otis	Segal	Welle
Johnson, R.	Milbert	Ozment	Shaver	Wenzel
Johnson, V.	Miller	Pappas	Simoneau	Winter
Kahn	Minne	Pauly	Skoglund	Wynia
Kalis	Morrison	Pelowski	Solberg	Spk. Norton
Kelly	Munger	Peterson	Sparby	
Kelso	Murphy	Quinn	Stanius	
Kinkel	Nelson, C.	Quist	Steensma	

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 1232, A bill for an act relating to public safety; providing an exception from certain regulations for steam turbines which receive steam from remote municipal facilities; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 183.56.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 106 yeas and 19 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Hartle	Larsen	Ozment	Simoneau
Battaglia	Haukoos	Lieder	Pappas	Skoglund
Bennett	Heap	Long	Pauly	Solberg
Bertram	Himle	Marsh	Pelowski	Sparby
Blatz	Hugoson	McDonald	Peterson	Stanius
Boo	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Price	Steensma
Brown	Jaros	McPherson	Quinn	Sviggum
Burger	Jennings	Miller	Quist	Swenson
Carlson, D.	Jensen	Minne	Redalen	Thiede
Clausnitzer	Johnson, A.	Morrison	Reding	Tjornhom
Cooper	Johnson, R.	Munger	Rest	Trimble
Dauner	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Tunheim
DeBlicke	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Uphus
Dempsey	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rose	Valento
Dille	Kelso	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Vanasek
Dorn	Kinkel	Olson, E.	Scheid	Vellenga
Forsythe	Kludt	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Wagenius
Frederick	Knickerbocker	Omann	Schreiber	Waltman
Frerichs	Knuth	Onnen	Seaberg	Welle
Gruenes	Kostohryz	Orenstein	Segal	Winter
Gutknecht	Krueger	Otis	Shaver	Wynia
				Spk. Norton

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bauerly	Clark	Lasley	Ogren	Sarna
Beard	Greenfield	McEachern	Osthoff	Voss
Begich	Jefferson	Milbert	Rice	Wenzel
Carruthers	Kalis	O'Connor	Rukavina	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 1272, A bill for an act relating to public meetings; requiring certain notice for all meetings; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 471.705, by adding a subdivision.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 118 yeas and 3 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gutknecht	Larsen	Otis	Solberg
Battaglia	Hartle	Lasley	Ozment	Sparby
Bauerly	Haukoos	Long	Pappas	Stanius
Beard	Heap	Marsh	Pauly	Steensma
Bennett	Himle	McDonald	Pelowski	Sviggun
Bertram	Hugoson	McEachern	Peterson	Swenson
Blatz	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Price	Thiede
Boo	Jaros	McPherson	Quinn	Tjornhom
Burger	Jefferson	Miller	Quist	Trimble
Carlson, D.	Jennings	Minne	Redalen	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Jensen	Morrison	Reding	Uphus
Carruthers	Johnson, A.	Munger	Rest	Valento
Clark	Johnson, R.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Vanasek
Clausnitzer	Johnson, V.	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vellenga
Cooper	Kahn	Nelson, K.	Rose	Voss
DeBlieck	Kalis	Neuenschwander	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dempsey	Kelly	O'Connor	Sarna	Waltman
Dille	Kelso	Ogren	Schafer	Welle
Dorn	Kinkel	Olsen, S.	Scheid	Wenzel
Forsythe	Kludt	Olsen, K.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Frederick	Knickerbocker	Omann	Schreiber	Wynia
Frerichs	Knuth	Onnen	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Greenfield	Kostohryz	Orenstein	Shaver	
Gruenes	Krueger	Osthoff	Skoglund	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Begich	Dauner	Rice
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The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 717 was reported to the House.

Kalis moved that S. F. No. 717 be continued on Special Orders for one day. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 12 was reported to the House.

Rukavina moved to amend H. F. No. 12, the first engrossment, as follows:

Page 1, line 12, after "benefits" insert "accrued to the member up to the date of death"

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

H. F. No. 12, A bill for an act relating to retirement; increasing survivor benefits payable by the Virginia firefighters' relief association; authorizing payment to alternate beneficiaries if no spouse survives:

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 125 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Larsen	Onnen	Seaberg
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Lasley	Orenstein	Shaver
Bauerly	Hartle	Lieder	Osthoff	Skoglund
Beard	Haukoos	Long	Otis	Solberg
Begich	Heap	Marsh	Ozment	Sparby
Bennett	Himle	McDonald	Pappas	Stanius
Bertram	Hugoson	McEachern	Pauly	Steensma
Blatz	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Pelowski	Sviggum
Boo	Jaros	McPherson	Peterson	Swenson
Brown	Jefferson	Milbert	Price	Thiede
Burger	Jennings	Miller	Quinn	Tjornhom
Carlson, L.	Jensen	Minne	Quist	Trimble
Carruthers	Johnson, A.	Morrison	Redalen	Tunheim
Clark	Johnson, R.	Munger	Reding	Uphus
Clausnitzer	Johnson, V.	Murphy	Rest	Valento
Cooper	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Rice	Vanasek
Dauner	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Richter	Vellenga
DeBlicke	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Voss
Dempsey	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Rose	Wagenius
Dille	Kinkel	O'Connor	Rukavina	Waltman
Dorn	Kludt	Ogren	Sarna	Welle
Forsythe	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Wenzel
Frederick	Knuth	Olson, E.	Scheid	Winter
Frerichs	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Wynia
Greenfield	Krueger	Omann	Schreiber	Spk. Norton

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

Speaker pro tempore Long called Simoneau to the Chair.

H. F. No. 549, A bill for an act relating to retirement; increasing survivor benefits payable by the Hibbing police and firefighters



relief associations and service pensions for certain retired firefighters; amending Laws 1967, chapter 678, section 2, as amended; Laws 1977, chapter 169, section 1, subdivision 1a, as amended; and Laws 1971, chapter 614, section 1, subdivision 2, as amended.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 127 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gutknecht	Lieder	Otis	Skoglund
Battaglia	Hartle	Long	Ozment	Solberg
Bauerly	Haukoos	Marsh	Pappas	Sparby
Beard	Heap	McDonald	Pauly	Stanias
Begich	Himle	McEachern	Pelowski	Steensma
Bennett	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Peterson	Sviggum
Bertram	Jacobs	McPherson	Price	Swenson
Blatz	Jaros	Milbert	Quinn	Thiede
Boo	Jefferson	Miller	Quist	Tjornhom
Brown	Jennings	Minne	Redalen	Trimble
Burger	Jensen	Morrison	Reding	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Rest	Uphus
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rice	Valento
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Vanasek
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vellenga
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Rose	Voss
Dauner	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rukavina	Wagenius
DeBlieck	Kelso	O'Connor	Sarna	Waltman
Dempsey	Kinkel	Ogren	Schafer	Welle
Dille	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Scheid	Wenzel
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Forsythe	Knuth	Olson, K.	Schreiber	Wynia
Frederick	Kostohryz	Omann	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Frerichs	Krueger	Onnen	Segal	
Greenfield	Larsen	Orenstein	Shaver	
Gruenes	Lasley	Osthoff	Simoneau	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 652, A bill for an act relating to agriculture; providing a computerized filing system and central data base for uniform commercial code financing statements and lien statements; imposing a penalty; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 336.9-407; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 336.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 129 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gutknecht	Lieder	Otis	Shaver
Battaglia	Hartle	Long	Ozment	Simoneau
Bauerly	Haukoos	Marsh	Pappas	Skoglund
Beard	Heap	McDonald	Pauly	Solberg
Begich	Himle	McEachern	Pelowski	Sparby
Bennett	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Peterson	Stanius
Bertram	Jacobs	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Steensma
Blatz	Jaros	Milbert	Price	Sviggum
Boo	Jefferson	Miller	Quinn	Swenson
Brown	Jennings	Minne	Quist	Thiede
Burger	Jensen	Morrison	Redalen	Tjornhom
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Reding	Trimble
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rest	Tunheim
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Uphus
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Richter	Valento
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Vanasek
Dauner	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Vellenga
DeBlieck	Kelso	O'Connor	Rose	Voss
Dempsey	Kinkel	Ogren	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dille	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Waltman
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olsen, E.	Schafer	Welle
Forsythe	Knuth	Olson, K.	Scheid	Wenzel
Frederick	Kostohryz	Omann	Schoenfeld	Winter
Frerichs	Krueger	Onnen	Schreiber	Wynia
Greenfield	Larsen	Orenstein	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Gruenes	Lasley	Osthoff	Segal	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

H. F. No. 1153, A bill for an act relating to retirement; Millerville volunteer firefighters relief association; authorizing the recognition of certain prior service in the computation of service pension amounts.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 128 yeas and 1 nay as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Dille	Johnson, R.	McLaughlin	Osthoff
Battaglia	Dorn	Johnson, V.	McPherson	Otis
Bauerly	Forsythe	Kahn	Milbert	Ozment
Beard	Frederick	Kalis	Miller	Pappas
Begich	Frerichs	Kelly	Minne	Pauly
Bennett	Greenfield	Kelso	Morrison	Pelowski
Bertram	Gruenes	Kinkel	Munger	Peterson
Blatz	Gutknecht	Kludt	Murphy	Poppenhagen
Boo	Hartle	Knickerbocker	Nelson, C.	Price
Brown	Haukoos	Knuth	Nelson, D.	Quinn
Burger	Heap	Kostohryz	Nelson, K.	Quist
Carlson, L.	Himle	Krueger	Neuenschwander	Redalen
Carruthers	Hugoson	Larsen	O'Connor	Reding
Clark	Jacobs	Lasley	Ogren	Rest
Clausnitzer	Jaros	Lieder	Olsen, S.	Rice
Cooper	Jefferson	Long	Olson, E.	Richter
Dauner	Jennings	Marsh	Olson, K.	Riveness
DeBlieck	Jensen	McDonald	Omann	Rodosovich
Dempsey	Johnson, A.	McEachern	Orenstein	Rose

Rukavina	Segal	Steensma	Uphus	Welle
Sarna	Shaver	Sviggum	Valento	Wenzel
Schafer	Simoneau	Swenson	Vanasek	Winter
Scheid	Skoglund	Thiede	Vellenga	Wynia
Schoenfeld	Solberg	Tjornhom	Voss	Spk. Norton
Schreiber	Sparby	Trimble	Wagenius	
Seaberg	Stanius	Tunheim	Waltman	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Onnen

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

H. F. No. 1176, A bill for an act relating to retirement; authorizing the Mankato police benefit association to base certain postretirement increases on other increases granted.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 129 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gutknecht	Lieder	Otis	Shaver
Battaglia	Hartle	Long	Ozment	Simoneau
Bauerly	Haukoos	Marsh	Pappas	Skoglund
Beard	Heap	McDonald	Pauly	Solberg
Begich	Himle	McEachern	Pelowski	Sparby
Bennett	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Peterson	Stanius
Bertram	Jacobs	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Steensma
Blatz	Jaros	Milbert	Price	Sviggum
Boo	Jefferson	Miller	Quinn	Swenson
Brown	Jennings	Minne	Quist	Thiede
Burger	Jensen	Morrison	Redalen	Tjornhom
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Reding	Trimble
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rest	Tunheim
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Uphus
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Richter	Valento
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Vanasek
Dauner	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Vellenga
DeBlicke	Kelso	O'Connor	Rose	Voss
Dempsey	Kinkel	Ogren	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dille	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Waltman
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Schafer	Welle
Forsythe	Knuth	Olson, K.	Scheid	Wenzel
Frederick	Kostohryz	Omman	Schoenfeld	Winter
Frerichs	Krueger	Onnen	Schreiber	Wynia
Greenfield	Larsen	Orenstein	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Gruenes	Lasley	Osthoff	Segal	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

H. F. No. 1459, A bill for an act relating to the town of Irondale; removing a town levy limitation; repealing Laws 1971, chapter 336.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 127 yeas and 1 nay as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Hartle	Long	Pappas	Skoglund
Battaglia	Haukoos	Marsh	Pauly	Solberg
Bauerly	Heap	McDonald	Pelowski	Sparby
Beard	Himle	McEachern	Peterson	Stanius
Begich	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Popenhagen	Steensma
Bennett	Jacobs	McPherson	Price	Svigum
Bertram	Jaros	Milbert	Quinn	Swenson
Blatz	Jefferson	Minne	Quist	Thiede
Brown	Jennings	Morrison	Redalen	Tjornhom
Burger	Jensen	Munger	Reding	Trimble
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Murphy	Rest	Tunheim
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Uphus
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, D.	Richter	Valento
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Vanasek
Cooper	Kalis	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Dauner	Kelly	O'Connor	Rose	Voss
DeBlieck	Kelso	Ogren	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dempsey	Kinkel	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Waltman
Dille	Kludt	Olsen, E.	Schafer	Welle
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olson, K.	Scheid	Tunzel
Forsythe	Knuth	Omann	Schoenfeld	Winter
Frederick	Kostohryz	Onnen	Schreiber	Wynia
Frerichs	Krueger	Orenstein	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Greenfield	Larsen	Osthoff	Segal	
Gruenes	Lasley	Otis	Shaver	
Gutknecht	Lieder	Ozment	Simoneau	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Miller

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

Carlson, D., was excused while in conference.

S. F. No. 317, A bill for an act relating to retirement; police and salaried firefighters relief associations; authorizing the voluntary consolidation of local relief associations with the public employees police and fire fund; authorizing the individual election of applicable benefit coverage upon consolidation; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 353.01, subdivisions 2b, 10, and 16; 353.271; 353.64, subdivision 1; and 353.65, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 353 and 356; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapters 353A and 353B.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 101 yeas and 23 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Heap	Long	Ozment	Segal
Battaglia	Himle	Marsh	Pappas	Shaver
Bennett	Hugoson	McDonald	Pauly	Simoneau
Blatz	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Peterson	Skoglund
Boo	Jaros	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Stanius
Brown	Jennings	Miller	Price	Steensma
Burger	Jensen	Minne	Quinn	Tjornhom
Clausnitzer	Johnson, A.	Morrison	Quist	Trimble
Cooper	Johnson, R.	Munger	Redalen	Uphus
Dauner	Johnson, V.	Murphy	Reding	Valento
DeBlieck	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Rice	Vellenga
Dempsey	Kelly	Nelson, D.	Richter	Wagenius
Dorn	Kelso	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Waltman
Forsythe	Kludt	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Wenzel
Frederick	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Rose	Winter
Frerichs	Knuth	Olsen, E.	Rukavina	Wynia
Greenfield	Kostohryz	Olsen, K.	Schafer	Spk. Norton
Gruenes	Krueger	Omann	Scheid	
Gutknecht	Larsen	Onnen	Schoenfeld	
Hartle	Lasley	Orenstein	Schreiber	
Haukoos	Lieder	Osthoff	Seaberg	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bauerly	Clark	Milbert	Solberg	Tunheim
Beard	Jefferson	O'Connor	Sparby	Voss
Begich	Kalis	Ogren	Sviggun	Welle
Bertram	Kinkel	Pelowski	Swenson	
Carruthers	McEachern	Sarna	Thiede	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 1230, A bill for an act relating to the Minnesota state historical society; providing for preservation and interpretation of public areas of the state capitol; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 138.67; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 138.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 127 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Blatz	Clark	Dorn	Hartle
Battaglia	Boo	Clausnitzer	Forsythe	Haukoos
Bauerly	Brown	Cooper	Frederick	Heap
Beard	Burger	Dauner	Frerichs	Himle
Begich	Carlson, D.	DeBlieck	Greenfield	Hugoson
Bennett	Carlson, L.	Dempsey	Gruenes	Jacobs
Bertram	Carruthers	Dille	Gutknecht	Jaros

Jefferson	Long	Olson, K.	Riveness	Swenson
Jennings	Marsh	Omann	Rodosovich	Thiede
Jensen	McDonald	Onnen	Rose	Tjornhom
Johnson, A.	McEachern	Orenstein	Rukavina	Trimble
Johnson, R.	McLaughlin	Osthoff	Sarna	Tunheim
Johnson, V.	McPherson	Otis	Schafer	Uphus
Kahn	Milbert	Ozment	Scheid	Valento
Kalis	Miller	Pappas	Schoenfeld	Vanasek
Kelly	Minne	Pauly	Schreiber	Vellenga
Kelso	Morrison	Pelowski	Seaberg	Voss
Kinkel	Munger	Peterson	Segal	Wagenius
Kludt	Murphy	Poppenhagen	Shaver	Waltman
Knickerbocker	Nelson, C.	Price	Simoneau	Wenzel
Knuth	Nelson, D.	Quinn	Skoglund	Winter
Kostohryz	Neuenschwander	Redalen	Solberg	Wynia
Krueger	O'Connor	Reding	Sparby	Spk. Norton
Larsen	Ogren	Rest	Stanius	
Lasley	Olsen, S.	Rice	Steenasma	
Lieder	Olson, E.	Richter	Sviggum	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 927, A bill for an act relating to driver's licenses; providing for a medical alert identifier; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 171.07, by adding a subdivision.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 129 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gutknecht	Lieder	Otis	Shaver
Battaglia	Hartle	Long	Ozment	Simoneau
Bauerly	Haukoos	Marsh	Pappas	Skoglund
Beard	Heap	McDonald	Pauly	Solberg
Begich	Himle	McEachern	Pelowski	Sparby
Bennett	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Peterson	Stanius
Bertram	Jacobs	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Steenasma
Blatz	Jaros	Milbert	Price	Sviggum
Boo	Jefferson	Miller	Quinn	Swenson
Brown	Jennings	Minne	Quist	Thiede
Burger	Jensen	Morrison	Redalen	Tjornhom
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Reding	Trimble
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rest	Tunheim
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Uphus
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Richter	Valento
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Vanasek
Dauner	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Vellenga
DeBlicek	Kelso	O'Connor	Rose	Voss
Dempsey	Kinkel	Ogren	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dille	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Waltman
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olsen, E.	Schafer	Welle
Forsythe	Knuth	Olson, K.	Scheid	Wenzel
Frederick	Kostohryz	Omann	Schoenfeld	Winter
Frerichs	Krueger	Onnen	Schreiber	Wynia
Greenfield	Larsen	Orenstein	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Gruenes	Lasley	Osthoff	Segal	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 508 was reported to the House.

There being no objection, S. F. No. 508 was temporarily laid over on Special Orders.

S. F. No. 456, A bill for an act relating to controlled substances; prescribing "small amount" of marijuana; clarifying certain Schedule II controlled substances; prescribing amount of marijuana for possession in a motor vehicle; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 152.01, subdivision 16; 152.02, subdivision 3; and 152.15, subdivision 2.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 128 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gutknecht	Lieder	Ozment	Simoneau
Battaglia	Hartle	Long	Pappas	Skoglund
Bauerly	Haukoos	Marsh	Pauly	Solberg
Beard	Heap	McDonald	Pelowski	Sparby
Begich	Himle	McEachern	Peterson	Stanis
Bennett	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Steensma
Bertram	Jacobs	McPherson	Price	Swiggum
Blatz	Jaros	Miller	Quinn	Swenson
Boo	Jefferson	Minne	Quist	Thiede
Brown	Jennings	Morrison	Redalen	Tjornhom
Burger	Jensen	Munger	Reding	Trimble
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Murphy	Rest	Tunheim
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Uphus
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, D.	Richter	Valento
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Vanasek
Cooper	Kalis	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Dauner	Kelly	O'Connor	Rose	Voss
DeBlieck	Kelso	Ogren	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dempsey	Kinkel	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Waltman
Dille	Kludt	Olson, E.	Schafer	Welle
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olson, K.	Scheid	Wenzel
Forsythe	Knuth	Omann	Schoenfeld	Winter
Frederick	Kostohryz	Onnen	Schreiber	Wynia
Frerichs	Krueger	Orenstein	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Greenfield	Larsen	Osthoff	Segal	
Gruenes	Lasley	Otis	Shaver	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

Riveness moved that the House recess subject to the call of the Chair. The motion prevailed.

## RECESS

## RECONVENED

The House reconvened and was called to order by the Speaker.

Orenstein, Dorn and Rodosovich were excused while in conference.

**SPECIAL ORDERS, Continued**

H. F. No. 913 was reported to the House.

Simoneau moved to amend H. F. No. 913, the third engrossment, as follows:

Page 34, line 3, after the period, insert "No action to recover the cost of copies may be brought until the commissioner adopts a schedule of reasonable charges under subdivision 7."

Page 36, line 27, delete "not exceed \$15 for up to" and insert "be reasonable. The commissioner shall adopt a schedule of reasonable charges by emergency rules."

Page 36, delete lines 28 to 29

Page 90, line 31, delete "43" and insert "44"

Page 90, line 31, after "64" insert "67"

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Heap moved to amend H. F. No. 913, the third engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 90, after line 22, insert:

"Sec. 116. [PREMIUM REDUCTION RECOMMENDATIONS.] The commissioner of labor and industry shall make detailed recommendations to the legislature proposing changes in the workers' compensation system, before January 1, 1988, which will result in reducing workers' compensation insurance premiums of employers by 20 percent. The proposal shall consider the level of wage replacement of benefits and shall be designed to reduce the high rate of litigation and to increase the equity of the system."



Renumber the sections accordingly

Murphy moved to amend the Heap amendment to H. F. No. 913, the third engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 1 of the Heap amendment, line 9, after "employers" delete "by 20 percent"

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the amendment to the amendment and the roll was called. There were 74 yeas and 49 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Jefferson	McEachern	Otis	Skoglund
Battaglia	Jensen	McLaughlin	Pappas	Solberg
Beard	Johnson, A.	Milbert	Pelowski	Sparby
Begich	Kahn	Minne	Peterson	Trimble
Bertram	Kelly	Munger	Price	Tunheim
Brown	Kelso	Murphy	Quinn	Vanasek
Carlson, L.	Kinkel	Nelson, C.	Reding	Vellenga
Carruthers	Kludt	Nelson, D.	Rest	Voss
Clark	Knuth	Nelson, K.	Rice	Wagenius
Cooper	Kostohryz	Neuenschwander	Riveness	Welle
Dauner	Krueger	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wenzel
DeBlieck	Larsen	Ogren	Sarna	Winter
Greenfield	Lasley	Olson, E.	Scheid	Wynia
Jacobs	Lieder	Olson, K.	Segal	Spk. Norton
Jaros	Long	Osthoff	Simoneau	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bauerly	Frerichs	Kalis	Ozment	Shaver
Bennett	Gruenes	Knickerbocker	Pauly	Stanius
Blatz	Gutknecht	Marsh	Poppenhagen	Svigum
Boo	Hartle	McDonald	Quist	Swenson
Burger	Haukoos	McPherson	Redalen	Thiede
Clausnitzer	Heap	Miller	Richter	Tjornhom
Dempsey	Himle	Morrison	Rose	Uphus
Dille	Hugoson	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Valento
Forsythe	Johnson, R.	Omann	Schreiber	Waltman
Frederick	Johnson, V.	Onnen	Seaberg	

The motion prevailed and the amendment to the amendment was adopted.

The question recurred on the adoption of the Heap amendment, as amended, to H. F. No. 913, the third engrossment, as amended. The motion prevailed and the amendment, as amended, was adopted.

Svigum moved to amend H. F. No. 913, the third engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 32, after line 34, insert:

"Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 176.132, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ELIGIBLE RECIPIENTS.] (a) An employee who has suffered personal injury prior to October 1, 1983 for which benefits are payable under section 176.101 and who has been totally disabled for more than 104 weeks shall be eligible for supplementary benefits as prescribed in this section after 104 weeks have elapsed and for the remainder of the total disablement. Regardless of the number of weeks of total disability, no totally disabled person is ineligible for supplementary benefits after four years have elapsed since the first date of the total disability, except as provided by clause (b), provided that all periods of disability are caused by the same injury.

(b) An employee who has suffered personal injury after October 1, 1983 is eligible to receive supplementary benefits after the employee has been receiving temporary total or permanent total benefits for 208 weeks. Regardless of the number of weeks of total disability, no person who is receiving temporary total compensation shall be ineligible for supplementary benefits after four years have elapsed since the first date of the total disability, provided that all periods of disability are caused by the same injury.

(c) No employee shall be eligible to receive supplementary benefits after October 1, 1987, unless the employee has been eligible and receiving such supplementary benefits prior to that date."

Renumber the sections

Amend the title accordingly

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Sviggum amendment and the roll was called. There were 55 yeas and 68 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bennett	Frerichs	Knickerbocker	Pelowski	Stanius
Bertram	Gruenes	Marsh	Poppenhagen	Steenma
Blatz	Gutknecht	McDonald	Quist	Sviggum
Boo	Hartle	McPherson	Redalen	Swenson
Burger	Haukoos	Miller	Richter	Thiede
Clausnitzer	Heap	Morrison	Rose	Tjornhom
Dauner	Himle	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Uphus
Dempsey	Hugoson	Omann	Schoenfeld	Valento
Dille	Johnson, V.	Onnen	Schreiber	Waltman
Forsythe	Kalis	Ozment	Seaberg	Welle
Frederick	Kludt	Pauly	Shaver	Winter

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, G.	Jefferson	Long	Osthoff	Skoglund
Battaglia	Jensen	McEachern	Otis	Solberg
Bauerly	Johnson, A.	McLaughlin	Pappas	Sparby
Beard	Johnson, R.	Milbert	Peterson	Trimble
Begich	Kahn	Minne	Price	Tunheim
Brown	Kelly	Munger	Quinn	Vanasek
Carlson, L.	Kelso	Murphy	Reding	Vellenga
Carruthers	Kinkel	Nelson, C.	Rest	Voss
Clark	Knuth	Nelson, D.	Rice	Wagenius
Cooper	Kostohryz	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Wenzel
DeBlicek	Krueger	Neuenschwander	Rukavina	Wynia
Greenfield	Larsen	O'Connor	Sarna	Spk. Norton
Jacobs	Lasley	Ogren	Scheid	
Jaros	Lieder	Olson, E.	Simoneau	

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

Sviggum moved to amend H. F. No. 913, the third engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 16, after line 16, insert:

"Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 176.101, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [TEMPORARY TOTAL DISABILITY.] For injury producing temporary total disability, the compensation is 66 $\frac{2}{3}$  percent of the weekly wage at the time of injury

(1) provided that during the year commencing on October 1, 1979, and each year thereafter, commencing on October 1, the maximum weekly compensation payable is the statewide average weekly wage for the period ending December 31, of the preceding year.

(2) The minimum weekly compensation benefits for temporary total disability shall be not less than ~~50~~ 20 percent of the statewide average weekly wage ~~or the injured employee's actual weekly wage, whichever is less. In no case shall a weekly benefit be less than 20 percent of the statewide average weekly wage.~~

Subject to subdivisions 3a to 3u this compensation shall be paid during the period of disability, payment to be made at the intervals when the wage was payable, as nearly as may be."

Renumber the sections accordingly

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 4, after "penalties;" insert "changing minimum benefits"

Page 1, line 9, after "2," insert "176.101, subdivision 1;"

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Sviggum amendment and the roll was called. There were 49 yeas and 72 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bennett	Forsythe	Johnson, V.	Ozment	Shaver
Bertram	Frederick	Kalis	Pauly	Stanius
Blatz	Frerichs	Kinkel	Poppenhagen	Steenma
Boo	Gruenes	Knickerbocker	Quist	Sviggum
Burger	Gutknecht	McDonald	Redalen	Swenson
Clausnitzer	Hartle	McPherson	Richter	Thiede
Cooper	Haukoos	Miller	Rose	Uphus
Dauner	Heap	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Valento
Dempsey	Himle	Omann	Schreiber	Waltman
Dille	Hugoson	Onnen	Seaberg	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, G.	Jensen	McEachern	Pappas	Solberg
Battaglia	Johnson, A.	McLaughlin	Pelowski	Sparby
Bauerly	Johnson, R.	Milbert	Peterson	Trimble
Beard	Kahn	Minne	Price	Tunheim
Begich	Kelly	Munger	Quinn	Vanasek
Brown	Kelso	Murphy	Reding	Vellenga
Carlson, L.	Kludt	Nelson, C.	Rest	Voss
Carruthers	Knuth	Nelson, K.	Rice	Wagenius
Clark	Kostohryz	Neuenschwander	Riveness	Welle
DeBlieck	Krueger	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wenzel
Dorn	Larsen	Ogren	Sarna	Wynia
Greenfield	Lasley	Olson, E.	Scheid	Spk. Norton
Jacobs	Lieder	Orenstein	Schoenfeld	
Jaros	Long	Osthoff	Simoneau	
Jefferson	Marsh	Otis	Skoglund	

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

H. F. No. 913, A bill for an act relating to workers' compensation; providing a general administrative reform; providing for certain proceedings to be expedited; providing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 14.48; 175.007, subdivision 1; 175.101, subdivision 2; 176.011, subdivisions 2, 6, 7a, 9, and by adding a subdivision; 176.041, subdivisions 1, 4, and by adding a subdivision; 176.081, subdivision 2; 176.102, subdivisions 2, 3, 3a, 4, 6, 8, 10, and 13; 176.103, subdivisions 2 and 3; 176.111, subdivision 17; 176.129, subdivisions 9, 11, and 13; 176.131, subdivisions 1 and 8; 176.133; 176.135, subdivisions 1, 1a, 2, 3, and by adding subdivisions; 176.136, subdivision 2; 176.1361; 176.139; 176.155, subdivisions 1, 3, and 5; 176.179; 176.181, subdivision 3; 176.182; 176.183, subdivisions 1a and 2; 176.185, by adding a subdivision; 176.191, subdivisions 1 and 2; 176.195, subdivision 3, 176.221, subdivisions 1, 3, and 7; 176.225, subdivisions 1, 2, and 4; 176.231, subdivisions 2, 10, and by adding a subdivision; 176.271, subdivision 1; 176.275;

176.291; 176.301, subdivision 1; 176.305, subdivisions 1, 2, and by adding subdivisions; 176.306, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 176.312; 176.321, subdivisions 2 and 3; 176.331; 176.341, subdivision 3, and by adding subdivisions; 176.351, subdivision 2a; 176.361, subdivisions 2, 5, and 7; 176.371; 176.411, subdivision 1; 176.421, subdivision 4, and by adding a subdivision; 176.442; 176.511, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3; 176.521; 176.541, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, and 6; 176.571, subdivisions 1 and 2; 176.572; 176.581; 176.591, subdivision 3; 176.603; 176.83, subdivisions 5, 7, and 11; 176.84; 176B.02; and 176B.05; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 60A and 176; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 176.012; 176.101, subdivision 3v; 176.102, subdivision 6a; 176.103, subdivision 4; 176.136, subdivision 4; 176.195, subdivisions 4, 5, and 6; 176.241; 176.242; 176.2421; 176.243; 176.244; 176.271, subdivision 2; 176.501; 176.571, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7; and 176.602.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 124 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Lasley	Osthoff	Shaver
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Lieder	Otis	Simoneau
Bauerly	Hartle	Long	Ozment	Solberg
Beard	Haukoos	Marsh	Pappas	Sparby
Begich	Heap	McDonald	Pauly	Stanius
Bennett	Himle	McEachern	Pelowski	Steensma
Bertram	Hugoson	McPherson	Peterson	Sviggum
Blatz	Jacobs	Milbert	Poppenhagen	Swenson
Boo	Jaros	Miller	Price	Thiede
Brown	Jefferson	Minne	Quinn	Tjornhom
Burger	Jensen	Morrison	Quist	Trimble
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Redalen	Tunheim
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Reding	Uphus
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Rest	Valento
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Rice	Vanasek
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Richter	Vellenga
Dauner	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Riveness	Voss
DeBlicke	Kelso	O'Connor	Rose	Wagenius
Dempsey	Kinkel	Ogren	Rukavina	Waltman
Dille	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Welle
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Schafer	Wenzel
Forsythe	Knuth	Olson, K.	Scheid	Winter
Frederick	Kostohryz	Omann	Schoenfeld	Wynia
Frerichs	Krueger	Onnen	Schreiber	Spk. Norton
Greenfield	Larsen	Orenstein	Seaberg	

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 508 which was temporarily laid over earlier today was again reported to the House.

S. F. No. 508, A bill for an act relating to transportation; requiring a license for the transportation of hazardous waste; providing for

license administration, suspension, and revocation; requiring rulemaking; providing penalties; specifying articles that may be carried as household goods; revising fees for certain motor carrier permits and certificates; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 221.061; 221.121, subdivision 7, and by adding a subdivision; 221.131, subdivisions 2 and 3; 221.291, subdivision 3; 221.296, subdivision 5; and 221.60, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 221.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 128 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gutknecht	Lieder	Otis	Simoneau
Battaglia	Hartle	Long	Ozment	Skoglund
Bauerly	Haukoos	Marsh	Pappas	Solberg
Beard	Heap	McDonald	Pauly	Sparby
Begich	Himle	McEachern	Pelowski	Stanius
Bennett	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Peterson	Steensma
Bertram	Jacobs	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Blatz	Jaros	Milbert	Price	Swenson
Boo	Jefferson	Miller	Quinn	Thiede
Brown	Jennings	Minne	Quist	Tjornhom
Burger	Jensen	Morrison	Redalen	Trimble
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Reding	Tunheim
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rest	Uphus
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Valento
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Richter	Vanasek
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Vellenga
Dauner	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rose	Voss
DeBlieck	Kelso	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dempsey	Kinkel	Ogren	Sarna	Waltman
Dille	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Welle
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olsen, E.	Scheid	Wenzel
Forsythe	Knuth	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Frederick	Kostohryz	Omamm	Schreiber	Wynia
Frerichs	Krueger	Onnen	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Greenfield	Larsen	Orenstein	Segal	
Gruenes	Lasley	Osthoff	Shaver	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

There being no objection, the order of business reverted to Messages from the Senate.

**MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE**

The following messages were received from the Senate:

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned:

H. F. No. 542, A bill for an act relating to transportation; providing an alternative procedure to record town roads; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 164.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House Files, herewith returned:

H. F. No. 887, A bill for an act relating to environment; creating the clean water partnership program for the control of nonpoint source water pollution and providing for administration by the pollution control agency; requiring a state water quality assessment; authorizing technical and financial assistance to local governments; authorizing rulemaking; appropriating money; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 115.

H. F. No. 1219, A bill for an act relating to taxation; authorizing Scott county to impose a tax on admissions to major amusement facilities; providing for expenditure of the proceeds of the tax.

H. F. No. 1326, A bill for an act relating to energy; authorizing loans to municipalities for energy conservation investments and authorizing repayment of those loans; authorizing issuance of bonds; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 116J.37; 275.50, subdivision 5; 471.65; and 475.51, subdivision 4.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 841, A bill for an act relating to utilities; providing for prevention of unlawful meter bypass, tampering, and use; providing remedies; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 325E.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 1304, A bill for an act relating to insurance; regulating cancellations of insurance agency contracts; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 60A.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 638, A bill for an act relating to elections; requiring election judges to inform voters of certain laws; providing for selection of a party in certain primary elections; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 204C.13, subdivision 2; and 206.80.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 1209, A bill for an act relating to public nuisances; defining a nuisance; providing for the enjoinder of nuisances; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 617; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 617.33; 617.34; 617.35; 617.36; 617.37; 617.38; 617.39; 617.40; and 617.41.



The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 283, A bill for an act relating to elections; requiring confidentiality of certain matters before the ethical practices board; raising certain campaign contribution disclosure limits; changing the method of calculating certain campaign expenditure limits; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 10A.02, subdivision 11; 10A.12, subdivision 5; 10A.20, subdivisions 3 and 5; 10A.25, subdivisions 2 and 7; 10A.255; 10A.32, subdivision 3; and 383B.048, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 210A.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate accedes to the request of the House for the appointment of a Conference Committee on the amendments adopted by the Senate to the following House File:

H. F. No. 391, A bill for an act relating to crimes; increasing penalties for distributing controlled substances to a minor or employing a minor to distribute controlled substances; defining measurement and purity requirements of controlled substances for criminal and tax law purposes; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 152.15, subdivisions 1 and 4; 297D.01, subdivision 3; and 297D.07.

The Senate has appointed as such Committee:

Messrs. Jude and Spear and Ms. Peterson, D. C.

Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate accedes to the request of the House for the appointment of a Conference Committee on the amendments adopted by the Senate to the following House File:

H. F. No. 236, A bill for an act relating to elections; requiring fair campaign practices; imposing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 123.015; 200.015; 201.275; 204C.04; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapters 211A and 211B; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, chapter 210A.

The Senate has appointed as such Committee:

Ms. Peterson, D. C.; Messrs. Luther and Johnson, D. E.

Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate accedes to the request of the House for the appointment of a Conference Committee on the amendments adopted by the Senate to the following House File:

H. F. No. 532, A bill for an act relating to public safety; motorized bicycles; establishing standards for the safe operation of motorized bicycles; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 65B.001, by adding a subdivision; 65B.43, subdivision 13; 168.011, subdivision 27; 169.01, subdivision 4a; 169.223; 171.01, subdivision 20; and 171.02, subdivision 3.

The Senate has appointed as such committee:

Messrs. DeCramer and Knaak and Mrs. Lantry.

Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

S. F. No. 282.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S. F. NO. 282

A bill for an act relating to metropolitan government; permitting regional railroad authorities to engage in certain activities; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.398.

May 15, 1987

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S. F. No. 282, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House recede from its amendment and that S. F. No. 282 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 398A.04, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [TAXATION.] Before deciding to exercise the power to tax, the authority shall give six weeks published notice in all municipalities in the region. If a number of voters in the region equal to five percent of those who voted for candidates for governor at the last gubernatorial election present a petition within nine weeks of the first published notice to the secretary of state requesting that the matter be submitted to popular vote, it shall be submitted at the next general election. The question prepared shall be:

"Shall the regional rail authority have the power to impose a property tax?

Yes .....

No ....."

If a majority of those voting on the question approve or if no petition is presented within the prescribed time the authority may thereafter levy a tax at any annual rate not exceeding ~~four~~ two mills

on the assessed valuation of all taxable property situated within the municipality or municipalities named in its organization resolution. Its recording officer shall file in the office of the county auditor of each county in which territory under the jurisdiction of the authority is located a certified copy of the board of commissioners' resolution levying the tax, and each county auditor shall assess and extend upon the tax rolls of each municipality named in the organization resolution the portion of the tax that bears the same ratio to the whole amount that the assessed valuation of taxable property in that municipality bears to the assessed value of taxable property in all municipalities named in the organization resolution. Collections of the tax shall be remitted by each county treasurer to the treasurer of the authority.

Sec. 2. [473.169] [LIGHT RAIL TRANSIT; DESIGN PLANS.]

Subdivision 1. [REQUIREMENT.] Before constructing a light rail transit facility, the political subdivision proposing the facility must hold a public hearing on the preliminary design plans as provided in subdivision 2, and submit the preliminary and final design plans for review as provided in subdivisions 3 to 5. The design plans must include a plan for handicapped accessibility.

Subd. 2. [PRELIMINARY DESIGN PLANS; PUBLIC HEARING.] Before preparing final design plans for a light rail transit facility, the political subdivision proposing the facility must hold a public hearing on the preliminary design plans. The proposer must provide appropriate public notice of the hearing and publicity to ensure that affected parties have an opportunity to present their views at the hearing.

Subd. 3. [PRELIMINARY DESIGN PLANS; LOCAL APPROVAL.] At least 30 days before the hearing under subdivision 2, the proposer must submit the preliminary design plans to the governing body of each statutory and home rule charter city, county, and town in which the route is proposed to be located. The city, county, or town must hold a public hearing. Within 45 days after the hearing under subdivision 2, the city, county, or town must review and approve or disapprove the plans for the route to be located in the city, county, or town. Failure to approve or disapprove the plans in writing within 45 days after the hearing is deemed to be approval, unless an extension of time is agreed to by the city, county, or town and the proposer. If the preliminary design plans are approved by each city, county, and town in which the route is proposed to be located, the proposer may proceed with final design plans under subdivision 5.

Subd. 4. [PRELIMINARY DESIGN PLANS; METROPOLITAN COUNCIL REFERRAL.] If the governing body of one or more cities, counties, or towns disapproves the preliminary design plans within the period allowed under subdivision 3, the proposer may refer the plans to the metropolitan council. The council must hold a hearing,

giving the proposer and the disapproving local governmental units an opportunity to present the case for or against approval of the plans. The council may conduct independent study as it deems desirable and may mediate and attempt to resolve disagreements about the plans. Within 90 days after the referral, the council must either approve the plans as submitted by the proposer or recommend amended plans to accommodate the objections presented by the disapproving local governmental units. Failure to respond within the time period is deemed to be approval, unless an extension of time is agreed to by the council and the proposer. Following approval or recommendation of preliminary design plans by the council, the proposer may proceed with final design plans under subdivision 5.

Subd. 5. [FINAL DESIGN PLANS.] (a) After the approval of preliminary design plans under subdivision 3 or review by the council following referral to the council under subdivision 4, the proposer may prepare final design plans.

(b) Before proceeding with construction, the proposer must submit the final design plans to the governing body of each statutory and home rule city, county, and town in which the route is proposed to be located. Within 60 days after the submission of the plans, the city, county, or town must review and approve or disapprove the plans for the route located in the city, county, or town. Failure to approve or disapprove the plans in writing within the time period is deemed to be approval, unless an extension is agreed to by the city, county, or town and the proposer. If the final design plans are approved by each city, county, and town in which the route is proposed to be located, the proposer may proceed with construction on that route.

(c) If the governing body of one or more cities, counties, or towns disapproves the final design plans within the period allowed under paragraph (b), the proposer may refer the plans to the metropolitan council. The council must review the final design plans under the same procedure and with the same effect as provided in subdivision 4 for preliminary design plans. Following approval or recommendation of final design plans by the council, the proposer may proceed with construction.

Subd. 6. [COUNTY APPROVAL.] The proposer of a light rail transit facility in the metropolitan area must submit the preliminary and final design plans for the facility to the governing board of the county in which the route is proposed to be located for approval or disapproval. The proposer of the facility may not proceed with construction of the facility without the approval of the county.

Subd. 7. [COUNCIL REVIEW.] Before proceeding with construction of a light rail transit facility, a regional rail authority established under chapter 398A must submit preliminary and final design plans to the metropolitan council. The council must review

the plans for consistency with the council's development guide and comment on the plans.

Subd. 8. [METROPOLITAN SIGNIFICANCE.] This section does not diminish or replace the authority of the council under section 473.173.

Sec. 3. [473.17] [COOPERATION IN LIGHT RAIL TRANSIT.]

Notwithstanding section 473.398, the metropolitan council may cooperate with regional rail authorities in the study, planning, and design of regional rail authority light rail transit systems, and the metropolitan transit commission may cooperate with regional rail authorities in the operational planning and operation of regional rail authority light rail transit systems.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.398, is amended to read:

473.398 [TRANSIT NEEDS ASSESSMENT.]

(a) The metropolitan council, the regional transit board, and the metropolitan transit commission, ~~and any regional rail authority or political subdivision in the metropolitan area~~ may not either separately or in combination expend or obligate any money from public sources for study, planning, design, preliminary engineering, engineering, acquisition, construction, or any other purpose related to facilities for transporting passengers by cars operating on fixed rails, without express legislative authorization.

(b) Before performing any further detailed work on light rail transit, the regional transit board shall complete the total assessment of transit service needs and markets for the metropolitan area and the implementation plan required by section 473.377, subdivisions 1 and 2. It may consider any mode of travel to serve identified needs and markets.

(c) Following approval of the implementation plan by the metropolitan council, as required by section 473.377, subdivision 1, the regional transit board may commence corridor planning, consisting of preliminary engineering for general route configuration and alignments, station locations, modal interconnectors, and access of any modes including light rail transit, for the corridor between the downtowns of Minneapolis and St. Paul if the needs assessment and implementation plan so provide. It may utilize private or public funds to do this work.

(d) The board shall report to the legislature by December 1, 1986, on the needs, alternative transit systems, and services considered

and recommendations for implementation, costs, alternative sources of financing, and preferred financing sources.

Sec. 5. [METROPOLITAN TRANSIT PLANNING PROCESS.]

By January 15, 1988, the metropolitan council shall report to the legislature a recommended process to coordinate transit planning and development by regional railroad authorities and other political subdivisions.

Sec. 6. [COMPREHENSIVE PLAN.]

By July 1, 1988, the Hennepin county regional rail authority must develop a comprehensive plan for the development of a light rail transit system in Hennepin county. In developing the comprehensive plan, the authority must consider at least three primary corridors, including the southwest corridor, a northern corridor, and a southern corridor. In evaluating the corridors, the authority must consider the ridership potential of each corridor, the cost of developing each corridor, and the public benefit to be derived from each corridor. During this evaluation, the authority may acquire right-of-way so that all corridors have, to the extent practicable, an equal opportunity for development based on the guidelines contained in the comprehensive plan. This section does not prohibit the authority from proceeding with the preparation of engineering plans for any corridor before July 1, 1988.

Sec. 7. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Section 1 is effective the day following final enactment. A regional rail authority that has acquired the power to impose a property tax under section 398A.04, subdivision 8, before the effective date of section 1, may levy an annual tax up to but not exceeding two mills on the assessed valuation of all taxable property situated within the municipality or municipalities named in its organization resolution for study, planning, design, preliminary engineering, engineering, acquisition, construction, or any purpose related to facilities for transporting passengers on a light rail transit system.

Sec. 8. [APPLICATION.]

Sections 2 to 6 are effective the day following final enactment in the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, and Washington."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to transportation; reducing maximum tax levy authorized for regional railroad authorities; permitting regional railroad authorities to engage in activities related to light

rail transit; providing for review of light rail transit plans by local governmental units and the metropolitan council; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 398A.04, subdivision 8; and 473.398; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 473."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: WILLIAM P. LUTHER, PHYLLIS W. MCQUAID, CARL W. KROENING, CLARENCE M. PURFEERST AND MARILYN M. LANTRY.

House Conferees: KEN NELSON, HENRY J. KALIS, SALLY OLSEN, PETER McLAUGHLIN AND GLORIA M. SEGAL.

Nelson, K., moved that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 282 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee.

The Speaker called Simoneau to the Chair.

Long moved that the House refuse to adopt the Conference Committee report on S. F. No. 282, that the present House Conference Committee be discharged, and that the Speaker appoint a new Conference Committee consisting of 5 members on the part of the House.

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

#### CALL OF THE HOUSE

On the motion of Nelson, K., and on the demand of 10 members, a call of the House was ordered. The following members answered to their names:

Battaglia	Dempsey	Johnson, A.	Marsh	Olson, E.
Bauerly	Dille	Johnson, R.	McDonald	Olson, K.
Beard	Dorn	Johnson, V.	McEachern	Omann
Begich	Forsythe	Kalis	McLaughlin	Onnen
Bennett	Frederick	Kelly	McPherson	Orenstein
Bertram	Frerichs	Kelso	Milbert	Osthoff
Blatz	Gruenes	Kinkel	Miller	Otis
Boo	Gutknecht	Kludt	Minne	Ozment
Brown	Hartle	Knickerbocker	Morrison	Pappas
Burger	Haukoos	Knuth	Murphy	Pauly
Carruthers	Heap	Kostohryz	Nelson, C.	Pelowski
Clark	Himle	Krueger	Nelson, K.	Peterson
Clausnitzer	Hugoson	Larsen	Neuenschwander	Poppenhagen
Cooper	Jacobs	Lasley	O'Connor	Price
Dauner	Jefferson	Lieder	Ogren	Quinn
DeBlicke	Jensen	Long	Olsen, S.	Quist



Redalen	Schafer	Skoglund	Tjornhom	Waltman
Reding	Scheid	Solberg	Trimble	Welle
Rest	Schreiber	Stanius	Tunheim	Wenzel
Richter	Seaberg	Steensma	Uphus	Winter
Riveness	Segal	Sviggum	Valento	
Rukavina	Shaver	Swenson	Vellenga	
Sarna	Simoneau	Thiede	Wagenius	

Otis moved that further proceedings of the roll call be dispensed with and that the Sergeant at Arms be instructed to bring in the absentees. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

The question recurred on the Long motion and the roll was called.

Otis moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 44 yeas and 77 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bennett	Frerichs	Kostohryz	Poppenhagen	Shaver
Blatz	Hartle	Long	Quist	Sviggum
Boo	Haukoos	McDonald	Redalen	Swenson
Burger	Heap	McPherson	Richter	Thiede
Clausnitzer	Himle	Miller	Riveness	Tjornhom
Dempsey	Hugoson	Morrison	Rose	Uphus
Dille	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Schafer	Valento
Forsythe	Knickerbocker	Orenstein	Schreiber	Waltman
Frederick	Knuth	Pauly	Seaberg	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, G.	Gutknecht	Lieder	Osthoff	Skoglund
Battaglia	Jacobs	Marsh	Otis	Solberg
Bauerly	Jaros	McEachern	Pappas	Sparby
Beard	Jefferson	McLaughlin	Pelowski	Stanius
Begich	Jensen	Milbert	Peterson	Steensma
Bertram	Johnson, A.	Murphy	Price	Tunheim
Brown	Johnson, R.	Nelson, C.	Quinn	Vanasek
Carlson, L.	Johnson, V.	Nelson, D.	Reding	Vellenga
Carruthers	Kahn	Nelson, K.	Rest	Wagenius
Clark	Kalis	O'Connor	Rice	Welle
Cooper	Kelly	Ogren	Rukavina	Wenzel
Dauner	Kinkel	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Winter
DeBlicke	Kludt	Olson, E.	Scheid	Spk. Norton
Dorn	Krueger	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	
Greenfield	Larsen	Omann	Segal	
Gruenes	Lasley	Onnen	Simoneau	

The motion did not prevail.

The question recurred on the Nelson, K., motion that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 282 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 282, A bill for an act relating to metropolitan government; permitting regional railroad authorities to engage in certain activities; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.398.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called.

Otis moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 95 yeas and 31 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Larsen	Omann	Segal
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Lasley	Onnen	Simoneau
Bauerly	Hartle	Lieder	Osthoff	Skoglund
Beard	Heap	Marsh	Otis	Solberg
Begich	Jacobs	McEachern	Ozment	Sparby
Bennett	Jaros	McLaughlin	Pappas	Stanias
Bertram	Jefferson	Milbert	Pelowski	Steensma
Boo	Jensen	Minne	Peterson	Swenson
Brown	Johnson, A.	Munger	Price	Trimble
Burger	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Quinn	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Redalen	Uphus
Carruthers	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Reding	Vanasek
Clark	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Rest	Vellenga
Cooper	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rice	Wagenius
Dauner	Kelso	O'Connor	Rose	Welle
DeBlieck	Kinkel	Ogren	Rukavina	Wenzel
Dille	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Winter
Dorn	Knuth	Olsen, E.	Scheid	Wynia
Greenfield	Krueger	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Spk. Norton

Those who voted in the negative were:

Blatz	Himle	Miller	Riveness	Tjornhom
Clausnitzer	Hugoson	Morrison	Schafer	Valento
Dempsey	Knickerbocker	Orenstein	Schreiber	Waltman
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Pauly	Seaberg	
Frederick	Long	Poppenhagen	Shaver	
Frerichs	McDonald	Quist	Sviggum	
Haukoos	McPherson	Richter	Thiede	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate refuses to concur in the House amendments to Senate File No. 478:

S. F. No. 478, A bill for an act relating to insurance; requiring notification of group life or health coverage changes; eliminating

mandatory temporary insurance agent licenses; requiring those who solicit insurance to act as agent for the insured; regulating surplus lines insurance; regulating rates and forms; regulating insurance plan administrators; regulating trust funds; regulating the renewal, nonrenewal, and cancellation of commercial liability and property insurance policies; authorizing employers to jointly self-insure for property or casualty liability and regulating these plans; providing continued group life coverage upon termination or layoff; providing for the establishment and operation of the insurance guaranty association and the life and health guaranty association; regulating accident and health insurance; regulating joint self-insurance employee health plans; requiring the treatment of pregnancy-related conditions in the same manner as other illnesses; mandating certain coverages; clarifying coverage for handicapped dependents; providing continued group accident and health coverage upon termination or layoff; requiring coverage of current spouse and children; imposing surety bond or securities requirements on certain health benefit plans; regulating Medicare supplement plan premium refunds; authorizing the renewal of certain long-term health policies; providing for the establishment and operation of the comprehensive health association and the joint underwriting association; providing comprehensive health insurance coverage for certain employees not eligible for Medicare; regulating fraternal benefit associations; regulating automobile insurance; providing for exemption from certain legal process of cash value, proceeds, or benefits under certain life insurance or annuity contracts; limiting the cancellation of fire insurance binders and policies; providing for administration of the FAIR plan; requiring accident prevention course premium reductions; limiting the grounds for cancellation or reduction in limits during the policy period; providing for the priority of security for payment of basic economic loss benefits; extending basic economic loss benefit protection; requiring coverages for former spouses; specifying membership on the assigned claims bureau; extending no-fault benefits to pedestrians who are struck by motorcycles; regulating township mutual insurance companies; providing for mandatory arbitration of certain claims; establishing a demonstration project to provide medical insurance to certain low income persons; requiring the commissioner to set rates for cooperative housing and neighborhood real estate trust insurance; authorizing investments in certain insurers; regulating trade practices; requiring life and health insurers to substantiate the underwriting standards they use; providing assigned risk plan coverage for certain vehicles used by the handicapped; regulating motor vehicle repairs; regulating certain self-insurance by political subdivisions; granting immunity from liability for volunteer coaches, managers, and officials; clarifying the statute of limitations applicable to actions regarding manufacturers or suppliers of material containing asbestos; modifying discounting of future damages; prescribing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 16A.133, subdivision 1; 45.024, subdivision 2; 60A.17, subdivisions 1a, 2c, 11, and 13; 60A.1701, subdivisions 7, and 8; 60A.196; 60A.197; 60A.198, subdivision 3; 60A.23, subdivision 8; 60A.29, subdivisions 2, 5, and 16,

and by adding subdivisions; 60A.30; 60A.31; 60B.44, subdivisions 1, 4, 5, and 9; 60C.08, subdivision 1; 60C.09; 60C.12; 61A.28, subdivision 12; 61B.05, subdivision 1; 61B.09; 62A.041; 62A.043, by adding a subdivision; 62A.141; 62A.146; 62A.152, subdivision 2; 62A.17; 62A.21; 62A.27; 62A.31, subdivision 1a; 62A.43, subdivision 2; and by adding a subdivision; 62A.46, by adding a subdivision; 62A.48, subdivisions 1, 2, 6, and by adding a subdivision; 62A.50, subdivision 3; 62D.05, by adding a subdivision; 62D.102; 62E.06, subdivision 1; 62E.10, subdivision 2, and by adding subdivisions; 62E.14, by adding a subdivision; 62F.041, subdivision 2; 62F.06, subdivision 1; 62H.01; 62H.02; 62H.04; 62I.02, subdivisions 1, and 3, and by adding a subdivision; 62I.03, subdivision 5; 62I.04; 62I.12, subdivision 1; 62I.13, by adding a subdivision; 62I.16, subdivision 3; 62I.22, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 64B.11, subdivision 4; 64B.18; 64B.27; 65A.01, subdivision 3a; 65A.03, subdivision 1; 65A.10; 65A.29, by adding a subdivision; 65A.35, subdivision 5; 65A.39; 65B.03, subdivision 1; 65B.12; 65B.1311; 65B.16; 65B.21, subdivision 2; 65B.28; 65B.46; 65B.49, by adding a subdivision; 65B.525, subdivision 1; 65B.63, subdivision 1; 67A.05, subdivision 2; 67A.06; 67A.231; 70A.06, by adding a subdivision; 70A.08, subdivision 3; 72A.20, subdivisions 11, 17, and by adding subdivisions; 72A.31, subdivision 1; 169.045, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 471.98, subdivision 2; 604.07, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, and by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 60A; 61A; 62A; 62E; 65A; 65B; 72A; 256B; 541; and 604; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 60E; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 62A.12; and 67A.43, subdivision 3; and Minnesota Rules, parts 2700.2400 to 2700.2440.

The Senate respectfully requests that a Conference Committee be appointed thereon. The Senate has appointed as such committee:

Mr. Luther; Ms. Peterson, D. C.; Messrs. Solon, Anderson and Metzen.

Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House with the request that the House appoint a like committee.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Skoglund moved that the House accede to the request of the Senate and that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 5 members of the House to meet with a like committee appointed by the Senate on the disagreeing votes of the two houses on S. F. No. 478. The motion prevailed.

#### ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on S. F. No. 478:

Skoglund, Carruthers, Segal, Peterson and Knickerbocker.

CALL OF THE HOUSE LIFTED

Otis moved that the call of the House be dispensed with. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

Otis moved that the the House recess subject to the call of the Chair.

POINT OF ORDER

Schreiber raised a point of order pursuant to rule 6.3 relating to committee meeting schedules. Speaker pro tempore Simoneau ruled the point of order not well taken.

POINT OF ORDER

Thiede raised a point of order pursuant to rule 6.6 relating to committee records. Speaker pro tempore Simoneau ruled the point of order not well taken.

POINT OF ORDER

Valento raised a point of order pursuant to rule 6.3 relating to committee meeting schedules. Speaker pro tempore Simoneau ruled the point of order not well taken.

The question recurred on the Otis motion that the House recess subject to the call of the Chair. The motion prevailed.

RECESS

RECONVENED

The House reconvened and was called to order by Speaker pro tempore Simoneau.

REPORT FROM THE COMMITTEE ON RULES AND  
LEGISLATIVE ADMINISTRATION

Vanasek, from the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration, pursuant to House Rule No. 1.9, designated the following bills as Special Orders to be acted upon immediately following S. F. No. 465 for today, Saturday, May 16, 1987:

H. F. No. 1074; S. F. Nos. 841 and 587; H. F. No. 1279; S. F. No. 368; H. F. No. 539; S. F. Nos. 593 and 377; H. F. No. 777; S. F. No. 1057; H. F. Nos. 566, 1087 and 1465; S. F. Nos. 908 and 69; H. F. Nos. 835 and 1335; S. F. Nos. 131, 1184 and 946; H. F. No. 363; and S. F. No. 905.

Anderson, G., was excused between the hours of 11:45 p.m. and 12:00 midnight.

### SPECIAL ORDERS, Continued

S. F. No. 514 was reported to the House.

#### SUSPENSION OF RULES

Pursuant to Article IV, Section 19, of the Constitution of the state of Minnesota, Segal moved that the rule therein be suspended and an urgency be declared so that S. F. No. 514 be given its third reading and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

Segal moved that the Rules of the House be so far suspended that S. F. No. 514 be given its third reading and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 514, A bill for an act relating to human services; creating the office of ombudsman for mental health and mental retardation; providing for the powers and duties of the ombudsman; creating a medical review board; requiring reporting of abuse and neglect to the ombudsman for mental health and mental retardation; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 13.46, subdivision 1; 626.556, subdivisions 9 and 10; and 626.557, subdivision 9; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 245.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 127 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Battaglia	Brown	Dempsey	Hartle	Jensen
Bauerly	Burger	Dille	Haukoos	Johnson, A.
Beard	Carlson, L.	Dorn	Heap	Johnson, R.
Begich	Carruthers	Forsythe	Himle	Johnson, V.
Bennett	Clark	Frederick	Hugoson	Kahn
Bertram	Clausnitzer	Frerichs	Jacobs	Kalis
Bishop	Cooper	Greenfield	Jaros	Kelly
Blatz	Dauner	Gruenes	Jefferson	Kelso
Boo	DeBlieck	Gutknecht	Jennings	Kinkel

Kludd	Munger	Pappas	Schafer	Trimble
Knickerbocker	Murphy	Pauly	Scheid	Tunheim
Knuth	Nelson, C.	Pelowski	Schoenfeld	Uphus
Kostohryz	Nelson, D.	Peterson	Schreiber	Valento
Krueger	Nelson, K.	Poppenhagen	Seaberg	Vanasek
Larsen	Neuenschwander	Price	Segal	Vellenga
Lasley	O'Connor	Quinn	Shaver	Voss
Lieder	Ogren	Quist	Simoneau	Wagenius
Long	Olsen, S.	Redalen	Skoglund	Waltman
Marsh	Olson, E.	Reding	Solberg	Welle
McEachern	Olson, K.	Rest	Sparby	Wenzel
McLaughlin	Omann	Rice	Stanius	Winter
McPherson	Onnen	Richter	Steenasma	Wynia
Milbert	Orenstein	Riveness	Sviggiun	Spk. Norton
Miller	Osthoff	Rose	Swenson	
Minne	Otis	Rukavina	Thiede	
Morrison	Ozment	Sarna	Tjornhom	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

H. F. No. 683, A bill for an act relating to the organization and operation of state government; modifying and clarifying the powers of the board of animal health; regulating dealers; prescribing a civil penalty; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 347.31; 347.32; 347.33; 347.34; 347.35; 347.37; 347.38; 347.39; and 347.40; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 346.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 121 yeas and 3 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Battaglia	Forsythe	Kelso	Nelson, D.	Redalen
Bauerly	Frederick	Kinkel	Nelson, K.	Reding
Beard	Frerichs	Kludd	Neuenschwander	Rest
Begich	Greenfield	Knickerbocker	O'Connor	Rice
Bennett	Gruenes	Knuth	Ogren	Richter
Bertram	Gutknecht	Kostohryz	Olsen, S.	Riveness
Bishop	Hartle	Larsen	Olson, E.	Rose
Blatz	Haukoos	Lasley	Olson, K.	Rukavina
Boo	Heap	Lieder	Omann	Sarna
Brown	Himle	Long	Onnen	Schafer
Burger	Hugoson	Marsh	Orenstein	Scheid
Carlson, L.	Jacobs	McDonald	Osthoff	Schoenfeld
Carruthers	Jaros	McEachern	Otis	Schreiber
Clark	Jefferson	McLaughlin	Ozment	Seaberg
Clausnitzer	Jennings	McPherson	Pappas	Segal
Cooper	Jensen	Milbert	Pauly	Shaver
Dauner	Johnson, A.	Miller	Pelowski	Simoneau
DeBlieck	Johnson, R.	Morrison	Peterson	Skoglund
Dempsey	Johnson, V.	Munger	Poppenhagen	Solberg
Dille	Kahn	Murphy	Price	Sparby
Dorn	Kalis	Nelson, C.	Quinn	Stanius

Steensma  
Swenson  
Tjornhom  
Tunheim

Uphus  
Valento  
Vanasek  
Vellenga

Voss  
Wagenius  
Waltman  
Welle

Wenzel  
Winter  
Wynia  
Spk. Norton

Those who voted in the negative were:

Quist            Sviggum            Thiede

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

McDonald was excused for the remainder of today's session.

S. F. No. 463, as amended, which was temporarily laid over earlier today was again reported to the House.

Carruthers, Skoglund, Clausnitzer, Seaberg, Kelly and Bishop moved to amend S. F. No. 463, as amended, as follows:

Delete the Carruthers amendment and further amend S. F. No. 463, as amended, as follows:

Page 2, line 10, after "a" delete the remainder of the line

Page 2, delete line 11

Page 2, line 12, delete everything before "person"

Page 2, line 16, delete "'estate planner,'"

Page 3, line 5, after "disbursements" delete the remainder of the line

Page 3, line 6, delete "attorney fees"

Page 3, line 7, delete "who damages a"

Page 3, line 8, delete everything before "is"

Page 3, line 9, delete "the penalties specified" and insert "section 2, subdivision 5"

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Speaker pro tempore Simoneau called Anderson, G., to the Chair.



S. F. No. 463, A bill for an act relating to commerce; providing enforcement powers; regulating securities; regulating the business of financial planning; restricting certain charges made by investment advisors and broker dealers; providing for the registration of securities; providing for disclosure of interest rate or discount point agreements; providing for the denial, suspension, and revocation of licenses and the censure of licensees; exempting the sale of certain stock of a closely-held corporation; exempting certain industrial revenue bond transactions; regulating real estate brokers and salespersons; prohibiting commission-splitting and rebating on timeshare and other recreational lands; providing for continuing education of brokers; regulating licensees acting as principals; regulating abandoned property; establishing a presumption of abandonment for certain profits or sums held by a cooperative; regulating the transfer and storage of abstracts of title to real property; transferring the powers and duties of the commissioner for the regulation of social and charitable organizations to the attorney general and providing for further regulation of such organizations; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 60A.17, subdivision 6c; 72A.27; 80A.06, subdivision 5; 80A.07, subdivision 1; 80A.09, subdivision 1; 80A.12, by adding a subdivision; 80A.14, subdivision 18; 80A.15, subdivisions 1 and 2; 80A.19, subdivision 1; 80A.23, subdivision 11; 80A.26, subdivision 3; 80C.17, subdivision 1; 82.17, subdivision 4; 82.19, subdivision 3; 82.21, subdivision 1; 82.22, subdivision 6; 82.24, subdivision 2; 82.34, subdivision 19; 308.12, by adding a subdivision; 309.50, subdivision 6; 309.515, subdivision 1; 309.52, subdivisions 1a and 2; 309.53, subdivisions 1a, 3, 4, and by adding a subdivision; 309.531; 309.533, by adding a subdivision; 309.54; 309.55, subdivision 6; 309.556; 309.56, subdivision 1; 309.57; 345.39; and 386.375; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 45, 47, 82, and 508; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 72A.23; 72A.24; 72A.28; 80A.20; 80A.21; 80C.15; 80C.16, subdivision 1; 82.25; 82.26; 83.34; 83.35, subdivision 3; 238.085; 309.515, subdivision 3; 309.532; 309.533, subdivisions 2, 3, and 4; 309.534; 309.555; and 309.58.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 115 yeas and 11 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Blatz	Cooper	Greenfield	Jensen
Battaglia	Boo	Dauner	Gruenes	Johnson, A.
Bauerly	Brown	DeBleck	Gutknecht	Johnson, R.
Beard	Burger	Dempsey	Hartle	Johnson, V.
Begich	Carlson, L.	Dille	Himle	Kahn
Bennett	Carruthers	Dorn	Jacobs	Kalis
Bertram	Clark	Forsythe	Jaros	Kelly
Bishop	Clausnitzer	Frederick	Jefferson	Kelso

Kinkel	Munger	Otis	Schafer	Tjornhom
Kludt	Murphy	Ozment	Scheid	Trimble
Knuth	Nelson, C.	Pappas	Schoenfeld	Tunheim
Kostohryz	Nelson, D.	Pelowski	Schreiber	Uphus
Krueger	Nelson, K.	Peterson	Seaberg	Valento
Larsen	Neuenschwander	Price	Segal	Vanasek
Lasley	O'Connor	Quinn	Shaver	Vellenga
Lieder	Ogren	Redalen	Simoneau	Voss
Long	Olsen, S.	Reding	Skoglund	Wagenius
Marsh	Olson, E.	Rest	Solberg	Waltman
McEachern	Olson, K.	Rice	Sparby	Welle
McLaughlin	Omann	Riveness	Stanius	Wenzel
Milbert	Onnen	Rose	Steensma	Winter
Minne	Orenstein	Rukavina	Svigggum	Wynia
Morrison	Osthoff	Sarna	Swenson	Spk. Norton

Those who voted in the negative were:

Frerichs	Hugoson	Pauly	Richter
Haukoos	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Thiede
Heap	Miller	Quist	

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 451 was reported to the House.

Reding moved to amend S. F. No. 451, as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

“Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.021, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [SPECIAL PLATES; APPLICATION FOR ISSUANCE.] When a motor vehicle registered under section 168.017, or a self-propelled recreational vehicle, is owned or primarily operated by a physically handicapped person, the owner may apply for and secure from the registrar of motor vehicles two license ~~number~~ plates with attached emblems, one plate to be attached to the front, and one to the rear of the vehicle. Application for issuance of these the plates must be made at the time of renewal or first application for registration. When the owner first applies for the plates, and whenever the plates must be replaced, the owner must submit a physician's statement on a form developed by the commissioner under section 169.345.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.021, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. [SCOPE OF PRIVILEGE.] If ~~any~~ a physically handicapped person parks a vehicle displaying license plates described in this section or any person parks such ~~a the vehicle while transporting for~~ a physically handicapped person, that person shall be

entitled to courtesy in the parking of park the vehicle and be relieved of any liability with respect to parking except as provided in sections 169.32 and 169.34; provided that any municipal governing body may, by ordinance, prohibit parking on any street or highway for the purpose of creating a fire lane, or to provide for the accommodation of heavy traffic during morning and afternoon rush hours and the privileges extended to handicapped persons shall not apply on streets or highways where and at the time parking is prohibited. The license plates specified in this section shall also serve to identify vehicles properly parked in designated handicapped parking spaces, as provided in section 169.346 as provided in section 169.345.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.021, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [DESIGN OF PLATES; FURNISHING BY REGISTRAR.]

The registrar of motor vehicles shall design and furnish two license number plates with attached emblems to each such eligible owner. The emblem shall must bear the internationally accepted wheelchair symbol, as designated in section 16.8632, approximately three inches square. The emblem shall must be of such size as large enough to be visible plainly from a distance of 50 feet. Applicants An applicant eligible for these the special plates shall pay the motor vehicle registration fee authorized by law less a credit of \$1 for each month registered.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.021, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [PENALTIES FOR UNAUTHORIZED USE OF PLATE PLATES.] A person who appropriates or uses the plate plates provided in under this section upon on a motor vehicle other than as authorized by in violation of this section is guilty of a gross misdemeanor, and is subject to a fine of \$500. This subdivision does not preclude a person who is not physically handicapped from operating a vehicle upon which these bearing the plates are displayed where if the person is the owner of the vehicle and permits its operation by a physically handicapped person, or where if the person operates the vehicle with the consent of the owner who is physically handicapped. A nonhandicapped driver who is not handicapped is not entitled to the parking privileges provided in this section and in section 169.346 unless transporting parking the vehicle for a physically handicapped person.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.021, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [DEFINITIONS.] For the purposes of this section, a the term "physically handicapped person" means a person who has sustained an amputation or material disability of either or both

arms or legs, or who has been otherwise disabled in any manner, rendering it difficult and burdensome for the person to walk has the meaning given it in section 169.345.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.021, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [DRIVERS DRIVER'S LICENSE LAW NOT AFFECTED.] Nothing in this section shall be construed to revoke, limit, or amend any of the terms of the drivers license law chapter 171.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 169.345, is amended to read:

169.345 [PARKING PRIVILEGES FOR PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED.]

Subdivision 1. [SCOPE OF PRIVILEGE.] Any physically handicapped person who displays prominently upon the vehicle parked by or under the direction and for the use of the handicapped person, A vehicle that prominently displays the distinguishing certificate specified in authorized by this section shall be entitled to courtesy in the parking of the vehicle and be relieved of any liability with respect to parking except as provided in sections 169.32 and 169.34; provided that any municipal governing body, or bears license plates issued under section 168.021, may be parked by or for a physically handicapped person:

(1) in a designated handicapped parking space, as provided in section 169.346;

(2) in a limited time parking space without regard to the posted time limit; and

(3) in a metered parking space without obligation to pay the meter fee.

Notwithstanding clauses (1) to (3), this section does not permit parking in areas prohibited by sections 169.32 and 169.34, in designated no parking spaces, or in parking spaces reserved for specified purposes or vehicles. A local governmental unit may, by ordinance, prohibit parking on any street or highway for the purpose of creating to create a fire lane, or to provide for the accommodation of accommodate heavy traffic during morning and afternoon rush hours and the privileges extended to such handicapped persons shall not these ordinances also apply on streets or highways where and at such time parking is prohibited. The certificate specified in this section shall also serve to identify vehicles properly parked in

designated handicapped parking spaces as provided in section 169.346 to physically handicapped persons.

Subd. 2. [DEFINITIONS.] For the purpose of this section "physically handicapped person" means any a person who has sustained an amputation or material disability of either or both arms or legs, or who has been otherwise disabled in any manner rendering it difficult and burdensome to walk:

(1) because of disability cannot walk without significant risk of falling;

(2) because of disability cannot walk 200 feet without stopping to rest;

(3) because of disability cannot walk without the aid of another person, a walker, a cane, crutches, braces, a prosthetic device, or a wheelchair;

(4) is restricted by a respiratory disease to such an extent that the person's forced (respiratory) expiratory volume for one second, when measured by spirometry, is less than one meter;

(5) has an arterial oxygen tension ( $P_{A}O_2$ ) of less than 60 mm/hg on room air at rest;

(6) uses portable oxygen; or

(7) has a cardiac condition to the extent that the person's functional limitations are classified in severity as class III or class IV according to standards set by the American Heart Association.

Subd. 2a. [PHYSICIAN'S STATEMENT.] The commissioner shall develop a form for the physician's statement. The statement must be signed by a licensed physician who certifies that the applicant is a physically handicapped person as defined in subdivision 2. The commissioner may request additional information from the physician if needed to verify the applicant's eligibility. The physician's statement must specify whether the disability is permanent or temporary, and if temporary, the opinion of the physician as to the duration of the disability. A physician who fraudulently certifies to the commissioner that a person is a physically handicapped person as defined in subdivision 2, and that the person is entitled to the license plates authorized by section 168.021 or to the certificate authorized by this section, is guilty of a misdemeanor and is subject to a fine of \$500.

Subd. 3. [IDENTIFYING CERTIFICATE.] (a) The division of driver and vehicle services in the department of public safety shall issue without charge a special identifying certificate for a marked

motor vehicle to any when a physically handicapped applicant upon submission by the applicant of a certificate by a qualified physician to the division that the applicant is a physically handicapped person within the meaning of subdivision 2 submits a physician's statement. The commissioner shall issue a single type of certificate to both permanently and temporarily physically handicapped persons. The certificate is valid for the duration of the person's disability, as specified in the physician's statement, up to a maximum of six years. A person with a disability of longer duration will be required to renew the certificate for additional periods of time, up to six years each, as specified in the physician's statement.

(b) Upon submission of satisfactory evidence When the commissioner is satisfied that a motor vehicle is used primarily for the purpose of transporting physically handicapped persons within the meaning of subdivision 2, the division may issue without charge a special identifying certificate or insignia for the vehicle. The operator of the a vehicle, when displaying the certificate or insignia, has the same parking privileges provided in subdivision 1 for the physically handicapped during the period while the vehicle is in use for transporting physically handicapped persons. The certificate issued to a person transporting physically handicapped persons must be renewed every third year. On application and renewal, the person must present evidence that the vehicle continues to be used for transporting physically handicapped persons.

The commissioner of public safety shall determine the form, size and promulgate rules governing their issuance and use necessary to carry out the provisions of this section. The physician's certificate shall specify whether the disability is permanent or temporary, and if temporary, the opinion of the physician as to the duration of the disability. The commissioner may issue special identifying certificates to temporarily physically handicapped persons for limited periods of time.

(c) A certificate must be made of plastic or similar durable material, must be distinct from certificates issued before December 31, 1987, and must bear its expiration date prominently on its face. The commissioner may charge a fee of \$5 for issuance or renewal of a certificate, and a fee of \$5 for a duplicate to replace a lost, stolen, or damaged certificate.

Subd. 4. [UNAUTHORIZED USE; REVOCATION; PENALTY.] If the police of the state or any city, or other local government shall find a peace officer finds that the certificate is being improperly used, they the officer shall report the violation to the division of driver and vehicle services in the department of public safety any violation and the commissioner of public safety may remove revoke the privilege certificate. A person who uses the certificate in violation of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and is subject to a fine of \$500.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 169.346, is amended to read:

**169.346 [PARKING FOR PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED; PROHIBITIONS; PENALTIES.]**

Subdivision 1. [PARKING CRITERIA.] No A person shall not park a motor vehicle in or obstruct access to a parking space designated and reserved for the physically handicapped, on either private or public property, or shall not park a motor vehicle in or obstruct access to an area designated by a local governmental unit as a handicapped transfer zone, and shall not exercise the parking privilege provided in section 169.345, unless:

(a) (1) that person is a physically handicapped person as defined in section 169.345, subdivision 2, or the person is transporting or parking a vehicle for a physically handicapped person; and

(b) (2) the vehicle visibly displays the certificate or one of the following: a license plate issued to physically handicapped persons or the under section 168.021, a certificate issued to persons transporting physically handicapped persons by the department of public safety pursuant to under section 169.345, subdivision 3, or 168.021, or if the vehicle visibly displays an equivalent certificate, insignia, or license plate issued by another state or one of its political subdivisions.

Subd. 2. [SIGNS; PARKING SPACES TO BE FREE OF OBSTRUCTIONS.] (a) Handicapped parking spaces must be designated and identified by the posting of signs incorporating the international symbol of access in white on blue and indicating that the parking space is reserved for the handicapped persons with vehicles displaying the required certificate, license plates, or insignia. Signs must also indicate the fine for violation provided in subdivision 3. Spaces which have been that are clearly identified for handicapped parking by signs which that are not in compliance with the design standards as set forth in this subdivision shall also be deemed designated and reserved for the physically handicapped for the purposes of this section. A sign posted for the purpose of this section must be visible from inside a vehicle parked in the space, be kept clear of snow or other obstructions which block its visibility, and be nonmovable or only movable by authorized persons.

(b) The owner of the property on which the designated parking space is located shall ensure that the space is kept free of obstruction. If the owner or manager allows the space to be blocked by snow, merchandise, or similar obstructions for 24 hours after receiving a warning from a police officer, the property owner or manager is guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to a fine of \$500.

Subd. 3. [PENALTY.] ~~Any~~ A person who violates the provisions of subdivision 1 is guilty of a petty misdemeanor and shall be fined ~~not less than \$25 nor more than \$100~~ \$50. This subdivision shall be enforced in the same manner as parking ordinances or regulations are enforced in the governmental subdivision in which the violation occurs. Law enforcement officers have the authority to tag vehicles parked on either private or public property in violation of the provisions of subdivision 1. A physically handicapped person, or a person parking a vehicle for a handicapped person, who is charged with violating subdivision 1 because the person parked in a handicapped parking space without the required certificate or insignia license plates shall not be convicted upon producing if the person produces in court or prior to before the court appearance the required certificate or insignia evidence that the person has been issued license plates under section 168.021, and demonstrates entitlement to the certificate or insignia plates at the time of arrest or tagging.

Sec. 9. [TRANSITION.]

From January 1, 1988, to December 31, 1988, the owner of a vehicle with license plates issued under Minnesota Statutes, section 168.021 before January 1, 1988, must reapply for the plates and submit the physician's statement required under Minnesota Statutes, section 169.345, subdivision 2a, to the commissioner when the registration for the plates expires. A certificate issued under Minnesota Statutes, section 169.345 before January 1, 1988, expires on December 31, 1988, unless it is reissued by the commissioner before that date. The commissioner of public safety shall develop and implement an informational campaign to notify the public and holders of certificates and license plates issued before January 1, 1988, of the need to reapply for certificates and license plates and of other changes made by sections 1 to 8 in the certificate and license plate program for physically handicapped persons. The council for the handicapped shall assist the commissioner and officials charged with enforcing municipal parking restrictions in the implementation of sections 1 to 8.

Sec. 10. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.021, subdivision 7, is repealed.

Sec. 11. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1 to 9 are effective December 31, 1987."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to public safety; parking for handicapped persons; imposing a fine for violations of handicapped parking



provisions; providing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.021, subdivisions 1, 1a, 2, 3, 5, and 6; 169.345; and 169.346; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.021, subdivision 7."

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Reding moved to amend S. F. No. 451, as amended, as follows:

Page 7, line 35, strike "Spaces"

Page 7, line 36 and page 8, lines 1 to 3, strike the old language and delete the new language

Page 8, line 4, strike "this section."

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Bishop and Reding moved to amend S. F. No. 451, as amended, as follows:

Page 4, delete lines 3 and 4

Renumber clauses accordingly

Page 4, line 7, delete "(1) to (3)" and insert "(1) and (2)"

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Osthoff was excused for the remainder of today's session.

Bennett moved to amend S. F. No. 451, as amended, as follows:

Page 4, line 6, after "fee" insert "for up to twice the maximum time otherwise allowed by the meter for parking in that space"

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Bennett amendment and the roll was called. There were 41 yeas and 75 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bennett	Burger	Dille	Gruenes	Jennings
Boo	Clausnitzer	Forsythe	Hartle	Johnson, V.
Brown	Dempsey	Frederick	Hugoson	Kelly

Knuth	Olson, E.	Quist	Seaberg	Valento
Krueger	Olson, K.	Redalen	Shaver	Waltman
Lieder	Omann	Richter	Stanius	
Marsh	Ozment	Rose	Swenson	
Miller	Pauly	Schafer	Tjornhom	
Morrison	Poppenhagen	Schreiber	Uphus	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Lasley	Pappas	Simoneau
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Long	Pelowski	Skoglund
Bauerly	Haukoos	McEachern	Peterson	Solberg
Beard	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Price	Sparby
Begich	Jaros	Minne	Quinn	Steensma
Bertram	Jefferson	Munger	Reding	Thiede
Bishop	Jensen	Murphy	Rest	Trimble
Blatz	Johnson, A.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Vanasek
Carruthers	Kahn	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Clark	Kelso	O'Connor	Rukavina	Voss
Cooper	Kinkel	Ogren	Sarna	Wagenius
Dauner	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Scheid	Wenzel
DeBlick	Kostohryz	Orenstein	Schoenfeld	Winter
Dorn	Larsen	Otis	Segal	Spk. Norton

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

Bennett moved to amend S. F. No. 451, as amended, as follows:

Page 4, after line 20, insert:

“For purposes of this subdivision “prominently displays” means displaying on the dashboard in the left-hand corner of the front windshield of the vehicle with no part of the certificate obscured.”

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Bennett moved to amend S. F. No. 451, as amended, as follows:

Page 5, line 30, delete everything after the period

Page 5, delete line 31

Page 5, line 32, delete everything through the period

Page 6, line 28, after the period insert “For a certificate issued for a temporarily disabled person the expiration date shown must be the date of expiration of the duration of the disability, as determined under paragraph (a). The commissioner shall design separate certificates for persons with permanent and temporary disabilities in such a manner that the two certificates can be readily distinguished from each other from outside a vehicle at a distance of 25 feet.”

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Bennett moved to amend S. F. No. 451, as amended, as follows:

Page 6, line 28, after the period insert "Each certificate must have printed on the back a summary of the parking privileges and restrictions which apply to each vehicle in which it is used."

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

S. F. No. 451, as amended, was read for the third time.

#### MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Bennett moved that the action whereby S. F. No. 451, as amended, was given its third reading be now reconsidered. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 451, as amended, was again reported to the House.

Bennett moved to amend S. F. No. 451, as amended, as follows:

Page 7, line 34, delete everything after the period

Page 7, line 35, delete everything before the period

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

S. F. No. 451, A bill for an act relating to public safety; parking for handicapped persons; imposing a fine for violations of handicapped parking provisions; providing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 168.021; subdivisions 1, 1a, 2, 3, 5, and 6; 169.345; and 169.346; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.021, subdivision 7.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 123 yeas and 1 nay as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Bishop	Clark	Dorn	Hartle
Battaglia	Blatz	Clausnitzer	Forsythe	Haukoos
Bauerly	Boo	Cooper	Frederick	Heap
Beard	Brown	Dauner	Frerichs	Himle
Begich	Burger	DeBlieck	Greenfield	Hugoson
Bennett	Carlson, L.	Dempsey	Gruenes	Jacobs
Bertram	Carruthers	Dille	Gutknecht	Jaros

Jefferson	Long	Omann	Rodosovich	Thiede
Jennings	Marsh	Onnen	Rose	Tjornhom
Jensen	McLaughlin	Orenstein	Rukavina	Trimble
Johnson, A.	McPherson	Otis	Schafer	Tunheim
Johnson, R.	Milbert	Ozment	Scheid	Uphus
Johnson, V.	Miller	Pappas	Schoenfeld	Valento
Kahn	Minne	Pauly	Schreiber	Vanasek
Kahis	Morrison	Pelowski	Seaberg	Vellenga
Kelly	Munger	Peterson	Segal	Voss
Kelso	Murphy	Poppenhagen	Shaver	Wagenius
Kinkel	Nelson, C.	Price	Simoneau	Waltman
Kludt	Nelson, K.	Quinn	Skoglund	Welle
Knickerbocker	Neuenschwander	Quist	Solberg	Wenzel
Knuth	O'Connor	Redalen	Sparby	Winter
Krueger	Ogren	Reding	Stanius	Wynia
Larsen	Olsen, S.	Rest	Steensma	Spk. Norton
Lasley	Olson, E.	Rice	Sviggun	
Lieder	Olson, K.	Riveness	Swenson	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Richter

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

There being no objection, the order of business reverted to Messages from the Senate.

### MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

The following message was received from the Senate:

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

S. F. No. 1515.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S. F. NO. 1515

A bill for an act relating to higher education; appropriating money for education and related purposes to the higher education coordinating board, state board of vocational technical education, state board for community colleges, state university board, University of Minnesota, the Mayo medical foundation, and the Minnesota job

skills partnership board, with certain conditions; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 135A.03, subdivision 1; 136A.101, by adding a subdivision; 136A.111, by adding a subdivision; 136A.121, subdivisions 4 and 5; 136A.132, subdivisions 3, 6, and 7; 136A.233, subdivisions 1 and 2; 136A.85; 136A.86, subdivisions 1 and 2; 136A.87; 137.31, subdivision 3; and 645.445, subdivision 5; Laws 1983, chapter 334, section 7; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 136.09, subdivision 3.

May 16, 1987

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S. F. No. 1515, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House recede from its amendment and that S. F. No. 1515 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. [HIGHER EDUCATION; APPROPRIATIONS.]

The sums in the columns marked "APPROPRIATIONS" are appropriated from the general fund, or other named fund, to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this act, to be available for the fiscal year indicated for each purpose. The listing of an amount under the figure "1987," "1988," or "1989" in this act indicates that the amount is appropriated to be available for the year ending June 30, 1987, June 30, 1988, or June 30, 1989, respectively.

In this act, "first year" and "second year" mean the first fiscal year and second fiscal year, respectively, of the 1987-1989 biennium beginning July 1, 1987, and ending 24 months later.

In this act, "biennium" and "1987-1989 biennium" mean the two consecutive fiscal years beginning July 1, 1987, and ending 24 months later.

## SUMMARY BY FUND

1987	1988	1989	TOTAL
General			
\$ 2,910,500	\$810,380,600	\$843,643,500	\$1,656,934,600

## SUMMARY BY AGENCY - ALL FUNDS

1987	1988	1989	TOTAL
Higher Education Coordinating Board			
	\$ 73,094,200	\$ 75,284,300	\$ 148,378,500
State Board of Vocational Technical Education			
\$1,895,000	151,749,400	156,777,800	310,422,200
State Board for Community Colleges			
	65,922,900	69,774,400	135,697,300
State University Board			
500,000	130,897,600	139,554,800	270,952,400
Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota			
\$515,500	387,865,200	401,343,300	789,724,000
Mayo Medical Foundation			
	851,300	908,900	1,760,200

APPROPRIATIONS  
Available for the Year  
Ending June 30

1987	1988	1989
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Sec. 2. HIGHER EDUCATION  
COORDINATING BOARD

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation

\$73,094,200	\$75,284,300
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The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.

	1987	1988	1989
	\$	\$	\$
Subd. 2. Agency Administration			
\$ 3,321,300	\$2,638,300		

This appropriation includes \$150,000 in 1988 for staff to administer the job skills partnership program. The higher education coordinating board may employ staff to administer the job skills partnership program. The job skills partnership program staff positions and their incumbents are transferred to and become employees subject to the direction of the higher education coordinating board.

This appropriation includes \$294,000 in 1988 and \$214,000 in 1989 for the optometry and osteopathy contract program to continue seats for students who were in the program in the 1986-1987 academic year. No new students may be admitted to the program during the biennium.

This appropriation includes \$15,000 in 1988 for scholarships and grants for eligible students of optometry. Eligible students are those who were enrolled in the 1984-1985 academic year in schools of optometry with which Minnesota had an agreement for each academic year in the 1985-1987 biennium for optometry seats. Students are obligated to practice in Minnesota as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 136A.225.

\$118,000 in 1988 and \$180,000 in 1989 are to continue the post-high school planning program. The additional funding in 1989 is to include more students and offer increased services.

	1987	1988	1989
	\$	\$	\$
<p>A task force of equal numbers of representatives of the student advisory committee, financial aid administrators association, each public system, and the higher education coordinating board shall be convened by the HECB. It shall develop guidelines to interpret unusual circumstances for the purpose of being an independent student. The HECB shall distribute the guidelines to financial aid directors and representative student organizations at each campus.</p>			

Subd. 3. State Scholarships and Grants

\$60,500,000	\$62,750,000
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If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available to meet scholarship and grant obligations.

This appropriation contains money for increasing living allowances for state scholarships and grants to \$2,985 for 1988 and \$2,995 for 1989.

Notwithstanding section 136A.121, subdivision 10, the implementation of eligibility for four full years of scholarships and grants is delayed until July 1, 1989.

\$100,000 the first year is for short-term living and transportation expenses of AVTI students.

Subd. 4. Interstate Tuition Reciprocity

\$ 3,700,000	\$4,300,000
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If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available to meet reciprocity contract obligations.

Subd. 5. State Work Study

\$ 4,503,600	\$4,678,600
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	1987	1988	1989
	\$	\$	\$
Of this appropriation	\$325,000		

is to cover increases in minimum wage for the biennium.

Subd. 6. Income Contingent Loans

\$ 110,000      \$ 158,100

This appropriation is for an income contingent loan repayment program to assist graduates of Minnesota schools in medical, dental, pharmacy, chiropractic medicine, public health, and veterinary medicine in repaying their student debt by providing a repayment plan based on their annual income. The HECB shall study the possible inclusion of students in other academic programs including optometry and osteopathy and report its recommendations to the appropriations and finance committees by December 1, 1987. During the biennium, applicant data collected by the HECB for this program may be disclosed to a consumer credit reporting agency under the same conditions as apply to the supplemental loan program according to section 136A.162.

Subd. 7. Minitex Library Program

\$ 759,300      \$ 759,300

Subd. 8. Enterprise Development Partnerships

\$ 200,000

Subd. 9. An unexpended balance in the first year under a subdivision in this section does not cancel but is available for the second year.

Sec. 3. STATE BOARD OF VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL EDUCATION

	1987	1988	1989
	\$	\$	\$
Subdivision 1. Total Ap- propriation	1,895,000	151,749,400	156,777,800

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.

#### Subd. 2. Instructional Expenditures

The legislature estimates that the amount for instructional expenditures will be \$196,837,300 for the first year and \$204,908,600 for the second year.

\$2,730,000 each year is for repair and replacement. Revenue for this purpose must be recorded in a separate account in the board's internal accounting system. Money may be transferred into and out of the account. A transfer, together with the amount and nature of the transfer, must be reported with the system's 1989-1991 biennial budget request. The report must include an analysis of the adequacy of the above appropriation in meeting the system's repairs and replacement needs.

During the biennium, each outstanding and any future assessment by a local unit of government which is less than five percent of the appropriation for repairs and replacements may be paid when due by the board.

\$500,000 in 1988 and \$1,000,000 in 1989 are to provide customized training services to Minnesota employers. Expenses incurred in training under this section must be matched in the form of tuition. The state director shall be responsible for ensuring this requirement is met.

	1987		1988		1989
	\$		\$		\$

The appropriation for fiscal year 1987 is added to the appropriation in Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 11, section 4, subdivision 2, and must be used for retirement and social security employer's costs.

### Subd. 3. Noninstructional Expenditures

The legislature estimates that the amount for noninstructional expenditures will be \$6,227,300 for the first year and \$5,570,300 for the second year.

\$5,371,700 the first year and \$4,704,700 the second year are for debt service payments to school districts for AVTI buildings financed with district bonds issued before January 1, 1979.

\$56,100 the first year and \$49,200 the second year are for veteran farmer cooperative training programs.

\$125,000 each year is for providing services for handicapped students.

### Subd. 4. State Council on Vocational Technical Education

\$38,400 the first year and \$39,400 the second year must be allocated by the state board to the state council on vocational education.

### Sec. 4. STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY COLLEGES

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	65,922,900	69,774,400
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The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.

	1987	1988	1989
	\$	\$	\$
Subd. 2. Instructional Expenditures			

The legislature estimates that the amount for instructional expenditures will be \$83,787,100 for the first year and \$89,619,300 for the second year.

\$220,000 each year is for special needs students.

\$1,085,000 each year is for repair and replacement. Revenue for this purpose must be recorded in a separate account in the board's internal accounting system. Money may be transferred into and out of the account. A transfer, together with the amount and nature of the transfer, must be reported with the system's 1989-1991 biennial budget request. The report must include an analysis of the adequacy of the above appropriation in meeting the system's repairs and replacement needs.

During the biennium, each outstanding and any future assessment by a local unit of government which is less than five percent of the appropriation for repairs and replacements may be paid when due by the board.

#### Subd. 3. Noninstructional Expenditures

The legislature estimates that the amount for noninstructional expenditures will be \$10,962,300 for the first year and \$10,906,300 for the second year.

### Sec. 5. STATE UNIVERSITY BOARD

#### Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation

500,000	130,897,600	139,554,800
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The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.

	1987	1988	1989
	\$	\$	\$
Subd. 2. Instructional Expenditures			

The legislature estimates that the amount for instructional expenditures will be \$182,126,300 for the first year and \$194,951,000 for the second year.

\$2,245,000 each year is for repair and replacement. Revenue for this purpose must be recorded in a separate account in the board's internal accounting system. Money may be transferred into and out of the account. The transfer, together with the amount and nature of the transfer, must be reported with the system's 1989-1991 biennial budget request. The report must include an analysis of the adequacy of the above appropriation in meeting the system's repairs and replacement needs.

During the biennium, each outstanding and any future assessment by a local unit of government which is less than five percent of the appropriation for repairs and replacements may be paid when due by the board.

During the biennium, the state university board shall continue to ensure that classroom teaching assistants for whom English is a second language are proficient in speaking, reading, and writing English.

\$250,000 in 1988 and \$400,000 in 1989 is for the expansion of upper division programs at Metropolitan State University.

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 136.09, subdivision 3, or other law to the contrary, during the biennium neither the state university board nor the state university campuses shall engage in planning or development of doctoral level programs or degrees without prior approval of the house and senate higher education policy and money committees.

	1987		1988		1989
	\$		\$		\$
<p>\$50,000 in 1988 is for the planning of the materials science engineering program at Winona State University. The state university board shall develop short and long range plans that specify the directions and intentions of the system in program development, particularly in the science, technology, and engineering areas. The plans shall provide an overview of the entire system as well as specifically examining the status of current programs and future plans at each campus. In its planning during the biennium, the board shall study at least immediate and long range: (1) needs for and opportunities available to students graduating in these program areas; (2) possibilities of cooperative arrangements with other educational institutions; (3) incorporation of new technology developments into existing programs rather than creating new programs; (4) potential for private sector participation and investment; (5) effects of emphasizing technological programs on other academic areas; and (6) consequences for the state's economy. The board shall report its findings to the appropriations and finance committees of the legislature by January 15, 1988.</p>					

The study must be submitted to the HECB for review and comment before its submission to the legislature. \$500,000 in fiscal year 1989 is for implementation of the program, contingent upon formal recommendation by the education divisions of the house appropriations committee and the senate finance committee.

1987	1988	1989
\$	\$	\$

During the biennium, revenue generated from royalties, patents, licenses, or interests kept by the state university board from the science and technology project at Southwest State University is appropriated to the state university board and must be allocated by the board to Southwest State University for the continued operation of the science and technology resource center.

### Subd. 3. Noninstructional Expenditures

The legislature estimates that the amount for noninstructional expenditures will be \$9,211,700 for the first year and \$9,276,300 for the second year.

This appropriation includes interest costs for outstanding bonds and in no way constitutes a commitment or obligation by the state of Minnesota to make any payments on the principal or the interest on the bonds or any associated fees or costs, nor does the appropriation constitute an admission or position by the state of Minnesota on the merits of any litigation arising out of an alleged default on the bonds or an alleged breach of any contract or loan agreement.

During the biennium, prior to resolving any litigation arising out of an alleged default on the bonds or an alleged breach of any contract or loan agreement, the attorney general is requested to determine whether any third parties may be liable for part or all of any alleged damages and to pursue appropriate litigation against or settlement with the third parties.

	1987	1988	1989
	\$	\$	\$

During the biennium, the city of Mankato may assess the state university board for costs of reconstruction and improvement of Val Imm Drive. The assessment must not be made until completion of the work and must not exceed \$500,000 or 40 percent of the project, whichever is less.

During the biennium, notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the state university board may retain money received from successful litigation by or against the board. Awards made to the state or the board resulting from litigation against or by the board shall be retained by the board to the credit of the account from which the litigation was originally funded.

The appropriation for fiscal year 1987 is for the bridge assessment specified in Laws 1983, chapter 344, section 8, subdivision 5(b).

#### Subd. 4. Construction

During the biennium, the state university board may accept money from nonstate sources to construct a building on the Mankato, St. Cloud, and Moorhead state university campuses. No state appropriated funds shall be expended for this purpose. The board shall supervise and control the preparation of plans and specifications for the construction of each building. The board shall advertise for bids and award contracts, supervise and inspect the work, approve necessary changes in the plans and specifications, approve estimates for payment, and accept the improvements when completed according to the plans and specifications.

#### Sec. 6. BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA

Subdivision	1.	Total	Appropriation
		515,500	387,865,200 401,343,300



	1987	1988	1989
	\$	\$	\$

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. Operations and Maintenance	313,688,200	324,702,900
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On December 1, 1988, and December 1, 1989, the president of the University of Minnesota shall furnish the senate finance and house appropriations committees and the commissioner of finance the following information: the total amount of receipts during fiscal year 1988 from all sources in excess of \$124,040,700 and during the fiscal year 1989 from all sources in excess of \$128,638,300; the sources of these receipts; and the purposes for which any excess receipts were spent and the accounts to which the receipts transferred.

#### (a) Instructional Expenditures

The legislature estimates that the amount for instructional expenditures in subdivision 2 and subdivision 3, paragraph (a) will be \$344,009,900 for the first year and \$360,972,100 for the second year.

\$6,732,000 each year is for repair and replacement. Revenue for this purpose must be recorded in a separate account in the board's internal accounting system. Money may be transferred into and out of the account. A transfer, together with the amount and nature of the transfer, must be reported with the system's 1989-1991 biennial budget request. The report must include an analysis of the adequacy of the above appropriation in meeting the system's repairs and replacement needs. Of this amount, \$200,000 in the first year is for the Falcon Heights assessment for the

	1987	1988	1989
	\$	\$	\$
Roselawn Avenue project; \$82,000 in the first year is for city assessments for utilities and services for the Waseca campus; and \$3,000 in the first year is for city assessments for utilities and services for the Morris campus.			

During the biennium, each outstanding and any future assessment by a local unit of government which is less than five percent of the appropriation for repairs and replacements may be paid when due by the board.

The president of the University of Minnesota is requested to review, during the biennium, the University of Minnesota's institutional support costs and redirect any savings into academic programs.

During the biennium, the university is requested to continue to ensure that classroom teaching assistants for whom English is a second language are proficient in speaking, reading, and writing English.

The university is requested to develop a new plan by which the funding necessary to implement comparable worth in a timely manner is provided through internal reallocation. The university shall report on its actions by January 15, 1988, to the appropriations and finance committees.

#### (b) Noninstructional Expenditures

The legislature estimates that the amount for noninstructional expenditures will be \$95,461,000 for the first year and \$94,747,600 for the second year.

	1987	1988	1989
	\$	\$	\$
\$2,900,000 in fiscal year 1988, and 3,100,000 in fiscal year 1989, are for the graduate fellowship program. By January 15, 1989, the University of Minnesota shall report on the distribution of graduate fellowships and their use in furthering the University of Minnesota's efforts to focus its mission and improve its programs, particularly in the liberal arts.			

Subd. 3. Special Appropriations

\$515,500	74,177,000	76,640,400
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The university shall submit a report to the 1988 Legislature on all of its special appropriations. The report must include which special appropriations could be continued as is, consolidated, transferred to the operations and maintenance account, reduced, or eliminated; all sources of funding for each special appropriation; a detailed itemization of projects included in each special appropriation; the outcome of the activity; the reasons for each special appropriation; specific plans for each special appropriation; and any other pertinent information.

(a) Rank Funding Adjustment

\$1,742,000	\$2,378,500
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The legislature estimates that \$2,600,000 in fiscal year 1988 and \$3,550,000 in fiscal year 1989 is for the university's commitment to focus its efforts on academic excellence. This estimate is counted as instructional cost. This appropriation must not be allocated to the Board of Regents by the commissioner of finance until the Board of Regents adopts the plan and directs the president of the University of Minnesota to proceed with the plan.

	1987	1988	1989
	\$	\$	\$
Of this amount, up to \$400,000 is to ensure adequate counseling of students applying for admission.			

It is the intention of the legislature that the university's commitment to focus plan and enrollment targets provide the basis for funding in subsequent biennia.

The university shall report on its uses of these funds by January 15 of each year of the biennium. Beginning in the 1989-1991 biennium, the request for rank adjustment must be incorporated into the operations and maintenance budget request.

The regular session enrollment projected for this appropriation is 37,312 full-year equivalent undergraduate students for fiscal year 1988, and 36,236 for fiscal year 1989. For developing the 1989-1991 biennial budget request, the regular session undergraduate enrollment used for the average cost funding formula must not exceed these numbers. For the biennium ending June 30, 1989, tuition income resulting from students in excess of the projections reduces the general fund appropriation by a like dollar amount. The legislature further anticipates that the regular session full-year equivalent undergraduate students must not exceed 33,750 for fiscal year 1991, and 31,600 by fiscal year 1993. The university shall submit progress reports on the attainment of the anticipated enrollments.

(b) Minnesota Extension Service

\$515,500	\$14,359,200	\$14,637,100
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The appropriation in fiscal year 1987 is added to the appropriation in Laws 1986, chapter 398, article 29, section 1, subdivision 8, and must be used for farmer-lender mediation services.

	1987	1988	1989
	\$	\$	\$
Any salary increases granted by the university to personnel paid from this appropriation must not result in a reduction of the county portion of the salary payments.			

## (c) Agricultural Research

\$24,248,300	\$24,863,400
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During the biennium, the university shall maintain an advisory council system for each experiment station. The advisory councils must be broadly representative of range of size and income distribution of farms and agribusinesses and must not disproportionately represent those from the upper half of the size and income distributions.

## (d) Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory

\$1,322,400	\$1,355,900
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## (e) Coleman Leukemia Research Center

\$ 242,300	\$ 248,500
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## (f) Indigent Patients (County Papers)

\$ 400,000	\$ 300,000
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## (g) Rural Physicians Associates Program

\$ 568,800	\$ 583,200
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## (h) Medical Research

\$2,344,700	\$2,404,200
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## (i) Special Hospitals, Service and Educational Offset

\$9,678,900	\$9,924,400
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During the biennium, fees for service furnished to counties and individuals under this program must be sought to increase the money appropriated. The fees are appropriated to the university hospitals, to be available until June 30, 1989.

	1987	1988	1989
	\$	\$	\$
(j) Fellowships for Minority and Disadvantaged Students			
	\$ 54,900	\$ 56,300	

## (k) General Research

	\$2,125,900	\$2,179,800
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This appropriation is, as the board of regents may direct, for general research, and business and economic research including business and economic research at Duluth, center for urban and regional affairs, museum of natural history, and juvenile justice seminar.

## (l) Intercollegiate Athletics

	\$2,993,700	\$3,069,700
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This appropriation includes money to improve the programs and resources available to women and to ensure that campuses are in compliance with Title IX of the Educational Amendment Act of 1972 and Minnesota Statutes, section 126.21.

Of this appropriation, no less than the following amounts must be allocated to each campus:

Duluth	517,113	530,230
Morris	62,013	63,586
Crookston	42,128	43,196
Waseca	41,923	42,986

## (m) Student Loans Matching Money

	\$51,900	\$54,500
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## (n) Talented Youth Mathematics Program

	\$256,500	\$262,900
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Of this appropriation, \$45,000 is to match grant funds for teacher education.

	1987	1988	1989
	\$	\$	\$
This appropriation includes money to continue the outreach sites program to ensure an opportunity for the participation of youth outside the metropolitan area.			
(o) Geological Survey	\$951,900	\$976,100	
(p) Mineral Resources Research Center	\$762,500	\$781,800	
(q) Natural Resources Research Institute	\$2,400,000	\$2,500,000	
\$100,000 each year is included in this appropriation for a cooperative state working group to study Minnesota's aspen resource.			
(r) Sea Grant College Program	\$314,700	\$322,700	
(s) Underground Space Center	\$222,000	\$227,600	
(t) Institute for Advanced Studies in Biological Process Technology	\$770,500	\$936,300	
(u) Industrial Relations Education	\$724,600	\$742,300	
(v) Institute for Human Genetics	\$497,100	\$509,700	
(w) Microelectronics and Information Science Center	\$661,200	\$678,000	
(x) Productivity Center	\$333,000	\$341,500	

	1987	1988	1989
	\$	\$	\$
(y) Supercomputer Institute			
	\$6,150,000	\$6,306,000	

This appropriation includes money for the leasing of two supercomputer architectures.

Sec. 7. MAYO MEDICAL FOUNDATION

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	851,300	908,900
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The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. Medical School

	\$674,900	\$728,000
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The state of Minnesota shall pay a capitation of \$8,653 in fiscal year 1988 and \$8,878 in fiscal year 1989 for each student who is a resident of Minnesota.

This appropriation provides capitation for 20 Minnesota residents in each of the four classes at Mayo Medical School. The appropriation may be transferred between years of the biennium to accommodate enrollment fluctuations.

The legislature intends that during the biennium the Mayo foundation use the capitation money to increase the number of doctors practicing in rural areas in need of doctors as identified by the higher education coordinating board.

Subd. 3. Family Practice and Graduate Residency Program

	\$176,400	\$180,900
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The state of Minnesota shall pay a capitation of \$14,700 in fiscal year 1988 and \$15,075 in fiscal year 1989 for a maximum of 12 students each year.



1987	1988	1989
\$	\$	\$

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 135A.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DETERMINATION OF APPROPRIATION.] The direct appropriation to each board for instructional services shall equal 67 percent of the estimated total cost of instruction for the University of Minnesota, the state university system, and the community college system, and, for area vocational technical institutes, ~~75~~ at least 67 percent of the estimated total cost of instruction.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 135A.04, is amended to read:

#### 135A.04 [VARIABLE TUITION.]

The board of regents of the University of Minnesota, state university board, state board for community colleges, and state board for vocational education shall establish tuition. Tuition may vary by program, level of instruction, cost of instruction, or other classifications determined by each board. In all systems that have a credit hour basis, tuition rates must be established on that basis and must not apply across a variable number of credits. Tuition may be set at any percentage of instructional cost established by the respective boards.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 135A.06, is amended to read:

#### 135A.06 [SYSTEM PLANS AND MISSIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [SUBMISSION OF PLANS PLANNING REPORTS.] It is the ~~intent~~ intention of the legislature that the planning efforts of the public post-secondary education systems be summarized and reported to the legislature. It is the further ~~intent~~ intention that the system missions be differentiated from one another to best serve the needs of the citizens of Minnesota. ~~In order~~ To accomplish these goals, the University of Minnesota board of regents, the state university board, the state board for community colleges, and the state board of vocational technical education shall each submit to the governor and the legislature on December 1 of each even-numbered year a planning report for its system. The ~~planning~~ report shall contain the mission of the system and short- and long-range plans for programs, staff, and facilities. ~~The report~~ It shall specify the mission and plans for two, five, and ten years. The assumptions used in developing the plans shall be included. The report shall also include plans for and progress toward achieving mission differentiation while maintaining the state's overall post-secondary objectives.

Subd. 2. [MISSION MISSIONS; INTERSYSTEM PLAN.] Each system shall review its mission as it relates to instruction, research, and public service. The systems, in cooperation with the higher education coordinating board, shall jointly review their missions and, develop strategies to achieve clearer mission differentiation, and create an overall intersystem plan that ensures achieving the state's overall post-secondary objectives. The higher education coordinating board shall establish an agenda, determine schedules for accomplishing that agenda, and develop criteria for the intersystem plan.

Subd. 3. [SYSTEM PLANS.] Each system shall develop a program plan for instruction, research, and public service. Each system shall consult with the higher education coordinating board and with the other systems throughout the planning process. The higher education coordinating board shall coordinate intersystem efforts in the development of the program plans to achieve intersystem cooperation and differentiation.

Each planning report shall consider at least the following elements:

(a) (1) a statement of program priorities for undergraduate, graduate, and professional education. Program plans shall also include, including data about program cost and average class size within each institution;

(b) (2) a review of plans for adjusting the number of facilities, staff, and programs to projected level of demand. Plans for adjustments shall consider, including consideration of campus and program mergers, campus and program closings, new governance structures, the relationship between fixed costs and projected enrollment changes, and other methods including consolidation of institutions, services, and programs that serve the same geographic area under different governing boards;

(c) (3) enrollment projections for two, five, and ten years. If a system uses projections which are different from the most based on recent available projections produced by the higher education coordinating board or, the system shall compare its projections with enrollment projections if different projections are used, they shall be compared to those prepared by the higher education coordinating board, and the system shall identify the method and assumptions used to prepare its projections;

(d) (4) estimated financial costs and savings of alternative plans for adjusting facilities, staff, and programs to declining enrollments and fiscal resources;

(e) (5) opportunities for providing services cooperatively with other public and private institutions in the same geographic area; and

(f) (6) differentiating and coordinating missions to reduce or eliminate duplication of services and offerings, to improve delivery of services, and to establish clear and distinct roles and priorities.

Subd. 4. [CAPITAL REQUESTS.] A capital budget request submitted by a system must specifically relate a proposed capital project to the plans required under this section.

Subd. 5. [HECB REVIEW AND COMMENT.] The higher education coordinating board shall review and comment on the reports prepared by the systems. In order to provide sufficient time for this review, The board shall submit the review and comment and the intersystem plan to the governor and legislature by December 1.

Systems shall submit the reports to the coordinating board on September 1 prior to the December 1 submission to the governor and legislature. Before the higher education coordinating board forwards submits its review and comment to the legislature, each system shall be given the opportunity by the higher education coordinating board to respond to the higher education coordinating board review. In order to provide sufficient time for the systems to respond, The HECB board shall provide copies of its review and comment to the systems by October 15 and the systems shall submit any responses to the higher education coordinating board by November 15, prior to the December 1 submission to the governor and the legislature. The system responses shall accompany the higher education coordinating board review and comment when it is submitted to the governor and the legislature.

As part of its review and comment, the higher education coordinating board shall present information on the costs, enrollment, and participation in public post-secondary institutions and on the progress the systems and the board are making toward an integrated intersystem planning effort.

Sec. 11. [136.27] [CAPITAL PROJECTS BIDDING PROCEDURES.]

In awarding contracts for capital projects under section 16B.09, the board must consider the documentation provided by the bidders regarding their qualifications including evidence of having successfully completed similar work, or delivering services or products comparable to that being requested. The board shall formulate procedures to administer this section which include practices that will assist in the economic development of small businesses and small businesses owned and operated by socially or economically disadvantaged persons.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 136A.02, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. ~~There is hereby created~~ A higher education advisory council, ~~the membership of which shall include is established.~~ The council is composed of the president of the University of Minnesota, the chancellor of the state university board universities, the chancellor of the state board for community colleges, the state director of vocational technical education, the commissioner of education, the executive director president of the Minnesota private college council, and a representative from the Minnesota association of private post-secondary schools. The advisory council shall (1) bring to the attention of the board any matters ~~which that the council deems as needing attention of the board necessary,~~ (2) make appropriate recommendations to the board ~~as the council deems appropriate,~~ (3) review and comment upon proposals and other matters before the board, and (4) provide ~~any reasonable~~ other assistance to the board ~~in its effort to fulfill responsibilities of the board.~~ The board shall periodically inform the council of ~~all~~ matters under consideration by the board ~~and.~~ The board shall refer all proposals to the council prior to transmitting such proposals as before submitting recommendations to the governor and the legislature. The board shall provide time for a report from the advisory council at each meeting of the board.

The higher education advisory council shall report to the board at ~~least quarterly and at such other times as the council may deem desirable.~~ The council shall determine its meeting times, but ~~the council~~ it shall also meet within 30 days ~~following~~ after a request for a ~~council meeting~~ by the executive director of the board.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 136A.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. The higher education coordinating board shall:

(a) Continuously study and analyze all phases and aspects of higher education, both public and private, and develop necessary plans and programs to meet present and future needs of the people of the state ~~in respect thereto;~~

(b) Continuously engage in long range planning ~~of~~ for the needs of higher education and, if necessary, cooperatively engage in ~~such~~ planning with neighboring states and agencies of the federal government;

(c) Act as successor to any committee or commission ~~heretofore~~ previously authorized to engage in exercising any of the powers and duties prescribed by sections 136A.01 to 136A.07;

(d) Review, approve or disapprove, make recommendations, and identify priorities with respect to all plans and proposals for new or additional programs of instruction or substantial changes in existing programs to be established in or offered by, the University of Minnesota, the state universities, the community colleges, and public area vocational technical institutes, and private collegiate and noncollegiate post-secondary institutions offering post-secondary education, and The board shall also periodically review existing programs offered in or by the above institutions and recommend discontinuing or modifying any existing program, the continuation of which is judged by the board as being. When reviewing new or existing programs, the board shall consider whether the program is unnecessary or, a needless duplication of existing programs, beyond the capability of the system or institution considering its resources, or beyond the scope of the system or institutional mission;

(e) Develop in cooperation with the post-secondary systems, committee on appropriations of the house of representatives appropriations committee, committee on senate finance of the senate committee, and the departments of administration and finance, a compatible budgetary reporting format designed to provide data of a nature to facilitate systematic review of the budget submissions of the University of Minnesota, the state university system, the state community college system and the public area vocational technical schools; and, which includes the relating of dollars to program output;

(f) Review budget requests, including plans for construction or acquisition of facilities, of the University of Minnesota, the state universities, the state community colleges, and public area vocational technical schools for the purpose of relating present resources and higher educational programs to the state's present and long range needs; and conduct a continuous analysis of the financing of post-secondary institutions and systems, including the assessments as to the extent to which the expenditures and accomplishments are consistent with legislative intent;

(g) Obtain from private post-secondary institutions receiving state funds a report on their use of those funds;

(h) Continuously monitor and study the transferability between Minnesota post-secondary and higher education institutions of credits earned for equal and relevant work at those institutions, the degree to which credits earned at one institution are accepted at full value by the other institutions, and the policies of these institutions concerning the placement of these transferred credits on transcripts.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 136A.05, is amended to read:

136A.05 [COOPERATION OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION.]

All public institutions of higher education, ~~public and private~~, and all state departments and agencies ~~are requested to~~ shall cooperate with and supply ~~written~~ information requested by the higher education coordinating board in order to enable it to carry out and perform its duties. Private post-secondary institutions are requested to cooperate and provide information.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 136A.101, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 9. [INDEPENDENT STUDENT.] "Independent student" has the meaning given it in the Higher Education Act of 1965, United States Code, title 20, section 1070a-6, and applicable regulations.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 136A.111, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. The board shall inform students, in writing, as part of the application process for financial aid, about the definition of and appeals to the financial aid administrator relating to the independent student status declaration.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 136A.121, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [SCHOLARSHIP STIPENDS.] An eligible scholarship applicant shall be considered for a financial stipend if the applicant demonstrates financial need. The amount of a financial stipend must not exceed a scholarship applicant's cost of attendance, as defined in subdivision 6, after deducting the following:

(a) a contribution by the scholarship applicant of at least 50 percent of the cost of attending the institution of the applicant's choosing;

(b) for an applicant who is not an independent student, a contribution by the scholarship applicant's parents, as determined by a standardized need analysis; and

(c) the amount of a federal Pell grant award for which the scholarship applicant is eligible.

The minimum financial stipend is \$100.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 136A.121, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [GRANTS-IN-AID STIPENDS.] A financial stipend based on financial need must accompany grants-in-aid. The amount of a financial stipend must not exceed a grant applicant's cost of attendance, as defined in subdivision 6, after deducting the following:

(a) a contribution by the grant applicant of at least 50 percent of the cost of attending the institution of the applicant's choosing;

(b) for an applicant who is not an independent student, a contribution by the grant applicant's parents, as determined by a standardized need analysis; and

(c) the amount of a federal Pell grant award for which the grant applicant is eligible.

The minimum financial stipend is \$100.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 136A.132, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. An applicant is eligible to be considered for a part-time student grant if the applicant:

(a) is a resident of the state of Minnesota;

(b) is an undergraduate student who has not earned a baccalaureate degree, except that a post-baccalaureate student enrolled in an undergraduate or graduate program who had been enrolled in the same program and had received a part-time grant during the 1984-1985 school year shall be eligible to be considered for a part-time student grant in the 1985-1986 school year;

(c) is pursuing a program or course of study that applies to a degree, diploma, or certificate; and

(d) is attending an eligible institution (1) in the 1985-1986 academic year less than full time as defined by the board, or (2) after July 1, 1986, either less than half time as defined by the board, or as a new or returning student enrolled at least half time but less than full time as defined by the board.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 136A.132, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Part-time student grants-in-aid shall be awarded for a single term as defined by the institution in accordance with guidelines and policies of the higher education coordinating board. Awards shall not be renewable but the recipient of an award may apply for additional awards for subsequent terms as follows:

(a) In the 1985-1986 academic year a recipient of an award who is enrolled less than full time as defined by the board may apply for additional awards.

(b) After July 1, 1986, a recipient of an award who is enrolled less than half time as defined by the board may apply for additional awards.

A new or returning student enrolled at least half time but less than full time, as defined by the board, and pursuing a program or course of study that applies to a degree, diploma, or certificate shall be eligible for an award for only one term.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 136A.132, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. Funds appropriated for part-time student grants-in-aid shall be allocated among eligible institutions by the higher education coordinating board according to a formula which takes into account the number of resident part-time students enrolled in each institution and other relevant factors determined by the board. However, an institution must not receive less than it would have received under the allocation formula used before fiscal year 1988.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 136A.233, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 136A.09 to 136A.131, the higher education coordinating board may offer work-study grants to eligible post-secondary institutions according to the resident full time equivalent enrollment of all eligible post-secondary institutions that apply to participate in the program. The board shall seek to equalize work-study job opportunities by also taking into account student employment needs at eligible institutions. Each institution wishing to receive a work-study grant shall submit to the board in accordance with policies and procedures established by the board an estimate of the amount of funds needed by the institution and the amount allocated to any institution shall not exceed the estimate of need submitted by the institution. Any funds which would be allocated to an institution according to full-time equivalent enrollment but which exceed the estimate of need by the institution or the actual need of the institution may be reallocated by the board to other institutions for which the estimate of need exceeds the amount of allocation according to enrollment. The institution must not receive less than it would have received under the allocation formula used before fiscal year 1988. No more than one-half of any increase in appropriations, attributable to this section, above the level before fiscal year 1988 may be allocated on the basis of identified student employment needs at eligible institu-



tions.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 136A.233, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. For purposes of sections 136A.231 to 136A.235, the following words have the meanings ascribed to them:

(a) "Eligible student" means a Minnesota resident enrolled or intending to enroll full time in a Minnesota post-secondary institution. A Minnesota resident includes a student who graduated from a Minnesota high school and has not since established residence in another state.

(b) "Financial need" means the need for financial assistance in order to attend a post-secondary institution as determined by a post-secondary institution according to guidelines established by the higher education coordinating board.

(c) "Eligible employer" means any eligible post-secondary institution and any nonprofit, nonsectarian agency or state institution located in the state of Minnesota, including state hospitals, and also includes a handicapped person or a person over 65 who employs a student to provide personal services in or about the residence of the handicapped person or the person over 65.

(d) "Eligible post-secondary institution" means any post-secondary institution eligible for participation in the Minnesota state scholarship and grant program as specified in section 136A.101, subdivision 4.

(e) "Independent student" has the meaning given it in the Higher Education Act of 1965, United States Code, title 20, section 1070a-6, and applicable regulations.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 136A.85, is amended to read:

**136A.85 [CAREER GUIDANCE POST-HIGH SCHOOL PLANNING PROGRAM; ESTABLISHMENT.]**

The Minnesota higher education coordinating board shall establish a voluntary post-high school planning program for all eleventh grade students in the state who desire to participate; secondary students in grades 8 through 12, and adults. The program must be a statewide education and career guidance, testing, information and planning program designed to:

(a) Assist students to make career plans and decisions regarding post-secondary education, training and goals (1) enable students and

adults to consider the full range of available post-secondary opportunities;

(2) encourage early and systematic planning for education and careers by students and adults;

(3) encourage students and adults to acquire the academic skills to prepare them for a wide range of post-secondary programs;

(4) increase completion of post-secondary education by helping students and adults enroll in appropriate institutions and programs;

(5) consolidate and make more efficient the testing procedures used to advise, admit, and place students and adults in post-secondary programs;

~~(b)~~ (6) assist high school, college and vocational institute counselors in their work with students and adults;

~~(e)~~ (7) assist Minnesota colleges and vocational institutes to identify students and adults for whose talents, interests and needs they have appropriate programs;

~~(d)~~ (8) assist colleges and scholarship agencies to select from applicants those who show the most promise of benefiting from particular programs;

~~(e)~~ (9) provide educators, state planners and policy makers in the state a continuous inventory of the talents, plans, needs and other characteristics of students and adults in individual educational institutions, in educational systems, and in the state as a whole; and

~~(f)~~ (10) assist educators, state planners and policy makers to develop improved educational measures and counseling tools.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 136A.86, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. The board shall establish an advisory task force to define the objectives of the program and make recommendations to the board on program goals, policies and, selection of tests, and coordination of tests administered by the program and post-secondary institutes. The task force shall study and make recommendations about a variety of methods that could be used throughout the community to provide assistance to adults considering post-secondary education. Membership on the advisory task force shall include, but not be limited to, representatives of: the state university system, the university of Minnesota, the state community college system, the area vocational technical institute system, the Minnesota private college council, the Minnesota association of

private post-secondary schools, the Minnesota school boards association, the Minnesota association of secondary school principals, the Minnesota school counselors association, Minnesota area vocational technical institutes, the Minnesota department of education, the Minnesota association of private vocational schools, and a minimum of one secondary and one post-secondary education student, and other representatives who have knowledge of and interest in post-secondary education for adults. The expiration of this advisory task force and the terms, compensation and removal of its members shall be as provided in section 15.059, subdivision 6.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 136A.86, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. The board shall periodically at least biennially review and evaluate the statewide career guidance, testing, information and planning program and report to the governor and legislature the program status and the board's recommendations for legislation to improve the program.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 136A.87, is amended to read:

#### 136A.87 [ASPECTS OF THE PROGRAM.]

Subdivision 1. [ASSESSMENT INSTRUMENTS AND QUESTIONNAIRES.] The program shall:

(a) Administer to eleventh grade Minnesota high school students, who desire to participate in the program, educational measurement instruments and questionnaires as determined by the board to be appropriate to serve the purposes of sections 136A.85 to 136A.88;

(b) provide for administration of education and career assessment instruments and questionnaires to residents in grades 8 through 12, and to adults. The board shall determine the instruments and questionnaires that are appropriate to serve the purposes of sections 136A.85 to 136A.88.

Subd. 2. [HIGH SCHOOL ASSESSMENTS.] The program shall provide for administration of educational measurement instruments and questionnaires to high school students before their senior year. At least the following may be included:

(1) an aptitude assessment for students anticipating entry to collegiate programs;

(2) an inventory of interests, career directions, background information, and education plans; and

(3) a preliminary mathematics placement test to aid in future course selections, and, as determined appropriate by the board, preliminary placement tests in other subjects.

Subd. 3. [PROVIDING INFORMATION.] The board shall make available to all residents from 8th grade through adulthood information about planning and preparing for post-secondary opportunities. Information must be provided to all 8th grade students and their parents by January 1 of each year about the need to plan for their post-secondary education. The board may also provide information to high school students and their parents, to adults, and to out-of-school youth. The information provided may include the following:

- (1) the need to start planning early;
- (2) the availability of assistance in educational planning from educational institutions and other organizations;
- (3) suggestions for studying effectively during high school;
- (4) high school courses necessary to be adequately prepared for post-secondary education;
- (5) encouragement to involve parents actively in planning for all phases of education;
- (6) information about post-high school education and training opportunities existing in the state, their respective missions and expectations for students, their preparation requirements, admission requirements, and student placement;
- (7) ways to evaluate and select post-secondary institutions;
- (8) the process of transferring credits among Minnesota post-secondary institutions and systems;
- (9) the costs of post-secondary education and the availability of financial assistance in meeting these costs;
- (10) the interrelationship of assistance from student financial aid, public assistance, and job training programs; and
- (11) financial planning for education beyond high school.

Subd. 4. [DATA BASE.] A data base of information from the program's assessments and services shall be maintained to:

- (1) provide individual reports of results to the students, to the high schools in which students are enrolled, and, if authorized by the

students, to post-secondary educational institutions; and

(e) (2) provide annual statewide summary reports of results on a statewide basis to all Minnesota high schools and, post-secondary educational institutions and to, the department of education, the chairs of the education, higher education, appropriations and finance committees of the legislature, and the governor.

Subd. 5. [COORDINATION.] The board shall coordinate efforts and develop additional methods of providing information, guidance, and testing services to out-of-school youth and adults.

**Sec. 28. [136C.043] [COLLECTING FEES FOR SEMINARS AND MATERIALS.]**

The state board may charge fees for seminars, conferences, workshops, and instructional materials. The money is annually appropriated to the state board.

**Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 137.025, subdivision 1, is amended to read:**

**Subdivision 1. The commissioner of finance shall pay no money to the University of Minnesota pursuant to a direct appropriation, other than an appropriation for the university of Minnesota hospitals or for buildings, until the university first certifies to the commissioner of finance that its aggregate balances in the temporary investment pool, cash, or separate investments, resulting from all state maintenance and special appropriations do not exceed \$7,000,000, or any other amount specified in the act making the appropriation, plus one-third of all tuition and fee payments from the previous fiscal year. Upon this certification, 1/12 of the annual appropriation to the university shall be paid at the beginning of each month. Additional payments shall be made by the commissioner of finance whenever the state appropriations and tuition aggregate balances in the temporary investment pool, cash, or separate investments are reduced below the indicated levels.**

**Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 137.31, subdivision 3, is amended to read:**

**Subd. 3. [SET ASIDE FOR DISADVANTAGED.] At least 15 percent of the value of the procurement contracts designated for the set-aside program shall be awarded, if possible, to small businesses owned and operated by socially or economically disadvantaged persons, as defined by state law section 645.445. If small businesses owned and operated by socially or economically disadvantaged persons are unable to perform at least 15 percent of the value of the set-aside contracts, the university may award the balance of the designated set-aside procurement contracts to other small businesses.**

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 645.445, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. "Socially or economically disadvantaged person" means a person who has been deprived of the opportunity to develop and maintain a competitive position in the economy because of social or economic conditions. This disadvantage may arise from cultural, social or economic circumstances, or background, physical location if the person resides or is employed in an area designated a labor surplus area by the United States Department of Labor, or other similar cause. It includes racial minorities, women, or persons who have suffered a substantial physical disability. For purposes of sections 16B.19 to 16B.22 and 137.31, the definition of "socially or economically disadvantaged person" includes sheltered workshops and work activity programs.

Sec. 32. [UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA ADMISSIONS COUNSELING.]

To protect access while encouraging a reduction in enrollment during the biennium, the University of Minnesota shall develop counseling mechanisms to advise applicants regarding their post-secondary plans. The mechanisms must provide at least counseling for students whose high school rank and standardized test scores do not meet the minimum university admission standards or whose high school course preparation appears insufficient for academic success at the university. The counseling must occur before admission and must include a presentation of post-secondary options available to the student and an assessment of the student's opportunities for academic success within each option. The counseling is not intended to preclude applicants from being admitted to the university, but instead to improve their understanding of their enrollment options and potential for success in higher education. For applicants enrolled in high schools that have counselors, the high school counselor may provide the required advising. For applicants not enrolled in high schools or in schools without counseling staff, the advising must be provided by the university. The mechanisms may include, but are not limited to: workshops with high school counselors, campus based counseling, toll free hotlines, and reassigning or adding necessary university counseling staff. The public post-secondary systems should cooperate in these efforts to provide more thorough counseling for prospective students.

Sec. 33. [TASK FORCE ON QUALITY ASSESSMENT.]

Subdivision 1. [PURPOSE AND DUTIES.] A task force on post-secondary quality assessment is established for the biennium. The task force shall determine the goals of quality assessment, study and select strategies and mechanisms for the state to use in achieving those goals, and consider ways to use assessment in improving post-secondary education.

Subd. 2. [MEMBERSHIP.] The members of the task force must be determined by the executive director of the HECB and the members of the higher education advisory council. One system representative and one faculty representative must be chosen for each post-secondary system from a list of nominees prepared by that system's council member. One department representative and one secondary teacher must be chosen from a list of nominees submitted by the commissioner of education. The executive director shall submit a list of nominees from the HECB staff or board members from which one task force member must be selected. The student advisory council to the HECB shall submit nominations to the executive director and the council from which two student representatives shall be selected. The executive director and the council must consider geographical balance in their selection of members. The executive director shall appoint a representative of the HECB to convene the meetings.

Subd. 3. [STAFF.] The HECB shall provide staff assistance and support services necessary for the task force to undertake and complete its work.

Subd. 4. [PILOT PROJECTS.] During the 1988 calendar year, the task force shall establish a pilot assessment project within each of the public post-secondary systems. The pilot projects must be used to help determine appropriate assessment mechanisms and to evaluate the uses and effectiveness of quality assessment.

Subd. 5. [REPORTS.] The task force shall submit a preliminary report to the higher education policy and funding divisions and committees of the legislature by February 1, 1988, concerning progress and plans of the task force. It shall submit a full report of its activities, findings, and recommendations by February 1, 1989, to these divisions and committees. Before submitting each report to the legislature, the task force shall submit the report to the higher education coordinating board for review and comment.

Subd. 6. [FUNDING.] The HECB and the task force may seek funding from nonstate sources to provide for the costs necessary to accomplish subdivisions 1 to 5.

#### Sec. 34. [TASK FORCE ON COMMON COURSE NUMBERING.]

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHED.] A task force on common course numbering in post-secondary education is established. The purpose of the task force is to study and report on the benefits to students, the cost, and the feasibility of implementing a common course numbering system.

Subd. 2. [MEMBERSHIP.] The task force consists of 25 members as follows: one system level administrator experienced in transfer of credit issues, one campus level administrator experienced in curric-

ulum development issues, two faculty members appointed by each of the public post-secondary systems and the private college council, and one student representative from each post-secondary system appointed by the student advisory council. Task force members shall serve without compensation, except that the post-secondary systems must provide for the expenses incurred by their student representatives.

Subd. 3. [DUTIES.] The task force shall study and make recommendations on the expected outcomes and benefits of expanded course equivalency, a common course numbering system for higher education, more accessible transfer information, and students' opportunities for completion of their undergraduate educations. The legislature expects that the AVTIs will be included in these recommendations when they convert to a course credit hour basis.

Subd. 4. [HECB ROLE.] The task force study and report must be coordinated by the higher education coordinating board. The board shall provide necessary staff assistance and information to the task force.

Subd. 5. [REPORT.] By December 15, 1987, the task force shall submit its report to the higher education coordinating board for review and comment. By February 1, 1988, the task force shall submit its report and recommendations to the higher education policy, appropriations, and finance divisions or committees of the legislature. The task force terminates on June 30, 1988.

#### Sec. 35. [TASK FORCE ON INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNOLOGY.]

During the biennium, the higher education coordinating board shall convene a task force to coordinate the development of state-level policy for using new instructional technology. Membership shall include one representative selected by each public system and private post-secondary education sector; six representatives selected by the department of education, including representation from school districts and other educational organizations involved in telecommunications; a representative selected by the department of administration; a representative from the student advisory council; three representatives selected by the higher education coordinating board, including two from the private sector, and a representative from the Minnesota public television association.

The task force shall:

(1) conduct an inventory and evaluation of current and emerging systems of instructional technology and telecommunications in elementary, secondary, and post-secondary education;

(2) assess the costs and benefits statewide networks of local and regional telecommunications systems, including opportunities for



collaboration among post-secondary institutions, elementary and secondary schools, public agencies, communities and the private sector;

(3) examine the potential effect of telecommunications instruction transmitted from outside the state;

(4) determine objectives for the delivery of K-12 and post-secondary instruction through technological and telecommunications systems; and

(5) establish minimum state standards and procedures for the support of instructional technology and telecommunications systems.

The task force shall submit its recommendations to the higher education coordinating board for review and comment. The report and the review shall be submitted to the legislature by January 15, 1989.

Sec. 36. Laws 1983, chapter 334, section 7, is amended to read:

Sec. 7. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes, sections 1 to 6 116L.01; 116L.02; 116L.03, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 7; 116L.04; and 116L.05, are repealed June 30, 1987 1989.

Sec. 37. [INFORMATION FOR ADULTS CONSIDERING POST-SECONDARY EDUCATION.]

The advisory task force, established according to Minnesota Statutes, section 136A.86, subdivision 1, shall study and make recommendations about methods to provide assistance to adults who are considering beginning or returning to post-secondary studies. The methods shall be available throughout the entire community and may include the use of education brokers. The higher education coordinating board shall review and comment on the recommendations. By January 1, 1988, the task force recommendations and board comments shall be reported to the legislature.

Sec. 38. [INSTRUCTION TO THE REVISOR.]

The revisor shall change the heading before section 136A.85 from Career Guidance Program to Post-high School Planning Program.

Sec. 39. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116L.03, subdivision 6, is repealed.

## Sec. 40. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Section 3, subdivision 1, section 5, subdivision 1, and section 6, subdivision 1, are effective the day following final enactment. Sections 15, 17, 18, and 23 are effective the day following final enactment for financial aid for the 1987-1988 academic year. Section 29 is effective July 1, 1988.

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to public administration; appropriating money for education and related purposes to the higher education coordinating board, state board of vocational technical education, state board for community colleges, state university board, University of Minnesota, and the Mayo medical foundation, with certain conditions; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 135A.03, subdivision 1; 135A.04; 135A.06; 136A.02, subdivision 6; 136A.04, subdivision 1; 136A.05; 136A.101, by adding a subdivision; 136A.111, by adding a subdivision; 136A.121, subdivisions 4 and 5; 136A.132, subdivisions 3, 6, and 7; 136A.233, subdivisions 1 and 2; 136A.85; 136A.86, subdivisions 1 and 2; 136A.87; 137.025, subdivision 1; 137.31, subdivision 3; and 645.445, subdivision 5; Laws 1983, chapter 334, section 7; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 136 and 136C; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116L.03, subdivision 6."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: GENE WALDORF, RONALD R. DICKLICH, GLEN TAYLOR, JEROME M. HUGHES AND DEAN E. JOHNSON.

House Conferees: LYNDON R. CARLSON, HOWARD R. ORENSTEIN, JOHN W. DORN, LEONARD "LEN" PRICE AND JOHN T. ROSE.

Carlson, L., moved that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 1515 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

Speaker pro tempore Anderson, G., called Simoneau to the Chair.

S. F. No. 1515, A bill for an act relating to higher education; appropriating money for education and related purposes to the higher education coordinating board, state board of vocational

technical education, state board for community colleges, state university board, University of Minnesota, the Mayo medical foundation, and the Minnesota job skills partnership board, with certain conditions; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 135A.03, subdivision 1; 136A.101, by adding a subdivision; 136A.111, by adding a subdivision; 136A.121, subdivisions 4 and 5; 136A.132, subdivisions 3, 6, and 7; 136A.233, subdivisions 1 and 2; 136A.85; 136A.86, subdivisions 1 and 2; 136A.87; 137.31, subdivision 3; and 645.445, subdivision 5; Laws 1983, chapter 334, section 7; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 136.09, subdivision 3.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 129 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Frerichs	Larsen	Otis	Shaver
Anderson, R.	Greenfield	Lasley	Ozment	Simoneau
Battaglia	Gruenes	Lieder	Pappas	Skoglund
Bauerly	Gutknecht	Long	Pauly	Solberg
Beard	Hartle	Marsh	Pelowski	Sparby
Begich	Haukoos	McEachern	Peterson	Stanius
Bennett	Heap	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Steensma
Bertram	Himle	McPherson	Price	Sviggun
Bishop	Hugoson	Milbert	Quinn	Swenson
Blatz	Jacobs	Miller	Quist	Thiede
Boo	Jefferson	Minne	Redalen	Tjornhom
Brown	Jennings	Morrison	Reding	Trimble
Burger	Jensen	Munger	Rest	Tunheim
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Murphy	Rice	Uphus
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Valento
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vanasek
Clark	Kahn	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Neuenschwander	Rose	Voss
Cooper	Kelly	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dauner	Kelso	Ogren	Sarna	Waltman
DeBlieck	Kinkel	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Welle
Dempsey	Kludt	Olson, E.	Scheid	Wenzel
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Dorn	Knuth	Omann	Schreiber	Wynia
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Onnen	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Frederick	Krueger	Orenstein	Segal	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

Carlson, D.; Rodosovich and Anderson, R., were excused while in conference.

### SPECIAL ORDERS, Continued

S. F. No. 1345 was reported to the House.

Bishop moved to amend S. F. No. 1345, as follows:

Page 1, line 28, after "county" insert "or to any county in the third judicial district"

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Bishop amendment and the roll was called. There were 52 yeas and 66 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bennett	Hartle	McPherson	Quist	Steensma
Bishop	Haukoos	Miller	Redalen	Sviggum
Blatz	Heap	Morrison	Reding	Thiede
Burger	Himle	Olsen, S.	Richter	Tjornhom
Clausnitzer	Hugoson	Omann	Rose	Uphus
Dille	Jensen	Onnen	Schafer	Valento
Dorn	Johnson, V.	Ozment	Schoenfeld	Waltman
Forsythe	Kalis	Pauly	Schreiber	Winter
Frederick	Knickerbocker	Pelowski	Seaberg	
Gruenes	Kostohryz	Peterson	Shaver	
Gutknecht	Marsh	Poppenhagen	Stanius	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Battaglia	Jaros	Long	Pappas	Swenson
Bauerly	Jefferson	McEachern	Price	Trimble
Beard	Johnson, A.	McLaughlin	Quinn	Tunheim
Begich	Johnson, R.	Milbert	Rest	Vanasek
Bertram	Kahn	Minne	Rice	Vellenga
Brown	Kelly	Murphy	Riveness	Voss
Carlson, L.	Kelso	Nelson, C.	Rukavina	Wagenius
Carruthers	Kinkel	Nelson, K.	Sarna	Welle
Clark	Kludt	O'Connor	Scheid	Wenzel
Cooper	Knuth	Ogren	Segal	Spk. Norton
Dauner	Krueger	Olson, E.	Simoneau	
DeBlicke	Larsen	Olson, K.	Skoglund	
Greenfield	Lasley	Orenstein	Solberg	
Jacobs	Lieder	Otis	Sparby	

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

Dempsey was excused for the remainder of today's session.

Bishop moved to amend S. F. No. 1345, as follows:

Page 13, line 27, after "enactment" insert "except that it shall not apply in the third judicial district until July 1, 1988"

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Bishop amendment and the roll was called. There were 55 yeas and 61 nays as follows:

## Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bennett	Gutknecht	Knickerbocker	Pauly	Shaver
Bishop	Hartle	Kostohryz	Pelowski	Stanius
Blatz	Haukoos	Marsh	Peterson	Swiggum
Burger	Heap	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Swenson
Clausnitzer	Himle	Miller	Quist	Thiede
Dille	Hugoson	Morrison	Redalen	Tjornhom
Dorn	Jensen	Olsen, S.	Reding	Uphus
Forsythe	Johnson, A.	Olson, K.	Richter	Valento
Frederick	Johnson, V.	Omann	Rose	Vallenga
Frerichs	Kalis	Onnen	Schafer	Waltman
Gruenes	Kelly	Ozment	Schreiber	Winter

## Those who voted in the negative were:

Battaglia	Jacobs	McEachern	Quinn	Trimble
Bauerly	Jefferson	Milbert	Rest	Tunheim
Beard	Johnson, R.	Minne	Rice	Vanasek
Begich	Kahn	Murphy	Riveness	Voss
Bertram	Kelso	Nelson, C.	Rukavina	Wagenius
Brown	Kinkel	Nelson, K.	Sarna	Welle
Carlson, L.	Kludt	O'Connor	Scheid	Wenzel
Carruthers	Knuth	Ogren	Schoenfeld	Wynia
Clark	Krueger	Olson, E.	Segal	Spk. Norton
Cooper	Larsen	Orenstein	Simoneau	
Dauner	Lasley	Otis	Solberg	
DeBlicck	Lieder	Pappas	Sparby	
Greenfield	Long	Price	Steenasma	

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

## SUSPENSION OF RULES

Pursuant to Article IV, Section 19, of the Constitution of the state of Minnesota, Solberg moved that the rule therein be suspended and an urgency be declared so that S. F. No. 1345 be given its third reading and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

Solberg moved that the Rules of the House be so far suspended that S. F. No. 1345 be given its third reading and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1345, A bill for an act relating to the judiciary; public defenders; providing for membership of the state board of public defense; providing for appointment of a chief administrator; requiring the state board of public defense to adopt standards governing district public defender offices; authorizing the state board of public defense to fix the salary of the state public defenders; requiring the state public defender to provide training for state and district public defenders, appointed counsel, and legal service corporation attorneys; providing that compensation of district public defenders may not exceed compensation of county attorneys; allowing representation of indigents by public defender before formal appointment; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 611.215, subdivisions

1 and 2, and by adding a subdivision; 611.216, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3; 611.23; 611.24; 611.25; 611.26, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, and 6; and 611.27, subdivisions 1 and 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 611; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 611.22; and 611.26, subdivisions 5 and 8.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 68 yeas and 54 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Jacobs	Long	Orenstein	Sparby
Battaglia	Jaros	McEachern	Otis	Steensma
Bauerly	Jefferson	McLaughlin	Pappas	Trimble
Beard	Johnson, A.	Milbert	Price	Tunheim
Begich	Johnson, R.	Minne	Quinn	Vanasek
Bertram	Kahn	Munger	Rest	Vellenga
Brown	Kelly	Murphy	Rice	Voss
Carlson, L.	Kinkel	Nelson, C.	Riveness	Wagenius
Carruthers	Kludt	Nelson, K.	Rukavina	Welle
Clark	Knuth	Neuenschwander	Sarna	Wenzel
Cooper	Krueger	O'Connor	Scheid	Wynia
Dauner	Larsen	Ogren	Segal	Spk. Norton
DeBlicek	Lasley	Olson, E.	Simoneau	
Greenfield	Lieder	Olson, K.	Solberg	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bennett	Gruenes	Knickerbocker	Pelowski	Seaberg
Bishop	Gutknecht	Kostohryz	Peterson	Shaver
Blatz	Hartle	Marsh	Poppenhagen	Stanius
Boo	Haukoos	McPherson	Quist	Svigum
Burger	Heap	Miller	Redalen	Thiede
Clausnitzer	Himle	Morrison	Reding	Tjornhom
Dille	Hugoson	Olsen, S.	Richter	Uphus
Dorn	Jensen	Omänn	Rose	Valento
Forsythe	Johnson, V.	Onnen	Schafer	Waltman
Frederick	Kalis	Ozment	Schoenfeld	Winter
Frerichs	Kelso	Pauly	Schreiber	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

There being no objection, the order of business reverted to Reports of Standing Committees.

## REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

S. F. No. 612, A bill for an act relating to health; creating exceptions to the nursing home moratorium; establishing a review

process for approval of additional exceptions to the moratorium; prohibiting renewal of licenses for nursing home and boarding care home beds in rooms with more than four beds; providing for changes in property-related costs for reduced licensed bed capacity; allowing for depreciation recapture; providing for a new appeals procedure for appraised value appeal requests; establishing service principles and rate-setting procedures for day training and habilitation services to persons with mental retardation and related conditions; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 144.55, subdivision 6; 144A.05; 144A.071, subdivision 3; 144A.27; 245.782, subdivision 5; 252.21; 252.22; 252.23; 252.24, subdivisions 1 and 4; 252.25; 256B.02, subdivision 8; 256B.431, subdivisions 2b, 2e, 3a, 4, and by adding subdivisions; 256B.50, subdivision 2; 256B.501, subdivisions 1, 2, and 8; and 256E.09, subdivision 3; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 144A and 252; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 256B.501, subdivisions 5, 6, 7, and 9; and 256E.06, subdivision 2a; repealing Minnesota Rules, parts 9525.1210, subparts 11 and 12; 9525.1230, subpart 2; 9525.1260; 9525.1270; 9525.1280; and 9525.1310.

Reported the same back with the recommendation that the bill pass.

Anderson, G., from the Committee on Appropriations to which was referred:

S. F. No. 703, A bill for an act relating to occupations and professions; providing for the licensure of private detectives and protective agents; providing definitions; providing board powers and duties; specifying application and administrative procedure; authorizing rulemaking; requiring payment of fees; providing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 326.32, subdivisions 1, 5, 11, and by adding subdivisions; 326.33, subdivisions 1 and 2; 326.336; 326.338, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; and 326.339; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 326; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 326.32, subdivisions 6 and 7; 326.33, subdivisions 3, 4, and 5; 326.331; 326.332; 326.333; 326.334; 326.337; and 326.338, subdivisions 2 and 3.

Reported the same back with the recommendation that the bill pass.

#### POINT OF ORDER

Schreiber raised a point of order pursuant to Joint Rule No. 2.03 relating to deadlines. Speaker pro tempore Simoneau ruled the point of order well taken.

### SPECIAL ORDERS, Continued

S. F. No. 465, A bill for an act relating to transportation; providing for reduced speeds in work zones; providing for payment of administrative, filing, and plate fees; restricting unauthorized use of motor vehicles on public airport property; defining peace officer; describing qualifications for aircraft dealers license; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 168.012, subdivision 1c; 169.14, by adding a subdivision; 360.018, subdivision 6, and by adding a subdivision; 360.0751, subdivision 1; and 360.63, subdivision 1.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 120 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gutknecht	Larsen	Ozment	Shaver
Battaglia	Hartle	Lasley	Pappas	Simoneau
Bauerly	Haukoos	Lieder	Pauly	Solberg
Beard	Heap	Long	Pelowski	Sparby
Begich	Himle	Marsh	Peterson	Stanius
Bennett	Hugoson	McEachern	Poppenhagen	Steenasma
Bertram	Jacobs	McPherson	Price	Sviggum
Blatz	Jaros	Milbert	Quinn	Swenson
Brown	Jefferson	Miller	Quist	Thiede
Burger	Jennings	Morrison	Redalen	Tjornhom
Carlson, L.	Jensen	Munger	Reding	Trimble
Carruthers	Johnson, A.	Murphy	Rest	Tunheim
Clark	Johnson, R.	Nelson, D.	Rice	Uphus
Clausnitzer	Johnson, V.	Nelson, K.	Richter	Valento
Cooper	Kahn	Neuenschwander	Riveness	Vanasek
Dauner	Kalis	O'Connor	Rose	Vellenga
DeBlicke	Kelly	Ogren	Rukavina	Voss
Dille	Kelso	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Wagenius
Dorn	Kinkel	Olson, E.	Schafer	Waltman
Forsythe	Kludt	Olson, K.	Scheid	Welle
Frederick	Knickerbocker	Omann	Schoenfeld	Wenzel
Frerichs	Knuth	Onnen	Schreiber	Winter
Greenfield	Kostohryz	Orenstein	Seaberg	Wynia
Gruenes	Krueger	Otis	Segal	Spk. Norton

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

H. F. No. 1074, A bill for an act relating to small business; authorizing the bureau of small business within the department of energy and economic development to engage in certain collaborative activities with small business development centers; appropriating money; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116J.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.



The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 125 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Larsen	Orenstein	Segal
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Lasley	Otis	Shaver
Bauerly	Hartle	Lieder	Ozment	Simoneau
Beard	Haukoos	Long	Pappas	Skoglund
Begich	Heap	Marsh	Pauly	Solberg
Bennett	Himle	McEachern	Pelowski	Sparby
Bertram	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Peterson	Stanisus
Bishop	Jacobs	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Steensma
Blatz	Jaros	Milbert	Price	Swigum
Boo	Jefferson	Miller	Quinn	Swenson
Brown	Jennings	Minne	Quist	Thiede
Burger	Jensen	Morrison	Redalen	Tjornhom
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Reding	Trimble
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rest	Tunheim
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Uphus
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Richter	Valento
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Vanasek
Dauner	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Vellenga
DeBlieck	Kelso	O'Connor	Rose	Voss
Dille	Kinkel	Ogren	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dorn	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Waltman
Forsythe	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Schafer	Welle
Frederick	Knuth	Olson, K.	Scheid	Wenzel
Frerichs	Kostohryz	Omann	Schoenfeld	Winter
Greenfield	Krueger	Onnen	Seaberg	Spk. Norton

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 841 was reported to the House.

Munger moved to amend S. F. No. 841, as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

“Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.41, is amended to read:

**40.41 [PURPOSE AND POLICY.]**

It is the purposes of sections 40.41 to 40.45 to keep certain marginal agricultural land out of crop production or pasture to protect soil and water quality and support fish and wildlife habitat. It is state policy to encourage the retirement of marginal, highly erodible land, particularly land adjacent to public waters and drainage systems, from crop production and to reestablish a cover of perennial vegetation.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.42, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [LANDOWNER.] "Landowner" means a Minnesota resident who owns or is a buyer under a contract for deed, of land that qualifies as a family farm, a family farm corporation or an authorized farm corporation under section 500.24, subdivision 2 individuals, family farm, family farm corporations as defined under section 500.24, subdivision 2, paragraph (c), and authorized farm corporations as defined under section 500.24, subdivision 2, paragraph (d), which either own eligible land or are purchasing eligible land under a contract for deed.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.42, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 7. [WETLAND.] "Wetland" means land that has a predominance of hydric soils and that is inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, or that periodically does support, a predominance of hydrophytic vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.42, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 8. [WINDBREAK.] "Windbreak" means a strip or belt of trees, shrubs, or grass barriers at least six rows deep and within 300 feet of the right-of-way of a highway.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.43, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [ELIGIBLE LAND.] Land may be placed in the conservation reserve program if the land:

(1) is marginal agricultural land, or is adjacent to marginal agricultural land and is either beneficial to resource protection or necessary for efficient recording of the land description, or consists of a drained wetland, or is land that with a windbreak would be beneficial to resource protection. Cropland adjacent to the restored wetland may also be enrolled to the extent of up to four acres of cropland for each acre of wetland restored;

(2) was owned by the applicant landowner on January 1, 1985, or for an application made on or after January 1, 1988, was owned by the applicant landowner, or a parent or other blood relative of the landowner, for at least three years before the date of application;

(3) is at least five acres in size, except for a windbreak, or is a whole field as defined by the United States Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Services;

(4) is not set aside, enrolled or diverted under another federal or state government program; and

(5) was in agricultural crop production or pasture for at least two years during the period 1981 to 1985.

The ~~eligible~~ enrolled land of a landowner may not exceed 20 percent of the landowner's total agricultural land acreage in the state, if the landowner owns at least 200 acres of agricultural land as defined by section 500.24, subdivision 2. If a landowner owns less than 200 acres of agricultural land the amount that may be enrolled in the conservation reserve is:

(a) all agricultural land owned, if 20 acres or less; or

(b) if the total agricultural land owned is more than 20 acres but less than 200 acres, 20 acres plus ten percent of the balance of the agricultural land.

In selecting land for enrollment in the program, highest priority must be given to permanent easements that are consistent with the purposes stated in section 40.41.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.43, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [CONSERVATION EASEMENTS.] The commissioner may acquire conservation easements on eligible land. An easement may be permanent or of limited duration. An easement of limited duration may not be acquired if it is for a period less than ~~ten~~ 20 years. The negotiation and acquisition of easements authorized by this section are exempt from the contractual provisions of chapter 16B.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.43, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [AGREEMENTS BY LANDOWNER.] The commissioner may enroll eligible land in the conservation reserve program by signing an agreement in recordable form with a landowner in which the landowner agrees:

(1) to convey to the state a conservation easement that is not subject to any prior title, lien, or encumbrance;

(2) to seed the land subject to the conservation easement, as specified in the agreement, to establish and maintain perennial cover of either a grass-legume mixture or native grasses for the term of the easement, at seeding rates determined by the commissioner; or to plant trees or carry out other long-term capital improvements

approved by the commissioner for soil and water conservation or wildlife management;

(3) to restore any drained wetland and to convey to the state a permanent easement for the wetland;

(4) that other land supporting natural vegetation owned or leased as part of the same farm operation during the term of the easement, if it supports natural vegetation or has not been used in agricultural crop production or pasture, will not be converted to agricultural crop production or pasture unless a landowner under a permanent easement receives approval from the commissioners of agriculture and natural resources and, prior to the land conversion activity, implements a soil and water conservation district approved conservation plan following the recommendations of the field office technical guide; and

(4) (5) to the enforcement of the terms of the easement and agreements in this subdivision by an action for specific performance, a mandatory injunction, or for damages in an amount not to exceed the total amount paid by the state to the landowner under subdivision 6, with interest from the date of each default under the agreement; and

(6) that the easement duration may be lengthened only through mutual agreement with the commissioners of agriculture and natural resources if they determine that the changes are necessary to effectuate the purpose of the program or to facilitate its administration.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.43, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [PAYMENTS FOR CONSERVATION EASEMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENT OF COVER.] The commissioner must make the following payments to the landowner for the conservation easement and agreement:

(1) to establish the perennial cover or other improvements required by the agreement, up to 75 percent of the total eligible cost not to exceed \$75 per acre for limited duration easements, and 100 percent of the total eligible cost not to exceed \$100 per acre for perpetual easements;

(2) for the cost of planting trees required by the agreement, up to \$75 75 percent of the total eligible cost not to exceed \$200 per acre for limited duration easements, and 100 percent of the total eligible cost not to exceed \$300 per acre for perpetual easements;

(3) for a permanent easement, 70 percent of the township average equalized estimated market value of agricultural property as established by the commissioner of revenue at the time the of easement is conveyed application; and

(4) for an easement of limited duration, 90 percent of the present value of the average of the ~~acceptable~~ accepted bids for the federal conservation reserve program, as contained in Public Law Number 99-198, in the relevant geographic area and on bids ~~made immediately prior to when accepted at the time of easement is conveyed. If federal bid figures have not been determined for the area, or the federal program has been discontinued, the rate paid shall applica-~~ application; or

(5) an alternative payment system for easements based on cash rent or a similar system as may be determined by the commissioner.

The commissioner may not pay more than \$50,000 to a landowner for all the landowner's conservation easements and agreements.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.43, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [EASEMENT RENEWAL.] When a conservation easement of limited duration expires, a new conservation easement and agreement for an additional period of ~~ten~~ not less than 20 years may be acquired by agreement of the commissioner and the landowner, under the terms of this section. The commissioner may adjust payment rates as a result of renewing an agreement and conservation easement only after examining the condition of the established cover, conservation practices, and land values.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.44, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.] The commissioners of agriculture and natural resources must provide necessary technical assistance to landowners enrolled in the conservation reserve program. The commissioner of natural resources must provide technical advice and assistance to the commissioner on (1) the form and content of the conservation easement and agreement, ~~and on;~~ (2) forestry and agronomic practices; and (3) hydrologic and hydraulic design relating to the establishment and maintenance of permanent cover, or other conservation improvements. The commissioner of transportation must provide technical advice and assistance to the commissioners of agriculture and natural resources on the planting of windbreaks adjacent to highways. The commissioners of agriculture and natural resources shall jointly prepare an informational booklet on the conservation reserve program and other state and federal programs for land acquisition, conservation, and retirement to be made available to eligible landowners and the general public.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.44, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [SUPPLEMENTAL CONSERVATION PAYMENTS.] The commissioner may supplement ~~cost share~~ payments made under ~~other federal land retirement programs, up to \$75 an acre,~~ to the extent of available appropriations other than bond proceeds. The supplemental ~~cost share~~ payments must be used to establish perennial cover on land enrolled or increase payments for land enrollment in programs approved by the commissioner, including the federal conservation reserve program and federal and state waterbank programs program.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.45, is amended to read:

40.45 [RULEMAKING.]

The commissioner ~~shall may~~ adopt emergency rules and is authorized to adopt to implement this act. ~~The emergency rules in order to implement sections 40.41 to 40.45 adopted on August 27, 1986, shall remain in effect until December 31, 1987, or until amended or replaced by emergency or permanent rules.~~ The rules must include standards for tree planting so that planting does not conflict with existing electrical lines, telephone lines, rights-of-way, or drainage ditches.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 84.943, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT.] The Minnesota critical habitat private sector matching account is established as a separate account in the state treasury reinvest in Minnesota resources fund established under section 84.95. ~~The account shall be administered by the commissioner of natural resources as provided in this section.~~

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 84.944, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ACQUISITION. CONSIDERATIONS.] In determining what critical natural habitat shall be acquired or improved, the commissioner shall consider:

(1) the significance of the land or water as existing or potential habitat for fish and wildlife and providing fish and wildlife oriented recreation;

(2) the significance of the land, water, or habitat improvement to maintain or enhance native plant, fish, or wildlife species designated as endangered or threatened under section 97.488;

(3) the presence of native ecological communities that are now uncommon or diminishing; and

(4) the significance of the land, water or habitat improvement to protect or enhance natural features within or contiguous to natural areas including fish spawning areas, wildlife management areas, scientific and natural areas, riparian habitat and fish and wildlife management projects.

Based on the above clauses, the commissioner by order promulgated under section 97A.051, subdivision 3, must establish a process to prioritize what critical habitat shall be acquired or improved.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 84.95, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3. [WORK PLAN.] By February 1 of each year the commissioner of natural resources, in consultation with the commissioner of agriculture, must present a written work plan for expenditure of money from the reinvest in Minnesota resources fund for the next fiscal year to the senate and house committees on agriculture and environment and natural resources for their review and comment. Any recommendations to the commissioners by the committees must be returned to the commissioners by March 15. By April 30 of each year the commissioner must make the work plan, with any revisions, available to the public for comment. In so doing, the commissioner must hold at least three public meetings to inform the public of the work plan; one meeting to be held in the Twin Cities metropolitan area, the others at non-Twin Cities locations, one each in northern and southern Minnesota. By January 15 of each year, the commissioner must prepare a written progress report on projects undertaken and money encumbered during the fiscal year just ended, and must transmit the report to the above committees and make the report available to the public.

Sec. 16. [84.959] [FINDINGS.]

The legislature finds that native prairie is found primarily on marginal lands poorly suited to grain production and provides important wildlife, scientific, erosion control, educational, and recreational values.

Sec. 17. [84.96] [NATIVE PRAIRIE BANK.]

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT.] The commissioner shall establish a native prairie bank, determine where native prairie land is located in the state, and prescribe eligibility requirements for inclusion of land in the native prairie bank.

Subd. 2. [DEFINITION.] For the purposes of this section, "native prairie" means land that has never been plowed, with less than ten percent tree cover and with predominantly native prairie vegetation.

Subd. 3. [EASEMENT ACQUISITION.] (a) The commissioner may acquire native prairie for conservation purposes by entering into easements with landowners. The easements must be conservation easements as defined in section 84C.01, clause (1), except the easements may be made possessory as well as nonpossessory if agreed upon by the landowner and the commissioner.

(b) The easements may be permanent or of limited duration. Highest priority must be given to permanent easements consistent with the purposes of this section. Easements of limited duration must be for at least 20 years, with provision for renewal for at least another 20-year period. For easements of limited duration, the commissioner may reexamine and adjust the payment rates at the beginning of any renewal period after considering current land and crop values.

Subd. 4. [EASEMENT AGREEMENT.] (a) In the easement between the commissioner and an owner, the owner must agree:

(1) to place in the program for the period of the easement eligible native prairie areas designated by the owner, including prairie covered by a federal or state easement that allows agricultural use and desirable land adjacent to the prairie as determined by the commissioner;

(2) not to alter the native prairie by plowing, heavy grazing, seeding to nonnative grasses or legumes, spraying with large amounts of herbicides, or otherwise destroying the native prairie character of the easement area, except mowing the native prairie tract for wild hay may qualify for easement as determined by the commissioner;

(3) to implement the native prairie conservation and development plan as provided in the easement agreement, unless a requirement in the easement agreement is waived or modified by the commissioner;

(4) to forfeit all rights to further payments under the terms of the easement and to refund to the state all payments received under the easement if the easement is violated at any time when the owner has control of the land subject to the easement, if the commissioner determines that the violation warrants termination of the easement, or if the commissioner determines that the violation does not warrant termination of the easement, the commissioner may determine refunds or payment adjustments to be paid by the commissioner;



(5) not to adopt a practice specified by the commissioner in the easement as a practice that would tend to defeat the purposes of the easement; and

(6) to additional provisions included in the easement that the commissioner determines are desirable.

(b) In return for the easement of the owner, the commissioner shall make payments as provided in subdivision 5 and may provide advice on conservation and development practices on the native prairie in the easement and adjacent areas.

Subd. 5. [PAYMENTS.] (a) The commissioner must make payments to the landowner under this subdivision for the easement.

(b) For a permanent easement, the commissioner must pay 50 percent of the average equalized estimated market value of cropland in the township as established by the commissioner of revenue for the time period when the application is made.

(c) For an easement of limited duration, the landowner shall receive a lump sum payment equal to the present value of the annual payments for the term of the easement based on 50 percent of the mean adjusted cash rental for cropland in the county as established by the commissioner of revenue for the time period when the application is made.

(d) To maintain and protect native prairies, the commissioner may enter into easements that allow selected agricultural practices. Payment must be based on paragraph (b) or (c) but may be reduced due to the agricultural practices allowed after negotiation with the landowner.

Subd. 6. [RENEWAL.] A limited-term easement may be converted to a permanent easement or renewed at the end of the easement period by mutual agreement of the commissioner and the owner, subject to any rate redetermination by the commissioner.

Subd. 7. [EASEMENT RUNS WITH LAND.] If during the easement period the owner sells or otherwise disposes of the ownership or right of occupancy of the land, the new owner must continue the easement under the same terms or conditions.

Subd. 8. [MODIFICATION AND TERMINATION BY AGREEMENT.] The commissioner may terminate an easement by mutual agreement with the owner if the commissioner determines that the termination would be in the public interest. The commissioner may agree to modifications of agreements if the commissioner determines the modification is desirable to implement the native prairie program.

Subd. 9. [RULES.] The commissioner of natural resources may adopt rules that include the procedures and payment rates to implement this section.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 105.391, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Except as provided below, no public waters or wetlands shall be drained, and no permit authorizing drainage of public waters or wetlands shall be issued, unless the public waters or wetlands being drained are replaced by public waters or wetlands which that will have equal or greater public value. ~~However, after a state waterbank program has been established, Wetlands which are eligible for inclusion in that program, the drainage of which is~~ lawful, feasible, and practical and would provide high quality cropland and that is the projected land use, as determined by the commissioner, may be drained without a permit and without replacement of wetlands of equal or greater public value if the commissioner does not elect, within 60 days of the receipt of an application for a permit to drain the wetlands, to either (1) place the wetlands in the state waterbank program under section 105.392, or (2) acquire it in fee pursuant to section 97A.145, or (3) ~~indemnify the landowner through any other appropriate means, including but not limited to conservation restrictions, easements, leases, or any applicable federal program.~~ The applicant, if not offered a choice of the above alternatives, is entitled to drain the wetlands involved.

In addition, the owner or owners of lands underlying wetlands situated on privately owned lands may apply to the commissioner for a permit to drain the wetlands at any time after the expiration of ten years following the original designation thereof. Upon receipt of an application, the commissioner shall review the current status and conditions of the wetlands. If the commissioner finds that the current status or conditions are such that it appears likely that the economic or other benefits from agricultural use to the owner or owners which would result from drainage would exceed the public benefits of maintaining the wetlands, the commissioner shall grant the application and issue a drainage permit. If the application is denied, no additional application shall be made until the expiration of an additional ten years.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 105.392, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. The legislature finds that it is in the public interest to preserve the wetlands of the state and thereby to conserve surface waters, ~~to maintain and improve water quality,~~ preserve wildlife habitat, ~~to reduce runoff, to provide for floodwater retention, to reduce stream sedimentation, to contribute to improved subsurface moisture, to enhance the natural beauty of the landscape, and to promote comprehensive and total water management planning.~~

Therefore, the commissioner of natural resources is authorized to promulgate rules, which shall include the procedures and payment rates designed to effectuate the terms of this section. This program is intended to supplement and complement the federal water bank program and the payment rates established shall be at least equal to the federal rates existing at the time any agreements are entered into.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 105.392, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. For the conservation of wetlands, whether or not included in the definition contained in section 105.37, subdivision 15, the commissioner shall have authority to may acquire wetlands in fee pursuant to section 97A.145, or may enter into easement agreements with landowners for the conservation of wetlands and other waters. These easement agreements shall be conservation easements, as defined in section 84C.01, paragraph (1), but, in addition, may be made possessory as well as nonpossessory if agreed upon by the landowner and the commissioner. These agreements easements shall be entered into for a period of ten not less than 20 years, with provision for renewal for additional ten year not less than 20-year periods, or the agreements may provide that the easement will be permanent in duration. Highest priority must be given to the selection of permanent easements. The commissioner may reexamine the payment rates at the beginning of any ten year 20-year renewal period in the light of the then giving consideration to current land and crop values and make needed adjustments in rates for any renewal period.

Wetlands eligible for inclusion in the waterbank program shall have all the following characteristics as determined by the commissioner: (a) type 3, 4, or 5 as defined in United States Fish and Wildlife Service Circular No. 39 (1971 edition); (b) its drainage is lawful, feasible, and practical; and (c) its drainage would provide high quality cropland and that is the projected land use. Waters which have the foregoing characteristics but are less than ten acres in size in unincorporated areas or less than 2½ acres in size in incorporated areas shall also be eligible for inclusion in the waterbank program, at the discretion of the commissioner.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 105.392, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. In the agreement easement between the commissioner and an owner, the owner shall agree:

(1) to place in the program for the period of the agreement eligible wetland areas the owner designates, which areas may include wetlands covered by a federal or state government easement which

that permits agricultural use, together with such adjacent areas as determined desirable by the commissioner;

(2) not to drain, burn, fill, or otherwise destroy the wetland character of such areas, nor to use such areas for agricultural purposes, as determined by the commissioner;

(3) to effectuate the wetland conservation and development plan for the land in accordance with the terms of the agreement, unless any requirement thereof is waived or modified by the commissioner;

(4) to forfeit all rights to further payments or grants under the agreement and to refund to the state all payments or grants received thereunder upon violating the agreement at any stage during the time the owner has control of the land subject to the agreement if the commissioner determines that the violation is of such a nature as to warrant termination of the agreement, or to make refunds or accept such payment adjustments as the commissioner may deem appropriate if the commissioner determines that the violation by the owner does not warrant termination of the agreement;

(5) upon transfer of right and interest in the land subject to the agreement during the agreement period, to forfeit all rights to further payments or grants under the agreement and refund to the state all payments or grants received thereunder during the year of the transfer unless the transferee of any such land agrees with the commissioner to assume all obligations of the agreement;

(6) not to adopt any practice specified by the commissioner in the agreement easement as a practice which would tend to defeat the purposes of the agreement easement; and

(7) (6) to additional provisions which the commissioner determines are desirable and includes in the agreement easement to effectuate the purposes of the program or to facilitate its administration.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 105.392, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. In return for the agreement easement of the owner, the commissioner shall (1) make an annual payment to the owner for the period of the agreement at the rate as the commissioner determines to be fair and reasonable in consideration of the obligations undertaken by the owner; and (2) must provide advice on conservation and development practices on the wetlands and adjacent areas for the purposes of this section as the commissioner determines to be appropriate. In making the determination, the commissioner shall consider, among other things, the rate of compensation necessary to encourage owners of wetlands to participate in the waterbank program. The commissioner must make the following payments to

the landowner for the easement: (1) for a permanent easement, 50 percent of the average equalized estimated market value of cropland in the township as established by the commissioner of revenue for the time period when the application is made; (2) for an easement of limited duration, a lump sum payment equal to the present value of the annual payments for the term of the easement based on 50 percent of the mean adjusted cash rental for cropland in the county as established by the commissioner of revenue for the time period when the application is made.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 105.392, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Any agreement A limited-term easement may be converted to a permanent easement or renewed or extended at the end of the agreement easement period for an additional period of ten 20 years by mutual agreement of the commissioner and the owner, subject to any rate redetermination by the commissioner. If during the agreement easement period the owner sells or otherwise disposes of the ownership or right of occupancy of the land, the new owner may must continue such agreement the easement under the same terms or conditions, or enter into a new agreement in accordance with the provisions of this section, including the provisions for renewal and adjustment of payment rates, or may choose not to participate in the program, except any water designated as wetlands shall not be drained.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 105.392, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. The commissioner may terminate any agreement easement by mutual agreement with the owner if the commissioner determines that the termination would be in the public interest, and may agree to any modification of agreements the commissioner may determine to be desirable to carry out the purposes of the program or facilitate its administration."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to natural resources; conservation reserve program; definitions, eligibility for inclusion, applications, agreements, payments, and other terms and conditions; native prairie bank program; appropriating funds; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 40.41; 40.42, subdivision 5, and by adding subdivisions; 40.43, subdivisions 2, 3, 5; 6, and 7; 40.44, subdivisions 2 and 3; 40.45; 84.943, subdivision 1; 84.944, subdivision 1; 84.95, by adding a subdivision; 105.391, subdivision 3; and 105.392, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 84."

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Ogren and Redalen moved to amend S. F. No. 841, as amended, as follows:

Pages 1 and 2, delete section 2

Renumber the sections in order

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 7, delete "subdivision 5, and"

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Ogren and Redalen amendment and the roll was called. There were 37 yeas and 81 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Beard	Hugoson	Miller	Ozment	Solberg
Bishop	Jacobs	Neuenschwander	Quinn	Sparby
Brown	Jennings	O'Connor	Redalen	Sviggum
Burger	Kinkel	Ogren	Richter	Waltman
Carlson, D.	Krueger	Olson, E.	Rivness	Wenzel
Cooper	Marsh	Onnen	Sarna	
Dauner	McEachern	Orenstein	Schafer	
DeBlieck	McPherson	Otis	Scheid	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Battaglia	Gutknecht	Kostohryz	Pelowski	Skoglund
Begich	Hartle	Larsen	Peterson	Stanius
Bennett	Haukoos	Lasley	Price	Steensma
Bertram	Himle	Lieder	Quist	Swenson
Blatz	Jaros	McLaughlin	Reding	Thiede
Boo	Jefferson	Minne	Rest	Tjornhom
Carlson, L.	Jensen	Munger	Rice	Trimble
Carruthers	Johnson, A.	Murphy	Rodosovich	Tunheim
Clark	Johnson, R.	Nelson, C.	Rose	Uphus
Clausnitzer	Johnson, V.	Nelson, D.	Rukavina	Valento
Dorn	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Schoenfeld	Vellenga
Forsythe	Kelly	Olsen, S.	Schreiber	Voss
Frederick	Kelso	Olson, K.	Seaberg	Wagenius
Frerichs	Kludt	Omann	Segal	Welle
Greenfield	Knickerbocker	Pappas	Shaver	Winter
Gruenes	Knuth	Pauly	Simoneau	Wynia
				Spk. Norton

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

#### SUSPENSION OF RULES

Pursuant to Article IV, Section 19, of the Constitution of the state of Minnesota, Munger moved that the rule therein be suspended and an urgency be declared so that S. F. No. 841, as amended, be given its third reading and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

Munger moved that the Rules of the House be so far suspended that S. F. No. 841, as amended, be given its third reading and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 841, A bill for an act relating to natural resources; amending requirements for eligibility, applications, agreements, payments, and other terms and conditions of the conservation reserve program; changing requirements to drain privately owned inventoried wetlands and public waters; amending and changing requirements for the waterbank program; changing requirements for persons selling land under a waterbank agreement; establishing a native prairie bank program; providing for prairie management applications, agreements, payments, and other terms and conditions; appropriating funds; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 40.41; 40.42, subdivision 5, and by adding subdivisions; 40.43, subdivisions 2, 5, 6, and 7; 40.44, subdivision 2; 84.943, subdivisions 1, 3, and 5; 84.944, subdivision 1; 84.95, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 105.391, subdivision 3; 105.392, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 84.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 125 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Battaglia	Gutknecht	Lieder	Ozment	Shaver
Bauerly	Hartle	Long	Pappas	Simoneau
Beard	Haukoos	Marsh	Pauly	Skoglund
Begich	Heap	McEachern	Pelowski	Solberg
Bennett	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Peterson	Sparby
Bertram	Jacobs	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Stanius
Bishop	Jaros	Milbert	Price	Steenasma
Blatz	Jefferson	Miller	Quinn	Sviggum
Brown	Jennings	Minne	Quist	Swenson
Burger	Jensen	Morrison	Redalen	Thiede
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Reding	Tjornhom
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rest	Trimble
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Tunheim
Clark	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Richter	Uphus
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Valento
Cooper	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Vanasek
Dauner	Kelso	O'Connor	Rose	Vellenga
DeBlicck	Kinkel	Ogren	Rukavina	Voss
Dille	Kludt	Olson, S.	Sarna	Wagenius
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Schafer	Waltman
Forsythe	Knuth	Olson, K.	Scheid	Welle
Frederick	Kostohryz	Omann	Scheinfeld	Wenzel
Frerichs	Krueger	Onnen	Schreiber	Winter
Greenfield	Larsen	Orenstein	Seaberg	Wynia
Gruenes	Lasley	Otis	Segal	Spk. Norton

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

There being no objection, the order of business reverted to Messages from the Senate.

### MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

The following messages were received from the Senate:

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 1112, A bill for an act relating to human services; defining directors, officers, and partners as vendors of medical care for the purpose of medical assistance; allowing the commissioner to charge interest on money recovered from certain medical assistance providers; allowing sanction authority; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 256B.02, subdivision 7; 256B.064, subdivision 1c; and 256B.27, subdivisions 3 and 4.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVER, Secretary of the Senate

Greenfield moved that the House refuse to concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 1112, that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 3 members of the House, and that the House requests that a like committee be appointed by the Senate to confer on the disagreeing votes of the two houses. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 601, A bill for an act relating to natural resources; providing that money recovered by the state for forest fire fighting expenses be restored to the fund of origination; increasing the amount that may be paid for tips related to forest fire crimes; clarifying provisions relating to the burden of proof and evidence of negligence; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 88.17, subdivision 2; 88.75, subdivision 1; and 88.76.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVER, Secretary of the Senate

Solberg moved that the House refuse to concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 601, that the Speaker appoint a Conference



Committee of 3 members of the House, and that the House requests that a like committee be appointed by the Senate to confer on the disagreeing votes of the two houses. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 1351, A bill for an act relating to natural resources; authorizing the taking of elk and amending related laws; authorizing compensation for certain crop damage caused by elk; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 97A.421, subdivision 6; 97A.431; 97A.465, subdivisions 1 and 3; 97A.471, subdivision 3; 97A.475, subdivision 2; 97A.525, subdivision 1; 97A.535; and 97B.201; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 3 and 97B.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Tunheim moved that the House refuse to concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 1351, that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 3 members of the House, and that the House requests that a like committee be appointed by the Senate to confer on the disagreeing votes of the two houses. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate refuses to concur in the House amendments to Senate File No. 1203:

S. F. No. 1203, A bill for an act relating to state government; reorganizing the department of agriculture, the department of energy and economic development, and the department of public service, and providing for the powers and duties of the three departments; changing the name of the department of energy and economic development to the department of trade and economic development; designating the department of jobs and training as the administrative agency for certain juvenile justice and delinquency prevention purposes; providing grants for youth intervention programs; changing the membership of the world trade center board; establishing the world trade center institute; authorizing the board to contract for certain services and programs; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 17.03, by adding a subdivision; 17.101, subdivision 1; 18.023, subdivision 11; 18.024, subdivision 1; 43A.08, subdivision 1; 44A.01; 44A.031; 104.35, subdivisions 2 and 3; 115A.12, subdivision 2; 116C.03, subdivision 2; 116J.01; 116J.03; 116J.58, subdivision 2; 116J.60; and 116J.63, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes,

chapters 44A; 116J; 236A; and 268; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 216C; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 4.09; 17.03, subdivision 5; 44A.03; 44A.04; 44A.05; 44A.07; 116J.404; and 116J.405.

The Senate respectfully requests that a Conference Committee be appointed thereon. The Senate has appointed as such committee:

Messrs. Luther; Moe, D. M., and Kroening.

Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House with the request that the House appoint a like committee.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Schoenfeld moved that the House accede to the request of the Senate and that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 3 members of the House to meet with a like committee appointed by the Senate on the disagreeing votes of the two houses on S. F. No. 1203. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 169, A bill for an act relating to lawful gambling; including payment of taxes as a lawful purpose; increasing the percentage of profits that may be used for necessary expenses; changing requirements for distributors; authorizing the board to adopt rules restricting the amount of rent charged by organizations; prohibiting local units of government from requiring organizations to make certain expenditures; making various technical changes; regulating allowable expenses; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 349.12, subdivisions 11, 12, 13, and 15; 349.14; 349.15; 349.151, subdivision 3; 349.161, subdivisions 3, 5, and 7; 349.162, by adding subdivisions; 349.18, subdivisions 1 and 3; 349.19, subdivision 3; 349.21; and 349.213, subdivision 1.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Reding moved that the House refuse to concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 169, that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 3 members of the House, and that the House requests that a like committee be appointed by the Senate to confer on the disagreeing votes of the two houses. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 1043, A bill for an act relating to metropolitan government; providing for qualifications, terms, compensation, and duties of members of various metropolitan agencies; requiring various publications, plans, and reports; regulating routes and service bidding; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 473.141, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 473.161, subdivision 1c; 473.1623, subdivisions 2, 4, and 5; 473.303, by adding a subdivision; 473.373, by adding a subdivision; 473.377, subdivision 1, and by adding subdivisions; 473.38, subdivision 2; and 473.604, subdivision 1, and by adding subdivisions; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 473.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Carruthers moved that the House refuse to concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 1043, that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 3 members of the House, and that the House requests that a like committee be appointed by the Senate to confer on the disagreeing votes of the two houses. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 534, A bill for an act relating to the collection and dissemination of data; classifying data; proposing classifications of data as private, nonpublic, and protected nonpublic; clarifying issues relating to the administration of data; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 13.03, subdivision 3; 13.04, subdivision 2; 13.05, subdivision 4; 13.38; 13.39, subdivision 3; 13.41, subdivision 4; 13.43, by adding a subdivision; 13.46, subdivision 7, and by adding a subdivision; and 13.76; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 13.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Nelson, D., moved that the House refuse to concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 534, that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 3 members of the House, and that the House requests that a like committee be appointed by the Senate to confer on the disagreeing votes of the two houses. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

S. F. No. 1114.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S. F. NO. 1114

A bill for an act relating to liquor; limitations on rules of the commissioner of public safety; items which may be sold in exclusive liquor stores; regulating sales of fermented malt beverages; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 299A.02, subdivision 3; and 340A.101, subdivision 10; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 34.119; 34.12; 34.13; and 34.14.

May 15, 1987

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S. F. No. 1114, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House recede from its amendments and that S. F. No. 1114 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 299A.02, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [REPORTS; RULES.] The commissioner shall have power to require periodic factual reports from all licensed importers, manufacturers, wholesalers and retailers of intoxicating liquors and to make all reasonable rules to effect the object of Laws 1985, chapter 305, articles 2 to 11. The rules shall include provisions for assuring the purity of intoxicating liquors and the true statement of its contents and proper labeling thereof with regard to all forms of sale. No rule may require the use of new containers in aging

whiskey. No rule may require cordials or liqueurs to contain in excess of 2½ percent by weight of sugar or dextrose or both.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 340A.101, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. [EXCLUSIVE LIQUOR STORE.] "Exclusive liquor store" is an establishment used exclusively for the sale of intoxicating liquor except for the incidental sale of ice, tobacco, nonintoxicating malt liquor, beverages for mixing with intoxicating liquor, and soft drinks ~~may also be sold~~, cork extraction devices, and books and videos on the use of alcoholic beverages in the preparation of food, and the establishment may offer recorded or live entertainment and make available coin-operated amusement devices. "Exclusive liquor store" also includes an on-sale or combination on-sale and off-sale intoxicating liquor establishment which sells food for on-premise consumption when authorized by the municipality issuing the license.

Sec 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 340A.405, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [COUNTIES.] (a) A county may issue an off-sale intoxicating license with the approval of the commissioner to exclusive liquor stores located within unorganized territory of the county.

(b) A county board of any county except Ramsey county containing a town exercising powers under section 368.01, subdivision 1, may issue an off-sale license to an exclusive liquor store within that town with the approval of the commissioner. No license may be issued under this paragraph unless the town board adopts a resolution supporting the issuance of the license.

(c) A county board of any county except Ramsey county containing a town that may not exercise powers under section 368.01, subdivision 1, may issue a combination off-sale and on-sale license to restaurants within that town with the approval of the commissioner pursuant to section 340A.404, subdivision 6. No license may be issued under this paragraph unless the town board adopts a resolution supporting the issuance of the license.

(d) No license may be issued under this subdivision unless a public hearing is held on the issuance of the license. Notice must be given to all interested parties and to any city located within three miles of the premises proposed to be licensed. At the hearing the county board shall consider testimony and exhibits presented by interested parties and may base its decision to issue or deny a license upon the nature of the business to be conducted and its impact upon any municipality, the character and reputation of the applicant, and the propriety of the location. Any hearing held under this paragraph is not subject to chapter 14.

(e) A county board may not issue a license under this subdivision to a person for an establishment located less than three miles by the most direct route from the boundary of any statutory or home rule city except cities of the first class or within Pine, Carver, or Kanabec counties within three miles of a statutory or home rule city with a municipal liquor store.

(f) The town board may impose an additional license fee in an amount not to exceed 20 percent of the county license fee.

(g) Notwithstanding any provision of this subdivision or Laws 1973, chapter 566, as amended by Laws 1974, chapter 200, a county board may transfer or renew a license that was issued by a town board under Minnesota Statutes 1984, section 340.11, subdivision 10b prior to January 1, 1985.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 340A.410, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 9. [COIN-OPERATED DEVICES.] Coin-operated amusement devices may not be made available in establishments licensed solely for the off-sale of intoxicating liquor or municipal stores which sell only at off-sale. An establishment holding a combination on-sale and off-sale license or a municipal liquor store which sells at on-sale and off-sale which makes coin-operated devices available shall keep such devices to the greatest extent practicable in that area of the establishment where on-sales are made.

Sec. 5. [SUNDAY LICENSES; DOUGLAS COUNTY.]

Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, any license for the on-sale of intoxicating liquor on Sundays issued by Douglas county to an establishment located in a town in which an election under Minnesota Statutes, section 340A.504, subdivision 3, clauses (d) and (e), has not been held may continue in effect and be renewed until the date of the next town meeting, and may continue in effect and be renewed after that date if the issuance of Sunday intoxicating liquor on-sale licenses is approved by the voters of the town at that town meeting.

Sec. 6. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 34.119, 34.12, 34.13, and 34.14 are repealed.

Sec. 7. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Section 5 is effective on approval by the Douglas county board and compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivision 3."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to intoxicating liquor; limitation on rule-making authority of commissioner; items which may be sold in exclusive liquor stores; specifying counties where certain restrictions on license location apply; specifying establishments where coin-operated devices may not be kept; providing for the continuation of certain licenses in Douglas county; repealing restrictions on beer content; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 299A.02, subdivision 3; 340A.101, subdivision 10; 340A.405, subdivision 2; 340A.410, by adding a subdivision; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 34.119; 34.12; 34.13; and 34.14."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: SAM G. SOLON, DON ANDERSON AND ALLAN H. SPEAR

House Conferees: JOEL JACOBS, TONY BENNETT AND TOM OSTHOFF.

Jacobs moved that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 1114 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1114, A bill for an act relating to liquor; limitations on rules of the commissioner of public safety; items which may be sold in exclusive liquor stores; regulating sales of fermented malt beverages; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 299A.02, subdivision 3; and 340A.101, subdivision 10; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 34.119; 34.12; 34.13; and 34.14.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 119 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Battaglia	Carlson, L.	Greenfield	Jensen	Kostohryz
Bauerly	Carruthers	Gruenes	Johnson, A.	Krueger
Beard	Clark	Gutknecht	Johnson, R.	Larsen
Begich	Clausnitzer	Hartle	Johnson, V.	Lasley
Bennett	Cooper	Haukoos	Kahn	Lieder
Bertram	Dauner	Heap	Kalis	Long
Bishop	DeBlicke	Himle	Kelly	Marsh
Blatz	Dille	Hugoson	Kelso	McEachern
Boo	Dorn	Jacobs	Kinkel	McPherson
Brown	Forsythe	Jaros	Kludt	Miller
Burger	Frerichs	Jefferson	Knickerbocker	Miller
Carlson, D.		Jennings	Knuth	Morrison

Munger	Ozment	Rice	Shaver	Uphus
Murphy	Pappas	Riveness	Simoneau	Valento
Nelson, D.	Pauly	Rodosovich	Solberg	Vanasek
Nelson, K.	Pelowski	Rose	Sparby	Vellenga
O'Connor	Peterson	Rukavina	Stanius	Voss
Olsen, S.	Poppenhagen	Sarna	Steensma	Wagenius
Olson, E.	Price	Schafer	Svigum	Waltman
Olson, K.	Quinn	Scheid	Swenson	Welle
Omann	Quist	Schoenfeld	Thiede	Wenzel
Onnen	Redalen	Schreiber	Tjornhom	Winter
Orenstein	Reding	Seaberg	Trimble	Spk. Norton
Otis	Rest	Segal	Tunheim	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

S. F. No. 915.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVERN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S. F. NO. 915

A bill for an act relating to crime; amending trespass law to prohibit harassment on private property; prohibiting following and stalking with intent to harass, abuse, or threaten; removing requirement that caller not disclose identity for purposes of misdemeanor harassing telephone calls; prohibiting intentional harassment by delivering a letter or object; providing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 609.605, subdivision 1; 609.746; 609.79, subdivision 1; and 609.795.

May 14, 1987

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S. F. No. 915, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:



That the House recede from its amendments and that S. F. No. 915 be further amended as follows:

Page 1, after line 13, insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 609.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 12. [HARASS.] As used in sections 609.605, subdivision 1, clause (13), 609.746, 609.79, and 609.795, "harass" means to interfere with another person so as to persecute or oppress that person.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 609.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 13. [THREATEN.] As used in sections 609.605, subdivision 1, clause (13), 609.746, 609.79, and 609.795, "threaten" means to express a purpose or intent to injure the person, property, or rights of another by the commission of an unlawful act."

Renumber the remaining sections in sequence

Page 3, line 10, delete "stalks" and insert "pursues"

Page 3, line 11, delete "stalked" and insert "pursued"

Page 4, line 9, delete "4" and insert "6"

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 4, delete "stalking" and insert "pursuing"

Page 1, line 9, after "sections" insert "609.02, by adding subdivisions;"

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: EMBER D. REICHGOTT, JIM RAMSTAD AND ALLAN H. SPEAR.

House Conferees: SANDRA L. PAPPAS, PHIL CARRUTHERS AND RANDY C. KELLY.

Pappas moved that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 915 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 915, A bill for an act relating to crime; amending trespass law to prohibit harassment on private property; prohibiting following and stalking with intent to harass, abuse, or threaten; removing requirement that caller not disclose identity for purposes of misdemeanor harassing telephone calls; prohibiting intentional harassment by delivering a letter or object; providing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 609.605, subdivision 1; 609.746; 609.79, subdivision 1; and 609.795.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 124 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Battaglia	Gruenes	Larsen	Ozment	Shaver
Bauerly	Gutknecht	Lasley	Pappas	Simoneau
Beard	Hartle	Lieder	Pauly	Solberg
Begich	Haukoos	Long	Pelowski	Sparby
Bennett	Heap	Marsh	Peterson	Stanius
Bertram	Himle	McEachern	Poppenhagen	Steenasma
Bishop	Hugoson	McPherson	Price	Swiggum
Blatz	Jacobs	Milbert	Quinn	Swenson
Boo	Jaros	Miller	Quist	Thiede
Brown	Jefferson	Morrison	Redalen	Tjornhom
Burger	Jennings	Munger	Reding	Trimble
Carlson, D.	Jensen	Murphy	Rest	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Uphus
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Nelson, D.	Richter	Valento
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Vanasek
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Cooper	Kalis	O'Connor	Rose	Voss
Dauner	Kelly	Ogren	Rukavina	Wagenius
DeBlicek	Kelso	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Waltman
Dille	Kinkel	Olson, E.	Schafer	Welle
Dorn	Kludt	Olson, K.	Scheid	Wenzel
Forsythe	Knickerbocker	Omam	Schoenfeld	Winter
Frederick	Knuth	Onnen	Schreiber	Wynia
Frerichs	Kostohryz	Orenstein	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Greenfield	Krueger	Otis	Segal	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

S. F. No. 865.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S. F. NO. 865

A bill for an act relating to environment; authorizing an assessment against public utilities to finance the state costs of controlling acid deposition; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116C.69, subdivision 3.

May 15, 1987

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S. F. No. 865, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate concur in the House amendment and that S. F. No. 865 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116C.69, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [FUNDING; ASSESSMENT.] The board shall finance its base line studies, general environmental studies, development of criteria, inventory preparation, monitoring of conditions placed on site certificates and construction permits, and all other work, other than specific site and route designation, from an assessment made quarterly, at least 30 days before the start of each quarter, by the board against all utilities with annual retail kilowatt-hour sales greater than 4,000,000 kilowatt-hours in the previous calendar year.

Until June 30, 1992, the assessment shall also include an amount sufficient to cover 60 percent of the costs to the pollution control agency of developing achieving, maintaining, and monitoring compliance with the acid deposition control plan required by standard adopted under sections 116.42 to 116.45; reprinting informational booklets on acid rain, and costs for additional research on the impacts of acid deposition on sensitive areas published under section 116.44, subdivision 1. This amount shall be certified to the board by

the executive director of the pollution control agency. The director of the pollution control agency must prepare a work plan and budget and submit them annually by June 30 to the pollution control agency board. The agency board must take public testimony on the budget and work plan. After the agency board approves the work plan and budget they must be submitted annually to the legislative commission on Minnesota resources for review and recommendation before an assessment is levied. Each share shall be determined as follows: (1) the ratio that the annual retail kilowatt-hour sales in the state of each utility bears to the annual total retail kilowatt-hour sales in the state of all such these utilities, multiplied by 0.667, plus (2) the ratio that the annual gross revenue from retail kilowatt-hour sales in the state of each utility bears to the annual total gross revenues from retail kilowatt-hour sales in the state of all such these utilities, multiplied by 0.333, as determined by the board. The assessment shall be credited to the special revenue fund and shall be paid to the state treasury within 30 days after receipt of the bill, which shall constitute notice of said assessment and demand of payment thereof. The total amount which may be assessed to the several utilities under authority of this subdivision shall not exceed the sum of the annual budget of the board for carrying out the purposes of this subdivision plus 60 percent of the annual budget of the pollution control agency for developing the plan required by achieving, maintaining, and monitoring compliance with the acid deposition control standard adopted under sections 116.42 to 116.45, for reprinting informational booklets on acid rain, and for costs for additional research on the impacts of acid deposition on sensitive areas published under section 116.44, subdivision 1. The assessment for the second quarter of each fiscal year shall be adjusted to compensate for the amount by which actual expenditures by the board and the pollution control agency for the preceding fiscal year were more or less than the estimated expenditures previously assessed.

Sec. 2. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Section 1 is effective the day following final enactment."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: GREGORY L. DAHL, JOHN J. MARTY AND GERALD L. WILLET.

House Conferees: STEVE TRIMBLE, JOHN T. ROSE AND WILLARD MUNGER.

Trimble moved that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 865 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 865, A bill for an act relating to environment; authorizing an assessment against public utilities to finance the state costs of controlling acid deposition; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116C.69, subdivision 3.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 126 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Battaglia	Gruenes	Larsen	Otis	Segal
Bauerly	Gutknecht	Lasley	Ozment	Shaver
Beard	Hartle	Lieder	Pappas	Simoneau
Begich	Haukoos	Long	Pauly	Skoglund
Bennett	Heap	Marsh	Pelowski	Solberg
Bertram	Himle	McEachern	Peterson	Sparby
Bishop	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Stanisus
Blatz	Jacobs	McPherson	Price	Steensma
Boo	Jaros	Milbert	Quinn	Sviggum
Brown	Jefferson	Miller	Quist	Swenson
Burger	Jennings	Morrison	Redalen	Thiede
Carlson, D.	Jensen	Munger	Reding	Tjornhom
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Murphy	Rest	Trimble
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Tunheim
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, D.	Richter	Uphus
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Valento
Cooper	Kalis	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Vanasek
Dauner	Kelly	O'Connor	Rose	Vellenga
DeBlicck	Kelso	Ogren	Rukavina	Voss
Dille	Kinkel	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Wagenius
Dorn	Kludt	Olson, E.	Schafer	Waltman
Forsythe	Knickerbocker	Olson, K.	Scheid	Welle
Frederick	Knuth	Omann	Schoenfeld	Wenzel
Frerichs	Kostohryz	Onnen	Schreiber	Winter
Greenfield	Krueger	Orenstein	Seaberg	Wynia
				Spk. Norton

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate refuses to adopt the Conference Committee report on S. F. No. 1516, and that the present Conference Committee has been discharged. A new Conference Committee has been appointed on the part of the Senate.

S. F. No. 1516, A bill for an act relating to the organization and operation of state government; appropriating money for the department of transportation and other agencies with certain conditions; fixing and limiting fees; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 12.14; 17A.04, subdivision 5; 18.51, subdivision 2; 18.52, subdivision 5; 18.53; 27.041, subdivision 2; 28A.08; 32.075; 32.59; 60A.14, subdivision 1; 60A.206, subdivision 2; 60A.23, subdivision

7; 70A.14, subdivision 4; 83.23, subdivisions 2 and 3; 83.30, subdivision 2; 138.65; 138.91, by adding a subdivision; 309.531, subdivision 1; 326.241, subdivision 3; 326.244, subdivision 2; 332.33, subdivisions 3 and 4; amending Laws 1975, chapter 235, section 2, as amended.

The Senate has appointed as such committee:

Messrs. Langseth, Ramstad, Mehrkens, Purfeerst and Lessard.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

The following Conference Committee Reports were received:

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 1622

A bill for an act relating to courts; providing court of appeals and crime victim representation on the sentencing guidelines commission; providing that terms of commission members appointed by the governor are coterminous with the governor; changing the date on which the commission's report to the legislature is due; clarifying the membership on judicial appeal panels; permitting retired judges to solemnize marriages; clarifying judicial representation on the judicial standards board; authorizing the supreme court to adopt court rules; restricting mileage reimbursement for law clerks; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 244.09, subdivisions 2, 3, and 11; 253B.19, subdivision 1; 480.051; 481.02, subdivision 3; 484.545, subdivision 3; 484.62; 490.15, subdivision 1; 517.04; and 525.06.

May 16, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 1622, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment.

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: HOWARD R. ORENSTEIN, ARTHUR W. SEABERG AND RANDY C. KELLY.

Senate Conferees: RICHARD J. COHEN, FRITZ KNAAK AND ALLAN H. SPEAR.

Orenstein moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 1622 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1622, A bill for an act relating to courts; providing court of appeals and crime victim representation on the sentencing guidelines commission; providing that terms of commission members appointed by the governor are coterminous with the governor; changing the date on which the commission's report to the legislature is due; clarifying the membership on judicial appeal panels; permitting retired judges to solemnize marriages; clarifying judicial representation on the judicial standards board; authorizing the supreme court to adopt court rules; restricting mileage reimbursement for law clerks; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 244.09, subdivisions 2, 3, and 11; 253B.19, subdivision 1; 480.051; 481.02, subdivision 3; 484.545, subdivision 3; 484.62; 490.15, subdivision 1; 517.04; and 525.06.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 123 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Battaglia	Gruenes	Krueger	Onnen	Schreiber
Bauerly	Gutknecht	Larsen	Orenstein	Segal
Beard	Hartle	Lasley	Otis	Shaver
Begich	Haukoos	Lieder	Ozment	Simoneau
Bennett	Heap	Long	Pappas	Skoglund
Bertram	Himle	Marsh	Pauly	Solberg
Bishop	Hugoson	McEachern	Pelowski	Sparby
Blatz	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Peterson	Stanius
Boo	Jaros	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Stensma
Brown	Jefferson	Milbert	Price	Sviggum
Burger	Jennings	Miller	Quinn	Swenson
Carlson, D.	Jensen	Morrison	Quist	Thiede
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Redalen	Tjornhom
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Reding	Trimble
Clausnitzer	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Rest	Tunheim
Cooper	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Rice	Uphus
Dauner	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Richter	Valento
DeBlicek	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Riveness	Vanasek
Dille	Kelso	O'Connor	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Dorn	Kinkel	Ogren	Rose	Voss
Forsythe	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Rukavina	Wagenius
Frederick	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Sarna	Waltman
Frerichs	Knuth	Olson, K.	Schafer	Welle
Greenfield	Kostohryz	Omann	Schoenfeld	Wenzel
				Winter
				Wynia
				Spk. Norton

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 1073

A bill for an act relating to occupations and professions; providing advertising restrictions for plumbers; imposing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 326F.75.

May 15, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 1073, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment and that H. F. No. 1073 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 325F.75, is amended to read:

325F.75 [ADVERTISING RESTRICTIONS; SCOPE; PENAL-TIES.]

Subdivision 1. [RESTRICTIONS.] Except as provided in this section, where a plumbing license is required under section 326.40, no person offering plumbing services may do any of the following unless the person employs a licensed master plumber or the person is a licensed master or journeyman plumber:

(1) advertise as a plumbing contractor, master plumber, journeyman plumber, or plumber;

(2) append the person's name to, or in connection with, the title "plumbing contractor," "master plumber," "journeyman plumber," or "plumber";

(3) append the person's name to any other words that tend to represent the person as a plumbing contractor, master plumber, journeyman plumber, or plumber.



A person who advertises as a master plumber shall include in the advertisement the number of the person's license as a master plumber. A person who advertises as a journeyman plumber must include in the advertisement the person's master or journeyman plumber license number. A person who advertises as a plumbing contractor shall include in the advertisement the license number of the master plumber employed by the plumbing contractor.

A vehicle used to conduct plumbing business must prominently display on its exterior the license number of the master plumber or journeyman plumber performing plumbing services.

Subd. 2. [SCOPE.] (a) This section does not apply applies to a person advertising plumbing services if that person does not engage in or work at the business of a master plumber engages in or works at the business of plumbing or offers plumbing services in a city of 5,000 or more population; or.

(b) This section also applies to a person advertising plumbing services who engages in or works at the business of plumbing or offers plumbing services in a city of less than 5,000 in population that by ordinance require requires licensing to do business as a master or journeyman plumber.

Subd. 3. [PENALTIES.] (a) A person who is found guilty of violating subdivision 1 is subject to a fine not to exceed \$100 for the first offense.

(b) A person who is found guilty of violating subdivision 1 is subject to a fine not to exceed \$1,000 for the second offense.

(c) A person who is found guilty of violating subdivision 1 is subject to a fine not to exceed \$1,000 or imprisonment not to exceed 30 days, or both, for the third and subsequent offenses.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 326.2421, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [EXISTING CONTRACTORS.] Persons who on July 1, 1985, are in the business of laying out, installing, maintaining, or repairing alarm and communication systems and who have filed a license application with the electrical board by July 1, 1986 September 1, 1987, shall be allowed to continue in that business as if licensed under subdivision 3 until final action is taken by the board upon their applications. Contractors who are in the business on July 1, 1985, and who file a license application with the board by July 1, 1986 September 1, 1987, are exempt from the requirements of subdivision 4.

Sec. 3. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Section 1 is effective January 1, 1988. Section 2 is effective the day following final enactment.

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 3, after the semicolon insert "providing for licensing of certain persons by the electrical board;"

Page 1, line 4, delete "section" and insert "sections"

Page 1, delete line 5 and insert "325F.75; and 326.2421, subdivision 6"

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: RICHARD "RICH" O'CONNOR, CHRIS M. TJORNHOM AND JOSEPH R. BEGICH.

Senate Conferees: CARL W. KROENING, GERALD L. WILLET AND DON FRANK.

O'Connor moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 1073 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1073, A bill for an act relating to occupations and professions; providing advertising restrictions for plumbers; imposing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 326F.75.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 124 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Battaglia	Carlson, L.	Greenfield	Jensen	Kostohryz
Bauerly	Carruthers	Gruenes	Johnson, A.	Krueger
Beard	Clark	Gutknecht	Johnson, R.	Larsen
Begich	Clausnitzer	Hartle	Johnson, V.	Lasley
Bennett	Cooper	Haukoos	Kahn	Lieder
Bertram	Dauner	Heap	Kalis	Long
Bishop	DeBlieck	Himle	Kelly	Marsh
Blatz	Dille	Hugoson	Kelso	McEachern
Boo	Dorn	Jacobs	Kinkel	McLaughlin
Brown	Forsythe	Jaros	Kludt	McPherson
Burger	Frederick	Jefferson	Knickerbocker	Milbert
Carlson, D.	Frerichs	Jennings	Knuth	Miller

Munger	Orenstein	Rest	Shaver	Uphus
Murphy	Otis	Rice	Simoneau	Valento
Nelson, C.	Ozment	Riveness	Skoglund	Vanasek
Nelson, D.	Pappas	Rodosovich	Solberg	Vellenga
Nelson, K.	Pauly	Rose	Sparby	Voss
Neuenschwander	Pelowski	Rukavina	Stanius	Wagenius
O'Connor	Peterson	Sarna	Steenma	Waltman
Ogren	Poppenhagen	Schafer	Swigum	Welle
Olsen, S.	Price	Scheid	Swenson	Wenzel
Olsen, E.	Quinn	Schoenfeld	Thiede	Winter
Olsen, K.	Quist	Schreiber	Tjornhom	Wynia
Omann	Redalen	Seaberg	Trimble	Spk. Norton
Onnen	Reding	Segal	Tunheim	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

#### ANNOUNCEMENTS BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on H. F. No. 601:

Solberg, Ogren and Miller.

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on H. F. No. 534:

Nelson, D.; Kelly and McKasy

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on H. F. No. 1043:

Carruthers, McLaughlin and Blatz.

#### SPECIAL ORDERS, Continued

H. F. No. 1279, A bill for an act relating to agriculture; transferring authority of the commissioner of energy and economic development relating to governor's council on rural development to the commissioner of agriculture; authorizing loan and grant programs; providing for new members; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 116J.951; 116J.955; and 116J.961, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, and 9; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 17; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116J.961, subdivision 10.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 126 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Battaglia	Gruenes	Larsen	Otis	Segal
Bauerly	Gutknecht	Lasley	Ozment	Shaver
Beard	Hartle	Lieder	Pappas	Simoneau
Begich	Haukoos	Long	Pauly	Skoglund
Bennett	Heap	Marsh	Pelowski	Solberg
Bertram	Himle	McEachern	Peterson	Sparby
Bishop	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Stanius
Blatz	Jacobs	McPherson	Price	Steenasma
Boo	Jaros	Milbert	Quinn	Swiggum
Brown	Jefferson	Miller	Quist	Swenson
Burger	Jennings	Morrison	Redalen	Thiede
Carlson, D.	Jensen	Munger	Reding	Tjornhom
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Murphy	Rest	Trimble
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Tumheim
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, D.	Richter	Uphus
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Valento
Cooper	Kalis	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Vanasek
Dauner	Kelly	O'Connor	Rose	Vellenga
DeBlieck	Kelso	Ogren	Rukavina	Voss
Dille	Kinkel	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Wagenius
Dorn	Kludt	Olson, E.	Schafer	Waltman
Forsythe	Knickerbocker	Olson, K.	Scheid	Welle
Frederick	Knuth	Omann	Schoenfeld	Wenzel
Frerichs	Kostohryz	Onnen	Schreiber	Winter
Greenfield	Krueger	Orenstein	Seaberg	Wynia
				Spk. Norton

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

H. F. No. 539, A bill for an act relating to human services; extending subsidized adoption program; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 259.40, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 120 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, R.	Carruthers	Hartle	Kalis	McEachern
Battaglia	Clark	Haukoos	Kelly	McPherson
Bauerly	Clausnitzer	Heap	Kelso	Milbert
Beard	Cooper	Himle	Kinkel	Miller
Begich	Dauner	Hugoson	Kludt	Morrison
Bennett	DeBlieck	Jacobs	Knickerbocker	Munger
Bertram	Dille	Jaros	Knuth	Murphy
Bishop	Dorn	Jefferson	Kostohryz	Nelson, C.
Blatz	Forsythe	Jennings	Krueger	Nelson, D.
Boo	Frederick	Jensen	Larsen	Nelson, K.
Brown	Frerichs	Johnson, A.	Lasley	Neuenschwander
Burger	Greenfield	Johnson, R.	Lieder	O'Connor
Carlson, D.	Gruenes	Johnson, V.	Long	Ogren
Carlson, L.	Gutknecht	Kahn	Marsh	Olsen, S.

Olson, E.	Peterson	Rukavina	Solberg	Valento
Olson, K.	Poppenhagen	Sarna	Sparby	Vanasek
Omann	Price	Schafer	Stanius	Vellenga
Onnen	Quinn	Scheid	Steensma	Voss
Orenstein	Redalen	Schoenfeld	Sviggum	Waltman
Otis	Reding	Schreiber	Swenson	Welle
Ozment	Rice	Seaberg	Tjornhom	Wenzel
Pappas	Richter	Segal	Trimble	Winter
Pauly	Rodosovich	Shaver	Tunheim	Wynia
Pelowski	Rose	Simoneau	Uphus	Spk. Norton

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 593 was reported to the House.

Greenfield moved to amend S. F. No. 593, as follows:

Page 1, after line 7, insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 246.51, is amended to read:

**246.51 [PAYMENT FOR CARE AND TREATMENT; DETERMINATION.]**

Subdivision 1. [PROCEDURES.] The commissioner shall make investigation as necessary to determine, and as circumstances require redetermine, what part of the cost of care, if any, the patient is able to pay. If the patient is unable to pay the full cost of care the commissioner shall make a determination as to the ability of the relatives to pay. The patient or relatives or both shall provide the commissioner documents and proofs necessary to determine their ability to pay. Failure to provide the commissioner with sufficient information to determine ability to pay may make the patient or relatives, both, liable for the full cost of care until the time when sufficient information is provided. No parent shall be liable for the cost of care given a patient at a regional treatment center after the patient has reached the age of 18 years. The commissioner's determination shall be conclusive in any action to enforce payment of the cost of care unless appealed from as provided in section 246.55. All money received, except for chemical dependency receipts, shall be paid to the state treasurer and placed in the general fund of the state and a separate account kept of it. Except for services provided under chapter 254B, responsibility under this section shall not apply to those relatives having gross earnings of less than \$11,000 per year.

Subd. 2. [RULES.] The commissioner shall adopt, pursuant to the administrative procedure act, rules establishing uniform standards for determination of patient liability and relative, guardian or conservator responsibility for care provided at state hospitals. The standards may differ for mental illness, chemical dependency, or

mental retardation. The standards established in rules adopted under chapter 254B shall determine the amount of patient and relative responsibility when a portion of the patient's cost of care has been paid under chapter 254B. These rules shall have the force and effect of law.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 246.511, is amended to read:

246.511 [RELATIVE RESPONSIBILITY.]

In no case, shall Except for chemical dependency services paid for with funds provided under chapter 254B, a patient's or resident's relatives shall not, pursuant to the commissioner's authority under section 246.51, be ordered to pay more than ten percent of the cost of care, unless they reside outside the state. Parents of children in state hospitals shall have their responsibility to pay determined according to section 252.27, subdivision 2, or in rules adopted under chapter 254B if the cost of care is paid under chapter 254B. The commissioner may accept voluntary payments in excess of ten percent. The commissioner may require full payment of the full per capita cost of care in state hospitals for patients or residents whose parent, parents, spouse, guardian or conservator do not reside in Minnesota.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 254B.01, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [LOCAL AGENCY.] "Local agency" means the agency designated by a board of county commissioners, a county welfare board, or a human services board to make placements and submit state invoices according to Laws 1986, chapter 394, sections 8 to 20.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 254B.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY TREATMENT ALLOCATION.] The chemical dependency funds appropriated for allocation shall be placed in a special revenue account. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1987, funds shall be transferred to operate the vendor payment, invoice processing, and collections system for one year. The commissioner shall annually transfer funds from the chemical dependency fund to pay for operation of the drug and alcohol abuse normative evaluation system and to pay for all costs incurred by adding two positions for licensing of chemical dependency treatment and rehabilitation programs located in hospitals for which funds are not otherwise appropriated. The commissioner shall annually divide the money available in the chemical dependency fund that is not held in reserve by counties from a previous allocation. Twelve percent of the remaining money must be reserved for treatment of American Indians by eligible vendors under section 254B.05. The remainder of the money must be allocated among the

counties according to the following formula, using state demographer data and other data sources determined by the commissioner:

(a) The county non-Indian and over age 14 per capita-months of eligibility for aid to families with dependent children, general assistance, and medical assistance is divided by the total state non-Indian and over age 14 per capita-months of eligibility to determine the caseload factor for each county.

(b) The average median family income for the previous three years for the state is divided by the average median family income for the previous three years for each county to determine the income factor.

(c) The non-Indian and over age 14 population of the county is multiplied by the sum of the income factor and the caseload factor to determine the adjusted population.

(d) \$15,000 shall be allocated to each county.

(e) The remaining funds shall be allocated proportional to the county adjusted population.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 254B.02, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [COUNTY ADJUSTMENT; MAXIMUM ALLOCATION.] The commissioner shall determine the state money used by each county in fiscal year 1986, using all state data sources. If available records do not provide specific chemical dependency expenditures for every county, the commissioner shall determine the amount of state money using estimates based on available data. In state fiscal year 1988, a county must not be allocated more than 150 percent of the state money spent by or on behalf of the county in fiscal year 1986 for chemical dependency treatment services eligible for payment under section 254B.05, but not including expenditures made for persons eligible for placement under section 254B.09, subdivision 6. The allocation maximums must be increased by 25 percent each year. After fiscal year 1992, there must be no allocation maximum. The commissioner shall reallocate the excess over the maximum to counties allocated less than the fiscal year 1986 state money, using the following process:

(a) The allocation is divided by ~~1985~~ 1986 state expenditures to determine percentage of prior expenditure, and counties are ranked by percentage of prior expenditure less expenditures for persons eligible for placement under section 254B.09, subdivision 6.

(b) The allocation of the lowest ranked county is raised to the same percentage of prior expenditure as the second lowest ranked county.

The allocation of these two counties is then raised to the percentage of prior expenditures of the third lowest ranked county.

(c) The operations under paragraph (b) are repeated with each county by ranking until the money in excess of the allocation maximum has been allocated.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 254B.02, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [RESERVE ACCOUNT.] The commissioner shall allocate money from the reserve account to counties that, during the current fiscal year, have met or exceeded the base level of expenditures for eligible chemical dependency services from local money. The commissioner shall establish the base level for fiscal year 1988 as the amount of local money used for eligible services in calendar year 1986. In later years, the base level must be increased in the same proportion as state appropriations to implement Laws 1986, chapter 394, sections 8 to 20, are increased. The base level must not be decreased if appropriations are the fund balance from which allocations are made under section 254B.02, subdivision 1, is decreased in later years. The local match rate for the reserve account is the same rate as applied to the initial allocation. Reserve account payments must not be included when calculating the county adjustments made according to subdivision 2.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 254B.02, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [ADMINISTRATIVE ADJUSTMENT.] The commissioner may make payments to local agencies from money allocated under this section to support administrative activities under sections 254B.03 and 254B.04. The administrative payment must not exceed five percent of the first \$50,000, four percent of the next \$50,000, and three percent of the remaining county allocation and must not be paid if the level of expenditures indicates that the allocation for the year will be exhausted by payments for services from the allocation. Twenty-five percent of the administrative allowance shall be advanced at the beginning of each year and remaining payments must be made under this section at the end of each quarter from any unspent allocation for that year quarter, based on the payments for services made in the most recent quarter for which data is available. Adjustment of any overestimate or underestimate based on actual expenditures shall be made by the state agency by adjusting the administrative allowance for any succeeding quarter.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 254B.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [LOCAL AGENCY DUTIES.] (a) Every local agency shall provide chemical dependency services to persons residing



within its jurisdiction who meet criteria established by the commissioner for placement in a chemical dependency residential or non-residential treatment service. Chemical dependency money must be administered by the local agencies according to law and rules adopted by the commissioner under sections 14.01 to 14.69.

(b) In order to contain costs, the county board shall, with the approval of the commissioner of human services, select eligible vendors of chemical dependency services who can provide economical and appropriate treatment. Unless the local agency is a social services department directly administered by a county or human services board, the local agency shall not be an eligible vendor under section 254B.05. The commissioner may approve proposals from county boards to provide services in an economical manner or to control utilization, with safeguards to ensure that necessary services are provided. If a county implements a demonstration or experimental medical services funding plan, the commissioner shall transfer the money as appropriate. If a county selects a vendor located in another state, the county shall ensure that the vendor is in compliance with the rules governing licensure of programs located in the state.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 254B.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY SERVICES.] (a) Payment from the chemical dependency fund is limited to payments for services other than detoxification that, if located outside of federally recognized tribal lands, would be required to be licensed by the commissioner as a ~~residential or nonresidential~~ chemical dependency treatment or rehabilitation program under sections 245.781 to 245.812, and services other than detoxification provided in another state that would be required to be licensed as a chemical dependency program if the program were in the state. Out of state vendors must also provide the commissioner with assurances that the program complies substantially with state licensing requirements and possesses all licenses and certifications required by the host state to provide chemical dependency treatment. Hospitals may apply for and receive licenses to be eligible vendors, notwithstanding the provisions of section 245.791. Except for chemical dependency transitional rehabilitation programs, vendors receiving payments from the chemical dependency fund must not require copayment from a recipient of benefits for services provided under this subdivision.

(b) A county may, from its own resources, provide chemical dependency services for which state payments are not made. A county may elect to use the same invoice procedures and obtain the same state payment services as are used for chemical dependency services for which state payments are made under this section if county payments are made to the state in advance of state payments

to vendors. When a county uses the state system for payment, the commissioner shall make monthly billings to the county using the most recent available information to determine the anticipated services for which payments will be made in the coming month. Adjustment of any overestimate or underestimate based on actual expenditures shall be made by the state agency by adjusting the estimate for any succeeding month.

(c) The commissioner shall coordinate chemical dependency services and determine whether there is a need for any proposed expansion of chemical dependency treatment services. The commissioner shall deny vendor certification to any provider that has not received prior approval from the commissioner for the creation of new programs or the expansion of existing program capacity. The commissioner shall consider the provider's capacity to obtain clients from outside the state based on plans, agreements, and previous utilization history, when determining the need for new treatment services.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 254B.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [LOCAL AGENCIES TO PAY STATE FOR COUNTY SHARE.] Local agencies shall submit invoices to the state on forms supplied by the commissioner and according to procedures established by the commissioner. Local agencies shall pay the state for the county share of the invoiced services. Payments shall be made at the beginning of each month for services provided in the previous month. The commissioner shall bill the county monthly for services, based on the most recent month for which expenditure information is available. Adjustment of any overestimate or underestimate based on actual expenditures shall be made by the state agency by adjusting the estimate for any succeeding month.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 254B.03, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [DIVISION OF COSTS.] The county shall, out of local money, reimburse pay the state for 15 percent of the cost of chemical dependency services costs paid by the state under this section. Counties may use the indigent hospitalization levy for treatment and hospital payments made under this section. Fifteen percent of any state collections from private or third-party pay, less 15 percent of the cost of payment and collections, must be distributed to the county that paid for a portion of the treatment under this section. If all funds allocated according to section 254B.02 are exhausted by a county and the county has met or exceeded the base level of expenditures under section 254B.02, subdivision 3, the county shall reimburse pay the state for 15 percent of the costs paid by the state under this section. The commissioner may refuse to pay state funds for services to persons not eligible under section 254B.04, subdivi-

sion 1, if the commissioner determines that funds will otherwise not be available for persons who are entitled to chemical dependency fund services the county financially responsible for the persons has exhausted its allocation.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 254B.03, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [RULES; APPEAL.] The commissioner shall adopt rules as necessary to implement Laws 1986, chapter 394, sections 8 to 20. The commissioner shall ensure that the rules are effective on July 1, 1987. The commissioner shall establish an appeals process for use by vendors or recipients when services certified by the county are disputed. The commissioner shall adopt rules and standards for the appeal process to assure adequate redress for persons referred to inappropriate services.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 254B.04, is amended to read:

254B.04 [ELIGIBILITY FOR CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY FUND SERVICES.]

Subdivision 1. [ELIGIBILITY.] Persons eligible for benefits under sections 256D.01 to 256D.21, or for federal benefits under Code of Federal Regulations, title 25, part 20, and persons eligible for federal health care benefits under section 256B.06 are entitled to chemical dependency fund services.

Subd. 2. [AMOUNT OF CONTRIBUTION.] The commissioner shall adopt a sliding fee scale to determine the amount of contribution to be required from persons whose income and nonexempt property are is greater than the standard of assistance under sections 256B.06 and 256D.01 to 256D.21. The commissioner may adopt an existing fee scale from another assistance program or from the state facilities by publication in the State Register. The commissioner shall establish a separate fee scale for recipients of chemical dependency transitional rehabilitation services that provides for the collection of fees for board and lodging expenses. The fee schedule shall ensure that employed persons are allowed the income disregards and savings accounts that are allowed residents of community mental illness facilities under section 256D.06, subdivisions 1 and 1b. The fee scale must not provide assistance to persons whose income is more than 115 percent of the state median income. Payments of liabilities under this section are medical expenses for purposes of determining spend-down under sections 256B.06 and 256D.01 to 256D.21.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 254B.05, is amended to read:

## 254B.05 [VENDOR ELIGIBILITY.]

**Subdivision 1. [LICENSURE REQUIRED.]** Programs licensed by the commissioner are eligible vendors. Hospitals may apply for and receive licenses to be eligible vendors, notwithstanding the provisions of section 245.791. American Indian programs that, if located outside of federally recognized tribal lands, would be required to be licensed to provide chemical dependency primary treatment, extended care, transitional residence, or outpatient treatment services, are eligible vendors. Detoxification programs are not eligible vendors. Programs that, if located outside of federally recognized tribal lands, would not be licensed as a chemical dependency residential or nonresidential treatment program under sections 245.781 to 245.812 are not eligible vendors. To be eligible for payment under the Consolidated Chemical Dependency Treatment Fund, a vendor must participate in the Drug and Alcohol Abuse Normative Evaluation System or a comparable system approved by the commissioner.

**Subd. 2. [REGULATORY METHODS.]** (a) Where appropriate and feasible, the commissioner shall identify and implement alternative methods of regulation and enforcement to the extent authorized in this subdivision. These methods shall include:

(1) expansion of the types and categories of licenses that may be granted;

(2) when the standards of an independent accreditation body have been shown to predict compliance with the rules, the commissioner shall consider compliance with the accreditation standards to be equivalent to partial compliance with the rules; and

(3) use of an abbreviated inspection that employs key standards that have been shown to predict full compliance with the rules.

If the commissioner determines that the methods in clause (2) or (3) can be used in licensing a program, the commissioner may reduce any fee set under section 10 by up to 50 percent.

(b) The commissioner shall work with the commissioners of health, public safety, administration, and education in consolidating duplicative licensing and certification rules and standards if the commissioner determines that consolidation is administratively feasible, would significantly reduce the cost of licensing, and would not reduce the protection given to persons receiving services in licensed programs. Where administratively feasible and appropriate, the commissioner shall work with the commissioners of health, public safety, administration, and education in conducting joint agency inspections of programs.

(c) The commissioner shall work with the commissioners of health, public safety, administration, and education in establishing a single point of application for applicants who are required to obtain concurrent licensure from more than one of the commissioners listed in this clause.

Subd. 3. [FEE REDUCTIONS.] If the commissioner determines that the methods in subdivision 2, clause (2) or (3), can be used in licensing a program, the commissioner shall reduce licensure fees by up to 50 percent. The commissioner may adopt rules to provide for the reduction of fees when a license holder substantially exceeds the basic standards for licensure.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 254B.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [STATE COLLECTIONS.] The commissioner is responsible for all collections from persons determined to be partially responsible for the cost of care of an eligible person receiving services under Laws 1986, chapter 394, sections 8 to 20. The commissioner may collect all third-party payments for chemical dependency services provided under Laws 1986, chapter 394, sections 8 to 20, including private insurance and federal medicaid and medicare financial participation. The commissioner shall deposit in ~~the general fund~~ a dedicated account a percentage of collections to pay for the cost of operating the chemical dependency consolidated treatment fund invoice processing and vendor payment system, billing, and collections. The remaining receipts must be deposited in the chemical dependency fund.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 254B.08, is amended to read:

#### 254B.08 [FEDERAL WAIVERS.]

The commissioner shall apply for any federal waivers necessary to secure, to the extent allowed by law, federal financial participation for the provision of services to persons who need chemical dependency services. The commissioner may seek amendments to the waivers or apply for additional waivers to contain costs. The commissioner shall ensure that payment for the cost of providing chemical dependency services under the federal waiver plan does not exceed the cost of chemical dependency services that would have been provided without the waived services.

Notwithstanding sections 254B.04 and 256B.02, subdivision 8, clause (18), and rules adopted under section 254B.03, subdivision 5, persons eligible under section 256B.06 for medical assistance benefits shall not be eligible for services reimbursed through the consolidated chemical dependency fund, except for transitional rehabilitation, extended care programs, and culturally specific pro-

grams as defined by Minnesota Rules, part 9530.6605, subpart 13, until the federal Social Security Act, section 2108 (1915B), program waivers are secured. Until the necessary federal program waivers are secured, persons eligible for medical assistance benefits under section 256B.06 shall be eligible for chemical dependency treatment services under section 256B.02, subdivision 8.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 254B.09, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [TRIBAL NONPARTICIPATION.] If a federally recognized tribal governing body has not entered into an agreement under subdivision 2 or cancels the agreement, money must be reallocated to the account established by subdivision 5 4.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 254B.09, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [TRIBAL RESERVE ACCOUNT.] The commissioner shall reserve 7.5 percent of the American Indian chemical dependency account. The reserve must be allocated to those tribal units that have used all money allocated under subdivision 4 according to agreements made under subdivision 2. An American Indian tribal governing body may receive not more than 30 percent of the reserve account in a year. Reserve payments shall be made only for persons entitled to services under section 254B.04, subdivision 1. Money must be allocated as invoices are received.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 254B.09, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [NONRESERVATION INDIAN ACCOUNT.] Fifty percent of the American Indian chemical dependency allocation must be held in reserve by the commissioner in an account for treatment of Indians not residing on lands of a reservation receiving money under subdivision 4. This money must be used to pay for services certified by county invoice to have been provided to an American Indian eligible recipient. Money allocated under this subdivision may be used for payments on behalf of American Indian county residents only if, in addition to other placement standards, the county certifies that the placement was appropriate to the cultural orientation of the client. Any funds for treatment of nonreservation Indians remaining at the end of a fiscal year shall be reallocated under section 254B.02."

Page 8, line 5, after "of service" insert "exclusive of county administrative costs"

Page 8, line 11, after "providers." insert "The county shall provide a written statement of the reasons for not selecting providers."

Page 9, after line 8, insert:

"Sec. 25. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.968, is repealed."

Renumber the sections in sequence

Page 9, delete line 10 and insert "Section 14 is effective the day following enactment. Sections 20 to 24 are effective July 1, 1987."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to human services; clarifying statutes relating to the preadmission screening program; clarifying chemical dependency consolidated fund administration procedures; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 246.51; 246.511; 254B.01, subdivision 5; 254B.02, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, and 5; 254B.03, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5; 254B.04; 254B.05; 254B.06, subdivision 1; 254B.08; 254B.09, subdivisions 3, 5, and 7; and 256B.091, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 6, and 8; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.968."

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

S. F. No. 593, A bill for an act relating to human services; clarifying statutes relating to the preadmission screening program; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.091, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 6, and 8.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 126 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, R.	Clausnitzer	Hugoson	Kostohryz	Nelson, C.
Battaglia	Cooper	Jacobs	Krueger	Nelson, D.
Bauerly	Dauner	Jaros	Larsen	Nelson, K.
Beard	DeBlicke	Jefferson	Lasley	Neuenschwander
Begich	Dille	Jennings	Lieder	O'Connor
Bennett	Dorn	Johnson, A.	Long	Ogren
Bertram	Forsythe	Johnson, R.	Marsh	Olsen, S.
Bishop	Frederick	Johnson, V.	McEachern	Olson, E.
Blatz	Frerichs	Kahn	McLaughlin	Olson, K.
Boo	Greenfield	Kalis	McPherson	Omann
Brown	Gruenes	Kelly	Millert	Onnen
Burger	Gutknecht	Kelso	Miller	Orenstein
Carlson, D.	Hartle	Kinkel	Minne	Otis
Carlson, L.	Haukoos	Kludt	Morrison	Ozment
Carruthers	Heap	Knickerbocker	Munger	Pappas
Clark	Himle	Knuth	Murphy	Pauly

Pelowski	Riveness	Segal	Thiede	Waltman
Poppenhagen	Rodosovich	Shaver	Tjornhom	Welle
Price	Rose	Simoneau	Trimble	Wenzel
Quinn	Rukavina	Skoglund	Tunheim	Winter
Quist	Sarna	Solberg	Uphus	Wynia
Redalen	Schafer	Sparby	Valento	Spk. Norton
Reding	Scheid	Stanius	Vanasek	
Rest	Schoenfeld	Steensma	Vellenga	
Rice	Schreiber	Sviggum	Voss	
Richter	Seaberg	Swenson	Wagenius	

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 368, A bill for an act relating to eminent domain; increasing appraisal fees awarded by commissioners; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 117.085.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 127 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, R.	Gruenes	Lasley	Pappas	Skoglund
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Lieder	Pauly	Solberg
Bauerly	Hartle	Long	Pelowski	Sparby
Beard	Haukoos	Marsh	Peterson	Stanius
Begich	Heap	McEachern	Poppenhagen	Steensma
Bennett	Himle	McLaughlin	Price	Sviggum
Bertram	Hugoson	McPherson	Quinn	Swenson
Bishop	Jacobs	Milbert	Quist	Thiede
Blatz	Jaros	Miller	Redalen	Tjornhom
Boo	Jefferson	Morrison	Reding	Trimble
Brown	Jennings	Munger	Rest	Tunheim
Burger	Jensen	Murphy	Rice	Uphus
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Valento
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vanasek
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Clark	Kahn	Neuenschwander	Rose	Voss
Clausnitzer	Kalis	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
Cooper	Kelly	Ogren	Sarna	Waltman
Dauner	Kelso	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Welle
DeBlicke	Kinkel	Olson, E.	Scheid	Wenzel
Dille	Kludt	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Omann	Schreiber	Wynia
Forsythe	Knuth	Onnen	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Frederick	Kostohryz	Orenstein	Segal	
Frerichs	Krueger	Otis	Shaver	
Greenfield	Larsen	Ozment	Simoneau	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 377 was reported to the House.

Johnson, A., moved to amend S. F. No. 377, the unofficial engrossment, as follows:



Page 5, after line 33, insert:

"Sec. 5. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Section 2 is effective the day following final enactment."

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Pappas moved to amend S. F. No. 377, the unofficial engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 1, after line 13, insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 15.0575, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [COMPENSATION.] Members of the boards shall be compensated at the rate of \$35 per day spent on board activities, when authorized by the board, plus expenses in the same manner and amount as authorized by the commissioner's plan adopted pursuant to section 43A.18, subdivision 2. Members who, as a result of time spent attending board meetings, incur child care expenses that would not otherwise have been incurred, may be reimbursed for those expenses upon board authorization. Members who are full-time state employees or full-time employees of the political subdivisions of the state shall not receive the \$35 per day, but they shall suffer no loss in compensation or benefits from the state or a political subdivision as a result of their service on the board. Members who are full-time state employees or full-time employees of the political subdivisions of the state may receive the expenses provided for in this subdivision unless the expenses are reimbursed by another source. Members who are state employees or employees of political subdivisions of the state may be reimbursed for child care expenses only for time spent on board activities that are outside their normal working hours.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 15.059, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [COMPENSATION.] Members of the advisory councils and committees shall be compensated at the rate of \$35 per day spent on council or committee activities, when authorized by the council or committee, plus expenses in the same manner and amount as authorized by the commissioner's plan adopted pursuant to section 43A.18, subdivision 2. Members who, as a result of time spent attending council or committee meetings, incur child care expenses that would not otherwise have been incurred, may be reimbursed for those expenses upon council or committee authorization. If members who are state employees or employees of political subdivisions receive the \$35 per day, and if the major part of their

activities occur during normal working hours for which they are also compensated by the state or political subdivision, the employer shall deduct the \$35 from the employee's compensation for the day. In no other case shall a member who is an employee of the state or a political subdivision suffer a loss in compensation or benefits from the state or political subdivision as a result of service on the council or committee. Members who are full-time state employees or full-time employees of the political subdivisions of the state may receive the expenses provided for in this section unless the expenses are reimbursed by another source. Members who are state employees or employees of political subdivisions of the state may be reimbursed for child care expenses only for time spent on board activities that are outside their normal working hours.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 15.059, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [ADVISORY TASK FORCES.] If the existence of an advisory task force is mandated by statute, the task force shall expire on the date specified in the enabling legislation. If no expiration date is specified, the task force shall expire two years after the effective date of the act creating the advisory task force. If the existence of a task force is authorized but not mandated by statute, the task force shall expire at the pleasure of the person or group which creates the task force, or two years after the first members of the task force are appointed, whichever is sooner. A person or group with discretionary authority to create a task force may create another task force to continue the work of a task force which expires, unless prohibited by other law.

Members of advisory task forces shall not receive the \$35 per diem specified in this section but shall receive expenses in the same manner and amount as provided in the commissioner's plan under section 43A.18, subdivision 2. Members who, as a result of time spent attending task force meetings, incur child care expenses that would not otherwise have been incurred, may be reimbursed for those expenses upon task force authorization. Members who are state employees or employees of political subdivisions of the state may be reimbursed for child care expenses only for time spent on board activities that are outside their normal working hours. Members appointed to these advisory task forces shall serve until the expiration date of the advisory task force and may be removed pursuant to subdivision 4.

Page 2, after line 2, insert:

"Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 214.09, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [COMPENSATION.] Members of the boards shall be compensated at the rate of \$35 per day spent on board activities,

when authorized by the board, plus expenses in the same manner and amount as authorized by the commissioner's plan adopted according to section 43A.18, subdivision 2. Members who, as a result of time spent attending board meetings, incur child care expenses that would not otherwise have been incurred, may be reimbursed for those expenses upon board authorization. If members who are full-time state employees or employees of the political subdivisions of the state receive the \$35 per day, and if the major part of their activities occur during normal working hours for which they are also compensated by the state or political subdivision, the employer shall deduct the \$35 from the employee's compensation for that day. In no other case shall a board member who is an employee of the state or political subdivision suffer a loss in compensation or benefits as a result of service on the board. Members who are state employees or employees of the political subdivisions of the state may receive the expenses provided for in this subdivision unless the expenses are reimbursed by another source. Members who are state employees or employees of political subdivisions of the state may be reimbursed for child care expenses only for time spent on board activities that are outside their normal working hours."

Renumber the sections in sequence

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 9, after the semicolon insert "providing reimbursement for certain child care expenses incurred in connection with service on state boards, councils, committees, and task forces;"

Page 1, line 11, after "sections" insert "15.0575, subdivision 3; 15.059, subdivisions 3 and 6;" and after "16B.67;" insert "214.09, subdivision 3;"

#### POINT OF ORDER

Onnen raised a point of order pursuant to rule 3.9 that the Pappas amendment was not in order. Speaker pro tempore Simoneau ruled the point of order not well taken and the amendment in order.

#### POINT OF ORDER

Swiggum raised a point of order pursuant to rule 3.10 that the Pappas amendment was not in order. Speaker pro tempore Simoneau ruled the point of order not well taken and the amendment in order.

The question recurred on the adoption of the Pappas amendment to S. F. No. 377, the unofficial engrossment, as amended. The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Bennett moved to amend S. F. No. 377, the unofficial engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 3, line 5, after "members." insert "In its selection of an executive director, the council must, if possible, select a qualified person with a disability."

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

S. F. No. 377, A bill for an act relating to state government; regulating the state council for the handicapped; extending the time for appeals by the council from state building code decisions affecting the interests of handicapped persons; changing the name of the council; amending the duties and responsibilities of the council; authorizing the council to initiate or intervene in proceedings affecting handicapped persons; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 16B.67; and 256.482.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 124 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, R.	Gruenes	Lasley	Ozment	Simoneau
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Lieder	Pappas	Skoglund
Bauerly	Hartle	Long	Pauly	Solberg
Beard	Haukoos	Marsh	Pelowski	Sparby
Begich	Heap	McEachern	Peterson	Stanius
Bennett	Himle	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Steensma
Bertram	Hugoson	McPherson	Price	Sviggum
Bishop	Jacobs	Milbert	Quinn	Swenson
Blatz	Jaros	Miller	Quist	Thiede
Boo	Jefferson	Morrison	Redalen	Tjornhom
Brown	Jennings	Munger	Reding	Trimble
Burger	Jensen	Murphy	Rest	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Uphus
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Nelson, D.	Richter	Valento
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Vanasek
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Cooper	Kalis	O'Connor	Rukavina	Voss
Dauner	Kelly	Ogren	Sarna	Wagenius
DeBleeck	Kelso	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Waltman
Dille	Kinkel	Olson, E.	Scheid	Welle
Dorn	Kludt	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Wenzel
Forsythe	Knickerbocker	Omam	Schreiber	Winter
Frederick	Knuth	Onnen	Seaberg	Wynia
Frerichs	Kostohryz	Orenstein	Segal	Spk. Norton
Greenfield	Larsen	Otis	Shaver	

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 587 was reported to the House.

Sarna moved to amend S. F. No. 587, as follows:

Page 2, after line 12, insert:

"Sec. 2. Laws 1949, chapter 406, section 4, subdivisions 2 and 3, as amended by Laws 1953, chapter 127, section 4; Laws 1965, chapter 534, section 1; Laws 1967, chapter 825, section 1; Laws 1969, chapter 258, section 1; Laws 1973, chapter 272, section 1; Laws 1975, chapter 428, section 1; and Laws 1983, chapter 88, section 7, is amended to read:

**Sec. 7. [MINNEAPOLIS, CITY OF; POLICEMEN'S POLICE PENSIONS.]**

The policemen's police pension fund shall be used only for the payment of:

- (a) Service, disability or dependency pensions;
- (b) Salaries of the secretary of the association in an amount not to exceed 30 percent of the base salary of a top-grade patrolman and of the president of the association in an amount not to exceed ten percent of the base salary of a top-grade patrolman;
- (c) Expenses of officers and employees of the association in connection with the protection of the fund;
- (d) All expenses of operating and maintaining the association;
- (e) Hospital and medical insurance for pensioners who have completed 20 years or more of service or permanent disabilitants and widows surviving spouses of deceased active members, disabilitants, or service pensioners who have completed 20 years or more of service of one unit per month, such one unit to be added to the pension otherwise provided for herein; provided that a pensioner or widow surviving spouse may in writing authorize a deduction from their pension for an insurance plan adopted by the association;
- (f) Health and welfare benefits of one unit per month in addition to other benefits for members who retire after July 1, 1980 and have completed 20 years or more of service or members who are permanent disabilitants; and
- (g) Other expenses authorized by law.

Sec. 3. Laws 1949, chapter 406, section 5, subdivision 1, as amended by Laws 1953, chapter 127, section 5, subdivision 1, Laws 1969, chapter 560, section 1, and Laws 1983, chapter 88, section 8, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [PERSON'S MINNEAPOLIS POLICE; PERSONS ENTITLED TO RECEIVE.] The association shall grant pensions payable from the policemen's police pension fund in monthly installments, in the manner and for the following purposes:

(1) Any active member of the age of 50 years or more, and any deferred pensioner who performs has performed duty as a member of the police department of the city for 20 five years or more, upon his written application after retiring from such duty ; shall and reaching at least age 50 is entitled to be paid monthly during his lifetime a for life a service pension equal to 32 units and an additional unit for each year of such service in excess of 20 years, but after completion of the 25th year of service the member shall receive 40 units thereafter.

(2) Any active member who performs duty as a member of the police department of the city for 20 years or more who retires from such duty before he attains the age of 50 years, upon his written application after reaching the age of 50 years shall be paid monthly during his lifetime a pension equal to 32 units and an additional unit for each year of such service in excess of 20 years, but after completion of the 25th year of service the member shall receive 40 units thereafter eight units. For full years of service beyond five years, the service pension increases to a maximum of 40 units, as follows:

<u>Sixth through 20th years.....</u>	<u>1.6 units per year</u>
<u>21st through 24th years .....</u>	<u>1.0 units per year</u>
<u>25th year .....</u>	<u>4.0 units.</u>

Fractional years of service may not be used in computing pensions.

(3) To (2) Any active member who shall, after ten five years' service but with less than 20 years' service with the police department of the city, become becomes superannuated so as to be permanently unable to perform his assigned duties, there shall be paid monthly during his lifetime for life a pension equal to 12 two units for ten five years of service and an additional two units for each completed full year of such service over ten five years and less than 20 years.

(4) To (3) Any active member not eligible for a service pension who, while a member of the police department of the city, becomes diseased or sustains an injury while in the service which permanently unfits him the member for the performance of police duties, there shall be paid monthly during his lifetime for life a pension equal to 32 units while so disabled.

Sec. 4. Laws 1949, chapter 406, section 5, subdivision 3, as amended by Laws 1953, chapter 127, section 5, subdivision 2, and Laws 1983, chapter 88, section 9, is amended to read:

**Subd. 2. [PAYMENTS, MEMBER SEPARATED FROM THE SERVICE MINNEAPOLIS POLICE; REFUNDS PROHIBITED.]** If an active member of the police department of the city is separated from the service after having completed not less than five years of service, under such circumstances that no pension benefits are payable to him or to his widow or to his children, the association shall return to him the sum of \$500, with an additional \$100 for each completed year of service in excess of five. In the event the member is reinstated to police duty all moneys paid him shall be returned to the pension fund within six months from the date of the reinstatement. Failure to do so relieves the association from any liability as to prior years of service credit as to reinstatement date. In case of the death of the member any such sums shall be paid to his heirs, executors, or administrators. No refund of contributions may be made upon separation from service; provided, however, that if an active member dies leaving no surviving spouse or children, the member's heirs, executors, or administrators are entitled to a refund of \$100 for each completed year of service.

Sec. 5. Laws 1949, chapter 406, section 6, subdivision 1, as amended by Laws 1953, chapter 127, section 6, and Laws 1967, chapter 820, section 1, is amended to read:

**Subdivision 1. [MINNEAPOLIS POLICE SURVIVOR BENEFITS; PERSONS TO WHOM GRANTED.]** The association shall grant pensions or benefits payable from the policemen's police pension fund to any member or to any widow surviving spouse or to any child under 18 years of age or any member from the time and for the following purposes:

When a service pensioner, disability pensioner, or deferred pensioner, or an active member of a relief association dies, leaving

(1) a widow surviving spouse, who was his a legally married wife spouse, residing with him the decedent, and who was married while or prior to the time he the decedent was on the payroll of the police department; and who, in case the deceased member was a service or deferred pensioner, was legally married to the member at least one year before his retirement from the police department; or

(2) a child or children, who were living while the deceased was on the payroll of the police department or born within nine months after the decedent was withdrawn from such the payroll, the widow surviving spouse and child, or children, shall be entitled to a pension, or pensions, as follows:

(a) To the widow surviving spouse of a deceased active member or disablitant, a pension of 18 units per month for life. If the surviving spouse remarries, the pension ceases as of the date of the remarriage.

(b) To the surviving spouse of a deceased deferred or retired member, a pension of 18 4.5 units per month for her natural life; but, plus an additional nine-tenths of one unit per month for every year of service of the decedent beyond five years to a maximum of 18 units. If she remarry the surviving spouse remarries, the pension shall cease ceases as of the date of the remarriage.

(b) (c) To each child of a deceased active member or disablitant, a pension of six units per month until the child reaches the age of 18 years; or in the case of a child in full-time attendance during the normal school year, in a school approved by the board of directors, until the child receives a bachelor's degree or attains the age of 22 years, whichever occurs first.

(d) To each child of a deceased deferred or retired member, a pension of 1.5 units per month plus three-tenths of one unit per month for every year of service of the decedent beyond five years to a maximum of six units until the child reaches the age of 18 years; or, in the case of a child in full-time attendance during the normal school year in a school approved by the board of directors, until the child receives a bachelor's degree or attains the age of 22 years, whichever is first.

The total pensions hereunder for the widow surviving spouse and children of a deceased member shall not exceed 32 units per month.

Sec. 6. Laws 1980, chapter 607, article 15, section 9, is amended to read:

Sec. 9. [MINNEAPOLIS POLICE AND FIRE; HEALTH AND WELFARE BENEFIT.] Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, any person who, after July 1, 1980, retires on a service pension with at least 20 years of service or a permanent disability benefit from the Minneapolis police relief association or the Minneapolis firefighters relief association shall be entitled on January 1, 1981, or upon the date of retirement, whichever occurs later, to receive a monthly health and welfare benefit unless the city of Minneapolis elects to retain the local relief association by the adoption of a municipal resolution pursuant to section 4, subdivision 1. The monthly health and welfare benefit shall be an amount equal to one unit as defined pursuant to Laws 1963, Chapter 315, Section 1, Subdivision 3, for the Minneapolis police relief association, or Minnesota Statutes, section 69.45, for the Minneapolis firefighters relief association, whichever is applicable. The monthly health and welfare benefit shall be paid to the retired member unless the retired member designates in writing that the amount be paid to an



insurance carrier to defray the cost of any health or welfare related insurance coverage.

Sec. 7. [SAVINGS CLAUSE.]

Nothing in sections 2 to 6 impairs or diminishes the benefits paid to members, spouses, or children of a member of the Minneapolis police relief association or the entitlement that members, spouses, or children had to benefits before the effective date of sections 2 to 6.

Sec. 8. [EFFECTIVE DATES.]

Sections 2 to 7 are effective upon approval by the Minneapolis council and compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021."

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 2, after "state" insert "and local"

Page 1, line 4, after the semicolon insert "Minneapolis police relief association service pensions and survivor benefits;"

Page 1, line 6, before the period insert "and Laws 1949, chapter 406, section 4, subdivisions 2 and 3, as amended, section 5, subdivisions 1 and 3, as amended, and section 6, subdivision 1; and Laws 1980, chapter 607, article 15, section 9."

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

SUSPENSION OF RULES

Pursuant to Article IV, Section 19, of the Constitution of the state of Minnesota, Beard moved that the rule therein be suspended and an urgency be declared so that S. F. No. 587, as amended, be given its third reading and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

Beard moved that the Rules of the House be so far suspended that S. F. No. 587, as amended, be given its third reading and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 587, A bill for an act relating to state government; adding certain emergency personnel to the list of people eligible for benefits from the peace officers benefit fund; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 176B.01, subdivision 2.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 128 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, R.	Gruenes	Lasley	Ozment	Simoneau
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Lieder	Pappas	Skoglund
Bauerly	Hartle	Long	Pauly	Solberg
Beard	Haukoos	Marsh	Pelowski	Sparby
Begich	Heap	McEachern	Peterson	Stanius
Bennett	Himle	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Steenasma
Bertram	Hugoson	McPherson	Price	Sviggum
Bishop	Jacobs	Milbert	Quinn	Swenson
Blatz	Jaros	Miller	Quist	Thiede
Boo	Jefferson	Minne	Redalen	Tjornhom
Brown	Jennings	Morrison	Reding	Trimble
Burger	Jensen	Munger	Rest	Tunheim
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Murphy	Rice	Uphus
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Valento
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vanasek
Clark	Kahn	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Neuenschwander	Rose	Voss
Cooper	Kelly	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dauner	Kelso	Ogren	Sarna	Waltman
DeBlicke	Kinkel	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Welle
Dille	Kludt	Olsen, E.	Scheid	Wenzel
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Forsythe	Knuth	Omann	Schreiber	Wynia
Frederick	Kostohryz	Onnen	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Frerichs	Krueger	Orenstein	Segal	
Greenfield	Larsen	Otis	Shaver	

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

The following Conference Committee Report was received:

#### CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 234

A bill for an act relating to employment; establishing unpaid leave of absences for new parents; setting conditions on return from leave; creating a cause of action; prohibiting cost of parental leave from increasing unemployment insurance experience rating; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.06, subdivision 5; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 181.

May 16, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 234, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House concur in the Senate amendment and that H. F. No. 234 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

“Section 1. [181.93] [DEFINITIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [SCOPE.] For the purposes of sections 1 to 5, the following terms have the meanings given to them in this section.

Subd. 2. [EMPLOYEE.] “Employee” means a person who performs services for hire for an employer, for an average of 20 or more hours per week, and includes all individuals employed at any site owned or operated by an employer. Employee does not include an independent contractor.

Subd. 3. [EMPLOYER.] “Employer” means a person or entity that employs 21 or more employees at least one site and includes an individual, corporation, partnership, association, nonprofit organization, group of persons, state, county, town, city, school district, or other governmental subdivision.

Sec. 2. [181.94] [PARENTING LEAVE.]

Subdivision 1. [SIX-WEEK LEAVE; BIRTH OR ADOPTION.] An employer must grant an unpaid leave of absence to an employee who has been employed by the employer for at least 12 months and who is a natural or adoptive parent in conjunction with the birth or adoption of a child. The length of the leave shall be determined by the employee, but may not exceed six weeks, unless agreed to by the employer.

Subd. 2. [START OF LEAVE.] The leave shall begin at a time requested by the employee. The employer may adopt reasonable policies governing the timing of requests for unpaid leave. The leave may begin not more than six weeks after the birth or adoption.

Subd. 3. [NO EMPLOYER RETRIBUTION.] An employer shall not retaliate against an employee for requesting or obtaining a leave of absence as provided by this section.

Subd. 4. [CONTINUED INSURANCE.] The employer shall continue to make coverage available to the employee, while on leave of absence, under any group insurance policy, group subscriber contract, or health care plan for the employee and any dependents. Nothing in this section requires the employer to pay the costs of the insurance or health care while the employee is on leave of absence.

Sec. 3. [181.95] [REINSTATEMENT AFTER LEAVE.]

Subdivision 1. [COMPARABLE POSITION.] An employee returning from a leave of absence shall be entitled to return to employment in the employee's former position or in a position of comparable duties, number of hours, and pay. An employee returning from a leave of absence longer than one month must notify a supervisor at least two weeks prior to return from leave.

If, during the leave, the employer experiences a layoff and the employee would have lost a position had the employee not been on leave, pursuant to the good faith operation of a bona fide layoff and recall system, including a system under a collective bargaining agreement, the employee is not entitled to reinstatement in the former or comparable position. In such circumstances, the employee retains all rights under the layoff and recall system, including a system under a collective bargaining agreement, as if the employee had not taken the leave.

Subd. 2. [PAY; BENEFITS; ON RETURN.] An employee returning from a leave of absence shall return to work at the same rate of pay the employee had been receiving when the leave commenced, plus any automatic adjustments in the employee's pay scale that occurred during leave period. The employee returning from a leave shall retain all accrued preleave benefits of employment and seniority, as if there had been no interruption in service; provided that nothing in sections 1 to 4 prevents the accrual of benefits or seniority during the leave pursuant to a collective bargaining or other agreement between the employer and employees.

Subd. 3. [PART-TIME RETURN.] An employee, by agreement with the employer, may return to work part time during the leave period without forfeiting the right to return to employment at the end of the leave period, as provided in sections 1 to 4.

#### Sec. 4. [181.97] [RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LEAVE.]

The length of leave provided by this act may be reduced by any period of paid parental or disability leave provided by the employer, so that the total leave does not exceed six weeks, unless agreed to by the employer.

Nothing in sections 1 to 4 prevents any employer from providing parental leave benefits in addition to those provided in sections 1 to 4 or otherwise affects an employee's rights with respect to any other employment benefit.

#### Sec. 5. [181.98] [INDIVIDUAL REMEDIES.]

In addition to any remedies otherwise provided by law, any person injured by a violation of sections 1 to 4 may bring a civil action to recover any and all damages recoverable at law, together with costs and disbursements, including reasonable attorney's fees, and may

receive injunctive and other equitable relief as determined by a court."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to employment; establishing unpaid leave of absences for new parents; setting conditions on return from leave; creating a cause of action; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 181."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: PETER McLAUGHLIN, KATHLEEN A. BLATZ AND ANN H. REST.

Senate Conferees: DONNA C. PETERSON, PAT PIPER AND DON FRANK.

McLaughlin moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 234 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 234, A bill for an act relating to employment; establishing unpaid leave of absences for new parents; setting conditions on return from leave; creating a cause of action; prohibiting cost of parental leave from increasing unemployment insurance experience rating; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.06, subdivision 5; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 181.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 112 yeas and 14 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, R.	Carlson, L.	Himle	Kelso	McLaughlin
Battaglia	Carruthers	Jacobs	Kinkel	McPherson
Bauerly	Clark	Jaros	Kludt	Milbert
Beard	Cooper	Jefferson	Knickerbocker	Minne
Begich	DeBlieck	Jennings	Knuth	Morrison
Bennett	Dille	Jensen	Kostohryz	Munger
Bertram	Dorn	Johnson, A.	Krueger	Murphy
Bishop	Forsythe	Johnson, R.	Larsen	Nelson, C.
Blatz	Greenfield	Johnson, V.	Lasley	Nelson, D.
Boo	Gruenes	Kahn	Long	Nelson, K.
Brown	Gutknecht	Kalis	Marsh	Neuenschwander
Burger	Hartle	Kelly	McEachern	O'Connor

Ogren	Pelowski	Rukavina	Stanius	Voss
Olsen, S.	Peterson	Sarna	Steensma	Wagenius
Olson, E.	Price	Scheid	Sviggum	Waltman
Olson, K.	Quinn	Schoenfeld	Swenson	Welle
Omann	Redalen	Schreiber	Tjornhom	Wenzel
Onnen	Reding	Seaberg	Trimble	Winter
Orenstein	Rest	Segal	Tunheim	Wynia
Otis	Rice	Simoneau	Uphus	Spk. Norton
Ozment	Riveness	Skoglund	Valento	
Pappas	Rodosovich	Solberg	Vanasek	
Pauly	Rose	Sparby	Vellenga	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Clausnitzer	Frerichs	Hugoson	Quist	Shaver
Dauner	Haukoos	Miller	Richter	Thiede
Frederick	Heap	Poppenhagen	Schafer	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

### SPECIAL ORDERS, Continued

The Speaker resumed the Chair.

Rodosovich and Anderson, R., were excused while in conference.

H. F. No. 777 was reported to the House.

Frerichs moved to amend H. F. No. 777, the third engrossment, as follows:

Page 2, line 32, delete "No"

Page 2, line 33, delete "absence" and insert "use"

Page 2, line 34, delete "may" and insert "must"

Page 3, line 2, delete "not"

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Frerichs amendment and the roll was called. There were 26 yeas and 80 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bennett	Blatz	Burger	Forsythe	Gruenes
Bishop	Boo	Clausnitzer	Frerichs	Gutknecht

Haukoos	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Swenson
Heap	Pauly	Schreiber	Thiede
Knickerbocker	Price	Shaver	Tjornhom
Marsh	Rose	Stanius	Valento

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bauerly	Jaros	Lieder	Omann	Segal
Beard	Jefferson	Long	Onnen	Simoneau
Bertram	Jensen	McEachern	Orenstein	Solberg
Brown	Johnson, A.	McPherson	Otis	Sparby
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Milbert	Ozment	Steensma
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Minne	Pelowski	Sviggum
Clark	Kahn	Morrison	Peterson	Trimble
Cooper	Kalis	Munger	Poppenhagen	Tunheim
Dauner	Kelly	Murphy	Quinn	Uphus
DeBlieck	Kelso	Nelson, C.	Reding	Vanasek
Dorn	Kinkel	Nelson, K.	Rice	Vellenga
Frederick	Kludt	Neuenschwander	Richter	Voss
Greenfield	Kostohryz	O'Connor	Rukavina	Waltman
Hartle	Krueger	Ogren	Scheid	Wenzel
Himle	Larsen	Olson, E.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Hugoson	Lasley	Olson, K.	Seaberg	Spk. Norton

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

H. F. No. 777, A bill for an act relating to motor fuels; trade practices; extending the expiration of the ethanol development fund to the year 2000; prohibiting "no ethanol" signs; appropriating money for promoting ethanol; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 41A.09, subdivisions 3 and 5; and 325E.09, subdivision 4.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 85 yeas and 26 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Battaglia	Himle	Lasley	Onnen	Schoenfeld
Begich	Hugoson	Lieder	Otis	Seaberg
Bertram	Jaros	McEachern	Ozment	Solberg
Bishop	Jefferson	McPherson	Pauly	Sparby
Boo	Jennings	Miller	Pelowski	Steensma
Brown	Jensen	Minne	Peterson	Sviggum
Burger	Johnson, A.	Morrison	Poppenhagen	Swenson
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Munger	Price	Tunheim
Clark	Kahn	Murphy	Quinn	Uphus
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, C.	Quist	Valento
Dauner	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Redalen	Vanasek
DeBlieck	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Reding	Voss
Dille	Kinkel	O'Connor	Rice	Waltman
Dorn	Kludt	Ogren	Richter	Welle
Frederick	Knuth	Olson, E.	Rukavina	Wenzel
Greenfield	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Sarna	Winter
Hartle	Krueger	Omann	Schafer	Spk. Norton

Those who voted in the negative were:

Beard	Gutknecht	Marsh	Rose	Trimble
Bennett	Haukoos	Milbert	Scheid	Wagenius
Carlson, L.	Heap	Olsen, S.	Shaver	
Clausnitzer	Jacobs	Orenstein	Stanius	
Forsythe	Knickerbocker	Rest	Thiede	
Gruenes	Larsen	Riveness	Tjornhom	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

Jennings was excused for the remainder of today's session.

There being no objection, the order of business reverted to Messages from the Senate.

### MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

The following message was received from the Senate:

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

S. F. No. 1516.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S. F. NO. 1516

A bill for an act relating to the organization and operation of state government; appropriating money for the department of transportation and other agencies with certain conditions; fixing and limiting fees; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 12.14; 17A.04, subdivision 5; 18.51, subdivision 2; 18.52, subdivision 5; 18.53; 27.041, subdivision 2; 28A.08; 32.075; 32.59; 60A.14, subdivision 1; 60A.206, subdivision 2; 60A.23, subdivision 7; 70A.14, subdivision 4; 83.23, subdivisions 2 and 3; 83.30, subdivision 2; 138.65; 138.91, by adding a subdivision; 309.531, subdivision 1; 326.241, subdivision 3; 326.244, subdivision 2; 332.33, subdivisions 3 and 4; amending Laws 1975, chapter 235, section 2, as amended.



May 17, 1987

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S. F. No. 1516, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House recede from its amendment and that S. F. No. 1516 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

“Section 1. [TRANSPORTATION AND OTHER AGENCIES; APPROPRIATIONS.]

The sums shown in the columns marked “APPROPRIATIONS” are appropriated from the general fund, or another named fund, to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this act, to be available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures “1987,” “1988,” and “1989,” where used in this act, mean that the appropriation or appropriations listed under them are available for the year ending June 30, 1987, June 30, 1988, or June 30, 1989, respectively.

#### SUMMARY BY FUND

	1987	1988	1989	TOTAL
General	\$1,089,200	\$ 89,791,000	\$ 89,138,200	\$ 180,018,400
Special Revenue		4,310,400	4,660,400	8,970,800
Airports		10,910,800	11,707,000	22,617,800
M.S.A.S.		58,750,000	59,250,000	118,000,000
C.S.A.H.		183,550,000	184,915,000	368,465,000

Tr. Hwy.

648,724,900 646,769,000 1,295,493,900

Hwy. User

9,690,500 9,770,700 19,461,200

Transit Assistance

7,100,000 7,425,000 14,525,000

Motor Vehicle Transfer

868,800 868,800 1,737,600

Transfers to Other Direct

(1,600,400) (1,638,800) (3,239,200)

TOTAL

\$1,089,200 \$1,012,096,000 \$1,012,865,300 \$2,026,050,500

APPROPRIATIONS Available for the Year Ending June 30

1988 1989

\$ \$

Sec. 2. TRANSPORTATION

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation 855,432,300 856,083,400

1988 1989

Approved Complement - 4,651 4,648

General- 15 14

State Airports- 40 40

Trunk Highway- 4,580 4,580

Federal- 16 16

1988

1989

\$

\$

The appropriations in this section are from the trunk highway fund, except where another fund is named.

### Summary by Fund

General	\$ 5,107,200	\$ 4,912,200
Airports	\$ 10,910,800	\$ 11,707,000
M.S.A.S.	\$ 58,750,000	\$ 59,250,000
C.S.A.H.	\$183,550,000	\$184,915,000
Trunk Highway	\$594,825,500	\$592,930,400
Transit Assistance Fund	\$ 1,420,000	\$ 1,500,000
Motor Vehicle Transfer	\$ 868,800	\$ 868,800

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each program are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. Highway Development	596,998,500	597,409,700
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### Summary by Fund

M.S.A.S.	\$ 58,750,000	\$ 59,250,000
C.S.A.H.	\$183,550,000	\$184,915,000
Trunk Highway	\$353,829,700	\$352,375,900
Motor Vehicle Transfer	\$ 868,800	\$ 868,800

	1988	1989
(a) Trunk Highway Development	\$	\$
	1988	1989
	\$343,609,100	\$343,569,100

Summary by Fund

Trunk Highway	\$342,740,300	\$342,700,300
Motor Vehicle Transfer	\$ 868,800	\$ 868,800

It is estimated that the appropriation from the trunk highway fund will be funded as follows:

Federal Highway Aid	\$222,000,000	\$207,000,000
Highway User Taxes	\$120,740,300	\$135,700,300

The commissioner of transportation shall notify the chair of the senate finance committee and chair of the house appropriations committee promptly of any events that should cause these estimates to change.

This appropriation is for the actual construction, reconstruction, and improvement of trunk highways. This includes the cost of actual payment to land owners for lands acquired for highway right-of-way, payment to lessees, interest subsidies, and relocation expenses.

(b) County State Aids	\$183,550,000	\$184,915,000
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This appropriation is from the county state-aid highway fund and is available until spent.

(c) Municipal State Aids	\$ 58,750,000	\$ 59,250,000
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1988

1989

\$

\$

This appropriation is from the municipal state-aid street fund and is available until spent.

If an appropriation for either county state aids or municipal state aids does not exhaust the balance in the fund from which it is made in the year for which it is made, the commissioner of finance, upon request of the commissioner of transportation, shall notify the committee on finance of the senate and the committee on appropriations of the house of representatives of the amount of the remainder and shall then add that amount to the appropriation. The amount added is appropriated for the purposes of county state aids or municipal state aids, as appropriate.

(d) Highway Debt Service

\$ 11,089,400      \$ 9,675,600

For transfer to the state bond fund.

If this appropriation is insufficient to make all transfers required in the year for which it is made, the commissioner of finance shall notify the committee on finance of the senate and the committee on appropriations of the house of representatives of the amount of the deficiency and shall then transfer that amount under the statutory open appropriation.

Any excess appropriation must be canceled to the trunk highway fund.

Subd. 3. Highway Operations

169,520,600    169,138,700

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each activity are as follows:

(a) Maintenance

\$119,367,300      \$119,119,100

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
The commissioner of transportation shall assume the responsibility of operating the Anchor Lake travel information center effective July 1, 1987.		
(b) Construction Support		
	\$ 50,153,300	\$ 50,019,600
 Subd. 4. Technical Services	 38,444,200	 38,343,400

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each activity are as follows:

(a) Program Delivery  
       \$ 35,057,200      \$ 34,965,800

\$75,000 the first year and \$75,000 the second year are for a transportation research contingent account to finance research projects that are reimbursable from the federal government or from other sources. Expenditures from this account are subject to the approval of the commissioner of finance. Reimbursements must be deposited in the trunk highway fund. If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

(b) State Aid Technical Assistance  
       \$ 911,900      \$ 909,900

(c) Electronic Communications  
       \$ 2,475,100      \$ 2,467,700

Subd. 5. Non-Metropolitan Transit Assistance	5,800,000	5,720,000
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#### Summary by Fund

General	\$ 4,380,000	\$ 4,220,000
Transit Assistance	\$ 1,420,000	\$ 1,500,000

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
Any unencumbered balance remaining in the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year of the biennium.		
Subd. 6. Program Management	7,330,300	7,297,000

#### Summary by Fund

General	\$ 683,600	\$ 645,900
Trunk Highway	\$ 6,646,700	\$ 6,651,100

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each activity are as follows:

(a) Highway Programs	\$ 1,789,100	\$ 1,784,600
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#### Summary by Fund

General	\$ 70,900	\$ 70,900
Trunk Highway	\$ 1,718,200	\$ 1,713,700

\$225,000 the first year and \$225,000 the second year are available for grants to regional development commissions outside the seven-county metropolitan area for transportation studies to identify critical concerns, problems, and issues.

(b) Motor Carrier Safety and Compliance	\$ 1,062,200	\$ 1,059,600
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(c) Railroads and Waterways	\$ 908,200	\$ 905,900
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	\$	1988	\$	1989
Summary by Fund				
General	\$	233,600	\$	233,300
Trunk Highway	\$	674,600	\$	672,600
(d) Transit Administration	\$	594,000	\$	556,500

	\$	1988	\$	1989
Summary by Fund				
General	\$	379,100	\$	341,700
Trunk Highway	\$	214,900	\$	214,800
(e) Transportation Data, Research, and Analysis	\$	2,976,800	\$	2,990,400
Subd. 7. General Support Services		26,572,400		26,607,600

	\$	1988	\$	1989
Summary by Fund				
General	\$	43,600	\$	46,300
Airports	\$	144,500	\$	140,000
Trunk Highway	\$	26,384,300	\$	26,421,300

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each activity are as follows:

(a) Finance and Administration	\$	8,556,600	\$	8,530,500
(b) General Services	\$	7,355,100	\$	7,425,100

	\$	1988	\$	1989
Summary by Fund				
General	\$	38,900	\$	41,600



	\$	1988	\$	1989
Airports	\$	78,800	\$	83,100
Trunk Highway	\$	7,237,400	\$	7,300,400
(c) Equipment	\$	9,672,500	\$	9,663,800

If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

#### Summary by Fund

General	\$	4,700	\$	4,700
Airports	\$	65,700	\$	56,900
Trunk Highway	\$	9,602,100	\$	9,602,200
(d) Legal Services	\$	988,200	\$	988,200

This appropriation is for the purchase of legal services from or through the attorney general.

Subd. 8. Aeronautics	10,766,300	11,567,000
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This appropriation is from the state airports fund.

(a) Aeronautics Operations	\$	1,089,500	\$	1,156,800
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(b) Airport Development and Assistance	\$	9,572,700	\$	10,306,100
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\$1,563,700 the first year and \$1,546,600 the second year are for navigational aids.

\$4,828,800 the first year and \$5,689,100 the second year are for airport construction grants.

	1988	1989
\$1,713,000 the first year and \$1,713,000 the second year are for airport maintenance grants.	\$	\$

If the appropriation for either year for navigational aids, airport construction grants, or airport maintenance grants is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it. The appropriations for construction grants and maintenance grants must be expended only for grant-in-aid programs for airports that are not state owned.

These appropriations must be expended in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 360.305, subdivision 4.

The commissioner of transportation may transfer unencumbered balances among the appropriations for airport development and assistance with the approval of the governor after consultation with the legislative advisory commission.

\$8,000 the first year and \$8,000 the second year are for maintenance of the Pine Creek Airport.

(c) Air Transportation Services		
	\$ 39,100	\$ 39,100

(d) Civil Air Patrol		
	\$ 65,000	\$ 65,000

#### Subd. 9. Transfers

The commissioner of transportation with the approval of the commissioner of finance may transfer unencumbered balances among the appropriations from the trunk highway fund and the state airports fund made in this section. No transfer may be made from the appropriation for trunk highway development. No transfer may be made from

	1988	1989
	\$	\$

the appropriations for debt service to any other appropriation. Transfers may not be made between funds. Transfers must be reported immediately to the committee on finance of the senate and the committee on appropriations of the house of representatives.

Subd. 10. Contingent Appropriations

(a) The commissioner of transportation, with the approval of the governor after consultation with the legislative advisory commission, may transfer all or part of the unappropriated balance in the state airports fund to an appropriation for state airports purposes in order to meet an emergency or to take advantage of an unanticipated receipt of income to the state airports fund. The amount transferred is appropriated for the purpose of the account to which it is transferred.

(b) The commissioner of transportation, with the approval of the governor after consultation with the legislative advisory commission, may transfer all or part of the unappropriated balance in the trunk highway fund to an appropriation for trunk highway purposes in order to meet an emergency or to take advantage of an unanticipated receipt of income to the trunk highway fund. The amount transferred is appropriated for the purpose of the account to which it is transferred.

Sec. 3. REGIONAL TRANSIT BOARD	20,450,000	20,450,000
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Summary by Fund

General	\$ 14,770,000	\$ 14,525,000
Transit Assistance	\$ 5,680,000	\$ 5,925,000

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each program are specified in the following subdivisions.		
Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 473.398, the regional transit board may expend the funds appropriated by this section for the purposes stated herein.		
Subdivision 1. Regular Route Service	11,721,500	11,721,500
Subd. 2. Metro Mobility	6,250,000	6,250,000
Subd. 3. Small Urban, Rural, and Replacement Services	730,000	730,000
Subd. 4. Test Marketing of New Services	448,500	448,500
Subd. 5. Light Rail Transit Studies	200,000	200,000
Subd. 6. Planning and Programs	750,000	750,000
Subd. 7. Administration	350,000	350,000

If an appropriation in this section for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

No more than \$1,300,000 the first year and \$1,300,000 the second year may be used for regional transit board administration, planning, programs, and light rail transit studies.

The board may supplement any of the appropriations made in this section from its fund balance reserve.

The board shall not spend any funds on light rail transit planning or preliminary engineering or test marketing of new services if the expenditure of the funds reduces the level of regular route transit service provided by the metropolitan transit commission or other operators.

	\$ 1988	\$ 1989
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The board may not allow the metropolitan transit commission to alter fare schedules existing on January 1, 1987, until the board has adopted a plan and policies on fares as required by Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 10, section 30, and has submitted its plan to the senate transportation and finance committees and the house of representatives metropolitan affairs and appropriations committees for their review and comment.

The regional transit board may not be a recipient of federal capital or operating assistance for transit. The board shall study and report to the legislature by January 1, 1988, on the effects, advantages, and disadvantages of transferring the authority to receive these funds from the commission to the board and on how and for what purpose the board would use the funds differently than the commission would use the funds.

**Sec. 4. TRANSPORTATION REGULATION BOARD**

	531,500	531,500
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Approved Complement - 8

This appropriation is from the trunk highway fund.

**Sec. 5. PUBLIC SAFETY**

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	81,888,100	81,990,800
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Approved Complement - 1,676.4

General - 393.7

Special Revenue - 3

Trunk Highway - 1,060.8

Highway User - 173.6

Federal - 48.3

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
<p>The above approved complement includes 511 for state-funded, unclassified patrol officers and supervisors of the state patrol. Nothing in this provision is intended to limit the authority of the commissioner of public safety to transfer personnel, with the approval of the commissioner of finance, among the various units and divisions within this section, provided that the above complement must be reduced accordingly.</p>		

#### Summary by Fund

General	\$ 20,905,800	\$ 20,977,500
For 1987 - \$900,000		
Trunk Highway	\$ 52,517,200	\$ 52,456,400
Highway User	\$ 9,565,500	\$ 9,645,700
Special Revenue	\$ 500,000	\$ 550,000
Transfers to Other		
Direct	(\$ 1,600,400)	(\$ 1,638,800)

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each program are specified in the following subdivisions:

The amounts shown in the program totals are reduced by \$87,500 the first year and \$87,500 the second year from the general fund. Reductions must be made from appropriations that will not reduce revenue to the general fund.

Subd. 2. Administration and Related Services	\$ 4,048,200	\$ 4,046,900
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	1988	1989
	\$	\$
Summary by Fund		
General		
\$ 52,500	\$	52,500
Trunk Highway		
\$ 3,905,700	\$	3,904,400
Highway User		
\$ 90,000	\$	90,000
Subd. 3. Emergency Services		
\$ 886,300	\$	887,000

\$341,700 the first year and \$342,000 the second year are for nuclear plant preparedness. Any unencumbered balance remaining in the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year of the biennium.

Subd. 4. Criminal Apprehension  
 \$ 11,145,900      \$ 11,239,400

Summary by Fund

General		
\$ 10,221,300	\$	10,313,200
Trunk Highway		
\$ 924,600	\$	926,200

\$223,300 the first year and \$223,300 the second year are for use by the bureau of criminal apprehension for the purpose of investigating cross-jurisdictional criminal activity. Any unencumbered balance remaining in the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year of the biennium.

\$171,000 the first year and \$171,000 the second year are for grants to local officials for the cooperative investigation of cross-jurisdictional criminal activity. Any unencumbered balance remaining in the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year of the biennium.

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
<p>The commissioner of public safety may charge tuition to cover the cost of continuing education courses provided by the bureau of criminal apprehension when money available to the commissioner for this purpose is not adequate to pay these costs. The tuition fees collected by the commissioner are annually appropriated to the commissioner.</p>		

Subd. 5. Fire Safety		
\$ 1,801,800	\$	1,798,800

Subd. 6. State Patrol		
\$ 34,456,000	\$	34,375,600

This appropriation is from the trunk highway fund.

No more than five positions in the state patrol support activity may be filled by state troopers.

The commissioner may not require the use of gasohol in the operation of state patrol vehicles.

During the biennium ending June 30, 1989, and notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the commissioner shall authorize the appointing authority to permit the donation of up to eight hours of accumulated vacation time in each year by each employee who is a member of law enforcement unit number 1 to the employee's union representative for the purpose of carrying out the duties of office.

Subd. 7. Capitol Security		
\$ 1,285,500	\$	1,271,000

Subd. 8. Driver and Vehicle Licensing		
\$ 26,163,100	\$	26,231,600



	\$	1988	\$	1989
Summary by Fund				
General	\$	4,303,600	\$	4,309,300
Trunk Highway	\$	13,230,900	\$	13,250,200
Highway User	\$	8,628,600	\$	8,672,100
<p>\$471,400 the first year and \$471,400 the second year are for alcohol assessment reimbursements to counties.</p>				
Subd. 9. Liquor Control	\$	694,800	\$	684,400
Subd. 10. Ancillary Services	\$	1,494,000	\$	1,543,600
For 1987 - \$900,000				

Summary by Fund				
General	\$	994,000	\$	993,600
For 1987 - \$900,000				
Special Revenue	\$	500,000	\$	550,000

\$900,000 for fiscal year 1987 is for the crime victims reparation board and is added to the appropriation in Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 10, section 4, subdivision 10.

\$1,797,200 the first year and \$1,846,900 the second year are for the crime victims reparations board, of which \$1,297,200 the first year and \$1,296,900 the second year are from the general fund and \$500,000 the first year and \$550,000 the second year are from the crime victim and witness account in the special revenue fund. Any unencumbered balance remaining the

1988

1989

\$

\$

first year does not cancel but is available for the second year of the biennium.

Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the crime victims reparations board shall, to the extent possible, distribute the appropriation in equal monthly increments for fiscal year 1988 and fiscal year 1989. In no case shall the total awards exceed the appropriation made in this subdivision.

\$115,000 the first year and \$115,000 the second year is for hazardous substance notification and response. One of the two positions in this activity is in the unclassified service.

\$51,800 the first year and \$51,700 the second year are for the expenses of the private detective and protective agency licensing board.

#### Subd. 11. Transfers

The commissioner of public safety with the approval of the commissioner of finance may transfer unencumbered balances not specified for a particular purpose among the above programs within a fund. Transfers must be reported immediately to the committee on finance of the senate and the committee on appropriations of the house of representatives.

#### Subd. 12. Reimbursements

(a) \$753,500 for the first year and \$755,200 for the second year are appropriated from the general fund for transfer by the commissioner of finance to the trunk highway fund on January 1, 1988, and January 1, 1989, respectively, in order to reimburse the trunk highway fund for expenses not related to the fund. These represent amounts appropriated out of the trunk highway fund for general fund purposes in the

	1988	1989
administration and related services program.	\$	\$

(b) \$326,000 for the first year and \$327,300 for the second year are appropriated from the highway user tax distribution fund for transfer by the commissioner of finance to the trunk highway fund on January 1, 1988, and January 1, 1989, respectively, in order to reimburse the trunk highway fund for expenses not related to the fund. These represent amounts appropriated out of the trunk highway fund for highway user fund purposes in the administration and related services program.

(c) \$520,900 for the first year and \$556,300 for the second year are appropriated from the highway user tax distribution fund for transfer by the commissioner of finance to the general fund on January 1, 1988, and January 1, 1989, respectively, in order to reimburse the general fund for expenses not related to the fund. These represent amounts appropriated out of the general fund for operation of the criminal justice data network related to driver and motor vehicle licensing.

#### Sec. 6. BOARD OF PEACE OFFICER STANDARDS AND TRAINING

General Operations and Management	3,300,000	3,600,000
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Approved Complement - 9

These appropriations are from the peace officers training account in the special revenue fund.

Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, any presently duly elected sheriff must be licensed by the board as a peace officer as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 626.84, subdivision 1,

\$ 1988                      \$ 1989

paragraph (c), provided that the sheriff must complete all current board requirements by June 30, 1989. Failure to complete board requirements by June 30, 1989, shall result in revocation of any license granted, with the office of sheriff being declared vacant. An election must be held to fill the vacancy in the office of sheriff as provided by law.

### Sec. 7. AGRICULTURE

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation            9,735,900            9,768,500

	1988	1989
Approved Complement -	451.8	455.8
General-	177.8	177.8
Special/Revolving-	255.7	259.7
Federal-	18.3	18.3

#### Summary by Fund

General  
           \$ 9,548,100            \$ 9,580,700

Special Revenue  
           \$ 187,800            \$ 187,800

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each program are specified in the following subdivisions.

The amounts shown in the program totals are reduced by \$190,000 the first year and \$190,000 the second year from the general fund. Reductions must be made from appropriations that will not reduce revenue to the general fund.

Subd. 2. Protection Service  
           \$ 3,580,000            \$ 3,563,600

1988

1989

\$

\$

Of this amount \$40,000 the first year and \$40,000 the second year are to increase the detection and management of oak wilt in the state's shade trees. Any unencumbered balance remaining in the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year of the biennium.

### Subd. 3. Family Farm Security

\$ 2,384,000      \$ 2,383,400

\$1,800,000 the first year and \$1,800,000 the second year are for family farm security interest payment adjustments. If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it. No new loans may be approved in fiscal year 1988 or 1989. The participant's interest in a family farm loan guarantee executed before the effective date of this act may be assigned to a new participant.

\$288,900 the first year and \$288,900 the second year are for farm crisis assistance.

### Subd. 4. Administrative Support and Grants

\$ 3,961,900      \$ 4,011,500

#### Summary by Fund

#### General

\$ 3,774,100      \$ 3,823,700

#### Special Revenute

\$ 187,800      \$ 187,800

\$30,900 the first year and \$30,900 the second year are for payment of claims relating to livestock damaged by endangered animal species. If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
\$187,800 the first year and \$187,800 the second year are from the commodities research and promotion account in the special revenue fund.		

\$102,500 the first year and \$102,500 the second year are for the seaway port authority of Duluth.

Subd. 5. Transfers

The commissioner of agriculture with the approval of the commissioner of finance may transfer unencumbered balances not specified for a particular purpose among the above programs. Transfers must be reported immediately to the committee on finance of the senate and the committee on appropriations of the house of representatives.

Sec. 8. BOARD OF WATER AND SOIL RESOURCES

3,789,500	3,787,300
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Approved Complement - 19

\$10,000 the first year and \$10,000 the second year is for the International Water Coalition.

\$814,200 the first year and \$814,200 the second year are for general purpose grants-in-aid to soil and water conservation districts.

\$152,300 the first year and \$152,300 the second year are for grants to districts for technical assistance, education, and demonstrations of conservation tillage.

\$198,500 the first year and \$198,500 the second year are for grants to watershed districts and other local units of government in the southern Minnesota river basin study area 2 for flood plain management.

	1988	1989
<p>\$1,501,000 the first year and \$1,501,000 the second year are for grants to soil and water conservation districts for cost-sharing contracts for erosion control and water quality management.</p>	\$	\$

The appropriations in this section for the southern Minnesota river basin study area 2 and for grants to soil and water districts for cost-sharing contracts for erosion control and water quality management are available until expended.

\$158,700 the first year and \$158,700 the second year are for grants-in-aid to soil and water conservation districts and local units of government to assist them in solving sediment and erosion control problems. Grants must not exceed 50 percent of total project costs or 50 percent of the local share if federal money is used. Priority must be given to projects designed to solve lakeshore, stream bank, and roadside erosion and to projects eligible for federal matching money.

\$12,400 the first year and \$12,400 the second year are for grants to soil and water conservation districts for review and comment on water permits.

**Sec. 9. BOARD OF ANIMAL HEALTH**

1,595,100	1,585,300
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**Approved Complement - 36**

This appropriation includes \$24,900 the first year and \$24,900 the second year for payment of indemnities. If the appropriation for indemnities for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it. Indemnities of less than \$1 must not be paid.

**Sec. 10. COMMERCE**

	1988	1989
Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	\$ 9,833,600	\$ 9,571,000
Approved Complement - 239		
General - 236		
Special Revenue - 3		

#### Summary by Fund

General	\$ 9,572,400	\$ 9,309,700
For 1987 - \$189,200		
Special Revenue	\$ 261,200	\$ 261,300

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each program are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. Financial Examinations	\$ 3,990,100	\$ 3,969,300
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For 1987 - \$189,200

This appropriation is for bank examinations and is added to the appropriation in Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 10, section 7, subdivision 2.

Subd. 3. Registration and Analysis	\$ 1,716,500	\$ 1,696,700
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Subd. 4. Administrative Services	\$ 1,627,100	\$ 1,627,800
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Subd. 5. Enforcement and Licensing	\$ 2,434,100	\$ 2,277,200
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#### Summary by Fund

General	\$ 2,172,900	\$ 2,015,900
Special Revenue	\$ 261,200	\$ 261,300



	1988	1989
\$261,200 the first year and \$261,300 the second year are from the real estate education, research and recovery account in the special revenue fund for the purpose of Minnesota Statutes, section 82.34, subdivision 6. If the appropriation from the special revenue fund for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.	\$	\$

Subd. 6. Farm Loan Interest Buy-Down		
	\$	62,000

Subd. 7. Legislative Coordinating Commission		
	\$	3,800

This appropriation is transferred to the legislative coordinating commission for the legislative study commission on government and business competition.

#### Subd. 8. Transfers

The commissioner with the approval of the commissioner of finance may transfer unencumbered balances not specified for a particular purpose among the above programs. Transfers must be reported immediately to the committee on finance of the senate and the committee on appropriations of the house of representatives.

#### Sec. 11. NON-HEALTH-RELATED BOARDS

Subdivision 1. Total for this section	890,900	891,200
Subd. 2. Board of Abstractors	3,900	3,900
Subd. 3. Board of Accountancy	344,600	340,800
Approved Complement - 5		

Subd. 4. Board of Architecture, Engineering, Land Surveying, and Landscape Architecture	351,500	357,700
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	1988	1989
	\$	\$
Approved Complement - 6		
Subd. 5. Board of Barber Examiners	137,000	134,900
Approved Complement - 3		
Subd. 6. Board of Boxing	53,900	53,900
Approved Complement - 1.5		
Subd. 7. Board of Electricity		
Approved Complement - 18		
Sec. 12. PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION	1,878,100	1,760,400
Approved Complement - 35		

\$139,000 the first year and \$33,000 the second year are for office automation. Any unencumbered balance remaining in the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year.

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.243, subdivision 6, for any certificate of need application for expansion of the storage capacity for spent nuclear fuel rods, the commission and department shall assess actual amounts billed by the office of administrative hearings and up to \$300,000 of reasonable costs of the commission and department pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.62, subdivision 6, during the biennium, subject to the limitations of Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.62, subdivision 2.

#### Sec. 13. PUBLIC SERVICE

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	6,272,700	6,260,100
	1988	1989
Approved Complement -	149.1	132.3
General-	125.3	125.3

		1988	1989
		\$	\$
Special Revenue-			
	6.8	5.5	
Federal-			
	17.0	1.5	

#### Summary by Fund

General			
	\$ 6,211,300	\$ 6,198,800	
Special Revenue			
	\$ 61,400	\$ 61,300	

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each program are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. Utility Regulation  
 \$ 1,777,200      \$ 1,773,000

Subd. 3. Weights and Measures  
 \$ 1,881,100      \$ 1,876,400

Subd. 4. Administrative Services  
 \$ 608,300      \$ 608,600

Subd. 5. Energy  
 \$ 2,026,100      \$ 2,022,100

#### Summary by Fund

General			
	\$ 1,944,700	\$ 1,940,800	
Special Revenue			
	\$ 61,400	\$ 61,300	

#### Subd. 6. Transfers

The department of public service, with the approval of the commissioner of finance, may transfer unencumbered balances not specified for a particular purpose among the above programs. Transfers must be reported immediately to the committee on finance of the senate and the committee on appropriations in the house of representatives.

	1988	1989
Sec. 14. RACING COMMISSION	\$ 883,900	\$ 888,800
Approved Complement - 10		
General - 8		
Special Revenue - 2		
Sec. 15. CHARITABLE GAMBLING CONTROL BOARD	661,500	641,600
Approved Complement - 15		
One auditor position included in the complement must be reviewed for its continuation beyond the biennium ending June 30, 1989.		
Sec. 16. ETHICAL PRACTICES BOARD	219,700	219,900
Approved Complement - 5		
Sec. 17. MINNESOTA MUNICIPAL BOARD	235,700	235,400
Approved Complement - 4		
Sec. 18. MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN BOUNDARY AREA COMMISSION	99,500	99,200
\$17,000 the first year and \$17,000 the second year is available only if matched by funds from the state of Wisconsin. The additional position is available only for the biennium ending June 30, 1989.		
Sec. 19. UNIFORM LAWS COMMISSION	13,600	13,600
Sec. 20. VOYAGEURS NATIONAL PARK CITIZENS COMMITTEE	70,000	70,000
Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the citizens council on Voyageurs National Park is extended until June 30, 1989.		
Sec. 21. MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY		

	1988	1989
Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	\$ 9,682,300	\$ 9,751,100

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each program are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. Minnesota Historical Society Operations	8,682,200	8,694,200
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Any unencumbered balance remaining at the end of the first year must be returned to the state treasury and credited to the general fund.

The appropriation in this subdivision includes no money for compensation increases. The Minnesota historical society is eligible for a salary supplement in the same manner as state agencies. The commissioner of finance will determine the amount of the salary supplement based on available funds. Employees of the Minnesota historical society will be paid in accordance with the appropriate pay plan.

Subd. 3. Repair and Replacement	349,000	299,000
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\$100,000 the first year is for the restoration and preservation of murals, stencils, sculptures, statues, paintings, built-in exhibit areas, and objects of art or historical artifacts in the public areas of the state capitol, including the governor's anteroom, reception room, and private office.

If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

Subd. 4. Historic Grant-In-Aid	286,100	286,100
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(a) Historic Preservation	\$ 259,600	\$ 259,600
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For historic site grants to encourage local historic preservation projects.

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
To be eligible for a grant, a county or local project group must provide a 50 percent match, in accordance with the historical society's guidelines.		
Any unencumbered balance remaining in the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year.		
(b) Archaeology		
\$ 26,500	\$ 26,500	
Subd. 5. Fiscal Agent	262,100	212,100
(a) Sibley House Association		
\$ 58,000	\$ 58,000	

This appropriation is available for operation and maintenance of the Sibley House and related buildings on the Old Mendota state historic site owned by the Sibley House association.

The historical society should seek an agreement with the Sibley House association whereby the historical society will make payments to the association for this purpose and will provide the association with technical assistance in applying for federal grants.

Notwithstanding any other law, the Sibley House association may purchase fire, wind, hail, and vandalism insurance, and insurance coverage for fine art objects from this appropriation.

(b) Minnesota Humanities Commission		
\$ 47,100	\$ 47,100	
(c) Minnesota International Center		
\$ 38,000	\$ 38,000	
(d) Minnesota Military Museum		
\$ 30,000		
(e) Minnesota Air National Guard Museum		
\$ 20,000		

	1988	1989
(f) Government Learning Center	\$ 69,000	\$ 69,000

This appropriation is for Project 120.

(g) Balances Forward

Any unencumbered balance remaining in this subdivision the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year of the biennium.

Subd. 6. State History Center	102,900	259,700
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This appropriation is available only if legislation is enacted providing funding for construction of a new state history center.

Sec. 22. BOARD OF THE ARTS

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	3,016,200	3,044,000
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	1988	1989
Approved Complement —	14	15
General-	11	12
Federal-	3	3

\$953,100 the first year and \$955,800 the second year are for the support of regional arts councils throughout the state.

Subd. 5. Balances Forward

Any unencumbered balance remaining in this section the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year of the biennium.

Sec. 23. MINNESOTA HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY	67,200	67,200
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Sec. 24. MINNESOTA ACADEMY OF SCIENCE	28,100	28,100
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	1988	1989
Sec. 25. SCIENCE MUSEUM OF MINNESOTA	\$ 514,900	\$ 521,200

Sec. 26. MINNESOTA SAFETY COUNCIL	50,700	50,700
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This appropriation is from the trunk highway fund.

Sec. 27. VETERANS OF FOREIGN WARS	30,000	30,000
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For carrying out the provisions of Laws 1945, chapter 455.

Sec. 28. GENERAL CONTINGENT ACCOUNTS	325,000	325,000
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The appropriations in this section may only be spent with the approval of the governor after consultation with the legislative advisory commission pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 3.30.

If an appropriation in this section for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

#### Summary by Fund

Trunk Highway Fund	\$ 200,000	\$ 200,000
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Highway User Tax Distribution Fund	\$ 125,000	\$ 125,000
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Sec. 29. TORT CLAIMS	600,000	600,000
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To be spent by the commissioner of finance.

This appropriation is from the trunk highway fund.

If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

Sec. 30. [MASTER LEASE.]



During the biennium ending June 30, 1989, for agencies to whom appropriations are made in this act, the master lease, as authorized in Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.85, may only be used to finance large equipment with a capital value of more than \$100,000 and a useful life of more than ten years, and for equipment already purchased under an existing lease-purchase agreement. The commissioner of finance must consult with the chairs of the senate finance committee and house appropriations committee before entering into a lease-purchase of equipment by a state agency in this act. This requirement does not apply to purchases by the commissioner of administration made with money from an internal services fund.

Sec. 31. [EXPORT FINANCE AUTHORITY WORKING CAPITAL ACCOUNT.]

The balance in the export finance authority working capital account shall be maintained at \$1,000,000.

Sec. 32. [EMERGENCY RESPONSE COMMISSION.]

The governor may designate the hazardous substance notification advisory committee to serve as and perform the functions of the state emergency response commission provided for under title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986. The governor may also appoint representatives of state agencies to serve on the state emergency response commission.

Sec. 33. [MEMBERSHIP; COMPLEMENT OF BOARD OF WATER AND SOIL RESOURCES.]

Subdivision 1. [TRANSITION MEMBERSHIP.] In addition to the members specified in section 103, the initial board of water and soil resources shall have, through December 31, 1989, four temporary members who are soil and water conservation district supervisors appointed by the governor.

Subd. 2. [TRANSFER OF EMPLOYEES.] All classified and unclassified state positions and employees of the state soil and water conservation board and the water resources board are transferred to the board of water and soil resources in accordance with section 15.039, subdivision 7. The commissioner of employee relations shall place the unclassified position of the executive director of the water resources board and the classified position of the executive director of the soil and water conservation board in the proper job classification in the classified service without examination.

Sec. 34. [INSTRUCTION TO REVISOR.]

The revisor of statutes shall change the words "state soil and water conservation board," "water resources board," "water policy board" or other language intended to refer to those boards, wherever they appear in Minnesota Statutes to "board of water and soil resources" or other appropriate language to refer to the board of water and soil resources created in section 105.

Sec. 35. [TRANSPORTATION FINANCE STUDY COMMISSION.]

Subdivision 1. [MEMBERSHIP.] A transportation finance study commission is created consisting of five members of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the house and five members of the senate appointed by the senate subcommittee on committees. The commission shall select from its membership a chair or co-chairs and other officers it deems necessary.

Subd. 2. [STUDIES.] The commission shall study:

(1) present and future highway and transit needs, including state highways, county highways, city streets, town roads, and metropolitan and nonmetropolitan transit service;

(2) the adequacy of existing revenue sources to meet these needs;

(3) methods of raising additional revenue to meet these needs;

(4) alternatives to raising revenue as a method of dealing with highway and transit needs; and

(5) alternative methods of distributing present and future revenues among various levels of government.

Subd. 3. [REPORT.] The commission shall report to the legislature on its findings and recommendations not later than February 15, 1988, and shall cease to function after that date.

Subd. 4. [COMPENSATION.] Members of the commission must be compensated in the same manner as for other legislative meetings.

Sec. 36. [SURCHARGE AMOUNT ALLOCATED.]

Twenty-five cents of the amount collected on the surcharge for a certified copy of a birth certificate under Minnesota Statutes, section 144.226, subdivision 3, is appropriated from the children's trust fund established under Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.22 to the commissioner of public safety to be administered by the children's trust fund for the biennium ending June 30, 1989, for the purpose of implementing and administering the professional consultation tele-

phone line and service, notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.25, subdivision 1, to the contrary.

Sec. 37. [MONEY CREDITED TO HIGHWAY FUND, TRANSIT FUND, AND GENERAL FUND.]

All money received under the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 171 after June 30, 1987, and before July 1, 1989, shall be paid into the state treasury with 60 $\frac{2}{3}$  percent credited to the trunk highway fund, 33 $\frac{1}{3}$  percent credited to the transit assistance fund to be appropriated to the commissioner of transportation for transit assistance within the state and to the regional transit board, and six percent credited to the general fund, except as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 171.29, subdivision 2.

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 12.14, is amended to read:

12.14 [ASSESSMENT FOR NUCLEAR SAFETY PREPAREDNESS ACT.]

Any person, firm, corporation or association in the business of owning or operating a nuclear fission electrical generating plant located in Minnesota, shall pay an assessment to cover the cost of nuclear power plant emergency response plans and other programs necessary to deal with incidents resulting from the operation of nuclear fission electrical generating plants. An assessment of \$75,000 \$137,500 per plant shall be paid to the commissioner of public safety on July 1 of each year.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 17A.04, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [LICENSE FEE.] The applicant shall submit to the commissioner the following applicable fees and penalties for late renewal:

(a) ~~\$150~~ \$300 for each livestock market agency and public stockyard license, penalty ~~\$38~~ \$75;

(b) \$50 ~~\$100~~ for each livestock dealer license, penalty ~~\$13~~ \$25;

(c) ~~\$30~~ \$50 for each agent of a livestock dealer license, penalty \$10 \$15;

(d) \$50 ~~\$100~~ for each meat packing company license, penalty \$13 \$25;

(e) ~~\$30~~ \$50 for each agent of a meat packing company license, penalty ~~\$10~~ \$15.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 18.51, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [FEES; PENALTY.] A nursery operator shall pay an annual fee before the commissioner shall issue a certificate of inspection. This fee shall be based on the area of all of the operator's nurseries as follows:

Nurseries:

(1) ½ acre or less	<del>\$30</del> <u>\$40</u> per nursery operator
(2) Over ½ acre to and including 2 acres	<del>\$50</del> <u>\$60</u> per nursery operator
(3) Over 2 acres to and including 10 acres	<del>\$100</del> <u>\$125</u> per nursery operator
(4) Over 10 acres to and including 50 acres	<del>\$300</del> <u>\$360</u> per nursery operator
(5) Over 50 acres	<del>\$600</del> <u>\$725</u> per nursery operator

In addition to the above fees, a minimum penalty of \$10 or 25 percent of the fee due, whichever is greater, shall be charged for any application for renewal not received by January 1 of the year following expiration of a certificate.

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 18.52, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [FEES; PENALTY.] A dealer shall pay an annual fee based on the dealer's gross sales during the preceding certificate year. A dealer operating for the first year will pay the minimum fee.

Dealers:

(1) Gross sales up to \$1,000	at a location <del>\$30</del> <u>\$40</u> per location
(2) Gross sales over \$1,000 and up to \$5,000	at a location <del>\$40</del> <u>\$50</u> per location
(3) Gross sales over \$5,000 up to \$10,000	at a location <del>\$70</del> <u>\$85</u> per location
(4) Gross sales over \$10,000 up to \$25,000	at a location <del>\$100</del> <u>\$125</u> per location
(5) Gross sales over \$25,000 up to \$75,000	at a location <del>\$150</del> <u>\$175</u> per location
(6) Gross sales over \$75,000 up to \$100,000	at a location <del>\$220</del> <u>\$260</u> per location
(7) Gross sales over \$100,000	at a location <del>\$330</del> <u>\$400</u> per location

In addition to the above fees, a minimum penalty of \$10 or 25 percent of the fee due, whichever is greater, shall be charged for any

application for renewal not received by January 1 of the year following expiration of a certificate.

Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 18.53, is amended to read:

18.53 [GREENHOUSE CERTIFICATION.]

The commissioner may inspect and certify greenhouses and greenhouse plants as being free from plant pests upon request of the greenhouse operator and issue a greenhouse certificate. The fee is ~~\$30~~ \$50 for each greenhouse operator. The certificate expires on November 15 next following the date of issue.

Sec. 43. [18B.01] [DEFINITIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [APPLICABILITY.] The definitions in this section apply to this chapter.

Subd. 2. [APPROVED AGENCY.] "Approved agency" means a state agency, other than the department of agriculture, or an agency of a county, municipality, or other political subdivision that has signed a joint powers agreement under section 471.59 with the commissioner.

Subd. 3. [BENEFICIAL INSECTS.] "Beneficial insects" means insects that are: (1) effective pollinators of plants; (2) parasites or predators of pests; or (3) otherwise beneficial.

Subd. 4. [BULK PESTICIDE.] "Bulk pesticide" means a pesticide that is held in an individual container, with a pesticide content of 56 United States gallons or more, or 100 pounds or greater net dry weight.

Subd. 5. [COMMERCIAL APPLICATOR.] "Commercial applicator" means a person who has a commercial applicator license.

Subd. 6. [COMMISSIONER.] "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agriculture or an agent authorized by the commissioner.

Subd. 7. [DEVICE.] "Device" means an instrument or contrivance, other than a firearm, that is intended or used to destroy, repel, or mitigate a pest, a form of plant or animal life other than humans, or a bacterium, virus, or other microorganism on or in living animals, including humans. A device does not include equipment used for the application of pesticides if the equipment is sold separately from the instrument or contrivance.

Subd. 8. [DISTRIBUTE.] "Distribute" means offer for sale, sell, barter, ship, deliver for shipment, receive and deliver, and offer to deliver pesticides in this state.

Subd. 9. [ENVIRONMENT.] "Environment" means surface water, ground water, air, land, plants, humans, and animals and their interrelationships.

Subd. 10. [FIFRA.] "FIFRA" means the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, Rodenticide Act, United States Code, title 7, sections 136 to 136y, and regulations under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, subchapter E, parts 150 to 180.

Subd. 11. [HAZARDOUS WASTE.] "Hazardous waste" means any substance identified or listed as hazardous waste in the rules adopted under section 116.07, subdivision 4.

Subd. 12. [INCIDENT.] "Incident" means a flood, fire, tornado, transportation accident, storage container rupture, portable container rupture, leak, spill, or other event that releases or threatens to release a pesticide accidentally or otherwise, and may cause unreasonable adverse effects on the environment. "Incident" does not include the lawful use or intentional release of a pesticide in accordance with its approved labeling.

Subd. 13. [LABEL.] "Label" means the written, printed, or graphic matter on, or attached to, the pesticide or device or their containers or wrappers.

Subd. 14. [LABELING.] "Labeling" means all labels and other written, printed, or graphic matter:

- (1) accompanying the pesticide or device;
- (2) referred to by the label or literature accompanying the pesticide or device; or
- (3) that relates or refers to the pesticide or to induce the sale of the pesticide or device.

"Labeling" does not include current official publications of the United States Environmental Protection Agency, United States Department of Agriculture, United States Department of Interior, United States Department of Health, Education and Welfare, state agricultural experiment stations, state agricultural colleges, and other similar federal or state institutions or agencies authorized by law to conduct research in the field of pesticides.

Subd. 15. [NONCOMMERCIAL APPLICATOR.] “Noncommercial applicator” means a person with a noncommercial applicator license.

Subd. 16. [PERSON.] “Person” means an individual, firm, corporation, partnership, association, trust, joint stock company, unincorporated organization, the state, a state agency, or political subdivision.

Subd. 17. [PEST.] “Pest” means an insect, rodent, nematode, fungus, weed, terrestrial or aquatic plant, animal life, virus, bacteria, or other organism designated by rule as a pest, except a virus, bacteria, or other microorganism on or in living humans or other living animals.

Subd. 18. [PESTICIDE.] “Pesticide” means a substance or mixture of substances intended to prevent, destroy, repel, or mitigate a pest, and a substance or mixture of substances intended for use as a plant regulator, defoliant, or desiccant.

Subd. 19. [PESTICIDE DEALER.] “Pesticide dealer” means a person with a pesticide dealer license.

Subd. 20. [PLANT REGULATOR.] “Plant regulator” means a substance or mixture of substances intended through physiological action to accelerate or retard the rate of growth or rate of maturation of a plant, or to otherwise alter the behavior of ornamental or crop plants or the produce of the plants. Plant regulator does not include substances to the extent that they are intended as plant nutrients, trace elements, nutritional chemicals, plant inoculants, or soil amendments.

Subd. 21. [PRIVATE APPLICATOR.] “Private applicator” means a person certified to use or supervise use of restricted use pesticides.

Subd. 22. [REGISTRANT.] “Registrant” means a person that has registered a pesticide under this chapter.

Subd. 23. [RESPONSIBLE PARTY.] “Responsible party” means a person who at the time of an incident has custody of, control of, or responsibility for a pesticide, pesticide container, or pesticide rinse.

Subd. 24. [RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE.] “Restricted use pesticide” means a pesticide formulation designated as a restricted use pesticide under FIFRA or by the commissioner under this chapter.

Subd. 25. [RINSATE.] “Rinsate” means a dilute mixture of a pesticide or pesticides with water, solvents, oils, commercial rinsing

agents, or other substances, that is produced by or results from the cleaning of pesticide application equipment or pesticide containers.

Subd. 26. [SAFEGUARD.] “Safeguard” means a facility, device, or system, or a combination of these, designed to prevent the escape or movement of a pesticide from the place it is stored or kept under conditions that might otherwise result in contamination of the environment.

Subd. 27. [SITE.] “Site” means all land and water areas, including air space, and all plants, animals, structures, buildings, contrivances, and machinery whether fixed or mobile, including anything used for transportation.

Subd. 28. [STRUCTURAL PEST.] “Structural pest” means a pest, other than a plant, in, on, under, or near a structure.

Subd. 29. [STRUCTURAL PEST CONTROL.] “Structural pest control” means the control of any structural pest through the use of a device, a procedure, or application of pesticides in or around a building or other structures, including trucks, boxcars, ships, aircraft, docks, and fumigation vaults, and the business activity related to use of a device, a procedure, or application of a pesticide.

Subd. 30. [STRUCTURAL PEST CONTROL APPLICATOR.] “Structural pest control applicator” means a person with a structural pest control license.

Subd. 31. [UNREASONABLE ADVERSE EFFECTS ON THE ENVIRONMENT.] “Unreasonable adverse effects on the environment” means any unreasonable risk to humans or the environment, taking into account the economic, social, and environmental costs and benefits of the use of any pesticide.

Subd. 32. [WILDLIFE.] “Wildlife” means all living things that are not human, domesticated, or pests.

#### Sec. 44. [18B.02] [PREEMPTION OF OTHER LAW.]

Except as specifically provided in this chapter, the provisions of this chapter preempt ordinances by local governments that prohibit or regulate any matter relating to the registration, labeling, distribution, sale, handling, use, application, or disposal of pesticides. It is not the intent of this section to preempt local responsibilities for zoning, fire codes, or hazardous waste disposal.

#### Sec. 45. [18B.03] [POWERS AND DUTIES OF COMMISSIONER.]



Subdivision 1. [ADMINISTRATION BY COMMISSIONER.] The commissioner shall administer, implement, and enforce this chapter and the department of agriculture is the lead state agency for the regulation of pesticides.

Subd. 2. [DELEGATION OF DUTIES.] The functions vested in the commissioner by this chapter may be delegated to designated employees or agents of the department of agriculture.

Subd. 3. [DELEGATION TO APPROVED AGENCIES.] The commissioner may, by written agreements, delegate specific inspection, enforcement, and other regulatory duties of this chapter to officials of approved agencies.

Sec. 46. [18B.04] [PESTICIDE IMPACT ON WATER QUALITY.]

The commissioner shall:

(1) determine the impact of pesticides on surface and ground water in this state;

(2) develop best management practices involving pesticide distribution, storage, handling, use, and disposal; and

(3) cooperate with and assist other state agencies and local governments to protect public health and the environment from harmful exposure to pesticides.

Sec. 47. [18B.05] [PESTICIDE REGULATORY ACCOUNT.]

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT.] A pesticide regulatory account is established in the state treasury. Fees and penalties except penalties collected under section 65, subdivision 4, collected under this chapter must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the pesticide regulatory account.

Subd. 2. [ANNUAL APPROPRIATION.] Money in the account, including amount of interest attributable to money in the account and any money appropriated for the purposes of this chapter, is annually appropriated to the commissioner for the administration and enforcement of this chapter.

Sec. 48. [18B.06] [RULES.]

Subdivision 1. [AUTHORITY.] The commissioner shall adopt rules to implement and enforce this chapter including procedures addressing local control of pesticide regulation. Rules adopted under this chapter are part of this chapter and a violation of the rules is a violation of a provision of this chapter.

Subd. 2. [CONFORMITY WITH FIFRA.] Rules adopted under this chapter:

(1) may not allow pesticide use that is prohibited by FIFRA; or

(2) relating to private applicators of restricted use pesticides and special local needs registrations, may not be inconsistent with the requirements of FIFRA.

Subd. 3. [PESTICIDE USE, HANDLING, AND DISPOSAL.] The commissioner shall adopt rules, including emergency rules, to govern the distribution, use, storage, handling, and disposal of pesticides, rinsates, and pesticide containers.

Sec. 49. [18B.07] [PESTICIDE USE, APPLICATION, AND EQUIPMENT CLEANING.]

Subdivision 1. [PESTICIDE USE.] Pesticides must be applied in accordance with the product label or labeling and in a manner that will not cause unreasonable adverse effects on the environment within limits prescribed by this chapter and FIFRA.

Subd. 2. [PROHIBITED PESTICIDE USE.] (a) A person may not use, store, handle, or dispose of a pesticide, rinsate, pesticide container, or pesticide application equipment in a manner:

(1) inconsistent with labeling;

(2) that endangers humans, damages agricultural products, food, livestock, fish, wildlife, or beneficial insects; or

(3) that will cause unreasonable adverse effects on the environment.

(b) A person may not direct a pesticide on property beyond the boundaries of the target site. A person may not apply a pesticide resulting in damage to adjacent property.

(c) A person may not directly apply a pesticide on a human by overspray or target site spray.

(d) A person may not apply a pesticide in a manner so as to expose a worker in an immediately adjacent, open field.

Subd. 3. [POSTING.] (a) If the pesticide labels prescribe specific hourly or daily intervals for human reentry following application, the person applying the pesticide must post fields, buildings, or areas where the pesticide has been applied. The posting must be done with placards in accordance with label requirements and rules adopted under this section.

(b) Fields being treated with pesticides through irrigation systems must be posted throughout the period of pesticide treatment.

Subd. 4. [PESTICIDE SAFEGUARDS AT APPLICATION SITES.] A person may not allow a pesticide, rinsate, or unrinsed pesticide container to be stored, kept, or to remain in or on any site without safeguards adequate to prevent the escape or movement of the pesticides from the site.

Subd. 5. [USE OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLIES FOR FILLING EQUIPMENT.] A person may not fill pesticide application equipment directly from a public water supply, as defined in section 144.382, unless the outlet from the public water supply is equipped with a backflow prevention device that complies with the Minnesota Plumbing Code under Minnesota Rules, parts 4715.2000 to 4715.2280.

Subd. 6. [USE OF PUBLIC WATERS FOR FILLING EQUIPMENT.] (a) A person may not fill pesticide application equipment directly from public waters of the state, as defined in section 105.37, subdivision 14, unless the equipment contains proper and functioning anti-backsiphoning mechanisms. The person may not introduce pesticides into the application equipment until after filling the equipment from the public waters.

(b) This subdivision does not apply to permitted applications of aquatic pesticides to public waters.

Subd. 7. [CLEANING EQUIPMENT IN OR NEAR SURFACE WATER.] (a) A person may not:

(1) clean pesticide application equipment in surface waters of the state; or

(2) fill or clean pesticide application equipment adjacent to surface waters, ditches, or wells where, because of the slope or other conditions, pesticides or materials contaminated with pesticides could enter or contaminate the surface waters, ground water, or wells, as a result of overflow, leakage, or other causes.

(b) This subdivision does not apply to permitted application of aquatic pesticides to public waters.

Subd. 8. [PESTICIDE, RINSATE, AND CONTAINER DISPOSAL.] A person may only dispose of pesticide, rinsate, and pesticide containers in accordance with this chapter and FIFRA. The manner of disposal must not cause unreasonable adverse effects on the environment.

Subdivision 1. [PERMIT REQUIRED.] (a) A person may not apply pesticides through an irrigation system without a chemigation permit from the commissioner. Only one chemigation permit is required for two or more wells that are protected from contamination by the same devices. The commissioner may allow irrigation to be used to apply pesticides on crops and land, including agricultural, nursery, turf, golf course, and greenhouse sites.

(b) A person must apply for a chemigation permit on forms prescribed by the commissioner.

Subd. 2. [PESTICIDE.] A pesticide used under a chemigation permit must be suitable and labeled for application through an irrigation system.

Subd. 3. [EQUIPMENT.] A chemigation system must be fitted with effective antisiphon devices or check valves that prevent the backflow of pesticides or pesticide-water mixtures into water supplies or other materials during times of irrigation system failure or equipment shutdown. The devices or valves must be installed between:

(1) the irrigation system pump discharge and the point of pesticide injection; and

(2) the point of pesticide injection and the pesticide supply.

Subd. 4. [APPLICATION FEE.] A person initially applying for a chemigation permit must pay a nonrefundable application fee of \$50 for each well that is to be used in applying the pesticides by irrigation.

Subd. 5. [RULES.] The commissioner shall, by rule, develop specific requirements for implementation of a program to regulate application of pesticides by irrigation.

Sec. 51. [18B.09] [PESTICIDE APPLICATION IN CITIES.]

Subdivision 1. [APPLICABILITY.] This section applies only to statutory and home rule charter cities that enact ordinances as provided in this section.

Subd. 2. [AUTHORITY.] Statutory and home rule charter cities may enact an ordinance containing the pesticide application warning information contained in subdivision 3, including their own licensing, penalty, and enforcement provisions. Statutory and home rule charter cities may not enact an ordinance that contains more restrictive pesticide application warning information than is contained in subdivision 3.

**Subd. 3. [WARNING SIGNS FOR PESTICIDE APPLICATION.]**

(a) All commercial or noncommercial applicators who apply pesticides to turf areas must post or affix warning signs on the property where the pesticides are applied.

(b) Warning signs must project at least 18 inches above the top of the grass line. The warning signs must be of a material that is rain-resistant for at least a 48-hour period and must remain in place up to 48 hours from the time of initial application.

(c) The following information must be printed on the warning sign in contrasting colors and capitalized letters measuring at least one-half inch, or in another format approved by the commissioner. The sign must provide the following information:

(1) the name of the business organization, entity, or person applying the pesticide; and

(2) the following language: "This area chemically treated. Keep children and pets off until ...(date of safe entry)..." or a universally accepted symbol and text approved by the commissioner that is recognized as having the same meaning or intent as specified in this paragraph. The warning sign may include the name of the pesticide used.

(d) The warning sign must be posted on a lawn or yard between two feet and five feet from the sidewalk or street. For parks, golf courses, athletic fields, playgrounds, or other similar recreational property, the warning signs must be posted immediately adjacent to areas within the property where pesticides have been applied and at or near the entrances to the property.

**Sec. 52. [18B.10] [ACTION TO PREVENT GROUND WATER CONTAMINATION.]**

The commissioner may, by rule, special order, or delegation through written regulatory agreement with officials of other approved agencies, take action necessary to prevent the contamination of ground water resulting from leaching of pesticides through the soil, from the backsiphoning or back-flowing of pesticides through water wells, or from the direct flowage of pesticides to ground water.

**Sec. 53. [18B.11] [SALE AND USE OF TCDD.]**

A person may not sell, offer for sale, or use a pesticide containing in excess of 0.1 parts per million of 2,3,7, 8-tetrachlorodibenzo-paradoxin (TCDD).

**Sec. 54. [18B.12] [SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF ADULTERATED PESTICIDES.]**

A person may not offer for sale or distribute a pesticide that is determined by the commissioner to be adulterated, including a pesticide that has:

(1) a strength or purity that does not meet the standard of quality expressed on its label;

(2) a constituent entirely or partially substituted; or

(3) an important or necessary constituent entirely or partially removed.

Sec. 55. [18B.13] [SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF MISBRANDED PESTICIDES AND DEVICES.]

A person may not offer for sale or distribute a pesticide or device determined by the commissioner to be misbranded, including a pesticide or device that:

(1) is an imitation of or is offered for sale under the name of another pesticide or device; or

(2) does not comply with the labeling requirements under this chapter or FIFRA.

Sec. 56. [18B.14] [PESTICIDE STORAGE.]

Subdivision 1. [DISPLAY AND STORAGE.] (a) A person may store or display pesticides and their containers only in the original container and separated from food, feed, seed, livestock remedies, drugs, plants, and other products or materials stored, displayed, or offered for sale in a manner that prevents contamination which would cause injury or damage to the other products or materials.

(b) A person may not allow open pesticide containers to be displayed for sale under any circumstances.

Subd. 2. [BULK PESTICIDE STORAGE.] (a) A person storing pesticides in containers of a rated capacity of 500 gallons or more must obtain a pesticide storage permit from the commissioner.

(b) Applications must be on forms provided by the commissioner containing information established by rule. The initial application for a permit must be accompanied by a nonrefundable application fee of \$100 for each location where the pesticides are stored.

(c) The commissioner shall by rule develop and implement a program to regulate bulk pesticides. The rules must include installation of secondary containment devices, storage site security, safeguards, notification of storage site locations, criteria for permit

approval, a schedule for compliance, and other appropriate requirements necessary to minimize potential adverse effects on the environment. The rules must conform with existing rules of the pollution control agency.

Sec. 57. [18B.15] [PESTICIDE RELEASE INCIDENTS.]

Subdivision 1. [DUTIES OF RESPONSIBLE PARTY.] (a) A responsible party involved in an incident must immediately report the incident to the department of agriculture and provide information as requested by the commissioner. The responsible party must pay for the costs and immediately take all action necessary to minimize or abate the release and to recover pesticides involved in the incident.

(b) The responsible party must submit a written report of the incident to the commissioner containing the information requested by the commissioner within the time specified by the commissioner.

Subd. 2. [COMMISSIONER'S ACTION.] (a) If in the judgment of the commissioner the responsible party does not take immediate and sufficient action to abate the release of and to recover the pesticide, the commissioner may take action necessary to mitigate or correct the conditions resulting from an incident. The responsible party must reimburse the commissioner for the costs incurred by the commissioner in the enforcement of this subdivision.

(b) The department of agriculture is the lead state agency for responding to and taking action with regard to pesticide incidents.

Sec. 58. [18B.16] [EMPLOYER LIABILITY FOR EMPLOYEES.]

Structural pest control applicators, commercial applicators, non-commercial applicants and pesticides dealers are criminally liable for violations of this chapter by their employees and agents.

Sec. 59. [18B.17] [COOPERATIVE INSPECTION AND ENFORCEMENT AGREEMENTS.]

Subdivision 1. [COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.] The commissioner may enter into cooperative agreements with federal and state agencies for training, certification, inspection, and enforcement programs and may make reports to the United States Environmental Protection Agency and other federal agencies as required or requested. The commissioner may adopt and enforce federal standards, regulations, or orders relating to pesticide regulation when determined to be in the best interest of citizens of the state.

Subd. 2. [TRAINING AGREEMENTS.] For purposes of training only, the commissioner may enter into agreements with qualified public or private organizations that wish to offer training programs.

## Sec. 60. [18B.18] [INSPECTION.]

Subdivision 1. [ACCESS AND ENTRY.] (a) The commissioner, and the commissioner's agents, upon issuance of a notice of inspection, must be granted access at reasonable times to (1) sites where a restricted use pesticide is used; (2) where a person manufactures, formulates, distributes, uses, disposes of, stores, or transports a pesticide in violation of provisions of this chapter; and (3) to all sites affected, or possibly affected, by the use of a pesticide, rinsate, pesticide container, or device in violation of a provision of this chapter.

(b) The commissioner and commissioner's agents may enter sites for:

(1) inspection of equipment for the manufacture, formulation, distribution, disposal, or application of pesticides and the premises on which the equipment is stored;

(2) sampling of sites actually or reportedly exposed to pesticides;

(3) inspection of storage, handling, distribution, use, or disposal areas of pesticides or pesticide containers;

(4) inspection or investigation of complaints of injury to humans, wildlife, domesticated animals, crops, or the environment;

(5) sampling of pesticides;

(6) observation of the use and application of a pesticide;

(7) inspection of records related to the manufacture, distribution, use, or disposal of pesticides; and

(8) other purposes necessary to implement this chapter.

Subd. 2. [NOTICE OF INSPECTION SAMPLES AND ANALYSIS.] Before leaving the premises inspected, the commissioner shall provide the owner, operator, or agent in charge with a receipt describing any samples obtained. If an analysis is made of the samples, a copy of the results of the analysis must be furnished to the owner, operator, or agent in charge.

Sec. 61. [18B.19] [PRIVATE REQUEST FOR INSPECTION OF VIOLATION.]

Subdivision 1. [STATEMENT OF VIOLATION.] A person that suspects a provision of this chapter has been violated may file a written inspection request with the commissioner. The written request must contain:



- (1) the person's name and address;
- (2) the name of the person for whom the application was done;
- (3) the name of the applicator;
- (4) the date of the application;
- (5) a description of the suspected violation; and
- (6) other information the commissioner may require.

Subd. 2. [INSPECTION FOR SUSPECTED VIOLATION.] If the request for inspection is filed within 60 days after the pesticide was applied or damage has occurred, the commissioner shall investigate to determine if provisions of this chapter have been violated. The commissioner may discontinue the investigation after determining provisions of this chapter have not been violated.

Subd. 3. [INSPECTION FILE DISCLOSURE.] Copies of completed inspection files are available to the person making the inspection request, the applicator, or their agents, upon written request.

Sec. 62. [18B.20] [ENFORCEMENT.]

Subdivision 1. [ENFORCEMENT REQUIRED.] (a) The commissioner shall enforce this chapter.

(b) Upon the request of the commissioner or an agent authorized by the commissioner, county attorneys, sheriffs, and other officers having authority in the enforcement of the general criminal laws shall take action to the extent of their authority necessary or proper for the enforcement of this chapter, or special orders, standards, stipulations, and agreements of the commissioner.

Subd. 2. [CRIMINAL ACTIONS.] For a criminal action, the county attorney where a violation occurred is responsible for prosecuting a violation of a provision of this chapter. If the county attorney refuses to prosecute, the attorney general may prosecute.

Subd. 3. [CIVIL ACTIONS.] Civil judicial enforcement actions may be brought by the attorney general in the name of the state on behalf of the commissioner. A county attorney may bring a civil judicial enforcement action upon the request of the commissioner and the attorney general.

Subd. 4. [INJUNCTION.] The commissioner may apply to a court with jurisdiction for a temporary or permanent injunction to prevent, restrain, or enjoin violations of provisions of this chapter.

Subd. 5. [AGENT FOR SERVICE OF PROCESS.] All nonresident commercial and structural pest control applicator licensees licensed as individuals must appoint the commissioner as the agent upon whom all legal process may be served and service upon the commissioner is deemed to be service on the licensee.

Subd. 6. [SUBPOENAS.] The commissioner may issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses or submission of books, documents, and records affecting the authority or privilege granted by a license, registration, certification, or permit issued under this chapter.

**Sec. 63. [18B.21] [ADMINISTRATIVE ACTION.]**

Subdivision 1. [ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES.] The commissioner may seek to remedy violations by a written warning, administrative meeting, cease and desist, stop-use, stop-sale, or other special order, seizure, stipulation, or agreement, if the commissioner determines that the remedy is in the public interest.

Subd. 2. [REVOCAION AND SUSPENSION.] The commissioner may, after written notice and hearing, revoke, suspend, or refuse to renew a registration, permit, license, or certification if a person violates a provision of this chapter.

Subd. 3. [REMEDIAL ACTION ORDERS.] (a) If the commissioner has probable cause that a pesticide, pesticide container, rinsate, pesticide equipment, or device is being used, manufactured, distributed, stored, or disposed of in violation of a provision of this chapter, the commissioner may investigate and issue a written cease and desist, stop-sale, stop-use, or removal order or other remedial action to the owner, custodian, or other responsible party. If the owner, custodian, or other responsible party is not available for service of the order, the commissioner may attach the order to the pesticide, pesticide container, rinsate, pesticide equipment, or device or facility and notify the owner, custodian, other responsible party, or the registrant. The pesticide, pesticide container, rinsate, pesticide equipment, or device may not be sold, used, or removed until the violation has been corrected and the pesticide, pesticide container, rinsate, pesticide equipment, or device has been released in writing under conditions specified by the commissioner, or until the violation has been otherwise disposed of by a court.

(b) If a violation of a provision of this chapter results in conditions that may have an unreasonable adverse effect on humans, domestic animals, wildlife, or the environment, the commissioner may, by order, require remedial action, including removal and proper disposal.

**Sec. 64. [18B.22] [DAMAGES AGAINST STATE FOR ADMINISTRATIVE ACTION WITHOUT CAUSE.]**

If the commissioner did not have probable cause for an administrative action, including the issuance of a stop-sale, use, or removal order, a court may allow recovery for damages caused by the administrative action.

Sec. 65. [18B.23] [CIVIL PENALTIES.]

Subdivision 1. [GENERAL PENALTY.] Except as provided in subdivisions 2 and 5, a person who violates a provision of this chapter or a special order, standard, stipulation, agreement, or schedule of compliance of the commissioner is subject to a civil penalty of up to \$10,000 per day of violation as determined by the court.

Subd. 2. [DISPOSAL THAT BECOMES HAZARDOUS WASTE.] A person who violates a provision of this chapter or a special order, standard, stipulation, agreement, or schedule of compliance of the commissioner that relates to disposal of pesticides so that they become hazardous waste, is subject to a civil penalty of up to \$25,000 per day of violation as determined by the court.

Subd. 3. [CLEANUP COSTS.] A person who violates a provision of this chapter is liable for and must pay to the state a sum that will compensate the state for the reasonable value of cleanup and other expenses directly resulting from the illegal use, storage, handling, or disposal of pesticides, whether accidental or otherwise.

Subd. 4. [WILDLIFE AND OTHER DAMAGES.] (a) A person who violates a provision of this chapter is liable for and must pay to the state a sum to constitute just compensation for the loss or destruction of wildlife, fish, or other aquatic life, and for actual damages to the state caused by the illegal use, storage, handling, or disposal of pesticides.

(b) The amounts paid as compensation for loss of or destruction to wildlife, fish, or other aquatic life must be deposited into the state treasury and credited to the game and fish fund.

Subd. 5. [DIRECTLY SPRAYING HUMANS.] A person who directly applies pesticides on a human by target site spraying in an open field is subject to a civil penalty up to \$5,000 as determined by the court.

Subd. 6. [DEFENSE TO CIVIL REMEDIES AND DAMAGES.] As a defense to a civil penalty or claim for damages under subdivisions 1 to 4, the defendant may prove that the violation was caused solely by an act of God, an act of war, or an act or failure to act that constitutes sabotage or vandalism, or any combination of these defenses.

Subd. 7. [ACTIONS TO COMPEL PERFORMANCE.] In an action to compel performance of an order of the commissioner to enforce a provision of this chapter, the court may require a defendant adjudged responsible to perform the acts within the person's power that are reasonably necessary to accomplish the purposes of the order.

Subd. 8. [RECOVERY OF PENALTIES BY CIVIL ACTION.] The civil penalties and payments provided for in this section may be recovered by a civil action brought by the county attorney or the attorney general in the name of the state.

Subd. 9. [RECOVERY OF LITIGATION COSTS AND EXPENSES.] In an action brought by the attorney general or a county attorney in the name of the state under this chapter for civil penalties, injunctive relief, or in an action to compel compliance, if the state finally prevails, the state, in addition to other penalties provided in this chapter, must be allowed an amount determined by the court to be the reasonable value of all or a part of the litigation expenses including attorney fees incurred by the state or county attorney. In determining the amount of these litigation expenses to be allowed, the court shall give consideration to the economic circumstances of the defendant.

Sec. 66. [18B.24] [UNSATISFIED JUDGMENTS.]

(a) An applicant for a commercial, noncommercial, or structural pest control license and a commercial, noncommercial, or structural pest control applicator may not allow a final judgment against the applicant or applicator for damages arising from a violation of a provision of this chapter to remain unsatisfied for a period of more than 30 days.

(b) Failure to satisfy within 30 days a final judgment resulting from these pest control activities will result in automatic suspension of the applicator license.

Sec. 67. [18B.25] [CRIMINAL PENALTIES.]

Subdivision 1. [GENERAL VIOLATION.] Except as provided in subdivisions 2 and 3, a person is guilty of a misdemeanor, if the person violates a provision of this chapter, or a special order, standard, stipulation, agreement, or schedule of compliance of the commissioner.

Subd. 2. [VIOLATION ENDANGERING HUMANS.] A person is guilty of a gross misdemeanor if the person violates a provision of this chapter or a special order, standard, stipulation, agreement, or schedule of compliance of the commissioner, and the violation endangers humans.

Subd. 3. [VIOLATION WITH KNOWLEDGE.] A person is guilty of a gross misdemeanor if the person knowingly violates a provision of this chapter or standard, a special order, stipulation, agreement, or schedule of compliance of the commissioner.

Subd. 4. [DISPOSAL THAT BECOMES HAZARDOUS WASTE.] A person who knowingly, or with reason to know, disposes of a pesticide so that the product becomes hazardous waste is subject to the penalties in section 115.071.

Sec. 68. [18B.26] [PESTICIDE REGISTRATION.]

Subdivision 1. [REQUIREMENT.] A person may not use or distribute a pesticide in this state unless it is registered with the commissioner. Pesticide registrations expire on December 31 of each year and may be renewed on or before that date for the following calendar year. Registration is not required if a pesticide is shipped from one plant or warehouse to another plant or warehouse operated by the same person and used solely at the plant or warehouse as an ingredient in the formulation of a pesticide that is registered under this chapter.

Subd. 2. [APPLICATION.] (a) A person must file an application for registration with the commissioner. The application must include:

(1) the name and address of the applicant and the name and address of the person whose name will appear on the label, if other than the applicant;

(2) the brand name of the pesticide;

(3) other necessary information required by the registration application form;

(4) a true and complete copy of the labeling accompanying the pesticide as provided for in FIFRA; and

(5) current material safety data sheets for each pesticide.

(b) As part of the application, the commissioner may require the submission of any relevant information including the complete formula of a pesticide, including the active and inert ingredients.

Subd. 3. [APPLICATION FEE.] (a) An application for initial registration and renewal must be accompanied by a nonrefundable application fee of \$125 for each pesticide to be registered.

(b) An additional fee of \$100 must be paid by the applicant for each pesticide to be registered if the application is a renewal application that is submitted after December 31.

(c) An additional fee of \$200 must be paid by the applicant for each pesticide distributed or used in the state before initial state registration.

Subd. 4. [EFFECT OF REGISTRATION AFTER RENEWAL APPLICATION.] If a registration is in effect on December 31 and a renewal application has been made and the application fee paid, the registration continues in full force and effect until the commissioner notifies the applicant that the registration is denied or canceled, or the renewed registration expires.

Subd. 5. [APPLICATION REVIEW AND REGISTRATION.] (a) The commissioner may not deny the registration of a pesticide because the commissioner determines the pesticide is not essential.

(b) The commissioner shall review each application and may approve, deny, or cancel the registration of any pesticide. The commissioner may impose state use restrictions on a pesticide as part of the registration to prevent unreasonable adverse effects on the environment.

(c) The commissioner must notify the applicant of the approval, denial, cancellation, or state use restrictions within 30 days after the application and fee are received.

(d) The applicant may request a hearing on any adverse action of the commissioner within 30 days after being notified by the commissioner.

**Sec. 69. [18B.27] [PESTICIDE REGISTRATION FOR SPECIAL LOCAL NEEDS.]**

Subdivision 1. [APPLICATION.] (a) A person must file an application for a special local need application with the commissioner. The application must meet the requirements of section 68, subdivision 2, and the commissioner may require other relevant information.

(b) The commissioner may require a full description of tests and test results upon which claims are based for:

(1) a pesticide use that is not registered under section 68 or FIFRA; or

(2) a pesticide on which restrictions are being considered.

(c) The applicant may request in writing privacy of information submitted as provided in section 80.

Subd. 2. [APPLICATION REVIEW.] (a) After reviewing the application accompanied by the application fee, the commissioner shall, subject to the terms and conditions of the authorization by the administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency to register pesticides to meet special local needs, register pesticides if the commissioner determines that:

(1) the pesticide's composition warrants the proposed claims for the pesticide;

(2) the pesticide's label and other material required to be submitted comply with this chapter;

(3) the pesticide will perform its intended function without unreasonable adverse effect on the environment;

(4) the pesticide will not generally cause unreasonable adverse effects on the environment when used in accordance with label directions; and

(5) a special local need for the pesticide exists.

(b) The commissioner may revoke or modify a special local need registration if the commissioner determines that the terms or conditions of the registration do not comply with paragraph (a).

Subd. 3. [APPLICATION FEE.] An application fee for a special local need registration must be accompanied by a nonrefundable fee of \$125.

Sec. 70. [18B.28] [EXPERIMENTAL USE PESTICIDE PRODUCT REGISTRATION.]

Subdivision 1. [REQUIREMENT.] A person may not use or distribute an experimental use pesticide product in the state until it is registered with the commissioner. Experimental use pesticide product registrations expire on December 31 of each year and may be renewed on or before that date.

Subd. 2. [APPLICATION REVIEW AND REGISTRATION.] (a) After reviewing the application accompanied by the application fee, the commissioner may issue an experimental use pesticide product registration if the commissioner determines that the applicant needs the registration to accumulate information necessary to register a pesticide under section 68. The commissioner may prescribe terms, conditions, and a limited period of time for the experimental use product registration. After an experimental use pesticide product registration is issued, the commissioner may revoke or modify the registration at any time if the commissioner

finds that its terms or conditions are being violated or are inadequate to avoid unreasonable adverse effects on the environment.

(b) The commissioner may deny issuance of an experimental use pesticide product registration permit if the commissioner determines that issuance of a registration is not warranted or that the use to be made of the pesticide under the proposed terms and conditions may cause unreasonable adverse effects on the environment.

Subd. 3. [APPLICATION.] A person must file an application for experimental use pesticide product registration with the commissioner. An application to register an experimental use pesticide product must include:

- (1) the name and address of the applicant;
- (2) a federal environmental protection agency approval document;
- (3) the purpose or objectives of the experimental use product;
- (4) an accepted experimental use pesticide product label;
- (5) the name, address, and telephone number of cooperators or participants in this state;
- (6) the amount of material to be shipped or used in this state; and
- (7) other information requested by the commissioner.

Subd. 4. [APPLICATION FEE.] (a) An application for registration of an experimental use pesticide product must be accompanied by a nonrefundable application fee of \$125.

(b) An additional fee of \$200 must be paid by the applicant for each pesticide distributed or used in the state before an initial experimental use pesticide product registration was issued for the pesticide.

#### Sec. 71. [18B.29] [RECIPROCAL LICENSING AND CERTIFICATION AGREEMENTS.]

The commissioner may waive all or part of the examination requirements provided for in sections 71 to 77 on a reciprocal basis with any other jurisdiction which has substantially the same requirements. Licenses or certificates issued under sections 71 to 77 may be suspended or revoked upon suspension or revocation of the license or certificate of another jurisdiction supporting the issuance of a Minnesota license or certificate and in the same manner as other licenses and certificates.



## Sec. 72. [18B.30] [PESTICIDE USE LICENSE REQUIREMENT.]

A person may not use or supervise the use of a restricted use pesticide without a license or certification required under sections 71 to 77 and the use may only be done under conditions prescribed by the commissioner.

## Sec. 73. [18B.31] [PESTICIDE DEALER LICENSE.]

Subdivision 1. [REQUIREMENT.] (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), a person may not distribute or possess restricted use pesticides or bulk pesticides with an intent to distribute them to an ultimate user without a pesticide dealer license.

(b) The pesticide dealer license requirement does not apply to:

(1) a licensed commercial applicator, noncommercial applicator, or structural pest control applicator who uses restricted use pesticides only as an integral part of a pesticide application service;

(2) a federal, state, county, or municipal agency using restricted use pesticides for its own programs;

(3) a licensed pharmacist, physician, dentist, or veterinarian when administering or dispensing a restricted use pesticide for use in the pharmacist's, physician's, dentist's, or veterinarian's practice; or

(4) a distributor or wholesaler shipping restricted use pesticides to commercial applicators who are the ultimate users.

(c) A licensed pesticide dealer may sell restricted use pesticides only to an applicator licensed or certified by the commissioner, unless a sale is allowed by rule.

Subd. 2. [RESPONSIBILITY.] A pesticide dealer is responsible for the acts of a person who assists the dealer in the solicitation and sale of restricted use pesticides.

Subd. 3. [LICENSE.] A pesticide dealer license:

(1) expires on December 31 of each year unless it is suspended or revoked before that date; and

(2) is not transferable to another person.

Subd. 4. [APPLICATION.] (a) A person must apply to the commissioner for a pesticide dealer license on the forms and in the manner required by the commissioner. The commissioner must prescribe and administer a closed-book, monitored examination, or equivalent

measure to determine if the applicant is eligible to sell bulk pesticides or restricted use pesticides.

(b) The commissioner may require an additional demonstration of dealer qualification if the dealer has had a license suspended or revoked, or has otherwise had a history of violations of this chapter.

Subd. 5. [APPLICATION FEE.] (a) An application for a pesticide dealer license must be accompanied by a nonrefundable application fee of \$50.

(b) If an application for renewal of a pesticide dealer license is not filed before January 1 of the year for which the license is to be issued, an additional fee of \$20 must be paid by the applicant before the license is issued.

Sec. 74. [18B.32] [STRUCTURAL PEST CONTROL LICENSE.]

Subdivision 1. [REQUIREMENT.] (a) A person may not engage in structural pest control applications:

(1) for hire without a structural pest control license; and

(2) as a sole proprietorship, company, partnership, or corporation unless the person is or employs a licensed master in structural pest control operations.

(b) A structural pest control licensee must have a valid license identification card when applying pesticides for hire and must display it upon demand by an authorized representative of the commissioner or a law enforcement officer. The license identification card must contain information required by the commissioner.

Subd. 2. [LICENSES.] (a) A structural pest control license:

(1) expires on December 31 of the year for which the license is issued; and

(2) is not transferable.

(b) The commissioner shall establish categories of master, journeyman, and fumigator for a person to be licensed under a structural pest control license.

Subd. 3. [APPLICATION.] (a) A person must apply to the commissioner for a structural pest control license to be licensed as a master, journeyman, or fumigator on forms and in the manner required by the commissioner. The commissioner shall require the applicant to pass a written, closed-book, monitored examination or oral examination, or both, and may also require a practical demonstration

regarding structural pest control. The commissioner shall establish the examination procedure, including the phases and contents of the examination.

(b) The commissioner may license a person as a master under a structural pest control license if the person has the necessary qualifications through knowledge and experience to properly plan, determine, and supervise the selection and application of pesticides in structural pest control. To demonstrate the qualifications and become licensed as a master, a person must:

(1) pass closed-book testing administered by the commissioner; and

(2) by direct experience as a licensed journeyman under a structural pest control license for at least two years by this state or a state with equivalent certification requirements or as a full-time licensed master in another state with equivalent certification requirements, show practical knowledge and field experience in the actual selection and application of pesticides under varying conditions.

(c) The commissioner may license a person as a journeyman under a structural pest control license if the person:

(1) has the necessary qualifications in the practical selection and application of pesticides;

(2) has passed a closed-book examination given by the commissioner; and

(3) is engaged as an employee of or is working under the direction of a person licensed as a master under a structural pest control license.

(d) The commissioner may license a person as a fumigator under a structural pest control license if the person:

(1) has knowledge of the practical selection and application of fumigants;

(2) has passed a closed-book examination given by the commissioner; and

(3) is licensed by the commissioner as a master or journeyman under a structural pest control license.

Subd. 4. [RENEWAL.] (a) A structural pest control applicator license may be renewed on or before the expiration of an existing license subject to reexamination, attendance at workshops approved by the commissioner, or other requirements imposed by the commis-

sioner to provide the applicator with information regarding changing technology and to help assure a continuing level of competency and ability to use pesticides safely and properly. The commissioner may require an additional demonstration of applicator qualification if the applicator has had a license suspended or revoked or has otherwise had a history of violations of this chapter.

(b) If a person fails to renew a structural pest control license within three months of its expiration, the person must obtain a structural pest control license subject to the requirements, procedures, and fees required for an initial license.

Subd. 5. [FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY.] (a) A structural pest control license may not be issued unless the applicant furnishes proof of financial responsibility. The financial responsibility may be demonstrated by:

(1) proof of net assets equal to or greater than \$50,000; or

(2) a performance bond or insurance of a kind and in an amount determined by the commissioner.

(b) The bond or insurance must cover a period of time at least equal to the term of the applicant's license. The commissioner must immediately suspend the license of a person who fails to maintain the required bond or insurance. The performance bond or insurance policy must contain a provision requiring the insurance or bonding company to notify the commissioner by ten days before the effective date of cancellation, termination, or any other change of the bond or insurance. If there is recovery against the bond or insurance, additional coverage must be secured to maintain financial responsibility equal to the original amount required.

(c) An employee of a licensed person is not required to maintain an insurance policy or bond during the time the employer is maintaining the required insurance or bond.

(d) Applications for reinstatement of a license suspended under the provisions of this section must be accompanied by proof of satisfaction of judgments previously rendered.

Subd. 6. [FEES.] (a) An applicant for a structural pest control license for a business must pay a nonrefundable application fee of \$100. An employee of a licensed business must pay a nonrefundable application fee of \$50 for an individual structural pest control license.

(b) An application received after expiration of the structural pest control license is subject to a penalty fee of 50 percent of the application fee.

(c) An applicant that meets renewal requirements by re-examination instead of attending workshops must pay the equivalent workshop fee for the re-examination as determined by the commissioner.

Sec. 75. [18B.33] [COMMERCIAL APPLICATOR LICENSE.]

Subdivision 1. [REQUIREMENT.] (a) A person may not apply a pesticide for hire without a commercial applicator license for the appropriate use categories except a structural pest control applicator.

(b) A person with a commercial applicator license may not apply pesticides on or into surface waters without an aquatic category endorsement on a commercial applicator license.

(c) A commercial applicator licensee must have a valid license identification card when applying pesticides for hire and must display it upon demand by an authorized representative of the commissioner or a law enforcement officer. The commissioner shall prescribe the information required on the license identification card.

Subd. 2. [RESPONSIBILITY.] A person required to be licensed under this section who performs pesticide applications for hire or who employs a licensed applicator to perform pesticide application for pro rata compensation is responsible for proper application of the pesticide or device.

Subd. 3. [LICENSE.] A commercial applicator license:

(1) expires on December 31 of the year for which it is issued, unless suspended or revoked before that date; and

(2) is not transferable to another person.

Subd. 4. [APPLICATION.] (a) A person must apply to the commissioner for a commercial applicator license on forms and in the manner required by the commissioner. The commissioner must prescribe and administer a closed-book, monitored examination, or equivalent measure to determine if the applicant is eligible for the commercial applicator license.

(b) Aerial applicators must also fulfill applicable requirements in chapter 360.

(c) An applicant that desires an aquatic category endorsement must pass an examination prepared by the commissioner of natural resources and administered by the department of agriculture.

Subd. 5. [RENEWAL APPLICATION.] (a) A person must apply to the commissioner to renew a commercial applicator license. The

commissioner may renew a commercial applicator license accompanied by the application fee, subject to reexamination, attendance at workshops approved by the commissioner, or other requirements imposed by the commissioner to provide the applicator with information regarding changing technology and to help assure a continuing level of competence and ability to use pesticides safely and properly. The applicant may renew a commercial applicator license within 12 months after expiration of the license without having to meet initial testing requirements. The commissioner may require additional demonstration of applicator qualification if a person has had a license suspended or revoked or has had a history of violations of this chapter.

(b) An applicant that meets renewal requirements by reexamination instead of attending workshops must pay the equivalent workshop fee for the reexamination as determined by the commissioner.

Subd. 6. [FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY.] (a) A commercial applicator license may not be issued unless the applicant furnishes proof of financial responsibility. The financial responsibility may be demonstrated by: (1) proof of net assets equal to or greater than \$50,000; or (2) by a performance bond or insurance of the kind and in an amount determined by the commissioner.

(b) The bond or insurance must cover a period of time at least equal to the term of the applicant's license. The commissioner must immediately suspend the license of a person who fails to maintain the required bond or insurance. The performance bond or insurance policy must contain a provision requiring the insurance or bonding company to notify the commissioner by ten days before the effective date of cancellation, termination, or any other change of the bond or insurance. If there is recovery against the bond or insurance, additional coverage must be secured to maintain financial responsibility equal to the original amount required.

(c) An employee of a licensed person is not required to maintain an insurance policy or bond during the time the employer is maintaining the required insurance or bond.

(d) Applications for reinstatement of a license suspended under the provisions of this section must be accompanied by proof of satisfaction of judgments previously rendered.

Subd. 7. [APPLICATION FEES.] (a) A person initially applying for or renewing a commercial applicator license as a business entity must pay a nonrefundable application fee of \$50, except a person who is an employee of a business entity that has a commercial applicator license and is applying for or renewing a commercial applicator license as an individual the nonrefundable application fee is \$25.

(b) If a renewal application is not filed before March 1 of the year for which the license is to be issued, an additional penalty fee of \$10 must be paid before the commercial applicator license may be issued.

Sec. 76. [18B.34] [NONCOMMERCIAL APPLICATOR LICENSE.]

Subdivision 1. [REQUIREMENT.] (a) Except for a commercial applicator, private applicator, or structural pest control applicator, a person, including a government employee, may not use a restricted use pesticide in performance of official duties without having a noncommercial applicator license for an appropriate use category.

(b) A person with a noncommercial applicator license may not apply pesticides into or on surface waters without an aquatic category endorsement on the license.

(c) A licensee must have a valid license identification card when applying pesticides and must display it upon demand by an authorized representative of the commissioner or a law enforcement officer. The license identification card must contain information required by the commissioner.

Subd. 2. [LICENSE.] A noncommercial applicator license:

(1) expires on December 31 of the year for which it is issued unless suspended or revoked before that date; and

(2) is not transferable.

Subd. 3. [APPLICATION.] A person must apply to the commissioner for a noncommercial applicator license on forms and in the manner required by the commissioner. The commissioner must prescribe and administer a closed-book, monitored examination, or equivalent measure to determine if the applicant is eligible to acquire a noncommercial applicator license. An applicant desiring to apply pesticides into or on surface waters must pass an examination prepared by the department of natural resources and administered by the commissioner.

Subd. 4. [RENEWAL.] (a) A person must apply to the commissioner to renew a noncommercial applicator license. The commissioner may renew a license subject to reexamination, attendance at workshops approved by the commissioner, or other requirements imposed by the commissioner to provide the applicator with information regarding changing technology and to help assure a continuing level of competence and ability to use pesticides safely and properly. The commissioner may require an additional demonstration of applicator qualification if the applicator has had a license suspended or revoked or has otherwise had a history of violations of this chapter.

(b) An applicant that meets renewal requirements by re-examination instead of attending workshops must pay the equivalent workshop fee for the re-examination as determined by the commissioner.

(c) An applicant has 12 months to renew the license after expiration without having to meet initial testing requirements.

Subd. 5. [FEES.] (a) A person initially applying for or renewing a noncommercial applicator license as a business entity must pay a nonrefundable application fee of \$50. A person who is an employee of a business entity that has a noncommercial applicator license and is applying for or renewing a noncommercial applicator license as an individual must pay a nonrefundable application fee of \$25, except an applicant who is a government employee who uses pesticides in the course of performing official duties must pay a nonrefundable application fee of \$10.

(b) If an application for renewal of a noncommercial license is not filed before March 1 in the year for which the license is to be issued, an additional penalty fee of \$10 must be paid before the renewal license may be issued.

**Sec. 77. [18B.35] [APPLICATION CATEGORIES WITHIN APPLICATOR LICENSES.]**

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT.] (a) The commissioner may establish categories of structural pest control, commercial applicator, and noncommercial applicator licenses for administering and enforcing this chapter. The categories may include pest control operators and ornamental, agricultural, aquatic, forest, and right-of-way pesticide applicators. Separate subclassifications of categories may be specified as to ground, aerial, or manual methods to apply pesticides or to the use of pesticides to control insects, plant diseases, rodents, or weeds.

(b) Each category is subject to separate testing procedures and requirements.

Subd. 2. [NO ADDITIONAL FEE.] A person may not be required to pay an additional fee for a category or subclassification of a category of a license.

**Sec. 78. [18B.36] [PRIVATE APPLICATOR CERTIFICATION.]**

Subdivision 1. [REQUIREMENT.] (a) Except for a commercial or noncommercial applicator, only a person certified as a private applicator may use or supervise the use of a restricted use pesticide to produce an agricultural commodity.



(1) as a traditional exchange of services without financial compensation; or

(2) on a site owned, rented, or managed by the person or the person's employees.

(b) A private applicator may not purchase a restricted use pesticide without presenting a private applicator card or the card number.

Subd. 2. [CERTIFICATION.] (a) The commissioner shall prescribe certification requirements and provide training to certify persons as private applicators and provide information relating to changing technology to help ensure a continuing level of competency and ability to use pesticides properly and safely. The training may be done through cooperation with other government agencies.

(b) A person must apply to the commissioner for certification as a private applicator. After completing the certification requirements, an applicant must be certified as a private applicator to use restricted use pesticides. The certification is for a period of five years from the applicant's nearest birthday.

(c) The commissioner shall issue a private applicator card to a private applicator.

Subd. 3. [FEES.] (a) A person applying to be certified as a private applicator must pay a nonrefundable \$10 application fee for the certification period.

(b) A \$5 fee must be paid for the issuance of a duplicate private applicator card.

Sec. 79. [18B.37] [RECORDS, REPORTS, PLANS, AND INSPECTIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [PESTICIDE DEALER.] (a) A pesticide dealer must maintain records of all sales of restricted use pesticides as required by the commissioner. Records must be kept on forms supplied by the commissioner or on the pesticide dealer's forms if they are approved by the commissioner.

(b) Records must be submitted annually with the renewal application for a pesticide dealer license or upon request of the commissioner.

(c) Copies of records required under this subdivision must be maintained by the pesticide dealer for a period of five years after the date of the pesticide sale.

Subd. 2. [COMMERCIAL AND NONCOMMERCIAL APPLICATORS.] (a) A commercial or noncommercial applicator, or the applicator's authorized agent, must maintain a record of pesticides used on each site. The record must include the:

- (1) date of the pesticide use;
- (2) time the pesticide application was completed;
- (3) pesticide and dosage used;
- (4) number of units treated;
- (5) temperature, wind speed, and wind direction;
- (6) location of the site where the pesticide was applied;
- (7) name and address of the customer;
- (8) name, license number, address, and signature of applicator;  
and
- (9) any other information required by the commissioner.

(b) Portions of records not relevant to a specific type of application may be omitted upon approval from the commissioner.

(c) All information for this record requirement must be contained in a single document for each pesticide application. Invoices containing the required information may constitute the required record.

(d) A commercial applicator must give a copy of the record to the customer when the application is completed.

(e) Records must be retained by the applicator, company, or authorized agent for five years after the date of treatment.

Subd. 3. [STRUCTURAL PEST CONTROL APPLICATORS.] (a) A structural pest control applicator must maintain a record of each structural pest control application conducted by that person or by the person's employees. The record must include the:

- (1) date of structural pest control application;
- (2) target pest;
- (3) name of the pesticide used;
- (4) for fumigation, the temperature and exposure time;

(5) name and address of the customer;

(6) structural pest control applicator's company name and address, applicator's signature, and license number; and

(7) any other information required by the commissioner.

(b) Invoices containing the required information may constitute the record.

(c) Records must be retained for five years after the date of treatment.

(d) A copy of the record must be given to a person who ordered the application that is present at the site where the structural pest control application is conducted, placed in a conspicuous location at the site where the structural pest control application is conducted immediately after the application of the pesticides, or delivered to the person who ordered an application or the owner of the site.

Subd. 4. [STORAGE, HANDLING, AND DISPOSAL PLAN.] A commercial, noncommercial, or structural pest control applicator or the licensed business that the applicator is employed by must develop and maintain a plan that describes its pesticide storage, handling, and disposal practices. The plan must be kept at a principal business site or location within this state and must be submitted to the commissioner upon request on forms provided by the commissioner. The plan must be available for inspection by the commissioner.

Subd. 5. [INSPECTION OF RECORDS.] The commissioner may enter a commercial, noncommercial, or structural pest control applicator's business and inspect the records required in this section at any reasonable time and may make copies of the records. Unless required for enforcement of this chapter, the information in the records in this section is private or nonpublic.

Sec. 80. [18B.38] [PROTECTION OF TRADE SECRETS.]

Subdivision 1. [REQUIREMENTS.] In submitting data required by this chapter, the applicant may:

(1) clearly mark any portions that in the applicant's opinion are trade secrets, commercial, or financial information; and

(2) submit the marked material separately from other material.

Subd. 2. [INFORMATION REVEALED.] After consideration of the applicant's request submitted under subdivision 1, the commissioner shall not make any information public that in the

commissioner's judgment contains or relates to trade secrets or to commercial or financial information obtained from an applicant. When necessary, information relating to formulas of products may be revealed to any state or federal agency consulted with similar protection of trade secret authority and may be revealed at a public hearing or in findings of facts issued by the commissioner.

Subd. 3. [NOTIFICATION.] If the commissioner proposes to release information that the applicant or registrant believes to be protected from disclosure under subdivision 2, the commissioner shall notify the applicant or registrant by certified mail. The commissioner shall not make the information available for inspection until 30 days after receipt of the notice by the applicant or registrant. During this period the applicant or registrant may institute an action in an appropriate court for a declaratory judgment as to whether the information is subject to protection under this section.

Sec. 81. [EXISTING RULES.]

Rules of the commissioner of agriculture in effect on the effective date of this act relating to the distribution, use, storage, handling, and disposal of pesticides, rinsates, and pesticide containers remain in effect until they are superseded by new rules. The commissioner may adopt emergency rules to implement this act until December 31, 1987.

Sec. 82. [PESTICIDE CONTAINER DEPOSIT REPORT.]

The commissioner of agriculture in consultation with the director of the pollution control agency shall develop a program for pesticide container deposit and return of triple rinsed pesticide containers. The commissioner shall prepare a report on a proposed program and legislative recommendations and submit the report to the house of representatives and senate committees on agriculture by January 15, 1988.

Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 27.041, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [LICENSES.] The license, or a certified copy of the license, must be kept posted in the office of the licensee at each place within the state where the licensee transacts business. Every license shall expire June 30 following its issuance and thereafter be renewed July 1 each year. Any license issued under this subdivision is automatically void upon the termination of the surety bond covering the licensed operation. The fee for each license shall be based on the following schedule:

License Fee	Penalty for Late Renewal	Dollar Volume of Business
\$ 30	\$10	\$10,000 or less per month
\$ 60	\$15	Over \$10,000 to \$50,000 per month
<del>\$180</del> \$300	\$45 \$75	Over \$50,000 to \$100,000 per month
<del>\$240</del> \$400	\$60 \$100	Over \$100,000 per month

A fee of ~~\$10~~ \$20 shall be charged for each certified copy of a license, ~~\$2~~ \$5 for each license identification card, and ~~\$2~~ \$5 for each license identification truck decal. The commissioner shall make appropriate license fee adjustments for up to one year from July 1, 1975 for persons required to be licensed hereunder, who hold validly issued licenses as of the effective date of Laws 1975, chapter 227 under the provisions of law amended or repealed herein. A licensee who sells, disposes of, or discontinues the licensee's business during the lifetime of a license shall at the time the action is taken, notify the commissioner in writing, and upon demand produce before the commissioner a full statement of all assets and liabilities as of the date of transfer or discontinuance of the business.

Money collected from license fees shall be deposited in the state treasury.

Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 27.07, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. [COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS; FEES; ACCOUNT.]  
The commissioner may collect fees as provided for in cooperative agreements between the commissioner and the United States Department of Agriculture for the inspection of fresh fruits, vegetables, and other products. The fees must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to a fruit and vegetables inspection account. The money in the account, including interest earned, is appropriated to the commissioner to carry out the cooperative agreements.

Sec. 85. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 28A.08, is amended to read:

**28A.08 [LICENSE FEES; PENALTIES.]**

The fees for licenses and the penalties for late renewal of licenses set in this section apply to the sections named except as provided under section 28A.09. Except as specified herein, bonds and assessments based on number of units operated or volume handled or processed which are provided for in said laws shall not be affected, nor shall any penalties for late payment of said assessments, nor shall inspection fees, be affected by this chapter.

Type of food handler	License Fee	Penalty
1. Retail food handler		
(a) Having gross sales of less than \$50,000 for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$ 25 \$ 40	\$10
(b) Having \$50,000 to \$250,000 gross sales for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$ 50 \$ 75	\$13 \$ 25
(c) Having \$250,000 to \$1,000,000 gross sales for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$100 \$125	\$25 \$ 50
(d) Having over \$1,000,000 gross sales for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$200 \$250	\$50 \$ 75
2. Wholesale food handler	\$100	\$25
(a) Having gross sales of less than \$250,000 for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$100	\$ 25
(b) Having \$250,000 to \$1,000,000 gross sales for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$150	\$ 38
(c) Having over \$1,000,000 gross sales for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$200	\$ 50
3. Food broker	\$ 50 \$ 75	\$13 \$ 25
4. Wholesale food processor or manufacturer		
(a) Having gross sales of less than \$250,000 for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$150 \$200	\$38 \$ 50
(b) Having \$250,000 to \$1,000,000 gross sales for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$200 \$275	\$50 \$ 75

(c) Having over \$1,000,000 gross sales for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$250	\$350	\$63	\$100
5. Wholesale food processor of meat or poultry products under supervision of the U.S. Department of Agriculture				
(a) Having gross sales of less than \$250,000 for the immediately previous license of fiscal year	\$	75	\$100	\$19
(b) Having \$250,000 to \$1,000,000 gross sales for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$	90	\$150	\$23
(c) Having over \$1,000,000 gross sales for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$105	\$175	\$27	\$
6. Wholesale food manufacturer having the permission of the commissioner to use the name Minnesota farmstead cheese	\$	30	\$	10

Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 32.075, is amended to read:

**32.075 [TERM OF LICENSE; TRANSFERABILITY; FEES AND PENALTIES.]**

Every license issued by the commissioner shall be for a period ending on the thirty-first day of December next following, and shall not be transferable. The fee for each such initial license shall be \$25 \$50 and each renewal thereof shall be \$10 \$25 and shall be paid to the commissioner before any license or renewal thereof is issued. If a license renewal is not applied for on or before January 1 of each year, a penalty of \$10 shall be imposed. A person who does not renew a license within one year following its December 31 expiration date, except those persons who do not renew such license while engaged in active military service, shall be required to prove competency and qualification pursuant to section 32.073, before a license is issued. The commissioner may require any other person who renews a license to prove competency and qualification in the same manner.

All license fees and penalties received by the commissioner shall be paid into the state treasury.

Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 32.59, is amended to read:

**32.59 [NONRESIDENT MANUFACTURER LICENSE.]**

Any person who manufactures frozen foods, mix, ice cream mix, mix base, or ice cream mix base outside of the state, for sale within the state, shall apply for registration with the department of agriculture in the form and with the information the commissioner requires. Samples of all frozen foods, mix, ice cream mix, mix base, or ice cream mix base, so manufactured for sale and sold within this state, must be submitted to the department. Each application for registration must be accompanied by a fee of ~~\$150~~ \$200, which is the registration fee if a certificate of registration is granted. If the department of agriculture finds that the samples submitted are up to the accepted standards and otherwise comply with the laws of this state, it shall issue to the applicant a certificate of registration. The penalty for a late registration application is ~~\$38~~ \$50 if the registration is not renewed by January 1 of any year.

Sec. 88. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.01, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [~~STATE BOARD OR STATE SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION BOARD OF WATER AND SOIL RESOURCES.~~] "State board" or "~~state soil and water conservation board of water and soil resources~~" means the agency created in section ~~40.03~~ 103.

Sec. 89. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.03, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [POWERS AND DUTIES.] In addition to the powers and duties hereinafter conferred upon the ~~state soil and water conservation board~~ by section 103, it shall have the following powers and duties:

(1) ~~Prepare and present to the commissioner of agriculture a budget to finance the activities of the state board and the districts and to administer any law appropriating funds to districts. The board shall~~ Receive and disburse any grants made available to the state by the United States Department of Agriculture under the preferred program developed under United States Code, title 16, sections 2001 to 2009;

(2) Offer any appropriate assistance to the supervisors of the districts in implementing any of their powers and programs. Any funds made available to a district for expenditures necessary for the



operations of the district shall be a grant to the district to be used only for purposes authorized by the state board pursuant to law. The soil and water conservation district may designate the board of county commissioners to act as the agent of the district to receive and expend these funds at the direction and with the approval of the board of supervisors of the district. At least annually the state board shall audit, in a manner it prescribes, the expenditure of funds so granted;

(3) Keep the supervisors of each district informed of the activities and experience of all other districts and facilitate cooperation and an interchange of advice and experience among the districts;

(4) Coordinate the programs and activities of the districts with appropriate agencies by advice and consultation;

(5) Approve or disapprove the plans or programs of districts relating to the use of state funds administered by the state board;

(6) Secure the cooperation and assistance of the appropriate agencies in the work of the districts and to develop a program to advise and assist appropriate agencies in obtaining state and federal funds for erosion, sedimentation, flooding and agriculturally related pollution control programs;

(7) Develop and implement a comprehensive public information program concerning the districts' activities and programs, the problems and preventive practices of erosion, sedimentation, agriculturally related pollution, flood prevention, and the advantages of formation of districts in areas where their organization is desirable;

(8) Subdivide and consolidate districts without a hearing or a referendum so as to confine districts within county limits, provided that no district, when feasible and practicable, shall contain less than four full or fractional congressional townships;

(9) Assist in the implementation of a statewide program for inventorying and classification of the types of soils throughout the state as determined by the Minnesota cooperative soil survey;

(10) Identify research needs and cooperate with other public agencies in research concerning the nature and extent of erosion, sedimentation, flooding and agriculturally related pollution, the amounts and sources of sediment and pollutants delivered to the waters of the state, and long-term soil productivity;

(11) Develop programs to reduce or prevent soil erosion, sedimentation, flooding and agriculturally related pollution, including but not limited to structural and land-use management practices;

(12) Develop a system of priorities within the state to identify the erosion, flooding, sediment and agriculturally related pollution problem areas that are most severely in need of control systems; and

(13) Ensure compliance with statewide programs and policies established by the state board pursuant to this section and section 40.02 by advice, consultation, and approval of grant agreements with the districts.

Sec. 90. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.035, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. For the purpose of developing the program plan, the state board may request any existing pertinent information from any state agency pursuant to section 40.03, subdivision 2, and may conduct any hearing it deems necessary.

Sec. 91. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.21, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [RULES AND MODEL ORDINANCE AS GUIDE.] The ~~commissioner~~ board of agriculture water and soil resources, in consultation with counties, soil and water conservation districts, and other appropriate agencies, shall adopt a model ordinance and rules that serve as a guide for local governments to carry out the provisions of Laws 1985, chapter 256, sections 12 to 22 and sections 40.20 to 40.26, and provide administrative procedures for the state soil and water conservation board for Laws 1985, chapter 256, sections 12 to 21 and sections 40.20 to 40.26.

Sec. 92. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.21, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [PERIODIC REVIEW.] At least once every five years the commissioner of agriculture board shall review the rules and model ordinance in cooperation with counties, soil and water conservation districts, and appropriate agencies to ensure their continued applicability and relevance.

Sec. 93. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.43, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.] The commissioner of agriculture, in consultation with the commissioner of natural resources, shall establish and administer a conservation reserve program. The commissioner of agriculture shall contract with the board of water and soil resources to implement sections 40.40 to 40.44. Selection of land for the conservation reserve program must be based on its potential for fish and wildlife production, reducing erosion, and protecting water quality.

Sec. 94. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.14, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [FEES OTHER THAN EXAMINATION FEES.] In addition to the fees and charges provided for examinations, the following fees must be paid to the commissioner for deposit in the general fund:

(a) by township mutual fire insurance companies:

(1) for filing certificate of incorporation \$25 and amendments thereto, \$10;

(2) for filing annual statements, \$15;

(3) for each annual certificate of authority, \$15;

(4) for filing bylaws \$25 and amendments thereto, \$10.

(b) by other domestic and foreign companies including fraternal and reciprocal exchanges:

(1) for filing certified copy of certificate of articles of incorporation, ~~\$50~~ \$100;

(2) for filing annual statement, ~~\$30~~ \$225;

(3) for filing certified copy of amendment to certificate or articles of incorporation, ~~\$50~~ \$100;

(4) for filing bylaws, ~~\$25~~ \$75 or amendments thereto, ~~\$10~~ \$75;

(5) for each company's certificate of authority, ~~\$40~~ \$575, annually.

(c) the following general fees apply:

(1) for each certificate, including certified copy of certificate of authority, renewal, valuation of life policies, corporate condition or qualification, ~~\$5~~ \$15;

(2) for each copy of paper on file in the commissioner's office 50 cents per page, and \$2.50 for certifying the same;

(3) for license to procure insurance in unadmitted foreign companies, ~~\$40~~ \$575;

(4) for receiving and forwarding each notice, proof of loss, summons, complaint or other process served upon the commissioner of commerce, as attorney for service of process upon any nonresident

agent or insurance company, including reciprocal exchanges, \$15 plus the cost of effectuating service by certified mail, which amount must be paid by the party serving the notice and may be taxed as other costs in the action;

(5) for valuing the policies of life insurance companies, one cent per \$1,000 of insurance so valued. The commissioner may, in lieu of a valuation of the policies of any foreign life insurance company admitted, or applying for admission, to do business in this state, accept a certificate of valuation from the company's own actuary or from the commissioner of insurance of the state or territory in which the company is domiciled;

(6) for receiving and filing certificates of policies by the company's actuary, or by the commissioner of insurance of any other state or territory, \$50;

(7) for issuing an initial license to an individual agent, \$20 per license, for issuing an initial agent's license to a partnership or corporation, \$50, and for issuing an amendment (variable annuity) to a license, \$20, and for renewal of amendment, \$20;

(8) for each appointment of an agent filed with the commissioner, a domestic insurer shall remit \$5 and all other insurers shall remit \$3;

(9) for renewing an individual agent's license, \$20 per year per license, and for renewing a license issued to a corporation or partnership, \$50 per year;

(10) for issuing and renewing a surplus lines agent's license, \$150;

(11) for issuing duplicate licenses, \$5;

(12) for issuing licensing histories, \$10;

(13) for processing checks returned due to insufficient funds, \$15;

(14) for filing forms and rates, \$10 \$50 per filing;

(14) for annual renewal of surplus lines insurer license, \$300.

The commissioner shall adopt rules to define filings that are subject to a fee.

Sec. 95. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.206, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [APPLICATION FOR RECOGNITION.] An insurer not otherwise licensed to engage in the business of insurance in Min-

nesota may apply for recognition as an eligible surplus lines insurer by filing an application in the form and with the information as reasonably required by the commissioner regarding the insurer's financial stability, reputation, integrity and operating plans, accompanied by a license fee of \$500. The commissioner may delegate to an association the power to process and make recommendations on applications for recognition as an eligible surplus lines insurer. Notwithstanding delegation by the commissioner, an applicant may file an application directly with the commissioner.

Sec. 96. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.23, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [LICENSES REQUIRED FOR EMPLOYERS MAKING DEDUCTIONS FROM WAGES FOR CERTAIN PURPOSES.] (1) [REQUIREMENTS.] No employer shall make deductions from the wages of employees for the purpose of furnishing them with life insurance, funeral benefits, medical or hospital care, accident, sickness or old age insurance or benefits, unless the employer first receives from the commissioner of commerce a license for the benefit plan the employer operates or proposes to operate. The license shall be granted only when the commissioner is satisfied that the benefits given are commensurate with the charges made and that the charges will keep the fund solvent. All licenses shall be for the period of one year. The commissioner may require a statement of the operation of the fund, on a form to be prescribed by the commissioner, before granting a renewal. The fee for a license is ~~\$25~~ \$250 and for filing the annual statement ~~\$10~~ \$40. Any fees received by the commissioner pursuant to this subdivision shall be paid into the general fund. Before granting a license the commissioner of commerce shall submit the proposed plan to the chair of the workers' compensation court of appeals in order that the chair may determine whether the benefits are in conjunction with the benefits under the workers' compensation act.

(2) [EXCEPTIONS.] The requirements of clause (1) shall not apply to deductions made from the employees' wages for group insurance issued by insurers authorized to transact business in this state nor to railroad companies engaged in interstate commerce.

(3) [PENALTY.] Any person, firm, corporation, or association that makes deductions from the wages of an employee in violation of clause (1) shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 97. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 70A.14, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [DURATION.] Licenses issued pursuant to this section shall remain in effect until the licensee withdraws from the state or until the license is suspended or revoked. The fee for each license shall be ~~\$100~~ \$1,000, payable every three years.

Sec. 98. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 83.23, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [NOTIFICATION.] Unless the method of offer or sale is adopted for the purpose of evasion of sections 83.20 to 83.42, 83.43 and 83.44, subdivided lands may be registered by notification provided that all of the following requirements have been met:

(a) the subdivision consists of not more than 100 separate lots, units, parcels, or interests;

(b) at least 20 days prior to any offer pursuant to this subdivision, the subdivider must supply the commissioner, on forms which the commissioner may by rule prescribe, at least the following information:

(1) the name and address of the subdivider and the form and date of its organization if other than an individual;

(2) the location and legal description of the subdivision and the total number of lots, parcels, units, or interests;

(3) either a title opinion prepared and signed by an attorney licensed to practice law in the state wherein the subdivided land is situated; or a certificate of title insurance or its equivalent acceptable to the commissioner;

(4) a copy of each instrument which will be delivered to a purchaser to evidence the purchaser's interest in the subdivided lands and a copy of each contract or other agreement which a purchaser will be required to agree to or sign, together with the range of selling prices, rates, or rentals at which it is proposed to offer the lots, units, parcels, or interests in the subdivision, a list of fees the purchaser may be required to pay for amenities or membership in groups including, but not limited to, homeowners' associations, country clubs, golf courses, and other community organizations; and

(5) a copy of a signed and approved plat map or its equivalent;

(c) a filing fee of ~~\$100~~ \$150 has been paid;

(d) the subdivider is in compliance with the service of process provisions of section 83.39.

The commissioner may by rule or order withdraw or further condition registration by notification or increase or decrease the number of lots, units, parcels, or interests in subdivided lands permitted for registration by notification. If no stop order is in effect, no proceeding is pending, and no order has been issued under

subdivision 4, a registration statement under this section automatically becomes effective at 5:00 in the afternoon on the 20th full business day after the filing of the registration statement or the last amendment, or at such earlier time as the commissioner by order determines.

The rulemaking authority in this subdivision does not include emergency rulemaking authority pursuant to chapter 14.

Sec. 99. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 83.23, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [QUALIFICATION.] Subdivided lands may be registered by qualification provided all of the following requirements have been met:

(a) an application for registration has been filed with the commissioner in a format which the commissioner may by rule prescribe;

(b) the commissioner has been furnished a proposed public offering statement complying with section 83.24;

(c) a filing fee of ~~\$250~~ \$400 plus an additional registration fee of \$1 for each lot, unit, parcel, or interest included in the offering accompanies the application. The maximum combined filing and registration fees shall in no event be more than ~~\$2,500~~ \$3,500;

(d) the subdivider is in compliance with service of process provisions of section 83.39;

(e) the commissioner has been furnished a financial statement of the subdivider's most recent fiscal year, audited by an independent certified public accountant; and, if the fiscal year of the subdivider is more than 90 days prior to the date of filing the application, a financial statement, which may be unaudited, as of a date within 90 days of the date of application.

Subdivisions in which all the improvements are complete and paid for by the developer, and for which clear title can be given the purchaser at the closing, are exempt from providing independently certified financial statements.

An application for registration under this section becomes effective when the commissioner so orders.

The rulemaking authority in this subdivision does not include emergency rulemaking authority pursuant to chapter 14.

Sec. 100. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 83.30, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [FEE.] Every annual report filed pursuant to section 83.23, subdivision 2, shall be accompanied by a fee of ~~\$50~~ \$75. Every annual report filed pursuant to section 83.23, subdivision 3, shall be accompanied by a fee of ~~\$100~~ \$150.

Sec. 101. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 105.73, is amended to read:

105.73 [DEFINITIONS.]

Unless the context clearly indicates a different meaning is intended, the following terms for the purposes of this chapter shall be given the meanings ascribed to them in this section.

Board—Minnesota water resources Board of water and soil resources.

Proceeding—Any procedure under any of the laws enumerated in section 105.74 however administrative discretion or duty thereunder may be invoked in any instance.

Agency—Any state officer, board, commission, bureau, division, or agency, other than a court, exercising duty or authority under any of the laws enumerated in section 105.74.

Court—The court means the district court or a judge thereof before whom the proceedings are pending.

Question of water policy—Where use, disposal, pollution, or conservation of water is a purpose, incident, or factor in a proceeding, the question or questions of state water law and policy involved, including either (a) determination of the governing policy of state law in the proceeding, resolving apparent inconsistencies between different statutes, (b) the proper application of that policy to facts in the proceeding when application is a matter of administrative discretion, or both (a) and (b).

Sec. 102. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 110B.02, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [BOARD.] "Board" means the board of water and soil resources board.

Sec. 103. [110B.35] [BOARD OF WATER AND SOIL RESOURCES.]

Subdivision 1. [MEMBERSHIP.] The board of water and soil resources is composed of 12 voting members knowledgeable of water and soil problems and conditions within the state, and four ex officio nonvoting members.



Subd. 2. [VOTING MEMBERS.] (a) The voting members are:

(1) three county commissioners;

(2) three soil and water conservation district supervisors;

(3) three watershed district or watershed management organization representatives; and

(4) three citizens who are not employed by, or the appointed or elected official of, any governmental office, board, or agency.

(b) Voting members must be distributed across the state with at least three members but not more than five members from the metropolitan area, as defined by section 473.121, subdivision 2; and one from each of the current soil and water conservation administrative regions.

(c) Voting members are appointed by the governor. In making the appointments, the governor may consider persons recommended by the association of Minnesota counties, the Minnesota association of soil and water conservation districts, and the Minnesota association of watershed districts. The list submitted by an association must contain at least three nominees for each position to be filled.

(d) The membership terms, compensation, removal of members and filling of vacancies on the board for voting members are as provided in section 15.0575.

Subd. 3. [EX OFFICIO NONVOTING MEMBERS.] The following agencies shall each provide one nonvoting member to the board:

(1) department of agriculture;

(2) department of health;

(3) department of natural resources; and

(4) pollution control agency.

Subd. 4. [EMPLOYEES.] The board may employ an executive director in the unclassified service and other permanent and temporary employees in accordance with chapter 43A. The board may prescribe the powers and duties of its officers and employees and may authorize its employees and members of the board to act on behalf of the board.

Subd. 5. [OFFICERS; QUORUM; RECORDS; AUDIT.] The governor shall appoint a chair from among the voting members of the board with the advice and consent of the senate. The board shall

elect a vice-chair and any other officers that it considers necessary from its membership. A majority of the board is a quorum. The board may hold public hearings and adopt rules necessary to execute its duties.

Subd. 6. [ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES.] The commissioner of administration shall provide and make available within the department of agriculture suitable and adequate office facilities and space for the board. The commissioner of agriculture shall provide and make available administrative services required by the board in the administration of its functions.

Subd. 7. [POWERS AND DUTIES.] In addition to the powers and duties prescribed elsewhere, the board has the following powers and duties:

(a) It shall coordinate the water and soil resources planning activities of counties, soil and water conservation districts, watershed districts, watershed management organizations, and any other local units of government through its various authorities for approval of local plans, administration of state grants, and by other means as may be appropriate.

(b) It shall facilitate communication and coordination among state agencies in cooperation with the environmental quality board, and between state and local units of government, in order to make the expertise and resources of state agencies involved in water and soil resources management available to the local units of government to the greatest extent possible.

(c) It shall coordinate state and local interests with respect to the study in southwestern Minnesota under United States Code, title 16, section 1009.

(d) It shall develop information and education programs designed to increase awareness of local water and soil resources problems and awareness of opportunities for local government involvement in preventing or solving them.

(e) It shall provide a forum for the discussion of local issues and opportunities relating to water and soil resources management.

(f) It shall adopt an annual budget and work program that integrate the various functions and responsibilities assigned to it by law.

(g) It shall report to the governor and the legislature by October 15 of each even-numbered year with an assessment of board programs and recommendations for any program changes and board member-

ship changes necessary to improve state and local efforts in water and soil resources management.

Subd. 8. [COMMITTEE FOR DISPUTE RESOLUTION.] A committee of the board is established to hear and resolve disputes, appeals, and interventions under sections 105.72 to 105.79, 110B.25, 112.801, and 473.878, subdivision 7. The committee consists of the three citizen members specified in subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (4), and two additional members appointed by the board chair.

Sec. 104. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 112.35, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. "Board" means the Minnesota water resources board of water and soil resources established by section 105.71 103.

Sec. 105. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116C.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. The board shall include as members the director of the state planning agency, the director of the pollution control agency, the commissioner of natural resources, the commissioner of agriculture, the commissioner of health, the commissioner of transportation, the chair of the board of water and soil resources, and a representative of the governor's office designated by the governor. The governor shall appoint five members from the general public to the board, subject to the advice and consent of the senate. At least two of the five public members shall have knowledge of and be conversant in water management issues in the state.

Sec. 106. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 138.65, is amended to read:

#### 138.65 [ADMISSION FEES.]

The Minnesota historical society may establish and collect fees it deems reasonable for admission to the state owned historic sites under its control. These fees shall be deposited in the general fund state treasury and are appropriated to the Minnesota historical society for historic site operations.

Sec. 107. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 138.91, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3. [HUMANITIES RESOURCE CENTER.] The Minnesota humanities commission may establish a humanities resource center to ensure balance in public education and in the cultural life of the state. The humanities resource center may transport people and resources to small towns, rural communities, and urban settings to

provide high quality educational and cultural programs to schools and community organizations throughout Minnesota.

Sec. 108. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 144.226, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [BIRTH CERTIFICATE COPY SURCHARGE.] In addition to any fee prescribed under subdivision 1, there shall be a surcharge of \$2 \$3 for each certified copy of a birth certificate. The local or state registrar shall forward this amount to the commissioner of finance for deposit into the account for the children's trust fund for the prevention of child abuse established under section 299A.22. This surcharge shall not be charged under those circumstances in which no fee for a certified copy of a birth certificate is permitted under subdivision 1, paragraph (a). Upon certification by the commissioner of finance that the assets in that fund exceed \$20,000,000, this surcharge shall be discontinued.

Sec. 109. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 296.17, subdivision 9a, is amended to read:

Subd. 9a. [MINNESOTA BASED INTERSTATE CARRIERS.] Notwithstanding the exemption contained in subdivision 9, as the commissioner of public safety enters into interstate fuel tax compacts which require base state licensing and filing and which eliminate filing in the nonresident compact states, the Minnesota based motor vehicles registered pursuant to section 168.187 will be required to license under the fuel tax compact in Minnesota.

The commissioner of public safety will have all the powers granted to the commissioner of revenue under this section, including the authority to collect and issue licenses, to collect the tax due, and issue any refunds. All license fees paid to the commissioner of public safety pursuant to subdivision 10 will be deposited in the general fund. The commissioner shall charge an annual fee of \$13 for applications for quarterly reporting of fuel tax under this subdivision.

Sec. 110. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 171.02, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [MOTORIZED BICYCLES.] No motorized bicycle shall be operated on any public roadway by any person who does not possess a valid drivers license, unless the person has obtained a motorized bicycle operator's permit or motorized bicycle instruction permit from the commissioner of public safety. The operator's permit may be issued to any person who has attained the age of 15 years and who has passed the examination prescribed by the commissioner. The instruction permit may be issued to any person who has attained the age of 15 years and who has passed the written portion of the examination prescribed by the commissioner. The commissioner

may promulgate rules prescribing the content of the examination and the information to be contained on the permits.

The fees for motorized bicycle operator's permits are as follows:

(a) Examination and operator's permit, valid for one year	\$4	\$6
(b) Duplicate	\$2	\$3
(c) Renewal permit before age 19 and valid until age 19	\$6	\$9
(d) Renewal permit after age 19 and valid for four years	\$10	\$15
(e) Duplicate of any renewal permit	\$3	\$4.50
(f) Written examination and instruction permit, valid for 30 days	\$4	\$6

Sec. 111. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 171.06, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [FEES.] (a) The fees for a license and Minnesota identification card are as follows:

Classified Driver License	C-\$10 B-\$15 A-\$20 A-\$30	C-\$15 B-\$22.50
Classified Provisional D.L.	C-\$6 B-\$10	C-\$9 B-\$15
Instruction Permit		\$4 \$6
Duplicate Driver or Provisional License		\$3 \$4.50
Minnesota identification card, except as otherwise provided in section 171.07, subdivisions 3 and 3a		\$6 \$9

Sec. 112. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297B.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [GENERAL FUND SHARE.] (a) Money collected and received under this chapter must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the general fund. The amounts collected and received shall be credited to the highway user tax distribution fund and the transit assistance fund as provided in subdivision 2 this subdivision, and transferred from the general fund on July 15 and January 15 of each fiscal year. The commissioner of finance must make each transfer based upon the actual receipts of the preceding six calendar months and include the interest earned during that six-month period. The commissioner of finance may establish a quarterly or other schedule providing for more frequent payments to the transit assistance fund if the commissioner determines it is necessary or desirable to provide for the cash flow needs of the recipients of money from the transit fund. Five percent of the money must be deposited in the highway user tax distribution fund and the transit assistance fund for apportionment as provided in this section. Of the money deposited under this section, 75 percent must

be credited to the highway user tax distribution fund for apportionment in the same manner and for the same purposes as other money in that fund. The remaining 25 percent of the money must be credited to the transit assistance fund to be appropriated to the commissioner of transportation for transit assistance within the state and to the regional transit board.

(b) The distributions under this subdivision to the highway user tax distribution fund must be reduced by the amount necessary to fund the appropriation under section 41A.09, subdivision 1. For the fiscal years ending June 30, 1988, and June 30, 1989, the commissioner of finance, before making the transfers required on July 15 and January 15 of each year, shall estimate the amount required to fund the appropriation under section 41A.09, subdivision 1, for the six-month period for which the transfer is being made. The commissioner shall then reduce the amount transferred to the highway user tax distribution fund by the amount of that estimate. The commissioner shall reduce the estimate for any six-month period by the amount by which the estimate for the previous six-month period exceeded the amount needed to fund the appropriation under section 41A.09, subdivision 1, for that previous six-month period. If at any time during a six-month period in those fiscal years the amount of reduction in the transfer to the highway user tax distribution fund is insufficient to fund the appropriation under section 41A.09, subdivision 1 for that period, the commissioner shall transfer to the general fund from the highway user tax distribution fund an additional amount sufficient to fund the appropriation for that period, but the additional amount so transferred to the general fund in a six-month period may not exceed the amount transferred to the highway user tax distribution fund for that six-month period.

Sec. 113. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 299A.23, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [PLAN FOR DISBURSEMENT OF FUNDS.] By June 1, 1987, and ~~biennially thereafter~~, the commissioner, assisted by the advisory council, shall develop a plan to disburse money from the trust fund. In developing the plan, the commissioner shall review prevention programs. The plan must ensure that all geographic areas of the state have an equal opportunity to establish prevention programs and receive trust fund money. Biennially thereafter the commissioner shall send the plan to the legislature and the governor by ~~June~~ January 1 of each odd-numbered year.

Sec. 114. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 299A.26, is amended to read:

299A.26 [ACCEPTANCE OF FEDERAL FUNDS AND OTHER DONATIONS.]

The commissioner may accept federal money and gifts, donations, and requests for the purposes of Laws 1986, chapter 423. Money so received and proceeds from the sale of promotional items, minus sales promotional costs, must be deposited in the trust fund and must be made available annually to the commissioner for disbursement.

Sec. 115. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 309.531, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. No person shall act as a professional fund raiser unless ~~licensed by registered with the department attorney general.~~ Applications for a license shall be in writing, under oath, in the form prescribed by the department attorney general and shall be accompanied by an application fee of \$25 \$200. Each license shall be registration is effective for a period of not more than 12 months from the date of issuance, and in any event shall expire expires on July 30 next following the date of issuance. The registration may be renewed for additional one-year periods on application and payment of the fee.

Sec. 116. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 326.241, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [FEES AND FINANCES; DISPOSITION.] All license fees collected under the provisions of sections 326.241 to 326.248 are to be credited to the general fund. ~~The expenses of administering sections 326.241 to 326.248 shall be paid from appropriations made to the board of electricity a special account in the state treasury. Money in the account is appropriated to the board of electricity to administer and enforce sections 326.241 to 326.248, to pay indirect costs, to compensate contract electrical inspectors for inspections performed, and to make refunds.~~

Sec. 117. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 326.244, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [PROCEDURE.] (a) At or before commencement of any installation required to be inspected by the board, the electrical contractor, installer, special electrician, or owner making the installation shall submit to the board a request for inspection, in a form prescribed by the board, together with the fees required for the installation.

(b) The fees required are a handling fee and an inspection fee. The handling fee shall be set by the board in an amount sufficient to pay the cost of printing and handling the form requesting an inspection. The inspection fee shall be set by the board in an amount sufficient to pay the actual costs of the inspection and the board's costs in administering the inspection. All fees shall be set pursuant to the procedure of sections 14.01 to 14.70.

(c) All handling fees shall be deposited in the general fund. All inspection fees collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited by the board in a special revenue bookkeeping account of the treasury and are appropriated to the board for the purpose of compensating contract inspectors for inspections performed, for transfer to the general fund of the portion of the fee representing inspection administration costs, and for making refunds.

(d) If the inspector finds that the installation is not in compliance with accepted standards of construction for safety to life and property as required by section 326.243, the inspector shall by written order condemn the installation or noncomplying portion thereof, or order service to the installation disconnected, and shall send a copy of the order to the board. If the installation or the noncomplying part will seriously and proximately endanger human life and property, the order of the inspector, when approved by the inspector's superior, shall require immediate condemnation or disconnection. In all other cases, the order of the inspector shall permit a reasonable opportunity for the installation to be brought into compliance with accepted standards of construction for safety to life and property prior to the effective time established for condemnation or disconnection.

(e) (d) Copies of each condemnation or disconnection order shall be served personally or by mail upon the property owner, and the electrical contractor, installer, or special electrician making the installation, and other persons as the board by rule may direct. An aggrieved party may appeal any condemnation or disconnection order by filing with the board a notice of appeal within ten days after (1) service upon the aggrieved party of the condemnation or disconnection order, if this service is required, or (2) filing of the order with the board, whichever is later. The appeal shall proceed and the order of the inspector shall have the effect of the order, by its terms, and the rules of the board provides. The board shall adopt rules providing procedures for the conduct of appeals, including provisions for the stay of enforcement of the order of the inspector pending such appeal when justified by the circumstances.

Sec. 118. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 332.33, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Licenses granted by the commissioner of commerce under sections 332.31 to 332.45 shall expire on June 30. All renewals of licenses shall likewise expire on June 30. Each license shall plainly state the name and business address of the licensee, and shall be posted in a conspicuous place in the office where the business is transacted. The fee for each license is \$500 and renewal shall be \$100 is \$400. A licensee who desires to carry on business in more than one place within the state shall procure a license for each place where the business is to be conducted.



Sec. 119. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 332.33, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. The commissioner may require such financial statements and references of all applicants for a license as the commissioner deems necessary; and may make or cause to be made an independent investigation concerning the applicant's reputation, integrity, competence, and net worth, at the expense of the applicant for such initial investigation, not to exceed ~~\$100~~ \$500, and for that purpose may require such deposit against the cost thereof as the commissioner deems adequate. Such investigation may cover all managerial personnel employed by or associated with the applicant.

Sec. 120. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.39, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. ~~[AMOUNT; I-394 FACILITIES AMOUNTS.]~~ (a) The council may issue certificates of indebtedness, bonds, or other obligations under this section in an amount not exceeding ~~\$8,500,000~~ \$17,000,000 for ~~expenditure~~ financial assistance to the commission, as prescribed in the implementation plan of the board and the capital program of the commission. ~~Of this~~

(b) The council may issue certificates of indebtedness, bonds, or other obligations under this section in an amount, no more than not exceeding \$1,500,000 may be spent for land acquisition and capital improvements for park and ride lots and transit transfer stations planned for the interstate highway described in section 161.123, clause (2), commonly known as I-394. These facilities may be constructed and maintained by the metropolitan transit commission. The board shall require, as a condition of financial assistance to the commission, that the commission make facilities it constructs, acquires, or improves for I-394 with funds provided under this provision available to all transit providers on a nondiscriminatory basis, as the board defines these terms.

Sec. 121. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.876, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1a. [BOARD.] "Board," unless the context indicates otherwise, means the board of water and soil resources created in section 103.

Sec. 122. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.877, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [REVIEW OF WATERSHED BOUNDARIES.] Before commencing planning under section 473.878, a watershed management organization established pursuant to section 471.59 and this section shall submit a map delineating the boundaries of the watershed to the ~~water resources~~ board of water and soil resources

for review and comment on the conformance of the boundaries with the requirements of sections 473.875 to 473.883. The board shall have 60 days to comment.

Sec. 123. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.8771, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [BOUNDARY CHANGE.] The boundaries of a watershed district wholly within the metropolitan area may be changed pursuant to this subdivision or chapter 112. The governing board of a watershed management organization may petition the ~~water resources~~ board of water and soil resources for an order changing the boundaries of a watershed district wholly within the metropolitan area, either by adding new territory to the district or by transferring territory that is within the district to the jurisdiction of another watershed management organization. The petition must:

(a) describe with particularity the change in boundary requested, the territory affected, and the reasons for the change;

(b) show that the change is consistent with the purposes and requirements of sections 473.875 to 473.883; and

(c) identify any property subject to subdivision 3.

The petition must be accompanied by a written statement of concurrence in the petition from the governing body of each statutory or home rule charter city and town and each watershed management organization having jurisdiction over the territory proposed to be added or transferred. Upon the filing of a sufficient petition, the ~~water resources~~ board shall give notice of the filing of the petition by publication once each week for two successive weeks in a legal newspaper in each county affected and by mail to the county auditor of each county affected and to the chief official of each statutory or home rule charter city and township affected. The notice must describe the action proposed by the petition and invite written comments on the petition for consideration by the board. The notice must announce that any person who objects to the action proposed in the petition may submit a written request for hearing to the board within 20 days of the last publication of the notice of the filing of the petition and that if no timely request for hearing is received the board will make a decision on the petition pursuant to this subdivision without conducting the public hearing required under chapter 112. If no timely request for hearing is received the board shall make a decision on the petition without a hearing within 30 days after the last publication of the notice. If one or more timely requests for hearing are received the board shall hold a hearing on the petition and shall follow the procedures in chapter 112 regarding notice and conduct of hearings. After completing the procedures required by this subdivision, the board shall, by its findings and

order, make the boundary change requested if the board determines that:

(a) (i) the governing body of each statutory or home rule charter city and town and each watershed management organization having jurisdiction over the territory proposed to be added or transferred concurs in the petition,

(b) (ii) the change is consistent with the purposes and requirements of sections 473.875 to 473.883, and

(c) (iii) the change can be accomplished in conformance with subdivision 3.

The board shall file a certified copy of the findings and order with the secretary of state. The order making the change must conform to subdivision 3. The order making the change may amend the order prescribing the distribution of managers of the district.

Sec. 124. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.8771, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [TERMINATION.] A watershed district wholly within the metropolitan area may be terminated pursuant to this subdivision or chapter 112. Proceedings for termination under this subdivision must be initiated by a petition to the ~~water resources~~ board of ~~water and soil resources~~ filed jointly by the governing bodies of all statutory and home rule charter cities and towns having jurisdiction over territory within the watershed. Upon the filing of a sufficient petition, the board shall hold a hearing in accordance with the procedures prescribed in chapter 112, to take testimony on the determinations required to be made by the board. Following the hearing, the board shall, by its findings and order, terminate the district as requested if the board determines:

(a) that the local units of government having jurisdiction over territory within the watershed have formed a joint powers organization for the watershed pursuant to section 473.877,

(b) that upon termination of the district the members of the joint powers organization, jointly or severally, are willing and able to assume ownership of the district's assets and the responsibility for managing and maintaining the district's projects as necessary to accomplish the purposes of sections 473.875 to 473.883 and to implement the watershed plan of the joint powers organization to be developed pursuant to section 473.878, and

(c) that the termination can be accomplished in conformance with subdivision 3.

The board shall file a certified copy of the findings and order with the secretary of state. The order terminating the district must transfer the assets of the district to the joint powers organization or its members. The order must conform to subdivision 3.

Sec. 125. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.878, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [REVIEW BY STATE AGENCIES.] After completion of the review under subdivision 6, the plan shall be submitted to the commissioner of natural resources and the pollution control agency for review and comment on the consistency of the plan with state laws and rules relating to water and related land resources, and to the water resources board of water and soil resources for review under section 112.46. Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, the water resources board of water and soil resources shall review the plan as provided in section 112.46. The board shall review the plan for conformance with the requirements of chapter 112 and sections 473.875 to 473.883. The board shall not prescribe a plan, but may disapprove all or parts of a plan which it determines is not in conformance with the requirements of chapter 112 and sections 473.875 to 473.883. If the capital improvement program is the subject of a dispute between counties, the water resources board of water and soil resources shall make a final decision on the issue. The decision shall be binding on the organization and the counties involved.

Sec. 126. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.878, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [ADOPTION; IMPLEMENTATION.] The organization shall adopt and implement its plan within 120 days after compliance with the provisions of subdivision 7 and approval of the plan by the water resources board of water and soil resources. A watershed district may implement its approved plan and approved capital improvement program by resolution of the majority of the board of managers and without respect to the provisions of chapter 112 requiring the managers to wait upon petitions for projects, to submit projects for review by the water resources board of water and soil resources, and to limit the cost and purposes of projects.

Sec. 127. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 611A.61, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3. [DEPOSIT OF REVENUE TO FUND.] The first \$18,000 collected under this section in each year of the biennium must be deposited into the general fund. Amounts in excess of \$18,000 must be deposited into the crime victim and witness account in the state treasury for the purposes established in section 609.101.

Sec. 128. [626.562] [CHILD ABUSE PROFESSIONAL CONSULTATION TELEPHONE LINE.]

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT OF TELEPHONE LINE.] The commissioner of public safety shall contract for at least one state-wide toll-free 24-hour telephone line for the purpose of providing consultative and training services for physicians, therapists, child protection workers, and other professionals involved in child protection. Services provided must include emergency and longer term consultation on individual child protection cases.

Subd. 2. [CONTRACT AUTHORITY.] The commissioner shall contract to establish the telephone service described in subdivision 1. The commissioner shall contract only with agencies that agree to match through cash or in-kind donations 30 percent of the contract amount. The commissioner shall require that these agencies submit periodic reports describing the manner in which they have performed services specified in this section.

Subd. 3. [CHILD ABUSE REPORTING.] A communication by telephone line established under this section by a person mandated to report abuse or neglect under section 626.556 does not satisfy the obligation to report under that section.

Sec. 129. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 626.841, is amended to read:

626.841 [BOARD; MEMBERS.]

The board of peace officer standards and training shall be composed of the following ~~13~~ 15 members:

(a) Two members to be appointed by the governor from among the county sheriffs in Minnesota;

(b) Four members to be appointed by the governor from among peace officers in Minnesota municipalities, at least two of whom shall be chiefs of police;

(c) Two members to be appointed by the governor from among peace officers, at least one of whom shall be a member of the Minnesota state patrol association;

~~(e)~~ (d) The superintendent of the Minnesota bureau of criminal apprehension or a designee;

~~(d)~~ (e) Two members appointed by the governor experienced in law enforcement at a local, state or federal level who are not currently employed as peace officers;

(e) (f) Two members to be appointed by the governor from among the elected city officials in statutory or home rule charter cities of under 5,000 population outside the metropolitan area, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2;

(f) (g) Two members appointed by the governor from among the general public.

A chair shall be appointed by the governor from among the members. In making appointments the governor shall strive to achieve representation from among the geographic areas of the state.

Sec. 130. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 626.846, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. A person seeking election or appointment to the office of sheriff after June 30, 1987, must be licensed or eligible to be licensed as a peace officer. The person shall submit proof of peace officer licensure or eligibility as part of the application for office.

Sec. 131. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 626.852, is amended to read:

626.852 [TUITION; SALARY AND EXPENSES.]

~~No tuition shall be charged any peace officer or part-time peace officer for attending any training school herein provided for, and Each officer when assigned to the bureau of criminal apprehension continuing education courses pursuant to rules of the board shall receive the officer's regular salary and shall be reimbursed by the governing body of the governmental unit or combination of governmental units from which elected or by which employed for the cost of meals, travel, and lodgings while in attendance at the bureau of criminal apprehension courses, not to exceed similar allowance for state employees.~~

Sec. 132. [REPEALER.]

Subdivision 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 18A.21; 18A.22; 18A.23; 18A.24; 18A.25; 18A.26; 18A.27; 18A.28; 18A.29; 18A.30; 18A.31; 18A.32; 18A.33; 18A.34; 18A.35; 18A.36; 18A.37; 18A.38; 18A.39; 18A.40; 18A.41; 18A.42; 18A.43; 18A.44; 18A.45; 18A.48; 297B.09, subdivision 2; and 626.849, are repealed.

Subd. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 40.03, subdivisions 1, 1a, 2, and 3; 105.71; 116C.40, subdivision 3; and 116C.41, subdivision 2, are repealed effective October 1, 1987.

Sec. 133. [EFFECTIVE DATES.]

Subdivision 1. Section 108 is effective the day following final enactment.

Subd. 2. Sections 33, 34, 88 to 93, 101 to 105, and 121 to 126 are effective October 1, 1987. Until the effective date of these sections, appropriations made to the board of water and soil resources must be allocated by the commissioner of finance to the separate agencies."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to the organization and operation of state government; appropriating money for the department of transportation and other agencies with certain conditions; providing for regulation of certain activities and practices; requiring studies and reports; fixing and limiting fees; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 12.14; 17A.04, subdivision 5; 18.51, subdivision 2; 18.52, subdivision 5; 18.53; 27.041, subdivision 2; 27.07, by adding a subdivision; 28A.08; 32.075; 32.59; 40.01, subdivision 4; 40.03, subdivision 4; 40.035, subdivision 2; 40.21, subdivisions 1 and 3; 40.43, subdivision 1; 60A.14, subdivision 1; 60A.206, subdivision 2; 60A.23, subdivision 7; 70A.14, subdivision 4; 83.23, subdivisions 2 and 3; 83.30, subdivision 2; 105.73; 110B.02, subdivision 2; 112.35, subdivision 4; 116C.03, subdivision 2; 138.65; 138.91, by adding a subdivision; 144.226, subdivision 3; 171.02, subdivision 3; 171.06, subdivision 2; 296.17, subdivision 9a; 297B.09, subdivision 1; 299A.23, subdivision 3; 299A.26; 309.531, subdivision 1; 326.241, subdivision 3; 326.244, subdivision 2; 332.33, subdivisions 3 and 4; 473.39, subdivision 1a; 473.876, by adding a subdivision; 473.877, subdivision 2; 473.8771, subdivisions 1 and 2; 473.878, subdivisions 7 and 8; 611A.61, by adding a subdivision; 626.841; 626.846, by adding a subdivision; and 626.852; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 110B and 626; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 18B; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 18A.21 to 18A.48; 40.03, subdivisions 1, 1a, 2, and 3; 105.71; 116C.40, subdivision 3; 116C.41, subdivision 2; 297B.09, subdivision 2; and 626.849."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: KEITH LANGSETH, BOB LESSARD, LYLE G. MEHRKENS, CLARENCE M. PURFEERST AND JIM RAMSTAD.

House Conferees: JAMES I. RICE, JOHN SARNA, BERNARD L. LIEDER AND HENRY J. KALIS.

Rice moved that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 1516 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

## CALL OF THE HOUSE

On the motion of Vanasek and on the demand of 10 members, a call of the House was ordered. The following members answered to their names:

Battaglia	Hartle	Marsh	Pauly	Steensma
Bauerly	Haukoos	McEachern	Pelowski	Sviggun
Beard	Himle	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Swenson
Begich	Hugoson	McPherson	Price	Thiede
Bennett	Jacobs	Milbert	Quinn	Tjornhom
Bertram	Jaros	Miller	Redalen	Trimble
Boo	Jefferson	Minne	Reding	Tunheim
Brown	Jensen	Morrison	Rest	Uphus
Burger	Johnson, A.	Munger	Rice	Valento
Carlson, D.	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Richter	Vanasek
Carlson, L.	Johnson, V.	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vellenga
Clark	Kahn	Neuenschwander	Rukavina	Wagenius
Cooper	Kalis	O'Connor	Sarna	Waltman
Dauner	Kelso	Ogren	Schafer	Wenzel
DeBlicek	Kinkel	Olsen, S.	Scheid	Winter
Dorn	Kludt	Olson, E.	Schoenfeld	Wynia
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Omann	Schreiber	Spk. Norton
Frederick	Larsen	Orenstein	Seaberg	
Frerichs	Lasley	Otis	Solberg	
Gruenes	Lieder	Ozment	Sparby	
Gutknecht	Long	Pappas	Stanius	

Vanasek moved that further proceedings of the roll call be dispensed with and that the Sergeant at Arms be instructed to bring in the absentees. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

S. F. No. 1516, A bill for an act relating to the organization and operation of state government; appropriating money for the department of transportation and other agencies with certain conditions; fixing and limiting fees; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 12.14; 17A.04, subdivision 5; 18.51, subdivision 2; 18.52, subdivision 5; 18.53; 27.041, subdivision 2; 28A.08; 32.075; 32.59; 60A.14, subdivision 1; 60A.206, subdivision 2; 60A.23, subdivision 7; 70A.14, subdivision 4; 83.23, subdivisions 2 and 3; 83.30, subdivision 2; 138.65; 138.91, by adding a subdivision; 309.531, subdivision 1; 326.241, subdivision 3; 326.244, subdivision 2; 332.33, subdivisions 3 and 4; amending Laws 1975, chapter 235, section 2, as amended.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called.

Vanasek moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 82 yeas and 42 nays as follows:



Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Battaglia	Jefferson	McLaughlin	Pappas	Sparby
Bauerly	Jensen	Milbert	Pelowski	Steensma
Beard	Johnson, A.	Minne	Peterson	Trimble
Begich	Johnson, R.	Morrison	Price	Tunheim
Bertram	Kahn	Munger	Quinn	Uphus
Boo	Kalis	Murphy	Reding	Vanasek
Brown	Kelly	Nelson, C.	Rest	Vellenga
Carlson, L.	Kelso	Nelson, D.	Rice	Voss
Carruthers	Kinkel	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Wagenius
Clark	Kludt	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Weile
Cooper	Knuth	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wenzel
Dauner	Kostohryz	Ogren	Sarna	Winter
DeBlicek	Krueger	Olsen, S.	Scheid	Wynia
Dorn	Larsen	Olson, E.	Schoenfeld	Spk. Norton
Greenfield	Lieder	Olson, K.	Simoneau	
Jacobs	Long	Orenstein	Skoglund	
Jaros	McEachern	Otis	Solberg	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bennett	Frerichs	Knickerbocker	Poppenhagen	Svigum
Bishop	Gruenes	Lasley	Redalen	Swenson
Blatz	Gutknecht	Marsh	Richter	Thiede
Burger	Hartle	McPherson	Rose	Tjornhom
Carlson, D.	Haukoos	Miller	Schafer	Valento
Clausnitzer	Heap	Omann	Schreiber	Waltman
Dille	Himle	Onnen	Seaberg	
Forsythe	Hugoson	Ozment	Shaver	
Frederick	Johnson, V.	Pauly	Stanius	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

### GENERAL ORDERS

Vanasek moved that the bills on General Orders for today be continued one day. The motion prevailed.

#### REPORT FROM THE COMMITTEE ON RULES AND LEGISLATIVE ADMINISTRATION

Vanasek from the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration to which was referred:

House Concurrent Resolution No. 11, A House concurrent resolution relating to adjournment of the Senate and House of Representatives until 1988.

Reported the same back with the recommendation that the resolution be adopted.

The report was adopted.

House Concurrent Resolution No. 11 was reported to the House.

#### HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 11

A House concurrent resolution relating to adjournment of the Senate and House of Representatives until 1988.

*Be It Resolved* by the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring:

(1) Upon their adjournments on May 18, 1987, the House of Representatives may set its next day of meeting for February 9, 1988, at 2:00 p.m., and the Senate may set its next day of meeting for February 9, 1988, at 2:00 p.m.

(2) By the adoption of this resolution, each house consents to adjournment of the other house for more than three days.

Vanasek moved that House Concurrent Resolution No. 11 be now adopted. The motion prevailed and House Concurrent Resolution No. 11 was adopted.

#### MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS

Knuth moved that the names of Rice; Anderson, G.; Sarna and Simoneau be added as authors on H. F. No. 566. The motion prevailed.

Otis moved that the name of Morrison be added as an author on H. F. No. 1109. The motion prevailed.

Wenzel moved that the names of Vanasek, Krueger, Steensma and Cooper be added as authors on H. F. No. 1667. The motion prevailed.

Johnson, A., moved that the name of Jefferson be added as an author on H. F. No. 1678. The motion prevailed.

Scheid moved that H. F. No. 1342, now on General Orders be laid on the table. The motion prevailed.

#### ANNOUNCEMENTS BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on H. F. No. 1112:

Greenfield, McLaughlin and Simoneau.

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on H. F. No. 1351:

Tunheim, Sparby and Johnson, V.

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on H. F. No. 169:

Reding, Miller and Voss.

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on S. F. No. 1203:

Anderson, G.; Rice and McKasy.

#### ADJOURNMENT

Vanasek moved that when the House adjourns today it adjourn until 8:00 a.m., Monday, May 18, 1987. The motion prevailed.

Vanasek moved that the House adjourn. The motion prevailed, and the Speaker declared the House stands adjourned until 8:00 a.m., Monday, May 18, 1987.

EDWARD A. BURDICK, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

## STATE OF MINNESOTA

## SEVENTY-FIFTH SESSION—1987

## FIFTY-FIFTH DAY

SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA, MONDAY, MAY 18, 1987

The House of Representatives convened at 8:00 a.m. and was called to order by Fred C. Norton, Speaker of the House.

Prayer was offered by the Reverend John Matthews, Prince of Peace Lutheran Church, Brooklyn Park, Minnesota.

The roll was called and the following members were present:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Long	Ozment	Skoglund
Anderson, R.	Gutknecht	Marsh	Pappas	Solberg
Battaglia	Hartle	McDonald	Pauly	Sparby
Bauerly	Haukoos	McEachern	Pelowski	Stanis
Beard	Heap	McKasy	Peterson	Steensma
Begich	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Bennett	Jacobs	McPherson	Price	Swenson
Bertram	Jaros	Milbert	Quinn	Thiede
Blatz	Jefferson	Miller	Quist	Tjornhom
Boo	Jennings	Minne	Redalen	Tompkins
Brown	Jensen	Morrison	Reding	Trimble
Burger	Johnson, A.	Munger	Rest	Tunheim
Carlson, D.	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rice	Uphus
Carlson, L.	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Valento
Carruthers	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vanasek
Clark	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Rose	Vellenga
Clausnitzer	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rodovovich	Voss
Cooper	Kelso	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dauner	Kinkel	Ogren	Sarna	Waltman
DeBlieck	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Welle
Dempsey	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Scheid	Wenzel
Dille	Knuth	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Dorn	Kostohryz	Omanni	Schreiber	Wynia
Forsythe	Krueger	Onnen	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Frederick	Larsen	Orenstein	Segal	
Frerichs	Lasley	Osthoff	Shaver	
Greenfield	Lieder	Otis	Simoneau	

A quorum was present.

Himle was excused until 10:00 a.m. Bishop was excused until 1:20 p.m.

The Chief Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding day. Trimble moved that further reading of the Journal be dispensed with and that the Journal be approved as corrected by the Chief Clerk. The motion prevailed.

## REPORTS OF CHIEF CLERK

Pursuant to Rules of the House, printed copies of H. F. Nos. 363, 835, 12 and 913 and S. F. Nos. 187, 326, 313, 862, 1200, 1253, 724, 384, 1468 and 909 have been placed in the members' files.

S. F. No. 326 and H. F. No. 566, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical.

Knuth moved that S. F. No. 326 be substituted for H. F. No. 566 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

Anderson, R., was excused while in conference.

## SECOND READING OF SENATE BILLS

S. F. No. 326 was read for the second time.

## SUSPENSION OF RULES

Pursuant to Article IV, Section 19, of the Constitution of the state of Minnesota, Knuth moved that the rule therein be suspended and an urgency be declared so that S. F. No. 326 be given its third reading and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

Knuth moved that the Rules of the House be so far suspended that S. F. No. 326 be given its third reading and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 326, A bill for an act relating to public safety; authorizing executive council, under federal law, to repair state property damaged by major disaster; dedicating receipts from criminal justice datacommunications network billings; appropriating video gaming license fees to commissioner of public safety for disbursement to municipalities; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 9.061, subdivision 1; 299C.48; and 349.52, subdivisions 2 and 3.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 120 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gutknecht	Marsh	Ozment	Shaver
Battaglia	Hartle	McDonald	Pappas	Simoneau
Beard	Haukoos	McEachern	Pauly	Skoglund
Begich	Hugoson	McKasy	Pelowski	Sparby
Bennett	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Peterson	Stanius
Blatz	Jaros	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Steensma
Boo	Jefferson	Milbert	Price	Sviggum
Brown	Jensen	Miller	Quinn	Swenson
Burger	Johnson, A.	Minne	Quist	Thiede
Carlson, D.	Johnson, R.	Morrison	Redalen	Tompkins
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Munger	Reding	Trimble
Clark	Kahn	Murphy	Rest	Tunheim
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Nelson, C.	Rice	Uphus
Cooper	Kelly	Nelson, D.	Richter	Valento
Dauner	Kelso	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Vanasek
DeBlicke	Kinkel	Neuenschwander	Rose	Vellenga
Dempsey	Knickerbocker	O'Connor	Rukavina	Voss
Dille	Knuth	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Wagenius
Dorn	Kostohryz	Olson, E.	Schafer	Waltman
Forsythe	Krueger	Olson, K.	Scheid	Welle
Frederick	Larsen	Omann	Schoenfeld	Wenzel
Frerichs	Lasley	Onnen	Schreiber	Winter
Greenfield	Lieder	Orenstein	Seaberg	Wynia
Gruenes	Long	Otis	Segal	Spk. Norton

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

### INTRODUCTION AND FIRST READING OF HOUSE BILLS

The following House Files were introduced:

Kludt introduced:

H. F. No. 1681, A bill for an act relating to civil actions; modifying the statute of limitations for damages based on services or construction to improve real property; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 541.051, subdivision 1.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Johnson, R., introduced:

H. F. No. 1682, A bill for an act relating to Beltrami county; providing for control of dogs and cats.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Local and Urban Affairs.

Segal, Greenfield and Skoglund introduced:

H. F. No. 1683, A bill for an act relating to health; health maintenance organizations; regulating principal officers; limiting ownership in or involvement with certain other organizations under specified conditions; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62D.12, by adding a subdivision.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Financial Institutions and Insurance.

#### HOUSE ADVISORIES

The following House Advisories were introduced:

Blatz, Vellenga and Kelly introduced:

H. A. No. 51, A proposal for a study of the need to change the classification for child protection.

The advisory was referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Greenfield introduced:

H. A. No. 52, A proposal to direct the House Health and Human Services Committee to study the Medicaid Demonstration Project.

The advisory was referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.

#### MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

The following messages were received from the Senate:

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned:

H. F. No. 523, A bill for an act relating to elections; changing certain voter registration procedures to increase voter participation; providing for a computerized central registration system, voter registration forms in state income tax forms and booklets, and a combined voter registration, driver's license, and identification card form; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 201.021; 201.054, subdivision 1; 201.061, subdivision 1;

201.071, subdivision 4; 201.081; 201.121, subdivision 1; 201.13; 201.15; 201.161; 201.171; 201.221, subdivisions 2 and 4; 290.39, by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 201.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVERN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate accedes to the request of the House for the appointment of a Conference Committee on the amendments adopted by the Senate to the following House File:

H. F. No. 1542, A bill for an act relating to unemployment compensation; making various technical and housekeeping changes; defining "wages"; regulating benefits and contributions; providing for the administration of the unemployment compensation law; providing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 268.04, subdivisions 9, 12, 24, 25, 26, 29, and by adding subdivisions; 268.06, subdivisions 2, 3a, 5, 6, 8, 19, 20, 22, and 24; 268.07, subdivision 3; 268.08, subdivisions 3, 3a, and by adding a subdivision; 268.09, subdivisions 1 and 3; 268.12, subdivision 8; 268.121; 268.15, subdivision 3; 268.16, subdivision 2, and by adding subdivisions; 268.161, subdivisions 1, 8, 9, and by adding a subdivision; 268.18, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and by adding a subdivision; 268.65, subdivision 5; 270A.09, by adding a subdivision; and 508.25; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 268; and repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.24.

The Senate has appointed as such committee:

Messrs. Chmielewski and Gustafson and Mrs. Adkins.

Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVERN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate accedes to the request of the House for the appointment of a Conference Committee on the amendments adopted by the Senate to the following House File:

H. F. No. 303, A bill for an act relating to agriculture; changing the shade tree disease control program; imposing certain penalties; eliminating certain audit requirements and an insurance limitation; changing the cooperative associations law; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 18.023, subdivision 1; 28A.08; 31.101, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8; 40.071; 308.58, subdivision 2; 308.62;



308.77; 308.83; and 308.85; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 38.02, subdivision 2; and 38.13.

The Senate has appointed as such committee:

Messrs. Stumpf, Davis, Morse, Langseth and Renneke.

Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate accedes to the request of the House for the appointment of a Conference Committee on the amendments adopted by the Senate to the following House File:

H. F. No. 291, A bill for an act relating to financial institutions; regulating incorporations and operations of banks; requiring approval of certain insider agreements; regulating acquisitions by bank holding companies; authorizing the commissioner to borrow money to satisfy obligations of certain closed institutions; regulating bank or trust company investments; regulating claims against liquidated institutions; providing for the organization of credit unions; regulating interest and dividends paid on deposits; regulating industrial loan and thrifts; providing for the submission of certain reports; modifying the maximum allowable interest rate on certain loans used to satisfy the balances owed on contracts for deed; requiring the periodic examination of collection agencies; regulating consumer deficiency judgments; modifying the examination requirement for safe deposit companies and insurance premium finance companies; regulating motor vehicle installment sales; regulating bank applications; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 46.041; 46.042; 46.07, subdivision 2; 46.131, subdivision 9; 47.10, subdivision 3, and by adding a subdivision; 47.204, subdivision 1; 47.205, subdivisions 2 and 4; 48.055, subdivision 5; 48.15, subdivision 2; 48.51; 48.61, subdivisions 3 and 5; 48.92, subdivision 10; 48.97, subdivision 2; 48.98, subdivision 1; 48.99, subdivision 1; 49.04, subdivision 1; 49.05, by adding a subdivision; 49.24, subdivision 5; 51A.58; 52.01; 52.02, subdivision 3; 52.09, subdivision 2; 52.18; 53.04, subdivisions 3a and 5; 53.09, subdivision 2; 55.095; 55.15; 56.12; 59A.06, subdivision 3; 168.66, subdivisions 5 and 9; 168.705; 168.71; 168.72, subdivisions 1 and 4; 168.73; 168.74; 325G.36; and 332.29, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 46 and 47; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 48.60 and 55.13.

The Senate has appointed as such committee:

Ms. Peterson, D. C.; and Messrs. Metzen and Belanger.

Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVERN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate accedes to the request of the House for the appointment of a Conference Committee on the amendments adopted by the Senate to the following House File:

H. F. No. 141, A bill for an act relating to liability; authorizing the elimination or limitation of a director's personal liability to a cooperative association or its members; exempting certain directors, members, and agents of nonprofit corporations from civil liability; exempting certain members of hospital district boards from certain civil liability; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 317.201; and 447.32, by adding a subdivision; and proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 308.

The Senate has appointed as such committee:

Messrs. Luther, Merriam and Taylor.

Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVERN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

S. F. No. 1.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVERN, Secretary of the Senate.

#### CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S. F. NO. 1

A bill for an act relating to economic development; rural development; renaming and providing powers to the agricultural resource loan guaranty board; establishing a mineral resources program; establishing duties for the community development division in the department of energy and economic development; transferring the independent wastewater treatment grant program from the pollution control agency to the Minnesota public finance authority;

changing the membership of the Minnesota job skills partnership board; establishing the rural development board; establishing the challenge grant program; establishing the customized training program; establishing the greater Minnesota corporation; establishing the state supplemental education grant program; establishing the Minnesota public finance authority; providing a program for revitalization of the cities of St. Paul and Minneapolis; creating a program for funding economic development projects in the taconite tax relief area; permitting investment of earnings of the northeast Minnesota economic protection trust in venture capital enterprises; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 15.039, by adding a subdivision; 16A.80, subdivision 2a; 41A.01; 41A.02, subdivisions 3, 4, 6, 11, and by adding subdivisions; 41A.05, subdivisions 1 and 2; 41A.08; 116.16, subdivisions 2, 4, 5, 9, and by adding subdivisions; 116.18, subdivisions 2a and 3a; 116J.36, subdivisions 2, 3b, 3c, 8, 8a, and 11; 116J.37, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 116J.955, subdivisions 1 and 2; 116L.03, subdivision 2; 281.17; 298.292; 298.296, subdivision 2; 462.384, subdivision 7; 462.385, subdivisions 1 and 3; 462.386, subdivision 1; 462.387, subdivisions 1, 3 and 4; 462.39, subdivisions 2 and 3; 462.391, subdivisions 2, 3 and 4; 462.395; 462.396, subdivision 1; 462.398; and 462.445, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 41A; 93; 116J; 116L; and 136A; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapters 116N; 116P; and 446A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 116.167; 116J.951; 116J.961; 116J.965; 116M.01; 116M.02; 116M.03; 116M.04; 116M.05; 116M.06; 116M.07; 116M.08; 116M.09; 116M.10; 116M.11; 116M.12; 116M.13; 472.11, subdivisions 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9; 472.12, subdivisions 2, 3, and 4; 472.125; 472.13, subdivisions 2, 3, and 4; and Laws 1969, chapters 833 and 984.

May 16, 1987

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S. F. No. 1, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House recede from its amendments and that S. F. No. 1 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

#### "ARTICLE 1

#### RURAL DEVELOPMENT BOARD

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116J.955, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

## 116J.955 [RURAL REHABILITATION REVOLVING FUND.]

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT.] The rural rehabilitation revolving fund is established as an account in the state treasury. The money transferred to the state as a result of liquidating the rural rehabilitation corporation trust, and money derived from transfer of the trust to the state, must be credited to the rural rehabilitation revolving fund. The principal amount of the rural rehabilitation revolving fund, \$9,300,000, ~~may not be spent and must be invested~~ by the state investment board. The income attributable to investment of the principal is appropriated to the commissioner for the activities purposes of the rural development council this article.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116J.955, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [EXPENDITURE OF INVESTMENT INCOME FUND.] The commissioner may ~~only use the income from the investment of~~ the rural rehabilitation revolving fund for the purposes that are allowed under the Minnesota rural rehabilitation corporation's charter and agreement with the United States Secretary of Agriculture as provided in Public Law Number 499, 81st Congress, enacted May 3, 1950 and as allowed under ~~section 116J.961, subdivision 8~~ this article. Not more than three percent of the book value of the Minnesota rural rehabilitation corporation's assets may be used for administrative purposes in a year without approval of the United States Secretary of Agriculture. The commissioner may create separate accounts within the fund for use in accordance with the fund's purposes.

## Sec. 3. [116N.01] [DEFINITIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [TERMS.] For the purposes of sections 3 to 10, the following terms have the meaning given them.

Subd. 2. [BOARD.] "Board" means the rural development board.

Subd. 3. [COMMISSIONER.] "Commissioner" means the commissioner of energy and economic development.

Subd. 4. [LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL UNIT.] "Local governmental unit" means a home rule charter or statutory city when the project is located in an incorporated area, a county when the project is located in an unincorporated area, or an American Indian tribal council when the project is located within a federally recognized American Indian reservation or community.

Subd. 5. [LOW INCOME.] "Low income" means equal to or below the nonmetropolitan median household income.

Subd. 6. [PRINCIPALLY.] "Principally" means more than half.

Subd. 7. [REGIONAL ORGANIZATION.] "Regional organization" or "organization" means an organization selected under section 10, subdivision 3.

Subd. 8. [RURAL.] "Rural" means the area of Minnesota located outside of the metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2.

**Sec. 4. [116N.02] [RURAL DEVELOPMENT BOARD.]**

Subdivision 1. [MEMBERSHIP.] The rural development board consists of the commissioner of energy and economic development, the commissioner of jobs and training, the commissioner of agriculture, the president of the Greater Minnesota corporation board, the state director of vocational technical education, the chancellor of the state university board, the chancellor of the state board for community colleges, the president of the University of Minnesota or the president's designee, the chair of the regional advisory committee, and six members from the general public appointed by the governor, with at least one public member from each of the regions established in section 10. Two of the public members must be local elected officials. Two of the public members must be members of farm organizations. One public member must represent the interests of business, and one public member must represent the interests of organized labor.

Subd. 2. [MEMBERSHIP TERMS.] The membership terms, compensation, removal, and filling of vacancies of public members of the board are as provided in section 15.0575.

Subd. 3. [CHAIR; OTHER OFFICERS.] The commissioner of energy and economic development shall serve as chair of the board. The board may elect other officers as necessary from its members.

Subd. 4. [ADVISORY TASK FORCES.] The board may establish advisory task forces under section 15.014 to advise or assist the board in identifying and working with rural development issues.

Subd. 5. [STAFF.] The commissioner of energy and economic development shall provide staff, consultant support, materials, and administrative services necessary for the board's activities. The services must include personnel, budget, payroll, and contract administration. The board may request staff support from other agencies of state government as needed for the execution of the responsibilities of the board, and the other agencies shall furnish the staff support upon request.

Subd. 6. [FUND ALLOCATION.] The commissioner shall allocate \$6,000,000 from the rural rehabilitation revolving fund to be used for the challenge grant program.

Sec. 5. [116N.03] [POWERS.]

Subdivision 1. [CONTRACTS.] The board may enter into contracts and grant agreements necessary to carry out its responsibilities.

Subd. 2. [GIFTS; GRANTS.] The board may apply for, accept, and disburse gifts, grants, loans, or other property from the United States, the state, private foundations, or any other source. It may enter into an agreement required for the gifts, grants, or loans and may hold, use, and dispose of its assets in accordance with the terms of the gift, grant, loan, or agreement. Money received by the board under this subdivision must be deposited in the state treasury. The amount deposited is appropriated to the board to carry out its duties.

Sec. 6. [116N.04] [DUTIES.]

Subdivision 1. [GENERAL DUTIES.] The board shall investigate and evaluate new methods to enhance rural development, particularly methods relating to economic diversification through private enterprises, including technologically innovative industries, value-added manufacturing, agriprocessing, information industries, and agricultural marketing.

Subd. 2. [ESTABLISH PROGRAM.] The board shall establish a rural rehabilitation pilot project program to award up to \$500,000 from the rural rehabilitation revolving fund in grants to public, nonprofit, or private organizations to support farm-related pilot projects for rural development. Projects must be designed to principally benefit low-income persons.

Subd. 3. [TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.] The board shall provide technical assistance and rural development information services to state agencies, regional agencies, special districts, local governments, and the public.

Subd. 4. [BUDGET.] The board shall adopt an annual budget and work program and a biennial budget.

Subd. 5. [LEGISLATIVE REPORT.] The board shall submit a report to the legislature by January 31 of each year. The report must include a review of rural development in the state, a review of the regional advisory committee activities, an accounting of loans made under the challenge grant program, an evaluation of rural development initiatives, and recommendations concerning state support for rural development.

## Sec. 7. [116N.05] [REGIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE.]

Subdivision 1. [MEMBERS.] The regional advisory committee consists of one representative from each of the state's development regions. Members representing the state's development regions must be selected by a majority vote of the regional development commissions. In regions that have dissolved their development commissions, members must be selected by a majority vote of the chairs of the respective county boards of commissioners in the region. Members must reside within the region they represent. The county boards of commissioners and the regional development commissions selecting members are encouraged to give preference to persons that hold an elected office. The county boards of commissioners and the regional development commissions shall give public notice of vacancies on the committee and make a selection of a member from applications received for the positions.

Subd. 2. [TERMS; COMPENSATION; OFFICERS.] The terms, compensation, and expiration of the committee and its members are as provided in section 15.059. A member may not serve more than two consecutive terms. The regional advisory committee shall elect a chair and may elect a vice-chair and other officers as is necessary from its members.

Subd. 3. [DUTIES.] (a) The regional advisory committee shall:

(1) administer the rural rehabilitation pilot project program established in section 6, including the establishment of grant eligibility criteria, solicitation and review of grant applications, and determination of projects to be funded;

(2) develop priorities for state projects and activities related to rural development;

(3) advise the rural development board regarding the challenge grant program; and

(4) coordinate the plans and programs of the regional development commissions that have an effect upon the activities of the rural development board.

(b) The commissioner shall make agreements or contracts to distribute grant funds to projects selected by the regional advisory committee.

## Sec. 8. [116N.06] [RURAL INVESTMENT GUIDE.]

The board, after appropriate study and public hearings as necessary, shall adopt a comprehensive state rural investment guide consisting of policy statements, objectives, standards, and program

criteria to guide state agencies in establishing and implementing programs relating to rural development. The guide must recognize the community and economic needs, the food and agricultural policy, and the resources of rural Minnesota, and provide a plan to coordinate and allocate public and private resources to the rural areas of the state. The board shall submit the guide to the appropriate committees of the legislature.

Sec. 9. [116N.07] [BOARD REVIEW.]

The board may require state agencies to submit for review any state program relating to rural development. The board may comment on the program and may recommend changes consistent with the rural investment guide.

Sec. 10. [116N.08] [CHALLENGE GRANT PROGRAM.]

Subdivision 1. [ORGANIZATION.] The board shall make challenge grants to regional organizations to encourage private investment, to provide jobs for low-income persons, and to promote economic development in the rural areas of the state.

Subd. 2. [FUNDING REGIONS.] The board shall divide the state outside of the metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2, into six regions. A region's boundaries must be coterminous with the boundaries of one or more of the development regions established under section 462.385. The board shall designate up to \$1,000,000 for each region, to be awarded over a period of three years. The money designated to each region must be used for revolving loans authorized in this section.

Subd. 3. [SELECTION OF ORGANIZATIONS TO RECEIVE CHALLENGE GRANTS.] The board shall select at least one organization for each region to receive the challenge grants and shall enter into grant agreements with the organizations. An organization must be a nonprofit corporation and must demonstrate that:

(1) its board of directors includes citizens experienced in rural development, representatives of the regional development commissions, and representatives from all geographic areas in the region;

(2) it has the technical skills to analyze projects;

(3) it is familiar with other available public and private funding sources and economic development programs;

(4) it can initiate and implement economic development projects; and

(5) it can establish and administer a revolving loan fund.



Subd. 4. [REVOLVING LOAN FUND.] A regional organization shall establish a board certified revolving loan fund to provide loans to new and expanding businesses in rural Minnesota to promote economic development. Eligible business enterprises include technologically innovative industries, value-added manufacturing, agriprocessing, information industries, and agricultural marketing. Loan applications given preliminary approval by the organization must be forwarded to the commissioner for final approval. The amount of state money allocated for each loan is appropriated from the rural rehabilitation revolving fund established in section 116J.955 to the organization's regional revolving loan fund when the commissioner gives final approval for each loan. The amount of money appropriated from the rural rehabilitation revolving fund may not exceed 50 percent for each loan. The amount of nonpublic money must equal at least 50 percent for each loan.

Subd. 5. [LOAN CRITERIA.] The following criteria apply to loans made under the challenge grant program:

(a) Loans must be made to businesses that are not likely to undertake a project for which loans are sought without assistance from the challenge grant program.

(b) A loan must be used for a project designed principally to benefit low-income persons through the creation of job opportunities for them. Among loan applicants, priority must be given on the basis of the number of permanent jobs created or retained by the project and the proportion of nonstate money leveraged by the revolving loan.

(c) The minimum loan is \$5,000 and the maximum is \$100,000.

(d) With the approval of the commissioner, a loan may be used to provide up to 50 percent of the private investment required to qualify for a grant from the economic recovery fund.

(e) A loan may not exceed 50 percent of the total cost of an individual project.

(f) A loan may not be used for a retail development project.

(g) A business applying for a loan must be sponsored by a resolution of the governing body of the local governmental unit within whose jurisdiction the project is located.

Subd. 6. [REVOLVING FUND ADMINISTRATION.] (a) The board shall establish a minimum interest rate for loans to ensure that necessary management costs are covered.

(b) Loan repayment amounts equal to one-half of the principal and interest must be deposited in the rural rehabilitation revolving fund for challenge grants to the region from which the money was originally designated. The remaining amount of the loan repayment may be deposited in the regional revolving loan fund for further distribution by the regional organization, consistent with the loan criteria specified in subdivisions 4 and 5.

(c) The first \$1,000,000 of revolving loans for each region must be matched by nonstate sources. The matching requirement does not apply to loans made under subdivision 6, clause (b).

(d) The first \$1,000,000 of revolving loans for each region must be matched by nonstate sources. The matching requirement does not apply to loans made under subdivision 6, clause (b).

(e) Administrative expenses of each organization may be paid out of the interest earned on loans.

Subd. 7. [RULES.] The board shall adopt rules to implement the duties specified in this section.

Subd. 8. [LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL UNIT LOANS.] A local governmental unit may receive a loan under this section if the local governmental unit has established a local revolving loan fund and can provide at least an equal match to the loan received from a regional organization. The maximum loan available to a local governmental unit under this section is \$50,000. The money loaned to a local governmental unit by a regional organization must be matched by the local revolving loan fund and used to provide loans to businesses to promote local economic development. One-half of the money loaned to a local governmental unit under this section by a regional organization must be repaid to the rural rehabilitation revolving fund. One-half of the money may be retained by the local governmental unit's revolving loan fund for further distribution by the local governmental unit.

Subd. 9. [REGIONAL COOPERATION.] An organization that receives a challenge grant shall cooperate with other regional organizations, including regional development commissions, community development corporations, community action agencies, and the Minnesota small business development centers and satellites, in carrying out challenge grant program and technical assistance responsibilities.

Subd. 10. [REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.] An organization that receives a challenge grant shall:

(1) submit an annual report to the board by February 15 of each year that includes a description of projects supported by the challenge grant program, an account of loans made during the calendar

year, the source and amount of money collected and distributed by the challenge grant program, the program's assets and liabilities, and an explanation of administrative expenses; and

(2) provide for an independent annual audit to be performed in accordance with generally accepted accounting practices and auditing standards and submit a copy of each annual audit report to the board.

#### Sec. 11. [RURAL DEVELOPMENT BOARD COMPLEMENT.]

The approved complement of the rural development board is six and one-half positions, with six positions in the unclassified service and one-half position in the classified service, one of which is an executive director position.

#### Sec. 12. [FAMILY FARM LOANS.]

The participant's interest in a family farm loan guarantee executed before the effective date of this article may be assigned to a new participant.

#### Sec. 13. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 116J.951; 116J.961; 116J.965; and 116M.05, are repealed.

#### Sec. 14. [APPROPRIATION.]

\$600,000 is appropriated from the economic development fund to the commissioner of energy and economic development to administer programs under the rural development board. \$300,000 is for fiscal year 1988 and \$300,000 is for fiscal year 1989.

\$200,000 is transferred from the economic development fund to the commissioner of energy and economic development to provide grants to the regional organizations selected under section 10, subdivision 3, for technical assistance to businesses in each region. Technical assistance includes providing information to businesses regarding federal, state, and local government economic development programs.

\$1,000,000 is transferred from the general fund to the rural rehabilitation revolving fund, to be used for the challenge grant program.

## ARTICLE 2

## GREATER MINNESOTA CORPORATION

## Section 1. [1160.01] [CITATION.]

Sections 1 to 10 may be cited as the "Greater Minnesota Corporation act."

## Sec. 2. [1160.02] [DEFINITIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [APPLICABILITY.] The definitions in this section apply to sections 1 to 15.

Subd. 2. [BOARD.] "Board" means the board of directors of the Greater Minnesota Corporation.

Subd. 3. [CORPORATION.] "Corporation" means the Greater Minnesota Corporation.

Subd. 4. [FUND.] "Fund" means the greater Minnesota fund.

Subd. 5. [GREATER MINNESOTA:] "Greater Minnesota" means the area of Minnesota located outside of the metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121; subdivision 2.

## Sec. 3. [1160.03] [CORPORATION; BOARD OF DIRECTORS; POWERS.]

Subdivision 1. [NAME.] The Greater Minnesota Corporation is a public corporation of the state and is not subject to the laws governing a state agency except as provided in this chapter. The business of the corporation must be conducted under the name "Greater Minnesota Corporation."

Subd. 2. [BOARD OF DIRECTORS.] The corporation is governed by a board of 11 directors. The term of a director is six years. Vacancies on the board are filled by appointment of the board, subject to the advice and consent of the senate. The board may determine the compensation of its members.

Subd. 3. [BYLAWS.] The board of directors shall adopt bylaws necessary for the conduct of the business of the corporation, consistent with this chapter.

Subd. 4. [PLACES OF BUSINESS.] The board shall locate and maintain the corporation's places of business within the state.

Subd. 5. [MEETINGS AND ACTIONS OF THE BOARD.] The board shall meet at least twice a year and may hold additional meetings upon giving notice in accordance with the bylaws of the corporation. Board meetings are subject to section 471.705, except when data described in subdivision 7 is discussed.

Subd. 6. [CLOSED MEETINGS; RECORDING.] The board of directors may by a majority vote in a public meeting decide to hold a closed meeting authorized under subdivision 5. The time and place of the closed meeting must be announced at the public meeting. A written roll of members present at the closed meeting must be made available to the public after the closed meeting. The proceedings of a closed meeting must be tape recorded at the expense of the board and must be preserved by the board for two years. The data on the tape is nonpublic data under section 13.02, subdivision 9.

Subd. 7. [APPLICATION AND INVESTIGATIVE DATA.] The following data is classified as private data with regard to data on individuals under section 13.02, subdivision 12, or as nonpublic data with regard to data not on individuals under section 13.02, subdivision 9, whichever is applicable:

(1) financial data, statistics, and information furnished in connection with assistance or proposed assistance under section 6, including credit reports, financial statements, statements of net worth, income tax returns, either personal or corporate, and any other business and personal financial records; or

(2) security information, trade secret information, or labor relations information, as defined in section 13.37, subdivision 1, disclosed to members of the corporation board or employees of the corporation under section 6.

Subd. 8. [CONFLICT OF INTEREST.] A director, employee, or officer of the corporation may not participate in or vote on a decision of the board relating to an organization in which the director has either a direct or indirect financial interest.

Subd. 9. [CONTRIBUTIONS TO PUBLIC OFFICIALS; DISCLOSURE.] Each director shall file a statement with the ethical practices board disclosing the nature, amount, date, and recipient of any contribution made to a public official, political committee, political fund, or political party, as defined in chapter 10A, that:

(1) was made within the four years preceding appointment to the Greater Minnesota board; and

(2) was subject to the reporting requirements of chapter 10A.

The statement must be updated annually during the director's term to reflect contributions made to public officials during the appointed director's tenure.

Sec. 4. [116O.04] [CORPORATE PERSONNEL.]

Subdivision 1. [GENERALLY.] The board shall appoint and set the compensation for a president, who serves as chief executive officer of the corporation, and who may appoint subordinate officers. The board may designate the president as its general agent. Subject to the control of the board, the president shall employ employees, consultants, and agents the president considers necessary. The staff of the corporation must include individuals knowledgeable in commercial and industrial financing, research and development, economic development, and general fiscal affairs. The board shall define the duties and designate the titles of the employees and agents.

Subd. 2. [STATUS OF EMPLOYEES.] Employees, officers, and directors of the corporation are not state employees, but, at the option of the board, may participate in the state retirement plan and the state deferred compensation plan for employees in the unclassified service and an insurance plan administered by the commissioner of employee relations.

Subd. 3. [CONTRIBUTIONS TO PUBLIC OFFICIALS; DISCLOSURE.] The president shall file a statement with the ethical practices board disclosing the nature, amount, date, and recipient of any contribution made to a public official which:

(1) was made within the four years preceding employment with the greater Minnesota board; and

(2) was subject to the reporting requirements of chapter 10A.

The statement must be updated annually during the president's employment to reflect contributions made to public officials during the president's tenure.

Sec. 5. [116O.05] [POWERS OF THE CORPORATION.]

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this article, the corporation has the powers granted to a business corporation by section 302A.161, subdivisions 3; 4; 5; 7; 8; 9; 11; 12; and 13, except that the corporation may not act as a general partner in any partnership; 14; 15; 16; 17; 18; and 22.

(b) The state is not liable for the obligations of the corporation.

(c) Section 302A.041 applies to this article and the corporation in the same manner that it applies to business corporations established under chapter 302A.

Sec. 6. [116O.06] [FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.]

Subdivision 1. [FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE; TYPES.] The corporation may provide financial assistance to sole proprietorships, businesses, or for-profit or nonprofit organizations. Financial assistance includes, but is not limited to, loan guarantees or insurance, direct loans, and interest subsidy payments. The corporation may participate in loans by purchasing from a lender up to 50 percent of each loan.

Subd. 2. [EQUITY INVESTMENTS.] The corporation may acquire an interest in a product or a private business entity, except that the corporation may not acquire an interest in a business entity engaged in a trade or industry whose profits are directly regulated by the commissioner of commerce or the department of public service. The corporation may enter into joint venture agreements with other private corporations to promote economic development and job creation.

Subd. 3. [GREATER MINNESOTA FINANCE AUTHORITY.] The board may designate the greater Minnesota finance authority to provide financial assistance. The authority, if established, consists of seven members, five of whom are members of the general public appointed by the board with experience in business development, finance, banking, or venture capital. The president of the corporation and one board member must be members of the authority. Members of the authority shall serve without compensation, but shall receive necessary and actual expenses while engaged in the business of the corporation.

Subd. 4. [STANDARDS.] The board may establish minimum interest rates, security requirements, restrictions on the amount of the corporation's financial participation in a project, and other financial standards the board determines necessary to establish in providing financial assistance.

Subd. 5. [PREFERENCE.] In providing financial assistance, the corporation must give preference to sole proprietorships, businesses, or organizations that are starting or expanding their operations in greater Minnesota.

Sec. 7. [116O.07] [ON-SITE RESEARCH.]

The corporation may construct, acquire, lease, own, or operate one or more on-site research facilities in Minnesota.

## Sec. 8. [1160.08] [REGIONAL RESEARCH INSTITUTES.]

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT.] The board may establish up to four regional research institutes in greater Minnesota. Each institute shall be located at or near a post-secondary education institution whose primary focus is comparable to the mission of the institute.

Subd. 2. [PURPOSE.] The purpose of the institutes is to provide applied research and development services to individuals, businesses, or organizations for the purposes of developing the region's economy through the utilization of the region's resources and the development of technology. Research and development services may include on-site research, product development grants, testing of production techniques and product quality, marketing and business management assistance, and feasibility studies.

Subd. 3. [INSTITUTE ADMINISTRATION; STAFF] The board shall appoint a director to manage the operation of the institute. The director may employ employees and enter into contracts with post-secondary education governing boards for research services of post-secondary institution staff, facilities, or equipment.

Subd. 4. [RESEARCH CONTRACTS.] The director of each institute may enter into contracts with individuals, businesses, or organizations to provide research and development assistance at institute facilities or at other sites the director determines appropriate. The board shall establish the overall contract guidelines.

Subd. 5. [PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT GRANTS.] The director of each institute may provide product development grants to those individuals, businesses, or for-profit or nonprofit organizations that, without financial assistance, would not be able to undertake the development of a product or technology-related service. The board shall establish eligibility criteria and the terms of the product development grants.

Subd. 6. [INSTITUTE ADVISORY BOARD.] A regional research institute advisory board may be appointed by the board. The advisory board may consist of representatives of public post-secondary institutions in the area surrounding the institute, business owners, and members of the general public. Terms and removal of members must be set by the board and the members of each advisory board shall serve without compensation but shall receive their necessary and actual expenses. The purpose of the advisory board is to provide the institute director assistance in operating the institute, review contract proposals and provide recommendations relating to product development grants.

Subd. 7. [DESIGNATED RESEARCH INSTITUTE.] The agricultural utilization research institute established in section 9 is desig-



nated as one of the regional research institutes authorized under this section.

**Sec. 9. [1160.09] [AGRICULTURAL UTILIZATION RESEARCH INSTITUTE.]**

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT.] The corporation shall establish an agricultural utilization research institute to promote the establishment of new products and product uses and the expansion of existing markets for the state's agricultural commodities and products. The institute must be located near an existing agricultural research facility in the agricultural region of the state.

Subd. 2. [DUTIES.] In addition to the duties and powers assigned to the institutes in section 8, the agricultural utilization research institute shall:

(1) identify the various market segments characterized by Minnesota's agricultural industry, address each segment's individual needs, and identify development opportunities in each segment;

(2) develop and implement a utilization program for each segment that addresses its development needs and identifies techniques to meet those needs;

(3) coordinate research among the public and private organizations and individuals specifically addressing procedures to transfer new technology to businesses, farmers and individuals; and

(4) provide research grants to public and private educational institutions and other organizations that are undertaking basic and applied research that would promote the development of the various agricultural industries.

Subd. 3. [STAFF.] The corporation shall provide staff to the agricultural utilization research institute and assist in carrying out the duties of the agricultural utilization research institute.

Subd. 4. [AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH GRANTS.] The institute may make matching grants for agricultural product utilization research to the University of Minnesota, a state university, a community college, a Minnesota private college or university, an area vocational technical institute, a private corporation, or a person. Grants may be matched from private sources, including farm commodity groups and farm organizations.

Subd. 5. [ADVISORY BOARD.] A 26-member advisory board is established to identify priorities for the agricultural utilization research institute. Members of the advisory board are appointed by the board. The advisory board consists of: the chair of the Minnesota

house of representatives agricultural committee; the chair of the Minnesota senate agricultural committee; a representative from each of the 10 largest agricultural-related businesses in the state as determined by the corporation; a member from each of the appropriate trade organizations representing producers of beef cattle, dairy, corn, soybeans, pork, wheat, turkey, barley, wild rice, edible beans, eggs, and potatoes; a member of the Farmers' Union; and a member of the Farm Bureau. Terms and removal of members must be set by the board and members of the advisory board serve without compensation but shall receive their necessary and actual expenses.

The advisory board shall annually provide a list of priorities and suggested research and marketing studies that should be performed by the agricultural utilization research institute.

#### Sec. 10. [1160.10] [RESEARCH ADVISORY BOARD.]

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT.] The board shall establish a research advisory board to provide advisory assistance to the board and the research institutes. The research advisory board consists of seven members appointed by the board. Terms and removal of members must be set by the board and research advisory board members shall serve without compensation but shall receive their necessary and actual expenses while engaged in the business of the corporation. The membership of the advisory board must have representatives that are experienced or have expertise in technology, applied research, agriculture, business, labor, or productivity.

Subd. 2. [DUTIES.] The research advisory board has the following duties and responsibilities:

(a) Identify specific areas where research and development will contribute to the productivity of the state's businesses and farms.

(b) Determine specific areas where financial assistance for research and development could assist the development of businesses and create new employment opportunities.

(c) Advise the board in the development and establishment of the regional research institutes and the research grants to public and private post-secondary education institutions.

(d) Advise public and private post-secondary education institutions on the research and development needs of businesses in Minnesota.

(e) Review the applications and make recommendations to the board for research grants to public and private post-secondary education institutions.

(f) Develop guidelines for an effective peer review process for evaluating scientifically-or technologically-related financial assistance.

**Sec. 11. [1160.11] [RESEARCH GRANTS TO EDUCATION UNITS.]**

Subdivision 1. [GRANTS GENERALLY.] The board may make matching grants to public and private post-secondary education institutions or units within those institutions, including the natural resource research institute, for applied research and development. Grants are to be made for projects which will likely result in assisting economic and employment development in greater Minnesota. The corporation board shall not give final approval to a research grant until it has received an evaluation and recommendation from the research advisory board established in section 10.

**Sec. 12. [1160.12] [GREATER MINNESOTA FUND.]**

(a) The greater Minnesota fund is created in the state treasury. The board may require the commissioner of finance to create separate accounts within the fund for use in accordance with the fund's purposes. Money in the fund not needed for the immediate purposes of the corporation may be invested by the corporation in any way authorized by section 11A.24. Money in the fund is appropriated to the corporation to be used as provided in this chapter.

(b) The fund consists of:

- (1) money appropriated and transferred from other state funds;
- (2) fees and charges collected by the corporation;
- (3) income from investments and purchases;
- (4) revenue from loans; rentals, royalties, dividends, and other proceeds collected in connection with lawful corporate purposes; and
- (5) gifts, donations, and bequests made to the corporation.

**Sec. 13. [1160.13] [AGRICULTURAL PROJECT UTILIZATION FUND.]**

The agricultural project utilization fund is a fund in the state treasury. Money in the fund is appropriated to the agricultural utilization research institute to be used for agricultural research grants as provided in section 9, subdivision 4, and for the agricultural utilization research institute.

## Sec. 14. [116O.14] [AUDITS.]

The corporation board shall contract with a certified public accounting firm to do a financial and compliance audit of the corporation and any subsidiary annually in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards.

The books and records of the corporation and any subsidiary, fund, or entity to be administered or governed by the corporation are subject to audit without previous notice by the legislative auditor.

## Sec. 15. [116O.15] [REPORTS.]

The board shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature and the governor on the activities of the corporation by January 1 of each year. The report must include, at least, a description of projects supported by the corporation, an account of all grants made by the corporation during the calendar year, the source and amount of all money collected and distributed by the corporation, the corporation's assets and liabilities, an explanation of administrative expenses, and any amendments to the operational plan. Reports must be made to the legislature as required by section 3.195.

## Sec. 16. [REGISTERED NAME.]

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 302A.117, the secretary of state shall register the name "Greater Minnesota Corporation" on behalf of the corporation.

## Sec. 17. [INITIAL APPOINTMENTS.]

Notwithstanding section 3, subdivision 2, the governor shall appoint the initial members of the board of directors of the Greater Minnesota Corporation, subject to the advice and consent of the senate, as follows: four to six-year terms, four to four-year terms, and three to two-year terms. As the terms of the initial appointments expire, appointments must be made by the board, subject to the advice and consent of the senate.

## Sec. 18. [NATURAL RESOURCES RESEARCH INSTITUTE.]

The Greater Minnesota Corporation board and the University of Minnesota board of regents may examine the feasibility of entering into a formal agreement for joint administration or transfer of the natural resources research institute from the University to the corporation. The corporation and board of regents shall report to the governor and legislature by January 15, 1988. The report must include recommendations for the structure for administering the institution, the potential use of university staff and facilities,

funding sources and whether the institute should be transferred to the Greater Minnesota Corporation. The corporation may not establish a regional institute whose research focus is comparable to the present research undertaken at the natural resources research institute.

Sec. 19. [VENTURE CAPITAL STUDY.]

The Greater Minnesota Corporation shall study the effect and the possible administrative and legal structure of the establishment of a for-profit venture capital corporation. This venture capital corporation may be capitalized by a state appropriation that in turn may be converted into shares of stock owned by every resident of the state. This corporation would invest only in Minnesota companies or production facilities located in the state with a preference to ventures that utilize the state's resources and intermediate products and services. The venture capital corporation would invest in local capital venture pools that are managed by experienced private venture capital firms and this corporation would only provide investment capital for product development and start-up business development. The venture capital corporation would target its investment capital to products and businesses that reduce costs to the state's residents and government jurisdictions such as products that improve resource efficiency or products that improve the independence of the physically disabled.

The study may be completed directly by the Greater Minnesota Corporation or the corporation may contract with a business, state agency, organization, or individual to complete the study. The study must include the examination of at least the following:

(1) the anticipated demand for venture capital that meets the investment criteria of the venture capital corporation;

(2) an estimation of the start-up costs of the venture capital corporation;

(3) an estimation of on-going administrative costs of the venture capital corporation including shareholder-related costs;

(4) the most appropriate legal structure for the venture capital corporation including recommendations for the enabling legislation for the corporation;

(5) an estimation of the potential additional investment through stock purchases by Minnesota residents;

(6) an inventory of experienced and interested local venture capital firms that the corporation would utilize in distributing its venture capital; and

(7) an analysis of the type of products that meet the investment criteria of the venture capital corporation.

The Greater Minnesota Corporation shall submit the study to the legislature and the governor by July 1, 1988.

Sec. 20. [DISSOLUTION.]

In the event of dissolution of the Greater Minnesota Corporation for any reason, the state of Minnesota, upon action by the governor, and after consultation with the legislative advisory commission, may require the liquidation of all holdings and investments and the return of the proceeds of that liquidation and any wholly-owned assets of the corporation to the state, in exchange for the assumption of all outstanding obligations of the corporation.

If the corporation is dissolved, or certain of its functions transferred to another entity, the assets and liabilities and property associated with the dissolved or transferred functions must return to the state or to the entity designated by law.

Sec. 21. [OPERATIONAL PLAN.]

The board of directors of the Greater Minnesota Corporation shall prepare a comprehensive operational plan and submit the plan to the governor and the legislature by November 15, 1987. The operational plan must at least include operating procedures, accounting procedures, grant procedures, loan procedures, personnel procedures, investment procedures, and board conduct and ethics.

If the board proposes to make equity investments under section 6, subdivision 2, the board shall explain in the report how the investments will be made, how much money will be invested in them, how much private money is expected to be invested in the same investments, and why equity investments would be more desirable and effective than the other means of promoting development that are available to the board. No equity investments may be made unless the board has first submitted the information required by this section.

In addition, the operational plan must include a budget proposal and a five-year strategic plan setting out its objectives and general strategy for achieving the objectives. It must identify sources and amounts of available nongovernmental money and the purposes for which the money may be used.

Sec. 22. [LOAN PROGRAMS TERMINATED; ADMINISTRATION; CREDIT OF REPAYMENTS.]

The following loan programs administered by the Minnesota energy and economic development authority are terminated: the special assistance program under section 116M.07, subdivision 11, except for the small business development loans; the technology product loan program; the tourism loan program created under section 116M.07; the energy loan insurance program under section 116M.11; the energy development fund program under section 116M.12; and the Minnesota fund program under sections 472.11 to 472.13. Loan repayments, earnings, releases from insurance reserve accounts, and other income from these programs must be paid to the commissioner of energy and economic development, who shall deposit them in the state treasury and credit them to the greater Minnesota fund.

Sec. 23. [LOAN PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION.]

Subdivision 1. [POWERS.] To administer the loan programs transferred to the department of energy and economic development by section 22, the commissioner of energy and economic development has the powers in this section.

Subd. 2. [PERSONAL PROPERTY.] The commissioner may acquire, hold, and dispose of personal property where necessary or appropriate to protect a loan in which the department has an interest.

Subd. 3. [REAL PROPERTY.] The commissioner may acquire real property, or an interest in real property, in the department's name, by purchase or foreclosure, where the acquisition is necessary or appropriate to protect a loan in which the department has an interest and may sell, transfer, and convey the property to a buyer and, in the event the sale, transfer, or conveyance cannot be effected with reasonable promptness or at a reasonable price, may lease the property to a tenant.

Subd. 4. [INSURANCE.] The commissioner may procure insurance against a loss in connection with the department's property in the amounts, and from the insurers, as may be necessary or desirable.

Subd. 5. [LOAN TERMS; MODIFICATION.] The commissioner may consent, whenever it is considered necessary or desirable to increase the probability that the loan will be repaid, to the modification of the rate of interest, time of payment, or installment of principal or interest, or other term, of a contract or agreement to which the department is a party.

Subd. 6. [FINANCIAL INFORMATION.] Financial information, including credit reports, financial statements, and net worth calculations, received or prepared by the department regarding a department loan, financial assistance, or insurance is private data with

regard to data on individuals as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12 and nonpublic data with regard to data not on individuals as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 9.

Subd. 7. [ROYALTY PAYMENTS.] The department may receive payments in the form of royalties, dividends, or other proceeds in connection with technology-related products, energy conservation products, or other equipment which it has purchased or in which it has participated.

Sec. 24. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 116M.11; 116M.12; 472.11, subdivisions 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9; 472.12, subdivisions 2, 3, and 4; 472.125; and 472.13, subdivisions 2, 3, and 4, are repealed.

Sec. 25. [APPROPRIATION.]

\$6,500,000 is appropriated from the general fund for transfer to the greater Minnesota fund, to be available until expended. \$3,500,000 is appropriated from the rural rehabilitation revolving fund for transfer to the agricultural product utilization fund, to be available until expended.

Sec. 26. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

This article is effective the day following final enactment, except that sections 19 to 22 are effective July 1, 1987; and section 6, subdivisions 1 to 3, are effective July 1, 1988.

## ARTICLE 3

### MINNESOTA PUBLIC FACILITIES AUTHORITY

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116.16, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [DEFINITIONS.] In this section and sections 116.17 and 116.18:

(1) Agency means the Minnesota pollution control agency created by this chapter;

(2) Municipality means any county, city, and town, the metropolitan waste control commission established in chapter 473 and the metropolitan council when acting under the provisions of that chapter or an Indian tribe or an authorized Indian tribal organization, and any other governmental subdivision of the state responsi-



ble by law for the prevention, control, and abatement of water pollution in any area of the state;

(3) Pollution control fund means the Minnesota state water pollution control fund created by subdivision 1;

(4) Bond account means the Minnesota state water pollution control bond account created in the state bond fund by section 116.17, subdivision 4;

(5) Terms defined in section 115.01 have the meanings therein given them;

(6) The eligible cost of any municipal project, except as otherwise provided in clauses (7) and (8), includes (a) preliminary planning to determine the economic, engineering, and environmental feasibility of the project; (b) engineering, architectural, legal, fiscal, economic, sociological, project administrative costs of the agency and the municipality, and other investigations and studies; (c) surveys, designs, plans, working drawings, specifications, procedures, and other actions necessary to the planning, design, and construction of the project; (d) erection, building, acquisition, alteration, remodeling, improvement, and extension of disposal systems; (e) inspection and supervision of construction; and (f) all other expenses of the kinds enumerated in section 475.65.

(7) For state independent grant and matching grant purposes hereunder, the eligible cost for grant applicants shall be the eligible cost as determined by the United States environmental protection agency under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended, United States Code, title 33, section 1314, et seq sections 1281 to 1299.

(8) Notwithstanding clause (7), for state grants under the state independent grants program, the eligible cost includes the acquisition of land for stabilization ponds, the construction of collector sewers for totally unsewered statutory and home rule charter cities and towns described under section 368.01, subdivision 1 or 1a, that are in existence on January 1, 1985, and the provision of reserve capacity sufficient to serve the reasonable needs of the municipality for 20 years in the case of treatment works and 40 years in the case of sewer systems. Notwithstanding clause (7), for state grants under the state independent grants program, the eligible cost does not include the provision of service to seasonal homes, or cost increases from contingencies that exceed three percent of as-bid costs or cost increases from unanticipated site conditions that exceed an additional two percent of as-bid costs.

(9) Authority means the Minnesota public facilities authority established in section 20.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116.16, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [DISBURSEMENTS.] Disbursements from the fund shall be made by the state treasurer upon order of the commissioner of finance at the times and in the amounts requested by the agency or the Minnesota public facilities authority in accordance with the applicable state and federal law governing such disbursements; except that no appropriation or loan of state funds for any project shall be disbursed to any municipality until and unless the agency has by resolution determined the total estimated cost of the project, and ascertained that financing of the project is assured by:

(1) A grant to the municipality by an agency of the federal government within the amount of funds then appropriated to that agency and allocated by it to projects within the state; or

(2) A grant of funds appropriated by state law; or

(3) A loan authorized by state law; or

(4) The appropriation of proceeds of bonds or other funds of the municipality to a fund for the construction of the project; or

(5) Any or all of the means referred to in paragraphs (1) to (4); and

(6) An irrevocable undertaking, by resolution of the governing body of the municipality, to use all funds so made available exclusively for the construction of the project, and to pay any additional amount by which the cost of the project exceeds the estimate, by the appropriation to the construction fund of additional municipal funds or the proceeds of additional bonds to be issued by the municipality; and

(7) Conformity of the project and of the loan or grant application with the state water pollution control plan as certified to the federal government and with all other conditions under applicable state and federal law for a grant of state or federal funds of the nature and in the amount involved.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116.16, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [RULES.] (a) The agency shall promulgate permanent rules and may promulgate emergency rules for the administration of grants and loans authorized to be made from the fund or from federal funds under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended, which rules, however, shall not be applicable to the issuance of bonds by the commissioner of finance as provided in section 116.17. The rules shall contain as a minimum:

- (1) procedures for application by municipalities;
- (2) conditions for the administration of the grant or loan;

(3) criteria for the ranking of projects in order of priority for grants or loans, based on factors including the extent and nature of pollution, technological feasibility, assurance of proper operation, maintenance and replacement, and participation in multimunicipal systems; and

(4) such other matters as the agency and the director find necessary to the proper administration of the grant program.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in sections 116.16 to 116.18, the rules for the administration of state independent grants must comply, to the extent practicable, with provisions relating directly to protection of the environment contained in the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended, and regulations and guidelines of the United States environmental protection agency promulgated under the act, except provisions regarding allocation contained in section 205 of the act and regulations and guidelines promulgated under section 205 of the act. This provision does not require approval from federal agencies for the issuance of grants or for the construction of projects under the state independent grants program.

(c) For purposes of awarding independent state grants, the agency may by rule waive the federal 20-year planning requirement for municipalities with a population of less than 1,500.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116.16, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. [APPLICATIONS.] Applications by municipalities for grants or loans from the fund shall be made to the director of the agency authority on forms requiring information prescribed by rules of the agency. The authority shall send the application to the agency within ten days of receipt. The director shall certify to the agency authority those applications which appear to meet the criteria set forth in sections 116.16 to 116.18 and the rules promulgated hereunder, and the agency authority shall award the grants or loans on the basis of the criteria and priorities established by the agency in its rules and in sections 116.16 to 116.18. A municipality that is designated under agency rules to receive state or federal funding for a project and that does not make a timely application for or that refuses the funding is not eligible for either state or federal funding for that project in that fiscal year or the subsequent year.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116.16, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 11. [AWARDS OF GRANTS AND LOANS.] Upon certification by the director of the pollution control agency, the authority shall notify a municipality that is to receive a grant or loan and advise the municipality of the grant agreement or loan form or other document that must be executed to complete the grant or loan. Upon certification from the director that the work has been completed and that payment is proper, the authority shall pay to the municipality the periodic grant or loan payment.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116.16, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 12. [AMENDMENTS.] A municipality that seeks an amendment to a previously awarded grant or loan shall follow the procedure in subdivision 9 for applying to the authority. The request for a grant or loan amendment must be forwarded by the authority to the director of the pollution control agency for consideration, and the authority shall process a grant or loan amendment that is approved by the director.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116.18, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. [STATE MATCHING GRANTS PROGRAM BEGINNING OCTOBER 1, 1984 1987.] For projects tendered, on or after October 1, 1984 1987, a grant of federal money under section 201(g), section 202, 203, or 206(f) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended, United States Code, title 33, sections 1251 to 1376, at 55 percent or more of the eligible cost for construction of the treatment works, state money appropriated under subdivision 1 must be expended for up to 30 50 percent of the nonfederal share of the eligible cost of construction for municipalities for which the construction would otherwise impose significant financial hardship; provided, that not less than ten percent of the eligible cost must be paid by the municipality or agency constructing the project. If a municipality is tendered federal and state grants in a percentage cumulatively exceeding 90 percent of the eligible cost of construction, the state pollution control agency shall reduce the grant to the municipality under this chapter to the extent necessary to ensure that not less than ten percent of the eligible cost will be paid by the municipality. The amounts of the matching grants must be based on per connection capital cost, median household income, and per capita adjusted assessed valuation with populations of 25,000 or less.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116.18, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

Subd. 3a. [STATE INDEPENDENT GRANTS PROGRAM.] (a) The agency Minnesota public facilities authority may award independent grants for projects certified by the state pollution control

director for 50 percent or, if the agency requires advanced treatment, 65 percent of the population of the municipality is 25,000 or less, 80 percent of the eligible cost of construction. The agency may award independent grants for up to an additional 30 percent or, if the agency requires advanced treatment, up to an additional 25 percent of the eligible cost of construction to municipalities for which the construction would otherwise impose significant financial hardship; the amounts of the additional grants shall be based on per connection capital cost, median household income, and per capita adjusted assessed valuation. These grants may be awarded in separate steps for planning and design in addition to actual construction. Until December 31, 1990, not more than 20 percent of the total amount of grants awarded under this subdivision in any single fiscal year may be awarded to a single grantee.

(b) Up to ten percent of the money to be awarded as grants under this subdivision in any single fiscal year shall be set aside for municipalities having substantial economic development projects that cannot come to fruition without municipal wastewater treatment improvements. The agency shall forward its municipal needs list to the commissioner of energy and economic development authority at the beginning of each fiscal year, and the commissioner authority shall review the list and identify those municipalities having substantial economic development projects. After the first 90 percent of the total available money is allocated to municipalities in accordance with agency priorities, the set-aside shall be used by the agency authority to award grants to remaining municipalities that have been identified.

(c) Grants may also be awarded under this subdivision to reimburse municipalities willing to proceed with projects and be reimbursed in a subsequent year conditioned upon appropriation of sufficient money under subdivision 1 for that year. The maximum amount of the reimbursement the agency may commit in any single fiscal year is equal to the amount newly appropriated to the state grants programs for that year.

(d) A municipality that applies for a state independent grant to be reimbursed for a project must receive an additional five percent of the total eligible cost of construction beyond the normal percentage to which the municipality is entitled under paragraph (a).

#### Sec. 9. [STATE INDEPENDENT GRANTS PROGRAM.]

(a) The state pollution control agency may award independent grants for projects for 50 percent or, if the population of the municipality is 25,000 or less, 80 percent of the eligible cost of construction. These grants may be awarded in separate steps for planning and design in addition to actual construction. Until December 31, 1990, not more than 20 percent of the total amount of

grants awarded under this section in a fiscal year may be awarded to a single grantee.

(b) Up to ten percent of the money to be awarded as grants under this section in a fiscal year must be set aside for municipalities having substantial economic development projects that cannot come to fruition without municipal wastewater treatment improvements. The agency shall forward its municipal needs list to the authority at the beginning of each fiscal year, and the authority shall review the list and identify those municipalities having substantial economic development projects. After the first 90 percent of the total available money is allocated to municipalities in accordance with agency priorities, the set-aside must be used by the authority to award grants to remaining municipalities that have been identified.

(c) Grants may also be awarded under this section to reimburse municipalities willing to proceed with projects and be reimbursed in a subsequent year conditioned upon appropriation of sufficient money under Minnesota Statutes, section 116.18, subdivision 1, for that year.

(d) A municipality that applies for a state independent grant to be reimbursed for a project must receive an additional five percent of the total eligible cost of construction beyond the normal percentage to which the municipality is entitled under paragraph (a).

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116J.36, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [DEFINITIONS.] In this section:

(a) "Authority" means the Minnesota public facilities authority.

(b) "Construction costs" means all costs associated with the construction, modification or expansion of a district heating system except for preliminary planning costs and detailed design costs. Construction costs include the cost of debt service from the time a construction loan is made until five years after the beginning of the operation of the district heating system constructed or the part of the system being modified or expanded.

(c) "District heating" means the use of a central energy conversion facility to produce hot water or steam for a district heating system. District heating facilities may also produce electricity in addition to hot water or steam.

(d) "Municipality" means any county, home rule charter or statutory city, town, school district or a municipal power agency formed pursuant to sections 453.53 to 453.62. Municipality also means a public utility, as defined in section 452.01, subdivision 3,

owned and operated by a city, however organized. For purposes of a district heating system only, municipality also means a nonprofit corporation organized pursuant to the provisions of chapter 317 whose membership is limited to the mayor and governing body of the city in which the district heating system is located.

(d) (e) "District heating system" means any existing or proposed facility for (1) the production, through cogeneration or otherwise, of hot water or steam to be used for district heating, or (2) the transmission and distribution of hot water or steam for district heating either directly to heating consumers or to another facility or facilities for transmission and distribution, or (3) any part or combination of the foregoing facilities.

(e) (f) "Qualified energy improvement" means a cost-effective capital improvement to public land, buildings, or energy using systems, other than a district heating system, including the purchase or installation of equipment to reduce the usage of conventional energy sources or to use alternative energy resources. Qualified energy improvements also include waste-to-energy facilities that meet the criteria specified in subdivision 8a and any rule adopted under that subdivision. Qualified energy improvements shall meet all environmental and permitting standards established by state and federal law.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116J.36, subdivision 3b, is amended to read:

Subd. 3b. [GRANT ELIGIBILITY, DISTRICT HEATING.] ~~The commissioner of energy and economic development authority may provide district heating system planning grants to municipalities for planning related to the development of district heating systems certified by the director of public service as eligible to receive planning grants. The municipality must demonstrate that a community heatload survey and map have been successfully completed, that potential district heating load is sufficiently large to justify further consideration, and that sufficient resources are available for the municipality to meet its financial requirements. Eligible planning grant costs include project definition, development of preliminary financing and distribution system plans, and obtaining commitment for detailed planning or design and preparation of a final report. The amount of the grant to a municipality is limited to 90 percent of eligible planning costs and shall not exceed \$70,000 as established by rule or emergency rule.~~

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116J.36, subdivision 3c, is amended to read:

Subd. 3c. [GRANT ELIGIBILITY, QUALIFIED ENERGY IMPROVEMENTS.] ~~The commissioner of energy and economic development authority may provide qualified energy improvement~~

planning grants to municipalities for planning related to the development of qualified energy improvements certified by the director of public service as eligible to receive planning grants. The municipality must demonstrate that sufficient resources are available for the municipality to meet its financial requirements. Eligible planning grant costs include definition of the improvement, development of preliminary financing plans, and obtaining commitment for detailed planning or design and preparation of a final report. The amount of a grant to a municipality is limited to 90 percent of eligible planning costs and must not exceed \$100,000 as established by rule or emergency rule.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116J.36, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [LOAN APPROVAL.] ~~The commissioner of energy and economic development~~ director of public service shall prepare and submit to the ~~energy and economic development~~ authority separate priority lists of loan requests for district heating systems and qualified energy improvements. ~~The priority list for district heating loans shall contain the supporting information required by~~ must be based on the requirements under subdivisions 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7. ~~The priority list for qualified energy improvements shall contain the supporting information required by~~ must be based on the requirements under subdivisions 3a, 3c, 4a, 5, and 6. ~~The recommendation of the authority shall be transmitted to the commissioner of finance.~~ The commissioner of finance shall sell bonds and the authority shall make loans for district heating projects and qualified energy improvements only upon the recommendation of the authority director of public service.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116J.36, subdivision 8a, is amended to read:

Subd. 8a. [CRITERIA FOR QUALIFIED ENERGY IMPROVEMENTS.] Qualified energy improvements eligible for loans must meet criteria established in rule by the ~~commissioner of energy and economic development~~ director of public service. Rules shall include criteria for analyzing the cost-effectiveness of improvements. Rules relating to qualified energy improvements involving a waste-to-energy facility must be adopted in consultation with the waste management board, the authority, and the pollution control agency. An improvement involving a waste-to-energy facility must be part of a solid waste management plan approved by the pollution control agency or a plan approved under section 473.803.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116J.36, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. [RULES.] The commissioner of energy and economic development shall adopt rules and may adopt emergency rules



necessary to carry out the programs of this section. The director of public service shall adopt rules for the administration of programs under this section. The commissioner of energy and economic development director of public service may adopt emergency rules pursuant to sections 14.29 to 14.36, meeting the requirements of this section. The rules shall contain as a minimum:

- (a) Procedures for application by municipalities; and
- (b) Criteria for reviewing grant and loan applications.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116J.37, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] In this section:

(a) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of energy and economic development. Upon passage of legislation creating a body known as the Minnesota energy public facilities authority, the duties assigned to the commissioner in this section are delegated to the authority.

(b) "Maxi-audit" has the meaning given in section 116J.06, subdivision 12.

(c) "Energy conservation investments" mean all capital expenditures that are associated with conservation measures identified in a maxi-audit and that have a ten-year or less payback period. Public school districts that received a federal institutional building grant in 1984 to convert a heating system to wood, and that apply for an energy conservation investment loan to match a federal grant for wood conversion, shall be allowed to calculate payback of conservation measures based on the costs of the traditional fuel in use prior to the wood conversion.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116J.37, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 8. [TECHNICAL SUPPORT.] The director of public service shall prepare and submit to the authority the technical evaluation of all applicants under this section.

Sec. 18. [446A.01] [MINNESOTA PUBLIC FACILITIES AUTHORITY ACT.]

Sections 18 to 26 may be cited as the "Minnesota public facilities authority act."

Sec. 19. [446A.02] [DEFINITIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [APPLICABILITY.] For the purposes of sections 18 to 26, the terms in this section have the meanings given them.

Subd. 2. [AUTHORITY.] "Authority" means the Minnesota public facilities authority.

Subd. 3. [COMMISSIONER.] "Commissioner" means the commissioner of energy and economic development.

Subd. 4. [FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT.] "Federal Water Pollution Control Act" means the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended, United States Code, title 33, sections 1281 to 1299.

Subd. 5. [GOVERNMENTAL UNIT.] "Governmental unit" means a state agency, home rule charter or statutory city, county, sanitary district, or other governmental subdivision.

Subd. 6. [PROJECT.] "Project" means the acquisition, construction, improvement, expansion, repair, or rehabilitation of all or part of any structure, facility, or equipment necessary for a wastewater treatment system or water supply system.

Sec. 20. [446A.03] [MINNESOTA PUBLIC FACILITIES AUTHORITY.]

Subdivision 1. [MEMBERSHIP.] The Minnesota public facilities authority consists of the commissioner of energy and economic development, the commissioner of finance, the director of public service, the director of the pollution control agency, and three additional members appointed by the governor from the general public with the advice and consent of the senate.

Subd. 2. [CHAIR; OTHER OFFICERS.] The commissioner of energy and economic development shall serve as the chair and chief executive officer of the authority. The authority may elect other officers as necessary from its members.

Subd. 3. [MEMBERSHIP TERMS.] The membership terms, compensation, removal, and filling of vacancies of public members of the authority are as provided in section 15.0575.

Subd. 4. [BOARD ACTIONS.] A majority of the authority, excluding vacancies, constitutes a quorum to conduct its business, to exercise its powers, and for all other purposes.

Subd. 5. [EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR.] The commissioner shall employ, with the concurrence of the authority, an executive director. The director shall perform duties that the authority may require in

carrying out its responsibilities. The executive director's position is in the unclassified service.

Subd. 6. [ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES.] The commissioner shall provide administrative services to the authority.

Subd. 7. [PERSONAL LIABILITY.] Members and officers of the authority are not liable personally for any debt or obligation of the authority.

**Sec. 21. [446A.04] [POWERS; DUTIES.]**

Subdivision 1. [BYLAWS; RULES.] The authority shall adopt bylaws for its organization and internal management. The commissioner may adopt rules covering the authority's operations, properties, and facilities.

Subd. 2. [POWER TO SUE; ENTER CONTRACTS.] The authority may sue and be sued. The authority may make and enter into contracts, leases, and agreements necessary to perform its duties and exercise its powers.

Subd. 3. [GIFTS; GRANTS.] The authority may apply for, accept, and disburse gifts, grants, loans, or other property from the United States, the state, private sources, or any other source for any of its purposes. Money received by the authority under this subdivision must be deposited in the state treasury and is appropriated to the authority to carry out its duties.

Subd. 4. [CONTRACT FOR SERVICES.] The authority may retain or contract for the services of accountants, financial advisors, and other consultants or agents needed to perform its duties and exercise its powers.

Subd. 5. [FEES.] The authority may set and collect fees for costs incurred by the authority for its financings and the establishment and maintenance of reserve funds.

**Sec. 22. [446A.05] [PROJECT LOANS.]**

Subdivision 1. [LOANS.] The authority may make and contract to make loans to governmental units to finance projects that the governmental unit may construct or acquire. A loan may not be used to pay current expenses or obligations, except for temporary financing. A loan must be secured by notes or bonds of the borrowing governmental unit.

Subd. 2. [RULES.] The commissioner may adopt rules governing loans awarded under this section.

Sec. 23. [446A.06] [INDEPENDENT WASTEWATER TREATMENT GRANTS.]

Subdivision 1. [AWARD OF GRANTS.] The authority shall award independent state grants to municipalities selected by the pollution control agency upon certification by the agency that the municipalities' projects and applications have been reviewed and approved by the agency in accordance with sections 116.16 to 116.18 and agency rules.

Subd. 2. [RULES.] The commissioner shall adopt rules containing procedures for the administration of the authority's duties as provided in subdivision 1.

Sec. 24. [446A.07] [WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND.]

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT OF FUND.] The authority shall establish a water pollution control revolving fund to provide loans for the purposes and eligible costs authorized under title VI of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act. The fund must be credited with repayments.

Subd. 2. [STATE FUNDS.] A state matching fund is established to be used in compliance with federal matching requirements specified in the Federal Water Pollution Control Act. A state grant and loan fund is established to provide grants and loans to governmental units for the planning and construction of treatment works as specified in section 116.16, subdivision 2, paragraphs (6), (7), and (8).

Subd 3. [CAPITALIZATION GRANT AGREEMENT.] The authority shall enter an agreement with the administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency to receive capitalization grants for the revolving fund. The authority may exercise powers necessary to comply with the requirements specified in the agreement, which must be in compliance with the Federal Water Pollution Control Act.

Subd. 4. [INTENDED USE PLAN.] The pollution control agency shall annually prepare and submit to the United States Environmental Protection Agency an intended use plan. The plan must identify the intended uses of the amounts available to the water pollution control revolving fund, including a list of wastewater treatment projects and other eligible activities to be funded during the fiscal year. The agency may not submit the plan until it has received the review and comment of the authority or until 30 days have elapsed since the plan was submitted to the authority, whichever occurs first.

Subd. 5. [APPLICATIONS.] Applications by municipalities and other entities identified in the annual intended use plan for loans from the water pollution control revolving fund must be made to the authority on forms requiring information prescribed by the rules of the agency adopted under this section. The authority shall send the applications to the agency within ten days of receipt. The director shall certify to the authority those applications that appear to meet the criteria set forth in the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, this section, and rules of the agency.

Subd. 6. [AWARD AND TERMS OF LOANS.] The authority shall award loans to those municipalities and other entities certified by the agency. The terms and conditions of the loans must be in conformance with the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, this section, and rules of the agency, and authority adopted under this section.

Subd. 7. [LOAN CONDITIONS.] When making loans from the revolving fund, the authority shall comply with the conditions of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, including:

(a) Loans must be made at or below market interest rates, including interest-free loans, at terms not to exceed 20 years.

(b) The annual principal and interest payments must begin no later than one year after completion of a project. Loans must be fully amortized no later than 20 years after project completion.

(c) A loan recipient shall establish a dedicated source of revenue for repayment of the loan.

(d) The fund must be credited with all payments of principal and interest on all loans.

Subd. 8. [OTHER USES OF REVOLVING FUND.] The water pollution control revolving fund may be used as provided in title VI of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, including the following uses:

(1) to buy or refinance the debt obligation of governmental units for treatment works incurred after March 7, 1985, at or below market rates;

(2) to guarantee or purchase insurance for local obligations to improve credit market access or reduce interest rates;

(3) to provide a source of revenue or security for the payment of principal and interest on revenue or general obligation bonds issued by the authority if the bond proceeds are deposited in the fund;

(4) to provide loan guarantees for similar revolving funds established by a governmental unit other than state agencies;

(5) to earn interest on fund accounts; and

(6) to pay the reasonable costs incurred by the authority and the agency of administering the fund and conducting activities required under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, including water quality management planning under section 205(j) of the act and water quality standards continuing planning under section 303(e) of the act.

Amounts spent under clause (6) may not exceed the amount allowed under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act. Five percent of the revolving loan fund repayments may be used by the agency and the authority for the purposes listed in clause (6).

Subd. 9. [PAYMENTS.] Payments from the fund must be made in accordance with the applicable state and federal law governing the payments, except that no payment for a project may be made to a governmental unit until and unless the authority has determined the total estimated cost of the project and ascertained that financing of the project is assured by:

(1) a loan authorized by state law or the appropriation of proceeds of bonds or other money of the governmental unit to a fund for the construction of the project; and

(2) an irrevocable undertaking, by resolution of the governing body of the governmental unit, to use all money made available for the project exclusively for the project, and to pay any additional amount by which the cost of the project exceeds the estimate by the appropriation to the construction fund of additional money or the proceeds of additional bonds to be issued by the governmental unit.

Subd. 10. [RULES OF THE AUTHORITY.] The commissioner shall adopt rules containing procedures for the administration of the authority's duties as provided in this section, including loan interest rates, the amounts of loans, and municipal financial need.

Subd. 11. [RULES OF THE AGENCY.] The agency shall adopt rules relating to the procedure for preparation of the annual intended use plan and other matters that the agency considers necessary for proper loan administration.

#### Sec. 25. [446A.08] [HEALTH CARE EQUIPMENT LOANS.]

Subdivision 1. [AUTHORITY.] The authority may make or participate in making health care equipment loans. The loans may be made only from the proceeds of bonds or notes issued under

subdivision 2. Before making a commitment for a loan, the authority shall forward the application to the commissioner of health for review under subdivision 3. The authority may not approve or enter into a commitment for a loan unless the application has been approved by the commissioner of health.

Subd. 2. [BONDS AND NOTES.] The authority may issue its bonds and notes to provide money for the purposes specified in subdivision 1. The principal amount of bonds and notes issued and outstanding under this subdivision at any time may not exceed \$95,000,000. The bonds and notes issued to make the loans may not be insured by the authority but must be insured by a letter of credit or bond insurance issued by a private insurer.

Subd. 3. [ADMINISTRATION.] (a) The commissioner of health shall review each loan application received from the authority to determine whether the application is an eligible application. An application is eligible if the following criteria are satisfied:

(1) the hospital is owned and operated by a county, district, municipality, or nonprofit corporation;

(2) the loan would not be used to refinance existing debt;

(3) the hospital was unable to obtain suitable financing from other sources;

(4) the loan is necessary to establish or maintain patient access to an essential health care service that would not otherwise be available within a reasonable distance from the facility; and

(5) the equipment to be financed by the loan is cost-effective and efficient.

(b) The authority shall determine whether the allocation available for the health care equipment loan program is sufficient for all eligible applications received during a specified time. If the allocations are sufficient, the authority shall approve all eligible applications. If the allocations are not sufficient, the authority shall compare the relative merits of the eligible applications with respect to the criteria in paragraph (a), clauses (4) and (5), rank the applications in order of priority, and approve the applications in order of priority to the extent possible within the available allocation.

(c) The authority may charge a reasonable fee under section 16A.128 to an applicant for the costs of review of the application. The authority shall transfer to the commissioner of health from the fees collected an amount sufficient to pay the costs of the commissioner of health in the review of applications. The commissioner of

health and the authority may each adopt permanent rules to implement subdivisions 1 to 3.

Sec. 26. [446A.09] [REPORT; AUDIT.]

The authority shall report to the legislature and the governor by January 1 of each year. The report must include a complete operating and financial statement covering the authority's operations during the year, including amounts of income from all sources. Books and records of the authority are subject to audit by the legislative auditor in the manner prescribed for state agencies.

Sec. 27. [GOVERNOR'S ACTION.]

The governor may request the administrator of the environmental protection agency to make available to the state, capitalization grants to be deposited in the water pollution control revolving fund, for the fiscal year beginning October 1, 1987. The governor may request that up to 75 percent of the amount allotted to the state for the fiscal year beginning October 1, 1987, be made available for deposit in the water pollution control revolving fund.

Sec. 28. [TRANSFER OF AUTHORITY.]

Subdivision 1. [WATER POLLUTION CONTROL GRANTS.] (a) The responsibilities of the pollution control agency for the state independent wastewater treatment grant program under Minnesota Statutes, section 116.18, subdivision 3a, are transferred on July 1, 1988, to the Minnesota public facilities authority under Minnesota Statutes, section 15.039, except that the commissioner of energy and economic development and the director of the pollution control agency shall determine which classified and unclassified positions associated with these responsibilities are transferred.

(b) Any continuing obligation with respect to grants made before September 30, 1984, under Minnesota Statutes 1984, section 116.18, subdivision 2, remains with the pollution control agency.

(c) The pollution control agency shall continue to administer the combined sewer overflow program under Minnesota Statutes, section 116.162, and the appropriations for the program.

Subd. 2. [OTHER RESPONSIBILITIES.] (a) The responsibilities for the health care equipment loan program under section 116M.07, subdivisions 7a, 7b, and 7c; the public school energy conservation loan program under section 116J.37; and the district heating and qualified energy improvement loan program under section 116J.36, are transferred from the Minnesota energy and economic development authority to the Minnesota public facilities authority. The director of public service shall continue to administer the municipal



energy grant and loan programs under section 116J.36 and the school energy loan program under section 116J.37 until the commissioner of energy and economic development has adopted rules to implement the financial administration of the programs as provided under sections 10 to 17.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, section 15.039 applies to the transfer of responsibilities. The transfer includes eight and one-half positions from the financial management division of the department of energy and economic development to the community development division of the department of energy and economic development. The commissioner of energy and economic development and the director of public service shall determine which classified and unclassified positions associated with the responsibilities of the grant and loan programs under section 116J.36 and the school energy loan program under section 116J.37 are transferred to the director of public service and which positions are transferred to the commissioner of energy and economic development in order to carry out the purposes of this article.

#### Sec. 29. [PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION.]

Subdivision 1. [POWERS.] In implementing the purposes and the programs transferred to the authority by section 28, subdivision 2, the authority has the powers in this section.

Subd. 2. [RULES.] It may adopt, amend, and repeal rules, including emergency rules, necessary to effectuate its purposes.

Subd. 3. [PERSONAL PROPERTY.] It may acquire, hold, and dispose of personal property for its corporate purposes.

Subd. 4. [REAL PROPERTY.] It may acquire real property, or an interest in real property, in its own name, by purchase or foreclosure, where the acquisition is necessary or appropriate to protect a loan in which the authority has an interest and may sell, transfer, and convey the property to a buyer and, in the event the sale, transfer, or conveyance cannot be effected with reasonable promptness or at a reasonable price, may lease the property to a tenant.

Subd. 5. [NOTES; MORTGAGES; OBLIGATIONS; SALE OF.] It may sell, at public or private sale, any note, mortgage or other instrument or obligation evidencing or securing a loan.

Subd. 6. [INSURANCE.] It may procure insurance against a loss in connection with its property in the amounts, and from the insurers, as may be necessary or desirable.

Subd. 7. [LOAN TERMS; MODIFICATION.] It may consent, whenever it considers it necessary or desirable in the fulfillment of

its purpose, to the modification of the rate of interest, time of payment, installment of principal or interest, or other term, of a contract or agreement to which the authority is a party.

Subd. 8. [LOAN PAYMENTS; INTEREST AND AMORTIZATION.] It may establish and collect reasonable interest and amortization payments on loans, and in connection with them may establish and collect or authorize the collection of reasonable fees and charges or require money to be placed in escrow, sufficient to provide for the payment and security of its bonds, notes, commitments and other obligations and for their servicing, to provide reasonable allowances for or insurance against losses which may be incurred and to cover the cost of issuance of obligations and technical, consultative, and project assistance services.

Subd. 9. [INVESTMENTS.] (a) It may cause any money not required for immediate disbursement, including the general reserve account, to be invested in direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States, or in insured savings accounts, up to the amount of the insurance, in any institution the accounts of which are insured by the federal savings and loan insurance corporation or to be deposited in a savings or other account in a bank insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation or to be invested in time certificates of deposit issued by a bank insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation and maturing within one year or less and in the investments described in section 11A.24, subdivision 4, except clause (d) of subdivision 4. It may deposit money in excess of the amount insured with security as provided in chapter 118.

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), it may invest and deposit money into accounts established pursuant to resolutions or indentures securing its bonds or notes in investments and deposit accounts or certificates, and with security, agreed upon with the holders or a trustee for the holders.

Subd. 10. [CONSULTATIVE AND TECHNICAL SERVICES.] It may provide general consultative and technical services to assist in financing the entities to which loans may be made. It may enter into agreements or other transactions concerning the receipt or provision of those services.

Subd. 11. [FINANCIAL INFORMATION.] Financial information, including credit reports, financial statements and net worth calculations, received or prepared by the authority regarding an authority loan, financial assistance, or insurance is private data with regard to data on individuals as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12 and nonpublic data with regard to data not on individuals as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 9.

Subd. 12. [APPROPRIATIONS; GIFTS; GRANTS.] The authority may accept appropriations, gifts, grants, bequests, and devises and use or dispose of them for its purposes. All gifts, grants, bequests, and revenues from those sources are appropriated to the authority.

Subd. 13. [PROCEEDS APPROPRIATED TO AUTHORITY.] Proceeds of the authority's bonds, notes, and other obligations; amounts granted or appropriated to the authority for the making or purchase or the insurance or guaranty of loans or for bond reserves; income from investment; money in the funds; and all revenues from loans, fees, and charges of the authority including rentals, royalties, dividends, or other proceeds in connection with technology-related products, energy conservation products, or other equipment are annually appropriated to the authority for the accomplishment of its corporate purposes and must be spent, administered, and accounted for in accordance with the applicable provisions of all bond and note resolutions, indentures, and other instruments, contracts, and agreements of the agency. Notwithstanding section 16A.28, these appropriations are available until expended.

Subd. 14. [GENERAL PURPOSE.] The authority may do all things necessary and proper to fulfill its purpose.

Sec. 30. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116.167, is repealed.

Sec. 31. [APPROPRIATION.]

\$800,000 is appropriated from the economic development fund to the commissioner of energy and economic development to administer programs under the Minnesota public facilities authority. \$400,000 is for fiscal year 1988 and \$400,000 is for fiscal year 1989.

Sec. 32. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 23, and 28, subdivision 1, are effective on July 1, 1988.

Section 9 is repealed July 1, 1988.

## ARTICLE 4

### COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

Section 1. [116J.874] [COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DIVISION.]

Subdivision 1. [DUTIES.] The community development division is a division within the department of energy and economic development. It shall:

(1) be responsible for administering all state community development and assistance programs, including the economic recovery fund, the outdoor recreation grant program, the rural development board programs, the community development corporation program, the urban revitalization program, the Minnesota public facilities authority loan and grant programs, and the enterprise zone program;

(2) be responsible for state administration of federally funded community development and assistance programs, including the small cities development grant program and land and water conservation program;

(3) provide technical assistance to rural communities for community development in cooperation with regional development commissions;

(4) coordinate the development and review of state rural development policies;

(5) provide staff and consultant services to the rural development board; and

(6) be responsible for coordinating community assistance and development programs in cooperation with regional development commissions.

Subd. 2. [GENERAL COMPLEMENT AUTHORITY.] The community development division may combine all related state and federal complement positions into general fund positions, to carry out the responsibilities under subdivision 1. The number of general fund positions must not exceed the aggregate number of all state and federal positions that are to be combined. Records of the actual number of employee hours charged to each state and federal account must be maintained for each general fund position.

## Sec. 2. [116J.8741] [MAIN STREET PROGRAM.]

The commissioner shall develop and administer a main street program to assist cities in the revitalization of their businesses. The purpose of the program is to strengthen local organization and local management of business districts so that cities become more self-reliant and not dependent on future state financial assistance. The staff dedicated for this program shall assist cities that request assistance in the following manner:

(1) improving the organization of a city's business district including the leadership skills of business owners and city officials;

(2) establishing a marketing strategy to promote a city's business district to residents of the surrounding trade area;

(3) providing technical assistance in the design and rehabilitation of buildings in a city's business district including historic preservation; and

(4) establishing a strategy to strengthen existing businesses, recruit new businesses, diversify the mix of businesses, and develop vacant property in a city's business district.

**Sec. 3. [116J.970] [COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATIONS.]**

**Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.]** For the purposes of this section, the terms in this subdivision have the meanings given them:

(a) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of energy and economic development.

(b) "Economic development region" means an area so designated in the governor's executive order number 60, dated June 12, 1970, as amended.

(c) "Federal poverty level" means the income level established by the United States Community Services Administration in Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, section 1060.2-2.

(d) "Low income" means an annual income below the federal poverty level.

**Subd. 2. [ADMINISTRATION.]** The commissioner shall administer this section and shall enforce the rules related to the community development corporations adopted by the commissioner. The commissioner may amend, suspend, repeal or otherwise modify these rules as provided for in chapter 14.

**Subd. 3. [GRANTS; CORPORATIONS ELIGIBLE.]** (a) The commissioner shall designate a community development corporation as eligible to receive grants under this section if the corporation is a nonprofit corporation incorporated under chapter 317 and meets the other criteria in this subdivision.

(b) The corporation, in its articles of incorporation or bylaws, shall designate a specific geographic community within which it will operate. As least ten percent of the population within the designated community must have low incomes. Within the metropolitan area as

defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2, a designated community must be an identifiable neighborhood or a combination of neighborhoods or home rule charter or statutory cities, townships, unincorporated areas, or combinations of those entities. Outside the metropolitan area, designated communities, so far as possible, may not cross existing economic development boundaries. If a proposed geographic area overlaps the designated community of a community development corporation existing before August 1, 1987, the proposed community development corporation shall obtain the written consent of the existing community development corporation before the proposed corporation may be designated as eligible to receive grants under this section.

(c) The corporation shall limit voting membership to residents of its designated area.

(d) The corporation shall have a board of directors with 15 to 30 members unless the corporation can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the commissioner that a smaller or larger board is more advantageous. At least 40 percent of the directors must have incomes that do not exceed 80 percent of the county median family income or 80 percent of the statewide median family income as determined by the state demographer, whichever is less, and the remaining directors must be members of the business or financial community and the community at large. To the greatest extent possible, and at least 60 percent of, the directors must be residents of the designated community. Directors who meet the income limitations of this paragraph must be elected by the members of the corporation. The remaining directors may be elected by the members or appointed by the directors who meet the income limitations of this paragraph.

(e) The corporation shall hire low-income residents of the designated community to fill nonmanagerial and nonprofessional positions.

(f) The corporation shall demonstrate that it has or will have the technical skills to analyze projects, that it is familiar with other available public and private funding sources and economic development programs, and that it is capable of packaging economic development projects.

Subd. 4. [GRANT APPROVAL FOR PROJECTS.] The commissioner shall approve a grant to a community development corporation only for a project carried on within the designated community, except when the corporation demonstrates that a project carried on outside will have a significant impact inside the designated community.

Subd. 5. [USE OF GRANT.] The commissioner may approve a grant to a community development corporation for planning, including organization of the corporation, training of the directors, cre-

ation of a comprehensive community economic development plan, and development of a proposal for a venture grant, or for establishment of a business venture, including assistance to an existing business venture, purchase of partial or full ownership of a business venture, or development of resources or facilities necessary for the establishment of a business venture.

Subd. 6. [ASSIGNEE.] The commissioner must be named as an assignee of the rights of a state-funded community development corporation on any loan or other evidence of debt provided by a community development corporation to a private enterprise. The assignment of rights must provide that it will be effective upon the dormancy or cessation of existence of the community development corporation. "Dormancy" for the purpose of this section means the continuation of the corporation in name only without any functioning officers or activities. Upon the cessation of the activities of a state-funded community development corporation, any assigned money paid to the commissioner must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the general fund.

Subd. 7. [FACTORS FOR GRANT APPROVAL.] Factors considered by the commissioner in approving a grant to a community development corporation must include the creation of employment opportunities, the maximization of profit, and the effect on securing money from sources other than the state.

Subd. 8. [PROHIBITION.] Grants under this section are not available for programs conducted by churches or religious organizations or for securing or developing social services.

Subd. 9. [NO EXCLUSION.] A person may not be excluded from participation in a program funded under this section because of race, color, religion, sex, age, or national origin.

#### Sec. 4. [TRANSFER OF RESPONSIBILITIES.]

Subdivision 1. [COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATIONS.] The responsibilities of the Minnesota energy and economic development authority for community development corporations under Minnesota Statutes, section 116M.04, are transferred under Minnesota Statutes, section 15.039, to the commissioner of energy and economic development.

Subd. 2. [OTHER PROGRAMS.] The main street program, the Minnesota community improvement program, the governor's design team, and the Minnesota beautiful program are transferred under Minnesota Statutes, section 15.039, from the state planning agency to the department of energy and economic development. The four incumbents of the state planning agency responsible for the administration of these programs are transferred to the department of energy and economic development.

## Sec. 5. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes, section 116M.04, is repealed.

## Sec. 6. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

This article is effective July 1, 1987.

## ARTICLE 5

MINNESOTA ENERGY AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT  
AUTHORITY

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 15.039, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5a. [OBLIGATIONS.] The new agency is the legal successor in all respects of the agency whose responsibilities are transferred. The bonds, resolutions, contracts, and liabilities of the agency whose responsibilities are transferred become the bonds, resolutions, contracts, and liabilities of the new agency.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 16A.80, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. [EXEMPT AGENCIES.] This section does not apply to:

- (1) the housing finance agency;
- (2) the state board of investment;
- (3) the iron range resources and rehabilitation board;
- (4) the higher education coordinating board; and
- (5) the higher education facilities authority; and
- (6) the energy and economic development authority.

Sec. 3. [116.55] [WASTE TIRE RECYCLING LOANS AND GRANTS.]

The pollution control agency may make waste tire recycling loans to businesses. Applications for the loans are not complete unless the waste tire recycling project for which the loan is to be made is certified to be technically feasible by the director of the pollution control agency. The agency may make grants from the waste tire recycling account for studies necessary to demonstrate the technical



and economic feasibility of a proposed waste tire recycling project. A grant must be less than \$30,000 and may not exceed 75 percent of the costs of the study. The agency shall adopt rules for administration of waste tire recycling grants and loans.

Sec. 4. [RESPONSIBILITIES TRANSFERRED TO POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY.]

The responsibilities for the waste tire recycling loan and grant program under section 116M.07, subdivision 3, are transferred from the Minnesota energy and economic development authority to the pollution control agency. Minnesota Statutes, section 15.039, applies to the transfer of responsibilities.

Sec. 5. [TRANSFER OF RESPONSIBILITIES.]

The responsibilities of the Minnesota energy and economic development authority that are not transferred to any other agency are transferred to the commissioner of energy and economic development under Minnesota Statutes, section 15.039.

Sec. 6. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 116M.01; 116M.02; 116M.03; 116M.06; 116M.07; 116M.08; 116M.09; 116M.10; 116M.105; and 116M.13, are repealed.

Sec. 7. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

This article is effective July 1, 1987.

## ARTICLE 6

### URBAN REVITALIZATION PROGRAMS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 281.17, is amended to read:

281.17 [PERIOD FOR REDEMPTION.]

The period of redemption for all lands sold to the state at a tax judgment sale shall be three years from the date of sale to the state of Minnesota if the land is within an incorporated area unless it is: (a) nonagricultural homesteaded land as defined in section 273.13, subdivision 22, (b) homesteaded agricultural land as defined in section 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), or (c) seasonal recreational land as defined in section 273.13, subdivision 27, paragraph (a), or subdivision 22, paragraph (c), in which event the period of

redemption is five years from the date of sale to the state of Minnesota.

The period of redemption for homesteaded lands as defined in section 273.13, subdivision 22, located in a targeted neighborhood as defined in section 4 and sold to the state at a tax judgment sale is two years from the date of sale. The period of redemption for other lands in a targeted neighborhood as defined in section 4 and sold to the state at a tax judgment sale is one year from the date of sale.

The period of redemption for all other lands sold to the state at a tax judgment sale shall be five years from the date of sale.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 429.061, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [ADOPTION; INTEREST.] At such meeting or at any adjournment thereof the council shall hear and pass upon all objections to the proposed assessment, whether presented orally or in writing. The council may amend the proposed assessment as to any parcel and by resolution adopt the same as the special assessment against the lands named in the assessment roll. Notice of any adjournment of the hearing shall be adequate if the minutes of the meeting so adjourned show the time and place when and where the hearing is to be continued.

The council may consider any objection to the amount of a proposed assessment as to a specific parcel of land at an adjourned hearing upon further notice to the affected property owner as it deems advisable. At the adjourned hearing the council or a committee of it may hear further written or oral testimony on behalf of the objecting property owner and may consider further written or oral testimony from appropriate city officials and other witnesses as to the amount of the assessment. The council or committee shall prepare a record of the proceedings at the adjourned hearing and written findings as to the amount of the assessment. The amount of the assessment as finally determined by the council shall become a part of the adopted assessment roll. No appeal may be taken as to the amount of any assessment adopted under this section unless written objection signed by the affected property owner is filed with the municipal clerk prior to the assessment hearing or presented to the presiding officer at the hearing. All objections to the assessments not received at the assessment hearing in the manner prescribed by this subdivision are waived, unless the failure to object at the assessment hearing is due to a reasonable cause.

If the adopted assessment differs from the proposed assessment as to any particular lot, piece, or parcel of land, the clerk must mail to the owner a notice stating the amount of the adopted assessment. Owners must also be notified by mail of any changes adopted by the

council in interest rates or prepayment requirements from those contained in the notice of the proposed assessment.

The assessment, with accruing interest, shall be a lien upon all private and public property included therein, from the date of the resolution adopting the assessment, concurrent with general taxes; but the lien shall not be enforceable against public property as long as it is publicly owned, and during such period the assessment shall be recoverable from the owner of such property only in the manner and to the extent provided in section 435.19. Except as provided below, all assessments shall be payable in equal annual installments extending over such period, not exceeding 30 years, as the resolution determines, payable on the first Monday in January in each year, but the number of installments need not be uniform for all assessments included in a single assessment roll if a uniform criterion for determining the number of installments is provided by the resolution. Assessments on property located in a targeted neighborhood as defined in section 4 may be payable in variable annual installments if the resolution provides for a variable payment. The first installment of each assessment shall be included in the first tax rolls completed after its adoption and shall be payable in the same year as the taxes contained therein; except that the payment of the first installment of any assessment levied upon unimproved property may be deferred until a designated future year, or until the platting of the property or the construction of improvements thereon, upon such terms and conditions and based upon such standards and criteria as may be provided by resolution of the council. If special assessments against the property have been deferred pursuant to this subdivision, the governmental unit shall file with the county recorder in the county in which the property is located a certificate containing the legal description of the affected property and of the amount deferred. In any event, every assessment the payment of which is so deferred, when it becomes payable, shall be divided into a number of installments such that the last installment thereof will be payable not more than 30 years after the levy of the assessment. All assessments shall bear interest at such rate as the resolution determines, not exceeding eight percent per annum, except that the rate may in any event equal the average annual interest rate on bonds issued to finance the improvement for which the assessments are levied. To the first installment of each assessment shall be added interest on the entire assessment from a date specified in the resolution levying the assessment, not earlier than the date of the resolution, until December 31 of the year in which the first installment is payable, and to each subsequent installment shall be added interest for one year on all unpaid installments; or alternatively, any assessment may be made payable in equal annual installments including principal and interest, each in the amount annually required to pay the principal over such period with interest at such rate as the resolution determines, not exceeding the maximum period and rate specified above. In the latter event no prepayment shall be accepted under subdivision 3 without payment of all installments due to and including December 31 of the year of

prepayment, together with the original principal amount reduced only by the amounts of principal included in such installments, computed on an annual amortization basis. When payment of an assessment is deferred, as authorized in this subdivision, interest thereon for the period of deferment may be made payable annually at the same times as the principal installments of the assessment would have been payable if not deferred; or interest for this period may be added to the principal amount of the assessment when it becomes payable; or, if so provided in the resolution levying the assessment, interest thereon to December 31 of the year before the first installment is payable may be forgiven.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 462.445, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [SCHEDULE OF POWERS.] An authority shall be a public body corporate and politic and shall have all the powers necessary or convenient to carry out the purposes of sections 462.415 to 462.705 (but not the power to levy and collect taxes or special assessments except as provided in sections 462.515 to 462.545 with respect to redevelopment projects only) including the following powers in addition to others granted in these sections:

(1) To sue and be sued; to have a seal, which shall be judicially noticed, and to alter the same at pleasure; to have perpetual succession; and to make, and from time to time to amend and repeal, rules and regulations not inconsistent with these sections;

(2) To employ an executive director, technical experts, and such officers, agents, and employees, permanent and temporary, as it may require, and determine their qualifications, duties, and compensation; for such legal services as it may require, to call upon the chief law officer of the municipality or to employ its own counsel and legal staff; so far as practicable, to use the services of local public bodies, in its area of operation, such local public bodies, if requested, to make such services available;

(3) To delegate to one or more of its agents or employees such powers or duties as it may deem proper;

(4) Within its area of operation to undertake, prepare, carry out, and operate projects and to provide for the construction, reconstruction, improvement, extension, alteration, or repair of any project or part thereof;

(5) Subject to the provisions of section 462.511, to give, sell, transfer, convey, or otherwise dispose of real or personal property or any interest therein and to execute such leases, deeds, conveyances, negotiable instruments, purchase agreements, and other contracts or instruments, and take such action, as may be necessary or convenient to carry out the purposes of these sections;

(6) Within its area of operation to acquire real or personal property or any interest therein by gifts, grant, purchase, exchange, lease, transfer, bequest, devise, or otherwise, and by the exercise of the power of eminent domain, in the manner provided by Minnesota Statutes 1945, chapter 117, and any amendments thereof or supplements thereto, to acquire real property which it may deem necessary for its purposes under these sections, after the adoption by it of a resolution declaring that the acquisition of the real property is necessary to eliminate one or more of the conditions found to exist in the resolution adopted pursuant to section 462.425 or found to exist by section 462.415, subdivision 5, or is necessary to carry out a redevelopment project as defined in section 462.421, subdivision 13;

(7) Within its area of operation, and without the adoption of an urban renewal plan, to acquire, by all means as set forth in clause (6) of this subdivision, including by the exercise of the power of eminent domain, in the manner provided by chapter 117, and without the adoption of a resolution provided for in subdivision 1, clause (6), real property, and to demolish, remove, rehabilitate or reconstruct the buildings and improvements or construct new buildings and improvements thereon, or to so provide through other means as set forth in Laws 1974, chapter 228, or to grade, fill and construct foundations or otherwise prepare the site for improvements, and to dispose of said property pursuant to section 462.525, provided that the provisions of section 462.525 requiring conformance to an urban renewal plan shall not apply, and to finance such activities by means of the redevelopment project fund or by means of tax increments or tax increment bonds or by the methods of financing provided for in section 462.545 or by means of contributions from the municipality provided for in section 462.581, clause (9), or by any combination of such means; provided that, real property with buildings or improvements thereon shall only be acquired when the buildings or improvements are substandard; and provided further that the exercise of the power of eminent domain under this clause shall be limited to real property which contains buildings and improvements which are vacated and substandard. For the purpose of this subparagraph, substandard buildings or improvements mean hazardous buildings as defined in section 463.15, subdivision 3, or buildings or improvements that are dilapidated or obsolescent, faultily designed, lack adequate ventilation, light, or sanitary facilities, or any combination of these or other factors that are detrimental to the safety or health of the community.

(8) Within its area of operation to determine the level of income constituting low or moderate family income. Such income level shall be that level below which there is not available within the area of operation a substantial supply of decent, safe and sanitary housing provided by private enterprise without subsidy at prices or rents within the financial means of persons and families of such incomes. The authority may establish various income levels for various family sizes. In making its determination the authority may consider

income levels which may be established by the federal housing administration or a similar or successor federal agency for the purpose of federal loan guarantees or subsidies for persons of low or moderate income. The authority may use such determination as a basis for the maximum amount of income for admissions to housing development projects owned or operated by it;

(9) To provide in federally assisted projects such relocation payments and assistance as may be necessary to comply with the requirements of the Federal Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, and any amendments or supplements thereto.

#### Sec. 4. [DEFINITIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [APPLICABILITY.] The definitions in this section apply to sections 4 to 10.

Subd. 2. [CITY.] "City" means the city of Minneapolis or the city of Saint Paul. For each city, a port authority, housing and redevelopment authority, or other agency or instrumentality, the jurisdiction of which is the territory of the city, is included within the meaning of city.

Subd. 3. [CITY COUNCIL.] "City council" means either the city council of Minneapolis or the city council of Saint Paul.

Subd. 4. [CITY MATCHING MONEY.] "City matching money" means the money of a city specified in a revitalization and financing program to be spent to implement a revitalization program. The sources of city matching money may include:

(1) money from the general fund or a special fund of a city used to implement a revitalization program;

(2) money paid or repaid to a city from the proceeds of a grant that a city has received from the federal government, a profit or nonprofit corporation, or another entity or individual, that is to be used to implement a revitalization program;

(3) tax increments received by a city under sections 273.71 to 273.78 or other law, if eligible, to be spent in the targeted neighborhood;

(4) the greater of the fair market value or the cost to the city of acquiring land, buildings, equipment, or other real or personal property that a city contributes, grants, or loans to a profit or nonprofit corporation, or other entity or individual in connection with the implementation of a revitalization program;

(5) city money to be used to install, reinstall, repair, or improve the infrastructure facilities of a targeted neighborhood;

(6) money contributed by a city to pay issuance costs or to otherwise provide financial support for revenue bonds or obligations issued by a city for a project or program related to the implementation of a revitalization program;

(7) money derived from fees received by a city in connection with its community development activities that are to be used in implementing a revitalization program.

City matching money does not include:

(1) city money used to provide a service or exercise a function that is ordinarily provided throughout the city, unless an increased level of the service or function is to be provided in a targeted neighborhood in accordance with a revitalization program;

(2) the proceeds of revenue bonds issued by the city under chapter 458, 462C, 472, or 474; or

(3) administrative expenses that are incurred in connection with the planning or implementation of sections 4 to 10.

Subd. 5. [COMMISSIONER.] "Commissioner" means the commissioner of energy and economic development.

Subd. 6. [LOST UNIT.] "Lost unit" means a rental housing unit that is lost as a result of revitalization activities because it is demolished, converted to an owner-occupied unit that is not a cooperative, converted to a nonresidential use, or if the gross rent to be charged exceeds 125 percent of the gross rent charged for the unit six months before the start of rehabilitation.

Subd. 7. [TARGETED NEIGHBORHOOD.] "Targeted neighborhood" means an area including one or more census tracts as determined and measured by the bureau of census of the United States Department of Commerce that meet the criteria of section 5, subdivision 2, and any additional area designated under section 5, subdivision 3.

Subd. 8. [TARGETED NEIGHBORHOOD MONEY.] "Targeted neighborhood money" means the money designated in the revitalization program to be used to implement the revitalization program.

Subd. 9. [TARGETED NEIGHBORHOOD REVITALIZATION AND FINANCING PROGRAM.] "Targeted neighborhood revitalization and financing program," "revitalization program," or "program"

means the targeted neighborhood revitalization and financing program adopted in accordance with section 6.

Sec. 5. [DESIGNATION OF TARGETED NEIGHBORHOODS.]

Subdivision 1. [CITY AUTHORITY.] A city may by resolution designate targeted neighborhoods within its borders after adopting detailed findings that the designated neighborhoods meet the eligibility requirements in subdivision 2 or 3.

Subd. 2. [ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS FOR TARGETED NEIGHBORHOODS.] An area within a city is eligible for designation as a targeted neighborhood if the area meets two of the following three requirements:

(a) The area had an unemployment rate that was twice the unemployment rate for the Minneapolis and Saint Paul standard metropolitan statistical area as determined by the 1980 federal decennial census.

(b) The median household income in the area was no more than half the median household income for the Minneapolis and Saint Paul standard metropolitan statistical area as determined by the 1980 federal decennial census.

(c) The area is characterized by residential dwelling units in need of substantial rehabilitation. An area qualifies under this clause if 25 percent or more of the residential dwelling units are in substandard condition as determined by the city or 70 percent or more of the residential dwelling units in the area were built before 1940 as determined by the 1980 federal decennial census.

Subd. 3. [ADDITIONAL AREA ELIGIBLE FOR INCLUSION IN TARGETED NEIGHBORHOOD.] The city may add to the area designated as a targeted neighborhood under subdivision 2 additional area extending up to four contiguous city blocks in all directions from the designated targeted neighborhood. For the purpose of this subdivision, "city block" has the meaning determined by the city.

Sec. 6. [TARGETED NEIGHBORHOOD REVITALIZATION AND FINANCING PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS.]

Subdivision 1. [COMPREHENSIVE REVITALIZATION AND FINANCING PROGRAM.] (a) For each targeted neighborhood for which a city requests state financial assistance under section 7, the city must prepare a comprehensive revitalization and financing program that includes the following:



(1) the revitalization objectives of the city for the targeted neighborhood;

(2) the specific activities or means by which the city intends to pursue and implement the revitalization objectives;

(3) the extent to which the activities identified in clause (2) will benefit low and moderate income families, will alleviate the blighted condition of the targeted neighborhood, or will otherwise assist in the revitalization of the targeted neighborhood;

(4) a statement of the intended outcomes to be achieved by implementation of the revitalization program, how the outcomes will be measured both qualitatively and quantitatively, and the estimated time over which they will occur; and

(5) a financing program and budget that identifies the financial resources necessary to implement the revitalization program.

(b) The financing program and budget must include the following items:

(1) the estimated total cost to implement the revitalization program;

(2) the estimated cost to implement each activity in the revitalization program identified in paragraph (a), clause (2);

(3) the estimated amount of financial resources that will be available from all sources other than from the appropriation available under section 7 to implement the revitalization program;

(4) the estimated amount of the appropriation available under section 7 that will be necessary to implement the revitalization program;

(5) a description of the activities identified in the revitalization program for which the state appropriation will be used and the time or times at which the state appropriation will be committed or spent; and

(6) a statement of how the city intends to meet the requirement for a financial contribution matching the state appropriation from city matching money in accordance with section 7, subdivision 3.

Subd. 2. [TARGETED NEIGHBORHOOD PARTICIPATION IN REVITALIZATION PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT.] The city shall develop a process to consult the residents in the targeted neighborhood concerning the development, drafting, and implementation of the revitalization program. The process may include the establish-

ment of an advisory board in each city. The process must include at least one public hearing in addition to a public hearing held by the advisory board.

Subd. 3. [ADVISORY BOARD.] The governing body of the city may establish a nine-member advisory board to assist the city in implementing the revitalization program. The advisory board shall consist of two city council members appointed by the city council, one county commissioner appointed by the county board of the county in which the city is located, two legislators appointed by the city legislative delegation, and four residents who reside in a targeted neighborhood appointed by the city council. The advisory board shall advise the city on the preparation of the revitalization program including the conversion from absent-owner rental housing to home ownership, the promotion of commercial and industrial growth in targeted neighborhoods, and the integration of human service programs and the redevelopment in targeted neighborhoods.

Subd. 4. [PRELIMINARY CITY REVIEW; STATE AGENCY REVIEW.] Before adoption of the revitalization program under subdivision 5, the city must submit a draft program to the commissioner and the Minnesota housing finance agency for their comment. The city may not adopt the revitalization program until comments have been received from the state agencies or 30 days have elapsed without response after the program was sent to them. Comments received by the city from the state agencies within the 30-day period must be responded to in writing by the city before adoption of the program by the city.

Subd. 5. [CITY APPROVAL.] The city may adopt the revitalization program only after holding a public hearing after the program has been prepared. Notice of the hearing must be provided in a newspaper of general circulation in the city and in the targeted neighborhood not less than ten days nor more than 30 days before the date of the hearing.

Subd. 6. [PROGRAM CERTIFICATION.] A certification by the city that a revitalization program has been approved by the city council for the targeted neighborhood must be provided to the commissioner together with a copy of the program. A copy of the program must also be provided to the Minnesota housing finance agency.

Subd. 7. [REVITALIZATION PROGRAM MODIFICATION.] The revitalization program may be modified at any time by the city council after a public hearing, notice of which is published in a newspaper of general circulation in the city and in the targeted neighborhood not less than ten days nor more than 30 days before the date of the hearing. If the city council determines that the proposed modification is a significant modification to the program originally certified under subdivision 6, it must implement the

revitalization program approval and certification process of subdivisions 3 to 6 for the proposed modification.

Sec. 7. [PAYMENT; CITY MATCHING MONEY; DRAWDOWN; USES OF STATE MONEY.]

Subdivision 1. [PAYMENT OF STATE MONEY.] Upon receipt from a city of the certification that a revitalization program has been adopted or modified, the commissioner shall, within 30 days, pay to the city the amount of state money identified as necessary to implement the revitalization program or program modification. State money may be paid to the city only to the extent that the appropriation limit for the city specified in subdivision 2 is not exceeded. Once the state money has been paid to the city, it becomes targeted neighborhood money for use by the city in accordance with an adopted revitalization program and subject only to the restrictions on its use in sections 4 to 10.

Subd. 2. [ALLOCATION.] A city may receive a part of the appropriations made available that is the proportion that the population of the city bears to the combined population of Minneapolis and Saint Paul. One city may agree to reduce its entitlement amount so that the other may receive an amount more than its entitlement amount. The population of each city for the purposes of this subdivision is determined according to the most recent estimates available to the commissioner. Interest earned by a city from money paid to the city must be repaid to the commissioner annually unless the revitalization program identifies the interest as necessary to implement the revitalization program and the requirement for city matching money is satisfied with respect to the interest.

Subd. 3. [CITY MATCHING MONEY; DRAWDOWN OF STATE MONEY; RESTRICTION ON USE OF STATE MONEY.] A city may spend state money only if the revitalization program identifies city matching money to be used to implement the program in an amount equal to the state appropriation. A city must keep the state money in a segregated fund for accounting purposes. No state money may be used to pay the general administrative expenses of a city that are incurred in connection with the planning or implementation of sections 4 to 10.

Sec. 8. [CITY POWERS AND ELIGIBLE USES OF TARGETED NEIGHBORHOOD MONEY.]

Subdivision 1. [CONSOLIDATION OF EXISTING POWERS IN TARGETED NEIGHBORHOODS.] A city may exercise any of its corporate powers within a targeted neighborhood including, but not limited to, all of the powers enumerated and granted by chapters 458, 462, 462C, 472, 472A, and 474. For the purposes of chapter 458, a targeted neighborhood is considered an industrial development district. A city may exercise the powers of chapter 458 in conjunction

with, and in addition to, exercising the powers granted by chapters 462 and 462C in order to promote and assist housing construction and rehabilitation within a targeted neighborhood. For the purposes of section 462C.02, subdivision 9, a targeted neighborhood is considered a "targeted area."

Subd. 2. [GRANTS AND LOANS.] In addition to the authority granted by other law, a city may make grants and loans to individuals, for-profit and nonprofit corporations, and other organizations to implement a revitalization program. The grants and loans must contain the terms concerning use of money, repayment, and other conditions the city deems proper to implement a revitalization program.

Subd. 3. [ELIGIBLE USES OF TARGETED NEIGHBORHOOD MONEY.] The city may spend targeted neighborhood money for any purpose authorized by subdivision 1 or 2. Use of targeted neighborhood money must be authorized in a revitalization program.

#### Sec. 9. [HAZARDOUS BUILDING PENALTY.]

A city may assess a penalty equal to one percent of the assessed value of a building located in a targeted neighborhood defined in section 4 that the city determined to be hazardous as defined in section 463.15, subdivision 3. The city shall send a written notice to the address to which the property tax statement is sent at least 90 days before it may assess the penalty. If the owner of the building has not paid the penalty and fixed the property within 30 days after receiving notice of the penalty, the penalty is considered delinquent and is increased by 25 percent each 60 days the penalty is not paid and the property remains hazardous. For the purposes of this section, a penalty that is delinquent is considered a delinquent property tax and subject to Minnesota Statutes, chapters 279, 280, and 281, in the same manner as delinquent property taxes.

#### Sec. 10. [ANNUAL AUDIT AND REPORT.]

Subdivision 1. [ANNUAL FINANCIAL AUDIT.] In 1988 and subsequent years, at the end of each calendar year, the legislative auditor shall conduct a financial audit to review the spending of state money under sections 4 to 10. Before spending state money to implement a revitalization program, the city must consult with the legislative auditor to determine appropriate accounting methods and principles that will assist the legislative auditor in conducting its financial audit. The results of the financial audit must be submitted to the legislative audit commission, the commissioner, and the Minnesota housing finance agency.

Subd. 2. [ANNUAL REPORT.] A city that begins to implement a revitalization program in a calendar year must, by March 1 of the succeeding calendar year, provide a detailed report on the revital-

ization program or programs being implemented in the city. The report must describe the status of the program implementation and analyze whether the intended outcomes identified in section 6, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (4), are being achieved. The report must include at least the following:

(1) the number of housing units removed, created, lost, replaced, relocated, and assisted as a result of the program. The level of rent of the units and the income of the households affected must be included in the report;

(2) the number and type of commercial establishments removed, created, and assisted as a result of a revitalization program. The report must include information regarding the number of new jobs created by category, whether the jobs are full time or part time, and the salary or wage levels of both new and expanded jobs in the affected commercial establishments;

(3) a description of a statement of the cost of the public improvement projects that are part of the program and the number of jobs created per each \$20,000 of funds expended on commercial projects and applicable public improvement projects;

(4) the increase in the assessed valuation for the city as a result of the assistance to commercial and housing assistance; and

(5) the amount of private investment that is a result of the use of public money in a targeted neighborhood.

The report must be submitted to the commissioner, the Minnesota housing finance agency, and the legislative audit commission, and must be available to the public.

Sec. 11. [APPROPRIATION; DISTRIBUTION.]

\$9,000,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of energy and economic development for payment to the cities of Minneapolis and Saint Paul as provided in section 7. \$4,500,000 is for fiscal year 1988 and \$4,500,000 is for fiscal year 1989.

Sec. 12. [REPEALER.]

Laws 1969, chapters 833 and 984, are repealed.

Sec. 13. [EFFECTIVE DATE; LOCAL APPROVAL.]

Sections 4 to 11 are effective for the city of Minneapolis the day after compliance with section 645.021, subdivision 3, by the governing body of the city of Minneapolis.

Sections 4 to 11 are effective for the city of Saint Paul the day after compliance with section 645.021, subdivision 3, by the governing body of the city of Saint Paul.

## ARTICLE 7

### NATURAL RESOURCES

#### Section 1. [93.001] [POLICY FOR MINERAL DEVELOPMENT.]

It is the policy of the state to provide for the diversification of the state's mineral economy through long-term support of mineral exploration, evaluation, development, production, and commercialization.

#### Sec. 2. [93.002] [MINERAL COORDINATING COMMITTEE.]

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT.] The mineral coordinating committee is established to plan for diversified mineral development. The mineral coordinating committee consists of the director of the minerals division of the department of natural resources, the director of the Minnesota geological survey, the director of the University of Minnesota mineral resources research center, and the director of the natural resources research institute. The director of the minerals division of the department of natural resources shall serve as chair. A member of the committee may designate another person of the member's organization to act in the member's place. The commissioner of natural resources shall provide staff and administrative services necessary for the committee's activities.

Subd. 2. [MINERAL DIVERSIFICATION PLAN.] The mineral coordinating committee shall prepare and adopt a ten-year plan for mineral diversification. The plan must include a strategy to:

- (1) increase the knowledge of the state's mineral potential;
- (2) stimulate the development of mineral resources in the state;  
and
- (3) promote basic minerals research.

The plan must also include a two-year plan that establishes funding priorities for the minerals programs under subdivision 3. The funding priorities must be updated every two years.

Subd. 3. [MINERALS PROGRAMS.] The mineral diversification plan must address at least the following: aeromagnetic surveys, glacial till geochemistry surveys, geologic drilling and mapping,

LMIC minerals data base, drill core examination and assay, industrial minerals characterization and research, bedrock geochemistry, nonferrous minerals research, reclamation studies, economic evaluation of mineral resources, improved geophysical and remote sensing base, acquisition of sampling equipment and analyses, determination of mineral rights ownership, ferrous minerals research, evaluation of mineral resource occurrence, evaluation of value added processes, ore deposit modeling, and basic mineral research.

Subd. 4. [SUBMISSION OF PLAN AND FUNDING PRIORITIES.] (a) The minerals coordinating committee shall submit the minerals diversification plan to the legislature by December 31, 1987.

(b) By January 15 of each odd-numbered year, the minerals coordinating committee shall submit the two-year funding priority plan required under subdivision 2 to the chairs of the house appropriations and environment and natural resources committees and the chairs of the senate finance and environment and natural resources committees.

### Sec. 3. [APPROPRIATION.]

Subdivision 1. [MINERALS PROGRAMS.] \$1,000,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of natural resources to accelerate geological mapping of the state, accelerate evaluation of the state's mineral potential and other natural resources, and provide analytical support for the minerals industry according to the mineral diversification plan or a minerals industry acceleration plan developed by the minerals coordinating committee. \$500,000 is for fiscal year 1988 and \$500,000 is for fiscal year 1989.

Subd. 2. [COUNTY FORESTRY ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS.] \$1,750,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of natural resources for grants to counties or groups of counties for county forestry assistance programs. \$875,000 is for fiscal year 1988 and \$875,000 is for fiscal year 1989. The commissioner of natural resources shall make the appropriation available to counties with the amount proportional to the acreage of commercial tax-forfeited forested land managed by the county. As a condition of receiving money, the commissioner of natural resources shall require work plans, semiannual progress reports, and final project reports.

Subd. 3. [FORESTRY MANAGEMENT.] \$250,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of natural resources for implementation of the forestry management plan required in Minnesota Statutes, section 89.011, on land that is not managed for the

school trust fund. \$125,000 is for fiscal year 1988 and \$125,000 is for fiscal year 1989.

Sec. 4. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

This article is effective the day following final enactment.

ARTICLE 8

IRON RANGE RESOURCES AND REHABILITATION

Section 1. [NORTHEAST MINNESOTA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND.]

Subdivision 1. [APPROPRIATION.] \$4,000,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of iron range resources and rehabilitation. \$300,000 of this appropriation must be used in the same manner as money appropriated under Minnesota Statutes, section 298.17.

Subd. 2. [PURPOSE OF EXPENDITURES.] The money appropriated in this section may be used for projects and programs for which technological and economic feasibility have been demonstrated and that have the following purposes:

(1) creating and maintaining productive, permanent, skilled employment, including employment in technologically innovative businesses; and

(2) encouraging diversification of the economy and promoting the development of minerals, alternative energy sources utilizing indigenous fuels, forestry, small business, and tourism.

Subd. 3. [USE OF MONEY.] The money appropriated under this section may be used to provide loans, loan guarantees, interest buy-downs, and other forms of participation with private sources of financing, provided that a loan to a private enterprise must be for a principal amount not to exceed one-half of the cost of the project for which financing is sought, and the rate of interest on a loan must be no less than the lesser of eight percent or the rate of interest set by the Minnesota development board for comparable small business development loans at that time.

Money appropriated in this section must be expended only in or for the benefit of the tax relief area defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 273.134, and as otherwise provided in this section.



Subd. 4. [PROJECT APPROVAL.] The board shall by August 1, 1987, and each year thereafter prepare a list of projects to be funded from the money appropriated in this section with necessary supporting information including descriptions of the projects, plans, and cost estimates. A project must not be approved by the board unless it finds that:

(1) the project will materially assist, directly or indirectly, the creation of additional long-term employment opportunities;

(2) the prospective benefits of the expenditure exceed the anticipated costs; and

(3) in the case of assistance to private enterprise, the project will serve a sound business purpose.

To be proposed by the board, a project must be approved by at least eight iron range resources and rehabilitation board members and the commissioner of iron range resources and rehabilitation. The list of projects must be submitted to the legislative advisory commission for its review. The list with the recommendation of the legislative advisory commission must be submitted to the governor, who shall, by November 15 of each year, approve, disapprove, or return for further consideration, each project. The money for a project may be spent only upon approval of the project by the governor.

The board may submit supplemental projects for approval at any time. Supplemental projects must be submitted to the members of the legislative advisory commission for their review and recommendations of further review. If a recommendation is not provided within ten days, no further review by the legislative advisory commission is required, and the governor shall approve or disapprove each project or return it for further consideration. If the recommendation by a member is for further review, the governor shall submit the request to the legislative advisory commission for its review and recommendation. Failure or refusal of the commission to make a recommendation promptly is a negative recommendation.

Subd. 5. [ADVISORY COMMITTEES.] Before submission to the board of a proposal for a project for expenditure of money appropriated under this section, the commissioner of iron range resources and rehabilitation shall appoint a technical advisory committee consisting of at least seven persons who are knowledgeable in areas related to the objectives of the proposal. If the project involves investment in a scientific research proposal, at least four of the committee members must be knowledgeable in the specific scientific research area relating to the project. Members of the committees must be compensated as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 15.059, subdivision 3. The board shall not act on a proposal until it has received the evaluation and recommendations of the technical advisory committee.

Subd. 6. [USE OF REPAYMENTS AND EARNINGS.] Principal and interest received in repayment of loans made under this section must be deposited in the state treasury and are appropriated to the board for the purposes of this section.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 298.292, is amended to read:

298.292 [POLICY.]

Subdivision 1. [PURPOSES.] The legislature is cognizant of the severe economic dislocations and widespread unemployment that result when a single industry on which an area is largely dependent, experiences a drastic reduction in activity. The northeast Minnesota economic protection trust fund is hereby created to be devoted to economic rehabilitation and diversification of industrial enterprises where these conditions ensue as the result of the decline of such a single industry. Priority shall be given to using the northeast Minnesota economic protection trust fund for the following purposes:

(a) (1) projects and programs that are designed to create and maintain productive, permanent, skilled employment, including employment in technologically innovative businesses;

(b) (2) projects and programs to encourage diversification of the economy and to promote the development of minerals, alternative energy sources utilizing indigenous fuels, forestry, small business, and tourism; and

(c) (3) projects and programs for which technological and economic feasibility have been demonstrated;

(d) Subd. 2. [USE OF MONEY.] Money in the northeast Minnesota economic protection trust fund may be used for the following purposes:

(1) to provide loans, loan guarantees, interest buy-downs and other forms of participation with private sources of financing, but a loan to a private enterprise shall be for a principal amount not to exceed one-half of the cost of the project for which financing is sought, and the rate of interest on a loan shall be no less than the lesser of eight percent or an interest rate three percentage points less than a full faith and credit obligation of the United States government of comparable maturity, at the time that the loan is approved;

(e) funding (2) to fund reserve accounts established to secure the payment when due of the principal of and interest on bonds issued pursuant to section 298.2211; and

(4) (3) to pay in periodic payments or in a lump sum payment any or all of the interest on bonds issued pursuant to chapter 474 for the purpose of constructing, converting, or retrofitting heating facilities in connection with district heating systems or systems utilizing alternative energy sources; and

(4) to invest in a venture capital fund or enterprise that will provide capital to other entities that are engaging in, or that will engage in, projects or programs that have the purposes set forth in subdivision 1. No investments may be made in a venture capital fund or enterprise unless at least two other unrelated investors make investments of at least \$500,000 in the venture capital fund or enterprise, and the investment by the northeast Minnesota economic protection trust fund may not exceed the amount of the largest investment by an unrelated investor in the venture capital fund or enterprise. For purposes of this subdivision, an "unrelated investor" is a person or entity that is not related to the entity in which the investment is made or to any individual who owns more than 40 percent of the value of the entity, in any of the following relationships: spouse, parent, child, sibling, employee, or owner of an interest in the entity that exceeds ten percent of the value of all interests in it. For purposes of determining the limitations under this clause, the amount of investments made by an investor other than the northeast Minnesota economic protection trust fund is the sum of all investments made in the venture capital fund or enterprise during the period beginning one year before the date of the investment by the northeast Minnesota economic protection trust fund.

Money from the trust fund shall be expended only in or for the benefit of the tax relief area defined in section 273.134.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 298.296, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS.] Before January 1, 2002, funds may be expended on projects and for administration of the trust fund only from the net interest, earnings, and dividends arising from the investment of the trust at any time, including net interest, earnings, and dividends that have arisen prior to July 13, 1982, plus \$10,000,000 made available for use in fiscal year 1983, except that any amount required to be paid out of the trust fund to provide the property tax relief specified in Laws 1977, chapter 423, article X, section 4, and to make school bond payments and payments to recipients of taconite production tax proceeds pursuant to section 298.225, may be taken from the corpus of the trust. On and after January 1, 2002, funds may be expended on projects and for administration from any assets of the trust. Annual administrative costs, not including detailed engineering expenses for the projects, shall not exceed five percent of the net interest, dividends, and earnings arising from the trust in the preceding fiscal year.

Principal and interest received in repayment of loans made pursuant to this section, and earnings on other investments made under section 298.292, subdivision 2, clause (4), shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the trust. These receipts are appropriated to the board for the purposes of sections 298.291 to 298.298.

Sec. 4. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Section 2 is effective the day following final enactment.

## ARTICLE 9

### MINNESOTA AGRICULTURAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41A.01, is amended to read:

41A.01 [PURPOSE.]

Sections 41A.01 to ~~41A.06~~ 41A.08 provide a framework for an agricultural resource loan guaranty program, the purposes of which are to further the development of the state's agricultural resources and improve the market for its agricultural products and economic development in the state. All credit advanced pursuant to loan guaranty commitments is to be secured by subrogation of the state to mortgage security and other security interests granted to the private lender, in proportion to the amount advanced by the state. A loan guaranty board is established to investigate the feasibility of each project, its conformity to public policy and to environmental standards, the qualifications of the owners, operators, and lenders, and the nature and extent of the security, prior to commitment. The board shall also seek to secure financial participation by private persons not supported by the guaranty, to assure that in these respects each project satisfies and will continue to satisfy criteria which are adequate in the judgment of the board.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41A.02, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [AGRICULTURAL RESOURCE LOAN GUARANTY MINNESOTA AGRICULTURAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT BOARD; BOARD.] "Agricultural resource loan guaranty Minnesota agricultural and economic development board" or "board" means consists of the commissioner of finance as chair, the commissioner of agriculture, the commissioner of commerce, the commissioner of energy and economic development, and the director of the pollution control agency, the president of the Greater Minne-

sota Corporation, and two public members with experience in finance, appointed by the Greater Minnesota Corporation.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41A.02, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [AGRICULTURAL RESOURCE LOAN GUARANTY MINNESOTA AGRICULTURAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND; GUARANTY DEVELOPMENT FUND.] "Agricultural resource loan guaranty Minnesota agricultural and economic development fund" or "guaranty development fund" means the fund created by section 41A.05.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41A.02, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [AGRICULTURAL RESOURCE PROJECT; PROJECT.] "Agricultural resource project" or "project" means (1) any facility, or portion of a facility, located in the state which is operated or to be operated primarily for the production from agricultural resources of marketable products, (2) buildings, equipment, and land used for the commercial production of turkeys or turkey products, (3) a facility or portion of a facility used for the commercial production of fish or of products made from commercially-produced fish or rough fish, as defined in section 97A.015, subdivision 43, that are not commercially produced, or (4) real or personal property used or useful in connection with a revenue-producing enterprise, or a combination of two or more revenue-producing enterprises engaged in a business, that is not used for the production of livestock, other than poultry, or for the production of crops, plants, or milk. The land in clause (2) is limited to land on which buildings and equipment are situated and immediately surrounding land used for storage, waste disposal, or other functions directly related to the commercial production of turkeys or turkey products at that project site. The land in clause (2) does not include land used for the growing or raising of crops or the grazing of livestock other than poultry. A project includes a facility or portion of a facility for mixing or producing substances to be mixed with other substances for use as a fuel or as a substitute for petroleum or petrochemical feedstocks.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41A.02, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. [LENDER.] "Lender" means a corporation or any investment or commercial banking institution, savings and loan institution, insurance company, investment company, or other financial institution or institutional investor making, purchasing, or participating in a loan or any part of a loan, or a public entity authorized to make agricultural loans.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41A.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 16. [ELIGIBLE SMALL BUSINESS.] "Eligible small business" means:

(1) an enterprise determined by the board to constitute a small business concern as defined in regulations of the United States Small Business Administration under United States Code, title 15, sections 631 to 647; or

(2) a business eligible to receive assistance under section 12.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41A.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 17. [SMALL BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT LOAN.] "Small business development loan" means a loan to a business that is an "eligible small business" to finance capital expenditures on an interim or long-term basis to acquire or improve land, acquire, construct, rehabilitate, remove, or improve buildings, or to acquire and install fixtures and equipment useful to conduct a small business, including facilities of a capital nature useful or suitable for a business engaged in an enterprise promoting employment including, without limitation, facilities included within the meaning of the term "project" as defined in sections 474.02, subdivisions 1 to 1f, and 474.03, subdivision 4.

Sec. 8. [41A.021] [SUCCESSOR STATUS.]

The board is the legal successor in all respects of the agricultural resource loan guaranty board established by Laws 1984, chapter 502, article 10, and all bonds, resolutions, contracts, and liabilities of the agricultural resource loan guaranty board are the bonds, resolutions, contracts, and liabilities of the board as renamed and reconstituted by section 41A.02, subdivision 3.

Sec. 9. [41A.022] [MINNESOTA ENERGY AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY; SUCCESSOR STATUS.]

The board is the legal successor in all respects of the Minnesota energy and economic development authority under the general bond resolution for the Minnesota small business development loan program, as amended and restated by the authority on September 24, 1986. All bonds, resolutions, contracts, and liabilities of the Minnesota energy and economic development authority relating to the Minnesota small business development loan program are the bonds, resolutions, contracts, and liabilities of the Minnesota agricultural and economic development board.

## Sec. 10. [41A.023] [POWERS.]

In addition to other powers granted by this chapter, the board may:

- (1) sue and be sued;
- (2) acquire, hold, lease, and transfer any interest in real and personal property for its corporate purposes;
- (3) sell at public or private sale any instrument or obligation evidencing a loan;
- (4) obtain insurance on its property;
- (5) obtain municipal bond insurance, letters of credit, surety obligations, or similar agreements from financial institutions;
- (6) enter into other agreements or transactions, without regard to chapter 16B, that the board considers necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of this chapter with federal or state agencies, political subdivisions of the state, or other persons, firms, or corporations;
- (7) establish and collect fees without regard to chapter 14 and section 16A.128;
- (8) accept appropriations, gifts, grants, and bequests;
- (9) use money received from any source for any legal purpose or program of the board;
- (10) participate in loans for agricultural resource projects in accordance with section 11;
- (11) provide small business development loans in accordance with section 12; and
- (12) guarantee or insure bonds or notes issued by the board.

## Sec. 11. [41A.035] [AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES LOAN PARTICIPATION.]

The board may participate in loans made to finance agricultural resource projects by purchasing from a lender up to 75 percent of the amount of each eligible loan. If the loan participated in is for \$500,000 or less, the loan may be for 100 percent of the cost of the project. If the loan participated in exceeds \$500,000, the loan may not exceed 80 percent of the cost of the project. The lender shall service the loan or cause it to be serviced in a manner that equally protects the lender's and the board's interests.

Sec. 12. [41A.036] [SMALL BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT LOANS.]

Subdivision 1. [LOANS; LIMITATIONS.] (a) The board may make, purchase, or participate with financial institutions in making or purchasing small business development loans not exceeding \$1,000,000 in principal amount with respect to small business loans made or purchased by the board and not exceeding \$1,000,000 principal amount with respect to the board's share when the board participates in making or purchasing small business loans.

(b) With respect to loans that the board makes or purchases or participates in, the board may determine or provide for their servicing, the percentage of board participation, if any, the times the loans or participations are payable and the amounts of payment, their amount and interest rates, their security, if any, and other terms, conditions, and provisions necessary or convenient in connection with them and may enter into all necessary contracts and security instruments in connection with them. The board may enter into commitments to purchase or participate with financial institutions or other persons upon the terms, conditions, and provisions determined by it. Loans or participations may be serviced by financial institutions or other persons designated by the board.

(c) The board shall obtain the best available security for all loans. The board may provide for or require the insurance or guaranteeing of the loans or board participations in whole or in part by the federal government or a department, agency, or instrumentality of it, by an appropriate board account, or by a private insurer.

Subd. 2. [SMALL BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT LOANS; PREFERENCES.] The following eligible small businesses have preference among all business applicants for small business development loans:

(1) businesses located in rural areas of the state that are experiencing the most severe unemployment rates in the state;

(2) businesses that are likely to expand and provide additional permanent employment in rural areas of the state;

(3) businesses located in border communities that experience a competitive disadvantage due to location;

(4) businesses that have been unable to obtain traditional financial assistance due to a disadvantageous location, minority ownership, or other factors rather than due to the business having been considered a poor financial risk;

(5) businesses that utilize state resources and reduce state dependence on outside resources, and that produce products or services



consistent with the long-term social and economic needs of the state;  
and

(6) businesses located in designated enterprise zones, as described in section 273.1312, subdivision 4.

Subd. 3. [LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL UNIT SPONSOR; RESOLUTION.] A business applying for a loan must be sponsored by a resolution of the governing body of the local governmental unit within whose jurisdiction the project is located. For purposes of this paragraph, "local governmental unit" means a home rule charter or statutory city when the project is located in an incorporated area, a county when the project is located in an unincorporated area, or an American Indian tribal council when the project is located within a federally recognized American Indian reservation or community.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41A.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [REQUIREMENTS.] (a) Any applicant may file a written application with the state commissioner of energy and economic development on behalf of the board, to be considered by the ~~agricultural resource loan guaranty~~ board, for a guaranty by the state of a portion of a loan or for issuance of bonds for an agricultural resource project. In general, the application must provide information similar to that required by an investment banking or other financial institution considering such a project for debt financing. Specifically, each application must include in brief but precise form the following information, as supplied by the applicant, the borrower, or the lender:

(1) a description of the scope, nature, extent, and location of the proposed project, including the identity of the borrower and a preliminary or conceptual design of the project;

(2) a description of the technology to be used in the project and the prior construction and operating experience of the borrower with such projects;

(3) a detailed estimate of the items comprising the total cost of the project, including escalation and contingencies, with explanation of the assumptions underlying the estimate;

(4) a general description of the financial plan for the project, including the mortgage and security interests to be granted for the security of the guaranteed loan or the bonds, and all sources of equity, grants, or contributions or of borrowing the repayment of which is not to be secured by the mortgage and security interests, or, if so secured, is expressly subordinated to the guaranteed loan;

(5) an environmental report analyzing potential environmental effects of the project, any necessary or proposed mitigation measures, and other relevant data available to the applicant to enable the board to make an environmental assessment;

(6) a list of applications to be filed and estimated dates of approvals of permits required by federal, state, and local government agencies as conditions for construction and commencement of operation of the project;

(7) an estimated construction schedule;

(8) an analysis of the estimated cost of production of and market for the product, including economic factors justifying the analysis and proposed and actual marketing contracts, letters of intent, and contracts for the supply of feedstock;

(9) a description of the management experience of the borrower in organizing and undertaking similar projects;

(10) pro forma cash flow statements for the first five years of project operation including income statements and balance sheets;

(11) a description of the borrower's organization and, where applicable, a copy of its articles of incorporation or partnership agreement and bylaws;

(12) the estimated amount of the loan or bonds and percentage of the guaranty requested, the proposed repayment schedule, and other terms and conditions and security provisions of the loan;

(13) an estimate of the amounts and times of receipt of guaranty fees, sales and use taxes, property tax increments, and any other governmental charges which may be available for the support of the state guaranty agricultural development fund as a result of the construction of the project, with an analysis of the assumptions on which the estimate is based;

(14) a copy of any lending commitment issued by a lender to the borrower;

(15) a statement from the lender, if identified, as to its general experience in financing and servicing debt incurred for projects of the size and general type of the project, and its proposed servicing and monitoring plan; and

(16) additional information required by the board.

(b) The applicant shall pay upon filing of the application a fee equal to .25 percent of the amount of the loan guaranty or bond

requested. The fee shall be paid to the commissioner of finance and deposited in the general fund. If the board determines not to issue a commitment for the project, the fee shall be refunded to the applicant, less the board's cost of processing, reviewing, and evaluating the application. If the board issues a commitment for the project and the application fee exceeds the board's cost of processing, reviewing, and evaluating the application, the balance shall be transferred from the general fund to the project account in the guaranty fund and credited against the amount of the commitment fee required in section 41A.03, subdivision 3, clause (j). The county or rural development finance authority may require the proposed borrower under the project to pay the application fee.

(e) If the application is made by an applicant other than the county or rural development finance authority and tax increment financing is to be used for the project, the application must include a copy of a resolution adopted by the governing body of the county or rural development finance authority in which the project is located. The resolution must authorize the use of tax increment financing for the project as required by section 41A.06, subdivision 5.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41A.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT OF FUND.] For the purpose of developing the state's agricultural resources by extending credit on real estate security, the agricultural resource loan guaranty The Minnesota agricultural and economic development fund is established as a special and dedicated fund to be held and invested separately from all other funds of the state. All money appropriated to the fund, and all guaranty fees, retail sales taxes, property tax increments, and other money from any source which may be credited to the fund pursuant to law or pursuant to the terms of grants, contributions, or contracts are appropriated and shall remain available for the purposes of the fund until those purposes have been fully accomplished to the board to carry out the purposes of this chapter. The board may maintain or establish within the guaranty Minnesota agricultural and economic development fund reserve funds accounts, project accounts, trustee accounts, special guaranty fund accounts, or other restrictions it determines necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of this chapter. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the fund may be used only for paying amounts due under loan guaranties and principal and interest assistance contracts entered into by the state, pursuant to the agricultural resource loan guaranty program. The board may enter into pledge and escrow agreements or indentures of trust with a trustee for the purpose of maintaining the accounts.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41A.05, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [ISSUANCE OF BONDS.] (a) ~~Subject to section 16A.80, upon application pursuant to section 41A.04,~~ The board by resolution may exercise the powers of a rural development authority under sections 362A.01 to 362A.05 and the powers of a municipality under chapter 474 for the purposes of providing money to pay the costs of financing a project, including the issuance of bonds and the loan application of the bond proceeds pursuant to a lease, loan, loan guaranty, loan participation, or other agreement. The bonds must be issued, sold, and secured on the terms and conditions and in the manner determined by resolution of the board. ~~Sections~~ Section 16A.80 and 474.23 do does not apply to the bonds. Notwithstanding subdivision 1, a reserve established for the bonds provided by the borrower, including out of bond proceeds, may be deposited and held in a separate account in the guaranty Minnesota agricultural and economic development fund and applied to the last installments of principal or interest on the bonds, subject to the reserves being withdrawn for any purpose permitted by subdivision 1. The board may by resolution or indenture pledge any or all amounts in the guaranty fund, including any reserves and investment income on amounts in the fund, to secure the payment of principal and interest on any or all series of bonds, upon the terms and conditions as provided in the resolution or indenture. To the extent the board deems necessary or desirable to prevent interest on bonds from becoming subject to federal income taxation, (1) the amounts in the guaranty fund shall be invested in obligations or securities with restricted yields and (2) the investment income on the amounts are released from the pledge securing the bonds or loan guaranty and appropriately applied to prevent taxation.

(b) Bonds issued pursuant to this chapter are not general obligations of the state or the board. The full faith and credit and taxing powers of the state and the board are not and may not be pledged for the payment of the bonds. No person may compel the levy of a tax for the payment or compel the appropriation of money of the state or the board for the payment of the bonds, except as specifically provided in this chapter.

(c) ~~The issuance of bonds pursuant to this subdivision is subject to sections 474.18 to 474.25.~~ For purposes of sections ~~474.16~~ 474A.01 to 474.20 474A.21, the board is a local issuer and may apply for allocations of authority to issue private activity obligations and may enter into an agreement for the issuance of obligations by another issuer.

Sec. 16. [41A.065] [CERTIFIED DEVELOPMENT COMPANY.]

Subdivision 1. [PURPOSE; OBJECTIVES.] The board may create, promote, and assist a development company that will qualify as a certified development company for the purposes of United States Code, title 15, section 697, and Code of Federal Regulations, title 13, section 108.503.

The board shall utilize the development company program to stimulate the state's economic activity.

The development company and its directors and officers shall comply with the organizational, operational, regulatory, and reporting requirements as promulgated by the United States Small Business Administration and the guidelines contained in the by-laws, articles of incorporation, and standard operating procedure prescribed by the Small Business Administration.

Subd. 2. [CAPITAL, LOAN LIMITS; MEMBERSHIP REQUIREMENTS.] The capital for a certified development company must be derived from corporate holders or members, each of whom must not have more than ten percent of the voting control of the development company. The company must have a minimum of ten members. The members of the company from each economic development region must represent, to the greatest extent practical, the same proportion of the membership of the company as the population of the economic development region is of the population of the state. The loan limit of each member must be established at the time of its acceptance as a member and must be computed on the basis of the financial information contained in or made a part of its application for membership. Loan limits must be established at the thousand dollar amount nearest the amount computed in accordance with the provisions of the articles of incorporation and this section.

Subd. 3. [MEMBERS.] Members must be representatives of local government, community organizations, financial institutions, and businesses in Minnesota and must, upon application, have been accepted for membership by a majority vote of the members of the board of directors present at a regular or special meeting of the board at which there is a quorum. A "financial institution" is a business organization recognized under Minnesota or federal law as a banking institution, trust company, savings and loan association, insurance company, or a corporation, partnership, foundation or other institution licensed to do business in the state of Minnesota and engaged primarily in lending or investing money.

Subd. 4. [MEMBERSHIP APPLICATIONS.] Applications for membership must be submitted to the development company's board of directors on forms provided by the corporation and accompanied by additional information as the form may require. Application forms must provide that if the application is approved and the applicant accepted for membership by the development company's board of directors before withdrawal of the application, the applicant agrees to become a member upon the acceptance and to assume the rights and obligations of a member. Notice of approval or rejection of an application must be forwarded, by certified or registered United States mail, to the applicant for the attention of the person signing the application, within 15 days following the date when the approval

or rejection is made. Approval of the application constitutes acceptance of the applicant as a member of the corporation.

Subd. 5. [OFFICERS.] The executive officers of the development company are a president, one or more vice presidents including the executive vice president, a secretary, and a treasurer. None of the officers, except the president, need be directors. One person may hold the offices and perform the duties of any two or more of the offices. The development company's board of directors by majority vote may leave unfilled for any period it may fix any office except that of president, treasurer, or secretary.

Subd. 6. [ASSISTANCE.] The commissioner of energy and economic development shall make available the professional staff of the department to provide services to the development company including, but not limited to, accounting, legal, and business assistance services. The staff must have the capability to package, process, close and service loans made through the development company.

Subd. 7. [REPORTS.] The development company shall submit to the Small Business Administration annual reports on its operation. When requested by the Small Business Administration, interim reports of a similar nature must be provided. The reports must be provided in accordance with the instructions and attachments set forth by the Small Business Administration. The development company shall comply with all regulations issued under the small business investment act of 1958, as amended, as well as applicable state and federal laws affecting its operation.

Subd. 8. [REVOLVING ACCOUNT.] The development company may charge a one-time processing fee up to the maximum allowed by the Small Business Administration on a debenture issued for loan purposes. In addition, a fee for servicing loans may be imposed up to the maximum allowed by the Small Business Administration based on the unpaid balance of each debenture. These fees must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to a special account. Money in the account is appropriated to the board to pay the costs of administering the program, including personnel costs; compensate members of the board of directors under section 15.0575, subdivision 3, and to create and operate a pool of money for investment in projects that further the purposes of this section.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41A.08, is amended to read:

41A.08 [STAFF]

Subdivision 1. [EMPLOYEES.] Subject to all other applicable laws governing employees of or employment by a department or agency of the state, the commissioner of energy and economic development, on behalf of the board, may retain or employ the officers, employees,

agents, contractors, and consultants the commissioner determines necessary or appropriate to discharge the functions of the board in respect to the agricultural resource loan program. The commissioner shall define their duties and responsibilities.

Subd. 2. [EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR.] The commissioner shall employ, with the concurrence of the board, an executive director. The executive director shall perform the duties that the board may require in carrying out its responsibilities. The executive director's position is in the unclassified service.

**Sec. 18. [RESPONSIBILITIES TRANSFERRED TO MINNESOTA DEVELOPMENT BOARD.]**

Subdivision 1. [TRANSFER.] The responsibilities under the general bond resolution for the Minnesota small business development loan program, as amended and restated by the authority on September 24, 1986, and the responsibilities for the certified development company program under section 116M.05 are transferred from the Minnesota energy and economic development authority to the Minnesota agricultural and economic development board. Money designated or committed to the small business development loan program is transferred to the Minnesota agricultural and economic development fund, to be credited to a separate account to be used to carry out the purposes specified in section 9. This transfer includes four classified positions and one unclassified position from the financial management division of the department of energy and economic development. Minnesota Statutes, section 15.039 applies to the transfer of responsibilities.

Subd. 2. [POWERS CONTINUED.] To carry out the purposes specified in sections 9 and 19, the board may exercise the powers granted to the Minnesota energy and economic development authority under Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 116M.06, 116M.07, and 116M.08, notwithstanding the repeal of those sections.

**Sec. 19. [LOAN REPAYMENTS.]**

The commissioner of energy and economic development shall credit money received before July 1, 1987, from loan repayments, earnings, releases from insurance reserve accounts, and other income from the following programs to the Minnesota agricultural and economic development fund: the special assistance program under section 116M.07, subdivision 11, except for the small business development loans; the technology product loan program; the tourism loan program created under section 116M.07; the energy loan insurance program under section 116M.11; the energy development fund program under section 116M.12; and the Minnesota fund program under sections 472.11 to 472.13. The commissioner of energy and economic development shall credit money received on or after July 1, 1987, to the greater Minnesota fund.

Sec. 20. [HAZARDOUS WASTE PROCESSING FACILITY LOANS.]

Subdivision 1. [AUTHORITY TO MAKE LOANS.] The Minnesota agricultural and economic development board may make, purchase, or participate in making or purchasing hazardous waste processing facility loans in any amount, and may enter into commitments therefor. A private person proposing to develop and operate a hazardous waste processing facility is eligible to apply for a loan under this subdivision. Applications must be made to the Minnesota agricultural and economic development board. The Minnesota agricultural and economic development board shall forward the applications to the waste management board for review pursuant to section 115A.162. If the waste management board does not certify the application, the Minnesota agricultural and economic development board may not approve the application nor make the loan. If the waste management board certifies the application, the Minnesota agricultural and economic development board shall approve the application and make the loan if money is available for it and if the Minnesota agricultural and economic development board finds that:

(1) development and operation of the facility as proposed by the applicant is economically feasible;

(2) there is a reasonable expectation that the principal and interest on the loan will be fully repaid; and

(3) the facility is unlikely to be developed and operated without a loan from the Minnesota agricultural and economic development board.

The Minnesota agricultural and economic development board and the waste management board shall establish coordinated procedures for loan application, certification, and approval.

The Minnesota agricultural and economic development board may use the Minnesota agricultural and economic development fund to provide financial assistance to any person whose hazardous waste processing facility loan application has been certified by the waste management board and approved by the Minnesota agricultural and economic development board, and for this purpose may exercise the powers granted in Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116M.06, subdivision 2, with respect to any loans made or bonds issued under this subdivision regardless of whether the applicant is an eligible small business.

The Minnesota agricultural and economic development board may issue bonds and notes in the aggregate principal amount of \$10,000,000 for the purpose of making, purchasing, or participating in making or purchasing hazardous waste processing facility loans.



The Minnesota agricultural and economic development board may adopt emergency rules under sections 14.29 to 14.36 to implement the loan program under this subdivision. Emergency rules adopted by the Minnesota agricultural and economic development board remain in effect for 360 days or until permanent rules are adopted, whichever occurs first.

Subd. 2. [MINNESOTA ENERGY AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY; SUCCESSOR STATUS.] Notwithstanding the repeal of section 116M.07, subdivision 9, the Minnesota agricultural and economic development board is the legal successor in all respects of the Minnesota energy and economic development authority for the hazardous waste processing facility loan program for a project or facility described under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116M.03, subdivision 15, with respect to which the Minnesota energy and economic development authority passed a preliminary resolution before May 1, 1987. All resolutions of the Minnesota energy and economic development authority relating to the projects or facilities are the resolutions of the Minnesota agricultural and economic development board.

Sec. 20. [INSTRUCTION TO REVISOR.]

The revisor of statutes is directed to change the phrase "agricultural resource loan guaranty board" wherever it appears in Minnesota Statutes to "Minnesota agricultural and economic development board" in the next and subsequent editions of the statutes.

Sec. 21. [INSTRUCTION TO REVISOR.]

The revisor of statutes is directed to change the phrase "agricultural resource loan guaranty fund" wherever it appears in Minnesota Statutes to "Minnesota agricultural and economic development fund" in the next and subsequent editions of the statutes.

Sec. 22. [APPROPRIATION.]

\$400,000 is transferred from the economic development fund to the Minnesota agricultural and economic development fund. \$200,000 is for fiscal year 1988 and \$200,000 is for fiscal year 1989.

Sec. 23. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 18 and 19 are effective the day following final enactment.

## ARTICLE 10

### EDUCATION AND TRAINING PROGRAMS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116L.02, is amended to read:

## 116L.02 [JOBS JOB SKILLS PARTNERSHIP PROGRAM.]

The Minnesota job skills partnership program is created to act as a catalyst to bring together employers with specific training needs with educational or other nonprofit institutions which can design programs to fill those needs. The partnership shall work closely with employers to train and place workers in identifiable positions as well as assisting educational or other nonprofit institutions in developing training programs that coincide with current and future employer requirements. The partnership shall provide grants to educational or other nonprofit institutions for the purpose of training displaced workers. A participating business must match the grant-in-aid made by the Minnesota job skills partnership. Preference must be given to a business located in a rural area. The match may be in the form of funding, equipment, or faculty.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116L.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [APPOINTMENT.] ~~Members shall be appointed as follows: four members appointed by the speaker of the house; one member appointed by the minority leader of the house; four members appointed by the majority leader of the senate; one member appointed by the minority leader of the senate; The Minnesota job skills partnership board consists of: eight members appointed by the governor; and, the commissioners of the departments commissioner of energy and economic development, education, and jobs and training the commissioner of jobs and training, and the state director of vocational technical education.~~

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116L.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [MEMBERS.] The partnership shall be governed by a board of ~~24~~ 11 directors.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116L.03, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [TERMS.] The terms of appointed members shall be for four years except for the initial appointments. ~~The initial appointments of the speaker and majority leader shall be as follows: two members for two years, two members for three years and one member for four years.~~ The initial appointments of the governor shall have the following terms: two members each for one, two, three, and four years.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116L.03, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [OFFICES.] The commissioner of jobs and training higher education coordinating board shall, upon request, provide office space and support staff and administrative services for the board.

Sec. 6. [136A.134] [GRANTS TO DISLOCATED RURAL WORKERS.]

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.] The higher education coordinating board shall develop policies and procedures to administer a dislocated rural worker grant program and to allocate program money to eligible institutions and shall supervise the operation of the program.

Subd. 2. [ELIGIBLE INSTITUTIONS.] For purposes of this section, "eligible institution" has the meaning given it in section 136A.101.

Subd. 3. [APPLICANTS.] An applicant may be considered for a dislocated rural worker grant if the applicant:

(1) is a resident of rural Minnesota;

(2) is enrolled in an adult farm management program or a program designed to provide preparation for available employment within the local labor market or in an area to which the individual is willing to relocate;

(3) has met the financial need criteria established by the board; and

(4) can demonstrate that one of the following criteria has been met:

(i) the applicant or applicant's spouse has been separated from employment or has received a notice of separation from employment as a result of job obsolescence, plant shutdown, regional decline in the applicant's customary occupation, or industry slowdown, and the applicant or the applicant's spouse is unlikely to return to work for that employer or in that occupation within 12 months following separation from employment;

(ii) the applicant is a displaced homemaker; or

(iii) the applicant or the applicant's spouse is a farmer who can demonstrate severe household financial need.

Subd. 4. [PROGRAM RECIPIENTS.] An eligible institution shall select a recipient of a dislocated rural worker grant in accordance with guidelines, policies, and rules established by the board. The

board may adopt emergency rules for awarding grants only for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1987.

Subd. 5. [PROGRAM COORDINATION; INFORMATION.] The board shall develop and provide information to dislocated workers in rural areas about post-secondary education opportunities and student financial aid programs. The board shall also provide for the coordination of dislocated rural worker grants with other available student financial aid programs. Dislocated rural worker grants must be awarded in a manner that maximizes the use of existing federal and state student financial aid programs.

Sec. 7. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116L.03, subdivision 6, is repealed.

Sec. 8. Laws 1983, chapter 334, section 7, is amended to read:

Sec. 7. [REPEALER.]

Sections 1 to 6 116L.01; 116L.02; 116L.03, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 7; 116L.04; and 116L.05, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 7 are repealed June 30, 1987 1989.

Sec. 9. [SUPPLEMENTAL EDUCATION GRANT PROGRAM FUNDING.]

\$500,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the higher education coordinating board for the dislocated rural worker grant program established in section 3, to be available until June 30, 1989.

\$1,000,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the higher education coordinating board for the Minnesota job skills partnership program. \$500,000 is for fiscal year 1988 and \$500,000 is for fiscal year 1989."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to economic development; rural development; renaming and providing powers to the agricultural resource loan guaranty board; establishing a mineral resources program; establishing duties for the community development division in the department of energy and economic development; transferring the independent wastewater treatment grant program from the pollution control agency to the Minnesota public finance authority; changing the membership of the Minnesota job skills partnership board; establishing the rural development board; establishing the challenge grant program; establishing the greater Minnesota corporation; establishing the state supplemental education grant pro-

gram; establishing the Minnesota public finance authority; providing a program for revitalization of the cities of St. Paul and Minneapolis; creating a program for funding economic development projects in the taconite tax relief area; permitting investment of earnings of the northeast Minnesota economic protection trust in venture capital enterprises; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 15.039, by adding a subdivision; 16A.80, subdivision 2a; 41A.01; 41A.02, subdivisions 3, 4, 6, 11, and by adding subdivisions; 41A.04, subdivision 1; 41A.05, subdivisions 1 and 2; 41A.08; 116.16, subdivisions 2, 4, 5, 9, and by adding subdivisions; 116.18, subdivisions 2a and 3a; 116J.36, subdivisions 2, 3b, 3c, 8, 8a, and 11; 116J.37, subdivision 1; and by adding a subdivision; 116J.955, subdivisions 1 and 2; 116L.02; 116L.03, subdivisions 1, 2, 5, and 7; 281.17; 298.292; 298.296, subdivision 2; 429.061, subdivision 2; 462.445, subdivision 1; and Laws 1983, chapter 334, section 7; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 41A; 93; 116; 116J; 116L; and 136A; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapters 116N; 116P; and 446A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 116.167; 116J.951; 116J.961; 116J.965; 116L.03, subdivision 6; 116M.01; 116M.02; 116M.03; 116M.04; 116M.05; 116M.06; 116M.07; 116M.08; 116M.09; 116M.10; 116M.11; 116M.12; 116M.13; 472.11, subdivisions 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9; 472.12, subdivisions 2, 3, and 4; 472.125; 472.13, subdivisions 2, 3, and 4; and Laws 1969, chapters 833 and 984."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: ROGER D. MOE, RONALD R. DICKLICH AND LAWRENCE J. POGEMILLER.

House Conferees: JERRY SCHOENFELD, BOB NEUENSCHWANDER AND TODD H. OTIS.

Anderson, G., was excused between the hours of 9:15 a.m. and 10:55 a.m.

Wynia was excused while in conference.

Schoenfeld moved that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 1 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee.

The Speaker called Simoneau to the Chair.

## POINT OF ORDER

Thiede raised a point of order pursuant to section 92, paragraph 4 of "Mason's Manual of Legislative Procedure" relating to the interruption of a speaker. Speaker pro tempore Simoneau ruled the point of order not well taken.

Schreiber moved that the House refuse to adopt the Conference Committee report on S. F. No. 1, that the present House Conference Committee be discharged, that the Speaker appoint a new Conference Committee consisting of 3 members on the part of the House, and that S. F. No. 1 be returned to the Senate.

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The Speaker resumed the Chair.

The question was taken on the Schreiber motion and the roll was called. There were 53 yeas and 73 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Beard	Gruenes	McKasy	Poppenhagen	Stanisus
Bennett	Gutknecht	McPherson	Price	Sviggum
Blatz	Hartle	Miller	Quist	Swenson
Boo	Haukoos	Morrison	Redalen	Thiede
Burger	Heap	Nelson, D.	Richter	Tjornhom
Carlson, D.	Himle	Olsen, S.	Rose	Tompkins
Clausnitzer	Hugoson	Omam	Schafer	Uphus
Dempsey	Johnson, V.	Onnen	Scheid	Valento
Forsythe	Knickerbocker	Osthoff	Schreiber	Waltman
Frederick	Marsh	Ozment	Seaberg	
Frerichs	McDonald	Pauly	Shaver	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Battaglia	Jefferson	Lasley	Olson, K.	Solberg
Bauerly	Jennings	Lieder	Otis	Sparby
Begich	Jensen	Long	Pappas	Steenasma
Bertram	Johnson, A.	McEachern	Peterson	Trimble
Brown	Johnson, R.	McLaughlin	Quinn	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Kahn	Milbert	Reding	Vanasek
Carruthers	Kalis	Minne	Rest	Vellenga
Clark	Kelly	Munger	Rice	Voss
Cooper	Kelso	Murphy	Rodosovich	Wagenius
Dauner	Kinkel	Nelson, C.	Rukavina	Welle
DeBlicek	Kludt	Nelson, K.	Sarna	Wenzel
Dorn	Knuth	Neuenschwander	Schoenfeld	Winter
Greenfield	Kostohryz	O'Connor	Segal	Spk. Norton
Jacobs	Krueger	Ogren	Simoneau	
Jaros	Larsen	Olson, E.	Skoglund	

The motion did not prevail.

The question recurred on the adoption of the Schoenfeld motion that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 1 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1, A bill for an act relating to economic development; rural development; renaming and providing powers to the agricultural resource loan guaranty board; establishing a mineral resources program; establishing duties for the community development division in the department of energy and economic development; transferring the independent wastewater treatment grant program from the pollution control agency to the Minnesota public finance authority; changing the membership of the Minnesota job skills partnership board; establishing the rural development board; establishing the challenge grant program; establishing the customized training program; establishing the greater Minnesota corporation; establishing the state supplemental education grant program; establishing the Minnesota public finance authority; providing a program for revitalization of the cities of St. Paul and Minneapolis; creating a program for funding economic development projects in the taconite tax relief area; permitting investment of earnings of the northeast Minnesota economic protection trust in venture capital enterprises; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 15.039, by adding a subdivision; 16A.80, subdivision 2a; 41A.01; 41A.02, subdivisions 3, 4, 6, 11, and by adding subdivisions; 41A.05, subdivisions 1 and 2; 41A.08; 116.16, subdivisions 2, 4, 5, 9, and by adding subdivisions; 116.18, subdivisions 2a and 3a; 116J.36, subdivisions 2, 3b, 3c, 8, 8a, and 11; 116J.37, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 116J.955, subdivisions 1 and 2; 116L.03, subdivision 2; 281.17; 298.292; 298.296, subdivision 2; 462.384, subdivision 7; 462.385, subdivisions 1 and 3; 462.386, subdivision 1; 462.387, subdivisions 1, 3 and 4; 462.39, subdivisions 2 and 3; 462.391, subdivisions 2, 3 and 4; 462.395; 462.396, subdivision 1; 462.398; and 462.445, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 41A; 93; 116J; 116L; and 136A; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapters 116N; 116P; and 446A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 116.167; 116J.951; 116J.961; 116J.965; 116M.01; 116M.02; 116M.03; 116M.04; 116M.05; 116M.06; 116M.07; 116M.08; 116M.09; 116M.10; 116M.11; 116M.12; 116M.13; 472.11, subdivisions 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9; 472.12, subdivisions 2, 3, and 4; 472.125; 472.13, subdivisions 2, 3, and 4; and Laws 1969, chapters 833 and 984.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 78 yeas and 49 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Battaglia	Gruenes	Lasley	Orenstein	Skoglund
Bauerly	Hugoson	Lieder	Otis	Solberg
Begich	Jacobs	Long	Pappas	Sparby
Bertram	Jaros	McEachern	Pelowski	Steensma
Boo	Jefferson	McLaughlin	Peterson	Trimble
Brown	Jensen	Minne	Quinn	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Reding	Vanasek
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rest	Vellenga
Clark	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Rice	Voss
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Wagenius
Dauner	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Welle
DeBlieck	Kinkel	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wenzel
Dille	Kludt	Ogren	Sarna	Winter
Dorn	Knuth	Olson, E.	Schoenfeld	Spk. Norton
Frederick	Krueger	Olson, K.	Segal	
Greenfield	Larsen	Omann	Simoneau	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Beard	Hartle	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Stanius
Bennett	Haukoos	Milbert	Price	Sviggum
Blatz	Heap	Miller	Quist	Swenson
Burger	Himle	Morrison	Richter	Thiede
Carlson, D.	Kelso	Nelson, D.	Rose	Tjornhom
Clausnitzer	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Tompkins
Dempsey	Kostohryz	Onnen	Scheid	Uphus
Forsythe	Marsh	Osthoff	Schreiber	Valento
Frerichs	McDonald	Ozment	Seaberg	Waltman
Gutknecht	McKasy	Pauly	Shaver	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

The following Conference Committee Reports were received.

#### CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 753

A bill for an act relating to education; providing aids to education, aids to libraries, appropriations to the state academies for the deaf and blind, and the department of education; changing secondary pupil unit weighting; establishing a formula equity allowance; changing the calculation of special education aid; increasing the community education formula; changing the capital expenditure formula; changing the secondary vocational funding formula; increasing desegregation levies and appropriating desegregation aid; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 43A.08, subdivisions 1 and 1a; 43A.18, subdivision 4; 118.12; 118.13; 118.14; 120.03, subdivision 1; 120.0752, by adding a subdivision; 120.17, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 3a, 3b, 5, 7a, 12, and by adding subdivisions; 121.609, subdivision 4; 121.612, subdivisions 3, 5, and by adding subdivisions; 121.87, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 121.88, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 121.935, subdivision 6; 121.936, subdivision 1; 122.541, subdivision 2; 123.36, subdivision 13; 123.39, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 123.58, subdivisions 6 and 8a; 123.705, subdivision 1; 124.05, subdivision 1; 124.17, subdivisions 1 and 1a; 124.195,



subdivision 9; 124.2138, subdivision 4, and by adding a subdivision; 124.2162, by adding a subdivision; 124.223; 124.225, subdivisions 1, 4b, 7b, 8a, 8i, 10, and by adding a subdivision; 124.245, subdivisions 1, 3, and by adding subdivisions; 124.246, subdivision 2; 124.247, subdivision 3; 124.252, subdivision 3; 124.271, subdivision 2b; 124.2711, subdivision 1; 124.272, subdivision 1; 124.273, subdivision 1b, and by adding subdivisions; 124.32; 124.481; 124.524, by adding a subdivision; 124.573; 124.574, subdivisions 2b, 3, 4, and by adding subdivisions; 124.646, subdivision 1; 124A.01; 124A.02, subdivisions 7, 8, 9, 16, and by adding subdivisions; 124A.03, subdivisions 1a, 3, and by adding a subdivision; 124A.033, subdivision 2; 124A.036, by adding a subdivision; 124A.06; 124A.08, subdivisions 1, 3a, and 5; 124A.10, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 124A.12, subdivision 1; 124A.14, subdivision 4; 125.03, subdivision 5; 125.05, subdivision 1; 125.185, subdivision 4; 125.611, subdivisions 10, 11, 12, and 13; 126.02, subdivision 2; 126.48, by adding a subdivision; 126.56, subdivisions 3 and 6; 126.65; 126.66, subdivisions 1, 6, and by adding subdivisions; 126.67, subdivisions 1, 1a, 2a, 3a, 6, and 9; 126.81, subdivision 2; 129B.041, subdivisions 1 and 3; 134.10; 136D.27; 136D.71; 136D.74, subdivision 2; 136D.87; 275.125, subdivisions 5, 6e, 8c, 9, 11a, 11c, and by adding subdivisions; Laws 1984, chapter 463, article 6, section 15, subdivision 1; Laws 1986, First Special Session chapter 1, article 5, section 9; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 43A; 121; 122; 123; 124A; 125; 126; 128A; 129B; and 134; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 120.17, subdivision 13; 123.937; 124.05, subdivision 2; 124.185; 124.2161; 124.2162; 124.2163; 124.225, subdivision 1a; 124.273, subdivision 2b; 124.275; 124A.20; 125.611, subdivisions 8 and 9; 129B.01; 129B.02; 129B.04; 129B.041, subdivision 4; 129B.05; 129B.17; 129B.20; 129B.21; 129B.35; 129B.37; and 275.125, subdivision 5d.

May 18, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 753, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendments and that H. F. No. 753 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

## "APPROPRIATION

## SUMMARY

## Section 1. [WORDS OF APPROPRIATION; TABLE.]

The sums shown are appropriated from the general fund, or any other named fund, to the agencies for the purposes specified in this act, to be available for the fiscal year indicated for each purpose. The figures "1988" and "1989," where used in this act, mean that the appropriation or appropriations listed under or along side them are available for the year ending June 30, 1988, or June 30, 1989, respectively.

SUMMARY BY FUND

	<u>1988</u>	<u>1989</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
<u>General</u>	<u>\$1,467,236,755</u>	<u>\$1,503,199,155</u>	<u>\$2,970,435,910</u>
<u>Public Health</u>	<u>693,000</u>	<u>719,600</u>	<u>1,412,600</u>
<u>Trunk Hwy</u>	<u>20,700</u>	<u>20,700</u>	<u>41,400</u>

## ARTICLE 1

## FOUNDATION AND GENERAL EDUCATION REVENUE

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 121.904, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:

Subd. 4a. [LEVY RECOGNITION.] (a) "School district tax settlement revenue" means the current, delinquent, and manufactured home property tax receipts collected by the county and distributed to the school district, including distributions made pursuant to section 279.37, subdivision 7, and excluding the amount levied pursuant to section 275.125, subdivision 9a, and Laws 1976, chapter 20, section 4.

(b) In June of each year, the school district shall recognize as revenue, in the fund for which the levy was made, the lesser of:

(1) the June and July school district tax settlement revenue received in that calendar year; or

(2) the sum of the state aids and credits enumerated in section 124.155, subdivision 2 which are for the fiscal year payable in that fiscal year plus 24 27 percent of the amount of the levy certified in the prior calendar year according to section 124A.03, subdivision 2, plus or minus auditor's adjustments, not including levy portions that are assumed by the state; or

(3) 24 27 percent of the amount of the levy certified in the prior calendar year, plus or minus auditor's adjustments, not including levy portions that are assumed by the state, which remains after subtracting, by fund, the amounts levied for the following purposes:

(i) reducing or eliminating projected deficits in the appropriated fund balance accounts for unemployment insurance and bus purchases;

(ii) statutory operating debt pursuant to section 275.125, subdivision 9a, and Laws 1976, chapter 20, section 4; and

(iii) retirement and severance pay pursuant to section 275.125, subdivision 6a, and Laws 1975, chapter 261, section 4; and

(iv) amounts levied for bonds issued and interest thereon, amounts levied for debt service loans and capital loans, and amounts levied pursuant to section 275.125, subdivision 14a.

(c) In July of each year, the school district shall recognize as revenue that portion of the school district tax settlement revenue received in that calendar year and not recognized as revenue for the previous fiscal year pursuant to clause (b).

(d) All other school district tax settlement revenue shall be recognized as revenue in the fiscal year of the settlement. Portions of the school district levy assumed by the state, including prior year adjustments and the amount to fund the school portion of the reimbursement made pursuant to section 273.425, shall be recognized as revenue in the fiscal year beginning in the calendar year for which the levy is payable.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.17, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1b. [AFDC PUPIL UNITS.] In a district in which the number of pupils from families receiving aid to families with dependent children equals six percent or more of the actual pupil units in the district for the same year, as computed in subdivision 1, each such pupil shall be counted as an additional one-tenth of a pupil unit for each percent of concentration over five percent of such pupils in the district. The percent of concentration shall be rounded down to the nearest whole percent. In a district in which the percent of concentration is less than six, additional pupil units may not be counted for such pupils. A pupil may not be counted as more than .6 additional pupil unit under this subdivision. The weighting in this subdivision is in addition to the weighting provided in subdivision 1.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.2162, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3. [REDISTRIBUTION.] For purposes of aid calculations, the commissioner may redistribute current year teacher retirement and FICA obligations among districts that have agreements for sharing staff or for cooperative education of pupils to adjust for changes in staffing patterns between the base year and the current year resulting from the agreements.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124A.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5a. [BASIC FOUNDATION AID; 1987-1988 SCHOOL YEAR.] A district's basic foundation aid for the 1987-1988 school year equals its basic foundation revenue for that school year, minus the lesser of (1) the basic maintenance mill rate times the applicable adjusted assessed valuation of the district; or (2) \$1,700 times the district's total pupil units for that school year.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124A.02, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [EQUALIZING FACTOR.] "Equalizing factor" means a number equal to the minimum EARC valuation per total pupil unit which disqualifies a district from earning any basic foundation aid. The equalizing factor for the 1987-1988 school year and for levies for use in that school year equals \$74,890. The equalizing factor for each school year, except the 1987-1988 school year, and for levies for use in that school year equals the ratio, rounded to the nearest dollar, of the foundation aid formula allowance for that school year to the basic maintenance mill rate for that school year.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124A.02, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. [FORMULA ALLOWANCE.] "Foundation aid formula allowance" or "formula allowance" means the amount of revenue per pupil unit used in the computation of foundation aid for a particular school year and in the computation of permissible levies for use in that school year. The formula allowance shall be \$1,585 for the 1984 payable 1985 levies and for foundation aid for the 1985-1986 school year. The formula allowance shall be \$1,690 for the 1985 payable 1986 levies and for foundation aid for the 1986-1987 school year. The formula allowance is \$1,700 \$1,720 for the 1986 payable 1987 levies and for foundation aid for the 1987-1988 school year.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124A.02, subdivision 16, is amended to read:

Subd. 16. [PUPIL UNITS, AFDC.] For the 1984-1985 and 1985-1986 school years, "AFDC pupil units" means 98.5 percent of the pupil units identified in Minnesota Statutes 1980, section

124.17, subdivision 1, clauses (4) and (5) in the 1980-1981 school year.

For the 1986-1987 and 1987-1988 school year and each year thereafter years, "AFDC pupil units" means pupil units identified in section 124.17, subdivision 1a. For the 1988-1989 school year and each year thereafter, "AFDC pupil units" means pupil units identified in section 2.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3a. [BASIC MAINTENANCE LEVY; DISTRICTS OFF THE FORMULA; 1987-1988 SCHOOL YEAR.] If the amount of the maximum levy limitation under subdivision 1 for any district exceeds the product of \$1,700 times the estimated number of total pupil units for that district for the 1987-1988 school year, the levy limitation for that district under subdivision 1 is limited to the greater of the dollar amount of the levy the district certified in 1977 under Minnesota Statutes 1978, section 275.125, subdivision 2a, clause (1), or the following difference but not to exceed the levy limitation under subdivision 1:

(a) the product of \$1,700 times the estimated number of total pupil units for the 1987-1988 school year; less

(b) the estimated amount of any payments which would reduce the district's foundation aid entitlement as provided in section 124A.035, subdivision 4, in the school year in which the levy is recognized as revenue.

A levy made by a district under this subdivision shall be construed to be the levy made by that district under subdivision 1 for purposes of statutory cross-reference.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124A.032, is amended to read:

**124A.032 [ANNUAL FOUNDATION AID APPROPRIATION.]**

There is annually appropriated from the general fund to the department of education the amount necessary for foundation aid or general education aid. This amount shall be reduced by the amount of any funds specifically appropriated for the same purpose in any year from any state fund.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124A.21, is amended to read:

124A.21 [ISOLATED SCHOOL AID FOR ST. LOUIS COUNTY DISTRICT.]

In the ~~1985-1986 and 1986-1987~~ 1987-1988 school years year, a district having more than 2,500 square miles in area and operating six or more secondary schools shall be entitled to additional foundation aid. The additional aid shall equal \$50 times the actual pupil units in each of these the school years year.

Sec. 11. [124A.22] [GENERAL EDUCATION REVENUE.]

Subdivision 1. [GENERAL EDUCATION REVENUE.] The general education revenue for each district equals the sum of the district's basic revenue, compensatory education revenue, training and experience revenue, and sparsity revenue.

Subd. 2. [BASIC REVENUE.] The basic revenue for each district equals the formula allowance times the actual pupil units for the school year. The formula allowance is \$2,735 for the 1988-1989 school year.

Subd. 3. [COMPENSATORY EDUCATION REVENUE.] The compensatory education revenue for each district equals the formula allowance times the AFDC pupil units counted according to section 2 for the school year.

Subd. 4. [TRAINING AND EXPERIENCE REVENUE.] The training and experience revenue for each district equals the greater of zero or the result of the following computation:

(a) Subtract 1.6 from the training and experience index.

(b) Multiply the result in clause (a) by the product of \$700 times the actual pupil units for the school year.

Subd. 5. [DEFINITIONS.] The definitions in this subdivision apply only to subdivision 6.

(a) "High school" means a secondary school that has pupils enrolled in at least the 10th, 11th, and 12th grades. If there is no secondary school in the district that has pupils enrolled in at least the 10th, 11th, and 12th grades, the commissioner shall designate one school in the district as a high school for the purposes of this section.

(b) "Secondary average daily membership" means, for a district that has only one high school, the average daily membership of resident pupils in grades seven through 12. For a district that has more than one high school, "secondary average daily membership" for each high school means the product of the average daily mem-

bership of resident pupils in grades seven through 12 in the high school, times the ratio of six to the number of grades in the high school.

(c) "Attendance area" means the total surface area of the district, in square miles, divided by the number of high schools in the district.

(d) "Isolation index" for a high school means the square root of one-half the attendance area plus the distance in miles, according to the usually-traveled routes, between the high school and the nearest high school.

(e) "Qualifying high school" means a high school that has an isolation index greater than 23 and that has secondary average daily membership of less than 400.

Subd. 6. [SPARSITY REVENUE.] A district's sparsity revenue for a school year equals the sum of the results of the following calculation for each qualifying high school in the district:

(1) the formula allowance for the school year, multiplied by

(2) the secondary average daily membership of the high school, multiplied by

(3) the quotient obtained by dividing 400 minus the secondary average daily membership by 400 plus the secondary daily membership, multiplied by

(4) the lesser of one or the quotient obtained by dividing the isolation index minus 23 by ten.

## Sec. 12. [124A.23] [GENERAL EDUCATION LEVY AND AID.]

Subdivision 1. [GENERAL EDUCATION MILL RATE.] The commissioner of revenue shall establish the general education mill rate and certify it to the commissioner of education by August 1 of each year for levies payable in the following year. The general education mill rate shall be a rate, rounded up to the nearest tenth of a mill, that, when applied to the adjusted assessed valuation for all districts, raises the amount specified in this subdivision. The general education mill rate for the 1989 fiscal year shall be the rate that raises \$1,079,000,000. The general education mill rate certified by the commissioner of revenue must not be changed due to changes or corrections made to a district's adjusted assessed valuation after the mill rate has been certified.

Subd. 2. [GENERAL EDUCATION LEVY.] To obtain general education revenue, a district may levy an amount not to exceed the

general education mill rate times the adjusted assessed valuation of the district for the preceding year. If the amount of the general education levy would exceed the general education revenue, the general education levy shall be determined according to subdivision 3. The adjusted assessed valuation must be determined each year by the equalization aid review committee according to section 124.2131.

Subd. 3. [GENERAL EDUCATION LEVY; DISTRICTS OFF THE FORMULA.] If the amount of the general education levy for a district exceeds the district's general education revenue, the amount of the general education levy shall be limited to the following:

- (1) the district's general education revenue; plus
- (2) the amount of the aid reduction for the same school year according to section 13; minus
- (3) payments made for the same school year according to section 124A.035, subdivision 4.

For purposes of statutory cross-reference, a levy made according to this subdivision shall be construed to be the levy made according to subdivision 2.

Subd. 4. [GENERAL EDUCATION AID.] A district's general education aid is the difference between the general education revenue and the general education levy, multiplied times the ratio of the actual amount levied to the permitted levy.

Subd. 5. [USES OF REVENUE.] General education revenue may be used during the regular school year and the summer for general and special school purposes.

### Sec. 13. [124A.24] [GENERAL EDUCATION LEVY EQUITY.]

If a district's general education levy is determined according to section 12, subdivision 3, an amount must be deducted from state aid authorized in chapters 124 and 124A, receivable for the same school year, and from other state payments receivable for the same school year authorized in sections 273.115; 273.116; 273.123, subdivision 6; 273.13, subdivision 15a; and Laws 1983, chapter 342, article 8, section 8. The aid in section 124.646 must not be reduced.

The amount of the deduction equals the difference between:

- (1) the general education mill rate, according to section 12, times the district's adjusted assessed valuation used to determine the general education aid for the same school year; and



(2) the district's general education revenue for the same school year, according to section 11.

However, for fiscal year 1989, the amount of the deduction shall be one-fourth of the difference between clauses (1) and (2); for fiscal year 1990, the amount of the deduction shall be one-half of the difference between clauses (1) and (2); and for fiscal year 1991, the amount of the deduction shall be three-fourths of the difference between clauses (1) and (2).

Sec. 14. [124A.25] [SUPPLEMENTAL REVENUE.]

Subdivision 1. [1987-1988 REVENUE.] "1987-1988 revenue" means the sum of the following categories of revenue for a district for the 1987-1988 school year:

(1) basic foundation revenue, tier revenue, and declining pupil unit revenue, according to chapter 124A, plus any reduction to second tier revenue, according to Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124A.08, subdivision 5;

(2) teacher retirement and FICA aid, according to Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 124.2162 and 124.2163;

(3) chemical dependency aid, according to Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.246;

(4) gifted and talented education aid, according to Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.247;

(5) interdistrict cooperation aid and levy, according to Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 124.272 and 275.125, subdivision 8a;

(6) arts education aid, according to Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.275;

(7) summer program aid and levy, according to Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 124A.03 and 124A.033;

(8) programs of excellence grants, according to Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 126.60; and

(9) liability insurance levy, according to Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 466.06.

Subd. 2. [MINIMUM ALLOWANCE.] "Minimum allowance" for a district means:

(1) the district's 1987-1988 revenue, according to subdivision 1; divided by

(2) the district's 1987-1988 actual pupil units, adjusted for the change in pupil unit weighting made in article 3, section 16; plus

(3) \$40.

Subd. 3. [REVENUE AMOUNT.] If a district's minimum allowance exceeds the amount of its general education revenue per actual pupil unit for a school year, the district shall receive supplemental revenue equal to the amount of the excess times the actual pupil units for the school year.

Subd. 4. [SUPPLEMENTAL LEVY.] To obtain supplemental revenue, a district may levy an amount not to exceed the product of its supplemental revenue for the school year times the lesser of one or the ratio of its general education levy to its general education revenue for the same year.

Subd. 5. [SUPPLEMENTAL AID.] A district's supplemental aid is the difference between its supplemental revenue and its supplemental levy, times the ratio of the actual amount levied to the permitted levy.

Subd. 6. [USES OF REVENUE.] Supplemental revenue may be used during the regular school year and the summer for general and special school purposes.

Sec. 15. [124A.26] [REDUCTION TO GENERAL EDUCATION REVENUE.]

Subdivision 1. [REVENUE REDUCTION.] A district's general education revenue for a school year shall be reduced if the net unappropriated operating fund balance as of June 30 in the second prior school year exceeds \$600 times the actual pupil units in the second prior year. The amount of the reduction shall equal the lesser of:

(1) the amount of the excess, or

(2) \$150 times the actual pupil units for the school year.

Subd. 2. [LEVY REDUCTION.] If a district's general education revenue is reduced, the general education levy shall be reduced by the following amount:

(1) the reduction specified in subdivision 1, times

(2) the lesser of one or the ratio of the district's general education levy to its general education revenue.

Subd. 3. [AID REDUCTION.] A district's general education aid shall be reduced by an amount equal to the difference between the revenue reduction and the levy reduction.

Sec. 16. [124A.27] [RESERVED REVENUE FOR CERTAIN PROGRAMS.]

Subdivision 1. [REQUIREMENT.] An amount equal to 1.85 percent of the basic revenue under section 11, subdivision 2, shall be reserved and may be used only to provide one or more of the programs enumerated in this section. The school board shall determine which programs to provide, the manner in which they will be provided, and the extent to which other money may be used for the programs. Except for the requirements of sections 17 and 18, the remaining general education revenue under section 11 and supplemental revenue under section 14 may be used to provide one or more of the programs enumerated in this section.

Subd. 2. [STATE ASSISTANCE.] The state board of education and the commissioner of education shall provide assistance to school boards offering the programs enumerated in this section. The state board or commissioner may establish an advisory committee for any program area. Technical assistance shall be provided commensurate with school board and district needs. State board of education rules apply to all programs or portions of programs offered.

Subd. 3. [SEPARATE RECORDS.] A district offering any program enumerated in this section shall maintain records of the expenditures for each program offered.

Subd. 4. [ARTS EDUCATION.] A school board may use the reserved revenue to provide a variety of arts education programs for its pupils and staff. The programs may involve staff development, curriculum offerings, and arts activities for all forms of creative and artistic endeavors.

Subd. 5. [CHEMICAL ABUSE PREVENTION.] A school board may use the reserved revenue to offer a program to prevent chemical abuse among pupils in public and nonpublic schools and area vocational technical institutes.

Subd. 6. [GIFTED AND TALENTED.] A school board may use the reserved revenue to offer programs for gifted and talented pupils.

Subd. 7. [INTERDISTRICT COOPERATION TO EXPAND CURRICULUM.] A school board may use the reserved revenue to expand curricular offerings in secondary mathematics, secondary science, foreign languages, and computer usage by entering into cooperation agreements with other school boards. The agreements shall emphasize instruction and minimize administrative costs.

Subd. 8. [PROGRAMS OF EXCELLENCE.] A school board may use the reserved revenue for a secondary academic program designated by the commissioner of education as a program of excellence. The commissioner shall establish criteria for the programs of excellence and may approve applications of not more than 100 nonresident pupils to attend the programs full-time. The district of attendance may count a pupil attending a program as a resident pupil for the purpose of determining aids and levies.

Subd. 9. [SUMMER PROGRAMS.] A school board may use the reserved revenue to provide summer instructional programs that are offered for credit or required for graduation or that provide academic enrichment or remediation. The reserved revenue may not be used for recreational sports, leisure activities, entertainment, recreational activities, crafts, hobbies, or any other classes of a similar nature. Summer programs for a handicapped pupil shall relate to the pupil's individual education plan.

Subd. 10. [LIABILITY INSURANCE.] A school board may use the reserved revenue to procure liability insurance, according to section 466.06.

Sec. 17. [124A.28] [COMPENSATORY EDUCATION REVENUE.]

Subdivision 1. [USE OF THE REVENUE.] The compensatory education revenue under section 11, subdivision 3, may be used only to meet the special educational needs of pupils whose educational achievement is below the level that is appropriate for pupils of their age. These needs may be met by providing at least some of the following:

(1) remedial instruction in reading, language arts, and mathematics to improve the achievement level of these pupils;

(2) additional teachers and teacher aides to provide more individualized instruction to these pupils;

(3) summer programs that enable these pupils to improve their achievement or that reemphasize material taught during the regular school year;

(4) in-service education for teachers, teacher aides, principals, and other personnel to improve their ability to recognize these pupils and provide appropriate responses to the pupils' needs;

(5) for instruction of these pupils, textbooks, workbooks, periodicals, pamphlets, photographs, reproductions, filmstrips, prepared slides, prerecorded video programs, sound recordings, desk charts, games, study prints and pictures, desk maps, models, learning kits,

blocks and cubes, flashcards, instructional computer software programs, pencils, pens, crayons, notebooks, duplicating fluids, and papers;

(6) programs to reduce truancy, encourage completion of high school, enhance self-concept, provide health services, provide nutrition services, provide a safe and secure learning environment, provide coordination for pupils receiving services from other governmental agencies, provide psychological services to determine the level of social, emotional, cognitive, and intellectual development, and provide counseling services, guidance services, and social work services; and

(7) bilingual programs, bicultural programs, and programs for pupils of limited English proficiency.

Subd. 2. [SEPARATE ACCOUNTS.] Each district that receives compensatory education revenue shall maintain separate accounts to identify expenditures for salaries and programs related to this revenue.

Sec. 18. [124A.29] [RESERVED REVENUE FOR STAFF DEVELOPMENT.]

Of a district's basic revenue under section 11, subdivision 2, an amount equal to \$10 times the number of actual pupil units shall be reserved and may be used only to provide staff development programs, according to article 8, sections 27 and 28. The school board shall determine which programs to provide, the manner in which they will be provided, and the extent to which other money may be used for the programs.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 129B.43, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [AUTHORIZATION.] A school district or group of districts that wishes to receive a grant for may establish an improved learning programs may apply to the council on quality education for approval program. Programs may be approved for one portion of a school population, one or several attendance areas, or one or a group of districts.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 129B.43, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [RULES AND RIGHTS.] On recommendation of the council of quality education, The state board of education may waive school district compliance with its rules which would prevent implementation of an improved learning program. Participation in an improved learning program as a principal-teacher,

counselor-teacher, or career teacher shall not affect seniority in the district or rights under the applicable collective bargaining agreement.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.125, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [MISCELLANEOUS LEVY AUTHORIZATIONS.] A school district may levy the amounts necessary to make payments for bonds issued and for interest thereon, including the bonds and interest thereon, issued as authorized by Minnesota Statutes 1974, section 275.125, subdivision 3, clause (7) (C), as it read in Minnesota Statutes 1974; the amounts necessary for repayment of debt service loans and capital loans; the amounts necessary to pay the district's obligations under section 6.62; the amount authorized for liabilities of dissolved districts pursuant to section 122.45; the amounts necessary to pay the district's obligations under section 268.06, subdivision 25; the amounts necessary to pay for job placement services offered to employees who may become eligible for benefits pursuant to section 268.08; the amounts necessary to pay the district's obligations under section 127.05; the amounts authorized by section 122.531; and the amounts necessary to pay the district's obligations under section 122.533; and the amounts necessary to pay the district's insurance premium costs under section 466.06.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 466.06, is amended to read:

#### 466.06 [LIABILITY INSURANCE.]

The governing body of any municipality may procure insurance against liability of the municipality and its officers, employees, and agents for damages resulting from its torts and those of its officers, employees, and agents, including torts specified in section 466.03 for which the municipality is immune from liability. The insurance may provide protection in excess of the limit of liability imposed by section 466.04. ~~If the a municipality other than a school district has the authority to levy taxes, the premium costs for such insurance may be levied in excess of any per capita or millage tax limitation imposed by statute or charter. However, a school district may not levy pursuant to this section for premium costs for motor vehicle insurance protecting against injuries or damages arising out of the operation of district owned, operated, leased, or controlled vehicles for the transportation of pupils for purposes for which state aid is authorized under section 124.223, or for purposes for which the district is authorized to levy under section 275.125, subdivision 5d.~~ Any independent board or commission in the municipality having authority to disburse funds for a particular municipal function without approval of the governing body may similarly procure liability insurance with respect to the field of its operation. The procurement of such insurance constitutes a waiver of the defense of

governmental immunity to the extent of the liability stated in the policy but has no effect on the liability of the municipality beyond the coverage so provided.

Sec. 23. [MILL RATE ADJUSTMENT AID.]

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] For purposes of this section the following terms have the meanings given them.

"Fiscal year 1988 qualifying mills" means the sum of a district's basic foundation levy, tier levies, declining pupil unit levy, summer program levy, interdistrict cooperation levy and liability insurance levy for the 1987-1988 school year divided by the district's 1985 adjusted assessed valuation.

"Fiscal year 1989 qualifying mills" means the sum of a district's maximum general education levy and supplemental levy for the 1988-1989 school year divided by the district's 1986 adjusted assessed valuation.

"Excess foundation mill increase" is the greater of zero or the result obtained by subtracting the fiscal year 1988 qualifying mills plus 0.002 from the fiscal year 1989 qualifying mills.

Subd. 2. [MILL RATE ADJUSTMENT AID.] For the 1988-1989 school year a district shall receive mill rate adjustment aid equal to one-half of the excess foundation mill increase times the 1986 adjusted assessed valuation.

Subd. 3. [LEVY REDUCTION; MILL RATE ADJUSTMENT AID.] For any district that will receive mill rate adjustment aid according to subdivision 2, the general education levy limitation for the 1988-1989 school year shall be reduced by the amount of the mill rate adjustment aid.

Sec. 24. [STATEWIDE AVERAGE REVENUE.]

By October 1 of each year the commissioner shall estimate the statewide average foundation revenue or general education revenue per actual pupil unit and provide that information to all school districts.

Sec. 25. [NONCOMPLIANCE WITH PAY EQUITY.]

Subdivision 1. [1987 REPORT.] A school district that employs ten or more people and that did not submit a report according to Minnesota Statutes, section 471.998, shall submit a report by October 1, 1987, to the commissioner of employee relations. The report must include:

(1) a summary of the results of the district's study of its need to establish equitable compensation for its employees;

(2) the amount of the total annual payroll of the district, and the annual cost of implementing equitable compensation; and

(3) the plan for implementing equitable compensation for the employees, including a timetable for stages of implementation. The plan must provide for complete implementation not later than December 31, 1991. The plan does not have to contain a market study.

Subd. 2. [TOTAL COST FREEZE.] Any district that does not comply with subdivision 1, must not expend for the total costs of district administration and supervision more during the 1987-1988 school year than it did during the 1986-1987 school year.

Administration and supervision costs include all costs related to the school board, office of the superintendent, central office, district support services, and administrative and supervisory staff. It includes all costs related to the administration and supervision of elementary education, secondary education, special education, vocational education, community education, food service, transportation services, building operations and maintenance, and other programs.

It does not include principals, assistant principals, direct costs of classroom teaching, and professional support services for pupils such as library, social work, health, and counseling.

The costs shall be determined according to the uniform financial accounting and reporting categories of district and school administration, district support services, and all executive and managerial salaries and their related expenditures. Expenditures related to principals and assistant principals must not be included in any category.

Subd. 3. [AID REDUCTION FOR ADMINISTRATION COSTS.] By October 1, 1987, the commissioner of employee relations shall certify to the commissioner of education the school districts that have not complied with subdivision 1. For each of these school districts, the commissioner of education shall reduce foundation aid for the 1988-1989 school year by an amount equal to five percent of the district's administration costs for the 1986-1987 school year. If the reduction exceeds the district's foundation aid, the reduction shall be made from other aids paid to the district.

Sec. 26. [APPROPRIATION.]



Subdivision 1. [TO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.] There is appropriated from the general fund to the department of education the sums indicated in this section for the fiscal years ending June 30 in the years designated.

Subd. 2. [FOUNDATION AID.] For foundation aid there is appropriated:

\$851,283,900 ..... 1988,

\$126,482,100 ..... 1989.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1988 includes \$121,712,400 for aid for fiscal year 1987 payable in fiscal year 1988 and \$729,571,500 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1989.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1989 is for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1989.

Subd. 3. [GENERAL AND SUPPLEMENTAL EDUCATION AID.] For general and supplemental education aid there is appropriated:

\$960,483,600 ..... 1989.

The appropriation is for aid for fiscal year 1989 payable in fiscal year 1989.

Subd. 4. [TEACHER RETIREMENT AND FICA AID.] For teacher retirement and FICA aid there is appropriated:

\$236,700,000 ..... 1988,

\$ 35,775,000 ..... 1989.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1988 includes \$33,975,000 for aid for fiscal year 1987 payable in fiscal year 1988 and \$202,725,000 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1988.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1989 is for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1989.

The appropriations are based on an aid entitlement of \$238,500,000 for fiscal year 1988.

Subd. 5. [SUMMER PROGRAMS.] For summer program aid according to Minnesota Statutes, section 124A.033, subdivision 3, there is appropriated:

\$8,177,800 ..... 1988.

The appropriation for fiscal year 1988 is for aid for programs in summer 1987.

Sec. 27. [REPEALER.]

Subdivision 1. [JUNE 30, 1987.] Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 124.185; 124.65; 124.66; 124A.02, subdivisions 2, 7, and 14; 124A.03, subdivisions 1, 1a, 3, 4, and 6; 124A.06, subdivision 3a; 124A.08, subdivision 3a; 124A.10, subdivision 3a; 124A.12, subdivision 3a; 124A.14, subdivision 5a; 124A.20, subdivision 2; 129B.01; 129B.02; 129B.04; 129B.05; 129B.32, subdivisions 2 and 5; 129B.33; 129B.36; and 275.125, subdivisions 3 and 8a, are repealed June 30, 1987.

Subd. 2. [MAY 30, 1988.] Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124A.033, is repealed May 30, 1988.

Subd. 3. [JUNE 30, 1988.] Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 124.17, subdivisions 1a and 2d; 124.2161; 124.2162; 124.2163; 124.246; 124.247; 124.272; 124.275; 124A.01; 124A.02, subdivisions 5, 6, 9, 11, 12, and 13; 124A.035, subdivision 1; 124A.06, subdivisions 1, 1a, 1b, 2, and 4; 124A.08, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, and 5; 124A.10, subdivisions 1, 2, and 4; 124A.12, subdivisions 1, 2, and 4; 124A.14, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6; 124A.16; 124A.20, subdivisions 1 and 3; 124A.21; 126.031, subdivision 2; 126.60; 126.62; 126.64; 129B.43, subdivisions 2, 3, and 6; 129B.61; 129B.62; 129B.63; 129B.64; 129B.65; 129B.66; and 129B.67 are repealed June 30, 1988.

Subd. 4. [EFFECT OF REPEALER.] According to Minnesota Statutes, section 645.35, the repeal of the sections listed in this section does not affect the right of a school district to receive nor the obligation of the commissioner of education to pay aids payable in fiscal year 1989, that are attributable to the 1987-1988 school year under or by virtue of the sections repealed.

Sec. 28. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18 are effective for revenue for the 1988-1989 school year and thereafter.

## ARTICLE 2

### TRANSPORTATION

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.223, is amended to read:

## 124.223 [TRANSPORTATION AID AUTHORIZATION.]

School transportation and related services for which state transportation aid is authorized are:

(1) [TO AND FROM SCHOOL; BETWEEN SCHOOLS.] Transportation or board of resident elementary pupils who reside one mile or more from the public schools which they could attend; transportation or board of resident secondary pupils who reside two miles or more from the public schools which they could attend; transportation to, from, or between the schools the resident pupils attend pursuant to a program approved by the commissioner of education; transportation of resident elementary pupils who reside one mile or more from a nonpublic school actually attended; transportation of resident secondary pupils who reside two miles or more from a nonpublic school actually attended; but with respect to transportation of pupils to nonpublic schools actually attended, only to the extent permitted by sections 123.76 to 123.79;

For the purposes of this clause, a district may designate a licensed day care facility or the residence of a relative as the home of a pupil for part or all of the day, if requested by the pupil's parent or guardian and if that facility or residence is within the attendance area of the school the pupil attends.

(2) [OUTSIDE DISTRICT.] Transportation to and from or board and lodging in another district, of resident pupils of a district without a secondary school; the pupils may attend a classified secondary school in another district and shall receive board and lodging in or transportation to and from a district having a classified secondary school at the expense of the district of the pupil's residence;

(3) [SECONDARY VOCATIONAL CENTERS.] Transportation to and from a state board approved secondary vocational center for secondary vocational classes for resident pupils of any of the districts who are members of or participating in programs at that center;

(4) [HANDICAPPED.] Transportation or board and lodging of a handicapped pupil when that pupil cannot be transported on a regular school bus, the conveying of handicapped pupils between home and school and within the school plant, necessary transportation of handicapped pupils from home or from school to other buildings, including centers such as developmental achievement centers, hospitals and treatment centers where special instruction or services required by section 120.17 are provided, within or outside the district where services are provided, and necessary transportation for resident handicapped pupils required by section 120.17, subdivision 4a. Transportation of handicapped pupils between home and school shall not be subject to any distance requirement for children not yet enrolled in kindergarten or to the requirement in

clause (1) that elementary pupils reside at least one mile from school and secondary pupils reside at least two miles from school in order for the transportation to qualify for aid;

(5) [BOARD AND LODGING; NONRESIDENT HANDICAPPED.] When necessary, board and lodging for nonresident handicapped pupils in a district maintaining special classes;

(6) [SHARED TIME.] Transportation from one educational facility to another within the district for resident pupils enrolled on a shared time basis in educational programs approved by the commissioner of education, and necessary transportation required by section 120.17, subdivision 9 for resident handicapped pupils who are provided special instruction and services on a shared time basis;

(7) [FARIBAULT STATE SCHOOLS ACADEMIES.] Transportation for residents to and from the Minnesota school state academy for the deaf or the Minnesota braille and sight-saving school state academy for the blind;

(8) [SUMMER INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAMS.] Services described in clauses (1) to (7) and (9) and (10) when provided in conjunction with a summer program eligible for aid and levy under sections 124A.03 and 124A.033;

(9) [COOPERATIVE ACADEMIC AND VOCATIONAL.] Transportation to, from or between educational facilities located in any of two or more school districts jointly offering academic classes approved by the commissioner or secondary vocational classes not provided at a secondary vocational center which are approved by the commissioner for resident pupils of any of these districts; and

(10) [NONPUBLIC SUPPORT SERVICES.] Necessary transportation within district boundaries between a nonpublic school and a public school or a neutral site for nonpublic school pupils who are provided pupil support services pursuant to section 123.935.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.225, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] For purposes of this section, the terms defined in this subdivision have the meanings given to them.

(a) "FTE" means a transported full-time equivalent pupil whose transportation is authorized for aid purposes by section 124.223.

(b) "Authorized cost for regular transportation" means the sum of:

(1) all expenditures for transportation in the regular category, as defined in clause (e)(1), for which aid is authorized in section 124.223, plus

(2) an amount equal to one year's depreciation on the district's school bus fleet and mobile units computed on a straight line basis at the rate of 12½ percent per year of the cost of the fleet, plus

(3) an amount equal to one year's depreciation on district school buses reconditioned by the department of corrections computed on a straight line basis at the rate of 33⅓ percent per year of the cost to the district of the reconditioning, plus

(4) an amount equal to one year's depreciation on the district's type three school buses, as defined in section 169.44, subdivision 15, which were purchased after July 1, 1982 for authorized transportation of pupils, with the prior approval of the commissioner, computed on a straight line basis at the rate of 20 percent per year of the cost of the type three school buses.

(c) "Adjusted authorized predicted cost per FTE" means the authorized cost predicted by a multiple regression formula determined by the department of education, and adjusted pursuant to subdivision 7a.

(d) "Aid entitlement per FTE" means the adjusted authorized predicted cost per FTE, inflated pursuant to subdivision 7b.

(e) "Transportation category" means a category of transportation service provided to pupils. For the 1984-1985 and 1985-1986 school years, each category includes transportation provided during the regular school year and in conjunction with a summer program eligible for aid and levy under sections 124A.03 and 124A.033. For purposes of this section, transportation categories for the 1984-1985 and 1985-1986 school years are as follows:

(1) regular transportation is transportation services provided under section 124.223, clauses (1) and (2), excluding transportation between schools under section 124.223, clause (1);

(2) nonregular transportation is transportation services provided between schools under section 124.223, clause (1); and transportation services provided under section 124.223, clauses (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (9), and (10).

(1) For the purposes of this section, transportation categories for the 1986-1987 and 1987-1988 school year and thereafter years are as follows:

(1) (i) regular transportation is transportation services provided during the regular school year under section 124.223, clauses (1) and (2), excluding transportation between schools under section 124.223, clause (1); and

(2) (ii) nonregular transportation is transportation services provided between schools under section 124.223, clause (1); and transportation services provided under section 124.223, clauses (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), and (10).

(2) For purposes of this section, for the 1988-1989 school year and after:

(i) regular transportation is transportation services provided during the regular school year under section 124.223, clauses (1) and (2), excluding the following transportation services provided under section 124.223, clause (1): transportation between schools; noon transportation to and from school for kindergarten pupils attending half-day sessions; late transportation home from school for pupils involved in after school activities; transportation of pupils to and from schools located outside their normal attendance areas under the provisions of a plan for desegregation mandated by the state board of education or under court order; and

(ii) nonregular transportation is transportation services provided under section 124.223, clause (1) that are excluded from the regular category, and transportation services provided under section 124.223, clauses (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), and (10).

(f) "Pupil weighting factor" means the ratio of the actual district average cost per FTE in a particular transportation category in the base year to the actual district average cost per FTE in the regular transportation category in the base year.

(g) "Weighted FTE's" means the number of FTE's in each transportation category multiplied by the pupil weighting factor for that category.

(h) "Mobile unit" means a vehicle or trailer designed to provide facilities for educational programs and services, including diagnostic testing, guidance and counseling services and health services. A mobile unit located off nonpublic school premises is a neutral site as defined in section 123.932, subdivision 9.

(i) (g) "Current year" means the school year for which aid will be paid.

(j) (h) "Base year" means the second school year preceding the school year for which aid will be paid.

~~(k)~~ (i) "Base cost" for the 1984-1985 and 1985-1986 base years means the authorized regular transportation cost per FTE in the base year in the regular transportation category, excluding summer school transportation. Base cost for the 1986-1987 base year and after means the ratio of:

(1) the sum of:

(i) the authorized cost in the base year for regular transportation as defined in clause (b), plus

(ii) the actual cost in the base year for transportation to and from school of secondary pupils who live more than one mile but less than two miles from the public school that they could attend or from the nonpublic school actually attended, plus

(iii) the actual cost in the base year for transportation costs which are necessary because of extraordinary traffic hazards,

(2) to the sum of:

(i) the number of FTE pupils transported in the regular category in the base year, plus

(ii) the number of secondary pupils transported to and from school in the base year who live more than one mile but less than two miles from the public school that they could attend or from the nonpublic school actually attended, plus

(iii) the number of pupils residing less than one mile from school who were transported to and from school in the base year because of extraordinary traffic hazards.

~~(k)~~ (j) "Predicted base cost" means the base cost as predicted by subdivision 3.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.225, subdivision 4b, is amended to read:

Subd. 4b. [FORMULA TERMS, 1984-1985 AND AFTER.] (a) To predict the logarithm of the base cost for each district pursuant to subdivision 3 for each school year the 1985-1986 base year, the multiple regression formula shall use the following terms for each district:

(1) the logarithm of the lesser of (a) the number of authorized FTE's per square mile transported by the district in the regular transportation category, or (b) 200;

(2) whether the district is nonrural, based upon criteria established by the department of education; and

(3) the logarithm of the percentage of all FTE's transported in the regular category using buses that are not owned by the district.

(b) To predict the logarithm of the base cost for each district according to subdivision 3 for the 1986-1987 base year and thereafter, the multiple regression formula shall use the following terms for each district:

(1) the logarithm of the lesser of:

(A) 200; or

(B) the quotient obtained by dividing the sum of:

(i) the number of FTE pupils transported in the regular category in the base year, plus

(ii) the number of secondary pupils transported to and from school in the base year who live more than one mile but less than two miles from the public school that they could attend or from the nonpublic school actually attended, plus

(iii) the number of pupils residing less than one mile from school who were transported to and from school in the base year because of extraordinary traffic hazards,

(C) by the area of the district in square miles;

(2) whether the district is nonrural, based upon criteria established by the department of education; and

(3) the logarithm of the percentage of all FTE's transported in the regular category using buses that are not owned by the district.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.225, subdivision 7b, is amended to read:

Subd. 7b. [INFLATION FACTORS.] The adjusted authorized predicted cost per FTE determined for a district under subdivision 7a for the base year shall be increased by ~~4.3~~ 6.0 percent to determine the district's aid entitlement per FTE for the ~~1984-1985~~ 1986-1987 school year, by ~~8.9~~ 4.9 percent to determine the district's aid entitlement per FTE for the ~~1985-1986~~ 1987-1988 school year, and by ~~6.0~~ 4.1 percent to determine the district's aid entitlement per FTE for the ~~1986-1987~~ 1988-1989 school year.



Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.225, subdivision 8a, is amended to read:

Subd. 8a. [AID.] ~~For the 1984-1985 and 1985-1986 school years a district's transportation aid shall be equal to the sum of its basic transportation aid pursuant to subdivision 8b, its nonregular transportation aid pursuant to subdivision 8i, and its nonregular transportation levy equalization aid pursuant to subdivision 8j, minus its contracted services aid reduction pursuant to subdivision 8k, minus the amount raised by 1.75 mills times the adjusted assessed valuation which is used to compute the transportation levy limitation for the levy attributable to that school year. A district may levy less than the amount raised by 1.75 mills. Transportation aid shall be computed as if the district had levied the amount raised by 1.75 mills.~~

(a) ~~For the 1986-1987 and 1987-1988 school year and each year thereafter years, a district's transportation aid shall be equal to the sum of its basic transportation aid pursuant to subdivision 8b, its nonregular transportation aid pursuant to subdivision 8i, and its nonregular transportation levy equalization aid pursuant to subdivision 8j, minus its contracted services aid reduction pursuant to subdivision 8k, minus the amount raised by 2.25 mills times the adjusted assessed valuation which is used to compute the transportation levy limitation for the levy attributable to that school year. A district may levy less than the amount raised by 2.25 mills. Transportation aid shall be computed as if the district had levied the amount raised by 2.25 mills.~~

(b) For the 1988-1989 school year and thereafter, a district's transportation aid is equal to the sum of its basic transportation aid under subdivision 8b, its nonregular transportation aid under subdivision 8i, and its nonregular transportation levy equalization aid under subdivision 8j, minus its contracted services aid reduction under subdivision 8k, minus its basic transportation levy limitation for the levy attributable to that school year under section 275.125, subdivision 5.

(c) If the total appropriation for transportation aid for any fiscal year is insufficient to pay all districts the full amount of aid earned, the department of education shall reduce each district's aid in proportion to the number of resident pupils in average daily membership in the district to the state total average daily membership, and shall reduce the aid entitlement of off-formula districts in the same proportion.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.225, subdivision 8i, is amended to read:

Subd. 8i. [NONREGULAR TRANSPORTATION AID.] ~~For the 1984-1985 school year and each year thereafter, (a) A district's~~

nonregular transportation aid shall be determined pursuant according to this subdivision.

(b) For the 1986-1987 and 1987-1988 school years, nonregular transportation aid shall equal ~~(a)~~ (1) 20 percent of the first \$10 of actual cost in the current year for nonregular transportation services per total pupil unit, plus 40 percent of the next \$10 of actual cost in the current year for nonregular transportation services per total pupil unit, plus 60 percent of the actual cost in the current year for nonregular transportation services per total pupil unit which exceeds \$20, times ~~(b)~~ (2) the number of total pupil units in the district in the current year.

(c) For the 1988-1989 school year and thereafter, nonregular transportation aid equals (1) 60 percent of the actual cost in the current year for nonregular transportation services per total pupil unit which exceeds \$30, times (2) the number of total pupil units in the district in the current year.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.225, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. [DEPRECIATION.] Any school district which owns school buses or mobile units shall transfer annually from the unappropriated fund balance account in its transportation fund to the appropriated fund balance account for bus purchases in its transportation fund at least an amount equal to 12½ percent of the original cost of each type one or type two bus or mobile unit until the original cost of each type one or type two bus or mobile unit is fully amortized, plus 20 percent of the original cost of each type three bus included in the district's authorized cost under the provisions of subdivision 1, clause (b)(4), until the original cost of each type three bus is fully amortized, plus 33½ percent of the cost to the district as of July 1 of each year for school bus reconditioning done by the department of corrections until the cost of the reconditioning is fully amortized; provided, if the district's transportation aid is reduced pursuant to subdivision 8a because the appropriation for that year is insufficient, this amount shall be reduced in proportion to the reduction pursuant to subdivision 8a as a percentage of the sum of

(1) the district's total transportation aid without the reduction pursuant to subdivision 8a, plus

(2) for fiscal years 1985 and 1986 an amount equal to 1.75 mills times the adjusted assessed valuation of the district for the preceding year, and for fiscal year 1987 and thereafter, 2.25 mills times the adjusted assessed valuation of the district for the preceding year the district's basic transportation levy limitation under section 275.125, subdivision 5, plus

(3) the district's contract services aid, reduction under subdivision 8k, plus

(4) the district's nonregular transportation levy limitation under section 275.125, subdivision 5c.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.125, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [BASIC TRANSPORTATION LEVY.] For school transportation services, a school district may levy an amount not to exceed the amount raised by a levy of 2.25 mills times the adjusted assessed valuation of the taxable property of the district for the preceding year. Each year, a school district may levy for school transportation services an amount not to exceed the amount raised by the basic transportation mill rate times the adjusted assessed valuation of the district for the preceding year. The commissioner of revenue shall establish the basic transportation mill rate and certify it to the commissioner of education by August 1 of each year for levies payable in the following year. The basic transportation mill rate shall be a rate, rounded up to the nearest hundredth of a mill, that, when applied to the adjusted assessed valuation of taxable property for all districts, raises the amount specified in this subdivision. The basic transportation mill rate for the 1987 payable 1988 levies and for transportation aid for the 1988-1989 school year shall be the rate that raises \$71,256,100. The basic transportation mill rate certified by the commissioner of revenue must not be changed due to changes or corrections made to a district's adjusted assessed valuation after the mill rate has been certified.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.125, subdivision 5c, is amended to read:

Subd. 5c. [NONREGULAR TRANSPORTATION LEVY.] A school district may also make a levy for unreimbursed nonregular transportation costs pursuant to this subdivision. The amount of the levy shall not exceed the product of:

(a) the district's unreimbursed nonregular transportation revenue determined pursuant to section 124.225, subdivision 8j, clause (a), times

(b) the lesser of

(i) one, or

(ii) the ratio of the district's adjusted assessed valuation for the preceding year per total pupil unit in the school year to which the levy is attributable, to the equalizing factor for the school year to which the levy is attributable \$83,800.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.125, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5e. [EXCESS TRANSPORTATION LEVY.] A school district may make a levy for excess transportation costs according to this subdivision. The amount of the levy shall be the result of the following computation:

(a) Multiply the base cost computed using data for the current school year according to section 124.225, subdivision 1, paragraph (k), by the sum of the number of secondary pupils transported to and from school in the current year who live more than one mile but less than two miles from the public school which they could attend or the nonpublic school actually attended, plus the number of pupils residing less than one mile from school who were transported to and from school in the current year due to extraordinary traffic hazards.

(b) Add to the result in paragraph (a) the actual cost in the current year of other related services that are necessary because of extraordinary traffic hazards.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.125, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5f. [BUS PURCHASE LEVY.] A school district may levy the amount necessary to eliminate any projected deficit in the reserved fund balance account for bus purchases in its transportation fund as of June 30 of the school year beginning in the calendar year following the calendar year the levy is certified.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.125, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5g. [CONTRACTED SERVICES LEVY.] A school district may levy an amount equal to the aid subtraction computed according to section 124.225, subdivision 8k, for the school year beginning in the year the levy is certified.

Sec. 13. [APPROPRIATIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [TO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.] There is appropriated from the general fund to the department of education the sums indicated in this section for the fiscal years ending June 30 in the years designated.

Subd. 2. [TRANSPORTATION AID.] For transportation aid there is appropriated:

\$90,477,000 ..... 1988,

\$87,334,800 ..... 1989.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1988 includes \$12,194,300 for aid for fiscal year 1987 payable in fiscal year 1988 and \$78,282,700 for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1988.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1989 includes \$13,814,600 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1989 and \$73,520,200 for fiscal year 1989 payable in fiscal year 1989.

The appropriations are based on aid entitlements of \$92,097,200 for fiscal year 1988 and \$86,494,300 for fiscal year 1989.

Subd. 3. [TRANSPORTATION AID FOR POST-SECONDARY ENROLLMENT OPTIONS.] For transportation of pupils who attend post-secondary institutions according to Minnesota Statutes, section 123.3514, there is appropriated:

\$75,000 ..... 1988,

\$75,000 ..... 1989.

The commissioner shall allocate this appropriation among school districts based upon guidelines adopted by the state board of education under Minnesota Statutes, section 123.3514, subdivision 8.

Subd. 4. [DESEGREGATION TRANSPORTATION GRANTS.] For transportation grants to districts implementing desegregation plans mandated by the state board:

\$5,234,200 ..... 1988.

Of this amount, \$1,966,500 shall be allocated to independent school district No. 625, St. Paul; and \$3,267,700 to special school district No. 1, Minneapolis. These amounts may be used only for unreimbursed costs for desegregation transportation during the 1986-1987 and 1987-1988 school years.

Sec. 14. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 124.225, subdivision 1a, and 275.125, subdivision 5d, are repealed.

### ARTICLE 3

#### SPECIAL PROGRAMS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 120.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Every child who has a hearing impairment, visual handicap, speech or language impairment, physical handicap, other health impairment, mental handicap, emotional/behavioral disorder, specific learning disability, or deaf/blind handicap and needs special instruction and services, as determined by the standards of the state board, is a handicapped child. In addition, every child under age five who needs special instruction and services, as determined by the standards of the state board, because the child has a substantial delay or has an identifiable physical or mental condition known to hinder normal development is a handicapped child.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 120.17, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [SPECIAL INSTRUCTION FOR HANDICAPPED CHILDREN.] Every district shall provide special instruction and services, either within the district or in another district, for handicapped children of school age who are residents of the district and who are handicapped as set forth in section 120.03. School age means the ages of three to five who are handicapped as defined in section 120.03 and old but shall not extend beyond secondary school or its equivalent. For purposes of this subdivision, the age of a handicapped child shall be the age as of September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the child seeks special instruction and services commences. Every district may provide special instruction and services for handicapped children who have not attained school age. Local health, education, and social service agencies shall refer children from under age three to five who are known to need or suspected of needing special instruction and services to the school district. A school district is encouraged to contract with a developmental achievement center when the center is cost efficient for the district and when the center provides continuity of special instruction and services for handicapped children under the age of five and their families. Districts with less than the minimum number of eligible handicapped children as determined by the state board shall cooperate with other districts to maintain a full range of programs for education and services for handicapped children. This subdivision does not alter the compulsory attendance requirements of section 120.10.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 120.17, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1b. [HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA.] Upon completion of secondary school or the equivalent, a handicapped pupil who satisfactorily attains the objectives in the pupil's individual education plan shall be granted a high school diploma that is identical to the diploma granted to a nonhandicapped pupil.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 120.17, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [METHOD OF SPECIAL INSTRUCTION.] Special instruction and services for handicapped children must be based on the assessment and individual education plan. The instruction and services may be provided by one or more of the following methods:

(a) in connection with attending regular elementary and secondary school classes;

(b) establishment of special classes;

(c) at the home or bedside of the child;

(d) in other districts;

(e) instruction and services ~~in~~ by special education cooperative centers established under this section, or in another member district of the cooperative center to which the resident district of the handicapped child belongs;

(f) ~~in a state university laboratory school or a University of Minnesota laboratory school;~~

(g) in a state residential school or a school department of a state institution approved by the commissioner;

~~(h)~~ (g) in other states;

~~(i)~~ (h) by contracting with public, private or voluntary agencies;

~~(j)~~ (i) for children under age five and their families, programs and services established through collaborative efforts with other agencies ~~or within the district; and~~

(j) for children under age five and their families, programs in which handicapped children are served with nonhandicapped children; and

(k) any other method approved by the commissioner.

Preference shall be given to providing special instruction and services to children under age three and their families in the residence of the child with the parent or primary caregiver, or both, present.

The primary responsibility for the education of a handicapped child shall remain with the district of the child's residence regardless of which method of providing special instruction and services is

used. The district of residence must inform the parents of the child about the methods of instruction that are available.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 120.17, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [RULES OF THE STATE BOARD.] The state board shall promulgate rules relative to qualifications of essential personnel, courses of study, methods of instruction, pupil eligibility, size of classes, rooms, equipment, supervision, parent consultation, and any other rules it deems necessary for instruction of handicapped children. These rules shall provide standards and procedures appropriate for the implementation of and within the limitations of subdivisions 3a and 3b. These rules shall also provide standards for the discipline, control, management and protection of handicapped children. The state board shall not adopt rules for pupils served in level 1, 2, or 3, as defined in Minnesota Rules, part 3525.2340, establishing either case loads or the maximum number of pupils that may be assigned to special education teachers. The state board, in consultation with the departments of health and human services, ~~may adopt emergency rules and~~ shall adopt permanent rules for instruction and services for children ~~from~~ under age ~~three to five~~ and their families. Until June 30, 1988, a developmental achievement center contracting with under contract to a school district to provide special instruction and services is eligible for variance from rules relating to personnel licensure. Until June 30, 1988, the licensure variance for a developmental achievement center shall be granted according to the same procedures and criteria used for granting a variance to a school district. The state board shall, according to section 14.05, subdivision 4, notify a district applying for a variance from the rules within 45 calendar days of receiving the request whether the request for the variance has been granted or denied. If a request is denied, the board shall specify the program standards used to evaluate the request and the reasons for denying the request.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 120.17, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

Subd. 3a. [SCHOOL DISTRICT OBLIGATIONS.] Every district shall ensure that:

(a) (1) all handicapped children are provided the special instruction and services which are appropriate to their needs; The student's needs and the special education instruction and services to be provided shall be agreed upon through the development of an individual education plan. The plan shall address the student's need to develop skills to live and work as independently as possible within the community. By grade nine or age 14, the plan shall address the student's needs for transition from secondary services to post-secondary education and training, employment, and community living;



(b) (2) ~~handicapped children from under age three to five~~ and their families are provided special instruction and services appropriate to the child's level of functioning and needs;

(c) (3) handicapped children and their parents or guardians are guaranteed procedural safeguards and the right to participate in decisions involving identification, assessment and educational placement of handicapped children;

(d) (4) to the maximum extent appropriate, handicapped children, including those in public or private institutions or other care facilities, are educated with children who are not handicapped, and that special classes, separate schooling, or other removal of handicapped children from the regular educational environment occurs only when and to the extent that the nature or severity of the handicap is such that education in regular classes with the use of supplementary services cannot be achieved satisfactorily;

(e) (5) in accordance with recognized professional standards, testing and evaluation materials and procedures utilized for the purposes of classification and placement of handicapped children are selected and administered so as not to be racially or culturally discriminatory; and

(f) (6) the rights of the child are protected when the parents or guardians are not known or not available, or the child is a ward of the state.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 120.17, subdivision 3b, is amended to read:

Subd. 3b. [PROCEDURES FOR DECISIONS.] Every district shall utilize at least the following procedures for decisions involving identification, assessment and educational placement of handicapped children:

(a) Parents and guardians shall receive prior written notice of:

(1) any proposed formal educational assessment or proposed denial of a formal educational assessment of their child;

(2) a proposed placement of their child in, transfer from or to, or denial of placement in a special education program; or

(3) the proposed provision, addition, denial or removal of special education services for their child;

(b) The district shall not proceed with the initial formal assessment of a child, the initial placement of a child in a special education program or the initial provision of special education services for a

child without the prior written consent of the child's parent or guardian. The refusal of a parent or guardian to consent may be overridden by the decision in a hearing held pursuant to clause (d) at the district's initiative after ~~at least one attempt to obtain this consent through a conciliation conference held pursuant to clause (e);~~

(c) Parents and guardians shall have an opportunity to meet with appropriate district staff in at least one conciliation conference if they object to any proposal of which they are notified pursuant to clause (a). The conciliation process shall not be used to deny or delay a parent or guardian's right to a due process hearing. If the parent or guardian refuses efforts by the district to conciliate the dispute with the school district, the requirement of an opportunity for conciliation shall be deemed to be satisfied;

(d) Parents, guardians and the district shall have an opportunity to obtain an impartial due process hearing initiated and conducted in the school district where the child resides, if ~~after at least one conciliation conference~~ the parent or guardian continues to object to:

(1) a proposed formal educational assessment or proposed denial of a formal educational assessment of their child;

(2) the proposed placement of their child in, or transfer of their child to a special education program;

(3) the proposed denial of placement of their child in a special education program or the transfer of their child from a special education program;

(4) the proposed provision or addition of special education services for their child; or

(5) the proposed denial or removal of special education services for their child.

At least five calendar days before the hearing, the objecting party shall provide the other party with a brief written statement of the objection and the reasons for the objection.

The hearing shall take place before an impartial hearing officer mutually agreed to by the school board and the parent or guardian. If the school board and the parent or guardian are unable to agree on a hearing officer, the school board shall request the commissioner to appoint a hearing officer. The hearing officer shall not be a school board member or employee of the school district where the child resides or of the child's school district of residence, an employee of any other public agency involved in the education or care of the child, or any person with a personal or professional interest which

would conflict with the person's objectivity at the hearing. A person who otherwise qualifies as a hearing officer is not an employee of the district solely because the person is paid by the district to serve as a hearing officer. If the hearing officer requests an independent educational assessment of a child, the cost of the assessment shall be at district expense. The proceedings shall be recorded and preserved, at the expense of the school district, pending ultimate disposition of the action.

(e) The decision of the hearing officer pursuant to clause (d) shall be rendered not more than 45 calendar days from the date of the receipt of the request for the hearing. A hearing officer may grant specific extensions of time beyond the 45-day period at the request of either party. The decision of the hearing officer shall be binding on all parties unless appealed to the hearing review officer by the parent, guardian, or the school board of the district where the child resides pursuant to clause (f).

The local decision shall:

(1) be in writing;

(2) state the controlling facts upon which the decision is made in sufficient detail to apprise the parties and the hearing review officer of the basis and reason for the decision;

(3) state whether the special education program or special education services appropriate to the child's needs can be reasonably provided within the resources available to the responsible district or districts;

(4) state the amount and source of any additional district expenditure necessary to implement the decision; and

(5) be based on the standards set forth in subdivision 3a and the rules of the state board.

(f) Any local decision issued pursuant to clauses (d) and (e) may be appealed to the hearing review officer within 15 calendar days of receipt of that written decision, by the parent, guardian, or the school board of the district where the child resides.

If the decision is appealed, a written transcript of the hearing shall be made by the school district and shall be accessible to the parties involved within five calendar days of the filing of the appeal. The hearing review officer shall issue a final decision based on an impartial review of the local decision and the entire record within 30 calendar days after the filing of the appeal. The hearing review officer shall seek additional evidence if necessary and may afford the parties an opportunity for written or oral argument; provided any

hearing held to seek additional evidence shall be an impartial due process hearing but shall be deemed not to be a contested case hearing for purposes of chapter 14. The hearing review officer may grant specific extensions of time beyond the 30-day period at the request of any party.

The final decision shall:

- (1) be in writing;
- (2) include findings and conclusions; and
- (3) be based upon the standards set forth in subdivision 3a and in the rules of the state board.

(g) The decision of the hearing review officer shall be final unless appealed by the parent or guardian or school board to the court of appeals. The judicial review shall be in accordance with chapter 14.

(h) The commissioner of education, having delegated general supervision of special education to the appropriate staff, shall be the hearing review officer except for appeals in which:

- (1) the commissioner has a personal interest in or specific involvement with the student who is a party to the hearing;
- (2) the commissioner has been employed as an administrator by the district that is a party to the hearing;
- (3) the commissioner has been involved in the selection of the administrators of the district that is a party to the hearing;
- (4) the commissioner has a personal, economic, or professional interest in the outcome of the hearing other than the proper administration of the federal and state laws, rules, and policies;
- (5) the appeal challenges a state or local policy which was developed with substantial involvement of the commissioner; or
- (6) the appeal challenges the actions of a department employee or official.

For any appeal to which the above exceptions apply, the state board of education shall name an impartial and competent hearing review officer.

In all appeals, the parent or guardian of the handicapped student or the district that is a party to the hearing may challenge the impartiality or competence of the proposed hearing review officer by applying to the state board of education.

(i) Pending the completion of proceedings pursuant to this subdivision, unless the district and the parent or guardian of the child agree otherwise, the child shall remain in the child's current educational placement and shall not be denied initial admission to school.

(j) The child's school district of residence, if different from the district where the child actually resides, shall receive notice of and may be a party to any hearings or appeals pursuant to this subdivision.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 120.17, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [SCHOOL OF PARENTS' CHOICE.] Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as preventing parents of a handicapped ~~educable~~ child from sending such child to a school of their choice, if they so elect, subject to admission standards and policies to be adopted pursuant according to the provisions of sections ~~128A.01 to 128A.07~~ chapter 128A, and all other provisions of chapters 120 to 129.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 120.17, subdivision 7a, is amended to read:

Subd. 7a. [ATTENDANCE AT SCHOOL FOR THE HANDICAPPED.] Responsibility for special instruction and services for a visually disabled or hearing impaired child attending the Minnesota School state academy for the deaf or the Minnesota Braille and Sight Saving School state academy for the blind shall be determined in the following manner:

(a) The legal residence of the child shall be the school district in which the child's parent or guardian resides.

(b) When it is determined pursuant to section 128A.05, subdivisions 1 or 2 that the child is entitled to attend either school, the state board shall provide the appropriate educational program for the child. The state board shall make a tuition charge to the child's district of residence for the actual cost of providing the program; provided, however, that effective for the 1983-1984 school year and thereafter, the amount of tuition charged shall not exceed the sum of \$1,000 plus the foundation aid formula allowance of the district for that child, for an entire school year, or a prorated amount based on the portion of the school year for which the child is a resident of the district or is actually in membership in the program. For purposes of this subdivision, "foundation aid formula allowance" shall have the meaning attributed to it in section 124.32, subdivision 1a. The district of the child's residence shall pay the tuition and may claim foundation aid for the child. The district of the child's residence shall not receive aid pursuant to section 124.32, subdivision 5, for tuition

paid pursuant to this subdivision. All tuition received by the state board shall be deposited in the state treasury.

(c) When it is determined that the child can benefit from public school enrollment but that the child should also remain in attendance at the applicable school, the school district where the institution is located shall provide an appropriate educational program for the child and shall make a tuition charge to the state board for the actual cost of providing the program, less any amount of aid received pursuant to section 124.32. The state board shall pay the tuition and other program costs including the unreimbursed transportation costs. Aids for handicapped children shall be paid to the district providing the special instruction and services. Special transportation shall be provided by the district providing the educational program and the state shall reimburse such district within the limits provided by law.

(d) Notwithstanding the provisions of clauses (b) and (c), the state board may agree to make a tuition charge for less than the amount specified in clause (b) for pupils attending the applicable school who are residents of the district where the institution is located and who do not board at the institution, if that district agrees to make a tuition charge to the state board for less than the amount specified in clause (c) for providing appropriate educational programs to pupils attending the applicable school.

(e) Notwithstanding the provisions of clauses (b) and (c), the state board may agree to supply staff from the Minnesota ~~School~~ state academy for the deaf and the Minnesota ~~Braille and Sight Saving School~~ state academy for the blind to participate in the programs provided by the district where the institutions are located when the programs are provided to students in attendance at the state schools.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 120.17, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 11a. [STATE INTERAGENCY COORDINATING COUNCIL.] An interagency coordinating council of 15 members is established. The members and the chair shall be appointed by the governor. The council shall be composed of at least three parents of handicapped children under age seven, a representative of each of the commissioners of education, health, and human services, three representatives of public or private providers of services for handicapped children under age five, one member of the senate, one member of the house of representatives, one representative of teacher preparation programs in early childhood-special education, at least one representative of advocacy organizations for handicapped children, and other members knowledgeable about handicapped children under age five. Section 15.059 applies to the council, except that the council is permanent and does not expire. The council shall meet at least quarterly.

The council shall address methods of implementing the state policy of developing and implementing comprehensive, coordinated, multidisciplinary interagency programs of early intervention services for handicapped children and their families.

The duties of the council include recommending policies to ensure a comprehensive and coordinated system of all state and local agency services for handicapped children under age five and their families. The policies must address how to incorporate each agency's services into a unified state and local system of multidisciplinary assessment practices, individual intervention plans, comprehensive systems to find children in need of services, methods to improve public awareness, and assistance in determining the role of interagency early intervention committees.

It is the joint responsibility of county boards and school districts to coordinate, provide, and pay for appropriate services, and to facilitate payment for services from public and private sources. Appropriate services must be determined in consultation with parents, physicians, and other educational, medical, health, and human services providers. Appropriate services include family education and counseling, home visits, occupational and physical therapy, speech pathology, audiology, psychological services, case management, medical services for diagnostic and evaluation purposes, early identification, and screening, assessment, and health services necessary to enable handicapped children to benefit from early intervention services. School districts must be the primary agency in this cooperative effort.

Each year by January 15 the council shall submit its recommendations to the education committees of the legislature, the governor, and the commissioners of education, health, and human services.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 120.17, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. [INTERAGENCY EARLY LEARNING INTERVENTION COMMITTEE.] A district, group of districts, or special education cooperative, in cooperation with the county or counties in which the district or cooperative is located, shall establish an interagency early learning intervention committee for handicapped children under age five and their families. Members of the committee shall be representatives of local and regional health, education, and county human service agencies; ~~developmental achievement centers~~ county boards; school boards; early childhood family education programs; current service providers; parents of young handicapped children; and other private or public agencies as appropriate. The committee shall elect a chair from among its members and shall meet regularly at least quarterly. The committee shall perform the following ongoing duties:

(1) identify current services and funding being provided within the community for handicapped children under the age of five and their families;

(2) establish and evaluate the identification, referral, and community learning systems to recommend, where necessary, alterations and improvements;

(3) facilitate the development of interagency individual education plans and individual service plans when necessary to appropriately serve handicapped children under the age of five and their families and recommend assignment of financial responsibilities to the appropriate agencies;

(4) implement a process for assuring that services involve cooperating agencies at all steps leading to individualized programs;

(5) review and comment on the early learning intervention section of the total special education system for the district and the county social services plan; and

(5) review and comment on the funding sources that currently exist for the services being provided to handicapped children under the age of five and their families in the area

(6) facilitate the development of a transitional plan if a service provider is not recommended to continue to provide services.

The departments of education, health, and human services are encouraged to provide assistance to the local agencies in developing cooperative plans for providing services.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 120.17, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 14. [MAINTENANCE OF EFFORT.] A county human services agency or county board shall continue to provide services set forth in their county social service agency plan for handicapped children under age five and their families or as specified in the individual service plan and individual habilitation plan of each child. Special instruction and services for which a handicapped child is eligible under this section are not the responsibility of the local human services agency or county board. It is the joint responsibility of county boards and school districts to coordinate, provide, and pay for appropriate services not required under this section and to facilitate payment for services from public and private sources. School districts and counties are encouraged to enter into agreements to cooperatively serve and provide funding for handicapped children under age five and their families.



Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 120.17, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 15. [THIRD PARTY PAYMENT.] Nothing in this section relieves an insurer or similar third party from an otherwise valid obligation to pay, or changes the validity of an obligation to pay, for services to a handicapped child.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 120.17, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 16. [COMMUNITY TRANSITION INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE.] A district, group of districts, or special education cooperative, in cooperation with the county or counties in which the district or cooperative is located, shall establish a community transition interagency committee for handicapped youth, beginning at grade nine or age equivalent, and their families. Members of the committee shall consist of representatives from special education; vocational and regular education; community education; post-secondary education and training institutions; parents of handicapped youth; local business or industry; rehabilitation services; county social services; health agencies; and additional public or private adult service providers as appropriate. The committee shall elect a chair and shall meet regularly. The committee shall:

(1) identify current services, programs, and funding sources provided within the community for secondary and post-secondary aged handicapped youth and their families;

(2) facilitate the development of multiagency teams to address present and future transition needs of individual students on their individual education plans;

(3) develop a community plan to include mission, goals, and objectives, and an implementation plan to assure that transition needs of handicapped individuals are met;

(4) recommend changes or improvements in the community system of transition services;

(5) exchange agency information such as appropriate data, effectiveness studies, special projects, exemplary programs, and creative funding of programs; and

(6) prepare a yearly summary assessing the progress of transition services in the community and disseminate it to all adult services agencies involved in the planning and to the commissioner of education by September 1 of each year.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 123.39, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. The board may provide for the free transportation of pupils to and from school, and to schools in other districts for grades and departments not maintained in the district, including high school, at the expense of the district, when funds are available therefor and if agreeable to the district to which it is proposed to transport the pupils, for the whole or a part of the school year, as it may deem advisable, and subject to its rules. Every driver shall possess all the qualifications required by the rules of the state board of education. In any school district, the board shall arrange for the attendance of all pupils living two miles or more from the school through suitable provision for transportation or through the boarding and rooming of the pupils who may be more economically and conveniently provided for by that means. The board shall provide transportation to and from the home of a handicapped child not yet enrolled in kindergarten when special instruction and services under section 120.17 are provided in a location other than in the child's home. When transportation is provided, scheduling of routes, establishment of the location of bus stops, manner and method of transportation, control and discipline of school children and any other matter relating thereto shall be within the sole discretion, control and management of the school board. The district may provide for the transportation of pupils or expend a reasonable amount for room and board of pupils whose attendance at school can more economically and conveniently be provided for by that means or who attend school in a building rented or leased by a district within the confines of an adjacent district.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.17, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [PUPIL UNIT.] Pupil units for each resident pupil in average daily membership shall be counted as follows: according to this subdivision.

(1) (a) A handicapped prekindergarten pupil who is enrolled for the entire school year in a program approved by the commissioner, for each handicapped prekindergarten pupil, one-half pupil unit for and has an individual education plan that requires up to 437 hours of assessment and education services in the school year as provided in the pupil's individual education plan or, for is counted as one-half of a pupil unit. If the plan requires more than 437 hours of assessment and education services, a number of pupil units equal to the pupil is counted as the ratio of the number of hours of assessment and education service required in the school year by the pupil's individual education program plan, developed pursuant to the rules of the state board, to 875, but not more than one pupil unit.

(2) In an elementary school:

(b) A handicapped prekindergarten pupil who is enrolled for less than the entire school year in a program approved by the commissioner is counted as the greater of (1) one-half times the ratio of the number of instructional days from the date the pupil is enrolled to the date the pupil withdraws to the number of instructional days in the school year, or (2) the ratio of the number of hours of assessment and education service required in the school year by the pupil's individual education program plan to 875, but not more than one.

(c) A prekindergarten pupil who is assessed but determined not to be handicapped is counted as the ratio of the number of hours of assessment service to 875.

(a) for each (d) A handicapped kindergarten pupil, as defined in section 120.03, who is enrolled in a program approved by the commissioner, a number of pupil units equal to is counted as the ratio of the number of hours of assessment and education services required in the school year by the pupil's individual education program plan, developed pursuant to the rules of the state board, to 875, but not more than one pupil unit.

(b) for (e) A kindergarten pupils, other than those in clause (a), enrolled in one-half day sessions throughout the school year or the equivalent thereof, one-half pupil unit; and pupil who is not included in paragraph (d) is counted as one-half of a pupil unit.

(e) for other elementary pupils, one pupil unit (f) A pupil who is in any of grades one to six is counted as one pupil unit.

(3) in secondary schools, 1 4/10 (g) For the 1987-1988 school year, a pupil who is in any of grades seven to 12 is counted as 1.4 pupil units. Pupils enrolled in the seventh and eighth grades of any school shall be counted as secondary pupils. For the 1988-1989 and later school years, a pupil who is in any of grades seven to 12 is counted as 1.35 pupil units.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.273, subdivision 1b, is amended to read:

Subd. 1b. [TEACHERS SALARIES.] Each year the state shall pay a school district a portion of the salary, calculated from the date of hire, of one full-time equivalent teacher for each 45 pupils of limited English proficiency enrolled in the district. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the state shall pay a portion of the salary, calculated from the date of hire, of one-half of a full-time equivalent teacher to a district with 22 or fewer pupils of limited English proficiency enrolled. The portion for a full-time teacher shall be the lesser of 65 61 percent of the salary or \$18,100 \$17,000. The portion for a part-time or limited-time teacher shall be the lesser of 65 61 percent of the salary or the product of \$18,100 \$17,000 times the ratio of the person's actual employment to full-time employment.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.32, subdivision 1b, is amended to read:

Subd. 1b. [TEACHERS SALARIES.] Each year the state shall pay to a district a portion of the salary of each essential person employed in the district's program for handicapped children during the regular school year, whether the person is employed by one or more districts. The portion for a full-time person shall be an amount not to exceed the lesser of 70 66 percent of the salary or \$19,500 \$18,400. The portion for a part-time or limited-time person shall be an amount not to exceed the lesser of 70 66 percent of the salary or the product of \$19,500 \$18,400 times the ratio of the person's actual employment to full-time employment.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.32, subdivision 1d, is amended to read:

Subd. 1d. [CONTRACT SERVICES.] (1) For special instruction and services provided during the regular school year to any pupil pursuant to section 120.17, subdivision 2, clause (i), by contract with public, private or voluntary agencies other than school districts, the state shall pay each district 55 52 percent of the difference between the amount of the contract and the foundation aid formula allowance of the district for that pupil or a pro rata portion of the foundation aid formula allowance for pupils who receive services by contract on less than a full-time basis.

(2) For special instruction and services provided for a pupil by such a contract as part of a summer school program, the state shall pay each district 55 52 percent of the difference between the amount of the contract and the summer school revenue allowance of the district attributable to that pupil.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.32, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [SUPPLY AND EQUIPMENT AID.] The state shall pay each district for supplies and equipment purchased or rented for use in the instruction of handicapped children an amount equal to one-half 47 percent of the sum actually expended by the district but not to exceed an average of \$50 \$47 in any one school year for each handicapped child receiving instruction.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.32, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [RESIDENTIAL AID.] When a handicapped child is placed in a residential facility approved by the commissioner and established primarily to serve handicapped children and when the child's educational program is approved by the commissioner, the state shall pay aid to the resident district under the provisions of

this subdivision. The aid shall be an amount not to exceed ~~60~~ 57 percent of the difference between the instructional costs charged to the resident district and the foundation aid formula allowance, for each handicapped child placed in a residential facility. The aid for summer school programs for each handicapped child placed in a residential facility shall be an amount not to exceed ~~60~~ 57 percent of the difference between the instructional costs charged to the resident district and the summer school revenue allowance in the resident district attributable to that child. No aid shall be paid pursuant to this subdivision for tuition charged a resident district pursuant to section 120.17, subdivision 7a, for a child placed at the Minnesota school state academy for the deaf or the Minnesota braille and sight-saving school state academy for the blind.

The following types of facilities may be approved by the commissioner:

(a) a residential facility operated by the state or public school district and designed to serve the low incidence handicapped, the multiple handicapped, or the most severely handicapped children within the state;

(b) a private, nonsectarian residential facility designed to provide educational services for handicapped children within the state; and

(c) a state hospital or private nonsectarian residential center designed to provide care and treatment for handicapped children.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.573, is amended to read:

**124.573 [CURRENT FUNDING FOR SECONDARY VOCATIONAL EDUCATION.]**

Subdivision 1. The state shall pay aids for secondary vocational programs on a current funding basis.

Subd. 2. [SALARIES AND TRAVEL.] The eligible expenses for secondary vocational aid are: (1) the salaries paid to essential, licensed personnel in that school year for services rendered in that district's or center's approved secondary vocational education programs; (2) the costs of necessary travel between instructional sites by secondary vocational education teachers; and (3) the costs of necessary travel by secondary vocational education teachers accompanying students to and from vocational student organization meetings held within the state for educational purposes. The state shall pay to any district or cooperative center 41.5 percent of the eligible expenses incurred in an approved secondary vocational program for each the 1986-1987 school year. The state shall pay to any district or cooperative center 39 percent of the eligible expenses incurred in an approved secondary vocational program for the 1987-1988 school

year. The commissioner may withhold all or any portion of this aid for a secondary vocational education program which receives funds from any other source. In no event shall a district or center receive a total amount of state aid pursuant to this section which, when added to funds from other sources, will provide the program an amount for salaries and travel which exceeds 100 percent of the amount of its expenditures for salaries and travel in the program.

Subd. 2b. [SECONDARY VOCATIONAL AID.] For 1988-1989 and later school years, a district's or cooperative center's "secondary vocational aid" for secondary vocational education programs for a school year equals the sum of the following amounts:

- (a) the greater of zero, or 75 percent of the difference between:
  - (1) the salaries paid to essential, licensed personnel in that school year for services rendered in that district's or cooperative center's approved secondary vocational education programs, and
  - (2) 50 percent of the general education revenue attributable to secondary pupils for the number of hours that the pupils are enrolled in secondary vocational courses; and
- (b) 30 percent of approved expenditures for the following:
  - (1) contracted services provided by a public or private agency other than a Minnesota school district or cooperative center under section 124.573, subdivision 3a;
  - (2) necessary travel between instructional sites by licensed secondary vocational education personnel;
  - (3) necessary travel by licensed secondary vocational education personnel for vocational student organization activities held within the state for instructional purposes;
  - (4) curriculum development activities that are part of a five-year plan for improvement based on program assessment;
  - (5) necessary travel by licensed secondary vocational education personnel for noncollegiate credit bearing professional development; and
  - (6) specialized vocational instructional supplies.

Subd. 2c. [COOPERATIVE CENTERS.] In making the computation in subdivision 2b, paragraph (a), clause (2), for a cooperative center, the general education revenue is the average of the sums for each member district.

Subd. 3. [COMPLIANCE WITH RULES.] This Aid shall be paid under this section only for services rendered or for the costs designated in subdivision 2 which are incurred in secondary vocational education programs approved by the state department of education and operated in accordance with rules promulgated by the state board of education. These rules shall provide minimum student-staff ratios required for a secondary vocational education program in a cooperative center to qualify for this aid. The rules shall not require any minimum number of administrative staff, any minimum period of coordination time or extended employment for secondary vocational education personnel, or the availability of vocational student activities or organizations for a secondary vocational education program to qualify for this aid. The requirement in these rules that program components be available for a minimum number of hours shall not be construed to prevent pupils from enrolling in secondary vocational education courses on an exploratory basis for less than a full school year. The state board of education shall not require a school district to offer more than four credits or 560 hours of vocational education course offerings in any school year. Rules relating to secondary vocational education programs shall not incorporate the provisions of the state plan for vocational education by reference. This aid shall be paid only for services rendered and for travel costs incurred by essential, licensed personnel who meet the work experience requirements for licensure pursuant to the rules of the state board of education. Licensed personnel means persons holding a valid secondary vocational license issued by the department of education, except that when an average of five or fewer secondary full-time equivalent students are enrolled per teacher in an approved post-secondary program at intermediate district numbers 287, 916, or 917, licensed personnel means persons holding a valid vocational license issued by the department of education or the state board for vocational technical education. Notwithstanding section 124.15, the commissioner may modify or withdraw the program or aid approval and withhold aid under this section without proceeding under section 124.15 at any time. To do so, the commissioner must determine that the program does not comply with rules of the state board or that any facts concerning the program or its budget differ from the facts in the district's approved application.

Subd. 3a. [AID FOR CONTRACTED SERVICES.] In addition to the provisions of subdivisions 2 and 3, a school district or cooperative center may contract with a public or private agency other than a Minnesota school district or cooperative center for the provision of secondary vocational education services. For the 1986-1987 school year, the state shall pay each district or cooperative center 40 percent of the amount of a contract entered into pursuant to this subdivision. For the 1987-1988 school year, the state shall pay each district or cooperative center 35 percent of the amount of a contract entered into under this subdivision. The state board shall promulgate rules relating to program approval procedures and criteria for these contracts and aid shall be paid only for contracts approved by

the commissioner of education. For the purposes of subdivision 4, the district or cooperative center contracting for these services shall be construed to be providing the services. For the purposes of subdivision 5, aid for these contracts shall be distributed on the same basis as aids for salaries and travel.

Subd. 4. [ALLOCATIONS; COOPERATIVES, INTERMEDIATE DISTRICTS.] All secondary vocational education aid shall be paid to the district or cooperative center providing the services. All secondary vocational education aid received by a district or center from any source shall be utilized solely for the purposes of secondary vocational education programs.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.574, subdivision 2b, is amended to read:

Subd. 2b. [SALARIES.] Each year the state shall pay to any district or cooperative center a portion of the salary of each essential licensed person employed during that school year for services rendered in that district or center's secondary vocational education programs for handicapped children. The portion for a full-time person shall be an amount not to exceed the lesser of 70 ~~66~~ percent of the salary or ~~\$19,500~~ \$18,400. The portion for a part-time or limited-time person shall be the lesser of 70 ~~66~~ percent of the salary or the product of ~~\$19,500~~ \$18,400 times the ratio of the person's actual employment to full-time employment.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.574, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [EQUIPMENT, TRAVEL, AND SUPPLIES.] In addition to the provisions of subdivision 2 2b, the state shall pay for each school year, ~~except for the 1982-1983 school year:~~

(a) 50 ~~47~~ percent of the costs of necessary equipment for these secondary vocational education programs for handicapped children;

(b) 50 ~~47~~ percent of the costs of necessary travel between instructional sites by secondary vocational education teachers of handicapped children, but not including travel to and from local, regional, district, state or national vocational student organization meetings; and

(c) 50 ~~47~~ percent of the costs of necessary supplies for these secondary vocational education programs for handicapped children, but not to exceed an average of ~~\$50~~ \$45 in any one school year for each handicapped child receiving these services.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.574, subdivision 4, is amended to read:



Subd. 4. [AID FOR CONTRACTED SERVICES.] In addition to the provisions of subdivisions ~~2~~ 2b and 3, a school district may contract with a public or private agency other than a Minnesota school district or cooperative center for the provision of secondary vocational education programs for handicapped children. The formula for payment of aids for these contracts shall be that provided in section 124.32, subdivision 1b. The state board shall promulgate rules relating to approval procedures and criteria for these contracts and aid shall be paid only for contracts approved by the commissioner of education. For the purposes of subdivision 6, the district or cooperative center contracting for these services shall be construed to be providing these services. ~~For the purposes of subdivision 8, aid for these contracts shall be distributed on the same basis as aids for salaries, supplies and travel.~~

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 126.54, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [GRANTS; PROCEDURES.] ~~For Each fiscal years 1983, 1984, and 1985 year~~ the state board of education shall make grants to no fewer than ~~six school year~~ American Indian language and culture education programs. At least three programs shall be in urban areas and at least three shall be on or near reservations. The board of a local district, a participating school or a group of boards may develop a proposal for grants in support of American Indian language and culture education programs. Proposals may provide for contracts for the provision of program components by nonsectarian nonpublic, community, tribal or alternative schools. The state board shall prescribe the form and manner of application for grants, and no grant shall be made for a proposal not complying with the requirements of sections 126.45 to 126.55. The state board shall submit all proposals to the state advisory task force on American Indian language and culture education programs for its recommendations concerning approval, modification, or disapproval and the amounts of grants to approved programs.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 128A.01, is amended to read:

#### 128A.01 [LOCATION.]

The Minnesota state academy for the deaf and the Minnesota state academy for the blind shall be ~~continued~~ located at Faribault as residential schools and as a resource center for school districts, and shall be grouped and classed with the educational institutions of the state.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 128A.02, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. The state board shall promulgate rules regarding the operation of both academies and the individuals in attendance, and shall perform all duties necessary to provide the most beneficial and least restrictive program of education for each child handicapped by visual disability or hearing impairment. The academies shall provide various levels of service, as defined in the rules of the state board of education, for the pupils. Developmental needs of the pupils shall be addressed by the academies. The academies shall provide opportunities for the pupils to be educated with nonhandicapped pupils, according to assessments and individual education plans.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 128A.02, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. The state board may enter into contracts with other public and private agencies and institutions to provide residential and building maintenance services if it determines that these services could thus be provided in a more efficient and less expensive manner. The state board may also enter into contracts with public and private agencies and institutions, school districts ~~or combinations thereof~~, and educational cooperative service units, and counties to provide respite care and supplementary educational instruction and services, including assessments and counseling.

Sec. 30. [128A.021] [RESOURCE CENTER FOR THE HEARING IMPAIRED AND VISUALLY IMPAIRED.]

A resource center for the hearing impaired, visually impaired, and multiply handicapped pupils is established at the Minnesota state academy for the deaf and the Minnesota state academy for the blind. The resource center shall offer such programs as summer institutes for hearing impaired, visually impaired, and multiply handicapped pupils in various regions of the state, workshops for teachers, and leadership development for teachers. Programs offered through the resource center shall promote and develop education programs offered by school districts and other organizations and shall provide assistance to school districts and other organizations in developing innovative programs. The resource center may contract with non-profit organizations to provide programs through the resource center. The advisory council for the academies shall serve as the advisory council for the resource center.

Sec. 31. [128A.09] [SERVICE, SEMINAR, AND CONFERENCE FEES.]

Subdivision 1. [DEPOSIT; CREDIT.] Fees and rental income, excluding rent for land and living residences, collected by the academies for services, seminars, and conferences must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the revolving fund of the academies.

Subd. 2. [ADMINISTRATOR'S VOUCHERS.] Payment may be made from the revolving fund only according to vouchers authorized by the administrator of the academies. Money in the revolving fund is annually appropriated to the academies to defray expenses of the services, seminars, and conferences.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 136D.27, is amended to read:

136D.27 [TAX LEVIES, CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.]

Each year the joint school board may each year, for the purpose of paying any administrative, planning, operating, or capital expenses incurred or to be incurred for area vocational technical schools, certify to each participating school district the tax levy specified in section 275.125, subdivision 13, clause (2). Additional tax levies may be certified which that shall not in any year exceed .6 mills on each dollar of adjusted assessed valuation for special education and .7 mills on each dollar of adjusted assessed valuation for expenses for secondary vocational education. Each participating school district shall include such tax levies in the next tax roll which it shall certify to the county auditor or auditors, and shall remit the collections of such levies to the board promptly when received. Such levies shall not be included in computing the limitations upon the levy of any district under sections 124A.03, 124A.06, subdivision 3a, 124A.08, subdivision 3a, 124A.10, subdivision 3a, 124A.12, subdivision 3a, 124A.14, subdivision 5a, and 275.125. The board may, any time after such levies have been certified to the participating school districts, issue and sell certificates of indebtedness in anticipation of the collection of such levies, but in aggregate amounts such as will not exceed the portion of the levies which is then not collected and not delinquent.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 136D.71, is amended to read:

136D.71 [LISTED DISTRICTS MAY FORM INTERMEDIATE DISTRICT.]

Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, two or more of the independent school districts numbered 12 and 16 of Anoka county, independent school districts numbered 621, 622, 623, and 624 of Ramsey County, and independent school districts numbered 832, 833, and 834 of Washington County, are hereby authorized to enter into an agreement to establish a special intermediate school district upon majority vote of the full membership of each of the boards of the districts entering into the agreement. When such resolution has been adopted by the board of one of the districts, it shall be published once in a newspaper of general circulation in said district. If a petition for referendum on the question of said district entering into such agreement is filed with the clerk of the said board within 60

days after publication of such resolution, signed by the qualified voters of said district equal to five percent of the number of voters at the last annual school election. No board shall enter into such agreement until the question of whether the district shall enter into the agreement has been submitted to the voters of said district at a special election. Said election shall be conducted and canvassed in accordance with section 123.32.

If a majority of the total number of votes cast on the question within said district is in favor of the question, the board of said school district may thereupon proceed to enter into an agreement to establish the special intermediate school district for purposes herein described. Such school district so created shall be known as north-eastern metropolitan intermediate school district, state of Minnesota. The commissioner of education shall assign an appropriate identification number as provided by section 122.03.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 136D.74, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [TAX LEVY.] Each year the intermediate school board may in each year for the purpose of paying any administrative, planning, operating, or capital expenses incurred or to be incurred certify to each county auditor of each county in which said intermediate school district shall lie, as a single taxing district, the tax levy specified in section 275.125, subdivision 13, clause (2). Additional tax levies may be certified which that shall not in any year exceed .6 mills on each dollar of adjusted assessed valuation for expenses for special education and .7 mills on each dollar of adjusted assessed valuation for expenses for secondary vocational education. Said annual tax levies shall be certified pursuant to section 275.07. Upon such certification the county auditor or auditors and other appropriate county officials shall levy and collect such levies and remit the proceeds of collection thereof to the intermediate school district as in the case with independent school districts. Such levies shall not be included in computing the limitations, if any, upon the levy of the intermediate district or any of the participating districts under sections 124A.03, 124A.06, subdivision 3a, 124A.08, subdivision 3a, 124A.10, subdivision 3a, 124A.12, subdivision 3a, 124A.14, subdivision 5a, and 275.125.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 136D.87, is amended to read:

136D.87 [TAX LEVIES, CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.]

Each year the joint school board may each year, for the purpose of paying any administrative, planning, operating, or capital expenses incurred or to be incurred for area vocational technical schools, certify to each participating school district the tax levy specified in section 275.125, subdivision 13, clause (2). Additional tax levies may

be certified which that shall not in any year exceed .6 mills on each dollar of adjusted assessed valuation for expenses for special education and .5 .7 mills on each dollar of adjusted assessed valuation for expenses for secondary vocational education. Each participating school district shall include such tax levies in the next tax roll which it shall certify to the county auditor or auditors, and shall remit the collections of such levies to the board promptly when received. Such levies shall not be included in computing the limitations upon the levy of any district under sections 124A.03, 124A.06, subdivision 3a, 124A.08, subdivision 3a, 124A.10, subdivision 3a, 124A.12, subdivision 3a, 124A.14, subdivision 5a, and 275.125. The board may, any time after such levies have been certified to the participating school districts, issue and sell certificates of indebtedness in anticipation of the collection of such levies, but in aggregate amounts such as will not exceed the portion of the levies which is then not collected and not delinquent.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.125, subdivision 8c, is amended to read:

Subd. 8c. [SPECIAL EDUCATION LEVY.] Each year, a district, excluding intermediate school district Nos. 287, 916, and 917, may levy an amount that may not exceed 70 66 percent of salaries paid to essential personnel in that district minus the amount of state aid and any federal aid, if applicable, paid to that district for salaries of these essential personnel under sections 124.32, subdivisions 1b and 10 and 124.574, subdivision 2b plus 65 61 percent of salaries paid to essential personnel in that district minus the amount of state aid and any federal aid, if applicable, paid to that district for salaries of these essential personnel under section 124.273, subdivision 1b for the year to which the levy is attributable.

For purposes of this subdivision, a special education cooperative or an intermediate school district each year shall allocate an amount equal to 70 66 percent of salaries paid to essential personnel in that intermediate district or cooperative minus the amount of state aid and any federal aid, if applicable, paid to that intermediate district or cooperative for salaries of these essential personnel under sections 124.32, subdivisions 1b and 10 and 124.574, subdivision 2b, plus 65 61 percent of salaries paid to essential personnel in that intermediate district or cooperative minus the amount of state aid and any federal aid, if applicable, paid to that intermediate district or cooperative for salaries of these essential personnel under section 124.273, subdivision 1b for the year to each of the member districts of the cooperative or the intermediate district. The member districts may make a levy in the amount of the costs allocated to them by the cooperative or intermediate district.

Special education cooperatives and intermediate school districts that allocate unreimbursed portions of salaries of special education essential personnel among member districts, for purposes of the

member districts making a levy under this subdivision, shall provide information to the state department of education on the amount of unreimbursed costs of salaries they allocated to the member districts.

Sec. 37. [SPECIAL EDUCATION LEVY ADJUSTMENTS.]

The department shall make adjustments to the 1986 payable 1987 levies authorized under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.125, subdivision 8c in accordance with the changes made in this article.

Sec. 38. [COMMISSION SPECIAL EDUCATION STUDY.]

The sum of \$100,000 is appropriated for fiscal year 1988 from the general fund to the legislative commission on public education for the commission to conduct a comprehensive qualitative and quantitative evaluation and analytical study of special education, financing, and related services. The sum is available until June 30, 1989.

Sec. 39. [APPROPRIATIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.] There is appropriated from the general fund to the department of education the sums indicated in this section for the fiscal years ending June 30 in the years designated.

Subd. 2. [SPECIAL EDUCATION AID.] For special education aid there is appropriated:

\$148,514,500.....1988,

\$152,963,700.....1989.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1988 includes \$21,847,100 for aid for fiscal year 1987 payable in fiscal year 1988 and \$126,667,400 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1988.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1989 includes \$22,728,200 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1989 and \$130,235,500 for aid for fiscal year 1989 payable in fiscal year 1989.

The appropriations are based on aid entitlements of \$149,395,600 for fiscal year 1988 and \$153,593,400 for fiscal year 1989.

Subd. 3. [SUMMER SPECIAL EDUCATION AID.] For special education aid for summer school programs there is appropriated:

\$5,126,300.....1988,

\$5,254,400.....1989.

The appropriation for 1988 is for 1987 summer school programs.

The appropriation for 1989 is for 1988 summer school programs.

Subd. 4. [TRAVEL FOR HOME-BASED SERVICES.] For aid for teacher travel for home-based services for handicapped children under age five and their families there is appropriated:

\$251,600 ..... 1988,

\$370,900 ..... 1989.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1988 includes \$35,100 for aid for fiscal year 1987 payable in fiscal year 1988 and \$216,500 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1988.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1989 includes \$38,100 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1989 and \$332,800 for aid for fiscal year 1989 payable in fiscal year 1989.

The appropriations are based on aid entitlements of \$254,600 for fiscal year 1988 and \$391,500 for fiscal year 1989.

Subd. 5. [RESIDENTIAL FACILITIES AID.] For aid pursuant to section 124.32, subdivision 5, there is appropriated:

\$1,494,400.....1988,

\$1,530,500.....1989.

Subd. 6. [LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENCY PUPILS PROGRAM AID.] For aid to educational programs for pupils of limited English proficiency according to Minnesota Statutes, section 124.273, there is appropriated:

\$2,879,900 ..... 1988,

\$3,004,700 ..... 1989.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1988 includes \$430,700 for aid for fiscal year 1987 payable in fiscal year 1988 and \$2,449,200 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1988.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1989 includes \$432,100 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1989 and \$2,572,600 for aid for fiscal year 1989 payable in fiscal year 1989.

The appropriations are based on aid entitlements of \$2,881,300 for fiscal year 1988 and \$3,026,500 for fiscal year 1989.

Subd. 7. [AMERICAN INDIAN SCHOLARSHIPS.] For American Indian scholarships, according to Minnesota Statutes, section 124.48, there is appropriated:

\$1,581,800 ..... 1988,

\$1,581,800 ..... 1989.

Any unexpended balance remaining in the first year does not cancel but is available for fiscal year 1989.

Subd. 8. [AMERICAN INDIAN POST-SECONDARY PREPARATION GRANTS.] For Indian post-secondary preparation grants, according to Minnesota Statutes, section 124.481, there is appropriated:

\$781,400 ..... 1988,

\$781,400 ..... 1989.

Subd. 9. [AMERICAN INDIAN LANGUAGE AND CULTURE PROGRAM AID.] For grants to American Indian language and culture education programs according to Minnesota Statutes, section 126.54, subdivision 1, there is appropriated:

\$588,400 ..... 1988,

\$588,300 ..... 1989.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1988 includes \$88,300 for aid for fiscal year 1987 payable in fiscal year 1988 and \$500,100 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1988.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1989 includes \$88,200 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1989 and \$500,100 for aid for fiscal year 1989 payable in fiscal year 1989.

The appropriations are based on aid entitlements of \$588,300 for fiscal year 1988 and \$588,300 for fiscal year 1989.

Subd. 10. [AMERICAN INDIAN EDUCATION.] For certain American Indian education programs in school districts there is appropriated:

\$174,755 ..... 1988,

\$174,755 ..... 1989.



The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1988 includes \$26,213 for aid for fiscal year 1987 payable in fiscal year 1988 and \$148,542 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1988.

The appropriation for fiscal year 1989 includes \$26,213 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1989 and \$148,542 for aid for fiscal year 1989 payable in fiscal year 1989.

The appropriations are based on aid entitlements of \$174,755 for fiscal year 1988 and \$174,755 for fiscal year 1989.

These appropriations are available for expenditure with the approval of the commissioner of education.

The commissioner shall not approve the payment of any amount to a school district pursuant to this subdivision unless that school district is in compliance with all applicable laws of this state.

Up to the following amounts may be distributed to the following school districts for each fiscal year: \$54,848 to independent school district No. 309-Pine Point School; \$9,685 to independent school district No. 166; \$14,949 to independent school district No. 432; \$14,053 to independent school district No. 435; \$42,163 to independent school district No. 707; and \$39,057 to independent school district No. 38. These amounts shall be expended only for the benefit of American Indian students and for the purpose of meeting established state educational standards or statewide requirements.

These appropriations are available only if there will not be available for the districts enumerated in this subdivision for the applicable school year any operation support funds from the federal Bureau of Indian Affairs pursuant to the Johnson-O'Malley Act, Public Law Number 73-167, or Code of Federal Regulations, title 25, section 273.31, or equivalent money from the same or another source.

Before a district can receive moneys pursuant to this subdivision, the district must submit to the commissioner of education evidence that it has:

(1) complied with the uniform financial accounting and reporting standards act, Minnesota Statutes, sections 121.90 to 121.917. For each school year, compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section 121.908, subdivision 3a, shall require the school district to prepare one budget including the amount available to the district pursuant to this subdivision and one budget which does not include these moneys. The budget of that school district for the 1989-1990 school year prepared according to Minnesota Statutes, section 121.908, subdivision 3a, shall be submitted to the commissioner of education at the same time as 1988-1989 budgets and shall not include any moneys appropriated in this subdivision;

(2) conducted a special education needs assessment and prepared a proposed service delivery plan according to Minnesota Statutes, sections 120.03 and 120.17; Public Law Number 94-142, an act of the 94th Congress of the United States cited as the "Education for All Handicapped Children Act of 1975"; and applicable state board of education rules; and

(3) compiled accurate daily pupil attendance records.

Prior to approving payment of any amount to a school district pursuant to this subdivision, the commissioner shall review and evaluate each affected district's compliance with clauses (1), (2), and (3), and any other applicable laws, and each affected district's need for the moneys. Each affected district's net unappropriated fund balance in all operating funds as of June 30 of the previous school year shall be taken into consideration.

Subd. 11. [NETT LAKE LIABILITY INSURANCE.] For a grant to independent school district No. 707, Nett Lake, to pay insurance premiums under Minnesota Statutes, section 466.06, there is appropriated:

\$40,000 ..... 1988.

The sum is available until June 30, 1989.

Subd. 12. [COOK COUNTY INDIAN EDUCATION GRANT.] For grants to independent school district No. 166, Cook county, for Indian education at the Grand Portage elementary school there is appropriated:

\$50,000 ..... 1988,

\$50,000 ..... 1989.

The district must comply with the conditions in subdivision 10.

Subd. 13. [SCHOOL BUS PURCHASE.] For a grant to independent school district No. 309, Pine Point, to purchase a school bus there is appropriated:

\$38,000.....1988.

Subd. 14. [SECONDARY VOCATIONAL EDUCATION AID.] For secondary vocational education aid pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 124.573, there is appropriated:

\$19,549,600.....1988,

\$12,891,000.....1989.

The appropriation for 1988 includes \$2,972,300 for aid for fiscal year 1987 payable in fiscal year 1988, \$16,577,300 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1988.

The appropriation for 1989 includes \$2,925,300 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1989, \$9,965,700 for aid for fiscal year 1989 payable in fiscal year 1989.

The appropriations are based on aid entitlements of \$19,502,600 for fiscal year 1988 and \$11,724,300 for fiscal year 1989.

For purposes of this subdivision, money appropriated for secondary vocational education programs may not be expended for the purpose of discontinuing or converting existing senior secondary school industrial arts education programs.

Subd. 15. [SECONDARY VOCATIONAL HANDICAPPED.] For aid for secondary vocational education for handicapped pupils according to section 124.574, there is appropriated:

\$4,101,100.....1988,

\$4,281,700.....1989.

The appropriation for 1988 includes \$543,500 for aid for fiscal year 1987 payable in fiscal year 1988 and \$3,557,600 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1988.

The appropriation for 1989 includes \$627,700 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1989, and \$3,654,000 for aid for fiscal year 1989 payable in fiscal year 1989.

The appropriations are based on aid entitlements of \$4,185,300 for fiscal year 1988 and \$4,298,800 for fiscal year 1989.

#### Sec. 40. [APPROPRIATIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [DEPARTMENT OF JOBS AND TRAINING.] There is appropriated from the general fund to the department of jobs and training the sums indicated in this section for the fiscal years ending June 30 in the years designated.

Subd. 2. [PINE POINT UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION.] For payment of the obligation of independent school district No. 309, Pine Point, for unemployment compensation there is appropriated:

\$32,000 ..... 1988.

The sum is available until June 30, 1989.

Subd. 3. [NETT LAKE UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION.]  
For payment of the obligation of independent school district No. 707,  
Nett Lake, for unemployment compensation there is appropriated:

\$20,000 ..... 1988.

The sum is available until June 30, 1989.

Sec. 41. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 120.17, subdivision 13 and  
124.273, subdivision 2b, are repealed.

Sec. 42. [APPLICATION, NO LOCAL APPROVAL.]

Subdivision 1. [DISTRICT NO. 916.] Sections 33 and 34 apply to  
intermediate school district No. 916 and are effective without local  
approval under Minnesota Statutes, section 645.023.

Subd. 2. [DISTRICT NO. 917.] Section 35 applies to intermediate  
school district No. 917 and is effective without local approval under  
Minnesota Statutes, section 645.023.

Sec. 43. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1 and 2 are effective July 1, 1988.

## ARTICLE 4

### COMMUNITY AND ADULT EDUCATION

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 121.87, subdivision 1,  
is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [APPOINTMENT; MEMBERSHIP] The state  
board of education may shall appoint a 15-member community  
education advisory task force for the purpose of promoting the  
furtherance of sections 121.85 to 121.88, to promote the goals of  
community education and the advancement of to expand educa-  
tional, recreational and social opportunity opportunities through  
the maximum utilization use of public school facilities and commu-  
nity resources throughout the state of Minnesota. If appointed, The  
task force shall include at least one member from each congressional  
district and members who represent government and professions  
most closely related to community education and youth development  
activities, functions and school administrative jurisdictions.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 121.87, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1a. [RESPONSIBILITIES.] The community education advisory task force, in consultation with the commissioners of health, human services, and jobs and training or their designees, shall:

(1) develop a statewide plan to promote a coordinated interagency approach to addressing the needs and developing the resources of youth, from birth to age 21, at both the state and local level through programs such as positive youth development partnerships, youth in community service programs, and interagency programs for providing services to young children and youth;

(2) make recommendations to the state board of education and other appropriate entities on means for improving coordination of efforts by various state and local agencies and programs in addressing the needs of and opportunities for youth; and

(3) develop model plans for an interagency approach by local advisory councils.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 121.88, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [ADVISORY COUNCIL.] Each board shall provide for an advisory council to consist of members who represent: various service organizations; churches; private public and nonpublic schools; local government including elected officials; public and private nonprofit agencies serving youth and families; parents; youth; park, recreation or forestry services of municipal or local government units located in whole or in part within the boundaries of the school district; and any other groups participating in the community education program in the school district.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 121.88, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [PROGRAM APPROVAL.] To be eligible for handicapped adult program revenue, a program and budget must receive approval from the community education section in the department of education. Approval may be for one or two years. For programs offered cooperatively, the request for approval must include an agreement on the method by which local money is to be derived and distributed. The department may not exceed the amount appropriated when approving programs and budgets. A request for approval must include all of the following:

(1) characteristics of the people to be served;

- (2) description of the program services and activities;
- (3) program budget and amount of aid requested;
- (4) participation by handicapped adults in developing the program;
- (5) assessment of the needs of handicapped adults; and
- (6) cooperative efforts with community organizations.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 121.88, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 8. [YOUTH DEVELOPMENT PLANS.] A district advisory council may prepare a youth development plan. The council is encouraged to use the state model plan developed under section 2 when developing the local plan. If the school board approves the youth development plan and the district makes a community education levy, the district is eligible for additional community education revenue under section 11.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 123.703, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [REPORT.] The state board of education, in cooperation with the state commissioner of health, shall report to the legislature by February 1 of each odd-numbered year on the results of the screening programs in accomplishing the purposes specified in section 123.701. The report shall include information on the rates of children's participation in screening programs, on districts' costs for implementing the various components of the screening program, and on any exemptions granted from screening requirements because of financial infeasibility.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 123.705, is amended to read:

123.705 [HEALTH SCREENING AID.]

Subdivision 1. [AID AMOUNTS.] The department of education state shall pay each school district for the cost of screening services provided pursuant according to sections 123.701 to 123.705. The payment shall not exceed \$15.60 per child screened in fiscal year 1985, \$16.15 per child screened in fiscal year 1986 and an amount equal to \$8.15 per child screened in fiscal year 1987.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.26, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1b. [PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS.] An adult basic and continuing education program is a day or evening program offered by a district that is for people over 16 years of age who do not attend an elementary or secondary school. The program offers academic instruction necessary to earn a high school diploma or equivalency certificate. Tuition and fees may not be charged for instruction subsidized under this section, except for a security deposit to assure return of materials, supplies, and equipment.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.26, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1c. [PROGRAM APPROVAL.] A district receiving aid under this section must have its program approved by the commissioner according to the following criteria:

- (1) how the needs of all levels of learners will be met;
- (2) for continuing programs, an evaluation of results;
- (3) anticipated number and education level of participants;
- (4) coordination with other resources and services;
- (5) participation in a consortium, if any, and funds available from other participants;
- (6) management and program design;
- (7) volunteer training and use of volunteers;
- (8) staff development services;
- (9) program sites and schedules; and
- (10) program expenditures that qualify for aid.

The commissioner may contract with a private, nonprofit organization to provide services that are not offered by a district or that are supplemental to a district's program. The program provided under a contract must be approved according to the same criteria used for district programs.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.26, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 7. [ADULT BASIC AND CONTINUING EDUCATION AID.] Each district shall receive aid for approved adult basic and continuing education programs equal to 75 percent of the salary for each teacher, counselor, coordinator of volunteers, and non-licensed

instructional staff. In addition, the state shall pay aid equal to 75 percent of the expenditures for benefits, contracted services, supplies, and materials. Expenditures for which the district receives federal aid shall not qualify for state aid.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.271, subdivision 2b, is amended to read:

Subd. 2b. [AID; 1986, 1987, 1988 AND AFTER.] (1) (a) Each fiscal year a district which is operating that operates a community education program in compliance with rules promulgated by the state board shall receive community education aid.

For fiscal year 1986, the aid shall be an amount equal to the difference obtained by subtracting

(a) an amount equal to .8 mill times the adjusted assessed valuation used to compute the community education levy limitation for the levy attributable to that school year, from

(b) the greater of

\$7,000, or

\$5.25 times the population of the district.

For fiscal year 1987, the aid shall be an amount equal to the difference obtained by subtracting

(a) an amount equal to .8 mill times the adjusted assessed valuation used to compute the community education levy limitation for the levy attributable to that school year, from

(b) the greater of

\$7,140, or

\$5.35 times the population of the district.

(b) For fiscal year 1988 and each year thereafter, the aid shall be an amount equal to the difference obtained by subtracting

(a) (1) an amount equal to .8 mill times the adjusted assessed valuation used to compute the community education levy limitation for the levy attributable to that school year, from

(b) (2) the greater of

(i) \$7,340, or



(ii) \$5.50 times the population of the district.

(c) For fiscal year 1989 and each year thereafter, the aid for a district without an approved youth development plan shall be an amount equal to the difference obtained by subtracting

(1) an amount equal to .8 mill times the adjusted assessed valuation used to compute the community education levy limitation for the levy attributable to that school year, from

(2) the greater of

(i) \$7,340, or

(ii) \$5.50 times the population of the district.

(d) For fiscal year 1989 and each year thereafter, the aid for a district with an approved youth development plan under section 5, shall be an amount equal to the difference obtained by subtracting

(1) an amount equal to .8 mill times the adjusted assessed valuation used to compute the community education levy limitation for the levy attributable to that school year, from

(2) the greater of

(i) \$8,000, or

(ii) \$6 times the population of the district.

(e) For a district with an approved youth development plan, the greater of 50 cents per capita or \$660 must be used to implement the youth development plan.

(2) (f) However, for any district which certifies less than the maximum permissible levy under the provisions of section 275.125, subdivision 8, ~~clause (1) paragraph (a)~~, the district's community education aid under ~~clause (1) paragraphs (a) to (e)~~ of this subdivision shall be reduced by multiplying the aid amount computed pursuant to ~~clause (1) paragraphs (a) to (e)~~ of this subdivision by the ratio of the district's actual levy under section 275.125, subdivision 8, ~~clause (1) paragraph (a)~~, to its maximum permissible levy under section 275.125, subdivision 8, ~~clause (1) paragraph (a)~~. For purposes of computing the aid reduction pursuant to this clause, the amount certified pursuant to section 275.125, subdivision 8, ~~clause (1) paragraph (a)~~, shall not reflect reductions made pursuant to section 275.125, subdivision 9.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.271, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [HANDICAPPED ADULT PROGRAM AID.] A district or group of districts offering an approved program for handicapped adults shall receive aid equal to the lesser of ~~\$25,000~~ \$30,000 or one-half of the amount of the actual expenditures for approved budget programs. A district or group of districts shall provide the remaining half from other public or private sources, the levy authorized in section 275.125, subdivision 8, ~~clause (4)~~ paragraph (d), or combinations of sources.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.2711, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITION OF MAXIMUM REVENUE.] ~~For fiscal year 1986 the "maximum revenue" for early childhood family education programs for a school year means the amount of revenue equal to the product of five percent of the foundation aid formula allowance for the current school year, times the greater of (a) 150, or (b) the number of people under five years of age residing in the district on September 1 of the preceding school year. For fiscal year 1987 and each year thereafter, the "maximum revenue" for early childhood family education programs for a school year means the amount of revenue equal to the product of five percent of the foundation aid formula allowance for the prior school year, times the greater of (a) 150, or (b) the number of people under five years of age residing in the district on September 1 of the preceding school year. For fiscal year 1988 and each year thereafter, the "maximum revenue" for early childhood family education programs for a school year means the amount of revenue derived by multiplying \$84.50 times the greater of (a) 150, or (b) the number of people under five years of age residing in the district on September 1 of the preceding school year.~~

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.125, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [COMMUNITY EDUCATION LEVY.] ~~(1) (a) Each year, a district which without a youth development plan that has established a community education advisory council pursuant to under section 121.88, may levy the amount raised by .8 mill times the most recent adjusted assessed valuation of the district, but no more than the greater of~~

(1) \$7,340, or

(2) \$5.50 times the population of the district, or

\$7,340.

(b) Each year, a district with an approved youth development plan, or a district that intends to approve a youth development plan for the 1988-1989 school year, that has established a community education

advisory council under section 121.88, may levy the amount raised by .8 mill times the most recent adjusted assessed valuation of the district, but no more than the greater of

(1) \$8,000, or

(2) \$6 times the population of the district.

(2) (c) In addition to the levy authorized in clause (1) paragraph (a) or (b), each year a district may levy an additional amount for community education programs equal to the difference obtained by subtracting

(a) the sum in fiscal year 1984 of

(i) the district's estimated maximum permissible revenue for fiscal year 1985 from community education aid under section 124.271, subdivision 2b, clause (1), and

(ii) the community education levy authorized in clause (1) of this subdivision, from

(b) the sum in fiscal year 1983 of

(i) the district's maximum permissible revenue from community education aid under Minnesota Statutes 1984, section 124.271, subdivision 2, excluding any reductions from community education aid made pursuant to Laws 1981, Third Special Session chapter 2, article 2, section 2, clause (mm), and Laws 1982, Third Special Session chapter 1, article 3, section 6, and

(ii) the maximum community education levy authorized in this subdivision for the district for the levy made in 1981, payable in 1982, before any reduction in the levy pursuant to subdivision 9 amount authorized under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.125, subdivision 8, clause (2).

(3) (d) A district having an approved adult basic and continuing education program, according to section 124.26, may levy an amount not to exceed the amount raised by .1 mill times the adjusted assessed valuation of the district for the preceding year.

(4) (e) A district having an approved program and budget may levy for a handicapped adult program. The levy amount may not exceed the lesser of one-half of the amount of: (1) the approved budget for the program actual expenditures for approved programs for the fiscal year beginning in the calendar year after the levy is certified minus the amount of state aid paid for the same year, or \$25,000 (2) \$30,000 for one program. In the case of a program offered by a group of districts, the levy amount shall be divided among the districts

according to the agreement submitted to the department. The proceeds of the levy shall be used only for a handicapped adult program or, if the program is subsequently not offered, for community education programs. For programs not offered, the department of education shall reduce the community education levy by the amount levied the previous year for handicapped adult programs.

(5) (f) The levies authorized in this subdivision shall be used for community education, including nonvocational adult programs, recreation and leisure time activity programs, and programs authorized by sections 121.85 to 121.88 and 129B.06 to 129B.09, and 121.882. A school district may levy pursuant to this subdivision only after it has filed a certificate of compliance with the commissioner of education. The certificate of compliance shall certify that the governing boards of the county, municipality and township in which the school district or any part thereof is located have been sent 15 working days written notice of a meeting and that a meeting has been held to discuss methods of increasing mutual cooperation between such bodies and the school board. The failure of a governing board of a county, municipality or township to attend the meeting shall not affect the authority of the school district to levy pursuant to this subdivision.

(6) (g) The population of the district for purposes of this subdivision is the population determined as provided in section 275.14 or as certified by the department of education from the most recent federal census.

Sec. 15. [1987 LEVY FOR HANDICAPPED ADULT PROGRAMS.]

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.125, subdivision 8, clause (4), in 1987 a school district may levy the amount by which the levy for handicapped adult programs for fiscal years 1986, 1987, and 1988 was reduced because of proration of program budgets according to Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 121.88.

Sec. 16. [APPROPRIATIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.] There is appropriated from the general fund to the department of education the sums indicated in this section for the fiscal years ending June 30 in the years designated.

Subd. 2. [ADULT BASIC AND CONTINUING EDUCATION AID.] For adult basic and continuing education aid according to Minnesota Statutes, section 124.26, there is appropriated:

\$3,181,400 ..... 1988,

\$4,126,500 ..... 1989.

Up to \$200,000 each year may be used for contracts with private, nonprofit organizations for approved programs.

The amount appropriated for aid for fiscal year 1988 includes \$278,000 for aid for fiscal year 1987 payable in fiscal year 1988 and \$2,903,400 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1988.

The amount appropriated for aid for fiscal year 1989 includes \$512,300 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1989 and \$3,614,200 for aid for fiscal year 1989 payable in fiscal year 1989.

The appropriations are based on aid entitlements of \$3,415,700 for fiscal year 1988 and \$4,252,000 for fiscal year 1989.

Subd. 3. [ADULT HANDICAPPED PROGRAM AID.] For aid for handicapped adult programs according to Minnesota Statutes, section 124.271, there is appropriated:

\$450,000 ..... 1988,

\$550,000 ..... 1989.

Any unexpended balance remaining from the appropriations in this subdivision for 1988 does not cancel and is available for the second year of the biennium.

Subd. 4. [COMMUNITY EDUCATION AID.] For community education aid according to Minnesota Statutes, section 124.271, there is appropriated:

\$2,153,100 ..... 1988,

\$3,257,500 ..... 1989.

The amount appropriated for aid for fiscal year 1988 includes \$260,100 for aid for fiscal year 1987 payable in fiscal year 1988 and \$1,893,000 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1988.

The amount appropriated for aid for fiscal year 1989 includes \$334,000 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1989 and \$2,923,500 for aid for fiscal year 1989 payable in fiscal year 1989.

The appropriations are based on aid entitlements of \$2,227,000 for fiscal year 1988 and \$3,439,300 for fiscal year 1989.

Subd. 5. [EARLY CHILDHOOD FAMILY EDUCATION AID.] For early childhood family education aid according to Minnesota Statutes, section 124.2711, there is appropriated:

\$7,279,000 ..... 1988,

\$8,124,400 ..... 1989.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1988 includes \$870,000 for aid for fiscal year 1987 payable in fiscal year 1988 and \$6,409,000 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1988.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1989 includes \$1,130,900 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1989 and \$6,993,500 for aid for fiscal year 1989 payable in fiscal year 1989.

The appropriations are based on aid entitlements of \$7,539,900 for fiscal year 1988 and \$8,227,600 for fiscal year 1989.

Subd. 6. [HEALTH AND DEVELOPMENTAL SCREENING.] For health and developmental screening aid according to Minnesota Statutes, section 123.705, there is appropriated:

\$436,400 ..... 1988,

\$429,400 ..... 1989.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1988 includes \$65,800 for aid for fiscal year 1987 payable in fiscal year 1988 and \$370,600 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1988.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1989 includes \$65,400 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1989 and \$364,000 for aid for fiscal year 1989 payable in fiscal year 1989.

The appropriations are based on aid entitlements of \$436,000 for fiscal year 1988 and \$428,200 for fiscal year 1989.

Subd. 7. [HEARING IMPAIRED SUPPORT SERVICES AID.] For payment of support services for hearing impaired persons pursuant to section 121.201, there is appropriated:

\$60,000.....1988,

\$60,000.....1989.

The appropriations are based on aid entitlements of \$60,000 for fiscal year 1988 and \$60,000 for fiscal year 1989.

Sec. 17. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.26, subdivisions 1 and 6, are repealed.

## ARTICLE 5

## STATE AGENCY SERVICES

## Section 1. [APPROPRIATIONS; BOARD OF TEACHING.]

Subdivision 1. There is appropriated from the general fund to the board of teaching the sums indicated in this section. Any unexpended balance remaining from the appropriations in this section for 1988 does not cancel and is available for the second year of the biennium.

Subd. 2. [ASSESSMENT OF TEACHER PERFORMANCE.] For the purposes of designing an assessment procedure for the plan required in Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 12, article 8, section 48, there is appropriated:

\$166,000 ..... 1988,

\$166,000 ..... 1989.

Subd. 3. [EXEMPLARY TEACHER EDUCATION PROGRAMS.] For development of exemplary teacher education programs under Minnesota Statutes, section 126.81, and dissemination and replication of program models:

\$135,000 ..... 1988,

\$135,000 ..... 1989.

## Sec. 2. [APPROPRIATIONS; DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.]

Subdivision 1. There is appropriated from the general fund to the department of education the sums indicated in this section for the fiscal years ending June 30 in the years designated.

Subd. 2. [OFFICE ON TRANSITION SERVICES.] For the interagency office on transition services under Minnesota Statutes, section 120.183 there is appropriated:

\$77,000 ..... 1988,

\$77,000 ..... 1989.

Subd. 3. [EARLY CHILDHOOD FAMILY EDUCATION.] For technical assistance to districts implementing early childhood family education programs there is appropriated:

\$31,500 ..... 1988,

\$31,500 ..... 1989.

Subd. 4. [COMMUNITY EDUCATION ADVISORY TASK FORCE.] To carry out the responsibilities of the state community education advisory task force there is appropriated:

\$25,000 ..... 1988.

The appropriation shall be available until the end of the biennium.

Subd. 5. [MANAGEMENT INFORMATION CENTERS.] For management information centers according to Minnesota Statutes, section 121.935, subdivision 5, there is appropriated:

\$3,410,700 ..... 1988,

\$3,410,700 ..... 1989.

The appropriations are based on aid entitlements of \$3,410,700 for fiscal year 1988 and \$3,410,700 for fiscal year 1989. Of this amount, \$356,300 each year is for software support contracts made by the department of education.

Subd. 6. [ACADEMIC EXCELLENCE FOUNDATION.] For the academic excellence foundation according to Minnesota Statutes, section 121.612, there is appropriated:

\$100,000 ..... 1988,

\$125,000 ..... 1989.

Up to \$25,000 of the appropriation for fiscal year 1988 and up to \$50,000 of the appropriation for fiscal year 1989 may be used for expenses related to developing and implementing a plan for an academic league.

Subd. 7. [HEALTH AND WELLNESS CURRICULUM.] For development and dissemination of planning materials and guidelines to assist school districts in developing comprehensive health and wellness curriculum, there is appropriated:

\$30,000 ..... 1988.

The appropriation is available until June 30, 1989.

The materials and guidelines shall include a kindergarten through 12th grade scope and sequence coordinated with total school curriculum.



Subd. 8. [ADMINISTRATORS' ACADEMY.] There is appropriated for an administrators' academy:

\$167,300 ..... 1988,

\$167,300 ..... 1989.

\$24,000 shall be used each year for the school management assessment center at the University of Minnesota.

Subd. 9. [EDUCATIONAL EFFECTIVENESS.] For educational effectiveness programs according to Minnesota Statutes, sections 121.608 and 121.609 there is appropriated:

\$690,300 ..... 1988,

\$690,300 ..... 1989.

\$478,900 each year is for contracts for regional effectiveness coordinators.

Subd. 10. [STATE PER ASSISTANCE.] For state assistance for planning, evaluating, and reporting there is appropriated:

\$428,000 ..... 1988,

\$661,000 ..... 1989.

Up to \$45,000 each year shall be used for assisting districts with the assurance of mastery program.

Up to \$95,000 each year shall be used to develop and maintain model learner expectations.

Up to \$18,000 each year shall be used for the state curriculum advisory committee.

Up to \$270,000 each year shall be used for the assessment item bank.

Up to \$233,000 of the amount for 1989 shall be used for the local assessment program.

Subd. 11. [CURRICULUM AND TECHNOLOGY INTEGRATION.] For curriculum and technology integration services there is appropriated:

\$1,405,000 ..... 1988,

\$ 722,000 ..... 1989.

Up to \$450,000 in fiscal year 1988 and \$317,000 in fiscal year 1989 shall be used for technology services.

Up to \$355,000 each year shall be used for courseware integration centers.

Up to \$50,000 each year may be used for disseminating information about technology innovations identified in the technology demonstration sites.

Up to \$550,000 of the appropriation for 1988 shall be used according to Minnesota Statutes, section 129B.39 to purchase courseware duplication rights including principles of technology courseware.

Subd. 12. [COMPREHENSIVE ARTS PLANNING PROGRAM.] For technical assistance for the comprehensive arts planning program according to Minnesota Statutes, section 129B.21, there is appropriated:

\$37,500 ..... 1988,

\$37,500 ..... 1989.

Subd. 13. [EDUCATIONAL COOPERATIVE SERVICE UNITS.] For educational cooperative service units there is appropriated:

\$748,000 ..... 1988,

\$748,000 ..... 1989.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1988 includes \$112,200 for aid for fiscal year 1987 payable in fiscal year 1988 and \$635,800 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1988.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1989 includes \$112,000 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1989 and \$635,800 for aid for fiscal year 1989 payable in fiscal year 1989.

The appropriations are based on aid entitlements of \$748,000 for each fiscal year.

Funds from this appropriation may be transmitted to ECSU boards of directors for general operations in amounts of up to \$68,000 per ECSU for each fiscal year; however, the ECSU whose boundaries coincide with the boundaries of development region 11 and the ECSU whose boundaries encompass development regions

six and eight may each receive up to \$136,000 for each fiscal year for general operations.

Before releasing funds to the ECSUs, the department of education shall assure that the annual plan of each ECSU explicitly addresses the specific educational services that can be better provided by an ECSU than by a member district. The annual plan must include methods to increase direct services to school districts in cooperation with the state department of education. The ESCU plans for the 1988-1989 school year and after shall be coordinated with the management plan of the department of education that is required in article 10. The department may withhold all or a portion of these funds from an ECSU if the department determines that the ECSU has not been providing services according to its annual plan.

**Sec. 3. [APPROPRIATIONS; DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYEE RELATIONS.]**

There is appropriated from the general fund to the department of employee relations the sum of \$50,000 to develop a plan to allow teachers and school boards the option of participating in a state health benefits program. The department must submit the plan to the legislature by February 3, 1988.

**ARTICLE 6**

**OTHER AIDS AND LEVIES FOR SCHOOL DISTRICTS**

**Section 1. [123.9362] [NOTICE TO DISTRICTS; PRORATION.]**

In the event the appropriation for nonpublic educational aid under sections 123.931 to 123.947 is not sufficient to meet the required payments in any fiscal year, the department of education must notify the school districts at the earliest possible date of the need to prorate the appropriation among the districts.

**Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.195, subdivision 9, is amended to read:**

**Subd. 9. [PAYMENT PERCENTAGE FOR CERTAIN AIDS.]** The following aids shall be paid at 100 percent of the entitlement for the current fiscal year: management information center subsidies, according to section 121.935, reimbursement for transportation to post-secondary institutions, according to section 123.3514, subdivision 8; reimbursement for transportation to a program of excellence, according to section 126.62, subdivision 6; handicapped adult program aid, according to section 124.271, subdivision 7; arts education aid according to section 124.275; school lunch aid, according to section 124.646; hearing impaired support services aid, according to

section 121.201; technology demonstration site grants, according to section 129B.36 and courseware purchase subsidy according to section 129B.38 Indian post-secondary preparation grants according to section 124.481; and desegregation grants according to section 24.

Sec. 3. [124.217] [EXCEPTIONAL NEED AID.]

Subdivision 1. [ELIGIBILITY.] A district is eligible for exceptional need revenue if all of the following apply to the district:

(a) The ratio of the average daily membership of pupils enrolled in the district to the number of licensed staff, measured in full-time equivalents, is greater than 17.

(b) The ratio of the referendum levy certified according to section 124A.02, subdivision 2, to the adjusted assessed valuation is greater than .006.

(c) The ratio of the total levy certified by the district to the adjusted assessed valuation is greater than .05.

(d) The ratio of the adjusted assessed valuation to the actual pupil units is less than \$38,500.

(e) The unappropriated operating fund balance is less than \$100 times the number of actual pupil units.

Before a school board certifies levies to the county auditor, the commissioner shall determine the district's eligibility for exceptional need revenue for the following school year. Eligibility must be based on pupil and staff data from the prior year, levies certified in the prior year, adjusted assessed valuation in the prior year, and fund balances on June 30 of the same year.

Subd. 2. [EXCEPTIONAL NEED REVENUE.] The exceptional need revenue for each district equals \$75 times the number of actual pupil units.

Subd. 3. [EXCEPTIONAL NEED AID.] A district's exceptional need aid is the difference between its exceptional need revenue and the exceptional need levy, multiplied times the ratio of the actual amount levied to the amount permitted to be levied.

Sec. 4. [124.244] [CAPITAL EXPENDITURE REVENUE.]

Subdivision 1. [REVENUE AMOUNT.] The capital expenditure revenue for each district equals \$153 times its actual pupil units counted according to section 124.17, subdivision 1, for the school year.

Subd. 2. [CAPITAL EXPENDITURE LEVY.] To obtain capital expenditure revenue, a district may levy an amount not to exceed three mills times the adjusted assessed valuation of the district for the preceding year.

Subd. 3. [CAPITAL EXPENDITURE AID.] A district's capital expenditure aid is the difference between the capital expenditure revenue and the capital expenditure levy. If a district does not levy the entire amount permitted, capital expenditure aid must be reduced in proportion to the actual amount levied.

Subd. 4. [USES OF REVENUE.] Capital expenditure revenue may be used only for the following purposes:

- (1) to acquire land for school purposes;
- (2) to acquire or construct buildings for school purposes, if approved by the commissioner of education according to applicable statutes and rules;
- (3) to rent or lease buildings for school purposes;
- (4) to equip, reequip, improve, and repair school sites, buildings and permanent attached fixtures;
- (5) to eliminate barriers or increase access to school buildings by handicapped individuals;
- (6) to bring school buildings into compliance with the uniform fire code adopted according to chapter 299F;
- (7) to remove asbestos from school buildings, encapsulate asbestos, or make asbestos-related repairs;
- (8) to clean up and dispose of polychlorinated biphenyls found in school buildings;
- (9) to clean up, remove, dispose of, and make repairs related to storing heating fuel or transportation fuels such as alcohol, gasoline, fuel oil, and special fuel, as defined in section 296.01;
- (10) for energy audits for school buildings and to make modifications if the audit indicates the costs can be recovered within ten years;
- (11) to improve buildings that are leased according to section 123.36, subdivision 10;
- (12) to pay special assessments levied against school property but not to pay assessments for service charges;

(13) to pay capital expenditure assessments of an educational cooperative service unit;

(14) to pay principal and interest on state loans for energy conservation according to section 116J.37 or loans made under the northeast Minnesota economic protection trust fund act according to sections 298.292 to 298.298;

(15) to purchase or lease computers and related materials, copying machines, and telecommunications equipment;

(16) to purchase or lease equipment for secondary vocational education programs or senior secondary industrial arts programs; and

(17) to purchase textbooks.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.245, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE COMPUTATION.] For the 1987-1988 school year, the state shall pay a school district the difference by which an amount equal to \$25 times the total pupil units exceeds the amount raised by two mills times the adjusted assessed valuation used to compute the levy attributable to the same year. To qualify for aid pursuant to this subdivision in any school year, a district must levy pursuant to section 275.125, subdivision 11c for use in that year. Aid paid pursuant to this subdivision may be used only for the purposes for which the proceeds of the levy authorized in section 275.125, subdivision 11c may be used.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.245, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd 3a. [HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE PLAN.] To receive hazardous substance capital expenditure aid for the 1988-1989 school year or later school years, or to levy under section 275.125, subdivision 11c, a district shall submit to the commissioner of education an application for aid and levy by August 15 in the previous school year. The application shall contain the following:

(a) a plan for the removal or encapsulation of asbestos from school buildings or property, asbestos-related repairs, cleanup and disposal of polychlorinated biphenyls found in school buildings or property, and cleanup, removal, disposal, and repairs related to storing heating or transportation fuels such as alcohol, gasoline, fuel oil, and special fuel, as defined in section 296.01;

(b) the estimated cost of the plan by fiscal year; and

(c) other information required by the commissioner.

The commissioner may approve applications based on criteria disseminated to school districts by July 15 in the previous school year.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.245, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3b. [HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE REVENUE AND AID.]  
(a) A district's "hazardous substance revenue" equals the approved cost of the hazardous substance plan for the school year to which the levy is attributable, minus the unexpended portion of levies certified by the district in earlier years under section 275.125, subdivision 11c.

(b) A district's "hazardous substance levy limitation" means its levy limitation computed according to section 275.125, subdivision 11c.

(c) A district's "hazardous substance aid" for 1988-1989 and later school years equals:

(i) the difference between its hazardous substance revenue and its hazardous substance levy limitation for the levy for that school year, multiplied by

(ii) the ratio of the amount actually levied to the amount of its hazardous substance by levy limitation.

(d) Aid paid under this subdivision may be used only for the purposes for which the proceeds of the levy authorized in section 275.125, subdivision 11c, may be used.

(e) In the event that the aid available for any year is prorated, a district having its aid prorated may levy an additional amount equal to the amount not paid by the state due to proration.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.246, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [AID.] An eligible district shall receive \$1.08 in fiscal years ~~1985, 1986, and 1987~~ and 1988, for each pupil, in average daily membership, enrolled in a public elementary, secondary or area vocational technical or nonpublic elementary or secondary school. Aid for nonpublic school pupils shall be paid to the district upon request by or on behalf of the pupils. No district shall receive less than \$1,080 in fiscal years ~~1985, 1986, and 1987~~ and 1988.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.247, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [AID.] A district which establishes a program for gifted and talented students shall receive for the purpose of this program an amount equal to \$19 in the 1984-1985 school year, times the number of gifted and talented students in the district. In the 1985-1986 school year and later school years, a district shall receive the greater of \$40 per gifted and talented student or \$500 per district. No more than five percent of the students enrolled in the district shall be counted as gifted and talented for the purpose of aid computations pursuant to this subdivision. No more than five percent of the money received by a district pursuant to this subdivision may be expended for the purpose of administration of the program for gifted and talented students.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.252, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [DISTRICT AID.] An eligible district shall receive 52 cents in fiscal year 1986 and 54 cents in fiscal year 1987 and each year thereafter for each pupil, in average daily membership enrolled in a public elementary, secondary, or area vocational technical institute or nonpublic elementary or secondary school. Aid for nonpublic school pupils shall be paid to the district upon request by or on behalf of the pupils. No school district shall receive less than \$1,000 in fiscal year 1986 and \$1,040 in fiscal year 1987 and each year thereafter.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.646, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [SCHOOL LUNCH AID COMPUTATION.] (a) ~~For the 1985-1986~~ Each school year, school districts participating in the national school lunch program shall be paid by the state in the amount of 7.5 cents for each full paid student lunch served to students in the district.

(b) ~~For the 1986-1987~~ Each school year, school districts participating in the national school lunch program shall be paid by the state in the amount of 7.5 cents for each full paid student lunch served to students in the district.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.125, subdivision 6e, is amended to read:

Subd. 6e. [DESEGREGATION LEVY.] Each year any district which is implementing a plan for desegregation mandated by the state board of education or under court order, school district No. 625, St. Paul, may levy an amount not to exceed one mill times the adjusted assessed valuation of the district. Notwithstanding section



121.904, the entire amount of this levy shall be recognized as revenue for the fiscal year in which the levy is certified. This levy shall not be considered in computing the aid reduction under section 124.155. A If the district which levies pursuant to under this subdivision, it may not place the proceeds of the 1983 payable 1984 levy authorized by subdivision 9a, in the general fund.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.125, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6f. [EXCEPTIONAL NEED LEVY.] To obtain exceptional need revenue, a district may levy an amount not to exceed the lesser of its exceptional need revenue or the result of the following computation:

(a) Divide the adjusted assessed valuation for the year preceding the year the levy is certified, by the actual pupil units for the year to which the levy is attributable.

(b) Divide the result in paragraph (a) by the ratio of the formula allowance, established in article 1, section 6, subdivision 2, to the general education mill rate, established in article 1, section 7, subdivision 1, for the year to which the levy is attributable.

(c) Multiply the result in paragraph (b) by the district's exceptional need revenue for the year to which the levy is attributable.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.125, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6h. [MINNEAPOLIS HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY LEVY.] Each year special school district No. 1, Minneapolis, may make an additional levy not to exceed the amount raised by .1 mill times the adjusted assessed valuation of the property in the district for the preceding year. In addition, in 1987 the district may levy an amount not to exceed the amount raised by .1 mill times the adjusted assessed valuation of the property in the district for the preceding year for health insurance subsidies for fiscal year 1988. The proceeds may be used only to subsidize health insurance costs for eligible teachers as provided in this section.

"Eligible teacher" means a retired teacher who was a basic member of the Minneapolis teachers retirement fund association, who retired before May 1, 1974, and who is not eligible to receive the hospital insurance benefits of the federal Medicare program of the Social Security Act without payment of a monthly premium. The district shall notify eligible teachers that a subsidy is available. An eligible teacher may submit to the school district a copy of receipts for health insurance premiums paid during the previous 12-month period. The school district shall disburse the health insurance premium subsidy to each eligible teacher in a timely and efficient

manner. An eligible teacher may receive a subsidy up to an amount equal to the lesser of 90 percent of the cost of the eligible teacher's health insurance or up to 90 percent of the cost of the number two qualified plan of health coverage for individual policies made available by the Minnesota comprehensive health association under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 62E.

If funds remaining from the previous year's health insurance subsidy levy, minus the previous year's required subsidy amount, are sufficient to pay the estimated current year subsidy, the levy must be discontinued until the remaining funds are estimated by the school board to be insufficient to pay the subsidy.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.125, subdivision 11c, is amended to read:

Subd. 11c. [HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE CAPITAL EXPENDITURE LEVY.] In addition to the levy authorized in subdivisions 11a and 11b, each year a school district may levy an amount not to exceed the amount equal to \$25 times the total pupil units in the year to which the levy is attributable. No levy under this subdivision shall exceed two mills times the adjusted assessed valuation of the property in the district for the preceding year. Each year, a district with a hazardous substance plan approved by the commissioner of education under section 6 may levy an amount equal to the following product:

(a) the district's hazardous substance revenue as defined in section 7 for the year to which the levy is attributable, times

(b) the lesser of one, or the ratio of:

(i) the quotient derived by dividing the adjusted assessed valuation of the district for the year preceding the year the levy is certified by the total pupil units in the district for the school year to which the levy is attributable, to

(ii) 50 percent of the equalizing factor for the school year to which the levy is attributable.

The proceeds of the tax shall be placed in the district's capital expenditure fund and may be used only for expenditures necessary for the removal or encapsulation of asbestos from school buildings or property, asbestos related repairs, cleanup and disposal of polychlorinated biphenyls found in school buildings or property, or the cleanup, removal, disposal, and repairs related to storing heating fuel or transportation fuels such as alcohol, gasoline, fuel oil, and special fuel, as defined in section 296.01.

Sec. 16. Laws 1984, chapter 463, article 6, section 15, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [AUTHORIZATION.] In 1985 and each year thereafter, the newly created district formed by the consolidation of Independent School District No. 694, Buhl, and Independent School District No. 703, Mountain Iron, may make an additional levy to eliminate a deficit in the net unappropriated operating funds of the newly created district, determined as of June 30, 1985, and certified and adjusted by the commissioner. This levy each year may be an amount not to exceed ~~1.5~~ 4.0 mills times the adjusted assessed valuation of the newly created district for the preceding year as determined by the equalization aid review committee. When the cumulative amount of the levies made pursuant to this subdivision equals the total amount of the certified deficit of the newly created district, the levy shall be discontinued.

Sec. 17. Laws 1986, First Special Session chapter 1, article 5, section 9, is amended to read:

[124.196] [TEMPORARY CHANGE IN PAYMENT OF AIDS AND CREDITS TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS.]

If the commissioner of finance determines that modifications in the payment schedule are required to avoid state short-term borrowing, the commissioner of education shall modify payments to school districts according to this section. The modifications shall begin no sooner than September 1, 1986 of each fiscal year, and shall remain in effect until no later than May 30, 1987 of that same fiscal year. In calculating the payment to a school district pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 124.195, subdivision 3, the commissioner may subtract the sum specified in that subdivision, plus an additional amount no greater than the following:

(1) the net cash balance in the district's four operating funds on June 30, 1986 of the preceding fiscal year; minus

(2) the product of \$150 times the number of actual pupil units in the 1985-1986 school preceding fiscal year; minus

(3) the amount of payments made by the county treasurer during the preceding fiscal year 1986, pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 276.11, which is considered revenue for the 1986-1987 current school year. However, no additional amount shall be subtracted if the total of the net unappropriated fund balances in the district's four operating funds on June 30, 1986 of the preceding fiscal year, is less than the product of \$350 times the number of actual pupil units in the 1985-1986 school preceding fiscal year. The net cash balance shall include all cash and investments, less certificates of indebtedness outstanding, and orders not paid for want of funds.

A district may appeal the payment schedule established by this section according to the procedures established in section 7 124.195, subdivision 3a.

Sec. 18. [DESEGREGATION COSTS.]

By July 1, 1987, districts implementing desegregation plans mandated by the state board of education shall submit plans to the state board for using the desegregation grants authorized under section 19, subdivision 12. The plans must identify costs in the following categories according to the state's uniform accounting and reporting standards: district and school administration; district support services; regular, vocational, and special instruction; instructional support services; pupil support services, including transportation; and site, buildings and equipment. The plans must include information on the methods used to calculate desegregation costs in each category. By August 1, 1987, the state board shall approve or disapprove the plans and award grants to the districts with approved plans.

By February 1, 1988, the state board of education shall make recommendations regarding the funding of desegregation costs to the governor and the education committees of the legislature. The report shall identify desegregation costs in the categories required in the districts' plans according to the state's uniform accounting and reporting standards. The report must include information on the methods used by the districts to calculate desegregation costs in each category.

Sec. 19. [APPROPRIATIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.] There is appropriated from the general fund, or another named fund, to the department of education the sums indicated in this section for the fiscal years ending June 30 in the years designated.

Subd. 2. [ABATEMENT AID.] For abatement aid according to Minnesota Statutes, section 124.214, there is appropriated:

\$6,592,800 ..... 1988,

\$6,592,800 ..... 1989.

Subd. 3. [ARTS EDUCATION AID.] For arts education aid according to Minnesota Statutes, section 124.275, there is appropriated:

\$1,048,700 ..... 1988.

Subd. 4. [CAPITAL EXPENDITURE AID.] For capital expenditure aid according to Minnesota Statutes, section 124.245, for fiscal year 1988 and section 1 for fiscal year 1989, there is appropriated:

\$473,600 ..... 1988,

\$31,967,900 ..... 1989.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1988 includes \$45,200 for aid for fiscal year 1987 payable in fiscal year 1988 and \$428,400 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1988.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1989 includes \$75,500 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1989 and \$31,892,400 for aid for fiscal year 1989 payable in fiscal year 1989.

The appropriations are based on aid entitlements of \$503,900 for fiscal year 1988 and \$37,520,400 for fiscal year 1989.

Subd. 5. [HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE CAPITAL EXPENDITURE.] For hazardous substance capital expenditure aid according to Minnesota Statutes, section 124.245, there is appropriated:

\$50,600 ..... 1988,

\$58,700 ..... 1989.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1988 includes \$6,800 for aid for fiscal year 1987 payable in fiscal year 1988 and \$43,800 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1988.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1989 includes \$7,700 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1989 and \$51,000 for aid for fiscal year 1989 payable in fiscal year 1989.

The appropriations are based on aid entitlements of \$51,500 for fiscal year 1988 and \$60,000 for fiscal year 1989.

Subd. 6. [CHEMICAL ABUSE PROGRAMS.] For aid for chemical abuse programs according to Minnesota Statutes, section 124.246, there is appropriated:

\$1,023,700 ..... 1988,

\$ 153,600 ..... 1989.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1988 includes \$153,000 for aid for fiscal year 1987 payable in fiscal year 1988 and \$870,700 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1988.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1989 includes \$153,600 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1989.

The appropriations are based on aid entitlements of \$1,024,300 for fiscal year 1988.

Subd. 7. [GIFTED AND TALENTED AID.] For aid for gifted and talented education programs according to Minnesota Statutes, section 124.247, there is appropriated:

\$1,372,500 ..... 1988,

\$ 205,900 ..... 1989.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1988 includes \$205,700 for aid for fiscal year 1987 payable in fiscal year 1988 and \$1,166,800 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1988.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1989 includes \$205,900 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1989.

The appropriations are based on aid entitlements of \$1,372,700 for fiscal year 1988.

Subd. 8. [INTERDISTRICT COOPERATION AID.] For aid for interdistrict cooperation according to Minnesota Statutes, section 124.272, there is appropriated:

\$2,306,000 ..... 1988,

\$ 360,000 ..... 1989.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1988 includes \$265,900 for aid for fiscal year 1987 payable in fiscal year 1988 and \$2,040,100 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1988.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1989 includes \$360,000 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1989.

The appropriations are based on aid entitlements of \$2,400,100 for fiscal year 1988.

Subd. 9. [MAXIMUM EFFORT SCHOOL LOAN FUND.] For the maximum effort school loan fund there is appropriated:

\$1,615,200 ..... 1988,

\$2,025,100 ..... 1989.

These appropriations shall be placed in the loan repayment account of the maximum effort school loan fund for the payment of the principal and interest on school loan bonds, as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 124.46, to the extent that money in the fund is not sufficient to pay when due the full amount of principal and interest due on school loan bonds. The purpose of these appropriations is to ensure that sufficient money is available in the fund to prevent a statewide property tax levy as would otherwise be required pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 124.46, subdivision 3. Notwithstanding the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 124.39, subdivision 5, any amount of the appropriation made in this section which is not needed to pay when due the principal and interest due on school loan bonds shall not be transferred to the debt service loan account of the maximum effort school loan fund but instead shall cancel and revert to the general fund.

Subd. 10. [NONPUBLIC PUPIL AIDS.] For nonpublic pupil education aids according to Minnesota Statutes, sections 123.931 to 123.947, there is appropriated:

\$8,230,500 ..... 1988,

\$8,869,500 ..... 1989.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1988 includes \$1,087,100 for aid for fiscal year 1987 payable in fiscal year 1988 and \$7,143,400 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1988.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1989 includes \$1,260,500 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1989 and \$7,609,000 for aid for fiscal year 1989 payable in fiscal year 1989.

The appropriations are based on aid entitlements of \$8,403,900 for fiscal year 1988 and \$8,951,700 for fiscal year 1989.

Subd. 11. [SCHOOL LUNCH AND FOOD STORAGE AID.] For school lunch aid according to Minnesota Statutes, section 124.646, and for food storage and transportation costs for USDA donated commodities there is appropriated:

\$4,625,000 ..... 1988,

\$4,625,000 ..... 1989.

Any unexpended balance remaining from the appropriations in this subdivision shall be prorated among participating schools based on the number of fully-paid lunches served during that school year in order to meet the state revenue matching requirement of the USDA National School Lunch Program.

If the appropriation amount attributable to either year is insufficient, the rate of payment for each fully-paid student lunch shall be reduced and the aid for that year shall be prorated among participating schools so as not to exceed the total authorized appropriation for that year.

Subd. 12. [DESEGREGATION GRANTS.] For grants to districts implementing desegregation plans mandated by the state board:

\$11,557,300 .... 1988.

Of this amount, \$4,766,500 shall be allocated to independent school district No. 625, Saint Paul; \$5,667,700 to special school district No. 1, Minneapolis; and \$1,123,100 to independent school district No. 709, Duluth.

Subd. 13. [EXCEPTIONAL NEED AID.] For exceptional need aid there is appropriated:

\$125,700 .... 1989.

The appropriation is for aid for fiscal year 1989 payable in fiscal year 1989.

The appropriation is based on an aid entitlement of \$147,800 for fiscal year 1989.

Subd. 14. [TOBACCO USE PREVENTION AID.] For tobacco use prevention aid according to Minnesota Statutes, section 124.252, there is appropriated from the public health fund:

\$633,000 ..... 1988,

\$659,600 ..... 1989.

Sec. 20. [REPEALER.]

Subdivision 1. [JUNE 30, 1987.] Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.125, subdivisions 11a and 12, are repealed July 1, 1987.

Subd. 2. [JUNE 30, 1988.] Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 124.245, subdivisions 1 and 2; and 124.275, are repealed June 30, 1988.

Subd. 3. [EFFECT OF REPEALER.] According to Minnesota Statutes, section 645.35, the repeal of the sections listed in this section does not affect the right of a school district to receive nor the obligation of the commissioner of education to pay aids attributable to the 1987-1988 school year and payable in fiscal year 1989 under or by virtue of the sections repealed.



## Sec. 21. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Section 4 is effective for the levies certified in 1987 for the 1988-1989 school year and thereafter.

## Sec. 22. [LOCAL APPROVAL.]

Under Minnesota Statutes, section 645.023, subdivision 1, clause (a), section 16 is effective without local approval unless the voters of independent school district No. 712, Mountain Iron-Buhl, request a referendum on its approval.

The voters may request a referendum by filing a petition with the school board of independent school district No. 712. The petition must state the text of section 16 and indicate that those who sign the petition are residents of independent school district No. 712 and are at least 18 years of age. The petition must be signed by a number of persons equal to at least ten percent of the number of persons who cast votes for school board members at the last regular election in school district No. 712.

## ARTICLE 7

## MISCELLANEOUS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 118.12, is amended to read:

## 118.12 [INVESTMENT OF TOWN AND SCHOOL DISTRICT FUNDS.]

When the town board of any town or the school board of any school district in this state, by a unanimous resolution, deem it advisable, such town board or school board may invest such amount of funds in such town or school treasury as will not, in the opinion of such board, be needed by such town or school district during the fiscal year, in any of the bonds of any county, city, town, school district, drainage or other district created pursuant to law for public purposes in Minnesota, Iowa, Wisconsin, and North and South Dakota, or in bonds of the United States of America, or in the bonds of any city, county, town, school district, drainage or other district created pursuant to law for public purposes in the United States, containing at least 3,500 inhabitants, provided that the total bonded indebtedness of any such municipality or district shall not exceed ten percent of its assessed valuation.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 118.13, is amended to read:

## 118.13 [DEPOSIT OF SECURITIES.]

Any town board ~~or school district board~~ investing such surplus funds in such authorized securities as provided in section 118.12 shall deposit such securities for safekeeping with the county treasurer of the county wherein such town ~~or school district~~ is located or with any bank maintaining a safekeeping department. Such county treasurer or bank shall give a receipt for each and all of such securities to the town board ~~or school district board~~, as the case may be, and such county treasurer or bank shall keep such securities for safekeeping until such time as such town board ~~or school district board~~ shall adopt a resolution requesting the county treasurer or bank to turn such securities or any of them over to the treasurer of such town ~~or school district~~.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 118.14, is amended to read:

## 118.14 [EXCLUSION OF INVESTED FUNDS FROM BOND COVERAGE.]

The funds invested in such securities and deposited by the town board ~~or school board~~, as provided in section 118.13, shall not be included within the amount of money for which the town treasurer ~~or school treasurer~~ is required by law to give a bond to the town ~~or school district~~.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 120.0752, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3. [11TH AND 12TH GRADE STUDENTS.] Notwithstanding subdivision 2, an eleventh or twelfth grade pupil who has been enrolled in a district for at least three consecutive years and whose parent or guardian moves to another district, may continue to enroll in the nonresident district upon the approval of the school board of the nonresident district. The approval of the school board of the pupil's resident district is not required. The pupil shall be considered a resident of the district in which that student is enrolled.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 121.11, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 16. [COURSES OFFERED IN SUMMER.] A school board may comply with curriculum rules of the state board by offering any elective secondary course during the summer.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 121.612, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [FOUNDATION PROGRAMS.] The foundation shall plan for programs which advance the concept of educational excellence. These may include but are not limited to:

(a) recognition programs and awards for students demonstrating academic excellence;

(b) summer institute programs for students with special talents;

(c) recognition programs for teachers, administrators, and others who contribute to academic excellence;

(d) summer mentorship programs with business and industry for students with special career interests and high academic achievements; and

(e) governor's awards ceremonies to promote academic competition; and

(f) ~~consideration of the establishment of a Minnesota high school academic league.~~

To the extent possible, the foundation shall make these programs available to students in all parts of the state.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 121.612, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3a. [ACADEMIC LEAGUE PLANS.] The academic excellence foundation shall develop a plan for an academic league to promote academic excellence through organized challenges requiring both cooperation and competition for public and nonpublic pupils in elementary and secondary schools. The foundation shall develop the plan in consultation with administrators of existing programs of academic competition and cooperation, the Minnesota state high school league, and the Minnesota association of secondary school principals. The foundation shall submit the plans to the education committees of the legislature by January 15, 1989.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 121.612, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [REPORT.] By February 1, 1984, and February 1, 1985, the board of directors of the foundation shall submit an annual report to the education committees of the legislature on the progress of its activities made pursuant to the provisions of this section. The annual report shall contain a financial report for the preceding year, including all receipts and expenditures of the foundation.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 121.612, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. [FOUNDATION PUBLICATIONS.] The foundation may publish brochures or booklets relating to the purposes of the foundation. The foundation may collect reasonable fees for the publications.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 121.612, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 7. [APPROPRIATION.] There is annually appropriated to the academic excellence foundation any and all amounts received by the foundation pursuant to section 9.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 121.935, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [FEES.] Regional management information centers may charge fees to affiliated districts for the cost of services provided to the district and the district's proportionate share of outstanding regional debt. If a district uses a state approved alternative finance system for processing its detailed transactions or transfers to another region, the district is liable for its contracted proportionate share of the outstanding regional debt. The district is not liable for any additional outstanding regional debt that occurs after written notice is given to transfer or use an alternative finance system. In no event shall the annual fee of a district participating in a state pilot program of an alternative financial management information system exceed the annual fee chargeable to the district in the absence of the pilot program.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 121.936, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [MANDATORY PARTICIPATION.] (a) Every district shall perform financial accounting and reporting operations on a financial management accounting and reporting system utilizing multidimensional accounts and records defined in accordance with the uniform financial accounting and reporting standards adopted by the state board pursuant to sections 121.90 to 121.92.

(b) Every school district shall be affiliated with one and only one regional management information center. This affiliation shall include at least the following components:

(1) the center shall provide reports to the department of education for the district to the extent required by the data acquisition calendar;

(2) the district shall process every detailed financial transaction using, at the district's option, either the ESV-IS finance subsystem through the center or an alternative system approved by the state board.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, a district may process and submit its financial data to a region or the state in summary form if it operates an approved alternative system or participates in a state approved pilot test of an alternative system and is reporting directly to the state as of January 1, 1987.

(c) The provisions of this subdivision shall not be construed to prohibit a district from purchasing services other than those described in clause (b) from a center other than the center with which it is affiliated pursuant to clause (b).

Districts operating an approved alternative system or participating in a state approved pilot test of an alternative financial system shall purchase finance system services from any region if the region of affiliation does not offer alternative system support services may transfer their affiliation from one regional management information center to another. At least one year prior to July 1 of the year in which the transfer is to occur, the district shall give written notice to its current region of affiliation of its intent to transfer to another region. The one year notice requirement may be waived if the two regions mutually agree to the transfer.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 121.912, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. [ACCOUNT TRANSFER FOR CERTAIN SEVERANCE PAY.] A school district may maintain in a designated for certain severance pay account not more than 50 percent of the amount necessary to meet the obligations for the portion of severance pay that constitutes compensation for accumulated sick leave to be used for payment of premiums for group insurance provided for former employees by the district. The amount necessary shall be calculated according to standards established by the advisory council on uniform financial accounting and reporting standards. If there is a deficit in any year in any reserved fund balance account, the district shall transfer the amount necessary to eliminate the deficit from the designated for certain severance pay account to the reserved fund balance account.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 121.932, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [EXEMPTION FROM CHAPTER 14.] Except as provided in section 121.931, subdivision 8, the development of the data element dictionary pursuant to subdivision 1, and the annual data acquisition calendar pursuant to subdivision 2, shall be, and essen-

tial data elements are exempt from the administrative procedure act but, to the extent authorized by law to adopt rules, the board may use the provisions of section 14.38, subdivisions 5 to 9.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 121.932, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. [ESSENTIAL DATA.] The department shall maintain a list of essential data elements which must be recorded and stored about each pupil, licensed and nonlicensed staff member, and educational program. Each school district shall send the essential data to the ESV regional computer center to which it belongs, where it shall be assembled and transmitted to the department in the form and format prescribed by the department.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 121.934, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [CREATION.] An advisory council to the state board consisting of 11 members appointed by the governor is hereby established. Section 15.059, subdivisions 2, 4, and 5, shall govern membership terms, compensation of members, removal of members, and the filling of membership vacancies shall be as provided in section 15.059. The governor is encouraged to solicit the suggestions of the state board, the governing boards of regional management information centers, and school boards in selecting members of the council.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 121.934, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [MEMBERSHIP.] The council shall be composed of:

(a) four representatives of school districts, including one school district administrator from a rural school district, one school district administrator from an urban school district, one school board member from a rural school district, and one school board member from an urban school district;

(b) three persons employed in management positions in the private sector, at least two of whom are data processing managers or hold an equivalent position in the private sector;

(c) three persons employed in management positions in the public sector other than elementary, secondary, or vocational education, at least two of whom are data processing managers or hold an equivalent position in the public sector; ~~and~~

(d) one person from the general public; and

(e) one person from the department of education.

Members selected pursuant to clauses (b) and (c) shall not be employees or board members of local school districts or the department of education. The council shall include at least one resident of each congressional district.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 121.934, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [STAFF AND SUPPORT SERVICES.] The state board shall employ with the concurrence of the council one professional individual, experienced in managing data processing services, who shall be in the unclassified civil service, who shall not be a member of the council, and who shall provide staff assistance to the council. The state board commissioner shall provide all necessary materials and assistance for the transaction of to transact the business of the council. The expenses of undertaking the duties in this section shall be paid for from appropriations made to the state board of education. The commissioner is not required to pay compensation or expenses of the council.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 122.541, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [AID; TRANSPORTATION.] A district entering into an agreement permitted in subdivision 1 shall:

(1) Continue to count its resident pupils who are educated in a cooperating district as resident pupils in the calculation of pupil units for all purposes, including the calculation of state aids and levy limitations. Notwithstanding section 124.18, subdivision 2, an agreement permitted by subdivision 1 shall provide for the tuition payments the cooperating districts determine are necessary and equitable to compensate each district for the instruction of nonresident pupils; and

(2) Continue to provide transportation and collect transportation aid for its resident pupils pursuant to sections 123.39, ~~124.222~~ and ~~124.223~~, and ~~124.225~~. This clause shall not be construed to prohibit a district from providing some or all transportation to its resident pupils by contracting with a district which ~~that~~ has entered the agreement. For purposes of aid calculations pursuant to section ~~124.222~~ ~~124.225~~, the commissioner may adjust the base cost per eligible pupil transported to reflect changes in costs resulting from an agreement which provides for a district to discontinue at least one grade.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 123.35, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 16. [SCHOOL NURSE.] By July 1, 1988, a board of a district with 1,000 pupils or more must employ at least one full-time licensed school nurse. The board may contract with a public health agency for nursing services. The board shall not reduce the number of licensed school nurses that it employed during the 1986-1987 school year, except, if the enrollment of the district declines, the district may reduce the equivalent services of licensed school nurses proportionately.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 123.36, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

Subd. 13. [PROCEEDS OF SALE OR EXCHANGE.] Proceeds of the sale or exchange of school buildings or real property of the school district shall be used as provided in this subdivision.

(1) In districts with outstanding bonds, the proceeds of the sale or exchange shall first be deposited in the debt retirement fund of the district in an amount sufficient to meet when due that percentage of the principal and interest payments for outstanding bonds which is ascribable to the payment of expenses necessary and incidental to the construction or purchase of the particular building or property which is sold.

(2) After satisfying the requirements of clause (1), a district with outstanding bonds may deposit proceeds of the sale or exchange in its capital expenditure fund if the amount deposited is used for the following:

(a) for energy audits on district owned buildings conducted pursuant to chapter 116H, and for funding those energy conservation and renewable energy measures which the energy audits indicate will reduce the use of nonrenewable sources of energy to the extent that the projected energy cost savings will amortize the cost of the conservation measures within a period of ten years or less;

(b) for capital expenditures for the purpose of reducing or eliminating barriers to or increasing access to school facilities by handicapped persons;

(c) for capital expenditures to bring district facilities into compliance with the uniform fire code adopted pursuant to chapter 299F;

(d) (a) for expenditures for the removal of asbestos from school buildings or property or for asbestos encapsulation, if the method for asbestos removal or encapsulation is approved by the department of education;



(e) (b) for expenditures for the cleanup of polychlorinated biphenyls, if the method for cleanup is approved by the department of education;

(f) (c) for capital expenditures for the betterment, as defined in section 475.51, subdivision 8, of district-owned school buildings, other than as provided in clauses (b), (e), and (d) clause (a); or

(g) (d) to replace the building or property sold.

The amount of the proceeds used for the purposes specified in clauses (a), and (b), (e), (d), and (e) shall be deducted from the levy limitation computed for the levy authorized in section 275.125, subdivisions 11b and subdivision 11c, as applicable, in the first year after the deposit and from levy limitations computed for this levy in succeeding years until the entire amount is deducted.

(3) In a district with outstanding bonds, the amount of the proceeds of the sale or exchange remaining after the application of clauses (1) and (2), which is sufficient to meet when due that percentage of the principal and interest payments for the district's outstanding bonds which is not governed by clause (1), shall be deposited in the debt retirement fund.

(4) Any proceeds of the sale or exchange remaining in districts with outstanding bonds after the application of clauses (1), (2), and (3), and all proceeds of the sale or exchange in districts without outstanding bonds shall be deposited in the capital expenditure fund of the district.

(5) Notwithstanding clauses (2) and (3), a district with outstanding bonds may deposit in its capital expenditure fund and use for any lawful capital expenditure without the reduction of any levy limitation the same percentage of the proceeds of the sale or exchange of a building or property as the percentage of the initial cost of purchasing or constructing the building or property which was paid using revenue from the capital expenditure fund.

(6) Every district which sells or exchanges a building or property shall report to the commissioner in the form and at the time the commissioner prescribes on the disposition of the proceeds of the sale or exchange.

Sec. 22. [123.951] [SCHOOL SITE MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT.]

A school board may enter into an agreement with a school site management team concerning the governance, management, or control of a school. An initial school site management team shall be appointed by the school board and shall include the school principal,

representatives of teachers in the school, representatives of other employees in the school, representatives of parents of pupils in the school, representatives of pupils in the school, representatives of other members in the community, and others determined appropriate by the board. The permanent school site management team shall consist of at least the school principal and representatives elected by each group represented on the initial team.

The school board may delegate any of its powers or duties to the school site management team. Any powers or duties not specifically delegated shall remain with the school board.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. At the annual organizational meeting in independent districts and at the annual district meeting in common districts or at other times if necessary, The board district shall designate one or more national or state banks as official depositories for district money, and thereupon shall require the treasurer to deposit all or part of the district money in such bank or banks. Such designation shall be in writing and set forth all the terms and conditions upon which the deposits are made; signed by the chair and clerk, and made a part of the minutes of the board. Thereupon such bank or banks shall become legal depositories for district money in the manner specified in section 118.005, subdivision 1. If the board shall refuse refuses or fail fails to designate one or more depositories in accordance with this subdivision, the treasurer shall deposit the funds of the district in accordance with the provisions of section 118.005, subdivision 2, and shall file a statement of the selection of the depository with the clerk of the district. The treasurer shall not thereafter be liable for the loss of any funds through the insolvency or default of such depository in the absence of negligence on the treasurer's part in the selection of the depository.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.14, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [APPROPRIATION TRANSFERS.] If a direct appropriation to the commissioner department of education for any education aids aid or grant authorized in this chapter and chapters 121, 123, 124A, 125, 126, 129B, and 134 exceeds the amount required for payment of the corresponding aid entitlement, the commissioner of education may transfer the excess to any education aid or grant appropriation that is insufficient to meet the required payment, except that. However, section 124A.032 applies to a deficiency in the direct appropriation for foundation aid must be met by use of the appropriation in section 124A.032. The commissioner shall determine the method for allocating Excess appropriations shall be allocated proportionately among aids or grants that have insufficient appropriations. The commissioner of finance shall make the

necessary transfers among appropriations according to the determinations of the commissioner of education. The commissioner of education shall report appropriation transfers to the education committees of the legislature each year by January 15. If the amount of the direct appropriation for the aid or grant plus the amount transferred according to this subdivision is insufficient, the commissioner shall prorate the available amount among eligible districts. The state is not obligated for any additional amounts.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.195, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [PAYMENT PERCENTAGE FOR REIMBURSEMENT AIDS.] The following aids shall be paid at 100 percent of the entitlement for the prior fiscal year: summer program aid according to section 124A.033; abatement aid according to section 124.214, subdivision 2; special education residential aid according to section 124.32, subdivision 5; special education summer school aid, according to section 124.32, subdivision 10; planning, evaluating, and reporting process aid according to section ~~123.7431~~ 124.274; and extended leave and part-time teacher aids aid according to chapters 354 and 354A.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.273, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [NOTIFICATION; AID PAYMENTS.] The department shall inform each applicant district of the amount of aid it will receive pursuant to this section within a month after the application deadline, and the department shall pay the aid within 15 days after notifying the district that it will receive aid. Beginning with the 1982-1983 school year, 85 percent of the aid shall be paid within 15 days after the aid notification and the remaining aid to each district shall be paid on or before October 31 of the following school year.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124A.031, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [LOST REVENUE AID.] Each year, based on current year tax data reported in the abstracts of tax lists, the commissioner of revenue shall determine the distribution to each school district of the amount of revenue lost as a result of the reduction in property taxes provided in section 124.2137. On or before July 15 of each year, the commissioner of revenue shall certify the amounts so determined to the department of education. The department of education shall pay each school district its distribution as part of the foundation aid payment to each district in accordance with the payment dates in ~~subdivision 4~~ section 124.195, as applicable.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 125.03, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [TEACHERS; EXAMS.] "Teachers" for the purpose of examination means persons applying for initial teaching licenses or persons applying for additional fields of licensure to provide direct instruction to pupils in prekindergarten, elementary, secondary, and special education programs. It does not mean persons applying for licenses as supervisory or support personnel nor does it mean librarians, school social workers, school psychologists, audio-visual directors or coordinators, or media generalists or supervisors.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 125.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [QUALIFICATIONS.] The authority to license teachers as defined in section 125.03, subdivision 1, is vested in the board of teaching except that the authority to license supervisory and support personnel as defined in section 125.03, subdivision 4, is vested in the state board of education. Licenses shall be issued to such persons as the board of teaching or the state board of education finds to be competent for their respective positions. For teachers, as defined in section 125.03, subdivision 5, competency includes successful completion of an examination of academic knowledge in each field of licensure and, for persons applying for initial licenses, an examination of skills in reading, writing, and mathematics for persons applying for initial licenses. Qualifications of teachers and other professional employees except supervisory and support personnel shall be determined by the board of teaching under the rules which it promulgates. Licenses under the jurisdiction of the board of teaching shall be issued through the licensing section of the department of education. Licenses under the jurisdiction of the state board of education shall be issued through the licensing section of the department of education.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 125.611, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions subdivision 2, 3 and 7, a teacher who has entered into an agreement for termination of services and withdrawal from active teaching service with an early retirement incentive may be employed as a substitute teacher after retirement.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 125.611, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. Any amount of unemployment insurance which that the teacher receives and for which the district is required to pay into the unemployment compensation fund pursuant to section 268.06, subdivision 25, at any time after the teacher has entered into an agreement pursuant to subdivision 7, may be deducted by the district from the amount of the teacher's early retirement incentive or recovered by the district from the teacher up to the amount of the

early retirement incentive. ~~The district shall pay 50 percent of any amount so deducted or recovered to the department of education, and any amount so received by the department shall be deposited in the state treasury.~~

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 125.611, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

Subd. 13. [APPLICATIONS AFTER JUNE 30, 1984.] The state shall not reimburse the district for any portion of an early retirement incentive for any applications submitted after June 30, 1984. Beginning on July 1, 1984, A teacher meeting the requirements of subdivision 1 may apply to the school board of the employing district for a contract for termination of services, withdrawal from active teaching service, and payment of an early retirement incentive. This application shall be submitted on or before February 1 of the school year at the end of which the teacher wishes to retire. A school board shall approve or deny the application within 30 days after it is received by the board. The amount of the early retirement incentive shall be agreed upon between the teacher and the school board. The early retirement incentive shall be paid by the employing district at the time and in the manner mutually agreed upon by a teacher and the board.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 126.02, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [TRAINING OF TEACHERS TEACHER EDUCATION PROGRAMS.] All colleges, schools, and other educational post-secondary institutions giving offering teacher training education programs shall provide courses in physical and health education, training, and instruction and. Every pupil attending any college, school, or educational institution in preparation for teaching service student in a teacher education program shall take such health courses.

Sec. 34. [126.201] [ADMINISTRATION OF MEDICATION BY SCHOOL PERSONNEL.]

A licensed school nurse or, in the absence of the nurse, a principal or teacher may administer medication prescribed for a pupil under the conditions set forth in this section. Administration of medication by school personnel must only be done according to the written order of a licensed physician and written authorization of a parent. Medication to be administered must be brought to school in a container appropriately labeled by the pharmacy or physician. Medications that are not taken orally or that have the potential of dangerous side effects may be administered only by a licensed school nurse.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 126.56, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [FINANCIAL NEED.] Need for financial assistance shall be based on family income, family size, and special necessary expenditures of the family. The higher education coordinating board shall ~~determine~~ review the financial need of each pupil ~~based on~~ to meet the actual charges made costs of attending the summer program, as determined by the institution sponsoring the summer program ~~and~~. The board shall award scholarships within the limits of the appropriation for this section. If the amount appropriated is insufficient to ~~make a full award to each applicant~~, the board shall allocate the amount appropriated in the manner it determines. Scholarships A scholarship shall not be less than \$100 or more than exceed \$1,000.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 126.56, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [INFORMATION.] The higher education coordinating board, in cooperation with the academic excellence foundation, shall assemble and distribute information about scholarships and eligible programs. It may seek nonstate funds to perform its duties.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 129B.39, is amended to read:

129B.39 [PURCHASE OF COURSEWARE PACKAGE DUPLICATION RIGHTS.]

Rights to duplication of courseware packages may be purchased, and volume purchase agreements may be established by the department of education, if the department determines that the courseware packages qualify as high quality according to section 129B.37, and if the courseware packages are available to the state at a lower cost than if purchased by school districts individually. The department shall contract with any company that submits the lowest bid and that has the capability to duplicate and distribute courseware packages obtained by the department under this section. The materials shall be available to districts without at cost except for, including nominal costs of reproduction and distribution. Money from the sale of courseware packages is annually appropriated to the department of education to purchase additional courseware packages according to this section.

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 171.29, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. (a) A person whose drivers license has been revoked as provided in subdivision 1, except under section 169.121 or 169.123, shall pay a \$30 fee before the person's drivers license is reinstated.

(b) A person whose drivers license has been revoked as provided in subdivision 1 under section 169.121 or 169.123 shall pay a \$150 fee before the person's drivers license is reinstated to be credited as follows:

(1) 50 percent shall be credited to the trunk highway fund;

(2) 25 percent shall be credited to a separate account to be known as the county probation reimbursement account. Money in this account is appropriated to the commissioner of corrections for the costs that counties assume under Laws 1959, chapter 698, of providing probation and parole services to wards of the commissioner of corrections. This money is provided in addition to any money which the counties currently receive under section 260.311, subdivision 5; and

(3) 25 percent shall be credited to a separate account to be known as the alcohol impaired driver education account. Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner of education for grants to develop alcohol impaired driver education programs in elementary, secondary, and post-secondary schools. The state board of education shall establish guidelines for the distribution of the grants. The commissioner of education shall report to the legislature by January 15, 1988, on the expenditure of grant funds under this clause. Each year the commissioner may use \$100,000 to administer the grant program and other traffic safety education programs.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.125, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. [LEVY REDUCTIONS; TACONITE.] (1) Reductions in levies pursuant to subdivision 10, and section 273.138, shall be made prior to the reductions in clause (2).

(2) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, districts which received payments pursuant to sections 294.21 to 294.26; 298.23 to 298.28, except an amount distributed under section 298.28, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), clause (ii); 298.34 to 298.39; 298.391 to 298.396; 298.405; 298.51 to 298.67; 477A.15; and any law imposing a tax upon severed mineral values, or under any other law distributing proceeds in lieu of ad valorem tax assessments on copper or nickel properties, or recognized revenue pursuant to section 477A.15; shall not include a portion of these aids in their permissible levies pursuant to those sections, but instead shall reduce the permissible levies authorized by this section and sections 124A.03, 124A.06, subdivision 3a, 124A.08, subdivision 3a, 124A.10, subdivision 3a, 124A.12, subdivision 3a, 124A.14, subdivision 5a, and 124A.20, subdivision 2, by the greater of the following:

(a) an amount equal to 50 percent of the total dollar amount of the payments received pursuant to those sections or revenue recognized pursuant to section 477A.15 in the previous fiscal year; or

(b) an amount equal to the total dollar amount of the payments received pursuant to those sections or revenue recognized pursuant to section 477A.15 in the previous fiscal year less the product of the same dollar amount of payments or revenue times the ratio of the maximum levy allowed the district under sections 124A.03, subdivision 2, 124A.06, subdivision 3a, 124A.08, subdivision 3a, 124A.10, subdivision 3a, 124A.12, subdivision 3a, and 124A.14, subdivision 5a, to the total levy allowed the district under this section and sections 124A.03, 124A.06, subdivision 3a, 124A.08, subdivision 3a, 124A.10, subdivision 3a, 124A.12, subdivision 3a, 124A.14, subdivision 5a, and 124A.20, subdivision 2, in the year in which the levy is certified.

(3) No reduction pursuant to this subdivision shall reduce the levy made by the district pursuant to section 124A.03, subdivision 1, to an amount less than the amount raised by a levy of 12.5 mills times the adjusted assessed valuation of that district for the preceding year as determined by the equalization aid review committee. The amount of any increased levy authorized by referendum pursuant to section 124A.03, subdivision 2 shall not be reduced pursuant to this subdivision. The amount of any levy authorized by subdivision 4, to make payments for bonds issued and for interest thereon, shall not be reduced pursuant to this subdivision.

(4) Before computing the reduction pursuant to this subdivision of the capital expenditure levy authorized by subdivision 11a, article 6, section 4, subdivision 2, and subdivisions 11c and 12a, and the community service levy authorized by subdivision subdivisions 8 and 8b, the commissioner shall ascertain from each affected school district the amount it proposes to levy for capital expenditures pursuant to subdivision 11a article 6, section 4, subdivision 2, and subdivisions 11c and 12a, and for community services pursuant to subdivision subdivisions 8 and 8b. The reduction of the capital expenditure levy and the community services levy shall be computed on the basis of the amount so ascertained.

(5) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, any amounts received by districts in any fiscal year pursuant to sections 294.21 to 294.26; 298.23 to 298.28; 298.34 to 298.39; 298.391 to 298.396; 298.405; 298.51 to 298.67; or any law imposing a tax on severed mineral values, or under any other law distributing proceeds in lieu of ad valorem tax assessments on copper or nickel properties; and not deducted from foundation aid pursuant to section 124A.035, subdivision 5, clause (2), and not applied to reduce levies pursuant to this subdivision shall be paid by the district to the St. Louis county auditor in the following amount by March 15 of each year except 1986, the amount required to be subtracted from the previous



fiscal year's foundation aid pursuant to section 124A.035, subdivision 5, which is in excess of the foundation aid earned for that fiscal year. The county auditor shall deposit any amounts received pursuant to this clause in the St. Louis county treasury for purposes of paying the taconite homestead credit as provided in section 273.135.

Sec. 40. [APPROPRIATIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.] There is appropriated from the general fund to the department of education the sums indicated in this section for the fiscal years ending June 30 in the years designated.

Subd. 2. [COUNCIL ON QUALITY EDUCATION.] For the council on quality education venture fund grants and dissemination according to Minnesota Statutes, sections 129B.01 to 129B.05, there is appropriated:

\$ 63,900 ..... 1988.

The appropriation for aid for fiscal year 1988 is for aid for fiscal year 1987 payable in fiscal year 1988.

Subd. 3. [EXTENDED LEAVES OF ABSENCE.] For the state's obligations according to Minnesota Statutes, sections 354.094 and 354A.091, there is appropriated:

\$196,900 ..... 1988.

Subd. 4. [COMPREHENSIVE ARTS PLANNING PROGRAM.] For grants for the comprehensive arts planning program according to Minnesota Statutes, section 129B.20, there is appropriated:

\$37,500 ..... 1988.

\$37,500 ..... 1989.

Sec. 41. [APPROPRIATIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [HIGHER EDUCATION COORDINATING BOARD.] There is appropriated from the general fund to the higher education coordinating board the sums indicated in this section for the fiscal years ending June 30 in the years designated.

Subd. 2. [SUMMER PROGRAM SCHOLARSHIPS.] For scholarship awards for 1988 and 1989 summer programs according to Minnesota Statutes, section 126.56, there is appropriated:

\$213,700 ..... 1988,

\$213,700 ..... 1989.

Of this appropriation, the amount required may be used for the higher education coordinating board's costs of administering the program.

Sec. 42. [REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.]

In sections 121.904, 121.912, 121.914, 121.917, 122.531, 123.71, 124.225, 124A.08, 136C.28, and 136C.69, the Revisor of Statutes shall change, in the next edition of Minnesota Statutes, the phrases in column A to the phrases in column B.

<u>Column A</u>	<u>Column B</u>
<u>Reserved Fund Balances</u>	
<u>Appropriated for AVTI Equip-</u> <u>ment</u>	<u>Reserved for AVTI Equipment</u>
<u>Appropriated for AVTI Repair</u> <u>and Betterment</u>	<u>Reserved for AVTI Repair</u> <u>and Betterment</u>
<u>Appropriated for Unemploy-</u> <u>ment insurance</u>	<u>Reserved for Unemployment</u> <u>insurance</u>
<u>Appropriated for Severance</u> <u>Pay</u>	<u>Reserved for Severance Pay</u>
<u>Appropriated for Bus</u> <u>Purchases</u>	<u>Reserved for Bus Purchases</u>
<u>Appropriated for Statutory</u> <u>Operating Debt Reduction</u>	<u>Reserved for Statutory</u> <u>Operating Debt Reduction</u>
<u>Appropriated for Maintenance</u> <u>Levy Reduction</u>	<u>Reserved for Maintenance</u> <u>Levy Reduction</u>
<u>Appropriated for Current Use</u> <u>of Taconite Payments</u>	<u>Reserved for Current Use of</u> <u>Taconite Payments</u>
<u>Appropriated for</u> <u>Encumbrances</u>	<u>Reserved for Encumbrances</u>
<u>Unreserved Fund Balances</u>	
<u>Appropriated for Building</u> <u>Construction</u>	<u>Designated for Building</u> <u>Construction</u>
<u>Unappropriated Statutory</u> <u>Operating Debt as of</u> <u>June 30, 1977</u>	<u>Undesignated Statutory</u> <u>Operating Debt as of</u> <u>June 30, 1977</u>
<u>Unappropriated from July 1,</u> <u>1977</u>	<u>Undesignated from July 1,</u> <u>1977</u>
<u>Unappropriated</u>	<u>Undesignated</u>

## Sec. 43. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 124.05, subdivision 2; 124.185; 124A.031, subdivision 1; 125.611, subdivisions 8, 9, and 10; 354.66, subdivisions 4a and 9; 354A.094, subdivisions 4a and 9; and Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 12, article 8, section 46, are repealed.

## Sec. 44. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 35 and 36 are effective the day following final enactment.

## ARTICLE 8

## ACCESS TO EXCELLENCE

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 121.609, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [REGIONAL SERVICES.] The department of education shall contract with educational cooperative service units or other regional educational service agencies to provide assistance to the school districts in an educational cooperative service unit region in implementing educational effectiveness. In selecting an agency to provide assistance to the school districts, the department shall consider such factors as support of the proposal by the participating school districts and the extent to which the proposal provides for participation by school district staff. If more than one agency submits a proposal to provide services to school districts within an educational cooperative service unit region, the department shall encourage the agencies to develop a joint proposal. Every two years, the department shall evaluate the performance of the regional service providers and shall consider new proposals to provide regional services.

## Sec. 2. [122.91] [EDUCATION DISTRICT ESTABLISHMENT.]

Subdivision 1. [PURPOSE.] The purpose of an education district is to increase educational opportunities for pupils by increasing cooperation and coordination among school districts.

Subd. 2. [AGREEMENT.] School boards meeting the requirements of subdivision 3 may enter into a written agreement to establish an education district. The agreement and subsequent amendments must be adopted by majority vote of the full membership of each board.

Subd. 3. [REQUIREMENTS FOR FORMATION.] An education district must have one of the following at the time of formation:

- (1) at least five districts;
- (2) at least four districts with a total of at least 5,000 pupils in average daily membership; or
- (3) at least four districts with a total of at least 2,000 square miles.

Subd. 4. [NOTICE AND HEARING.] Before entering into an agreement, the school board of each member district shall publish at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the district a summary of the proposed agreement and its effect upon the district. The board shall conduct a public hearing on the proposed agreement not more than ten days after the notice and at least 30 days before entering into an agreement.

Subd. 5. [JOINER AND WITHDRAWAL.] A process for a district to join or withdraw from an education district shall be included in the education district agreement.

Subd. 6. [EDUCATIONAL COOPERATIVE SERVICE UNITS.] If requested, educational cooperative service units shall provide assistance to districts in establishing education districts. The assistance may include determination of appropriate boundaries of the education district and development of the agreement. The educational cooperative service units may provide any other services requested by the education district.

### Sec. 3. [122.92] [EDUCATION DISTRICT BOARD.]

The education district board shall be composed of at least one representative appointed by the school board of each member district. The representative shall reside in the school district of the appointing school board. The representative shall serve at the pleasure of the appointing school board and may be recalled by a majority vote of the appointing school board. Each representative shall serve for the term that is specified in the agreement. The board shall select its officers from among its members and shall determine the terms of the officers. The board shall adopt by-laws for the conduct of its business.

### Sec. 4. [122.93] [POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE BOARD.]

Subdivision 1. [COORDINATION.] An education district board shall coordinate the programs and services of the education district according to the terms of the written agreement. The board shall implement the agreement for delivering educational services needed in the education district.

Subd. 2. [PERSONNEL.] The board may employ personnel as necessary to provide and support the programs and services of the

education district. Education district staff shall participate in retirement programs.

Subd. 3. [CONTRACTS.] The board may enter into contracts with school districts and other public and private agencies to provide services needed in the education district.

Subd. 4. [GENERAL LAW.] The board shall be governed, unless specifically provided otherwise, by laws applicable to independent school districts.

Subd. 5. [ADVISORY COUNCIL.] An advisory council, consisting of representatives from the program areas covered by the agreement, shall be appointed by the education district board.

Subd. 6. [REPORT TO MEMBERS.] The board shall submit at least an annual report to the member districts and an annual report to the state board of education about the activities of the education district.

#### Sec. 5. [122.94] [EDUCATION DISTRICT AGREEMENT.]

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT.] An education district board shall adopt a comprehensive agreement for continuous learning. The agreement must address methods to improve the educational opportunities available in the education district. It must be submitted for review by all educational cooperative service units serving the education district. The education district board shall review the agreement annually and propose necessary amendments to the member districts.

Subd. 2. [MANDATORY PROVISIONS.] The agreement must provide for the following:

(1) coordination of member district and education district programs for handicapped pupils, gifted and talented pupils, secondary vocational education, improved learning, community education, early childhood family education, career education, and low incidence academic programs;

(2) research, planning, and development functions, including acquiring and disseminating research information and developing methods to implement research, such as educational effectiveness programs and improving education based on educational research; and

(3) methods to meet pupil needs for health services, library services, and counseling services.

Subd. 3. [OPTIONAL PROVISIONS.] The agreement may contain the following:

- (1) methods for sharing administrative and management services;
- (2) professional development programs;
- (3) programs that use learning time available during the summer;
- (4) use of technology for education programs and management assistance; or
- (5) methods for involving parents in planning education programs.

Subd. 4. [EXTENDED YEAR.] The agreement may provide opportunities for pupils to receive instruction throughout the entire year and for teachers to coordinate educational opportunities and provide instruction throughout the entire year. Pupils may receive instruction for more than or less than the daily number of hours required by the rules of the state board of education. However, the pupil must receive instruction each year for at least the total number of instructional hours required by statutes and rules. A teacher who is employed for the extended year may develop, in consultation with pupils and parents, individual educational programs for not more than 125 pupils.

Subd. 5. [ATTENDANCE IN OTHER DISTRICTS.] The agreement may provide for a pupil who is a resident of a member district to enroll in programs or courses offered by another member district or transfer to another member district. A pupil and parent shall consult with a career teacher, counselor, or principal before transferring to another district. The agreement shall specify procedures for reimbursement among the member districts. The district of residence shall count all resident pupils who enroll in programs or courses or transfer to another district as its pupils for the purpose of state aid and levy limitations. The agreement shall determine whether transportation is available for pupils enrolled in programs or courses or transferring to another district.

Sec. 6. [122.95] [TEACHING POSITIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITION.] For the purposes of this section, "teacher" has the meaning given it in section 125.12, subdivision 1, except that it does not include a superintendent.

Subd. 2. [FILLING POSITIONS.] (a) When an education district board or a member board is filling a position resulting from implementation of the agreement, the board may offer the position

to a teacher currently employed by a member district according to the exchange teacher provisions of section 125.13.

(b) If the position is not filled by a currently employed teacher, the board shall offer the position to an available teacher in the order of seniority in fields of licensure on a combined seniority list of all available teachers in the member districts. An available teacher is a teacher in a member district who:

(1) was placed on unrequested leave of absence by a member district, according to section 125.12, subdivision 6a or 6b, or was terminated according to section 125.17, subdivision 11, not more than one year before the initial formation of an education district as a result of an intention to enter into an education district agreement;

(2) was placed on unrequested leave of absence by a member district, according to section 125.12, subdivision 6a or 6b, or was terminated according to section 125.17, subdivision 11, as a result of implementing the education district agreement, after the formation of the education district; or

(3) is placed on unrequested leave of absence by a member district, according to section 125.12, subdivision 6a or 6b, or is terminated according to section 125.17, subdivision 11, as a result of implementing the education district, in the same year the position is filled.

(c) If no currently employed teacher or available teacher accepts the position, the board may fill the position with any other teacher.

(d) Any teacher who has been placed on unrequested leave of absence or who has been terminated has a right to a position only as long as the teacher has a right to reinstatement in a member district under section 125.12, subdivision 6a or 6b, or 125.17, subdivision 11.

Subd. 3. [PROBATION AND TERMINATION.] Notwithstanding section 125.12, subdivision 3, a teacher who has acquired continuing contract rights in a member district and who transfers employment from a member district to the education district or to another member district does not have to serve a probationary period. A teacher who is terminated or discharged by a member district according to section 125.12, subdivision 6 or 8, or 125.17, subdivision 4, has no right to any position under this section.

Subd. 4. [DETERMINATION OF REASON FOR LEAVE.] When a school board that intends to enter into an education district agreement, and at the time a school board that has entered into an education district agreement places a teacher on unrequested leave of absence, according to section 125.12, subdivision 6a or 6b, or terminates a teacher's services under section 125.17, subdivision 11, the board shall make a determination whether the placement or

termination is a result of implementing the education district agreement. That determination shall be included in the notice of proposed placement or termination, may be reviewed at a hearing upon request of the teacher, and shall be included in the notice of final action of the board. If the determination is not disputed by the teacher before June 1 or the final date required for action by the board, the teacher shall be deemed to acquiesce in the board's determination.

Sec. 7. [122.96] [BONDS FOR EDUCATION DISTRICTS.]

Subdivision 1. [PURPOSE OF BONDS.] The education district board, acting on its own behalf, may issue bonds for the acquisition of secondary school facilities or for funding or refunding related outstanding bonds, warrants, orders, or certificates of indebtedness. The board shall comply with the provisions of chapter 475.

Subd. 2. [APPROVAL RESOLUTION.] The purpose and the amount of any borrowing shall first be approved by resolution of the board of the education district. When the resolution has been adopted by the board it shall be published once in a newspaper of general circulation in the education district.

Subd. 3. [ELECTION.] The education district board shall not sell and issue bonds for acquisition purposes until the question of their issuance has been submitted to the voters of the education district at a special election held in and for the education district. The date of the election, the question to be submitted, and all other necessary conduct of the election shall be fixed by the board. The election shall be conducted and canvassed under the direction of the education district board in accordance with section 123.32, insofar as may be applicable.

If a majority of the total number of votes cast on the question within the education district is in favor of the question, the board may proceed with the sale and the issuance of the bonds.

Subd. 4. [OBLIGATION FOR PAYMENT.] The full faith, credit, and unlimited taxing powers of the education district shall be pledged to the payment of all bonds and certificates of indebtedness. None of the obligations shall be included in the net debt, as defined by section 475.51, subdivision 4, of any member school district.

Subd. 5. [TAX LEVIES.] The education district board, upon awarding a contract for the sale of the bonds, shall certify to the county auditor or county auditors the years and amounts of taxes required to be levied for the payment of the bonds as provided by section 475.61. The county auditor shall cause the taxes to be spread in each year until bonds and interest have been paid upon all of the assessable, taxable valuation of the education district.



Subd. 6. [TAX-EXEMPT SECURITIES.] The bonds are authorized securities within the provisions of section 50.14, and shall be deemed instruments of a public governmental agency.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 123.34, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. [SUPERINTENDENT.] All districts maintaining a classified secondary school shall employ a superintendent who shall be an ex officio nonvoting member of the school board. The authority for selection and employment of a superintendent shall be vested in the school board in all cases. Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 122.532, 122.541, 125.12, subdivision 6a or 6b, or any other law to the contrary, no individual shall have a right to employment as a superintendent based on seniority or order of employment in any district. If two or more school districts enter into an agreement for the purchase or sharing of the services of a superintendent, the contracting districts have the absolute right to select one of the individuals employed to serve as superintendent in one of the contracting districts and no individual has a right to employment as the superintendent to provide all or part of the services based on seniority or order of employment in a contracting district. An individual who holds a position as superintendent in one of the contracting districts, but is not selected to perform the services, may be placed on unrequested leave of absence or may be reassigned to another available position in the district for which the individual is licensed. The superintendent of a district shall perform the following:

- (a) visit and supervise the schools in the district, report and make recommendations about their condition when advisable or on request by the board;
- (b) recommend to the board employment and dismissal of teachers;
- (c) superintend school grading practices and examinations for promotions;
- (d) make reports required by the commissioner of education; and
- (e) perform other duties prescribed by the board.

Sec. 9. [123.3515] [SCHOOL DISTRICT ENROLLMENT OPTIONS PROGRAM.]

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT.] An enrollment options program for school districts, in which a school district may voluntarily participate, is established. A participating district must include all grade levels offered by the district. By formal resolution, a participating district must agree to:

(1) allow its resident pupils to enroll in other participating districts;

(2) accept nonresident pupils from other participating districts; and

(3) follow the procedures in this section.

A district shall notify the commissioner each year by September 15 whether it will participate in the program during the following school year. For the 1987-1988 school year, a district must notify the commissioner by July 1, 1987.

Subd. 2. [PUPIL APPLICATION.] A pupil who resides in a participating district may enroll according to this section in a participating nonresident district. The pupil's parent or guardian must apply to the nonresident district on a form provided by the department of education. The application must be submitted to the nonresident district by December 1 for enrollment during the following school year. For the 1987-1988 school year, an application must be submitted by August 1, 1987.

Subd. 3. [NONRESIDENT DISTRICT PROCEDURES.] Within ten days of receiving an application, a nonresident district shall notify the resident district that it has received the application. The nonresident district shall notify the parent or guardian and the resident district by February 1 whether the pupil's application has been approved or disapproved. For the 1987-1988 school year, notification must occur by August 10, 1987.

Subd. 4. [BASIS FOR APPROVAL.] A nonresident district must adopt criteria for approving and disapproving applications. A nonresident district may disapprove an application because of lack of space in the district. It may also disapprove an application for a particular program or school because of lack of space in the program or school. A district that has a desegregation plan may approve and disapprove applications according to subdivision 5.

Subd. 5. [RACIAL BALANCE.] A school district that has a desegregation plan may limit the number of pupils who transfer into or out of the district. An application to transfer into or out of a desegregation district shall be submitted to that district by November 1 of each year for enrollment during the following school year. For the 1987-1988 school year, an application must be submitted by August 1, 1987. If approval of all of the applications would result in the district being out of compliance with its desegregation plan, the district shall establish the number of majority and minority group pupils who may transfer into or out of the district. The district may approve or disapprove the applications in a manner that will enable compliance with the desegregation plan. The district shall notify the parent or guardian by November 20 whether the pupil's application

has been approved or disapproved. For the 1987-1988 school year, notification must occur by August 10, 1987.

Subd. 6. [TRANSPORTATION.] The nonresident district shall provide transportation within that district for nonresident pupils enrolled under this section. The state shall pay transportation aid to the district according to section 124.225. The resident district is not required to provide or pay for transportation between a pupil's residence and the border of the nonresident district.

A parent or guardian may apply to the nonresident district for reimbursement for transportation costs between the pupil's residence and the border of the nonresident district. The state board shall establish guidelines for reimbursing the transportation costs based on financial need. Chapter 14 does not apply to the guidelines.

Subd. 7. [CREDITS; GRADUATION.] A pupil who has been enrolled in a nonresident district and who has met the district's graduation requirements shall be granted a diploma by that district. The district shall accept credits toward graduation requirements that were awarded by another district.

Subd. 8. [INFORMATION.] A participating district must make information about the district, schools, programs, policies, and procedures available to all interested people.

Subd. 9. [AID.] Payment of foundation aid or general education aid for pupils enrolled in a nonresident district must be made according to section 10.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124A.036, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. [CERTAIN NONRESIDENTS.] The foundation aid for districts must be adjusted for each pupil attending a nonresident district under sections 9 and 34. The adjustments must be made according to this subdivision.

(a) Foundation aid paid to a resident district must be reduced by an amount equal to the formula allowance plus the total tier revenue per actual pupil unit of the resident district times the number of pupil units of pupils enrolled in a nonresident district.

(b) Foundation aid paid to a nonresident district shall be increased by an amount equal to the formula allowance plus the total tier revenue per actual pupil unit of the nonresident district times the number of pupil units of nonresident pupils enrolled in that nonresident district.

(c) If the amount of the reduction to be made from the foundation aid of the resident district is greater than the amount of foundation aid otherwise due the district, the excess reduction must be made from other state aids due the district.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 125.185, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. The board shall adopt rules to license public school teachers and interns subject to chapter 14. The board shall adopt rules for examination of teachers, as defined in section 125.03, subdivision 5. The rules may allow for completion of the examination of skills in reading, writing, and mathematics before entering or during a teacher education program. The board shall adopt rules to approve teacher education programs. The board of teaching shall provide the leadership and shall adopt rules by October 1, 1988 for the redesign of teacher education programs to implement a research based, results-oriented curriculum that focuses on the skills teachers need in order to be effective. The board shall implement new systems of teaching education program evaluation to assure program effectiveness based on proficiency of graduates in demonstrating attainment of program outcomes.

These rules shall encourage teacher educators to obtain periodic classroom elementary or secondary teaching experience. The board shall also grant licenses to interns and to candidates for initial licenses and. The board shall design and implement an assessment system which requires candidates for initial licensure and first continuing licensure to demonstrate the abilities necessary to perform selected, representative teaching tasks at appropriate levels. The board shall receive recommendations from local committees as established by the board for the renewal of teaching licenses. The board shall grant life licenses to those who qualify according to requirements established by the board, and suspend or revoke licenses pursuant to sections 125.09 and 214.10. Notwithstanding any law or rule to the contrary, the board shall not establish any expiration date for application for life licenses. With regard to vocational education teachers the board of teaching shall adopt and maintain as its rules the rules of the state board of education and the state board of vocational technical education.

Sec. 12. [125.21] [RESEARCH ON PROGRAM EFFECTIVENESS.]

Subdivision 1. [PURPOSE.] The legislature recognizes a growing and substantial concern about the effectiveness and breadth of the existing undergraduate curriculum for teacher education students. It also recognizes the absence of definitive research about the most effective curricula to adequately prepare teachers for entrance into the teaching profession. The purpose of this section is to support research on the comparative effectiveness of different teacher edu-

cation program structures, after new programs have been designed and implemented, and the first graduates are in service.

Subd. 2. [RESPONSIBILITY.] By July 1, 1989, the board of teaching shall begin to evaluate the effectiveness of pre-baccalaureate, post-baccalaureate, and other alternative program structures for preparing candidates for entrance into the teaching profession. The evaluation shall be conducted by independent research centers or evaluators who are not associated with a Minnesota teacher education institution and shall be longitudinal in nature. By July 1, 1990, the board of teaching shall make a preliminary report on the effectiveness of alternative program structures to the education and finance committees of the legislature.

Sec. 13. [125.23] [TEACHER ASSISTANCE THROUGH MENTORSHIP PROGRAM.]

Subdivision 1. [TEACHER MENTORING PROGRAM.] School districts are encouraged to participate in a competitive grant program that explores the potential of various teacher mentoring programs.

Subd. 2. [TEACHER MENTORING TASK FORCE.] The commissioner shall appoint a teacher mentoring task force including representatives of the two teachers unions, the two principals organizations, school boards association, administrators association, board of teaching, parent teacher association, post-secondary institutions, foundations, and the private sector. Representation on the task force by minority populations shall reflect the proportion of minorities in the public schools.

The task force shall:

(1) make recommendations for a system of incentives at the state and local level to assure that highly capable individuals are attracted to and retained in the teaching profession;

(2) determine ways in which teachers can be empowered through expanding to new and more professional roles; and

(3) develop the application forms, criteria, and procedures for the mentorship program.

Subd. 3. [APPLICATIONS.] The commissioner of education shall make application forms available by October 1, 1987. By December 1, 1987, a school district, a group of school districts, or a coalition of districts, teachers and teacher education institutions may apply for a teacher mentorship program grant. By January 1, 1988, the commissioner, in consultation with the teacher mentoring task

force, shall approve or disapprove the applications. To the extent possible, the approved applications must reflect a variety of mentorship program models, include a variety of coalitions and be geographically distributed throughout the state. The commissioner of education shall encourage the selected sites to consider the use of the assessment procedures developed by the board of teaching.

Subd. 4. [CRITERIA FOR SELECTION.] At a minimum, applicants must express commitment to:

- (1) allow staff participation;
- (2) assess skills of both beginning and mentor teachers;
- (3) provide appropriate in-service to needs identified in the assessment;
- (4) provide leadership to the effort;
- (5) cooperate with higher education institutions;
- (6) provide facilities and other resources; and
- (7) share findings, materials, and techniques with other school districts.

Subd. 5. [ADDITIONAL FUNDING.] Applicants are required to seek additional funding and assistance from sources such as school districts, post-secondary institutions, foundations, and the private sector.

Subd. 6. [REPORT TO THE LEGISLATURE.] By January 1, 1988, the commissioner of education shall report to the legislature on the teacher mentoring task force recommendations for a system of incentives at the state and local level to assure that highly capable individuals are attracted to and retained in the teaching profession.

By January 1 of 1989 and 1990, the commissioner of education shall report to the legislature on the design, development, implementation, and evaluation of the mentorship program.

Sec. 14. [125.24] [ADMINISTRATORS ACADEMY.]

Subdivision 1. [SERVICES.] An administrators academy is established. The academy shall provide at least the following services:

- (1) an administrator assessment that results in an individual professional development plan;

(2) research and development assistance that provides current research and data of interest to administrators; and

(3) brokerage assistance to provide services and resources to help administrators with needs identified in their individual professional development plan.

Subd. 2. [GOVERNANCE.] The commissioner of education shall appoint a 17-member committee to govern the administrators academy. Eight members must be from among administrators who are receiving or have received the services of the academy. In addition, a representative of each of the following organizations: Minnesota department of education, Minnesota association of school administrators, Minnesota elementary school principals, Minnesota secondary school principals, University of Minnesota, state university system, and a representative from the private colleges must be appointed by the organization each represents. Parents and teachers shall also have representation on the governing board.

Subd. 3. [REPORT TO THE LEGISLATURE.] The department of education shall report to the legislature by January 1, 1989, on the services provided by the administrators academy.

Sec. 15. [126.22] [HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATION INCENTIVES PROGRAM.]

Subdivision 1. [PURPOSE.] The legislature finds that it is critical for persons to obtain at least a high school education to function in today's society. Therefore, the purpose of this section is to provide incentives for and encourage all Minnesota students who have experienced or are experiencing difficulty in the traditional education system to enroll in alternative programs in order to complete their high school education.

Subd. 2. [ELIGIBLE STUDENTS.] The following students are eligible to participate in the high school graduation incentives program:

(a) any student who is between the ages of 12 and 16 and who:

(1) is at least two grade levels below the performance level for students of the same age in a locally determined achievement test;  
or

(2) is at least one year behind in obtaining credits for graduation;  
or

(3) is pregnant or is a parent; or

(4) has been assessed as chemically dependent; or

(5) has been absent from attendance at school without lawful excuse for one or more class periods on more than 15 days in the preceding or current school year.

(b) any student who is between the ages of 16 and 19 who is attending school, and who is at least two grade levels below the performance level for students of the same age in a locally determined achievement test, or is at least one year behind in obtaining credits for graduation, or is pregnant or is a parent, or has been assessed as chemically dependent; or

(c) any person between 16 and 21 years of age who has not attended a high school program for at least 15 days, excluding those days when school is not in session, and who is at least two grade levels below the performance level for students of the same age in a locally determined achievement test, or is at least one year behind in obtaining credits for graduation, or has been assessed as chemically dependent;

Subd. 3. [ELIGIBLE PROGRAMS.] Students who are eligible to participate under subdivision 2 may enroll in the following programs:

(a) Any program approved by the state board of education under Minnesota Rules, part 3500.3500 or according to section 121.11, subdivision 12, may enroll students who are eligible to participate under subdivision 2, clause (a), (b) or (c) of this section;

(b) Students eligible to participate under subdivision 2, clause (b) or (c) of this section may enroll in post-secondary courses under section 123.3514; and

(c) Any public secondary education program may enroll any student who is eligible to participate under subdivision 2, clause (a), (b) or (c).

Subd. 4. [STUDENT ENROLLMENT.] Any eligible student under subdivision 2 may apply to enroll in an eligible program under subdivision 3, using the form specified in section 120.0752, subdivision 2. Notwithstanding section 120.0752, approval of the resident district is not required for an eligible student under subdivision 2 to enroll in a nonresident district which has an eligible program under subdivision 3 or an area learning center established under section 34. A student enrolling in a program in a nonresident district under this section shall be considered a resident of that district.

Subd. 5. [DISSEMINATION OF INFORMATION.] A school district shall disseminate information, developed by the department of education, about the high school graduation incentives program to residents in the district who are under the age of 21.



Subd. 6. [DESEGREGATION PLANS.] Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, students may not enroll in a nonresident district under this section if their enrollment in another school district would result in a violation of a district's desegregation plan, as mandated and approved by the state board of education.

Sec. 16. [126.23] [AID FOR PRIVATE ALTERNATIVE PROGRAMS.]

If a pupil enrolls in a nonsectarian alternative program operated by a private organization that has contracted with a school district to provide educational services for high school drop outs or other eligible students under section 15, subdivision 2, the resident district must reimburse the provider an amount equal to at least 50 percent of the formula allowance plus the total tier revenue attributable to that pupil.

Sec. 17. [126.24] [CAREER OPTIONS AND DROP-OUT PREVENTION INFORMATION.]

Subdivision 1. [SALE OF MATERIALS.] The department of education may provide career options and drop-out prevention materials and services developed by the secondary vocational education section to school districts and educational agencies in Minnesota and other states. The department may collect reasonable fees for the materials and services.

Subd. 2. [APPROPRIATION.] There is annually appropriated from the general fund to the department of education any and all amounts received by the department under subdivision 1. Any amount received under this section must be used exclusively for the purpose of developing and distributing materials and services relating to career options and drop-out prevention programs.

Sec. 18. [126.661] [PER DEFINITIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [APPLICABILITY.] For the purposes of sections 9 to 14 and section 126.67 the following terms have the meanings given them.

Subd. 2. [CURRICULUM.] "Curriculum" means written plans for providing learning experiences that lead to the acquisition of knowledge, skills, and attitudes.

Subd. 3. [LEARNER OUTCOME.] "Learner outcome" means a specific educational goal of the curriculum.

Subd. 4. [INSTRUCTION.] "Instruction" means methods of providing learning experiences that facilitate pupil progress in attaining outcomes.

Subd. 5. [ESSENTIAL LEARNER OUTCOMES.] “Essential learner outcomes” means the specific basic learning experiences that must be provided for all students.

Subd. 6. [PER PROCESS.] “Planning, evaluating, and reporting process” or “PER process” means a process, described in sections 18 to 23 and 126.67, to establish a cycle for curriculum identification, implementation, review, and improvement that is reported to the community and the state.

Sec. 19. [126.662] [PER FINDINGS.]

The legislature finds that a process is needed to facilitate decisions by school boards and communities concerning education curriculum planning, evaluation of curriculum, evaluation for improvement of instruction, and determination of the services that can or should be provided by institutions, such as the family, private or public organizations and agencies, in addition to being provided by public education.

Sec. 20. [126.663] [PER CURRICULUM ACCOUNTABILITY AND IMPROVEMENT PROCESS.]

Subdivision 1. [STATE PROCESS.] The state board, with the advice of the state curriculum advisory committee, shall adopt a state PER process and standard procedures for district planning, evaluating, and reporting.

Subd. 2. [MODEL STATE CORE CURRICULUM.] The state board shall adopt a set of learner outcomes that it considers to be essential for each subject area. The department of education, in cooperation with the state curriculum advisory committee, shall develop a validated research-based process to identify a set of learner outcomes that are essential for each subject area.

Subd. 3. [MODEL LEARNER OUTCOMES.] The department shall develop and maintain sets of learner outcomes in state board identified subject areas that it considers to be model learner outcomes. The department shall make the sets available for use by a district at the option of the district. The sets shall be for pupils in kindergarten to grade 12. The department shall consult with each of the public post-secondary systems and with the higher education coordinating board in developing model learner outcomes appropriate for entry into post-secondary institutions.

Sec. 21. [126.664] [TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.]

The commissioner of education shall make technical assistance for planning and evaluation available to school districts. The department shall collect the annual reports from districts, as provided in

section 14, subdivision 4, and shall make these reports available, upon request, to any person. If requested, the department shall provide technical assistance to a district developing methods for measuring group or individual pupil progress.

Sec. 22. [126.665] [STATE CURRICULUM ADVISORY COMMITTEE.]

The commissioner shall appoint a state curriculum advisory committee of 11 members to advise the state board and the department on the PER process. Nine members shall be from each of the educational cooperative service units and two members shall be at-large. The committee shall include representatives from the state board of education, parents, teachers, administrators, and school board members. Each member shall be a present or past member of a district curriculum advisory committee. The state committee shall provide information and recommendations about at least the following:

(1) department procedures for reviewing and approving reports and disseminating information;

(2) exemplary PER processes;

(3) recommendations for improving the PER process and reports; and

(4) developing a continuous process for identifying and attaining essential learner outcomes.

By February 1 of each year, the commissioner, in cooperation with the state curriculum advisory committee, shall prepare a report for the education committees of the legislature. The report shall include the recommendations of the state curriculum advisory committee.

Sec. 23. [126.666] [SCHOOL DISTRICT PROCESS.]

Subdivision 1. [ADOPTING POLICIES.] A school board shall adopt each year a written PER policy that includes the following:

(1) district curriculum goals;

(2) learner outcomes for each subject area at each grade level that include the essential learner outcomes adopted by the state board under section 11, subdivision 2;

(3) a process for evaluating each student's progress toward attaining learner outcomes and for identifying strengths and weaknesses of the curriculum;

- (4) a system for establishing a review cycle for all curriculum;
- (5) curriculum and instruction improvement plans; and
- (6) an instruction plan that includes education effectiveness processes developed according to section 121.608 and integration of curriculum and technology developed under section 129B.33.

Subd. 2. [CURRICULUM ADVISORY COMMITTEE.] Each school board shall establish a curriculum advisory committee to permit active community participation in all phases of the PER process. The advisory committee shall be representative of the community served by the district and include principals, teachers, parents, support staff, and other community residents. Whenever possible, parents and other community residents shall comprise at least two-thirds of the advisory committee. The committee shall make recommendations to the board about the programs enumerated in article 1, section 16, that the committee determines should be offered. The recommendations shall be based on district needs and priorities.

Subd. 3. [BUILDING TEAM.] A team may be established at each school building to develop and implement an education effectiveness plan to improve curriculum and instruction. The team shall advise the board and the advisory committee about the development of an instruction improvement plan that aligns curriculum, assessment of student progress, and instruction.

Subd. 4. [REPORT.] By October 1 of each year, the school board shall adopt, using state board standard reporting procedures, a report that includes the following:

- (1) learner outcomes adopted for that year;
- (2) results of local assessment data, and any additional test data;
- (3) the annual school district improvement plans; and
- (4) information about progress that has been made toward the improvement plans that were previously adopted by the board.

The school board shall publish the report in the local newspaper with the largest circulation in the district or by mail. The report shall be available for inspection by the public. A copy of the report shall be sent to the commissioner of education by October 15 of each year.

Subd. 5. [BIENNIAL EVALUATION; ASSESSMENT PROGRAM.] At least once every two years the report shall include an

evaluation of the district testing programs, according to the following:

- (1) written objectives of the assessment program;
- (2) names of tests and grade levels tested;
- (3) use of test results; and
- (4) implementation of assurance of mastery program.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 126.67, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2b. [DISTRICT ASSESSMENTS.] As part of the PER process, each year a district shall, in at least three grades, conduct assessments among at least a sample of pupils for each subject area in that year of the curriculum review cycle. The district's curriculum review cycle for communication, mathematics, science, and social studies shall be more than five years. Assessments may not be conducted in the same curriculum area for two consecutive years. The district may use tests from the assessment item bank, the local assessment program developed by the department, or other tests. As they become available, districts shall use state developed measures to assure state progress toward the state core curriculum. Funds are provided for districts that choose to use the local assessment program or the assessment item bank.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 126.67, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

Subd. 3a. [ASSURANCE OF MASTERY.] Each school board shall adopt a policy establishing a process to assure individual pupil mastery in communications and mathematics. This process shall include at least the following:

- (1) procedures, which may include multiple or separate criteria, for the evaluation and identification of nonspecial education pupils and pupils with limited English proficiency who are not making sufficient progress in the mastery of communications and mathematics;
- (2) procedures for implementation in grades kindergarten to 12, beginning in the 1986-1987 school year, and requiring evaluation of progress toward mastery at least once during grades K to 3, once during grades 4 to 6, once during grades 7 to 9, and once during grades 10 to 12;
- (3) procedures for parent conferences to establish an individualized remediation or modified instruction plan for each pupil who is

not making sufficient progress toward mastery of communication or mathematic skills; and

(4) procedures which shall consider and address the special needs of handicapped pupils and pupils with limited English proficiency.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 126.67, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [ADDITIONAL TESTING.] The department upon written agreement with local school districts may perform additional testing and evaluation of students. The department may collect a reasonable fee not to exceed the actual cost of services. The department may also sell products and services as a part of the assessment item bank program to public and private entities outside of the state. Money from the sale of these products and services is annually appropriated to the department for the improvement of assessment measures within Minnesota.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 126.70, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DEVELOPMENT OF PLAN ELIGIBILITY FOR REVENUE.] Each school district is encouraged to develop and adopt a written comprehensive plan for excellence in teaching and curriculum. The plan shall be prepared in consultation with the curriculum advisory committee appointed according to section 126.66, subdivision 3. A school board may use the revenue authorized in article 1, section 18, if it establishes a staff development advisory committee and adopts a staff development plan according to this subdivision. A majority of the advisory committee must be teachers representing various grade levels and subject areas. The advisory committee must also include representatives of parents, and administrators. The advisory committee shall develop a staff development plan and submit it to the school board. If the school board approves the plan, the district may use the staff development revenue authorized in article 1, section 18.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 126.70, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2a. [PERMITTED USES.] A school board may approve a plan for any of the following purposes:

(1) to participate in the educational effectiveness program according to section 121.609;

(2) to provide in-service education for elementary and secondary teachers to improve the use of technology in education;

(3) to provide subject area in-service education emphasizing the academic content of curricular areas determined by the district to be a priority area;

(4) to use experienced teachers, as mentors, to assist in the continued development of new teachers;

(5) to increase the involvement of parents, business, and the community in education;

(6) for experimental delivery systems;

(7) for in-service education to increase the effectiveness of principals and administrators;

(8) for in-service education or curriculum development for programs for gifted and talented pupils;

(9) for in-service education or curriculum development for cooperative efforts to increase curriculum offerings, as set forth in section 124.272;

(10) for improving curriculum, according to the needs identified under the planning, evaluation, and reporting process set forth in section 126.66;

(11) for in-service education and curriculum development designed to promote sex equity in all aspects of education, with emphasis on curricular areas such as mathematics, science, and technology programs;

(12) for in-service education or curriculum modification for handicapped pupils and low-achieving pupils;

(13) for short-term contracts as described in section 126.72; or

(14) to employ teachers for an extended year to perform duties directly related to improving curriculum or teaching skills.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 126.72, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [AUTHORIZATION.] As part of a program for excellence in teaching and curriculum, A school board may enter into short-term, limited contracts with classroom teachers employed by the district.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 126.81, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [GRANTS FOR EXEMPLARY TEACHER EDUCATION PROGRAMS.] The board of teaching shall award at least three grants to public post-secondary institutions to develop exemplary teacher education programs. The majority of grants shall be awarded for programs that are conducted jointly by an approved teacher education institution and one or more school districts.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 129B.041, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [COPYRIGHT.] Products of projects and programs funded pursuant to sections 129B.01 to 129B.05, including curriculum and instructional materials, computer and telecommunications software, and associated manuals and reports, may be copyrighted by the council department in the name of the state and may be sold. However, the state shall sell the products to all school districts and public agencies in the state at prices that do not exceed the cost of reproduction and distribution. Products sold shall be clearly labeled as products developed pursuant to a grant or loan from the council on quality education.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 129B.041, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [REVOLVING FUND.] The education product and loan repayment revolving account is established in the state treasury. Repayment of loans, made according to section 129B.04, subdivision 2, and Sale proceeds up to the cost of reproduction and distribution from the sale of products under this section shall be deposited in this account. All funds in this account are annually appropriated to the department of education and shall be used to reproduce and distribute products of projects and programs funded pursuant to Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 129B.01 to 129B.05.

Sec. 33. [129B.11] [PROGRAM IMPROVEMENT GRANTS.]

Subdivision 1. [PLANS; GRANT AWARDS.] The state board of education, with the advice of the state curriculum advisory committee and the advisory committee on technology in education for projects involving technology, shall make grants to groups of school districts to implement plans to improve education. The board may award grants to groups of districts which submit plans that include at least the following:

(1) program and curriculum changes which provide more learning opportunities for students;

(2) demonstration of a local commitment to the plan and, in the case of plans utilizing technology, local financial support including public and private partnerships;



(3) involvement of school district teaching staff in development of the plan;

(4) demonstration that the plan is consistent with school district goals established under section 126.66; and

(5) the structural criteria established in subdivision 2.

The board may establish additional criteria and shall establish time-lines and the grant application procedure for making grants.

Subd. 2. [ELIGIBILITY.] To be eligible for a grant, a group of districts must meet one of the following criteria:

(1) create a consolidated district according to section 122.23, with the consolidated school district having at least 600 pupils in average daily membership;

(2) establish an education district according to section 2;

(3) form a group of districts that has an agreement under section 122.535 or 122.541 for discontinuing grades when the districts entering into the agreement have a total of at least 240 pupils in average daily membership in grades 10, 11, and 12; or

(4) enter into a joint powers agreement for a technology cooperative where the school districts in the cooperative are contiguous but are significant distances apart so that other forms of cooperation are not practical.

Subd. 3. [AMOUNTS.] The board may determine the amount of the grant, but a grant shall not exceed \$250,000 for a group of districts.

Sec. 34. [129B.52] [AREA LEARNING CENTER ORGANIZATION.]

Subdivision 1. [GOVERNANCE.] A school district may establish an area learning center either by itself or in cooperation with other districts, an ECSU, an intermediate school district, public and private secondary and post-secondary institutions, public agencies, businesses, and foundations. Except for a district located in a city of the first class, a center must serve the geographic area of at least two districts.

Subd. 2. [ACCESS TO SERVICES.] A center shall have access to the district's regular education programs, technology facilities, and staff. It may contract with individuals or post-secondary institutions. It shall seek the involvement of community education pro-

grams, post-secondary institutions, community resources, businesses, and other federal, state, and local public agencies.

Subd. 3. [NONRESIDENT PUPILS.] A pupil who does not reside in the district may attend a center without consent of the school board of the district of residence.

**Sec. 35. [129B.53] [CENTER PROGRAMS AND SERVICES.]**

Subdivision 1. [PROGRAM FOCUS.] The programs and services of a center must focus on academic and learning skills, trade and vocational skills, work experience, and transition services.

Subd. 2. [PEOPLE TO BE SERVED.] A center shall provide programs for secondary pupils and adults. Secondary pupils to be served are those who are chemically dependent, not likely to graduate from high school, need assistance in vocational and basic skills, can benefit from employment experiences, and need assistance in transition from school to employment. Adults to be served are dislocated homemakers and workers and others who need basic educational and social services. In addition to offering programs, the center shall coordinate the use of other available educational services, social services, and post-secondary institutions in the community. The center may also provide programs for elementary and secondary pupils who are not attending the center to assist them in completing high school.

Subd. 3. [RULES EXEMPTION.] Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the center programs must be available throughout the entire year. Pupils in a center may receive instruction for more than or less than the daily number of hours required by the rules of the state board of education. However, a pupil must receive instruction each year for at least the total number of instructional hours required by statutes and rules. A center may petition the state board under Minnesota Rules, part 3500.1000, for exemption from other rules.

Subd. 4. [GRADUATION.] Upon successful completion of the center program, a pupil is entitled to receive a high school diploma. The pupil may elect to receive a diploma from either the district of residence or the district in which the center is located.

**Sec. 36. [129B.54] [RESOURCE CENTER FOR OTHER PROGRAMS.]**

An area learning center must serve as a resource for other districts, educational, community, and business organizations. The center may charge a fee for these services. The following services shall be provided for a region or the state:

- (1) information and research for alternative programs;
- (2) regional or state workshops on awareness, identification, programs, and support for these pupils; and
- (3) recommendations for staff qualifications to ensure the most qualified staff can be selected for the programs.

Sec. 37. [129B.55] [CENTER FUNDING.]

Subdivision 1. [OUTSIDE SOURCES.] A center may accept:

- (1) resources and services from post-secondary institutions serving center pupils;
- (2) resources from job training partnership act programs, including funding for jobs skills training for various groups and the percentage reserved for education;
- (3) resources from the department of human services and county welfare funding; or
- (4) private resources, foundation grants, gifts, corporate contributions, and other grants.

Subd. 2. [FOUNDATION REVENUE.] Payment of foundation or general education aid for nonresident pupils enrolled in the center must be made according to section 10.

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.125, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 8d. [PROGRAM IMPROVEMENT LEVY.] In the year a district receives a grant under section 33, it must levy the lesser of .5 mills times the adjusted assessed valuation of the district or an amount equal to its share of the grant. If a group of districts receives a grant, the group shall determine the proportionate share of the grant for each district.

Sec. 39. [PLANNING GRANTS FOR FISCAL YEARS 1988 AND 1989.]

Subdivision 1. [EXISTING PROGRAMS.] Up to 20 planning grants of \$5,000 may be awarded for fiscal year 1988 for existing alternative programs. The grants are to prepare a plan for an existing program to become an area learning center by expanding or redesigning its services.

Subd. 2. [ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.] To qualify for a planning grant, an existing program must have the following:

(1) an educational program that includes at least some of the programs in section 19, subdivision 2;

(2) outreach activities; and

(3) an established policy of accepting nonresident pupils.

Subd. 3. [GRANT AWARDS.] The commissioner of education shall award planning grants based on short descriptions of applicants' current and proposed programs. Grant recipients must be geographically disbursed throughout the state.

Subd. 4. [PLANS.] A grant recipient shall submit a plan to the commissioner by January 1, 1988. The plan must include:

(1) the variety of people to be served;

(2) alternative approaches to services;

(3) interagency cooperation;

(4) community, business, parent, and pupil involvement;

(5) methods to identify potential dropouts;

(6) outreach activities;

(7) needs assessment of community services;

(8) sources of funding;

(9) services for jobs and employability skills;

(10) commitments from cooperating agencies, businesses, and others;

(11) resource services to be provided to other programs and agencies;

(12) criteria for evaluation, including measuring learner outcomes;

(13) methods by which the area learning center will provide practical expertise and leadership for other centers; and

(14) how the program will attempt to meet the requirements.

**Sec. 40. [1988 SELECTION OF EXEMPLARY CENTERS.]**

Based on the plans, the commissioner of education shall select four sites to be designated exemplary area learning centers. The sites must be geographically distributed throughout the state. The commissioner shall award each site a grant of \$37,500.

Sec. 41. [1989 AND 1990 EVALUATION.]

The commissioner of education shall provide for independent evaluation of the program and cost of the area learning centers during fiscal years 1989 and 1990. A preliminary report shall be submitted to the legislature by February 1, 1989. The final report shall be submitted by February 1, 1990. Both reports must provide information about:

(1) whether the programs were implemented according to the plan;

(2) the success of the programs;

(3) the financial and other resources available to and used by the centers;

(4) cooperation and coordination among agencies;

(5) programs that were offered; and

(6) the cost of the programs.

Sec. 42. [TASK FORCE FOR TEACHER CENTERS.]

An advisory task force is established to assist the board of teaching during fiscal years 1988 and 1989 in various aspects of teacher centers. The advisory task force consists of 15 persons appointed as follows: (1) two elementary, two secondary, and one special area teacher appointed by the Minnesota federation of teachers; (2) two elementary, two secondary, and one special area teacher appointed by the Minnesota education association; (3) one member appointed by the Minnesota school boards association; (4) one member representing the faculty of post-secondary colleges of education appointed by the higher education coordinating board; (5) one member appointed by the board of teaching; (6) one member appointed by the commissioner of education; and (7) one member appointed by the state board of education.

The board of teaching, through the advisory task force, shall prescribe the form and manner of applications for grants for teacher centers. Each application must include the approval of the teachers' exclusive representatives and the school boards of all participating districts.

Upon approval of an application by the advisory task force, the board of teaching shall award a planning grant of not more than \$75,000 for a teacher center. The grant shall be used to develop a final plan of operation for a teacher center. The advisory task force shall recommend the amount of a planning grant based on the number of teachers to be served by the center.

Each grant recipient shall provide information to the board of teaching about how the proceeds of the grant were used. A report about the use of the money shall be submitted by the board of teaching to the state board of education and the education committees of the legislature by January 1, 1988.

Sec. 43. [1988-1989 GRANTS FOR TEACHER CENTERS.]

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITION.] For the purposes of this section, "teacher" has the meaning given it in section 179A.03, subdivision 2.

Subd. 2. [ESTABLISHMENT.] During the biennium, a teacher center may be established by one or more school boards and the exclusive representatives of the teachers. A grant from the board of teaching may be used to plan the center. The teacher center shall serve at least ten districts or 3,000 teachers.

Subd. 3. [POLICY BOARD MEMBERSHIP.] Representatives of exclusive representatives and representatives of the school boards shall mutually determine the composition of the policy board according to the guidelines in this subdivision. A majority of the policy board must be teachers. The number of policy board members from each participating district must be in proportion to the number of teachers in each district. The board shall be composed of elementary, secondary, and special area teachers, parents, and representatives of school boards, post-secondary education, and either business or labor. At least one teacher from each participating district shall be a member of the board.

Subd. 4. [BOARD POWERS AND DUTIES.] The board shall formulate policy, designate a fiscal agent, control the budget, expend funds to accomplish the purposes of the center, contract for technical and other assistance, and perform other managerial or supervisory activities consistent with the rules of the state board of education. The board may employ staff or contract for consulting services.

Subd. 5. [CENTER FUNCTIONS.] A teacher center shall perform functions according to this subdivision. The center shall assist teachers, diagnose learning needs, experiment with the use of multiple instructional approaches, assess pupil outcomes, assess staff development needs and plans, and teach school personnel about effective pedagogical approaches. The center shall develop and produce curricula and curricular materials designed to meet the

educational needs of pupils being served by applying educational research and new and improved methods, practices, and techniques. The center shall provide programs to improve the skills of teachers to meet the special educational needs of pupils. The center shall provide programs to familiarize teachers with developments in curriculum formulation and educational research, including how research can be used to improve teaching skills. The center shall facilitate sharing of resources, ideas, methods, and approaches directly related to classroom instruction and improve teachers' familiarity with current teaching materials and products for use in their classrooms. The center shall provide in-service programs.

Sec. 44. [APPROPRIATIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.] There is appropriated from the general fund to the department of education the sums indicated in this section for the fiscal years ending June 30 in the years designated.

Subd. 2. [CENTER PLANNING GRANTS.] For area learning center planning grants there is appropriated:

\$100,000 ..... 1988.

Subd. 3. [EXEMPLARY SITES FOR AREA LEARNING CENTERS.] For grants for exemplary sites for area learning centers there is appropriated:

\$150,000 ..... 1989.

Subd. 4. [INDEPENDENT EVALUATION.] For independent evaluation of area learning centers there is appropriated:

\$20,000 ..... 1989.

Subd. 5. [MENTORSHIP PROGRAMS.] There is appropriated for the mentorship programs under section 10:

\$250,000 ..... 1988,

\$250,000 ..... 1989.

Subd. 6. [AID FOR PLANNING, EVALUATION, AND REPORTING PROCESS.] For aid for the planning, evaluation, and reporting process according to Minnesota Statutes, section 123.7431, there is appropriated:

\$1,014,300 ..... 1988,

\$1,021,800 ..... 1989.

Subd. 7. [PROGRAM IMPROVEMENT GRANTS.] For the purposes of awarding program improvement grants under section 33 there is appropriated:

\$1,500,000 ..... 1988.

This amount shall be available until the end of the biennium.

Subd. 8. [TEACHER CENTERS.] For teacher centers there is appropriated:

\$100,000 ..... 1988,

\$100,000 ..... 1989.

Sec. 45. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 121.20; 126.65; 126.66; 126.67, subdivisions 1, 1a, 2a, 5b, and 9; 126.71; 129B.01; 129B.02; 129B.04; 129B.041, subdivision 4; 129B.43, subdivisions 2, 3, and 6; 129B.05; 129B.35; and 129B.37 are repealed.

Sec. 46. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Section 8 is effective the day following final enactment.

## ARTICLE 9

### LIBRARIES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 134.10, is amended to read:

#### 134.10 [BOARD VACANCIES; COMPENSATION.]

The library board president shall report vacancies in the board to the council or the board of county commissioners. The council or board of county commissioners shall fill the vacancies by appointment for the unexpired term. Library board members shall receive no compensation for their services but may be reimbursed for actual and necessary traveling expenses incurred in the discharge of library board duties and activities or a per diem allowance according to section 375.47 in place of the expenses.

Sec. 2. [134.341] [COUNTY FINANCIAL SUPPORT.]

To ensure the availability of public library service to all people, every county shall provide financial support for public library



services at no less than minimum amounts as specified in sections 134.33 and 134.34 and shall participate in the regional public library system to which it is assigned by the state board of education under section 134.34, subdivision 3. Each county board of commissioners shall appoint at least one county resident to serve as a representative on the regional public library system board and may appoint more than one representative under terms and conditions of the regional public library system contract.

Sec. 3. [APPROPRIATION.]

Subdivision 1. [DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.] There is appropriated from the general fund to the department of education the sums indicated in this section for the fiscal years ending June 30 in the years designated.

Subd. 2. [BASIC SUPPORT GRANTS.] For basic support grants pursuant to sections 134.32 to 134.35 for the provision of library service there is appropriated:

\$4,899,700 ..... 1988,

\$4,974,800 ..... 1989.

The appropriation for 1988 includes \$671,100 for aid for fiscal year 1987 payable in fiscal year 1988 and \$4,228,600 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1988.

The appropriation for 1989 includes \$746,200 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1989 and \$4,228,600 for aid for fiscal year 1989 payable in fiscal year 1989.

The appropriations are based on aid entitlements of \$4,974,800 for fiscal year 1988 and \$4,974,800 for fiscal year 1989.

Subd. 3. [MULTICOUNTY, MULTITYPE LIBRARY SYSTEMS.] For grants pursuant to sections 134.353 and 134.354 to multicounty, multitype library systems there is appropriated:

\$216,800 ..... 1988,

\$221,500 ..... 1989.

The appropriation for 1988 includes \$28,500 for aid for fiscal year 1987 payable in fiscal year 1988 and \$188,300 for aid for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1988.

The appropriation for 1989 includes \$33,200 for fiscal year 1988 payable in fiscal year 1989 and \$188,300 for aid for fiscal year 1989 payable in fiscal year 1989.

The appropriations are based on aid entitlements of \$221,500 for fiscal year 1988 and \$221,500 for fiscal year 1989.

Subd. 4. [ONLINE COMPUTER-BASED LIBRARY CATALOG SYSTEM.] For the installation of an online computer-based library catalog system in state agency libraries there is appropriated:

\$250,000.....1988.

This sum shall be available until June 30, 1989.

Sec. 4. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Section 2 is effective beginning with the levies certified in 1989 and for regional library system participation payments beginning January 1, 1990.

## ARTICLE 10

### STATE AGENCIES'

#### APPROPRIATIONS FOR EDUCATION

##### Section 1. SUMMARY BY AGENCY - ALL FUNDS

Department of Education	\$12,649,300	\$12,551,600	\$25,200,900
Faribault Academies	\$ 6,390,400	\$ 6,372,400	\$12,762,800
School and Resource Center for the Arts	\$ 2,206,200	\$ 2,649,500	\$ 4,855,700

#### APPROPRIATIONS Available for the Year Ending June 30

1988	1989
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##### Sec. 2. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	\$12,649,300	\$12,551,600
Approved Complement	1988	1989
General Fund	224.0	224.0
Other	12.5	12.5

		1988	1989
		\$	\$
Federal	144.4	144.4	
Total	380.9	380.9	

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each program are specified in the following subdivisions.

The commissioner of education, with the approval of the commissioner of finance, may transfer unencumbered balances among the programs during the biennium. Transfers must be reported immediately to the senate and house of representatives education committees. During the biennium, the commissioner of education may transfer money among the various object of expenditure categories and activities within each program, unless restricted by executive order.

The commissioner of education, with the approval of the commissioner of finance, may transfer complement among funds if necessary. The commissioner must report material changes to the senate and house of representatives education committees.

The commissioner of education shall develop an organizational management plan for the department of education for the purpose of implementing state education policies as established by the legislature. The plan must be contained within the existing department budget and complement. The plan must include: (1) methods for effectively implementing legislative education policies; (2) methods of substantially increasing direct services to school district teachers, principals, superintendents, and school boards in meeting legislative requirements and the educational needs of students; and (3) methods of using regional organi-

zations to increase direct services to districts.

The management analysis team of the department of administration shall evaluate the plan and report the findings and recommendations to the house of representatives and senate education committees by January 15, 1988.

The commissioner of education shall present the organizational management plan to the house of representatives and senate education committees for approval by January 15, 1988.

#### Subd. 2. Educational Services

1988	1989
\$ 7,360,500	\$ 7,313,000

\$20,700 each year is from the trunk highway fund.

\$60,000 each year is from the public health fund.

The commissioner of education shall provide for direct local technical assistance to districts in meeting the curriculum requirements specified in the planning, evaluating, and reporting process. In addition to existing curriculum services, the commissioner shall enter into performance contract agreements for general curriculum specialist services with educational cooperative service units or other regional educational service agencies. If more than one agency submits a proposal to provide services to school districts within an educational cooperative service unit region, the department shall encourage the agencies to develop a joint proposal. The commissioner

1988	1989
\$	\$

	1988	1989
	\$	\$

shall evaluate the performance agreements annually. This assistance shall be provided in conjunction with the educational effectiveness delivery system. \$400,000 in each year is for this purpose.

\$157,500 in fiscal year 1988 and \$67,800 in fiscal year 1989 is for services to school districts related to acquired immune deficiency syndrome.

\$50,000 in fiscal year 1988 and \$75,000 in fiscal year 1989 is for administration of state planning, evaluation and reporting.

\$75,000 each year is for technical assistance for local staff development plans and administration costs for implementing mentorship programs.

Beginning in fiscal year 1989, responsibility for the education research information service established by the council on quality education is transferred to the interagency resource and information center.

The governor's council on youth is discontinued.

\$198,300 each year is for the secondary vocational student organization center.

Two professional and one clerical complement are transferred from the special education section to the Faribault residential academies and resource center for the purpose of establishing a resource center for hearing-impaired, visually-impaired and multiply handicapped students. \$125,000 is available each year for this purpose.

	1988	1989
\$		\$

One professional complement is added in each year in the curriculum services research information service learner outcomes.

The complement of the secondary vocational section is reduced by two each year.

Two complements are transferred from federal to special purpose for the alcohol impaired driver program. \$100,000 each year is available from the alcohol impaired driver account for these complements.

One-half complement each year is for state agency library automation.

One complement is added to the community education section each year for additional responsibilities related to youth.

Subd. 3. Administration and Financial Services

1988	1989
\$5,288,800	\$5,238,600

The commissioner of education shall maintain no more than six total complement in the categories of commissioner, deputy commissioner, assistant commissioner, assistant to the commissioner, or executive assistant.

The commissioner of education shall consolidate within the education aids and levies section all computation, analysis, payment, and data functions for aids and levies for special education, community education, and secondary vocational education. Each year's appropriation includes \$50,000 transferred from educational services for this purpose. One complement each year is transferred from

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
educational services for this purpose.		

The state management effectiveness division shall provide risk management analysis, program cost analysis, and school bus safety services. The state aids and levies section is increased by two positions and \$100,000 each year for these purposes.

\$75,000 each year is for management assistance to school districts.

\$60,000 in fiscal year 1988 is for development of program cost analysis capability in the education aids and levies section and a study of program costs under the direction of the legislative commission on public education. Any unexpended balance does not cancel and is available for the second year.

\$1,098,700 for fiscal year 1988 and \$1,100,800 for fiscal year 1989 is for education data systems. Any unexpended balance remaining in the first year does not cancel and is available for the second year.

### Sec. 3. FARIBAULT RESIDENTIAL ACADEMIES AND RESOURCE CENTER

Total Appropriations	\$ 2,206,200	\$ 2,649,500
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	1988	1989
Approved Complement	188.5	189.5
State	185.5	185.5
Federal	8.0	7.0
Total	193.5	192.5

	1988	1989
\$		\$

The state board of education, with the approval of the commissioner of finance, may transfer complement among funds if necessary. The state board must report material changes to the senate and house of representatives education committees.

Three complements and \$125,000 each year are for operation of a resource center for hearing-impaired, visually-impaired and multiply handicapped students.

\$107,600 in 1988 and up to \$107,600 in 1989 is for repairs, replacements, and betterment.

\$53,300 in 1988 and up to \$53,300 in 1989 is for repair and purchase of equipment.

Any unexpended balance remaining from the appropriation in this section in 1988 shall not cancel but is available in 1989.

#### Sec. 4. SCHOOL AND RESOURCE CENTER FOR THE ARTS

Total Appropriations	\$ 2,206,200	\$ 2,649,500
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Approved Complement	1988	1989
State	15	21

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 43A.08, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [UNCLASSIFIED POSITIONS.] Unclassified positions are held by employees who are:



- (a) Chosen by election or appointed to fill an elective office;
- (b) Heads of agencies required by law to be appointed by the governor or other elective officers, and the executive or administrative heads of departments, bureaus, divisions and institutions specifically established by law in the unclassified service;
- (c) Deputy and assistant agency heads, and one confidential secretary in the agencies listed in subdivision 1a;
- (d) The confidential secretary to each of the elective officers of this state and, for the secretary of state, state auditor, and state treasurer, an additional deputy, clerk, or employee;
- (e) Intermittent help employed by the commissioner of public safety to assist in the issuance of vehicle licenses;
- (f) Employees in the offices of the governor and of the lieutenant governor, and one confidential employee for the governor in the office of the adjutant general;
- (g) Employees of the legislature and of legislative committees or commissions; provided that employees of the legislative audit commission, except for the legislative auditor, the deputy legislative auditors, and their confidential secretaries, shall be employees in the classified service;
- (h) Presidents, vice presidents, deans, other managers and professionals in academic and academic support programs, administrative or service faculty, teachers, research assistants and student employees eligible under terms of the federal economic opportunity act work study program in the school and resource center for the arts, state universities and community colleges. This paragraph shall not be construed to include the custodial, clerical or maintenance employees, or any professional or managerial employee performing duties in connection with the business administration of these institutions.
- (i) Officers and enlisted persons in the national guard;
- (j) Attorneys, legal assistants, examiners, and three confidential employees appointed by the attorney general or employed with the attorney general's authorization;
- (k) Judges and all employees of the judicial branch, referees, receivers, jurors, and notaries public, except referees and adjusters employed by the department of labor and industry;

(l) Members of the state patrol; provided that selection and appointment of state patrol troopers shall be made in accordance with applicable laws governing the classified service;

(m) Chaplains employed by the state;

(n) Examination monitors and intermittent training instructors employed by the departments of employee relations and commerce;

(o) Student workers; and

(p) Employees unclassified pursuant to other statutory authority.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 43A.08, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. [ADDITIONAL UNCLASSIFIED POSITIONS.] Appointing authorities for the following agencies may designate additional unclassified positions according to this subdivision: the departments of administration; agriculture; commerce; corrections; jobs and training; education; employee relations; energy and economic development; finance; health; human rights; labor and industry; natural resources; office of administrative hearings; public safety; public service; public welfare; revenue; transportation; and veterans affairs; the housing finance, state planning, and pollution control agencies; the state board of investment; the offices of the secretary of state, state auditor, and state treasurer; and the state board of vocational technical education; and the school and resource center for the arts.

A position designated by an appointing authority according to this subdivision must meet the following standards and criteria:

(a) the designation of the position would not be contrary to other law relating specifically to that agency;

(b) the person occupying the position would report directly to the agency head or deputy agency head and would be designated as part of the agency head's management team;

(c) the duties of the position would involve significant discretion and substantial involvement in the development, interpretation, and implementation of agency policy;

(d) the duties of the position would not require primarily personnel, accounting, or other technical expertise where continuity in the position would be important;

(e) there would be a need for the person occupying the position to be accountable to, loyal to, and compatible with the governor and the agency head, or the employing constitutional officer;

(f) the position would be at the level of division or bureau director or assistant to the agency head; and

(g) the commissioner has approved the designation as being consistent with the standards and criteria in this subdivision.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 129C.10, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [GOVERNANCE.] The board of the Minnesota school of and resource center for the arts and resource center shall consist of 15 persons. The members of the board shall be appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the senate. At least one member must be appointed from each congressional district.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 129C.10, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [POWERS AND DUTIES OF BOARD.] (a) The board has the powers necessary for the care, management, and control of the Minnesota school of and resource center for the arts and resource center and all its real and personal property. The powers shall include, but are not limited to, the following: those listed in this subdivision.

(1) ~~to~~ (b) The board may employ and discharge necessary employees, and contract for other services to ensure the efficient operation of the school and resource center;

(2) ~~to~~ (c) The board may establish a charitable foundation and accept, in trust or otherwise, any gift, grant, bequest, or devise for educational purposes and hold, manage, invest, and dispose of them and the proceeds and income of them according to the terms and conditions of the gift, grant, bequest, or devise and its acceptance;

(3) ~~to~~ (d) The board may establish or coordinate evening, continuing education, extension, and summer programs through the resource center for teachers and pupils;

(4) ~~to develop and pilot test an interdisciplinary education program. An academic curriculum must be offered with special programs in dance, literary arts, media arts, music, theater, and visual arts in both the popular and fine arts traditions;~~

(e) The board may identify pupils in grades 9 to 12 who have artistic talent, either demonstrated or potential, in dance, literary

arts, media arts, music, theater, and visual arts, or in more than one art form.

(f) The board shall educate pupils with artistic talent by providing:

(1) a pilot interdisciplinary academic and arts program for pupils in the 11th and 12th grades, beginning with 135 pupils in the 11th grade in September 1989, and 135 pupils in the 11th grade and 135 pupils in the 12th grade in September 1990;

(2) intensive arts seminars for one or two weeks for 9th and 10th grade pupils;

(3) summer arts institutes for pupils in grades 9 to 12;

(4) artist mentor and extension programs in regional sites; and

(5) teacher education programs for indirect curriculum delivery.

~~(5) to (g)~~ The board may determine the location for the Minnesota school of and resource center for the arts and resource center and any additional facilities related to the school, including the authority to lease a temporary facility;

~~(6) to (h)~~ The board must plan for the enrollment of pupils to ensure statewide access and participation; on an equal basis from each congressional district.

~~(7) to (i)~~ The board may establish advisory committees as needed to advise the board on policies and issues; and.

~~(8) to (j)~~ The board may request the commissioner of education for assistance and services.

(k) The board may enter into contracts with other public and private agencies and institutions for residential and building maintenance services if it determines that these services could be provided more efficiently and less expensively by a contractor than by the board itself. The board may also enter into contracts with public or private agencies and institutions, school districts or combinations of school districts, or educational cooperative service units to provide supplemental educational instruction and services.

(l) The board may provide or contract for services and programs by and for the arts high school, including a school store, operating in connection with the school; theatrical events; and other programs and services that, in the determination of the board, serve the purposes of the arts high school.

(m) The board may provide for transportation of pupils to and from the school and resource center for the arts for all or part of the school year, as the board considers advisable and subject to its rules. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the board may charge a reasonable fee for transportation of pupils. Every driver providing transportation of pupils under this paragraph must possess all qualifications required by the state board of education. The board may contract for furnishing authorized transportation under rules established by the commissioner of education and may purchase and furnish gasoline to a contract carrier for use in the performance of a contract with the board for transportation of pupils to and from the school and resource center for the arts. When transportation is provided, scheduling of routes, establishment of the location of bus stops, the manner and method of transportation, the control and discipline of pupils, and any other related matter is within the sole discretion, control, and management of the board.

(n) The board may provide room and board for its pupils.

(o) The board may establish and set fees for services and programs without regard to chapter 14. If the board sets fees not authorized or prohibited by the Minnesota public school fee law, it may do so without complying with the requirements of section 120.75, subdivision 1.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 129C.10, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3a. [ARTS HIGH SCHOOL FUND APPROPRIATION.] There is established in the state treasury an arts high school fund. All money collected by the board shall be deposited in the fund. Money in the fund, including interest earned, is annually appropriated to the board for the operation of its services and programs.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 129C.10, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [EMPLOYEES.] (a) (1) The board shall appoint a director of the school of and resource center for the arts and resource center who shall serve in the unclassified service.

(2) The board shall employ, upon recommendation of the director, a coordinator of the resource center who shall serve in the unclassified service.

(3) The board shall employ, upon recommendation of the director, up to six department chairs who shall serve in the unclassified service. The chairs shall be licensed teachers unless no licensure exists for the subject area or discipline for which the chair is hired.

(4) The board may employ other necessary employees, upon recommendation of the director.

(5) The board shall employ, upon recommendation of the director, an executive secretary for the director, who shall serve in the unclassified service.

(b) The employees hired under this subdivision and other necessary employees hired by the board shall be state employees in the executive branch.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 129C.10, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4a. [ADMISSION AND CURRICULUM REQUIREMENTS GENERALLY.] (a) The board may adopt rules for admission to and discharge from the school and rules regarding the operation of the school and resource center, including transportation of its pupils. Rules covering admission and discharge are governed by chapter 14. Rules regarding the operation of the school are not governed by chapter 14.

(b) Proceedings concerning admission to or discharge from the school, a pupil's program at the school, and a pupil's progress at the school are governed by the rules adopted by the board and are not contested cases governed by chapter 14.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 129C.10, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [RESOURCE CENTER.] Beginning in the 1985-1986 school year, The resource center shall offer programs that are directed at improving arts education in elementary and secondary schools throughout the state. The programs offered shall include at least summer institutes offered to pupils in various regions of the state, in-service workshops for teachers, and leadership development programs for teachers. The board shall establish a resource center advisory council composed of elementary and secondary arts educators, representatives from post-secondary educational institutions, department of education, state arts board, regional arts councils, educational cooperative service units, school district administrators, parents, and other organizations involved in arts education. The advisory council shall include representatives from a variety of arts disciplines and from various areas of the state. The advisory council shall advise the board about the activities of the center. Programs offered through the resource center shall promote and develop arts education programs offered by school districts and arts organizations and shall assist school districts and arts organizations in developing innovative programs. The board may contract with ~~nonprofit~~ arts organizations to provide programs through the resource center. The

advisory council shall advise the board on contracts and programs related to the operation of the resource center.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 129C.10, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [PUBLIC POST-SECONDARY INSTITUTIONS; PROVIDING SPACE.] Public post-secondary institutions shall provide space for programs offered by the Minnesota school of and resource center for the arts and resource center at no cost to the Minnesota school of and resource center to the extent that space is available at the public post-secondary institutions."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to education; providing aids for education and the distribution of tax revenues; providing aids to libraries; appropriations to the academies for the deaf and the blind, and the department of education; changing secondary pupil unit weighting; establishing general education revenue composed of basic compensatory education, training and experience, and sparsity revenue; combining certain categorical aids; increasing the community education formula; changing the capital expenditure formula; providing for special instruction and services for handicapped children from birth; establishing program improvement grants, education districts, and area learning centers; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes, sections 43A.08, subdivisions 1 and 1a; 118.12; 118.13; 118.14; 120.03, subdivision 1; 120.0752, by adding a subdivision; 120.17, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 3a, 3b, 5, 7a, 12, and by adding subdivisions; 121.11, by adding a subdivision; 121.609, subdivision 4; 121.612, subdivisions 3, 5, and by adding subdivisions; 121.87, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 121.88, subdivisions 2, 7, and by adding a subdivision; 121.904, subdivision 4a; 121.912, by adding a subdivision; 121.932, subdivision 3, and by adding a subdivision; 121.934, subdivisions 1, 2, and 6; 121.935, subdivision 6; 121.936, subdivision 1; 122.541, subdivision 2; 123.34, subdivision 9; 123.35, by adding a subdivision; 123.36, subdivision 13; 123.39, subdivision 1; 123.703, subdivision 3; 123.705; 124.05, subdivision 1; 124.14, subdivision 7; 124.17, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 124.195, subdivisions 8 and 9; 124.2162, by adding a subdivision; 124.223; 124.225, subdivisions 1, 4b, 7b, 8a, 8i, and 10; 124.245, subdivision 3, and by adding subdivisions; 124.246, subdivision 2; 124.247, subdivision 3; 124.252, subdivision 3; 124.26, by adding subdivisions; 124.271, subdivisions 2b and 7; 124.2711, subdivision 1; 124.273, subdivisions 1b and 5; 124.32, subdivisions 1b, 1d, 2, and 5; 124.573; 124.574, subdivisions 2b, 3, and 4; 124.646, subdivision 1; 124A.02, subdivisions 8, 9, 16, and by adding a subdivision; 124A.03, by adding a subdivision; 124A.031, subdivision 4; 124A.032; 124A.036, by adding a subdivision; 124A.21; 125.03, subdivision 5; 125.05, subdivision 1; 125.185, subdivision 4; 125.611, subdivisions 11, 12, and 13; 126.02, subdivision 2; 126.54, subdivision 1; 126.56, subdivisions 3 and 6; 126.67, subdivisions 3a,

6, and by adding a subdivision; 126.70, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 126.72, subdivision 1; 126.81, subdivision 2; 128A.01; 128A.02, subdivisions 2 and 4; 129B.041, subdivisions 1 and 3; 129B.39; 129B.43, subdivisions 1 and 4; 129C.10, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, and by adding subdivisions; 134.10; 136D.27; 136D.71; 136D.74, subdivision 2; 136D.87; 171.29, subdivision 2; 275.125, subdivisions 4, 5, 5c, 6e, 8, 8c, 9, 11c, and by adding subdivisions; and 466.06; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 122, 123, 124, 124A, 125, 126, 128A, 129B, and 134; repealing Minnesota Statutes, sections 120.17, subdivision 13; 121.20; 124.05, subdivision 2; 124.17, subdivisions 1a and 2d; 124.185; 124.2161; 124.2162; 124.2163; 124.225, subdivision 1a; 124.245, subdivisions 1 and 2; 124.246; 124.247; 124.26, subdivisions 1 and 6; 124.272; 124.273, subdivision 2b; 124.275; 124.65; 124.66; 124A.01; 124A.02, subdivision 2, 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, and 14; 124A.03, subdivisions 1, 1a, 3, 4, and 6; 124A.031, subdivision 1; 124A.033; 124A.035, subdivision 1; 124A.06, subdivisions 1, 1a, 1b, 2, 3a, and 4; 124A.08, subdivisions 1, 2, 3a, 4, and 5; 124A.10, subdivisions 1, 2, 3a, and 4; 124A.12, subdivisions 1, 2, 3a, and 4; 124A.14, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 5a, and 6; 124A.16; 124A.20, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3; 124A.21; 125.611, subdivisions 8, 9, and 10; 126.031, subdivision 2; 126.60; 126.62; 126.64; 126.65; 126.66; 126.67, subdivisions 1, 1a, 2a, 5b, and 9; 126.71; 129B.01; 129B.02; 129B.04; 129B.041, subdivision 4; 129B.05; 129B.32, subdivisions 2 and 5; 129B.33; 129B.35; 129B.36; 129B.37; 129B.43, subdivisions 2, 3, and 6; 129B.61; 129B.62; 129B.63; 129B.64; 129B.65; 129B.66; 129B.67; 275.125, subdivisions 3, 5d, 8a, 11a, and 12; 354.66, subdivisions 4a and 9; 354A.094, subdivisions 4a and 9; and 645.35."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: KEN NELSON, KATHLEEN O. VELLENGA, DENNIS D. OZMENT, BOB McEACHERN AND JERRY J. BAUERLY.

Senate Conferees: RANDOLPH W. PETERSON, DONNA C. PETERSON, GARY M. DECramer, JAMES C. PEHLER AND EMBER D. REICHGOTT.

Nelson, K., moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 753 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 753, A bill for an act relating to education; providing aids to education, aids to libraries, appropriations to the state academies for the deaf and blind, and the department of education; changing secondary pupil unit weighting; establishing a formula equity allowance; changing the calculation of special education aid; increasing the community education formula; changing the capital expenditure formula; changing the secondary vocational funding formula; increasing desegregation levies and appropriating deseg-



regation aid; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 43A.08, subdivisions 1 and 1a; 43A.18, subdivision 4; 118.12; 118.13; 118.14; 120.03, subdivision 1; 120.0752, by adding a subdivision; 120.17, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 3a, 3b, 5, 7a, 12, and by adding subdivisions; 121.609, subdivision 4; 121.612, subdivisions 3, 5, and by adding subdivisions; 121.87, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 121.88, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 121.935, subdivision 6; 121.936, subdivision 1; 122.541, subdivision 2; 123.36, subdivision 13; 123.39, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 123.58, subdivisions 6 and 8a; 123.705, subdivision 1; 124.05, subdivision 1; 124.17, subdivisions 1 and 1a; 124.195, subdivision 9; 124.2138, subdivision 4, and by adding a subdivision; 124.2162, by adding a subdivision; 124.223; 124.225, subdivisions 1, 4b, 7b, 8a, 8i, 10, and by adding a subdivision; 124.245, subdivisions 1, 3, and by adding subdivisions; 124.246, subdivision 2; 124.247, subdivision 3; 124.252, subdivision 3; 124.271, subdivision 2b; 124.2711, subdivision 1; 124.272, subdivision 1; 124.273, subdivision 1b, and by adding subdivisions; 124.32; 124.481; 124.524, by adding a subdivision; 124.573; 124.574, subdivisions 2b, 3, 4, and by adding subdivisions; 124.646, subdivision 1; 124A.01; 124A.02, subdivisions 7, 8, 9, 16, and by adding subdivisions; 124A.03, subdivisions 1a, 3, and by adding a subdivision; 124A.033, subdivision 2; 124A.036, by adding a subdivision; 124A.06; 124A.08, subdivisions 1, 3a, and 5; 124A.10, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 124A.12, subdivision 1; 124A.14, subdivision 4; 125.03, subdivision 5; 125.05, subdivision 1; 125.185, subdivision 4; 125.611, subdivisions 10, 11, 12, and 13; 126.02, subdivision 2; 126.48, by adding a subdivision; 126.56, subdivisions 3 and 6; 126.65; 126.66, subdivisions 1, 6, and by adding subdivisions; 126.67, subdivisions 1, 1a, 2a, 3a, 6, and 9; 126.81, subdivision 2; 129B.041, subdivisions 1 and 3; 134.10; 136D.27; 136D.71; 136D.74, subdivision 2; 136D.87; 275.125, subdivisions 5, 6e, 8c, 9, 11a, 11c, and by adding subdivisions; Laws 1984, chapter 463, article 6, section 15, subdivision 1; Laws 1986, First Special Session chapter 1, article 5, section 9; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 43A; 121; 122; 123; 124A; 125; 126; 128A; 129B; and 134; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 120.17, subdivision 13; 123.937; 124.05, subdivision 2; 124.185; 124.2161; 124.2162; 124.2163; 124.225, subdivision 1a; 124.273, subdivision 2b; 124.275; 124A.20; 125.611, subdivisions 8 and 9; 129B.01; 129B.02; 129B.04; 129B.041, subdivision 4; 129B.05; 129B.17; 129B.20; 129B.21; 129B.35; 129B.37; and 275.125, subdivision 5d.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 90 yeas and 41 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Jefferson	McEachern	Ozment	Sparby
Battaglia	Jennings	McLaughlin	Pappas	Steensma
Bauerly	Jensen	Milbert	Pelowski	Swiggum
Beard	Johnson, A.	Minne	Peterson	Swenson
Begich	Johnson, R.	Munger	Price	Tompkins
Bertram	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Quinn	Trimble
Brown	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Quist	Tunheim
Carlson, D.	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Redalen	Uphus
Carruthers	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Reding	Vanasek
Clark	Kelso	O'Connor	Rice	Vellenga
Cooper	Kinkel	Ogren	Rodosovich	Voss
Dauner	Kludt	Olson, E.	Rukavina	Wagenius
DeBlieck	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Sarna	Waltman
Dorn	Krueger	Omann	Scheid	Welle
Frederick	Larsen	Onnen	Schoenfeld	Wenzel
Greenfield	Lasley	Orenstein	Schreiber	Winter
Hartle	Lieder	Osthoff	Skoglund	Wynia
Jacobs	Long	Otis	Solberg	Spk. Norton

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bennett	Frerichs	Knuth	Pauly	Simoneau
Blatz	Gruenes	Marsh	Rest	Stanius
Boo	Gutknecht	McDonald	Richter	Thiede
Burger	Haukoos	McKasy	Riveness	Tjornhom
Carlson, L.	Heap	McPherson	Rose	Valento
Clausnitzer	Himle	Miller	Schafer	
Dempsey	Hugoson	Morrison	Seaberg	
Dille	Jaros	Murphy	Segal	
Forsythe	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Shaver	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

#### CALL OF THE HOUSE

On the motion of Vanasek and on the demand of 10 members, a call of the House was ordered. The following members answered to their names:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Lasley	Orenstein	Segal
Battaglia	Gruenes	Lieder	Osthoff	Shaver
Bauerly	Gutknecht	Long	Otis	Simoneau
Beard	Hartle	McDonald	Ozment	Skoglund
Begich	Haukoos	McEachern	Pauly	Solberg
Bennett	Heap	McKasy	Pelowski	Sparby
Boo	Himle	McLaughlin	Peterson	Stanius
Brown	Hugoson	McPherson	Price	Steensma
Burger	Jacobs	Milbert	Quinn	Swiggum
Carlson, D.	Jaros	Miller	Redalen	Swenson
Carlson, L.	Jefferson	Minne	Reding	Thiede
Carruthers	Jennings	Morrison	Rest	Tjornhom
Clark	Jensen	Murphy	Rice	Tompkins
Clausnitzer	Johnson, R.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Trimble
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Tunheim
Dauner	Kelso	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Uphus
DeBlieck	Kinkel	O'Connor	Rose	Valento
Dempsey	Kludt	Ogren	Sarna	Vanasek
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Vellenga
Dorn	Knuth	Olson, E.	Scheid	Voss
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Wagenius
Frederick	Krueger	Omann	Schreiber	Waltman
Frerichs	Larsen	Onnen	Seaberg	Welle

Wenzel

Winter

Spk. Norton

Vanasek moved that further proceedings of the roll call be dispensed with and that the Sergeant at Arms be instructed to bring in the absentees. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

## CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 529

A bill for an act relating to the financing of government in Minnesota; changing tax rates and bases; modifying the methods of administering, collecting, and enforcing taxes; changing the computation, administration, and payment of aids, credits, and refunds; imposing taxes; limiting taxing powers; transferring governmental powers and duties; allocating bonding authority; making entitlement allocations to the cities of Minneapolis and St. Paul; making technical corrections and clarifications; imposing and increasing fees, interest, and penalties; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 16A.15, subdivisions 1 and 6; 16A.1541; 16A.26; 16A.275; 60A.13, subdivision 1a; 60A.15, subdivision 1; 60A.199, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11; 60A.209, subdivisions 1 and 3; 60A.24; 60C.06, by adding a subdivision; 64B.39, subdivision 4; 67A.11, subdivision 3; 69.011, subdivisions 1 and 2; 69.021, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3; 69.54; 69.55; 79.34, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 88.49, by adding a subdivision; 121.904, subdivisions 11a and 11b; 124.195, subdivision 2; 124.2131, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 11; 124.38, subdivision 8; 124A.02, subdivisions 3a and 8; 124A.035, subdivision 5; 124A.08, subdivision 5; 134.33, subdivision 1; 134.34, subdivisions 1 and 2; 176.129, by adding a subdivision; 176A.08; 239.10; 270.066; 270.074, subdivision 3; 270.075, subdivision 1; 270.10, subdivisions 1 and 4; 270.11, subdivisions 1 and 2; 270.12, subdivisions 2 and 3; 270.13; 270.72, subdivisions 1 and 2; 270.77; 270.80, subdivision 2; 270.87; 270A.07, subdivision 1; 271.21, subdivision 2; 272.01, subdivisions 2 and 3; 272.02, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 272.115, subdivision 2; 273.061, subdivisions 1 and 8; 273.065; 273.11, by adding a subdivision; 273.1102; 273.1103; 273.12; 273.13, subdivision 22; 273.1312, subdivision 4; 273.1313, subdivisions 1, 2, and by adding a subdivision; 273.1314, subdivisions 8, 9, 10, and by adding a subdivision; 273.1392; 273.1393; 273.19, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, and by adding a subdivision; 273.33, subdivision 2; 273.37, subdivision 2; 274.01, subdivision 1; 274.14; 274.16; 275.07, subdivision 1; 275.125, subdivisions 9, 9b, and 15; 275.51, subdivision 3h; 276.04; 276.11; 277.01; 278.05, subdivision 4; 279.01, subdivision 1; 282.014; 282.02; 282.33, subdivision 1; 287.05, subdivision 1; 287.09; 287.12; 287.21, subdivision 1; 287.22; 287.25; 287.29, subdivision 1; 290.01, subdivisions 4, 5, 7, 19, 20, 22, and by adding subdivisions; 290.02; 290.03; 290.032, subdivisions 1 and 2; 290.05, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3; 290.06, subdivisions 1, 2c, 2d, and by adding a subdivision; 290.068, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5; 290.069, subdivisions 2a and 4b; 290.077, subdivision 1; 290.081; 290.091, subdivisions 1, 2, and

3; 290.095, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 9, and 11; 290.12, subdivision 2; 290.131, subdivision 1; 290.132, subdivision 1; 290.133, subdivision 1; 290.134, subdivision 1; 290.135, subdivision 1; 290.136, subdivision 1; 290.138, subdivision 3; 290.14; 290.17; 290.171; 290.20, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 290.21, subdivisions 3 and 4; 290.23, subdivisions 3 and 5; 290.31, subdivisions 2, 3, 5, and by adding a subdivision; 290.34, subdivision 2; 290.35; 290.36; 290.37, subdivisions 1 and 3; 290.38; 290.39, subdivision 3; 290.41, subdivisions 2 and 3; 290.42; 290.45, subdivisions 1 and 2; 290.46; 290.48, subdivision 10; 290.491; 290.50, subdivision 1; 290.53, subdivisions 1, 2, 3a, 4, and by adding subdivisions; 290.56, subdivisions 2, 3, and 4; 290.92, subdivisions 2a, 4a, 5, 5a, 6, 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 18, 24, and 25; 290.93, subdivision 10; 290.934, subdivision 2; 290.9725; 290.9726, subdivisions 1, 2, and 4; 290.974; 290A.03, subdivisions 3, 8, and by adding a subdivision; 290A.04, subdivision 2; 290A.06; 290A.011, subdivision 2; 290A.18; 290A.19; 291.131, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, and by adding a subdivision; 295.01, subdivision 10; 295.32; 295.34, subdivision 1; 295.39; 295.40; 295.41; 295.43; 296.02, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 296.025, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 296.17, subdivisions 3, 7, and 11; 296.18, subdivision 7; 297.01, subdivisions 2, 4, 7, and 10; 297.02, subdivisions 1 and 6; 297.03, subdivisions 1, 5, and 6; 297.04, subdivisions 4, 6, and 9; 297.07, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, and 5; 297.11, subdivisions 3 and 5; 297.23, subdivision 1; 297.31, subdivisions 2, 3, and 7; 297.32, subdivisions 1, 2, and 8; 297.33, subdivisions 4 and 5; 297.35, subdivisions 1, 3, 5, and 8; 297.36; 297A.01, subdivisions 3, 4, 8, and 15; 297A.14; 297A.151; 297A.18; 297A.211, subdivision 2; 297A.25, subdivisions 7, 11, 12, and by adding subdivisions; 297A.256; 297A.26, subdivision 1; 297A.27, subdivision 1; 297A.275; 297A.39, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, and by adding a subdivision; 297A.43; 297B.01, subdivision 8; 297B.10; 297C.03, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 297C.04; 297C.05, subdivision 2; 297C.06; 297C.09; 297D.02; 297D.07; 297D.09; 297D.10; 297D.12, subdivision 1; 297D.13; 298.01, subdivision 1, and by adding subdivisions; 298.026; 298.027; 298.028, subdivision 1; 298.03, subdivision 1; 298.031, subdivision 2; 298.08; 298.09, subdivision 1; 298.25; 298.28, subdivision 4; 299F.21, subdivisions 1, 2, and by adding subdivisions; 325D.30; 325D.32, subdivisions 4, 10, 11, and 12; 325D.33, subdivisions 1, 2, and by adding subdivisions; 325D.38, subdivision 1; 325D.40, subdivision 1; 349.12, subdivisions 11 and 13; 349.212, subdivisions 1 and 4; 349.2121, subdivisions 4, 6, 7, and by adding subdivisions; 360.531, subdivision 2; 462C.11, subdivisions 2 and 3; 473.556, subdivision 4; 473F.02, subdivision 12; 474A.02, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 12, 14, 16, 18, 19, 21, 26, and by adding subdivisions; 474A.03, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 474A.04, subdivisions 5, 6, and by adding a subdivision; 474A.13, subdivisions 1, 4, and 5; 474A.14; 474A.15; 474A.16; 474A.17; 474A.18; 474A.20; 474A.21; 475.53, subdivision 4; 477A.012, subdivision 1; 477A.013; 477A.018, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 6, and by adding a subdivision; Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 14, article 3, section 18; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 3; 239; 270; 272; 273; 276; 290; 290A;

294; 297; 297A; 297C; 298; 349; 429; and 474A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 60A.15, subdivision 2; 61A.49; 62E.13, subdivision 9; 64B.24; 69.021, subdivision 3a; 124.38, subdivision 10; 270.75, subdivision 8; 270.89; 282.021; 290.01, subdivisions 20a, 20b, 20d, 20f, 21, and 24; 290.013; 290.06, subdivisions 3f, 3g, and 11; 290.068, subdivision 6; 290.069, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, and 7; 290.07, subdivision 5; 290.071; 290.073; 290.075; 290.077, subdivision 3; 290.079; 290.08; 290.082; 290.085; 290.088; 290.089; 290.09; 290.095, subdivisions 8 and 10; 290.12, subdivision 4; 290.13; 290.139; 290.15; 290.16; 290.165; 290.175; 290.18; 290.19; 290.21, subdivisions 5, 6, and 8; 290.26, subdivision 2; 290.361; 290.9726, subdivisions 3, 5, and 6; 290A.04, subdivisions 2e and 2g; 294.21; 294.22; 294.23; 294.24; 294.25; 294.26; 295.32; 295.33; 295.34; 295.36; 295.365; 295.366; 296.04, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, and 4; 296.05; 296.07; 296.13; 296.17, subdivision 12; 296.18, subdivision 4, 5, 6, and 7; 296.22; 296.28; 297.07, subdivision 6; 297.23, subdivision 5; 297.35, subdivisions 4, 6, and 7; 297A.25, subdivisions 13, and 19; 297A.26, subdivision 3; 297C.03, subdivisions 2 and 3; 297C.05, subdivision 4; 298.01, subdivision 1; 298.02; 298.026; 298.027; 298.028; 298.03; 298.031; 298.04; 298.28, subdivision 14; 298.40; 298.51; 298.52; 298.53; 298.54; 298.55; 298.61; 298.62; 298.63; 298.64; 298.65; 298.66; 298.67; 299.01; 299.012; 299.013; 299.02; 299.03; 299.04; 299.05; 299.06; 299.07; 299.08; 299.09; 299.10; 299.11; 299.12; 299.13; 299.14; 325D.41; 360.654; 474A.02, subdivisions 5, 9, 10, 11, 13, 15, 17, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27, 28, and 29; 474A.03, subdivisions 2 and 3; 474A.04, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, and 4; 474A.05; 474A.06; 474A.07; 474A.08; 474A.09; 474A.10; 474A.11; 474A.12; 474A.13, subdivisions 2 and 3; and 474A.19; Laws 1981, chapters 222, section 6; 223, section 6, subdivision 3; Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 14, article 14, section 3; Laws 1986, First Special Session chapter 1, article 5, section 8.

May 18, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 529, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment and that H. F. No. 529 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

#### "ARTICLE 1

#### INCOME TAX

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 10A.31, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Every individual resident of Minnesota who files an income tax return or a renter and homeowner property tax refund return with the commissioner of revenue may designate on their original return that \$2 \$5 shall be paid from the general fund of the state into the state elections campaign fund. If a husband and wife file a joint return, each spouse may designate that \$2 \$5 shall be paid. No individual shall be allowed to designate \$2 \$5 more than once in any year.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 10A.31, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. The taxpayer may designate that the \$2 amount designated be paid into the account of a political party or into the general account.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 10A.31, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. The commissioner of the department of revenue shall provide on the first page of the income tax form and the renter and homeowner property tax refund return a space for the individual to indicate a wish to allocate \$2 \$5 (\$4 \$10 if filing a joint return) from the general fund of the state to finance the election campaigns of state candidates. The form shall also contain language prepared by the commissioner which permits the individual to direct the state to allocate the \$2 \$5 (or \$4 \$10 if filing a joint return) to: (i) one of the major political parties; (ii) any minor political party as defined in section 10A.01, subdivision 13, which qualifies under the provisions of subdivision 3a; or (iii) all qualifying candidates as provided by subdivision 7. The renter and homeowner property tax refund return shall include instructions that the individual filing the return may designate \$2 \$5 on the return only if the individual has not designated \$2 \$5 on the income tax return.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.01, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. ~~[PARTNERSHIP; PARTNER.] The term terms "partnership" includes a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture, or other unincorporated organization, through or by means of which any business, financial operation, or venture is carried on, and which is not, within the meaning of this chapter, a trust or estate or a corporation; and the term "partner" includes a member in a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture or organization have the meanings given in section 7701(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986.~~

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3a. [TRUST.] The term "trust" has the meaning given in the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.01, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [CORPORATIONS.] The term "corporation" shall include joint stock companies and corporations existing under the laws of any state or country; partnerships, limited or otherwise, the organization of which is not interrupted by the death of a general partner or by a change in the ownership of the general partner's participating interest, and the management of which is centralized in one or more persons acting in a representative capacity; associations (other than ordinary partnerships) and common-law trusts organized or conducted for profit every entity which is a corporation under section 7701(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, and financial institutions. A corporation's franchise is its authorization to exist and conduct business, whether created by legislation, by executive order, by a governmental agency, by contract or other private action, or by some combination thereof. Every corporation is deemed to have a corporate franchise. An entity described in section 646(b) of the Tax Reform Act of 1986, Public Law Number 99-514, shall be classified in the same manner for purposes of this chapter as it is for federal income tax purposes.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4a. [FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.] (a) "Financial institution" means:

(1) a holding company;

(2) any regulated financial corporation; or

(3) any other corporation organized under the laws of the United States or organized under the laws of this state or any other state or country that is carrying on the business of a financial institution.

(b) "Holding company" means any corporation registered under the Federal Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended, or registered as a savings and loan holding company under the Federal National Housing Act, as amended.

(c) "Regulated financial corporation" means an institution, the deposits or accounts of which are insured under the Federal Deposit Insurance Act or by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, any institution which is a member of a Federal Home

Loan Bank, any other bank or thrift institution incorporated or organized under the laws of any state or any foreign country which is engaged in the business of receiving deposits, any corporation organized under the provisions of United States Code, title 12, sections 611 to 631 (Edge Act Corporations), and any agency of a foreign depository as defined in United States Code, title 12, section 3101.

(d) "Business of a financial institution" means:

(1) the business that a regulated financial corporation may be authorized to do under state or federal law or the business that its subsidiary is authorized to do by the proper regulatory authorities;

(2) the business that any corporation organized under the authority of the United States or organized under the laws of this state or any other state or country does or has authority to do which is substantially similar to the business which a corporation may be created to do under chapters 46 to 55 or any business which a corporation or its subsidiary is authorized to do by those laws; or

(3) the business that any corporation organized under the authority of the United States or organized under the laws of this state or any other state or country does or has authority to do if the corporation derives more than 50 percent of its gross income from lending activities (including discounting obligations) in substantial competition with the businesses described in clauses (1) and (2). For purposes of this clause, the computation of the gross income of a corporation does not include income from nonrecurring, extraordinary items.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.01, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN CORPORATIONS.] The term "domestic" when applied to a corporation means a corporation created or organized in Minnesota or under its laws; and the term "foreign" when thus applied means a corporation other than a domestic corporation. The existence of any domestic corporation shall be deemed the exercise by it of the privilege of existing as a corporation; the grant to any foreign corporation of the right to engage in transacting local business within this state shall be deemed the grant to it of the privilege of transacting such business within this state in corporate or organized form; and the transaction of the local business within this state by any foreign corporation shall be deemed the transaction of such business within this state in corporate or organized form.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:



Subd. 6a. [ABODE.] For purposes of section 290.01, subdivision 7, the term "abode" means a dwelling maintained by an individual, whether or not owned by the individual and whether or not occupied by the individual, and includes a dwelling place owned or leased by the individual's spouse.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.01, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [RESIDENT.] The term "resident" means (1) any individual domiciled in Minnesota and any other individual maintaining an abode therein during any portion of the tax year who shall not, during the whole of such tax year, have been domiciled outside the state, except that an individual is not a "resident" for the period of time that the individual is a "qualified individual" as defined in section 911(d)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, unless, during that period, a Minnesota homestead application is filed for property in which the individual has an interest; and (2) any individual domiciled outside the state who maintains a place of abode in the state and spends in the aggregate more than one-half of the tax year in Minnesota, unless the individual is in the armed forces of the United States.

For purposes of this subdivision, presence within the state for any part of a calendar day constitutes a day spent in the state. Individuals shall keep adequate records to substantiate the days spent outside the state.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.01, subdivision 19, is amended to read:

Subd. 19. [NET INCOME.] The term "net income" means the gross federal taxable income, as defined in subdivision 20, less the following deductions to the extent allowed by section 290.18, subdivision 1:

(a) for corporations, the deductions allowed by section 290.09;

(b) for individuals, the deductions allowed in section 290.088, without regard to sections 290.18, subdivision 1 if the taxpayer elects to compute the taxes under sections 290.06, subdivision 2e, paragraph (a) or (c); 290.089; and 290.09; and

(c) for estates and trusts, the deduction allowed by section 290.088, without regard to section 290.18, subdivision 1 if the taxpayer elects to compute the taxes under section 290.06, subdivision 2e, paragraph (c) section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through the date named in this subdivision, incorporating any elections made by the taxpayer in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code in determining federal taxable income for federal

income tax purposes, and with the modifications provided in subdivisions 19a to 19f.

The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, shall be in effect for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986.

Except as otherwise provided, references to the Internal Revenue Code in subdivisions 19a to 19f mean the code in effect for purposes of determining net income for the applicable year.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 19a. [ADDITIONS TO FEDERAL TAXABLE INCOME.] For individuals, estates, and trusts, there shall be added to federal taxable income:

(1)(i) interest income on obligations of any state other than Minnesota or a political or governmental subdivision, municipality, or governmental agency or instrumentality of any state other than Minnesota exempt from federal income taxes under the Internal Revenue Code or any other federal statute, and

(ii) exempt-interest dividends as defined in section 852(b)(5)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, except the portion of the exempt-interest dividends derived from interest income on obligations of the state of Minnesota or its political or governmental subdivisions, municipalities, governmental agencies or instrumentalities, but only if the portion of the exempt-interest dividends from such Minnesota sources paid to all shareholders represents 95 percent or more of the exempt-interest dividends that are paid by the fund or series of funds making the payment; and

(2) the amount of income taxes paid or accrued within the taxable year under this chapter and income taxes paid to any other state or to any province or territory of Canada, to the extent allowed as a deduction under section 63(d) of the Internal Revenue Code, but the addition may not be more than the amount by which the itemized deductions as allowed under section 63(d) of the Internal Revenue Code exceeds the amount of the standard deduction as defined in section 63(c) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 19b. [SUBTRACTIONS FROM FEDERAL TAXABLE INCOME.] For individuals, estates, and trusts, there shall be subtracted from federal taxable income:

(1) interest income on obligations of any authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States to the extent includable in taxable income for federal income tax purposes but exempt from state income tax under the laws of the United States;

(2) if included in federal taxable income, the amount of any overpayment of income tax to Minnesota or to any other state, for any previous taxable year, whether the amount is received as a refund or as a credit to another taxable year's income tax liability; and

(3) the amount paid to others not to exceed \$650 for each dependent in grades kindergarten to six and \$1,000 for each dependent in grades seven to 12, for tuition, textbooks, and transportation of each dependent in attending an elementary or secondary school situated in Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Iowa, or Wisconsin, wherein a resident of this state may legally fulfill the state's compulsory attendance laws, which is not operated for profit, and which adheres to the provisions of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and chapter 363. As used in this clause, "textbooks" includes books and other instructional materials and equipment used in elementary and secondary schools in teaching only those subjects legally and commonly taught in public elementary and secondary schools in this state. "Textbooks" does not include instructional books and materials used in the teaching of religious tenets, doctrines, or worship, the purpose of which is to instill such tenets, doctrines, or worship, nor does it include books or materials for, or transportation to, extracurricular activities including sporting events, musical or dramatic events, speech activities, driver's education, or similar programs. In order to qualify for the subtraction under this clause the taxpayer must elect to itemize deductions under section 63(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 19c. [CORPORATIONS; ADDITIONS TO FEDERAL TAXABLE INCOME.] For corporations, there shall be added to federal taxable income:

(1) the amount of any deduction taken for federal income tax purposes for income, excise, or franchise taxes based on net income or related minimum taxes paid by the corporation to Minnesota, another state, a political subdivision of another state, the District of Columbia, or any foreign country or possession of the United States;

(2) interest upon obligations of: the United States, its possessions, its agencies, or its instrumentalities to the extent the obligations are not subject to federal tax; the state of Minnesota or any other state, any of its political or governmental subdivisions, any of its

municipalities, or any of its governmental agencies or instrumentalities; or the District of Columbia;

(3) exempt interest dividends as defined in section 852(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986;

(4) the amount of any windfall profits tax deducted under section 164 or 471 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986;

(5) the amount of any net operating loss deduction taken for federal income tax purposes under section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986;

(6) the amount of any special deductions taken for federal income tax purposes under sections 241 to 247 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986;

(7) losses from the business of mining, as defined in section 290.05, subdivision 1, clause (a), that are not subject to Minnesota income tax;

(8) the amount of any capital losses deducted for federal income tax purposes under sections 1211 and 1212 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986;

(9) the amount of any charitable contributions deducted for federal income tax purposes under section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986;

(10) the exempt foreign trade income of a foreign sales corporation under sections 921(a) and 291 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986;

(11) the amount of percentage depletion deducted under sections 611 through 614 and 291 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986; and

(12) for certified pollution control facilities placed in service in a taxable year beginning before December 31, 1986, and for which amortization deductions were elected under section 169 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1985, the amount of the amortization deduction allowed in computing federal taxable income for those facilities.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 19d. [CORPORATIONS; MODIFICATIONS DECREASING FEDERAL TAXABLE INCOME.] For corporations, there shall be subtracted from federal taxable income after the increases provided in subdivision 19c:

(1) the amount of foreign dividend gross-up added to gross income for federal income tax purposes under section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(2) the decrease in salary expense for federal income tax purposes due to claiming the federal jobs credit under section 51 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(3) any dividend (not including any distribution in liquidation) paid within the taxable year by a national or state bank to the United States, or to any instrumentality of the United States exempt from federal income taxes, on the preferred stock of the bank owned by the United States or the instrumentality;

(4) amounts disallowed for intangible drilling costs due to differences between this chapter and the Internal Revenue Code in taxable years beginning before January 1, 1987, as follows:

(i) to the extent the disallowed costs are represented by physical property, an amount equal to the allowance for depreciation under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.09, subdivision 7, subject to the modifications contained in subdivision 19e; and

(ii) to the extent the disallowed costs are not represented by physical property, an amount equal to the allowance for cost depletion under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.09, subdivision 8;

(5) the deduction for capital losses pursuant to sections 1211 and 1212 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, except that:

(i) capital loss carrybacks shall not be allowed; and

(ii) a capital loss carryover to each of the 15 taxable years succeeding the loss year shall be allowed;

(6) an amount for interest and expenses relating to income not taxable for federal income tax purposes, if (i) the income is taxable under this chapter and (ii) the interest and expenses were disallowed as deductions under the provisions of section 265 or 291 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, in computing federal taxable income;

(7) in the case of mines, oil and gas wells, other natural deposits, and timber for which percentage depletion was disallowed pursuant

to subdivision 19c, clause (11), a reasonable allowance for depletion based on actual cost. In the case of leases the deduction must be apportioned between the lessor and lessee in accordance with rules prescribed by the commissioner. In the case of property held in trust, the allowable deduction must be apportioned between the income beneficiaries and the trustee in accordance with the pertinent provisions of the trust, or if there is no provision in the instrument, on the basis of the trust's income allocable to each;

(8) for certified pollution control facilities placed in service in a taxable year beginning before December 31, 1986 and for which amortization deductions were elected under section 169 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1985, an amount equal to the allowance for depreciation under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.09, subdivision 7.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 19e. [DEPRECIATION MODIFICATIONS FOR CORPORATIONS.] In the case of corporations, a modification shall be made for the accelerated cost recovery system. The allowable deduction for the accelerated cost recovery system is the same amount as provided in section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code with the following modifications. The modifications apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986, and to property for which deductions under the Tax Reform Act of 1986, Public Law Number 99-514, are elected or apply.

(a) For property placed in service after December 31, 1980, and before January 1, 1987, 40 percent of the allowance pursuant to section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1985, for 15-, 18-, or 19-year real property shall not be allowed and for all other property 20 percent shall not be allowed.

(b) For property placed in service after December 31, 1987, no modification shall be made.

(c) For property placed in service after July 31, 1986, and before January 1, 1987, for which the taxpayer elects the deduction pursuant to section 203 of the Tax Reform Act of 1986, Public Law Number 99-514, and for property placed in service after December 31, 1986, and before January 1, 1988, 15 percent of the allowance pursuant to section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 shall not be allowed.

(d) For property placed in service after December 31, 1980, and before January 1, 1987, for which the taxpayer elects to use the straight line method provided in section 168(b)(3), (f)(12), or (j)(1) or a method provided in section 168(e)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code

of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, but excluding property for which the taxpayer elects the deduction pursuant to section 203 of the Tax Reform Act of 1986, Public Law Number 99-514, the modifications provided in paragraph (a) do not apply.

(e) For property subject to the modifications contained in paragraphs (a) and (b) and Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.09, subdivision 7, clause (c), the following modification shall be made after the entire amount of the allowable deduction has been allowed for federal tax purposes for that property under the provisions of section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986. The remaining depreciable basis in those assets for Minnesota purposes, including the amount of any basis reduction to reflect the investment tax credit for federal purposes under sections 48(q) and 49(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, shall be a depreciation allowance computed using the straight line method over the following number of years:

- (1) three-year property, one year;
- (2) five-year and seven-year property, two years;
- (3) ten-year property, five years; and
- (4) all other property, seven years.

(f) For property placed in service after December 31, 1987, the remaining depreciable basis for Minnesota purposes that is attributable to the basis reduction for federal purposes to reflect the investment tax credit under sections 48(q) and 49(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, shall be allowed as a deduction in the first taxable year after the entire amount of the allowable deduction for that property under the provisions of section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, has been allowed, except that where the straight line method provided in section 168(b)(3) is used, the deduction provided in this clause shall be allowed in the last taxable year in which an allowance for depreciation is allowed for that property.

(g) For qualified timber property for which the taxpayer made an election under section 194 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, the remaining depreciable basis for Minnesota purposes is allowed as a deduction in the first taxable year after the entire allowable deduction has been allowed for federal tax purposes.

(h) The basis of property to which section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code applies is its basis as provided in this chapter including the modifications provided in this subdivision and in Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.09, subdivision 7, paragraph (c). The recapture tax provisions provided in sections 1245 and 1250

of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, apply but must be calculated using the basis provided in the preceding sentence.

(i) The basis of an asset acquired in an exchange of assets, including an involuntary conversion, is the same as its federal basis under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, except that the difference in basis due to the modifications in this subdivision and in Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.09, subdivision 7, paragraph (c), is a deduction as provided in paragraph (e).

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 19f. [BASIS MODIFICATIONS AFFECTING GAIN OR LOSS ON DISPOSITION OF PROPERTY.] (a) For individuals, estates, and trusts, the basis of property is its adjusted basis for federal income tax purposes except as set forth in paragraphs (f) and (g). For corporations, the basis of property is its adjusted basis for federal income tax purposes, without regard to the time when the property became subject to tax under this chapter or to whether out-of-state losses or items of tax preference with respect to the property were not deductible under this chapter, except that the modifications to the basis for federal income tax purposes set forth in paragraphs (b) to (j) are allowed to corporations, and the resulting modifications to federal taxable income must be made in the year in which gain or loss on the sale or other disposition of property is recognized.

(b) The basis of property shall not be reduced to reflect federal investment tax credit.

(c) The basis of property subject to the accelerated cost recovery system under section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code shall be modified to reflect the modifications in depreciation with respect to the property provided for in subdivision 19e. For certified pollution control facilities for which amortization deductions were elected under section 169 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, the basis of the property must be increased by the amount of the amortization deduction not previously allowed under this chapter.

(d) For property acquired before January 1, 1933, the basis for computing a gain is the fair market value of the property as of that date. The basis for determining a loss is the cost of the property to the taxpayer less any depreciation, amortization, or depletion, actually sustained before that date. If the adjusted cost exceeds the fair market value of the property, then the basis is the adjusted cost regardless of whether there is a gain or loss.

(e) The basis is reduced by the allowance for amortization of bond premium if an election to amortize was made pursuant to Minnesota



Statutes 1986, section 290.09, subdivision 13, and the allowance could have been deducted by the taxpayer under this chapter during the period of the taxpayer's ownership of the property.

(f) For assets placed in service before January 1, 1987, corporations, partnerships, or individuals engaged in the business of mining ores other than iron ore or taconite concentrates subject to the occupation tax under chapter 298 must use the occupation tax basis of property used in that business.

(g) For assets placed in service before January 1, 1990, corporations, partnerships, or individuals engaged in the business of mining iron ore or taconite concentrates subject to the occupation tax under chapter 298 must use the occupation tax basis of property used in that business.

(h) In applying the provisions of sections 301(c)(3)(B), 312(f) and (g), and 316(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, the dates December 31, 1932, and January 1, 1933, shall be substituted for February 28, 1913, and March 1, 1913, respectively.

(i) In applying the provisions of section 362(a) and (c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, the date December 31, 1956, shall be substituted for June 22, 1954.

(j) The basis of property shall be increased by the amount of intangible drilling costs not previously allowed due to differences between this chapter and the Internal Revenue Code.

(k) The adjusted basis of any corporate partner's interest in a partnership is the same as the adjusted basis for federal income tax purposes modified as required to reflect the basis modifications set forth in paragraphs (b) to (j). The adjusted basis of a partnership in which the partner is an individual, estate, or trust is the same as the adjusted basis for federal income tax purposes modified as required to reflect the basis modifications set forth in paragraphs (f) and (g).

(l) The modifications contained in paragraphs (b) to (j) also apply to the basis of property that is determined by reference to the basis of the same property in the hands of a different taxpayer or by reference to the basis of different property.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.01, subdivision 20, is amended to read:

Subd. 20. [GROSS INCOME.] For tax years beginning after December 31, 1986, the term "gross income" means the gross income as defined in section 61 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as

amended through the date named in subdivision 19 for the applicable taxable year, plus any additional items of income taxable under this chapter but not taxable under the Internal Revenue Code, less any items included in federal gross income but of a character exempt from state income tax under the laws of the United States. For tax years beginning before January 1, 1987, except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the term "gross income," as applied to corporations includes every kind of compensation for labor or personal services of every kind from any private or public employment, office, position or services; income derived from the ownership or use of property; gains or profits derived from every kind of disposition of, or every kind of dealing in, property; income derived from the transaction of any trade or business; and income derived from any source.

For tax years beginning before January 1, 1987, the term "gross income" in its application to individuals, estates, and trusts shall mean the adjusted gross income as defined in the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through the date specified herein for the applicable taxable year, with the modifications specified in this subdivision and in Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.01, subdivisions 20a to 20f. For estates and trusts the adjusted gross income for purposes of the preceding sentence shall be their federal taxable income as defined in the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through the date specified herein for the applicable taxable year, with the modifications specified in this subdivision and in Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.01, subdivisions 20a to 20f.

(i) The Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1980, and as amended by sections 302(b) and 501 to 509 of Public Law Number 97-34, shall be in effect for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1980 including the provisions of section 404 (relating to partial exclusions of dividends and interest received by individuals) of the Crude Oil Windfall Profit Tax Act of 1980, Public Law Number 96-223. The provisions of Public Law Number 96-471 (relating to installment sales) sections 122, 123, 126, 201, 202, 203, 204, 211, 213, 214, 251, 261, 264, 265, 311(g)(3), 313, 314(a)(1), 321(a), 501 to 507, 811, and 812 of the Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981, Public Law Number 97-34 and section 113 of Public Law Number 97-119 shall be effective at the same time that they become effective for federal income tax purposes.

(ii) The Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1981, shall be in effect for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1981. The provisions of sections 205(a), 214 to 222, 231, 232, 236, 247, 251, 252, 253, 265, 266, 285, 288, and 335 of the Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982, Public Law Number 97-248, section 6(b)(2) and (3) of the Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982, Public Law Number 97-354, section 517 of Public Law Number 97-424, sections 101(c) and (d), 102(a), (aa), (f)(4), (g), (j), (l), 103(c), 104(b)(3), 105, 305(d), 306(a)(9) of Public Law Number

97-448, and sections 101 and 102 of Public Law Number 97-473, and section 243 of the Tax Reform Act of 1986, Public Law Number 99-514, shall be effective at the same time that they become effective for federal income tax purposes. The Payment-in-Kind Tax Treatment Act of 1983, Public Law Number 98-4, shall be effective at the same time that it becomes effective for federal income tax purposes.

(iii) (ii) The Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through January 15, 1983, shall be in effect for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1982. The provisions of sections 905, 1708, and 1879(m) of the Tax Reform Act of 1986, Public Law Number 99-514, shall be effective at the same time that they become effective for federal income tax purposes.

(iv) (iii) The Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1983, shall be in effect for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1983. The provisions of sections 13, 17, 25(b), 31, 32, 41 to 43, 52, 55, 56, 71 to 74, 77, 81, 82, 91, 92, 94, 101 to 103, 105 to 108, 111 to 113, 147(c), 171, 172, 174, 175, 179(a), 221, 223, 224, 421(b), 432, 481, 491, 512, 522 to 524, 554 to 557, 561, 611(a), 621 to 623, 626 to 628, 711(c), 712(d), 713(b), (e), (g), and (h), 721(a), (b), (d), (g), (i), (o), (p), (r), (t), and (w), 722(e), 1001, 1026, 1061 to 1064, 1066, 1076, 1078, and 2638(b) of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984, Public Law Number 98-369, and section 1 of Public Law Number 98-611, and sections 1801, 1802, 1805 to 1809, 1812, 1842, 1853 to 1855, 1866, 1869 to 1873, 1875, and 1878(g) and (h) of the Tax Reform Act of 1986, Public Law Number 99-514, shall be effective at the same time that they become effective for federal income tax purposes.

(v) (iv) The Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through May 25, 1985, shall be in effect for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1984. The provisions of sections 101, 102, 103, 201, and 202 of Public Law Number 99-121 and sections 402, 403, 1803, 1804, 1852, and 1861 of the Tax Reform Act of 1986, Public Law Number 99-514, shall be effective at the same time that they become effective for federal income tax purposes.

(vi) (v) The Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1985, shall be in effect for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1985.

The provisions of sections 121 to 123, 201, 202, 241, 401, 405, 411 to 413, 653, 654, 804, 811, 822, 1001, 1003, 1122, 1162, 1164, 1166, 1301, 1401, 1402, 1707, 1826, 1827, 1843, 1867, 1868, 1879(f), and 1895 of the Tax Reform Act of 1986, Public Law Number 99-514, shall be effective at the same time that they become effective for federal income tax purposes.

References to the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 in subdivisions 20a, 20b, 20e, and 20f mean the code in effect for the purpose of defining gross income for the applicable taxable year.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.01, subdivision 22, is amended to read:

Subd. 22. [TAXABLE NET INCOME.] For tax years beginning after December 31, 1986, the term "taxable net income" means:

(1) for resident individuals the same as net income;

(2) for individuals who were not residents of Minnesota for the entire year, the same as net income except that the tax is imposed only on the Minnesota apportioned share of that income as determined pursuant to section 290.06, subdivision 2c, paragraph (e);

(3) for all other taxpayers, the part of net income that is allocable to Minnesota by assignment or apportionment under one or more of sections 290.17, 290.191, 290.20, 290.35, and 290.36.

For tax years beginning before January 1, 1987, the term "taxable net income" means the net income assignable to this state pursuant to sections 290.17 to 290.20. For corporations, taxable net income is then reduced by the deductions contained in section 290.21.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 29. [TAXABLE INCOME.] For tax years beginning after December 31, 1986, the term "taxable income" means:

(1) for individuals, estates, and trusts, the same as taxable net income;

(2) for corporations, the taxable net income less

(i) the net operating loss deduction under section 290.095;

(ii) the dividends received deduction under section 290.21, subdivision 4;

(iii) the charitable contribution deduction under section 290.21, subdivision 3; and

(iv) the foreign royalty deduction under section 290.21, subdivision 8.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 30. [REFERENCES TO THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE.] Except when inappropriate, a reference in this chapter (1) to the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 includes a reference to the

Internal Revenue Code of 1986, and (2) to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 includes a reference to the provisions of law formerly known as the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

Sec. 22. [290.014] [JURISDICTION TO TAX IN GENERAL.]

Subdivision 1. [RESIDENT INDIVIDUALS.] All net income of a resident individual is subject to tax under this chapter.

Subd. 2. [NONRESIDENT INDIVIDUALS.] Income of a nonresident individual is subject to tax under this chapter and a nonresident individual is subject to the return filing requirements under this chapter to the extent that the income is:

(1) allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20;

(2) taxed to the individual under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, (or not taxed under the Internal Revenue Code by reason of its character but of a character which is taxable under this chapter) in the individual's capacity as a beneficiary of an estate with income allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20 and the income, taking into account the income character provisions of section 662(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, would be allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20 if realized by the individual directly from the source from which realized by the estate;

(3) taxed to the individual under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, (or not taxed under the Internal Revenue Code by reason of its character but of a character that is taxable under this chapter) in the individual's capacity as a beneficiary or grantor or other person treated as a substantial owner of a trust with income allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20 and the income, taking into account the income character provisions of section 652(b), 662(b), or 664(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, would be allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20 if realized by the individual directly from the source from which realized by the trust;

(4) taxed to the individual under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, (or not taxed under the Internal Revenue Code by reason of its character but of a character which is taxable under this chapter) in the individual's capacity as a limited or general partner in a partnership with income allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20 and the income, taking into account the income character provisions of section 702(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, would be allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20 if realized by the

individual directly from the source from which realized by the partnership; or

(5) taxed to the individual under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, (or not taxed under the Internal Revenue Code by reason of its character but of a character which is taxable under this chapter) in the individual's capacity as a shareholder of a corporation having a valid election in effect under section 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, and income allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20 and the income, taking into account the income character provisions of section 1366(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, would be allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20 if realized by the individual directly from the source from which realized by the corporation.

Subd. 3. [TRUSTS AND ESTATES.] A trust or estate, whether resident or nonresident, is subject to the return filing requirements under this chapter and the income of a trust or estate is subject to tax under this chapter to the extent that the income of the trust or estate is:

(1) allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20;

(2) taxed to the trust or estate under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, (or not taxed under the Internal Revenue Code by reason of its character but of a character which is taxable under this chapter) in its capacity as a beneficiary of a trust or estate with income allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20 and the income, taking into account the income character provisions of section 662(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, would be allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20 if realized by the trust or beneficiary estate directly from the source from which realized by the distributing estate;

(3) taxed to the trust or estate under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, (or not taxed under the Internal Revenue Code by reason of its character but of a character which is taxable under this chapter) in its capacity as a beneficiary or grantor or other person treated as a substantial owner of a trust with income allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20 and the income, taking into account the income character provisions of section 652(b), 662(b), or 664(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, would be allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20 if realized by the beneficiary trust or estate directly from the source from which realized by the distributing trust;

(4) taxed to the trust or estate under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, (or not taxed under the Internal Revenue Code by reason of its character but of a character which is taxable under this chapter) in its capacity as a limited or general partner in a partnership with income allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20 and the income, taking into account the income character provisions of section 702(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, would be allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20 if realized by the trust or estate directly from the source from which realized by the partnership; or

(5) taxed to the trust or estate under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, (or not taxed under the Internal Revenue Code by reason of its character but of a character which is taxable under this chapter) in its capacity as a shareholder of a corporation having a valid election in effect under section 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, and income allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20 and the income, taking into account the income character provisions of section 1366(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, would be allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20 if realized by the trust or estate directly from the source from which realized by the corporation.

Subd. 4. [PARTNERSHIPS.] A partnership is not subject to tax under this chapter but is subject to the return filing requirements under this chapter and its partners are subject to tax under this chapter on their shares of partnership income to the extent that the income of the partnership is:

(1) allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20;

(2) taxed to the partnership under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, (or not taxed under the Internal Revenue Code by reason of its character but of a character which is taxable under this chapter) in its capacity as a beneficiary of an estate with income allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20 and the income, taking into account the income character provisions of section 662(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, would be allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20 if realized by the partnership directly from the source from which realized by the estate;

(3) taxed to the partnership under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, (or not taxed under the Internal Revenue Code by reason of its character but of a character which is taxable under this chapter) in its capacity as a beneficiary or grantor or other person treated as a substantial owner

of a trust with income allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20 and the income, taking into account the income character provisions of section 652(b), 662(b), or 664(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, would be allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20 if realized by the partnership directly from the source from which realized by the trust; or

(4) taxed to the partnership under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, (or not taxed under the Internal Revenue Code by reason of its character but of a character which is taxable under this chapter) in its capacity as a limited or general partner in a partnership with income allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20 and the income, taking into account the income character provisions of section 702(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, would be allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20 if realized by the second tier partnership directly from the source from which realized by the first tier partnership.

Subd. 5. [CORPORATIONS.] A corporation having a valid election in effect under section 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, is not subject to tax under this chapter, except as provided in section 290.9725, but its shareholders are, and it is subject to the return filing requirements. Corporations are subject to the return filing requirements and to tax under this chapter if the corporation so exercises its franchise as to engage in such contacts with this state as to cause part of the income of the corporation to be:

(1) allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, 290.20, 290.35, or 290.36;

(2) taxed to the corporation under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, (or not taxed under the Internal Revenue Code by reason of its character but of a character which is taxable under this chapter) in its capacity as a beneficiary of an estate with income allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20 and the income, taking into account the income character provisions of section 662(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, would be allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20 if realized by the corporation directly from the source from which realized by the estate;

(3) taxed to the corporation under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, (or not taxed under the Internal Revenue Code by reason of its character but of a character which is taxable under this chapter) in its capacity as a beneficiary or grantor or other person treated as a substantial owner of a trust with income allocable to this state under section 290.17,



290.191, or 290.20 and the income, taking into account the income character provisions of section 652(b), 662(b), or 664(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, would be allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20 if realized by the corporation directly from the source from which realized by the trust; or

(4) taxed to the corporation under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, (or not taxed under the Internal Revenue Code by reason of its character but of a character which is taxable under this chapter) in its capacity as a limited or general partner in a partnership with income allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20 and the income, taking into account the income character provisions of section 702(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, would be allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20 if realized by the corporation directly from the source from which realized by the partnership.

Sec. 23. [290.015] [MINIMUM CONTACTS REQUIRED FOR JURISDICTION TO TAX TRADE OR BUSINESS.]

Subdivision 1. [GENERAL RULE.] A person, other than a resident individual, that conducts a trade or business with its principal place of business outside of Minnesota is subject to the taxes imposed by this chapter with respect to that trade or business if the trade or business makes sales or receives other income that is assignable or apportionable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, 290.20, 290.35 or 290.36 without regard to physical presence in this state, except as provided in subdivision 3. Activities that create jurisdiction to tax under this chapter include, but are not limited to:

- (1) having a place of business in this state;
- (2) having employees, representatives, or independent contractors conducting business activities in this state;
- (3) regularly selling products or services of any kind or nature to customers in this state who receive the product or service in this state;
- (4) regularly soliciting business from potential customers in this state;
- (5) regularly performing services from outside this state which are consumed within this state;
- (6) regularly engaging in transactions with customers in this state that involve intangible property, including loans but not property

described in subdivision 3, paragraph (b), and result in income flowing to the person from within this state;

(7) owning or leasing tangible personal or real property located in this state; or

(8) if a financial institution, regularly soliciting and receiving deposits from customers in this state.

Subd. 2. [PRESUMPTION.] A person is presumed, subject to rebuttal, to be engaged in regular solicitation within this state if it conducts transactions described in any of subdivision 1, clauses (3) to (6), with 20 or more residents of this state during any tax period or, if a financial institution, if the sum of its assets and the absolute value of its deposits attributable to sources within this state equals or exceeds \$5,000,000. Assets and deposits must be attributed to sources within this state by applying the principles established under section 290.191.

Subd. 3. [EXCEPTIONS.] (a) A person is not subject to tax under this chapter if the person is engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property and taxation of that person under this chapter is precluded by Public Law Number 86-272, United States Code, title 15, sections 381 to 384.

(b) Ownership of an interest in the following types of property shall not be a factor in determining whether the owner is subject to tax under this chapter:

(1) an interest in a real estate mortgage investment conduit, a real estate investment trust, or a regulated investment company, as those terms are defined in the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986; and

(2) an interest in a loan-backed security representing ownership in a pool of promissory notes or certificates of interest or participation in such notes which provide for payments in relation to payments or reasonable projections of payments on the notes.

Subd. 4. [LIMITATIONS.] This section does not (1) subject a trade or business to any regulation, including any tax, of any local unit of government or subdivision of this state if the trade or business does not own or lease tangible or real property located within this state and has no employees or independent contractors present in this state to assist in the carrying on of the business; or (2) exclude a trade or business from the filing requirements of the notice of business activities report under section 290.371.

Subd. 5. [DETERMINATION AT ENTITY LEVEL.] Determinations under this section with respect to trades or businesses con-

ducted by a partnership, trust, estate, or corporation with an election in effect under section 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code, or any other entity, the income of which is or may be taxed to its owners or beneficiaries must be made with respect to the entity carrying on the trade or business and not with respect to owners or beneficiaries of the trade or business, the taxability of which under this chapter must be determined under section 290.014.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.02, is amended to read:

**290.02 [EXCISE FRANCHISE TAX ON CORPORATIONS; IMPOSITION, MEASUREMENT MEASURED BY NET INCOME.]**

An annual exise franchise tax is hereby imposed upon every domestic corporation for the privilege of existing as a corporation during any part of its taxable year, and upon every foreign corporation doing business within this state, except those included within section 290.03, including but not limited to railroad companies for the grant to it of the privilege of transacting or for the actual transaction by it of any local business within this state during any part of its taxable year, in corporate or organized form on the exercise of the corporate franchise to engage in contacts with this state that produce gross income attributable to sources within this state is imposed upon every corporation that so exercises its franchise during the taxable year.

Contacts within this state do not include transportation in interstate or foreign commerce, or both, by means of ships navigating within or through waters that are made international for navigation purposes by any treaty or agreement to which the United States is a party.

The tax so imposed shall be measured by such corporations' taxable net income and alternative minimum tax base for the taxable year for which the tax is imposed, and computed in the manner and at the rates provided in this chapter.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.03, is amended to read:

**290.03 [INCOME TAX; IMPOSITION, CLASSES OF TAXPAYERS.]**

An annual tax for each taxable year, computed in the manner and at the rates hereinafter provided, is hereby imposed upon the taxable net income for such year of the following classes of taxpayers:

(1) Foreign corporations not taxable under section 200.02 which own property within this state or whose business within this state during the taxable year consists exclusively of foreign commerce, interstate commerce, or both;

Business within the state shall not be deemed to include transportation in interstate or foreign commerce, or both, by means of ships navigating within or through waters which are made international for navigation purposes by any treaty or agreement to which the United States is a party;

(2) Resident and nonresident individuals;

(3) (2) Estates of decedents, dying domiciled within or without this state;

(4) (3) Trusts (except those taxable as corporations) however created by residents or nonresidents or by domestic or foreign corporations.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.032, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. There is hereby imposed as an addition to the annual income tax for a taxable year of a taxpayer in the classes described in section 290.03 a tax with respect to any distribution received by such taxpayer that is treated as a lump sum distribution under section 402(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as amended through December 31, 1985 1986, and that is subject to tax for such taxable year under section 402(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as amended through December 31, 1985 1986.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.032, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. The amount of tax imposed by subdivision 1 shall be computed in the same way as the tax imposed under section 402(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as amended through December 31, 1985 1986, except that the initial separate tax shall be an amount equal to ten five times the tax which would be imposed by section 290.06, subdivision 2c, if the recipient was an unmarried individual electing to deduct federal income taxes, and the taxable net income, excluding the credits allowed in section 290.06, subdivision 3f, was an amount equal to one-tenth one-fifth of the excess of

(i) the total taxable amount of the lump sum distribution for the year, over

(ii) the minimum distribution allowance, and except that references in section 402(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as

amended through December 31, 1985 1986, to paragraph (1)(A) thereof shall instead be references to subdivision 1 of this section.

The amount of any distribution from a qualified pension or profit sharing plan which is received as a lump sum distribution shall be reduced to the extent of any contribution:

(1) not previously allowed as a deduction by reason of a change in federal law which was not adopted by Minnesota for a taxable year beginning in 1974 or thereafter; or

(2) designated as an employee contribution but which the employing unit picks up and which is treated as an employer contribution and which was taxed on the Minnesota return but not the federal return in the year the contribution was made.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. The following corporations, individuals, estates, trusts, and organizations shall be exempted from taxation under this chapter, provided that every such person or corporation claiming exemption under this chapter, in whole or in part, must establish to the satisfaction of the commissioner the taxable status of any income or activity:

(a) corporations, individuals, estates, and trusts engaged in the business of mining or producing iron ore and other ores the mining or production of which is subject to the occupation tax imposed by section 298.01; but if any such corporation, individual, estate, or trust engages in any other business or activity or has income from any property not used in such business it shall be subject to this tax computed on the net income from such property or such other business or activity. Royalty (as defined in section 299.02) shall not be considered as income from the business of mining or producing iron ore within the meaning of this section;

(b) the United States of America, the state of Minnesota or any political subdivision of either agencies or instrumentalities, whether engaged in the discharge of governmental or proprietary functions;

(c) mutual insurance companies or associations, including interinsurers and reciprocal underwriters, that are exempt as provided in the Revenue Act of 1936.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.05, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Except as provided in subdivisions 1 and 3, organizations are exempted from taxation under this chapter if they are exempt from income taxation pursuant to Subchapter F of the Internal Revenue Code. Township mutual insurance companies, as defined in chapter 67A, and nonprofit health service plan corporations, as defined in chapter 62C, are subject to taxation under chapter 290 unless they are exempt from taxation under subchapter F of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [COMPUTATION, CORPORATIONS.] (a) The privilege and income taxes franchise tax imposed by this chapter upon corporations shall be computed by applying to their taxable net income in excess of the applicable deductions allowed under section 290.21 the following rates:

(1) On the first \$25,000, for the first taxable year beginning after December 31, 1981 and before January 1, 1983 nine percent and, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1982, six percent; provided that, in the case of a corporation having taxable net income allocated to this state pursuant to the provisions of section 290.19, 290.20, 290.35, or 290.36, the amount of income subject to this rate shall be that proportion of \$25,000 which its income allocable to this state bears to its total taxable net income; and

(2) On the remainder, 12 rate of 9.5 percent adjusted as provided in paragraph (b).

(b) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1989, the commissioner of revenue must adjust the rate provided in paragraph (a) as provided in this paragraph. By December 15, 1989, the commissioner shall prepare a forecast of revenues predicted to be raised for taxable years beginning in 1990 by the franchise tax on corporations under this chapter for taxable years beginning in 1990, including the tax under section 290.092, computed as if the tax were imposed under section 290.092, subdivisions 1 to 4, and the rate in effect in this subdivision were 9.5 percent. The commissioner shall adjust the rate provided in paragraph (a) so that the amount forecast to be raised by the franchise tax on corporations under this chapter, including the tax under section 290.092, subdivision 5, is equal to the amount of the forecast computed as if the tax under section 290.092, subdivisions 1 to 4, were in effect.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.06, subdivision 2c, is amended to read:

Subd. 2c. [SCHEDULES OF RATES FOR INDIVIDUALS, ESTATES, AND TRUSTS.] (a) The income taxes imposed by this chapter upon married individuals filing joint returns who elect to

deduct federal income taxes under section 290.088 must be computed by applying to their taxable net income the following schedule of rates:

If taxable net income is:	The tax is:
not over \$875	1.5 percent
over \$875 but not over \$1,750	\$13 plus 2.0 percent of the excess over \$875
over \$1,750 but not over \$3,500	\$31 plus 2.0 percent of the excess over \$1,750
over \$3,500 but not over \$5,375	\$81 plus 4.8 percent of the excess over \$3,500
over \$5,375 but not over \$7,000	\$171 plus 5.0 percent of the excess over \$5,375
over \$7,000 but not over \$7,125	\$267 plus 6.1 percent of the excess over \$7,000
over \$7,125 but not over \$8,875	\$275 plus 7.2 percent of the excess over \$7,125
over \$8,875 but not over \$12,375	\$401 plus 8.3 percent of the excess over \$8,875
over \$12,375 but not over \$14,000	\$691 plus 9.3 percent of the excess over \$12,375
over \$14,000 but not over \$16,000	\$842 plus 10 percent of the excess over \$14,000
over \$16,000 but not over \$21,500	\$1,042 plus 11 percent of the excess over \$16,000
over \$21,500 but not over \$22,125	\$1,647 plus 11.3 percent of the excess over \$21,500
over \$22,125 but not over \$25,500	\$1,718 plus 12.3 percent of the excess over \$22,125
over \$25,500 but not over \$28,500	\$2,133 plus 12.6 percent of the excess over \$25,500
over \$28,500 but not over \$31,750	\$2,511 plus 13.7 percent of the excess over \$28,500
over \$31,750	\$2,957 plus 14.0 percent of the excess over \$31,750

(b) The income taxes imposed by this chapter upon all other married individuals filing joint returns must be computed by applying to their taxable net income the following schedule of rates:

<b>If taxable net income is:</b>	<b>The tax is:</b>
not over \$1,200	1.7 percent
over \$1,200 but not over \$1,700	\$20 plus 2.1 percent of the excess over \$1,200
over \$1,700 but not over \$2,700	\$31 plus 2.3 percent of the excess over \$1,700
over \$2,700 but not over \$5,600	\$54 plus 3.3 percent of the excess over \$2,700
over \$5,600 but not over \$9,100	\$150 plus 5.3 percent of the excess over \$5,600
over \$9,100 but not over \$12,600	\$335 plus 6.8 percent of the excess over \$9,100
over \$12,600 but not over \$17,800	\$573 plus 8.5 percent of the excess over \$12,600
over \$17,800 but not over \$30,800	\$1,015 plus 9.3 percent of the excess over \$17,800
over \$30,800	\$2,224 plus 9.9 percent of the excess over \$30,800

(1) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986, and before January 1, 1988

<u>if taxable income is:</u>	<u>the tax is:</u>
not over \$4,000	4 percent
over \$4,000, but not over \$11,000	\$160 plus 6 percent of the excess over \$4,000
over \$11,000, but not over \$21,000	\$580 plus 8 percent of the excess over \$11,000
over \$21,000	\$1,380 plus 9 percent of the excess over \$21,000

(2) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1987

<u>if taxable income is:</u>	<u>the tax is:</u>
not over \$19,000	6 percent
over \$19,000	\$1,140 plus 8 percent of the excess over \$19,000;

plus an amount equal to ten percent of the tax paid by the taxpayer under section 1(g) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986.

(e) (b) The income taxes imposed by this chapter upon unmarried individuals, married individuals filing separate returns, estates,



and trusts that elect to deduct federal income taxes under section 200.088 must be computed by applying to taxable net income the following schedule of rates:

If taxable net income is:	The tax is:
not over \$700	1.3 percent
over \$700 but not over \$1,400	\$9 plus 1.9 percent of the excess over \$700
over \$1,400 but not over \$2,800	\$22 plus 3.2 percent of the excess over \$1,400
over \$2,800 but not over \$4,300	\$67 plus 5.4 percent of the excess over \$2,800
over \$4,300 but not over \$5,700	\$148 plus 6.9 percent of the excess over \$4,300
over \$5,700 but not over \$7,100	\$245 plus 8.4 percent of the excess over \$5,700
over \$7,100 but not over \$9,900	\$362 plus 9.8 percent of the excess over \$7,100
over \$9,900 but not over \$12,800	\$637 plus 11.1 percent of the excess over \$9,900
over \$12,800 but not over \$15,400	\$959 plus 12.4 percent of the excess over \$12,800
over \$15,400 but not over \$19,400	\$1,281 plus 13.6 percent of the excess over \$15,400
over \$19,400	\$1,825 plus 14 percent of the excess over \$19,400

(1) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986, and before January 1, 1988

if taxable income is:	the tax is:
not over \$3,000	4 percent
over \$3,000, but not over \$9,000	\$120 plus 6 percent of the excess over \$3,000
over \$9,000, but not over \$16,000	\$480 plus 8 percent of the excess over \$9,000
over \$16,000	\$1,040 plus 9 percent of the excess over \$16,000

(2) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1987

if taxable income is:	the tax is:
not over \$13,000	6 percent
over \$13,000	\$780 plus 8 percent of the excess over \$13,000;

plus an amount equal to ten percent of the tax paid by the taxpayer under section 1(g) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986.

(d) (c) The income taxes imposed by this chapter upon all other unmarried individuals, married individuals filing separate returns, estates, and trusts qualifying as a head of household as defined in section 2(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, must be computed by applying to taxable net income the following schedule of rates:

<u>If taxable net income is:</u>	<u>The tax is:</u>
not over \$300	1 percent
over \$300 but not over \$600	\$3 plus 1.3 percent of the excess over \$300
over \$600 but not over \$900	\$7 plus 1.6 percent of the excess over \$600
over \$900 but not over \$1,300	\$12 plus 2.1 percent of the excess over \$900
over \$1,300 but not over \$2,000	\$20 plus 2.7 percent of the excess over \$1,300
over \$2,000 but not over \$2,800	\$39 plus 3.7 percent of the excess over \$2,000
over \$2,800 but not over \$4,300	\$69 plus 4.5 percent of the excess over \$2,800
over \$4,300 but not over \$6,400	\$136 plus 6.1 percent of the excess over \$4,300
over \$6,400 but not over \$9,400	\$264 plus 7.5 percent of the excess over \$6,400
over \$9,400 but not over \$16,200	\$489 plus 9.3 percent of the excess over \$9,400
over \$16,200	\$1,122 plus 9.9 percent of the excess over \$16,200

(1) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986, and before January 1, 1988

<u>if taxable income is:</u>	<u>the tax is:</u>
not over \$3,500	4 percent
over \$3,500, but not over \$10,000	\$140 plus 6 percent of the excess over \$3,500
over \$10,000, but not over \$18,500	\$530 plus 8 percent of the excess over \$10,000
over \$18,500	\$1,210 plus 9 percent of the excess over \$18,500

(2) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1987

<u>if taxable income is:</u>	<u>the tax is:</u>
not over \$16,000	6 percent
over \$16,000	\$960 plus 8 percent of the excess over \$16,000;

plus an amount equal to ten percent of the tax paid by the taxpayer under section 1(g) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986.

(e) (d) In lieu of a tax computed according to the rates set forth in this subdivision, the tax of any individual taxpayer whose taxable net income for the taxable year is less than an amount determined by the commissioner must be computed in accordance with tables prepared and issued by the commissioner of revenue based on income brackets of not more than \$100. The amount of tax for each bracket shall be computed at the rates set forth in this subdivision, provided that the commissioner may disregard a fractional part of a dollar unless it amounts to 50 cents or more, in which case it may be increased to \$1.

(f) (e) An individual who is not a Minnesota resident for the entire year must compute the individual's Minnesota income tax as provided in this subdivision. After the application of the nonrefundable credits provided in this chapter, the tax liability must then be multiplied by a fraction in which:

(1) The numerator is the individual's Minnesota sourced federal adjusted gross income, ~~computed as if the~~ as defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, after applying the allocation and assignability provisions of section 290.081, clause (a), 290.17, subdivision 2, or 290.171 applied; and

(2) the denominator is the individual's federal adjusted gross income as defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.06, subdivision 2d, is amended to read:

Subd. 2d. [INFLATION ADJUSTMENT OF BRACKETS.] (a) For taxable years beginning after December 31, ~~1985~~ 1990, the minimum and maximum dollar amounts for each rate bracket for which a tax is imposed in subdivision 2c shall be adjusted for inflation by the percentage determined under paragraph (b). For the purpose of making the adjustment as provided in this subdivision all of the rate brackets provided in subdivision 2c shall be the rate brackets as they existed for taxable years beginning after December 31, ~~1984~~ 1987, and before January 1, ~~1986~~ 1991. The rate applicable to any rate bracket must not be changed. The dollar amounts setting forth the tax shall be adjusted to reflect the changes in the rate brackets. The rate brackets as adjusted must be rounded to the nearest \$10 amount. If the rate bracket ends in \$5, it must be rounded up to the nearest \$10 amount.

(b) The commissioner shall adjust the rate brackets by the percentage determined ~~under~~ pursuant to the provisions of section 1(f) of the Internal Revenue Code of ~~1954~~ 1986, as amended through December 31, ~~1985~~ 1986, except that in section 1(f)(3)(B) the word "~~1984~~ 1989" shall be substituted for the word "~~1983~~ 1987." For 1991,

the commissioner shall then determine the percent change from the 12 months ending on September 30, 1984 August 31, 1989, to, for 1986, the 12 months ending on September 30, 1985 August 31, 1990, and in each subsequent year, from the 12 months ending on September 30, 1984 August 31, 1989, to the 12 months ending on September 30 August 31 of the preceding year preceding the taxable year. The determination of the commissioner pursuant to this subdivision shall not be considered a "rule" and shall not be subject to the administrative procedure act contained in chapter 14.

No later than December 15 of each year, the commissioner shall announce the specific percentage that will be used to adjust the tax rate brackets, the maximum standard deduction amount, and the personal credit amounts.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.06, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 20. [ELDERLY AND DISABLED PERSONS.] An individual may take a credit against the tax due under this chapter equal to 40 percent of the credit for which the individual qualifies under section 22 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.06, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 21. [ALTERNATIVE MINIMUM TAX.] (a) A corporation is allowed a credit for alternative minimum tax previously paid for any taxable year in which the corporation has no tax liability under section 290.092, and has an alternative minimum tax credit carryover from a previous year. The credit shall be equal to the lesser of (1) the excess of the tax under section 290.06 for the taxable year over the amount computed under section 290.092, subdivision 1, clause (a), for the taxable year, or (2) the alternative minimum tax credit carryover to the taxable year.

(b) The tax imposed under section 290.092 for any taxable year is a credit for alternative minimum tax previously paid which is a carryover to each of the 15 taxable years succeeding the taxable year. The entire amount of the alternative minimum tax credit must be carried to the earliest of the taxable years to which such amount may be carried. The portion of the alternative minimum tax credit which is carried to each of the other taxable years to which the credit may be carried is the excess, if any, of the credit over the amount allowable under paragraph (a) for each of the taxable years to which the credit may be carried. In each taxable year in which a credit is allowable under paragraph (a), the credit for alternative minimum tax previously paid must be used beginning with the earliest taxable year from which the credit may be carried.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.067, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [AMOUNT OF CREDIT.] A taxpayer may take as a credit against the tax due from the taxpayer and a spouse, if any, under this chapter an amount equal to the dependent care credit for which the taxpayer is eligible pursuant to the provisions of section 21 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1985, subject to the limitations provided in subdivision 2.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.067, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [LIMITATIONS.] The credit for expenses incurred for the care of each dependent shall not exceed \$720 in any taxable year, and the total credit for all dependents of a claimant shall not exceed \$1,440 in a taxable year. The maximum total credit shall be reduced according to the amount of the combined federal adjusted gross income, plus the ordinary income portion of any lump sum distribution under section 402(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1985, of the claimant and a spouse, if any, as follows:

income up to ~~\$10,000~~ \$12,200, \$720 maximum for one dependent, \$1,440 for all dependents;

income of ~~\$10,001 to \$11,000~~, \$660 maximum for one dependent, \$1,320 for all dependents;

income over ~~\$11,000~~ \$12,200, the maximum credit for one dependent shall be reduced by ~~\$10~~ \$12 for every \$200 of additional income, ~~\$20~~ \$24 for all dependents;

for income of \$24,001 and over, no credit shall be received.

The commissioner shall construct and make available to taxpayers tables showing the amount of the credit at various levels of income and expenses. The tables shall follow the schedule contained in this subdivision, except that the commissioner may graduate the transitions between expenses and income brackets.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.067, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2a. [INCOME.] For purposes of this section, "income" means the sum of the following:

(1) the greater of federal adjusted gross income as defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code or zero; and

(2) the sum of the following amounts to the extent not included in clause (1):

(i) all nontaxable income;

(ii) the amount of a passive activity loss that is not disallowed as a result of section 469, paragraph (i) or (I) of the Internal Revenue Code and the amount of passive activity loss carryover allowed under section 469(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(iii) an amount equal to the total of any discharge of qualified farm indebtedness of a solvent individual excluded from gross income under section 108(g) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(iv) cash public assistance and relief;

(v) any pension or annuity (including railroad retirement benefits, all payments received under the federal Social Security Act, supplemental security income, and veterans benefits), which was not exclusively funded by the claimant or spouse, or which was funded exclusively by the claimant or spouse and which funding payments were excluded from federal adjusted gross income in the years when the payments were made;

(vi) interest received from the federal or a state government or any instrumentality or political subdivision thereof;

(vii) workers' compensation;

(viii) nontaxable strike benefits;

(ix) the gross amounts of payments received in the nature of disability income or sick pay as a result of accident, sickness, or other disability, whether funded through insurance or otherwise;

(x) the ordinary income portion of a lump sum distribution under section 402(e) of the Internal Revenue Code; and

(xi) contributions made by the claimant to an individual retirement account, including a qualified voluntary employee contribution; simplified employee pension plan; self-employed retirement plan; cash or deferred arrangement plan under section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code; or deferred compensation plan under section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.067, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. For purposes of this section, "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.068, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [CREDIT ALLOWED.] ~~In addition to the deduction provided in section 290.09,~~ A corporation, other than a corporation with a valid election in effect under section 290.9725, is allowed a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter for the taxable year equal to:

- (a) ~~42.5~~ 5 percent of the first \$2 million of the excess (if any) of
  - (1) the qualified research expenses for the taxable year, over
  - (2) the base period research expenses; and
- (b) ~~6.25~~ 2.5 percent on all of such excess expenses over \$2 million.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.068, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [DEFINITIONS.] For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.

(a) "Qualified research expenses" means (i) qualified research expenses as defined in section ~~30~~ 41(b) and (e) of the Internal Revenue Code, except it shall not include expenses incurred for basic research conducted outside the state of Minnesota pursuant to section ~~30~~ 41(e); or (ii) contributions to a nonprofit corporation established and operated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 317 for the purpose of promoting the establishment and expansion of business in this state, provided the contributions are invested by the nonprofit corporation for the purpose of providing funds for small, technologically innovative enterprises in Minnesota during the early stages of their development.

(b) "Qualified research" means qualified research as defined in section ~~30~~ 41(d) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that the term shall not include qualified research conducted outside the state of Minnesota.

(c) "Base period research expenses" means base period research expenses as defined in section ~~30~~ 41(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that "December 31, 1981" shall be substituted for "June 30, 1981" in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2) and the definitions contained in clauses (a) and (b) shall apply.

(d) "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as amended through December 31, 1984 1986.

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.068, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [LIMITATION; CARRYBACK AND CARRYOVER.] (a)(1) The credit for the taxable year shall not exceed the liability for tax. "Liability for tax" for purposes of this section means the tax imposed under this chapter for the taxable year reduced by the sum of the nonrefundable credits allowed under this chapter.

(2) In the case of a corporation which is a partner in a partnership, the credit allowed for the taxable year shall not exceed the lesser of the amount determined under clause (1) for the taxable year or an amount (separately computed with respect to the corporation's interest in the trade or business or entity) equal to the amount of tax attributable to that portion of taxable income which is allocable or apportionable to the corporation's interest in the trade or business or entity.

(b) If the amount of the credit determined under this section for any taxable year exceeds the limitation under clause (a), the excess shall be a research credit carryback to each of the three preceding taxable years and a research credit carryover to each of the 15 succeeding taxable years. The entire amount of the excess unused credit for the taxable year shall be carried first to the earliest of the taxable years to which the credit may be carried and then to each successive year to which the credit may be carried. The amount of the unused credit which may be added under this clause shall not exceed the taxpayer's liability for tax less the research credit for the taxable year.

For the purposes of sections 290.46 and 290.50, if the claim for refund relates to an overpayment attributable to a research and experimental expenditure credit carryback under this subdivision, in lieu of the period of limitation prescribed in sections 290.46 and 290.50, the period of limitation shall be that period which ends with the expiration of the 15th day of the 45th month following the end of the taxable year in which the research and experimental expenditure credit arises which results in the carryback, plus any extension of time granted for filing the return, but only if the return was filed within the extended time. With respect to any portion of a credit carryback from a taxable year attributable to a loss carryback from a subsequent taxable year, the period of limitations shall be that period which ends with the expiration of the 15th day of the 45th month following the end of the subsequent taxable year, plus any extension of time granted for filing the return, but only if the return was filed within the extended time. In any case in which a taxpayer is entitled to a refund in a carryback year due to the carryback of a research and experimental expenditure credit, interest shall be



computed only from the end of the taxable year in which the credit arises. With respect to any portion of a credit carryback from a taxable year attributable to a loss carryback from a subsequent taxable year, interest shall be computed from the end of the subsequent taxable year.

Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.068, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [PARTNERSHIPS.] In the case of partnerships the credit shall be allocated in the same manner provided by section ~~30~~ 41(f)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.068, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [ADJUSTMENTS; ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSITIONS.] If a taxpayer acquires or disposes of the major portion of a trade or business or the major portion of a separate unit of a trade or business in a transaction with another taxpayer, the taxpayer's qualified research expenses and base period shall be adjusted in the same manner provided by section ~~30~~ 41(f)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that "December 31, 1980" shall be substituted for "June 30, 1980."

Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.068, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [ADDITIONAL CREDIT.] (a) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986, and before January 1, 1988, in addition to the credit allowed by subdivision 1, a credit shall be allowed against the tax imposed by this chapter for the taxable year equal to 12.5 five percent of the amount of qualified research expenses paid or incurred for qualified research performed by a Minnesota-domiciled corporation for or on behalf of one or more of its wholly-owned subsidiary corporations which has in effect during the taxable year a valid election under section 936 of the Internal Revenue Code, including any expenses paid or incurred that are attributable to a wholly-owned subsidiary corporation by reason of paragraph (h) of section 936 for purposes of determining each corporation's combined taxable income.

(b) The maximum credit allowed by clause (a) for the taxable year shall be the excess of

(1) the total amount of tax imposed by this chapter on all members of the unitary group for the taxable year, over

(2) the sum of (A) the total amount of tax which would be imposed on the unitary group, if the corporation or corporations with valid

elections under section 936 of the Internal Revenue Code were excluded from the unitary group, plus (B) the tax, if any, which would be imposed on the corporation or corporations with valid elections under section 936 of the Internal Revenue Code without regard to the other members of the unitary group.

(c)(1) If the amount of the credit determined under clause (a) for any taxable year exceeds the limitation provided in clause (b), the excess shall be a research credit carryover to each of the 15 succeeding taxable years. The entire amount of the excess unused credit for the taxable year shall be carried first to the earliest of the taxable years to which the credit may be carried and then to each successive year to which the credit may be carried.

(2) The amount of the unused credit which may be added under subparagraph (1) for any preceding taxable year shall not exceed the amount by which the limitation provided by clause (b) for the taxable year exceeds the sum of

(i) the credit allowable under this subdivision for the taxable year, and

(ii) the amounts, which, by reason of subparagraph (1), are added to the amount allowable for the taxable year and which are attributable to taxable years preceding the taxable year in which an excess credit arises.

Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.069, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. [RECAPTURE; TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER CREDIT.]  
(a) A corporation which receives a tax reduction pursuant to Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.069, subdivision 2 shall repay to the commissioner an amount of the tax reduction as specified in paragraph (b) if any of the following conditions occur within a three-year period after the date of transfer of the technology.

(1) The transferee ceases operations in the technology corridor project area.

(2) The transferee becomes a subsidiary or affiliate of the transferor.

(3) The transferee sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of the rights to technology.

(4) The transferee fails to make the necessary payments or expenditures required by Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.069, subdivision 2, paragraph (g).

(5) The transferee grants an interest to the transferor in violation of Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.069, subdivision 2, paragraph (h).

(b) The amount of the repayment is determined pursuant to the following schedule:

Occurrence of event causing recapture	Repayment portion
Less than six months	100 percent
Six months or more but less than 12 months	83 $\frac{1}{3}$ percent
12 months or more but less than 18 months	66 $\frac{2}{3}$ percent
18 months or more but less than 24 months	50 percent
24 months or more but less than 30 months	33 $\frac{1}{3}$ percent
30 months or more but less than 36 months	16 $\frac{2}{3}$ percent

Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.069, subdivision 4b, is amended to read:

Subd. 4b. [MULTISTATE BUSINESSES.] If a qualified small business is engaged in a business partly within and partly without the state, the credit allowable pursuant to subdivision 2 for technology transferred to the business must be apportioned. The credit determined pursuant to Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.069, subdivision 2 must be multiplied by the arithmetical average of the qualified small business' property and payrolls, determined as provided by section 290.19, subdivision 1, clauses (2)(a)(2) and (2)(a)(3), using data from the most recently available year. After the technology is transferred, the qualified small business shall certify to the transferor taxpayer its factors under section 290.19, subdivision 1, clauses (2)(a)(2) and (2)(a)(3) for each of the succeeding two tax years. If the factors for either of these years would result in at least a 25 percent change in the allowable credit, the taxpayer shall file an amended return repaying or claiming the difference in the credit. The preceding sentence does not apply if the qualified small business ceases operations in Minnesota and the recapture provisions of subdivision 2a or 4a apply.

Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.077, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [INCLUSION IN GROSS INCOME.] Notwithstanding any other provision of law, income in respect of a decedent shall be included in gross income in accordance with the method set forth in section 691(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as

amended through December 31, 1985 1986, shall be included in the gross income of the estate in the year any right to receive it is transferred to a nonresident by the personal representative of an estate. The fair market value of the right at the date of the transfer shall be included in the gross income of the estate for the year in which the transfer occurs and the value of the right shall not be allowed as a deduction in computing the taxable net income of the estate. The estate shall not include the value of the right in its gross income and the personal representative shall be relieved of any further liability with respect to that right if the nonresident: (1) includes the fair market value of the right (as of the date the right is received) in the nonresident's gross income for the year the right is received and pays the tax thereon; or (2) elects to include the amount received in payment of the right in the nonresident's gross income for the year in which the payment is received and pays the tax on it in the same manner as a resident of this state and files a bond with the commissioner of revenue during the year the right is received, in the form and in the amount as the commissioner considers necessary to assure payment of the tax. A bond required under clause (2) shall be considered sufficient if in an amount equivalent to the tax that would be due if the method provided in clause (1) were followed.

Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.081, is amended to read:

290.081 [INCOME OF NONRESIDENTS, RECIPROcity; CREDIT FOR TAXES PAID TO ANOTHER STATE.]

(a) The compensation received for the performance of personal or professional services within this state by an individual whose residence, place of abode, and place customarily returned to at least once a month is in another state, shall be excluded from gross income to the extent such compensation is subject to an income tax imposed by the state of residence; provided that such state allows a similar exclusion of compensation received by residents of Minnesota for services performed therein, or

(b) If any taxpayer who is a resident of this state, or a domestic corporation or corporation commercially domiciled therein, has become liable for taxes on or measured by net income to another state or a province or territory of Canada upon, if the taxpayer is an individual, or if the taxpayer is an athletic team and all of the team's income is apportioned to Minnesota, any income, or if it is a corporation, estate, or trust, upon income derived from the performance of personal or professional services within such other state or province or territory of Canada and subject to taxation under this chapter the taxpayer shall be entitled to a credit against the amount of taxes payable under this chapter, of such proportion thereof, as such gross income subject to taxation in such state or province or territory of Canada bears to the taxpayer's entire gross income

subject to taxation under this chapter; provided (1) that such credit shall in no event exceed the amount of tax so paid to such other state or province or territory of Canada on the gross income earned within such other state or province or territory of Canada and subject to taxation under this chapter, and (2) the allowance of such credit shall not operate to reduce the taxes payable under this chapter to an amount less than would have been payable if the gross income earned in such other state or province or territory of Canada had been excluded in computing net income under this chapter. A taxpayer who is a resident of this state pursuant to section 290.01, subdivision 7a, clause (2), and is subject to income tax as a resident in the state of the individual's domicile is not allowed this credit unless the state of domicile does not allow a similar credit.

(c) The commissioner shall by rule determine with respect to gross income earned in any other state the applicable clause of this section. When it is deemed to be in the best interests of the people of this state, the commissioner may determine that the provisions of clause (a) shall not apply. As long as the provisions of clause (a) apply between Minnesota and Wisconsin, the provisions of clause (a) shall apply to any individual who is domiciled in Wisconsin.

(d) "Tax So Paid" as used in this section means taxes on or measured by net income payable to another state or province or territory of Canada on income earned within the taxable year for which the credit is claimed, provided that such tax is actually paid in that taxable year, or subsequent taxable years.

For purposes of clause (b), where a Minnesota resident reported an item of income to Minnesota and is assessed tax in another state or a province or territory of Canada on that same item of income after the Minnesota statute of limitations has expired, the taxpayer shall be allowed to receive a credit for that year based on clause (b), notwithstanding the provisions of sections 290.49, 290.50, and 290.56. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the burden of proof shall be on the taxpayer to show entitlement to a credit.

(e) For the purposes of clause (a), whenever the Wisconsin tax on Minnesota residents which would have been paid Wisconsin without clause (a) exceeds the Minnesota tax on Wisconsin residents which would have been paid Minnesota without clause (a), or vice versa, then the state with the net revenue loss resulting from clause (a) shall receive from the other state the amount of such loss. This provision shall be effective for all years beginning after December 31, 1972. The data used for computing the loss to either state shall be determined on or before September 30 of the year following the close of the previous calendar year.

Interest shall be payable on all delinquent balances relating to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1977. The commissioner of revenue is authorized to enter into agreements with the state of

Wisconsin specifying the reciprocity payment due date, conditions constituting delinquency, interest rates, and a method for computing interest due on any delinquent amounts.

If an agreement cannot be reached as to the amount of the loss, the commissioner of revenue and the taxing official of the state of Wisconsin shall each appoint a member of a board of arbitration and these members shall appoint the third member of the board. The board shall select one of its members as chair. Such board may administer oaths, take testimony, subpoena witnesses, and require their attendance, require the production of books, papers and documents, and hold hearings at such places as are deemed necessary. The board shall then make a determination as to the amount to be paid the other state which determination shall be final and conclusive.

Notwithstanding the provisions of section 290.61, the commissioner may furnish copies of returns, reports, or other information to the taxing official of the state of Wisconsin, a member of the board of arbitration, or a consultant under joint contract with the states of Minnesota and Wisconsin for the purpose of making a determination as to the amount to be paid the other state under the provisions of this section. Prior to the release of any information under the provisions of this section, the person to whom the information is to be released shall sign an agreement which provides that the person will protect the confidentiality of the returns and information revealed thereby to the extent that it is protected under the laws of the state of Minnesota.

Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.091, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [IMPOSITION OF TAX.] In addition to all other taxes imposed by this chapter a tax is imposed on individuals, estates, and trusts equal to the excess (if any) of

(a) an amount equal to ~~four~~ six percent of alternative minimum taxable income after subtracting the exemption amount, over

(b) the regular tax for the taxable year.

Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.091, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [DEFINITIONS.] For purposes of the tax imposed by this section, the following terms have the meanings given:

(a) "Alternative minimum taxable income" means the sum of the following for the taxable year:

(1) the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross alternative minimum taxable income as defined in section 55(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(2) the taxpayer's itemized deductions allowed in computing federal tax preference items alternative minimum taxable income, but excluding the portion of the charitable contribution deduction that constitutes an item of tax preference under section 57(a)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(3) to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, the amount of interest income as provided by section 290.01, subdivision 20a, clauses (1), (3), and (4) 19a, clause (1); less the sum of

(i) interest income as defined in section 290.01, subdivision 20b 19b, clause (1);

(ii) an overpayment of state income tax as provided by section 290.01, subdivision 20b 19b, clause (4) (2); and

(iii) the amount of investment interest paid or accrued within the taxable year on indebtedness to the extent that the amount does not exceed qualified net investment income, as defined in section 55(e)(5) 163(d)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code. Interest does not include amounts deducted in computing federal adjusted gross income; and

(iv) to the extent included in the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income, gain excluded from gross income under section 290.01, subdivision 20b, clause (13).

In the case of an estate or trust, adjusted gross alternative minimum taxable income must be modified computed as provided in section 55(e)(6)(B) 59(c) of the Internal Revenue Code and reduced by the deductions allowed under sections 642(e), 651(a), and 661(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(b) "Federal tax preference items" means items as defined in sections 57, 58, and 443(d) of the Internal Revenue Code, modified as follows:

(1) The capital gain preference item shall be reduced

(i) where the gain would be modified because some or all of the assets have a higher basis for Minnesota purposes than for federal purposes; and

(ii) to the extent it includes gain excluded from gross income under section 290.01, subdivision 20b, clause (13).

(2) In the case of a nonresident individual, or an estate or trust, with a net operating loss that is a larger amount for Minnesota than for federal, the capital gain preference item shall be reduced to the extent it was reduced in the allowance of the net operating loss.

(3) Federal preference items from the business of mining or producing iron ore and other ores which are subject to the occupation tax and exempt from taxation under section 290.05, subdivision 1, shall not be a preference item for Minnesota.

(4) Other federal preference items to the extent not allowed in the computation of Minnesota gross income, as determined by the commissioner, are not preference items for Minnesota.

(e) "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as amended through December 31, 1985 1986.

(c) "Investment interest" means investment interest as defined in section 163(d)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(d) "Regular tax" means the tax that would be imposed under this chapter (without regard to this section and section 290.032), reduced by the sum of the nonrefundable credits allowed under this chapter.

Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.091, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [EXEMPTION AMOUNT.] For purposes of computing the alternative minimum tax, the exemption amount is:

(a) \$40,000 in the case of a married couple filing a joint return;

(b) \$30,000 in the case of an individual who is not married, as defined in section 143 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(c) \$20,000 in the case of

(1) an estate or trust or

(2) a married individual who files a separate tax return the exemption determined under section 55(d) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that alternative minimum taxable income as determined under this section must be substituted in the computation of the phase out under section 55(d)(3).

Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.091, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [PART YEAR RESIDENTS; ESTATES AND TRUSTS.]  
(a) An individual who is not a Minnesota resident for the entire year.



must compute alternative minimum tax liability using a regular tax liability determined under section 290.06, subdivision 2c, paragraph ~~(f)~~ (e), without regard to the provision for allocation to Minnesota. The resulting alternative minimum tax liability must be multiplied by the fraction defined in section 290.06, subdivision 2c, paragraph ~~(f)~~ (e).

(b) In the case of an estate or trust, the alternative minimum tax liability must be computed by multiplying alternative minimum taxable income and the exemption amount by a fraction, the numerator of which is the amount of the taxpayer's alternative minimum taxable income allocated to this state pursuant to the provisions of sections 290.17 to 290.20, and the denominator of which is the taxpayer's total alternative minimum taxable income.

Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.091, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [TAX BENEFIT RULE.] The tax benefit rule contained in section ~~58(h)~~ 59(g) of the Internal Revenue Code applies to the computation of the tax under this section only to the extent that it determines if there is an item of tax preference for purposes of subdivision 2, clause ~~(a)(2)~~ (a)(1).

Sec. 54. [290.092] [ALTERNATIVE MINIMUM TAX FOR CORPORATIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [IMPOSITION OF TAX.] For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986, and before January 1, 1990, in addition to the taxes computed under this chapter without regard to this section, the franchise tax imposed on corporations includes a tax equal to the excess, if any, of:

- (1) .001 multiplied by the alternative minimum tax base; over
- (2) the amount of tax computed under this chapter without regard to this section.

Subd. 2. [EXEMPTIONS.] Corporations subject to tax under sections 290.05, subdivision 3; or 60A.15, subdivision 1 and 290.35; real estate investment trusts; regulated investment companies; cooperatives taxable under subchapter T of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or organized under chapter 308 or a similar law of another state; and entities having a valid election in effect under section 1362 or 860D(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, are not subject to the tax imposed in subdivision 1 or subdivision 5.

Subd. 3. [ALTERNATIVE MINIMUM TAX BASE.] The alternative minimum tax base equals the sum of:

- (1) the total amount of Minnesota sales and receipts;
- (2) the amount of the taxpayer's total Minnesota property; and
- (3) the taxpayer's total Minnesota payrolls;  
less the exemption amount, if any.

Subd. 4. [DEFINITIONS.] (a) "Minnesota sales and receipts" means the total sales apportioned to Minnesota pursuant to section 290.191, subdivision 5, the total receipts attributed to Minnesota pursuant to section 290.191, subdivisions 6 to 8, and/or the total sales or receipts apportioned or attributed to Minnesota pursuant to any other apportionment formula applicable to the taxpayer.

(b) "Minnesota property" means total Minnesota tangible property as provided in section 290.191, subdivisions 9 to 11, and any other tangible property located in Minnesota. Intangible property shall not be included in Minnesota property for purposes of this section. Taxpayers who do not utilize tangible property to apportion income shall nevertheless include Minnesota property for purposes of this section. For the first five taxable years during which a corporation is subject to taxation under this chapter, the amount of its Minnesota property and payrolls shall be deemed to be zero for purposes of this section.

(c) "Minnesota payrolls" means total Minnesota payrolls as provided in section 290.191, subdivision 12. Taxpayers who do not utilize payrolls to apportion income shall nevertheless include Minnesota payrolls for purposes of this section.

(d) The "exemption amount" equals the lesser of (1) the sum of the taxpayer's Minnesota sales and receipts, property, and payrolls or (2) \$5,000,000 reduced by one-half of the amount of the taxpayer's total sales and receipts, property, and payrolls in excess of \$10,000,000. Total sales and receipts, property, and payroll means the total determined under section 290.191 as the denominator of the apportionment formula. In the case of a unitary business, the amount must reflect the factors of the entire unitary business as reported on the combined report. A corporation that has as its sole or primary business activity (1) the providing of professional services; (2) operation as a financial institution; (3) sales or management of real estate; or (4) operation as an insurance agency does not have an exemption amount.

Subd. 5. [IMPOSITION OF TAX AFTER 1989.] For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1989, in addition to the taxes computed under this chapter without regard to this section, the franchise tax imposed on corporations includes a tax equal to the excess, if any, of:

(1) 40 percent of the tax imposed upon the corporation under section 55(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, apportioned to Minnesota under section 290.191. In computing the amount of the liability under section 55(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, the regular federal tax liability under section 55(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, must be determined using federal taxable income as modified by sections 290.01, subdivisions 19c and 19d, 290.095, and 290.21, and alternative minimum taxable income under section 56 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 must be computed as if the section 290.095 restrictions on net operating losses applied.

(2) the amount of tax computed under this chapter without regard to this section.

Subd. 6. [CREDITS.] In computing the tax under this section, the following credits are allowed:

(1) the enterprise zone credits allowed by section 273.1314, subdivision 9;

(2) the credits for estimated taxes paid; and

(3) the research and development credit allowed by section 290.068.

Sec. 55. [290.093] [TAX COMPUTATION FOR MUTUAL SAVINGS BANKS CONDUCTING LIFE INSURANCE BUSINESS.]

Mutual savings banks as defined in section 594 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, are subject to a tax consisting of the sum of the taxes determined under clauses (1) and (2):

(1) a tax computed on the taxable income determined without regard to any items of gross income or deductions properly allocable to the business of the life insurance department, at the rates and in the manner as if this section did not apply; and

(2) a tax computed on the income of the life insurance department determined without regard to any items of gross income or deductions not properly allocable to the department computed in the manner provided in section 290.35 and at the rate provided in section 290.06.

This section applies only if the life insurance department would, if it were treated as a separate corporation, qualify as a life insurance company under section 816 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986.

Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.095, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ALLOWANCE OF DEDUCTION.] (a) There shall be allowed as a deduction for the taxable year the amount of any net operating loss deduction as defined in subdivision 2, clause (b); provided, however, that the modifications specified in subdivision 4 shall be made in computing the taxable net income for the taxable year before the net operating loss deduction shall be allowed provided in section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, subject to the limitations and modifications provided in this section.

(b) A net operating loss deduction shall be available under this section only to corporate taxpayers except as provided in that subdivisions 7, 9, and 11 hereof apply only to individuals, estates, and trusts.

Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.095, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [DEFINED AND LIMITED.] (a) The term "net operating loss" as used in this section shall mean the excess of the deductions of the kind provided for in section 290.09, permitted to be taken in computing a taxpayer's taxable net income, as that term is defined in section 290.01, subdivision 22, over the gross income used in computing such taxable net income a net operating loss as defined in section 172(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, with the modifications specified in subdivision 4. The deductions provided in section 290.21 cannot be used in the determination of a net operating loss.

(b) The term "net operating loss deduction" as used in this section means the aggregate of the net operating loss carrybacks and carryovers to the taxable year, computed in accordance with subdivision 3. The provisions of section 172(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, relating to the carryback of net operating losses, do not apply.

Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.095, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [CARRYOVER AND CARRYBACK.] (a) Except as provided in clause (d) or subdivision 8, A net operating loss for any taxable year shall be:

(1) A net operating loss carryback to each of the three taxable years preceding the taxable year of such loss; and

(2) a net operating loss carryover to each of the ~~five~~ 15 taxable years following the taxable year of such loss.

(b) The entire amount of the net operating loss for any taxable year shall be carried to the earliest of the taxable years to which, by reason of subdivision 3, clause (a) or (d), such loss may be carried. The portion of such loss which shall be carried to each of the other taxable years shall be the excess, if any, of the amount of such loss over the sum of the taxable net income, adjusted by the modifications specified in subdivision 4, for each of the ~~prior~~ taxable years to which such loss may be carried.

(c) Where a corporation does business both within and without Minnesota, and apportions its income under the provisions of section ~~290.19~~ 290.191, the net operating loss deduction shall be allowed to the extent of the apportionment ratio of the loss year, or the year to which the loss is carried, whichever is smaller.

(d) ~~Where a corporation files a combined report which reflects the entire unitary business as provided in section 290.34, subdivision 2, the corporation shall not be allowed a net operating loss carryback to a year in which it did not file a combined report. The number of taxable years for which a net operating loss carryover is allowed shall be increased by the number of taxable years for which a net operating loss carryback is not allowed under this clause~~ No additional net operating loss deduction is allowed in a subsequent taxable year for the portion of a net operating loss deduction used to offset Minnesota income in a year in which the taxpayer is subject to the alternative minimum tax in section 290.092.

Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.095, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [COMPUTATION AND MODIFICATIONS.] The following modifications shall be made in computing a net operating loss in any taxable year and also in computing the taxable net income for any taxable year before a net operating loss deduction shall be allowed:

(a) No deduction shall be allowed for or with respect to losses connected with income producing activities if the income therefrom would not be required to be either assignable to this state or included in computing the taxpayer's taxable net income:

(b) A net operating loss deduction shall not be allowed.

(c) The amount deductible on account of losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets shall not exceed the amount includable on account of gains from sales or exchanges of capital assets. ~~The deduction for long-term capital gains provided by section 290.16, subdivision 4, shall not be allowed.~~

(d) Renegotiation of profits for a prior taxable year under the renegotiation laws of the United States of America, including renegotiation of the profits with a subcontractor, shall not enter into the computation.

(e) Federal income and excess profits taxes shall not be allowed as a deduction.

Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.095, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [TENTATIVE CARRYBACK ADJUSTMENTS.] (a) Application for adjustment. A taxpayer An individual, estate or trust may file an application for a tentative carryback adjustment of the tax for the prior taxable year affected by a loss or credit carryback from any taxable year. The application shall be signed and verified as provided in section 290.37, subdivision 1, and shall be filed on or after the date of filing of the return for the taxable year from which the carryback results and within a period of 12 months from the end of such taxable year (or with respect to any portion of a credit carryback from a taxable year attributable to a loss carryback from a subsequent taxable year, the application shall be filed within a period of 12 months from the end of the subsequent taxable year), in the manner and form required by rules prescribed by the commissioner. The application shall set forth in such detail and with such supporting data and explanation as such rules shall require:

- (1) the amount of the loss or credit;
- (2) the amount of the tax previously determined for the prior taxable year affected by such carryback;
- (3) the amount of decrease in such tax, attributable to such carryback, such decrease being determined by applying the carryback in the manner provided by law to the items on the basis of which such tax was determined;
- (4) the unpaid amount of such tax;
- (5) such other information for purposes of carrying out the provisions of this subdivision as may be required by such rules.

An application under this subdivision shall not constitute a claim for refund until 90 days from the date on which the application was filed, at which time it will become a claim for refund under the provisions of section 290.50.

(b) Allowance of adjustments. Within a period of 90 days from the date on which an application for a tentative carryback adjustment is filed under (a), or from the last day of the month in which falls the

last date prescribed by law (including any extension of time granted the taxpayer) for filing the return for the taxable year from which such carryback results; whichever is the later, the commissioner shall make, to the extent the commissioner deems practicable in such period a limited examination of the application, to discover omissions and errors of computation therein, and shall determine the amount of the decrease in the tax attributable to such carryback upon the basis of the application and the examination, except that the commissioner may disallow, without further action, any application on finding that it contains errors of computation which the commissioner deems cannot be corrected by the commissioner within such 90-day period or material omissions. Such decrease shall be applied against any unpaid amount of tax decreased and any remainder shall, within such 90-day period, be either credited against any tax or installment thereof then due from the taxpayer, or refunded to the taxpayer.

(c) The provisions of this subdivision shall apply to net operating loss carrybacks as provided in subdivision 3 or 11; capital loss carrybacks as provided in section 290.16, subdivision 6; research credit carrybacks as provided in section 290.068, subdivision 3 290.01, subdivisions 19, 19a, and 19b; and to any other carrybacks which may be provided in this chapter.

Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.095, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. [SPECIAL PERIOD OF LIMITATION WITH RESPECT TO NET OPERATING LOSS CARRYBACKS.] For the purposes of sections 290.46 and 290.50 if the claim for refund relates to an overpayment attributable to a net operating loss carryback under this section or as the result in the case of an individual of an adjustment of "federal adjusted gross income" because of the carryback under section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1985, in lieu of the period of limitation prescribed in sections 290.46 and 290.50, the period shall be that period which ends with the expiration of the 15th day of the 46th month (or the 45th month, in the case of a corporation) following the end of the taxable year of the net operating loss which results in such carryback or adjustment of "federal adjusted gross income," plus any extension of time granted for filing the return, but only if the return was filed within the extended time. During this extended period, for taxable years beginning before January 1, 1985, married individuals who elected to file separate returns or a combined return may change their election and file a joint return.

Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.095, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. [CARRYBACK OR CARRYOVER ADJUSTMENTS.] (a) For individuals the amount of a net operating loss that may be

carried back or carried over shall be the same dollar amount allowable in the determination of federal adjusted gross income. For estates and trusts the amount of a net operating loss that may be carried back or carried over shall be the same dollar amount allowable in the determination of federal taxable income.

(b), provided that, notwithstanding any other provision, estates and trusts must apply the following adjustments to the amount of the net operating loss that may be carried back or carried over must be made for:

(1) Nonassignable income or losses for estates and trusts as required by section 290.17, subdivision 2.

(2) Adjustments to the determination of federal adjusted gross income that must be made because of changes in the Internal Revenue Code that have not yet been adopted by the legislature by updating the reference to the Internal Revenue Code contained in section 290.01, subdivision 20.

(3) Gains or losses which result from the sale or other disposition of property having a higher adjusted basis for Minnesota income tax purposes than for federal income tax purposes subject to the limitations contained in section 290.01, subdivision 20b, clauses (2) and (3).

(4) Interest, taxes, and other expenses Deductions not allowed allocable to Minnesota under section 290.10, clause (9), for estates and trusts 290.17.

(5) The modification for accelerated cost recovery system depreciation as provided in section 290.01, subdivision 20f.

(e)(1) (b) The net operating loss carryback or carryover applied as a deduction in the taxable year to which the net operating loss is carried back or carried over shall be equal to the net operating loss carryback or carryover applied in the taxable year in arriving at federal adjusted gross income ~~(or federal taxable income for provided that trusts and estates)~~ subject to must apply the following modifications contained in clause (b) and to the following modifications:

(A) (1) Increase the amount of carryback or carryover applied in the taxable year by the amount of losses and interest, taxes and other expenses not assignable or allowable to Minnesota incurred in the taxable year.

(B) (2) Decrease the amount of carryback or carryover applied in the taxable year by the amount of income not assignable to Minnesota earned in the taxable year.



(C) A taxpayer who is not a resident of Minnesota during any part of the taxable year and who has no income assignable to Minnesota during the taxable year shall apply no net operating loss carryback or carryover in the taxable year.

(2) The provisions of section 172(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 as amended through December 31, 1985 (relating to carrybacks and carryovers) shall apply. For estates and trusts, the net operating loss carryback or carryover to the next consecutive taxable year shall be the net operating loss carryback or carryover as calculated in clause (e)(1) (b) less the amount applied in the earlier taxable year(s). No additional net operating loss carryback or carryover shall be allowed to estates and trusts if the entire amount has been used to offset Minnesota income in a year earlier than was possible on the federal return. However, if a net operating loss carryback or carryover that was allowed to offset federal income in a year earlier than was possible on the Minnesota return, an estate or trust shall still be allowed to offset Minnesota income but only if the loss was assignable to Minnesota in the year the loss occurred.

(d) A net operating loss shall be allowed to be carried back or carried forward only to the extent that loss was assignable to Minnesota in the year the loss occurred or in the year to which the loss was carried over, whichever would allow more of the loss to be allowed for Minnesota purposes.

Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.10, is amended to read:

#### 290.10 [NONDEDUCTIBLE ITEMS.]

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in computing the net income of a corporation no deduction shall in any case be allowed for:

- (1) personal, living or family expenses;
- (2) amounts paid out for new buildings or for permanent improvements or betterments made to increase the value of any property or estate, except as otherwise provided in this chapter;
- (3) amounts expended in restoring property or in making good the exhaustion thereof for which an allowance is or has been made;
- (4) premiums paid on any life insurance policy covering the life of the taxpayer or of any other person;
- (5) the shrinkage in value, due to the lapse of time, of a life or terminable interest of any kind in property acquired by gift, devise, bequest or inheritance;

(6) losses from sales or exchanges of property, directly or indirectly, between persons as defined and as provided in section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(7) in computing net income, no deduction shall be allowed under section 290.09, subdivision 2, relating to expenses incurred or under section 290.09, subdivision 3, relating to interest accrued as provided in section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(8)(a) contributions by employees under the federal Railroad Retirement Act and the federal Social Security Act; (b) Payments to Minnesota or federal public employee retirement funds; (c) 60 percent of the amount of taxes imposed on self-employment income under section 1401 of the Internal Revenue Code. Effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1989, no deduction is allowed for self-employment taxes where the taxpayer claimed a deduction for those taxes under section 164(f) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(9) expenses, interest and taxes connected with or allocable against the production or receipt of all income not included in the measure of the tax imposed by this chapter, except that for persons corporations engaged in the business of mining or producing iron ore, the mining of which is subject to the occupation tax imposed by section 298.01, subdivision 1, this shall not prevent a subtraction to the extent allowed under section 290.01, subdivision 20b, clause (10)(b), or the deduction by a corporate taxpayer of expenses and other items to the extent that the expenses and other items are allowable under section 290.09 this chapter and are not deductible, capitalizable, retainable in basis, or taken into account by allowance or otherwise in computing the occupation tax and do not exceed the amounts taken for federal income tax purposes for that year. Occupation taxes imposed under chapter 298, royalty taxes imposed under chapter 299, or depletion expenses may not be deducted under this clause;

(10) in situations where this chapter provides for a subtraction from gross income of a specific dollar amount of an item of income assignable to this state, and within the measure of the tax imposed by this chapter, that portion of the federal income tax liability assessed upon such income subtracted, and any expenses attributable to earning such income, shall not be deductible in computing net income;

(11) amounts paid or accrued for such taxes and carrying charges as, under rules prescribed by the commissioner, are chargeable to capital account with respect to property, if the taxpayer elects, in accordance with such rules, to treat such taxes or charges as so chargeable;

(12) no deduction or credit shall be allowed for any amount paid or incurred during the taxable year in carrying on any trade or business if the trade or business (or the activities which comprise the trade or business) consists of trafficking in controlled substances (within the meaning of schedule I and II of the federal Controlled Substances Act) which is prohibited by federal law or the law of Minnesota.

For purposes of this section, reference to the Internal Revenue Code means the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1985.

Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.12, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [ADJUSTMENTS.] For taxable years beginning before January 1, 1987, in computing the amount of gain or loss under subdivision 1 the basis of the property is its adjusted basis for federal income tax purposes, except as otherwise provided in this chapter. In addition to other adjustments provided in this chapter, the adjusted basis of property for federal income tax purposes shall be increased by the amount of accelerated cost recovery system depreciation which was allowed for federal income tax purposes but not allowed for Minnesota income tax purposes under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.01, subdivision 20f or 290.09, subdivision 7, paragraph (A)(c). The basis shall be diminished by the allowance for amortization of bond premium if an election to amortize was made in accordance with Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.09, subdivision 13, which could, during the period of the taxpayer's ownership thereof, have been deducted by the taxpayer under this chapter in respect of such property. In addition, if the property was acquired before January 1, 1933, the basis, if other than the fair market value as of such date, shall be diminished by the amount of exhaustion, wear and tear, obsolescence, amortization, or depletion actually sustained before such date. In respect of any period since December 31, 1932, during which property was held by a person or an organization not subject to income taxation under this chapter, the basis of the property is its adjusted basis for federal income tax purposes, except as otherwise provided in this chapter.

Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.131, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DISTRIBUTIONS OF PROPERTY.] For taxable years beginning before January 1, 1987, the effects on recipients of a distribution by a corporation shall be governed by the provisions of sections 301 to 307 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as amended through December 31, 1985 1986. However, in section 301(c)(3)(B) the date January 1, 1933 shall be substituted for March 1, 1913 when determining the amount of a distribution that is not taxable.

Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.132, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

**Subdivision 1. [TAXABILITY OF CORPORATION ON DISTRIBUTION.]** For taxable years beginning before January 1, 1987, no gain or loss shall be recognized to a corporation on the distribution, with respect to its stock as provided in section 311 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as amended through December 31, 1985 1986.

The effect on earnings and profits shall be determined according to the provisions of section 312 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as amended through December 31, 1985 1986. However, when determining earnings and profits in section 312(f) and (g), the date December 31, 1932 shall be substituted for February 28, 1913, and January 1, 1933 shall be substituted for March 1, 1913.

Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.133, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

**Subdivision 1. [DIVIDEND DEFINED.]** For taxable years beginning before January 1, 1987, for purposes of this chapter, the definitions provided in sections 316 to 318 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as amended through December 31, 1985 1986, shall apply. However, in section 316 (a)(1), "December 31, 1932" shall be substituted for "February 28, 1913" when determining dividends.

Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.134, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

**Subdivision 1. [GAIN OR LOSS TO SHAREHOLDERS IN CORPORATE LIQUIDATIONS.]** For taxable years beginning before January 1, 1987, the effects on recipients of corporate liquidations shall be governed by the provisions of sections 331 to 334 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as amended through December 31, 1985 1986. However, in section 333(f)(2), the date December 31, 1932, shall be substituted for February 28, 1913 when determining accumulated earnings and profits.

Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.135, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

**Subdivision 1. [GENERAL RULE.]** For taxable years beginning before January 1, 1987, gain or loss shall be recognized to a corporation on the distribution of property in complete liquidation or on any distribution or sale of an interest in a partnership as provided in sections 336 to 346 and 386 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as amended through December 31, 1985 1986.

Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.136, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [TRANSFER TO CORPORATION CONTROLLED BY TRANSFEROR.] For taxable years beginning before January 1, 1987, the provisions of sections 351 to 368 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as amended through December 31, 1985 1986, shall apply to corporate organizations and reorganizations. However, in section 362, the phrase "acquired in a taxable year beginning after December 31, 1956" shall be substituted for "acquired on or after June 22, 1954" when determining the property to which this section applies.

Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.138, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [CARRYOVERS IN CERTAIN CORPORATE ACQUISITIONS.] The provisions of sections 381 and 382 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as amended through December 31, 1985 1986, shall apply to carryovers in certain corporate acquisitions and special limitations on net operating loss carryovers.

Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.14, is amended to read:

290.14 [GAIN OR LOSS ON DISPOSITION OF PROPERTY, BASIS.]

For taxable years beginning before January 1, 1987, except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the basis for determining the gain or loss from the sale or other disposition of property acquired on or after January 1, 1933, shall be its adjusted basis for federal income tax purposes, with the following exceptions:

(1) Corporations, partnerships, or individuals subject to the occupation tax under chapter 298, shall use the occupation tax basis;

(2) The basis of property subject to the provisions of section 1034 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1985 (relating to the rollover of gain on sale of principal residence) shall be increased by the amount of gain realized on the sale of a principal residence outside of Minnesota, while a nonresident of this state, which gain was not recognized because of the provisions of section 1034.

Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.17, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [INCOME OF RESIDENT INDIVIDUALS SCOPE OF ALLOCATION RULES.] The gross income of individuals shall

be their gross income as defined in section 290.01, subdivision 20 (a) The income of resident individuals is not subject to allocation outside this state. The allocation rules apply to nonresident individuals, estates, trusts, nonresident partners of partnerships, nonresident shareholders of corporations having a valid election in effect under section 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, and all corporations not having such an election in effect. If a partnership or corporation would not otherwise be subject to the allocation rules, but conducts a trade or business that is part of a unitary business involving another legal entity that is subject to the allocation rules, the partnership or corporation is subject to the allocation rules.

(b) Expenses, losses, and other deductions (referred to collectively in this paragraph as "deductions") must be allocated along with the item or class of gross income to which they are definitely related for purposes of assignment under this section or apportionment under section 290.191, 290.20, 290.35, or 290.36. Deductions not definitely related to any item or class of gross income are assigned to the taxpayer's domicile.

Subd. 1a. [SUBSEQUENT ADJUSTMENT.] When a loss has been reduced by the amount of tax preference items pursuant to Minnesota Statutes 1983 Supplement, section 290.17, subdivision 1, and the taxpayer subsequently sells or otherwise disposes of an asset in relation to which arose an item of tax preference which caused the reduction of the loss, the taxpayer may increase the basis of the asset by the amount of the tax preference item that was used to reduce the loss. If the asset is a depletable asset, the taxpayer may elect to so increase its basis upon disposition or to reduce the amount of otherwise taxable income subsequently produced by that asset by the amount of the tax preference item.

Subd. 2. [OTHER TAXPAYERS INCOME NOT DERIVED FROM CONDUCT OF A TRADE OR BUSINESS.] In the case of an individual who is not a full year resident, this subdivision applies to determine what income is assignable to Minnesota for purposes of determining the numerator of the fraction used in section 290.06, subdivision 2c. In the case of taxpayers not subject to the provisions of subdivision 1, items of gross income shall be assigned to this state or other states or countries in accordance with the following principles:

(1)(a) The entire income of all resident or domestic taxpayers from compensation for labor or personal services, or from a business consisting principally of the performance of personal or professional services, shall be assigned to this state, and the income of nonresident taxpayers from such sources shall be assigned to this state if, and to the extent that, the labor or services are performed within it; all other income from such sources shall be treated as income from sources without this state.

The income of a taxpayer subject to the allocation rules that is not derived from the conduct of a trade or business must be assigned in accordance with paragraphs (a) to (f):

(a)(1) Subject to paragraphs (a)(2) and (a)(3), income from labor or personal or professional services is assigned to this state if, and to the extent that, the labor or services are performed within it; all other income from such sources is treated as income from sources without this state.

(b) (2) In the case of an individual who is a nonresident of Minnesota and who is an athlete or entertainer, income from compensation for labor or personal services performed within this state shall be determined in the following manner:

(i) The amount of income to be assigned to Minnesota for an individual who is a nonresident salaried athletic team employee shall be determined by using a fraction in which the denominator contains the total number of days in which the individual is under a duty to perform for the employer, and the numerator is the total number of those days spent in Minnesota. In order to eliminate the need to file state or provincial income tax returns in several states or provinces, Minnesota will exclude from income any income assigned to Minnesota under the provisions of this clause for a nonresident athlete who is employed by an athletic team whose operations are not based in this state and for a nonresident salaried entertainer who is employed by an entertainment organization whose operations are not based in this state if the state or province in which the athletic team or entertainment organization is based provides a similar income exclusion. If the state or province in which the athletic team's or the entertainment organization's operations are based does not have an income tax on an individual's personal service income, it will be deemed that that state or province has a similar income exclusion. As used in the preceding sentence, the term "province" means a province of Canada; and

(ii) The amount of income to be assigned to Minnesota for an individual who is a nonresident, and who is an athlete or entertainer not listed in clause (i), for that person's athletic or entertainment performance in Minnesota shall be determined by assigning to this state all income from performances or athletic contests in this state.

(2) Income from the operation of a farm shall be assigned to this state if the farm is located within this state and to other states only if the farm is not located in this state. Income from winnings on Minnesota pari-mutuel betting tickets shall be assigned to this state. Income and gains received from tangible property not employed in the business of the recipient of such income or gains, and from tangible property employed in the business of such recipient if such business consists principally of the holding of such property

and the collection of the income and gains therefrom, shall be assigned to this state if such property has a situs within it, and to other states only if it has no situs in this state. Income or gains from intangible personal property not employed in the business of the recipient of such income or gains, and from intangible personal property employed in the business of such recipient if such business consists principally of the holding of such property and the collection of the income and gains therefrom, wherever held, whether in trust, or otherwise, shall be assigned to this state if the recipient thereof is domiciled within this state or is a resident trust or estate.

(3) Income derived from carrying on a trade or business, including in the case of a business owned by natural persons the income imputable to the owner for the owner's services and the use of the owner's property therein, shall be assigned to this state if the trade or business is conducted wholly within this state, and to other states if conducted wholly without this state. This provision shall not apply to business income subject to the provisions of clause (1).

(4) When a trade or business is carried on partly within and partly without this state, the entire income derived from such trade or business, including income from intangible property employed in such business and including, in the case of a business owned by natural persons, the income imputable to the owner for the owner's services and the use of the owner's property therein, shall be governed, except as otherwise provided in sections 290.35 and 290.36, by the provisions of section 290.19, notwithstanding any provisions of this subdivision to the contrary. This shall not apply to business income subject to the provisions of clause (1), nor shall it apply to income from the operation of a farm which is subject to the provisions of clause (2). For the purposes of this clause, a trade or business located in Minnesota is carried on partly within and partly without this state if tangible personal property is sold by such trade or business and delivered or shipped to a purchaser located outside the state of Minnesota.

If the trade or business carried on wholly or partly in Minnesota is part of a unitary business, the entire income of that unitary business shall be subject to apportionment under section 290.19 except for business income subject to the provisions of clause (1) and farm income subject to the provisions of clause (2). The term "unitary business" shall mean business activities or operations which are of mutual benefit, dependent upon, or contributory to one another, individually or as a group. Unity shall be presumed whenever there is unity of ownership, operation, and use, evidenced by centralized management or executive force, centralized purchasing, advertising, accounting, or other controlled interaction but the absence of these centralized activities will not necessarily evidence a nonunitary business. Unity of ownership will not be deemed to exist when a corporation is involved unless that corporation is a member of a group of two or more corporations more than 50 percent



of the voting stock of each member of the group is directly or indirectly owned by a common owner or by common owners, either corporate or noncorporate, or by one or more of the member corporations of the group.

The entire income of a unitary business shall be subject to apportionment as provided in section 290.19. None of the income of a unitary business shall be considered as derived from any particular source and none shall be allocated to any particular place except as provided by the applicable apportionment formula.

In determining whether or not intangible property is employed in a unitary business carried on partly within and partly without this state so that income derived therefrom is subject to apportionment under section 290.19 the following rules and guidelines shall apply:

(a) Intangible property is employed in a business if the business entity owning intangible property holds it as a means of furthering the business operation of which a part is located within the territorial confines of this state:

(b) Where a business operation conducted in Minnesota, is owned by a business entity which carries on business activity outside of the state different in kind from that conducted within this state, and such other business is conducted entirely outside the state, it will be presumed that the two business operations are unitary in nature, interrelated, connected and interdependent unless it can be shown to the contrary.

(5) For purposes of this section, amounts received by a nonresident from the United States, its agencies or instrumentalities, the Federal Reserve Bank, the state of Minnesota or any of its political or governmental subdivisions, or a Minnesota volunteer firefighters' relief association, by way of payment as a pension, public employee retirement benefit, or any combination thereof, or as a retirement or survivor's benefit made from a plan qualifying under section 401, 403, 404, 408, or 409 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1985, are not considered income derived from carrying on a trade or business or from performing personal or professional services in Minnesota, and are not taxable under this chapter.

(6) All other items of gross income shall be assigned to the taxpayer's domicile:

(3) For purposes of this section, amounts received by a nonresident from the United States, its agencies or instrumentalities, the Federal Reserve Bank, the state of Minnesota or any of its political or governmental subdivisions, or a Minnesota volunteer firefighters' relief association, by way of payment as a pension, public employee retirement benefit, or any combination of these, or as a retirement or

survivor's benefit made from a plan qualifying under section 401, 403, 408, or 409, or as defined in section 403(b) or 457 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, are not considered income derived from carrying on a trade or business or from performing personal or professional services in Minnesota, and are not taxable under this chapter.

(b) Income or gains from tangible property located in this state that is not employed in the business of the recipient of the income or gains must be assigned to this state.

(c) Except upon the sale of a partnership interest, income or gains from intangible personal property not employed in the business of the recipient of the income or gains must be assigned to this state if the recipient of the income or gains is a resident of this state or is a resident trust or estate.

Gain on the sale of a partnership interest is allocable to this state in the ratio of the original cost of partnership tangible property in this state to the original cost of partnership tangible property everywhere, determined at the time of the sale. If more than 50 percent of the value of the partnership's assets consists of intangibles, gain or loss from the sale of the partnership interest is allocated to this state in accordance with the sales factor of the partnership for its first full tax period immediately preceding the tax period of the partnership during which the partnership interest was sold.

(d) Income from the operation of a farm shall be assigned to this state if the farm is located within this state and to other states only if the farm is not located in this state.

(e) Income from winnings on Minnesota pari-mutuel betting tickets shall be assigned to this state.

(f) All items of gross income not covered in paragraphs (a) to (e) and not part of the taxpayer's income from a trade or business shall be assigned to the taxpayer's domicile.

Subd. 3. [TRADE OR BUSINESS INCOME; GENERAL RULE.] Income derived from carrying on a trade or business must be assigned to this state if the trade or business is conducted wholly within this state, assigned outside this state if conducted wholly without this state and apportioned between this state and other states and countries under this subdivision if conducted partly within and partly without this state. For purposes of determining whether a trade or business is carried on exclusively within or without this state:

(a) A trade or business physically located exclusively within this state is nevertheless carried on partly within and partly without

this state if any of the principles set forth in section 290.191 for the allocation of sales or receipts within or without this state when applied to the taxpayer's situation result in the allocation of any sales or receipts without this state.

(b) A trade or business physically located exclusively without this state is nevertheless carried on partly within and partly without this state if any of the principles set forth in section 290.191 for the allocation of sales or receipts within or without this state when applied to the taxpayer's situation result in the allocation of any sales or receipts without this state. The jurisdiction to tax such a business under this chapter must be determined in accordance with sections 290.014 and 290.015.

Subd. 4. [UNITARY BUSINESS PRINCIPLE.] (a) If a trade or business conducted wholly within this state or partly within and partly without this state is part of a unitary business, the entire income of the unitary business is subject to apportionment pursuant to section 290.191. Notwithstanding subdivision 2, paragraph (c), none of the income of a unitary business is considered to be derived from any particular source and none may be allocated to a particular place except as provided by the applicable apportionment formula. The provisions of this subdivision do not apply to farm income subject to subdivision 5, paragraph (a), business income subject to subdivision 5, paragraph (b) or (c), income of an insurance company determined under section 290.35, or income of an investment company determined under section 290.36.

(b) The term "unitary business" means business activities or operations which are of mutual benefit, dependent upon, or contributory to one another, individually or as a group. The term may be applied within a single legal entity or between multiple entities and without regard to whether each entity is a corporation, a partnership or a trust.

(c) Unity is presumed whenever there is unity of ownership, operation, and use, evidenced by centralized management or executive force, centralized purchasing, advertising, accounting, or other controlled interaction, but the absence of these centralized activities will not necessarily evidence a nonunitary business.

(d) Where a business operation conducted in Minnesota is owned by a business entity that carries on business activity outside the state different in kind from that conducted within this state, and the other business is conducted entirely outside the state, it is presumed that the two business operations are unitary in nature, interrelated, connected, and interdependent unless it can be shown to the contrary.

(e) Unity of ownership is not deemed to exist when a corporation is involved unless that corporation is a member of a group of two or

more business entities and more than 50 percent of the voting stock of each member of the group is directly or indirectly owned by a common owner or by common owners, either corporate or noncorporate, or by one or more of the member corporations of the group.

(f) For purposes of determining the net income of a unitary business and the factors to be used in the apportionment of net income pursuant to section 290.191 or 290.20, there must be included only the income and apportionment factors of corporations or other entities created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States or of any state, the District of Columbia, the commonwealth of Puerto Rico, any possession of the United States, or any political subdivision of any the foregoing and of any FSC as defined in section 922 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, that are determined to be part of the unitary business pursuant to this subdivision, notwithstanding that other corporations or other entities organized in foreign countries might be included in the unitary business.

(g) Each corporation or other entity that is part of a unitary business must file combined reports as the commissioner determines. On the reports, all intercompany transactions between entities included pursuant to paragraph (f) must be eliminated and the entire net income of the unitary business determined in accordance with this subdivision is apportioned among the entities by using each entity's Minnesota factors for apportionment purposes in the numerators of the apportionment formula and the total factors for apportionment purposes of all entities included pursuant to paragraph (f) in the denominators of the apportionment formula.

Subd. 5. [SPECIAL RULES.] Notwithstanding subdivisions 3 and 4, all income from the operation of the following types of businesses must be allocated as follows:

(a) All income from the operation of a farm is assigned to this state if the farm is located within this state and no such income is assigned to this state if the farm is located without this state.

(b) Income from a trade or business consisting principally of the performance of personal or professional services is assigned to this state if, and to the extent that, the services are performed within this state.

(c) For athletic teams when the visiting team does not share in the gate receipts, all of the team's income is assigned to the state in which the team's operation is based.

Subd. 6. [NONBUSINESS INCOME.] For a trade or business for which allocation of income within and without this state is required, if the taxpayer has any income not connected with the trade or

business carried on partly within and partly without this state that income must be allocated under subdivision 2. Intangible property is employed in a trade or business if the owner of the property holds it as a means of furthering the trade or business.

Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.171, is amended to read:

290.171 [ENACTMENT OF MULTISTATE TAX COMPACT.]

The "multistate tax compact" is hereby enacted into law to the extent provided in this section and entered into with all jurisdictions legally joining therein, in the form substantially as follows:

Article I. Purposes.

The purposes of this compact are to:

1. Facilitate proper determination of state and local tax liability of multistate taxpayers, including the equitable apportionment of tax bases and settlement of apportionment disputes.
2. Promote uniformity or compatibility in significant components of tax systems.
3. Facilitate taxpayer convenience and compliance in the filing of tax returns and in other phases of tax administration.
4. Avoid duplicative taxation.

Article II. Definitions.

As used in this compact:

1. "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or any territory or possession of the United States.
2. "Subdivision" means any governmental unit or special district of a state.
3. "Taxpayer" means any corporation, partnership, firm, association, governmental unit or agency or person acting as a business entity in more than one state.
4. "Income tax" means a tax imposed on or measured by net income including any tax imposed on or measured by an amount arrived at by deducting expenses from gross income, one or more

forms of which expenses are not specifically and directly related to particular transactions.

5. "Capital stock tax" means a tax measured in any way by the capital of a corporation considered in its entirety.

6. "Gross receipts tax" means a tax, other than a sales tax, which is imposed on or measured by the gross volume of business, in terms of gross receipts or in other terms, and in the determination of which no deduction is allowed which would constitute the tax an income tax.

7. "Sales tax" means a tax imposed with respect to the transfer for a consideration of ownership, possession or custody of tangible personal property or the rendering of services measured by the price of the tangible personal property transferred or services rendered and which is required by state or local law to be separately stated from the sales price by the seller, or which is customarily separately stated from the sales price, but does not include a tax imposed exclusively on the sale of a specifically identified commodity or article or class of commodities or articles.

8. "Use tax" means a nonrecurring tax, other than a sales tax, which (a) is imposed on or with respect to the exercise or enjoyment of any right or power over tangible personal property incident to the ownership, possession or custody of that property or the leasing of that property from another including any consumption, keeping, retention, or other use of tangible personal property and (b) is complementary to a sales tax.

9. "Tax" means an income tax, capital stock tax, gross receipts tax, sales tax, use tax, and any other tax which has a multistate impact, except that the provisions of articles III, IV and article V of this compact shall apply only to the taxes specifically designated therein and the provisions of article IX of this compact shall apply only in respect to determinations pursuant to article IV.

### Article III. Elements of Income Tax Laws.

#### Taxpayer Option, State and Local Taxes.

1. Any taxpayer subject to an income tax whose income is subject to apportionment and allocation for tax purposes pursuant to the laws of a party state or pursuant to the laws of subdivisions in two or more party states may elect to apportion and allocate his income in the manner provided by the laws of such state or by the laws of such states and subdivisions without reference to this compact, or may elect to apportion and allocate in accordance with article IV. This election for any tax year may be made in all party states or

subdivisions thereof or in any one or more of the party states or subdivisions thereof without reference to the election made in the others. For the purposes of this paragraph, taxes imposed by subdivisions shall be considered separately from state taxes and the apportionment and allocation also may be applied to the entire tax base. In no instance wherein article IV is employed for all subdivisions of a state may the sum of all apportionments and allocations to subdivisions within a state be greater than the apportionment and allocation that would be assignable to that state if the apportionment or allocation were being made with respect to a state income tax.

#### Taxpayer Option, Short Form.

2. Each party state or any subdivision thereof which imposes an income tax shall provide by law that any taxpayer required to file a return, whose only activities within the taxing jurisdiction consist of sales and do not include owning or renting real estate or tangible personal property, and whose dollar volume of gross sales made during the tax year within the state or subdivision, as the case may be, is not in excess of \$100,000 may elect to report and pay any tax due on the basis of a percentage of such volume, and shall adopt rates which shall produce a tax which reasonably approximates the tax otherwise due. The commissioner of revenue, after consultation with the Multistate Tax Commission, not more than once in five years, may adjust the \$100,000 figure in order to reflect such changes as may occur in the real value of the dollar, and such adjusted figure, upon adoption by the commissioner, shall replace the \$100,000 figure specifically provided herein. Each party state and subdivision thereof may make the same election available to taxpayers additional to those specified in this paragraph.

#### Coverage.

3. Nothing in this article relates to the reporting or payment of any tax other than an income tax.

#### Article IV. Division of Income.

1. As used in this article, unless the context otherwise requires:

(a) "Business income" means income arising from transactions and activity in the regular course of the taxpayer's trade or business, and includes income from tangible and intangible property if the acquisition, management, and disposition of the property constitute integral parts of the taxpayer's regular trade or business operations.

(b) "Commercial domicile" means the principal place from which the trade or business of the taxpayer is directed or managed.

(c) "Compensation" means wages, salaries, commissions and any other form of remuneration paid to employees for personal services.

(d) "Financial organization" means any bank, trust company, savings bank, industrial bank, land bank, safe deposit company, private banker, savings and loan association, credit union, cooperative bank, small loan company, sales finance company, investment company, or any type of insurance company.

(e) "Nonbusiness income" means all income other than business income.

(f) "Public utility" means any business entity (1) which owns or operates any plant, equipment, property, franchise, or license for the transmission of communications, transportation of goods or persons, except by pipeline, or the production, transmission, sale, delivery, or furnishing of electricity, water or steam; and (2) whose rates of charges for goods or services have been established or approved by a federal, state or local government or governmental agency.

(g) "Sales" means all gross receipts of the taxpayer not allocated under paragraphs of this article.

(h) "State" means any state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, any territory or possession of the United States, and any foreign country or political subdivision thereof.

(i) "This state" means the state in which the relevant tax return is filed or, in the case of application of this article to the apportionment and allocation of income for local tax purposes, the subdivision or local taxing district in which the relevant tax return is filed.

2. Any taxpayer having income from business activity which is taxable both within and without this state, other than activity as a financial organization or public utility or the rendering of purely personal services by an individual or any income received by a Minnesota resident individual or income from the operation of a farm, shall allocate and apportion his net income as provided in this article. If a taxpayer has income from business activity as a public utility but derives the greater percentage of his income from activities subject to this article, the taxpayer may elect to allocate and apportion his entire net income as provided in this article.

3. For purposes of allocation and apportionment of income under this article, a taxpayer is taxable in another state if (1) in that state he is subject to a net income tax, a franchise tax measured by net



income, a franchise tax for the privilege of doing business, or a corporate stock tax, or (2) that state has jurisdiction to subject the taxpayer to a net income tax regardless of whether, in fact, the state does or does not.

4. All business income shall be apportioned to this state by multiplying the income by a fraction, the numerator of which is the property factor plus the payroll factor plus the sales factor, and the denominator of which is three.

5. The property factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the average value of the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and used in this state during the tax period and the denominator of which is the average value of all the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and used during the tax period.

6. Property owned by the taxpayer is valued at its original cost. Property rented by the taxpayer is valued at eight times the net annual rental rate. Net annual rental rate is the annual rental rate paid by the taxpayer less any annual rental rate received by the taxpayer from subrentals.

7. The average value of property shall be determined by averaging the values at the beginning and ending of the tax period but the tax administrator may require the averaging of monthly values during the tax period if reasonably required to reflect properly the average value of the taxpayer's property.

8. The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the total amount paid in this state during the tax period by the taxpayer for compensation and the denominator of which is the total compensation paid everywhere during the tax period.

9. Compensation is paid in this state if:

- (a) The individual's service is performed entirely within the state;
- (b) The individual's service is performed both within and without the state, but the service performed without the state is incidental to the individual's service within the state; or
- (c) Some of the service is performed in the state and (1) the base of operations or, if there is no base of operations, the place from which the service is directed or controlled is in the state, or (2) the base of operations or the place from which the service is directed or controlled is not in any state in which some part of the service is performed, but the individual's residence is in this state.

10. The sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the total sales of the taxpayer in this state during the tax period, and the denominator of which is the total sales of the taxpayer everywhere during the tax period.

11. Sales of tangible personal property are in this state if:

(a) The property is delivered or shipped to a purchaser, other than the United States government, within this state regardless of the f.o.b. point or other conditions of the sale; or

(b) The property is shipped from an office, store, warehouse, factory, or other place of storage in this state and (1) the purchaser is the United States government or (2) the taxpayer is not taxable in the state of the purchaser.

12. Sales, other than sales of tangible personal property, are in this state if:

(a) The income-producing activity is performed in this state; or

(b) The income-producing activity is performed both in and outside this state and a greater proportion of the income-producing activity is performed in this state than in any other state, based on costs of performance.

13. If the allocation and apportionment provisions of this article do not fairly represent the extent of the taxpayer's business activity in this state, the taxpayer may petition for or the tax administrator may require, in respect to all or any part of the taxpayer's business activity, if reasonable:

(a) Separate accounting;

(b) The exclusion of any one or more of the factors;

(c) The inclusion of one or more additional factors which will fairly represent the taxpayer's business activity in this state; or

(d) The employment of any other method to effectuate an equitable allocation and apportionment of the taxpayer's income.

#### Article V. Elements of Sales and Use Tax Laws.

##### Tax Credit.

1. Each purchaser liable for a use tax on tangible personal property shall be entitled to full credit for the combined amount or

amounts of legally imposed sales or use taxes paid by him with respect to the same property to another state and any subdivision thereof. The credit shall be applied first against the amount of any use tax due the state, and any unused portion of the credit shall then be applied against the amount of any use tax due a subdivision.

2. Whenever a vendor receives and accepts in good faith from a purchaser a resale or other exemption certificate or other written evidence of exemption authorized by the appropriate state or subdivision taxing authority, the vendor shall be relieved of liability for a sales or use tax with respect to the transaction.

## Article VI. The Commission.

### Organization and Management.

1. (a) The multistate tax commission is hereby established. It shall be composed of one "member" from each party state who shall be the head of the state agency charged with the administration of the types of taxes to which this compact applies. If there is more than one such agency the state shall provide by law for the selection of the commission member from the heads of the relevant agencies. State law may provide that a member of the commission be represented by an alternate but only if there is on file with the commission written notification of the designation and identity of the alternate. The attorney general of each party state or his designee, or other counsel if the laws of the party state specifically provide, shall be entitled to attend the meetings of the commission, but shall not vote. Such attorneys general, designees, or other counsel shall receive all notices of meetings required under paragraph 1(e) of this article.

(b) Each party state shall provide by law for the selection of representatives from its subdivisions affected by this compact to consult with the commission member from that state.

(c) Each member shall be entitled to one vote. The commission shall not act unless a majority of the members are present, and no action shall be binding unless approved by a majority of the total number of members.

(d) The commission shall adopt an official seal to be used as it may provide.

(e) The commission shall hold an annual meeting and such other regular meetings as its bylaws may provide and such special meetings as its executive committee may determine. The commission bylaws shall specify the dates of the annual and any other regular meetings, and shall provide for the giving of notice of annual, regular and special meetings. Notices of special meetings

shall include the reasons therefor and an agenda of the items to be considered.

(f) The commission shall elect annually, from among its members, a chairman, a vice chairman and a treasurer. The commission shall appoint an executive director who shall serve at its pleasure, and it shall fix his duties and compensation. The executive director shall be secretary of the commission. The commission shall make provision for the bonding of such of its officers and employees as it may deem appropriate.

(g) Irrespective of the civil service, personnel or other merit system laws of any party state, the executive director shall appoint or discharge such personnel as may be necessary for the performance of the functions of the commission and shall fix their duties and compensation. The commission bylaws shall provide for personnel policies and programs.

(h) The commission may borrow, accept or contract for the services of personnel from any state, the United States, or any other governmental entity.

(i) The commission may accept for any of its purposes and functions any and all donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials and services, conditional or otherwise, from any governmental entity, and may utilize and dispose of the same.

(j) The commission may establish one or more offices for the transacting of its business.

(k) The commission shall adopt bylaws for the conduct of its business. The commission shall publish its bylaws in convenient form, and shall file a copy of the bylaws and any amendments thereto with the appropriate agency or officer in each of the party states.

(l) The commission annually shall make to the governor and legislature of each party state a report covering its activities for the preceding year. Any donation or grant accepted by the commission or services borrowed shall be reported in the annual report of the commission, and shall include the nature, amount and conditions, if any, of the donation, gift, grant or services borrowed and the identity of the donor or lender. The commission may make additional reports as it may deem desirable.

#### Committees.

2. (a) To assist in the conduct of its business when the full commission is not meeting, the commission shall have an executive committee of seven members, including the chairman, vice chair-

man, treasurer and four other members elected annually by the commission. The executive committee, subject to the provisions of this compact and consistent with the policies of the commission, shall function as provided in the bylaws of the commission.

(b) The commission may establish advisory and technical committees, membership on which may include private persons and public officials, in furthering any of its activities. Such committees may consider any matter of concern to the commission, including problems of special interest to any party state and problems dealing with particular types of taxes.

(c) The commission may establish such additional committees as its bylaws may provide.

#### Powers.

3. In addition to powers conferred elsewhere in this compact, the commission shall have power to:

(a) Study state and local tax systems and particular types of state and local taxes.

(b) Develop and recommend proposals for an increase in uniformity or compatibility of state and local tax laws with a view toward encouraging the simplification and improvement of state and local tax law and administration.

(c) Compile and publish information as in its judgment would assist the party states in implementation of the compact and taxpayers in complying with state and local tax laws.

(d) Do all things necessary and incidental to the administration of its functions pursuant to this compact.

#### Finance.

4. (a) The commission shall submit to the governor or designated officer or officers of each party state a budget of its estimated expenditures for such period as may be required by the laws of that state for presentation to the legislature thereof.

(b) Each of the commission's budgets of estimated expenditures shall contain specific recommendations of the amounts to be appropriated by each of the party states. The total amount of appropriations requested under any such budget shall be apportioned among the party states as follows: one-tenth in equal shares; and the remainder in proportion to the amount of revenue collected by each party state and its subdivisions from income taxes, capital stock

taxes, gross receipts taxes, sales and use taxes. In determining such amounts, the commission shall employ such available public sources of information as, in its judgment, present the most equitable and accurate comparisons among the party states. Each of the commission's budgets of estimated expenditures and requests for appropriations shall indicate the sources used in obtaining information employed in applying the formula contained in this paragraph.

(c) The commission shall not pledge the credit of any party state. The commission may meet any of its obligations in whole or in part with funds available to it under paragraph 1(i) of this article, provided that the commission takes specific action setting aside such funds prior to incurring any obligation to be met in whole or in part in such manner. Except where the commission makes use of funds available to it under paragraph 1(i), the commission shall not incur any obligation prior to the allotment of funds by the party states adequate to meet the same.

(d) The commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. All receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the commission shall be audited yearly by a certified or licensed public accountant and the report of the audit shall be included in and become part of the annual report of the commission.

(e) The accounts of the commission shall be open at any reasonable time for inspection by duly constituted officers of the party states and by any persons authorized by the commission.

(f) Nothing contained in this article shall be construed to prevent commission compliance with laws relating to audit or inspection of accounts by or on behalf of any government contributing to the support of the commission.

#### Article VII. Uniform Regulations and Forms.

1. Whenever any two or more party states, or subdivisions of party states, have uniform or similar provisions of law relating to an income tax, capital stock tax, gross receipts tax, sales or use tax, the commission may adopt uniform regulations for any phase of the administration of such law, including assertion of jurisdiction to tax, or prescribing uniform tax forms. ~~The commission may also act with respect to the provisions of article IV of this compact.~~

2. Prior to the adoption of any regulation, the commission shall:

(a) As provided in its bylaws, hold at least one public hearing on due notice to all affected party states and subdivisions thereof and to

all taxpayers and other persons who have made timely request of the commission for advance notice of its regulation-making proceedings.

(b) Afford all affected party states and subdivisions and interested persons an opportunity to submit relevant written data and views, which shall be considered fully by the commission.

3. The commission shall submit any regulations adopted by it to the appropriate officials of all party states and subdivisions to which they might apply. Each such state and subdivision shall consider any such regulation for adoption in accordance with its own laws and procedures.

#### Article VIII. Interstate Audits.

1. Any party state or subdivision thereof desiring to make or participate in an audit of any accounts, books, papers, records or other documents may request the commission to perform the audit on its behalf. In responding to the request, the commission shall have access to and may examine, at any reasonable time, such accounts, books, papers, records, and other documents and any relevant property or stock of merchandise. The commission may enter into agreements with party states or their subdivisions for assistance in performance of the audit. The commission shall make charges, to be paid by the state or local government or governments for which it performs the service, for any audits performed by it in order to reimburse itself for the actual costs incurred in making the audit.

2. The commission may require the attendance of any person within the state where it is conducting an audit or part thereof at a time and place fixed by it within such state for the purpose of giving testimony with respect to any account, book, paper, document, other record, property or stock of merchandise being examined in connection with the audit. If the person is not within the jurisdiction, he may be required to attend for such purpose at any time and place fixed by the commission within the state of which he is a resident, provided that such state has adopted this article.

3. The commission may apply to any court having power to issue compulsory process for orders in aid of its powers and responsibilities pursuant to this article and any and all such courts shall have jurisdiction to issue such orders. Failure of any person to obey any such order shall be punishable as contempt of the issuing court. If the party or subject matter on account of which the commission seeks an order is within the jurisdiction of the court to which application is made, such application may be to a court in the state or subdivision on behalf of which the audit is being made or a court in the state in which the object of the order being sought is situated.

The provisions of this paragraph apply only to courts in a state that has adopted this article.

4. The commission may decline to perform any audit requested if it finds that its available personnel or other resources are insufficient for the purpose or that, in the terms requested, the audit is impracticable of satisfactory performance. If the commission, on the basis of its experience, has reason to believe that an audit of a particular taxpayer, either at a particular time or on a particular schedule, would be of interest to a number of party states or their subdivisions, it may offer to make the audit or audits, the offer to be contingent on sufficient participation therein as determined by the commission.

5. Information obtained by any audit pursuant to this article shall be confidential and available only for tax purposes to party states, their subdivisions or the United States. Availability of information shall be in accordance with the laws of the states or subdivisions on whose account the commission performs the audit, and only through the appropriate agencies or officers of such states or subdivisions. Nothing in this article shall be construed to require any taxpayer to keep records for any period not otherwise required by law.

6. Other arrangements made or authorized pursuant to law for cooperative audit by or on behalf of the party states or any of their subdivisions are not superseded or invalidated by this article.

7. In no event shall the commission make any charge against a taxpayer for an audit.

8. As used in this article, "tax," in addition to the meaning ascribed to it in article II, means any tax or license fee imposed in whole or in part for revenue purposes.

#### Article IX. Arbitration.

1. Whenever the commission finds a need for settling disputes concerning apportionments and allocations by arbitration, it may adopt a regulation placing this article in effect, notwithstanding the provisions of article VII.

2. The commission shall select and maintain an arbitration panel composed of officers and employees of state and local governments and private persons who shall be knowledgeable and experienced in matters of tax law and administration.

3. Whenever a taxpayer who has elected to employ article IV, or ~~whenever the laws of the party state states or subdivision subdivisions thereof are substantially identical with the relevant provisions of article IV, this chapter,~~ the taxpayer, by written notice to the



commission and to each party state or subdivision thereof that would be affected, may secure arbitration of an apportionment or allocation, if he is dissatisfied with the final administrative determination of the tax agency of the state or subdivision with respect thereto on the ground that it would subject him to double or multiple taxation by two or more party states or subdivisions thereof. Each party state and subdivision thereof hereby consents to the arbitration as provided herein, and agrees to be bound thereby.

4. The arbitration board shall be composed of one person selected by the taxpayer, one by the agency or agencies involved, and one member of the commission's arbitration panel. If the agencies involved are unable to agree on the person to be selected by them, such person shall be selected by lot from the total membership of the arbitration panel. The two persons selected for the board in the manner provided by the foregoing provisions of this paragraph shall jointly select the third member of the board. If they are unable to agree on the selection, the third member shall be selected by lot from among the total membership of the arbitration panel. No member of a board selected by lot shall be qualified to serve if he is an officer or employee or is otherwise affiliated with any party to the arbitration proceeding. Residence within the jurisdiction of a party to the arbitration proceeding shall not constitute affiliation within the meaning of this paragraph.

5. The board may sit in any state or subdivision party to the proceeding, in the state of the taxpayer's incorporation, residence or domicile, in any state where the taxpayer does business, or in any place that it finds most appropriate for gaining access to evidence relevant to the matter before it.

6. The board shall give due notice of the times and places of its hearings. The parties shall be entitled to be heard, to present evidence, and to examine and cross-examine witnesses. The board shall act by majority vote.

7. The board shall have power to administer oaths, take testimony, subpoena and require the attendance of witnesses and the production of accounts, books, papers, records, and other documents, and issue commissions to take testimony. Subpoenas may be signed by any member of the board. In case of failure to obey a subpoena, and upon application by the board, any judge of a court of competent jurisdiction of the state in which the board is sitting or in which the person to whom the subpoena is directed may be found may make an order requiring compliance with the subpoena, and the court may punish failure to obey the order as a contempt. The provisions of this paragraph apply only in states that have adopted this article.

8. Unless the parties otherwise agree the expenses and other costs of the arbitration shall be assessed and allocated among the parties by the board in such manner as it may determine. The commission

shall fix a schedule of compensation for members of arbitration boards and of other allowable expenses and costs. No officer or employee of a state or local government who serves as a member of a board shall be entitled to compensation therefor unless he is required on account of his service to forego the regular compensation attaching to his public employment, but any such board member shall be entitled to expenses.

9. The board shall determine the disputed apportionment or allocation and any matters necessary thereto. The determinations of the board shall be final for purposes of making the apportionment or allocation, but for no other purpose.

10. The board shall file with the commission and with each tax agency represented in the proceeding; the determination of the board; the board's written statement of its reasons therefor; the record of the board's proceedings; and any other documents required by the arbitration rules of the commission to be filed.

11. The commission shall publish the determinations of boards together with the statements of the reasons therefor.

12. The commission shall adopt and publish rules of procedure and practice and shall file a copy of such rules and of any amendment thereto with the appropriate agency or officer in each of the party states.

13. Nothing contained herein shall prevent at any time a written compromise of any matter or matters in dispute, if otherwise lawful, by the parties to the arbitration proceedings.

#### Article X. Entry Into Force and Withdrawal.

1. This compact shall become effective as to any other state upon its enactment. The commission shall arrange for notification of all party states whenever there is a new enactment of the compact.

2. Any party state may withdraw from this compact by enacting a statute repealing the same. No withdrawal shall affect any liability already incurred by or chargeable to a party state prior to the time of such withdrawal.

3. No proceeding commenced before an arbitration board prior to the withdrawal of a state and to which the withdrawing state or any subdivision thereof is a party shall be discontinued or terminated by the withdrawal, nor shall the board thereby lose jurisdiction over any of the parties to the proceeding necessary to make a binding determination therein.

### Article XI. Effect on Other Laws and Jurisdictions.

Nothing in this compact shall be construed to:

(a) Affect the power of any state or subdivision thereof to fix rates of taxation, ~~except that a party state shall be obligated to implement article III 2 of this compact.~~

(b) Apply to any tax or fixed fee imposed for the registration of a motor vehicle or any tax on motor fuel, other than a sales tax, provided that the definition of "tax" in article VIII 9 may apply for the purposes of that article and the commission's powers of study and recommendation pursuant to article VI 3 may apply.

(c) Withdraw or limit the jurisdiction of any state or local court or administrative officer or body with respect to any person, corporation or other entity or subject matter, except to the extent that such jurisdiction is expressly conferred by or pursuant to this compact upon another agency or body.

(d) Supersede or limit the jurisdiction of any court of the United States.

### Article XII. Construction and Severability.

This compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the purposes thereof. The provisions of this compact shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of this compact is declared to be contrary to the constitution of any state or of the United States or the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person or circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this compact and the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person or circumstance shall not be affected thereby. If this compact shall be held contrary to the constitution of any state participating therein, the compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the remaining party states and in full force and effect as to the state affected as to all severable matters.

#### Sec. 75. [290.191] [APPORTIONMENT OF NET INCOME.]

Subdivision 1. [GENERAL RULE.] Except as otherwise provided in section 290.17, subdivision 5, the net income from a trade or business carried on partly within and partly without this state must be apportioned to this state as provided in this section.

Subd. 2. [APPORTIONMENT FORMULA OF GENERAL APPLICATION.] Except for those trades or businesses required to use a different formula under subdivision 3 or section 290.35 or 290.36, and for those trades or businesses that receive permission to use

some other method under section 290.20 or under subdivision 4, a trade or business required to apportion its net income must apportion its income to this state on the basis of the percentage obtained by taking the sum of:

(1) 70 percent of the percentage which the sales made within this state in connection with the trade or business during the tax period are of the total sales wherever made in connection with the trade or business during the tax period;

(2) 15 percent of the percentage which the total tangible property used by the taxpayer in this state in connection with the trade or business during the tax period is of the total tangible property, wherever located, used by the taxpayer in connection with the trade or business during the tax period; and

(3) 15 percent of the percentage which the taxpayer's total payrolls paid or incurred in this state or paid in respect to labor performed in this state in connection with the trade or business during the tax period are of the taxpayer's total payrolls paid or incurred in connection with the trade or business during the tax period.

Subd. 3. [APPORTIONMENT FORMULA FOR FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.] Except for an investment company required to apportion its income under section 290.36, a financial institution that is required to apportion its net income must apportion its net income to this state on the basis of the percentage obtained by taking the sum of:

(1) 70 percent of the percentage which the receipts from within this state in connection with the trade or business during the tax period are of the total receipts in connection with the trade or business during the tax period, from wherever derived;

(2) 15 percent of the percentage which the sum of the total tangible property used by the taxpayer in this state and the intangible property owned by the taxpayer and attributed to this state in connection with the trade or business during the tax period is of the sum of the total tangible property, wherever located, used by the taxpayer and the intangible property owned by the taxpayer and attributed to all states in connection with the trade or business during the tax period; and

(3) 15 percent of the percentage which the taxpayer's total payrolls paid or incurred in this state or paid in respect to labor performed in this state in connection with the trade or business during the tax period are of the taxpayer's total payrolls paid or incurred in connection with the trade or business during the tax period.

Subd. 4. [APPORTIONMENT FORMULA FOR CERTAIN MAIL ORDER BUSINESSES.] If the business consists exclusively of the

selling of tangible personal property and services in response to orders received by United States mail or telephone, and 100 percent of the taxpayer's property and payroll is within Minnesota, then the taxpayer may apportion net income to Minnesota based solely upon the percentage that the sales made within this state in connection with the trade or business during the tax period are of the total sales wherever made in connection with the trade or business during the tax period. Property and payroll factors are disregarded. In determining eligibility for this subdivision, the sale not in the ordinary course of business of tangible or intangible assets used in conducting business activities must be disregarded. This subdivision is repealed effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1988.

Subd. 5. [DETERMINATION OF SALES FACTOR.] (a) For purposes of this section, the following rules apply in determining the sales factor.

(b) Sales of tangible personal property are made within this state if the property is received by a purchaser at a point within this state, and the taxpayer is taxable in this state, regardless of the f.o.b. point, other conditions of the sale, or the ultimate destination of the property.

(c) Tangible personal property delivered to a common or contract carrier or foreign vessel for delivery to a purchaser in another state or nation is a sale in that state or nation, regardless of f.o.b. point or other conditions of the sale.

(d) Notwithstanding paragraphs (b) and (c), when intoxicating liquor, wine, fermented malt beverages, cigarettes, or tobacco products are sold to a purchaser who is licensed by a state or political subdivision to resell this property only within the state of ultimate destination, the sale is made in that state.

(e) Sales made by or through a corporation that is qualified as a domestic international sales corporation under section 992 of the Internal Revenue Code are not considered to have been made within this state.

(f) Sales, other than sales of tangible personal property, are made in this state if the property is used, or the benefits of the services are consumed, in this state. If the property is used or the benefits of the services are consumed in more than one state, the sales must be apportioned pro rata according to the portion of use or consumption of benefits in this state.

Subd. 6. [DETERMINATION OF RECEIPTS FACTOR FOR FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.] (a) For purposes of this section, the rules in this subdivision and subdivisions 7 and 8 apply in determining the receipts factor for financial institutions.

(b) "Receipts" for this purpose means gross income, including net taxable gain on disposition of assets, including securities and money market transactions, when derived from transactions and activities in the regular course of the taxpayer's trade or business.

(c) "Money market instruments" means federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell, commercial paper, banker's acceptances, and purchased certificates of deposit and similar instruments to the extent that the instruments are reflected as assets under generally accepted accounting principles.

(d) "Securities" means United States Treasury securities, obligations of United States government agencies and corporations, obligations of state and political subdivisions, corporate stock and other securities, participations in securities backed by mortgages held by United States or state government agencies, loan-backed securities and similar investments to the extent the investments are reflected as assets under generally accepted accounting principles.

(e) Receipts from the lease or rental of real or tangible personal property, including both finance leases and true leases, must be attributed to this state if the property is located in this state. Tangible personal property that is characteristically moving property, such as motor vehicles, rolling stock, aircraft, vessels, mobile equipment, and the like, is considered to be located in a state if:

(1) the operation of the property is entirely within the state; or

(2) the operation of the property is in two or more states, but the principal base of operations from which the property is sent out is in the state.

(f) Interest income and other receipts from assets in the nature of loans that are secured primarily by real estate or tangible personal property must be attributed to this state if the security property is located in this state under the principles stated in paragraph (e).

(g) Interest income and other receipts from consumer loans not secured by real or tangible personal property that are made to residents of this state, whether at a place of business, by traveling loan officer, by mail, by telephone or other electronic means, must be attributed to this state.

(h) Interest income and other receipts from commercial loans and installment obligations not secured by real or tangible personal property must be attributed to this state if the proceeds of the loan are to be applied in this state. If it cannot be determined where the funds are to be applied, the income and receipts are attributed to the state in which the business applied for the loan. "Applied for" means initial inquiry (including customer assistance in preparing the loan

application) or submission of a completed loan application, whichever occurs first.

(i) Interest income and other receipts from a participating financial institution's portion of participation loans must be attributed under paragraphs (e) to (h). A participation loan is a loan in which more than one lender is a creditor to a common borrower.

(j) Interest income and other receipts including service charges from financial institution credit card and travel and entertainment credit card receivables and credit card holders' fees must be attributed to the state to which the card charges and fees are regularly billed.

(k) Merchant discount income derived from financial institution credit card holder transactions with a merchant must be attributed to the state in which the merchant is located. In the case of merchants located within and outside the state, only receipts from merchant discounts attributable to sales made from locations within the state are attributed to this state. It is presumed, subject to rebuttal, that the location of a merchant is the address shown on the invoice submitted by the merchant to the taxpayer.

(l) Receipts from the performance of fiduciary and other services must be attributed to the state in which the benefits of the services are consumed. If the benefits are consumed in more than one state, the receipts from those benefits must be apportioned to this state pro rata according to the portion of the benefits consumed in this state.

(m) Receipts from the issuance of travelers checks and money orders must be attributed to the state in which the checks and money orders are purchased.

(n) Receipts from investments of a financial institution in securities of this state, its political subdivisions, agencies, and instrumentalities must be attributed to this state.

**Subd. 7. [RECEIPTS FROM INVESTMENTS IN NONSTATE SECURITIES; HOW APPORTIONED.]** Receipts from investments of a financial institution in other securities and from money market instruments must be apportioned to this state based on the ratio that total deposits from this state, its residents, including any business with an office or other place of business in this state, its political subdivisions, agencies, and instrumentalities bear to the total deposits from all states, their residents, their political subdivisions, agencies, and instrumentalities. In the case of an unregulated financial institution subject to this section, these receipts are apportioned to this state based on the ratio that its gross business income earned from sources within this state bears to gross business income earned from sources within all states. For purposes of this subdivision, deposits made by this state, its residents, its political

subdivisions, agencies, and instrumentalities must be attributed to this state, whether or not the deposits are accepted or maintained by the taxpayer at locations within this state.

Subd. 8. [DEPOSIT; DEFINITION.] (a) “Deposit,” as used in subdivision 7, has the meanings in this subdivision.

(b) “Deposit” means the unpaid balance of money or its equivalent received or held by a financial institution in the usual course of business and for which it has given or is obligated to give credit, either conditionally or unconditionally, to a commercial, checking, savings, time, or thrift account whether or not advance notice is required to withdraw the credited funds, or which is evidenced by its certificate of deposit, thrift certificate, investment certificate, or certificate of indebtedness, or other similar name, or a check or draft drawn against a deposit account and certified by the financial institution, or a letter of credit or a traveler’s check on which the financial institution is primarily liable. However, without limiting the generality of the term “money or its equivalent,” any such account or instrument must be regarded as evidencing the receipt of the equivalent of money when credited or issued in exchange for checks or drafts or for a promissory note upon which the person obtaining the credit or instrument is primarily or secondarily liable, or for a charge against a deposit account, or in settlement of checks, drafts, or other instruments forwarded to the bank for collection.

(c) “Deposit” means trust funds received or held by the financial institution, whether held in the trust department or held or deposited in any other department of the financial institution.

(d) “Deposit” means money received or held by a financial institution, or the credit given for money or its equivalent received or held by a financial institution, in the usual course of business for a special or specific purpose, regardless of the legal relationship so established. Under this paragraph, “deposit” includes, but is not limited to, escrow funds, funds held as security for an obligation due to the financial institution or others, including funds held as dealers reserves, or for securities loaned by the bank, funds deposited by a debtor to meet maturing obligations, funds deposited as advance payment on subscriptions to United States government securities, funds held for distribution or purchase of securities, funds held to meet its acceptances or letters of credit, and withheld taxes. It does not include funds received by the financial institution for immediate application to the reduction of an indebtedness to the receiving financial institution, or under condition that the receipt of the funds immediately reduces or extinguishes the indebtedness.

(e) “Deposit” means outstanding drafts, including advice or authorization to charge a financial institution’s balance in another such institution, cashier’s checks, money orders, or other officer’s checks issued in the usual course of business for any purpose, but not



including those issued in payment for services, dividends, or purchases or other costs or expenses of the financial institution itself.

(f) "Deposit" means money or its equivalent held as a credit balance by a financial institution on behalf of its customer if the entity is engaged in soliciting and holding such balances in the regular course of its business.

(g) Interinstitution fund transfers are not deposits.

Subd. 9. [DETERMINATION OF PROPERTY FACTOR; GENERAL RULES.] For all taxpayers, the property factor includes tangible property, real, personal, and mixed, owned or rented, and used by the taxpayer in connection with the trade or business, as set forth in subdivision 10. For financial institutions only, the property factor also includes intangible property, as set forth in subdivision 11. For both tangible and intangible property, the property included in the property factor is the average of the total property used by the taxpayer in connection with its business during the tax period. Such averages must be on a commensurate basis for property within and without the state.

Subd. 10. [PROPERTY FACTOR; TANGIBLE PROPERTY.] (a) Tangible property includes land, buildings, machinery and equipment, inventories, and other tangible personal property actually used by the taxpayer during the taxable year in carrying on the business activities of the taxpayer. Tangible property which is separately allocated under section 290.17 is not includable in the property factor.

(b) Cash on hand or in banks, shares of stock, notes, bonds, accounts receivable, or other evidences of indebtedness, special privileges, franchises, and goodwill, are specifically excluded from the property factor, except as otherwise provided for financial institutions in subdivision 11.

(c) The value of tangible property that is owned by the taxpayer and that is to be used in the apportionment fraction is the original cost adjusted for any later capital additions or improvements and partial disposition by reason of sale, exchange, or abandonment.

(d) For purposes of computing the property factor, United States government property that is used by the taxpayer must be considered owned by the taxpayer.

(e) Property that is rented by the taxpayer is valued at eight times the net annual rental. Net annual rental is the annual rental paid by the taxpayer less any annual rental received by the taxpayer from subrentals. If the subrents taken into account in determining the net annual rental produce a negative or clearly inaccurate value for any item of property, another method that will properly reflect the

value of rented property may be required by the commissioner or requested by the taxpayer. In no case, however, shall the value be less than an amount which bears the same ratio to the annual rental paid by the taxpayer for such property as the fair market value of that portion of the property used by the taxpayer bears to the total fair market value of the rented property. Rents paid during the year cannot be averaged.

(f) A person filing a combined report shall use this method of calculating the property factor for all members of the group.

Subd. 11. [FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS; PROPERTY FACTOR.] (a) For financial institutions, the property factor includes, as well as tangible property, intangible property as set forth in this subdivision.

(b) Intangible personal property must be included at its tax basis for federal income tax purposes.

(c) Goodwill must not be included in the property factor.

(d) Coin and currency located in this state must be attributed to this state.

(e) Lease financing receivables must be attributed to this state if and to the extent that the property is located within this state.

(f) Assets in the nature of loans that are secured by real or tangible personal property must be attributed to this state if and to the extent that the security property is located within this state.

(g) Assets in the nature of consumer loans and installment obligations that are unsecured or secured by intangible property must be attributed to this state if the loan was made to a resident of this state.

(h) Assets in the nature of commercial loan and installment obligations that are unsecured or secured by intangible property must be attributed to this state if the loan proceeds of the loan are to be applied in this state. If it cannot be determined where the funds are to be applied, the assets must be attributed to the state in which the business applied for the loan. "Applied for" means initial inquiry (including customer assistance in preparing the loan application) or submission of a completed loan application, whichever occurs first.

(i) A participating financial institution's portion of a participation loan must be attributed under paragraphs (e) to (h).

(j) Financial institution credit card and travel and entertainment credit card receivables must be attributed to the state to which the credit card charges and fees are regularly billed.

(k) Receivables arising from merchant discount income derived from financial institution credit card holder transactions with a merchant are attributed to the state in which the merchant is located. In the case of merchants located within and without the state, only receipts from merchant discounts attributable to sales made from locations within the state are attributed to this state. It is presumed, subject to rebuttal, that the location of a merchant is the address shown on the invoice submitted by the merchant to the taxpayer.

(l) Assets in the nature of securities and money market instruments are apportioned to this state based upon the ratio that total deposits from this state, its residents, its political subdivisions, agencies and instrumentalities bear to the total deposits from all states, their residents, their political subdivisions, agencies and instrumentalities. In the case of an unregulated financial institution subject to this regulation, the receipts are apportioned to this state based upon the ratio that its gross business income earned from sources within this state bears to gross business income earned from sources within all states. For purposes of this subsection, deposits made by this state, its residents, its political subdivisions, agencies, and instrumentalities are attributed to this state, whether or not the deposits are accepted or maintained by the taxpayer at locations within this state.

Subd. 12. [DETERMINATION OF PAYROLL FACTOR.] (a) The payroll factor must be determined in the same way for all taxpayers.

(b) Wages or salaries must be determined to be paid or incurred in this state if the individual with respect to whom the wages or salaries are paid is either employed within this state or is actually engaged in work in the territorial confines of this state, or if working without this state, is identified with or accountable to an office within this state.

(c) The wages or salaries paid to officers and employees working from offices within this state are considered payroll within this state even though the officer's and employee's employment requires them to spend working time without this state. Officers and employees whose employment requires them to work without the state entirely and who are assigned to an office without the state, are not considered employees within the state for the purpose of apportionment even though their salaries are paid from the taxpayer's general offices within the state.

Sec. 76. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.20, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. The methods prescribed by section ~~290.19~~ 290.191 shall be presumed to determine fairly and correctly the taxpayer's taxable net income allocable to this state. Any taxpayer feeling aggrieved by the application of the methods so prescribed may petition the commissioner for determination of such net income by the use of some other method, including separate accounting. Thereupon, the commissioner on finding that the application of the methods prescribed by section 290.19 will be unjust to the taxpayer, may allow the use of the methods so petitioned for by the taxpayer, or may determine such net income by other methods if satisfied that such other methods will fairly reflect such net income. A petition within the meaning of this section shall be deemed to have been filed by the taxpayer if the taxpayer's return uses a method other than the methods prescribed by section 290.19, and if such return shall have attached thereto a statement setting forth the reasons for the use of such other method. If the methods prescribed by section 290.191 do not fairly reflect all or any part of taxable net income allocable to this state, the taxpayer may petition for or the commissioner may require the determination of net income by the use of another method, if that method fairly reflects net income. These other methods may include:

- (1) separate accounting;
- (2) excluding any one or more of the factors;
- (3) including one or more additional factors; or
- (4) some other method.

Sec. 77. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.20, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1a. A petition within the meaning of this section must be filed by the taxpayer in the form required by the commissioner.

Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.21, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. An amount for contribution or gifts made within the taxable year:

(a) to or for the use of the state of Minnesota, or any of its political subdivisions for exclusively public purposes,

(b) to or for the use of any community chest, corporation, organization, trust, fund, association, or foundation located in and carrying on substantially all of its activities within this state, organized and operating exclusively for religious, charitable, public cemetery, scientific, literary, artistic, or educational purposes, or for the

prevention of cruelty to children or animals, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private stockholder or individual;

(c) to a fraternal society, order, or association, operating under the lodge system located in and carrying on substantially all of their activities within this state if such contributions or gifts are to be used exclusively for the purposes specified in subdivision 3(b), or for or to posts or organizations of war veterans or auxiliary units or societies of such posts or organizations, if they are within the state and no part of their net income inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual,

(d) to or for the use of the United States of America for exclusively public purposes, and to ~~or for the use of any community chest, corporation, trust, fund, association, or foundation, organized and operated exclusively for any of the purposes specified in subdivision 3(b) and (c) no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual, but not carrying on substantially all of their activities within this state, in an amount equal to the ratio of Minnesota taxable net income to total net income if the contribution or gift consists of real property located in Minnesota,~~

(e) the total deduction hereunder shall not exceed 15 percent of the taxpayer's taxable net income less the deductions allowable under this section other than those for contributions or gifts,

(f) in the case of a corporation reporting its taxable income on the accrual basis, if: (A) the board of directors authorizes a charitable contribution during any taxable year, and (B) payment of such contribution is made after the close of such taxable year and on or before the fifteenth day of the third month following the close of such taxable year; then the taxpayer may elect to treat such contribution as paid during such taxable year. The election may be made only at the time of the filing of the return for such taxable year, and shall be signified in such manner as the commissioner shall by rules prescribe.

Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.21, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. (a) ~~85~~ 80 percent of dividends received by a corporation during the taxable year from another corporation, when the corporate stock with respect to which dividends are paid does not constitute the stock in trade of the taxpayer or would not be included in the inventory of the taxpayer, or does not constitute property held by the taxpayer primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's trade or business, or when the trade or business of the taxpayer does not consist principally of the holding of the stocks and the collection of the income and gains therefrom. The

remaining ~~15~~ 20 percent shall be allowed if the recipient owns 80 percent or more of all the voting stock of the other corporation and the dividends were paid from income arising out of business done in this state by the corporation paying the dividends. If the dividends were declared from income arising out of business done within and without this state, then a proportion of the remainder shall be allowed as a deduction. The proportion must be that which the amount of the taxable net income of the corporation paying the dividends assignable or allocable to this state bears to the entire net income of the corporation. The amounts must be determined by the returns under this chapter of the corporation paying the dividends for the taxable year preceding their distribution. The burden is on the taxpayer to show that the amount of remainder claimed as a deduction has been received from income arising out of business done in this state.

(b) If the trade or business of the taxpayer consists principally of the holding of the stocks and the collection of the income and gains therefrom, dividends received by a corporation during the taxable year from another corporation, if the recipient owns 80 percent or more of all the voting stock of the other corporation, from income arising out of business done in this state by the corporation paying the dividends. If the dividends were declared from income arising out of business done within and without this state, then a proportion of the dividends shall be allowed as a deduction. The proportion must be that which the amount of the taxable net income of the corporation paying the dividends assignable or allocable to this state bears to the entire net income of the corporation. The amounts must be determined by the returns under this chapter of the corporation paying the dividends for the taxable year preceding their distribution. The burden is on the taxpayer to show that the amount of dividends claimed as a deduction has been received from income arising out of business done in this state.

(c) The dividend deduction provided in this subdivision shall be allowed only with respect to dividends that are included in a corporation's Minnesota taxable net income for the taxable year.

The dividend deduction provided in this subdivision does not apply to a dividend from a corporation which, for the taxable year of the corporation in which the distribution is made or for the next preceding taxable year of the corporation, is a corporation exempt from tax under section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code of ~~1954~~ 1986, as amended through December 31, ~~1985~~ 1986.

The dividend deduction provided in this subdivision applies to the amount of regulated investment company dividends only to the extent determined under section 854(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of ~~1954~~ 1986, as amended through December 31, ~~1985~~ 1986.

The dividend deduction provided in this subdivision shall not be allowed with respect to any dividend for which a deduction is not

allowed under the provisions of section 246(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as amended through December 31, 1985 1986.

(d) If dividends received by a corporation that does not have nexus with Minnesota under the provisions of Public Law Number 86-272 are included as income on the return of an affiliated corporation permitted or required to file a combined report under section 290.34, subdivision 2, then for purposes of this subdivision the determination as to whether the trade or business of the corporation consists principally of the holding of stocks and the collection of income and gains therefrom shall be made with reference to the trade or business of the affiliated corporation having a nexus with Minnesota.

(e) Dividends received by a corporation from another corporation which is organized under the laws of a foreign country or a political subdivision of a foreign country, if the dividends are paid from income arising from sources without the United States, the commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the possessions of the United States. The deduction provided by this clause subdivision does not apply if the corporate stock with respect to which dividends are paid constitutes the stock in trade of the taxpayer, or would be included in the inventory of the taxpayer, or constitutes property held by the taxpayer primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's trade or business, or if the trade or business of the taxpayer consists principally of the holding of stocks and the collection of the income or gains therefrom, or if the dividends are paid by a FSC as defined in section 922 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as amended through December 31, 1985. No dividend may be deducted under this clause if it is deducted under clause (a) 1986.

Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.21, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [FOREIGN SOURCE ROYALTIES.] (a) An amount equal to 35 percent of rentals, fees, and royalties accrued or received from a foreign corporation for the use of or for the privilege of using outside of the United States patents, copyrights, secret processes and formulas, good will, know-how, trademarks, trade brands, franchises, and other like property. Rentals, fees, or royalties deducted under this subdivision shall not be included in the taxpayer's apportionment factors under section 290.19, subdivision 1, clause (1)(a) or (2)(a)(1). The preceding sentence shall not be construed to imply that nondeductible rentals, fees, and royalties from such properties are or were included in or excluded from the apportionment factors under any other provision of law.

(b) A corporation is allowed The deduction provided by this subdivision is allowed only if during the taxable year it the corpo-

ration receiving the income received or accrued at least 80 percent of its gross income during the taxable year from sources as defined in clause (a) and from dividends received from foreign corporations. A corporation's gross income for purposes of paragraphs (b) and (c) shall be computed without regard to the requirement of section 290.34, subdivision 2, that a combined report be filed reflecting the entire income of the unitary business.

(c) For purposes of this subdivision, a foreign corporation is (i) a corporation organized under the laws of a foreign country or the political subdivision of a foreign country or (ii) a corporation which for the taxable year derives at least 80 percent of its gross income from sources without the United States, the commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the possessions of the United States. A foreign corporation does not include a DISC as defined in section 992(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1985, or a FSC as defined in section 922 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1985.

(d) The deduction provided in this subdivision is allowed only with respect to rentals, fees, and royalties that are included in a corporation's Minnesota taxable net income for the taxable year.

(e) In the case of a unitary business required to file a combined report, one or more members of which meet the requirements of paragraph (b) and received rentals, fees or royalties as defined in paragraph (a), the deduction under this subdivision for each member of the unitary business required to file a return under this chapter is the product of (1) 100 percent of the rentals, fees, and royalties as defined in paragraph (a) received by the members of the unitary business meeting the requirements of paragraph (b); (2) 35 percent; and (3) the percentage of business income of the unitary business apportionable to this state for the deducting corporation for the taxable year under this chapter.

Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.23, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [UNUSED LOSS CARRYOVERS AND EXCESS DEDUCTIONS ON TERMINATION AVAILABLE TO BENEFICIARIES.] If on the termination of an estate or trust, the estate or trust has

(1) a net operating loss carryover under section 290.095, a capital loss carryover under section 290.01, subdivisions 20 to 20f or any other loss or credit carryover allowed under this chapter; or

(2) for the last taxable year of the estate or trust deductions (other than the charitable deduction) in excess of gross income for such year,



then such carryover or such excess shall be allowed as a deduction, in accordance with rules prescribed by the commissioner, to the beneficiaries succeeding to the property of the estate or trust. This provision does not apply to individuals, and carryovers and deductions must be reported as provided in section 290.01, subdivisions 19 to 19b.

Sec. 82. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.23, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [DISTRIBUTABLE NET INCOME, INCOME, BENEFICIARY; DEFINED.] (1) For purposes of sections 290.22 through 290.25, the term "distributable net income" means the same as that term is defined in section 643(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as amended through December 31, 1985 1986 with the following modification:

There shall be included any tax-exempt interest to which section 290.01, subdivision ~~20b~~ 19b, clause (1) applies, ~~reduced by any amounts which would be deductible in respect of disbursements allocable to such interest but for the provisions of section 290.10(9) (relating to disallowance of certain deductions).~~

If the estate or trust is allowed a deduction under section 642(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as amended through December 31, 1985 1986, the amount of the modification shall be reduced to the extent that the amount of income which is paid, permanently set aside, or to be used for the purposes specified in that section of the Internal Revenue Code is deemed to consist of items specified in the modification. For this purpose, such amount shall (in the absence of specific provisions in the governing instrument) be deemed to consist of the same proportion of each class of items of income of the estate or trust as the total of each class bears to the total of all classes.

(2) The term "income," and the term "beneficiary" have the same meaning as those terms are defined in section 643(b) and (c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as amended through December 31, 1985 1986. The treatment of property distributed in kind and of multiple trusts shall be the same as provided in section 643 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as amended through December 31, 1985 1986.

Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.31, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [INCOME AND CREDITS OF PARTNER.] (1) In determining income tax, each partner shall take into account separately the partner's distributive share of the partnership's

(a) gains and losses from sales or exchanges of short-term capital assets as defined in section 290.16, subdivision 3,

(b) gains and losses from sales or exchanges of long-term capital assets as defined in section 290.16, subdivision 3,

(c) gains and losses from sales or exchanges of property described in section 1231 of the Internal Revenue Code of ~~1954~~ 1986, as amended through December 31, ~~1985~~ 1986 (relating to certain property used in a trade or business and involuntary conversions),

(d) charitable contributions as defined in section 170(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of ~~1954~~ 1986, as amended through December 31, ~~1985~~ 1986,

(e) dividends with respect to which there is provided ~~an exclusion under section 116 or a deduction under sections 241 to 247 of the~~ Internal Revenue Code of ~~1954~~ 1986, as amended through December 31, ~~1985~~ 1986,

(f) other items of income, gain, loss, deduction, or credit, to the extent provided by rules prescribed by the commissioner, and

(g) taxable net income or loss, exclusive of items requiring separate computation under other subparagraphs of this paragraph (1).

(2) The character of any item of income, gain, loss, deduction, or credit included in a partner's distributive share under paragraphs (a) through (f) of paragraph (1) shall be determined as if such item were realized directly from the source from which realized by the partnership, or incurred in the same manner as incurred by the partnership.

(3) In any case where it is necessary to determine the gross income of a partner for purposes of this chapter, such amount shall include the partner's distributive share of the gross income of the partnership.

Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.31, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2a. The provisions of subdivisions 2 and 5 do not apply to individuals, and items of income, gain, loss, or deduction must be reported as provided in section 290.01, subdivisions 19 to 19b.

Sec. 85. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.31, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [PARTNERSHIP COMPUTATIONS.] The taxable net income of a partnership shall be computed in the same manner as in the case of an individual except that

(1) the items described in subdivision 2(1) shall be separately stated, and

(2) the following deductions shall not be allowed to the partnership:

(a) the deduction for taxes provided in section 164(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1985, with respect to taxes, described in section 901 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1985, paid or accrued to foreign countries and to possessions of the United States,

(b) the deduction for charitable contributions provided in section 290.21, subdivision 3 or section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1985,

(c) the net operating loss deduction provided in section 290.095,

(d) the additional itemized deductions for individuals provided in sections 211 to 223 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1985, and,

(e) the deduction for depletion under section 290.09, subdivision 8 with respect to oil and gas wells as provided in section 703(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, except that, in the case of a corporate partner, the deduction for depletion shall be computed under section 290.01, subdivisions 19c and 19d.

Any election affecting the computation of taxable net income derived from a partnership shall be made by the partnership except as provided in section 703(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as amended through December 31, 1985 1986.

Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.31, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [DETERMINATION OF BASIS OF PARTNER'S INTEREST.] The adjusted basis of a partner's interest in a partnership shall, except as provided in the last paragraph of this subdivision, be the basis of such interest determined under section 722 or 742 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as amended through December 31, 1985 1986, relating to contributions to a partnership or transfers of partnership interests

(1) increased by the sum of the partner's distributive share for the taxable year and prior taxable years of

(a) net income of the partnership as determined under subdivision 3(1) and (2),

(b) income of the partnership exempt from tax under this chapter,

(c) the excess of the deductions for depletion over the basis of the property subject to depletion, and

(2) decreased (but not below zero) by distributions by the partnership as provided in section 733 of the Internal Revenue Code of ~~1954~~ 1986, as amended through December 31, ~~1985~~ 1986, and by the sum of the partner's distributive share for the taxable year and prior taxable years of

(a) losses of the partnership, and

(b) expenditures of the partnership not deductible in computing its taxable net income and not properly chargeable to capital account, and

(3) decreased, but not below zero, by the amount of the partner's deduction for depletion for any partnership oil and gas property to the extent the deduction does not exceed the proportionate share of the adjusted basis of the property allocated to the partner under section 613A(c)(7)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code of ~~1954~~ 1986, as amended through December 31, ~~1985~~ 1986. For corporate partners, the deduction for depletion with respect to oil and gas wells shall be computed as provided in section ~~290.00~~, subdivision 8 290.01, subdivisions 19c and 19d.

The commissioner shall prescribe by rule the circumstances under which the adjusted basis of a partner's interest in a partnership may be determined by reference to the partner's proportionate share of the adjusted basis of partnership property upon a termination of the partnership.

Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.34, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [AFFILIATED OR RELATED CORPORATIONS, COMBINED REPORT.] (a) When a corporation which is required to file an income tax return is affiliated with or related to any other corporation through stock ownership by the same interests or as parent or subsidiary corporations, or has its income regulated through contract or other arrangement, the commissioner of revenue may permit or require such combined report as, in the commissioner's opinion, is necessary in order to determine the

taxable net income of any one of the affiliated or related corporations. For purposes of computing either the arithmetic average or weighted apportionment formulas under section 290.19, subdivision 1 for each corporation involved, the numerator of the fraction shall be that corporation's sales, property, and payroll in Minnesota and the denominator shall be the total sales, payroll, and property of all the corporations shown on the combined report. The combined report shall reflect the income of the entire unitary business as provided in section 290.17, subdivision 2, clause (4). The combined report shall reflect income only from corporations created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States or of any state, the District of Columbia, the commonwealth of Puerto Rico, any possession of the United States, or any political subdivision of any of the foregoing and from a FSC as defined in section 922 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1985. All intercompany transactions between companies which are contained on the combined report shall be eliminated. This subdivision shall not apply to insurance companies whose income is determined under section 290.35 or to investment companies whose income is determined under section 290.36.

(b) If a corporation has been divested from the unitary group and is included in a combined report for a fractional part of the common accounting period that the report is based on, then the sales, property, and payroll attributed to the corporation in the apportionment formula must be prorated or separately accounted and must show for what part of the accounting period the corporation is included in the report.

(c) The combined report shall reflect the income of the entire unitary business as provided in section 290.17, subdivision 4. If a corporation has been divested from the unitary group and is included in the combined report for a fractional part of the common accounting period that the combined report is based on, its income includable in the combined report is its income for that part of the year.

Sec. 88. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.35, is amended to read:

290.35 [INSURANCE COMPANIES; REPORT OF NET INCOME; COMPUTATION OF AMOUNT OF INCOME ALLOCABLE TO STATE.]

Subdivision 1. [COMPUTATION OF TAXABLE NET INCOME.]  
The taxable net income of insurance companies taxable under this chapter shall be computed as follows:

Each such company shall report to the commissioner the net income returned by it for the taxable year to the United States under the provisions of the act of congress, known as the revenue act of

1936, or that it would be required to return as net income thereunder if it were in effect. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Revenue Act of 1936, whether or not an insurance company is exempt from taxation must be determined under section 290.05.

Subd. 2. [APPORTIONMENT OF TAXABLE NET INCOME.] The commissioner shall compute therefrom the taxable net income of such companies by assigning to this state that proportion thereof which the gross premiums collected by them during the taxable year from old and new business within this state bears to the total gross premiums collected by them during that year from their entire old and new business, including reinsurance premiums; provided, the commissioner shall add to the taxable net income so apportioned to this state the amount of any taxes on premiums paid by the company by virtue of any law of this state (other than the surcharge on premiums imposed by sections 69.54 to 69.56) which shall have been deducted from gross income by the company in arriving at its total net income under the provisions of such act of congress.

(a) For purposes of determining the Minnesota apportionment percentage, premiums from reinsurance contracts assumed from companies domiciled in Minnesota and premiums in connection with property in or liability arising out of activity in, or in connection with the lives or health of Minnesota residents shall be assigned to Minnesota and premiums from reinsurance contracts assumed from companies domiciled outside of Minnesota and premiums in connection with property in or liability arising out of activity in, or in connection with the lives or health of non-Minnesota residents shall be assigned outside of Minnesota.

(b) The apportionment method prescribed by paragraph (a) shall be presumed to fairly and correctly determine the taxpayer's taxable net income. If the method prescribed in paragraph (a) does not fairly reflect all or any part of taxable net income, the taxpayer may petition for or the commissioner may require the determination of taxable net income by use of another method if that method fairly reflects taxable net income. A petition within the meaning of this section must be filed by the taxpayer on such form as the commissioner shall require.

Subd. 3. [CREDIT.] An insurance company shall receive a credit against the tax equal to any taxes based on premiums paid by it that are attributable to the period for which the tax under this chapter is imposed by virtue of any law of this state, other than the surcharge on premiums imposed by sections 69.54 to 69.56.

Subd. 4. [NONPROFIT HEALTH SERVICE CORPORATION.] For purposes of this section, a nonprofit health service corporation is not an insurance company and the taxable income of a nonprofit health service corporation must be determined as provided under

the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and section 290.01, subdivisions 19c and 19d.

Sec. 89. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.36, is amended to read:

**290.36 [INVESTMENT COMPANIES; REPORT OF NET INCOME; COMPUTATION OF AMOUNT OF INCOME ALLOCABLE TO STATE.]**

The taxable net income of investment companies shall be computed as follows:

Each investment company transacting business as such in this state shall report to the commissioner the net income returned by the company for the taxable year to the United States under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of ~~1954~~ 1986, as amended through December 31, ~~1985~~ 1986, less the credits provided therein and subject to the adjustments required by this chapter. The commissioner shall compute therefrom the taxable net income of the investment company by assigning to this state that proportion of such net income, less such credits which the aggregate of the gross payments collected by the company during the taxable year from old and new business upon investment contracts issued by the company and held by residents of this state, bears to the total amount of the gross payments collected during such year by the company from such business upon investment contracts issued by the company and held by persons residing within the state and elsewhere.

As used in this section, the term "investment company" means any person, copartnership, association, or corporation, whether local or foreign, coming within the purview of section 54.26, and who or which is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (United States Code, title 15, section 80a-1 and following), as amended through December 31, 1986, and who or which solicits or receives payments to be made to itself and which issues therefor, or has issued therefor and has or shall have outstanding so-called bonds, shares, coupons, certificates of membership, or other evidences of obligation or agreement or pretended agreement to return to the holders or owners thereof money or anything of value at some future date; and as to whom the gross payments received during the taxable year in question upon outstanding investment contracts, plus interest and dividends earned on investment contracts determined by prorating the total dividends and interest for the taxable year in question in the same proportion that certificate reserves as defined by the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended through December 31, 1986, is to total assets, shall be at least 50 percent of the company's gross payments upon investment contracts plus gross income from all other sources except dividends from subsidiaries for the taxable year in question. The term "investment contract" shall mean any such so-called bonds, shares, coupons,

certificates of membership, or other evidences of obligation or agreement or pretended agreement issued by an investment company.

Sec. 90. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.37, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [PERSONS MAKING RETURNS.] (a) The commissioner of revenue shall annually determine the gross income levels at which individuals, trusts, and estates shall be required to file a return for each taxable year. A taxpayer shall file a return for each taxable year the taxpayer is required to file a return under section 6012 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, except that an individual who is not a Minnesota resident for any part of the year is not required to file a Minnesota income tax return if the individual's Minnesota gross income computed under section 290.06, subdivision 2e, clause (f)(1) derived from Minnesota sources under sections 290.081, paragraph (a), and 290.17, is less than the filing requirements for an a single individual who is a full year resident of Minnesota with the same marital status and number of personal credits.

The decedent's final income tax return, and all other income tax returns for prior years where the decedent had gross income in excess of the minimum amount at which an individual is required to file and did not file, shall be filed by the decedent's personal representative, if any. If there is no personal representative, the return or returns shall be filed by the transferees as defined in section 290.29, subdivision 3, who receive any property of the decedent.

The trustee or other fiduciary of property held in trust shall file a return with respect to the taxable net income of such trust if that exceeds an amount determined by the commissioner if such trust belongs to the class of taxable persons.

Every corporation shall file a return, if the corporation is subject to the state's jurisdiction to tax under section 290.014, subdivision 5. The return in the case of a corporation must be signed by a person designated by the corporation. The commissioner may adopt rules for the filing of one return on behalf of the members of an affiliated group of corporations that are required to file a combined report if the affiliated group includes a corporation bank subject to tax under section 290.361. The return in the case of a corporation shall be signed by a person designated by the corporation this chapter. Members of an affiliated group that elect to file one return on behalf of the members of the group under rules adopted by the commissioner may modify or rescind the election by filing the form required by the commissioner.



The receivers, trustees in bankruptcy, or assignees operating the business or property of a taxpayer shall file a return with respect to the taxable net income of such taxpayer if a return is required.

(b) Such return shall (1) contain a written declaration that it is correct and complete, and (2) shall contain language prescribed by the commissioner providing a confession of judgment for the amount of the tax shown due thereon to the extent not timely paid.

(c) For purposes of this subdivision the term "gross income" shall mean gross income as defined in section 61 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1985, modified and adjusted in accordance with the provisions of sections 290.01, subdivision 20b, clauses (1), (6), (7), and (9), 290.08, and 290.17.

Sec. 91. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.37, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [INFORMATION INCLUDED IN RETURN.] The return provided for herein shall require a statement of the name of the taxpayer, or taxpayers, if the return be is a joint return, and the address of such the taxpayer in the same name or names and same address as the taxpayer has used in making the taxpayer's income tax return to the United States under the terms of the internal revenue code of 1954, and shall include the social security number of the taxpayer, or taxpayers, if a social security number has been issued by the United States with respect to said the taxpayers, and shall include the amount of the adjusted gross taxable income of such the taxpayer as the same it appears on said the federal return to the United States internal revenue service for the taxable year to which such the Minnesota state return is applicable; and the commissioner may require. The taxpayer to shall attach to the taxpayer's Minnesota state income tax return a copy of the federal income tax return which the taxpayer has filed or is about to file for such the period.

Sec. 92. [290.371] [NOTICE OF BUSINESS ACTIVITIES REPORT.]

Subdivision 1. [REPORT REQUIRED.] Every corporation that, during any calendar year or fiscal accounting year ending after December 31, 1986, carried on any activity or owned or maintained any property in this state, unless specifically exempted under subdivision 3, must file a notice of business activities report, as provided in this section. Filing of the report is not a factor in determining whether a corporation is subject to taxation under this chapter.

Subd. 2. [ACTIVITIES.] Activities or property maintenance in this state which require corporations to file this report are:

(1) the maintenance in this state of an office or other place of business;

(2) the maintenance of personnel in Minnesota, including the presence of employees, agents, representatives, or independent contractors in connection with the corporation's business, even though not residing in or regularly stationed in Minnesota;

(3) the ownership or maintenance of real property, tangible personal property, or intangible property used by the corporation in Minnesota; and

(4) any of the activities referred to in section 290.015, subdivision 1, clauses (3) to (8).

Subd. 3. [EXEMPTIONS.] A corporation is not required to file a notice of business activities report if:

(1) by the end of an accounting period for which it was otherwise required to file a notice of business activities report under this section, it had received a certificate of authority to do business in this state;

(2) a timely return or report has been filed under section 290.05, subdivision 4; or 290.37; or

(3) the corporation is exempt from taxation under this chapter pursuant to section 290.05, subdivision 1.

Subd. 4. [ANNUAL FILING.] Every corporation not exempt under subdivision 3 must file annually a notice of business activities report, including such forms as the commissioner may require, with respect to all or any part of each of its calendar or fiscal accounting years beginning after December 31, 1986, on or before the 15th day of the fourth month after the close of the calendar or fiscal accounting year.

Subd. 5. [FAILURE TO FILE TIMELY REPORT] (a) Any corporation required to file a notice of business activities report does not have any cause of action upon which it may bring suit under Minnesota law unless the corporation has filed a notice of business activities report.

(b) The failure of a corporation to file a timely report prevents the use of the courts in this state for all contracts executed and all causes of action that arose at any time before the end of the last accounting period for which the corporation failed to file a required report.

(c) The court in which the issues arise has the power to excuse the corporation for its failure to file a report when due, and restore the corporation's cause of action under the laws of this state, if the corporation has paid all taxes, interest, and civil penalties due the state for all periods, or provided for payment of them by adequate security or bond approved by the commissioner.

Sec. 93. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.38, is amended to read:

#### 290.38 [RETURNS OF MARRIED PERSONS.]

A husband and wife must file a joint Minnesota income tax return if they filed a joint federal income tax return. If a joint return is made the tax shall be computed on the aggregate income and the liability with respect to the tax shall be joint and several. If the husband and wife have elected to file separate federal income tax returns they must file separate Minnesota income tax returns. This election to file a joint or separate returns must be changed if they change their election for federal purposes. In the event taxpayers desire to change their election, such change shall be done in the manner and on such form as the commissioner shall prescribe by rule.

The determination of whether an individual is married is shall be made as of the close of that person's taxable year, except that if that person's spouse dies during the taxable year the determination is made as of the time of the death. An individual who is legally separated from a spouse under a decree of divorce, dissolution, or of separate maintenance is not considered to be married under provisions of section 7703 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986.

In the case of the death of one spouse or both spouses the joint return with respect to the decedent may be made only by the personal representative of the decedent's estate; except that in the case of the death of one spouse the joint return may be made by the surviving spouse with respect to both the survivor and the decedent if (a) no return for the taxable year has been made by the decedent, (b) no personal representative has been appointed, and (c) no personal representative is appointed before the last day prescribed by law for filing the return of the surviving spouse. If a personal representative of the estate of the decedent is appointed after the joint return has been filed by the surviving spouse, the personal representative may disaffirm such joint return by filing, within one year after the last day prescribed by law for filing the return of the surviving spouse, a separate return for the taxable year of the decedent with respect to which the joint return was made, in which case the return made by the survivor shall constitute the survivor's separate return provided that the election has been also disaffirmed for federal purposes.

Sec. 94. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.39, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [~~SHORT FORM FORMS.~~] The commissioner shall provide for use a long form individual income tax return and may provide for use a short form individual income tax return which. The returns shall be in the form and provide for items as the commissioner may prescribe which are consistent with the provisions of this chapter, notwithstanding any other law to the contrary. ~~The political checkoff provided in section 10A.31 nongame wildlife checkoff provided in section 290.431 and the dependent care credit provided in section 290.067 shall be included on the short form.~~

Sec. 95. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.41, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [~~BY PERSONS, CORPORATIONS, COOPERATIVES, GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES OR SCHOOL DISTRICTS.~~] To the extent required by section 6041 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, every person, corporation, or cooperative, the state of Minnesota and its political subdivisions, and every city, county and school district in Minnesota, making payments in the regular course of a trade or business during the taxable year to any person or corporation of \$600 or more on account of rents or royalties, or of \$10 or more on account of interest, or \$10 or more on account of dividends or patronage dividends, or \$600 or more on account of either wages, salaries, commissions, fees, prizes, awards, pensions, annuities, or any other fixed or determinable gains, profits or income, not otherwise reportable under section 290.92, subdivision 7, or on account of earnings of \$10 or more distributed to its members by savings, building and loan associations or credit unions chartered under the laws of this state or the United States, (a) shall make a return (except in cases where a valid agreement to participate in the combined federal and state information reporting system has been entered into, and such return is therefore filed only with the commissioner of internal revenue pursuant to the applicable filing and informational reporting requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as amended through December 31, 1985 1986) in respect to such payments in excess of the amounts specified, giving the names and addresses of the persons to whom such payments were made, the amounts paid to each, and (b) shall make a return in respect to the total number of such payments and total amount of such payments, for each category of income specified, which were in excess of the amounts specified. This subdivision shall not apply to the payment of interest or dividends to a person who was a nonresident of Minnesota for the entire year.

A person, corporation, or cooperative required to file returns under this subdivision on interest, dividends, or patronage dividend payments with respect to more than 50 payees for any calendar year

must file all of these returns on magnetic media unless the person establishes to the satisfaction of the commissioner that compliance with this requirement would be an undue hardship.

Sec. 96. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.41, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [BY BROKERS.] The commissioner of revenue may require every person doing business as a broker to furnish the commissioner with the name and address of each customer for whom they have transacted business, and with such details regarding gross proceeds and other information as to transactions of any customer as will enable the commissioner to determine whether all income tax due on profits or gains of such customers has been paid. The provisions of section 6045 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as amended through December 31, 1985 1986, which define terms and provide the requirements that a statement be furnished to the customer shall apply.

Sec. 97. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.42, is amended to read:

#### 290.42 [FILING RETURNS, DATE.]

The returns required to be made under sections 290.37 to 290.39 and 290.41, other than those under section 290.41, subdivisions 3 and 4, which shall be made within 30 days after demand therefor by the commissioner, shall be filed at the following times:

(1) Returns made on the basis of the calendar year shall be filed on the fifteenth day of April, following the close of the calendar year, except that returns of corporations shall be filed on the fifteenth day of March following the close of the calendar year;

(2) Returns made on the basis of the fiscal year shall be filed on the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the close of such fiscal year, except that returns of corporations shall be filed on the fifteenth day of the third month following the close of the fiscal year;

(3) Returns made for a fractional part of a year as an incident to a change from one taxable year to another shall be filed on the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the close of the period for which made, except that such returns of corporations shall be filed on the fifteenth day of the third month following the close of the period for which made;

(4) Other returns for a fractional part of a year shall be filed on the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the end of the month in which falls the last day of the period for which the return is made, except that such returns of corporations shall be filed on the

fifteenth day of the third month following the end of the month in which falls the last day of the period for which the return is made:

In the case of a final return of a decedent for a fractional part of a year, such return shall be filed on the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the close of the 12-month period which began with the first day of such fractional part of a year.

(4a) In the case of the return of a cooperative association such returns shall be filed on or before the fifteenth day of the ninth month following the close of the taxable year.

(4b) If a corporation has been divested from a unitary group and files a return for a fractional part of a year in which it was a member of a unitary business that files a combined report under section 290.34, subdivision 2, the divested corporation's return must be filed on the 15th day of the third month following the close of the common accounting period that includes the fractional year.

(5) If the due date for any return required under this chapter falls upon:

A Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday such return filed by the next succeeding day which is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday shall be considered to be timely filed. The term "legal holiday" means any day made a holiday in Minnesota by section 645.44, subdivision 5 or by the laws of the United States.

(6) In case of sickness, absence, or other disability, or when, in the commissioner's judgment, good cause exists, the commissioner may extend the time for filing these returns for not more than six months, except as provided for corporations and except that where the failure is due to absence outside the United States the commissioner may extend the period as provided in section 6081 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1985. The commissioner may require each taxpayer in any of such cases to file a tentative return at the time fixed for filing the regularly required return from the taxpayer, and to pay a tax on the basis of such tentative return at the times required for the payment of taxes on the basis of the regularly required return from such taxpayer. The commissioner may grant an extension of up to seven months for filing the return of a corporation subject to tax under this chapter if the corporation files a tentative return at the time fixed for filing the regularly required return and pays the tax on the basis of the tentative return in accordance with this section and section 290.45.

(7) Every person making a return under section 290.41 (except subdivisions 3 and 4) shall furnish to each person whose name is set forth in the return a written statement showing

(A) the name and address of the person making the return, and

(B) the aggregate amount of payments to the person shown on the return.

This written statement shall be furnished to the person on or before January 31 of the year following the calendar year for which the return was made. A duplicate of this written statement shall be furnished to the commissioner on or before February 28 of the year following the calendar year for which the return was made.

Sec. 98. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.45, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DATE DUE; INSTALLMENTS.] The tax imposed by this chapter shall be paid to the commissioner of revenue at the time fixed for filing the return on which the tax is based, ~~except that at the election of estates the balance of tax due may be paid in two equal installments.~~

~~The first shall be paid at the time fixed for filing the return, and the second on or before six months thereafter.~~

~~If any installment is not paid on or before the date fixed for its payment the whole amount of the tax unpaid shall become due and payable. They shall be paid to the commissioner or to the local officers designated by the commissioner with whom the return is filed as hereinbefore provided.~~

Sec. 99. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.45, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [EXTENSIONS.] At the request of the taxpayer, and for good cause shown, the commissioner may extend the time for payment of the amount determined as the tax by the taxpayer, ~~or any installment thereof,~~ or any amount determined as a deficiency, for a period not to exceed six months from the date prescribed for the payment of the tax ~~or an installment thereof.~~ In such case the amount in respect of which the extension is granted shall be paid together with interest at the rate specified in section 270.75 on or before the date of the expiration of the period of the extension.

Sec. 100. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.46, is amended to read:

290.46 [EXAMINATION OF RETURNS; ASSESSMENTS, RE-FUNDS.]

The commissioner shall, as soon as practicable after the return is filed, examine the same and make any investigation or examination

of the taxpayer's records and accounts that the commissioner may deem necessary for determining the correctness of the return. The tax computed by the commissioner on the basis of such examination and investigation shall be the tax to be paid by such taxpayer. If the tax found due shall be greater than the amount reported as due on the taxpayer's return, the commissioner shall assess a tax in the amount of such excess and the whole amount of such excess shall be paid to the commissioner within 60 days after notice of the amount and demand for its payment shall have been mailed to the taxpayer by the commissioner. If the understatement of the tax on the return was false and fraudulent with intent to evade the tax, the installments of the tax shown by the taxpayer on the return which have not yet been paid shall be paid to the commissioner within 60 days after notice of the amount thereof and demand for payment shall have been mailed to the taxpayer by the commissioner. If the amount of the tax found due by the commissioner shall be less than that reported as due on the taxpayer's return, the excess shall be refunded to the taxpayer in the manner provided by section 290.50 (except that no demand therefor shall be necessary), if the taxpayer has already paid the whole of such tax, or credited against any unpaid installment thereof; provided, that no refundment shall be made except as provided in section 290.50.

The commissioner, on examining returns of a taxpayer for more than one year, may issue one order covering the several years under consideration reflecting the aggregate refund or additional tax due.

The notices and demands provided for by sections 290.46 to 290.48 shall be in such form as the commissioner may determine (including a statement) and shall contain a brief explanation of the computation of the tax and shall be sent by mail to the taxpayer at the address given in the return, or to the taxpayer's last known address.

In cases where there has been an overpayment of a self-assessed liability as shown on the return filed by the taxpayer, the commissioner may refund such overpayment to the taxpayer and no demand therefor shall be necessary; further, written findings by the commissioner, notice by mail to the taxpayer and certificate for refundment by the commissioner shall not be necessary and the provisions of section 270.10, in such case, shall not be applicable.

~~In the case of an individual, estate or trust, The commissioner may audit and adjust the taxpayer's computation of federal adjusted gross income (or federal taxable income for estates or trusts) to make it properly conform with the provisions of section 290.01, subdivision 20 subdivisions 19 to 19e, or the items of federal tax preferences or federal credit amounts to make them properly conform with the provisions of this chapter. In the case of an individual, the commissioner may audit and adjust the taxpayer's computation of itemized deductions to make them properly conform with the provisions of section 290.089.~~



Sec. 101. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.48, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. [PRESUMPTIONS WHERE OWNER OF LARGE AMOUNT OF CASH IS NOT IDENTIFIED.] (a) If the individual who is in physical possession of cash in excess of \$10,000 does not claim such cash, or does not claim it belongs to another person whose identity the commissioner can readily ascertain and who acknowledges ownership of such cash, then, for purposes of subdivisions 3 and 4, it shall be presumed that the cash represents gross income of a single individual for the taxable year in which the possession occurs, and that the collection of tax will be jeopardized by delay.

(b) In the case of any assessment resulting from the application of clause (a), the entire amount of the cash shall be treated as taxable income for the taxable year in which the possession occurs, such income shall be treated as taxable at an eight percent rate, and except as provided in clause (c), the possessor of the cash shall be treated (solely with respect to the cash) as the taxpayer for purposes of this chapter and the assessment and collection of the tax.

(c) If, after an assessment resulting from the application of clause (a), the assessment is abated and replaced by an assessment against the owner of the cash, the later assessment shall be treated for purposes of all laws relating to lien, levy, and collection as relating back to the date of the original assessment.

(d) For purposes of this subdivision, the definitions contained in section 6867 of the Internal Revenue Code of ~~1954~~ 1986, as amended through December 31, ~~1985~~ 1986, shall apply.

Sec. 102. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.491, is amended to read:

290.491 [TAX ON GAIN; DISCHARGE IN BANKRUPTCY.]

(a) Any tax due under this chapter on a gain realized on a forced sale pursuant to foreclosure of a mortgage or other security interest in agricultural production property, other real property, or equipment, used in a farm business that was owned and operated by the taxpayer shall be a dischargeable debt in a bankruptcy proceeding under United States Code, title 11, section 727.

(b) ~~Income realized on a sale or exchange of agricultural production property, other real property, or equipment, used in a farm business that was owned and operated by the taxpayer shall be exempt from taxation under this chapter, if the taxpayer was insolvent at the time of the sale and the proceeds of the sale were used solely to discharge indebtedness secured by a mortgage, lien or other security interest on the property sold. For purposes of this~~

section, "insolvent" means insolvent as defined in section 108(d)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1985. This paragraph applies only to the extent that the gain is includable in federal adjusted gross income or in the computation of the alternative minimum taxable income under section 290.091 for purposes of the alternative minimum tax. The amount of the exemption is limited to the excess of the taxpayer's (1) liabilities over (2) the total assets and any exclusion claimed under section 108 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1985, determined immediately before application of this paragraph.

(e) For purposes of this section, any tax due under this chapter specifically includes, but is not limited to, tax imposed under sections 290.02 and 290.03 on income derived from a sale or exchange, whether constituting gain, discharge of indebtedness or recapture of depreciation deductions, or the alternative minimum tax imposed under section 290.091.

Sec. 103. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.50, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [PROCEDURE, TIME LIMIT.] (a) A taxpayer who has paid or from whom there has been collected an amount of tax for any year in excess of the amount legally due for that year, may file with the commissioner a claim for a refund of such excess. Except as otherwise provided in this section, no claim or refund shall be allowed or made after 3½ years from the date prescribed for filing the return (plus any extension of time granted for filing the return, but only if filed within the extended time) or after two years from the date of overpayment, whichever period is longer, unless before the expiration of the period a claim is filed by the taxpayer. For this purpose an income tax return or amended return claiming an overpayment shall constitute a claim for refund.

(b) If no claim was filed, the credit or refund shall not exceed the amount which would be allowable if a claim was filed on the date the credit or refund is allowed.

(c) If a claim relates to an overpayment on account of a failure to deduct a loss due to a bad debt or to a security becoming worthless, the claim shall be allowed if filed within seven years from the date prescribed in section 290.42 for the filing of the return, and the refund or credit shall be limited to the amount of overpayment attributable to the loss.

(d) For purposes of this section, the prepayment of tax made through the withholding of tax at the source, or payment of estimated tax, prior to the due date of the tax are considered as having been paid on the last day prescribed by law for the payment

of the tax by the taxpayer. A return filed before the due date shall be considered as filed on the due date.

(e) Except as provided in sections 273.1314, subdivision 10a, 290.92, subdivision 13, 290.93, subdivision 9, and 290.936, interest on the overpayment refunded or credited to the taxpayer shall be allowed at the rate specified in section 270.76 computed from the date of payment of the tax until the date the refund is paid or credit is made to the taxpayer. However, to the extent that the basis for the refund is a net operating loss carryback or a capital loss carryback, interest shall be computed only from the end of the taxable year in which the loss occurs.

(f) If a taxpayer reports a change in federal gross income, items of tax preference, deductions, credits, or a renegotiation, or files a copy of the taxpayer's amended federal return, within 90 days as provided by section 290.56, subdivision 2, a refund may be made of any overpayment within one year after such report or amended return is filed except as provided in subdivision 2.

(g) There is hereby appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue the amounts necessary to make payments of refunds allowed pursuant to this section.

Sec. 104. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.56, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [CHANGE IN FEDERAL RETURN.] If the amount of ~~gross~~ income, items of tax preference, deductions, or credits for any year of any taxpayer as reported to the Internal Revenue Service is changed or corrected by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue or other officer of the United States or other competent authority, or where a renegotiation of a contract or subcontract with the United States results in a change in ~~gross~~ income, items of tax preference, deductions, or credits, such taxpayer shall report in writing to the commissioner, in such form as the commissioner may require, such change or correction, or the results of such renegotiation, within 90 days ~~thereafter~~ after the final determination of the change, correction, or renegotiation, and shall concede the accuracy of such determination or state wherein it is erroneous. Any taxpayer filing an amended federal income tax return shall also file within 90 days thereafter a copy of such amended return with the commissioner of revenue.

Sec. 105. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.92, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. [COLLECTION AT SOURCE.] (1) [DEDUCTIONS.] Every employer making payment of wages shall deduct and withhold upon such wages a tax as provided in this section.

(2) [WITHHOLDING ON PAYROLL PERIOD.] The employer shall withhold the tax on the basis of each payroll period or as otherwise provided in this section.

(3) [WITHHOLDING TABLES.] Unless the amount of tax to be withheld is determined as provided in subdivision 3, the amount of tax to be withheld for each individual shall be based upon tables to be prepared and distributed by the commissioner. The tables shall be computed for the several permissible withholding periods and shall take account of exemptions allowed under this section; and the amounts computed for withholding shall be such that the amount withheld for any individual during the individual's taxable year shall approximate in the aggregate as closely as possible the tax which is levied and imposed under this chapter for that taxable year, upon the individual's salary, wages, or compensation for personal services of any kind for the employer, ~~and shall take into consideration the deduction allowable under section 290.089, subdivision 3, and the personal credits allowed against the tax.~~

(4) [MISCELLANEOUS PAYROLL PERIOD.] If wages are paid with respect to a period which is not a payroll period, the amount to be deducted and withheld shall be that applicable in the case of a miscellaneous payroll period containing a number of days, including Sundays and holidays, equal to the number of days in the period with respect to which such wages are paid.

(5) [MISCELLANEOUS PAYROLL PERIOD.] (a) In any case in which wages are paid by an employer without regard to any payroll period or other period, the amount to be deducted and withheld shall be that applicable in the case of a miscellaneous payroll period containing a number of days equal to the number of days, including Sundays and holidays, which have elapsed since the date of the last payment of such wages by such employer during the calendar year, or the date of commencement of employment with such employer during such year, or January 1 of such year, whichever is the later.

(b) In any case in which the period, or the time described in clause (a), in respect of any wages is less than one week, the commissioner, under rules prescribed by the commissioner, may authorize an employer to determine the amount to be deducted and withheld under the tables applicable in the case of a weekly payroll period, in which case the aggregate of the wages paid to the employee during the calendar week shall be considered the weekly wages.

(6) [WAGES COMPUTED TO NEAREST DOLLAR.] If the wages exceed the highest bracket, in determining the amount to be deducted and withheld under this subdivision, the wages may, at the election of the employer, be computed to the nearest dollar.

(7) [RULES ON WITHHOLDING.] The commissioner may, by rule, authorize employers:

(a) to estimate the wages which will be paid to any employee in any quarter of the calendar year;

(b) to determine the amount to be deducted and withheld upon each payment of wages to such employee during such quarter as if the appropriate average of the wages so estimated constituted the actual wages paid; and

(c) to deduct and withhold upon any payment of wages to such employee during such quarter such amount as may be necessary to adjust the amount actually deducted and withheld upon wages of such employee during such quarter to the amount required to be deducted and withheld during such quarter without regard to this paragraph (7).

(8) [ADDITIONAL WITHHOLDING.] The commissioner is authorized to provide by rule for increases or decreases in the amount of withholding otherwise required under this section in cases where the employee requests the changes. Such additional withholding shall for all purposes be considered tax required to be deducted and withheld under this section.

(9) [TIPS.] In the case of tips which constitute wages, this subdivision shall be applicable only to such tips as are included in a written statement furnished to the employer pursuant to section 6053 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as amended through December 31, 1985 1986, and only to the extent that the tax can be deducted and withheld by the employer, at or after the time such statement is so furnished and before the close of the calendar year in which such statement is furnished, from such wages of the employee (excluding tips, but including funds turned over by the employee to the employer for the purpose of such deduction and withholding) as are under the control of the employer; and an employer who is furnished by an employee a written statement of tips (received in a calendar month) pursuant to section 6053 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986 as amended through December 31, 1985 1986, to which subdivision 1 is applicable may deduct and withhold the tax with respect to such tips from any wages of the employee (excluding tips) under the employer's control, even though at the time such statement is furnished the total amount of the tips included in statements furnished to the employer as having been received by the employee in such calendar month in the course of employment by such employer is less than \$20. Such tax shall not at any time be deducted and withheld in an amount which exceeds the aggregate of such wages and funds as are under the control of the employer minus any tax required by other provisions of state or federal law to be collected from such wages and funds.

(10) [VEHICLE FRINGE BENEFITS.] An employer shall not deduct and withhold any tax under this section with respect to any vehicle fringe benefit provided to an employee if the employer has so

elected for federal purposes and the requirement of and the definition contained in section 3402(s) of the Internal Revenue Code of ~~1954~~ 1986, as amended through December 31, ~~1985~~ 1986, are complied with.

Sec. 106. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.92, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:

Subd. 4a. [TAX WITHHELD FROM NONRESIDENTS.] (1) ["WAGES" PAID TO NONRESIDENT EMPLOYEES.] For the purposes of this section: The term "wages" means all remuneration taxable under this chapter including all remuneration paid to a nonresident employee for services performed in this state.

(2) ["EMPLOYER," "WAGES" AND "EMPLOYEE" CONCERNING NONRESIDENTS.] Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, under rules to be prescribed by the commissioner of revenue, for purposes of this section any person having control, receipt, custody, disposal or payment of compensation taxable under this chapter and earned by a nonresident for personal services, shall be deemed an employer, any compensation taxable under this chapter and earned by a nonresident for personal services shall be deemed wages, and a nonresident entitled to compensation taxable under this chapter and earned by the nonresident for personal services shall be deemed an employee.

When compensation for personal services is paid to a corporation in which all or substantially all of the shareholders are individual entertainers, performers or athletes who gave an entertainment or athletic performance in this state for which the compensation was paid, the compensation shall be deemed wages of the individual entertainers, performers or athletes and shall be subject to the provisions of this section. Advance payments of compensation for personal services to be performed in Minnesota shall be deemed wages and subject to the provisions of this section. ~~The individual, and not the corporation, shall be subject to the Minnesota income tax as provided in this chapter on the compensation for personal services.~~

(3) [NONRESIDENTS, EMPLOYER'S DUTY.] The employer of any employee domiciled in a state with which Minnesota has reciprocity under section 290.081 is not required to withhold under this chapter from the wages earned by such employee in this state if the employee annually submits to the employer an affidavit of residency in the form prescribed by the commissioner. The affidavit must be submitted by the later of

(i) 30 days after the employment date or

(ii) August 31 for calendar year 1987 and February 28 for subsequent calendar years.

Sec. 107. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.92, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [EXEMPTIONS.] (1) [ENTITLEMENT.] An employee receiving wages shall on any day be entitled to claim withholding exemptions equal to the same number as the personal credits that the employee is entitled to claim under the provisions of section 290.06, subdivision 3f, ~~(not including those credits that the taxpayer's spouse may claim)~~ in a number not to exceed the number of withholding exemptions that the employee claims and that are allowable pursuant to section 3402(f)(1), (m), and (n) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, for federal withholding purposes.

(2) [WITHHOLDING EXEMPTION CERTIFICATE.] The provisions concerning exemption certificates contained in section 3402(f)(2) and (3) of the Internal Revenue Code of ~~1954~~ 1986, as amended through December 31, ~~1985~~ 1986, shall apply.

(3) [FORM OF CERTIFICATE.] Withholding exemption certificates shall be in such form and contain such information as the commissioner may by rule prescribe.

~~(4) [NUMBER MAY BE SAME AS THAT FOR FEDERAL PURPOSES.] Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, an employee may elect to claim a number not to exceed the number of withholding exemptions that the employee claims and which are allowable for federal withholding purposes.~~

Sec. 108. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.92, subdivision 5a, is amended to read:

Subd. 5a. [VERIFICATION OF WITHHOLDING EXEMPTIONS; APPEAL.] (1) An employer shall submit to the commissioner a copy of any withholding exemption certificate or any affidavit of residency received from an employee on which the employee claims any of the following:

(a) a total number of withholding exemptions in excess of ~~14~~ ten or a number prescribed by the commissioner, or

(b) a status that would exempt the employee from Minnesota withholding, including where the employee is a nonresident exempt from withholding under subdivision 4a, clause (3), except where the employer reasonably expects, at the time that the certificate is received, that the employee's wages under subdivision 1 from the employer will not then usually exceed \$200 per week, or

(c) any number of withholding exemptions which the employer has reason to believe is in excess of the number to which the employee is entitled.

(2) Copies of exemption certificates and affidavits of residency required to be submitted by clause (1) shall be submitted to the commissioner within 30 days after receipt by the employer unless the employer is also required by federal law to submit copies to the Internal Revenue Service, in which case the employer may elect to submit the copies to the commissioner at the same time that the employer is required to submit them to the Internal Revenue Service.

(3) An employer who submits a copy of a withholding exemption certificate in accordance with clause (1) shall honor the certificate until notified by the commissioner that the certificate is invalid. The commissioner shall mail a copy of any such notice to the employee. Upon notification that a particular certificate is invalid, the employer shall not honor that certificate or any subsequent certificate unless instructed to do so by the commissioner. The employer shall allow the employee the number of exemptions and compute the withholding tax as instructed by the commissioner in accordance with clause (4).

(4) The commissioner may require an employee to verify entitlement to the number of exemptions or to the exempt status claimed on the withholding exemption certificate or, to verify nonresidency. The employee shall be allowed at least 30 days to submit the verification, after which time the commissioner shall, on the basis of the best information available to the commissioner, determine the employee's status and allow the employee the maximum number of withholding exemptions allowable under this chapter. The commissioner shall mail a notice of this determination to the employee at the address listed on the exemption certificate in question or to the last known address of the employee. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 290.61, the commissioner may notify the employer of this determination and instruct the employer to withhold tax in accordance with the determination.

However, where the commissioner has reasonable grounds for believing that the employee is about to leave the state or that the collection of any tax due under this chapter will be jeopardized by delay, the commissioner may immediately notify the employee and the employer, notwithstanding section 290.61, that the certificate is invalid, and the employer must not honor that certificate or any subsequent certificate unless instructed to do so by the commissioner. The employer shall allow the employee the number of exemptions and compute the withholding tax as instructed by the commissioner.

(5) The commissioner's determination under clause (4) shall be appealable to tax court in accordance with section 271.06, and shall



remain in effect for withholding tax purposes pending disposition of any appeal.

Sec. 109. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.92, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [RETURNS, DEPOSITS.] (1)(a) [RETURNS.] Every employer who is required to deduct and withhold tax under subdivision 2a or 3 shall file a return with the commissioner for each quarterly period, on or before the last day of the month following the close of each quarterly period, unless otherwise prescribed by the commissioner. Any tax required to be deducted and withheld during the quarterly period shall be paid with the return unless an earlier time for payment is provided. However, any return may be filed on or before the tenth day of the second calendar month following the period if the return shows timely deposits in full payment of the taxes due for that period. For the purpose of the preceding sentence, a deposit which is not required to be made within the return period, may be made on or before the last day of the first calendar month following the close of the period. Every employer, in preparing a quarterly return, shall take credit for monthly deposits previously made in accordance with this subdivision.

The return shall be in the form and contain the information prescribed by the commissioner. The commissioner may grant a reasonable extension of time for filing the return, but no extension shall be granted for more than ~~six months~~ 60 days.

(b) [ADVANCE DEPOSITS REQUIRED IN CERTAIN CASES.] (i) Unless clause (ii) is applicable, if during any calendar month, other than the last month of the calendar quarter, the aggregate amount of the tax withheld during that quarter under subdivision 2a or 3 exceeds \$500, the employer shall deposit the aggregate amount with the commissioner within 15 days after the close of the calendar month. (ii) If at the close of any eighth-monthly period the aggregate amount of undeposited taxes is \$3,000 or more, the employer shall deposit the undeposited taxes with the commissioner within three banking days after the close of the eighth-monthly period. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "eighth-monthly period" means the first three days of a calendar month, the fourth day through the seventh day of a calendar month, the eighth day through the 11th day of a calendar month, the 12th day through the 15th day of a calendar month, the 16th day through the 19th day of a calendar month, the 20th day through the 22nd day of a calendar month, the 23rd day through the 25th day of a calendar month, or the portion of a calendar month following the 25th day of the month.

(c) [OTHER METHODS.] The commissioner may by rule prescribe other return periods or deposit requirements. In prescribing the reporting period, the commissioner may classify employers according to the amount of their tax liability and may adopt an appropriate

reporting period for each class which the commissioner deems to be consistent with efficient tax collection. In no event shall the duration of the reporting period be more than one year.

(2) If less than the correct amount of tax is paid to the commissioner, proper adjustments, with respect to both the tax and the amount to be deducted, shall be made, without interest, in the manner and at the times as the commissioner prescribes. If the underpayment cannot be adjusted, the amount of the underpayment shall be assessed and collected in the manner and at the times as the commissioner prescribes.

(3) If any employer fails to make and file any return required by paragraph (1) at the time prescribed, or makes and files a false or fraudulent return, the commissioner shall make for the employer a return from the commissioner's own knowledge and from information the commissioner obtains through testimony, or otherwise, and assess a tax on the basis of it. The amount of tax shown on it shall be paid to the commissioner at the times as the commissioner prescribes. Any return or assessment made by the commissioner shall be prima facie correct and valid, and the employer shall have the burden of establishing its incorrectness or invalidity in any action or proceeding in respect to it.

(4) The commissioner, in any case, on having reason to believe that the collection of the tax provided for in paragraph (1) of this subdivision, and any added penalties and interest, if any, will be jeopardized by delay, may immediately assess the tax, whether or not the time otherwise prescribed by law for making and filing the return and paying the tax has expired.

(5) Any assessment under this subdivision shall be made by recording the liability of the employer in the office of the commissioner in accordance with rules prescribed by the commissioner. Upon request of the employer, the commissioner shall furnish the employer a copy of the record of assessment.

(6) Any assessment of tax under this subdivision shall be made within  $3\frac{1}{2}$  years after the due date of the return required by paragraph (1), or the date the return was filed, whichever is later. In the case of a false or fraudulent return or failure to file a return, the tax may be assessed at any time. The tax may be assessed within  $6\frac{1}{2}$  years after the due date of the return or the date the return was filed, whichever is later, where the employer omitted withholding tax from the return which is properly includable therein and the omitted withholding tax is in excess of 25 percent of the amount of withholding tax stated on the return.

(7)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this paragraph, every employer who fails to pay to or deposit with the commissioner any sum or sums required by this section to be deducted, withheld and paid,

shall be personally and individually liable to the state for the sum or sums (and any added penalties and interest). Any sum or sums deducted and withheld in accordance with the provisions of subdivision 2a or 3 shall be held to be a special fund in trust for the state of Minnesota.

(b) If the employer, in violation of this section, fails to deduct and withhold the tax under this section, and thereafter the taxes against which the tax may be credited are paid, the tax required to be deducted and withheld shall not be collected from the employer; but this does not relieve the employer from liability for any penalties and interest otherwise applicable for failure to deduct and withhold.

(8) Upon the failure of any employer to pay to or deposit with the commissioner, within the time provided by paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of this subdivision, any tax required to be withheld in accordance with the provisions of subdivision 2a or 3, or if the commissioner has assessed a tax pursuant to paragraph (4), the tax shall become immediately due and payable, and the commissioner may deliver to the attorney general a certified statement of the tax, penalties and interest due from the employer. The statement shall also give the address of the employer owing the tax, the period for which the tax is due, the date of the delinquency, and any other information required by the attorney general. The attorney general shall institute legal action in the name of the state to recover the amount of the tax, penalties, interest and costs. The commissioner's certified statement to the attorney general shall for all purposes and in all courts be prima facie evidence of the facts stated in it and that the amount shown in it is due from the employer named in the statement. If an action is instituted, the court shall, upon application of the attorney general, appoint a receiver of the property and business of the delinquent employer for the purpose of impounding it as security for any judgment which has been or may be recovered. Any action must be brought within five years after the date of assessment of any tax under this subdivision.

(8a) The period of time during which a tax must be assessed or collection proceedings commenced under this subdivision shall be suspended during the period from the date of filing of a petition in bankruptcy until 30 days after the commissioner of revenue receives notice that the bankruptcy proceedings have been closed or dismissed or the automatic stay has been terminated or has expired.

The suspension of the statute of limitations under this subdivision shall apply to the person against whom the petition in bankruptcy is filed and all other persons who may also be wholly or partially liable for the tax under this chapter.

(9) Either party to an action for the recovery of any tax, interest or penalties under this subdivision may appeal the judgment as in other civil cases.

(10) No suit shall lie to enjoin the assessment or collection of any tax imposed by this section, or the interest and penalties added to it.

Sec. 110. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.92, subdivision 15, is amended to read:

Subd. 15. [PENALTIES.] (1) In the case of any failure to withhold a tax on wages, make and file quarterly returns or make payments to or deposits with the commissioner of amounts withheld, as required by this section, within the time prescribed by law, there shall be added to the tax a penalty equal to ten percent of the amount of tax that should have been properly withheld and paid over to or deposited with the commissioner if the failure is for not more than 30 days with an additional five percent for each additional 30 days or fraction thereof during which the failure continues, not exceeding 25 percent in the aggregate. The amount of the tax together with this amount shall bear interest at the rate specified in section 270.75 from the time the tax should have been paid until paid. The amount added to the tax shall be collected at the same time and in the same manner and as a part of the tax unless the tax has been paid before the discovery of the negligence, in which case the amount added shall be collected in the same manner as the tax.

(2) If any employer required to withhold a tax on wages, make deposits, make and file quarterly returns and make payments to the commissioner of amounts withheld, as required by sections 290.92 to 290.97, willfully fails to withhold the tax or make the deposits, files a false or fraudulent return, willfully fails to make the payment or deposit, or willfully attempts in any manner to evade or defeat the tax or the payment or deposit of it, there shall also be imposed on the employer as a penalty an amount equal to 50 percent of the amount of tax, less any amount paid or deposited by the employer on the basis of the false or fraudulent return or deposit, that should have been properly withheld and paid over or deposited with the commissioner. The amount of the tax together with this amount shall bear interest at the rate specified in section 270.75 from the time the tax should have been paid until paid. The penalty imposed by this paragraph shall be collected as a part of the tax, and shall be in addition to any other penalties civil and criminal, prescribed by this subdivision.

(3) If any person required under the provisions of subdivision 7 to furnish a statement to an employee or payee and a duplicate statement to the commissioner, or to furnish a reconciliation of the statements, and quarterly returns, to the commissioner, willfully furnishes a false or fraudulent statement to an employee or payee or a false or fraudulent duplicate statement or reconciliation of statements, and quarterly returns, to the commissioner, or willfully fails to furnish a statement or the reconciliation in the manner, at the time, and showing the information required by the provisions of subdivision 7, or rules prescribed by the commissioner thereunder,

there shall be imposed on the person a penalty of \$50 for each act or failure to act, but the total amount imposed on the delinquent person for all such failures during any calendar year shall not exceed \$25,000. The penalty imposed by this paragraph is due and payable within ten days after the mailing of a written demand therefor, and may be collected in the manner prescribed in subdivision 6, paragraph (8).

(4) In addition to any other penalties prescribed, any person required to withhold a tax on wages, file quarterly returns, and make payments or deposits to the commissioner of amounts withheld, as required by this section, who attempts to evade the tax by (i) willfully failing to withhold the tax, file the return, or make the payment or deposit, or (ii) willfully preparing or filing a false return, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor unless the tax involved exceeds \$300, in which event the person is guilty of a felony.

(5) In lieu of any other penalty provided by law, except the penalty provided by paragraph (3), any person required under the provisions of subdivision 7 to furnish a statement of wages to an employee and a duplicate statement to the commissioner, who willfully furnishes a false or fraudulent statement of wages to an employee or a false or fraudulent duplicate statement of wages to the commissioner, or who willfully fails to furnish a statement in the manner, at the time, and showing the information required by the provisions of subdivision 7, or rules prescribed by the commissioner thereunder, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

(6) Any employee required to supply information to an employer under the provisions of subdivision 5, who willfully fails to supply information or willfully supplies false or fraudulent information thereunder which would require an increase in the tax to be deducted and withheld under subdivision 2a or 3, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

(7) The term "person," as used in this section, includes an officer or employee of a corporation, or a member or employee of a partnership, who as an officer, employee, or member is under a duty to perform the act in respect of which the violation occurs.

(8) All payments received may, in the discretion of the commissioner of revenue, be credited first to the oldest liability not secured by a judgment or lien, but in all cases shall be credited first to penalties, next to interest, and then to the tax due.

(9) In addition to any other penalty provided by law, any employee who furnishes a withholding exemption certificate or a residency affidavit to an employer which the employee has reason to know contains a materially incorrect statement is liable to the commissioner of revenue for a penalty of \$500 for each instance. The penalty

is immediately due and payable and may be collected in the same manner as any delinquent income tax.

(10) In addition to any other penalty provided by law, any employer who fails to submit a copy of a withholding exemption certificate or a residency affidavit required by subdivision 5a, clause (1)(a), (1)(b), or (2) is liable to the commissioner of revenue for a penalty of \$50 for each instance. The penalty is immediately due and payable and may be collected in the manner provided in subdivision 6, paragraph (8).

(11) Any person who willfully aids or assists in, or procures, counsels, or advises the preparation or presentation under, or in connection with any matter arising under this section, of a return, affidavit, claim, or other document, which is fraudulent or false as to any material matter, whether or not the falsity or fraud is with the knowledge or consent of the person authorized or required to present the return, affidavit, claim, or document, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor, unless the tax involved exceeds \$300, in which event the actor is guilty of a felony.

(12) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 628.26, or any other provision of the criminal laws of this state, an indictment may be found and filed, upon any criminal offense specified in this subdivision, in the proper court within six years after the commission of the offense.

Sec. 111. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.93, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. [UNDERPAYMENT OF ESTIMATED TAX.] (1) In the case of any underpayment of estimated tax by an individual, except as provided in paragraph (5) or (6), there must be added to and become a part of the taxes imposed by this chapter, for the taxable year an amount determined at the rate specified in section 270.75 upon the amount of the underpayment for the period of the underpayment.

(2) For purposes of the preceding paragraph, the amount of underpayment shall be the excess of

(a) the amount of the installment required to be paid over

(b) the amount, if any, of the installment paid on or before the last day prescribed for such payment.

(3) The period of the underpayment shall run from the date the installment was required to be paid to whichever of the following dates is the earlier

(a) The 15th day of the fourth month following the close of the taxable year.

(b) With respect to any portion of the underpayment, the date on which such portion is paid. For purposes of this subparagraph, a payment of estimated tax on any installment date shall be considered a payment of any unpaid required installments in the order in which the installments are required to be paid.

(4) The amount of any installment required to be paid shall be 25 percent of the required annual payment except as provided in paragraph (c). The term "required annual payment" means the lesser of

(a) ~~80~~ 90 percent (~~66~~ $\frac{2}{3}$  percent in the case of farmers referred to in subdivision 5, paragraph (2)), of the tax shown on the return for the taxable year or ~~80~~ 90 percent (~~66~~ $\frac{2}{3}$  percent in the case of farmers referred to above) of the tax for the year if no return is filed, or

(b) The total tax liability shown on the return of the individual for the preceding taxable year (if a return showing a liability for such taxes was filed by the individual for the preceding taxable year of 12 months), or

(c) An amount equal to the applicable percentage of the tax for the taxable year (~~after deducting personal credits~~) computed by placing on an annualized basis the taxable income and alternative minimum taxable income for the months in the taxable year ending before the month in which the installment is required to be paid. The applicable percentage of the tax is ~~20~~ 22.5 percent in the case of the first installment, ~~40~~ 45 percent for the second installment, ~~60~~ 67.5 percent for the third installment, and ~~80~~ 90 percent for the fourth installment. For purposes of this subparagraph, the taxable income and alternative minimum taxable income shall be placed on an annualized basis by

(i) Multiplying by 12 (or in the case of a taxable year of less than 12 months, the number of months in the taxable year) the taxable income and alternative minimum taxable income computed for the months in the taxable year ending before the month in which the installment is required to be paid.

(ii) Dividing the resulting amount by the number of months in the taxable year ending before the month in which such installment date falls.

(5) No addition to the tax shall be imposed under this subdivision for any taxable year if:

(a) the individual did not have any liability for tax for the preceding taxable year,

(b) the preceding taxable year was a taxable year of 12 months, and

(c) the individual was a resident of Minnesota throughout the preceding taxable year.

(6) No addition to the tax shall be imposed under this subdivision with respect to any underpayment to the extent the commissioner determines that the provisions of section 6654(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1985, apply.

(7) For the purposes of applying this subdivision, the estimated tax shall be computed without any reduction for the amount which the individual estimates as the individual's credit under section 290.92, subdivision 12 (relating to tax withheld at source on wages), and any other refundable credits which are allowed against income tax liability, and the amount of such credits for the taxable year shall be deemed a payment of estimated tax, and an equal part of such amounts shall be deemed paid on each installment date (determined under subdivisions 6 and 7) for such taxable year, unless the taxpayer establishes the dates on which all amounts were actually withheld, in which case the amounts so withheld shall be deemed payments of estimated tax on the dates on which such amounts were actually withheld.

Sec. 112. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.934, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [AMOUNT OF UNDERPAYMENT.] For purposes of subdivision 1, the amount of the underpayment shall be the excess of

(1) the amount of the installment tax shown on the return for the tax year or, if no return is filed, the tax for the tax year, over

(2) the amount, if any, of the installment paid on or before the last date prescribed for payment.

Sec. 113. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.9725, is amended to read:

290.9725 [ELECTION BY SMALL BUSINESS CORPORATION.]

Any corporation having a valid election in effect under section 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as amended through December 31, 1985 1986, shall not be subject to the taxes



imposed by this chapter, except the tax imposed under section 290.92:

(1) the corporation is subject to the tax imposed under section 290.92; and

(2) the corporation is subject to the tax imposed under section 290.02 in any tax period in which it recognizes income for federal income tax purposes under Internal Revenue Code, Section 1363(d), 1374, or 1375; the total amount of income recognized is the federal taxable income for the corporation within the meaning of section 290.01, subdivision 19; the provisions of sections 290.01, subdivisions 19a to 19f, and 290.17 to 290.20, must be employed to determine the taxable net income of the corporation; and the taxable net income of the corporation is its taxable income, except that any net operating loss carryforward that arose in a year when there was no election in effect under Section 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code is allowed as a deduction.

Sec. 114. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.9726, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [GENERAL RULE.] The gross income of the shareholders of corporations described in section 290.9725 shall be computed under the provisions of section 290.01, subdivisions subdivision 20 to 20f.

Sec. 115. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.9726, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [CHARACTER OF ITEMS DISTRIBUTED OR CONSIDERED DISTRIBUTED.] The character of any item of income, gain, loss, or deduction included in shareholder's income, for the period of time that the shareholder is not a resident of Minnesota, shall be assignable as provided in section 290.17, subdivision 2, determined as if the item were realized directly from the source from which it was realized by the corporation or incurred in the same manner as incurred by the corporation.

Sec. 116. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.9726, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [TREATMENT OF FAMILY GROUPS.] Any amount of taxable income apportioned or allocated to a shareholder may be apportioned reapportioned or allocated by the commissioner between or among shareholders of the corporation who are members of the shareholder's family, as defined in section 290.10, clause (6) reallocated under the provisions of section 1366(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, if the commissioner determines that the apportionment or allocation

is it necessary in order to correctly reflect the value of services rendered to the corporation by the shareholders.

Sec. 117. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.974, is amended to read:

290.974 [RETURN OF S CORPORATION.]

Every S corporation shall make a return for each taxable year during which said election is in effect stating specifically the names and addresses of all persons owning stock in the corporation at any time during the taxable year, the number of shares of stock owned by each shareholder at all times during the taxable year, each shareholder's pro rata share of each item of the corporation for the taxable year, and such other information for the purposes of carrying out the provisions of sections 290.01, subdivisions 20 19 to 20f 19b and 290.9725 as the commissioner may by forms and rules prescribe.

Sec. 118. [290.9741] [ELECTION BY REMIC.]

An entity having a valid election as a Real Estate Mortgage Investment Conduit (REMIC) in effect under section 860D(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, shall not be subject to the taxes imposed by this chapter except the tax imposed under section 290.92.

Sec. 119. [290.9742] [REMIC INCOME TAXABLE TO HOLDERS OF INTERESTS.]

The income of a REMIC is taxable to the holders of interests in the REMIC as provided in sections 860A to 860G of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986. The income of the holders must be computed under the provisions of this chapter.

Sec. 120. [ESTIMATED TAXES, EXCEPTION.]

Subdivision 1. [CORPORATE MINIMUM TAX.] For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986, but before January 1, 1988, the commissioner of revenue may not assess any penalties, interest, or additions to tax that are the result of the taxpayer's failure to make sufficient estimated tax payments due to the alternative minimum tax imposed by section 290.092. This exception shall apply only to the extent that the corporation's liability for the alternative minimum tax increases the corporation's liability under the franchise tax imposed by section 290.02.

Subd. 2. [CORPORATE INCOME DEFINITION.] No addition to tax, penalties or interest may be made under Minnesota Statutes, section 290.53 or 290.934 for any period before December 15, 1987,

with respect to an underpayment of estimated tax, to the extent the underpayment was created or increased by the enactment of changes in the definition of taxable income enacted as part of the Tax Reform Act of 1986, Public Law Number 99-514, and adopted by reference to federal law.

Subd. 3. [INDIVIDUAL SUBTRACTIONS ELIMINATED.] No addition to tax, penalties, or interest may be made under Minnesota Statutes, section 290.53 or 290.93, for any period before January 15, 1988, with respect to an underpayment of estimated tax, to the extent that the underpayment was created or increased by elimination of the subtractions for pension income, military pay, or unemployment compensation.

Sec. 121. [LUMP SUM DISTRIBUTIONS.]

If an individual elects to treat a lump sum distribution received after December 31, 1986, and before March 16, 1987, as if it were received in taxable year 1986 under section 1124 of the Tax Reform Act of 1986, Public Law Number 99-514, the individual shall treat the distribution as if it were received in taxable year 1986 for purposes of the lump sum distribution tax imposed under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.032.

Sec. 122. [ALTERNATIVE MINIMUM TAX.]

In taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 1988, for purposes of the tax imposed by Minnesota Statutes, section 290.091, section 13208(a), of the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985, Public Law Number 99-272, shall be effective at the same time that it became effective for federal income tax purposes. The time limit for filing a claim or an amended return for the year 1982 shall be the same as the time provided under section 1896 of the Tax Reform Act of 1986, Public Law Number 99-514, for the filing of a similar claim or amended return for federal purposes.

Sec. 123. [MINISTERS; MILITARY PERSONNEL.]

Mortgage interest and property taxes paid by a minister or by military personnel allocable to a parsonage allowance or an off base military allowance are deductible for all taxable years to the extent allowed by section 144 of the Tax Reform Act of 1986, Public Law Number 99-514.

Sec. 124. [DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE STUDY.]

The department of revenue shall study application of the income tax allocation and apportionment rules with respect to income from highly technologically related agricultural production. The depart-

ment must consider whether the following types of income are income from the operation of a farm:

(1) income of a taxpayer from an operation classified by the United States Department of Commerce Standard Industrial Classification as industrial, manufacturing, or distribution;

(2) income attributable to activities that occur prior to the commencement of the biological process creating the product or other value or after the biological process terminates;

(3) income attributable to testing; research; genetic or biological selection; genetic engineering; creation or licensing of patents, copyrights, trademarks, or other intellectual property; processing, packaging, grading, promotion, or distribution of products or value attributable thereto;

(4) income from any activity, which, if performed by another person not otherwise engaged in farming, would not in itself be farming; or

(5) income derived from the sale, exchange, or distribution of living livestock and poultry purchased or leased by the taxpayer.

The study shall also consider how income should be apportioned between farm and nonfarm activities, particularly if:

(i) one or more activities or businesses of the taxpayer is wholly separate and unrelated to the taxpayer's farm income; or

(ii) a small proportion of the taxpayer's income is income from the operation of a farm.

In conducting the study the department shall solicit advice and comments from persons outside state government.

The department of revenue shall report to the committee on taxes and tax laws in the senate and the tax committee of the house of representatives by January 1, 1988. The report must summarize the scope and methodology of the study, the conclusions reached, and recommendations for legislation, if any.

#### Sec. 125. [PURPOSE.]

It is the intent of the legislature to simplify Minnesota's income tax. In order to simplify, many complicating provisions are repealed by this article and the revenue is used to fund income tax relief. It is the clear intent of the legislature to eliminate all carryovers and basis adjustments of these complicating provisions and conform with federal tax law as quickly as possible.

Sec. 126. [INSTRUCTION TO REVISOR.]

In the next edition of Minnesota Statutes, the revisor of statutes shall substitute the phrase "Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986" for the words "Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, through December 31, 1985" wherever that phrase occurs in chapter 290, except in section 290.01, subdivisions 19(e) and 20, and in chapter 291.

Sec. 127. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 290.01, subdivisions 20a, 20b, 20d, 20f, 21, and 24; 290.013; 290.06, subdivisions 3f, 3g, and 11; 290.069, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, and 7; 290.07, subdivision 5; 290.071; 290.073; 290.075; 290.077, subdivision 3; 290.079; 290.08; 290.085; 290.088; 290.089; 290.09; 290.095, subdivisions 8 and 10; 290.12, subdivision 4; 290.13; 290.139; 290.15; 290.16; 290.165; 290.17, subdivision 1a; 290.175; 290.18; 290.19; 290.21, subdivisions 5 and 6; 290.26, subdivision 2; 290.361; and 290.9726, subdivisions 3, 5, and 6, are repealed.

Sec. 128. [REPEAL OF RULES.]

The following parts of Minnesota Rules are repealed: 8001.0500; 8001.0600; 8001.0700; 8002.0100; 8006.0100; 8006.0200; 8007.0100; 8007.0400 to 8007.4000; 8008.0100 to 8008.0500; 8009.0100 to 8009.2700; 8009.4000 to 8009.6500; 8009.7000; 8010.0100 to 8010.0400; 8011.0100 to 8011.1000; 8014.1000 to 8014.2000; 8017.0100; 8017.2000; 8017.3000; 8023.0100 to 8023.0400; 8031.0200; 8031.0400; 8043.0100; 8093.0200, subpart 4; and 8099.0100 to 8099.0400.

Sec. 129. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Section 16 is effective the day following final enactment. Section 18 is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986, except as otherwise provided in clauses (i) to (v) of that section. Section 58 is effective for losses incurred in taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986. Sections 64 to 72 are effective when the corresponding provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 are effective. Section 87, paragraph (b) and the provisions in paragraph (c) relating to divestment of a corporation from a unitary group and section 97 are effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1985. The remainder of section 87 is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986. Sections 98 and 99 are effective for taxable years ending after the date of final enactment. Section 104 is effective for final determinations made after the day after enactment of this act. Sections 105 to 110 are effective the day after final enactment. The repeal of Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.16, subdivision 4, in section 127, is effective for sales or exchanges occurring after December 31, 1986. The remainder of this

article is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986.

## ARTICLE 2

### INSURANCE TAXES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.15, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. ~~[DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN COMPANIES OTHER THAN TOWN AND FARMERS' MUTUAL AND DOMESTIC MUTUALS OTHER THAN LIFE.]~~ On or before April 15, June 15, and December 15 of each year, every domestic and foreign company, ~~except including town and farmers' mutual insurance companies and domestic mutual insurance companies other than life,~~ shall pay to the commissioner of revenue installments equal to one-third of the insurer's total estimated tax for the current year based on a sum equal to two percent of the gross premiums less return premiums on all direct business received by it in this state, or by its agents for it, in cash or otherwise, during such year, excepting premiums written for marine insurance as specified in subdivision 6. Failure of a company to make payments of at least one-third of either (a) the total tax paid during the previous calendar year or (b) 80 percent of the actual tax for the current calendar year shall subject the company to the penalty and interest provided in this subdivision section.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.199, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. ~~[EXAMINATION OF BOOKS AND RECORDS.]~~ If the commissioner considers it necessary, the commissioner may examine the books and records of a surplus lines licensee to determine whether the licensee is conducting business in accordance with sections 60A.195 to 60A.209. For the purposes of facilitating examinations, the licensee shall allow the commissioner free access at reasonable times to all of the licensee's books and records relating to the transactions to which sections 60A.195 to 60A.209 apply. If an examination is conducted, the cost of the examination shall be paid by the ~~insurer~~ surplus line agent or agency.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.199, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. ~~[EXAMINATION OF RETURNS; ASSESSMENT; REFUNDS.]~~ The commissioner of revenue shall, as soon as practicable after a return required by section 60A.198 is filed, examine it and make any investigation or examination of the ~~company's~~ licensee's

records and accounts that the commissioner deems necessary for determining the correctness of the return. The tax computed by the commissioner on the basis of the examination and investigation is the tax to be paid by the company licensee. If the tax found due is greater than the amount reported due on the company's licensee's return, the commissioner shall assess a tax in the amount of the excess and the whole amount of the excess shall be paid to the commissioner within 60 days after notice of the amount and demand for its payment is mailed to the company licensee by the commissioner. If the understatement of the tax on the return was false and fraudulent with intent to evade the tax, the installments of the tax shown by the company on its return which are not paid shall be paid to the state treasurer within 60 days after notice of the amount thereof and demand for payment is mailed to the company by the commissioner. If the amount of the tax found due by the commissioner is less than that reported due on the company's licensee's return, the excess shall be refunded to the company licensee in the manner provided by this section, except that no demand therefor is necessary, if the whole of the tax has been paid or credited against any unpaid installment thereof. No refund shall be made except as provided in this section after the expiration of 3½ years after the filing of the return.

If the commissioner examines returns of a company licensee for more than one year, the commissioner may issue one order covering the several years under consideration reflecting the aggregate refund or additional tax due.

The notices and demands provided for by this section shall be in the form the commissioner determines, including a statement, and shall contain a brief explanation of the computation of the tax and shall be sent by mail to the company licensee at the address given in its on the return. If the address is not given, then they will be sent to the last known address.

At the request of the commissioner of revenue, the commissioner of commerce may examine and investigate the returns under section 60A.198 that the commissioner of revenue designates. The commissioner of commerce shall report to the commissioner of revenue the results of the examination in the manner required by the commissioner of revenue.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.199, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [FAILURE TO FILE; FALSE OR FRAUDULENT RETURN.] If any company licensee required by section 60A.198 to file any return fails to do so within the time prescribed or makes, willfully or otherwise, an incorrect, false, or fraudulent return, it the licensee must, on the written demand of the commissioner of revenue, file the return, or corrected return, within 60 days after the

mailing of the written demand and at the same time pay the whole tax, or additional tax, due on the basis thereof. If the company licensee fails within that time to file the return, or corrected return, the commissioner shall make for it a return, or corrected return, from personal knowledge and from the information obtainable through testimony, or otherwise, and assess a tax on the basis thereof. The tax assessed, less any payments theretofore made on account of the tax for the taxable year covered by the return, must be paid within 60 days after the commissioner has mailed to the company licensee a written notice of the amount thereof and demand for its payment. Any return or assessment made by the commissioner on account of the failure of the company licensee to make a return, or a corrected return, is prima facie correct and valid, and the company licensee has the burden of establishing its incorrectness or invalidity in any action or proceeding in respect thereto.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.199, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [INTENT TO EVADE TAX; PENALTY.] If any company licensee with intent to evade the tax imposed by this chapter, fails to file any return required by this chapter or with such intent files a false or fraudulent return there shall also be imposed on it a penalty as provided in section 290.53, subdivision 3.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.199, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [COLLECTION OF TAX.] The tax required to be paid by section 60A.198 may be collected in any ordinary action at law by the commissioner of revenue against the company licensee. In any action commenced pursuant to this section, upon the filing of an affidavit of default, the court administrator of the district court wherein the action was commenced shall enter judgment for the state for the amount demanded in the complaint together with costs and disbursements.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.199, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [REFUND PROCEDURE; TIME LIMIT; APPROPRIATION.] A company licensee which has paid, voluntarily or otherwise, or from which there was collected an amount of tax for any year in excess of the amount legally due for that year, may file with the commissioner of revenue a claim for a refund of the excess. Except as provided in subdivision 3, no claim or refund shall be allowed or made after 3½ years from the date prescribed for filing the return (plus any extension of time granted for filing the return but only if filed within the extended time) or after two years from the date of overpayment, whichever period is longer, unless before the expiration of the period a claim is filed by the company licensee. For



this purpose, a return or amended return claiming an overpayment constitutes a claim for refund.

Upon the filing of a claim the commissioner shall examine ~~the same it~~, shall make ~~and~~ file written findings thereon denying or allowing the claim in whole or in part, and shall mail a notice thereof to the ~~company~~ licensee at the address stated upon the return. If the claim is allowed in whole or in part, the commissioner shall issue a certificate for a refund of the excess paid by the ~~company~~ licensee, with interest at the rate specified in section 270.76 computed from the date of the payment of the tax until the date the refund is paid or credit is made to the ~~company~~ licensee. The commissioner of finance shall cause the refund to be paid as other state moneys are expended. So much of the proceeds of the taxes as is necessary are appropriated for that purpose.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.199, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. [DENIAL OF CLAIM; COURT PROCEEDINGS.] If the claim is denied in whole or in part, the commissioner shall mail an order of denial to the ~~company~~ licensee in the manner prescribed in this section. An appeal from this order may be taken to the Minnesota tax court in the manner prescribed in section 271.06, or the ~~company~~ licensee may commence an action against the commissioner to recover the denied overpayment. The action may be brought in the district court of the district in which lies the county of its principal place of business, or in the district court for Ramsey county. The action in the district court shall be commenced within 18 months following the mailing of the order of denial to the ~~company~~ licensee. If a claim for refund is filed by a ~~company~~ licensee and no order of denial is issued within six months of the filing, the ~~company~~ licensee may commence an action in the district court as in the case of a denial, but the action must be commenced within two years of the date that the claim for refund was filed.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.199, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. [CONSENT TO EXTEND TIME.] If the commissioner and the ~~company~~ licensee have, within the periods prescribed in ~~subdivision 1~~ by this section, consented in writing to any extension of time for the assessment of the tax, the period within which a claim for refund may be filed, or a refund may be made or allowed, if no claim is filed, is the period within which the commissioner and the ~~company~~ licensee have consented to an extension for the assessment of the tax and six months thereafter, the period within which a claim for refund may be filed shall not expire prior to two years after the tax was paid.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.199, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. [OVERPAYMENT; REFUNDS.] If the amount determined to be an overpayment exceeds the taxes imposed by section 60A.198, the amount of excess shall be considered an overpayment. An amount paid as tax shall constitute an overpayment even if in fact there was no tax liability with respect to which the amount was paid.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, in the case of any overpayment the commissioner, within the applicable period of limitations, shall refund any balance of more than \$1 to the company \$10 if the company licensee so requests.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.209, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [AUTHORIZATION; REGULATION.] A resident of this state may obtain insurance from an ineligible surplus lines insurer in this state through a surplus lines licensee. The licensee shall first attempt to place the insurance with a licensed insurer, or if that is not possible, with an eligible surplus lines insurer. If coverage is not obtainable from a licensed insurer or an eligible surplus lines insurer, the licensee shall certify to the commissioner, on a form prescribed by the commissioner, that these attempts were made. Upon obtaining coverage from an ineligible surplus lines insurer, the licensee shall:

(a) Have printed, typed, or stamped in red ink upon the face of the policy in not less than 10 point type the following notice: "THIS INSURANCE IS ISSUED PURSUANT TO THE MINNESOTA SURPLUS LINES INSURANCE ACT. THIS INSURANCE IS PLACED WITH AN INSURER THAT IS NOT LICENSED BY THE STATE NOR RECOGNIZED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF COMMERCE AS AN ELIGIBLE SURPLUS LINES INSURER. IN CASE OF ANY DISPUTE RELATIVE TO THE TERMS OR CONDITIONS OF THE POLICY OR THE PRACTICES OF THE INSURER, THE COMMISSIONER OF COMMERCE WILL NOT BE ABLE TO ASSIST IN THE DISPUTE. IN CASE OF INSOLVENCY, PAYMENT OF CLAIMS IS NOT GUARANTEED." The notice may not be covered or concealed in any manner; and

(b) Collect from the insured appropriate premium taxes and report the transaction to the commissioner of revenue on a form prescribed by the commissioner. If the insured fails to pay the taxes when due, the insured shall be subject to a civil fine of not more than \$3,000, plus accrued interest from the inception of the insurance.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.209, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [DUTY TO REPORT.] Each insured in this state who procures, causes to be procured, or continues or renews insurance with an ineligible surplus lines insurer or any self-insurer in this state who procures or continues excess of loss, catastrophe, or other insurance upon a subject of insurance resident, located, or to be performed within this state, other than insurance procured pursuant to section 60A.201 or subdivision 1 of this section shall file a written report regarding the insurance with the commissioner of revenue on forms prescribed by the commissioner of revenue and furnished to the insured upon request. The report shall be filed within 30 days after the date the insurance was procured, continued, or renewed and shall be accompanied by the tax on the premiums of two percent. The report shall show all of the following:

- (a) The name and address of the insured;
- (b) The name and address of the insurer;
- (c) The subject of the insurance;
- (d) A general description of the coverage;
- (e) The amount of premium currently charged for the insurance; and
- (f) Any additional pertinent information reasonably requested by the commissioner of revenue.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60C.06, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. [SURCHARGE.] (a) The plan of operation adopted pursuant to section 60C.07 must require each member insurer to recoup over a reasonable length of time a sum reasonably calculated to recoup the assessments paid by the member insurer under this article by way of a surcharge on premiums charged for insurance policies to which this chapter applies.

(b) The amount of any surcharge must be separately stated on either a billing or policy declaration sent to an insured. The association shall determine the rate of the surcharge and the collection period for each category and these are mandatory for all member insurers of the association who write business in those categories. The amount of the surcharge determined under this section is included in the insurance company's premiums for purposes of the gross premiums tax imposed under section 60A.15.

(c) The plan of operation may permit a member insurer to omit collection of the surcharge from its insured when the expense of collecting the surcharge would exceed the amount of the surcharge.

However, nothing in this section shall relieve the member insurer of its obligation to recoup the amount of the surcharge otherwise collectible.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 61B.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [SCOPE.] Sections 61B.01 to 61B.16 apply to direct life insurance policies, health insurance policies including subscriber contracts issued by a nonprofit health service plan corporation operating under chapter 62C, annuity contracts, and contracts supplemental to life and health insurance policies or annuity contracts, issued by persons authorized at any time to transact insurance or business as a nonprofit health service plan corporation operating under chapter 62C in this state. Sections 61B.01 to 61B.16 do not apply to:

(a) any policy or contract or part thereof under which the risk is borne by the policyholder;

(b) any policy or contract or part thereof assumed by an impaired insurer under a contract of reinsurance other than reinsurance for which assumption certificates have been issued;

(c) any policy or contract issued by an assessment benefit association operating under chapter 63, or a fraternal benefit society operating under chapter 64B;

(d) any subscriber contract issued by a nonprofit health service plan corporation operating under chapter 62C; or

(e) (d) any health insurance policies issued by a person other than a person authorized to write life insurance in this state or other than a person whose corporate charter would permit the writing of life insurance but who is authorized to write only health insurance in this state.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 61B.03, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. "Health insurance" means accident and health insurance regulated under chapter 62A and credit accident and health insurance regulated under chapter 62B and subscriber contracts issued by a nonprofit health service plan corporation operating under chapter 62C.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 61B.03, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. "Member insurer" means any person authorized to transact in this state any kind of insurance or business to which sections 61B.01 to 61B.16 apply under section 61B.02.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62E.02, subdivision 23, is amended to read:

Subd. 23. "Contributing member" means those companies operating pursuant to chapter 62A, ~~paying premium taxes pursuant to section 60A.15,~~ and offering, selling, issuing, or renewing policies or contracts of accident and health insurance or health maintenance organizations and nonprofit health service plan corporations incorporated under chapter 62C or fraternal benefit society operating under chapter 64.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 67A.11, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [ANNUAL STATEMENT.] (a) On or before March first, following the end of each fiscal year, the president and the secretary shall file with the commissioner a verified statement of the entire business and condition of the company, which statement shall contain such data and information in reference to the business of the preceding fiscal year as shall be required by the commissioner.

(b) On or before March 1 of each year, the president and secretary shall also file with the commissioner of revenue a copy of the verified statement required by paragraph (a). Failure to file the statement on or before March 1 will subject the company to a penalty of \$10 a day up to a maximum of \$100.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 69.011, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] Unless the language or context clearly indicates that a different meaning is intended, the following words and terms shall for the purposes of this chapter and chapters 423, 423A, 424 and 424A have the meanings ascribed to them:

(a) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of revenue.

(b) "Municipality" means any home rule charter or statutory city, organized town or park district subject to chapter 398, and the University of Minnesota.

(c) "Minnesota Firetown Premium Report" means a form prescribed by the commissioner containing space for reporting by insurers of fire, lightning, sprinkler leakage and extended coverage premiums received upon risks located or to be performed in this state less return premiums and dividends.

(d) "Firetown" means the area serviced by any municipality having a qualified fire department or a qualified incorporated fire department having a subsidiary volunteer firefighters' relief association.

(e) "Assessed property valuation" means latest available assessed value of all property in a taxing jurisdiction, whether the property is subject to taxation, or exempt from ad valorem taxation obtained from information which appears on abstracts filed with the commissioner of revenue or equalized by the state board of equalization.

(f) "Minnesota Aid to Police Premium Report" means a form prescribed by the commissioner for reporting by each fire and casualty insurer of all premiums received upon direct business received by it in this state, or by its agents for it, in cash or otherwise, during the preceding calendar year, with reference to insurance written for insuring against the perils contained in auto liability ~~bodily injury, auto liability property damage, and auto physical damage~~ insurance coverages as reported in the Minnesota business schedule of the fire and casualty insurance companies annual financial statement which each insurer is required to file with the commissioner in accordance with the governing laws or rules less return premiums and dividends.

(g) "Peace officer" means any person:

(1) whose primary source of income derived from wages is from direct employment by a municipality or county as a law enforcement officer on a full-time basis of not less than 30 hours per week;

(2) who has been employed for a minimum of six months prior to December 31 preceding the date of the current year's certification pursuant to subdivision 2, clause (b);

(3) who is sworn to enforce the general criminal laws of the state and local ordinances;

(4) who is licensed by the peace officers standards and training board and is authorized to arrest with a warrant; and

(5) who is a member of a local police relief association to which section 69.77 applies or the public employees police and fire fund.

(h) "Full-time equivalent number of peace officers providing contract service" means the integral or fractional number of peace officers which would be necessary to provide the contract service if all peace officers providing service were employed on a full-time basis as defined by the employing unit and the municipality receiving the contract service.

(i) "Retirement benefits other than a service pension" means any disbursement authorized pursuant to section 424A.05, subdivision 3, clauses (2), (3) and (4).

(j) "Municipal clerk, municipal clerk-treasurer or county auditor" means the person who was elected or appointed to the specified position or, in the absence of the person, another person who is designated by the applicable governing body. In a park district the clerk is the secretary of the board of park district commissioners. In the case of the University of Minnesota, the clerk is that official designated by the board of regents.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 69.011, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [QUALIFICATION FOR FIRE OR POLICE STATE AID.]

(a) In order to qualify to receive fire state aid, on or before July 1, annually, in conjunction with the financial report required pursuant to section 69.051, the clerk of each municipality having a duly organized fire department as provided in subdivision 4, or the secretary of each independent nonprofit firefighting corporation having a subsidiary incorporated firefighters' relief association whichever is applicable, and the ~~secretary and the treasurer of the firefighters' relief association~~ fire chief, shall jointly certify the existence of the municipal fire department or of the independent nonprofit firefighting corporation, whichever is applicable, which meets the minimum qualification requirements set forth in this subdivision, and the fire personnel and equipment of the municipal fire department or the independent nonprofit firefighting corporation as of the preceding December 31. Certification shall be made to the commissioner on a form prescribed by the commissioner and shall include any other facts the commissioner may require. The certification shall be made to the commissioner in duplicate. Each copy of the certificate shall be duly executed and deemed an original. The commissioner shall forward one copy to the auditor of the county wherein the fire department is located and retain one copy.

(b) On or before July 1 annually, the clerk of each municipality having a duly organized police department and having a duly incorporated relief association shall certify that fact to the county auditor of the county where the police department is located and to the commissioner on a form prescribed by the commissioner together with the other facts the commissioner or auditor may require.

On or before July 1 annually, the clerk of each municipality and the auditor of each county employing one or more peace officers as defined in subdivision 1, clause (h), shall certify the number of such peace officers to the commissioner on forms prescribed by the commissioner. Credit for officers employed less than a full year shall be apportioned. Each full month of employment of a qualifying officer during the calendar year shall entitle the employing munic-

ipality or county to credit for 1/12 of the payment for employment of a peace officer for the entire year. For purposes of sections 69.011 to 69.051, employment of a peace officer shall commence when the peace officer is entered on the payroll of the respective municipal police department or county sheriff's department. No peace officer shall be included in the certification of the number of peace officers by more than one municipality or county for the same month.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 69.021, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [MINNESOTA FIRETOWN PREMIUM REPORT AND MINNESOTA AID TO POLICE PREMIUM REPORT.] The commissioner of ~~revenue~~ shall, at the time of mailing ~~annual statement~~ and tax forms, send blank copies of the Minnesota Firetown Premium Report and when applicable the Minnesota Aid to Police Premium Report to each insurer, including township and farmers mutual insurance companies licensed to write insurance as described in section 69.011, subdivision 1, clauses (c) and (f) in this state. These reports shall contain space for the insurers name, address, gross premiums less return premiums, dividends, net premiums, certification and other facts the commissioner may require.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 69.021, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [REPORT OF PREMIUMS.] Each insurer, including township and farmers mutual insurers where applicable, shall return to the commissioner of ~~commerce~~ with its annual financial statement the reports described in subdivision 1 certified by its secretary and president or chief financial officer. The Minnesota Firetown Premium Report shall contain a true and accurate statement of the total premium for all gross direct fire, lightning, and sprinkler leakage insurance of all domestic mutual insurers and the total premiums for all gross direct fire, lightning, sprinkler leakage and extended coverage insurance of all other insurers, less return premiums and dividends received by them on that business written or done during the preceding calendar year upon property located within the state or brought into the state for temporary use. The fire and extended coverage portion of multiperil and multiple peril package premiums and all other combination premiums shall be determined by applying percentages determined by the commissioner of ~~commerce~~ or by rating bureaus recognized by the commissioner of ~~commerce~~. The Minnesota Aid to Police Premium Report shall contain a true and accurate statement of the total premiums, less return premiums and dividends received, on all direct business received by such insurer in this state, or by its agents for it, in cash or otherwise, during the preceding calendar year, with reference to insurance written for perils described in section 69.011, subdivision



1, clause (f), except that domestic mutual insurance companies must not file a report.

Each insurer shall, in addition to filing with the commissioner of commerce the reports required by this subdivision, file the reports required by this subdivision with the commissioner of revenue.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 69.021, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [PENALTY FOR FRAUDULENT, INCORRECT, INCOMPLETE RETURNS AND LATE FILING OF REPORT WITH THE COMMISSIONER OF COMMERCE.] When it appears to the commissioner of commerce that any insurer has made an incomplete or inaccurate report the commissioner of commerce shall return the report and demand that a complete and accurate report be filed. If the insurer fails to file a report by on or before March 1, annually, or within 30 days after demand by the commissioner of commerce, the insurer shall be liable and shall pay \$25 for each seven days delinquent or fraction thereof not to exceed \$200. If the insurer fails to file a corrected report within 30 days after demand, the insurer is liable for the penalties provided in this subdivision for knowingly filing an inaccurate or false report.

Any insurer who knowingly makes and files an inaccurate or false report shall be liable to a fine of not less than \$25 nor more than \$1,000 and the commissioner of commerce may revoke the insurer's certificate of authority.

Any person whose duty it is to make the report who fails or refuses to make it within 30 days after notification by the commissioner of commerce shall be fined not more than \$1,000. Failure of the insurer to receive a reporting form shall not excuse the insurer from filing the report.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 69.54, is amended to read:

69.54 [SURCHARGE ON PREMIUMS TO RESTORE DEFICIENCY IN SPECIAL FUND.]

The commissioner shall order and direct a surcharge to be collected of two percent of the fire, lightning, and sprinkler leakage gross premiums, less return premiums, on all direct business received by any licensed foreign or domestic fire insurance company on property in this city of the first class, or by its agents for it, in cash or otherwise. This surcharge shall be due and payable from these companies to the state treasurer, in equal installments, on March 15, May 15, and November 15 of each calendar year, and if not paid within 30 days after these dates, a penalty of ten percent shall

accrue thereon and thereafter this sum and penalty shall draw interest at the rate of one percent per month until paid.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 69.55, is amended to read:

69.55 [WARRANT ON STATE TREASURER.]

The commissioner of finance ~~semiannually after July 31, 1984, by July 31 and December 31 of each year~~ shall issue and deliver to the treasurer of the relief association in ~~such each city~~ a warrant upon the state treasurer for an amount equal to the total amount of the surcharge on the premiums within the city theretofore so collected and transmitted to the state treasurer by these insurance companies. There is ~~hereby appropriated out of any money in from the general fund in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated such sums as may, from time to time, be the amount necessary to pay these warrants.~~

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 79.34, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. A nonprofit association known as the workers' compensation reinsurance association is created, which may be incorporated under chapter 317 with all the powers of a corporation formed under that chapter, except that if the provisions of that chapter are inconsistent with sections 79.34 to 79.40 or any amendments thereto, sections 79.34 to 79.40 shall govern. Each insurer as defined by section 79.01, subdivision 2, shall as a condition of its authority to transact workers' compensation insurance in this state, be a member of the reinsurance association and shall be bound by the plan of operation of the reinsurance association; provided, that all affiliated insurers within a holding company system as defined in sections 60D.01 to 60D.13 shall be considered a single entity for purposes of the exercise of all rights and duties of membership in the reinsurance association. Each self-insurer approved pursuant to section 176.181 and each political subdivision which self-insures shall, as a condition of its authority to self-insure workers' compensation liability in this state, be a member of the reinsurance association and shall be bound by its plan of operation; provided, that (a) all affiliated companies within a holding company system, as determined by the commissioner in a manner consistent with the standards and definitions in sections 60D.01 to 60D.13, shall be considered a single entity for purposes of the exercise of all rights and duties of membership in the reinsurance association, and (b) all group self-insurers granted authority to self-insure pursuant to section 176.181 shall be considered a single entity for purposes of the exercise of all the rights and duties of membership in the reinsurance association. As a condition of its authority to self-insure workers' compensation liability, and for losses incurred on or after January 1, 1984, the state shall be a member of the reinsurance

association and is bound by its plan of operation. The commissioner of labor and industry represents the state in the exercise of all the rights and duties of membership in the reinsurance association. The state treasurer shall pay the premium to the reinsurance association from the state compensation revolving fund upon warrants of the commissioner of labor and industry. For the purposes of this section "state" means the administrative branch of state government, the legislative branch, the judicial branch, the University of Minnesota, and any other entity whose workers' compensation liability is paid from the state revolving fund. The commissioner of finance may calculate, prorate, and charge a department or agency the portion of premiums paid to the reinsurance association for employees who are paid wholly or in part by federal funds, dedicated funds, or special revenue funds. The reinsurance association is not a state agency. Actions of the reinsurance association and its board of directors and actions of the commissioner of labor and industry with respect to the reinsurance association are not subject to chapters 13, 14, and 15. The reinsurance association is exempt from taxation under the laws of this state and All property owned by the association is exempt from taxation. The reinsurance association is not obligated to make any payments or pay any assessments to any funds or pools established pursuant to this chapter or chapter 176 or any other law.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 79.34, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1a. The direct funded premium received by the reinsurance association is subject to the gross premium tax imposed by section 60A.15. Only direct funded premium payments made to the reinsurance association by self-insurers approved pursuant to section 176.181 and each political subdivision that self-insures shall be subject to the gross premiums tax.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 176.129, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:

Subd. 4a. [CONTRIBUTION RATE ADJUSTMENT.] In determining the rate of adjustment as provided by subdivision 3, the commissioner shall determine the revenues received less claims received for the preceding 12 months ending June 30, 1984, and each June 30 thereafter.

If the result is:	the range of adjustment is:
over \$15,000,000	-10% to 0%
less than \$15,000,000 but more than \$10,000,000	-7% to +3%
less than \$10,000,000 but more than \$5,000,000	-5% to +5%
less than \$5,000,000 but more than \$0	-3% to +7%

\$0 but less than a \$5,000,000 deficit	0% to +10%
more than a \$5,000,000 deficit	+5% to +12%

The adjustment under this subdivision shall be used for assessments for calendar year 1984 and each year thereafter.

An amount assessed pursuant to this section is payable to the commissioner within 45 days of mailing notice of the amount due unless the commissioner orders otherwise.

The commissioner may allow an offset of the reimbursements due an employer pursuant to sections 176.131 and 176.132 against the assessment due under this section and may promulgate rules to establish the terms and conditions under which an employer will be allowed the offset.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 176A.08, is amended to read:

**176A.08 [EXEMPTION FROM AND APPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN LAWS.]**

The fund shall not be considered a state agency for any purpose including, but not limited to, chapters 13, 14, 15, 15A, and 43A. However, the fund shall be subject to sections 179A.01 to 179A.25. The insurance operations of the fund are subject to all of the provisions of chapters 60A and 60B. The commissioner of commerce has the same powers with respect to the board as the commissioner has with respect to a private workers' compensation insurer under chapters 60A and 60B. The fund is considered an insurer for the purposes of chapters 60C, 72A, 79, and 176. The fund is subject to the same tax liability as a mutual insurance company in this state pursuant to section 60A.15, ~~subdivision 2~~. As a condition of its authority to transact business in this state the fund shall be a member of the workers' compensation reinsurance association and is bound by its plan of operation.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 299F.21, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ESTIMATED INSTALLMENT PAYMENTS.] On or before April 15, June 15, and December 15 of each year, every licensed insurance company, including reciprocals, or interinsurance exchanges or Lloyds, doing business in the state, excepting farmers' mutual fire insurance companies and township mutual fire insurance companies, shall pay to the commissioner of revenue installments equal to one-third of, a tax upon its fire premiums or assessments or both, as follows:

A based on a sum equal to one-half of one percent of the estimated gross fire premiums and assessments, less return premiums and dividends, on all direct business received by it in this state, or by its agents for it, in cash or otherwise, during the calendar year, including premiums on policies covering fire risks only on automobiles, whether written under floater form or otherwise. In the case of a mutual company or reciprocal exchange the dividends or savings paid or credited to members in this state shall be construed to be return premiums. The money so received into the state treasury shall be credited to the general fund.

If the tax prescribed by this section is not paid by those dates, penalties and interest as provided in section 290.53, subdivision 1, shall be imposed. A company that fails to make payments of at least one-third of either (1) the total tax paid during the previous calendar year or (2) 80 percent of the actual tax for the current calendar year is subject to the penalty and interest provided in this chapter.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 299F.21, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1a. [ADDITION TO THE TAX.] In case of an underpayment of installments by an insurer, there must be added to the tax for the taxable year an amount determined at the rate specified in section 270.75 upon the amount of underpayment.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 299F.21, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1b. [AMOUNT OF UNDERPAYMENT.] For purposes of subdivision 1a, the amount of the underpayment is the excess of: (1) the amount of the installment; over (2) the amount, if any, of the installment paid on or before the last date prescribed for payment.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 299F.21, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1c. [PERIOD OF UNDERPAYMENT.] The period of the underpayment runs from the date the installment was required to be paid to the earliest of the following dates:

(1) on March 1 following the close of the taxable year;

(2) with respect to any portion of the underpayment, the date on which that portion is paid. For purposes of this clause, a payment of estimated tax on any installment date is considered a payment of any previous underpayment only to the extent the payment exceeds the amount of the installment determined under clause (1), for the installment date.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 299F.21, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1d. [DEFINITION OF TAX.] The term "tax" means the tax imposed by chapter 299F.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 299F.21, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1e. [FAILURE TO FILE AN ESTIMATE.] In the case of an insurer that fails to file an estimated tax statement for a taxable year when one is required, the period of the underpayment runs from the installment dates as set forth in subdivision 1 to whichever of the periods set forth in subdivision 1c is the earlier.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 299F.21, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [ANNUAL RETURNS.] (a) Every insurer required to pay a premium tax under this section shall make and file a statement of estimated premium taxes for the period covered by the installment tax payment. The statement shall be in the form prescribed by the commissioner of revenue.

(b) On or before March 1, annually every insurer subject to taxation under this section shall make an annual return for the preceding calendar year setting forth information the commissioner of revenue may reasonably require on forms prescribed by the commissioner.

(c) On March 1, the insurer shall pay any additional amount due for the preceding calendar year; if there has been an overpayment, the overpayment may be credited without interest on the estimated tax due April 15.

(d) If unpaid by this date, penalties and interest as provided in section 290.53, subdivision 1, shall be imposed.

Sec. 37. [COMPUTATION OF 1987 GROSS PREMIUMS TAX.]

For calendar year 1987 the gross premiums tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 60A.15, as applied to the premiums of town and farmers mutual insurance companies, domestic mutual insurance companies, and the workers' compensation reinsurance association or other companies or entities that were exempt prior to enactment of this act shall equal one-half of the amount of tax that would be due if the tax were imposed for the full calendar year. Estimated tax equal to, at least, 80 percent of the tax computed under this section must be paid by December 15, 1987, or the penalties and interest for

failure to pay or for underpayments of estimated tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 60A.15, apply.

Sec. 38. [REPEALER.]

(a) Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 60A.15, subdivision 2; 61A.49; 62E.13, subdivision 9; and 69.021, subdivision 3a, are repealed.

(b) Section 62E.11, subdivision 8, is repealed.

Sec. 39. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Section 17 is effective January 1, 1987 for the calendar year 1987 assessments of the Comprehensive Health Association. Section 38, clause (b) is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986. The remainder of the article is effective July 1, 1987.

ARTICLE 3

PROPERTY TAX REFUND

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290A.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [INCOME.] (1) "Income" means the sum of the following:

(a) the greater of federal adjusted gross income as defined in the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 as amended through December 31, 1985 or zero; and

(b) the sum of the following amounts to the extent not included in clause (a):

(i) additions to federal adjusted gross income as provided in section 290.01, subdivision 20a, clauses (1), (2), (3), and (4);

(ii) all nontaxable income;

(iii) recognized net long-term capital gains (ii) the amount of a passive activity loss that is not disallowed as a result of section 469, paragraph (i) or (1) of the Internal Revenue Code and the amount of passive activity loss carryover allowed under section 469(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(iv) dividends excluded from federal adjusted gross income under section 116 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (iii) an amount equal to the total of any discharge of qualified farm indebtedness of

a solvent individual excluded from gross income under section 108(g) of the Internal Revenue Code;

~~(v)~~ (iv) cash public assistance and relief;

~~(vi)~~ (v) any pension or annuity (including railroad retirement benefits, all payments received under the federal Social Security Act, supplemental security income, and veterans benefits), which was not exclusively funded by the claimant or spouse, or which was funded exclusively by the claimant or spouse and which funding payments were excluded from federal adjusted gross income in the years when the payments were made;

~~(vii)~~ (vi) nontaxable interest received from the state or federal or a state government or any instrumentality or political subdivision thereof;

~~(viii)~~ (vii) workers' compensation;

~~(ix)~~ (viii) unemployment benefits;

~~(x)~~ nontaxable strike benefits;

~~(xi)~~ (ix) the gross amounts of payments received in the nature of disability income or sick pay as a result of accident, sickness, or other disability, whether funded through insurance or otherwise;

~~(xii)~~ (x) the ordinary income portion of a lump sum distribution under section 402(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954; and

~~(xiii)~~ (xi) contributions made by the claimant to an individual retirement account, including a qualified voluntary employee contribution; simplified employee pension plan; self-employed retirement plan; cash or deferred arrangement plan under section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954; or deferred compensation plan under section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

In the case of an individual who files an income tax return on a fiscal year basis, the term "federal adjusted gross income" shall mean federal adjusted gross income reflected in the fiscal year ending in the calendar year. Federal adjusted gross income shall not be reduced by the amount of a net operating loss carryback.

(2) "Income" does not include

(a) amounts excluded pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, sections 101(a), 102, 117, and 121;

(b) amounts of any pension or annuity which was exclusively funded by the claimant or spouse and which funding payments were



not excluded from federal adjusted gross income in the years when the payments were made;

(c) surplus food or other relief in kind supplied by a governmental agency;

(d) relief granted under this chapter; or

(e) child support payments received under a temporary or final decree of dissolution or legal separation; or

(f) the first \$2,000 of household income if the claimant was disabled on or before June 1 or attained the age of 65 prior to June 1 of the year following the year for which the taxes were levied or in which the rent was paid.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290A.03, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [CLAIMANT.] (a) "Claimant" means a person, other than a dependent, who filed a claim authorized by this chapter and who was domiciled in a resident of this state as provided in chapter 290 during the calendar year for which the claim for relief was filed.

(b) In the case of a claim relating to rent constituting property taxes, the claimant shall have resided in a rented or leased unit on which ad valorem taxes or payments made in lieu of ad valorem taxes, including payments of special assessments imposed in lieu of ad valorem taxes, are payable at some time during the calendar year covered by the claim.

(c) "Claimant" shall not include a resident of a nursing home, intermediate care facility, or long-term residential facility whose rent constituting property taxes is paid pursuant to the supplemental security income program under title XVI of the Social Security Act, the Minnesota supplemental aid program under sections 256D.35 to 256D.41, the medical assistance program pursuant to title XIX of the Social Security Act, or the general assistance medical care program pursuant to section 256D.03, subdivision 3. If only a portion of the rent constituting property taxes is paid by these programs, the resident shall be a claimant for purposes of this chapter, but the refund calculated pursuant to section 290A.04 shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is income as defined in subdivision 3 reduced by the total amount of income from the above sources other than vendor payments under the medical assistance program or the general assistance medical care program and the denominator of which is income as defined in subdivision 3 plus vendor payments under the medical assistance program or the general assistance medical care program, to determine the allowable refund pursuant to this chapter. For purposes of this paragraph and paragraph (d), household income or income as defined in subdivision

~~3 must not be reduced by the \$2,000 reduction provided in subdivision 3, paragraph (2), clause (f), for claimants who are disabled or age 65 or more.~~

(d) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), if the claimant was a resident of the nursing home, intermediate care facility or long-term residential facility for only a portion of the calendar year covered by the claim, the claimant may compute rent constituting property taxes by disregarding the rent constituting property taxes from the nursing home, intermediate care facility, or long-term residential facility and use only that amount of rent constituting property taxes or property taxes payable relating to that portion of the year when the claimant was not in the facility. The claimant's household income is the income for the entire calendar year covered by the claim.

(e) In the case of a claim for rent constituting property taxes of a part-year Minnesota resident, the income and rental reflected in this computation shall be for the period of Minnesota residency only. Any rental expenses paid which may be reflected in arriving at federal adjusted gross income cannot be utilized for this computation. When two individuals of a household are able to meet the qualifications for a claimant, they may determine among them as to who the claimant shall be. If they are unable to agree, the matter shall be referred to the commissioner of revenue whose decision shall be final. If a homestead property owner was a part-year Minnesota resident, the income reflected in the computation made pursuant to section 290A.04 shall be for the entire calendar year, including income not assignable to Minnesota.

(f) If a homestead is occupied by two or more renters, who are not husband and wife, the rent shall be deemed to be paid equally by each, and separate claims shall be filed by each. The income of each shall be each renter's household income for purposes of computing the amount of credit to be allowed.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 15. [INTERNAL REVENUE CODE.] "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290A.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. A claimant who is disabled or has attained the age of 65 by June 1 of the year in which a refund is payable or who, on the federal tax return filed for the prior year, claimed a personal exemption for a dependent pursuant to section 151 of the Internal Revenue Code, and whose property taxes payable or rent constitut-

ing property taxes are in excess of the percentage of the household income stated below shall pay an amount equal to the percent of income shown for the appropriate household income level along with the percent to be paid by the claimant of the remaining amount of property taxes payable or rent constituting property taxes. The state refund will be equal to the amount of property taxes payable or rent constituting property taxes that remain, up to the state refund amount shown below.

Household Income	Percent of Income	Percent Paid by Claimant	Maximum State Refund
Net loss and up to \$2,999	1.0 percent	5 percent	\$1,125
3,000 to 3,499	1.0 percent	6 percent	\$1,125
3,500 to 3,999	1.0 percent	7 percent	\$1,125
4,000 to 4,499	1.0 percent	8 percent	\$1,125
4,500 to 4,999	1.0 percent	9 percent	\$1,125
5,000 to 5,999	1.0 percent	10 percent	\$1,125
6,000 to 6,999	1.0 percent	11 percent	\$1,125
7,000 to 7,999	1.0 percent	12 percent	\$1,125
8,000 to 8,999	1.1 percent	13 percent	\$1,125
9,000 to 9,999	1.2 percent	14 percent	\$1,125
10,000 to 10,999	1.3 percent	15 percent	\$1,125
11,000 to 11,999	1.4 percent	16 percent	\$1,125
12,000 to 12,999	1.5 percent	17 percent	\$1,125
13,000 to 13,999	1.5 percent	18 percent	\$1,125
14,000 to 14,999	1.5 percent	19 percent	\$1,125
15,000 to 15,999	1.5 percent	20 percent	\$1,125
16,000 to 16,999	1.5 percent	21 percent	\$1,125
17,000 to 17,999	1.5 percent	22 percent	\$1,125
18,000 to 18,999	1.5 percent	23 percent	\$1,125
19,000 to 19,999	1.5 percent	24 percent	\$1,125
20,000 to 20,999	1.6 percent	25 percent	\$1,125
21,000 to 21,999	1.6 percent	27 percent	\$1,125
22,000 to 22,999	1.6 percent	29 percent	\$1,125
23,000 to 23,999	1.8 percent	31 percent	\$1,125
24,000 to 24,999	1.8 percent	33 percent	\$1,105
25,000 to 25,999	1.8 percent	35 percent	\$1,080
26,000 to 26,999	2.0 percent	38 percent	\$1,050
27,000 to 27,999	2.0 percent	41 percent	\$1,020
28,000 to 28,999	2.0 percent	44 percent	\$ 990
29,000 to 29,999	2.0 percent	47 percent	\$ 960
30,000 to 30,999	2.0 percent	50 percent	\$ 930
31,000 to 31,999	2.2 percent	50 percent	\$ 900
32,000 to 32,999	2.2 percent	50 percent	\$ 800
33,000 to 33,999	2.2 percent	50 percent	\$ 700
34,000 to 34,999	2.2 percent	50 percent	\$ 600
35,000 to 35,999	2.2 percent	50 percent	\$ 500
36,000 to 36,999	2.4 percent	50 percent	\$ 400
37,000 to 37,999	2.4 percent	50 percent	\$ 300
38,000 to 38,999	2.4 percent	50 percent	\$ 200

39,000 to 39,999	2.4 percent	50 percent	\$ 100
40,000 and over	2.4 percent	50 percent	-0-
\$0 to 999	1.0 percent	10 percent	\$1,100
1,000 to 1,999	1.0 percent	10 percent	\$1,100
2,000 to 2,999	1.0 percent	10 percent	\$1,100
3,000 to 3,499	1.0 percent	11 percent	\$1,100
3,500 to 3,999	1.0 percent	11 percent	\$1,100
4,000 to 4,499	1.0 percent	11 percent	\$1,100
4,500 to 4,999	1.0 percent	12 percent	\$1,100
5,000 to 5,999	1.0 percent	12 percent	\$1,100
6,000 to 6,999	1.1 percent	12 percent	\$1,100
7,000 to 7,999	1.1 percent	13 percent	\$1,100
8,000 to 8,999	1.2 percent	13 percent	\$1,100
9,000 to 9,999	1.2 percent	13 percent	\$1,100
10,000 to 10,999	1.3 percent	14 percent	\$1,075
11,000 to 11,999	1.4 percent	14 percent	\$1,075
12,000 to 12,999	1.5 percent	14 percent	\$1,075
13,000 to 13,999	1.5 percent	15 percent	\$1,075
14,000 to 14,999	1.5 percent	16 percent	\$1,075
15,000 to 15,999	1.6 percent	17 percent	\$1,075
16,000 to 16,999	1.7 percent	18 percent	\$1,075
17,000 to 17,999	1.8 percent	19 percent	\$1,050
18,000 to 18,999	1.9 percent	20 percent	\$1,050
19,000 to 19,999	2.0 percent	22 percent	\$1,050
20,000 to 20,999	2.1 percent	24 percent	\$1,050
21,000 to 21,999	2.2 percent	26 percent	\$1,050
22,000 to 22,999	2.2 percent	28 percent	\$1,050
23,000 to 23,999	2.2 percent	30 percent	\$1,025
24,000 to 24,999	2.3 percent	32 percent	\$1,025
25,000 to 25,999	2.3 percent	34 percent	\$1,025
26,000 to 26,999	2.3 percent	36 percent	\$1,025
27,000 to 27,999	2.4 percent	38 percent	\$1,000
28,000 to 28,999	2.4 percent	40 percent	\$ 900
29,000 to 29,999	2.4 percent	42 percent	\$ 800
30,000 to 30,999	2.4 percent	44 percent	\$ 700
31,000 to 31,999	2.5 percent	46 percent	\$ 600
32,000 to 32,999	2.5 percent	48 percent	\$ 500
33,000 to 33,999	2.5 percent	50 percent	\$ 300
34,000 to 34,999	2.5 percent	50 percent	\$ 100

The payment made to a claimant shall be the amount of the state refund calculated pursuant to this subdivision, less the homestead credit given pursuant to section 273.13, subdivisions 22 and 23. No payment is allowed if the claimant's household income is \$40,000 \$35,000 or more.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290A.04, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2a. A claimant who is ineligible for a refund pursuant to subdivision 2 and whose property taxes payable or rent constituting

property taxes are in excess of the percentage of the household income stated below shall pay an amount equal to the percent of income shown for the appropriate household income level along with the percent to be paid by the claimant of the remaining amount of property taxes payable or rent constituting property taxes. The state refund equals the amount of property taxes payable or rent constituting property taxes that remain, up to the state refund amount shown below.

<u>Household Income</u>	<u>Percent of Income</u>	<u>Percent Paid by Claimant</u>	<u>Maximum State Refund</u>
\$0 to 999	2.5 percent	10 percent	\$1,100
1,000 to 1,999	2.5 percent	10 percent	\$1,100
2,000 to 2,999	2.5 percent	10 percent	\$1,100
3,000 to 3,499	2.5 percent	11 percent	\$1,100
3,500 to 3,999	2.5 percent	11 percent	\$1,100
4,000 to 4,499	2.5 percent	11 percent	\$1,100
4,500 to 4,999	2.5 percent	12 percent	\$1,100
5,000 to 5,999	2.5 percent	12 percent	\$1,100
6,000 to 6,999	2.6 percent	12 percent	\$1,100
7,000 to 7,999	2.6 percent	13 percent	\$1,100
8,000 to 8,999	2.7 percent	13 percent	\$1,100
9,000 to 9,999	2.7 percent	13 percent	\$1,100
10,000 to 10,999	2.8 percent	14 percent	\$1,075
11,000 to 11,999	2.9 percent	14 percent	\$1,075
12,000 to 12,999	3.0 percent	14 percent	\$1,075
13,000 to 13,999	3.0 percent	15 percent	\$1,075
14,000 to 14,999	3.0 percent	16 percent	\$1,075
15,000 to 15,999	3.1 percent	17 percent	\$1,075
16,000 to 16,999	3.2 percent	18 percent	\$1,075
17,000 to 17,999	3.3 percent	19 percent	\$1,050
18,000 to 18,999	3.4 percent	20 percent	\$1,050
19,000 to 19,999	3.5 percent	22 percent	\$1,050
20,000 to 20,999	3.6 percent	24 percent	\$1,050
21,000 to 21,999	3.7 percent	26 percent	\$1,050
22,000 to 22,999	3.7 percent	28 percent	\$1,050
23,000 to 23,999	3.7 percent	30 percent	\$1,025
24,000 to 24,999	3.8 percent	32 percent	\$1,025
25,000 to 25,999	3.8 percent	34 percent	\$1,025
26,000 to 26,999	3.8 percent	36 percent	\$1,025
27,000 to 27,999	3.9 percent	38 percent	\$1,000
28,000 to 28,999	3.9 percent	40 percent	\$ 900
29,000 to 29,999	3.9 percent	42 percent	\$ 800
30,000 to 30,999	3.9 percent	44 percent	\$ 700
31,000 to 31,999	4.0 percent	46 percent	\$ 600
32,000 to 32,999	4.0 percent	48 percent	\$ 500
33,000 to 33,999	4.0 percent	50 percent	\$ 300
34,000 to 34,999	4.0 percent	50 percent	\$ 100

The payment made to a claimant must be the amount of the state refund calculated pursuant to this subdivision, less the homestead

credit given pursuant to section 273.13, subdivisions 22 and 23. No payment is allowed if the claimant's household income is \$35,000 or more.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290A.04, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2b. The commissioner may reconstruct the tables in subdivisions 2 and 2a to reflect the elimination of the homestead credit beginning for claims based on taxes payable in 1989.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290A.06, is amended to read:

290A.06 [FILING TIME LIMIT, LATE FILING; INCOME TAX RETURN.]

Any claim for a refund based on property taxes payable shall be filed with the department of revenue on or before August 15 of the year in which the property taxes are due and payable. A copy of the claimant's federal income tax return for the taxable year preceding the year in which the property taxes are payable must be filed with the claim if the claimant filed a federal income tax return for that year.

Any claim for rent constituting property taxes shall be filed with the department of revenue on or before August 15 of the year following the year in which the rent was paid. A copy of the claimant's federal income tax return for the taxable year in which the rent was paid must be filed with the claim if the claimant filed a federal income tax return for that year.

The commissioner may extend the time for filing these claims for a period not to exceed six months in the case of sickness, absence, or other disability, or when in the commissioner's judgment other good cause exists.

A claim filed after the original or extended due date shall be allowed, but the amount of credit shall be reduced by five percent of the amount otherwise allowable, plus an additional five percent for each month of delinquency, not exceeding a total reduction of 25 percent which may be canceled or reduced by the commissioner in the case of sickness, absence, or other disability, or when in the commissioner's judgment other good cause exists. In any event no claim shall be allowed if the initial claim is filed one year after the original due date for filing the claim.

The time limit on redetermination of claims for refund and examination of records shall be governed by sections 290.49, 290.50, and 290.56 and for purposes of computing the time limit as provided

in these sections the due date of the property tax refund return shall be the same as the due date contained in section 290.42 for an income tax return covering the year in which the rent was paid or the year preceding the year in which the property taxes are payable.

**Sec. 8. [290A.091] [CLAIMS OF TENANTS IN LEASEHOLD COOPERATIVES.]**

The cooperative manager of a leasehold cooperative shall furnish a statement to each tenant by March 31 of the year in which the property tax is payable showing each unit's share of the gross property tax and each unit's share of any property tax credits. Each tenant may apply for a property tax refund under this chapter as a homeowner based on each tenant's share of property taxes. The tenant may not include any rent constituting property taxes paid on that unit.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290A.18, is amended to read:

**290A.18 [RIGHT TO FILE CLAIM; RIGHT TO RECEIVE CREDIT.]**

**Subdivision 1. [CLAIM BY SURVIVING SPOUSE OR DEPENDENT.]** If a person entitled to relief under this chapter dies prior to receiving relief, the surviving spouse or dependent of the person shall be entitled to file the claim and receive relief. If there is no surviving spouse or dependent, the right to the credit shall lapse.

**Subd. 2. [CLAIMANT CANNOT BE LOCATED.]** If the commissioner cannot locate the claimant within two years from the date that the original warrant was issued, the right to the credit shall lapse, and the warrant shall be deposited in the general fund.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290A.19, is amended to read:

**290A.19 [OWNER OR MANAGING AGENT TO FURNISH RENT CERTIFICATE; PENALTY.]**

(a) The owner or managing agent of any property for which rent is paid for occupancy as a homestead shall furnish a certificate of rent constituting property tax to each person who is a renter on December 31, in the form prescribed by the commissioner. If the renter moves prior to December 31, the owner or managing agent has the option to either provide the certificate to the renter at the time of moving, or mail the certificate to the forwarding address if an address has been provided by the renter. The certificate shall be made available to the renter not later than January 31 of the year following the year in which the rent was paid.

(b) Any owner or managing agent who willfully fails to furnish a certificate as provided herein shall be to the renter and the commissioner as required by this section is liable to the commissioner for a penalty of \$20 \$100 for each act or failure to act. The penalty shall be assessed and collected in the manner provided in chapter 290 for the assessment and collection of income tax. If the owner or managing agent willfully furnishes certificates that report total rent constituting property taxes in excess of the amount of actual property taxes paid on the rented part of a property, as determined under this section, the owner or managing agent is liable for a penalty equal to the greater of (1) \$100 or (2) 50 percent of the excess that is reported. If the owner or managing agent reports a total amount of rent constituting property taxes that exceeds by ten percent or more the actual property taxes, the report is deemed to be willful.

~~(b)~~ (c) If the owner or managing agent elects to provide the renter with the certificate at the time of moving, rather than after December 31, the amount of rent constituting property taxes shall be computed as follows:

(i) The net tax shall be reduced by 1/12 for each month remaining in the calendar year.

(ii) In calculating the denominator of the fraction pursuant to section 290A.03, subdivision 11, the gross rent paid through the last month of claimant's occupancy shall be substituted for "the gross rent paid for the calendar year for the property in which the unit is located."

~~(e)~~ (d) The certificate of rent constituting property taxes shall include the address of the property, including the county, and the property tax parcel identification number and any additional information which the commissioner determines is appropriate.

~~(d)~~ (e) If the owner or managing agent fails to provide the renter with a certificate of rent constituting property taxes, the commissioner shall allocate the net tax on the building to the unit on a square footage basis or other appropriate basis as the commissioner determines. The renter shall supply the commissioner with a statement from the county treasurer which gives the amount of property tax on the parcel, the address and property tax parcel identification number of the property, and the number of units in the building.

(f) The owner or managing agent must file a copy of the certificate of rent paid with the commissioner before April 15 of the year following the year in which the rent was paid. The commissioner may require that each owner or managing agent report on a single form the total property taxes for a property and the allocation of the



property taxes as rent constituting property taxes among the renters of the property.

Sec. 11. [AUDIT; REPORT TO LEGISLATURE.]

The department of revenue shall, during fiscal years 1988 and 1989, verify and audit a sample of property tax refund claims for accuracy. The sampling methods, size of the sample, and the study methodology must permit reliable conclusions to be drawn regarding compliance with the property tax refund law by both renters and landlords regarding the reporting of household income, property taxes paid, and rent constituting property taxes by claimants and landlords. The department shall report the results of the study to the legislature by February 1, 1989.

Sec. 12. [LIMITATIONS ON PROPERTY TAX REFUNDS.]

(a) For claims filed based on rent paid in 1986 and property taxes payable in 1987, the commissioner shall pay 67 percent of the payments allowable under section 290A.04, subdivisions 1 and 2. The commissioner shall include with each reduced refund a statement that the reduction is required by this section.

(b) Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290A.23 does not apply to claims based on property taxes payable in 1988 and rent paid in 1987 under section 290A.04, subdivisions 1 and 2. \$125,000,000 is appropriated to the commissioner of revenue for fiscal year 1989 to pay the claims. The commissioner shall estimate the amount of payments allowable under section 290A.04, subdivisions 1 and 2, by August 25, 1988. If the estimate exceeds the \$125,000,000 limitation, the commissioner shall proportionally reduce the refunds paid so that the refunds paid equal \$125,000,000. All refunds for claims based on property taxes payable in 1988 and rent paid in 1987 must be reduced by the same percentage. If reduced, the commissioner shall include with each refund a statement that the reduction is required by this section.

Sec. 13. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290A.04, subdivisions 2e and 2g, are repealed.

Sec. 14. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1 to 8 and 10 are effective for claims based on property taxes payable in 1988 and rent paid during calendar year 1987, and thereafter, except the requirement in section 10 that copies of the certificate of rent paid be filed with the commissioner of revenue is effective for rent paid during calendar year 1988. Section 9 is effective the day following final enactment and applies to all

unclaimed warrants held by the commissioner on January 1, 1987, or issued after that date.

## ARTICLE 4

### SALES TAX

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.01, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. A "sale" and a "purchase" includes, but is not limited to, each of the following transactions:

(a) Any transfer of title or possession, or both, of tangible personal property, whether absolutely or conditionally, and the leasing of or the granting of a license to use or consume tangible personal property other than manufactured homes used for residential purposes for a continuous period of 30 days or more, for a consideration in money or by exchange or barter. "Sales" also include the transfer of computer software, meaning information and directions which dictate the function to be performed by data processing equipment and which are sold without adaptation to the specific requirements of the purchaser. This type of computer software, whether contained on tape, discs, cards, or other devices, shall be considered tangible personal property;

(b) The production, fabrication, printing or processing of tangible personal property for a consideration for consumers who furnish either directly or indirectly the materials used in the production, fabrication, printing or processing;

(c) The furnishing, preparing or serving for a consideration of food, meals or drinks, not including meals or drinks served to patients or persons residing at hospitals, sanatoriums, nursing homes or senior citizens homes, meals or drinks purchased for and served exclusively to individuals who are 60 years of age or over and their spouses or to the handicapped and their spouses by governmental agencies, non-profit organizations, agencies, or churches or pursuant to any program funded in whole or part through 42 USCA sections 3001 through 3045, wherever delivered, prepared or served, meals and lunches served at public and private schools, universities or colleges, or the occasional meal thereof by a charitable or church organization. "Sales" also includes meals furnished by employers to employees at less than fair market value. Notwithstanding section 297A.25, subdivision 2, taxable food or meals include, but are not limited to, the following:

(i) heated food or drinks;

(ii) sandwiches prepared by the retailer;

(iii) single sales of prepackaged ice cream or ice milk novelties prepared by the retailer;

(iv) hand-prepared or dispensed ice cream or ice milk products including cones, sundaes, and snow cones;

(v) soft drinks and other beverages prepared or served by the retailer;

(vi) gum;

(vii) ice;

(viii) all food sold in vending machines;

(ix) party trays prepared by the retailers; and

(x) all meals and single servings of packaged snack food, single cans or bottles of pop, sold in restaurants and bars;

(d) The granting of the privilege of admission to places of amusement, recreational areas, or athletic events and the privilege of having access to and the use of amusement devices, tanning facilities, reducing salons, steam baths, turkish baths, massage parlors, health clubs, and spas or athletic facilities;

(e) The furnishing for a consideration of lodging and related services by a hotel, rooming house, tourist court, motel or trailer camp and of the granting of any similar license to use real property other than the renting or leasing thereof for a continuous period of 30 days or more;

(f) The furnishing for a consideration of electricity, gas, water, or steam for use or consumption within this state, or local exchange telephone service and, intrastate toll service, and interstate toll service, if that service originates from and is charged to a telephone located in this state; the tax imposed on amounts paid for telephone services is the liability of and shall be paid by the person paying for the services. Sales by municipal corporations in a proprietary capacity are included in the provisions of this clause. The furnishing of water and sewer services for residential use shall not be considered a sale;

(g) The furnishing for a consideration of cable television services, including charges for basic monthly service, charges for monthly premium service, and charges for any other similar television services;

(h) Notwithstanding subdivision 4, and section 297A.25, subdivision 9, the sales of horses including claiming sales and fees paid for breeding a stallion to a mare. This clause applies to sales and fees with respect to a horse to be used for racing whose birth has been recorded by the Jockey Club or the United States Trotting Association or the American Quarter Horse Association but shall not apply with respect to the sale of a horse bred and born in the state of Minnesota;

(i) The furnishing for a consideration of parking services, whether on a contractual, hourly, or other periodic basis, except for parking at a meter; and

(j) The furnishing for a consideration of services listed in this paragraph:

(i) laundry and dry cleaning services including cleaning, pressing, repairing, altering, and storing clothes, linen services and supply, cleaning and blocking hats, and carpet, drapery, upholstery, and industrial cleaning. Laundry and dry cleaning services do not include services provided by coin operated facilities operated by the customer;

(ii) motor vehicle washing, waxing, and cleaning services, including services provided by coin-operated facilities operated by the customer, and rustproofing, undercoating, and towing of motor vehicles;

(iii) building and residential cleaning, maintenance, and disinfecting and exterminating services;

(iv) services provided by detective agencies, security services, burglar, fire alarm, and armored car services;

(v) pet grooming services; and

(vi) lawn care, fertilizing, mowing, spraying and sprigging services; garden planting and maintenance; arborist services; tree, bush, and shrub planting, pruning, bracing, spraying, and surgery; and tree trimming for public utility lines.

The services listed in this paragraph are taxable under section 297A.02 if the service is performed wholly within Minnesota or if the service is performed partly within and partly without Minnesota and the greater proportion of the service is performed in Minnesota, based on the cost of performance. In applying the provisions of this chapter, the terms "tangible personal property" and "sales at retail" include taxable services and the provision of taxable services, unless specifically provided otherwise. Services performed by an employee for an employer are not taxable under this paragraph. Services performed by a corporation, partnership, or association for another corporation, partnership, or association are not taxable under this

paragraph if one of the entities owns or controls more than 80 percent of the voting power of the equity interest in the other entity.

(k) A "sale" and a "purchase" includes the transfer of computer software, meaning information and directions that dictate the function performed by data processing equipment. A "sale" and a "purchase" does not include the design, development, writing, translation, fabrication, lease, or transfer for a consideration of title or possession of a custom computer program.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.01, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. A "retail sale" or "sale at retail" means a sale for any purpose other than resale in the regular course of business. Property utilized by the owner only by leasing such property to others or by holding it in an effort to so lease it, and which is put to no use by the owner other than resale after such lease or effort to lease, shall be considered property purchased for resale. Master computer software programs that are purchased and used to make copies for sale or lease are considered property purchased for resale. Sales of building materials, supplies and equipment to owners, contractors, subcontractors or builders for the erection of buildings or the alteration, repair or improvement of real property are "retail sales" or "sales at retail" in whatever quantity sold and whether or not for purpose of resale in the form of real property or otherwise. A sale of carpeting, linoleum, or other similar floor covering which includes installation of the carpeting, linoleum, or other similar floor covering is a contract for the improvement of real property. Aircraft and parts for the repair thereof purchased by a nonprofit, incorporated flying club or association utilized solely by the corporation by leasing such aircraft to shareholders of the corporation shall not be considered property purchased for resale. The leasing of the aircraft to the shareholders by the flying club or association shall not be considered a sale notwithstanding subdivision 3 if the tax imposed by this chapter was paid on the initial purchase as provided by this subdivision.

Leasing of aircraft utilized by a lessee for the purpose of leasing to others, whether or not the lessee also utilizes the aircraft for flight instruction where no separate charge is made for aircraft rental or for charter service, shall be considered a purchase for resale; provided, however, that a proportionate share of the lease payment reflecting use for flight instruction or charter service is subject to tax pursuant to section 297A.14.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.01, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. "Sales price" means the total consideration valued in money, for a retail sale whether paid in money or otherwise,

excluding therefrom any amount allowed as credit for tangible personal property taken in trade for resale, without deduction for the cost of the property sold, cost of materials used, labor or service cost, interest, or discount allowed after the sale is consummated, the cost of transportation incurred prior to the time of sale, any amount for which credit is given to the purchaser by the seller, or any other expense whatsoever. A deduction may be made for charges for services that are part of the sale, including charges up to 15 percent in lieu of tips, if the consideration for such charges is separately stated, but no deduction shall be allowed for charges for services that are part of a sale as defined in subdivision 3, clauses (b) to (f). A deduction may also be made for interest, financing, or carrying charges, charges for labor or services used in installing or applying the property sold or transportation charges if the transportation occurs after the retail sale of the property only if the consideration for such charges is separately stated. There shall not be included in "sales price" cash discounts allowed and taken on sales, or the amount refunded either in cash or in credit for property returned by purchasers or the amount of any tax (not including, however, any manufacturers' or importers' excise tax) imposed by the United States upon or with respect to retail sales, whether imposed upon the retailer or the consumer.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.01, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. "Tangible personal property" means corporeal personal property of any kind whatsoever, including property which is to become real property as a result of incorporation, attachment, or installation following its acquisition.

Personal property does not include:

(a) large ponderous machinery and equipment used in a business or production activity which at common law would be considered to be real property;

(b) property which is subject to an ad valorem property tax;

(c) property described in section 272.02, subdivision 1, clause (8), paragraphs (a) to (d);

(d) property described in section 272.03, subdivision 2, clauses (3) and (5).

Tangible personal property includes computer software, whether contained on tape, discs, cards, or other devices.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 17. [CUSTOM COMPUTER PROGRAM.] “Custom computer program” means a computer program prepared to the special order of the customer, either in the form of written procedures or in the form of storage media on which, or in which, the program is recorded, or any required documentation or manuals designed to facilitate the use of the custom computer program transferred. It includes those services represented by separately stated charges for modifications to an existing prewritten program that are prepared to the special order of the customer. It does not include a “canned” or prewritten computer program that is held or existing for general or repeated sale or lease, even if the prewritten or “canned” program was initially developed on a custom basis or for in-house use. Modification to an existing prewritten program to meet the customer’s needs is custom computer programming only to the extent of the modification. For purposes of this subdivision:

(1) “Storage media” includes punched cards, tapes, discs, diskettes, or drums on which computer programs may be embodied or stored;

(2) “Computer” does not include tape-controlled automatic drilling, milling, or other manufacturing machinery or equipment; and

(3) “Computer program” means the complete plan for the solution of a problem, such as the complete sequence of automatic data processing equipment instructions necessary to solve a problem and includes both systems and application programs and subdivisions, such as assemblers, compilers, routines, generators, and utility programs.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.01, subdivision 15, is amended to read:

Subd. 15. “Farm machinery” means new or used machinery, equipment, implements, accessories and contrivances used directly and principally in the production for sale, but not including the processing, of livestock, dairy animals, dairy products, poultry and poultry products, fruits, vegetables, forage, grains and bees and apiary products. “Farm machinery” shall include includes

(1) machinery for the preparation, seeding or cultivation of soil for growing agricultural crops and sod, harvesting and threshing of agricultural products, harvesting or mowing of sod, and certain machinery for dairy, livestock and poultry farms; together with;

(2) barn cleaners, milking systems, grain dryers, automatic feeding systems and similar installations, whether or not the equipment is installed by the seller and becomes part of the real property;

(3) irrigation equipment sold for exclusively agricultural use, including pumps, pipe fittings, valves, sprinklers and other equipment necessary to the operation of an irrigation system when sold as

part of an irrigation system, except irrigation equipment which is situated below ground and considered to be a part of the real property, shall be included in the definition of farm machinery; and

(4) logging equipment, including chain saws used for logging only if the engine displacement equals or exceeds five cubic inches, shall be included in the definition of farm machinery.

Repair or replacement parts for farm machinery shall not be included in the definition of farm machinery.

Tools, shop equipment, grain bins, feed bunks, fencing material, communication equipment and other farm supplies shall not be considered to be farm machinery. "Farm machinery" does not include motor vehicles taxed under chapter 297B, snowmobiles, snow blowers, lawn mowers except those used in the production of sod for sale, garden-type tractors or garden tillers and the repair and replacement parts for those vehicles and machines.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.14, is amended to read:

**297A.14 [USING, STORING OR CONSUMING TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY; ADMISSIONS; UTILITIES USE TAX.]**

Subdivision 1. [IMPOSITION.] For the privilege of using, storing or consuming in Minnesota tangible personal property, tickets or admissions to places of amusement and athletic events, electricity, gas, and local exchange telephone service purchased for use, storage or consumption in this state, a use tax is imposed on every person in this state at the rate of six percent of tax imposed under section 297A.02 on the sales price of sales at retail of the items, unless the tax imposed by section 297A.02 was paid on the sales price. Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding sentence, the rate of the use tax imposed upon the sales price of sales of special tooling, and capital equipment is four percent and upon the sales price of sales of farm machinery is two percent.

Subd. 2. [MOTOR VEHICLES.] A motor vehicle subject to tax under this section shall be taxed at its fair market value at the time of transport into Minnesota if the motor vehicle was acquired more than three months prior to its transport into this state.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.18, is amended to read:

**297A.18 [ADVERTISING NO TAX; MINIMUM TAX.]**

It shall be unlawful for any retailer to advertise or hold out or state to the public or to any customer, directly or indirectly, that the



use tax or any part thereof will be assumed or absorbed by the retailer, or that it will not be added to the sales price or that, if added, it or any part thereof will be refunded except that in computing the tax to be collected as the result of any transaction amounts of tax less than one-half of one cent may be disregarded and amounts of tax of one-half cent or more may be considered an additional cent.

It is unlawful for a person to broadcast or publish, or arrange to have broadcast or published, an advertisement in a publication or broadcast media, printed, distributed, broadcast, or intended to be received in this state, that states that no sales or use tax is due under this chapter, when the person knows the advertisement is false.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.211, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. (a) Such persons, when properly registered as retailers, may make purchases in this state, or import property into this state, without payment of the sales or use taxes imposed by this chapter at the time of purchase or importation, provided that such purchases or importations come within the provisions of this section and are made in strict compliance with the rules of the commissioner.

(b) Any person described in subdivision 1 may elect to pay directly to the commissioner any sales or use tax that may be due under this chapter for the acquisition of mobile transportation equipment and parts and accessories attached or to be attached to such equipment.

(c) The total cost of such equipment and parts and accessories attached or to be attached to such equipment shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the mileage operated during the past calendar year within the state of Minnesota and the denominator is the total mileage operated during the past calendar year. The amount so determined shall be multiplied by the tax rate to disclose the tax due.

In computing the tax under this section "sales price" does not include the amount of any tax, except any manufacturer's or importer's excise tax, imposed by the United States upon or with respect to retail sales, whether imposed on the retailer or the consumer.

(d) Each such retailer shall make a return and remit to the commissioner the tax due for the preceding calendar month in accordance with the provisions of sections 297A.26 and 297A.27.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.211, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. Notwithstanding subdivisions 1 to 3, the commissioner may enter into an agreement with the commissioner of public safety, whereby upon approval of both commissioners, the commissioner of public safety will collect the motor vehicle excise tax from persons defined in subdivision 1. For the purpose of collecting the tax, the commissioner of public safety shall act as the agent of the commissioner of revenue and shall be subject to all rules not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter, that may be prescribed by the commissioner.

Sec. 11. [297A.212] [RAILROAD ROLLING STOCK.]

Railroad rolling stock used by a railroad operating in this state that is licensed as a common carrier by the Interstate Commerce Commission and used to transport persons or property in interstate or foreign commerce is subject to taxation under this chapter only to the extent provided in this section. The ratio of intrastate mileage to interstate or foreign mileage traveled by the carrier during the previous fiscal year of the carrier must be determined at the close of the carrier's fiscal year. This ratio must be applied each month to the purchase price of total purchases of rolling stock that are used in this state by the railroad to establish that portion of the total used and consumed in intrastate movement and subject to tax under this chapter. "Railroad rolling stock" means all portable or moving apparatus and machinery of a railroad company and includes engines, cars, tenders, coaches, sleeping cars, and parts necessary for the repair and maintenance of the rolling stock.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.25, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [MEDICINES; MEDICAL DEVICES.] The gross receipts from the sale of prescribed drugs and, prescribed medicine and insulin, intended for use, internal or external, in the cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of illness or disease in human beings and products consumed by humans for the preservation of health are exempt, including together with prescription glasses, therapeutic, and prosthetic devices, but not including cosmetics or toilet articles notwithstanding the presence of medicinal ingredients therein.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.25, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [PETROLEUM PRODUCTS.] The gross receipts from the sale of and storage, use or consumption of the following petroleum products are exempt:

(1) products upon which a tax has been imposed and paid under the provisions of chapter 296, whether or not any part of said tax may be subsequently refunded and no refund has been or will be allowed because the buyer used the fuel for nonhighway use, or

(2) products which are used in the improvement of agricultural land by constructing, maintaining, and repairing drainage ditches, tile drainage systems, grass waterways, water impoundment, and other erosion control structures.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.25, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. [SALES TO GOVERNMENT.] The gross receipts from all sales, including sales in which title is retained by a seller or a vendor or is assigned to a third party under an installment sale or lease purchase agreement under section 465.71, of tangible personal property to, and all storage, use or consumption of such property by, the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities or a state and its agencies, instrumentalities, and political subdivisions of the state are exempt. Sales exempted by this subdivision include sales pursuant to section 297A.01, subdivision 3, clauses (d) and (f). This exemption shall not apply to building, construction or reconstruction materials purchased by a contractor or a subcontractor as a part of a lump-sum contract or similar type of contract with a guaranteed maximum price covering both labor and materials for use in the construction, alteration or repair of a building or facility. This exemption does not apply to construction materials purchased by tax exempt entities or their contractors to be used in constructing buildings or facilities which will not be used principally by the tax exempt entities.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.25, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. [OCCASIONAL SALES.] The gross receipts from the isolated or occasional sale of tangible personal property in Minnesota not made in the normal course of business of selling that kind of property, and the storage, use, or consumption of property acquired as a result of such a sale are exempt. For purposes of this subdivision, sales by a nonprofit organization shall be deemed to be "isolated or occasional" if they occur at sale events that have a duration of three or fewer consecutive days. The granting of the privilege of admission to places of amusement and the privilege of use of amusement devices by a nonprofit organization at an isolated or occasional event conducted on property owned or leased for a continuous period of more than 30 days by the nonprofit organization are also exempt. The exemption provided for isolated sales of tangible personal property and of the granting of admissions or the privilege of use of amusement devices by nonprofit organizations pursuant to this subdivision shall be available only if the sum of the days on which the organization and any subsidiary nonprofit organization sponsored by it that does not have a separate sales tax exemption permit conduct sales of tangible personal property, plus the days with respect to which the organization charges for the use of amusement devices or admission to places of amusement, does not

exceed eight days in a calendar year. For purposes of this subdivision, a "nonprofit organization" means any corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution organized and operated exclusively for charitable, religious, or educational purposes, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of a private individual.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.25, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 35. [FOOD STAMPS.] The gross receipts from the sale of tangible personal property purchased with food stamps, coupons, or vouchers issued by the federal government under the Food Stamp Program are exempt. This exemption also applies to food purchased under the Special Supplemental Food Program for Women, Infants, and Children. The exemption provided by this subdivision is effective and applies only to the extent required by federal law.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.25, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 36. [INCOMING, INTERSTATE WATS LINES.] The gross receipts from the sale of long distance telephone services are exempt, if the service consists of a wide area telephone line that permits a long distance call to an individual or business located in Minnesota to be made from a location outside of Minnesota at no toll charge to the person placing the call.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.256, is amended to read:

297A.256 [EXEMPTIONS FOR CERTAIN NONPROFIT GROUPS.]

Notwithstanding the provisions of this chapter, the following sales made by a "nonprofit organization" are exempt from the sales and use tax.

(a) All sales made by an organization for fundraising purposes if that organization exists solely for the purpose of providing educational or social activities for young people primarily age 18 and under. This exemption shall apply only if the gross annual sales receipts of the organization from fundraising do not exceed \$10,000.

(b) All sales made by an organization for fundraising purposes if that organization is a senior citizen group which qualifies for exemption on its purchases pursuant to section 297A.25, subdivision 16 or association of groups that in general limits membership to persons age 55 or older and is organized and operated exclusively for pleasure, recreation and other nonprofit purposes and no part of the

net earnings inure to the benefit of any private shareholders. This exemption shall apply only if the gross annual sales receipts of the organization from fundraising do not exceed \$10,000.

(c) The gross receipts from the sales of tangible personal property at, admission charges for, and sales of food, meals, or drinks at fundraising events sponsored by a nonprofit organization when the entire proceeds, except for the necessary expenses therewith, will be used solely and exclusively for charitable, religious, or educational purposes. This exemption does not apply to admission charges for events involving bingo or other gambling activities or to charges for use of amusement devices involving bingo or other gambling activities. For purposes of this clause, a "nonprofit organization" means any unit of government, corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution organized and operated for charitable, religious, educational, civic, fraternal, senior citizens' or veterans' purposes, no part of the net earnings of which enures to the benefit of a private individual.

If the profits are not used solely and exclusively for charitable, religious, or educational purposes, the entire gross receipts are subject to tax.

Each nonprofit organization shall keep a separate accounting record, including receipts and disbursements from each fundraising event. All deductions from gross receipts must be documented with receipts and other records. If records are not maintained as required, the entire gross receipts are subject to tax.

The exemption provided by this section does not apply to any sale made by or in the name of a nonprofit corporation as the active or passive agent of a person that is not a nonprofit corporation.

The exemption for fundraising events under this section is limited to no more than 24 days a year. Fundraising events conducted on premises leased or occupied for more than four days but less than 30 days do not qualify for this exemption.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.26, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. When a retailer located outside of a city that imposes a local sales and use tax collects use tax to be remitted to that city, the retailer is not required to remit the tax until the amount collected reaches \$10.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.43, is amended to read:

297A.43 [CONFIDENTIAL NATURE OF INFORMATION.]

It shall be unlawful for the commissioner or any other public official or employee to divulge or otherwise make known in any manner any particulars disclosed in any report or return required by sections 297A.01 to 297A.44, or any information concerning the affairs of the person making the return acquired from the person's records, officers, or employees while examining or auditing under the authority of sections 297A.01 to 297A.44, except in connection with a proceeding involving taxes due under this chapter from the taxpayer making such report or return or to comply with the provisions of section 297A.431 or where a question arises as to the proper tax applicable, that is, sales or use tax. In the latter instance, the commissioner may furnish information to a buyer and a seller with respect to the specific transaction in question. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prohibit the commissioner from publishing statistics so classified as not to disclose the identity of particular returns or reports and the contents thereof. Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

The commissioner may enter into an agreement with the commissioner or other taxing officials of another state for the interpretation and administration of the acts of their several states providing for the collection of a sales and/or use tax for the purpose of promoting fair and equitable administration of such acts and to eliminate double taxation.

Notwithstanding the above provisions of this section, the commissioner, in order to implement the purposes of this chapter, may furnish information on a reciprocal basis to the taxing officials of another state, or to the taxing officials of any municipality of the state of Minnesota which has a local sales and/or use tax. The commissioner may furnish to the Minnesota supreme court and the board of professional responsibility information regarding the amount of any uncontested delinquent taxes due under this chapter or a failure to file a return due under this chapter by an attorney admitted to practice law in this state under chapter 481. The commissioner may furnish information to taxing officials of another state where necessary in the administration of the laws of that state, to the extent that the state provides similar rights of examination or information to officials of this state, if the other state agrees to be subject to the confidentiality restrictions of this section.

In order to facilitate processing of returns and payments of taxes required by this chapter, the commissioner may contract with outside vendors and may disclose private and nonpublic data to the vendor. The data disclosed will be administered by the vendor consistent with this section.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297B.03, is amended to read:

## 297B.03 [EXEMPTIONS.]

There is specifically exempted from the provisions of this chapter and from computation of the amount of tax imposed by it the following:

(1) Purchase or use, including use under a lease purchase agreement or installment sales contract made pursuant to section 465.71, of any motor vehicle by the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities and by any person described in and subject to the conditions provided in section 297A.25, subdivisions 11, 16, and subdivision 18.

(2) Purchase or use of any motor vehicle by any person who was a resident of another state at the time of the purchase and who subsequently becomes a resident of Minnesota, provided the purchase occurred more than 60 days prior to the date such person began residing in the state of Minnesota.

(3) Purchase or use of any motor vehicle by any person making a valid election to be taxed under the provisions of section 297A.211.

(4) Purchase or use of any motor vehicle previously registered in the state of Minnesota by any corporation or partnership when such transfer constitutes a transfer within the meaning of section 351 or 721 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1974.

(5) Purchase or use of any vehicle owned by a resident of another state and leased to a Minnesota based private or for hire carrier for regular use in the transportation of persons or property in interstate commerce provided the vehicle is titled in the state of the owner or secured party, and that state does not impose a sales or motor vehicle excise tax on motor vehicles used in interstate commerce.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297B.031, is amended to read:

## 297B.031 [REFUND OF TAX; MANDATORY REFUND OR REPLACEMENT LAWS.]

If a manufacturer of motor vehicles is required by a court order under section 325F.665 or a decision of an informal dispute settlement mechanism as defined in section 325F.665, ~~subdivision 3,~~ to refund pay the consumer the tax imposed by this chapter, a portion of the tax so paid by the purchaser shall be refunded to the manufacturer. The amount of the refund shall be the tax paid by the purchaser less an amount equal to the tax paid multiplied by a fraction, the denominator of which is the purchase price of the vehicle and the numerator of which is the allowance deducted from

the refund for the consumer's use of the vehicle. The refund shall be paid to the manufacturer only upon filing of a written application, in a form and providing information as prescribed by the commissioner. Payment of a refund pursuant to this section shall be made out of the general and highway user funds in the same proportion provided for deposit of tax proceeds for the fiscal year pursuant to section 297B.09, subdivision 1. The amounts necessary to pay the refunds are appropriated out of the respective funds.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 325F.665, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [MANUFACTURER'S DUTY TO REFUND OR REPLACE.] (a) If the manufacturer, its agents, or its authorized dealers are unable to conform the new motor vehicle to any applicable express warranty by repairing or correcting any defect or condition which substantially impairs the use or market value of the motor vehicle to the consumer after a reasonable number of attempts, the manufacturer shall, at the consumer's option, either replace the new motor vehicle with a comparable motor vehicle or accept return of the vehicle from the consumer and refund to the consumer the full purchase price, or the total amount actually paid by the consumer under any vehicle lease, including the cost of any options or other modifications arranged, installed, or made by the manufacturer, its agent, or its authorized dealer within 30 days after the date of original delivery, and all other charges including, but not limited to, sales tax, license fees and registration fees, reimbursement for towing and rental vehicle expenses incurred by the consumer as a result of the vehicle being out of service for warranty repair, less a reasonable allowance for the consumer's use of the vehicle not exceeding ten cents per mile driven or ten percent of the purchase price or full lease cost of the vehicle, whichever is less. Refunds must be made to the consumer, and lienholder, if any, as their interests appear on the records of the registrar of motor vehicles. Refunds shall include the amount stated by the dealer as the trade-in value of a consumer's used motor vehicle, plus any additional amount paid by the consumer for the new motor vehicle. For a lease vehicle, refunds shall include the total amount actually paid by the consumer under any vehicle lease, less any finance charges paid by the consumer. A reasonable allowance for use is that amount directly attributable to use by the consumer and any previous consumer prior to the first report of the nonconformity to the manufacturer, agent, or dealer. It is an affirmative defense to any claim under this section (1) that an alleged nonconformity does not substantially impair the use or market value, or (2) that a nonconformity is the result of abuse, neglect, or unauthorized modifications or alterations of a motor vehicle by anyone other than the manufacturer, its agent or its authorized dealer.

(b) It is presumed that a reasonable number of attempts have been undertaken to conform a new motor vehicle to the applicable express



warranties, if (1) the same nonconformity has been subject to repair four or more times by the manufacturer, its agents, or its authorized dealers within the express warranty term or during the period of one year following the date of original delivery of the motor vehicle to a consumer, whichever is the earlier date, but the nonconformity continues to exist, or (2) the vehicle is out of service by reason of repair for a cumulative total of 30 or more business days during the term or during the period, whichever is the earlier date.

(c) If the nonconformity results in a complete failure of the braking or steering system of the new motor vehicle and is likely to cause death or serious bodily injury if the vehicle is driven, it is presumed that a reasonable number of attempts have been undertaken to conform the vehicle to the applicable express warranties if the nonconformity has been subject to repair at least once by the manufacturer, its agents, or its authorized dealers within the express warranty term or during the period of one year following the date of original delivery of the motor vehicle to a consumer, whichever is the earlier date, and the nonconformity continues to exist.

(d) The term of an express warranty, the one-year period and the 30-day period shall be extended by any period of time during which repair services are not available to the consumer because of a war, invasion, strike, or fire, flood, or other natural disaster.

(e) The presumption contained in paragraph (b) applies against a manufacturer only if the manufacturer, its agent, or its authorized dealer has received prior written notification from or on behalf of the consumer at least once and an opportunity to cure the defect alleged. If the notification is received by the manufacturer's agent or authorized dealer, the agent or dealer must forward it to the manufacturer by certified mail, return receipt requested.

(f) A consumer is eligible to receive a refund or replacement vehicle under this section if the nonconformity is reported to the manufacturer, its authorized agent or dealer, at any time during the motor vehicle's express warranty period, even if the motor vehicle's express warranty expires before the requirements of paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) have been met.

(g) At the time of purchase the manufacturer must provide directly to the consumer a written statement on a separate piece of paper, in 10-point all capital type, in substantially the following form: "IMPORTANT: IF THIS VEHICLE IS DEFECTIVE, YOU MAY BE ENTITLED UNDER STATE LAW TO REPLACEMENT OF IT OR A REFUND OF ITS PURCHASE PRICE. HOWEVER, TO BE ENTITLED TO REFUND OR REPLACEMENT, YOU MUST FIRST NOTIFY THE MANUFACTURER, ITS AGENT, OR ITS AUTHORIZED DEALER OF THE PROBLEM IN WRITING AND GIVE THEM AN OPPORTUNITY TO REPAIR THE VEHICLE."

(h) The amount of the sales tax to be paid by the manufacturer to the consumer under paragraph (a) shall be the tax paid by the consumer when the vehicle was purchased less an amount equal to the tax paid multiplied by a fraction, the denominator of which is the purchase price of the vehicle and the numerator of which is the allowance deducted from the refund for the consumer's use of the vehicle.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 360.654, is amended to read:

**360.654 [AIRCRAFT DEALER'S COMMERCIAL USE PERMIT.]**

Upon written application by a dealer licensed in accordance with section 360.63 and payment of a fee of \$20 for each aircraft identified in the application, the commissioner of revenue shall issue a commercial use permit which shall entitle the dealer to use the aircraft for commercial purposes without payment of the tax imposed by section 297A.02 or 297A.14 for a period of 12 months or until the aircraft is sold, whichever first occurs. The dealer shall pay the tax imposed by section 297A.14 on all consideration received for use of the aircraft for commercial purposes during the period the dealer holds the commercial use permit. Commercial purposes as used herein does not include rental or lease of the aircraft for which the aircraft dealers normally collect the sales tax from their customers. Applications shall be on forms prescribed and furnished by the commissioner of revenue and shall include the federal aircraft registration number of each aircraft for which a permit is to be issued. A permit shall be affixed to the dealer's license and shall be conspicuously displayed in the aircraft for which it was issued, which aircraft shall remain in the possession of or under the control of the licensed dealer to whom the permit was issued. The permit shall expire and the tax imposed by section 297A.02 or 297A.14 shall become due upon either sale of the aircraft by the dealer or expiration of the 12-month period. If the aircraft has not been sold within the 12-month period the tax is due on the purchase price of the aircraft and its auxiliary equipment to the dealer and the tax imposed by section 297A.02 shall become due on the eventual sale of the aircraft. Laws 1971, chapter 740 shall in no way apply to registration or taxation pursuant to sections 360.511 to 360.67.

**Sec. 25. [REPEALER.]**

(a) Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 270.89 is repealed.

(b) Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.25, subdivision 13, is repealed.

(c) Laws 1986, chapter 391, section 3, is repealed.

**Sec. 26. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]**

Sections 1, paragraphs (a), (c), (d), except the reference to having access to and the use of amusement devices and athletic facilities, (f), and (k), 2, 4, 5, 11 to 14, 17, 20, 21, and 25, paragraph (b), are effective for sales at retail made after May 31, 1987, but shall not apply to sales of tangible personal property made pursuant to bona fide written contracts that were enforceable before June 1, 1987, and delivery is made on or before December 31, 1987. Section 6 is effective for sales at retail made after May 31, 1987. Sections 3, 8, 9, 24, and 25, paragraph (a), are effective June 1, 1987. Section 16 is effective for sales after September 30, 1987. The reference to having access to and the use of amusement devices and athletic facilities in section 1, paragraph (d), is effective February 1, 1987. Section 1, paragraphs (i) and (j), are effective for services provided after June 30, 1987, except that taxation of services described in paragraph (j), clauses (i), (iii), (iv), and (vi), is effective for services provided after September 30, 1987. Section 10 is effective upon approval of the agreement by the commissioner of revenue and the commissioner of public safety.

## ARTICLE 5

### PROPERTY TAXES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.11, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [LIMITED EQUITY COOPERATIVE APARTMENTS.] For the purposes of this subdivision, the terms defined in this subdivision have the meanings given them.

A "limited equity cooperative" is a corporation organized under chapter 308, which has as its primary purpose the provision of housing and related services to its members, whose income must not exceed 90 percent of the median St. Paul-Minneapolis metropolitan area income as determined by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development at the time they purchase their membership, and which meets the following requirements:

(a) The articles of incorporation set the sale price of occupancy entitling cooperative shares or memberships at no more than a transfer value determined as provided in the articles. That value may not exceed the sum of the following:

(1) the consideration paid for the membership or shares by the first occupant of the unit, as shown in the records of the corporation;

(2) the fair market value, as shown in the records of the corporation, of any improvements to the real property that were installed at

the sole expense of the member with the prior approval of the board of directors;

(3) accumulated interest, or an inflation allowance not to exceed the greater of a ten percent annual noncompounded increase on the consideration paid for the membership or share by the first occupant of the unit, or the amount that would have been paid on that consideration if interest had been paid on it at the rate of the percentage increase in the revised consumer price index for all urban consumers for the Minneapolis-St. Paul metropolitan area prepared by the United States Department of Labor, provided that the amount determined pursuant to this clause may not exceed \$500 for each year or fraction of a year the membership or share was owned; plus

(4) real property capital contributions shown in the records of the corporation to have been paid by the transferor member and previous holders of the same membership, or of separate memberships that had entitled occupancy to the unit of the member involved. These contributions include contributions to a corporate reserve account the use of which is restricted to real property improvements or acquisitions, contributions to the corporation which are used for real property improvements or acquisitions, and the amount of principal amortized by the corporation on its indebtedness due to the financing of real property acquisition or improvement or the averaging of principal paid by the corporation over the term of its real property-related indebtedness.

(b) The articles of incorporation require that the board of directors limit the purchase price of stock or membership interests for new member-occupants or resident shareholders to an amount which does not exceed the transfer value for the membership or stock as defined in clause (a).

(c) The articles of incorporation require that the total distribution out of capital to a member shall not exceed that transfer value.

(d) The articles of incorporation require that upon liquidation of the corporation any assets remaining after retirement of corporate debts and distribution to members will be conveyed to a charitable organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as amended through December 31, 1984 1986, or a public agency.

A "limited equity cooperative apartment" is a dwelling unit owned or leased by a limited equity cooperative. If the dwelling unit is leased by the cooperative the lease agreement must meet the conditions for a cooperative lease stated in section 273.124, subdivision 6.

“Occupancy entitling cooperative share or membership” is the ownership interest in a cooperative organization which entitles the holder to an exclusive right to occupy a dwelling unit owned or leased by the cooperative.

For purposes of taxation, the assessor shall value a unit owned by a limited equity cooperative at the lesser of its market value or the value determined by capitalizing the net operating income of a comparable apartment operated on a rental basis at the capitalization rate used in valuing comparable buildings that are not limited equity cooperatives. If a cooperative fails to operate in accordance with the provisions of clauses (a) to (d), the property shall be subject to additional property taxes in the amount of the difference between the taxes determined in accordance with this subdivision for the last ten years that the property had been assessed pursuant to this subdivision and the amount that would have been paid if the provisions of this subdivision had not applied to it. The additional taxes, plus interest at the rate specified in section 549.09, shall be extended against the property on the tax list for the current year.

Sec. 2. [273.1195] [STATE PAID SMALL BUSINESS PROPERTY TAX TRANSITION CREDIT.]

For property taxes payable in 1988 only, class 3a commercial industrial property is eligible for a state paid small business transition property tax credit if the payable 1988 property taxes on the first \$120,000 of market value of the property exceed three percent of the January 2, 1987 market value. The credit is equal to 50 percent of the property tax amount which is in excess of three percent of market value. Only the first \$120,000 of market value of a qualifying parcel and the taxes attributable to the first \$120,000 of market value are eligible for the computation of this credit. Only a parcel that qualifies for the 28 percent assessment ratio contained in section 273.13, subdivision 24, paragraph (a), qualifies for the credit provided in this section.

In the case of taxes paid in installments pursuant to section 279.01, subdivision 1, the credit under this section must be deducted from the second one-half installment payable October 15. The amount of the reduction must be reported to the commissioner of revenue as part of the abstracts of tax lists required to be filed with the commissioner under section 275.29.

There is annually appropriated from the general fund to the commissioners of revenue and education the amount necessary to replace the revenue lost to local units of government and school districts as a result of the reduction in property taxes provided in this section. The payment amounts must be determined and the installments paid under the provisions of sections 273.13, subdivision 15a, and 273.1392.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.124, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [LEASED BUILDINGS OR LAND.] For purposes of class 1 determinations, homesteads include:

(a) buildings and appurtenances owned and used by the occupant as a permanent residence which are located upon land the title to which is vested in a person or entity other than the occupant;

(b) all buildings and appurtenances located upon land owned by the occupant and used for the purposes of a homestead together with the land upon which they are located, if all of the following criteria are met:

(1) the occupant is using the property as a permanent residence;

(2) the occupant is paying the property taxes and any special assessments levied against the property;

(3) the occupant has signed a lease which has an option to purchase the buildings and appurtenances; ~~and~~

(4) the term of the lease is at least five years; and

(5) the occupant has made a down payment of at least \$5,000 in cash if the property was purchased by means of a contract for deed or subject to a mortgage.

Any taxpayer meeting all the requirements of this paragraph must notify the county assessor, or the assessor who has the powers of the county assessor pursuant to section 273.063, in writing, as soon as possible after signing the lease agreement and occupying the buildings as a homestead.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.13, subdivision 22, is amended to read:

Subd. 22. [CLASS 1.] (a) Except as provided in subdivision 23, real estate which is residential and used for homestead purposes is class 1. The market value of class 1a property must be determined based upon the value of the house, garage, and land.

The first ~~\$64,000~~ \$68,000 of market value of class 1a property must be assessed at ~~18~~ 17 percent of its market value. The homestead value of class 1a property that exceeds ~~\$64,000~~ \$68,000 must be assessed at ~~28~~ 27 percent of its value.

(b) Class 1b property includes real estate or manufactured homes used for the purposes of a homestead by

(1) any blind person, if the blind person is the owner thereof or if the blind person and the blind person's spouse are the sole owners thereof; or

(2) any person, hereinafter referred to as "veteran," who:

(i) served in the active military or naval service of the United States; and

(ii) is entitled to compensation under the laws and regulations of the United States for permanent and total service-connected disability due to the loss, or loss of use, by reason of amputation, ankylosis, progressive muscular dystrophies, or paralysis, of both lower extremities, such as to preclude motion without the aid of braces, crutches, canes, or a wheelchair; and

(iii) with assistance by the administration of veterans affairs has acquired a special housing unit with special fixtures or movable facilities made necessary by the nature of the veteran's disability, or the surviving spouse of the deceased veteran for as long as the surviving spouse retains the special housing unit as a homestead; or

(3) any person who:

(i) is permanently and totally disabled and

(ii) receives 90 percent or more of total income from

(A) aid from any state as a result of that disability; or

(B) supplemental security income for the disabled; or

(C) workers' compensation based on a finding of total and permanent disability; or

(D) social security disability, including the amount of a disability insurance benefit which is converted to an old age insurance benefit and any subsequent cost of living increases; or

(E) aid under the Federal Railroad Retirement Act of 1937, United States Code Annotated, title 45, section 228b(a)5; or

(F) a pension from any local government retirement fund located in the state of Minnesota as a result of that disability.

Property is classified and assessed pursuant to clause (1) only if the commissioner of human services certifies to the assessor that the owner of the property satisfies the requirements of this subdivision. The commissioner of human services shall provide a copy of the certification to the commissioner of revenue.

Class 1b property is valued and assessed as follows: in the case of agricultural land, including a manufactured home, used for a homestead, the first ~~\$32,000~~ \$33,000 of market value shall be valued and assessed at five percent, the ~~next \$32,000~~ \$33,000 of market value shall be valued and assessed at 14 percent, and the remaining market value shall be valued and assessed at 18 percent; and in the case of all other real estate and manufactured homes, the first ~~\$32,000~~ \$34,000 of market value shall be valued and assessed at five percent, the ~~next \$32,000~~ \$34,000 of market value shall be valued and assessed at ~~18~~ 17 percent, and the remaining market value shall be valued and assessed at ~~28~~ 27 percent. In the case of agricultural land, including a manufactured home, used for purposes of a homestead, the commissioner of revenue shall adjust, as provided in section 273.1311, the maximum amount of the market value of the homestead brackets subject to the five percent and 18 percent rates; and for all other real estate and manufactured homes, the commissioner of revenue shall adjust, as provided in section 273.1311, the maximum amount of the market value of the homestead brackets subject to the five percent and ~~18~~ 17 percent rates. Permanently and totally disabled for the purpose of this subdivision means a condition which is permanent in nature and totally incapacitates the person from working at an occupation which brings the person an income.

(c) Class 1c property is commercial use real property that abuts a lakeshore line and is devoted to temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreational purposes but not devoted to commercial purposes for more than 200 days in the year preceding the year of assessment, and that includes a portion used as a homestead by the owner. It must be assessed at 12 percent of market value with the following limitation: the area of the property must not exceed 100 feet of lakeshore footage for each cabin or campsite located on the property up to a total of 800 feet and 500 feet in depth, measured away from the lakeshore.

(d) The tax to be paid on class 1a or class 1b property, less any reduction received pursuant to sections 273.123 and 473H.10, shall be reduced by 54 percent of the tax imposed on the first \$68,000 of market value. The amount of the reduction shall not exceed \$700.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.133, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [LEASEHOLD COOPERATIVES.] When one or more dwellings or one or more buildings which each contain several dwelling units is owned by a nonprofit corporation subject to the provisions of chapter 317 or a limited partnership which corporation or partnership operates the property in conjunction with a cooperative association, homestead treatment, as provided under section 273.13, subdivision 7, may be claimed for each dwelling unit occupied by a member of the cooperative. To qualify for the treatment provided by this subdivision, the following conditions shall be



met: (a) the cooperative association must be organized under sections 308.05 to 308.18; (b) the cooperative association must have a lease for occupancy of the property for a term of at least 20 years; (c) the cooperative association must have a right under a written agreement with the owner to purchase the property if the owner proposes to sell it; if the cooperative association does not purchase the property when it is offered for sale, the owner may not subsequently sell the property to another purchaser at a price lower than the price at which it was offered for sale to the cooperative association unless the cooperative association approves the sale; (d) the cooperative must meet one of the following criteria with respect to the income of its members: (1) a minimum of 75 percent of members must have incomes at or less than 90 percent of area median income, (2) a minimum of 40 percent of members must have incomes at or less than 60 percent of area median income, or (3) a minimum of 20 percent of members must have incomes at or less than 50 percent of area median income. For purposes of this clause, "member income" shall mean the income of a member existing at the time the member acquires his or her cooperative membership, and median income shall mean the St. Paul-Minneapolis metropolitan area median income as determined by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development; and ~~(d)~~ (e) if a limited partnership owns the property, it must include as the managing general partner either the cooperative association or a nonprofit organization operating under the provisions of chapter 317. Homestead treatment shall be afforded to units occupied by members of the cooperative association and the units shall be assessed as provided in subdivision 1, provided that any unit not so occupied shall be classified and assessed pursuant to section 273.13, subdivision 19. No more than three acres of land shall, for assessment purposes, be included with each dwelling unit that qualifies for homestead treatment under this subdivision.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.1392, is amended to read:

273.1392 [PAYMENT; AIDS TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS.]

The amounts of homestead credit under section 273.13, subdivisions 22 and 23; wetlands credit and reimbursement under section 273.115; native prairie credit and reimbursement under section 273.116; small business transition credit under section 2; disaster or emergency reimbursement under section 273.123; attached machinery aid under section 273.138; and metropolitan agricultural preserve reduction under section 473H.10, shall be certified to the department of education by the department of revenue. The amounts so certified shall be paid according to section 124.195, subdivisions 6 and 10.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.1393, is amended to read:

**273.1393 [COMPUTATION OF NET PROPERTY TAXES.]**

Notwithstanding any other provisions to the contrary, "net" property taxes are determined by subtracting the credits in the order listed from the gross tax:

(1) small business property tax transition credit as provided in section 2;

(2) disaster credit as provided in section 273.123;

(2)(3) wetlands credit as provided in section 273.115;

(3)(4) native prairie credit as provided in section 273.116;

(4)(5) powerline credit as provided in section 273.42;

(5)(6) agricultural preserves credit as provided in section 473H.10;

(6)(7) enterprise zone credit as provided in section 273.1314;

(7)(8) state school agricultural credit as provided in section 124.2137;

(8)(9) state paid homestead credit as provided in section 273.13, subdivisions 22 and 23;

(9)(10) taconite homestead credit as provided in section 273.135;

(10)(11) supplemental homestead credit as provided in section 273.1391.

The combination of all property tax credits must not exceed the gross tax amount.

**Sec. 8. [273.1397] [INCOME MAINTENANCE TAX DISPARITY AID.]**

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] (a) In this section, the following terms have the meanings given them.

(b) "Income maintenance programs" means general assistance payments as defined in section 256D.02, subdivision 4, less any amounts paid under the third paragraph of section 256D.03, subdivision 2; general assistance medical care payments as defined in section 256D.02, subdivision 4a; and work readiness assistance under section 256D.051.

(c) "Unreimbursed local share" means the county's cost of income maintenance programs for the previous state fiscal year, excluding administrative costs, and excluding costs that are reimbursed by the federal government, or by the state under section 256D.03, subdivisions 2, 4, and 6.

(d) "Adjusted assessed value" has the meaning given it in section 124A.02, subdivision 3a.

(e) "Preliminary aid amount" means the unreimbursed local share, less the product of one-half mill times the most recent adjusted assessed value of all taxable property in the county excluding the captured value of tax increment financing property and the net value adjustment under chapter 473F.

Subd. 2. [AID TO COUNTY.] A county whose preliminary aid amount is greater than zero shall receive a payment equal to the lesser of (1) the preliminary aid amount, or (2) 95 percent of the unreimbursed local share. The commissioner of revenue shall annually determine the amounts pursuant to this section and shall notify the county of the resulting income maintenance tax disparity aid amount. The commissioner of revenue shall pay to each affected county treasurer the county's total payment for the year in equal installments on or before July 15 and December 15 of each year.

Subd. 3. [APPROPRIATION.] An amount sufficient to make the payments required in this section is annually appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 276.04, is amended to read:

**276.04 [NOTICE OF RATES; PROPERTY TAX STATEMENTS.]**

On receiving the tax lists from the county auditor, the county treasurer shall, if directed by the county board, give three weeks' published notice in a newspaper specifying the rates of taxation for all general purposes and the amounts raised for each specific purpose. The treasurer shall, whether or not directed by the county board, cause to be printed on all tax statements, or on an attachment, a tabulated statement of the dollar amount due to each taxing authority from the parcel of real property for which a particular tax statement is prepared. The dollar amounts due the county, township or municipality and school district shall be separately stated but the amounts due other taxing districts, if any, may be aggregated. The dollar amounts, including the dollar amount of any special assessments, may be rounded to the nearest even whole dollar. For purposes of this section whole odd-numbered dollars may be adjusted to the next higher even-numbered dollar. The statement shall include the following sentence, printed in upper case letters in bold face print: "THE STATE OF MINNESOTA DOES NOT RECEIVE

ANY PROPERTY TAX REVENUES. THE STATE OF MINNESOTA REDUCES YOUR PROPERTY TAX BY PAYING CREDITS AND REIMBURSEMENTS TO LOCAL UNITS OF GOVERNMENT." The property tax statements for manufactured homes and sectional structures taxed as personal property shall contain the same information that is required on the tax statements for real property. The county treasurer shall mail to taxpayers statements of their personal property taxes due, such statements to be mailed not later than February 15 (except in the case of manufactured homes and sectional structures taxed as personal property), statements of the real property taxes due shall be mailed not later than January 31; provided, that the validity of the tax shall not be affected by failure of the treasurer to mail such statement. The taxpayer is defined as the owner who is responsible for the payment of the tax. Such real and personal property tax statements shall contain the market value, as defined in section 272.03, subdivision 8, used in determining the tax. The statement shall show the amount attributable to section 124.2137 as "state paid agricultural credit" and the amount attributable to section 273.13, subdivisions 22 and 23 as "state paid homestead credit." The statement must state the amount deducted under section 2 and identify it as "state paid small business transition credit." If so directed by the county board, the treasurer shall visit places in the county as the treasurer deems expedient for the purpose of receiving taxes and the county board is authorized to pay the expenses of such visits and of preparing duplicate tax lists. Failure to mail the tax statement shall not be deemed a material defect to affect the validity of any judgment and sale for delinquent taxes.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 477A.012, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [AID AMOUNT.] In calendar year 1987 1988 and calendar years thereafter, each county government shall receive a distribution equal to 104 percent of the aid amount certified for 1986 1987 pursuant to sections 477A.011 to 477A.03. Each county government that received no distribution in 1986 pursuant to sections 477A.011 to 477A.03 shall receive a distribution in calendar year 1987 computed by multiplying the county's population by a factor equal to the total increase in aid certified to all other counties under this section in 1987 over the total amount certified in 1986, divided by the total population of those counties this subdivision.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 477A.013, is amended to read:

#### 477A.013 [MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT DISTRIBUTIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [TOWNS.] In calendar year 1987 1988 and calendar years thereafter, each town which had levied for taxes payable in the previous year at least one mill on the dollar of the assessed value of

the town shall receive a distribution equal to 104 percent of the greater of: (a) 60 percent of the amount received in 1983 pursuant to Minnesota Statutes 1982, sections 273.138, 273.139, and 477A.011 to 477A.03; or (b) the amount received certified in 1986 1987 pursuant to sections 477A.011 to 477A.03.

Subd. 2. [CITIES.] In calendar year 1987 1988 and calendar years thereafter, each city shall receive a local government aid distribution as determined by the following steps:

(1) A preliminary aid amount shall be computed for each city equal to the amount obtained by subtracting its local effort mill rate multiplied by its equalized assessed value from its fiscal need factor, except that its preliminary aid amount may not be less than its previous year aid amount.

For any city which received more than \$70 per capita in attached machinery aids in 1983 pursuant to Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 273.138, an amount equal to the amount of attached machinery aids received in 1983 shall be added to the preliminary aid amount.

(2) For each city, an aid increase amount equal to the amount by which its preliminary aid amount exceeds its previous year aid amount shall be determined. Each city's aid increase amount shall be reduced by a uniform percentage as determined by the commissioner of revenue, to make the sum of the final aid distributions for all cities equal the aid limitation imposed by subdivision 3.

(3) Each city's final aid amount shall be equal to the sum of its aid increase amount, as adjusted, and its previous year aid amount; provided, however, that no city's aid shall exceed its maximum aid amount, and further provided that no city which is a city of the first class shall have a final aid amount which is less than 102 percent of its previous year aid.

Subd. 3. [AID LIMITATION.] The total amount available for distribution to cities pursuant to subdivision 2 shall be \$297,440,000 for calendar year 1987 equal to the amount that the city was certified to receive for calendar year 1987 under this subdivision.

## Sec. 12. [LEVY LIMITATIONS FOR TAXES PAYABLE IN 1988.]

Subdivision 1. [GENERALLY.] Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, for taxes levied in 1987, payable in 1988 only, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.50 to 275.56, shall not apply, and the provisions of this section shall govern the levies for all counties and all cities regardless of population.

Subd. 2. [CITIES.] For any home rule charter or statutory city, the levy limit base for taxes payable in 1988 is the sum of (1) the city's total levy for taxes payable in 1987, excluding the amount levied in that year for debt service and the amount claimed as a special levy for unfunded accrued pension liabilities under section 275.50, subdivision 5, clause (o); and (2) the amount received in 1987 under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.51, subdivision 3i. This sum shall be increased by a percentage equal to the greater of the percentage increases in population or in number of households, if any, for the most recent 12-month period for which data is available, using figures derived under Minnesota Statutes, section 275.51, subdivision 6. The resulting amount for each home rule charter or statutory city multiplied by 103 percent is the city's levy limit base for taxes payable in 1988. The payable 1988 levy limitation for each city shall be equal to the levy limit base determined under this section reduced by the aids for 1988 enumerated in section 275.51, subdivision 3i.

Subd. 3. [COUNTIES.] For any county, the levy limit base for taxes payable in 1988 is the sum of (1) the county's total levy for taxes payable in 1987, excluding the amount levied in that year for (a) debt service; (b) amount claimed as a special levy for unfunded accrued pension liabilities under section 275.50, subdivision 5, clause (o); (c) income maintenance programs except for the administrative costs associated with those programs; and (d) social services programs, including the administrative costs associated with those programs, plus (2) the amount received in 1987 under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.51, subdivision 3i. This sum shall be increased by a percentage equal to the greater of the percentage increases in population or in number of households, if any, for the most recent 12-month period for which data is available, using figures derived under Minnesota Statutes, section 275.51, subdivision 6. The resulting amount for each county multiplied by 103 percent is the county's levy limit base for taxes payable in 1988. The payable 1988 levy limitation for each county shall be equal to the levy limit base determined under this section reduced by the aids for 1988 enumerated in section 275.51, subdivision 3i.

Subd. 4. [EXCEPTIONS.] For taxes payable in 1988, the amounts levied for the following costs are not subject to the limitation under subdivision 2 or 3:

- (1) levies for debt service,
- (2) levies for unfunded accrued pension liabilities as specified under section 275.50, subdivision 5, clause (o),
- (3) levies for income maintenance programs, net of any aid payments received under section 8, and excluding the administrative costs associated with those programs, and

(4) levies for social service programs including the administrative costs associated with those programs.

The amount levied by the county for taxes payable in 1988 to pay the costs of programs described in clauses (3) and (4) of this subdivision shall be subject to the percentage limitations provided in section 275.50, subdivision 5, clause (d).

Subd. 5. [APPEALS.] A governmental subdivision subject to the limitations in this section may appeal to the commissioner of revenue for an adjustment in its levy limit base under this section. If the governmental subdivision can provide evidence satisfactory to the commissioner that its levy for taxes payable in 1987 had been reduced because it had made expenditures from reserve funds, or for any other reason, or that it is necessary to levy additional amounts for taxes payable in 1988 which were not levied in 1987, the commissioner may permit the governmental subdivision to increase its levy limit base under this section by the amount determined by the commissioner. The commissioner's decision is final.

#### Sec. 13. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1, 3, 4, 5, and 8 are effective for taxes levied in 1987 payable in 1988 and subsequent years.

## ARTICLE 6

### 1989 AND SUBSEQUENT PROPERTY TAX

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116C.63, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. When private real property defined as class 1a, 1b, 1c, 2a, 2c, 4a, 5a, or 6a pursuant to that is an agricultural or nonagricultural homestead, nonhomestead agricultural land, rental residential property, and both commercial and noncommercial seasonal residential recreational property, as those terms are defined in section 273.13 is proposed to be acquired for the construction of a site or route by eminent domain proceedings, the fee owner, or when applicable, the fee owner with the written consent of the contract for deed vendee, or the contract for deed vendee with the written consent of the fee owner, shall have the option to require the utility to condemn a fee interest in any amount of contiguous, commercially viable land which the owner or vendee wholly owns or has contracted to own in undivided fee and elects in writing to transfer to the utility within 60 days after receipt of the notice of the objects of the petition filed pursuant to section 117.055. Commercial viability shall be determined without regard to the presence of the utility route or site. The owner or, when applicable, the contract vendee

shall have only one such option and may not expand or otherwise modify an election without the consent of the utility. The required acquisition of land pursuant to this subdivision shall be considered an acquisition for a public purpose and for use in the utility's business, for purposes of chapter 117 and section 500.24, respectively; provided that a utility shall divest itself completely of all such lands used for farming or capable of being used for farming not later than the time it can receive the market value paid at the time of acquisition of lands less any diminution in value by reason of the presence of the utility route or site. Upon the owner's election made under this subdivision, the easement interest over and adjacent to the lands designated by the owner to be acquired in fee, sought in the condemnation petition for a high voltage transmission line right-of-way shall automatically be converted into a fee taking.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.155, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [ADJUSTMENT TO AIDS.] The amount specified in subdivision 1 shall be used to adjust the following state aids and credits in the order listed:

- (a) foundation aid as defined in section 124A.01;
- (b) secondary vocational aid authorized in section 124.573;
- (c) special education aid authorized in section 124.32;
- (d) secondary vocational aid for handicapped children authorized in section 124.574;
- (e) gifted and talented aid authorized in section 124.247;
- (f) aid for pupils of limited English proficiency authorized in section 124.273;
- (g) aid for chemical use programs authorized in section 124.246;
- (h) interdistrict cooperation aid authorized in section 124.272;
- (i) summer program aid authorized in section 124A.033;
- (j) transportation aid authorized in section 124.225;
- (k) community education programs aid authorized in section 124.271;
- (l) adult education aid authorized in section 124.26;



(m) early childhood family education aid authorized in section 124.2711;

(n) capital expenditure equalization aid authorized in section 124.245;

(o) homestead credit replacement aid authorized in section 273.13, subdivisions 22 and 23 273.1394;

(p) state school agricultural tax credit replacement aid authorized in section 124.2137 273.1395;

(q) wetlands credit authorized in section 273.115;

(r) native prairie credit authorized in section 273.116;

(s) attached machinery aid authorized in section 273.138, subdivision 3; and

(t) (r) teacher retirement and F.I.C.A. aid authorized in sections 124.2162 and 124.2163.

The commissioner of education shall schedule the timing of the adjustments to state aids and credits specified in subdivision 1, as close to the end of the fiscal year as possible.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.2131, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [DECREASE IN IRON ORE ASSESSED VALUE.] If in any year the assessed value of class 9a and 9b iron ore property, as defined in section 273.13, subdivision 30, in any district is less than the assessed value of such property in the immediately preceding year, the equalization aid review committee shall redetermine for all purposes the adjusted assessed value of the immediately preceding year taking into account only the decrease in assessed value of class 9a and 9b iron ore property. If subdivision 2, clause (a) is applicable to such a the district, the decrease in class 9a and 9b iron ore property shall be applied to the adjusted assessed value as limited therein. In all other respects, the provisions of clause (1) shall be applicable apply.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.2139, is amended to read:

124.2139 [REDUCTION OF HOMESTEAD CREDIT PAYMENTS TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS.]

The commissioner of revenue shall reduce homestead credit replacement aid payments made to school districts pursuant to section 273.13, subdivisions 22 and 23, 273.1394 by the product of:

(1) the district's fiscal year 1984 payroll for coordinated plan members of the public employees retirement association, times

(2) the difference between the employer contribution rate in effect prior to July 1, 1984, and the total employer contribution rate in effect after June 30, 1984.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124A.02, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. [MINIMUM AID.] A qualifying district's minimum aid for each school year shall equal its minimum guarantee for that school year, minus the sum of:

(1) the amount of the district's state school homestead credit replacement aid paid under section 273.1394 and its agricultural tax credit replacement aid under section 273.1395 for that school year, after any positive tax base adjustment but prior to any negative tax base adjustment under section 273.1396;

(2) the amount by which property taxes of the district for use in that school year are reduced by the homestead credit provisions in section 273.13, subdivisions 22 and 23;

(3) the amount by which property taxes of the district for use in that school year are reduced by the taconite homestead credit provisions in section 273.135;

(4) the amount by which property taxes of the district for use in that school year are reduced by the attached machinery provisions in section 273.138, subdivision 6;

(5) the amount by which property taxes of the district for use in that school year are reduced by the state paid wetlands credit provisions in section 273.115;

(6) the amount by which property taxes of the district for use in that school year are reduced by the state paid native prairie credit provisions in section 273.116;

(7) (3) the amount by which property taxes of the district for use in that school year are reduced by the state reimbursed disaster or emergency reassessment provisions in section 273.123; and

~~(8)~~ (4) the amount by which property taxes of the district for use in that school year are reduced by the metropolitan agricultural preserve provisions in section 473H.10.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 272.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. All property described in this section to the extent herein limited shall be exempt from taxation:

- (1) All public burying grounds;
- (2) All public schoolhouses;
- (3) All public hospitals;
- (4) All academies, colleges, and universities, and all seminaries of learning;
- (5) All churches, church property, and houses of worship;
- (6) Institutions of purely public charity except parcels of property containing structures and the structures assessed as class 7(a), (b), (c), or (d) described in section 273.13, subdivision 25, paragraph (c), clauses (1) or (2), or paragraph (d), clause (2);
- (7) All public property exclusively used for any public purpose;
- (8) Except for the taxable personal property enumerated below, all personal property and the property described in section 272.03, subdivision 1, paragraphs (c) and (d) shall be exempt.

The following personal property shall be taxable:

- (a) personal property which is part of an electric generating, transmission, or distribution system or a pipeline system transporting or distributing water, gas, crude oil, or petroleum products or mains and pipes used in the distribution of steam or hot or chilled water for heating or cooling buildings and structures;
- (b) railroad docks and wharves which are part of the operating property of a railroad company as defined in section 270.80;
- (c) personal property defined in section 272.03, subdivision 2, clause (3);
- (d) leasehold or other personal property interests which are taxed pursuant to section 272.01, subdivision 2; 273.124, subdivision 7; or 273.19, subdivision 1; or any other law providing the property is taxable as if the lessee or user were the fee owner;

(e) manufactured homes and sectional structures; and

(f) flight property as defined in section 270.071.

(9) Real and personal property used primarily for the abatement and control of air, water, or land pollution to the extent that it is so used, other than real property used primarily as a solid waste disposal site.

Any taxpayer requesting exemption of all or a portion of any equipment or device, or part thereof, operated primarily for the control or abatement of air or water pollution shall file an application with the commissioner of revenue. The equipment or device shall meet standards, rules or criteria prescribed by the Minnesota pollution control agency, and must be installed or operated in accordance with a permit or order issued by that agency. The Minnesota pollution control agency shall upon request of the commissioner furnish information or advice to the commissioner. On determining that property qualifies for exemption, the commissioner shall issue an order exempting the property from taxation. The equipment or device shall continue to be exempt from taxation as long as the permit issued by the Minnesota pollution control agency remains in effect.

(10) Wetlands. For purposes of this subdivision, "wetlands" means (1) land described in section 105.37, subdivision 15, or (2) land which is mostly under water, produces little if any income, and has no use except for wildlife or water conservation purposes, provided it is preserved in its natural condition and drainage of it would be legal, feasible, and economically practical for the production of livestock, dairy animals, poultry, fruit, vegetables, forage and grains, except wild rice. "Wetlands" shall include adjacent land which is not suitable for agricultural purposes due to the presence of the wetlands. "Wetlands" shall not include woody swamps containing shrubs or trees, wet meadows, meandered water, streams, rivers, and floodplains or river bottoms. Exemption of wetlands from taxation pursuant to this section shall not grant the public any additional or greater right of access to the wetlands or diminish any right of ownership to the wetlands.

(11) Native prairie. The commissioner of the department of natural resources shall determine lands in the state which are native prairie and shall notify the county assessor of each county in which the lands are located. Pasture land used for livestock grazing purposes shall not be considered native prairie for the purposes of this clause and section 273.116. Upon receipt of an application for the exemption and credit provided in this clause and section 273.116 for lands for which the assessor has no determination from the commissioner of natural resources, the assessor shall refer the application to the commissioner of natural resources who shall determine within 30 days whether the land is native prairie and

notify the county assessor of the decision. Exemption of native prairie pursuant to this clause shall not grant the public any additional or greater right of access to the native prairie or diminish any right of ownership to it.

(12) Property used in a continuous program to provide emergency shelter for victims of domestic abuse, provided the organization that owns and sponsors the shelter is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as amended through December 31, 1982 1986, notwithstanding the fact that the sponsoring organization receives funding under section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended.

(13) If approved by the governing body of the municipality in which the property is located, property not exceeding one acre which is owned and operated by any senior citizen group or association of groups that in general limits membership to persons age 55 or older and is organized and operated exclusively for pleasure, recreation, and other nonprofit purposes, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholders; provided the property is used primarily as a clubhouse, meeting facility or recreational facility by the group or association and the property is not used for residential purposes on either a temporary or permanent basis.

(14) To the extent provided by section 295.44, real and personal property used or to be used primarily for the production of hydroelectric or hydromechanical power on a site owned by the state or a local governmental unit which is developed and operated pursuant to the provisions of section 105.482, subdivisions 1, 8 and 9.

(15) If approved by the governing body of the municipality in which the property is located, and if construction is commenced after June 30, 1983:

(a) a "direct satellite broadcasting facility" operated by a corporation licensed by the federal communications commission to provide direct satellite broadcasting services using direct broadcast satellites operating in the 12-ghz. band;

(b) a "fixed satellite regional or national program service facility" operated by a corporation licensed by the federal communications commission to provide fixed satellite-transmitted regularly scheduled broadcasting services using satellites operating in the 6-ghz. band; and

(c) a facility at which a licensed Minnesota manufacturer produces distilled spirituous liquors, liqueurs, cordials, or liquors designated as specialties regardless of alcoholic content, but not including ethyl alcohol, distilled with a majority of the ingredients grown or

produced in Minnesota.

An exemption provided by paragraph (15) shall apply for a period not to exceed five years. When the facility no longer qualifies for exemption, it shall be placed on the assessment rolls as provided in subdivision 4. Before approving a tax exemption pursuant to this paragraph, the governing body of the municipality shall provide an opportunity to the members of the county board of commissioners of the county in which the facility is proposed to be located and the members of the school board of the school district in which the facility is proposed to be located to meet with the governing body. The governing body shall present to the members of those boards its estimate of the fiscal impact of the proposed property tax exemption. The tax exemption shall not be approved by the governing body until the county board of commissioners has presented its written comment on the proposal to the governing body, or 30 days has passed from the date of the transmittal by the governing body to the board of the information on the fiscal impact, whichever occurs first.

(16) Real and personal property owned and operated by a private, nonprofit corporation exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to United States Code, title 26, section 501(c)(3), primarily used in the generation and distribution of hot water for heating buildings and structures.

(17) Notwithstanding section 273.19, state lands that are leased from the department of natural resources under section 92.46.

(18) Electric power distribution lines and their attachments and appurtenances, that are used primarily for supplying electricity to farmers at retail.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 272.02, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. The exemptions granted by subdivision 1 are subject to the limits contained in the other subdivisions of this section, section 272.025, or 273.13, subdivision ~~28~~ 25, ~~paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d)~~ paragraph (c), clause (1) or (2), or paragraph (d), clause (2).

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 272.115, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. No real estate sold on or after January 1, 1978 for which a certificate of value is required pursuant to subdivision 1 shall receive the homestead credit provided under section 273.13, subdivisions ~~22 and 23~~; value exemption amount or the agricultural mill credit provided exemption amount computed in section ~~124.2137~~ 275.081; or the taconite homestead credit provided in sections 273.134 to 273.136, unless a certificate of value has been filed with the county auditor in accordance with this section.

This subdivision shall apply to any real estate taxes that are payable the year or years following the sale of the property.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.1102, is amended to read:

**273.1102 [RATE OF TAX, TERMINOLOGY OF LAWS OR CHARTERS.]**

**Subdivision 1. [PRE-1988 ADJUSTMENT.]** The rate of property taxation by any political subdivision or other public corporation for any purpose for which any law or charter now provides a maximum tax rate expressed in mills times the assessed value or times the full and true value of taxable property (except any value determined by the state equalization aid review committee) shall not exceed 33 $\frac{1}{2}$  percent of such maximum tax rate until and unless such law or charter is amended to provide a different maximum tax rate.

**Subd. 2. [1988 ADJUSTMENT.]** The rate of property taxation, salary limits, or aid formulas set for any political subdivision or other public corporation for which any law or charter provide a maximum tax rate expressed in mills effective on July 1, 1988, shall be adjusted by multiplying the mill rate provision in effect for taxes levied in 1987, payable in 1988, by 45 percent.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.1104, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. The term value as applied to iron ore in sections 273.165, subdivision 2 and 273.13, subdivision ~~30~~ 31, ~~paragraph (b)~~ shall be deemed to be three times the present value of future income notwithstanding the provisions of section 273.11. The present value of future income shall be determined by the commissioner of revenue in accordance with professionally recognized mineral valuation practice and procedure. Nothing contained herein shall be construed as requiring any change in the method of determining present value of iron ore utilized by the commissioner prior to the enactment hereof or as limiting any remedy presently available to the taxpayer in connection with the commissioner's determination of present value, or precluding the commissioner from making subsequent changes in the present worth formula.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.123, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] For purposes of this section (a) "disaster or emergency" means

(1) a major disaster as determined by the president of the United States;

(2) a natural disaster as determined by the secretary of agriculture;

(3) a disaster as determined by the administrator of the small business administration; or

(4) a tornado, storm, flood, earthquake, landslide, explosion, fire or similar catastrophe, as a result of which a local emergency is declared pursuant to section 12.29.

(b) "disaster or emergency area" means an area

(1) in which the president of the United States, the secretary of agriculture, or the administrator of the small business administration has determined that a disaster exists pursuant to federal law or in which a local emergency has been declared pursuant to section 12.29; and

(2) for which an application by the local unit of government requesting property tax relief under this section has been received by the governor and approved by the executive council.

(c) "homestead property" means homestead dwelling that is classified as class 1a, 1b (1), or 2a property or a manufactured home or sectional home used as a homestead and taxed pursuant to section 274.19, subdivision 8, paragraph (b), (c), or (d).

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.123, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [STATE REIMBURSEMENT.] The county auditor shall calculate the tax on the property described in subdivision 2 based on the assessment made on January 2 of the year in which the disaster or emergency occurred. The difference between the tax determined on the January 2 assessed value and the tax actually payable based on the reassessed value determined under subdivision 2 shall be reimbursed to each taxing jurisdiction in which the damaged property is located. The amount shall be certified by the county auditor and reported to the commissioner of revenue. The commissioner shall make the payments to the taxing jurisdictions containing the property at the time distributions are made pursuant to section 273.13, subdivision 15a 273.1394, in the same proportion that the ad valorem tax is distributed.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.123, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [COMPUTATION OF CREDITS.] The amounts of any credits or tax relief which reduce the gross tax shall be computed upon the reassessed value determined under subdivision 2. Payment



shall be made pursuant to section ~~273.13, subdivision 15a~~ 273.1394. For purposes of the property tax refund, property taxes payable, as defined in section 290A.03, subdivision 13, and net property taxes payable, as defined in section 290A.04, subdivision 2d, shall be computed upon the reassessed value determined under subdivision 2.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.123, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [LOCAL OPTION; OTHER PROPERTY.] The owner of homestead property not qualifying for an adjustment in valuation pursuant to subdivisions 1 to 5 or of nonhomestead property may receive a reduction in the amount of taxes payable for the year in which the destruction occurs on the homestead portion property if:

(a) 50 percent or more of the homestead dwelling or other structure, as established by the county assessor, is unintentionally or accidentally destroyed and the homestead is uninhabitable or the other structure is not usable;

(b) the owner of the property makes written application to the county assessor as soon as practical after the damage has occurred; and

(c) the owner of the property makes written application to the county board, upon completion of the restoration of the destroyed structure.

The county board may grant a reduction in the amount of property tax which the owner must pay on the qualifying home property in the year of destruction. Any reduction in the amount of tax payable which is authorized by county board action shall be calculated based upon the number of months that the home is uninhabitable or the other structure is unusable. The amount of net tax due from the taxpayer shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of months the dwelling was occupied by that taxpayer, or the number of months the other structure was used by the taxpayer, and the denominator of which is 12. For purposes of this subdivision, if a structure is occupied or used for a fraction of a month, it is considered a month. "Net tax" is defined as the amount of tax after the subtraction of all of the state paid property tax credits. If application is made following payment of all property taxes due for the year of destruction, the amount of the reduction granted by the county board shall be refunded to the taxpayer by the county treasurer as soon as practical.

Any reductions or refunds approved by the county board shall not be subject to approval by the commissioner of revenue.

The county board may levy in the following year the amount of tax dollars lost to the county government as a result of the reductions granted pursuant to this subdivision. Any amount levied for this purpose shall be exempt from the levy limit provisions of sections 275.50 to 275.56.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.124, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [HOMESTEAD OWNED BY FAMILY FARM CORPORATION OR PARTNERSHIP.] (a) Each family farm corporation and each partnership operating a family farm is entitled to ~~class 1b or~~ class 2a assessment for one homestead occupied by a shareholder or partner thereof who is residing on the land and actively engaged in farming of the land owned by the corporation or partnership. Homestead treatment applies even if legal title to the property is in the name of the corporation or partnership and not in the name of the person residing on it. "Family farm corporation" and "family farm" have the meanings given in section 500.24.

(b) In addition to property specified in paragraph (a), any other residences owned by corporations or partnerships described in paragraph (a) which are located on agricultural land and occupied as homesteads by shareholders or partners who are actively engaged in farming on behalf of the corporation or partnership must also be assessed as ~~class 1b or~~ class 2a property, but the property eligible is limited to the residence itself and as much of the land surrounding the homestead, not exceeding one acre, as is reasonably necessary for the use of the dwelling as a home, and does not include any other structures that may be located on it.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.124, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. [LIMITATION ON HOMESTEAD CLASSIFICATION.] If the assessor has classified a property as both homestead and nonhomestead, the greater of the value attributable to the portion of the property classified as class 1a, ~~1b,~~ 1 or class 2a or the value of the first tier of assessment percentages provided under section 273.13, subdivision 22, ~~paragraph (a) or (b)~~ or subdivision 23, paragraph (a) is entitled to assessment as a homestead ~~treatment under section 273.13, subdivision 22 or 23, and the homestead exemption under section 275.081, subdivision 2.~~ The limitation in this subdivision does not apply to buildings containing fewer than four residential units or to a single rented or leased dwelling unit located within or attached to a private garage or similar structure owned by the owner of a homestead and located on the premises of that homestead.

If the assessor has classified a property as both homestead and nonhomestead, ~~the homestead credit provided in section 273.13, subdivisions 22 and 23, and the reductions in tax provided under~~

sections 273.135 and 273.1391 apply to the value of both the homestead and the nonhomestead portions of the property.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.124, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

Subd. 13. [SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER REQUIRED FOR HOMESTEAD APPLICATION.] Beginning with the January 2, 1987, assessment, every property owner applying for homestead classification must furnish to the county assessor that owner's social security or taxpayer identification number. If the social security or taxpayer identification number is not provided, the county assessor shall classify the property as nonhomestead. The social security numbers of the property owners are private data on individuals as defined by section 13.02, subdivision 12, but, notwithstanding that section, the private data may be disclosed to the commissioner of revenue.

At the request of the commissioner, each county must give the commissioner a listing that includes the name and social security or taxpayer identification number of each property owner applying for homestead classification.

If, in comparing the lists supplied by the counties, the commissioner finds that a property owner is claiming more than one homestead, the commissioner shall notify the appropriate counties. Within 90 days of the notification, the county assessor shall investigate to determine if the homestead classification was properly claimed. If the property owner does not qualify, the county assessor shall notify the county auditor who will determine the amount of homestead benefits that had been improperly allowed. For the purpose of this section, "homestead benefits" means the tax reduction resulting from the homestead credit exemption amount provided under section 275.081, taconite homestead credit, supplemental homestead credit, and the tax reduction resulting from agricultural school credit which is in excess of the credit which would be allowed if the property had been classified as nonhomestead property exemption amount provided in section 275.081. The county auditor shall send a notice to the owners of the affected property, demanding reimbursement of the homestead benefits plus a penalty equal to 25 percent of the homestead benefits. The property owners may appeal the county's determination by filing a notice of appeal with the Minnesota tax court within 60 days of the date of the notice from the county.

If the amount of homestead benefits and penalty is not paid within 60 days, and if no appeal has been filed, the county auditor shall certify the amount to the succeeding year's tax list to be collected as part of the property taxes.

Any amount of homestead benefits recovered from the property owner must be transmitted to the commissioner by the end of each calendar quarter. Any amount recovered attributable to taconite homestead credit shall be transmitted to the St. Louis county auditor to be deposited in the taconite property tax relief account. The amount of penalty collected must be deposited in the county general fund.

The commissioner will provide suggested homestead applications to each county. If a property owner has applied for more than one homestead and the county assessors cannot determine which property should be classified as homestead, the county assessors will refer the information to the commissioner. The commissioner shall make the determination and notify the counties within 60 days.

In addition to lists of homestead properties, the commissioner may ask the counties to furnish lists of all properties and the record owners.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.13, subdivision 15a, is amended to read:

Subd. 15a. [GENERAL FUND, REPLACEMENT OF REVENUE.] (1) Payment from the general fund shall be made, as provided herein, for the purpose of replacing revenue lost as a result of the reduction of property taxes provided in subdivisions 22 and subdivision 23.

(2) Each county auditor shall certify, not later than May 1 of each year to the commissioner of revenue the amount of reduction resulting from subdivisions 22 and subdivision 23 in the auditor's county. This certification shall be submitted to the commissioner of revenue as part of the abstracts of tax lists required to be filed with the commissioner under the provisions of section 275.29. Any prior year adjustments shall also be certified in the abstracts of tax lists. The commissioner of revenue shall review such certifications to determine their accuracy. The commissioner may make such changes in the certification as are deemed necessary or return a certification to the county auditor for corrections.

(3) Based on current year tax data reported in the abstracts of tax lists, the commissioner of revenue shall annually determine the taxing district distribution of the amounts certified under clause (2). The commissioner of revenue shall pay to each taxing district, other than school districts, its total payment for the year in equal installments on or before July 15 and December 15 of each year.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.13, subdivision 22, is amended to read:

Subd. 22. [CLASS 1.] (a) Except as provided in subdivision 23, real estate which is residential and used for homestead purposes is class 1. The market value of class 1a 1 property must be determined based upon the value of the house, garage, and land.

The first \$64,000 \$68,000 of market value of class 1a 1 property must be assessed at ~~18~~ <sup>37</sup> percent of its market value. The homestead value of class 1a 1 property that exceeds \$64,000 \$68,000 must be assessed at ~~28~~ <sup>60</sup> percent of its value.

(b) Class 1b property includes real estate or manufactured homes used for the purposes of a homestead by

(1) any blind person, if the blind person is the owner thereof or if the blind person and the blind person's spouse are the sole owners thereof; or

(2) any person, hereinafter referred to as "veteran," who:

(i) served in the active military or naval service of the United States; and

(ii) is entitled to compensation under the laws and regulations of the United States for permanent and total service-connected disability due to the loss, or loss of use, by reason of amputation, ankylosis, progressive muscular dystrophies, or paralysis, of both lower extremities, such as to preclude motion without the aid of braces, crutches, canes, or a wheelchair; and

(iii) with assistance by the administration of veterans affairs has acquired a special housing unit with special fixtures or movable facilities made necessary by the nature of the veteran's disability, or the surviving spouse of the deceased veteran for as long as the surviving spouse retains the special housing unit as a homestead; or

(2) any person who:

(i) is permanently and totally disabled and

(ii) receives 90 percent or more of total income from

(A) aid from any state as a result of that disability; or

(B) supplemental security income for the disabled; or

(C) workers' compensation based on a finding of total and permanent disability; or

(D) social security disability, including the amount of a disability insurance benefit which is converted to an old age insurance benefit and any subsequent cost of living increases; or

(E) aid under the Federal Railroad Retirement Act of 1937, United States Code Annotated, title 45, section 228b(a)5; or

(F) a pension from any local government retirement fund located in the state of Minnesota as a result of that disability.

Property is classified and assessed pursuant to clause (1) only if the commissioner of human services certifies to the assessor that the owner of the property satisfies the requirements of this subdivision. The commissioner of human services shall provide a copy of the certification to the commissioner of revenue.

Class 1b property is valued and assessed as follows: in the case of agricultural land, including a manufactured home, used for a homestead, the first \$32,000 of market value shall be valued and assessed at five percent, the next \$32,000 of market value shall be valued and assessed at 14 percent, and the remaining market value shall be valued and assessed at 18 percent; and in the case of all other real estate and manufactured homes, the first \$32,000 of market value shall be valued and assessed at five percent, the next \$32,000 of market value shall be valued and assessed at 18 percent, and the remaining market value shall be valued and assessed at 28 percent. In the case of agricultural land including a manufactured home used for purposes of a homestead, the commissioner of revenue shall adjust, as provided in section 273.1311, the maximum amount of the market value of the homestead brackets subject to the five percent and 18 percent rates; and for all other real estate and manufactured homes, the commissioner of revenue shall adjust, as provided in section 273.1311, the maximum amount of the market value of the homestead brackets subject to the five percent and 18 percent rates. Permanently and totally disabled for the purpose of this subdivision means a condition which is permanent in nature and totally incapacitates the person from working at an occupation which brings the person an income.

(c) Class 1e property is commercial use real property that abuts a lakeshore line and is devoted to temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreational purposes but not devoted to commercial purposes for more than 200 days in the year preceding the year of assessment, and that includes a portion used as a homestead by the owner. It must be assessed at 12 percent of market value with the following limitation: the area of the property must not exceed 100 feet of lakeshore footage for each cabin or campsite located on the property up to a total of 800 feet and 500 feet in depth, measured away from the lakeshore.

(d) The tax to be paid on class 1a or class 1b property, less any reduction received pursuant to sections 273.123 and 473H.10, shall be reduced by 54 percent of the tax imposed on the first \$68,000 of market value. The amount of the reduction shall not exceed \$700.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.13, subdivision 23, is amended to read:

Subd. 23. [CLASS 2.] (a) Class 2a property is agricultural land that is homesteaded, together with the house and garage. The first \$64,000 ~~\$66,000~~ of market value of an agricultural homestead is valued at ~~14~~ 30 percent. The remaining value of class 2a property is assessed at ~~18~~ 40 percent of market value.

Noncontiguous land shall constitute class 2a only if the homestead is classified as class 2a and the detached land is located in the same township or city or not farther than two townships or cities or combination thereof from the homestead.

Agricultural land used for purposes of a homestead and actively farmed by a person holding a vested remainder interest in it must be classified class 2a. If agricultural land is classified class 2a, any other dwellings on the land used for purposes of a homestead by persons holding vested remainder interests who are actively engaged in farming the property, and up to one acre of the land surrounding each homestead and reasonably necessary for the use of the dwelling as a home, must also be assessed class 2a and is entitled to the homestead credit.

The tax to be paid on class 2a property, less any reduction received pursuant to sections ~~124.2137~~, 273.123, and 473H.10 shall be reduced by 54 ~~52~~ percent of the tax. The amount of the reduction shall not exceed \$700.

(b) Class 2b property is (1) real estate, rural in character and used exclusively for growing trees for timber, lumber, and wood and wood products. It is assessed at 18 percent of market value.

(c) Class 2e Property is; and (2) real estate that is nonhomestead agricultural land. It Class 2b property is assessed at 18 40 percent of market value.

Agricultural land as used in this section shall mean contiguous acreage of ten acres or more, primarily used during the preceding year for agricultural purposes. Agricultural use may include pasture, timber, waste, unusable wild land and land included in federal farm programs.

Real estate of less than ten acres used principally for raising poultry, livestock, fruit, vegetables or other agricultural products,

shall be considered as agricultural land, if it is not used primarily for residential purposes.

The assessor shall determine and list separately on the records the market value of the homestead dwelling and the one acre of land on which that dwelling is located. If any farm buildings or structures are located on this homesteaded acre of land, their market value shall not be included in this separate determination.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.13, subdivision 24, is amended to read:

Subd. 24. [CLASS 3.] (a) Commercial and industrial property is class 3a. It is assessed at 28 60 percent of the first ~~\$60,000~~ \$80,000 of market value and 43 96 percent ~~for~~ of the market value over ~~\$60,000~~ \$80,000. In the case of state-assessed commercial or industrial property owned by one person or entity, only one parcel may qualify for the 28 60 percent assessment. In the case of other commercial or industrial property owned by one person or entity, only one parcel in each county may qualify for the 28 60 percent assessment.

(b) Employment property defined in section 273.1313, during the period provided in section 273.1313, shall constitute class 3b and shall be valued and assessed at 20 45 percent of the first \$50,000 of market value and 21.5 50 percent of the remainder, except that for employment property located in an enterprise zone designated pursuant to section 273.1312, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), clause (3), the first ~~\$60,000~~ \$80,000 of market value shall be valued and assessed at 28 60 percent and the remainder shall be assessed and valued at 38.5 86 percent, unless the governing body of the city designated as an enterprise zone determines that a specific parcel shall be assessed pursuant to the first clause of this sentence. The governing body may provide for assessment under the first clause of the preceding sentence only for property which is located in an area which has been designated by the governing body for the receipt of tax reductions authorized by section 273.1314, subdivision 9, paragraph (a).

(c) Real property which is not improved with a structure and which is not utilized as part of a commercial or industrial activity shall constitute class 3c and shall be valued and assessed at 40 percent of market value.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.13, subdivision 25, is amended to read:

Subd. 25. [CLASS 4.] (a) Class 4a is residential real estate containing four or more units and used or held for use by the owner or by the tenants or lessees of the owner as a residence for rental periods of 30 days or more. Class 4a also includes hospitals licensed



under sections 144.50 to 144.56, other than hospitals exempt under section 272.02, and contiguous property used for hospital purposes, without regard to whether the property has been platted or subdivided. Class 4a property is assessed at 34 70 percent of market value.

(b) Class 4b is tools, implements, and machinery of an electric generating, transmission, or distribution system or a pipeline system transporting or distributing water, gas, crude oil, or petroleum products or mains and pipes used in the distribution of steam or hot or chilled water for heating or cooling buildings, which are fixtures. Class 4b property is assessed at 33 $\frac{1}{4}$  percent of market value.

(b) Class 4b includes:

(1) residential real estate containing less than four units, other than seasonal residential, recreational, and homesteads;

(2) post-secondary student housing not to exceed one acre of land which is owned by a nonprofit corporation organized under chapter 317 and is used exclusively by a sorority or fraternity organization for housing;

(3) manufactured homes not classified under any other provision; and

(4) a dwelling, garage, and surrounding one acre of property on a nonhomestead farm classified under subdivision 23, paragraph (b).

Class 4b property is assessed at 60 percent for taxes levied in 1988, payable in 1989 and thereafter.

(c) Class 4c property includes:

(1) a structure that is situated on real property that is used for housing for the elderly or for low and moderate income families as defined by Title II of the National Housing Act or the Minnesota housing finance agency law of 1971 or rules promulgated by the agency pursuant thereto and financed by a direct federal loan or federally insured loan or a loan made by the Minnesota housing finance agency pursuant to the provisions of either of those acts and acts amendatory thereof. This clause applies only to property of a nonprofit or limited dividend entity. Property is classified as class 4c under this clause for 15 years from the date of the completion of the original construction or substantial rehabilitation, or for the original term of the loan;

(2) a structure that is:

(i) situated upon real property that is used for housing lower income families or elderly or handicapped persons, as defined in section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended; and

(ii) owned by an entity which has entered into a housing assistance payments contract under section 8 which provides assistance for 100 percent of the dwelling units in the structure, other than dwelling units intended for management or maintenance personnel. Property is classified as class 4c under this clause for the term of the housing assistance payments contract, including all renewals, or for the term of its permanent financing, whichever is shorter.

For all properties described in clauses (1) and (2) and in paragraph (d), clause (2), the market value determined by the assessor must be based on the normal approach to value using normal unrestricted rents.

(3) a parcel of land, not to exceed one acre, and its improvements or a parcel of unimproved land, not to exceed one acre, if it is owned by a neighborhood real estate trust and at least 60 percent of the dwelling units, if any, on all land owned by the trust are leased to or occupied by lower income families or individuals. This clause does not apply to any portion of the land or improvements used for nonresidential purposes. For purposes of this clause, a lower income family is a family with an income that does not exceed 65 percent of the median family income for the area, and a lower income individual is an individual whose income does not exceed 65 percent of the median individual income for the area, as determined by the United States Secretary of Housing and Urban Development. For purposes of this clause, "neighborhood real estate trust" means an entity which is certified by the governing body of the municipality in which it is located to have the following characteristics: (a) it is a nonprofit corporation organized under chapter 317; (b) it has as its principal purpose providing housing for lower income families in a specific geographic community designated in its articles or bylaws; (c) it limits membership with voting rights to residents of the designated community; and (d) it has a board of directors consisting of at least seven directors, 60 percent of whom are members with voting rights and, to the extent feasible, 25 percent of whom are elected by resident members of buildings owned by the trust; and

(4) except as provided in paragraph (d), clause (1), real property devoted to temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes, including real property devoted to temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes and not devoted to commercial purposes for more than 200 days in the year preceding the year of assessment. For this purpose, property is devoted to commercial use on a specific day if it is used, or offered for use, and a fee is charged for the use. Class 4c also includes commercial use real property used exclusively for recreational purposes in conjunction with class 4c property devoted to temporary

and seasonal residential occupancy for recreational purposes, up to a total of two acres, provided the property is not devoted to commercial recreational use for more than 200 days in the year preceding the year of assessment and is located within two miles of the class 4c property with which it is used. Class 4c property also includes the remainder of class 4d resorts; and

(5) real property up to a maximum of one acre of land owned by a nonprofit community service oriented organization; provided that the property is not used for a revenue-producing activity for more than six days in the calendar year preceding the year of assessment and the property is not used for residential purposes on either a temporary or permanent basis. For purposes of this clause, a "nonprofit community service oriented organization" means any corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution organized and operated exclusively for charitable, religious, fraternal, civic, or educational purposes, and which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3), (10), or (19) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986. For purposes of this clause, "revenue-producing activities" shall include but not be limited to property or that portion of the property that is used as an on-sale intoxicating liquor or nonintoxicating malt liquor establishment licensed under chapter 340A, a restaurant open to the public, bowling alley, a retail store, gambling conducted by organizations licensed under chapter 349; an insurance business, or office or other space leased or rented to a lessee who conducts a for-profit enterprise on the premises. Any portion of the property which is used for revenue-producing activities for more than six days in the calendar year preceding the year of assessment shall be assessed as class 3a. The use of the property for social events open exclusively to members and their guests for periods of less than 24 hours, when an admission is not charged nor any revenues are received by the organization shall not be considered a revenue-producing activity; and

Class 4c property is assessed at 50 percent.

(d) Class 4d property includes:

(1) commercial use real property that abuts a lakeshore line and is devoted to temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreational purposes but not devoted to commercial purposes for more than 200 days in the year preceding the year of assessment, and that includes a portion used as a homestead by the owner. The area of the property that is classified as class 4d must not exceed 100 feet of lakeshore footage for each cabin or campsite located on the property up to a total of 800 feet and 500 feet in depth, measured away from the lakeshore;

(2) any structure:

(i) situated on real property that is used for housing for the elderly or for low and moderate income families as defined by the farmers home administration;

(ii) located in a municipality of less than 10,000 population; and

(iii) financed by a direct loan or insured loan from the farmers home administration. Property must be assessed under this clause for 15 years from the date of the completion of the original construction or for the original term of the loan.

The 30 percent and 50 percent assessment ratios apply to the properties described in paragraph (c), clauses (1) and (2) and this clause, only in proportion to occupancy of the structure by elderly or handicapped persons or low and moderate income families as defined in the applicable laws unless construction of the structure had been commenced prior to January 1, 1984; or the project had been approved by the governing body of the municipality in which it is located prior to June 30, 1983; or financing of the project had been approved by a federal or state agency prior to June 30, 1983. Classification under this clause is only available to property of a nonprofit or limited dividend entity; and

(3) the first \$34,000 of market value of real estate or manufactured homes used for the purposes of a homestead by

(i) any blind person, if the blind person is the owner thereof or if the blind person and the blind person's spouse are the sole owners thereof; or

(ii) any person, hereinafter referred to as "veteran," who:

(A) served in the active military or naval service of the United States; and

(B) is entitled to compensation under the laws and regulations of the United States for permanent and total service-connected disability due to the loss, or loss of use, by reason of amputation, ankylosis, progressive muscular dystrophies, or paralysis, of both lower extremities, such as to preclude motion without the aid of braces, crutches, canes, or a wheelchair; and

(C) with assistance by the administration of veterans affairs has acquired a special housing unit with special fixtures or movable facilities made necessary by the nature of the veteran's disability, or the surviving spouse of the deceased veteran for as long as the surviving spouse retains the special housing unit as a homestead; or

(iii) any person who:

- (A) is permanently and totally disabled and
- (B) receives 90 percent or more of total income from
- (1) aid from any state as a result of that disability; or
- (2) supplemental security income for the disabled; or
- (3) workers' compensation based on a finding of total and permanent disability; or
- (4) social security disability, including the amount of a disability insurance benefit which is converted to an old age insurance benefit and any subsequent cost of living increases; or
- (5) aid under the Federal Railroad Retirement Act of 1937, United States Code Annotated, title 45, section 228b(a)5; or
- (6) a pension from any local government retirement fund located in the state of Minnesota as a result of that disability.

Property is classified and assessed pursuant to this clause only if the commissioner of human services certifies to the assessor that the owner of the property satisfies the requirements of this subdivision. The commissioner of human services shall provide a copy of the certification to the commissioner of revenue.

The remaining value of class 4(d)(3) property in excess of \$34,000 shall be valued and assessed under subdivision 22 or 23, as appropriate, provided that only the value in excess of \$34,000 but not in excess of \$68,000 is assessed at the rate provided for the first tier of value in subdivision 22 or only the value in excess of \$34,000 but not in excess of \$66,000 is assessed at the rate provided for the first tier of value in subdivision 23.

Class 4d property is assessed at 30 percent of market value.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.13, subdivision 31, is amended to read:

Subd. 31. [CLASS 4D 5.] All property not included in any other class is class 4D 5 property and is assessed at 43 96 percent of market value.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.1313, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [CLASSIFICATION.] Property shall be classified as employment property and assessed as provided for class 4d 3b property in section 273.13, subdivision 24, paragraph (b), for taxes

levied in the year in which the classification is approved and for the four succeeding years after the approval. If the classification is revoked, the revocation is effective for taxes levied in the next year after revocation.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.135, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. The amount of the reduction authorized by subdivision 1 shall be

(a) In the case of property located within the boundaries of a municipality which meets the qualifications prescribed in section 273.134, 66 percent of the net tax up to the taconite breakpoint plus a percentage equal to the homestead credit equivalency percentage of the net tax in excess of the taconite breakpoint, provided that the reduction shall not exceed the maximum amounts specified in clause (c).

(b) In the case of property located within the boundaries of a school district which qualifies as a tax relief area but which is outside the boundaries of a municipality which meets the qualifications prescribed in section 273.134, 57 percent of the net tax up to the taconite breakpoint plus a percentage equal to the homestead credit equivalency percentage of the net tax in excess of the taconite breakpoint, provided that the reduction shall not exceed the maximum amounts specified in clause (c).

(c) (1) The maximum reduction of the net tax up to the taconite breakpoint is \$225.40 on property described in clause (a) and \$200.10 on property described in clause (b), for taxes payable in 1985. These maximum amounts shall increase by \$15 times the quantity one minus the homestead credit equivalency percentage per year for taxes payable in 1986 and subsequent years.

(2) The total maximum reduction of the net tax on property described in clause (a) is \$490 for taxes payable in 1985. The total maximum reduction for the net tax on property described in clause (b) is \$435 for taxes payable in 1985. These maximum amounts shall increase by \$15 per year for taxes payable in 1986 and thereafter.

For the purposes of this subdivision, "net tax" means the tax on the property after deduction of any credit under section 273.13, subdivision 22 or 23, "taconite breakpoint" means the lowest possible net tax for a homestead qualifying for the maximum reduction pursuant to section 273.13, subdivision 22, rounded to the nearest whole dollar, and "homestead credit equivalency percentage" means a percentage equal to the percentage reduction authorized in section 273.13, subdivision 22 before application of the credit payable under this section.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.1391, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. The amount of the reduction authorized by subdivision 1 shall be:

(a) In the case of property located within a school district which does not meet the qualifications of section 273.134 as a tax relief area, but which is located in a county with a population of less than 100,000 in which taconite is mined or quarried and wherein a school district is located which does meet the qualifications of a tax relief area, and provided that at least 90 percent of the area of the school district which does not meet the qualifications of section 273.134 lies within such county, 57 percent of the net tax up to the taconite breakpoint plus a percentage equal to the homestead credit equivalency percentage of the net tax in excess of the taconite breakpoint on qualified property located in the school district that does not meet the qualifications of section 273.134, provided that the amount of said reduction shall not exceed the maximum amounts specified in clause (c). The reduction provided by this clause shall only be applicable to property located within the boundaries of the county described therein.

(b) In the case of property located within a school district which does not meet the qualifications of section 273.134 as a tax relief area, but which is located in a school district in a county containing a city of the first class and a qualifying municipality, but not in a school district containing a city of the first class or adjacent to a school district containing a city of the first class unless the school district so adjacent contains a qualifying municipality, 57 percent of the net tax up to the taconite breakpoint plus a percentage equal to the homestead credit equivalency percentage of the net tax in excess of the taconite breakpoint, but not to exceed the maximums specified in clause (c).

(c) (1) The maximum reduction of the net tax up to the taconite breakpoint is \$200.10 for taxes payable in 1985. This maximum amount shall increase by \$15 multiplied by the quantity one minus the homestead credit equivalency percentage per year for taxes payable in 1986 and subsequent years.

(2) The total maximum reduction of the net tax is \$435 for taxes payable in 1985. This total maximum amount shall increase by \$15 per year for taxes payable in 1986 and thereafter.

For the purposes of this subdivision, "net tax" means the tax on the property after deduction of any credit under section 273.13, subdivision 22 or 23, "taconite breakpoint" means the lowest possible net tax for a homestead qualifying for the maximum reduction pursuant to section 273.13, subdivision 22, rounded to the nearest whole dollar, and "homestead credit equivalency percentage" means

a percentage equal to the percentage reduction authorized in section 273.13, subdivision 22 before application of the credit under this section.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.1392, is amended to read:

273.1392 [PAYMENT; AIDS TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS.]

The amounts of homestead credit under section 273.13, subdivisions 22 and 23; wetlands credit and reimbursement under section 273.115; native prairie credit and reimbursement under section 273.116; disaster or emergency reimbursement under section 273.123; attached machinery aid under section 273.138; homestead credit replacement aid under section 273.1394; agricultural credit replacement aid under section 273.1395; and metropolitan agricultural preserve reduction under section 473H.10, shall be certified to the department of education by the department of revenue. The amounts so certified shall be paid according to section 124.195, subdivisions 6 and 10.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.1393, is amended to read:

273.1393 [COMPUTATION OF NET PROPERTY TAXES.]

Notwithstanding any other provisions to the contrary, "net" property taxes are determined by subtracting the credits in the order listed from the gross tax:

- (1) disaster credit as provided in section 273.123;
- (2) wetlands credit as provided in section 273.115;
- (3) native prairie credit as provided in section 273.116;
- (4) powerline credit as provided in section 273.42;
- (5) (3) agricultural preserves credit as provided in section 473H.10;
- (6) (4) enterprise zone credit as provided in section 273.1314;
- (7) state school agricultural credit as provided in section 124.2137;
- (8) (5) state paid homestead credit as provided in section 273.13, subdivisions 22 and subdivision 23;
- (9) (6) taconite homestead credit as provided in section 273.135;



(14) (7) supplemental homestead credit as provided in section 273.1391.

The combination of all property tax credits must not exceed the gross tax amount.

Sec. 29. [273.1394] [HOMESTEAD CREDIT REPLACEMENT AID.]

Subdivision 1. [PAYMENT.] There shall be paid to each taxing jurisdiction in 1989 and subsequent years a homestead credit replacement aid, determined as provided in this section.

Subd. 2. [COMPUTATION.] (a) The initial aid will be computed as follows:

(1) for aids paid in 1989 only, determine the amount of homestead credit reimbursement that would have been paid to the taxing jurisdiction in 1988 under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.13, subdivision 15a, on nonagricultural homesteads in 1988 if the homestead credit percentage provided in Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.13, subdivision 22, had been determined by using a rate of 52 percent and as if there had been no \$700 maximum;

(2) for aids payable in 1990 and subsequent years, the initial aid is the amount paid in the previous year; and

(3) for aids paid in 1988 only, the initial amount determined under clause (1) for all taxing jurisdictions levying within each school district shall be reapportioned among all taxing jurisdictions in proportion to their share of the total levy by all taxing jurisdictions in payable 1988.

(b) The amount determined in paragraph (a) shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the ratio of the estimated assessed value of the total homestead base value of nonagricultural homesteads in the taxing jurisdiction for the current assessment year to the estimated total assessed value of all property within the taxing jurisdiction for the current assessment year, and the denominator of which is the ratio of the estimated assessed value of the total homestead base value of nonagricultural homesteads in the taxing jurisdiction for the previous assessment year to the estimated total assessed value of all property within the taxing jurisdiction for the previous assessment year. The county auditor shall certify the estimated assessed value of the total homestead base value and the total homestead exemption amount, of nonagricultural homesteads and the estimated assessed value of all property in the taxing jurisdiction as of July 15 to the commissioner of revenue.

(c) for aids paid in 1989 and thereafter, the amounts determined under paragraph (b) shall be adjusted as follows:

(i) for cities, towns, and special taxing districts, multiply the amount by one plus the implicit price deflator as defined in section 275.50, subdivision 8;

(ii) for counties, multiply the amount by the following factors: first, by the ratio of the total county levy, except the sum of the levy for income maintenance not including administrative costs plus the levy for social services, to the total county levy multiplied by one plus the implicit price deflator as defined in section 275.50, subdivision 8; second, by the ratio of the sum of the levy for income maintenance, not including administrative costs plus the social service levy of the county to the total county levy multiplied by the estimated increase in county social service costs and income maintenance program costs, not including income maintenance administrative costs; as used in this subclause (ii), "levy" means the levy for taxes payable in the year preceding the year in which the aid is paid;

(iii) for school districts, multiply the amount by the ratio of the school district's levy limit, exclusive of any referendum levy authorized under section 124A.03, subdivision 2, for taxes payable in the preceding year to its levy limit for taxes payable in the year in which the aid is paid exclusive of any such referendum levy.

The county must certify actual social service and income maintenance levies to the commissioner of revenue, who will adjust the final aid amounts paid under this section and section 273.1395 accordingly.

Subd. 3. [PAYMENT.] The commissioner shall certify and pay the homestead credit replacement aid at the times provided in sections 477A.014 and 477A.015 for certification and payment of local government aid to other taxing jurisdictions. Aids to school districts must be certified to the commissioner of education and paid pursuant to section 273.1392. Payment shall not be made to any taxing jurisdiction that has ceased to levy a property tax.

Subd. 4. [APPROPRIATION.] An amount sufficient to make the payments required in this section is annually appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue.

Sec. 30. [273.1395] [AGRICULTURAL CREDIT REPLACEMENT AID.]

Subdivision 1. [PAYMENT.] There shall be paid to each taxing jurisdiction in 1989 and subsequent years an agricultural credit replacement aid determined as provided in this section.

Subd. 2. [COMPUTATION.] (a) The initial aid will be computed as follows:

(1) The amount of aid that would have been paid to a taxing jurisdiction in 1988 pursuant to Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.2137, if the aid paid to school districts under that provision had been distributed among all taxing jurisdictions containing property with respect to which the credit had been paid in proportion to their share of the total levy by all taxing jurisdictions in payable 1988. For aid payable in 1990 and subsequent years, the initial aid is the amount paid in the previous year.

(2) An amount determined in clause (1) shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the ratio of the estimated assessed value of property qualifying for the agricultural credit under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.2137, in the taxing jurisdiction for the current assessment year to the estimated total assessed value of all property within the taxing jurisdiction for the current assessment year, and the denominator of which is the ratio of the estimated assessed value of property qualifying for the agricultural credit under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.2137, in the taxing jurisdiction for the previous assessment year to the estimated total assessed value of all property within the taxing jurisdiction for the previous assessment year. The county auditor shall certify the estimated assessed value of property qualifying for the agricultural credit under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.2137, and the estimated assessed value of all property in the taxing jurisdiction as of July 15 to the commissioner of revenue.

(b) For aids paid in 1989 and subsequent years, the amounts determined in paragraph (a) would be adjusted according to the formula provided in section 273.1394, subdivision 2, paragraph (c).

Subd. 3. [CERTIFICATION AND PAYMENT.] The commissioner shall certify and pay the agricultural credit replacement aid at the times provided in sections 477A.014 and 477A.015 for certification and payment of local government aid to other taxing jurisdictions. Aids to school districts must be certified to the commissioner of education and paid pursuant to section 273.1392. Payment shall not be made to any special taxing district that has ceased to levy a property tax.

Subd. 4. [APPROPRIATION.] An amount sufficient to make the payments required in this section is annually appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue.

Sec. 31. [273.1396] [TAX BASE ADJUSTMENT AID.]

Subdivision 1. [ADJUSTMENT.] There shall be added to or subtracted from the aid paid to each taxing jurisdiction under

sections 273.1394, 273.1395, 477A.015, and chapter 124A an amount determined under this section.

Subd. 2. [1989 COMPUTATION.] The amount shall be computed for aids paid to each taxing jurisdiction in 1989 as follows:

(a) multiply the assessment ratios provided in section 273.13, for taxes payable in 1989 by 45 percent and redetermine the assessed value of the taxing jurisdiction for taxes payable in 1988 using the resulting ratios. Any recomputed captured assessed value of a tax increment district as defined in section 273.73 would not be included in the assessed value of the taxing jurisdiction. The recomputed assessed values would not be adjusted to reflect any change in the effects of chapter 473F or in assessed value pursuant to section 273.425 as a result of the recomputation but would be adjusted for those values as originally certified;

(b) subtract the amount determined in paragraph (a) from the actual taxable assessed value of the taxing jurisdiction for taxes payable in 1988, and multiply that amount by the actual mill rate of the taxing jurisdiction for taxes payable in 1988;

(c) if the amount determined in paragraph (b) is positive, it shall be added to the taxing jurisdiction's homestead credit replacement aid under section 273.1394 or if no homestead credit replacement aid is payable, granted as an additional aid. If the amount determined in paragraph (b) is negative, it shall be subtracted from the sum of the taxing jurisdiction's homestead credit replacement aid under section 273.1394, and agricultural credit replacement aid under section 273.1394. If the amount determined in paragraph (b) is negative and is not totally offset against the homestead and agricultural credit reimbursement aid then the remainder shall be subtracted from a taxing jurisdiction's local government aid paid under section 477A.015 and school aids paid under chapter 124A.

Subd. 3. [SUBSEQUENT COMPUTATIONS.] For aids paid under sections 273.1394 and 273.1395 in 1990 and subsequent years, the amount to be added or subtracted under this section shall be equal to the amount determined under subdivision 2.

Subd. 4. [APPROPRIATION.] An amount sufficient to make the payments required in this section is annually appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.165, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [IRON ORE.] Unmined iron ore included in class 05 must be assessed with and as a part of the real estate in which it is located, but at the rate established in section 273.13, subdivision 30. The real estate in which iron ore is located, other than the ore, must

be classified and assessed in accordance with the provisions of the appropriate classes. In assessing any tract or lot of real estate in which iron ore is known to exist, the assessable value of the ore exclusive of the land in which it is located, and the assessable value of the land exclusive of the ore must be determined and set down separately and the aggregate of the two must be assessed against the tract or lot.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.37, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Transmission lines of less than 69 kv, transmission lines of 69 kv and above located in an unorganized township, and ~~distribution lines~~, and equipment attached thereto, having a fixed situs outside the corporate limits of cities except distribution lines taxed as provided in sections 273.40 and 273.41, shall be listed with and assessed by the commissioner of revenue in the county where situated. The commissioner shall assess such property at the percentage of market value fixed by law; and, on or before the 15th day of November, shall certify to the auditor of each county in which such property is located the amount of the assessment made against each company and person owning such property.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.38, is amended to read:

#### 273.38 [PERCENTAGE OF ASSESSMENTS; EXCEPTIONS.]

The commissioner of revenue shall assess ~~distribution lines, and the attachments and appurtenances thereto, used primarily for supplying electricity to farmers at retail, which shall be taxed at the average rate of taxes levied for all purposes throughout the county, and which shall be entered, certified and credited as provided in section 273.42. It is further provided that~~ The distribution lines and the attachments and appurtenances thereto of cooperative associations organized under the provisions of Laws 1923, chapter 326, and laws amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto, and engaged in the electrical heat, light and power business, upon a mutual, nonprofit and cooperative plan, shall be assessed and taxed as provided in sections 273.40 and 273.41.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.42, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Owners of land defined as class 1a, 1b, 1c, 2a, 2c, 4a, 5a, or 6a, pursuant to that is an agricultural or nonagricultural homestead, nonhomestead agricultural land, rental residential property, and both commercial and noncommercial seasonal residential recreational property, as those terms are defined in section 273.13 listed on records of the county auditor or county treasurer over which runs a high voltage transmission line as defined in section

116C.52, subdivision 3, except a high voltage transmission line the construction of which was commenced prior to July 1, 1974, shall receive a property tax credit in an amount determined by multiplying a fraction, the numerator of which is the length of high voltage transmission line which runs over that parcel and the denominator of which is the total length of that particular line running over all property within the city or township by ten percent of the transmission line tax revenue derived from the tax on that portion of the line within the city or township pursuant to section 273.36. In the case of property owners in unorganized townships, the property tax credit shall be determined by multiplying a fraction, the numerator of which is the length of the qualifying high voltage transmission line which runs over the parcel and the denominator of which is the total length of the qualifying high voltage transmission line running over all property within all the unorganized townships within the county, by the total utility property tax credit fund amount available within the county for that year pursuant to subdivision 1. Where a right-of-way width is shared by more than one property owner, the numerator shall be adjusted by multiplying the length of line on the parcel by the proportion of the total width on the parcel owned by that property owner. The amount of credit for which the property qualifies shall not exceed 20 percent of the total gross tax on the parcel prior to deduction of the state paid agricultural credit and the state paid homestead credit, provided that, if the property containing the right-of-way is included in a parcel which exceeds 40 acres, the total gross tax on the parcel shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the sum of the number of acres in each quarter-quarter section or portion thereof which contains a right-of-way and the denominator of which is the total number of acres in the parcel set forth on the tax statement, and the maximum credit shall be 20 percent of the product of that computation, prior to deduction of those credits. The auditor of the county in which the affected parcel is located shall calculate the amount of the credit due for each parcel and transmit that information to the county treasurer. The county auditor, in computing the credits credit received pursuant to sections 273.13 and section 273.135, shall reduce the gross tax by the amount of the credit received pursuant to this section, unless the amount of the credit would be less than \$10.

If, after the county auditor has computed the credit to those qualifying property owners in unorganized townships, there is money remaining in the utility property tax credit fund, then that excess amount in the fund shall be returned to the general school fund of the county.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.07, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. The taxes voted by cities, and towns, and school districts shall be certified by the proper authorities to the county auditor on or before October 10 in each year. The taxes of a school

district must be certified to the commissioner of education by October 10 in each year. If a city, town, county, school district or special district fails to certify its levy by that date, its levy shall be the amount levied by it for the preceding year. If the local unit notifies the commissioner of revenue, or the commissioner of education in the case of a school district, before October 10 of its inability to certify its levy by that date, and the commissioner is satisfied that the delay is unavoidable and is not due to the negligence of the local unit's officials or staff, the commissioner shall extend the time within which the local unit shall certify its levy.

Sec. 37. [275.081] [FARM AND HOMESTEAD VALUE EXEMPTION.]

Subdivision 1. [PROCEDURE.] After certification of assessed valuations pursuant to section 274.04 and adjustments pursuant to sections 270.13, 274.01, 274.08, 274.09, 274.12, 274.16, and 274.17, the county auditor shall reduce the assessed value of each farm and homestead according to this section.

Subd. 2. [NONAGRICULTURAL HOMESTEADS.] The assessed value of a nonagricultural homestead is reduced by 52 percent, but not to exceed 52 percent of the assessed value of a class 1 homestead having an estimated market value of \$68,000.

Subd. 3. [AGRICULTURAL HOMESTEADS.] The assessed value of the first 320 acres of property classified as an agricultural homestead is reduced by 36 percent of the assessed value of the first 320 acres less the value of the homestead dwelling, garage, and one acre on which the dwelling is situated. The assessed value of the property in excess of 320 acres is reduced by 26 percent of its assessed value.

Subd. 4. [NONHOMESTEAD FARMS AND TIMBERLAND.] The assessed value of a nonhomestead farm, excluding the value of any dwelling, garage, and one acre surrounding it, is reduced by 26 percent of its assessed value. For purposes of this section, nonhomestead farms shall include timberlands.

Subd. 5. [SEASONAL RESIDENTIAL RECREATIONAL PROPERTY.] The assessed value of noncommercial seasonal residential recreational property is reduced by 15 percent, but not to exceed 15 percent of the assessed value of a noncommercial seasonal residential recreational property with \$31,000 of assessed value.

Sec. 38. [275.082] [COMPUTATION OF TAX ON PARCELS.]

Subdivision 1. [NONAGRICULTURAL HOMESTEADS.] For use in taxing nonagricultural homesteads, a mill rate shall be computed for each taxing jurisdiction based on the assessed value of properties as reduced under section 275.081. The homestead credit amount for

each nonagricultural homestead shall be the exemption amount computed under section 275.081, multiplied by the total mill rate, and the gross tax is the sum of that credit amount plus the net tax determined by multiplying the mill rate by the assessed value of the property after subtraction of the exemption amount.

Subd. 2. [AGRICULTURAL AND OTHER PROPERTY.] For use in taxing agricultural homesteads, nonhomestead agricultural land, timberland, and seasonal recreational property, the mill rate as computed under subdivision 1 shall be applied to the assessed value of the property after deduction of the exemption amount computed under section 275.081. From that amount of tax on agricultural homesteads there shall be deducted a homestead credit in an amount equal to 52 percent of the tax on the property, less any reduction received under sections 273.123 and 473H.10, but not to exceed \$700.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.125, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 21. [AID ADJUSTMENT.] If a school district's aids pursuant to chapter 124A or sections 273.1394 and 273.1395 for the school year beginning following the levy year are reduced pursuant to section 273.1396, then the district's levy limit shall be increased by the amount of the reduction. If the district's aids are increased pursuant to section 273.1396, then its levy limit shall be reduced by the amount of the increase.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.50, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [GOVERNMENTAL SUBDIVISION.] (a) "Governmental subdivision" means a county, home rule charter city, or statutory city, except a home rule charter or statutory city that has a population of less than 5,000 according to the most recent federal census.

(b) "Governmental subdivision" also includes any city or town that receives a distribution from the taconite municipal aid account in the levy year.

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.51, subdivision 3h, is amended to read:

Subd. 3h. [ADJUSTED LEVY LIMIT BASE.] For taxes levied in 1985 and thereafter 1988 and thereafter, the adjusted levy limit base is equal to the levy limit base computed pursuant to article 4, section 12, or subdivision 3f, increased by:



(a) a percentage equal to the percentage growth in the implicit price deflator, or ~~five~~ three percent, whichever is lesser;

(b) a percentage equal to the greater of the percentage increases in population or in number of households, if any, for the most recent 12-month period for which data is available, using figures derived pursuant to subdivision 6;

(c) one-half of the amount levied as a special levy in the previous year for paying the costs of municipal services provided to new private industrial and nonresidential commercial development pursuant to section 275.50, subdivision 5, clause (m), if the special levy is discontinued;

(d) the amount of any permanent increase in the levy limit base approved at a general or special election held during the 12-month period ending September 30 of the levy year, pursuant to section 275.58, subdivisions 1 and 2; and

(e) the amount, if known, equal to the decrease in federal revenue sharing allotment from the levy year to the year in which the levy is payable; otherwise the amount equal to the decrease in federal revenue sharing allotment in the levy year as compared to the previous year if the levy base for the previous year has not been adjusted for a decrease in federal revenue sharing allotment.

Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 276.04, is amended to read:

#### 276.04 [NOTICE OF RATES; PROPERTY TAX STATEMENTS.]

On receiving the tax lists from the county auditor, the county treasurer shall, if directed by the county board, give three weeks' published notice in a newspaper specifying the rates of taxation for all general purposes and the amounts raised for each specific purpose. The treasurer shall, whether or not directed by the county board, cause to be printed on all tax statements, or on an attachment, a tabulated statement of the dollar amount due to each taxing authority from the parcel of real property for which a particular tax statement is prepared. The dollar amounts due the county, township or municipality and school district shall be separately stated but the amounts due other taxing districts, if any, may be aggregated. The dollar amounts, including the dollar amount of any special assessments, may be rounded to the nearest even whole dollar. For purposes of this section whole odd-numbered dollars may be adjusted to the next higher even-numbered dollar. The statement shall include the following sentence, printed in upper case letters in bold face print: **"THE STATE OF MINNESOTA DOES NOT RECEIVE ANY PROPERTY TAX REVENUES. THE STATE OF MINNESOTA REDUCES YOUR PROPERTY TAX BY PAYING CREDITS AND REIMBURSEMENTS TO LOCAL UNITS OF GOVERN-**

MENT." The property tax statements for manufactured homes and sectional structures taxed as personal property shall contain the same information that is required on the tax statements for real property. The county treasurer shall mail to taxpayers statements of their personal property taxes due, such statements to be mailed not later than February 15 (except in the case of manufactured homes and sectional structures taxed as personal property), statements of the real property taxes due shall be mailed not later than January 31; provided, that the validity of the tax shall not be affected by failure of the treasurer to mail such statement. The taxpayer is defined as the owner who is responsible for the payment of the tax. Such real and personal property tax statements shall contain the market value, as defined in section 272.03, subdivision 8, used in determining the tax. The statement shall show the amount attributable to the decrease in tax under section 275.082 attributable to Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.2137 as "state paid agricultural credit amount" and the amount attributable to the decrease in tax under section 275.082 attributable to Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.13, subdivisions 22 and 23 as "state paid homestead credit amount." If so directed by the county board, the treasurer shall visit places in the county as the treasurer deems expedient for the purpose of receiving taxes and the county board is authorized to pay the expenses of such visits and of preparing duplicate tax lists. Failure to mail the tax statement shall not be deemed a material defect to affect the validity of any judgment and sale for delinquent taxes.

Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 279.01, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Except as provided in subdivision 3, on May 16, of each year, with respect to property actually occupied and used as a homestead by the owner of the property, a penalty of three percent shall accrue and thereafter be charged upon all unpaid taxes on real estate on the current lists in the hands of the county treasurer, and a penalty of seven percent on nonhomestead property, except that this penalty shall not accrue until June 1 of each year on commercial use real property used for seasonal residential recreational purposes and classified as class 1e 4d or 6a 4c, and on other commercial use real property classified as class 3a, provided that over 60 percent of the gross income earned by the enterprise on the class 3a property is earned during the months of May, June, July, and August. Any property owner of such class 3a property who pays the first half of the tax due on the property after May 15 and before June 1 shall attach an affidavit to the payment attesting to compliance with the income provision of this subdivision. Thereafter, for both homestead and nonhomestead property, on the 16th day of each month, up to and including October 16 following, an additional penalty of one percent for each month shall accrue and be charged on all such unpaid taxes. When the taxes against any tract or lot exceed \$50, one-half thereof may be paid prior to May 16; and, if so paid, no

penalty shall attach; the remaining one-half shall be paid at any time prior to October 16 following, without penalty; but, if not so paid, then a penalty of four percent shall accrue thereon for homestead property and a penalty of four percent on nonhomestead property. Thereafter, for homestead property, on the 16th day of each month up to and including December 16 following, an additional penalty of two percent for each month shall accrue and be charged on all such unpaid taxes. Thereafter, for nonhomestead property, on the 16th day of each month up to and including December 16 following, an additional penalty of four percent for each month shall accrue and be charged on all such unpaid taxes. If one-half of such taxes shall not be paid prior to May 16, the same may be paid at any time prior to October 16, with accrued penalties to the date of payment added, and thereupon no penalty shall attach to the remaining one-half until October 16 following; provided, also, that the same may be paid in installments as follows: One-fourth prior to March 16; one-fourth prior to May 16; one-fourth prior to August 16; and the remaining one-fourth prior to October 16, subject to the aforesaid penalties. Where the taxes delinquent after October 16 against any tract or parcel exceed \$100, upon resolution of the county board, they may be paid in installments of not less than 25 percent thereof, together with all accrued penalties and costs, up to the next tax judgment sale, and after such payment, penalties, interest, and costs shall accrue only on the sum remaining unpaid. Any county treasurer who shall make out and deliver or countersign any receipt for any such taxes without including all of the foregoing penalties therein, shall be liable to the county for the amount of such penalties.

Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 279.06, is amended to read:

279.06 [COPY OF LIST AND NOTICE.]

Within five days after the filing of such list, the court administrator shall return a copy thereof to the county auditor, with a notice prepared and signed by the court administrator, and attached thereto, which may be substantially in the following form:

State of Minnesota )

) ss.

County of ..... )

District Court  
..... Judicial District.

The state of Minnesota, to all persons, companies, or corporations who have or claim any estate, right, title, or interest in, claim to, or lien upon, any of the several parcels of land described in the list hereto attached:

The list of taxes and penalties on real property for the county of ..... remaining delinquent on the first Monday in January, 19....., has been filed in the office of the court administrator of the district court of said county, of which that hereto attached is a copy. Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby required to file in the office of said court administrator, on or before the 20th day after the publication of this notice and list, your answer, in writing, setting forth any objection or defense you may have to the taxes, or any part thereof, upon any parcel of land described in the list, in, to, or on which you have or claim any estate, right, title, interest, claim, or lien, and, in default thereof, judgment will be entered against such parcel of land for the taxes on such list appearing against it, and for all penalties, interest, and costs. Based upon said judgment, the land shall be sold to the state of Minnesota on the second Monday in May, 19.... The period of redemption for all lands sold to the state at a tax judgment sale shall be three years from the date of sale to the state of Minnesota if the land is within an incorporated area unless it is: (a) nonagricultural homesteaded land as defined in section 273.13, subdivision 22; (b) homesteaded agricultural land as defined in section 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a); or (c) seasonal recreational land as defined in section 273.13, subdivision 22 25, paragraph (e) (d)(1) or subdivision 27, paragraph (a) (c)(4), in which event the period of redemption is five years from the date of sale to the state of Minnesota.

The period of redemption for all other lands sold to the state at a tax judgment sale shall be five years from the date of sale.

Inquiries as to the proceedings set forth above can be made to the county auditor of ..... county whose address is .....

(Signed) .....

Court Administrator of the District Court of the County

of .....

(Here insert list.)

The list referred to in the notice shall be substantially in the following form:

List of real property for the county of ....., on which taxes remain delinquent on the first Monday in January, 19....:

Town of (Fairfield),  
Township (40), Range (20),

Names (and  
Current Filed  
Addresses) for  
the Taxpayers  
and Fee Owners  
and in Addition  
Those Parties  
Who Have Filed  
Their Addresses  
Pursuant to  
section 276.041

	Subdivision of Section	Section	Tax Parcel Number	Total Tax and Penalty \$ cts.
John Jones (825 Fremont Fairfield, MN 55000)	S.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$	10	23101	2.20
Bruce Smith (2059 Hand Fairfield, MN 55000) and Fairfield State Bank (100 Main Street Fairfield, MN 55000)	That part of N.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ desc. as follows: Beg. at the S.E. corner of said N.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ ; thence N. along the E. line of said N.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ a dis- tance of 600 ft.; thence W. paral- lel with the S. line of said N.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ a distance of 600 ft.; thence S. par- allel with said E. line a distance of 600 ft. to S. line of said N.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ ; thence E. along said S. line a distance of 600 ft. to the point of beg. ....	21	33211	3.15

As to platted property, the form of heading shall conform to circumstances and be substantially in the following form:

City of (Smithtown)  
Brown's Addition, or Subdivision

Names (and  
Current Filed  
Addresses) for  
the Taxpayers  
and Fee Owners  
and in Addition  
Those Parties  
Who Have Filed  
Their Addresses  
Pursuant to  
section 276.041

	Lot	Block	Tax Parcel Number	Total Tax and Penalty \$ cts.
John Jones (825 Fremont Fairfield, MN 55000)	15	9	58243	2.20
Bruce Smith (2059 Hand Fairfield, MN 55000) and Fairfield State Bank (100 Main Street Fairfield, MN 55000)	16	9	58244	3.15

The names, descriptions, and figures employed in parentheses in the above forms are merely for purposes of illustration.

The name of the town, township, range or city, and addition or subdivision, as the case may be, shall be repeated at the head of each column of the printed lists as brought forward from the preceding column.

Errors in the list shall not be deemed to be a material defect to affect the validity of the judgment and sale.

Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 281.17, is amended to read:

**281.17 [PERIOD FOR REDEMPTION]**

The period of redemption for all lands sold to the state at a tax judgment sale shall be three years from the date of sale to the state of Minnesota if the land is within an incorporated area unless it is: (a) nonagricultural homesteaded land as defined in section 273.13, subdivision 22, (b) homesteaded agricultural land as defined in

section 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), or (c) seasonal recreational land as defined in section 273.13, subdivision 27 25, paragraph (a), (d)(1) or subdivision 22; paragraph (c)(4), in which event the period of redemption is five years from the date of sale to the state of Minnesota.

The period of redemption for all other lands sold to the state at a tax judgment sale shall be five years from the date of sale.

Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290A.03, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

Subd. 13. [PROPERTY TAXES PAYABLE.] "Property taxes payable" means the property tax exclusive of special assessments, penalties, and interest payable on a claimant's homestead before reductions made pursuant to section 273.13, subdivisions 22 and 23, but after deductions made pursuant to sections 124.2137, 273.115, 273.116, 273.135, 273.1391, 273.42, subdivision 2, and any other state paid property tax credits in any calendar year. In the case of a claimant who makes ground lease payments, "property taxes payable" includes the amount of the payments directly attributable to the property taxes assessed against the parcel on which the house is located. No apportionment or reduction of the "property taxes payable" shall be required for the use of a portion of the claimant's homestead for a business purpose if the claimant does not deduct any business depreciation expenses for the use of a portion of the homestead in the determination of federal adjusted gross income. For homesteads which are manufactured homes as defined in section 274.19, subdivision 8, "property taxes payable" shall also include the amount of the gross rent paid in the preceding year for the site on which the homestead is located, which is attributable to the net tax paid on the site. The amount attributable to property taxes shall be determined by multiplying the net tax on the parcel by a fraction, the numerator of which is the gross rent paid for the calendar year for the site and the denominator of which is the gross rent paid for the calendar year for the parcel. When a homestead is owned by two or more persons as joint tenants or tenants in common, such tenants shall determine between them which tenant may claim the property taxes payable on the homestead. If they are unable to agree, the matter shall be referred to the commissioner of revenue whose decision shall be final. Property taxes are considered payable in the year prescribed by law for payment of the taxes.

In the case of a claim relating to "property taxes payable," the claimant must have owned and occupied the homestead on January 2 of the year in which the tax is payable and (i) the property must have been classified as homestead property pursuant to section 273.13, subdivision 22 or 23 on or before June 1 of the year in which the "property taxes payable" were levied; or (ii) the claimant must provide documentation from the local assessor that application for homestead classification has been made prior to October 1 of the

year in which the "property taxes payable" were payable and that the assessor has approved the application.

Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290A.03, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

Subd. 14. [NET TAX.] "Net tax" means

(a) the property tax, exclusive of special assessments, interest, and penalties, and after reduction for any state paid property tax credits as required in subdivision 13 ~~except for the reduction pursuant to section 273.13, subdivisions 22 and 23, or~~

(b) the payments made in lieu of ad valorem taxes, including payments of special assessments imposed in lieu of ad valorem taxes, for the calendar year in which the rent was paid. If a portion of the property is occupied as a homestead or is used for other than rental purposes, the net tax shall be the amount of tax reduced by the percentage that the nonrental use comprises of the total square footage of the building. If a portion of the property is used for purposes other than for residential rental and none of the property is occupied as a homestead, the net tax shall be the amount of the tax of the parcel multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the assessed value of the residential rental portion and the denominator of which is the total assessed value of the parcel. If a portion of the property is used for other than rental residential purposes, the county treasurer shall list on the property tax statement the amount of net tax pertaining to the rental residential portion of the property.

The amount of the net tax shall not be reduced by an abatement or a court ordered reduction in the property tax on the property made after the certificate of rent constituting property tax has been provided to the renter.

Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290A.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. A claimant whose property taxes payable or rent constituting property taxes are in excess of the percentage of the household income stated below shall pay an amount equal to the percent of income shown for the appropriate household income level along with the percent to be paid by the claimant of the remaining amount of property taxes payable or rent constituting property taxes. The state refund will be equal to the amount of property taxes payable or rent constituting property taxes that remain, up to the state refund amount shown below.



Household Income	Percent of Income	Percent Paid by Claimant	Maximum State Refund
Net loss and up to \$2,999	1.0 percent	5 percent	\$1,125
3,000 to 3,499	1.0 percent	6 percent	\$1,125
3,500 to 3,999	1.0 percent	7 percent	\$1,125
4,000 to 4,499	1.0 percent	8 percent	\$1,125
4,500 to 4,999	1.0 percent	9 percent	\$1,125
5,000 to 5,999	1.0 percent	10 percent	\$1,125
6,000 to 6,999	1.0 percent	11 percent	\$1,125
7,000 to 7,999	1.0 percent	12 percent	\$1,125
8,000 to 8,999	1.1 percent	13 percent	\$1,125
9,000 to 9,999	1.2 percent	14 percent	\$1,125
10,000 to 10,999	1.3 percent	15 percent	\$1,125
11,000 to 11,999	1.4 percent	16 percent	\$1,125
12,000 to 12,999	1.5 percent	17 percent	\$1,125
13,000 to 13,999	1.5 percent	18 percent	\$1,125
14,000 to 14,999	1.5 percent	19 percent	\$1,125
15,000 to 15,999	1.5 percent	20 percent	\$1,125
16,000 to 16,999	1.5 percent	21 percent	\$1,125
17,000 to 17,999	1.5 percent	22 percent	\$1,125
18,000 to 18,999	1.5 percent	23 percent	\$1,125
19,000 to 19,999	1.5 percent	24 percent	\$1,125
20,000 to 20,999	1.6 percent	25 percent	\$1,125
21,000 to 21,999	1.6 percent	27 percent	\$1,125
22,000 to 22,999	1.6 percent	29 percent	\$1,125
23,000 to 23,999	1.8 percent	31 percent	\$1,125
24,000 to 24,999	1.8 percent	33 percent	\$1,105
25,000 to 25,999	1.8 percent	35 percent	\$1,080
26,000 to 26,999	2.0 percent	38 percent	\$1,050
27,000 to 27,999	2.0 percent	41 percent	\$1,020
28,000 to 28,999	2.0 percent	44 percent	\$ 990
29,000 to 29,999	2.0 percent	47 percent	\$ 960
30,000 to 30,999	2.0 percent	50 percent	\$ 930
31,000 to 31,999	2.2 percent	50 percent	\$ 900
32,000 to 32,999	2.2 percent	50 percent	\$ 800
33,000 to 33,999	2.2 percent	50 percent	\$ 700
34,000 to 34,999	2.2 percent	50 percent	\$ 600
35,000 to 35,999	2.2 percent	50 percent	\$ 500
36,000 to 36,999	2.4 percent	50 percent	\$ 400
37,000 to 37,999	2.4 percent	50 percent	\$ 300
38,000 to 38,999	2.4 percent	50 percent	\$ 200
39,000 to 39,999	2.4 percent	50 percent	\$ 100
40,000 and over	2.4 percent	50 percent	-0-

The payment made to a claimant shall be the amount of the state refund calculated pursuant to this subdivision, less the homestead credit given pursuant to section 273-13, subdivisions 22 and 23. No payment is allowed if the claimant's household income is \$40,000 or more.

Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.446, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [TAXATION WITHIN TRANSIT TAXING DISTRICT.] For the purposes of sections 473.401 to 473.451 and the metropolitan transit system, except as otherwise provided in this subdivision the regional transit board shall levy each year upon all taxable property within the metropolitan transit taxing district, defined in subdivision 2, a transit tax consisting of:

(a) an amount up to two mills times the assessed value of all such property, based upon the level of transit service provided for the property, the proceeds of which shall be used for payment of the expenses of operating transit and paratransit service and to provide for payment of obligations issued by the commission under section 473.436, subdivision 6;

(b) an additional amount, if any, as the board determines to be necessary to provide for the full and timely payment of its certificates of indebtedness and other obligations outstanding on July 1, 1985, to which property taxes under this section have been pledged; and

(c) an additional amount necessary to provide full and timely payment of certificates of indebtedness, bonds, or other obligations issued or to be issued under section 473.39 by the council for purposes of acquisition and betterment of property and other improvements of a capital nature and to which the council or board has specifically pledged tax levies under this clause.

The county auditor shall reduce the tax levied pursuant to this subdivision on all property within statutory and home rule charter cities and towns that receive full peak service and limited off-peak service by an amount equal to the tax levy that would be produced by applying a rate of 0.5 mills on the property. The county auditor shall reduce the tax levied pursuant to this subdivision on all property within statutory and home rule charter cities and towns that receive limited peak service by an amount equal to the tax levy that would be produced by applying a rate of 0.75 mills on the property. The amounts so computed by the county auditor shall be submitted to the commissioner of revenue as part of the abstracts of tax lists required to be filed with the commissioner under section 275.29. Any prior year adjustments shall also be certified in the abstracts of tax lists. The commissioner shall review the certifications to determine their accuracy and may make changes in the certification as necessary or return a certification to the county auditor for corrections. The commissioner shall pay to the regional transit board the amounts certified by the county auditors on the dates provided in section ~~273.13, subdivision 15a, clause (3)~~ 273.1394. There is annually appropriated from the general fund in

the state treasury to the department of revenue the amounts necessary to make these payments in fiscal year 1987 and thereafter.

For the purposes of this subdivision, "full peak and limited off-peak service" means peak period regular route service, plus weekday midday regular route service at intervals longer than 60 minutes on the route with the greatest frequency; and "limited peak period service" means peak period regular route service only.

Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473F.02, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. "Residential property" means the following categories of property, as defined in section 273.13, excluding that portion of such property exempt from taxation pursuant to section 272.02:

(a) Class ~~1a, 1b~~ 1, 2a, 4a, 5a, 5b, 7a, 7b, 7c, and ~~7d~~ 4b, 4c, and 4d property except resorts

(b) And that portion of class 3a, 3b, and ~~4~~ 5 property used exclusively for residential occupancy.

Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473F.02, subdivision 17, is amended to read:

Subd. 17. "Public grants" means (1) the sum of all money received by a municipality pursuant to ~~sections 273.13, subdivisions 3 and 15(4), 290.361, subdivision 4, 297.13~~ section 273.1394; and (2) one-tenth of all other money received by a municipality from the federal and state governments, and their agencies and political subdivisions, under programs of intergovernmental aids and grants distributed by formula or upon application. The state auditor shall certify the public grants of each municipality for each year to the commissioner of finance not later than September 1 of the subsequent year.

Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 475.61, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [IRREVOCABILITY.] Tax levies so made and filed shall be irrevocable, except as provided in this subdivision.

In each year when there is on hand any excess amount in the debt redemption fund of a school district at the time the district makes its property tax levies, the amount of the excess shall be certified by the school board to the commissioner of education who shall compute the reduced tax levy, after adjustment for the homestead credit replacement aid paid pursuant to section 273.1394, the agricultural credit replacement aid paid pursuant to section 273.1395, and the tax base adjustment pursuant to section 273.1396. The commissioner of

education shall certify the adjusted reduced tax levy to the county auditor and the auditor shall reduce the tax levy otherwise to be included in the rolls next prepared by the amount certified, unless the school board determines that the excess amount is necessary to ensure the prompt and full payment of the obligations and any call premium on the obligations, or will be used for redemption of the obligations in accordance with their terms. An amount shall be presumed to be excess for a school district in the amount that it, together with the levy required by subdivision 1, will exceed 106 percent of the amount needed to meet when due the principal and interest payments on the obligations due before the second following July 1. This subdivision shall not limit a school board's authority to specify a tax levy in a higher amount if necessary because of anticipated tax delinquency or for cash flow needs to meet the required payments from the debt redemption fund.

If the governing body, including the governing body of a school district, in any year makes an irrevocable appropriation to the debt service fund of moneys actually on hand or if there is on hand any excess amount in the debt service fund, the recording officer may certify to the county auditor the fact and amount thereof and the auditor shall reduce by the amount so certified the amount otherwise to be included in the rolls next thereafter prepared.

Sec. 53. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 13.58; 124.2131, subdivision 4; 124.2137; 124.2139; 124A.031, subdivision 4; 273.112, subdivision 9; 273.115; 273.116; 273.13, subdivisions 26, 27, 28, and 29; 273.1311; 273.1315; 273.135, subdivision 5; and 273.1391, subdivision 4, are repealed.

Sec. 54. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Except where provided otherwise, sections 1 to 53 are effective for taxes levied in 1988, payable in 1989, and thereafter.

ARTICLE 7

PROPERTY TAX ADMINISTRATION

Section 1. [3.861] [TAX STUDY COMMISSION.]

Subdivision 1. [CREATION.] A legislative tax study commission is created.

Subd. 2. [DUTIES.] The commission shall:

(1) examine the burden of income maintenance and social services on the property tax levies of the counties, and of each county individually, and determine the impact of total or increased state funding of income maintenance and social services on those levies;

(2) examine and recommend to the legislature alternative methods of income adjusted property tax relief for homeowners and renters;

(3) examine and recommend to the legislature alternative property tax classification systems that reduce the number of property classifications, and determine the effects of the consolidation by type and use of property;

(4) examine the tax structures and revenue needs and revenue resources of state and local governments;

(5) study and make recommendations about long-range tax policy;

(6) analyze proposed tax legislation, with particular reference to revenue and distribution impact, local government financing, and adherence to sound tax policies, and report its findings to the legislature;

(7) examine the property tax burdens on agricultural, commercial, industrial, and employment property by county, and by type, use, and market value; and

(8) file a report at least biennially with the legislature.

Subd. 3. [MEMBERSHIP.] The commission consists of seven members of the senate, including the chair of the committee on taxes and tax laws, to be appointed by the subcommittee on committees of the committee on rules and administration, and seven members of the house of representatives, including the chair of the committee on taxes, to be appointed by the speaker.

Appointees are members of the commission only while they are members of the bodies from which they were appointed. The first members serve for a term expiring on January 15 of the next biennial session of the legislature and until their successors are appointed. Later members must be appointed at the start of each biennial session of the legislature for a two-year term beginning on January 16 of that year. Vacancies must be filled in the same manner as the original appointment.

Subd. 4. [MEETINGS; OFFICERS.] The commission shall hold meetings at the times and places it designates. The commission's first chair shall be the chair of the house tax committee. Every two years, the chair of the house tax committee and the chair of the

senate committee on taxes and tax laws shall alternate the office of commission chair. The commission shall select a vice-chair and other officers from its membership.

Subd. 5. [STAFF; OFFICE; EQUIPMENT.] (a) In performing its duties, the commission must utilize existing legislative staff.

(b) The commission may purchase equipment and supplies, and may enter into contracts for the furnishing of services, equipment, and supplies necessary to discharge its duties.

Subd. 6. [ASSISTANCE OF OTHER AGENCIES.] (a) The commission may request information from any state officer or agency to assist in carrying out this section. The officer or agency shall promptly provide the data requested to the extent permitted by law.

(b) The commissioner of revenue shall prepare, maintain, and make available to the commission data that compares (1) household incomes with rents and property tax burdens; and (2) household incomes with home market values and property tax burdens. The data must be furnished and made available in the form and manner that the commission determines will facilitate its use to discharge the duty imposed in subdivision 2, clause (2). The data must not disclose the name, address, social security number, or any other item of information that the commissioner believes may identify an individual. The data must be furnished to the commission by September 15, 1987, and subsequently maintained by the commissioner so that the most complete and current data available is furnished to the commission.

Subd. 7. [EXPENSES AND REIMBURSEMENT OF MEMBERS AND STAFF.] The members of the commission may receive per diem when attending meetings and other commission business. Members and legislative employees must be reimbursed for expenses actually and necessarily incurred in the performance of their duties under the rules governing legislators and legislative employees.

Subd. 8. [COMMISSION EXPENSES AND REPORTS.] Expenses of the commission must be approved by the chair or other member as the rules of the commission may provide. The expenses must then be paid in the same way as other state expenses are paid. A general summary or statement of expenses incurred by the commission and paid must be made to the legislature by November 15 of each even-numbered year.

Subd. 9. [APPROPRIATION.] \$300,000 is appropriated for the biennium ending June 30, 1989, from the general fund to the tax study commission.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 88.49, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 9a. [LAND TRADES WITH GOVERNMENTAL UNITS.] Notwithstanding subdivisions 6 and 9, or section 88.491, subdivision 2, if an owner trades land under auxiliary forest contract for land owned by a governmental unit and the owner agrees to use the land received in trade from the governmental unit for the production of forest products, upon resolution of the county board, no taxes and assessments shall be levied against the land traded, except that any current or delinquent annual taxes or yield taxes due on that land while it was under the auxiliary forest provision must be paid prior to the land exchange. The land received from the governmental unit in the land trade automatically qualifies for inclusion in the tree growth tax law.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.2131, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ADJUSTED ASSESSED VALUE.] (a) [COMPUTATION.] The equalization aid review committee, consisting of the commissioner of education, the commissioner of administration, the commissioner of agriculture, and the commissioner of revenue, is hereby continued and permanently established. The duty of this committee shall be to review the assessed valuation of the districts of the state. The department of revenue shall annually conduct an assessment/sales ratio study of the taxable property in each school district in accordance with the procedures referenced in paragraphs (b) and (c). Based upon the results of this assessment/sales ratio study, the department of revenue shall determine an aggregate equalized assessed value for the various strata of taxable property in each school district, which value shall be designated as the adjusted assessed value. The department of revenue shall take such steps as are necessary in the performance of that duty and may incur such expense as is necessary therefor. The commissioner of revenue is authorized to reimburse any county or governmental official for requested services performed in ascertaining such adjusted valuation. On or before March 15 annually, the department of revenue shall file with the chair of the tax committee of the house of representatives and the chair of the committee on taxes and tax laws of the senate a report of adjusted assessed values. On or before March June 15, annually, the department of revenue shall submit file its final report on the assessed values established by the previous year's assessment to said committee for approval or rejection and, if approved, such report shall be filed not later than the following July 1 with the commissioner of education and each county auditor for those school districts for which the auditor has the responsibility for determination of mill rates. A copy of the adjusted assessed value so filed shall be forthwith mailed to the clerk of each district involved and to the county assessor or supervisor of assessments of the county or counties in which such each district is located.

(b) [METHODOLOGY.] In making its annual assessment/sales ratio studies, the department of revenue shall use a methodology

consistent with the most recent Standard on Assessment Ratio Studies published by the assessment standards committee of the International Association of Assessing Officers. The commissioner of revenue shall supplement this general methodology with specific procedures necessary for proper execution of the study in accordance with other Minnesota laws impacting the assessment/sales ratio study. The commissioner shall document these specific procedures in writing and shall publish the procedures in the State Register, but these procedures will not be considered "rules" pursuant to the Minnesota administrative procedure act. By January 15, 1985, the commissioner shall report to the chairs of the house tax committee and the senate committee on taxes and tax laws the results of a study which the commissioner shall prepare comparing the 1983 sales ratio study based upon the original 1983 assessment/sales ratio study methodology with the new methodology as provided in clause (b). The 1984 adjusted assessed values which are certified to the commissioner of education shall be computed using the 1983 assessment/sales ratio study methodology unless the 1985 legislature directs otherwise.

(c) [AGRICULTURAL LANDS.] For purposes of determining the adjusted assessed value of agricultural lands for the calculation of 1977 1987 adjusted assessed values and thereafter, the market value of agricultural lands shall be the arithmetic average of (1) the price for which the property would sell in an arms length transaction; and (2) the income which could be derived from its free market gross rental rate capitalized at a rate of nine percent.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.2131, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [ADJUSTED ASSESSED VALUE; GROWTH LIMIT.] In the calculation of adjusted assessed valuations for 1979 1987 and each year thereafter, the ~~committee~~ commissioner of revenue shall not increase the adjusted assessed valuation of taxable property for any school district over the adjusted assessed valuation established and filed with the commissioner of education for the immediately preceding year by more than the greater of (1) 19 percent of the certified adjusted assessed valuation established and filed with the commissioner of education for the year immediately preceding, or (2) 40 percent of the difference between the district's total adjusted assessed valuation for the current year calculated without the application of this subdivision and the district's certified adjusted assessed valuation established and filed with the commissioner of education for the immediately preceding year.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.2131, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [DECREASE IN IRON ORE ASSESSED VALUE.] If in any year the assessed value of class 9a and 9b iron ore property, as



defined in section 273.13, ~~subdivision 30~~, in any district is less than the assessed value of such property in the immediately preceding year, the ~~equalization aid review committee~~ commissioner of revenue shall redetermine for all purposes the adjusted assessed value of the immediately preceding year taking into account only the decrease in assessed value of class 9a and 9b iron ore property. If subdivision 2, clause (a) is applicable to such a district, the decrease in class 9a and 9b iron ore property shall be applied to the adjusted assessed value as limited therein. In all other respects, the provisions of clause (1) shall be applicable.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.2131, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [ADJUSTED ASSESSED VALUE; APPEALS.] Should any district within ~~60~~ 30 days after receipt of a copy of a report filed with the commissioner of education made pursuant to subdivision 1 or 3, be of the opinion that the ~~equalization aid review committee~~ commissioner of revenue has made an error in the determination of the school district's market value, it may appeal from the report or portion thereof relating to the school district to the commissioner of revenue for a review and determination of the matters contained in the appeal. The commissioner shall advise the school district of the determination within 30 days. If the school district wishes to appeal the determination of the commissioner, it must file a notice of appeal with the tax court, as provided in subdivisions 6 to 11 within ten days of the notice of determination from the commissioner.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.2131, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [NOTICE OF APPEAL.] The school district shall file with the court administrator of the tax court a notice of appeal from the determination of the ~~equalization aid review committee~~ commissioner of revenue fixing the market value of the school district, and such notice shall show the basis of the alleged error. A copy of such notice of appeal shall be served upon the ~~commissioners~~ commissioner of revenue and education, and proof of service shall be filed with the court administrator.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.2131, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [HEARING.] Upon receipt of the notice of appeal the tax court shall review the notice of appeal and determine whether it appears from the allegations and proofs therein contained that an error has been made in the determination by the ~~equalization aid review committee~~ commissioner of revenue of the market value of the property in the school district. If the court finds it probable that such an error has been made, it shall notice the matter for hearing; otherwise, it shall dismiss the appeal and notify the parties thereof.

Hearing shall be set and held in the same manner as other hearings of the tax court are set and heard, except that an appeal filed under subdivision 5 shall take precedence over other appeals pending before the court. The attorney general shall represent the ~~commissioners~~ commissioner of revenue and education and equalization aid review committee. The administrative procedure act, sections 14.09 to 14.36, 14.38, 14.44 to 14.45, and 14.57 to 14.70, shall apply to hearings insofar as it is applicable.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.2131, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [TAX COURT DETERMINATION.] The tax court shall hear, consider and determine such appeal, de novo upon the issues made by the notice of appeal, if a hearing has been granted thereon. At the conclusion of the hearing the court shall (1) file findings of fact, or (2) ~~rerefer~~ refer the issues to the ~~equalization aid review committee~~ commissioner of revenue with instructions and recommendations for a determination and correction of the market value of the appealing school district. The decision of the tax court, if it decides the matter de novo, shall have the same force and effect as a determination by the ~~equalization aid review committee~~ commissioner of revenue in the first instance under this section, and the ~~equalization aid review committee~~ commissioner of revenue shall be notified thereof. If the matter is rereferred to the ~~equalization aid review committee~~ commissioner of revenue, a redetermination by the ~~equalization aid review committee~~ commissioner of revenue in accordance with the recommendations of the tax court shall likewise have the same force and effect as a determination by it in the first instance under this section.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.2131, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. [AIDS PENDING APPEALS.] During the pendency of any appeal from an ~~equalization aid review committee~~ the commissioner of revenue evaluation, state aids to the district so appealing shall be paid on the basis of the evaluation subject to adjustment upon final determination of the appeal.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.38, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. "Adjusted assessed valuation" means, as of any date, the valuation of all taxable property most recently determined by the ~~equalization aid review committee~~ commissioner of revenue in accordance with the provisions of section 124.2131. "Market value" means the value of all taxable property in the district on which its net debt limit is based as provided in section 475.53, subdivision 4.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124A.02, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

Subd. 3a. [ADJUSTED ASSESSED VALUATION.] "Adjusted assessed valuation" or "~~EARC valuation~~" means the assessed valuation of the taxable property notwithstanding the provisions of section 275.49 of the school district as adjusted by the ~~equalization aid review committee commissioner of revenue~~ under section 124.2131. The adjusted assessed valuation for any given calendar year shall be used to compute levy limitations for levies certified in the succeeding calendar year and aid for the school year beginning in the second succeeding calendar year.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124A.02, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [EQUALIZING FACTOR.] "Equalizing factor" means a number equal to the minimum ~~EARC~~ adjusted assessed valuation per total pupil unit which disqualifies a district from earning any basic foundation aid. The equalizing factor for each school year and for levies for use in that school year equals the ratio, rounded to the nearest dollar, of the foundation aid formula allowance for that school year to the basic maintenance mill rate for that school year.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124A.08, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [SECOND TIER LEVY FUND BALANCE.] Beginning with the 1983 payable 1984 levy, for a district where the net unappropriated operating fund balance as of the June 30 before the levy is certified exceeds \$500 per total pupil unit in the year when the levy is certified, the second tier levy shall be reduced by the amount of the excess times the lesser of (a) one, or (b) the ratio of the district's ~~EARC~~ adjusted assessed valuation for the preceding year per total pupil unit in the school year for which the levy is attributable, to the equalizing factor. Beginning with the 1984-1985 school year, the second tier aid for the year when that levy is used shall be reduced by any amount of the excess which is not subtracted from the levy.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 134.33, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. An establishment grant as described in section 134.32, subdivision 2, shall be made to any regional public library system for the first two state fiscal years after a board of county commissioners has contracted to join that system and has agreed that the county will provide the levels of support for public library service specified in this section. In the first year of participation, the county shall provide an amount of support equivalent to .3 mill times the adjusted assessed valuation of the taxable property of the

county as determined by the equalization aid review committee commissioner of revenue for the second year preceding that calendar year or two-thirds of the per capita amount established under the provisions of section 134.34, subdivision 1, whichever amount is less. In the second year of participation and in each year thereafter, the county shall provide an amount of support equivalent to .4 mill times the adjusted assessed valuation of the taxable property of the county as determined by the equalization aid review committee commissioner of revenue for the second year preceding that calendar year or the per capita amount established under the provisions of section 134.34, subdivision 1, whichever is less. The minimum level of support shall be certified annually to the county by the department of education. In no event shall the department of education require any county to provide a higher level of support than the level of support specified in this section in order for a system to qualify for an establishment grant. This section shall not be construed to prohibit any county from providing a higher level of support for public libraries than the level of support specified in this section.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 134.34, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. A regional library basic system support grant shall be made to any regional public library system where there are at least three participating counties and where each participating city and county, except in the first year of participation as provided in section 134.33, is providing for public library service support the lesser of (a) an amount equivalent to .4 mill times the adjusted assessed valuation of the taxable property of that city or county, as determined by the equalization aid review committee commissioner of revenue for the second year preceding that calendar year or (b) a per capita amount calculated under the provisions of this subdivision. The per capita amount is established for calendar year 1980 as \$3. In succeeding calendar years, the per capita amount shall be increased by a percentage equal to one-half of the percentage by which the total state adjusted assessed valuation of property as determined by the equalization aid review committee commissioner of revenue for the second year preceding that calendar year increases over that total adjusted assessed valuation for the third year preceding that calendar year. The minimum level of support shall be certified annually to the participating cities and counties by the department of education. A city which is a part of a regional public library system shall not be required to provide this level of support if the property of that city is already taxable by the county for the support of that regional public library system. In no event shall the department of education require any city or county to provide a higher level of support than the level of support specified in this section in order for a system to qualify for a regional library basic system support grant. This section shall not be construed to prohibit a city or county from providing a higher level of support for public libraries than the level of support specified in this section.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 134.34, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 134.33 and subdivision 1 of this section, after the second year of participation by a city or county, the dollar amount of the minimum level of support for that city or county shall not be required to increase by more than ten percent over the dollar amount of the minimum level of support required of it in the previous year. If a participating city or county which has been providing for public library service support in an amount equivalent to .67 mill times the assessed valuation of the taxable property of that city or county for the year preceding that calendar year would be required to increase the dollar amount of such support by more than ten percent to reach the equivalent of .4 mill times the adjusted assessed valuation of the taxable property of that participating city or county as determined by the equalization aid review committee commissioner of revenue for the second year preceding that calendar year or the per capita amount calculated under the provisions of subdivision 1, it shall only be required to increase the dollar amount of such support by ten percent per year until such time as it reaches an amount equivalent to .4 mill times the adjusted assessed valuation of that taxable property as determined by the equalization aid review committee commissioner of revenue for the second year preceding that calendar year or the per capita amount calculated under the provisions of subdivision 1.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 270.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [TO ACT AS STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.] The commissioner of revenue shall have and exercise all the rights, powers and authority by law vested in the state board of equalization, which board of equalization is hereby continued, with full power and authority to review, modify, and revise all of the acts and proceedings of the commissioner in so far as they relate to the equalization and valuation of property assessed for taxation, as prescribed by section 270.12; which state board of equalization shall meet on August 15 of each year during its existence.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 270.11, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [COUNTY ASSESSOR'S REPORTS OF ASSESSMENT FILED WITH COMMISSIONER.] Each county assessor shall file by June 15 with the commissioner of revenue a copy of the abstract that will be acted upon by the county board of review. The abstract must list the real and personal property in the county, as equalized by the local board of review or equalization, itemized by assessment districts. A printed or typewritten copy of the proceedings of the local board of review or equalization must also be filed with the commissioner. The commissioner of revenue may require The assessor of

each county in the state ~~to~~ shall file with the commissioner, ~~on or before August 1, each year,~~ complete abstracts of all real and personal property in the county, as equalized by the county board of equalization, and itemized by assessment districts, within five working days following final action of the county board of equalization, any changes made by the county board of equalization. The information must be filed in the manner prescribed by the commissioner. It must be accompanied by a printed or typewritten copy of the proceedings of the county board of equalization, and it shall be the duty of the county assessor to so report to the commissioner of revenue.

The final abstract of assessments after adjustments by the state board of equalization and inclusion of any omitted property shall be submitted to the commissioner of revenue on or before January 1 November 15 of each calendar year.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 270.12, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. The board shall meet annually ~~on August 15 between July 15 and October 1~~ at the office of the commissioner of revenue and examine and compare the returns of the assessment of the property in the several counties, and equalize the same so that all the taxable property in the state shall be assessed at its market value, subject to the following rules:

(1) The board shall add to the aggregate valuation of the real property of every county, which the board believes to be valued below its market value in money, such percent as will bring the same to its market value in money;

(2) The board shall deduct from the aggregate valuation of the real property of every county, which the board believes to be valued above its market value in money, such percent as will reduce the same to its market value in money;

(3) If the board believes the valuation of the real property of any town or district in any county, or the valuation of the real property of any county not in towns or cities, should be raised or reduced, without raising or reducing the other real property of such county, or without raising or reducing it in the same ratio, the board may add to, or take from, the valuation of any one or more of such towns or cities, or of the property not in towns or cities, such percent as the board believes will raise or reduce the same to its market value in money;

(4) The board shall add to the aggregate valuation of any class of personal property of any county, town, or city, which the board believes to be valued below the market value thereof, such percent as will raise the same to its market value in money;

(5) The board shall take from the aggregate valuation of any class of personal property in any county, town or city, which the board believes to be valued above the market value thereof, such percent as will reduce the same to its market value in money;

(6) The board shall not reduce the aggregate valuation of all the property of the state, as returned by the several county auditors, more than one percent on the whole valuation thereof;

(7) When it would be of assistance in equalizing values the board may require any county auditor to furnish statements showing assessments of real and personal property of any individuals, firms, or corporations within the county. The board shall consider and equalize such assessments and may increase the assessment of individuals, firms, or corporations above the amount returned by the county board of equalization when it shall appear to be undervalued, first giving notice to such persons of the intention of the board so to do, which notice shall fix a time and place of hearing. The board shall not decrease any such assessment below the valuation placed by the county board of equalization; and

(8) In equalizing values pursuant to this section, the board shall utilize a 12-month assessment/sales ratio study conducted by the department of revenue containing only sales that occurred between October 1 of the year immediately preceding the previous year to September 30 of the previous year. The sales prices used in the study must be discounted for terms of financing. The board shall use the median ratio as the statistical measure of the level of assessment for any particular category of property.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 270.12, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. ~~For taxes levied in 1985 and thereafter~~ When a taxing jurisdiction lies in two or more counties, if the sales ratio studies prepared by the department of revenue show that the average levels of assessment in the several portions of the taxing jurisdictions in the different counties differ by more than five percent, the board may order the apportionment of the levy. When the sales ratio studies prepared by the department of revenue show that the average levels of assessment in the several portions of the taxing jurisdictions in the different counties differ by more than ten percent, the board shall order the apportionment of the levy unless (a) the proportion of total adjusted assessed value in one of the counties is less than ten percent of the total adjusted assessed value in the taxing jurisdiction and the average level of assessment in that portion of the taxing jurisdiction is the level which differs by more than five percent from the assessment level in any one of the other portions of the taxing jurisdiction; (b) significant changes have been made in the level of assessment in the taxing jurisdiction which have not been reflected in the sales ratio study, and those changes alter the assessment

levels in the portions of the taxing jurisdiction so that the assessment level now differs by five percent or less; or (c) commercial, industrial, mineral, or public utility property predominates in one county within the taxing jurisdiction and another class of property predominates in another county within that same taxing jurisdiction. If one or more of these factors are present, the board may order the apportionment of the levy.

Notwithstanding any other provision, the levy for the metropolitan mosquito control district, metropolitan council, metropolitan transit district, and metropolitan transit area must be apportioned without regard to the percentage difference.

If, pursuant to this subdivision, the board apportions the levy, then that levy apportionment among the portions in the different counties shall be made in the same proportion as the adjusted assessed value as determined by the equalization aid review committee commissioner in each portion is to the total adjusted assessed value of the taxing jurisdiction.

For the purposes of this section, the average level of assessment in a taxing jurisdiction or portion thereof shall be the aggregate assessment sales ratio. Assessed values as determined by the equalization aid review committee commissioner shall be the values as determined for the year preceding the year in which the levy to be apportioned is levied.

Actions pursuant to this subdivision shall be commenced subsequent to the annual meeting on ~~August~~ July 15 of the state board of equalization, but notice of the action shall be given to the affected jurisdiction and the appropriate county auditors by the following ~~November 15~~ October 1.

Apportionment of a levy pursuant to this subdivision shall be considered as a remedy to be taken after equalization pursuant to subdivision 2, and when equalization within the jurisdiction would disturb equalization within other jurisdictions of which the several portions of the jurisdiction in question are a part.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 270.13, is amended to read:

**270.13 [RECORD OF PROCEEDINGS CHANGING ASSESSED VALUATION; DUTIES OF COUNTY AUDITOR.]**

A record of all proceedings of the commissioner of revenue affecting any change in the assessed valuation of any property, as revised by the state board of equalization, shall be kept by the commissioner of revenue and a copy thereof, duly certified, shall be mailed each year to the auditor of each county wherein such property is situated, on or before ~~November 15~~ October 1 or 30 days



after submission of the abstract required by section 270.11, subdivision 2, whichever is later. This record shall specify the amounts or amount, or both, added to or deducted from the valuation of the real property of each of the several towns and cities, and of the real property not in towns or cities, also the percent or amount of both, added to or deducted from the several classes of personal property in each of the towns and cities; and also the amount added to or deducted from the assessments of individuals, copartnerships, associations, or corporations. The county auditor shall add to or deduct from such tract or lot, or portion thereof, of any real property in the county the required percent or amount, or both, on the valuation thereof as it stood after equalized by the county board, adding in each case a fractional sum of 50 cents or more, and deducting in each case any fractional sum of less than 50 cents, so that no valuation of any separate tract or lot shall contain any fraction of a dollar; and add to, or deduct from, the several classes of personal property in the county the required percent or amount, or both, on the valuation thereof as it stood after equalized by the county board, adding or deducting in manner aforesaid any fractional sum so that no valuation of any separate class of personal property shall contain a fraction of a dollar, and add to or deduct from assessments of individuals, copartnerships, associations, or corporations, as they stood after equalization by the county board, the required amounts to agree with the assessments as returned by the commissioner of revenue.

Sec. 23. [270.485] [SENIOR ACCREDITATION.]

The legislature finds that the property tax system would be enhanced by requiring that every county assessor and senior appraiser in the department of revenue's property tax review division obtain senior accreditation from the state board of assessors. By January 1, 1989, every county assessor and senior appraiser, including the department's regional representatives, must obtain senior accreditation from the state board of assessors. The board shall provide the necessary courses or training. If a department senior appraiser or regional representative fails to obtain senior accreditation by January 1, 1989, the failure shall be grounds for dismissal, disciplinary action, or corrective action. After December 30, 1988, the commissioner must not approve the appointment of a county assessor who is not senior accredited by the state board of assessors. No employee hired by the commissioner as a senior appraiser or regional representative after June 30, 1987, shall attain permanent status until the employee obtains senior accreditation.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 270.87, is amended to read:

270.87 [CERTIFICATION TO COUNTY ASSESSORS.]

After making an annual determination of the equalized fair market value of the operating property of each company in each of

the respective counties, and in the taxing districts therein, the commissioner shall certify the equalized fair market value to the county assessor on or before October 1, which shall constitute the equalized fair market value of the operating property of the railroad company in such county and the taxing districts therein upon which taxes shall be levied and collected in the same manner as on the commercial and industrial property of such county and the taxing districts therein.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 271.21, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. At the election of the taxpayer, the small claims division shall have jurisdiction only in the following matters:

(a) any case concerning the valuation, assessment, or taxation of residential property homesteaded by the taxpayer; or

(b) any other case concerning the tax laws as defined in section 271.01, subdivision 5 in which the amount in controversy does not exceed ~~\$2,500~~ \$5,000, including penalty and interest.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 272.115, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. The certificate of value shall require such facts and information as may be determined by the ~~equalization aid review committee~~ commissioner to be reasonably necessary in the administration of the state education aid formulas. The form of the certificate of value shall be prescribed by the department of revenue which shall provide an adequate supply of forms to each county auditor.

Sec. 27. [272.121] [CURRENT TAX ON DIVIDED PARCELS.]

If a deed or other instrument conveys a parcel of land that is less than a whole parcel of land as described in the current tax list, the county auditor shall not transfer or divide the land in the auditor's official records, and the county recorder shall not file and record the instrument, unless the instrument of conveyance contains a certification by the county treasurer that the taxes due in the current tax year for the whole parcel have been paid. This certification is in addition to the certification for delinquent tax required by section 272.12. No certification of current tax paid is required for any sheriff's or referee's certificate of sale or other instrument if a certification of delinquent tax for the instrument is not required under section 272.12.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.061, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [OFFICE CREATED; APPOINTMENT, QUALIFICATIONS.] Every county in this state shall have a county assessor. The county assessor shall be appointed by the board of county commissioners and shall be a resident of this state. The assessor shall be selected and appointed because of knowledge and training in the field of property taxation and appointment shall be approved by the commissioner of revenue before the same shall become effective. Upon receipt by the county commissioners of the commissioner of revenue's refusal to approve an appointment, the term of the appointee shall terminate at the end of that day. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a county assessor must have senior accreditation from the state board of assessors by January 1, 1989.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.061, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [POWERS AND DUTIES.] The county assessor shall have the following powers and duties:

(1) To call upon and confer with the township and city assessors in the county, and advise and give them the necessary instructions and directions as to their duties under the laws of this state, to the end that a uniform assessment of all real property in the county will be attained.

(2) To assist and instruct the local assessors in the preparation and proper use of land maps and record cards, in the property classification of real and personal property, and in the determination of proper standards of value.

(3) To keep the local assessors in the county advised of all changes in assessment laws and all instructions which the assessor receives from the commissioner of revenue relating to their duties.

(4) To have authority to require the attendance of groups of local assessors at sectional meetings called by the assessor for the purpose of giving them further assistance and instruction as to their duties.

(5) To immediately commence the preparation of a large scale topographical land map of the county, in such form as may be prescribed by the commissioner of revenue, showing thereon the location of all railroads, highways and roads, bridges, rivers and lakes, swamp areas, wooded tracts, stony ridges and other features which might affect the value of the land. Appropriate symbols shall be used to indicate the best, the fair and the poor land of the county. For use in connection with the topographical land map, the assessor shall prepare and keep available in the assessor's office tables showing fair average minimum and maximum market values per acre of cultivated, meadow, pasture, cut-over, timber and waste lands of each township. The assessor shall keep the map and tables

available in the office for the guidance of town assessors, boards of review, and the county board of equalization.

(6) To also prepare and keep available in the office for the guidance of town assessors, boards of review and the county board of equalization, a land valuation map of the county, in such form as may be prescribed by the commissioner of revenue. This map, which shall include the bordering tier of townships of each county adjoining, shall show the average market value per acre, both with and without improvements, as finally equalized in the last assessment of real estate, of all land in each town or unorganized township which lies outside the corporate limits of cities.

(7) To regularly examine all conveyances of land outside the corporate limits of cities of the first and second class, filed with the county recorder of the county, and keep a file, by descriptions, of the considerations shown thereon. From the information obtained by comparing the considerations shown with the market values assessed, the assessor shall make recommendations to the county board of equalization of necessary changes in individual assessments or aggregate valuations.

(8) To prepare annually and keep available in the assessor's office for the guidance of boards of review and the county board of equalization, a table showing the market value per capita of all personal property in each assessment district in the county as finally equalized in the last previous assessment of personal property. For the guidance of the county board of equalization, the assessor shall also add to the table the market value per capita of all personal property of each assessment district for the current year as equalized by the local board of review.

(9) To become familiar with the values of the different items of personal property so as to be in a position when called upon to advise the boards of review and the county board of equalization concerning property, market values thereof.

(10) While the county board of equalization is in session, to give it every possible assistance to enable it to perform its duties. The assessor shall furnish the board with all necessary charts, tables, comparisons and data which it requires in its deliberations, and shall make whatever investigations the board may desire.

(11) At the request of either the board of county commissioners or the commissioner of revenue, to investigate applications for reductions of valuation and abatements and settlements of taxes, examine the real or personal property involved, and submit written reports and recommendations with respect to the applications, in such form as may be prescribed by the board of county commissioners and commissioner of revenue.

(12) To make diligent search each year for real and personal property which has been omitted from assessment in the county, and report all such omissions to the county auditor.

(13) To regularly confer with county assessors in all adjacent counties about the assessment of property in order to uniformly assess and equalize the value of similar properties and classes of property located in adjacent counties. The conference shall emphasize the assessment of agricultural and commercial and industrial property or other properties that may have an inadequate number of sales in a single county.

(14) To render such other services pertaining to the assessment of real and personal property in the county as are not inconsistent with the duties set forth in this section, and as may be required by the board of county commissioners or by the commissioner of revenue.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.061, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. [ADDITIONAL GENERAL DUTIES.] Additional duties of the county assessor shall be as follows: (a) to make all assessments, based upon the appraised values reported by the local assessors or assistants and the county assessor's own knowledge of the value of the property assessed; (b) to personally view and determine the value of any property which because of its type or character may be difficult for the local assessor to appraise; (c) to make all changes ordered by the local boards of review, relative to the assessed value of the property of any individual, firm or corporation after notice has been given and hearings held as provided by law. A local board of review shall have the power to reduce assessments upon petition of the taxpayer but the total of such adjustments shall not reduce the aggregate assessment made by the county assessor by more than one percent of said aggregate assessment. If the total of such adjustments would lower the aggregate assessments made by the county assessor by more than one percent, none of such adjustments shall be allowed. The assessor shall correct any clerical errors or double assessments discovered by the board of review without affecting the one percent referred to above; (d) to enter all assessments in the assessment books, furnished by the county auditor, with each book and the tabular statements for each book in correct balance; (e) to prepare all assessment cards, charts, maps and any other forms prescribed by the commissioner of revenue; (f) to attend the meeting of the county board of equalization; to investigate and report on any assessment ordered by said board; to enter all changes made by said board in the assessment books and prepare the abstract of assessments for the commissioner of revenue; to enter all changes made by the state board of equalization in the assessment books; to deduct all exemptions authorized by law from each assessment and certify to the county auditor the taxable value of each parcel of land, as described

and listed in the assessment books by the county auditor, and the taxable value of the personal property of each person, firm, or corporation assessed; (g) to investigate and make recommendations relative to all applications for the abatement of taxes or applications for the reduction of the assessed valuation of any property; (h) to perform all other duties relating to the assessment of property for the purpose of taxation which may be required by the commissioner of revenue.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.065, is amended to read:

**273.065 [DELIVERY OF ASSESSMENT APPRAISAL RECORDS; EXTENSIONS.]**

Assessment districts shall complete the assessment appraisal records on or before ~~May 1~~ March 15. The records shall be delivered to the county assessor as of that date and any work which is the responsibility of the local assessor which is not completed by ~~May 1~~ March 15 shall be accomplished by the county assessor or persons employed by the county assessor and the cost of such work shall be charged against the assessment district as provided in section 273.064. Extensions of time to complete the assessment appraisal records may be granted to the local assessor by the county assessor if such extension is approved by the county board.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.11, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 10. [VALUATION OF AGRICULTURAL LAND.] Annually on November 15, beginning in 1988 and each year thereafter, the commissioner of revenue shall provide county assessors with a land valuation schedule showing a range of values to be used in the valuation of agricultural lands for the succeeding year's assessment. The land valuation schedule shall be developed matching the sales data obtained on the certificates of real estate value filed in the 12-month period between October 1 of the year immediately preceding to September 30 of the current year with information obtained from soil surveys. A range of values for each major soil type by region will be provided. Counties having similar soil types, number of degree days, and other similar characteristics will be grouped into regions for purposes of the valuation schedule. The department of revenue, in consultation with the county assessors, shall develop the land valuation schedule.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.1102, is amended to read:

**273.1102 [RATE OF TAX, TERMINOLOGY OF LAWS OR CHARACTERS.]**

The rate of property taxation by any political subdivision or other public corporation for any purpose for which any law or charter now provides a maximum tax rate expressed in mills times the assessed value or times the full and true value of taxable property (except any value adjusted assessed values determined by the state equalization aid review committee by the commissioner under section 124.2131) shall not exceed  $33\frac{1}{3}$  percent of such maximum tax rate until and unless such law or charter is amended to provide a different maximum tax rate.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.1103, is amended to read:

**273.1103 [NET DEBT, TERMINOLOGY OF LAWS OR CHARTERS.]**

Net debt incurred by any political subdivision or other public corporation for which any law or any charter provision provides a limit expressed as a percentage of the assessed value or the full and true value of taxable property (except any adjusted assessed value determined by the state equalization aid review committee commissioner under section 124.2131) shall not exceed  $33\frac{1}{3}$  percent of such limit until and unless such law or charter is amended to provide a different limit.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.33, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. The personal property, consisting of the pipeline system of mains, pipes and equipment attached thereto, of pipeline companies and others engaged in the operations or business of transporting natural gas, gasoline, crude oil, or other petroleum products by pipe lines, shall be listed with and assessed by the commissioner of revenue. This subdivision shall not apply to the assessment of the products transported through the pipe lines nor to the lines of local commercial gas companies engaged primarily in the business of distributing gas to consumers at retail nor to pipe lines used by the owner thereof to supply natural gas or other petroleum products exclusively for such owner's own consumption and not for resale to others. On or before the fifteenth day of November October 1, the commissioner shall certify to the auditor of each county, the amount of such personal property assessment against each company in each district in which such property is located.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.37, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Transmission lines of less than 69 kv, transmission lines of 69 kv and above located in an unorganized township, and distribution lines, and equipment attached thereto, having a fixed situs outside the corporate limits of cities except distribution lines

taxed as provided in sections 273.40 and 273.41, shall be listed with and assessed by the commissioner of revenue in the county where situated. The commissioner shall assess such property at the percentage of market value fixed by law; and, on or before the 15th day of ~~November~~ October 1, shall certify to the auditor of each county in which such property is located the amount of the assessment made against each company and person owning such property.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 274.01, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. (a) The town board of each town, the council or other governing body of each city, except in cities whose charters provide for a board of equalization, shall be a board of review. The county assessor shall fix a day and time when each of such boards board and the board of equalization of any city whose charter provides for a board of equalization shall meet in the several assessment districts of the county, and shall on or before ~~April 1st~~ February 15 of each year give written notice thereof to the clerk. ~~Such meetings~~ Notwithstanding the provisions of any charter to the contrary shall, the meeting must be held between April 1st and June 30th ~~May 31~~ in each year, and. The clerk shall give published and posted notice of such the meeting at least ten days prior to the date fixed. ~~Such~~ The board shall meet at the office of the clerk to review the assessment and classification of property in such town or district, and immediately proceed to examine and see that all taxable property in the town or district has been properly placed upon the list, and duly valued by the assessor. ~~In case~~ If any property, real or personal shall ~~have~~ has been omitted, the board shall place it upon the list with its market value, and correct the assessment so that each tract or lot of real property, and each article, parcel, or class of personal property, shall ~~be~~ is entered on the assessment list at its market value; but no assessment of the property of any person shall be raised until the person has been duly notified of the intent of the board so to do. On application of any person feeling aggrieved, the board shall review the assessment or classification or both, and correct it as shall appear just. A majority of the members may act at such meeting, and adjourn from day to day until they finish the hearing of all cases presented. The assessor shall attend, with the assessment books and papers, and take part in the proceedings, but shall not vote. The county assessor, or an assistant delegated by the county assessor shall attend such meetings. The board shall list separately, on a form appended to the assessment book, all omitted property added to the list by the board and all items of property increased or decreased, with the market value of each item of property, added or changed by the board, placed opposite such item. The county assessor shall enter all changes made by the board in the assessment book.

(b) If a person fails to appear in person, by counsel, or by written communication before the board after being duly notified of the



board's intent to raise the assessment of the property, or if a person feeling aggrieved by an assessment or classification fails to apply for a review of the assessment or classification, the person may not appear before the county board of equalization for a review of the assessment or classification, except when an assessment was made subsequent to the meeting of the board, as provided in section 273.01, or that the person can establish not having received notice of market value at least five days before the local board of review meeting.

(c) A local board of review may reduce assessments upon petition of the taxpayer but the total reductions must not reduce the aggregate assessment made by the county assessor by more than one percent. If the total reductions would lower the aggregate assessments made by the county assessor by more than one percent, none of the adjustments may be made. The assessor shall correct any clerical errors or double assessments discovered by the board of review without regard to the one percent limitation.

(d) The board of review, and the board of equalization of any city, unless a longer period is approved by the commissioner of revenue, shall complete its work and adjourn within 20 days from the time of convening specified in the notice of the clerk and no action taken subsequent to such date shall be valid. All complaints in reference to any assessment or classification made after the meeting of such board, shall be heard and determined by the county board of equalization. Any nonresident may, at any time, before the meeting of the board of review file written objections to an assessment or classification with the county assessor and if any such objections are filed they shall be presented to the board of review at its meeting by the county assessor for its consideration.

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 274.14, is amended to read:

274.14 [LENGTH OF SESSION; RECORD.]

The county board of equalization or the special board of equalization appointed by it may continue in session and adjourn from time to time commencing on the first Monday following the fourth day of July or, if the first Monday following the fourth day of July is a legal holiday, the first Tuesday following the fourth day of July and ending on or before the tenth following working day, when it shall adjourn and no action taken subsequent to the day of adjournment shall be valid unless a longer session period is approved by the commissioner of revenue meet during the last two weeks in June. The commissioner may extend the session period to August 10 July 15 but no action taken by the county board of review after the extended termination date shall be valid. The county auditor shall keep an accurate record of the proceedings and orders of the board, which record shall be published in the same manner as other proceedings

of county commissioners. A copy of ~~such the~~ published record ~~shall~~ must be transmitted to the commissioner of revenue, with the abstract of assessment required by section 274.16.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 274.16, is amended to read:

274.16 [CORRECTED LISTS, ABSTRACTS.]

The county assessor or, in Ramsey county, the official designated by the board of county commissioners shall calculate the changes of the assessment lists determined by the county board of equalization, and make corrections accordingly, in the real or personal lists, or both, and shall make duplicate abstracts of the same; one shall be filed in the assessor's office, and one shall be forwarded to the commissioner of revenue ~~on or before August 1~~ as provided in section 270.11, subdivision 2.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.07, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. The taxes voted by cities, towns, and school districts shall be certified by the proper authorities to the county auditor on or before October 10 in each year. If a city, town, county, school district or special district fails to certify its levy by that date, its levy shall be the amount levied by it for the preceding year. If the local unit notifies the commissioner of revenue before October 10 of its inability to certify its levy by that date, and the commissioner is satisfied that the delay is unavoidable and is not due to the negligence of the local unit's officials or staff, the commissioner shall extend the time within which the local unit shall certify its levy up to 15 calendar days beyond the date of request for extension. For 1988 only, the commissioner may extend the certification time to November 7 if the requirements of this subdivision are met.

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.125, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. [LEVY REDUCTIONS; TACONITE.] (1) Reductions in levies pursuant to subdivision 10, and section 273.138, shall be made prior to the reductions in clause (2).

(2) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, districts which received payments pursuant to sections 294.21 to 294.26; 298.23 to 298.28, except an amount distributed under section 298.28, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), clause (ii); 298.34 to 298.39; 298.391 to 298.396; 298.405; 298.51 to 298.67; 477A.15; and any law imposing a tax upon severed mineral values, or under any other law distributing proceeds in lieu of ad valorem tax assessments on copper or nickel properties, or recognized revenue pursuant to section 477A.15; shall not include a portion of these aids in their permissi-

ble levies pursuant to those sections, but instead shall reduce the permissible levies authorized by this section and sections 124A.03, 124A.06, subdivision 3a, 124A.08, subdivision 3a, 124A.10, subdivision 3a, 124A.12, subdivision 3a, 124A.14, subdivision 5a, and 124A.20, subdivision 2, by the greater of the following:

(a) an amount equal to 50 percent of the total dollar amount of the payments received pursuant to those sections or revenue recognized pursuant to section 477A.15 in the previous fiscal year; or

(b) an amount equal to the total dollar amount of the payments received pursuant to those sections or revenue recognized pursuant to section 477A.15 in the previous fiscal year less the product of the same dollar amount of payments or revenue times the ratio of the maximum levy allowed the district under sections 124A.03, subdivision 2, 124A.06, subdivision 3a, 124A.08, subdivision 3a, 124A.10, subdivision 3a, 124A.12, subdivision 3a, and 124A.14, subdivision 5a, to the total levy allowed the district under this section and sections 124A.03, 124A.06, subdivision 3a, 124A.08, subdivision 3a, 124A.10, subdivision 3a, 124A.12, subdivision 3a, 124A.14, subdivision 5a, and 124A.20, subdivision 2, in the year in which the levy is certified.

(3) No reduction pursuant to this subdivision shall reduce the levy made by the district pursuant to section 124A.03, subdivision 1, to an amount less than the amount raised by a levy of 12.5 mills times the adjusted assessed valuation of that district for the preceding year as determined by the equalization aid review committee commissioner. The amount of any increased levy authorized by referendum pursuant to section 124A.03, subdivision 2 shall not be reduced pursuant to this subdivision. The amount of any levy authorized by subdivision 4, to make payments for bonds issued and for interest thereon, shall not be reduced pursuant to this subdivision.

(4) Before computing the reduction pursuant to this subdivision of the capital expenditure levy authorized by subdivision 11a, and the community service levy authorized by subdivision 8, the commissioner shall ascertain from each affected school district the amount it proposes to levy for capital expenditures pursuant to subdivision 11a and for community services pursuant to subdivision 8. The reduction of the capital expenditure levy and the community services levy shall be computed on the basis of the amount so ascertained.

(5) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, any amounts received by districts in any fiscal year pursuant to sections 294.21 to 294.26; 298.23 to 298.28; 298.34 to 298.39; 298.391 to 298.396; 298.405; 298.51 to 298.67; or any law imposing a tax on severed mineral values, or under any other law distributing proceeds in lieu of ad valorem tax assessments on copper or nickel properties; and not deducted from foundation aid pursuant to section 124A.035,

subdivision 5, clause (2), and not applied to reduce levies pursuant to this subdivision shall be paid by the district to the St. Louis county auditor in the following amount by March 15 of each year except 1986, the amount required to be subtracted from the previous fiscal year's foundation aid pursuant to section 124A.035, subdivision 5, which is in excess of the foundation aid earned for that fiscal year. The county auditor shall deposit any amounts received pursuant to this clause in the St. Louis county treasury for purposes of paying the taconite homestead credit as provided in section 273.135.

Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.125, subdivision 9b, is amended to read:

Subd. 9b. [OPERATING DEBT LEVY.] (1) Each year, a district may make an additional levy to eliminate a deficit in the net unappropriated operating funds of the district, determined as of June 30, 1983, and certified and adjusted by the commissioner. This levy may in each year be an amount not to exceed the amount raised by a levy of 1.5 mills times the adjusted assessed valuation of the district for the preceding year as determined by the ~~equalization aid review committee~~ commissioner. However, the total amount of this levy for all years it is made shall not exceed the lesser of (a) the amount of the deficit in the net unappropriated operating funds of the district as of June 30, 1983, or (b) the amount of the aid reduction, according to Laws 1981, Third Special Session chapter 2, article 2, section 2, but excluding clauses (l), (m), (n), (o), and (p), and Laws 1982, Third Special Session chapter 1, article 3, section 6, to the district in fiscal year 1983. When the cumulative levies made pursuant to this subdivision equal the total amount permitted by this subdivision, the levy shall be discontinued.

(2) The proceeds of this levy shall be used only for cash flow requirements and shall not be used to supplement district revenues or income for the purposes of increasing the district's expenditures or budgets.

(3) Any district which levies pursuant to this subdivision shall certify the maximum levy allowable under section 124A.03, subdivision 1 or 3 in that same year.

Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.125, subdivision 15, is amended to read:

Subd. 15. [ADJUSTMENTS.] If any school district levy is found to be excessive as a result of a decision of the tax court or a redetermination by the ~~equalization aid review committee~~ commissioner of revenue under section 124.2131, subdivisions 2 to 11 or for any other reason, the amount of the excess shall be deducted from the levy certified in the next year for the same purpose; provided that if no levy is certified in the next year for the same purpose or if the amount certified is less than the amount of the excess, the excess

shall be deducted from that levy and the levy certified pursuant to section 124A.03, subdivision 1. If any aid entitlement pursuant to sections 124.225, 124.245, and 124A.02 would have been increased in a prior year as a result of a decision of the tax court or a redetermination by the equalization aid review committee commissioner, the amount of the increase shall be added to the current aid entitlement for the same purposes.

Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 276.11, is amended to read:

**276.11 [WHEN TREASURER SHALL PAY FUNDS FROM MARCH AND MAY SETTLEMENTS.]**

**Subdivision 1: [GENERALLY.]** As soon as practical after the March and May settlements the county treasurer shall pay over to the state treasurer or the treasurer of any town, city, school district, or special district, on the warrant of the county auditor, all receipts arising from taxes levied by and belonging to the state, or to such municipal corporation, or other body, and deliver up all orders and other evidences of indebtedness of such municipal corporation or other body, taking triplicate receipts therefor. The treasurer shall file one of the receipts with the county auditor, and shall return one by mail on the day of its reception to the clerk of the town, city, school district, or special district to which payment was made. The clerk shall preserve the receipt in the clerk's office. Upon written request of the state, a municipal corporation or other public body, the county treasurer shall, to the extent practicable, make partial payments of amounts collected periodically in advance of the next settlement and distribution. Accompanying each payment shall be a statement prepared by the county treasurer designating the years for which taxes included in the payment were collected and, for each year, the amount of the taxes and any penalties thereon. The county treasurer shall pay, upon written request of the state, a municipal corporation or other public body except school districts, at least 70 percent of the estimated collection within 30 days after the March and May settlement dates. Within seven business days after the due date, the county treasurer shall pay to the treasurer of the school districts 50 percent of the estimated collections arising from taxes levied by and belonging to the school district and the remaining 50 percent of the estimated collections shall be paid to the treasurer of the school district within the next seven business days. The treasurer shall pay the balance of the amounts collected to the state or to a municipal corporation or other body within 60 days after the March and May settlement dates, provided, however, that after 45 days interest shall accrue at a rate of eight percent per annum to the credit of and shall be paid to the state, municipal corporation or other body. Interest shall be payable upon appropriation from the general revenue fund of the county and, if not paid, may be recovered by the state, municipal corporation, or other body, in a civil action.

Subd. 2. [DEFINITION.] For purposes of this section and section 276.111, "estimated collections" includes estimated collections of taxes and special assessments, and penalties and interest due to the taxing district.

Subd. 3. [APPEAL.] The treasurer or other appropriate fiscal officer of a town, city, school district, or special district may appeal to the county board the determination of the amount of estimated collections by the county treasurer under this section or section 276.111. If the county board finds that the amount of estimated collections has been determined by the county treasurer incorrectly, resulting in underpayment to the local taxing districts, it shall order the county treasurer to pay the additional amount necessary to comprise the correct estimated collection amount.

**Sec. 45. [276.19] [UNCLAIMED OVERPAYMENTS.]**

Subdivision 1. [NOTICE OF OVERPAYMENT.] If an overpayment of property tax arises on a parcel for any reason, the responsible county official shall promptly notify the payer by regular mail that the overpayment has occurred. The notice must state the amount of overpayment and identify the parcel on which the overpayment occurred. The notice must also instruct the payer how to claim the overpayment and advise that the overpayment is subject to forfeiture under this section. If the name or address of the payer is not known, the notice of unclaimed overpayment must be mailed to the taxpayer of record in the office of the county auditor.

Subd. 2. [FAILURE TO CLAIM REFUND.] If the person entitled to the refund fails to claim the overpayment within three years after the date of overpayment, the county auditor shall cause notice to be published at least once in an English language newspaper of general circulation in the county. The county board shall designate the newspaper of publication that in the judgment of the board is most likely to be read by the claimants, notwithstanding any law to the contrary. The published notice must be called "Notice of unclaimed property tax refunds." The notice must contain:

(1) the names in alphabetical order and last known addresses, if any, of persons listed in the notice that may be entitled to unclaimed property tax refund;

(2) a statement that information concerning the amount of overpayment and affected property may be obtained from the county auditor at the address given in the notice; and

(3) a statement that if proof of claim is not presented to the county auditor within 90 days from the date of publication of notice, the overpayment will be considered abandoned and all claims to property tax overpayment will be forfeited.

The county auditor is not required to include and publish in the notice any item of less than \$25 overpaid on a parcel.

Subd. 3. [DISTRIBUTION OF REFUNDS.] If the person entitled to the refund fails to claim the overpayment within the time provided in this section, the county auditor shall distribute the refund to the affected taxing districts in proportion to the amount of their respective taxes included in the levy for the tax year overpaid. At the option of the county auditor, the overpayment may be distributed to the affected taxing districts in proportion to the current tax year levy.

Subd. 4. [APPLICABILITY.] Sections 345.31 to 345.60 do not apply to unclaimed property tax refunds, overpayments, and warrants.

Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 277.01, is amended to read:

**277.01 [WHEN TAX IS DELINQUENT; PENALTY.]**

Subdivision 1. All unpaid personal property taxes where the amount is \$10 \$50 or less shall be deemed delinquent on the later of March 1 next after they become due or 30 days after the postmark date on the envelope containing the property tax statement, and thereupon a penalty of eight percent shall attach and be charged upon all such taxes. When the amount of such tax exceeds the sum of \$10 \$50 the first half shall become delinquent if not paid prior to March 1 or 30 days after the postmark date on the envelope containing the property tax statement, whichever is later, and thereupon a penalty of eight percent shall attach on such unpaid first half. The second half of a tax in excess of \$10 \$50 shall become delinquent if not paid prior to July 1 and thereupon a penalty of eight percent shall attach on such unpaid second half. This section shall not apply to class 2a property.

A county may provide by resolution that in the case of a property owner that has multiple personal property tax statements with the aggregate taxes exceeding \$50, payments may be made in installments as provided in this subdivision.

The county treasurer may accept payments of more or less than the exact amount of a tax installment due. If the accepted payment is less than the amount due, payments must be applied first to the penalty accrued for the year the payment is made. Acceptance of partial payment of tax does not constitute a waiver of the minimum payment required as a condition for filing an appeal under section 277.011 or any other law, nor does it affect the order of payment of delinquent taxes under section 280.39.

Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 278.05, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [SALES RATIO STUDIES AS EVIDENCE.] The sales ratio studies published by the department of revenue, or any part of the studies, or any copy of the studies or records accumulated to prepare the studies which is prepared by the commissioner of revenue for the equalization aid review committee for use in determining school aids shall be admissible in evidence as a public record without the laying of a foundation if the sales prices used in the study are adjusted for the terms of the sale to reflect market value and are adjusted to reflect the difference in the date of sale compared to the assessment date. Additional evidence relevant to the sales ratio study is also admissible. No sales ratio study received into evidence shall be conclusive or binding on the court and evidence of its reliability or unreliability may be introduced by any party including, but not limited to, evidence of inadequate adjustment of sale prices for terms of financing, inadequate adjustment of sales prices to reflect the difference in the date of sale compared to the assessment date, and inadequate sample size.

No reduction in value on the grounds of discrimination shall be granted on the basis of a sales ratio study published by the department of revenue unless

(a) the sales prices are adjusted for the terms of the sale to reflect market value,

(b) the sales prices are adjusted to reflect the difference in the date of sale compared to the assessment date, and

(c) there is an adequate sample size.

Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 279.01, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Except as provided in subdivision 3, on May 16, of each year, with respect to property actually occupied and used as a homestead by the owner of the property, a penalty of three percent shall accrue and thereafter be charged upon all unpaid taxes on real estate on the current lists in the hands of the county treasurer, and a penalty of seven percent on nonhomestead property, except that this penalty shall not accrue until June 1 of each year on commercial use real property used for seasonal residential recreational purposes and classified as class 1c or 6a, and on other commercial use real property classified as class 3a, provided that over 60 percent of the gross income earned by the enterprise on the class 3a property is earned during the months of May, June, July, and August. Any property owner of such class 3a property who pays the first half of the tax due on the property after May 15 and before June 1 shall attach an affidavit to the payment attesting to compliance with the



income provision of this subdivision. Thereafter, for both homestead and nonhomestead property, on the 16th day of each month, up to and including October 16 following, an additional penalty of one percent for each month shall accrue and be charged on all such unpaid taxes. When the taxes against any tract or lot exceed \$50, one-half thereof may be paid prior to May 16; and, if so paid, no penalty shall attach; the remaining one-half shall be paid at any time prior to October 16 following, without penalty; but, if not so paid, then a penalty of four percent shall accrue thereon for homestead property and a penalty of four percent on nonhomestead property. Thereafter, for homestead property, on the 16th day of each month up to and including December 16 following, an additional penalty of two percent for each month shall accrue and be charged on all such unpaid taxes. Thereafter, for nonhomestead property, on the 16th day of each month up to and including December 16 following, an additional penalty of four percent for each month shall accrue and be charged on all such unpaid taxes. If one-half of such taxes shall not be paid prior to May 16, the same may be paid at any time prior to October 16, with accrued penalties to the date of payment added, and thereupon no penalty shall attach to the remaining one-half until October 16 following; provided, also, that the same may be paid in installments as follows: One-fourth prior to March 16; one-fourth prior to May 16; one-fourth prior to August 16; and the remaining one-fourth prior to October 16, subject to the aforesaid penalties. Where the taxes delinquent after October 16 against any tract or parcel exceed \$100, upon resolution of the county board, they may be paid in installments of not less than 25 percent thereof, together with all accrued penalties and costs, up to the next tax judgment sale, and after such payment, penalties, interest, and costs shall accrue only on the sum remaining unpaid. Any county treasurer who shall make out and deliver or countersign any receipt for any such taxes without including all of the foregoing penalties therein, shall be liable to the county for the amount of such penalties.

A county may provide by resolution that in the case of a property owner that has multiple tracts or parcels with aggregate taxes exceeding \$50, payments may be made in installments as provided in this subdivision.

The county treasurer may accept payments of more or less than the exact amount of a tax installment due. If the accepted payment is less than the amount due, payments must be applied first to the penalty accrued for the year the payment is made. Acceptance of partial payment of tax does not constitute a waiver of the minimum payment required as a condition for filing an appeal under section 278.03 or any other law, nor does it affect the order of payment of delinquent taxes under section 280.39.

Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 282.014, is amended to read:

282.014 [COMPLETION OF SALE AND CONVEYANCE.]

Upon compliance by the purchaser with the provisions of sections 282.011 to 282.015 and with the terms and conditions of the sale, and upon full payment for the land, plus a \$10 \$20 fee in addition to the sale price, the sale shall be complete and a conveyance of the land shall be issued to the purchaser as provided by the appropriate statutes according to the status of the land upon forfeiture.

The conveyance must be forwarded to the county recorder who shall record the conveyance before the auditor issues it to the purchaser.

Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 282.02, is amended to read:

282.02 [LIST OF LANDS OFFERED FOR SALE.]

Immediately after classification and appraisal of the land, and after approval by the commissioner of natural resources when required pursuant to section 282.01, subdivision 3, the county board shall provide and file with the county auditor a list of parcels of land to be offered for sale. This list shall contain a description of the parcels of land and the appraised value thereof; provided that the description and appraised value may be omitted in the discretion of the county board. The auditor shall publish a notice of the forfeiture and intended public sale of such parcels of land and a copy of the resolution of the county board fixing the terms of the sale, if other than for cash only, by publication once a week for two weeks in the official newspaper of the county, the last publication to be not less than ten days previous to the commencement of the sale.

A notice in substantially the following form shall be sufficient:

"Notice is hereby given that I shall sell to the highest bidder, at my office in the courthouse in the city of \_\_\_\_\_, in the county of \_\_\_\_\_, the following described parcels of land forfeited to the state for nonpayment of taxes which have been classified and appraised as provided by law. Such sale will be governed, as to terms, by the resolution of the county board authorizing the same, and commence at \_\_\_\_\_ o'clock a.m., on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 19\_\_\_\_\_

Description ..... Appraised value

Subdivision	Sec.	Twp.	Range	\$
or	or			
Lot	Block			

Given under my hand and seal this ..... day of ....., 19....

.....  
County Auditor,

..... County, Minnesota."

The notice shall include the parcel's description and appraised value. The notice shall also indicate the amount of any special assessments which may be the subject of a reassessment or new assessment or which may result in the imposition of a fee or charge pursuant to sections 429.071, subdivision 4, 435.23, and 444.076. The county auditor shall also mail notice to the owners of land adjoining the parcel to be sold and to the owners of platted or unplatted land whose boundaries are within 300 feet of the boundaries of a parcel offered for sale having an appraised value of \$1,000 or more. For purposes of this section, "owner" means the taxpayer as listed in the records of the county auditor.

If the county board of St. Louis or Koochiching counties determines that the sale shall take place in a county facility other than the courthouse, the notice shall specify the facility and its location.

Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 282.241, is amended to read:

#### 282.241 [REPURCHASE AFTER FORFEITURE FOR TAXES.]

The owner at the time of forfeiture or the owner's heirs, devisees, or representatives, or any person to whom the right to pay taxes was given by statute, mortgage, or other agreement, may repurchase any parcel of land claimed by the state to be forfeited to the state for taxes unless prior to the time repurchase is made such parcel shall have been sold under installment payments, or otherwise, by the state as provided by law, or is under mineral prospecting permit or lease, or proceedings have been commenced by the state or any of its political subdivisions or by the United States to condemn such parcel of land. Said parcel of land may be repurchased for a sum equal to the aggregate of all delinquent taxes and assessments computed as provided by section 282.251, together with penalties, interest, and costs, which did or would have accrued if such parcel of land had not forfeited to the state. Except for property which was homesteaded on the date of forfeiture, such repurchase shall be permitted during one year only from the date of forfeiture, and in any case only after the adoption of a resolution by the board of county commissioners determining that thereby undue hardship or injustice resulting from the forfeiture will be corrected, or that permitting such repurchase will promote the use of such lands that will best serve the public interest; provided further such. If the county board has good cause to believe that a repurchase installment payment plan for a particular parcel is unnecessary and not in the public interest, the county

board may require as a condition of repurchase that the entire repurchase price be paid at the time of repurchase. A repurchase shall be subject to any easement, lease or other encumbrance granted by the state prior thereto, and if said land is located within a restricted area established by any county under Laws 1939, Chapter 340, such repurchase shall not be permitted unless said resolution with respect thereto is adopted by the unanimous vote of the board of county commissioners.

Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 282.33, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Whenever an unrecorded deed from the state of Minnesota conveying tax-forfeited lands shall have been lost or destroyed, an application, in form approved by the attorney general, for a new deed may be made by the grantee or the grantee's successor in interest to the commissioner of revenue. If it appears to the commissioner of revenue that the facts stated in the petition are true, the commissioner shall issue a new deed to the original grantee, in form approved by the attorney general, with like effect as the original deed. The commissioner shall send the new deed to the county recorder, who after recording the deed will forward it to the county auditor. The application shall be accompanied by a fee of \$10 \$20, payable to the commissioner of revenue, which shall be deposited with the state treasurer and credited to the general fund.

Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473F.02, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. "Market value" of real property within a municipality means the "actual market value" of real property within the municipality, determined in the manner and with respect to the property described for school districts in section 475.53, subdivision 4, except that no adjustment shall be made for property on which taxes are paid into the state treasury under gross earnings tax laws applicable to common carrier railroads. For purposes of sections 473F.01 to 473F.13, the equalization aid review committee commissioner of revenue shall annually make determinations and reports with respect to each municipality which are comparable to those it makes for school districts under section 124.2131, subdivision 1, in the same manner and at the same times as are prescribed by the subdivision. The commissioner of revenue shall annually determine, for each municipality, information comparable to that required by section 475.53, subdivision 4, for school districts, as soon as practicable after it becomes available. The commissioner of revenue shall then compute the market value of property within each municipality.

Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 475.53, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [SCHOOL DISTRICTS.] Except as otherwise provided by law, no school district shall be subject to a net debt in excess of ten percent of the actual market value of all taxable property and of exempt property referred to in section 275.49, situated within its corporate limits, as computed in accordance with this subdivision. The county auditor of each county containing taxable real or personal property situated within any school district shall certify to the district upon request the market value of all such property. The county auditor of each county containing exempt property referred to in section 275.49, situated within any school district, shall certify to the district upon request the total market value of all such property as determined under section 275.49. The commissioner of revenue shall certify to the district upon request the market value of railroad property within the district as most recently determined under section 270.87. Whenever the ~~state equalization aid review committee~~ commissioner of revenue, in accordance with section 124.2131, subdivision 1, has determined that the assessed valuation of any district furnished by county auditors is not based upon the market value of taxable property in the district, the commissioner of revenue shall certify to the district upon request the ratio most recently ascertained to exist between such value and the actual market value of property within the district. The actual market value of property within a district, on which its debt limit under this subdivision is based, is (a) the value certified by the county auditors and, where applicable, by the commissioner of revenue under section 270.87, or (b) this value divided by the ratio certified by the commissioner of revenue, whichever results in a higher value.

Sec. 55. [REPEALER.]

(a) Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.38, subdivision 10, is repealed.

(b) Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 282.021, is repealed.

Sec. 56. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Section 2 is effective August 1, 1987.

Sections 1, 3 to 17, 26, 30, 33, 34, 41 to 43, 47, 53, 54, and 55, paragraph (a), are effective the day following final enactment, except that paragraph (c) of section 3 is effective for the calculation of 1987 adjusted assessed values and thereafter. Sections 27, 46, 48 to 52, and 55, paragraph (b), are effective July 1, 1987. Section 44 is effective for taxes paid after July 31, 1987. Sections 18 to 22, 24, 29, 31, and 35 to 40, are effective for the 1988 assessment and thereafter, and taxes payable in 1989 and thereafter, except that the changes in references in section 21 from the equalization aid review committee to the commissioner are effective the day following final enactment, and the recodification of the local board of review's powers contained in section 37, clause (c), is effective the day after final enactment.

Section 25 is effective for claims filed after July 1, 1987. Section 32 is effective for the 1989 assessment and thereafter, and taxes payable in 1990 and thereafter. Section 45 is effective for property tax overpayments unclaimed on or after the day of final enactment.

## ARTICLE 8

### TAX EXEMPT PROPERTY

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 272.01, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. (a) When any real or personal property which for any reason is exempt from ad valorem taxes, and taxes in lieu thereof, is leased, loaned, or otherwise made available and used by a private individual, association or corporation in connection with a business conducted for profit, there shall be imposed a tax, for the privilege of so using or possessing such real or personal property, in the same amount and to the same extent as though the lessee or user was the owner of such property.

(b) The tax imposed by this subdivision shall not apply to (1) property leased or used by way of a concession in or relative to the use in whole or part of a public park, market, fairgrounds, port authority, economic development authority established under chapter 458C, municipal auditorium, airport owned by a city, town, county or group thereof but not the metropolitan airports commission, municipal museum or municipal stadium or (2) property constituting or used as a public pedestrian ramp, or concourse, passenger check-in area or ticket sale counter, boarding area or luggage claim area in connection with a public airport; provided that real estate which is owned by a municipality in connection with the operation of a public airport and which is leased or used for agricultural purposes shall not be exempt.

(c) Taxes imposed by this subdivision shall be due and payable as in the case of personal property taxes and such taxes shall be assessed to such lessees or users of real or personal property in the same manner as taxes assessed to owners of real or personal property, except that such taxes shall not become a lien against the property. When due, the taxes shall constitute a debt due from the lessee or user to the state, township, city, county and school district for which the taxes were assessed and shall be collected in the same manner as personal property taxes. If property subject to the tax imposed by this subdivision is leased or used jointly by two or more persons, each lessee or user shall be jointly and severally liable for payment of the tax.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 272.01, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. The provisions of subdivision 2 shall not apply to:

(a) Federal property for which payments are made in lieu of taxes in amounts equivalent to taxes which might otherwise be lawfully assessed;

(b) Real estate exempt from ad valorem taxes and taxes in lieu thereof which is leased, loaned, or otherwise made available to telephone companies or electric, light and power companies upon which personal property consisting of transmission and distribution lines is situated and assessed pursuant to sections 273.37, 273.38, 273.40 and 273.41, or upon which are situated the communication lines of express, railway, telephone or telegraph companies, and pipelines used for the transmission and distribution of petroleum products;

(c) Property presently owned by any educational institution chartered by the territorial legislature;

(d) Inventories of raw materials, work in process and finished goods and machinery and equipment owned by the federal government and leased, loaned or otherwise made available and used by private individuals, associations or corporations in connection with the production of goods for sale to the federal government;

(e) Indian lands;

(f) (e) Property of any corporation organized as a tribal corporation under the Indian Reorganization Act of June 18, 1934, (Statutes at Large, volume 48, page 984);

(g) (f) Real property owned by the state and leased pursuant to section 161.23 and acts amendatory thereto;

(h) (g) Real property owned by a seaway port authority on June 1, 1967 upon which there has been constructed docks, warehouses, tank farms, administrative and maintenance buildings, railroad and ship terminal facilities and other maritime and transportation facilities or those directly related thereto, together with facilities for the handling of passengers and baggage and for the handling of freight and bulk liquids, and personal property owned by a seaway port authority used or usable in connection therewith, when said property is leased to a private individual, association or corporation, but only when such lease provides that the said facilities are available to the public for the loading and unloading of passengers and their baggage and the handling, storage, care, shipment and delivery of merchandise, freight and baggage and other maritime

and transportation activities and functions directly related thereto, but not including property used for grain elevator facilities; it being the declared policy of this state that such property when so leased is public property used exclusively for a public purpose, notwithstanding the three one year limitation in the provisions of section 273.19.

(h) Notwithstanding the provisions of clause (g), when the annual rental received by a seaway port authority in any calendar year for such leased property exceeds an amount reasonably required for administrative expense of the authority per year, plus promotional expense for the authority not to exceed the sum of \$100,000 per year, to be expended when and in the manner decided upon by the commissioners, plus an amount sufficient to pay all installments of principal and interest due, or to become due, during such calendar year and the next succeeding year on any revenue bonds issued by the authority, plus 25 percent of the gross annual rental to be retained by the authority for improvement, development or other contingencies, the authority shall make a payment in lieu of real and personal property taxes of a reasonable portion of the remaining annual rental to the county treasurer of the county in which such seaway port authority is principally located. Any such payments to the county treasurer shall be disbursed by the treasurer on the same basis as real estate taxes are divided among the various governmental units, but if such port authority shall have received funds from the state of Minnesota and funds from any city and county pursuant to Laws 1957, chapters 648, 831 and 849 and acts amendatory thereof, then such disbursement by the county treasurer shall be on the same basis as real estate taxes are divided among the various governmental units, except that the portion of such payments which would otherwise go to other taxing units shall be divided equally among the state of Minnesota and said county and city.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 272.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. All property described in this section to the extent herein limited shall be exempt from taxation:

- (1) All public burying grounds;
- (2) All public schoolhouses;
- (3) All public hospitals;
- (4) All academies, colleges, and universities, and all seminaries of learning;
- (5) All churches, church property, and houses of worship;



(6) Institutions of purely public charity except parcels of property containing structures and the structures assessed as class 7(a), (b), (c), or (d);

(7) All public property exclusively used for any public purpose;

(8) Except for the taxable personal property enumerated below, all personal property and the property described in section 272.03, subdivision 1, paragraphs (c) and (d) shall be exempt.

The following personal property shall be taxable:

(a) personal property which is part of an electric generating, transmission, or distribution system or a pipeline system transporting or distributing water, gas, crude oil, or petroleum products or mains and pipes used in the distribution of steam or hot or chilled water for heating or cooling buildings and structures;

(b) railroad docks and wharves which are part of the operating property of a railroad company as defined in section 270.80;

(c) personal property defined in section 272.03, subdivision 2, clause (3);

(d) leasehold or other personal property interests which are taxed pursuant to section 272.01, subdivision 2; 273.124, subdivision 7; or 273.19, subdivision 1; or any other law providing the property is taxable as if the lessee or user were the fee owner;

(e) manufactured homes and sectional structures; and

(f) flight property as defined in section 270.071.

(9) Real and personal property used primarily for the abatement and control of air, water, or land pollution to the extent that it is so used, other than real property used primarily as a solid waste disposal site.

Any taxpayer requesting exemption of all or a portion of any equipment or device, or part thereof, operated primarily for the control or abatement of air or water pollution shall file an application with the commissioner of revenue. The equipment or device shall meet standards, rules or criteria prescribed by the Minnesota pollution control agency, and must be installed or operated in accordance with a permit or order issued by that agency. The Minnesota pollution control agency shall upon request of the commissioner furnish information or advice to the commissioner. On determining that property qualifies for exemption, the commissioner shall issue an order exempting the property from taxation. The equipment or device shall continue to be exempt from taxation

as long as the permit issued by the Minnesota pollution control agency remains in effect.

(10) Wetlands. For purposes of this subdivision, "wetlands" means (1) land described in section 105.37, subdivision 15, or (2) land which is mostly under water, produces little if any income, and has no use except for wildlife or water conservation purposes, provided it is preserved in its natural condition and drainage of it would be legal, feasible, and economically practical for the production of livestock, dairy animals, poultry, fruit, vegetables, forage and grains, except wild rice. "Wetlands" shall include adjacent land which is not suitable for agricultural purposes due to the presence of the wetlands. "Wetlands" shall not include woody swamps containing shrubs or trees, wet meadows, meandered water, streams, rivers, and floodplains or river bottoms. Exemption of wetlands from taxation pursuant to this section shall not grant the public any additional or greater right of access to the wetlands or diminish any right of ownership to the wetlands.

(11) Native prairie. The commissioner of the department of natural resources shall determine lands in the state which are native prairie and shall notify the county assessor of each county in which the lands are located. Pasture land used for livestock grazing purposes shall not be considered native prairie for the purposes of this clause and section 273.116. Upon receipt of an application for the exemption and credit provided in this clause and section 273.116 for lands for which the assessor has no determination from the commissioner of natural resources, the assessor shall refer the application to the commissioner of natural resources who shall determine within 30 days whether the land is native prairie and notify the county assessor of the decision. Exemption of native prairie pursuant to this clause shall not grant the public any additional or greater right of access to the native prairie or diminish any right of ownership to it.

(12) Property used in a continuous program to provide emergency shelter for victims of domestic abuse, provided the organization that owns and sponsors the shelter is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1982, notwithstanding the fact that the sponsoring organization receives funding under section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended.

(13) If approved by the governing body of the municipality in which the property is located, property not exceeding one acre which is owned and operated by any senior citizen group or association of groups that in general limits membership to persons age 55 or older and is organized and operated exclusively for pleasure, recreation, and other nonprofit purposes, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholders; provided the property is used primarily as a clubhouse, meeting facility or

recreational facility by the group or association and the property is not used for residential purposes on either a temporary or permanent basis.

(14) To the extent provided by section 295.44, real and personal property used or to be used primarily for the production of hydroelectric or hydromechanical power on a site owned by the state or a local governmental unit which is developed and operated pursuant to the provisions of section 105.482, subdivisions 1, 8, and 9.

(15) If approved by the governing body of the municipality in which the property is located, and if construction is commenced after June 30, 1983:

(a) a "direct satellite broadcasting facility" operated by a corporation licensed by the federal communications commission to provide direct satellite broadcasting services using direct broadcast satellites operating in the 12-ghz. band; and

(b) a "fixed satellite regional or national program service facility" operated by a corporation licensed by the federal communications commission to provide fixed satellite-transmitted regularly scheduled broadcasting services using satellites operating in the 6-ghz. band; and

(c) a facility at which a licensed Minnesota manufacturer produces distilled spirituous liquors, liqueurs, cordials, or liquors designated as specialties regardless of alcoholic content, but not including ethyl alcohol, distilled with a majority of the ingredients grown or produced in Minnesota.

An exemption provided by paragraph (15) shall apply for a period not to exceed five years. When the facility no longer qualifies for exemption, it shall be placed on the assessment rolls as provided in subdivision 4. Before approving a tax exemption pursuant to this paragraph, the governing body of the municipality shall provide an opportunity to the members of the county board of commissioners of the county in which the facility is proposed to be located and the members of the school board of the school district in which the facility is proposed to be located to meet with the governing body. The governing body shall present to the members of those boards its estimate of the fiscal impact of the proposed property tax exemption. The tax exemption shall not be approved by the governing body until the county board of commissioners has presented its written comment on the proposal to the governing body, or 30 days has passed from the date of the transmittal by the governing body to the board of the information on the fiscal impact, whichever occurs first.

(16) Real and personal property owned and operated by a private, nonprofit corporation exempt from federal income taxation pursuant

to United States Code, title 26, section 501(c)(3), primarily used in the generation and distribution of hot water for heating buildings and structures.

(17) Notwithstanding section 273.19, state lands that are leased from the department of natural resources under section 92.46.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.19, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Except as provided in subdivision 3 or 4, property held under a lease for a term of ~~three or more years~~ at least one year, and not taxable under section 272.01, subdivision 2, or under a contract for the purchase thereof, when the property belongs to the United States, to the state, or to any religious, scientific, or benevolent society or institution, incorporated or unincorporated, or to any railroad company or other corporation whose property is not taxed in the same manner as other property, or when the property is school or other state lands, shall be considered, for all purposes of taxation, as the property of the person so holding the same. This subdivision does not apply to property exempt from taxation under section 272.01, subdivision 2, clause (b)(2).

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.19, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1a. For purposes of this section, a lease includes any agreement permitting a nonexempt person or entity to use the property, regardless of whether the agreement is characterized as a lease. A lease has a "term of at least one year" if the term is for a period of less than one year and the lease permits the parties to renew the lease without requiring that similar terms for leasing the property will be offered to other applicants or bidders through a competitive bidding or other form of offer to potential lessees or users.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.19, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. The assessed value of property held under a lease for a term of ~~three or more years~~ at least one year which (i) is located within a federal reservation; (ii) ~~has been conveyed~~ has been conveyed to the state of Minnesota by the federal government; and (iii) had been occupied and used by a branch of the armed services of the United States, shall be no greater than the value added to the property by improvements to the property made by the lessee.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.19, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Property held under a lease for a term of ~~three or more~~ years at least one year which is owned by the United States and located within a national park shall be exempt, provided the property was acquired by the United States by condemnation or purchased by the United States under threat of condemnation, and within a reasonable time leased back for noncommercial residential purposes to the person owning the property at the time of acquisition by the United States. If property exempt under this subdivision is subsequently leased or subleased for a term of ~~three or more~~ years at least one year to another person, it shall no longer qualify for the exemption provided in this subdivision and shall be placed on the assessment rolls as provided in section 272.02, subdivision 4, and taxed pursuant to subdivision 1 of this section.

The value of improvements made to property otherwise exempt pursuant to this subdivision which are owned by the lessee or to which the lessee has salvage rights shall be taxable to the lessee pursuant to subdivision 1.

Sec. 8. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.254 is repealed.

Sec. 9. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1 to 7 are effective beginning for property taxes assessed in 1987 and payable in 1988.

## ARTICLE 9

### MINERALS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 16A.26, is amended to read:

16A.26 [ONE DEPOSITORY ACCOUNT FOR EACH TAX.]

Notwithstanding sections 290.361, 297.13, 298.17, 298.282, 298.39, 298.396, ~~298.51, 298.64, 298.65,~~ 297C.02 to 297C.08 and similar laws to the contrary relating to the depositing, disposition, or apportionment of tax receipts, the commissioner may use one depository account for each tax. To do so, there must be enough information to identify and dispose of or apportion the tax under law. The commissioner shall ask the appropriate officials for the transfers and necessary certifications. The commissioner may issue directives to carry out this section.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 121.904, subdivision 11a, is amended to read:

Subd. 11a. ~~Beginning with payments received in fiscal year 1978, Revenues received pursuant to sections 294.21 to 294.28; 29; 298.23 to 298.28; 298.32; 298.34 to 298.39; 298.391 to 298.396; 298.405; 298.51 to 298.67; or any law imposing a tax on severed mineral values or any other law distributing proceeds in lieu of ad valorem tax assessments on copper or nickel properties, shall be recognized as revenue in the school year received.~~

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 121.904, subdivision 11b, is amended to read:

Subd. 11b. (1) Each district affected by the provisions of subdivision 11a shall account for and expend according to the provisions of this subdivision the total amount by which its 1976 payable 1977 and its 1977 payable 1978 permissible levies pursuant to sections 124A.03, 124A.06, subdivision 3a, 124A.08, subdivision 3a, 124A.10, subdivision 3a, 124A.12, subdivision 3a, 124A.14, subdivision 5a, and 275.125 were reduced on account of payments pursuant to Minnesota Statutes 1976, sections 294.21 or 294.28; 298.23 to 298.28; 298.32; 298.34 to 298.39; 298.391 to 298.396; 298.405; 298.51 to 298.67; any law imposing a tax upon severed mineral values, or under any other law distributing proceeds in lieu of ad valorem tax assessments on copper or nickel properties. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 124A.035, subdivision 5, clause (2) and the provisions of section 275.125, subdivision 9, clause (2) or any other law to the contrary, this total amount shall not be applied to reduce the foundation aid which the district is entitled to receive pursuant to section 124A.02 or again be applied to reduce the permissible levies of the district.

(2) The lesser of the amount in (1) or an amount equal to \$200 times the pupil units in the district computed pursuant to section 124.17 for the 1977-1978 school year shall be reflected in an "appropriated fund balance reserve account for current use of taconite payments" which shall be established in the general fund. Each school year, beginning in 1978-1979, each affected district shall transfer an amount equal to \$20 times the number of pupil units in the district in 1977-1978 out of this account into other operating accounts in the general fund, until the amount transferred equals the amount originally reflected in the reserve account; provided that in the last year in which the district is required to make this transfer, it shall transfer the balance of the reserve account, not to exceed an amount equal to \$20 times the number of pupil units in the district in 1977-1978. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 121.917, each affected district may use the amount so transferred each year to increase its expenditures above the amount it would otherwise be authorized to expend in that school year.

(3) Of the amount in (1), any amount not reflected in the account established pursuant to clause (2) shall be reflected in the district's appropriated fund balance reserve account for purposes of reducing

statutory operating debt, if the district has established this account pursuant to section 275.125, subdivision 9a. The June 30, 1977 statutory operating debt of the district shall be reduced by the amount so reflected and shall be recertified accordingly by the commissioner.

(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 121.912, any portion of the amount in (1) remaining after the application of clauses (2) and (3) shall be transferred to the district's capital expenditure fund; provided that before July 1, 1979 not exceeding \$75,000 of the amount transferred to the capital expenditure fund pursuant to this clause may be transferred to the district's general fund.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124.195, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [DEFINITIONS.] (a) The term "other district receipts" means payments by county treasurers pursuant to section 276.10, apportionments from the school endowment fund pursuant to section 124.09, apportionments by the county auditor pursuant to section 124.10, subdivision 2, and payments to school districts by the commissioner of revenue pursuant to sections 294.21 to 294.26 and chapter 298.

(b) The term "cumulative amount guaranteed" means the sum of the following:

(1) one-third of the final adjustment payment according to subdivision 6; plus

(2) the product of

(i) the cumulative disbursement percentage shown in subdivision 3; times

(ii) the sum of

85 percent of the estimated aid and credit entitlements paid according to subdivision 10; plus

100 percent of the entitlements paid according to subdivisions 8 and 9; plus

the other district receipts; plus

the final adjustment payment according to subdivision 6.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 124A.035, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [TACONITE DEDUCTIONS.] (1) Notwithstanding any provisions of any other law to the contrary, the adjusted assessed valuation used in calculating foundation aid shall include only that property which is currently taxable in the district.

(2) For districts which received payments under sections ~~294.21 to 294.26~~; 29; 298.23 to 298.28; 298.34 to 298.39; 298.391 to 298.396; 298.405; ~~298.51 to 298.67~~; any law imposing a tax upon severed mineral values, ~~or under any other law distributing proceeds in lieu of ad valorem tax assessments on copper or nickel properties~~ or recognized revenue pursuant to section 477A.15; the foundation aid shall be reduced in the October adjustment payment by the difference between the dollar amount of the payments received pursuant to those sections, or revenue recognized pursuant to section 477A.15 in the fiscal year to which the October adjustment is attributable and the amount which was calculated, pursuant to section 275.125, subdivision 9, as a reduction of the levy attributable to the fiscal year to which the October adjustment is attributable. If the October adjustment of a district's foundation aid for a fiscal year is a negative amount because of this clause, the next fiscal year's foundation aid to that district shall be reduced by this negative amount in the following manner: there shall be withheld from each monthly scheduled foundation aid payment due the district in such fiscal year, 15 percent of the total negative amount, until the total negative amount has been withheld. The amount reduced from foundation aid pursuant to this clause shall be recognized as revenue in the fiscal year to which the October adjustment payment is attributable.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 270.80, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. "Railroad company" means:

(1) any company which as a common carrier operates a railroad or a line or lines of railway situated within or partly within Minnesota;  
or

(2) any company owning or operating, other than as a common carrier, a railway principally used for transportation of taconite concentrates from the plant at which the taconite concentrates are produced in shipping form to a point of consumption or port for shipment beyond the state; or

(3) any company that produces concentrates from taconite and transports that taconite in the course of the concentrating process and before the concentrating process is completed to a concentrating plant located within the state over a railroad that is not a common carrier and shall not use a common carrier or taconite railroad company as defined in clause (2) of this section for the movement of



the concentrate to a point of consumption or port for shipment beyond the state.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.12, is amended to read:

273.12 [ASSESSMENT OF REAL PROPERTY.]

It shall be the duty of every assessor and board, in estimating and determining the value of lands for the purpose of taxation, to consider and give due weight to every element and factor affecting the market value thereof, including its location with reference to roads and streets and the location of roads and streets thereon or over the same, and to take into consideration a reduction in the acreage of each tract or lot sufficient to cover the amount of land actually used for any improved public highway and the reduction in area of land caused thereby, provided, that in determining the market value of vacant land, the fact that such land is platted shall not be taken into account. An individual lot of such platted property shall not be assessed in excess of the assessment of the land as if it were unplatted until the lot is improved with a permanent improvement all or a portion of which is located upon the lot, or for a period of three years after final approval of said plat whichever is shorter. When a lot is sold or construction begun, the assessed value of that lot or any single contiguous lot fronting on the same street shall be eligible for reassessment. It shall be the duty of every assessor and board, in estimating and determining the value of lands for the purpose of taxation, to consider and give due weight to lands which are comparable in character, quality, and location, to the end that all lands similarly located and improved will be assessed upon a uniform basis and without discrimination and, for agricultural lands, to consider and give recognition to its earning potential as measured by its free market rental rate.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this or any other section, no additional value shall be assessed for unmined mineral value except for iron ore or taconite.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.125, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. [LEVY REDUCTIONS; TACONITE.] (1) Reductions in levies pursuant to subdivision 10, and section 273.138, shall be made prior to the reductions in clause (2).

(2) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, districts which received payments pursuant to sections ~~294.21 to 294.26; 29; 298.23 to 298.28~~, except an amount distributed under section 298.28, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), clause (ii); 298.34 to 298.39; 298.391 to 298.396; 298.405; ~~298.51 to 298.67; 477A.15~~; and any law imposing a tax upon severed mineral values, ~~or under any other law distrib-~~

uting proceeds in lieu of ad valorem tax assessments on copper or nickel properties, or recognized revenue pursuant to section 477A.15; shall not include a portion of these aids in their permissible levies pursuant to those sections, but instead shall reduce the permissible levies authorized by this section and sections 124A.03, 124A.06, subdivision 3a, 124A.08, subdivision 3a, 124A.10, subdivision 3a, 124A.12, subdivision 3a, 124A.14, subdivision 5a, and 124A.20, subdivision 2, by the greater of the following:

(a) an amount equal to 50 percent of the total dollar amount of the payments received pursuant to those sections or revenue recognized pursuant to section 477A.15 in the previous fiscal year; or

(b) an amount equal to the total dollar amount of the payments received pursuant to those sections or revenue recognized pursuant to section 477A.15 in the previous fiscal year less the product of the same dollar amount of payments or revenue times the ratio of the maximum levy allowed the district under sections 124A.03, subdivision 2, 124A.06, subdivision 3a, 124A.08, subdivision 3a, 124A.10, subdivision 3a, 124A.12, subdivision 3a, and 124A.14, subdivision 5a, to the total levy allowed the district under this section and sections 124A.03, 124A.06, subdivision 3a, 124A.08, subdivision 3a, 124A.10, subdivision 3a, 124A.12, subdivision 3a, 124A.14, subdivision 5a, and 124A.20, subdivision 2, in the year in which the levy is certified.

(3) No reduction pursuant to this subdivision shall reduce the levy made by the district pursuant to section 124A.03, subdivision 1, to an amount less than the amount raised by a levy of 12.5 mills times the adjusted assessed valuation of that district for the preceding year as determined by the equalization aid review committee. The amount of any increased levy authorized by referendum pursuant to section 124A.03, subdivision 2 shall not be reduced pursuant to this subdivision. The amount of any levy authorized by subdivision 4, to make payments for bonds issued and for interest thereon, shall not be reduced pursuant to this subdivision.

(4) Before computing the reduction pursuant to this subdivision of the capital expenditure levy authorized by ~~subdivision~~ subdivisions 11a, 11c, 12, and 12a, and the community service levy authorized by ~~subdivision~~ subdivisions 8 and 8b, the commissioner shall ascertain from each affected school district the amount it proposes to levy for capital expenditures pursuant to ~~subdivision~~ subdivisions 11a, 11c, 12, and 12a, and for community services pursuant to ~~subdivision~~ subdivisions 8 and 8b. The reduction of the capital expenditure levy and the community services levy shall be computed on the basis of the amount so ascertained.

(5) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, any amounts received by districts in any fiscal year pursuant to sections ~~294.21 to 294.26; 29;~~ 298.23 to 298.28; 298.34 to 298.39; 298.391 to 298.396;

298.405; ~~298.51 to 298.67~~; or any law imposing a tax on severed mineral values, or under any other law distributing proceeds in lieu of ad valorem tax assessments on copper or nickel properties; and not deducted from foundation aid pursuant to section 124A.035, subdivision 5, clause (2), and not applied to reduce levies pursuant to this subdivision shall be paid by the district to the St. Louis county auditor in the following amount by March 15 of each year except 1986 and 1987, the amount required to be subtracted from the previous fiscal year's foundation aid pursuant to section 124A.035, subdivision 5, which is in excess of the foundation aid earned for that fiscal year. The county auditor shall deposit any amounts received pursuant to this clause in the St. Louis county treasury for purposes of paying the taconite homestead credit as provided in section 273.135.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.51, subdivision 3i, is amended to read:

Subd. 3i. [LEVY LIMITATION.] The levy limitation for a governmental subdivision shall be equal to the adjusted levy limit base determined pursuant to subdivision 3h, reduced by (a) the total amount of local government aid that the governmental subdivision has been certified to receive pursuant to sections 477A.011 to 477A.014; (b) taconite aids pursuant to sections 298.28 and 298.282 including any aid received in the levy year which was required to be placed in a special fund for expenditure in the next succeeding year; (c) state reimbursements for wetlands and native prairie property tax exemptions pursuant to sections 273.115, subdivision 3 and 273.116, subdivision 3; and (d) payments in lieu of taxes to a county pursuant to section 477A.12 which are required to be used to provide property tax levy reduction certified to be paid in the calendar year in which property taxes are payable; and (e) payments from the proceeds of the net proceeds tax under section 29. If the sum of the taconite aids deducted exceeds the adjusted levy limit base, the excess must be used to reduce the amounts levied as special levies pursuant to section 275.50, subdivisions 5 and 7. The commissioner of revenue shall notify a governmental subdivision of any excess taconite aids to be used to reduce special levies.

As provided in section 298.28, one cent per taxable ton of the amount distributed under section 298.28, subdivision 5, paragraph d shall not be deducted from the levy limit base of the counties that receive that aid. The resulting figure is the amount of property taxes which a governmental subdivision may levy for all purposes other than those for which special levies and special assessments are made.

For taxes levied in 1987 and subsequent years, the levy limit for a county as calculated under paragraph (b) shall be decreased by an additional amount equal to the reduction in the distribution to the

county under section 298.28, from the 1986 distribution to the 1987 distribution.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 287.09, is amended to read:

**287.09 [MORTGAGE ON EXEMPT PROPERTY; PROPERTY NOT DIRECTLY TAXED; RECEIPT; APPORTIONMENT OF TAX.]**

When any real estate situate in this state and described in any such a mortgage is exempt from taxation under the Constitution of the state of Minnesota, article 10, section 1, the mortgage registry tax herein provided shall be paid to the treasurer of the county in which such the real estate is situate located in the same manner as if such the real estate was were not exempt from taxation. When any real estate situate in this state and described in such a mortgage is not exempt from taxation under such that section, but is not taxed by direct tax upon the assessed valuation thereof, then the mortgage registry tax herein provided shall be paid to the county; this sentence does not apply to real estate taxed under sections 298.23 to 298.28, relating to taconite and taconite operations or under sections 294.21 to 294.28, relating to railroads transporting taconite or taconite concentrates other than as a common carrier, shall not be considered to be real estate not taxed by direct tax upon the assessed valuation thereof within the meaning of this section.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.92, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [RETURNS, DEPOSITS.] (1)(a) [RETURNS.] Every employer who is required to deduct and withhold tax under subdivision 2a or 3 and every person required to deduct and withhold tax under section 21, subdivision 2, shall file a return with the commissioner for each quarterly period, on or before the last day of the month following the close of each quarterly period, unless otherwise prescribed by the commissioner. Any tax required to be deducted and withheld during the quarterly period shall be paid with the return unless an earlier time for payment is provided. However, any return may be filed on or before the tenth day of the second calendar month following the period if the return shows timely deposits in full payment of the taxes due for that period. For the purpose of the preceding sentence, a deposit which is not required to be made within the return period, may be made on or before the last day of the first calendar month following the close of the period. Every employer, in preparing a quarterly return, shall take credit for monthly deposits previously made in accordance with this subdivision.

The return shall be in the form and contain the information prescribed by the commissioner. The commissioner may grant a

reasonable extension of time for filing the return, but no extension shall be granted for more than six months.

(b) [ADVANCE DEPOSITS REQUIRED IN CERTAIN CASES.] (i) Unless clause (ii) is applicable, if during any calendar month, other than the last month of the calendar quarter, the aggregate amount of the tax withheld during that quarter under subdivision 2a or 3, or under section 21, subdivision 2, exceeds \$500, the employer shall deposit the aggregate amount with the commissioner within 15 days after the close of the calendar month. (ii) If at the close of any eighth-monthly period the aggregate amount of undeposited taxes is \$3,000 or more, the employer, or person withholding tax under section 21, subdivision 2, shall deposit the undeposited taxes with the commissioner within three banking days after the close of the eighth-monthly period. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "eighth-monthly period" means the first three days of a calendar month, the fourth day through the seventh day of a calendar month, the eighth day through the 11th day of a calendar month, the 12th day through the 15th day of a calendar month, the 16th day through the 19th day of a calendar month, the 20th day through the 22nd day of a calendar month, the 23rd day through the 25th day of a calendar month, or the portion of a calendar month following the 25th day of the month.

(c) [OTHER METHODS.] The commissioner may by rule prescribe other return periods or deposit requirements. In prescribing the reporting period, the commissioner may classify employers payors according to the amount of their tax liability and may adopt an appropriate reporting period for each class which the commissioner deems to be consistent with efficient tax collection. In no event shall the duration of the reporting period be more than one year.

(2) If less than the correct amount of tax is paid to the commissioner, proper adjustments, with respect to both the tax and the amount to be deducted, shall be made, without interest, in the manner and at the times as the commissioner prescribes. If the underpayment cannot be adjusted, the amount of the underpayment shall be assessed and collected in the manner and at the times as the commissioner prescribes.

(3) If any employer fails to make and file any return required by paragraph (1) at the time prescribed, or makes and files a false or fraudulent return, the commissioner shall make for the employer a return from the commissioner's own knowledge and from information the commissioner obtains through testimony, or otherwise, and assess a tax on the basis of it. The amount of tax shown on it shall be paid to the commissioner at the times as the commissioner prescribes. Any return or assessment made by the commissioner shall be prima facie correct and valid, and the employer shall have the burden of establishing its incorrectness or invalidity in any action or proceeding in respect to it.

(4) The commissioner, in any case, on having reason to believe that the collection of the tax provided for in paragraph (1) of this subdivision, and any added penalties and interest, if any, will be jeopardized by delay, may immediately assess the tax, whether or not the time otherwise prescribed by law for making and filing the return and paying the tax has expired.

(5) Any assessment under this subdivision shall be made by recording the liability of the employer, or person withholding tax under section 21, subdivision 2, in the office of the commissioner in accordance with rules prescribed by the commissioner. Upon request of the employer, the commissioner shall furnish the employer a copy of the record of assessment.

(6) Any assessment of tax under this subdivision shall be made within 3½ years after the due date of the return required by paragraph (1), or the date the return was filed, whichever is later. In the case of a false or fraudulent return or failure to file a return, the tax may be assessed at any time. The tax may be assessed within 6½ years after the due date of the return or the date the return was filed, whichever is later, where the employer omitted withholding tax from the return which is properly includable therein and the omitted withholding tax is in excess of 25 percent of the amount of withholding tax stated on the return.

(7)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this paragraph, every employer, or person withholding tax under section 21, subdivision 2, who fails to pay to or deposit with the commissioner any sum or sums required by this section to be deducted, withheld and paid, shall be personally and individually liable to the state for the sum or sums (and any added penalties and interest). Any sum or sums deducted and withheld in accordance with the provisions of subdivision 2a or 3, or section 21, subdivision 2, shall be held to be a special fund in trust for the state of Minnesota.

(b) If the employer, or person withholding tax under section 21, subdivision 2, in violation of this section, fails to deduct and withhold the tax under this section, and thereafter the taxes against which the tax may be credited are paid, the tax required to be deducted and withheld shall not be collected from the employer; but this does not relieve the employer from liability for any penalties and interest otherwise applicable for failure to deduct and withhold.

(8) Upon the failure of any employer, or person required to withhold tax under section 21, subdivision 2, to pay to or deposit with the commissioner, within the time provided by paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of this subdivision, any tax required to be withheld in accordance with the provisions of subdivision 2a or 3, or section 21, subdivision 2, if the commissioner has assessed a tax pursuant to paragraph (4), the tax shall become immediately due and payable, and the commissioner may deliver to the attorney general a certified

statement of the tax, penalties and interest due from the employer. The statement shall also give the address of the employer owing the tax, the period for which the tax is due, the date of the delinquency, and any other information required by the attorney general. The attorney general shall institute legal action in the name of the state to recover the amount of the tax, penalties, interest and costs. The commissioner's certified statement to the attorney general shall for all purposes and in all courts be prima facie evidence of the facts stated in it and that the amount shown in it is due from the employer named in the statement. If an action is instituted, the court shall, upon application of the attorney general, appoint a receiver of the property and business of the delinquent employer for the purpose of impounding it as security for any judgment which has been or may be recovered. Any action must be brought within five years after the date of assessment of any tax under this subdivision.

(8a) The period of time during which a tax must be assessed or collection proceedings commenced under this subdivision shall be suspended during the period from the date of filing of a petition in bankruptcy until 30 days after the commissioner of revenue receives notice that the bankruptcy proceedings have been closed or dismissed or the automatic stay has been terminated or has expired.

The suspension of the statute of limitations under this subdivision shall apply to the person against whom the petition in bankruptcy is filed and all other persons who may also be wholly or partially liable for the tax under this chapter.

(9) Either party to an action for the recovery of any tax, interest or penalties under this subdivision may appeal the judgment as in other civil cases.

(10) No suit shall lie to enjoin the assessment or collection of any tax imposed by this section, or the interest and penalties added to it.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.92, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [WITHHOLDING STATEMENT TO EMPLOYEE OR PAYEE AND TO COMMISSIONER.] (1) Every person required to deduct and withhold from an employee a tax under subdivision 2a or subdivision 3, or section 21, subdivision 2, or who would have been required to deduct and withhold a tax under subdivision 2a or subdivision 3, or persons required to withhold tax under section 21, subdivision 2, determined without regard to subdivision 19, if the employee or payee had claimed no more than one withholding exemption, or who paid wages or made payments not subject to withholding under subdivision 2a or 3, or section 21, subdivision 2, to an employee or person receiving royalty payments in excess of \$600, or who has entered into a voluntary withholding agreement with a payee pursuant to subdivision 20, shall furnish to each such

employee or person receiving royalty payments in respect to the remuneration paid by such person to such employee or person receiving royalty payments during the calendar year, on or before January 31 of the succeeding year, or, if employment is terminated before the close of such calendar year, within 30 days after the date of receipt of a written request from the employee if the 30-day period ends before January 31, a written statement showing the following:

- (a) Name of such person,
  - (b) The name of the employee or payee and the employee's or payee's social security account number,
  - (c) The total amount of wages as that term is defined in subdivision 1(1), and/or the total amount of remuneration subject to withholding pursuant to subdivision 20, and the amount of sick pay as required under section 6051(f) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1985,
  - (d) The total amount deducted and withheld as tax under subdivision 2a or subdivision 3, or section 21, subdivision 2.
- (2) The statement required to be furnished by this subdivision in respect of any remuneration shall be furnished at such other times, shall contain such other information, and shall be in such form as the commissioner may prescribe.
- (3) The commissioner may prescribe rules providing for reasonable extensions of time, not in excess of 30 days, to employers or payers required to furnish such statements to their employees or payees under this subdivision.
- (4) A duplicate of any statement made pursuant to this subdivision and in accordance with rules prescribed by the commissioner, along with a reconciliation in such form as the commissioner may prescribe of all such statements for the calendar year (including a reconciliation of the quarterly returns required to be filed pursuant to subdivision 6), shall be filed with the commissioner on or before February 28 of the year after the payments were made.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.92, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. [DETERMINATION OF TAX DUE.] The commissioner may grant permission to employers, or persons withholding tax under section 21, subdivision 2, who do not desire to use the withholding tax tables provided in accordance with paragraph (3) of subdivision 2a, or section 21, subdivision 2, to determine the amount of tax to be withheld by use of a method of withholding other than withholding tax tables, provided such method will withhold from



each employee or person receiving royalty payments substantially the same amount of tax as would be withheld by use of the withholding tax tables. Employers, or persons withholding tax under section 21, subdivision 2, who desire to determine the amount of tax to be withheld by a method other than by use of the withholding tax tables shall obtain permission from the commissioner before the beginning of a payroll period for which the employer, or person withholding tax under section 21, subdivision 2, desires to withhold the tax by such other method. Applications to use such other method must be accompanied by evidence establishing the need for the use of such method.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.92, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. [REFUNDS.] Where there has been an overpayment of tax imposed by this section, refund of such overpayment or credit shall be made to the employer, or person withholding tax under section 21, subdivision 2, in accordance with rules prescribed by the commissioner, but only to the extent that the amount of such overpayment was not deducted and withheld under subdivision 2a or 3, or section 21, subdivision 2, by the employer or other person subject to withholding. Any overpayment which is refunded shall bear interest at the rate specified in section 270.76, computed from the date of payment until the date the refund is paid to the employer. The commissioner of finance shall cause any such refund of tax and interest to be paid out of the general fund in accordance with the provisions of section 290.62 and so much of said fund as may be necessary is hereby appropriated for that purpose. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 290.50, written findings by the commissioner, notice by mail to the taxpayer, and certificate for refundment by the commissioner, shall not be necessary. The provisions of section 270.10, shall not be applicable.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.92, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. [WITHHELD AMOUNT, CREDIT AGAINST TAX.] The amount deducted and withheld as tax under subdivision 2a or subdivision 3, or section 21, subdivision 2, during any calendar year upon the wages of any individual or person receiving royalty payments shall be allowed as a credit to the recipient of the income against the taxes imposed by this chapter or by chapter 298, for a taxable year beginning in such calendar year. If more than one taxable year begins in such calendar year, such amount shall be allowed as a credit against the taxes for the last taxable year so beginning.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.92, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

Subd. 13. [REFUNDS.] (1) Where the amount of the tax withheld at the source under subdivision 2a or 3, or section 21, subdivision 2, exceeds by \$1 or more the taxes (and any added penalties and interest) reported in the return of the employee taxpayer or imposed upon the employee taxpayer by this chapter, the amount of such excess shall be refunded to the employee taxpayer. If the amount of such excess is less than \$1 the commissioner shall not be required to refund that amount. Where any amount of such excess to be refunded exceeds \$10, such amount on the original return shall bear interest at the rate specified in section 270.76, computed from 90 days after (a) the due date of the return of the employee taxpayer or (b) the date on which the return is filed, whichever is later, to the date the refund is paid to the taxpayer. A return shall not be treated as filed until it is in processible form. A return is in processible form when it is filed on a permitted form containing the taxpayer's name, address, social security account number, the required signature, and sufficient required information (whether on the return or on required attachments) to permit the mathematical verification of tax liability shown on the return. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 290.50, written findings by the commissioner, notice by mail to the taxpayer, and certificate for refundment by the commissioner, shall not be necessary. The provisions of section 270.10, shall not be applicable.

(2) Any action of the commissioner in refunding the amount of such excess shall not constitute a determination of the correctness of the return of the employee taxpayer within the purview of section 290.46.

(3) The commissioner of finance shall cause any such refund of tax and interest, to be paid out of the general fund in accordance with the provisions of section 290.62, and so much of said fund as may be necessary is hereby appropriated for that purpose.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.92, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

Subd. 14. [RECORDS MUST BE KEPT.] Every person liable for any tax imposed by this section, or for the collection thereof, shall keep such records, render such statements, make such returns, and comply with such rules, as the commissioner may from time to time prescribe. Any such return or statement shall include therein the information required by such rules and by the forms prescribed by the commissioner. For the purpose of determining compliance with the provisions of this subdivision, or for the purpose of collection of any taxes due under this section or section 21, the commissioner shall have power to examine, or cause to be examined, any books, papers, records, or memoranda relevant to making such determination, whether such books, papers, records, or memoranda are the property of or in the possession of such person or any other person or corporation. The commissioner shall further have power to require

the attendance of any persons having knowledge or information in the premises, to compel the production of books, papers, records, or memoranda by persons so required to attend, to take testimony on matters material to such determination, and to administer oaths or affirmations.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.92, subdivision 18, is amended to read:

Subd. 18. [RETURNS; CONFESSION OF JUDGMENT.] Any return that is required to be filed with the commissioner of revenue under this section or section 21 shall (a) contain a written declaration that it is correct and complete, and (b) shall contain language prescribed by the commissioner providing a confession of judgment for the amount of the tax shown due thereon to the extent not timely paid.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.92, subdivision 24, is amended to read:

Subd. 24. [APPLICATION FOR ACCOUNT NUMBER.] An employer, or person withholding tax under section 21, desiring to engage in business in Minnesota shall file with the commissioner an application for a withholding account number on or before the due date of the first payment required to be made under the provisions of subdivision 6. An application for an account number shall be made upon a form prescribed by the commissioner and shall set forth the name of the employer or payor, the location of the place or places of business, the names, addresses and social security numbers of the owners or partners, or if the employer or payor is a corporation of the officers, or if the employer or payor is a trust of the trustees, and such other information as the commissioner may require. The application shall be filed by the owner if the employer or payor is a natural person; by a member or partner if the employer or payor is an association or partnership; by a trustee if the employer or payor be a trust, or by a person authorized to sign the application if the employer or payor is a corporation.

No fee shall be charged for the application.

The account number is not assignable.

An employer or payor who fails to file an application for a withholding account number shall be liable to the commissioner for a penalty of \$100. The penalty shall be collected in the same manner as delinquent withholding tax is collected. The commissioner may abate this penalty.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.92, subdivision 25, is amended to read:

Subd. 25. [DELEGATION OF DUTY OF EMPLOYER OR PAYOR.] The delegation to an agent, fiduciary or employee of an employer, or person withholding tax under section 21, of any duty prescribed for the employer or payor by this section shall not relieve the employer or payor of full compliance with such duty.

Sec. 21. [290.923] [TAX WITHHELD ON ROYALTIES UPON ORE.]

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITION.] In this section, "royalty" means the amount in money or value of property received by any person having any right, title, or interest in any tract of land in this state for permission to explore, mine, take out, and remove ore from the land.

Subd. 2. [COLLECTION AT SOURCE.] (a) Every person making payment of royalties shall deduct and withhold upon the royalties a tax as provided in this section.

(b) The amount of tax to be withheld shall be based upon tables to be prepared and distributed by the commissioner. The tables must be computed for several permissible withholding periods and shall take into account any exemptions allowed under this chapter. The amounts computed for withholding shall be such that the amount withheld for any person during the person's taxable year shall approximate in the aggregate as closely as possible the tax levied and imposed under this chapter for that taxable year upon the person's income subject to tax.

Subd. 3. [RETURNS; DEPOSITS.] Every person who is required to deduct and withhold tax under subdivision 2 shall file returns and make deposits as required under section 290.92, subdivision 6.

Subd. 4. [WITHHOLDING STATEMENT.] Every person required to deduct and withhold tax under this section shall furnish withholding statements as required by section 290.92, subdivision 7.

Subd. 5. [PAYOR LIABLE FOR TAX WITHHELD.] The payor shall be liable for the payment of tax required to be deducted and withheld under subdivision 2 and shall not be liable to any person for the amount of the payment.

Subd. 6. [DETERMINATION OF TAX DUE.] The commissioner may grant permission to payors who do not wish to use the withholding tax tables provided in accordance with subdivision (2), paragraph (b), in accordance with section 290.92, subdivision 9.

Subd. 7. [REFUNDS.] Refunds of overpayments or credits due to overpayments of tax imposed by this section shall be allowed in accordance with section 290.92, subdivisions 11 to 13.

Subd. 8. [RECORDS.] Every person liable for tax imposed by this section or for the collection of it shall be subject to the provisions of section 290.92, subdivision 14.

Subd. 9. [PAYEES INCURRING NO INCOME TAX LIABILITY.] Notwithstanding any other provision of this section a payor shall not be required to deduct and withhold any tax under this chapter upon a payment of royalties to a payee if there is in effect with respect to the payment a withholding exemption certificate, in the form and containing the information prescribed by the commissioner, furnished to the payor by the payee certifying that the payee:

(1) incurred no liability for income tax imposed under this chapter for the payee's preceding taxable year; and

(2) anticipates incurring no liability for income tax under this chapter for the current taxable year.

The commissioner shall provide by rule for the coordination of the provisions of this subdivision with the provisions of subdivision 4.

Subd. 10. [APPLICATION FOR ACCOUNT NUMBER.] A payor desiring to engage in business in Minnesota shall file with the commissioner an application for a withholding account number in accordance with section 290.92, subdivisions 24 and 25.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 298.01, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [OCCUPATION TAX; IRON ORE; TACONITE CONCENTRATES.] Every person engaged in the business of mining or producing iron ore or other ores taconite concentrates in this state shall pay to the state of Minnesota an occupation tax equal to 15 percent of the valuation of all ores mined or produced before January 1, 1986, 14.5 percent of the valuation of all ores produced after December 31, 1985 and before January 1, 1987, and 14 percent of the valuation of all the ores produced after December 31, 1986. Said The tax shall be in addition to all other taxes provided for by law and shall be due and payable from such person on or before June 15 of the year next succeeding the calendar year covered by the report thereon to be filed as hereinafter provided during which the ore was produced.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 298.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3. [OCCUPATION TAX; OTHER ORES.] Every person engaged in the business of mining or producing ores, except iron ore or taconite concentrates, shall pay an occupation tax to the state of Minnesota as provided in this subdivision. The tax is measured by

the person's taxable income for the year for which the tax is imposed, and computed in the manner and at the rates provided in chapter 290, except that section 290.05, subdivision 1, clause (a), does not apply. Corporations and individuals shall be subject to the alternative minimum taxes imposed under chapter 290. The tax is in addition to all other taxes and is due and payable on or before June 15 of the year succeeding the calendar year covered by the report required by section 298.05.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes-1986, section 298.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. [OCCUPATION TAX; IRON ORE; TACONITE CONCENTRATES.] A person engaged in the business of mining or producing of iron ore or taconite concentrates shall pay an occupation tax to the state of Minnesota. The tax is measured by the person's taxable income for the year for which the tax is imposed, and computed in the manner and at the rates provided for in chapter 290, except that section 290.05, subdivision 1, clause (a), does not apply. Corporations and individuals shall be subject to the alternative minimum taxes imposed under chapter 290. The tax is in addition to all other taxes and is due and payable on or before June 15 of the year succeeding the calendar year covered by the report required by section 298.05.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 298.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. [IF DECLARED UNCONSTITUTIONAL.] If the taxes imposed in subdivisions 3 and 4 are found unconstitutional by any court of last resort, then persons engaged in the business of mining or producing iron ore or other ores shall pay the occupation taxes imposed in Minnesota Statutes 1986, chapter 298.

Sec. 26. [298.015] [NET PROCEEDS TAX ON MINING.]

Subdivision 1. [TAX IMPOSED.] A person engaged in the business of mining shall pay to the state of Minnesota for distribution as provided in section 29 a net proceeds tax equal to two percent of the net proceeds from mining in Minnesota. The tax applies to all mineral and energy resources mined or extracted within the state of Minnesota except for sand, silica sand, gravel, building stone, crushed rock, limestone, granite, dimension granite, dimension stone, horticultural peat, soil, iron ore, and taconite concentrates. The tax is in addition to all other taxes provided for by law. The tax is due by June 15 of the year succeeding the calendar year covered by the report required by section 298.05.

Subd. 2. [NET PROCEEDS.] For purposes of this section, the term "net proceeds" means the gross proceeds from mining, as defined in section 27, less the deductions allowed in section 28. No other credits

or deductions shall apply to this tax except for those provided in section 28.

Sec. 27. [298.016] [GROSS PROCEEDS.]

Subdivision 1. [COMPUTATION; ARMS-LENGTH TRANSACTIONS.] When a metal or mineral product is sold by the producer in an arms-length transaction, the gross proceeds are equal to the proceeds from the sale of the product. This subdivision applies to sales realized on all metal or mineral products produced from mining, including reduction, beneficiation, or any treatment used by a producer to obtain a metal or mineral product which is commercially marketable.

Subd. 2. [OTHER TRANSACTIONS.] When a metal or mineral product is used by the producer or disposed of in a non-arms-length transaction, the gross proceeds must be determined using the alternative computation in subdivision 3. Transactions subject to this subdivision include, but are not limited to, shipments to a wholly owned smelter, transactions with associated or affiliated companies, and any other transactions which are not at arms-length.

Subd. 3. [ALTERNATIVE COMPUTATION.] The commissioner of revenue shall determine the alternative computation of gross proceeds using the following procedure:

(a)(1) Metal and mineral prices shall be determined by using the average annual market price as published in the Engineering and Mining Journal; (2) For metals or mineral products with a monthly or weekly price quotation in the Engineering and Mining Journal, but for which no average annual price has been published, an arithmetic average of the monthly or weekly prices published in the Engineering and Mining Journal shall be used; (3) If the price of a particular metal or mineral product is not published in the Engineering and Mining Journal, another recognized published price, as established by the commissioner of revenue will be used.

(b) The quantity of each particular metal or mineral product recovered and paid or credited for by the smelter will be multiplied by the average annual market price as determined in clause (a). Special smelter charges for particular metals will be allowed as a deduction from this price. The resulting amount will be the gross proceeds for calculating the tax in section 26.

Subd. 4. [DEFINITIONS.] For the purposes of this section and sections 26 and 28, the terms defined in this subdivision have the meaning given them unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

(a) "Metal or mineral products" means all those mineral and energy resources subject to the tax provided in section 26.

(b) "Exploration" means activities designed and engaged in to ascertain the existence, location, extent, or quality of any deposit of metal or mineral products prior to the development of a mining site.

(c) "Development" means activities designed and engaged in to prepare or develop a potential mining site for mining after the existence of metal or mineral products in commercially marketable quantities has been disclosed including, but not limited to, the clearing of forestation, the building of roads, removal of overburden, or the sinking of shafts.

(d) "Research" means activities designed and engaged in to create new or improved methods of mining, producing, processing, beneficiating, smelting, or refining metal or mineral products.

Sec. 28. [298.017] [DEDUCTIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [DEDUCTIONS NOT ALLOWED.] For purposes of calculating the net proceeds under section 26, the following expenses are not deductible: (1) all sales, marketing, and interest expenses; (2) all insurance expense and taxes, except as specifically provided in this section; (3) all administrative expenses outside of Minnesota; (4) any research expense prior to production; (5) all reclamation expenses after production ends; (6) royalty expenses, depletion allowances, and cost of mining land.

Subd. 2. [DEDUCTIONS ALLOWED.] (a) In calculating the net proceeds for the purpose of determining the tax provided in section 26, only those expenses specifically allowed in this subdivision may be deducted from gross proceeds. The carryback or carryforward of deductions shall not be allowed.

(b) Ordinary and necessary expenses actually paid for the mining, production, processing, beneficiation, smelting, or refining of metal or mineral products for (1) labor, including wages, salaries, fringe benefits, unemployment and workers' compensation insurance; (2) machinery, equipment, and supplies, including any sales and use tax paid on it, except that machinery and equipment subject to depreciation shall only be deductible under clause (b)(3); (3) depreciation as defined and allowed by section 167 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986; and (4) administrative expenses inside Minnesota are deductible.

(c) Ordinary and necessary expenses of transporting metal or mineral products are allowed as a deduction if the costs are included in the sale price of the products.

(d) Expenses of exploration, research, or development in this state for the mining and processing of minerals within Minnesota paid in a production year are deductible in the production year.



(e) Expenses of exploration and development in Minnesota incurred prior to production must be amortized and deducted on a straight-line basis over the first five years of production.

**Sec. 29. [298.018] [DISTRIBUTION OF PROCEEDS.]**

Subdivision 1. [WITHIN TACONITE TAX RELIEF AREA.] The proceeds of the tax paid under sections 26 to 28 on minerals and energy resources mined or extracted within the taconite tax relief area defined in section 273.134 shall be allocated as follows:

(1) five percent to the city or town within which the minerals or energy resources are mined or extracted;

(2) ten percent to the taconite municipal aid account to be distributed as provided in section 298.282;

(3) ten percent to the school district within which the minerals or energy resources are mined or extracted;

(4) 20 percent to a group of school districts comprised of those school districts wherein the mineral or energy resource was mined or extracted or in which there is a qualifying municipality as defined by section 273.134 in direct proportion to school district indexes as follows: for each school district, its pupil units determined under section 124.17 for the prior school year shall be multiplied by the ratio of the average adjusted assessed value per pupil unit for school districts receiving aid under this clause as calculated pursuant to chapter 124A for the school year ending prior to distribution to the adjusted assessed value per pupil unit of the district. Each district shall receive that portion of the distribution which its index bears to the sum of the indices for all school districts that receive the distributions;

(5) 20 percent to the county within which the minerals or energy resources are mined or extracted;

(6) 20 percent to St. Louis county acting as the counties' fiscal agent to be distributed as provided in sections 273.134 to 273.136;

(7) five percent to the iron range resources and rehabilitation board for the purposes of section 298.22;

(8) five percent to the northeast Minnesota economic protection trust fund; and

(9) five percent to the taconite environmental protection fund.

The proceeds of the tax shall be distributed on July 15 each year.

Subd. 2. [OUTSIDE TACONITE TAX RELIEF AREA.] The proceeds of the tax paid under sections 26 to 28 on minerals and energy resources mined or extracted outside of the taconite tax relief area shall be deposited in the general fund.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 298.026, is amended to read:

**298.026 [CREDIT FOR RESEARCH, EXPERIMENTATION, AND EXPLORATION.]**

A tax credit shall be allowed to each taxpayer against the taxes payable by such taxpayer as computed each year under sections 298.01, subdivision 1, and 298.02, for the cost of all research, experimentation, pilot plant tests and exploration work performed in Minnesota in such year for the express purpose of furthering the discovery, development, or beneficiation of Minnesota iron ore or other Minnesota ores.

Such credit shall be computed by applying to such costs and allowances the weighted average net effective rate of all the occupation taxes applicable to such taxpayer for such year imposed pursuant to section 298.01, subdivision 1, after the application of the credits against such occupation taxes allowed under section 298.02, subdivision 1, but before the application of the credit herein provided.

Any such credit shall be applied against the tax for the year for which such credit is computed except that any such credit in excess of such tax shall be applied in like manner in the next year and thereafter from year to year, but not exceeding two years, until the entire credit has been so applied.

The determination as to what type of costs will qualify under this law, and the amount allowable, will be made by the commissioner of revenue who may use the services of the University of Minnesota department of civil and mineral engineering which is hereby established as a technical consultant to the commissioner for the purposes of this section.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 298.027, is amended to read:

**298.027 [COSTS OF MINING EXCEEDING VALUE OF ORE TAX CREDIT.]**

A tax credit shall be allowed to each taxpayer against the taxes computed under this chapter where the allowable costs for any mine determined under section 298.03 except taconite and semitaconite exceed the value of the ore at the place where the same is brought to

the surface of the earth. The said allowable costs shall not include amounts attributable to or payable by reason of the termination of mining operations.

The credit shall be computed by applying the tax rates specified in section 298.01, subdivision 1, to the excess of such deductions over such value, but limited to; in the case of open pit iron ore mines, 53.68 percent of the credit so computed and in the case of underground mines, 42.10 percent of the credit so computed.

Such credit shall be allowed for the year in which such excess occurs.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 298.028, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. A credit of five percent of the net cost of equipment used primarily to abate or control pollutants to meet or exceed state laws, rules or standards to the extent the property is so used may be deducted from the tax imposed by section 298.01, subdivision 1, in the first year in which the equipment is installed.

The credit allowed by this subdivision shall not exceed so much of the liability for tax for the taxable year as does not exceed \$75,000. The credit shall apply only if the equipment meets rules prescribed by the Minnesota pollution control agency and is installed or operated in accordance with a permit or order issued by the agency.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 298.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [GENERAL RULES.] The valuation of iron or other ores for the purposes of determining the amount of tax to be paid under the provisions of section 298.01, subdivision 1, shall be ascertained by subtracting from the value of such ore, at the place where the same is brought to the surface of the earth, such value to be determined by the commissioner of revenue:

(1) the reasonable cost of supplies used and labor performed at the mine in separating the ore from the ore body, including hoisting, elevating, or conveying the same to the surface of the earth;

(2) if the ore is taken from an open pit mine, an amount for each ton of ore mined or produced during the year equal to the cost of removing the overburden, divided by the number of tons of ore uncovered, the number of tons of ore uncovered in each case to be determined by the commissioner of revenue;

(3) if the ore is taken from an underground mine, an amount for each ton of ore mined or produced during the year equal to the cost

of sinking and constructing shafts and running drifts, divided by the number of tons of ore that can be advantageously taken out through such shafts and drifts, the number of tons of ore that can be advantageously taken out in each case to be determined by the commissioner of revenue;

(4) the amount of royalties paid on the ore mined or produced during the year;

(5) for persons mining or producing iron ore the mining or production of which is subject to the occupation tax imposed by section 298.01, subdivision 1, the amount of the ad valorem taxes levied and paid for the year against the realty in which the ore is deposited; for all others a percentage of the ad valorem taxes levied and paid for such year against the realty in which the ore is deposited equal to the percentage that the tons mined or produced during such year bears to the total tonnage in the mine;

(6) in the case of taconite, semitaconite and iron sulphide operations, the tax payable under section 298.24, and that payable under section 298.35, on the concentrates produced in said year and any taxes paid under Laws 1955, chapter 391, 429, 514, 576 or 540, or any other law imposing on such taconite operations a specific tax for school or other governmental purposes;

(7) the amount or amounts of all the foregoing subtractions shall be ascertained and determined by the commissioner of revenue. Deductions for interest on plant investment shall not exceed the greater of (a) four percent of book value, or (b) the amount actually paid but not exceeding six percent of book value. No subtraction shall be allowed for shrinkage of iron ore.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 298.031, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [VALUE OF CERTAIN ORE; HOW ASCERTAINED.] (1) The taxpayer shall be given a credit in each taxable year upon the occupation tax assessed in such year upon iron ore or taconite concentrates, under Minnesota Statutes 1957, chapter 298, against a given mine after credit for labor credits has been given, in an amount equal to the occupation tax under said chapter 298 upon an amount produced by multiplying the number of tons of ore sold at a discount by the amount of such discount.

(2) The aggregate amount of all credits allowed under this section to all mines shall not exceed four percent of the aggregate amount of all occupation taxes imposed under section 298.01, subdivision 1, assessed against all mines in the state for said year prior to the deduction of the credit allowed by this section.

(3) The amount of the foregoing subtraction shall be ascertained and determined by the commissioner.

(4) If ore stockpiled from previous years operations is sold at a discount, the discount credit shall be allowed against all ore currently being produced by the same company to the extent that the discount credit is available. Any unused credit may be carried forward and utilized with future years production of ore from the stockpiled property or other properties operated by the same company.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 298.08, is amended to read:

**298.08 [PROCEDURE WHEN NO REPORT IS FILED; PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO REPORT.]**

If any person subject to sections 298.01, 298.03, 298.05 to 298.16, and 298.21 ~~shall fail and section 26 fails to make the report provided for in section 298.05 at the time and in the manner therein provided,~~ the commissioner of revenue shall ~~in such case,~~ upon information as the commissioner may possess or obtain, ascertain the kind and amount of ore mined or produced, together with ~~the its valuation thereof, and thereon find and determine the amount of the tax due from such person. There shall be added thereto to the tax a penalty for failure to report, which penalty shall equal to ten percent of the tax imposed and which shall be treated as a part thereof of the tax.~~

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 298.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. On or before May 1 in each year, the commissioner of revenue shall send to each person subject to ~~an occupation tax taxes under the provisions of Laws 1921, chapter 223 section 298.01, as amended, or the net proceeds tax under the provisions of section 26,~~ a notice of the amount of the tax so determined to be due. Said notice shall be sent by certified mail and directed to the person at the address given in the report filed by the person, and, if no report has been filed or no address given, then at such address as the commissioner of revenue may be able to ascertain; but the validity of the tax shall not be affected by the failure of the commissioner of revenue to mail such notice or the failure of the person subject to the tax to receive it.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 298.24, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. (a) For concentrate produced in 1986 and 1987 there is hereby imposed upon taconite and iron sulphides, and upon the mining and quarrying thereof, and upon the production of iron ore concentrate therefrom, and upon the concentrate so produced, a

tax of \$1.90 per gross ton of merchantable iron ore concentrate produced therefrom.

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), for concentrates produced in 1987 1988 and subsequent years, the tax rate shall be equal to the preceding year's tax rate plus an amount equal to the preceding year's tax multiplied by the percentage increase in the implicit price deflator from the fourth quarter of the second preceding year to the fourth quarter of the preceding year. "Implicit price deflator" for the gross national product means the implicit price deflator prepared by the bureau of economic analysis of the United States Department of Commerce.

(c) The provisions of paragraph (b) will not be in effect for concentrates produced in 1987 if the 1987 production is not less than 33,000,000 tons, and will not be in effect for concentrates produced in 1988 if the 1988 production is not less than 34,000,000 tons. If the provisions of paragraph (b) are not in effect for concentrates produced in a year, the rate of the tax for that year's production will be the rate of the tax imposed on the previous year's production. The tax shall be imposed on the average of the production for the current year and the previous two years. The rate of the tax imposed will be the current year's tax rate. This clause shall not apply in the case of the closing of a taconite facility if the property taxes on the facility would be higher if this clause and section 298.25 were not applicable.

(d) If the tax or any part of the tax imposed by this subdivision is held to be unconstitutional, a tax of \$1.90 per gross ton of merchantable iron ore concentrate produced shall be imposed.

(e) Consistent with the intent of this subdivision to impose a tax based upon the weight of merchantable iron ore concentrate, the commissioner of revenue may indirectly determine the weight of merchantable iron ore concentrate included in fluxed pellets by subtracting the weight of the limestone, dolomite, or olivine derivatives or other basic flux additives included in the pellets from the weight of the pellets. For purposes of this paragraph, "fluxed pellets" are pellets produced in a process in which limestone, dolomite, olivine, or other basic flux additives are combined with merchantable iron ore concentrate. No subtraction from the weight of the pellets shall be allowed for binders, mineral and chemical additives other than basic flux additives, or moisture.

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 298.25, is amended to read:

298.25 [TAXES ADDITIONAL TO OTHER TAXES.]

The taxes imposed under section 298.24 shall be in addition to the occupation tax imposed upon the business of mining and producing

iron ore and in addition to the royalty tax imposed upon royalties received for permission to mine and produce iron ore. Except as herein otherwise provided, such taxes shall be in lieu of all other taxes upon such taconite and iron sulphides, or the lands in which they are contained, or upon the mining or quarrying thereof, or the production of concentrate therefrom, or upon the concentrate produced, or upon the machinery, equipment, tools, supplies and buildings used in such mining, quarrying or production, or upon the lands occupied by, or used in connection with, such mining, quarrying or production facilities. If electric or steam power for the mining, transportation or concentration of such taconite or the concentrates produced therefrom is generated in plants principally devoted to the generation of power for such purposes, the plants in which such power is generated and all machinery, equipment, tools, supplies, transmission and distribution lines used in the generation and distribution of such power, shall be considered to be machinery, equipment, tools, supplies and buildings used in the mining, quarrying or production of taconite and taconite concentrates within the meaning of this section. If part of the power generated in such a plant is used for purposes other than the mining or concentration of taconite or the transportation or loading of taconite or the concentrates thereof, a proportionate share of the value of such generating facilities, equal to the proportion that the power used for such other purpose bears to the generating capacity of the plant, shall be subject to the general property tax in the same manner as other property; provided, power generated in such a plant and exchanged for an equivalent amount of power which is used for the mining, transportation or concentration of such taconite or concentrates produced therefrom, shall be considered as used for such purposes within the meaning of this section. Nothing herein shall prevent the assessment and taxation of the surface of reserve land containing taconite and not occupied by such facilities or used in connection therewith at the value thereof without regard to the taconite or iron sulphides therein, nor the assessment and taxation of merchantable iron ore or other minerals, or iron-bearing materials other than taconite or iron sulphides in such lands in the manner provided by law, nor the assessment and taxation of facilities used in producing sulphur or sulphur products from iron sulphide concentrates, or in refining such sulphur products, under the general property tax laws. Nothing herein shall except from general taxation or from taxation as provided by other laws any property used for residential or townsite purposes, including utility services thereto.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 298.28, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [SCHOOL DISTRICTS.] (a) 27.5 cents per taxable ton plus the increase provided in paragraph (d) must be allocated to qualifying school districts to be distributed, based upon the certification of the commissioner of revenue, under paragraphs (b) and (c).

(b) 5.5 cents per taxable ton must be distributed to the school districts in which the lands from which taconite was mined or

quarried were located or within which the concentrate was produced. The distribution must be based on the apportionment formula prescribed in subdivision 2.

(c)(i) 22 cents per taxable ton, less any amount distributed under paragraph (e), shall be distributed to a group of school districts comprised of those school districts wherein the taconite was mined or quarried or the concentrate produced or in which there is a qualifying municipality as defined by section 273.134 in direct proportion to school district indexes as follows: for each school district, its pupil units determined under section 124.17 for the prior school year shall be multiplied by the ratio of the average adjusted assessed value per pupil unit for school districts receiving aid under this clause as calculated pursuant to chapter 124A for the school year ending prior to distribution to the adjusted assessed value per pupil unit of the district. Each district shall receive that portion of the distribution which its index bears to the sum of the indices for all school districts that receive the distributions.

(ii) Notwithstanding clause (i), each school district that receives a distribution under sections ~~294.21 to 294.26; 29;~~ 298.23 to 298.28, exclusive of any amount received under this clause; 298.34 to 298.39; 298.391 to 298.396; 298.405; ~~298.51 to 298.67~~ or any law imposing a tax on ~~several severed mineral values or any other law distributing proceeds in lieu of ad valorem tax assessments on copper or nickel properties~~ that is less than the amount of its levy reduction under section 275.125, subdivision 9, for the second year prior to the year of the distribution shall receive a distribution equal to the difference; the amount necessary to make this payment shall be derived from proportionate reductions in the initial distribution to other school districts under clause (i).

(d) On July 15, in years prior to 1988, an amount equal to the increase derived by increasing the amount determined by paragraph (c) in the same proportion as the increase in the steel mill products index over the base year of 1977 as provided in section 298.24, subdivision 1, clause (a), shall be distributed to any school district described in paragraph (c) where a levy increase pursuant to section 124A.03, subdivision 2, is authorized by referendum, according to the following formula. On July 15, 1988, the increase over the amount established for 1987 shall be determined as if there had been an increase in the tax rate under section 298.24, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), according to the increase in the implicit price deflator. On July 15, 1988 1989 and subsequent years, the increase over the amount established for the prior year shall be determined according to the increase in the implicit price deflator as provided in section 298.24, subdivision 1, paragraph (a). Each district shall receive the product of:

(i) \$150 times the pupil units identified in section 124.17, subdivision 1, enrolled in the second previous year or the 1983-1984



school year, whichever is greater, less the product of  $1\frac{3}{4}$  mills times the district's taxable valuation in the second previous year; times

(ii) the lesser of:

(A) one, or

(B) the ratio of the amount certified pursuant to section 124A.03, subdivision 2, in the previous year, to the product of  $1\frac{3}{4}$  mills times the district's taxable valuation in the second previous year.

If the total amount provided by paragraph (d) is insufficient to make the payments herein required then the entitlement of \$150 per pupil unit shall be reduced uniformly so as not to exceed the funds available. Any amounts received by a qualifying school district in any fiscal year pursuant to paragraph (d) shall not be applied to reduce foundation aids which the district is entitled to receive pursuant to section 124A.02 or the permissible levies of the district. Any amount remaining after the payments provided in this paragraph shall be paid to the commissioner of iron range resources and rehabilitation who shall deposit the same in the taconite environmental protection fund and the northeast Minnesota economic protection trust fund as provided in subdivision 11.

(e) There shall be distributed to any school district the amount which the school district was entitled to receive under section 298.32 in 1975.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 298.28, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [IRON RANGE RESOURCES AND REHABILITATION BOARD.] Three cents per taxable ton shall be paid to the iron range resources and rehabilitation board for the purposes of section 298.22. The amount determined in this subdivision shall be increased in 1981 and subsequent years prior to 1988 in the same proportion as the increase in the steel mill products index as provided in section 298.24, subdivision 1, and shall be increased in 1988 1989 and subsequent years according to the increase in the implicit price deflator as provided in section 298.24, subdivision 1. The amount distributed in 1988 shall be increased according to the increase that would have occurred in the rate of tax under section 298.24 if the rate had been adjusted according to the implicit price deflator for 1987 production. The amount distributed pursuant to this subdivision shall be expended within or for the benefit of a tax relief area defined in section 273.134. No part of the fund provided in this subdivision may be used to provide loans for the operation of private business unless the loan is approved by the governor and the legislative advisory commission.

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 298.28, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. [INCREASE.] The amounts determined under subdivisions 6, paragraph (a), and 9 shall be increased in 1979 and subsequent years prior to 1988 in the same proportion as the increase in the steel mill products index as provided in section 298.24, subdivision 1. The amount distributed in 1988 shall be increased according to the increase that would have occurred in the rate of tax under section 298.24 if the rate had been adjusted according to the implicit price deflator for 1987 production. Those amounts shall be increased in ~~1988~~ 1989 and subsequent years in the same proportion as the increase in the implicit price deflator as provided in section 298.24, subdivision 1.

The distributions per ton determined under subdivisions 5, paragraphs (b) and (d), and 6, paragraphs (b) and (c) for distribution in 1988 and subsequent years shall be the distribution per ton determined for distribution in 1987.

Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 298.28, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 15. [DISTRIBUTION OF DELAYED PAYMENTS.] Notwithstanding any other provision of this section or any other law, if payment of taxes collected under section 298.24 is delayed past the due date because the taxpayer is a debtor in a pending bankruptcy proceeding, the amount paid shall be distributed as follows when received:

(1) 50 percent to St. Louis county acting as the counties' fiscal agent, to be distributed as provided in sections 273.134 to 273.136;

(2) 25 percent to the northeast Minnesota economic protection trust fund; and

(3) 25 percent to the taconite environmental protection fund.

Sec. 43. [REPEALER.]

(a) Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 294.21; 294.22; 294.23; 294.24; 294.25; 294.26; 299.01; 299.012; 299.013; 299.02; 299.03; 299.04; 299.05; 299.06; 299.07; 299.08; 299.09; 299.10; 299.11; 299.12; 299.13; and 299.14, are repealed.

(b) Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 290.082; 298.04; 298.28, subdivision 14; 298.51; 298.52; 298.53; 298.54; 298.55; 298.61; 298.62; 298.63; 298.64; 298.65; 298.66; and 298.67, are repealed.

(c) Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 298.01, subdivision 1; 298.02; 298.026; 298.027; 298.028; 298.03; 298.031; and 298.40, are repealed.

Sec. 44. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Section 1 and the parts of sections 2, 3, 5, 8, and 39 that strike references to sections 298.51 to 298.67 and references to other laws distributing proceeds in lieu of ad valorem tax assessments on copper or nickel properties are effective December 31, 1986. Section 6 is effective for taxes assessed in 1989 and thereafter. Sections 4, 10 to 21, 38, and 43, paragraph (a), and the parts of sections 2, 3, 5, 8, and 39 that strike references to sections 294.21 to 294.26 or sections 294.21 to 294.28 are effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1989. Sections 7, 9, 22, 26 to 36, and 43, paragraph (b), are effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986. Section 23 is effective for ores mined after December 31, 1986. Section 24 and section 43, paragraph (c), are effective for iron ore and taconite concentrates mined after December 31, 1989. Section 37 is effective for taconite concentrates mined after December 31, 1986.

ARTICLE 10

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.1313, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] (a) As used in this section, the following terms have the meanings given them.

(b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of revenue energy and economic development.

(c) "Employment property" means taxable property, excluding land but including buildings, structures, fixtures, and improvements that satisfy each of the following conditions:

(1) The property is located within an enterprise zone designated according to section 273.1312.

(2) The property is commercial or industrial property which is not used in a trade or business which either is described in section ~~103(b)(6)(O)~~ of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1984, or is property of a public utility (i) a facility the primary purpose of which is one of the following: retail food and beverage services, automobile sales or service, or the provision of recreation or entertainment, or a private or commercial

golf course, country club, massage parlor, tennis club, skating facility including roller skating, skateboard, and ice skating, racquet sports facility, including any handball or racquetball court, hot tub facility, suntan facility, or racetrack; (ii) property of a public utility; (iii) property used in the operation of a financial institution; (iv) property owned by a fraternal or veterans' organization; or (v) property of a business operating under a franchise agreement that requires the business to be located in the state, except that, in an enterprise zone designated under section 273.1312, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), clause (3), that is not in a city of the first class, employment property includes property used as a retail food or beverage facility or an automobile sales or service facility, and property described in (v) except for property of a retail food or beverage facility.

(d) "Market value" of a parcel of employment property means the value of the taxable property as annually determined pursuant to section 273.12, less (i) the market value of all property existing at the time of application for classification, as last assessed prior to the time of application, and (ii) any increase in the market value of the property referred to in clause (i) as assessed in each year after the employment property is first placed in service. In each year, any change in the values of the employment property and the other property on the land shall be deemed to be proportionate unless caused by a capital improvement or loss.

(e) "Municipality" means any home rule charter or statutory city or county, but a county may not exercise the powers granted in this section with reference to property situated within a city.

(f) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (c) and (d) "employment property" and "market value" includes in the case of taxable real property located in an enterprise zone designated under section 273.1312, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), clause (3), the entire value of the ~~commercial and industrial~~ employment property, including land, ~~used in a trade or business which is not used in a trade or business which either is described in section 103(b)(0)(ii) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1984, or is the property of a public utility.~~ The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to employment property located in an enterprise zone designated pursuant to section 273.1312, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), clause (3), that is assessed pursuant to the first clause of the first sentence of section 273.13, subdivision 24, paragraph (b).

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.1313, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [PROGRAM.] (a) The governing body of any municipality which contains a designated enterprise zone as provided by section 273.1312 shall by resolution establish a program for classification of

new property or improvements to existing property as employment property pursuant to the provisions of this section. Applications for classification under the program shall be filed with the municipal clerk or auditor in a form prescribed by the commissioner, with additions as may be prescribed by the municipal governing body. The application shall contain, where appropriate, a legal description of the parcel of land on which the facility is to be situated or improved; a general description of the facility or improvement and its proposed use, the probable time schedule for undertaking any construction or improvement, and information regarding the matters referred to in paragraph (d); the market value and the assessed value of the land and of all other taxable property then situated on it, according to the most recent assessment; and if the property is to be improved or expanded, an estimate of the probable cost of the new construction or improvement and the market value of the new or improved facility (excluding land) when completed.

(b) Upon receipt of an application the municipal clerk or auditor, subject to any prior approval required by the resolution establishing the program, shall furnish a copy to the assessor for the property and to the governing body of each school district and other public body authorized to levy taxes on the property, and shall publish a notice in the official newspaper of the time and place of a hearing to be held by the governing body on the application, not less than 30 days after the notice is published, stating that the applicant, the assessor, representatives of the affected taxing authorities, and any taxpayer of the municipality may be heard or may present their views in writing at or before the hearing. The hearing may be adjourned from time to time, but the governing body shall take action on the application by resolution within 30 days after the hearing. If disapproved, the reasons shall be set forth in the resolution, and the applicant may appeal to the commissioner within 30 days thereafter, but only on the ground that the determination is arbitrary, in relation to prior determinations as to classification under the program, or based upon a mistake of law. If approved, the resolution shall include determinations as to the matters set forth in paragraph (d), and the clerk or auditor shall transmit it to the commissioner.

(c) Within 60 days after receipt of an approved application or an appeal from the disapproval of an application, the commissioner shall take action on it. The commissioner shall approve each application approved by the governing body on finding that it complies with the provisions of this section. If the commissioner disapproves the application, or finds grounds exist for appeal of a disapproved application, the commissioner shall transmit the finding to the governing body and the applicant. When grounds for appeal have been determined to exist, the governing body shall reconsider and take further action on the application within 30 days after receipt of the commissioner's notice and serve written notice of the action upon the applicant. The applicant, within 30 days after

receipt of notice of final disapproval by the commissioner or the governing body, may appeal from the disapproval to a court of competent jurisdiction.

(d) In the case of enterprise zones qualifying pursuant to section 273.1312, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), clause (1), an application shall not be approved unless the governing body finds and determines that the construction or improvement of the facility:

(1) is reasonably likely to create new employment or prevent a loss of employment in the municipality;

(2) is not likely to have the effect of transferring existing employment from one or more other municipalities within the state;

(3) is not likely to cause the total market value of employment property within the municipality to exceed five percent of the total market value of all taxable property within the municipality; or if it will, the resulting limitation upon the increase of the assessed value of all taxable property within the municipality, considering the amount of additional municipal services likely to be required for the employment property, is not likely to substantially impede the operation or the financial integrity of the municipality or any other public body levying taxes on property in the municipality; and

(4) will not result in the reduction of the assessed value of existing property within the municipality owned by the applicant, through abandonment, demolition, or otherwise, without provision for the restoration of the existing property within a reasonable time in a manner sufficient to restore the assessed valuation.

(e) In the case of enterprise zones qualifying pursuant to section 273.1312, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), clause (3), an application for assessment as employment property under section 273.13, subdivision 24, paragraph (b), or for a tax reduction pursuant to section 273.1314, subdivision 9, may not be approved unless the governing body finds and determines that the construction or improvement of the facility is not likely to have the effect of transferring existing employment from one or more other municipalities within the state.

(f) All participating enterprise zone municipalities must submit, with each application from businesses that previously have not received enterprise zone credits, a written multiyear enterprise zone tax credit distribution plan. The plan must set forth: (1) the maximum amount of credits to be drawn over the five-year allowable period; and (2) the maximum amount of state tax credits to be drawn each of those five years, and whether the form will be in tax credits or refunds.

(g) Within 90 days of final enactment of this act, all participating enterprise zone municipalities, except those containing an enter-

prise zone designated under section 273.1312, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), clause (3), other than a zone in the city of the first class, must submit a written multiyear enterprise zone tax credit distribution plan. The plan must specify the maximum amounts of state tax credits previously approved business applicants are eligible to receive in each of the remaining years for which credits have been authorized. The commissioner may only approve requests for state tax credits from a business that meets the requirements established in sections 273.1312 to 273.1314. The commissioner shall not approve any request for state tax credits from a business that exceeds the amount set forth in an enterprise zone municipality's multiyear enterprise zone tax credit distribution plan for that business entity for that year.

(h) Border city enterprise zones designated under section 273.1312, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), clause (3), that are not located in cities of the first class shall, within 90 days of final enactment of this act, submit a written multiyear enterprise zone tax distribution plan. The plan must specify the maximum aggregate amount of tax credits all previously approved business applicants are eligible to receive in each of the remaining years for which credits have been authorized. The commissioner may only approve requests for state tax credits for a business that meets the requirements established in sections 273.1312 to 273.1314.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.1314, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. [AUTHORIZED FORMS OF STATE TAX REDUCTIONS.] (a) The following types of tax reductions may be approved by the commissioner for businesses located in an enterprise zone:

(1) an exemption from the general sales tax imposed by chapter 297A for purchases of construction materials or equipment for use in the zone if the purchase was made after the date of application for the zone;

(2) a credit against the income tax of an employer for additional workers employed in the zone, other than workers employed in construction, up to a maximum of \$3,000 per employee per year;

(3) an income tax credit for a percentage of the cost of debt financing to construct new or expanded facilities in the zone;

(4) a state paid property tax credit for a portion of the property taxes paid by a new commercial or industrial facility or the additional property taxes paid by an expansion of an existing commercial or industrial facility in the zone; and

(5) a complete abatement of all corporate income and excise taxes under chapter 290, property taxes, and sales and use taxes under

chapter 297A on the purchase of construction materials or equipment for use in the zone if the zone is designated pursuant to section 273.1312, subdivision (4), paragraph (c), clause (4). Local taxing authorities with an enterprise zone designated pursuant to section 273.1312, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), clause (4), will be reimbursed by the state for foregone property taxes only to the extent that the local taxing authority can demonstrate the development within that zone has imposed an additional net financial burden on its budget. The additional net financial burden shall be determined by subtracting the increase in the total equalized assessed property value of the local taxing authority that is in excess of a statewide average increase in equalized assessed property values as determined by the commissioner of revenue, multiplied by the mill rate of the local taxing authority for taxes payable in the current year, from the additional direct costs the development has placed on the local taxing authority's budget for the current year. The commissioner of energy and economic development, in consultation with the commissioner of revenue, shall review that local taxing authority's demonstration of additional financial burden and determine the amount which the state will reimburse the local taxing authority for foregone property tax revenue.

(b) The municipality shall specify in its application for designation the types of tax reductions it seeks to be made available in the zone and the percentage rates and other appropriate limitations on the reductions.

(c) Upon designation of an enterprise zone and approval by the commissioner of the tax reductions to be made available therein, the commissioner of revenue shall take the steps necessary to implement the tax reductions.

(d) The tax reductions provided by this subdivision shall not apply to any facility described in section 103(b)(6)(O) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through January 15, 1983, or to any regulated public utility (1) a facility the primary purpose of which is one of the following: retail food and beverage services, automobile sales or service, or the provision of recreation or entertainment, or a private or commercial golf course, country club, massage parlor, tennis club, skating facility including roller skating, skateboard, and ice skating, racquet sports facility, including any handball or racquetball court, hot tub facility, suntan facility, or racetrack; (2) property of a public utility; (3) property used in the operation of a financial institution; (4) property owned by a fraternal or veterans' organization; or (5) property of a business operating under a franchise agreement that requires the business to be located in the state; except that, in an enterprise zone designated under section 273.1312, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), clause (3), that is not in a city of the first class, tax reductions may be provided to a retail food or beverage facility or an automobile sales or service facility, or a business operating under a franchise agreement that requires the



business to be located in this state except for such a franchised retail food or beverage facility.

(e) The commissioner shall approve tax reductions authorized by paragraph (a) within an enterprise zone designated pursuant to section 273.1312, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), clause (3), only after the governing body of a city designated as an enterprise zone has designated an area or areas, each consisting of at least 100 acres, of the city not in excess of 400 acres in which the tax reductions may be provided.

(f) In addition to the tax reductions authorized by paragraph (a), for an enterprise zone designated under section 273.1312, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), clause (3), the following types of tax reductions may be approved:

(1) A credit against income tax for workers employed in the zone and not qualifying for a credit under paragraph (a), clause (2), subject to a maximum of \$1,500 per employee per year;

(2) A state paid property tax credit for a portion of the property taxes paid by a commercial or industrial facility located in the zone. ~~Notwithstanding paragraph (d), the credits provided by this paragraph may be provided to the businesses described in section 103(b)(6)(0)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1983.~~

(g) Each tax reduction provided to a business pursuant to this subdivision shall terminate not longer than five years after the effective date of the tax reduction for the business unless the business is located in a border city enterprise zone designated under section 273.1312, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), clause (3), that is not a city of the first class. Each tax reduction provided to a business that is located in a border city enterprise zone designated under section 273.1312, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), clause (3), that is not located in a city of the first class shall terminate not longer than seven years after the effective date of the tax reduction for the business. Subject to the five-year or the seven-year limitation, the tax reductions may be provided after expiration of the zone's designation.

(h) The income tax credits provided pursuant to clauses (a) and (f) may be refundable.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.1314, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. [RECAPTURE.] Any business which (a) receives tax reductions authorized by subdivision 9, classification as employment property pursuant to section 273.1312, or an alternative local contribution under subdivision 6; and (b) ceases to operate its

facility located within the enterprise zone within two years after the expiration of the tax reductions shall repay the amount of the tax reduction or local contribution pursuant to the following schedule:

Termination of operations	Repayment Portion
Less than 6 months	100 percent
6 months or more but less than 12 months	75 percent
12 months or more but less than 18 months	50 percent
18 months or more but less than 24 months	25 percent

The repayment must be paid to the state to the extent it represents a tax reduction under subdivision 9 and to the municipality to the extent it represents a property tax reduction or other local contribution. Any amount repaid to the state must be credited to the amount certified as available for tax reductions in the zone pursuant to subdivision 8. Any amount repaid to the municipality must be used by the municipality for economic development purposes.

The commissioner of revenue may seek repayment of tax credits from a business ceasing to operate within an enterprise zone.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.1314, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 8b. [ADDITIONAL BORDER CITY ALLOCATIONS.] In addition to tax reductions authorized in subdivisions 8 and 8a, the commissioner may allocate \$2,000,000 for tax reductions pursuant to subdivision 9 to enterprise zones designated under section 273.1312, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), clause (3), except for zones located in cities of the first class. This money shall be allocated among the zones on a per capita basis. Limits on the maximum allocation to a zone imposed by subdivision 8 do not apply to allocations made under this subdivision. Tax reductions authorized by this subdivision may not be allocated to any property which is:

(1) a facility the primary purpose of which is one of the following: the provision of recreation or entertainment, or a private or commercial golf course, country club, massage parlor, tennis club, skating facility including roller skating, skateboard, and ice skating, racquet sports facility, including any handball or racquetball court, hot tub facility, suntan facility, or racetrack;

(2) property of a public utility;

(3) property used in the operation of a financial institution;

(4) property owned by a fraternal or veterans' organization;

(5) property of a retail food or beverage service business operating under a franchise agreement that requires the business to be located in the state.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.1314, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 10a. [INTEREST.] When tax credits allowed under subdivision 9 result in an overpayment within the meaning of section 290.50, the excess to be refunded to the taxpayer shall bear interest at the amount specified in section 270.76, computed from 90 days after (1) the due date of the return or (2) the date on which the return is filed, whichever is later, to the date the refund is paid.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.257, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

**Subdivision 1. [DESIGNATION OF DISTRESSED COUNTIES.]**

(a) The commissioner of energy and economic development shall annually on June 1 designate those counties which are distressed. A county is distressed if it satisfies ~~either~~ at least one of the following ~~two~~ criteria:

(1) The county has an average unemployment rate of ten percent or more for the one-year period ending on April 30 of the year in which the designation is made; or

(2) the unemployment rate for the entire county was greater than 110 percent of the state average for the 12-month period ending the previous April 30, and 20 percent or more of the county's economy, as determined by the commissioner of jobs and training, is dependent upon agriculture; or

(3) for counties designated for periods beginning after June 30, 1986, but before July 1, 1988, at least 20 percent of the county's economy, as determined by the commissioner of jobs and training, is dependent upon agriculture and the total market value of real and personal property for the entire county for taxes payable in 1986, as determined by the commissioner of revenue, has decreased by at least 22 percent from the total market value of real and personal property for the entire county for taxes payable in 1984.

If, as a result of a plant closing, layoffs or another similar event affecting a significant number of employees in the county, the commissioner has reason to believe that the average unemployment in the county will exceed ten percent during the one-year period beginning April 30, the commissioner may designate the county as distressed, notwithstanding clause (1).

(b) The commissioner shall designate a portion of a county containing a city of the first class located outside of the metropolitan area as a distressed county if:

(1) that portion of the county has an unemployment rate of ten percent or more for the one-year period ending on April 30 of the year in which the designation is made; and

(2) that portion of the county has a population of at least 50,000 as determined by the 1980 federal census.

(c) A county or the portion of a county designated pursuant to this subdivision shall be considered a distressed county for purposes of this section and chapter 116M.

(d) Except as otherwise specifically provided, the determination of whether a county is distressed must be made using the most current data available from the state demographer. The designation of a distressed county is effective for the 12-month period beginning July 1. A county may be designated as distressed as often as it qualifies.

(e) The authority to designate counties as distressed expires on June 30, 1989.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.257, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [SALES TAX EXEMPTION.] Purchase and use of capital equipment is exempt from the sales and use tax imposed by this chapter if the capital equipment is placed in service in connection with the construction of a new or an expansion of an existing manufacturing facility in a distressed county or in the taconite tax relief area defined in section 273.134. Purchase or use of equipment for use in an existing plant qualifies under this section and section 297A.01, subdivision 16, as an expansion if either the production capacity of the plant is increased by at least 20 percent as a result or if the total capital investments made within a 12-month period exceed \$25,000,000. Purchases of capital equipment are exempt under this section only to the extent that the purchases of capital equipment for the project during the calendar year exceed \$100,000. The county is a distressed county for purposes of this subdivision if it was designated as a distressed county for the time period during which the contract to purchase the equipment was executed.

A county meeting only the criteria in paragraph (a), clause (3), of subdivision 1 is a distressed county for purposes of this subdivision if it was designated as a distressed county for the time period during which sales and use tax on capital equipment purchased became due and payable.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.257, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. [EXEMPTION FOR CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS.] Construction materials and supplies are exempt from the tax imposed under this chapter, regardless of whether purchased by the owner or a contractor, subcontractor, or builder, if all of the following conditions are met:

(a)(1) the materials and supplies are used or consumed in constructing a new manufacturing facility or expanding an existing one in a distressed county; and

(2) the total capital investment made within a three-year period exceeds \$75,000,000; or

(b)(1) the materials and supplies are used or consumed in constructing a new manufacturing facility or expanding an existing one within the taconite tax relief area defined in section 273.134; and

(2) the total capital investment made within a three-year period exceeds \$50,000,000.

A county is a distressed county for purposes of a project qualifying under this subdivision if it was designated as a distressed county at the time the initial contract to purchase the materials and supplies was executed.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.257, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2b. [PROJECTS; CONTINUED EXEMPTION.] If construction of a project is begun during a time period in which the county was designated as a distressed county and if the county ceases to be a distressed county, the provision of subdivisions 2 and 2a apply to the project as if the county were distressed for 12 months after the designation expired.

Sec. 11. [APPROPRIATION.]

\$500,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of energy and economic development to be disbursed to the Aitkin county growth fund to be expended for economic development projects and activities within the county.

## ARTICLE 11

### GROSS EARNINGS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 295.01, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. [TELEPHONE COMPANY.] The term "telephone company" as used in this chapter means any person, firm, association or corporation, excluding municipal telephone companies, owning or operating any telephone line or telephone exchange for hire wholly or partly within this state, including radio and other advancements in the art of telephony but excluding cellular radio and sellers of telephone services, but excluding resellers and cellular radio. "Resellers of telephone services" as used in this chapter means any person, firm, association, or corporation that:

(1) resells telecommunications services purchased from telephone companies as defined in this chapter;

(2) does not own, operate, manage, or control transmission facilities that have the technological capability to provide telecommunication services; and

(3) incurs costs equal to at least 50 percent of its gross revenues for the telephone services purchased from telephone companies that own, operate, manage, or control transmission facilities.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 295.32, is amended to read:

295.32 [GROSS EARNINGS TAX; ANNUAL RETURN.]

Every telegraph company as defined in section 295.01, subdivision 9, shall file a return with the commissioner of revenue, in such form as the commissioner shall prescribe, containing a true and just report of its gross earnings derived from business within the state during the preceding calendar year, which return shall contain a computation of tax of six percent and make payment of the tax based upon the following percentages of such gross earnings:

for calendar years beginning before December 31, 1989, 6 percent,

for calendar year 1990, 4.5 percent,

for calendar year 1991, 3 percent,

for calendar year 1992, 1.5 percent, and

for calendar years beginning after December 31, 1992, exempt.

Such return and payment of the tax due therewith shall be submitted on or before March first of each year, and shall be in lieu of all ad valorem taxes upon the property of such company within the state for the year during which such gross earnings accrued. The provisions of chapter 294 and acts amendatory thereto, shall be

applicable to such telegraph companies and to the returns and to the taxes submitted therewith by them.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 295.34, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Except as provided in subdivision 2 every telephone company shall file a return with the commissioner of revenue on or before April 15 of each year, and submit payment therewith, of the following percentages of its gross earnings, including long distance access charges, of the preceding calendar year derived from business within this state:

(a) for gross earnings from service to rural subscribers and from exchange business of all cities of the fourth class and statutory cities having a population of 10,000 or less

for calendar years beginning before December 31, ~~1986~~ 1988, 4 percent,

for calendar year ~~1987~~ 1989, 3 percent, provided that the estimated tax payments made on March 15 and June 15, 1989, pursuant to section 295.365, must be made as if the tax were imposed at a rate of four percent.

for calendar year ~~1988~~ 1990, 1.5 percent,

for calendar year ~~1989~~ 1991, 1 percent, and

for calendar years beginning after December 31, ~~1989~~ 1992, exempt; and

(b) for gross earnings derived from all other business

for calendar years beginning before December 31, ~~1986~~ 1988, 7 percent,

for calendar year ~~1987~~ 1989, 5.5 percent, provided that the estimated tax payments made on March 15 and June 15, 1989, pursuant to section 295.365, must be made as if the tax were imposed at a rate of seven percent.

for calendar year ~~1988~~ 1990, 3 percent,

for calendar year ~~1989~~ 1991, 2.5 percent, and

for calendar years beginning after December 31, ~~1989~~ 1992, exempt.

Beginning January 1, 1986, A tax shall not be imposed on the gross earnings of a telephone company from business originating or terminating outside of Minnesota, except that the gross earnings tax is imposed on all long distance access charges allocated to interstate service received in payment from a telephone company before December 31, 1989.

The tax imposed is in lieu of all other taxes, except the taxes imposed by chapter 290, property taxes assessed beginning in ~~1987~~ 1989, payable in ~~1988~~ 1990, and sales and use taxes imposed as a result of ~~section 296.22, subdivision 13~~ chapter 297A. All money paid by a company for connecting fees and switching charges to any other company shall be reported as earnings by the company to which they are paid, ~~but shall not be deemed earnings of the collecting and paying company.~~ For the purposes of this section, the population of any statutory city shall be considered as that stated in the latest federal census.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 295.365, is amended to read:

**295.365 [DECLARATIONS OF ESTIMATED GROSS EARNINGS TAX BY TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE COMPANIES.]**

Subdivision 1. [PAYMENTS.] Every telegraph company subject to taxation pursuant to section 295.32 and every telephone company subject to taxation pursuant to section 295.34, shall make a declaration of estimated gross earnings tax for the calendar year if the gross earnings tax can reasonably be expected to be in excess of \$1,000. The declaration of estimated tax shall be filed on or before March 15. The amount of estimated tax with respect to which a declaration is required shall be paid in four equal installments on or before the 15th day of March, June, September, and December. For calendar year 1989 only, the March 15 and June 15 installments for telephone companies shall be made as provided in section 295.34, subdivision 1. The remaining two installments for calendar year 1989 shall be calculated by subtracting the sum of the March 15 and June 15 installments from the estimated tax for the year and dividing the difference by two. An amendment of a declaration may be filed in any interval between installment dates prescribed above but only one amendment may be filed in each such interval.

Subd. 2. [AMENDMENT OF DECLARATIONS.] (a) If any amendment of a declaration is filed, the amount of each remaining installment shall be the amount which would have been payable if the new estimate had been made when the first estimate for the calendar year was made, increased or decreased, as the case may be, by the amount computed by dividing

(1) the difference between (A) the amount of estimated tax required to be paid before the date on which the amendment was



made, and (B) the amount of estimated tax which would have been required to be paid before such date if the new estimate had been made when the first estimate was made, by

(2) the number of installments remaining to be paid on or after the date on which the amendment is made.

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), if an amendment of a declaration is filed for calendar year 1989 prior to payment of the June 15 installment, the amount of the June 15 installment shall be 31.5 percent of the estimated tax for the calendar year plus the difference between 31.5 percent of the reestimated tax for the calendar year and the March 15 installment.

Subd. 3. [EXTENSIONS.] The commissioner of revenue may grant a reasonable extension of time for filing any declaration but such extension shall not be for more than six months.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 295.366, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. [1989 EXCEPTION.] Notwithstanding subdivision 4, for calendar year 1989 only, the addition to the tax with respect to any underpayment of the March 15 or June 15 payment is imposed if the total amount of the payments of estimated tax made on or before June 15 does not equal or exceed the amount which would have been required to be paid on or before that date if the estimated tax for the first six months of 1989 were the lesser of:

(1) 50 percent of the tax shown on the return of the corporation for the preceding year; or

(2) 60 percent of the actual liability for the calendar year. The addition to tax under this subdivision shall reduce any addition to tax imposed under subdivision 4 but not to less than zero.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 295.39, is amended to read:

295.39 [REPORTS FILED BY TRUST COMPANIES WITH COMMISSIONER OF REVENUE COUNTY TREASURER.]

It shall be the duty of every trust company which is required to pay a tax of six percent of its gross earnings in lieu of taxes and assessments upon its capital stock and personal property pursuant to the provisions of section 295.37, on or before the first day of February, in each year, to make and file with the commissioner of revenue county treasurer of the county in which the trust has its principal place of business a report covering the preceding calendar year, verified by the oath of an officer of such company, setting forth

correctly the full amount of the gross earnings of such company during the preceding calendar year, and such other and further information as the ~~commissioner of revenue~~ county treasurer may require.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 295.40, is amended to read:

295.40 [TAX DETERMINED.]

Upon receipt of such report the ~~commissioner of revenue~~ county treasurer shall determine therefrom and from such other information as the ~~commissioner~~ treasurer may possess or obtain the amount of tax due from such company; and, on or before the 15th day of February, the ~~commissioner of revenue~~ county treasurer shall certify the amount of the taxes found and determined to be due from such company to the treasurer of the county in which such ~~trust~~ company has its principal place of business.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 295.41, is amended to read:

295.41 [FAILURE TO REPORT; PENALTY.]

If any company subject to sections 295.39 to 295.43 shall fail to make the report provided for in section 295.39, at the time and in the manner therein provided, there shall be added to the tax found and determined by the ~~commissioner of revenue~~ county treasurer to be due from such company a penalty equal to ten percent of the tax imposed, which shall be treated as a part thereof.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 295.43, is amended to read:

295.43 [LIEN OF TAX.]

Gross earnings taxes imposed under and pursuant to the provisions of section 295.37, which become delinquent, shall be a lien upon all of the property of the company owning the same, and shall be collected at the same time and in the same manner that delinquent ~~personal~~ property taxes are collected.

Sec. 10. Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 14, article 3, section 18, is amended to read:

Sec. 18. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Section 3 and section 4, paragraph (d), are effective beginning with taxes assessed in ~~1987~~ 1989 and payable in ~~1988~~ 1990 and thereafter. Sections 2, 4, paragraph (c), 5 to 12, and 14 are effective

beginning with taxes assessed in 1985 and payable in 1986 and thereafter. Sections 15 and 16 are effective the day after final enactment. The change in the classification ratio for employment property in section 9 does not modify the required amount of local contribution for enterprise zones, approved prior to enactment of this act, that provide local contributions in lieu of the employment classification for projects already approved.

Sec. 11. [REPEALER.]

(a) Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 14, article 14, section 3, is repealed.

(b) Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 295.32; 295.33; 295.34; 295.36; 295.365; and 295.366, are repealed.

Sec. 12. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1 to 3 and 6 to 11, paragraph (a), are effective for all tax years after December 31, 1986. Section 11, paragraph (b), is effective beginning calendar year 1992.

ARTICLE 12

LIQUOR TAX

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297C.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DISTILLED SPIRITS AND WINE.] There is imposed on all distilled spirits and wine manufactured, imported, sold, or possessed in this state the following excise tax:

	Standard	Metric
(a) Distilled spirits, liqueurs, cordials, and specialties regardless of alcohol content (excluding ethyl alcohol)	<del>\$4.39</del> per gallon <u>\$5.03</u>	<del>\$1.16</del> per liter <u>\$1.33</u>
(b) Wine containing 14 percent or less alcohol by volume	\$ .27 per gallon <u>\$ .30</u>	\$ .07 per liter <u>\$ .08</u>

(c) Wine containing more than 14 percent but not more than 21 percent alcohol by volume	\$ <u>.79</u> per gallon \$ <u>.95</u>	\$ <u>.21</u> per liter \$ <u>.25</u>
(d) Wine containing more than 21 percent but not more than 24 percent alcohol by volume	\$ <u>1.58</u> per gallon \$ <u>1.82</u>	\$ <u>.42</u> per liter \$ <u>.48</u>
(e) Wine containing more than 24 percent alcohol by volume	\$ <u>3.08</u> per gallon \$ <u>3.52</u>	\$ <u>.81</u> per liter \$ <u>.93</u>
(f) Natural and artificial sparkling wines containing alcohol	\$ <u>1.50</u> per gallon \$ <u>1.82</u>	\$ <u>.40</u> per liter \$ <u>.48</u>

The metric tax is imposed on all products taxable under this subdivision when the net contents are stated in metric units of measure.

In computing the tax on a package of distilled spirits or wine a proportional tax at a like rate on all fractional parts of a gallon or liter must be paid, except that the tax on a fractional part of a gallon less than 1/16 of a gallon is the same as for 1/16 of a gallon.

The tax on miniatures of two fluid ounces or less or 50 milliliters or less is ~~12~~ 14 cents.

The commissioner of revenue may establish by rule a date and procedure for the conversion of excise tax computation and reporting from rates expressed in gallons to rates expressed in metric volumes. The official conversion factor is one liter equals 0.264172 United States gallons.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297C.02, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [FERMENTED MALT BEVERAGES.] There is imposed on the direct or indirect sale of fermented malt beverages the following excise tax:

(1) On fermented malt beverages containing not more than 3.2 percent alcohol by weight, \$2 \$2.40 per barrel of 31 gallons;

(2) On fermented malt beverages containing more than 3.2 percent alcohol by weight, \$4 \$4.60 per barrel of 31 gallons.

The tax is at a proportional rate for fractions of a barrel of 31 gallons.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297C.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [MANNER AND TIME OF PAYMENT; PENALTIES; DEPOSIT OF TAX PROCEEDS.] The tax on wines and distilled spirits on which the excise tax has not been previously paid must be paid to the commissioner by persons having on file with the commissioner a sufficient bond as provided in subdivision 4 on or before the 25th 18th day of the month following the month in which the first sale is made in this state by a licensed manufacturer or wholesaler. Every person liable for the tax on wines or distilled spirits imposed by section 297C.02 must file with the commissioner on or before the 25th 18th day of the month following first sale in this state by a licensed manufacturer or wholesaler a return in the form prescribed by ~~rule~~ of the commissioner, and must keep records and render reports required by ~~rule~~ of the commissioner. A person liable for any tax on wines or distilled spirits not having on file a sufficient bond must pay the tax within 24 hours after first sale in this state. The commissioner may certify to the commissioner of public safety any failure to pay taxes when due as a violation of a statute relating to the sale of intoxicating liquor for possible revocation or suspension of license.

If a person fails to pay the tax within the time specified or within 30 days after final determination of an appeal to the Minnesota tax court relating thereto, there is added a penalty equal to ten percent of the remaining unpaid amount. The penalty must be collected as part of the tax. The amount of tax not timely paid, together with the penalty, must bear interest at the rate specified in section 270.75 from the time the tax should have been paid until it is paid.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297C.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4a. [CERTIFIED CHECK.] In lieu of the bond required in subdivision 4, a certified check may be filed with the commissioner. The check must be payable to the commissioner in an amount to be established by the commissioner or the commissioner's designee but not to exceed twice the average monthly liability of the taxpayer. The department of revenue shall not pay interest on funds encumbered by the check.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297C.04, is amended to read:

## 297C.04 [PAYMENT OF TAX; MALT LIQUOR.]

The commissioner shall may by rule provide a reporting method for paying and collecting the excise tax on fermented malt beverages. The rules must require reports to be filed with and the excise tax to be paid to the commissioner on or before the ~~25th~~ 18th day of the month following the month in which the importation into or the first sale is made in this state, whichever first occurs. The rules must also require payments in June of 1987 and subsequent years according to the provisions of section 297C.05, subdivision 2, ~~paragraph (b)~~. If the excise tax is not paid when due, the amount due is increased by a penalty of ten percent thereof, and interest on the tax and penalty at an annual rate of 20 percent, adjusted as provided in section 270.75, from the date the tax became due until paid.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297C.05, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [~~MONTHLY ACCELERATED TAX PAYMENTS; PENALTY FOR NONPAYMENT PAYMENT.~~] (a) Subject to paragraph (b), all taxes shall be due and payable as directed in this chapter, and taxes not paid shall bear interest at the rate specified in section 270.75. The commissioner in issuing a final assessment shall add to the amount of tax found due and unpaid a penalty of ten percent thereof, except that, if the commissioner finds that the taxpayer has made a false and fraudulent return with intent to evade the tax imposed by this chapter, the penalty shall be 25 percent of the entire tax as shown by the corrected return. If the tax is not paid within the time herein specified for the payment thereof or within 30 days after final determination of an appeal to the Minnesota tax court relating thereto, there shall be added thereto a specific penalty equal to ten percent of the amount so remaining unpaid, but in no event shall the penalty for failure to pay the tax within the time provided for payment be less than \$10. The commissioner may extend the time for paying the tax without penalty for good cause shown.

(b) Every person liable for tax under this chapter having a liability of \$1,500 or more in May 1987 or in May of each subsequent year, shall remit the June liability in the manner required by this section.

On or before June 25 18, 1987, or June 25 18 of each subsequent year, the taxpayer shall remit the actual May liability and one-half of the estimated June liability to the commissioner and file the return on a form prescribed by the commissioner.

On or before August 25 18, 1987, or August 25 18 of each subsequent year, the taxpayer shall submit a return showing the actual June liability and paying any additional amount of tax not remitted in June. A penalty is hereby imposed equal to ten percent of the amount of June liability required to be paid in June less the

amount remitted in June. However, the penalty shall not be imposed if the amount remitted in June equals the lesser of (a) 45 percent of the actual June liability, or (b) 50 percent of the preceding May's liability.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297C.06, is amended to read:

297C.06 [REFUNDS.]

Subdivision 1. [PRODUCTS DESTROYED.] The commissioner may refund to a taxpayer the amount of tax paid under this chapter on intoxicating liquor or malt liquor which becomes unfit for human consumption and is destroyed under an order by a federal, state, or local agency while being held for sale by a licensed retailer. Any destruction must meet the requirements of the environmental laws of this state.

Subd. 2. [BAD DEBTS.] The commissioner may adopt rules providing a refund of the tax paid under this chapter on intoxicating liquor or wine if the tax paid qualifies as a bad debt under section 166(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986.

Subd. 3. [PROOF OF LOSS.] Refunds shall be made only if satisfactory proof is presented to the commissioner by the taxpayer and the licensed retailer that the retailer was not indemnified by insurance for the tax. The commissioner may prescribe the method of proof required for obtaining the refund.

The commissioner may refund to a taxpayer the amount of tax paid under this chapter for the breakage of inventory not subject to reimbursement from any insurance proceeds. The method of proof for obtaining the refund will be prescribed by the commissioner.

The commissioner may refund any overpayment of tax imposed under section 297C.02 provided that the claim for refund is filed within three years from the due date of the return for which the refund is claimed. The refund of tax shall be paid out of the general fund and amounts necessary to pay the refunds are appropriated out of the general fund.

Subd. 4. [CREDIT AGAINST TAX.] The commissioner may credit the amount determined under this section against taxes otherwise payable under this chapter by the taxpayer.

Subd. 5. [CLAIMS; TIME LIMIT.] Claims for refund must be filed with the commissioner (1) for refunds under subdivision 1 within one year from the date of the breakage or the destruction order; and

(2) for refunds under subdivision 2, within two years of the date the product is sold to the retailer.

Subd. 6. [ANNUAL APPROPRIATION.] There is appropriated annually from the general fund to the commissioner the sums necessary to make the refunds provided by this section.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297C.09, is amended to read:

297C.09 [IMPORTATION BY INDIVIDUALS.]

A person, other than a person under the age of ~~19~~ 21 years, entering Minnesota from another state may have in possession one liter of intoxicating liquor or 288 ounces of malt liquor and a person entering Minnesota from a foreign country may have in possession four liters of intoxicating liquor or ten quarts (320 ounces) of malt liquor without the required payment of the Minnesota excise tax. A collector of commemorative bottles, other than a person under the age of ~~19~~ 21 years, entering Minnesota from another state may have in possession 12 or fewer commemorative bottles without the required payment of the Minnesota excise tax. A person who imports or has in possession untaxed intoxicating liquor or malt liquor in excess of the quantities provided for in this section is guilty of a misdemeanor. This section does not apply to the consignments of alcoholic beverages shipped into this state by holders of Minnesota import licenses or Minnesota manufacturers and wholesalers when licensed by the commissioner of public safety or to common carriers with licenses to sell intoxicating liquor in more than one state. A peace officer, the commissioner, or their authorized agents, may seize untaxed liquor.

Sec. 9. [297C.14] [PENALTIES.]

Subdivision 1. [PENALTY ON UNPAID TAX.] If a tax imposed by this chapter, or any part of it, is not paid within the time required for the payment, or an extension of time, or within 30 days after final determination of an appeal to the tax court relating to it if the taxpayer is not required to pay the amount in dispute pending appeal under section 271.061, there shall be added to the tax a penalty equal to three percent of the amount remaining unpaid if the failure is for not more than 30 days, with an additional penalty of three percent of the amount of tax remaining unpaid during each additional 30 days or fraction thereof, not exceeding 24 percent in the aggregate.

Subd. 2. [PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO FILE.] If a person fails to make and file a return within the time required by this chapter or an extension of time, there shall be added to the tax three percent of the amount of tax not paid on or before the date prescribed for payment of the tax if the failure is for not more than 30 days, with an



additional five percent of the amount of tax remaining unpaid for each additional 30 days or fraction thereof during which such failure continues, not exceeding 23 percent in the aggregate. The amount so added to any tax under subdivisions 1 and 2 shall be collected at the same time and in the same manner and as a part of the tax and shall bear interest at the rate specified in section 270.75 from the time the tax should have been paid, unless the tax has been paid before the discovery of the negligence, in which case the amount so added shall be collected in the same manner as the tax.

In the case of a failure to file a return within 60 days of the date prescribed for filing of the return (determined with regard to any extension of time for filing), the addition to tax under this subdivision shall not be less than the lesser of (i) \$200; or (ii) the greater of (a) 25 percent of the amount required to be shown as tax on the return without reduction for any payments made or refundable credits allowable against the tax; or (b) \$50.

Subd. 3. [COMBINED PENALTIES.] Where penalties are imposed under subdivisions 1 and 2, the penalties imposed under both subdivisions combined, other than the minimum penalty under subdivision 2, shall not exceed 38 percent in the aggregate.

Subd. 4. [WILLFUL FAILURE; FRAUD.] If a person willfully fails to file a return or make a payment required by this chapter, or willfully files a false or fraudulent return, or willfully attempts in any manner to evade or defeat the tax or payment of it, there shall also be imposed a penalty in an amount equal to 50 percent of the tax (less any amounts paid on the basis of such false or fraudulent return) found due for the period to which the return related. The penalty imposed by this subdivision shall be collected as part of the tax and is in addition to any other penalties, civil and criminal, provided by this section.

Subd. 5. [ORDER PAYMENTS CREDITED.] All payments received may, in the discretion of the commissioner of revenue, be credited first to the oldest liability not secured by a judgment or lien, but in all cases shall be credited first to penalties, next to interest, and then to the tax due.

Subd. 6. [INTEREST.] The amount of tax not timely paid, together with any penalty imposed by this chapter, shall bear interest at the rate specified in section 270.75 from the time such tax should have been paid until paid. Any interest and penalty shall be added to the tax and collected as a part of it.

Subd. 7. [NEGLIGENCE; INTENTIONAL DISREGARD OF LAW OR RULES.] If any part of any additional assessment is due to negligence or intentional disregard of the provisions of this chapter or rules of the commissioner of revenue (but without intent to defraud), there shall be added to the tax an amount equal to ten

percent of the additional assessment. The amount of tax together with this penalty shall bear interest at the rate specified in section 270.75 from the time the tax should have been paid until paid.

Subd. 8. [FAILURE TO FILE INFORMATIONAL RETURNS.] Any person required to file informational returns or reports that fails to do so by the time period established by law, will be assessed a \$25 penalty for each month the return remains unfiled.

**Sec. 10. [297C.16] [PERSONAL DEBT; LIEN.]**

The tax imposed by this chapter, and interest and penalties imposed with respect to it, shall be a personal debt of the person required to file a return from the time the liability for it arises, irrespective of when the time for payment of the liability occurs. The debt shall, in the case of the executor or administrator of the estate of a decedent and in the case of any fiduciary, be that of the person in the person's official or fiduciary capacity only, unless the person has voluntarily distributed the assets held in that capacity without reserving sufficient assets to pay the tax, interest, and penalties. Then the person shall be personally liable for the deficiency.

**Sec. 11. [REPEALER.]**

Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 297C.03, subdivisions 2 and 3, and 297C.05, subdivision 4, are repealed.

**Sec. 12. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]**

Sections 1 to 11 are effective June 1, 1987.

**ARTICLE 13**

**CIGARETTE TAX AND SALES**

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.01, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. "Cigarette" means any roll for smoking made wholly or in part of tobacco, and encased in any irrespective of size and shape and whether or not the tobacco is flavored, adulterated, or mixed with any other ingredient, the wrapper or cover of which is made of paper or any other substance or material except tobacco.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.01, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. "Person" means any individual, firm, trade association, company, partnership, joint stock company, joint adventure, corporation, trustee club, syndicate, agency, or receiver, or any legal representative of any of the foregoing engaged in the sale of cigarettes.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.01, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. "Distributor" means any and each of the following:

(1) Any person engaged in the business of selling cigarettes in this state who brings, or causes to be brought, into this state from without the state any packages of cigarettes for sale;

(2) Any person who makes, manufactures, or fabricates cigarettes in this state for sale in this state;

(3) Any person engaged in the business without this state who ships or transports cigarettes to retailers in this state, to be sold by those retailers;

(4) Any person who engages in this state in the business of selling packages of cigarettes which the person purchases unstamped from a licensee under sections 297.01 to 297.13. Any person who is on direct purchase from a cigarette manufacturer and applies cigarette stamps or indicia on at least 50 percent of cigarettes sold by that person.

A distributor who also sells at retail must maintain a separate inventory, substantiated with invoices for cigarettes that were acquired for retail sale.

A distributor may transfer another state's stamped cigarettes to another distributor for the purpose of resale in the other state.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.01, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. "Retailer" means any person engaged in this state in the business of selling cigarettes to ultimate consumers, or offering to sell, cigarettes at retail.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.01, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

Subd. 14. "Subjobber" means any person who buys acquires stamped cigarettes and sells them to persons other than ultimate consumers for the primary purpose of resale to retailers, and any licensed distributor who delivers to and sells or distributes stamped

cigarettes from a place of business other than that licensed in the distributor's license. The definition of subjobber does not include the occasional sale of stamped cigarettes from one retailer to another. Notwithstanding the foregoing, "subjobber" shall also mean any person who is a vending machine operator. A vending machine operator is any person whose principal business is operating, or owning and leasing to operators, machines for the vending of merchandise or service.

For the purpose of this section, any subjobber that sells at retail must maintain a separate inventory, substantiated with invoices, that reflect the cigarettes were acquired for retail sale.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [RATES.] A tax is hereby imposed upon the sale of cigarettes in this state or having cigarettes in possession in this state with intent to sell and upon any person engaged in business as a distributor thereof, at the following rates, subject to the discount provided in section 297.03:

(1) On cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds per thousand, ~~19.5~~ 19 mills ~~minus the tax, not more than eight mills, imposed by United States Code, title 26, section 5701, as amended,~~ on each such cigarette;

(2) On cigarettes weighing more than three pounds per thousand, ~~39.8~~ 38 mills ~~minus the tax, not more than 16.8 mills, imposed by United States Code, title 26, section 5701, as amended,~~ on each such cigarette.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.02, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [SALES BY STATE.] The state of Minnesota or any of its agencies, instrumentalities, or governmental subdivisions ~~except institutions under the control and management of the commissioner of corrections~~ shall be subject to the tax imposed by this chapter on all cigarettes sold, in the same manner as distributors, if such unit is engaged in the purchase and sale of cigarettes.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [STAMP PUT ON BY DISTRIBUTOR; ~~EXCEPTION:~~] Except as otherwise provided in this section payment of the tax imposed by section 297.02 shall be evidenced by stamps affixed to each package. Before delivering, or causing to be delivered, any package to any person in this state, ~~other than a licensed distributor,~~

every distributor shall firmly affix to each package of cigarettes stamps in amounts equal to the tax on those cigarettes as provided for in section 297.02.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.03, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [SALE OF STAMPS.] (a) ~~Except as provided in paragraph (b),~~ The commissioner shall sell stamps to any person licensed as a distributor at a discount of ~~two~~ 1.25 percent from the face amount of the stamps for the first ~~\$1,000,000~~ \$1,500,000 of such stamps purchased in any fiscal year; and at a discount of ~~1.25~~ .75 percent on the remainder of such stamps purchased in any fiscal year. The commissioner shall not sell stamps to any other person.

~~(b) If the tax exceeds 12.5 mills a cigarette, the discount is 1.5 percent from the face amount of the stamps for the first \$1,000,000 of the stamps purchased in a fiscal year and one percent for additional stamps purchased during the fiscal year. The commissioner may prescribe the method of shipment of the stamps to the distributor as well as the quantities of stamps purchased.~~

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.03, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [TAX METER MACHINES.] (1) Before January 1, 1989 1990, the commissioner may authorize any person licensed as a distributor to stamp packages with a tax meter machine, approved by the commissioner, which shall be provided by the distributor. The commissioner may provide for the use of such a machine by the distributor, supervise and check its operation, provide for the payment of the tax on any package so stamped, subject to the discount provided in subdivision 5, and in that connection require the furnishing of a corporate surety bond, check guarantee bond, or certified check in a suitable amount to guarantee the payment of the tax.

(2) Before January 1, 1989 1990, the commissioner may authorize, and after December 31, 1988 1989, the commissioner shall require any person licensed as a distributor to stamp packages with a heat-applied tax stamping machine, approved by the commissioner, which shall be provided by the distributor. The commissioner shall supervise and check the operation of the machines and shall provide for the payment of the tax on any package so stamped, subject to the discount provided in subdivision 5. The commissioner may sell heat-applied stamps on a credit basis under conditions prescribed by the commissioner, and in that connection require the furnishing of a corporate surety bond, check guarantee bond, or certified check in an amount suitable to guarantee payment of the tax stamps so purchased by a distributor. The stamps shall be sold by the commissioner at a price which includes the tax after giving effect to the

discount provided in subdivision 5. The commissioner shall recover the actual costs of the stamps from the distributor.

(3) If the commissioner finds that a stamping machine is not printing or affixing a legible stamp on the package, the commissioner may order the distributor to immediately cease the stamping process until the machine is functioning properly.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [DISTRIBUTOR'S APPLICATION; FEE, BOND; CERTIFIED CHECK; SUBJOBBER'S LICENSE.] (a) Except as otherwise provided in ~~clause~~ paragraph (b), each application for a distributor's license shall be accompanied by a fee of \$150 and a corporate surety bond issued by a surety licensed to do business in this state in the sum of \$1,000, conditioned upon the true and faithful compliance by the licensee with all of the provisions of this act. This bond, or a reissue thereof, or a substitute therefor, shall be kept in full force and effect during the entire period covered by the license. A separate application for license shall be made for each place of business at which a distributor proposes to engage in business as such under sections 297.01 to 297.13, provided that a separate application for a subjobber's license may be made by a licensed distributor for each place of business (other than that licensed in the distributor's license) to which the distributor delivers and from which the distributor sells or distributes stamped cigarettes.

Each application for a subjobber's license shall be accompanied by a fee of \$12.

A distributor or subjobber applying for a license between July 1 and December 31 of any year shall be required to pay only one-half of the license fee provided for herein.

(b) Each application for a distributor's license for the period beginning July 1, 1971 shall be accompanied by a fee of \$75 and the corporate surety bond prescribed by clause (a). Each application for a subjobber's license for the period beginning July 1, 1971 shall be accompanied by a fee of \$6. Each license issued for the period beginning July 1, 1971 shall expire on December 31, 1971. In lieu of the bond required in paragraph (a), a certified check made payable to the commissioner may be filed with the commissioner. The department of revenue shall not pay interest on funds encumbered by the check.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.04, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [EXPIRATION.] Each license issued for any period subsequent to ~~June 30, 1971~~, shall expire on December 31 following

its date of issue unless sooner revoked by the commissioner or unless the business with respect to which the license was issued is transferred. In either case the holder of the license shall immediately surrender it to the commissioner.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.04, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. [REVOICATION.] The commissioner may revoke, cancel, or suspend the license or licenses of any distributor or subjobber for violation of sections 297.01 to 297.13, or any other act applicable to the sale of cigarettes, or any rule promulgated by the commissioner, and may also revoke any such license or licenses of any distributor or subjobber for the violation of sections 297.31 to 297.39, or any other act applicable to the sale of tobacco products, or any rule promulgated by the commissioner in furtherance of sections 297.31 to 297.39. The commissioner may revoke, cancel, or suspend the license or licenses of any distributor or subjobber for violation of sections 325D.31 to 325D.42.

No license shall be revoked, canceled, or suspended except after notice and a hearing by the commissioner as provided in section 297.09.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.07, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [MONTHLY RETURN FILED WITH COMMISSIONER.] On or before the 25<sup>th</sup> 18<sup>th</sup> day of each calendar month every distributor with a place of business in this state shall file a return with the commissioner showing the quantity of cigarettes manufactured or brought in from without the state or purchased during the preceding calendar month and the quantity of cigarettes sold or otherwise disposed of in this state and outside this state during that month. Every licensed distributor outside this state shall in like manner file a return showing the quantity of cigarettes shipped or transported into this state during the preceding calendar month. Returns shall be made upon forms furnished and prescribed by the commissioner and shall contain such other information as the commissioner may require. The return shall be accompanied by a remittance for the full unpaid tax liability shown by it.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.07, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [DEALER MAY PROTEST; HEARING.] If, within 20 30 days after mailing of notice of the proposed assessment, the distributor or a legal representative shall file a protest to said proposed assessment and request a hearing thereon, the commissioner shall give notice to that distributor or legal representative of the time and place fixed for the hearing, shall hold a hearing in conformity with

the provisions of sections 297.01 to 297.13, and pursuant thereto shall issue a final assessment to the distributor or legal representative for the amount found to be due as a result of the hearing. This hearing shall be held within 45 days after filing of the protest. If a protest is not filed within the time herein prescribed, the commissioner shall issue a final assessment to the distributor or legal representative, as such. Any tax due and owing after a final assessment order has been issued to the distributor or legal representative of such distributor shall be paid within 60 days. The tax due must be paid within 60 days after the mailing date of the assessment notice.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.07, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [MONTHLY ACCELERATED TAX PAYMENTS; PENALTY FOR NONPAYMENT PAYMENT.] (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), all taxes shall be due and payable not later than the twenty-fifth day of the month following the calendar month in which they were incurred, and thereafter shall bear interest at the rate specified in section 270.75. The commissioner in issuing the final assessment pursuant to subdivision 3 shall add to the amount of tax found due and unpaid a penalty of ten percent thereof, except that, on finding that the distributor has made a false and fraudulent return with intent to evade the tax imposed by sections 297.01 to 297.13, the penalty shall be 25 percent of the entire tax as shown by the corrected return. If any such tax is not paid within the time herein specified for the payment thereof or within 30 days after final determination of an appeal to the Minnesota tax court relating thereto, there shall be added thereto a specific penalty equal to ten percent of the amount so remaining unpaid, but in no event shall the penalty for failure to pay such tax within the time provided for such payment be less than \$10. The commissioner is authorized to extend the time for paying such tax without penalty for good cause shown.

(b) Every distributor having a liability of \$1,500 or more in May 1987 or in May of each subsequent year, shall remit the June liability in the manner required by this section.

On or before June 25 18, 1987, or June 25 18 of each subsequent year, the distributor shall remit the actual May liability and one-half of the estimated June liability to the commissioner and file the return on a form prescribed by the commissioner.

On or before August 25 July 18, 1987, or August 25 July 18 of each subsequent year, the distributor shall submit a return showing the actual June liability and paying any additional amount of tax not remitted in June. A penalty is imposed equal to ten percent of the amount of June liability required to be paid in June less the amount remitted in June. However, the penalty shall not be imposed if the amount remitted in June equals the lesser of (a) 45 percent of the



actual June liability, or (b) 50 percent of the preceding May's liability.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.07, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. ~~[RECOVERY BY COMMISSIONER OFFSET.] The commissioner may recover the amount of any tax due and unpaid, interest, and any penalty in a civil action. The collection of such a tax, interest, or penalty shall not be a bar to any prosecution under sections 297.01 to 297.13~~ Upon audit, if a distributor's return reflects an overpayment, the overpayment may only be offset against an additional tax liability for the month immediately preceding or immediately after the month of overpayment.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.11, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. ~~[PACKAGES STAMPED, EXCEPTION.] No distributor shall sell a package of cigarettes not stamped in accordance with the provisions of sections 297.01 to 297.13, except when the sale is made by the distributor to another distributor licensed under sections 297.01 to 297.13 or when the sale is made under such circumstances that the tax imposed by sections 297.01 to 297.13 may not legally be levied because of the constitution or laws of the United States.~~

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.11, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. ~~[TRANSPORTING UNSTAMPED PACKAGES.] No person shall transport into, or receive, carry, or move from place to place in this state, any packages of cigarettes not stamped in accordance with the provisions of this act except in the course of interstate commerce, unless the cigarettes are moving from a public warehouse to a distributor upon orders from the manufacturer or distributor or from one distributor to another. This subdivision shall not apply to a person carrying for personal use not more than 200 cigarettes when those cigarettes have had the individual packages or seals thereof broken and are intended for personal use by that person and not to be sold or offered for sale.~~

Common carriers transporting cigarettes into this state shall file with the commissioner reports of all such shipments other than those which are delivered to public warehouses of first destination in this state which are licensed under the provisions of chapter 231. Such reports shall be filed monthly on or before the 10th day of each month and shall show with respect to deliveries made in the preceding month: the date, point of origin, point of delivery, name of consignee, the quantity of cigarettes delivered and such other information as the commissioner may require.

All common carriers transporting cigarettes into Minnesota shall permit examination by the commissioner of their records relating to the shipment of cigarettes.

Any person who fails or refuses to transmit to the commissioner the required reports or whoever refuses to permit the examination of the records by the commissioner shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.13, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [CIGARETTE TAX APPORTIONMENT.] Revenues received from taxes, penalties and interest under sections 297.01 to 297.13 and from license fees and miscellaneous sources of revenue shall be deposited by the commissioner of revenue in a separate and special fund, designated as the tobacco tax revenue fund, in the state treasury and credited as follows:

(a) first to the general obligation special tax bond debt service account in each fiscal year the amount required to increase the balance on hand in the account on each December 1 to an amount equal to the full amount of principal and interest to come due on all outstanding bonds whose debt service is payable primarily from the proceeds of the tax to and including the second following July 1; and

(b) after the requirements of paragraph (a) of this subdivision have been met:

(1) the revenue produced by one mill of the tax on cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds a thousand and two mills of the tax on cigarettes weighing more than three pounds a thousand must be credited to a Minnesota resources fund for purposes of natural resources acceleration as provided in chapter 86;

(2) the revenue produced by two mills of the tax on cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds a thousand and four mills of the tax on cigarettes weighing more than three pounds a thousand must be credited to the Minnesota state water pollution control fund created in section 116.16, provided that, if the tax on cigarettes imposed by United States Code, title 26, section 5701, as amended, is reduced after June 1, 1985, an additional one mill of the tax on cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds a thousand and two mills of the tax on cigarettes weighing more than three pounds a thousand must be credited to the Minnesota state water pollution control fund created in section 116.16 less any amount credited to the general obligation special tax debt service account under paragraph (a), with respect to bonds issued for the prevention, control, and abatement of water pollution;

(3) the revenue produced by ~~one-half~~ one mill of the tax on cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds a thousand and ~~one~~

~~mill~~ two mills of the tax on cigarettes weighing more than three pounds a thousand must be credited to a public health fund, provided that if the tax on cigarettes imposed by United States Code, title 26, section 5701, as amended, is reduced after June 1, 1985, an additional two-tenths of one mill of the tax on cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds a thousand and an additional four-tenths of one mill of the tax on cigarettes weighing more than three pounds a thousand must be credited to the public health fund;

(4) the balance of the revenues derived from taxes, penalties, and interest under sections 297.01 to 297.13 and from license fees and miscellaneous sources of revenue shall be credited to the general fund.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.23, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. On or before the ~~25th~~ 18th day of each calendar month, every consumer who during the preceding calendar month has acquired title to or possession of cigarettes for use or storage in this state, upon which cigarettes the tax imposed by sections 297.01 to 297.13 has not been paid, shall file a return with the commissioner showing the quantity of cigarettes so acquired. The return shall be made upon a form furnished and prescribed by the commissioner, and shall contain such other information as the commissioner may require. The return shall be accompanied by a remittance for the full unpaid tax liability shown by it.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.26, is amended to read:

#### 297.26 [REVENUE DISTRIBUTION.]

All revenues derived from taxes, penalties and interest under sections 297.21 to 297.26 shall be deposited by the commissioner in the ~~general tobacco tax revenue fund~~ and disposed of in the same manner as provided by section 297.13 for revenues received under sections 297.01 to 297.13.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.31, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. (a) "Tobacco products" means cigars; little cigars as defined herein; cheroots; stogies; periques; granulated, plug cut, crimp cut, ready rubbed, and other smoking tobacco; snuff; snuff flour; cavendish; plug and twist tobacco; fine-cut and other chewing tobaccos; shorts; refuse scraps, clippings, cuttings and sweepings of tobacco, and other kinds and forms of tobacco, prepared in such manner as to be suitable for chewing or smoking in a pipe or otherwise, or both for chewing and smoking; but shall not include cigarettes as defined in section 297.01, subdivision 2.

(b) "Little cigar" means any roll for smoking, made wholly or in part of tobacco, which has a factory list price not exceeding \$12 per thousand, irrespective of size or shape and irrespective of whether the tobacco is flavored, adulterated or mixed with any other ingredient, where such roll has a wrapper or cover made wholly or in part of tobacco, and where such roll weighs not more than three pounds per thousand.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.31, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. "Person" means any individual, firm, trade association, company, partnership, joint stock company, joint adventure, corporation, trustee, club, syndicate, agency, or receiver, or any legal representative of any of the foregoing engaged in the sale of tobacco.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.31, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. "Retailer" means any person engaged in this state in the business of selling tobacco products to ultimate consumers, or offering to sell, tobacco at retail.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.32, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. A tax is hereby imposed upon all tobacco products in this state and upon any person engaged in business as a distributor thereof, at the rate of ~~25~~ 35 percent of the wholesale sales price of such tobacco products except little cigars as defined in section 297.31, subdivision 2, clause (b). Little cigars shall be subject to the same rate of tax imposed on cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds per thousand subject to the discount provided in section 297.35, subdivision 1. Such tax shall be imposed at the time the distributor (1) brings, or causes to be brought, into this state from without the state tobacco products for sale; (2) makes, manufactures, or fabricates tobacco products in this state for sale in this state; or (3) ships or transports tobacco products to retailers in this state, to be sold by those retailers.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.32, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. A tax is hereby imposed upon the use or storage by consumers of tobacco products in this state, and upon such consumers, at the rate of ~~25~~ 35 percent of the cost of such tobacco products, except little cigars as defined in section 297.31, subdivision 2, clause (b). Little cigars shall be subject to the same rate of tax imposed on cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds per thousand.

The tax imposed by this subdivision shall not apply if the tax imposed by subdivision 1 on such tobacco products has been paid.

This tax shall not apply to the use or storage of tobacco products in quantities of:

1. not more than 50 cigars;
2. not more than ten oz. snuff or snuff powder;
3. not more than one lb. smoking or chewing tobacco or other tobacco products not specifically mentioned herein, in the possession of any one consumer.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.32, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. The state of Minnesota or any of its agencies, instrumentalities, or governmental subdivisions ~~except institutions under the control and management of the commissioner of corrections~~ shall be subject to the tax imposed by sections 297.32 to 297.39 in the same manner as distributors, if such unit is engaged in the purchase and sale of tobacco products.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.33, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. (a) Except as otherwise provided in ~~clause~~ paragraph (b), each application for a distributor's license shall be accompanied by a fee of \$37.50. The application shall also be accompanied by a corporate surety bond issued by a surety licensed to do business in this state, in the sum of \$1,000, conditioned upon the true and faithful compliance by the distributor with all the provisions of sections 297.31 to 297.39 and the payment when due of all taxes, penalties and accrued interest arising in the ordinary course of business or by reason of any delinquent money which may be due the state of Minnesota. This bond shall be in a form to be fixed by the commissioner and approved by the attorney general. Whenever it is the opinion of the commissioner that the bond given by a licensee is inadequate in amount to fully protect the state, the commissioner shall require either an increase in the amount of said bond or additional bond, in such amount as the commissioner deems sufficient. Any bond required by this subdivision, or a reissue thereof, or a substitute therefor, shall be kept in full force and effect during the entire period covered by the license.

A separate application for license shall be made for each place of business at which a distributor proposes to engage in business as such under sections 297.31 to 297.39. A separate application for a subjobber's license may be made by a licensed distributor for each

place of business, other than that licensed in the distributor's license, to which the distributor sells or distributes tobacco products upon which the tax imposed by this chapter has been imposed to other than the ultimate consumer.

(b) Each application for a distributor's license for the period beginning July 1, 1971 shall be accompanied by a fee of \$18.75 and the corporate surety bond prescribed by clause (a) of this subdivision. Each license issued for the period beginning July 1, 1971 shall expire on December 31, 1971. In lieu of the bond required in paragraph (a), a certified check may be filed with the commissioner. The check must be made payable to the commissioner and in an amount to be established by the commissioner or the commissioner's designee but not less than twice the average monthly liability of the taxpayer. The department of revenue shall pay no interest on funds encumbered by the check.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.33, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. (a) Except as otherwise provided in clause (b), Each application for a subjobber's license shall be accompanied by a fee of \$10.

(b) Each application for a subjobber's license for the period beginning July 1, 1971 shall be accompanied by a fee of \$5. Each license issued for the period beginning July 1, 1971 shall expire on December 31, 1971. All licenses expire on December 31 of the year they were issued.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.35, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. On or before the ~~twenty-fifth~~ 18th day of each calendar month every distributor with a place of business in this state shall file a return with the commissioner showing the quantity and wholesale sales price of each tobacco product (1) brought, or caused to be brought, into this state for sale; and (2) made, manufactured or fabricated in this state for sale in this state, during the preceding calendar month. Every licensed distributor outside this state shall in like manner file a return showing the quantity and wholesale sales price of each tobacco product shipped or transported to retailers in this state to be sold by those retailers, during the preceding calendar month. Returns shall be made upon forms furnished and prescribed by the commissioner and shall contain such other information as the commissioner may require. Each return shall be accompanied by a remittance for the full tax liability shown therein, less ~~two~~ 1.5 percent of such liability as compensation to reimburse the distributor for expenses incurred in the administration of sections 297.31 to 297.39.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.35, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. If, within 20 30 days after mailing of notice of the proposed assessment, the taxpayer or a legal representative shall file a protest to said proposed assessment and request a hearing thereon, the commissioner shall give notice to that taxpayer or legal representative of the time and place fixed for the hearing, shall hold a hearing on such protest, and shall issue a final assessment to the taxpayer or legal representative for the amount found to be due as a result of the hearing. This hearing shall be held within 45 days after filing of the protest. If a protest is not filed within the time herein prescribed, the commissioner shall issue a final assessment to the taxpayer or legal representative, as such. Any tax due and owing after a final an assessment order has been issued to the distributor or legal representative of such distributor shall be paid within 60 days. Any such assessment made by the commissioner shall be prima facie correct and valid, and the taxpayer shall have the burden of establishing its incorrectness or invalidity in any action or proceeding in respect thereto.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.35, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), all taxes shall be due and payable not later than the 25th day of the month following the calendar month in which they were incurred, and thereafter shall bear interest at the rate specified in section 270.75. If any tax required to be paid under the provisions of this section is not paid within the time herein specified, a penalty of five percent of the unpaid tax remaining each month up to a maximum of 25 percent is herein imposed but in no event shall the penalty for failing to pay such tax within the time so provided be less than \$10. The commissioner of revenue is authorized to extend the time for paying such tax without penalty for good cause shown.

Where, under the provisions of subdivisions 2 and 3, the amount of tax due for a given period is assessed without allocating it to any particular month or months, the interest shall commence to run from the date of such assessment.

The commissioner shall have power to reduce or abate the penalty or interest when in the commissioner's opinion the facts warrant such reduction or abatement. The exercise of this power shall be subject to the provisions of chapter 270 if the reduction or abatement exceeds \$500.

(b) Every distributor having a liability of \$1,500 or more in May 1987 or in May of each subsequent year, shall remit the June liability in the manner required by this section.

On or before June 25 18, 1987, or June 25 18 of each subsequent year, the distributor shall remit the actual May liability and one-half of the estimated June liability to the commissioner and file the return on a form prescribed by the commissioner.

On or before ~~August 25~~ July 18, 1987, or ~~August 25~~ July 18 of each subsequent year, the distributor shall submit a return showing the actual June liability and paying any additional amount of tax not remitted in June. A penalty is imposed equal to ten percent of the amount of June liability required to be paid in June less the amount remitted in June. However, the penalty is not imposed if the amount remitted in June equals the lesser of (a) 45 percent of the actual June liability, or (b) 50 percent of the preceding May's liability.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.35, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. On or before the ~~twenty-fifth~~ 18th day of each calendar month, every consumer who, during the preceding calendar month, has acquired title to or possession of tobacco products for use or storage in this state, upon which tobacco products the tax imposed by section 297.32 has not been paid, shall file a return with the commissioner showing the quantity of tobacco products so acquired. The return shall be made upon a form furnished and prescribed by the commissioner, and shall contain such other information as the commissioner may require. The return shall be accompanied by a remittance for the full unpaid tax liability shown by it.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297.36, is amended to read:

#### 297.36 [REFUNDS, CREDITS.]

Where tobacco products upon which the tax imposed by sections 297.31 to 297.39 has been reported and paid, are shipped or transported by the distributor to consumers, to be consumed without the state, or to retailers or subjobbers without the state, to be sold by those retailers, or subjobbers without the state, or are returned to the manufacturer by the distributor or destroyed by the distributor, refund of such tax or credit may be made to the distributor in accordance with rules prescribed by the commissioner. Any overpayment of the tax imposed under section 297.32 may be made to the taxpayer in accordance with rules prescribed by the commissioner. The commissioner of finance shall cause any such refund of tax to be paid out of the general fund, and so much of said fund as may be necessary is hereby appropriated for that purpose. Any claims for refund must be filed within three years from the due date of the return for which the refund is claimed.

Sec. 36. [297.41] [PERSONAL DEBT; LIEN.]



The tax imposed by sections 297.01 to 297.40, and interest and penalties imposed with respect to it, shall be a personal debt of the person required to file a return from the time the liability for it arises, irrespective of when the time for payment of the liability occurs. The debt shall, in the case of the executor or administrator of the estate of a decedent and in the case of any fiduciary, be that of the person in the person's official or fiduciary capacity only, unless the person has voluntarily distributed the assets held in that capacity without reserving sufficient assets to pay the tax, interest, and penalties. Then the person shall be personally liable for the deficiency.

Sec. 37. [297.42] [FAILURE TO FILE RETURN.]

If a person required by chapter 297 to file a return fails to do so within the time prescribed, or makes, willfully or otherwise, an incorrect, false, or fraudulent return, the person shall, upon written notice and demand, immediately file the return, or corrected return, and at the same time pay any tax due on the basis of it. If the person fails to file the return or corrected return, the commissioner shall make a return, or corrected return, for the person from the commissioner's own knowledge and from information that the commissioner can obtain through testimony, or otherwise, and assess a tax on the basis of it. The tax (less any payments previously made on account of the tax for the taxable period covered by such return) must be paid immediately upon written notice and demand. A return or assessment made by the commissioner is prima facie correct and valid, and the person shall have the burden of establishing its incorrectness or invalidity in an action or proceeding in respect to it.

Sec. 38. [297.43] [PENALTIES.]

Subdivision 1. [PENALTY ON UNPAID TAX.] If a tax imposed by chapter 297, or any part of it, is not paid within the time required for the payment, or an extension of time, or within 30 days after final determination of an appeal to the tax court relating to it if the taxpayer is not required to pay the amount in dispute pending appeal under section 271.061, there shall be added to the tax a penalty equal to three percent of the amount remaining unpaid if the failure is for not more than 30 days, with an additional penalty of three percent of the amount of tax remaining unpaid during each additional 30 days or fraction thereof, not exceeding 24 percent in the aggregate.

Subd. 2. [PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO FILE.] If a person fails to make and file a return within the time required under sections 297.07, 297.23, and 297.35, there shall be added to the tax three percent of the amount of tax not paid on or before the date prescribed for payment of the tax if the failure is for not more than 30 days, with an additional five percent of the amount of tax remaining unpaid for

each additional 30 days or fraction thereof during which such failure continues, not exceeding 23 percent in the aggregate. The amount so added to any tax under subdivisions 1 and 2 shall be collected at the same time and in the same manner and as a part of the tax and shall bear interest at the rate specified in section 270.75 from the time the tax should have been paid, unless the tax has been paid before the discovery of the negligence, in which case the amount so added shall be collected in the same manner as the tax.

In the case of a failure to file a return within 60 days of the date prescribed for filing of the return (determined with regard to any extension of time for filing), the addition to tax under this subdivision shall not be less than the lesser of (i) \$200; or (ii) the greater of (a) 25 percent of the amount required to be shown as tax on the return without reduction for any payments made or refundable credits allowable against the tax; or (b) \$50.

Subd. 3. [COMBINED PENALTIES.] Where penalties are imposed under subdivisions 1 and 2, the penalties imposed under both subdivisions combined, other than the minimum penalty under subdivision 2, shall not exceed 38 percent in the aggregate.

Subd. 4. [WILLFUL FAILURE; FRAUD.] If a person willfully fails to file a return or make a payment required by chapter 297, or willfully files a false or fraudulent return, or willfully attempts in any manner to evade or defeat the tax or payment of it, there shall also be imposed a penalty in an amount equal to 50 percent of the tax (less any amounts paid on the basis of the false or fraudulent return) found due for the period to which the return related. The penalty imposed by this subdivision shall be collected as part of the tax, and is in addition to any other penalties, civil and criminal, provided by this section.

Subd. 5. [ORDER PAYMENTS CREDITED.] All payments received may, in the discretion of the commissioner of revenue, be credited first to the oldest liability not secured by a judgment or lien, but in all cases shall be credited first to penalties, next to interest, and then to the tax due.

Subd. 6. [INTEREST.] The amount of tax not timely paid, together with any penalty imposed in this section, shall bear interest at the rate specified in section 270.75 from the time such tax should have been paid until paid. Any interest and penalty shall be added to the tax and collected as a part of it.

Subd. 7. [EXTENSION OF TIME.] The commissioner may extend the time for filing returns and remittance of tax, deficiencies, and penalties for not more than 60 days. The commissioner may require that a tentative return be filed at the time fixed for filing the regularly required return and that payment of the tax be made with it on the basis of the tentative return.

When an extension of time for payment has been granted under this section, interest shall be payable at the rate provided in section 270.75 from the date when the payment should have been made, if no extension had been granted, until the tax is paid.

Subd. 8. [CIVIL ACTION.] The commissioner may recover the amount of any tax due and unpaid, interest, and any penalty in a civil action. The collection of the tax, interest, or penalty is not a bar to any prosecution under chapter 297.

Subd. 9. [NEGLIGENCE; INTENTIONAL DISREGARD OF LAW OR RULES.] If any part of any additional assessment is due to negligence or intentional disregard of the provisions of this chapter or rules of the commissioner of revenue (but without intent to defraud), there shall be added to the tax an amount equal to ten percent of the additional assessment. The amount of the tax together with this amount shall bear interest at the rate specified in section 270.75 from the time the tax should have been paid until paid.

#### Sec. 39. [FLOOR STOCKS TAX.]

Subdivision 1. [CIGARETTES.] A floor stocks tax is imposed upon every person engaged in business in this state as a distributor of cigarettes, on the cigarettes in the person's possession or under the person's control at 12:01 a.m. on June 1, 1987. The tax is imposed at the following rates, subject to the discount in section 297.03:

(1) on cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds a thousand, 7.5 mills on each cigarette;

(2) on cigarettes weighing more than three pounds a thousand, 15 mills on each cigarette.

Each distributor, by June 20, 1987, shall file a report with the commissioner, in the form the commissioner prescribes, showing the cigarettes on hand at 12:01 a.m. on June 1, 1987, and the amount of tax due on them. The tax imposed by this section less the discount provided in section 297.03, subdivision 5, is due and payable by July 20, 1987, and after that date bears interest at the rate of one percent a month.

Subd. 2. [TOBACCO PRODUCTS.] A floor stocks tax is imposed upon every person engaged in business in this state as a distributor of tobacco products, at the rate of ten percent of the wholesale sales price of each tobacco product in the person's possession or under the person's control at 12:01 a.m. on June 1, 1987. Each distributor, by June 20, 1987, shall file a report with the commissioner, in the form the commissioner prescribes, showing the tobacco products on hand at 12:01 a.m. on June 1, 1987, and the amount of tax due on them. The tax imposed by this section less the discount provided in section

297.35, subdivision 1, is due and payable by July 20, 1987, and after that date bears interest at the rate of one percent a month.

Subd. 3. [DEPOSIT OF PROCEEDS.] The revenue from the tax imposed under this section shall be deposited by the commissioner in the tobacco tax revenue fund in the state treasury.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 325D.30, is amended to read:

**325D.30 [MINNESOTA UNFAIR CIGARETTE SALES ACT; FINDINGS AND POLICY.]**

The legislature finds that unfair, dishonest and fraudulent business practices exist in transactions involving the sale of, or offer to sell, cigarettes in the wholesale and retail trades in this state and are demoralizing and disorganizing the said trades.

Offering for sale, or sale of cigarettes below cost in the wholesale and retail trade is declared by the legislature to have the intent or effect of injuring a competitor, destroying or lessening competition, and is deemed an unfair and deceptive business practice and an unfair method of competition.

Such practices affect collection of taxes and license fees imposed on distributors, wholesalers, retailers, and persons engaged in the sale of cigarettes.

It is hereby declared to be the policy of the state of Minnesota and the purposes of sections 325D.30 to 325D.42 to protect the public by prohibiting such sales.

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 325D.32, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. "Wholesaler" means and includes any person who acquires cigarettes for the purpose of sale to retailers or to other persons for resale, and who maintains an established place of business when any part of the business is the sale of cigarettes at wholesale to persons licensed to sell cigarettes by the state or any municipality, and where at all times a stock of cigarettes is available to retailers for resale, or any cigarette manufacturer or manufacturer's representative who sells to retailers or to other persons for resale, and any person defined as a "distributor" under section 297.01, subdivision 7. The term "wholesaler" shall also include a "subjobber" as defined by section 297.01, subdivision 14. This subdivision does not prohibit any person from engaging in business as a retailer as defined in subdivision 5.

Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 325D.32, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. (1) (a) "Cost to wholesaler" means the basic cost of the cigarettes, prior to deducting manufacturer's timely payment and stamping discounts and any other discounts or rebates, plus the cost of doing business by the wholesaler, as defined in sections 325D.30 to 325D.42.

(2) (b) ~~The cost of doing business by the wholesaler is presumed to be four percentum percent of the basic cost of said the cigarettes, plus cartage to the retail outlet, if furnished or paid for by the wholesaler, in the absence of proof of a lesser or higher cost, except that the cost of doing business by the wholesaler is two percent of the basic cost of said cigarettes, when such cigarettes are sold to a wholesaler, in the absence of proof of a lesser or a higher cost. Such cartage cost is presumed to be one-half of one percent of the basic cost of the cigarettes in the absence of proof of a lesser or higher cost.~~

Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 325D.32, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. (1) (a) "Cost of the retailer" means the basic cost of the cigarettes involved to the retailer plus the cost of doing business by the retailer as defined in sections 325D.30 to 325D.42.

(2) (b) The cost of doing business by the said retailer is presumed to be eight percentum percent of the basic cost of cigarettes in the absence of proof of a lesser or a higher cost.

(3) ~~If any retailer in connection with the purchase of any cigarettes shall receive the discounts ordinarily allowed upon purchases by a retailer and in whole or in part discounts ordinarily allowed upon purchases by a wholesaler, the cost of doing business by the retailer with respect to the said cigarettes shall be, in the absence of a lesser or a higher cost of doing business, the sum of the cost of doing business by the retailer and, to the extent that the retailer shall have received the full discounts allowed to a wholesaler, the cost of doing business by a wholesaler as defined in subdivision 10, clause (2) (c) If a retailer qualifies for the purchase of cigarettes at a manufacturer's price to wholesaler and ultimately sells the cigarettes at retail, the cost of doing business by the retailer with respect to the cigarettes shall be, in the absence of showing of a lesser or higher cost of doing business, the sum of the cost of doing business by the wholesaler, as defined in subdivision 10, paragraph (b), and the cost of doing business by the retailer, as defined in paragraph (b) of this subdivision.~~

Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 325D.33, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. It shall be unlawful for any wholesaler, subjobber or retailer to offer to sell, or sell, at wholesale or retail, cigarettes at less than cost to such wholesaler, subjobber or retailer, as the case may be, as defined in sections 325D.30 to 325D.42 for the purpose or with the effect of injuring a competitor or destroying competition, or for a retailer to induce or to attempt to induce a wholesaler or subjobber to violate the provisions of the Minnesota unfair cigarette sales act. Any wholesaler, subjobber or retailer who violates the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 325D.33, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Evidence of advertisement, offering to sell or sale of cigarettes by any wholesaler, subjobber or retailer at less than cost as defined by sections 325D.30 to 325D.42 shall be prima facie evidence of a violation of sections 325D.30 to 325D.42 in civil cases.

Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 325D.33, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3. [REBATES OR CONCESSIONS.] It is unlawful for a wholesaler to offer a rebate in price, to give a rebate in price, to offer a concession of any kind, or to give a concession of any kind in connection with the sale of cigarettes. For purposes of this chapter, the term "discount" is included in the definition of a rebate.

Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 325D.33, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. [WHOLESALE TO PRESERVE COPIES OF INVOICES.] Every person who sells cigarettes to persons other than the ultimate consumer shall prepare for each sale itemized invoices showing the seller's name and address, the purchaser's name and address, the date of sale, and all prices and discounts and shall keep legible copies of them for one year from the date of sale.

Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 325D.33, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. [COMMISSIONER'S REFUSAL TO LICENSE.] The commissioner may refuse to grant a cigarette distributor or subjobber license to any person who violates the provisions of sections 325D.30 to 325D.42, or any other law applicable to the sale of cigarettes, or any rule adopted by the commissioner for the enforcement or regulation of the sale of cigarettes.

Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 325D.33, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. [VIOLATIONS.] If the commissioner determines that a distributor is violating any provision of this chapter, the commissioner must give the distributor a written warning explaining the violation and an explanation of what must be done to comply with this chapter. Within ten days of issuance of the warning, the distributor must notify the commissioner that the distributor has complied with the commissioner's recommendation or request that the commissioner set the issue for a hearing pursuant to chapter 14. If a hearing is requested, the hearing shall be scheduled within 20 days of the request and the recommendation of the administrative law judge shall be issued within five working days of the close of the hearing. The commissioner's final determination shall be issued within five working days of the receipt of the administrative law judge's recommendation. If the commissioner's final determination is adverse to the distributor and the distributor does not comply within ten days of receipt of the commissioner's final determination, the commissioner may order the distributor to immediately cease the stamping of cigarettes. As soon as practicable after the order, the commissioner must remove the meter and any unapplied cigarette stamps from the premises of the distributor.

If within ten days of issuance of the written warning the distributor has not complied with the commissioner's recommendation or requested a hearing, the commissioner may order the distributor to immediately cease the stamping of cigarettes and remove the meter and unapplied stamps from the distributor's premises.

If, within any 12-month period, the commissioner has issued three written warnings to any distributor, even if the distributor has complied within ten days, the commissioner shall notify the distributor of the commissioner's intent to revoke the distributor's license for a continuing course of conduct contrary to this chapter. For purposes of this paragraph, a written warning that was ultimately resolved by removal of the warning by the commissioner is not deemed to be a warning. The commissioner must notify the distributor of the date and time of a hearing pursuant to chapter 14 at least 20 days before the hearing is held. The hearing must provide an opportunity for the distributor to show cause why the license should not be revoked. If the commissioner revokes a distributor's license, the commissioner shall not issue a new license to that distributor for 180 days.

Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 325D.33, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 7. [PENALTIES.] Any retailer purchasing cigarettes for less than the legal price may be assessed a penalty in the full amount of the difference between the actual purchase price and the legal price under this chapter. This penalty may be collected under the authorities given the commissioner in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 270 and 297, and the penalty shall bear interest at the rate prescribed by

section 270.75, subdivision 5. All cigarettes purchased for less than the legal price may be confiscated and disposed of at the discretion of the commissioner pursuant to any laws of the state.

Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 325D.35, is amended to read:

**325D.35 [SALES BY A WHOLESALER TO A WHOLESALER.]**

When one wholesaler sells cigarettes to any other wholesaler, the former shall not be required to include in the selling price to the latter, the cost of doing business to the wholesaler, as defined by section 325D.32, but the latter wholesaler, upon resale to a retailer, shall be subject to the provisions of the said section. For the purposes of this section, any sale of cigarettes to a wholesaler that will be placed in the inventory to be sold at retail, must include in the selling price the cost of doing business as defined by section 325D.32.

Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 325D.38, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [COST TO WHOLESALERS AND RETAILERS.] In determining cost to the wholesaler and cost to the retailer the court shall receive and consider as bearing on the bona fides of such cost, evidence that any person complained against under any of the provisions of sections 325D.30 to 325D.42 purchased or sold the cigarettes involved in the complaint before the court, at a fictitious price, or upon terms, or in such a manner, or under such invoices, as to conceal the true cost, discounts, or terms of purchase, and shall also receive and consider as bearing on the bona fides of such cost, evidence of the normal, customary and prevailing terms and discounts in connection with other sales of a similar nature in the trade area or state or sale.

Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 325D.40, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Any corporation, partnership, trade association, or any person or persons who would suffer injury from any threatened violation of sections 325D.30 to 325D.42 may maintain an action to enjoin such actual or threatened violation and proof of actual damages need not be alleged or proved in cases of threatened violation. If a violation or threatened violation of the Minnesota unfair cigarette sales act shall be established, the court shall enjoin such violator or threatened violator, and, in addition thereto, the court shall assess in favor of the plaintiff and against defendant the injuries of the suit including reasonable attorneys fees. Where alleged and proved, the plaintiff, in addition to such injunctive relief and cost of suit including reasonable attorneys fees, shall be entitled to recover from defendant the actual damages sustained.



## Sec. 54. [REPEALER.]

(a) Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 297.07, subdivision 6; 297.23, subdivision 5; and 297.35, subdivisions 4, 6, and 7, are repealed.

(b) Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 325D.32, subdivision 12, and 325D.41, are repealed.

## Sec. 55. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1 to 5, 7, 8, 10 to 25, 28 to 30, and 32 to 38 are effective July 1, 1987. Sections 6, 9, 26, 27, the discount rate change in 31, and 39 are effective June 1, 1987. Sections 40 to 53, and 54, paragraph (b), are effective the day following final enactment.

## ARTICLE 14

## SPECIAL TAXES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 239.10, is amended to read:

## 239.10 [ANNUAL INSPECTION.]

The department shall charge a fee to the owner for the costs of the regular inspection of scales, weights, measures, and weighing or measuring devices. The cost of any other inspection must be paid by the owner if the inspection is performed at the owner's request or if the inspection is made at the request of some other person and the scale, weight, measure, or weighing or measuring device is found to be incorrect. The department may fix the fees and expenses for regular inspections and special services by rule pursuant to section 16A.128, except that no additional fee may be charged for retail petroleum pumps, petroleum vehicle meters, and petroleum bulk meters that dispense petroleum products for which the petroleum inspection fee required by section ~~296.13~~ 4 is collected. Money collected by the department for its regular inspections, special services, fees, and penalties must be paid into the state treasury and credited to the state general fund.

## Sec. 2. [239.75] [INSPECTION OF PETROLEUM PRODUCTS.]

Subdivision 1. [INSPECTION TO BE MADE.] The department of public service shall make inspection of petroleum products wherever processed, held, stored, or offered for sale or used, and shall secure samples periodically from importations in their original containers to determine their specifications when tested by the methods of the American Society for Testing Materials. Upon the request of the

department of public service, a person holding, storing, offering for sale, or using petroleum products shall permit the department of public service to take for testing free samples, not to exceed 32 ounces each, of the products when necessary for the purposes of this chapter. The department of public service shall test samples of petroleum products received and submitted by any licensed distributor and shall inform the distributor of the results of the tests.

Subd. 2. [WHEN NOT MEETING SPECIFICATIONS.] A record of the inspection shall be made. Any material not meeting the specifications under section 3 shall be sealed in the container from which the sample was secured or placed in separate storage under seal until a method of its disposition has been approved by the department of public service.

Subd. 3. [CALIBRATION OR GAUGE CHARTS.] A person holding petroleum products in storage tanks for sale or for use as special fuel shall maintain a calibration or gauge chart for each tank.

Subd. 4. [ENTRY UPON PREMISES.] The department of public service may enter into or upon the premises of a distributor, bulk purchaser, or dealer of petroleum products to inspect the receptacles in which the products are stored. A distributor, bulk purchaser, or dealer shall keep the receptacles free from impurities. If the receptacles are found to contain impurities, they must be sealed until a method of disposition of the material has been approved by the department of public service.

### Sec. 3. [239.76] [SPECIFICATIONS OF PETROLEUM PRODUCTS.]

Subdivision 1. [GASOLINE.] No gasoline shall be sold for use in motor vehicles unless it is free from water, suspended matter, and impurities, and it conforms to the requirements in section 296.01, subdivision 3.

Subd. 2. [FUEL OIL; DIESEL FUEL; KEROSENE.] No fuel oil, diesel fuel, or kerosene shall be sold unless it conforms to section 296.01, subdivision 4, 4a, or 4b.

Subd. 3. [TESTS, HOW MADE.] Tests must be made by the weights and measures division of the department of public service in accordance with the methods outlined in the American Society for Testing Materials specifications numbered D-396, D-439, D-910, D-975, and D-3699.

Subd. 4. [RESULTS OF TEST SUPPLIED BY SHIPPER TO DISTRIBUTOR.] Upon request of a licensed distributor, the shipper shall, at the time of shipment, supply the licensed distributor with the results of tests of the petroleum product shipped to the distributor at destination in Minnesota.

Subd. 5. [AVIATION GASOLINE.] No aviation gasoline shall be received, sold, stored, or withdrawn from storage in this state unless it conforms to the specifications set forth in American Society for Testing Materials specification number D-910.

Subd. 6. [SALES OF CERTAIN PETROLEUM PRODUCTS ON GROSS VOLUME BASIS.] The sale of gasoline, number one and number two diesel oils, and number one and number two fuel oils and kerosene from a supplier's terminal rack through retail on any other basis than gross volume is prohibited.

Subd. 7. [ALCOHOL-BLENDED FUELS; DISCLOSURE.] A manufacturer, hauler, blender, agent, jobber, consignment agent, importer, or distributor who distributes gasoline containing alcohol shall state on an invoice, bill of lading, shipping paper, or other documentation used in normal and customary business practices, the percentages by volume and the types, if more than one percent, of alcohols contained in the gasoline; except if the gasoline is distributed to the ultimate consumer, such as a bulk delivery to a farmer, only the types of alcohol must be disclosed. In determining compliance with this subdivision, the weights and measures division of the department of public service shall allow a one percent tolerance above or below the percentage stated on the documentation.

#### Sec. 4. [239.78] [INSPECTION FEES.]

An inspection fee shall be charged on petroleum products when received by the distributor, and on petroleum products received and held for sale or use by any person when the petroleum products have not previously been received by a licensed distributor. The department shall adjust the inspection fee to recover the amount appropriated for petroleum product quality inspection expenses and the amount appropriated for the inspection and testing of petroleum product measuring devices as required by chapter 239. The department shall review and adjust the inspection fee as required by section 16A.128, except the review of the fee shall occur annually on or before January 1.

The commissioner of revenue shall credit the distributor for inspection fees previously paid in error or for any material exported or sold for export from the state upon filing of a report in a manner approved by the department. The commissioner of revenue is authorized to collect the inspection fees along with any taxes due under chapter 296.

#### Sec. 5. [239.79] [PETROLEUM PRODUCTS; REQUIREMENTS.]

Subdivision 1. [PRICES POSTED.] A gasoline pump in this state shall have the total sales price per gallon posted on the pump in a conspicuous manner.

Subd. 2. [GASOLINE-ALCOHOL BLENDS; IDENTIFICATION.]  
When gasoline blended with alcohol is sold, offered for sale, or dispensed for use in motor vehicles, the dispenser shall be clearly marked to identify the type of alcohol, if more than one percent by volume, blended with the gasoline. The marking must consist of a white or yellow adhesive decal at least two inches by six inches with clearly printed black lettering at least one-half inch high and one-eighth inch in stroke. The marking shall be conspicuously displayed on both sides of the dispenser and state that the gasoline "CONTAINS ETHANOL" or "CONTAINS METHANOL" or has been "ETHANOL ENRICHED." This subdivision does not prohibit the posting of other alcohol or additive information.

Sec. 6. [239.80] [VIOLATIONS; PENALTIES.]

Subdivision 1. [VIOLATIONS; ACTIONS OF DEPARTMENT.]  
The department, or any of its employees, shall condemn, seize, or destroy any petroleum products processed, held, stored, offered for sale, or used in violation of section 239.10, 239.76, 239.78, or 239.79. Storage tanks containing the petroleum products, and pumps attached to the storage tanks, shall be marked in a manner to be prescribed by the department indicating a violation of this chapter. This marking shall remain on the tank or pump and prevent sale or use of product contained in it until the petroleum product conforms with sections 239.10, 239.76, 239.78, and 239.79.

Subd. 2. [PENALTY.] Any person who fails to comply with any provision of section 239.10, 239.76, 239.78, or 239.79 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 7. [270.058] [AUTHORITY TO PAY LOCAL TAXES; APPROPRIATION.]

The commissioner may pay to any local government unit, any locally imposed sales taxes that may be assessed against the department of revenue. There is appropriated to the commissioner of revenue from the general fund the amount needed to make the payments.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 270.071, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 8. "Small or medium sized community" means a home rule charter or statutory city or town in Minnesota with a population of 100,000 or fewer that is not located in Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, or Washington counties.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 270.074, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. (a) The flight property of every airline company shall be assessed at  $33\frac{1}{3}$  70 percent of the value thereof apportioned to this state under subdivision 1, except that quiet aircraft shall be assessed at 40 percent of the value determined under subdivision 1. Quiet aircraft shall include turboprops and aircraft defined as stage III by the Federal Aeronautics Administration. If, in the opinion of the commissioner, other aircraft may be qualified as quiet aircraft, the commissioner may adopt rules providing additional qualifications.

(b) The flight property of an airline company that owns or leases aircraft the majority of which are turboprops, and which provides, during six months or more of the year that taxes are levied, scheduled passenger service to three or more airports inside or outside of this state that serve small or medium sized communities, shall be assessed at 50 percent of the assessment percentage otherwise set by paragraph (a).

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 270.075, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. The commissioner shall determine the rate of tax to be levied and collected against the assessed valuation as determined pursuant to section 270.074, subdivision 2, which shall be the average rate of taxes, general, municipal, and local, levied throughout the state for the preceding year. The levy shall be completed on or before the first Monday in October of each year to generate revenues of \$7,600,000 from taxes levied in assessment year 1987 and payable in 1988 and revenues of \$8,400,000 from taxes levied in 1988 and payable in 1989. Thereafter the legislature shall annually establish the amount of revenue to be generated from a tax on aircraft property.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 270.10, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [ORDERS ASSESSING PERSONAL LIABILITY.] The commissioner may, based upon information available to the commissioner and within the prescribed period of limitations for assessing the underlying tax, assess personal liability against any officer, director, or employee of a corporation, or a member or employee of a partnership, who as an officer, director, employee, or member, falls within the personal liability provisions of section 290.92, chapter 296, or 297, 297A, 297C, or sections 349.212 and 349.2121, for taxes arising thereunder which are due and owing by that corporation or partnership. An order assessing personal liability under this subdivision shall be appealable to the tax court without payment of the tax, penalty, or interest in the manner provided by law, but an appeal shall not preclude the commissioner from exercising any collection action the commissioner deems necessary to preserve the interests of the state while the matter is pending.

## Sec. 12. [271.061] [PAYMENT OF TAX PENDING APPEAL.]

When a taxpayer appeals any liability assessed under tax laws of this state subject to the jurisdiction of the tax court, other than an appeal subject to section 278.03, to the tax court, and the amount in dispute is more than \$6,000, the entire amount of the tax, penalty, and interest assessed by the commissioner shall be paid when it is due unless permission to continue prosecution of the petition without payment is obtained as provided in this section. The petitioner, upon ten days notice to the commissioner, may apply to the court for permission to continue prosecution of the petition without payment, and, if it is made to appear:

(1) that the proposed review is to be taken in good faith;

(2) that there is probable cause to believe that the taxpayer may be held exempt from payment of the liability or that the liability may be determined to be less than 50 percent of the amount due; and

(3) that it would work a substantial hardship upon petitioner to pay the liability,

the court may permit the petitioner to continue prosecution of the petition without payment or may fix a lesser amount to be paid as a condition of continuing the prosecution of the petition.

Failure to make payment of the amount required when due shall operate automatically to dismiss the petition and the proceedings under it unless the payment is waived by an order of the court permitting the petitioner to continue prosecution of the petition without payment.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 287.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. A tax of 15 cents is imposed upon each \$100, or fraction thereof, of the principal debt or obligation which is or may be secured by any mortgage of real property situated within the state executed, delivered, and recorded or registered; provided, however, that the tax shall be imposed but once upon any mortgage and extension thereof. If the mortgage describes real estate situated outside of this state, the tax shall be imposed upon that proportion of the whole debt secured thereby as the value of the real estate therein described situated in this state bears to the value of the whole of the real estate described therein. The tax imposed by this section shall not apply to a contract for the conveyance of real estate or any interest in real estate recorded or registered on or after January 1, 1984.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 287.10, is amended to read:

**287.10 [PREPAYMENT OF TAX; EVIDENCE; NOTICE.]**

A mortgage or papers relating to its foreclosure, assignment, or satisfaction, must not be recorded or registered unless the tax has been paid. A document or any record of the mortgage may not be received in evidence in any court, and is not valid notice, unless the tax has been paid. If the tax is paid, an error in computation or ascertainment of the amount does not affect the validity of the mortgage or the record or foreclosure. This section does not apply to a mortgage or a contract for the conveyance of real estate that is exempt from taxation under section 287.04 or 287.05, subdivision 1.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 287.21, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. There is hereby imposed on each deed, instrument, or writing by which any lands, tenements, or other realty in this state shall be granted, assigned, transferred or otherwise conveyed, a tax determined in the following manner. When transfers are made by instruments pursuant to mergers, consolidations, sales or transfers of substantially all of the assets of corporations pursuant to plans of reorganization or there is no consideration or when the consideration, exclusive of the value of any lien or encumbrance remaining thereon at the time of sale, is \$1,000 or less, the tax shall be \$2.20. When the consideration, exclusive of the value of any lien or encumbrance remaining thereon at the time of sale, exceeds \$1,000, the tax shall be \$2.20 plus \$1.10 for each \$500 or fractional part of \$500 in excess of \$1,000.

The tax applies against the total consideration, including consideration for any personal property located on the real property conveyed by the deed and transferred as part of the total consideration, but excluding the value of any lien or encumbrance remaining on the property at the time of sale.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 287.22, is amended to read:

**287.22 [EXCEPTIONS.]**

The tax imposed by section 287.21 shall not apply to:

A. Any executory contract for the sale of land under which the vendee is entitled to or does take possession thereof, or any assignment or cancellation thereof.

B. Any mortgage or any assignment, extension, partial release, or satisfaction thereof.

C. Any will.

D. Any plat.

E. Any lease.

F. Any deed, instrument, or writing in which the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof or the state of Minnesota or any agency, instrumentality, or governmental or political subdivision thereof is the grantor, assignor, transferor, or conveyor; and any deed, instrument or writing in which any of such unit of government is the grantee or assignee.

G. Deeds for cemetery lots.

H. G. Deeds of distribution by personal representatives.

I. H. Deeds to or from coowners partitioning undivided interests in the same piece of property.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 296.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2a. [GASOLINE TAX IMPOSED FOR RAILROAD USE.] There is imposed an excise tax, at the rate of 17 cents per gallon on gasoline used in producing and generating power for propelling trains in this state. The tax imposed by this subdivision shall be credited to the general fund. The tax shall be computed by using the ratio of revenue ton miles of passengers, mail, express, and freight carried by the railroad within this state to the total number of revenue ton miles carried by the railroad within and without this state, times the total number of gallons of gasoline used both within and without this state during the filing period. The tax is payable at the times, in the manner, and by the persons specified in sections 296.01 to 296.27.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 296.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2b. [GASOLINE TAX IMPOSED FOR BARGE USE.] There is imposed an excise tax, at the rate of 17 cents per gallon on gasoline used in producing and generating power for propelling barges in this state. The tax imposed by this subdivision shall be credited to the general fund. The tax shall be computed by using the ratio of revenue ton miles of freight carried by the barge within this state to the total number of revenue ton miles carried by the barge within and without this state, times the total number of gallons of



gasoline used both within and without this state during the filing period. The tax is payable at the times, in the manner, and by the persons specified in sections 296.01 to 296.27. For the purposes of this subdivision and section 296.025, subdivision 2b, a barge will be considered to be operating within this state if it is operating on a river or other body of water that serves to mark a border of this state and if it picks up or delivers its freight at a point within this state.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 296.025, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2a. [TAX IMPOSED FOR RAILROAD USE.] There is imposed an excise tax of the same rate per gallon as the gasoline excise tax on special fuel used to propel trains in this state, and not otherwise taxed as gasoline. The tax shall be computed by using the same method as the gasoline excise tax and shall be payable at the times, in the manner, and by the persons specified in this chapter.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 296.025, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2b. [TAX IMPOSED FOR BARGE USE.] There is imposed an excise tax of the same rate per gallon as the gasoline excise tax on special fuel used to propel barges in this state, and not otherwise taxed as gasoline. The tax shall be computed by using the same method as the gasoline excise tax and shall be payable at the times, in the manner, and by the persons specified in this chapter.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 296.17, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [REFUNDS ON GASOLINE AND SPECIAL FUEL USED IN OTHER STATES.] Every person regularly or habitually operating motor vehicles upon the public highways of any other state or states and using in said motor vehicles gasoline or special fuel purchased or obtained in this state, shall be allowed a credit or refund equal to the tax on said gasoline or special fuel paid to this state on the gasoline or special fuel actually used in the other state or states. No credit or refund shall be allowed under this subdivision for taxes paid to any state which imposes a tax upon gasoline or special fuel purchased or obtained in this state and used on the highways of such other state, and which does not allow a similar credit or refund for the tax paid to this state on gasoline or special fuel purchased or acquired in such other state and used on the highways of this state. Every person claiming a credit or refund under this subdivision shall file, within 30 days after the tax to such other state, or states, is paid, a report in such form as may be prescribed by the commissioner, together with such proof of the payment of the tax, and of the fact that it was paid on gasoline or special fuel purchased or obtained within this state as the commissioner may require. The claimant may file up to six months from the

date the tax was paid to another state but any refund applied for after 30 days from date of payment shall be reduced by five percent for each 30-day period or portion thereof following the initial 30-day period a claim on a form prescribed by the commissioner or take the credit on a subsequent tax return within one year of the last day of the month following the end of the quarter when the overpayment occurred.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 296.17, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [DEFINITIONS.] As used in subdivisions 7 to 22:

(a) "motor fuel" means a liquid, regardless of its composition or properties, used to propel a motor vehicle;

(b) "commercial motor vehicle" means a passenger vehicle that has seats for more than nine 20 passengers in addition to the driver, a road tractor, a tractor truck, or a truck having more than two axles, which is propelled by motor fuel, but does not include a motor vehicle while used in a ridesharing arrangement as defined in section 169.01, subdivision 63 or a power unit that (1) has a gross weight in excess of 26,000 pounds, or (2) has three or more axles regardless of weight, or (3) when used in combination, the weight of the combination exceeds 26,000 pounds gross vehicle weight;

(c) "motor carrier" means a person who operates or causes to be operated a commercial motor vehicle on a highway in this state;

(d) "operation" means operation of commercial motor vehicles whether loaded or empty, whether for compensation or not for compensation, and whether owned by or leased to the motor carrier who operates them or causes them to be operated; and

(e) "highway" means the entire width between the boundary lines of every way publicly maintained when part of the highway is open for the public to travel on.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 296.17, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. [REPORTS.] Every motor carrier subject to the road tax shall, on or before the last day of April, July, October and January, file with the commissioner such reports of operations during the previous three months as the commissioner may require and such other reports from time to time as the commissioner may deem necessary. The commissioner by rule may exempt from the quarterly reporting requirements of this section those motor carriers whose mileage is all or substantially all of and those motor carriers whose mileage is minimal within this state, or states with which Minne-

sota has reciprocity and require in such instances an annual affidavit attesting to the intrastate or substantially intrastate character of their operations, provided that the enforcement of subdivisions 7 to 22 is not adversely affected thereby and that the commissioner is satisfied that an equitable amount of motor fuel is purchased within this state by such carriers report reflecting the operations of the carrier during the previous year along with payment of any taxes due.

Each report shall contain a confession of judgment for the amount of the tax shown due thereon to the extent not timely paid.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 360.531, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [RATE.] The tax shall be at the rate of one percent of value; provided that the minimum tax on an aircraft subject to the provisions of sections 360.511 to 360.67 shall not be less than 25 percent of the tax on said aircraft computed on its base price or \$10 \$50 whichever is the higher.

Sec. 25. [REPEALER.]

(a) Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 296.04, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, and 4; 296.05; 296.07; 296.13; 296.17, subdivision 12; 296.22; and 296.28, are repealed.

(b) Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 287.02, is repealed.

(c) Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 290.531 and 297A.391, are repealed.

Sec. 26. [EFFECTIVE DATES.]

Sections 1 to 7, 11, 12, 17 to 24, and 25, paragraphs (a) and (c), are effective July 1, 1987. Sections 8 to 10 are effective for taxes levied in 1987, payable 1988, and thereafter. Sections 13 to 16 are effective for instruments recorded after May 31, 1987. Section 25, paragraph (b), is effective the day following final enactment.

## ARTICLE 15

### CHARITABLE GAMBLING

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.212, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [RATE.] There is hereby imposed a tax on all lawful gambling, other than pull-tabs purchased and placed into inventory after January 1, 1987, conducted by organizations licensed by the board at the rate specified in this subdivision. The tax imposed by this subdivision is in lieu of the tax imposed by section 297A.02 and all local taxes and license fees except a fee authorized under section 349.16, subdivision 4.

On all lawful gambling, other than pull-tabs purchased and placed into inventory after January 1, 1987, the tax is ten percent of the gross receipts of a licensed organization from lawful gambling less prizes actually paid out, payable by the organization.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.212, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [PULL-TAB TAX.] (a) There is imposed a tax on the sale of each deal of pull-tabs sold by a licensed distributor to a licensed organization, or to an organization holding an exemption identification number. The rate of the tax is ten percent of the face resale value of all the pull-tabs in each deal less the total prizes which may be paid out on all the pull-tabs in that deal. The tax is payable to the commissioner of revenue in the manner prescribed in section 349.2121 and the rules of the commissioner. The commissioner shall pay the proceeds of the tax to the state treasurer for deposit in the general fund. The sales tax imposed by chapter 297A on the sale of the pull-tabs by the licensed distributor to an organization is imposed on the retail sales price less the tax imposed by this subdivision. The retail sale of pull-tabs by the organization is exempt from taxes imposed by chapter 297A if the tax imposed by this subdivision has been paid and is exempt from all local taxes and license fees except a fee authorized under section 349.16, subdivision 4.

(b) The liability for the tax imposed by this section is incurred when the pull-tabs are delivered by the distributor to the licensed or exempt organization, to a common or contract carrier for delivery to the organization, or when received by the organization's authorized representative at the distributor's place of business, regardless of the distributor's method of accounting or the terms of the sale.

If a licensed organization or any organization holding an exemption number receives pull-tabs directly from the manufacturer and the manufacturer is not a licensed distributor, the distributor from whom the pull-tabs were purchased is liable for tax when the manufacturer delivers the pull-tabs to the organization, or to a contract or common carrier for delivery to the organization, or when the pull-tabs are received by the organization's authorized representative at the manufacturer's place of business, regardless of the manufacturer's or the distributor's method of accounting or the terms of the sale.

(c) The exemptions contained in section 349.214, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), do not apply to the tax imposed in this subdivision.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.212, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. [LOCAL GAMBLING TAX.] A statutory or home rule charter city which has one or more licensed organizations operating lawful gambling, and a county which has one or more licensed organizations outside incorporated areas operating lawful gambling, may impose a local gambling tax on each licensed organization within the city's or county's jurisdiction. The tax may be imposed only if the amount to be received by the city or county is necessary to cover the costs incurred by the city or county to regulate lawful gambling. The tax imposed by this subdivision may not exceed three percent of the gross receipts of a licensed organization from all lawful gambling less prizes actually paid out by the organization. A city or county may not use money collected under this subdivision for any purpose other than for the purpose of regulating lawful gambling. A tax imposed under this subdivision is in lieu of all other local taxes and local investigation fees on lawful gambling. Any city or county that imposes a tax under this subdivision shall annually by March 15 file a report with the board in a form prescribed by the board showing (1) the amount of revenue produced by the tax during the preceding calendar year, and (2) the use of the proceeds of the tax.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.2121, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [COLLECTION.] The tax imposed by section 349.212, subdivision 4, for each taxable sale is due and payable to the commissioner monthly on or before the 25th day of the month succeeding the month in which the taxable sale was made. The tax must be reported on a form prescribed by the commissioner.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.2121, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4a. [REFUND.] If any deal of pull-tabs registered with the board and upon which the tax imposed by section 349.212, subdivision 4, has been paid is returned unplayed to the distributor, the commissioner of revenue shall allow a refund of the tax paid.

In the case of a defective deal registered with the board and upon which the taxes have been paid is returned to the manufacturer, the distributor shall submit to the commissioner of revenue certification from the manufacturer that the deal was returned and in what respect it was defective. The certification must be in a form prescribed by the commissioner and must contain additional information the commissioner requires.

The commissioner may require that no refund under this subdivision be made unless the returned pull-tabs have been set aside for inspection by the commissioner's employee.

Reductions in previously paid taxes authorized by this subdivision shall be made at the time and in the manner prescribed by the commissioner.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.2121, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [COLLECTIONS; CIVIL PENALTIES.] (1) The provisions of chapter 297A relating to the commissioner's authority to audit, assess, and collect the tax imposed by that chapter apply to the tax, penalties and interest imposed by section 349.212, subdivision 4. The commissioner shall impose civil penalties for violation of this section as provided in ~~chapter 297A~~ section 297A.39, and the additional tax and penalties are subject to interest at the rate provided in section 270.75.

(2) If any part of any additional assessment is due to negligence or intentional disregard of the provisions of this chapter or rules of the commissioner of revenue (but without intent to defraud), there shall be added to the tax an amount equal to ten percent of the additional assessment. The amount of the tax together with this amount shall bear interest at the rate stated in section 270.75 from the time the tax should have been paid until paid.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.2121, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [RULES.] The commissioner ~~shall~~ may adopt rules, including emergency rules, for the administration and enforcement of this section and section 349.212, subdivision 4.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.2121, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 9. [PERSONAL DEBT; LIEN.] The tax imposed by section 349.212 and interest and penalties imposed with respect to it, shall be a personal debt of the person required to file a return from the time the liability for it arises, irrespective of when the time for payment of the liability occurs. The debt shall, in the case of the executor or administrator of the estate of a decedent and in the case of any fiduciary, be that of the person in the person's official or fiduciary capacity only unless the person has voluntarily distributed the assets held in that capacity without reserving sufficient assets to pay the tax, interest, and penalties, in which event the person shall be personally liable for any deficiency.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.2121, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 10. [REFUNDS; APPROPRIATION.] A person who has, under this chapter, paid to the commissioner an amount of tax for any period in excess of the amount legally due for that period, may file with the commissioner of revenue a claim for a refund of the excess. The amount necessary to pay the refunds is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.2121, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 11. [UN TAXED PULL-TABS.] It is a gross misdemeanor for any person to possess pull-tabs for resale in this state that have not been registered with the board, for which a registration stamp has not been affixed to the flare, and upon which the taxes imposed by section 349.212, subdivision 4, or chapter 297A have not been paid. The executive secretary of the charitable gambling control board or the commissioner of revenue or their designated inspectors and employees may seize in the name of the state of Minnesota any unregistered or untaxed pull-tabs.

Sec. 11. [349.2122] [MANUFACTURERS; REPORTS TO THE COMMISSIONER; PENALTY.]

A manufacturer registered with the board who sells pull-tabs to a distributor licensed by the board must file with the commissioner of revenue, on a form prescribed by the commissioner, a report of pull-tabs sold to licensed distributors. The report must be filed monthly on or before the 25th day of the month succeeding the month in which the sale was made. Any person violating this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 12. [349.2123] [CERTIFIED PHYSICAL INVENTORY.]

The commissioner of revenue may, upon request, require a pull-tab distributor to furnish a certified physical inventory of the pull-tabs in stock. The inventory must contain the information required by the commissioner.

Sec. 13. [349.2124] [SALES TO INDIAN TRIBES.]

A distributor may set aside that part of the distributor's stock necessary for the conduct of business in making sales to the established governing body of any Indian tribe recognized by the United States Department of Interior. A distributor shall, when shipping or delivering any stock to an Indian tribal organization, make a true duplicate invoice showing the complete details of the sale or delivery and shall keep the duplicate.

## Sec. 14. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 2, paragraphs (a) and (b), and 3 to 13 are effective July 1, 1987. Sections 1 and 2, paragraph (c), are effective January 1, 1987.

## ARTICLE 16

## BOND ALLOCATION

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [TERMS DEFINED.] For the purposes of sections 474A.01 1 to 474A.21 40, the terms defined in this section shall have the following meanings: given them.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.02, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [ANNUAL VOLUME CAP.] "Annual volume cap" means the aggregate dollar amount of obligations bearing interest excluded from gross income for purposes of federal income taxation which, under the provisions of ~~existing~~ federal tax law ~~or a federal volume limitation act~~, may be issued in one year by issuers.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2a. [BONDING AUTHORITY.] "Bonding authority" means all or a portion of the annual volume cap.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2b. [CARRYFORWARD.] "Carryforward" means the ability to issue obligations in a year subsequent to the year in which an allocation of bonding authority was obtained under sections 1 to 40 as provided in section 146(f) of federal tax law.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.02, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [CERTIFICATE OF ALLOCATION.] "Certificate of allocation" means a certificate provided to an issuer by the department under section 474A.13, subdivision 1.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:



Subd. 5a. [COMMISSIONER.] "Commissioner" means the commissioner of energy and economic development.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.02, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [DEPARTMENT; DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.] "Department" or "department of energy and economic development" means the department of energy and economic development or its successor agency or agencies with respect to the duties that the department is to perform under sections 474A.01 to 474A.21.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.02, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [ENTITLEMENT ISSUER.] "Entitlement issuer" means an issuer to which an allocation is made under section 474A.04, 474A.08, or 474A.09 sections 23, subdivision 2a; and 41, subdivisions 1, clause (a), and 2.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.02, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [EXISTING FEDERAL TAX LAW.] "Existing Federal tax law" means those provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 1986, as amended through December 31, 1985, that limit the aggregate amount of obligations of a specified type or types which may be issued by an issuer during a calendar year whose interest is exempt from inclusion in excluded from gross income for purposes of federal income taxation.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.02, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. [ISSUER.] "Issuer" means any entitlement issuer, state issuer, or other issuer.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 13a. [MANUFACTURING POOL.] "Manufacturing pool" means the amount of the annual volume cap allocated under section 27, that is available for the issuance of small issue bonds to finance manufacturing projects.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.02, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

Subd. 14. [MANUFACTURING PROJECT.] "Manufacturing project" means properties, real or personal, used in connection with a revenue producing enterprise in connection with assembling, fabricating, manufacturing, mixing, or processing any products of agriculture, forestry, mining, or manufacture. Properties used for storing, warehousing, or distributing qualify under this definition (1) if they are used as part of or in connection with an assembly, fabricating, manufacturing, mixing, or processing facility, or (2) if they are used for the storing of agricultural products and are located outside of the metropolitan area, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2. Manufacturing project includes properties, real or personal, used in connection with research and development activity to develop or improve products, production processes, or materials. For purposes of this subdivision, "a product of manufacture" includes information and directions which dictate the functions to be performed by data processing equipment, commonly called computer software, regardless of whether they are embodied in or recorded on tangible personal property. A project qualifies as a manufacturing project only if 75 percent of the proceeds of the proposed obligations will be used for construction, acquisition, installation, or addition of properties described in this subdivision any facility which is used in the manufacturing or production of tangible personal property, including the processing resulting in a change in the condition of the property.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.02, subdivision 16, is amended to read:

Subd. 16. [MULTIFAMILY HOUSING PROJECT POOL.] "Multi-family housing project pool" means a development defined in section 462C.02, subdivision 5, for which the applicable housing plan and program approval requirements of chapter 462C have been met the amount of the annual volume cap allocated under section 27, which is available for the issuance of residential rental project bonds.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.02, subdivision 18, is amended to read:

Subd. 18. [NOTICE OF ENTITLEMENT ALLOCATION.] "Notice of entitlement allocation" means a notice provided to an entitlement issuer under section 474A.04, subdivision 5, or 474A.08 474.04, subdivision 2 5.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.02, subdivision 19, is amended to read:

Subd. 19. [OTHER ISSUER.] "Other issuer" means any an entity other than an entitlement issuer or state issuer which may issue obligations subject to an annual volume cap, including but not limited to the University of Minnesota, any a city, any town, any federally recognized American Indian tribe or subdivision thereof

located in Minnesota, ~~any~~ housing and redevelopment authority referred to in chapter 462, or ~~any~~ a body authorized to exercise the powers of a housing and redevelopment authority, ~~any~~ a port authority referred to in chapter 458, or ~~any~~ a body authorized to exercise the powers of a port authority, any an economic development authority referred to in chapter 458C, an area or municipal redevelopment agency referred to in chapter 472, any a county, or any other municipal authority or agency established pursuant to under special law, or any an entity issuing on behalf of the foregoing.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 20a. [PERMANENTLY ISSUED.] Obligations are “permanently issued” if either (1) the obligations have been issued under terms and conditions such that the proceeds are available for the purpose for which they were issued, or (2) ten percent of the proceeds of the obligations, excluding costs of issuance, have been disbursed for the purpose for which they were issued.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.02, subdivision 21, is amended to read:

Subd. 21. [PRELIMINARY RESOLUTION.] “Preliminary resolution” means a resolution adopted by the governing body or board of the issuer, or in the case of the iron range resources and rehabilitation board by the commissioner. The resolution must express a preliminary intention of the issuer to issue obligations for a specific project ~~and must~~, identify the proposed project, and disclose the proposed amount of ~~the obligations~~ qualified bonds to be issued. Preliminary resolutions for mortgage bonds and student loan bonds need not identify a specific project.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 22a. [PUBLIC FACILITIES POOL.] “Public facilities pool” means the amount of the annual volume cap allocated under section 27, which is available for the issuance of public facility bonds or student loan bonds.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 23a. [QUALIFIED BONDS.] “Qualified bonds” means the specific type or types of obligations that are subject to the annual volume cap. Qualified bonds include the following types of obligations as defined in federal tax law:

(a) “public facility bonds” means “exempt facility bonds” as defined in federal tax law, except for residential rental project bonds, which are those obligations issued to finance airports, docks and wharves, mass commuting facilities, facilities for the furnishing of water, sewage facilities, solid waste disposal facilities, facilities for the local furnishing of electric energy or gas, local district heating or cooling facilities, and qualified hazardous waste facilities;

(b) “residential rental project bonds” which are those obligations issued to finance qualified residential rental projects;

(c) “mortgage bonds”;

(d) “small issue bonds” issued to finance manufacturing projects;

(e) “student loan bonds”;

(f) “redevelopment bonds”; and

(g) “governmental bonds” with a nonqualified amount in excess of \$15,000,000 as set forth in section 141(b)5 of federal tax law.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.02, subdivision 26, is amended to read:

Subd. 26. [STATE ISSUER.] “State issuer” means the state of Minnesota; the commissioner of iron range resources and rehabilitation board; or other agency, department, board, or commission of the state, which that is authorized to issue obligations and has statewide jurisdiction.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 26a. [UNIFIED POOL.] “Unified pool” means the amount of the annual volume cap allocated under section 29 that is available for the issuance of qualified bonds.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ANNUAL VOLUME CAP UNDER EXISTING FEDERAL TAX LAW; POOL ALLOCATIONS.] At the beginning of each calendar year after December 31, 1987, the department commissioner shall determine the aggregate dollar amount of the annual volume cap under existing federal tax law for the calendar year, and of this amount the department commissioner shall determine make the following amounts allocation:

(1) the amount that is allocated to entitlement issuers under section 474A.04 \$74,000,000 to the manufacturing pool;

(2) the amount initially available for allocation through the pool under section 474A.05, which is the annual volume cap determined under this subdivision less the amount determined under clause (1) \$30,000,000 to the multifamily housing pool; and

(3) the amount available for issuance of qualified mortgage bonds under section 474A.07 \$21,000,000 to the public facilities pool; and

(4) amounts to be allocated as provided in section 23, subdivision 2a.

If the annual volume cap is greater or less than the amount of bonding authority allocated under clauses (1) to (4), the allocation must be adjusted so that each adjusted allocation is the same percentage of the annual volume cap as each original allocation is of the total bonding authority originally allocated.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2a. [ENTITLEMENT ISSUER ALLOCATION.] (a) The commissioner shall make the following allocation to the Minnesota housing finance agency and the following cities:

(1) \$50,000,000 per year to the Minnesota housing finance agency, less any amount received in the previous year under section 29, subdivision 6;

(2) \$20,000,000 per year to the city of Minneapolis;

(3) \$15,000,000 per year to the city of Saint Paul; and

(4) \$3,000,000 to each of the cities of the first class located outside of the metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2, or an amount equal to the amount of mortgage bonds or residential rental project bonds that each city permanently issued in the previous calendar year, whichever amount is less. If a city is eligible to receive an entitlement allocation under this clause, the amount of the allocation is deducted from the allocations made under clauses (1), (2), and (3) in proportion to the total amount of allocations made in clauses (1), (2), and (3).

(b) Allocations provided under this subdivision must be used for mortgage bonds, mortgage credit certificates, or residential rental project bonds, except that entitlement cities may also use their allocations for public facility bonds.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.04, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1a. [ENTITLEMENT RESERVATIONS; CARRYFORWARD; DEDUCTION.] An entitlement issuer may retain any unused portion of its entitlement allocation after the first Monday in September if it has submitted to the department before the first Monday in September a letter stating its intent to issue obligations pursuant to its entitlement allocation before the end of the calendar year or within the time permitted under federal tax law. Except as provided in section 41, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), any amount returned by an entitlement issuer before the last Monday in October shall be reallocated through the multifamily housing pool. Any amount returned on or after the last Monday in October shall be reallocated under section 29. Beginning with entitlement allocations received in 1987 under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.08, subdivision 1, paragraphs (2) and (3), there shall be deducted from an entitlement issuer's allocation for the subsequent year an amount equal to the entitlement allocation under which bonds are either not issued or carried forward under federal tax law. Except for the Minnesota housing finance agency, any amount of bonding authority that an entitlement issuer carries forward under federal tax law that is not permanently issued by the end of the succeeding calendar year shall be deducted from the entitlement allocation for that entitlement issuer for the next succeeding calendar year. Any amount deducted from an entitlement issuer's allocation under this subdivision shall be divided equally for allocation through the manufacturing pool and the multifamily housing pool.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.04, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [NOTICE OF ENTITLEMENT ALLOCATION.] As soon as possible in each calendar year, the department commissioner shall provide to each entitlement issuer a written notice of the amount of its entitlement allocation under this section.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.04, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [ENTITLEMENT TRANSFERS.] An entitlement issuer may enter into an agreement with another entitlement issuer whereby the recipient entitlement issuer issues obligations pursuant to issuance bonding authority allocated to the original entitlement issuer under this section.

Sec. 27. [474A.061] [ALLOCATION OF MANUFACTURING, MULTIFAMILY HOUSING, AND PUBLIC FACILITIES POOLS.]

Subdivision 1. [APPLICATION.] An issuer may apply for an allocation under this section by submitting to the department an application on forms provided by the department, accompanied by (1) a preliminary resolution, (2) a statement of bond counsel that the proposed issue of obligations requires an allocation under this chapter, (3) the type of qualified bonds to be issued, and (4) an application deposit in the amount of one percent of the requested allocation before the last Monday in August, or in the amount of two percent of the requested allocation on or after the last Monday in August. An entitlement issuer may not apply for an allocation from the multifamily housing pool or from the public facilities pool unless it has either permanently issued bonds equal to the amount of its entitlement allocation for the current year plus any amount of bonding authority carried forward from previous years or returned for reallocation all of its unused entitlement allocation. For purposes of this subdivision, its entitlement allocation includes an amount obtained under section 474A.04, subdivision 6.

Subd. 2. [ALLOCATION PROCEDURE.] From the beginning of the calendar year until the last Monday in October, the commissioner shall allocate available bonding authority under this section on Monday of each week to applications received on or before the Monday of the preceding week.

(a) If there are two or more applications for residential rental project bonds from the multifamily housing pool and there is insufficient bonding authority to provide allocations for all projects in any one week after all eligible bonding authority has been transferred as provided in section 28, the available bonding authority shall be awarded by lot unless otherwise agreed to by the respective issuers.

(b) If there are two or more applications for manufacturing projects from the manufacturing pool and there is insufficient bonding authority to provide allocations for all projects in any one week after all eligible bonding authority has been transferred as provided in section 28, the available bonding authority shall be awarded by lot unless otherwise agreed to by the respective issuers.

(c) If there are two or more applications for public facility bonds from the public facilities pool and there is insufficient bonding authority to provide allocations for all projects in any one week, the available bonding authority shall be awarded by lot unless otherwise agreed to by the respective issuers.

If an application is rejected, the commissioner must notify the applicant and return the application deposit to the applicant within 30 days unless the applicant requests in writing that the application be resubmitted. The granting of an allocation of bonding authority under this section must be evidenced by a certificate of allocation.

Subd. 3. [ADDITIONAL DEPOSIT.] An issuer which has received an allocation under this section may retain any unused portion of the allocation after the first Monday in September only if the issuer has submitted to the department before the first Monday in September a letter stating its intent to issue obligations pursuant to the allocation before the end of the calendar year or within the time period permitted by federal tax law and a deposit in addition to that provided under subdivision 1, equal to one percent of the amount of allocation to be retained.

Subd. 4. [RETURN OF ALLOCATION; DEPOSIT REFUND.] (a) If an issuer that receives an allocation under this section determines that it will not issue obligations equal to all or a portion of the allocation received under this section by the end of the current year or within the time period permitted by federal tax law, the issuer must notify the department. If the issuer notifies the department prior to the last Monday in October, the amount of allocation returned must be reallocated through the pool from which it was originally allocated. If the issuer notifies the department on or after the last Monday in October, the amount of allocation returned must be reallocated through the unified pool.

(b) An issuer that returns for reallocation all or a portion of an allocation received under this section shall receive within 30 days a refund of its application deposit equal to:

(1) one-half of the amount on deposit for the amount of bonding authority returned before the first Monday in December;

(2) one-fourth of the amount on deposit for the amount of bonding authority returned on or after the first Monday in December and before the third Monday in December; and

(3) one-eighth of the amount on deposit for the amount of bonding authority returned on or after the third Monday in December and before the last Monday in December.

No refund shall be available for allocations returned on or after the last Monday in December.

Subd. 5. [HIGHER EDUCATION COORDINATING BOARD ALLOCATION.] The higher education coordinating board must receive an allocation of bonding authority at the beginning of the calendar year from the public facilities pool of an amount up to \$20,000,000 per year, less any amount carried forward from the previous year for the issuance of student loan bonds. The amount of any allocation received under this subdivision, when added to the allocation received under section 29, subdivision 6, in the previous year, must not exceed \$20,000,000. The higher education coordinating board shall be treated as an entitlement issuer under section 474A.04, subdivision 1a.



Subd. 6. [DEADLINE FOR ISSUANCE OF SMALL ISSUE BONDS.] If an issuer fails to notify the department before the last Monday in December of issuance of obligations pursuant to an allocation received for a manufacturing project, the allocation is canceled and the bonding authority is allocated to the department of finance for reallocation under section 29, subdivision 6.

Sec. 28. [474A.081] [POOL TRANSFERS.]

Subdivision 1. [AUTHORITY TO TRANSFER BONDING AUTHORITY.] If there is insufficient bonding authority in either the manufacturing pool or the multifamily housing pool to provide allocations for applications received in any one week, additional bonding authority for small issue bonds and residential rental project bonds may be obtained under this section.

Subd. 2. [TRANSFER LIMITS.] No transfer of bonding authority may be made from any pool for qualified bonds not eligible to receive allocations from that pool (i) prior to June 30, or (ii) if, on June 30, allocations of bonding authority have been made from that pool equal to or exceeding 50 percent of the annual volume cap originally allocated to that pool. For 1987, the amount considered originally allocated to each of the pools shall be \$80,000,000 for the manufacturing pool and \$60,000,000 for the multifamily housing pool.

Subd. 3. [TRANSFER FROM MINNESOTA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY ALLOCATION.] If there is insufficient bonding authority to provide allocations for all applications for residential rental projects in any one week from the multifamily housing pool, up to \$15,000,000 per year must be transferred to the multifamily housing pool from the Minnesota housing finance agency's entitlement allocation. This deduction must be made prior to transferring bonding authority to the multifamily housing pool as provided in subdivision 4.

Subd. 4. [POOL TRANSFERS.] If there is insufficient bonding authority to provide allocations for all small issue bonds or residential rental project bonds in any one week, applications for small issue bonds may receive bonding authority from the multifamily housing pool or applications for residential rental project bonds may receive bonding authority from the manufacturing pool, except as provided in subdivision 2. If bonding authority is transferred from one pool to the other pool, applications for small issue bonds must receive priority for allocations from the manufacturing pool, and applications for residential rental project bonds must receive priority for allocations from the multifamily housing pool.

Sec. 29. [474A.091] [ALLOCATION OF UNIFIED POOL.]

Subdivision 1. [UNIFIED POOL AMOUNT.] On the day after the last Monday in October any bonding authority remaining unal-

located from the manufacturing pool, the multifamily housing pool, and the public facilities pool is transferred to the unified pool and must be reallocated as provided in this section.

Subd. 2. [APPLICATION.] An issuer may apply for an allocation under this section by submitting to the department an application on forms provided by the department accompanied by (1) a preliminary resolution, (2) a statement of bond counsel that the proposed issue of obligations requires an allocation under this chapter, (3) the type of qualified bonds to be issued, and (4) an application deposit in the amount of two percent of the requested allocation. An entitlement issuer may not apply for an allocation for public facility bonds, residential rental project bonds, or mortgage bonds under this section unless it has either permanently issued bonds equal to the amount of its entitlement allocation for the current year plus any amount carried forward from previous years or returned for reallocation all of its unused entitlement allocation. For purposes of this subdivision, its entitlement allocation includes an amount obtained under section 474A.04, subdivision 6.

Subd. 3. [ALLOCATION PROCEDURE.] The commissioner shall allocate available bonding authority under this section on the Monday of every other week beginning with the first Monday in November through and on the last Monday in December. Applications for allocations must be received by the department by the Monday preceding the Monday on which allocations are to be made. Allocations shall be awarded in the following order of priority:

(1) applications for small issue bonds, with preference given to projects to be located in distressed counties designated under section 297A.257;

(2) applications for residential rental project bonds;

(3) applications for public facility bonds;

(4) applications for redevelopment bonds;

(5) applications for mortgage bonds; and

(6) applications for governmental bonds.

Allocations for mortgage bonds from the unified pool may not exceed:

(a) \$10,000,000 for any one city;

(b) \$20,000,000 for any number of cities in any one county; or

(c) 40 percent of the amount initially allocated to the unified pool.

An allocation for mortgage bonds may be used for mortgage credit certificates.

If there is insufficient bonding authority to fund all projects within any qualified bond category, allocations shall be awarded by lot unless otherwise agreed to by the respective issuers. If an application is rejected, the commissioner must notify the applicant and return the application deposit to the applicant within 30 days unless the applicant requests in writing that the application be resubmitted. The granting of an allocation of bonding authority under this section must be evidenced by issuance of a certificate of allocation.

Subd. 4. [MORTGAGE BOND SUNSET.] If federal tax law is not amended to permit the issuance of tax-exempt mortgage bonds after December 31, 1988, all remaining bonding authority available for allocation under this section on December 1, 1988, is allocated to the Minnesota housing finance agency, of which at least 50 percent must be reallocated to cities for the issuance of mortgage bonds. If an issuer that receives an allocation for mortgage bonds under this subdivision fails to notify the department of energy and economic development before the last Monday in December of issuance of obligations pursuant to all or a portion of the allocation, any remaining allocation pursuant to which obligations have not been issued is canceled and the bonding authority is allocated to the department of finance for reallocation under section 29, subdivision 6.

Subd. 5. [RETURN OF ALLOCATION; DEPOSIT REFUND.] (a) If an issuer that receives an allocation under this section determines that it will not issue obligations equal to all or a portion of the allocation received under this section by the end of the current year or within the time period permitted by federal tax law, the issuer must notify the department. If the issuer notifies the department prior to the last Monday in December, the amount of allocation returned must be reallocated through the unified pool.

(b) An issuer that returns for reallocation all or a portion of an allocation received under this section shall receive within 30 days a refund of its application deposit equal to:

(1) one-half of the amount on deposit for the amount of bonding authority returned before the first Monday in December;

(2) one-fourth of the amount on deposit for the amount of bonding authority returned on or after the first Monday in December and before the third Monday in December; and

(3) one-eighth of the amount on deposit for the amount of bonding authority returned on or after the third Monday in December and before the last Monday in December.

No refund of the application deposit shall be available for allocations returned on or after the last Monday in December.

Subd. 6. [FINAL ALLOCATION; CARRYFORWARD.] \$20,000,000 or any bonding authority remaining unallocated from the unified pool after the last Monday in December, whichever is less, is allocated to the higher education coordinating board. Any bonding authority remaining after the deduction for the higher education coordinating board allocation is allocated to the department of finance for reallocation for qualified bonds eligible to be carried forward under federal tax law.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.13, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ISSUANCE OF CERTIFICATE OF ALLOCATION.] The department shall issue a certificate of allocation for any allocation granted under ~~section 474A.11~~ sections 27 and 29, except as provided in ~~subdivision 4 section 31~~.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.13, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [LIMITATIONS ON THE ISSUANCE OF CERTIFICATES.] No certificate of allocation may be granted under a federal volume limitation act under any of the following circumstances:

(1) tax law for the amount of the allocation requested, when the amount requested added to (i) the aggregate amount of certificates of allocation issued and not expired; (ii) amounts remaining available to be allocated pursuant to section 474A.11; and (iii) entitlement authority allocated pursuant to section 474A.08 and not returned pursuant to section 474A.10, subdivision 3, for reallocation would cause the governmental annual volume cap to be exceeded. If two or more applications for a certificate of allocation are filed with the department on the same day and there is insufficient issuance authority for the applications, certificates shall be issued first for applications made pursuant to subdivision 2 and thereafter for applications made pursuant to subdivision 1; or

(2) the principal amount of the proposed allocation exceeds \$25,000,000 unless the issuer is the Minnesota housing finance agency or the Minnesota higher education coordinating board, or unless the issue is a pooled or joint issue or any issue of a joint powers board, provided that for joint or pooled issues or issues of a joint powers board the aggregate amount of the issue cannot exceed \$100,000,000.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.13, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [CERTIFICATES ARE NOT TRANSFERABLE.] Certificates of allocation are not transferable. An issuer that receives an allocation of issuance bonding authority pursuant to sections 474A.01 1 to 474A.21 40 to finance a project within the boundaries of the issuer may allow another issuer to issue obligations pursuant to the issuance authority allocation received only if the boundaries of the other issuer are coterminous with the boundaries of the issuer that received the authority allocation.

Sec. 33. [474A.131] [NOTICE OF ISSUE AND NOTICE OF CARRYFORWARD.]

Subdivision 1. [NOTICE OF ISSUE.] Each issuer that issues bonds with an allocation received under this chapter shall provide a notice of issue to the department on forms provided by the department stating:

- (1) the date of issuance of the bonds;
- (2) the title of the issue;
- (3) the principal amount of the bonds;
- (4) the type of qualified bonds under federal tax law; and
- (5) the dollar amount of the bonds issued that were subject to the annual volume cap.

For obligations that are issued as a part of a series of obligations, a notice must be provided for each series. Any issue of obligations for which a notice of issue is not provided to the department within five days after issuance is deemed not to have received an allocation under this law or under federal tax law. Within 30 days after receipt of a notice of issue the department shall refund a portion of the application deposit equal to one percent of the amount of the bonding authority actually issued if a one percent application deposit was made, or equal to two percent of the amount of the bonding authority actually issued if a two percent application deposit was made.

Subd. 2. [CARRYFORWARD NOTICE.] If an issuer intends to carry forward an allocation received under this chapter, it must notify the department before the last Monday of December. If the notice of carryforward is not provided within the time required, one-quarter of the amount of the deposit eligible for refund upon filing of the notice of issue under this section is forfeited.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.14, is amended to read:

## 474A.14 [NOTICE OF AVAILABLE AUTHORITY.]

The department shall publish in the State Register at least twice monthly, a notice of the amount of ~~issuance~~ bonding authority, if any, available for allocation pursuant to sections ~~474A.05, 474A.11, 27 and 474A.12~~ 29.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.15, is amended to read:

## 474A.15 [STATE HELD HARMLESS.]

The state is not liable in any manner to any issuer, holder of obligations, or other person for carrying out the duties imposed on it under sections ~~474A.01 1 to 474A.21 40~~.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.16, is amended to read:

## 474A.16 [EXCLUSIVE METHOD OF ALLOCATION.]

Sections ~~474A.01 1 to 474A.21 40~~ shall be the exclusive method for allocating authority to issue obligations for the purposes of complying with the volume limitation of a ~~federal volume limitation act and existing federal tax law~~. An issuer of obligations may elect to obtain an allocation of authority under either existing federal tax law, a federal volume limitation act, or both.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.17, is amended to read:

## 474A.17 [ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE ACT NOT APPLICABLE.]

Minnesota Statutes, chapter 14, shall not apply to actions taken by any state agency, or entity, ~~or the governor~~ under sections ~~474A.01 1 to 474A.21 40~~.

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.18, is amended to read:

474A.18 [PROSPECTIVE OVERRIDE OF FEDERAL VOLUME LIMITATION ACT TAX LAW.]

Sections ~~474A.01 1 to 474A.21~~ prospectively 40 override and replace the method of allocating the authority to issue obligations among uses and among issuers as provided in a section 146 of federal volume limitation act tax law to the extent allowed by a federal volume limitation act tax law.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.20, is amended to read:

474A.20 [STATE CERTIFICATION.]

The commissioner of the department is designated as the state official to provide any preissuance or postissuance certification required by a federal volume limitation act tax law.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.21, is amended to read:

474A.21 [APPROPRIATION; RECEIPTS.]

Any fees collected by the department under sections 474A.01 1 to 474A.21 40 must be deposited in the general fund. The amount necessary to refund application deposits is appropriated to the department from the general fund for that purpose.

Sec. 41. [ALLOCATION FOR REMAINDER OF 1987.]

Subdivision 1. [MINNESOTA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY AND POOL ALLOCATION.] For the purposes of this section, the terms defined in sections 1 to 21 have the meanings given them in sections 1 to 21. The commissioner shall allocate the annual volume cap for the remainder of 1987 on the day following final enactment as follows:

(a) \$60,000,000 is allocated to the Minnesota housing finance agency less any amount that was allocated to the Minnesota housing finance agency from the department of finance in 1987 under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.09. This amount is available only for the issuance of mortgage bonds or residential rental project bonds.

(b) \$80,000,000 is allocated to the manufacturing pool, less the sum of (1) the amount of allocations for small issue bonds made from and not returned to the pool established under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.11, and (2) any amount that was allocated for small issue bonds by the department of finance in 1987 under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.09. Any allocations that were made for small issue bonds under Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 474A.09 and 474A.11, returned on or subsequent to the date of enactment must be made available for reallocation through the manufacturing pool.

(c) \$60,000,000 is allocated to the multifamily housing pool, less the amount of allocations for residential rental project bonds made from and not returned to the pool established under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.11. Any allocations that were made for

residential project bonds under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.11, returned on or subsequent to the date of enactment must be made available for reallocation through the multifamily housing pool.

(d) \$31,190,380 is allocated to the public facilities pool, less the amount of allocations for public facility bonds made from and not returned to the pool established under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.11. Any allocations that were made for public facility bonds under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.11, returned on or subsequent to the date of enactment must be made available for reallocation through the public facilities pool. Applications from the Minnesota public facilities authority must receive priority for allocations from the public facilities pool in any given week.

If the amount of bonding authority allocated under subdivision 3 when added to the allocation for public facility bonds made from and not returned to the pool under Minnesota Statutes, section 474A.11 exceeds \$31,190,380, the excess must be deducted from the allocation under paragraph (c) and be allocated to the public facilities pool.

Subd. 2. [1987 ENTITLEMENT CITY ALLOCATIONS.] (a) Cities that received entitlement allocations under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.08, subdivision 1, paragraph (2), may retain those allocations for issuance of mortgage bonds, residential rental project bonds, or public facility bonds. These allocations shall be treated as entitlement allocations for the purpose of section 24 and any allocations returned must be reallocated through the manufacturing pool. If there is insufficient bonding authority in the manufacturing pool to provide allocations to all eligible projects on any Monday prior to the last Monday in October 1987, after all eligible bonding authority has been transferred to the manufacturing pool as provided in section 28, additional bonding authority must be transferred to the manufacturing pool for allocation on the subsequent Monday from the entitlement city allocations as provided in this subdivision. Each city must transfer bonding authority to the manufacturing pool from its remaining bonding authority in an amount equal to the percentage of the allocation that the city received under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.08, subdivision 1, paragraph (2), in relation to the total amount of allocations made under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.08, subdivision 1, paragraph (2), multiplied by the amount necessary to provide allocations to all manufacturing projects on the subsequent Monday. No city is required to transfer more bonding authority under this subdivision than the amount of the city's allocation under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.08, subdivision 1, paragraph (2). For any week that a city transfers bonding authority to the manufacturing pool, that city shall receive a priority for allocations from the manufacturing pool up to the amount of bonding authority transferred by that city.



(b) Cities that received entitlement allocations under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.08, subdivision 1, paragraph (3), may retain those allocations for issuance of mortgage bonds, residential rental project bonds, or public facility bonds. These allocations shall be treated as entitlement allocations for the purpose of section 24 and any allocation returned must be reallocated through the multifamily housing pool.

(c) Cities that received entitlement allocations under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.08, subdivision 1, paragraph (5), may retain those allocations for issuance of mortgage bonds, residential rental project bonds, or public facility bonds. These allocations must be treated as entitlement allocations for the purpose of section 24 and any allocations returned must be reallocated through the multifamily housing pool.

Subd. 3. [HIGHER EDUCATION COORDINATING BOARD ALLOCATION.] The higher education coordinating board shall receive an allocation from the public facilities pool of an amount up to \$20,000,000 less the sum of (1) the amount carried forward from 1986, and (2) any amount allocated to it under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 474A.09. The higher education coordinating board shall be treated as an entitlement issuer under section 24.

Subd. 4. [APPLICATION OF OTHER LAW.] The provisions of sections 32, 35, 36, 37, 38, and 40 apply to the allocations made under this section.

Sec. 42. [ALLOCATION VALIDATION.]

All allocations made under Minnesota Statutes 1986, chapter 474A, are validated and shall be governed by the provisions of sections 1 to 41.

Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 462C.11, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS.] Mortgage credit certificate programs adopted by the city shall comply with all of the provisions of section 25 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through July 18, 1984 1986.

Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 462C.11, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [CORRECTION AMOUNTS.] Correction amounts determined by the secretary of the treasury because of the failure of a mortgage credit certificate program to comply with a federal statute or regulation shall be assessed pursuant to section 462C.09, subdivision 5 against the amount of qualified mortgage bonds allocated

by chapter 474A to the issuer which adopted the program. If no allocation exists or it is less than the correction amount determined by the secretary of the treasury, then the amount of the correction amount in excess of the allocation shall be assessed against the multifamily housing pool.

Sec. 45. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 474A.02, subdivisions 5, 9, 10, 11, 13, 15, 17, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27, 28, and 29; 474A.03, subdivisions 2 and 3; 474A.04, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, and 4; 474A.05; 474A.06; 474A.07; 474A.08; 474A.09; 474A.10; 474A.11; 474A.12; 474A.13, subdivisions 2 and 3; and 474A.19, are repealed.

Laws 1981, chapter 222, section 6; and chapter 223, section 6, subdivision 3, are repealed.

Sec. 46. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1 to 45 are effective the day following final enactment.

## ARTICLE 17

### COMPLIANCE

Section 1. [270.052] [AGREEMENT WITH INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE.]

Notwithstanding sections 290.61 and 290A.17, the commissioner may enter into an agreement with the Internal Revenue Service to identify taxpayers who have refunds due from the department of revenue and liabilities owing to the Internal Revenue Service, if the Internal Revenue Service agrees to identify taxpayers who have refunds due from the Internal Revenue Service and liabilities owing to the department of revenue. In accordance with the procedures established in the agreement, the Internal Revenue Service may levy against the refunds to be paid by the department of revenue, and the department of revenue may levy against refunds to be paid by the Internal Revenue Service.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 270.066, is amended to read:

270.066 [COMMISSIONER TO REQUIRE SOCIAL SECURITY OR IDENTIFYING NUMBERS ON FORMS.]

Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, the commissioner of revenue may require that a form required to be filed with

the commissioner include the social security number, federal employer identification number, or Minnesota taxpayer identification number of the taxpayer or applicant.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 270.10, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [IN WRITING; APPROVAL BY ATTORNEY GENERAL.] All orders and decisions of the commissioner of revenue, or any subordinates, respecting any tax, assessment, or other obligation, shall be in writing, filed in the offices of the department. ~~No~~ Any order or decision issued after June 30, 1983, increasing or decreasing any tax, assessment, or other obligation by a sum exceeding \$1,000 on real or personal property, or the assessed valuation thereof, or other obligation relating thereto, the result of which is to increase or decrease the total amount payable including penalties and interest, by a sum exceeding \$1,000, and ~~no~~ any order or decision increasing or decreasing any other tax by a sum exceeding \$1,000 exclusive of penalties and interest, ~~shall be made without~~ must bear the written signature or facsimile signature of the commissioner, a deputy commissioner, assistant commissioner, division director, or acting division director in each case or the commissioner's delegate. Written notice of every order granting a reduction, abatement, or refundment exceeding \$5,000 of any tax exclusive of penalties and interest, shall be given within five days to the attorney general. The attorney general shall forthwith examine ~~such~~ the order, and if proper and legal, approve ~~the same~~ it in writing. The attorney general may waive the right of appeal ~~therefrom~~ in from the order on behalf of the state or may appeal from the order in on behalf of the state as herein provided; but. Written approval of the commissioner or a ~~deputy~~ delegate and written notice to the attorney general, shall not be required with respect to the following orders: (1) orders reducing assessed valuation of property by reason of its classification as a homestead; (2) orders not involving refunds which have the effect only of correcting income and franchise tax assessments to conform to the amounts shown on final returns filed as provided by section 290.42, clause (6); and (3) original orders for the refundment of gasoline and special fuel taxes.

Sec. 4. [270.271] [TIMELY MAILING TREATED AS TIMELY FILING AND PAYING.]

Subdivision 1. [DATE OF DELIVERY.] When a document, including a return, claim, or statement, is required to be filed, or a payment is required to be made to the commissioner within a prescribed period, or on or before a prescribed date, and if the document or payment is delivered by United States mail after the period or the date to the place prescribed for filing or payment, then the date of the United States postmark stamped on the cover in which the document or payment is mailed shall be considered the date of delivery or of payment, as the case may be.

Subd. 2. [MAILING REQUIREMENTS.] Subdivision 1 applies only if:

(1) the postmark date falls within the prescribed period or on or before the prescribed date,

(i) for filing (including any extension granted for the filing) of the document, or

(ii) for making the payment (including any extension granted for making the payment); and

(2) the document or payment was within the time prescribed in clause (1), deposited in the mail in the United States in an envelope or other appropriate wrapper, postage prepaid, properly addressed to the office of the department of revenue with which the document is required to be filed or to which payment is required to be made.

Subd. 3. [UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE POSTMARK.] Only the postmark of the United States Postal Service, rather than those of private postage meters, qualifies as proof of timely mailing under this section. If the document or payment is sent by United States registered mail, the date of registration shall be treated as the postmark date. If the document or payment is sent by United States certified mail and the sender's receipt is postmarked by the postal employee to whom the envelope containing such document or payment is presented, the date of the United States postmark on the receipt shall be treated as the postmark date of the document or payment.

Subd. 4. [RECEIPT DATE OTHERWISE GOVERNS.] In any case in which the document or payment is not treated as timely filed or paid under this section, the date of receipt by the commissioner, and not the postmark date, shall govern for purposes of determining the amount of any penalties for late filing or payment.

Sec. 5. [270.651] [ERRONEOUS REFUND.]

An erroneous refund shall be considered an underpayment of tax on the date made. An assessment of a deficiency arising out of an erroneous refund may be made at any time within two years from the making of the refund. If any part of the refund was induced by fraud or misrepresentation of a material fact, the assessment may be made at any time. If the erroneous refund results from a mistake of the department, no interest or penalty will be imposed, unless the deficiency assessment is not satisfied within 60 days of the order.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 270.72, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [TAX CLEARANCE REQUIRED.] The state or a political subdivision of the state may not issue, transfer, or renew a license for the conduct of a profession, occupation, trade, or business, if the commissioner notifies the licensing authority that the applicant owes the state delinquent taxes, penalties, or interest. The commissioner may not notify the licensing authority unless the applicant taxpayer owes \$500 or more in delinquent taxes. A licensing authority that has received a notice from the commissioner may issue, transfer, or renew the applicant's license only if (a) the commissioner issues a tax clearance certificate and (b) the commissioner or the applicant forwards a copy of the clearance to the authority. The commissioner may issue a clearance certificate only if the applicant does not owe the state any uncontested delinquent taxes, penalties, or interest.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 270.72, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [DEFINITIONS.] For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.

(a) "Taxes" are limited to withholding tax as provided in section 290.92, sales and use tax as provided in chapter 297A, and motor vehicle excise tax as provided in chapter 297B. Penalties and interest are limited to penalties and interest due on taxes included in this definition all taxes payable to the commissioner including penalties and interest due on the taxes.

(b) "Delinquent taxes" do not include a tax liability if (i) an administrative or court action which contests the amount or validity of the liability has been filed or served, (ii) the appeal period to contest the tax liability has not expired, or (iii) the applicant has entered into a payment agreement and is current with the payments.

(c) "Applicant" means an individual if the license is issued to or in the name of an individual or the corporation or partnership if the license is issued to or in the name of a corporation or partnership. "Applicant" also means an officer of a corporation or a member of a partnership, or an individual who is liable for the delinquent taxes pursuant to section 270.10, subdivision 4, either for the entity for which the license is at issue or for another entity for which the liability was incurred, or personally as a licensee. In the case of a license transfer, "applicant" also means both the transferor and the transferee of the license.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 270.77, is amended to read:

270.77 [SUBSTANTIAL UNDERSTATEMENT OF LIABILITY.]

The commissioner of revenue shall impose a penalty for substantial understatement of any tax payable to the commissioner.

There must be added to the tax an amount equal to ~~ten~~ 25 percent of the amount of any underpayment attributable to the understatement. There is a substantial understatement of tax for the period if the amount of the understatement for the period exceeds the greater of: (1) ten percent of the tax required to be shown on the return for the period; or (2)(a) \$10,000 in the case of a corporation other than an S corporation as defined in section 290.9725 when the tax is imposed by chapter 290, or (b) \$5,000 in the case of any other taxpayer, and in the case of a corporation any tax not imposed by chapter 290. The term "understatement" means the excess of the amount of the tax required to be shown on the return for the period, over the amount of the tax imposed which is shown on the return. The amount of the understatement shall be reduced by that portion of the understatement which is attributable to the tax treatment of any item by the taxpayer if there is or was substantial authority for the treatment, or any item with respect to which the relevant facts affecting the item's tax treatment are adequately disclosed in the return or in a statement attached to the return. The special rules in cases involving tax shelters provided in section 6661(b)(2)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1985, shall apply and shall apply to a tax shelter the principal purpose of which is the avoidance or evasion of state taxes. The commissioner may abate all or any part of the addition to the tax provided by this section on a showing by the taxpayer that there was reasonable cause for the understatement, or part of it, and that the taxpayer acted in good faith. The additional tax and penalty shall bear interest at the rate specified in section 270.75 from the time the tax should have been paid until paid.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 270A.07, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT.] ~~On or before December 15~~ Any claimant agency, seeking collection of a debt through set-off against a refund due in the succeeding year, shall submit to the commissioner information indicating the amount of each debt and information identifying the debtor, as required by section 270A.04, subdivision 3. ~~Subject to the notification deadline specified above~~ Where the notification is received before July 1, the notification shall be effective only to initiate set-off for claims against refunds that would be made in the same calendar year subsequent to the year in which notification is made to the commissioner. Where the notification is received on or after July 1, the notification is effective only to begin set-off for claims against refunds that would be made in the next calendar year.

The claimant agency shall submit to the commissioner the amount of \$3 per certification. The payment must accompany the

certification. The claimant agency shall increase the amount of each debt certified by \$3 and this total amount is subject to recapture. If the total debt is not recaptured by the commissioner, the \$3 addition to the debt may be collected by the claimant agency from the debtor and must be considered an obligation of the debtor. The \$3 will not be refunded if the recapture is not accomplished.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.53, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [FAILURE TO PAY TAX.] If any tax imposed by this chapter is not paid within the time herein specified for the payment thereof, or within 30 days after final determination of an appeal to the tax court relating thereto if the taxpayer is not required to pay the amount in dispute pending appeal under section 290.531, there shall be added thereto a specific penalty equal to ten percent of the amount so remaining unpaid to the amount required to be shown as tax a penalty of three percent of the amount of tax not paid on or before the date prescribed for payment of the tax if the failure is for not more than 30 days, with an additional penalty of three percent of the amount of tax remaining unpaid during each additional 30 days or fraction thereof, not exceeding 24 percent in the aggregate. Such penalty shall be collected as part of said tax, and the amount of said tax not timely paid, together with said penalty shall bear interest at the rate specified in section 270.75 from the time such tax should have been paid until paid. Interest accruing upon the tax due as disclosed by the return or upon the amount determined as a deficiency from the date prescribed for the payment of the tax (if the tax is payable in installments, from the date the installment or installments become due and payable under the provisions of section 290.45, subdivision 1) shall be added to the tax and be collected as a part thereof. Where an extension of time for payment has been granted under section 290.45, subdivision 2, interest shall be paid at the rate specified in section 270.75 from the date when such payment should have been made if no extension had been granted, until such tax is paid. If payment is not made at the expiration of the extended period the penalties provided in this section shall apply.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.53, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1a. [APPLICABILITY TO CORPORATIONS.] In the case of a corporation, the penalty under subdivision 1 does not apply when:

(1) the corporation fulfills the requirements of section 290.42, paragraph (6), relating to a seven-month extension for filing the regularly required return and the filing of a tentative return;

(2) the amount of tax, determined without regard to any prepayment of tax, shown on the tentative return, or the amount of tax paid

on or before the regular due date of the return, is at least 90 percent of the amount shown on the corporation's regularly required return;

(3) any balance due shown on the regularly required return is paid on or before the due date of the return, including any extensions of time for filing; and

(4) interest on any balance due is paid at the rate specified in section 270.75 from the regular due date of the return until the tax is paid.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.53, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [FAILURE TO MAKE AND FILE RETURN.] In case of any failure to make and file a return as required by this chapter within the time prescribed by law or prescribed by the commissioner in pursuance of law, there shall be added to the tax or subtracted from the refund in lieu of the penalty provided in subdivision 1: ten percent of the amount of tax unpaid not paid on or before the date prescribed for payment of the tax if the failure is for not more than 30 days with an additional five percent for of the amount of tax remaining unpaid during each additional 30 days or fraction thereof during which such failure continues, not exceeding 25 percent in the aggregate; or ten percent of the amount of the refund claimed if the failure is for more than 60 but less than 90 days (determined with regard to any extensions of time for filing), with an additional five percent for each additional 30 days or fraction thereof during which such failure continues, not exceeding 25 percent in the aggregate.

In addition to the penalty imposed above, in the case of a failure to file a return of tax imposed by this chapter, other than a tax return of an individual, within 60 days of the date prescribed for filing of the return (determined with regard to any extensions of time for filing), there shall be added to the tax or subtracted from the refund the addition to tax under this subdivision shall not be less than the lesser of (i) \$100 \$200 or (ii) 100 the greater of (a) 25 percent of either the amount of required to be shown as tax which is due or the amount of the refund on the return without reduction for any payments made or refundable credits allowable against the tax or (b) \$50.

The amount so added to any tax shall be collected at the same time and in the same manner and as a part of the tax, and the amount of said tax together with the amount so added shall bear interest at the rate specified in section 270.75 from the time such tax should have been paid until paid unless the tax has been paid before the discovery of the neglect, in which case the amount so added shall be collected in the same manner as the tax.



For the purposes of this subdivision the amount of any taxes required to be shown on the return shall be reduced by the amount of any part of the tax which is paid on or before the date prescribed for payment of the tax and by the amount of any credit against the tax which may be claimed upon the return.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.53, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2a. [COMBINED PENALTIES.] Where penalties are imposed under subdivisions 1 and 2 of this section, the penalties imposed under both subdivisions combined, except for the minimum penalty under subdivision 2, shall not exceed 38 percent in the aggregate.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.53, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

Subd. 3a. [INTENTIONAL DISREGARD OF LAW OR RULES.] If any part of any underpayment resulting from an additional assessment is due to negligence or intentional disregard of the provisions of this chapter or rules of the commissioner of revenue (but without intent to defraud), there shall be added to the tax an amount equal to five ten percent of such additional assessment. The penalty imposed by this subdivision shall be collected as part of the tax and shall be in addition to any other penalties provided by this chapter. The amount of the tax together with this amount shall bear interest at the rate specified in section 270.75 from the time the tax should have been paid until paid.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.53, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [FAILURE TO FILE, FILING FALSE OR FRAUDULENT RETURN; INTENT TO EVADE TAX; CRIMINAL PROVISIONS.] In addition to any other penalties prescribed, (a) any person required by this chapter to make a return, who knowingly fails to make it at the time required by law, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor; (b) any person who willfully makes and subscribes any return, statement, or other document knowing it to be false as to any material matter is guilty of a felony; (c) any person who willfully attempts in any manner to evade or defeat any tax imposed by this chapter is guilty of a felony; and (d) any person who willfully fails to pay the tax at the time required by law, with the intent to evade or defeat the tax, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor unless the tax involved exceeds \$300, in which event the person is guilty of a felony. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 628.26, or any other provision of the criminal laws of this state, an indictment may be found and filed, or a complaint filed, upon any criminal offense specified in this subdivision, in the proper court within six years after the commission of the offense. The term "person" as used in

this subdivision includes any officer or employee of a corporation or a member or employee of a partnership who as an officer, member or employee is under a duty to perform the act in respect to which the violation occurs.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.56, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [FAILURE TO REPORT CHANGE OR CORRECTION OF FEDERAL RETURN.] If a taxpayer ~~shall fail~~ fails to report a change or correction or renegotiation by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue or other officer of the United States or other competent authority or ~~shall fail~~ fails to file a copy of an amended return within 90 days as required by subdivision 2, the commissioner may, within six years thereafter after the report should have been filed, recompute the tax, including a refundment thereof refund, based upon such information as may be available to the commissioner, notwithstanding any period of limitations to the contrary.

If a taxpayer reports the change, correction, or renegotiation, or files the amended return after the 90-day period required by subdivision 2 has expired, the time limit for the commissioner to recompute and reassess the tax due under this chapter, including making a refund, is the time limit provided in subdivision 4 determined from the date the report or amended return was filed with the commissioner.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.56, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [REPORT MADE OF CHANGE OR CORRECTION OF FEDERAL RETURN.] If a taxpayer is required to report a change or correction or renegotiation by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue or other officer of the United States or other competent authority or to file an amended return as required by subdivision 2 and does report such the change or files a copy of such the amended return within 90 days, the commissioner may recompute and reassess the tax due under this chapter, including a refundment thereof refund (a) within one year after such the report or amended return is filed with the commissioner, notwithstanding any period of limitations to the contrary or (b) within the period set forth in section 290.49, whichever period is greater. The period provided for the carryback of any amount of loss or credit is also extended as provided in this subdivision, notwithstanding any other law to the contrary.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.92, subdivision 15, is amended to read:

Subd. 15. [PENALTIES; FAILURE TO PAY TAX.] (1) In the case of any failure to withhold a tax on wages, ~~make and file quarterly returns~~ or make payments to or deposits with the commissioner of amounts withheld, as required by this section, within the time prescribed by law, there shall be added to the tax a penalty equal to ~~ten~~ three percent of the amount of tax that should have been properly withheld and paid over to or deposited with the commissioner if the failure is for not more than 30 days with an additional five three percent for each additional 30 days or fraction thereof during which the failure continues, not exceeding ~~25~~ 24 percent in the aggregate. The amount of the tax together with this amount shall bear interest at the rate specified in section 270.75 from the time the tax should have been paid until paid. The amount added to the tax shall be collected at the same time and in the same manner and as a part of the tax unless the tax has been paid before the discovery of the negligence, in which case the amount added shall be collected in the same manner as the tax.

(1a) In the case of a failure to make and file quarterly returns with the commissioner as required by this section, there shall be added to the tax a penalty equal to three percent of the amount of tax not properly withheld and paid over to or deposited with the commissioner if the failure is for not more than 30 days with an additional five percent of the amount of tax remaining unpaid during each additional 30 days or fraction thereof during which the failure continues, not exceeding 23 percent in the aggregate. The amount of the tax together with this amount shall bear interest at the rate specified in section 270.75 from the time the tax should have been paid until paid. The amount added to the tax shall be collected at the same time and in the same manner and as a part of the tax unless the tax has been paid before the discovery of the negligence, in which case the amount added shall be collected in the same manner as the tax.

(1b) In the case of a failure to file a return of tax imposed by this chapter within 60 days of the date prescribed for filing of the return (determined with regard to any extension of time for filing), the addition to tax under paragraph (1a) of this subdivision shall not be less than the lesser of (i) \$200; or (ii) the greater of (a) 25 percent of the amount required to be shown as tax on the return without reduction for any payments made or refundable credits allowable against the tax or (b) \$50.

(1c) Where penalties are imposed under paragraphs (1) and (1a) of this subdivision, except for the minimum penalty under paragraph (1b), the combined penalty percentage shall not exceed 38 percent in the aggregate.

(2) If any employer required to withhold a tax on wages, make deposits, make and file quarterly returns and make payments to the commissioner of amounts withheld, as required by sections 290.92 to

290.97, willfully fails to withhold the tax or make the deposits, files a false or fraudulent return, willfully fails to make the payment or deposit, or willfully attempts in any manner to evade or defeat the tax or the payment or deposit of it, there shall also be imposed on the employer as a penalty an amount equal to 50 percent of the amount of tax, less any amount paid or deposited by the employer on the basis of the false or fraudulent return or deposit, that should have been properly withheld and paid over or deposited with the commissioner. The amount of the tax together with this amount shall bear interest at the rate specified in section 270.75 from the time the tax should have been paid until paid. The penalty imposed by this paragraph shall be collected as a part of the tax, and shall be in addition to any other penalties civil and criminal, prescribed by this subdivision.

(3) If any person required under the provisions of subdivision 7 to furnish a statement to an employee or payee and a duplicate statement to the commissioner, or to furnish a reconciliation of the statements, and quarterly returns, to the commissioner, willfully furnishes a false or fraudulent statement to an employee or payee or a false or fraudulent duplicate statement or reconciliation of statements, and quarterly returns, to the commissioner, or willfully fails to furnish a statement or the reconciliation in the manner, at the time, and showing the information required by the provisions of subdivision 7, or rules prescribed by the commissioner thereunder, there shall be imposed on the person a penalty of \$50 for each act or failure to act, but the total amount imposed on the delinquent person for all such failures during any calendar year shall not exceed \$25,000. The penalty imposed by this paragraph is due and payable within ten days after the mailing of a written demand therefor, and may be collected in the manner prescribed in subdivision 6, paragraph (8).

(4) In addition to any other penalties prescribed, any person required to withhold a tax on wages, file quarterly returns, and make payments or deposits to the commissioner of amounts withheld, as required by this section, who attempts to evade the tax by (i) willfully failing to withhold the tax, file the return, or make the payment or deposit, or (ii) willfully preparing or filing a false return, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor unless the tax involved exceeds \$300, in which event the person is guilty of a felony.

(5) In lieu of any other penalty provided by law, except the penalty provided by paragraph (3), any person required under the provisions of subdivision 7 to furnish a statement of wages to an employee and a duplicate statement to the commissioner, who willfully furnishes a false or fraudulent statement of wages to an employee or a false or fraudulent duplicate statement of wages to the commissioner, or who willfully fails to furnish a statement in the manner, at the time, and showing the information required by the provisions of subdivision 7,

or rules prescribed by the commissioner thereunder, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

(6) Any employee required to supply information to an employer under the provisions of subdivision 5, who willfully fails to supply information or willfully supplies false or fraudulent information thereunder which would require an increase in the tax to be deducted and withheld under subdivision 2a or 3, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

(7) The term "person," as used in this section, includes an officer or employee of a corporation, or a member or employee of a partnership, who as an officer, employee, or member is under a duty to perform the act in respect of which the violation occurs.

(8) All payments received may, in the discretion of the commissioner of revenue, be credited first to the oldest liability not secured by a judgment or lien, but in all cases shall be credited first to penalties, next to interest, and then to the tax due.

(9) In addition to any other penalty provided by law, any employee who furnishes a withholding exemption certificate to an employer which the employee has reason to know contains a materially incorrect statement is liable to the commissioner of revenue for a penalty of \$500 for each instance. The penalty is immediately due and payable and may be collected in the same manner as any delinquent income tax.

(10) In addition to any other penalty provided by law, any employer who fails to submit a copy of a withholding exemption certificate required by subdivision 5a, clause (1)(a), (1)(b), or (2) is liable to the commissioner of revenue for a penalty of \$50 for each instance. The penalty is immediately due and payable and may be collected in the manner provided in subdivision 6, paragraph (8).

(11) Any person who willfully aids or assists in, or procures, counsels, or advises the preparation or presentation under, or in connection with any matter arising under this section, of a return, affidavit, claim, or other document, which is fraudulent or false as to any material matter, whether or not the falsity or fraud is with the knowledge or consent of the person authorized or required to present the return, affidavit, claim, or document, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor, unless the tax involved exceeds \$300, in which event the actor is guilty of a felony.

(12) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 628.26, or any other provision of the criminal laws of this state, an indictment may be found and filed, or a complaint filed, upon any criminal offense specified in this subdivision, in the proper court within six years after the commission of the offense.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290A.11, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [FRAUDULENT CLAIM; PENALTY.] In any case in which it is determined that the claim is or was excessive and was filed with fraudulent intent, the claim shall be disallowed in full. If the claim has been paid, the amount disallowed shall be recovered by assessment and collection in the manner provided in chapter 290 for collection of income tax. The assessment shall bear interest from the date the claim is paid by the state until the date of repayment by the claimant, at the rate specified in section 270.75.

Any person who knowingly prepares, assists in preparing, or files a false or excessive claim or claims with the intent of defrauding the state of Minnesota, is guilty of an offense and may be sentenced as follows:

(1) to imprisonment for not more than ten years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$20,000; or both, if the amount of the claim or claims, aggregated within any 12-month period, exceeds \$2,500; or

(2) to imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000; or both, if the amount of the claim or claims, aggregated within any 12-month period, is more than \$300, but not more than \$2,500; or

(3) to imprisonment for not more than one year or to payment of a fine of not more than \$3,000; or both, if the amount of the claim or claims does not exceed \$300.

Notwithstanding the provisions of section 628.26, or any other provisions of the criminal laws of this state, an indictment may be found and filed, or a complaint filed, upon any criminal offense specified in this subdivision, in the proper court within six years after the commission of the offense.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 291.131, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [FAILURE TO PAY TAX.] If any tax imposed by this chapter is not paid within the time specified for payment, or within 30 days after final determination of an appeal to the appropriate judicial forum, a penalty equal to ~~ten~~ three percent of the unpaid tax shall be added to the tax if the failure is for not more than 30 days, with an additional penalty of three percent of the amount of tax remaining unpaid during each additional 30 days or fraction thereof during which the failure continues, not exceeding 24 percent in the aggregate.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 291.131, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [FAILURE TO MAKE AND FILE RETURN.] In case of any failure to make and file a return within the time prescribed or an extension thereof, unless it is shown that such failure is due to reasonable cause, a penalty of ten three percent of the amount of tax not paid on or before the date prescribed for payment of the tax shall be added to the tax if the failure is for not more than 30 days with an additional five percent for of the amount of tax remaining unpaid during each additional 30 days or fraction thereof during which such failure continues, not exceeding 25 23 percent in the aggregate. This penalty shall be in lieu of the penalty provided in subdivision 1.

In the case of a failure to file a return within 60 days of the date prescribed for filing of the return (determined with regard to any extension of time for filing), the addition to tax under this subdivision shall not be less than the lesser of (i) \$200; or (ii) the greater of (a) 25 percent of the amount required to be shown as tax on the return without reduction for any payments made or refundable credits allowable against the tax or (b) \$50.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 291.131, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2a. [COMBINED PENALTIES.] Where penalties are imposed under subdivisions 1 and 2, except for the minimum penalty under subdivision 2, the penalties imposed under both subdivisions combined shall not exceed 38 percent in the aggregate.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 291.131, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. In addition to the penalties hereinbefore described, any person who knowingly fails to file a return at the time required by this chapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, unless no taxes are due. Any person who willfully files a false return with intent to evade such taxes shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor. The term "person" includes any officer or employee of a corporation or a member or employee of a partnership who as such officer, member or employee is under a duty to perform the act in respect to which the violation occurs.

Notwithstanding section 628.26, or any other criminal laws of this state, an indictment may be found and filed, or a complaint filed, upon a criminal offense specified in this subdivision, in the proper court within six years after the commission of the offense.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 296.18, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [AVIATION GASOLINE TAX REFUND CLAIMS, CRIMINAL PENALTY.] In addition to the penalty prescribed in subdivision 6, any person who willfully makes a false claim for any refund provided for in subdivision 4 shall be guilty of a felony. The term "person," as used in this subdivision, includes any officer or employee of a corporation or a member or employee of a partnership who, as such officer, member, or employee, is under a duty to perform the act in respect to which the violation occurs.

Notwithstanding section 628.26, or any other criminal laws of this state, an indictment may be found and filed, or a complaint filed, upon a criminal offense specified in this subdivision, in the proper courts within six years after the commission of the offense.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.07, is amended to read:

297A.07 [REVOCAION OF PERMITS.]

Whenever any person fails to comply with any provision of sections 297A.01 to 297A.44 or any rule of the commissioner adopted under sections 297A.01 to 297A.44, the commissioner, upon hearing, after giving the person 30 days' notice in writing specifying the time and place of hearing and the reason for the proposed revocation and requiring the person to show cause why the permit or permits should not be revoked, may for reasonable cause, revoke or suspend any one or more of the permits held by such person. The notice may be served personally or by mail in the manner prescribed for service of notice of a deficiency. The commissioner shall not issue a new permit after revocation except upon application accompanied by reasonable evidence of the intention of the applicant to comply with the aforementioned provisions and rules. The commissioner may condition the issuance of a new permit to such applicant on the supplying of such security in addition to that authorized by section 297A.28 as is reasonably necessary to insure compliance with the aforementioned provisions and rules.

Notwithstanding the provisions of section 297A.43, the commissioner may disclose information identifying the holder of a revoked permit and the basis for the revocation.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.151, is amended to read:

297A.151 [TAX ON LIQUOR AND BEER; DELINQUENCY.]

Subdivision 1. [POSTING, NOTICE.] Notwithstanding ~~section~~ sections 290.61 and 297A.43, the commissioner shall, by the 15th of each month, submit to the commissioner of public safety a list of all permit holders taxpayers who are required to withhold or collect the tax imposed by ~~section~~ sections 290.92 or 297A.02, ~~subdivision 3,~~



and who are 30 days or more delinquent in either filing a sales tax return or paying the sales tax. At least ten days before notifying the commissioner of public safety, the commissioner of revenue shall notify the ~~permit holder~~ taxpayer of the intended action.

The commissioner of public safety shall post the list in the same manner as provided in section 340A.318, subdivision 3. The list will prominently show the date of posting. If a ~~permit holder~~ taxpayer previously listed cures the delinquency by filing all returns and paying all taxes, the commissioner shall notify the commissioner of public safety within two business days that the delinquency was cured.

Subd. 2. [SALES PROHIBITED.] Beginning the third business day after the list is posted, no wholesaler, manufacturer, or brewer may sell or deliver any product to a ~~permit holder~~ taxpayer included on the posted list.

Subd. 3. [PENALTY.] A wholesaler, manufacturer, or brewer of intoxicating liquor or nonintoxicating malt liquor who violates subdivision 2 is subject to the penalties provided in section 340A.304.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.26, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. The taxes imposed by sections 297A.01 to 297A.44 shall be due and payable to the commissioner monthly on or before the ~~25th~~ 20th day of the month next succeeding the month in which the taxable event occurred or succeeding such other reporting period as the commissioner may prescribe.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.27, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Except as provided in section 297A.275, on or before the ~~25th~~ 20th day of each month in which taxes imposed by sections 297A.01 to 297A.44 are payable, a return for the preceding reporting period shall be filed with the commissioner in such form as the commissioner may prescribe, verified by a written declaration that it is made under the criminal penalties for willfully making a false return, and in addition shall contain a confession of judgment for the amount of the tax shown due thereon to the extent not timely paid. Any person making sales at retail at two or more places of business may file a consolidated return subject to such rules as the commissioner may prescribe.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.275, is amended to read:

## 297A.275 [ACCELERATED PAYMENT OF JUNE LIABILITY.]

Every vendor having a liability of \$1,500 or more in May ~~1982~~ 1988 or in May of each subsequent year, shall remit the June liability in the manner required by this section.

On or before June ~~25 20, 1982~~ 1988, or June 25 20 of each subsequent year, the vendor shall remit the actual May liability and one-half of the estimated June liability to the commissioner and file the return on a form prescribed by the commissioner.

On or before August ~~25 20, 1982~~ 1988, or August 25 20 of each subsequent year, the vendor shall submit a return showing the actual June liability and paying any additional amount of tax not remitted in June. A penalty is hereby imposed equal to ten percent of the amount of June liability required to be paid in June less the amount remitted in June. However, the penalty shall not be imposed if the amount remitted in June equals the lesser of (a) 45 percent of the actual June liability, or (b) 50 percent of the preceding May's liability.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.39, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [FAILURE TO PAY.] If any tax imposed by sections 297A.01 to 297A.44, or any portion thereof, is not paid within the time herein specified for the payment, or an extension thereof, or within 30 days after final determination of an appeal to the tax court relating thereto if the taxpayer is not required to pay the amount in dispute pending appeal under section 297A.391, there shall be added thereto a specific penalty equal to ~~ten~~ three percent of the amount remaining unpaid if the failure is for not more than 30 days, with an additional penalty of three percent of the amount of tax remaining unpaid during each additional 30 days or fraction thereof, not exceeding 24 percent in the aggregate.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.39, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [FAILURE TO FILE RETURNS.] In case of any failure to make and file a return within the time prescribed by sections 297A.01 to 297A.44 or an extension thereof, there shall be added to the tax in lieu of the ~~ten percent specific penalty provided in subdivision 1~~ ten three percent of the amount of tax not paid on or before the date prescribed for payment of the tax if the failure is for not more than 30 days, with an additional five percent of the amount of tax remaining unpaid for each additional 30 days or fraction thereof during which such failure continues, not exceeding 25 23 percent in the aggregate. If the penalty as computed does not exceed \$10, a minimum penalty of \$10 shall be assessed. The amount so added to any tax under subdivisions 1 and 2 shall be collected at the

same time and in the same manner and as a part of the tax and shall bear interest at the rate specified in section 270.75 from the time the tax should have been paid, unless the tax has been paid before the discovery of the negligence, in which case the amount so added shall be collected in the same manner as the tax.

In the case of a failure to file a return within 60 days of the date prescribed for filing of the return (determined with regard to any extension of time for filing), the addition to tax under this subdivision shall not be less than the lesser of (i) \$200; or (ii) the greater of (a) 25 percent of the amount required to be shown as tax on the return without reduction for any payments made or refundable credits allowable against the tax or (b) \$50.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.39, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2a. [COMBINED PENALTIES.] Where penalties are imposed under subdivisions 1 and 2, the penalties imposed under both subdivisions combined, other than the minimum penalty under subdivision 2, shall not exceed 38 percent in the aggregate.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.39, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [PENALTIES; FAILURE TO FILE OR PAY.] In addition to any other penalties prescribed, any person who willfully fails to make a return or willfully makes a false return or willfully fails to pay over taxes imposed by this chapter collected for or on behalf of the state, or attempts in any manner to evade or defeat the taxes imposed by this chapter is guilty of a gross misdemeanor unless the amount of the tax involved exceeds \$300, in which event the person is guilty of a felony. The term "person" as used in this subdivision includes any officer or employee of a corporation or a member or employee of a partnership who as an officer, member or employee is under a duty to perform the act in respect to which the violation occurs. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 628.26, or any other provision of the criminal laws of this state, an indictment may be found and filed, or a complaint filed, upon any criminal offense specified in this subdivision, in the proper court within six years after the commission of the offense.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297B.10, is amended to read:

297B.10 [PENALTIES.]

(1) Any person, including persons other than the purchaser, who prepares, completes or submits a false or fraudulent motor vehicle purchaser's certificate with intent to defeat or evade the tax imposed under this chapter or any purchaser who fails to complete or submit

a motor vehicle purchaser's certificate with intent to defeat or evade the tax or who attempts to defeat or evade the tax in any manner, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor unless the tax involved exceeds \$300, in which event the person is guilty of a felony. The term "person" as used in this section includes any officer or employee of a corporation or a member or employee of a partnership who as an officer, member or employee is under a duty to perform the act with respect to which the violation occurs. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 628.26 or any other provision of the criminal laws of this state, an indictment may be found and filed, or a complaint filed, upon any criminal offense specified in this section, in the proper court within six years after the commission of the offense.

(2) Any person who violates any of the provisions of this chapter, unless the violation be of the type referred to in clause (1), is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$50 nor more than \$100 or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than 30 days, or both.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297D.02, is amended to read:

297D.02 [ADMINISTRATION.]

The commissioner of revenue shall administer this chapter. Payments required by this chapter must be made to the commissioner on the form provided by the commissioner. Dealers are not required to give their name, address, social security number, or other identifying information on the form. The commissioner shall collect all taxes under this chapter.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297D.07, is amended to read:

297D.07 [MEASUREMENT.]

For the purpose of calculating the tax under section 297D.08, an ounce a gram of marijuana or other controlled substance is measured by the weight of the substance in the dealer's possession. The weight of the marijuana or controlled substance includes all material, compound, mixture, or preparation that is added to the marijuana or controlled substance.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297D.09, is amended to read:

297D.09 [FAILURE TO FILE, FILING FALSE OR FRAUDULENT RETURN; INTENT TO EVADE TAX PENALTIES; CRIMINAL PROVISIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [PENALTIES.] Any dealer violating this chapter is subject to a penalty of 100 percent of the tax in addition to the tax imposed by section 297D.08. The penalty will be collected as part of the tax.

Subd. 1a. [CRIMINAL PENALTY; SALE WITHOUT AFFIXED STAMPS.] In addition to the tax penalty imposed, a dealer distributing or possessing marijuana or controlled substances without affixing the appropriate stamps, labels, or other indicia is guilty of a crime and, upon conviction, may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both.

Subd. 2. [STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.] Notwithstanding section 628.26, or any other provision of the criminal laws of this state, an indictment may be found and filed, or a complaint filed, upon any criminal offense specified in this section, in the proper court within six years after the commission of this offense.

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297D.10, is amended to read:

297D.10 [STAMP PRICE.]

Official stamps, labels, or other indicia to be affixed to all marijuana or controlled substances shall be purchased from the department commissioner. The purchaser shall pay 100 percent of face value for each stamp, label, or other indicia at the time of the purchase. The department shall make the stamps, labels, or other indicia in denominations in multiples of ten dollars.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297D.12, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ASSESSMENT PROCEDURE.] An assessment for a dealer not possessing valid stamps or other official indicia showing that the tax has been paid shall be considered a jeopardy assessment or collection, as provided in section 270.70. The commissioner shall assess a tax and applicable penalties based on personal knowledge or information available to the commissioner; mail the taxpayer at the taxpayer's last known address or serve in person, a written notice of the amount of tax and penalty; demand its immediate payment; and, if payment is not immediately made, collect the tax and penalty by any method prescribed in chapter 270, except that the commissioner need not await the expiration of the times specified in chapter 270. Section 270.70, subdivision 4, paragraph (a), does not apply to this chapter.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297D.13, is amended to read:

## 297D.13 [CONFIDENTIAL NATURE OF INFORMATION.]

Subdivision 1. [DISCLOSURE PROHIBITED.] Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, neither the commissioner nor a public employee may reveal facts contained in a report or return required by this chapter, or any information obtained from a dealer; nor can any information contained in such a report or return or obtained from a dealer be used against the dealer in any criminal proceeding, unless independently obtained, except in connection with a proceeding involving taxes due under this chapter from the taxpayer dealer making the return.

Subd. 2. [PENALTY FOR DISCLOSURE.] Any person violating this section is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

Subd. 3. [STATISTICS.] This section does not prohibit the commissioner from publishing statistics that do not disclose the identity of dealers or the contents of particular returns or reports.

## Sec. 41. [INSTRUCTIONS TO REVISOR.]

The revisor of statutes shall renumber section 297A.151 of Minnesota Statutes as section 270.73. The revisor shall also make necessary cross-reference changes consistent with the renumbering.

The revisor of statutes shall renumber section 290.53, subdivision 3, of Minnesota Statutes as section 290.53, subdivision 3a; and section 290.53, subdivision 3a, of Minnesota Statutes as section 290.53, subdivision 3. The revisor shall correct any internal references or cross references accordingly.

## Sec. 42. [REPEALER.]

(a) Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 270.75, subdivision 8, is repealed.

(b) Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.26, subdivision 3, is repealed.

## Sec. 43. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1 to 3, 5 to 7, 15 to 17, 19, 23, 24, 26, 33 to 36, 39, 40, subdivision 1, and 41, are effective the day after final enactment. Section 4 is effective for returns or payments due after December 31, 1987. Section 8 is effective for returns filed after June 30, 1987. Section 9 is effective for notifications received after June 30, 1987. Sections 10, 13, and 14 are effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986. Section 11 is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1985. Section 12 is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986, except the language in the

first and second paragraphs relating to penalties where the return is filed more than 60 days late is effective as follows: the stricken language in the first paragraph relating to delinquent filed refund returns is effective the day following final enactment, and the amendments to the second paragraph are effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1985. Section 18 is effective for returns and payments becoming due after December 31, 1987, except that clause (12) is effective the day after final enactment. Sections 20 to 22 are effective for estates of decedents dying after June 30, 1987. Section 25 is effective for revocations occurring after the day of final enactment. Sections 27 to 32 and 42, paragraph (b), are effective for taxes and returns becoming due after December 31, 1987. Sections 37, 38, 40, subdivision 2, and 42, paragraph (a), are effective July 1, 1987.

## ARTICLE 18

### BUDGET AND CASH FLOW RESERVE

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 16A.15, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [REDUCTION.] (a) If the commissioner determines that probable receipts for the general fund will be less than anticipated, and that the amount available for the remainder of the biennium will be less than needed, the commissioner shall, with the approval of the governor, and after consulting the legislative advisory commission, reduce the amount in the budget and cash flow reserve account established in subdivision 6 as needed to balance expenditures with revenue. ~~An additional deficit shall, with the approval of the governor, and after consulting the legislative advisory commission, be made up by reducing allotments.~~

(b) An additional deficit shall, with the approval of the governor, and after consulting the legislative advisory commission, be made up by reducing unexpended allotments of any prior appropriation or transfer. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the commissioner is empowered to defer or suspend prior statutorily created obligations which would prevent effecting such reductions.

(c) If the commissioner determines that probable receipts for any other fund, appropriation, or item will be less than anticipated, and that the amount available for the remainder of the term of the appropriation or for any allotment period will be less than needed, the commissioner shall notify the agency concerned and then reduce the amount allotted or to be allotted so as to prevent a deficit.

(e) (d) In reducing allotments, the commissioner may consider other sources of revenue available to recipients of state appropria-

tions and may apply allotment reductions based on all sources of revenue available.

(d) (e) In like manner, the commissioner shall reduce allotments to an agency by the amount of any saving that can be made over previous spending plans through a reduction in prices or other cause.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 16A.15, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [BUDGET AND CASH FLOW RESERVE ACCOUNT.] A budget and cash flow reserve account is created in the general fund in the state treasury. The commissioner of finance shall, as authorized from time to time by law, restrict part or all of the budgetary balance in the general fund for use as the budget and cash flow reserve account. The commissioner of finance on July 1, 1987, shall transfer to the budget and cash flow reserve account the amount necessary to bring the total amount, including any existing balance in the account on June 30, 1987, to \$250,000,000. The amounts restricted shall remain in the account until drawn down under subdivision 1.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 16A.1541, is amended to read:

16A.1541 [ADDITIONAL REVENUES; PRIORITY.]

If on the basis of a forecast of general fund revenues and expenditures the commissioner of finance determines that there will be a positive unrestricted budgetary general fund balance at the close of the biennium, the commissioner of finance must allocate money in the following order of priority:

(1) pay the refund of occupation taxes under Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 14, article 18, section 7;

(2) reduce property tax levy recognition percent under section 121.904, subdivision 4c; and

(3) increase the school aids payment current year percentage under section 121.904, subdivision 4d the amount necessary to reduce the property tax levy recognition percent under section 121.904, subdivision 4c, to 24 percent;

(2) the remainder (i) one-half to the greater Minnesota fund, but not to exceed \$120,000,000 and (ii) one-half to the budget and cash flow reserve account until the total amount in the account equals \$550,000,000.



The amounts necessary to meet the requirements of clauses (1), and (2), and (3) are appropriated from the general fund.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 16A.275, is amended to read:

**16A.275 [DAILY RECEIPTS DEPOSITED.]**

Except as otherwise provided by law, an agency shall deposit receipts totaling \$250 or more in the state treasury daily. The depositing agency shall send a report to the commissioner on the disposition of receipts since the last report. The commissioner shall credit the deposits received during a month to the proper funds not later than the first day of the next month.

Notwithstanding the general rule stated above, the commissioner of revenue is not required to make daily deposits if (1) the volume of tax receipts cannot be processed daily with available resources, or (2) receipts cannot be immediately identified for posting to accounts.

Sec. 5. [REVENUE SHORTFALL; CONTINGENT TAX INCREASE.]

(a) The commissioner of finance shall prepare a forecast of state revenues and expenditures in November, 1988. If the forecast indicates that general fund receipts will be less than originally estimated and

(1) if the amount of the budget and cash flow reserve account is estimated to be less than \$150,000,000 at the end of the 1988-1989 biennium, then each of the income tax rates applicable to individuals, trusts, and estates under Minnesota Statutes, section 290.06, subdivision 2c, must be increased by 0.25 of a percentage point and the corporate franchise tax rate applicable to corporations under Minnesota Statutes, section 290.06, subdivision 1, must be increased by 0.4 of a percentage point; or

(2) if the amount of the budget and cash flow reserve account is estimated to be less than \$50,000,000 at the end of the 1988-1989 biennium, each of the income tax rates applicable to individuals, trusts, and estates under Minnesota Statutes, section 290.06, subdivision 2c, must be increased by 0.5 of a percentage point, and the corporate franchise tax rate applicable to corporations under Minnesota Statutes, section 290.06, subdivision 1, must be increased by 0.8 of a percentage point.

The resulting rates apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1987. The commissioner of finance shall notify the revisor of statutes of the increased rates and the revisor shall publish the revised rates in the next edition of the Minnesota Statutes.

The commissioner of finance shall notify the commissioner of revenue of the increased rates. The commissioner of revenue shall prepare forms for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1987, based on the contingent tax rates and shall prepare and distribute new withholding tables for payroll periods beginning after December 31, 1988.

(b) For taxable years beginning during calendar year 1988, no penalties or interest may be imposed on underpayments of estimated tax that result from an increase in tax rates imposed under this section.

Sec. 6. [REPEALER.]

Laws 1986, First Special Session chapter 1, article 5, section 8, is repealed.

Sec. 7. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1 to 6 are effective July 1, 1987.

ARTICLE 19

MISCELLANEOUS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 16A.48, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [PROCEDURE.] A verified claim may be submitted to the concerned agency head for refund of money in the treasury to which the state is not entitled. The claimant must submit with the claim a complete statement of facts and reasons for the refund. The agency head shall consider and approve or disapprove the claim, attach a statement of reasons, and forward the claim to the commissioner for settlement. No claim may be approved unless the agency head first obtains from the attorney general written certification that the refund will not jeopardize any rights of setoff or recoupment held by the state and any subdivision thereof, including local governments. Upon the exercise of any setoff or recoupment, the attorney general shall certify the amount of the remainder, if any, that may be appropriated and paid.

Sec. 2. [APPROPRIATION; OCCUPATION TAX REFUNDS; PROCEDURE.]

The provisions of Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 14, article 18, sections 7 and 8, shall be controlling with respect to appropriations for the payment of the occupation tax refunds referenced therein, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Minne-

sota Statutes, section 16A.48, subdivision 2. Provided, however, that no occupation tax refund referred to in Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 14, article 18, sections 7 and 8, shall be appropriated or paid unless the commissioner of revenue first obtains from the attorney general written certification that the refund will not jeopardize any rights of setoff or recoupment held by the state and any subdivision thereof, including local governments. Upon the exercise of any setoff or recoupment, the attorney general shall certify the amount of the remainder, if any, that may be appropriated and paid.

Sec. 3. [BECKER COUNTY LAND CONVEYANCE.]

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 92.45, or any other law, the commissioner of revenue shall convey to Duane and Gloria Fuchs, Glyndon, Minnesota, the state's interest in the land in Becker county described as Lot 2, Township 138n, 43 West Dahlgren Beach, which became forfeited for unpaid property taxes in 1984. The attorney general shall prepare appropriate instruments of conveyance with a precise description of all land subject to this section. The price for the land shall be the same as that provided for a redemption under Minnesota Statutes, section 281.02.

Sec. 4. [DAKOTA COUNTY BONDING AUTHORIZATION; REPEALER.]

If a bill styled as House File No. 919 is enacted in the 1987 session of the legislature, and the bill provides bonding authorization for Dakota county, the provisions of the bill that provide that authority are repealed, notwithstanding any other law to the contrary.

Sec. 5. [APPROPRIATION.]

Subdivision 1. There is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue the following amounts for administration of this act.

	1987	1988	1989
Revenue	\$58,000	\$269,000	\$303,000

Of these amounts, \$58,000 in fiscal year 1987; \$269,000 in fiscal year 1988; and \$224,000 in fiscal year 1989, are to be used for the taxpayer services program and \$79,000 in fiscal year 1989 is to be used for the revenue operations program, provided that in each of fiscal years 1988 and 1987, up to \$37,500 may be reduced from the amounts otherwise provided to be

used for the taxpayer services program and used for development and maintenance of a comprehensive property tax data base in the department of revenue, which may be expended only at the direction of the chair of the tax committee of the House of Representatives and the chair of the committee on taxes and tax laws of the Senate. The department's complement is increased by four as of July 1, 1987, to be assigned to the taxpayer services program.

Subd. 2. \$3,900,000 is appropriated to the commissioner of revenue from the general fund for the biennium ending June 30, 1989. This money is to be used by the commissioner to provide grants and other assistance to counties for the purpose of developing, upgrading, and maintaining county property tax administrative data collection and processing systems.

Subd. 3. \$30,000 is appropriated to the commissioner of revenue to be used to update and improve the income tax sample used by the department of revenue for research purposes.

Subd. 4. \$100,000 is appropriated to the commissioner of revenue from the general fund for the biennium ending June 30, 1989. This amount is to be used by the commissioner to reimburse the cost for the average expenses incurred in obtaining the senior accreditation of each county assessor and of the department of revenue's senior appraisers and regional representatives.

**Sec. 6. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]**

Section 1 is effective the day after final enactment and shall govern the disposition of any claim for a tax refund unpaid as of that date."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to the financing of government in Minnesota; changing tax rates and bases; modifying the methods of administering, collecting, and enforcing taxes; changing the computation, administration, and payment of aids, credits, and refunds; imposing taxes; limiting taxing powers; transferring governmental powers and duties; allocating bonding authority; making entitlement allocations to the cities of Minneapolis and St. Paul; repealing income tax rules; providing for the conveyance of land in Becker county; making technical corrections and clarifications; imposing and increasing fees, interest, and penalties; appropriating money;

amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 10A.31, subdivisions 1 and 2; 16A.15, subdivisions 1 and 6; 16A.1541; 16A.26; 16A.275; 16A.48, subdivision 1; 60A.15, subdivision 1; 60A.199, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11; 60A.209, subdivisions 1 and 3; 60C.06, by adding a subdivision; 61B.02, subdivision 1; 61B.03, subdivisions 8 and 10; 62E.02, subdivision 23; 67A.11, subdivision 3; 69.011, subdivisions 1 and 2; 69.021, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3; 69.54; 69.55; 79.34, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 88.49, by adding a subdivision; 116C.63, subdivision 4; 121.904, subdivisions 11a and 11b; 124.155, subdivision 2; 124.195, subdivision 2; 124.2131, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 11; 124.2139; 124.38, subdivision 8; 124A.02, subdivisions 3a, 8, and 11; 124A.035, subdivision 5; 124A.08, subdivision 5; 134.33, subdivision 1; 134.34, subdivisions 1 and 2; 176.129, subdivision 4a; 176A.08; 239.10; 270.066; 270.071, by adding a subdivision; 270.074, subdivision 3; 270.075, subdivision 1; 270.10, subdivisions 1 and 4; 270.11, subdivisions 1 and 2; 270.12, subdivisions 2 and 3; 270.13; 270.72, subdivisions 1 and 2; 270.77; 270.80, subdivision 2; 270.87; 270A.07, subdivision 1; 271.21, subdivision 2; 272.01, subdivisions 2 and 3; 272.02, subdivisions 1 and 1a; 272.115, subdivisions 2 and 4; 273.061, subdivisions 1, 8, and 9; 273.065; 273.11, subdivision 8, and by adding a subdivision; 273.1102; 273.1103; 273.1104, subdivision 1; 273.12; 273.123, subdivisions 1, 4, 5, and 7; 273.124, subdivisions 7, 8, 11, and 13; 273.13, subdivisions 15a, 22, 23, 24, 25, and 31; 273.1313, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3; 273.1314, subdivisions 9, 10, and by adding subdivisions; 273.133, subdivision 3; 273.135, subdivision 2; 273.1391, subdivision 2; 273.1392; 273.1393; 273.165, subdivision 2; 273.19, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, and by adding a subdivision; 273.33, subdivision 2; 273.37, subdivision 2; 273.38; 273.42, subdivision 2; 274.01, subdivision 1; 274.14; 274.16; 275.07, subdivision 1; 275.125, subdivisions 9, 9b, 15, and by adding a subdivision; 275.50, subdivision 2; 275.51, subdivisions 3h and 3i; 276.04; 276.11; 277.01; 278.05, subdivision 4; 279.01, subdivision 1; 279.06; 281.17; 282.014; 282.02; 282.241; 282.33, subdivision 1; 287.05, subdivision 1; 287.09; 287.10; 287.12; 287.21, subdivision 1; 287.22; 290.01, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, 7, 19, 20, 22, and by adding subdivisions; 290.02; 290.03; 290.032, subdivisions 1 and 2; 290.05, subdivisions 1 and 2; 290.06, subdivisions 1, 2c, 2d, and by adding subdivisions; 290.067, subdivisions 1, 2, and by adding subdivisions; 290.068, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6; 290.069, subdivisions 2a and 4b; 290.077, subdivision 1; 290.081; 290.091, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5; 290.095, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 9, and 11; 290.10; 290.12, subdivision 2; 290.131, subdivision 1; 290.132, subdivision 1; 290.133, subdivision 1; 290.134, subdivision 1; 290.135, subdivision 1; 290.136, subdivision 1; 290.138, subdivision 3; 290.14; 290.17; 290.171; 290.20, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 290.21, subdivisions 3, 4, and 8; 290.23, subdivisions 3 and 5; 290.31, subdivisions 2, 3, 5, and by adding a subdivision; 290.34, subdivision 2; 290.35; 290.36; 290.37, subdivisions 1 and 3; 290.38; 290.39, subdivision 3; 290.41, subdivisions 2 and 3; 290.42; 290.45, subdivisions 1 and 2; 290.46; 290.48, subdivision 10; 290.491; 290.50, subdivision 1; 290.53, subdivisions 1, 2, 3a, 4, and by adding subdivisions; 290.56, subdivisions 2, 3, and

4; 290.92, subdivisions 2a, 4a, 5, 5a, 6, 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 18, 24, and 25; 290.93, subdivision 10; 290.934, subdivision 2; 290.9725; 290.9726, subdivisions 1, 2, and 4; 290.974; 290A.03, subdivisions 3, 8, 13, 14, and by adding a subdivision; 290A.04, subdivision 2, and by adding subdivisions; 290A.06; 290A.011, subdivision 2; 290A.18; 290A.19; 291.131, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, and by adding a subdivision; 295.01, subdivision 10; 295.32; 295.34, subdivision 1; 295.365; 295.366, by adding a subdivision; 295.39; 295.40; 295.41; 295.43; 296.02, by adding subdivisions; 296.025, by adding subdivisions; 296.17, subdivisions 3, 7, and 11; 296.18, subdivision 7; 297.01, subdivisions 2, 4, 7, 10, and 14; 297.02, subdivisions 1 and 6; 297.03, subdivisions 1, 5, and 6; 297.04, subdivisions 4, 6, and 9; 297.07, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, and 5; 297.11, subdivisions 3 and 5; 297.13, subdivision 1; 297.23, subdivision 1; 297.26; 297.31, subdivisions 2, 3, and 7; 297.32, subdivisions 1, 2, and 8; 297.33, subdivisions 4 and 5; 297.35, subdivisions 1, 3, 5, and 8; 297.36; 297A.01, subdivisions 3, 4, 8, 11, 15, and by adding a subdivision; 297A.07; 297A.14; 297A.151; 297A.18; 297A.211, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 297A.25, subdivisions 3, 7, 11, 12, and by adding subdivisions; 297A.256; 297A.257, subdivisions 1, 2, 2a, and by adding a subdivision; 297A.26, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 297A.27, subdivision 1; 297A.275; 297A.39, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, and by adding a subdivision; 297A.43; 297B.03; 297B.031; 297B.10; 297C.02, subdivisions 1 and 2; 297C.03, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 297C.04; 297C.05, subdivision 2; 297C.06; 297C.09; 297D.02; 297D.07; 297D.09; 297D.10; 297D.12, subdivision 1; 297D.13; 298.01, subdivision 1, and by adding subdivisions; 298.026; 298.027; 298.028, subdivision 1; 298.03, subdivision 1; 298.031, subdivision 2; 298.08; 298.09, subdivision 1; 298.24, subdivision 1; 298.25; 298.28, subdivisions 4, 7, 10, and by adding a subdivision; 299F.21, subdivisions 1, 2, and by adding subdivisions; 325D.30; 325D.32, subdivisions 4, 10, and 11; 325D.33, subdivisions 1, 2, and by adding subdivisions; 325D.35; 325D.38, subdivision 1; 325D.40, subdivision 1; 325F.665, subdivision 3; 349.212, subdivisions 1, 4, and by adding a subdivision; 349.2121, subdivisions 4, 6, 7, and by adding subdivisions; 360.531, subdivision 2; 360.654; 462C.11, subdivisions 2 and 3; 473.446, subdivision 1; 473F.02, subdivisions 4, 12, and 17; 474A.02, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 12, 14, 16, 18, 19, 21, 26, and by adding subdivisions; 474A.03, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 474A.04, subdivisions 5, 6, and by adding a subdivision; 474A.13, subdivisions 1, 4, and 5; 474A.14; 474A.15; 474A.16; 474A.17; 474A.18; 474A.20; 474A.21; 475.53, subdivision 4; 475.61, subdivision 3; 477A.012, subdivision 1; 477A.013; Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 14, article 3, section 18; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 239; 270; 271; 272; 273; 275; 276; 290; 290A; 297; 297A; 297C; 298; 349; and 474A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 13.58; 60A.15, subdivision 2; 61A.49; 62E.11, subdivision 8; 62E.13, subdivision 9; 69.021, subdivision 3a; 124.2131, subdivision 4; 124.2137; 124.2139; 124.38, subdivision 10; 124A.031, subdivision 4; 270.75, subdivision 8; 270.89; 273.112, subdivision 9; 273.115; 273.116; 273.13, subdivisions 26, 27, 28, and 29; 273.1311; 273.1315;

273.135, subdivision 5; 273.1391, subdivision 4; 282.021; 287.02; 290.01, subdivisions 20a, 20b, 20d, 20f, 21, and 24; 290.013; 290.06, subdivisions 3f, 3g, and 11; 290.069, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, and 7; 290.07, subdivision 5; 290.071; 290.073; 290.075; 290.077, subdivision 3; 290.079; 290.08; 290.082; 290.085; 290.088; 290.089; 290.09; 290.095, subdivisions 8 and 10; 290.12, subdivision 4; 290.13; 290.139; 290.15; 290.16; 290.165; 290.17, subdivision 1a; 290.175; 290.18; 290.19; 290.21, subdivisions 5 and 6; 290.26, subdivision 2; 290.361; 290.531; 290.9726, subdivisions 3, 5, and 6; 290A.04, subdivisions 2e and 2g; 294.21; 294.22; 294.23; 294.24; 294.25; 294.26; 295.32; 295.33; 295.34; 295.36; 295.365; 295.366; 296.04, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, and 4; 296.05; 296.07; 296.13; 296.17, subdivision 12; 296.22; 296.28; 297.07, subdivision 6; 297.23, subdivision 5; 297.35, subdivisions 4, 6, and 7; 297A.25, subdivision 13; 297A.254; 297A.26, subdivision 3; 297A.391; 297C.03, subdivisions 2 and 3; 297C.05, subdivision 4; 298.01, subdivision 1; 298.02; 298.026; 298.027; 298.028; 298.03; 298.031; 298.04; 298.28, subdivision 14; 298.40; 298.51; 298.52; 298.53; 298.54; 298.55; 298.61; 298.62; 298.63; 298.64; 298.65; 298.66; 298.67; 299.01; 299.012; 299.013; 299.02; 299.03; 299.04; 299.05; 299.06; 299.07; 299.08; 299.09; 299.10; 299.11; 299.12; 299.13; 299.14; 325D.32, subdivision 12; 325D.41; 474A.02, subdivisions 5, 9, 10, 11, 13, 15, 17, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27, 28, and 29; 474A.03, subdivisions 2 and 3; 474A.04, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, and 4; 474A.05; 474A.06; 474A.07; 474A.08; 474A.09; 474A.10; 474A.11; 474A.12; 474A.13, subdivisions 2 and 3; and 474A.19; Laws 1981, chapters 222, section 6; 223, section 6, subdivision 3; Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 14, article 14, section 3; Laws 1986, chapter 391, section 3; Laws 1986, First Special Session chapter 1, article 5, section 8."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: GORDON O. VOSS, LONA A. MINNE, ROBERT E. VANASEK, DEE LONG AND FRED C. NORTON.

Senate Conferees: DOUGLAS J. JOHNSON, STEVEN G. NOVAK, LAWRENCE J. POGEMILLER, LEROY A. STUMPF AND JOHN E. BRANDL.

Voss moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 529 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee.

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

#### POINT OF ORDER

Schreiber raised a point of order pursuant to Joint Rule 2.06, paragraph 4, relating to Conference Committees that the Confer-

ence Committee report on H. F. No. 529 was not in order. The Speaker ruled the point of order not well taken.

#### POINT OF ORDER

Schreiber raised a point of order pursuant to rule 6.11, paragraph 2, relating to Conference Committees that the Conference Committee report on H. F. No. 529 was not in order. The Speaker ruled the point of order not well taken.

#### POINT OF ORDER

Schreiber raised a point of order pursuant to rule 6.11, paragraph 2, relating to Conference Committees that the Conference Committee report on H. F. No. 529 was not in order. The Speaker ruled the point of order not well taken.

The question recurred on the adoption of the Voss motion that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 529 be adopted and repassed as amended by the Conference Committee and the roll was called.

Vanasek moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 71 yeas and 60 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Jefferson	Lasley	Ogren	Sarna
Battaglia	Jennings	Lieder	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld
Bauerly	Jensen	Long	Orenstein	Segal
Beard	Johnson, A.	McEachern	Otis	Simoneau
Begich	Kahn	McLaughlin	Pappas	Skoglund
Brown	Kalis	Milbert	Pelowski	Trimble
Carruthers	Kelly	Minne	Peterson	Tunheim
Clark	Kelso	Munger	Price	Vanasek
Cooper	Kinkel	Murphy	Quinn	Vellenga
Dauner	Kludt	Nelson, C.	Reding	Voss
DeBlieck	Knuth	Nelson, D.	Rest	Wagenius
Dorn	Kostohryz	Nelson, K.	Rice	Welle
Greenfield	Krueger	Neuenschwander	Riveness	Winter
Jacobs	Larsen	O'Connor	Rodosovich	Wynia
				Spk. Norton

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, R.	Forsythe	Johnson, R.	Omann	Scheid
Bennett	Frederick	Johnson, V.	Onnen	Schreiber
Bertram	Frerichs	Knickerbocker	Osthoff	Seaberg
Bishop	Gruenes	Marsh	Ozment	Shaver
Blatz	Gutknecht	McDonald	Paulty	Sparby
Boo	Hartle	McKasy	Poppenhagen	Stanius
Burger	Haukoos	McPherson	Quist	Steensma
Carlson, D.	Heap	Miller	Redalen	Sviggum
Clausnitzer	Himle	Morrison	Richter	Swenson
Dempsey	Hugoson	Olsen, S.	Rose	Thiede
Dille	Jaros	Olson, E.	Schafer	Tjornhom



Tompkins

Uphus

Valento

Waltman

Izel

The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 529, A bill for an act relating to the financing of government in Minnesota; changing tax rates and bases; modifying the methods of administering, collecting, and enforcing taxes; changing the computation, administration, and payment of aids, credits, and refunds; imposing taxes; limiting taxing powers; transferring governmental powers and duties; allocating bonding authority; making entitlement allocations to the cities of Minneapolis and St. Paul; making technical corrections and clarifications; imposing and increasing fees, interest, and penalties; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 16A.15, subdivisions 1 and 6; 16A.1541; 16A.26; 16A.275; 60A.13, subdivision 1a; 60A.15, subdivision 1; 60A.199, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11; 60A.209, subdivisions 1 and 3; 60A.24; 60C.06, by adding a subdivision; 64B.39, subdivision 4; 67A.11, subdivision 3; 69.011, subdivisions 1 and 2; 69.021, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3; 69.54; 69.55; 79.34, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 88.49, by adding a subdivision; 121.904, subdivisions 11a and 11b; 124.195, subdivision 2; 124.2131, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 11; 124.38, subdivision 8; 124A.02, subdivisions 3a and 8; 124A.035, subdivision 5; 124A.08, subdivision 5; 134.33, subdivision 1; 134.34, subdivisions 1 and 2; 176.129, by adding a subdivision; 176A.08; 239.10; 270.066; 270.074, subdivision 3; 270.075, subdivision 1; 270.10, subdivisions 1 and 4; 270.11, subdivisions 1 and 2; 270.12, subdivisions 2 and 3; 270.13; 270.72, subdivisions 1 and 2; 270.77; 270.80, subdivision 2; 270.87; 270A.07, subdivision 1; 271.21, subdivision 2; 272.01, subdivisions 2 and 3; 272.02, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 272.115, subdivision 2; 273.061, subdivisions 1 and 8; 273.065; 273.11, by adding a subdivision; 273.1102; 273.1103; 273.12; 273.13, subdivision 22; 273.1312, subdivision 4; 273.1313, subdivisions 1, 2, and by adding a subdivision; 273.1314, subdivisions 8, 9, 10, and by adding a subdivision; 273.1392; 273.1393; 273.19, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, and by adding a subdivision; 273.33, subdivision 2; 273.37, subdivision 2; 274.01, subdivision 1; 274.14; 274.16; 275.07, subdivision 1; 275.125, subdivisions 9, 9b, and 15; 275.51, subdivision 3h; 276.04; 276.11; 277.01; 278.05, subdivision 4; 279.01, subdivision 1; 282.014; 282.02; 282.33, subdivision 1; 287.05, subdivision 1; 287.09; 287.12; 287.21, subdivision 1; 287.22; 287.25; 287.29, subdivision 1; 290.01, subdivisions 4, 5, 7, 19, 20, 22, and by adding subdivisions; 290.02; 290.03; 290.032, subdivisions 1 and 2; 290.05, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3; 290.06, subdivisions 1, 2c, 2d, and by adding a subdivision; 290.068, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5; 290.069, subdivisions 2a and 4b; 290.077, subdivision 1; 290.081; 290.091, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3; 290.095, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 9, and 11; 290.12, subdivision 2; 290.131, subdivision 1; 290.132, subdivision 1; 290.133, subdivision 1; 290.134, subdivision 1; 290.135, subdivision 1; 290.136, subdivision 1; 290.138, subdivision 3; 290.14; 290.17; 290.171; 290.20, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 290.21, subdivisions 3 and 4; 290.23, subdivisions 3 and

5; 290.31, subdivisions 2, 3, 5, and by adding a subdivision; 290.34, subdivision 2; 290.35; 290.36; 290.37, subdivisions 1 and 3; 290.38; 290.39, subdivision 3; 290.41, subdivisions 2 and 3; 290.42; 290.45, subdivisions 1 and 2; 290.46; 290.48, subdivision 10; 290.491; 290.50, subdivision 1; 290.53, subdivisions 1, 2, 3a, 4, and by adding subdivisions; 290.56, subdivisions 2, 3, and 4; 290.92, subdivisions 2a, 4a, 5, 5a, 6, 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 18, 24, and 25; 290.93, subdivision 10; 290.934, subdivision 2; 290.9725; 290.9726, subdivisions 1, 2, and 4; 290.974; 290A.03, subdivisions 3, 8, and by adding a subdivision; 290A.04, subdivision 2; 290A.06; 290A.011, subdivision 2; 290A.18; 290A.19; 291.131, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, and by adding a subdivision; 295.01, subdivision 10; 295.32; 295.34, subdivision 1; 295.39; 295.40; 295.41; 295.43; 296.02, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 296.025, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 296.17, subdivisions 3, 7, and 11; 296.18, subdivision 7; 297.01, subdivisions 2, 4, 7, and 10; 297.02, subdivisions 1 and 6; 297.03, subdivisions 1, 5, and 6; 297.04, subdivisions 4, 6, and 9; 297.07, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, and 5; 297.11, subdivisions 3 and 5; 297.23, subdivision 1; 297.31, subdivisions 2, 3, and 7; 297.32, subdivisions 1, 2, and 8; 297.33, subdivisions 4 and 5; 297.35, subdivisions 1, 3, 5, and 8; 297.36; 297A.01, subdivisions 3, 4, 8, and 15; 297A.14; 297A.151; 297A.18; 297A.211, subdivision 2; 297A.25, subdivisions 7, 11, 12, and by adding subdivisions; 297A.256; 297A.26, subdivision 1; 297A.27, subdivision 1; 297A.275; 297A.39, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, and by adding a subdivision; 297A.43; 297B.01, subdivision 8; 297B.10; 297C.03, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 297C.04; 297C.05, subdivision 2; 297C.06; 297C.09; 297D.02; 297D.07; 297D.09; 297D.10; 297D.12, subdivision 1; 297D.13; 298.01, subdivision 1, and by adding subdivisions; 298.026; 298.027; 298.028, subdivision 1; 298.03, subdivision 1; 298.031, subdivision 2; 298.08; 298.09, subdivision 1; 298.25; 298.28, subdivision 4; 299F.21, subdivisions 1, 2, and by adding subdivisions; 325D.30; 325D.32, subdivisions 4, 10, 11, and 12; 325D.33, subdivisions 1, 2, and by adding subdivisions; 325D.38, subdivision 1; 325D.40, subdivision 1; 349.12, subdivisions 11 and 13; 349.212, subdivisions 1 and 4; 349.2121, subdivisions 4, 6, 7, and by adding subdivisions; 360.531, subdivision 2; 462C.11, subdivisions 2 and 3; 473.556, subdivision 4; 473F.02, subdivision 12; 474A.02, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 12, 14, 16, 18, 19, 21, 26, and by adding subdivisions; 474A.03, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 474A.04, subdivisions 5, 6, and by adding a subdivision; 474A.13, subdivisions 1, 4, and 5; 474A.14; 474A.15; 474A.16; 474A.17; 474A.18; 474A.20; 474A.21; 475.53, subdivision 4; 477A.012, subdivision 1; 477A.013; 477A.018, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 6, and by adding a subdivision; Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 14, article 3, section 18; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 3; 239; 270; 272; 273; 276; 290; 290A; 294; 297; 297A; 297C; 298; 349; 429; and 474A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 60A.15, subdivision 2; 61A.49; 62E.13, subdivision 9; 64B.24; 69.021, subdivision 3a; 124.38, subdivision 10; 270.75, subdivision 8; 270.89; 282.021; 290.01, subdivisions 20a, 20b, 20d, 20f, 21, and 24; 290.013; 290.06, subdivisions 3f, 3g, and 11; 290.068,

subdivision 6; 290.069, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, and 7; 290.07, subdivision 5; 290.071; 290.073; 290.075; 290.077, subdivision 3; 290.079; 290.08; 290.082; 290.085; 290.088; 290.089; 290.09; 290.095, subdivisions 8 and 10; 290.12, subdivision 4; 290.13; 290.139; 290.15; 290.16; 290.165; 290.175; 290.18; 290.19; 290.21, subdivisions 5, 6, and 8; 290.26, subdivision 2; 290.361; 290.9726, subdivisions 3, 5, and 6; 290A.04, subdivisions 2e and 2g; 294.21; 294.22; 294.23; 294.24; 294.25; 294.26; 295.32; 295.33; 295.34; 295.36; 295.365; 295.366; 296.04, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, and 4; 296.05; 296.07; 296.13; 296.17, subdivision 12; 296.18, subdivision 4, 5, 6, and 7; 296.22; 296.28; 297.07, subdivision 6; 297.23, subdivision 5; 297.35, subdivisions 4, 6, and 7; 297A.25, subdivisions 13, and 19; 297A.26, subdivision 3; 297C.03, subdivisions 2 and 3; 297C.05, subdivision 4; 298.01, subdivision 1; 298.02; 298.026; 298.027; 298.028; 298.03; 298.031; 298.04; 298.28, subdivision 14; 298.40; 298.51; 298.52; 298.53; 298.54; 298.55; 298.61; 298.62; 298.63; 298.64; 298.65; 298.66; 298.67; 299.01; 299.012; 299.013; 299.02; 299.03; 299.04; 299.05; 299.06; 299.07; 299.08; 299.09; 299.10; 299.11; 299.12; 299.13; 299.14; 325D.41; 360.654; 474A.02, subdivisions 5, 9, 10, 11, 13, 15, 17, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27, 28, and 29; 474A.03, subdivisions 2 and 3; 474A.04, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, and 4; 474A.05; 474A.06; 474A.07; 474A.08; 474A.09; 474A.10; 474A.11; 474A.12; 474A.13, subdivisions 2 and 3; and 474A.19; Laws 1981, chapters 222, section 6; 223, section 6, subdivision 3; Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 14, article 14, section 3; Laws 1986, First Special Session chapter 1, article 5, section 8.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called.

Vanasek moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 73 yeas and 61 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Jensen	Long	Olson, K.	Sarna
Battaglia	Johnson, A.	McEachern	Orenstein	Schoenfeld
Begich	Kahn	McLaughlin	Otis	Segal
Brown	Kalis	Milbert	Pappas	Simoneau
Carlson, L.	Kelly	Minne	Pelowski	Skoglund
Carruthers	Kelso	Munger	Peterson	Solberg
Clark	Kinkel	Murphy	Price	Sparby
Dauner	Kludt	Nelson, C.	Quinn	Trimble
DeBlieck	Knuth	Nelson, D.	Reding	Tunheim
Dorn	Kostohryz	Nelson, K.	Rest	Vanasek
Greenfield	Krueger	Neuenschwander	Rice	Vellenga
Jacobs	Larsen	O'Connor	Riveness	Voss
Jefferson	Lasley	Ogren	Rodosovich	Wagenius
Jennings	Lieder	Olson, E.	Rukavina	Welle

Winter

Wynia

Spk. Norton

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, R.	Dille	Johnson, V.	Pauly	Swiggum
Bauerly	Forsythe	Knickerbocker	Poppenhagen	Swenson
Beard	Frederick	Marsh	Quist	Thiede
Bennett	Frerichs	McDonald	Redalen	Tjornhom
Bertram	Gruenes	McKasy	Richter	Tompkins
Bishop	Gutknecht	McPherson	Rose	Uphus
Blatz	Hartle	Miller	Schafer	Valento
Boo	Haukoos	Morrison	Scheid	Waltman
Burger	Heap	Olsen, S.	Schreiber	Wenzel
Carlson, D.	Himle	Omann	Seaberg	
Clausnitzer	Hugoson	Onnen	Shaver	
Cooper	Jaros	Osthoff	Stanisus	
Dempsey	Johnson, R.	Ozment	Steensma	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

### MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE, Continued

The following messages were received from the Senate:

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 1622, A bill for an act relating to courts; providing court of appeals and crime victim representation on the sentencing guidelines commission; providing that terms of commission members appointed by the governor are coterminous with the governor; changing the date on which the commission's report to the legislature is due; clarifying the membership on judicial appeal panels; permitting retired judges to solemnize marriages; clarifying judicial representation on the judicial standards board; authorizing the supreme court to adopt court rules; restricting mileage reimbursement for law clerks; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 244.09, subdivisions 2, 3, and 11; 253B.19, subdivision 1; 480.051; 481.02, subdivision 3; 484.545, subdivision 3; 484.62; 490.15, subdivision 1; 517.04; and 525.06.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVER, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 1073, A bill for an act relating to occupations and professions; providing advertising restrictions for plumbers; providing for licensing of certain persons by the electrical board; imposing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes, sections 325F.75; and 326.2421, subdivision 6.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate accedes to the request of the House for the appointment of a Conference Committee on the amendments adopted by the Senate to the following House File:

H. F. No. 534, A bill for an act relating to the collection and dissemination of data; classifying data; proposing classifications of data as private, nonpublic, and protected nonpublic; clarifying issues relating to the administration of data; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 13.03, subdivision 3; 13.04, subdivision 2; 13.05, subdivision 4; 13.38; 13.39, subdivision 3; 13.41, subdivision 4; 13.43, by adding a subdivision; 13.46, subdivision 7, and by adding a subdivision; and 13.76; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 13.

The Senate has appointed as such committee:

Messrs. Peterson, R. W.; Merriam and Moe, D. M.

Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate accedes to the request of the House for the appointment of a Conference Committee on the amendments adopted by the Senate to the following House File:

H. F. No. 1351, A bill for an act relating to natural resources; authorizing the taking of elk and amending related laws; authorizing compensation for certain crop damage caused by elk; appropri-

ating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 97A.421, subdivision 6; 97A.431; 97A.465, subdivisions 1 and 3; 97A.471, subdivision 3; 97A.475, subdivision 2; 97A.525, subdivision 1; 97A.535; and 97B.201; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 3 and 97B.

The Senate has appointed as such committee:

Messrs. Stumpf, Bertram and DeCramer.

Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate accedes to the request of the House for the appointment of a Conference Committee on the amendments adopted by the Senate to the following House File:

H. F. No. 1112, A bill for an act relating to human services; defining directors, officers, and partners as vendors of medical care for the purpose of medical assistance; allowing the commissioner to charge interest on money recovered from certain medical assistance providers; allowing sanction authority; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 256B.02, subdivision 7; 256B.064, subdivision 1c; and 256B.27, subdivisions 3 and 4.

The Senate has appointed as such committee:

Ms. Berglin, Mrs. Lantry and Mr. Knutson.

Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate accedes to the request of the House for the appointment of a Conference Committee on the amendments adopted by the Senate to the following House File:

H. F. No. 169, A bill for an act relating to lawful gambling; including payment of taxes as a lawful purpose; increasing the percentage of profits that may be used for necessary expenses; changing requirements for distributors; authorizing the board to adopt rules restricting the amount of rent charged by organizations; prohibiting local units of government from requiring organizations to make certain expenditures; making various technical changes; regulating allowable expenses; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986,

sections 349.12, subdivisions 11, 12, 13, and 15; 349.14; 349.15; 349.151, subdivision 3; 349.161, subdivisions 3, 5, and 7; 349.162, by adding subdivisions; 349.18, subdivisions 1 and 3; 349.19, subdivision 3; 349.21; and 349.213, subdivision 1.

The Senate has appointed as such committee:

Messrs. Lessard, Schmitz and Frederick.

Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned:

H. F. No. 913, A bill for an act relating to workers' compensation; providing a general administrative reform; providing for certain proceedings to be expedited; providing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 14.48; 175.007, subdivision 1; 175.101, subdivision 2; 176.011, subdivisions 2, 6, 7a, 9, and by adding a subdivision; 176.041, subdivisions 1, 4, and by adding a subdivision; 176.081, subdivision 2; 176.102, subdivisions 2, 3, 3a, 4, 6, 8, 10, and 13; 176.103, subdivisions 2 and 3; 176.111, subdivision 17; 176.129, subdivisions 9, 11, and 13; 176.131, subdivisions 1 and 8; 176.133; 176.135, subdivisions 1, 1a, 2, 3, and by adding subdivisions; 176.136, subdivision 2; 176.1361; 176.139; 176.155, subdivisions 1, 3, and 5; 176.179; 176.181, subdivision 3; 176.182; 176.183, subdivisions 1a and 2; 176.185, by adding a subdivision; 176.191, subdivisions 1 and 2; 176.195, subdivision 3; 176.221, subdivisions 1, 3, and 7; 176.225, subdivisions 1, 2, and 4; 176.231, subdivisions 2, 10, and by adding a subdivision; 176.271, subdivision 1; 176.275; 176.291; 176.301, subdivision 1; 176.305, subdivisions 1, 2, and by adding subdivisions; 176.306, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 176.312; 176.321, subdivisions 2 and 3; 176.331; 176.341, subdivision 3, and by adding subdivisions; 176.351, subdivision 2a; 176.361, subdivisions 2, 5, and 7; 176.371; 176.411, subdivision 1; 176.421, subdivision 4, and by adding a subdivision; 176.442; 176.511, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3; 176.521; 176.541, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, and 6; 176.571, subdivisions 1 and 2; 176.572; 176.581; 176.591, subdivision 3; 176.603; 176.83, subdivisions 5, 7, and 11; 176.84; 176B.02; and 176B.05; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 60A and 176; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 176.012; 176.101, subdivision 3v; 176.102, subdivision 6a; 176.103, subdivision 4; 176.136, subdivision 4; 176.195, subdivisions 4, 5, and 6; 176.241; 176.242; 176.2421; 176.243; 176.244; 176.271,

subdivision 2; 176.501; 176.571, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7; and 176.602.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 234, A bill for an act relating to employment; establishing unpaid leave of absences for new parents; setting conditions on return from leave; creating a cause of action; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 181.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate accedes to the request of the House for the appointment of a Conference Committee on the amendments adopted by the Senate to the following House File:

H. F. No. 601, A bill for an act relating to natural resources; providing that money recovered by the state for forest fire fighting expenses be restored to the fund of origination; increasing the amount that may be paid for tips related to forest fire crimes; clarifying provisions relating to the burden of proof and evidence of negligence; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 88.17, subdivision 2; 88.75, subdivision 1; and 88.76.

The Senate has appointed as such committee:

Messrs. Dahl, Morse and Wegscheid.

Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate accedes to the request of the House for the appointment of a Conference Committee on the amendments adopted by the Senate to the following House File:



H. F. No. 1043, A bill for an act relating to metropolitan government; providing for qualifications, terms, compensation, and duties of members of various metropolitan agencies; requiring various publications, plans, and reports; regulating routes and service bidding; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 473.141, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 473.161, subdivision 1c; 473.1623, subdivisions 2, 4, and 5; 473.303, by adding a subdivision; 473.373, by adding a subdivision; 473.377, subdivision 1, and by adding subdivisions; 473.38, subdivision 2; and 473.604, subdivision 1, and by adding subdivisions; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 473.

The Senate has appointed as such committee:

Messrs. Wegscheid, Freeman and Luther.

Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 753, A bill for an act relating to education; providing aids for education and the distribution of tax revenues; providing aids to libraries; appropriations to the academies for the deaf and the blind, and the department of education; changing secondary pupil unit weighting; establishing general education revenue composed of basic compensatory education, training and experience, and sparsity revenue; combining certain categorical aids; increasing the community education formula; changing the capital expenditure formula; providing for special instruction and services for handicapped children from birth; establishing program improvement grants, education districts, and area learning centers; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes, sections 43A.08, subdivisions 1 and 1a; 118.12; 118.13; 118.14; 120.03, subdivision 1; 120.0752, by adding a subdivision; 120.17, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 3a, 3b, 5, 7a, 12, and by adding subdivisions; 121.11, by adding a subdivision; 121.609, subdivision 4; 121.612, subdivisions 3, 5, and by adding subdivisions; 121.87, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 121.88, subdivisions 2, 7, and by adding a subdivision; 121.904, subdivision 4a; 121.912, by adding a subdivision; 121.932, subdivision 3, and by adding a subdivision; 121.934, subdivisions 1, 2, and 6; 121.935, subdivision 6; 121.936, subdivision 1; 122.541, subdivision 2; 123.34, subdivision 9; 123.35, by adding a subdivision; 123.36, subdivision 13; 123.39, subdivision 1; 123.703, subdivision 3; 123.705; 124.05, subdivision 1; 124.14, subdivision 7; 124.17, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 124.195, subdivisions 8 and 9; 124.2162, by adding a subdivision; 124.223; 124.225,

subdivisions 1, 4b, 7b, 8a, 8i, and 10; 124.245, subdivision 3, and by adding subdivisions; 124.246, subdivision 2; 124.247, subdivision 3; 124.252, subdivision 3; 124.26, by adding subdivisions; 124.271, subdivisions 2b and 7; 124.2711, subdivision 1; 124.273, subdivisions 1b and 5; 124.32, subdivisions 1b, 1d, 2, and 5; 124.573; 124.574, subdivisions 2b, 3, and 4; 124.646, subdivision 1; 124A.02, subdivisions 8, 9, 16, and by adding a subdivision; 124A.03, by adding a subdivision; 124A.031, subdivision 4; 124A.032; 124A.036, by adding a subdivision; 124A.21; 125.03, subdivision 5; 125.05, subdivision 1; 125.185, subdivision 4; 125.611, subdivisions 11, 12, and 13; 126.02, subdivision 2; 126.54, subdivision 1; 126.56, subdivisions 3 and 6; 126.67, subdivisions 3a, 6, and by adding a subdivision; 126.70, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 126.72, subdivision 1; 126.81, subdivision 2; 128A.01; 128A.02, subdivisions 2 and 4; 129B.041, subdivisions 1 and 3; 129B.39; 129B.43, subdivisions 1 and 4; 129C.10, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, and by adding subdivisions; 134.10; 136D.27; 136D.71; 136D.74, subdivision 2; 136D.87; 171.29, subdivision 2; 275.125, subdivisions 4, 5, 5c, 6e, 8, 8c, 9, 11c, and by adding subdivisions; and 466.06; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 122, 123, 124, 124A, 125, 126, 128A, 129B, and 134; repealing Minnesota Statutes, sections 120.17, subdivision 13; 121.20; 124.05, subdivision 2; 124.17, subdivisions 1a and 2d; 124.185; 124.2161; 124.2162; 124.2163; 124.225, subdivision 1a; 124.245, subdivisions 1 and 2; 124.246; 124.247; 124.26, subdivisions 1 and 6; 124.272; 124.273, subdivision 2b; 124.275; 124.65; 124.66; 124A.01; 124A.02, subdivisions 2, 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, and 14; 124A.03, subdivisions 1, 1a, 3, 4, and 6; 124A.031, subdivision 1; 124A.033; 124A.035, subdivision 1; 124A.06, subdivisions 1, 1a, 1b, 2, 3a, and 4; 124A.08, subdivisions 1, 2, 3a, 4, and 5; 124A.10, subdivisions 1, 2, 3a, and 4; 124A.12, subdivisions 1, 2, 3a, and 4; 124A.14, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 5a, and 6; 124A.16; 124A.20, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3; 124A.21; 125.611, subdivisions 8, 9, and 10; 126.031, subdivision 2; 126.60; 126.62; 126.64; 126.65; 126.66; 126.67, subdivisions 1, 1a, 2a, 5b, and 9; 126.71; 129B.01; 129B.02; 129B.04; 129B.041, subdivision 4; 129B.05; 129B.32, subdivisions 2 and 5; 129B.33; 129B.35; 129B.36; 129B.37; 129B.43, subdivisions 2, 3, and 6; 129B.61; 129B.62; 129B.63; 129B.64; 129B.65; 129B.66; 129B.67; 275.125, subdivisions 3, 5d, 8a, 11a, and 12; 354.66, subdivisions 4a and 9; 354A.094, subdivisions 4a and 9; and 645.35.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate refuses to concur in the House amendments to Senate File No. 451:

S. F. No. 451, A bill for an act relating to public safety; parking for handicapped persons; imposing a fine for violations of handicapped parking provisions; providing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 168.021, subdivisions 1, 1a, 2, 3, 5, and 6; 169.345; and 169.346; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.021, subdivision 7.

The Senate respectfully requests that a Conference Committee be appointed thereon. The Senate has appointed as such committee:

Ms. Peterson, D. C.; Mrs. Lantry and Mr. Ramstad.

Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House with the request that the House appoint a like committee.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Kostohryz moved that the House accede to the request of the Senate and that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 3 members of the House to meet with a like committee appointed by the Senate on the disagreeing votes of the two houses on S. F. No. 451. The motion prevailed.

#### ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on S. F. No. 451:

Reding, Bishop and Lasley.

The following Conference Committee Report was received:

#### CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 243

A bill for an act relating to the organization and operation of state government; appropriating money for human services, corrections, health, economic security, and other purposes with certain conditions; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 15A.081, subdivision 1; 86.33, subdivisions 2 and 3; 136C.06; 144.55, subdivision 6; 144.68; 144.69; 144A.05; 144A.071, subdivision 3; 144A.27; 144A.33, subdivision 3; 171.29, subdivision 2; 245.713, subdivision 2; 246.50, subdivisions 3, 4a, 5, 7, and by adding a subdivision; 246.51; 246.511; 251.011, subdivision 6; 252.275, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, and 7; 256.01, subdivisions 2 and 4; 256.045, subdivision 3; 256.73, by adding a subdivision; 256.736, subdivisions 3, 4, 6, and by adding subdivisions; 256.74, subdivision 1; 256.969, subdivision 2; 256.98; 256B.02, subdivision 8, and by adding a subdivision; 256B.03, subdivision 1; 256B.04, subdivisions 14 and 15; 256B.06,

subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 256B.064, subdivision 1a; 256B.15; 256B.17, subdivisions 4 and 5; 256B.19, subdivision 1; 256B.35, subdivisions 1 and 2; 256B.421, subdivision 1; 256B.431, subdivisions 2b, 2e, 3a, 4, and by adding subdivisions; 256B.433; 256B.47, subdivision 1, and by adding subdivisions; 256B.48, subdivisions 1 and 6; 256B.50, subdivision 2; 256B.69, subdivisions 6, 11, and by adding subdivisions; 256C.26; 256D.01, subdivision 1a; 256D.02, subdivisions 5 and 8; 256D.03, subdivisions 3, 4, and by adding a subdivision; 256D.05, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 256D.051, subdivisions 1, 6, and by adding a subdivision; 256D.06, subdivisions 1, 1b, 2, 3, and 6; 256D.08, subdivision 1; 256D.101; 256D.15; 256D.22; 256D.37, subdivision 1; 256E.03, subdivision 2; 256E.06, by adding a subdivision; 256E.07, by adding a subdivision; 256E.12, subdivision 3; 257.35; 257.351, subdivision 15, and by adding subdivisions; 257.354, subdivision 4, and by adding a subdivision; 268.0111, subdivision 8; 268.0122, subdivisions 2 and 3; 268.36; 268.37, subdivision 3; 268.673, subdivision 5, and by adding a subdivision; 268.6751; 268.676; 268.677, subdivision 1; 268.678, subdivisions 1 and 4; 268.681, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 268.85, subdivision 2; 268.86, subdivisions 1, 2, and 4; 268.871, subdivisions 1, 2, and by adding a subdivision; 268.88; 268.89, subdivision 2; 268.91, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and by adding subdivisions; 268.911, subdivision 1; 393.07, subdivision 10; 517.08, subdivision 1a; 524.3-1201; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 62D; 144; 144A; 245; 246; 256; 256B; 256D; 256E; 257; and 268; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 116J.035, subdivision 3; 116L.04, subdivision 3; 136.63, subdivision 1b; 144.66; 144.67; 178.03, subdivision 5; 245.69, subdivision 1a; 245.713, subdivisions 1 and 3; 245.73; 245.74; 245.76; 256.966, subdivision 2; 256B.05, subdivision 4; 256B.07; 256D.051, subdivisions 4, 5, 11, and 12; 256E.12; 267.01; 267.02; 267.03; 267.04; 267.05; 267.06; and 268.0111, subdivision 3.

May 17, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 243, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment and that H. F. No. 243 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

## "ARTICLE 1

## APPROPRIATIONS

Section 1. [HUMAN SERVICES, CORRECTIONS, HEALTH; AP-  
PROPRIATIONS.]

The sums shown in the columns marked "APPROPRIATIONS" are appropriated from the general fund, or any other fund named, to the agencies and for the purposes specified in the following sections of this act, to be available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures "1987," "1988," and "1989," where used in this act, mean that the appropriation or appropriations listed under them are available for the year ending June 30, 1987, June 30, 1988, or June 30, 1989, respectively.

## SUMMARY BY FUND

	1987	1988	1989	TOTAL
General	\$1,919,400	\$1,083,715,000	\$1,132,831,800	\$2,218,466,200
Special Revenue		\$ 3,642,100	\$ 3,661,100	\$ 7,303,200
Public Health Fund		\$ 7,403,000	\$ 7,344,200	\$ 14,747,200
Metropolitan Landfill		\$ 140,100	\$ 140,100	\$ 280,200
Trunk Highway		\$ 536,000	\$ 535,400	\$ 1,071,400
Total	\$1,919,400	\$1,095,436,200	\$1,144,512,600	\$2,241,868,200

**APPROPRIATIONS**  
Available for the Year  
Ending June 30,

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
 <b>Sec. 2. COMMISSIONER OF HUMAN SERVICES</b>		
<b>Subdivision 1. Appropriation by Fund</b>		
<b>General Fund</b>	918,949,700	969,235,400
<b>Public Health Fund</b>	3,982,600	3,924,900

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each program and activity are more specifically described in the following subdivisions.

Federal money received in excess of the estimates shown in the 1987 department of human services budget document reduces the state appropriation by the amount of the excess receipts, unless otherwise directed by the governor, after consulting with the legislative advisory commission.

Positions and administrative money may be transferred within the department of human services as the commissioner considers necessary, with the advance approval of the commissioner of finance.

Estimates of federal money that will be earned by the various accounts of the department of human services and deposited in the general fund are detailed on the worksheets of the conferees of the senate and house of representatives, a true copy of which is on file in the office of the commissioner of finance. If federal money anticipated is less than that shown on the official worksheets, the commissioner of finance shall reduce the amount available from the direct appropriation a

1988

1989

corresponding amount. The reductions must be noted in the budget document submitted to the 76th legislature in addition to an estimate of similar federal money anticipated for the 1989-1991 biennium.

The commissioner may use up to \$180,000 from the account authorized by Minnesota Statutes, section 256.01, subdivision 2, clause (15), to maximize collections of federal Title IV-E money through automation of the administrative functions associated with the licensing of foster care and family day care homes.

The information system project appropriations must be deposited in the special systems account according to Minnesota Statutes, section 256.014, and, except for development costs under the child support enforcement project, are not available until September 1, 1987. Money appropriated for computer projects may be transferred from one project to another as the commissioner considers necessary. The commissioner shall report quarterly to the chair of the senate finance committee and the chair of the house of representatives appropriations committee detailing the progress made, the nature and amount of expenditures made, and future development plans. On January 1 of each year the commissioner must also report to the legislature under Minnesota Statutes, section 256.014, subdivision 3, on the steps taken to integrate these projects with the information systems architecture of the state. Any unexpended balance in the appropriation for these projects remaining in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

Subd. 2. Human Services Management

7,594,300

7,604,400

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
<p>The first year appropriation for equalization aid must be allocated to the same counties and in the same proportion as the distribution of equalization aid for fiscal year 1986.</p>		
Subd. 3. Policy and Program Support Services	4,113,000	4,263,000
Subd. 4. Community Social Services	77,563,600	79,906,100

The commissioner may use money from available social service appropriations to pay appropriate administrative and training costs associated with child foster care programs to maximize federal reimbursement under title IV-E of the social security act, United State Code, title 42, sections 670 to 676. State money may be used for this purpose only if the money is replaced by other federal or state money so that there is no reduction or delay in payments for any of the programs involved. Notwithstanding any other law, transfers must be disregarded when applying the formula for allocation of state social service money and must not cause a reduction in the total amount of money available to grantees.

Of this appropriation, \$48,799,000 the first year and \$50,599,000 the second year are for community social services subsidies.

For purposes of the 1989-1991 biennial budget, the base level for community social services is \$49,699,000.

\$447,400 each year of the county allocation for Title XX community social services is for migrant day care.

\$82,637 of the second year appropriation in Laws 1985, chapter 9, article 1, section 2, subdivision 4, for Title XX community social services is transferred from the county allocation to the migrant day care allocation.



1988

1989

\$

\$

Of the amount appropriated to the day care sliding fee program, \$121,700 is allocated each year of the biennium to the migrant day care program.

\$125,000 each year of the appropriation for child care must be used for grants for new or expanding child care resource and referral programs under Minnesota Statutes, section 268.911, subdivision 3. No more than 20 percent of the money may be expended for programs in the seven-county metropolitan area.

\$125,000 each year of the appropriation for child care must be used for grants for the development of child care services under Minnesota Statutes, section 245.84, subdivision 1.

Any unexpended balance remaining in the first year appropriation for the subsidized adoption program does not cancel but is available for the second year.

By January 15, 1988, the commissioner of human services shall report to the chairs of the health and human services committee in the senate and the house of representatives on information systems needed to support improved accountability from the general fund and monitoring for county social service expenditures. The report must include at least the following: the identification of minimum data elements required for federal compliance purposes; an inventory and description of current social services data collection activities; an assessment of specific data elements needed to monitor major state social services policy goals; an analysis of any difficulties imposed by data collection by target population; and opportunities for improving the reliability and accuracy of data submitted by counties. The commissioner shall also recommend future technical improvements and identify any needed

1988

1989

\$

\$

strategies for transition from current reporting mechanisms to systems with better reliability, timeliness, and county participation.

Notwithstanding the criteria in Minnesota Rules, part 9525.0960, subpart 3, for the biennium ending June 30, 1989, the commissioner shall use semi-independent living services funding for new persons first to reduce the number of inappropriate nursing home placements and then to provide alternative community services to those recipients in intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded or waived services who are no longer eligible for those services. This provision supersedes any inconsistent provision of Minnesota Statutes, section 252.275, or any other law.

The commissioner shall review social services programs offered and proposed to be offered to senior citizens including but not limited to the foster grandparent, retired senior volunteer, and senior companion programs. The commissioner shall prepare a report as follows: (1) outlining the purposes, funding, target populations, and counties served by each program; (2) identifying areas of overlap among the programs; and (3) examining alternatives that would allow flexibility in design and delivery of programs for senior citizens. The commissioner shall present the report to the legislature by January 1, 1988.

Subd. 5. Mental Health

17,892,500

17,783,500

The \$50,000 appropriated for the study of Alzheimer's disease in Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 9, article 1, section 2, subdivision 6c is available until expended. St. Paul Ramsey Medical Center is responsible for reimbursing Minnesota physicians and pathologists for their services and other expenses related to the removal,

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
transportation, and storage of decedents' brains.		

\$25,000 of the appropriation for mental health program administration must be used to fund the study and report to the legislature on issues related to involuntary outpatient commitment.

#### Subd. 6. Income Maintenance

General Fund	596,364,300	652,852,700
Public Health Fund	3,982,600	3,924,900

Money appropriated for income maintenance programs must not be transferred for other purposes except as allowed in this subdivision, subdivision 1, section 14, or as otherwise authorized by law.

\$2,500,000 is available for each year of the biennium for case management services to caretakers in priority groups receiving aid to families with dependent children. The unencumbered balance remaining at the end of the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year of the biennium.

The public health fund appropriation is for the Children's Health Plan and is available until expended. The staff complement of the department of human services reflects an increase of 7 positions to administer the program.

Of this amount, \$25,000 is for training welfare fraud prosecutors, \$25,000 is for training welfare fraud investigators, and \$80,000 is for staff and equipment for the fraud training and control function.

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
<p>The staff complement of the department of human services reflects an increase of one position to carry out duties formerly assigned to the coordinator of full productivity and opportunity.</p>		

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each activity are as follows:

(a) Aid to Families with Dependent Children, General Assistance, Work Readiness, Minnesota Supplemental Aid

\$135,268,400	\$142,897,400
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\$1,900,000 is appropriated for fiscal year 1987 to fund the deficiency in the work readiness account.

Money appropriated in the first year for employment and training services for AFDC recipients does not cancel but is available for the second year of the biennium.

If the appropriation for AFDC, general assistance, work readiness, and Minnesota supplemental aid is insufficient for either year, the appropriation for the other year is available by direction of the governor after consulting with the legislative advisory commission.

During the biennium ending June 30, 1989, the commissioner of human services shall provide supplementary grants not to exceed \$816,800 a year for aid to families with dependent children and include the following costs in determining the amount of the supplementary grants: major home repairs; repair of major home appliances; utility recaps; supplementary dietary needs not covered by medical assistance; replacement of essential household furnishings and essential major appliances; and employment-related transportation and educational ex-

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
penses. Of this amount, \$616,800 is for employment-related transportation and educational expenses.		

When federal money is available to match state money, any part of the appropriation for day care sliding fee services provided to persons or families who are receiving AFDC may be transferred to the special needs account of the AFDC program. Federal money received during the biennium for child care services under this rider is appropriated to the commissioner of human services for day care sliding fee services, except as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 268.91, subdivision 2.

If a county's mortgage and deed tax receipts under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 287.12, exceed the state share of AFDC grants for the county, the excess amount must be offset against state payments to the county for the state share of the income maintenance programs. Any excess remaining after offsetting all state payments for income maintenance programs must be paid to the commissioner of human services and credited to the AFDC account.

The commissioner of human services shall set the standard of assistance for general assistance and work readiness assistance units consisting of an adult recipient who is childless and unmarried or living apart from his or her parents or a legal guardian at \$203.

For the AFDC entrepreneurship program appropriation, any unencumbered balance remaining in the first year does not cancel and is available for the second year.

(b) Medical Assistance and General Assistance Medical Care	\$417,678,400	\$464,670,700
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1988

1989

\$

\$

If the appropriation for medical assistance and general assistance medical care is insufficient for either year, the appropriation for the other year is available by direction of the governor after consulting with the legislative advisory commission.

Federal money received during the biennium for administration of the home and community-based services waiver for persons with mental retardation is appropriated to the commissioner of human services for administration of the home and community-based services program and must be deposited in that activity's account.

For medical assistance services rendered on or after July 1, 1987, payments to medical assistance vendors for physician services, dental care, vision care, podiatric services, chiropractic care, physical therapy, occupational therapy, speech pathologists, audiologists, mental health centers, psychologists, public health clinics, and independent laboratory and X-ray services shall be based on payments in effect on June 30, 1987, reduced by five percent. This percentage reduction does not apply to prenatal care and delivery services.

The medical assistance appropriation includes \$300,000 the second year for the increased costs of exceptions to the moratorium on licensure and certification of long-term care beds. The commissioner of health may license or certify beds through the exception review process, provided the projected total annual increased state medical assistance costs of all licenses or certifications granted during the biennium under any exception to the moratorium do not exceed \$300,000.

1988

1989

\$

\$

The commissioner of human services shall contract for a study that includes quality assurance evaluations and medical record audits of prepaid health plans under contract to the commissioner to provide medical assistance services. Federal money received during the biennium to fund this project is appropriated to the commissioner. Any unencumbered balance remaining in the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year of the biennium.

\$6,100,000 of the amount remaining in the medical assistance and general assistance medical care account at the end of fiscal year 1987 does not cancel but is available for fiscal year 1988.

\$7,100,000 of the appropriation in Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 9, article 1, section 2, subdivision 5, does not cancel and is available during the first year to pay medical assistance costs of acute care hospital outlier charges incurred prior to July 1, 1987.

The maximum pharmacy dispensing fee under medical assistance and general assistance medical care is \$4.

The commissioner shall study and develop recommendations regarding implementing an alternative payment mechanism for reimbursing hospitals for inpatient mental health services.

Notwithstanding the allocation provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 254B.02, and until such time as the federal waiver required to be applied for by Minnesota Statutes, section 254B.08 is obtained, the department shall withhold sufficient funds from the consolidated chemical dependency treatment fund, established under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 254B, to pay the state share of chemical dependency treatment services provided af-

	1988	1989
ter January 1, 1988, through the medical assistance program.	\$	\$

(c) Preadmission Screening and Alternative Care Grants

\$11,914,000	\$17,580,000
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Up to \$3,500,000 of any balance remaining at the end of fiscal year 1987 in the appropriation for preadmission screening and alternative care grants does not cancel but is available for fiscal year 1988.

(d) Other Income Maintenance Activities

\$31,503,500	\$27,704,600
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This appropriation includes \$100,000 each year to contract for the provision of training and technical assistance to counties to: (1) facilitate the transfer of general assistance recipients to federal disability programs by identifying recipients who are potentially eligible for benefits and helping them with the application and appeals process; and (2) facilitate the transfer of general assistance medical care recipients to the medical assistance program by identifying recipients who are potentially eligible for medical assistance benefits and helping them establish eligibility.

Subd. 7. Long-Term Care Management

4,735,000	4,847,600
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Subd. 8. Chemical Dependency, Hearing Impaired, and Protection Services

6,256,500	6,411,300
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\$100,000 of the money appropriated each year for services to deaf persons is for grants for specialized mental health services for deaf and multiple-handicapped deaf persons at St. Paul-Ramsey Medical Center.



1988

1989

\$

\$

The commissioner of finance shall transfer money as necessary to implement the chemical dependency consolidated fund program.

The entire sum of the money made available to the state as a result of Public Law Number 99-570, title 4, subtitle A, section 4002, of the federal Alcohol and Drug Abuse Amendments of 1986, must be deposited in the chemical dependency fund.

The commissioner shall prepare a report to the chairs of the human services division of house appropriations and the health and human services subcommittee of senate finance containing details concerning the provision of chemical dependency services by regional treatment centers, including utilization rates, staffing levels, costs incurred, and rates charged. The commissioner shall deliver the report before February 1, 1988.

Subd. 9. Reimbursement and Facilities Administration

204,430,500 195,566,800

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each activity are as follows:

(a) Regional Treatment Centers

Approved Complement

June 30, 1988	June 30, 1989
5,049	4,895

- |                             |               |               |
|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| (1) Salaries                | \$158,702,600 | \$155,621,000 |
| (2) Current Expense         | \$ 15,273,000 | \$ 15,269,000 |
| (3) Repairs and Betterments | \$ 2,875,000  | \$ 1,875,000  |
| (4) Special Equipment       | \$ 1,114,000  |               |

1988

1989

\$

\$

The commissioner of human services shall consolidate both program and support functions at each of the regional centers and state nursing homes to ensure efficient and effective space utilization which is consistent with applicable licensing and certification standards. The commissioner may transfer residents and positions among the regional center and state nursing home system as necessary to promote the most efficient use of available state buildings. Surplus buildings shall be reported to the commissioner of administration for appropriate disposition in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.24.

Provided there is no conflict with any collective bargaining agreement, any state hospital or state nursing home reduction in the human services technician classifications and other nonprofessional, nonsupervisory direct care positions must only be accomplished through attrition, transfers, and retirement and must not be accomplished through layoff, unless the position reduction is due to the relocation of residents to a different state facility and the employee declines to accept a transfer to a comparable position in another state facility.

This appropriation includes \$3,000,000 to be retained in a separate interest-bearing account established in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 246.18, subdivision 3, for use by the commissioner of human services in contingency situations related to chemical dependency programs operated by the regional centers or state nursing homes. Up to \$250,000 must be provided to each regional treatment center in advance, at the request of the chief executive officer, for remodeling or other expenses identified by the chief executive officer as necessary to allow the facility to compete with other

1988

1989

\$

\$

chemical dependency providers. The remaining money must be used to enable state institutions to continue to provide at least the current level of chemical dependency services for the biennium.

Effective January 1, 1988, 329 staff positions related to the provision of chemical dependency services in the regional treatment centers and funded by general fund appropriations are transferred to each regional treatment center's chemical dependency account established under Minnesota Statutes, section 246.18, subdivision 3.

The commissioner may continue to operate and may expand the state-operated, community-based program pilot projects established under Laws 1985, chapter 9, article 1, subdivision 6(a)(1), within the limits of available appropriations. State-operated, community-based service positions must not be counted for position reduction purposes. These positions remain part of the authorized complement.

Any unexpended balance remaining in the regional treatment center fuel and utilities appropriations for fiscal year 1987 is reappropriated for the biennium ending June 30, 1989, to be used as follows: \$175,000 to repair a boiler at Oak Terrace Nursing Home; up to \$400,000 to the regional treatment centers for furniture replacement; \$180,000 for the purpose of conducting reimbursement projects to increase collections and better manage client programs in the regional treatment centers; and up to \$450,000 for department computer charges incurred in fiscal year 1987.

	1988	1989
Any state hospital employee position identified as being vacant by the state hospital and the commissioner of human services may only be declared so after review of the chair of the house human services division of appropriations and the chair of the senate health and human services subcommittee of finance.	\$	\$

Four of the mental health enrichment positions are for the dual disabilities program at St. Peter regional treatment center.

Any unencumbered balances in special equipment and repairs and betterments remaining in the first year do not cancel but are available for the second year of the biennium.

(b) Nursing Homes

Approved Complement -		
	616.5	605.5

(1) Salaries		
	\$17,501,100	\$17,144,700

This appropriation includes \$300,000 the first year of the biennium for the program for chronically chemically dependent people at Ah Gwah Ching state nursing home. The commissioner of human services shall augment the program with federal money and any additional money provided through shared service agreements under Minnesota Statutes, section 246.57, after the amount of the state appropriation has been recovered and deposited in the medical assistance account.

(2) Current Expense		
	\$ 2,250,000	\$ 2,267,000

(3) Repairs and Betterments		
	\$ 382,000	\$ 232,000

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
For the biennium ending June 30, 1989, the commissioner may reallocate repair and betterment funds among projects as the commissioner determines necessary.		
Wages for project labor may be paid from repair and replacement money if the employee is to be engaged in a construction or repair project of a short-term and nonrecurring nature.		
(4) Special Equipment		
\$ 74,000		
(c) Other Reimbursement and Facilities Administration Activities		
\$ 6,258,800      \$ 3,158,100		

For the child support enforcement activity, during the biennium ending June 30, 1989, money received from the counties for providing data processing services must be deposited in that activity's account. The money is appropriated to the commissioner of human services for the purposes of the child support enforcement activity.

Any balance remaining in the appropriation for the administrative process pilot program at the end of the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year.

Sec. 3. OFFICE OF FULL PRODUCTIVITY AND OPPORTUNITY

153,200      0

Sec. 4. COMMISSIONER OF JOBS AND TRAINING

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation      34,899,000      33,128,000

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each program are more specifically described in the following subdivisions.

	1988	1989
Subd. 2. Employment and Training	\$	\$
	\$12,697,000	\$11,213,000

Of this appropriation, \$9,000,000 each year is for Minnesota employment and economic development wage subsidies. Any unencumbered balance remaining in the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year of the biennium. To the extent permissible under federal and state law, the commissioner shall use money available from the federal government and the private sector to fund the program.

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 268.677, subdivision 2, the commissioner may spend up to one percent of the appropriation for wage subsidy for each fiscal year for the department's administrative costs and may allocate five percent of the appropriation for wage subsidy for each fiscal year to local service units for administrative costs.

Of the money appropriated for the summer youth employment program for fiscal year 1988, \$750,000 is immediately available. If that amount is insufficient for the costs incurred, an additional amount may be transferred with the advance approval of the commissioner of finance. Any unexpended balance of the immediately available money is available for the year in which it is appropriated. Contracts for the calendar year 1987 program must be written for the entire period of the calendar year 1987 program.

The commissioner of jobs and training shall develop, in consultation with the commissioners of education, human services, and natural resources, a coordinated plan for enhanced youth education, employment, and service opportunities. This plan shall consider the current programming of the Minnesota conservation corps, the Minne-

1988

1989

\$

\$

sota youth program, the summer youth employment and training program, community and secondary vocational education, and other appropriate programs in designing a coordinated cost-effective model which would enlarge opportunities for youth. The plan should also recommend a model for coordinated funding. The commissioners shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature by January 1, 1988.

The commissioner may spend up to one percent of the appropriation for employment programs for each fiscal year for the department's administrative costs and for program operators' administrative costs.

In the event the federal work incentive program is ended before June 30, 1989, any remaining funds appropriated from the general fund to the department of human services to operate the work incentive program shall transfer to a federal program enacted to replace the work incentive program. If no replacement program is enacted, any remaining funds shall transfer to the Minnesota employment and economic development wage subsidy program in the department of jobs and training. This transfer is in addition to funds appropriated to the wage subsidy program for the biennium.

The staff complement of the department of jobs and training reflects an increase of two positions to carry out duties formerly assigned to the coordinator of full productivity and opportunity.

Subd. 3. Rehabilitation Services		
	\$20,281,000	\$20,395,000

Any unexpended balance remaining in the first year does not cancel and is available for the second year.

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
Subd. 4. Community Services		
	\$ 1,921,000	\$ 1,520,000

Of this appropriation, \$200,000 the first year and \$200,000 the second year are to provide for the local storage, transportation, processing, and distribution of United States Department of Agriculture surplus commodities. The department of jobs and training shall report on the surplus commodities program to the state legislature by January 15 of each year.

Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, for the biennium ending June 30, 1989, the commissioner of jobs and training shall transfer to the community services block grant program ten percent of the money received under the low-income home energy assistance block grant in each year of the biennium and shall expend all of the transferred money during the year of the transfer or the year following the transfer. None of the transferred money may be used by the commissioner of jobs and training for administrative costs, except that up to two percent of the funds used to supplement the federal funding for Project Head Start may be used for administrative costs.

Twenty-five percent of the money transferred by the commissioner of jobs and training from the low-income home energy assistance block grant to the community services block grant shall be used to supplement the federal funding of Project Head Start for children from low-income families. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, these transferred funds shall be allocated through the existing Project Head Start formula to existing Project Head Start grantees for the purpose of expanding services to additional low-income families. The transferred funds shall be expended according to



1988

1989

\$

\$

the federal regulations governing Project Head Start, including Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, sections 1302 through 1305. Each local Project Head Start shall expend the supplemental funds during the year of their receipt or the year following their receipt.

The commissioner of jobs and training shall prepare an annual report to the legislature describing the uses and impacts of the Project Head Start supplemental funding. The first annual report shall be delivered to the appropriate committees of the legislature on January 1 following the first full school year for which supplemental funding is available.

For the biennium ending June 30, 1989, the commissioner of jobs and training shall shift to the low-income home weatherization program at least five percent of money received under the low-income home energy assistance block grant in each year of the biennium and shall expend all of the transferred funds during the year of the transfer or the year following the transfer. None of the transferred money may be used by the commissioner of jobs and training for administrative costs.

To the extent allowed by federal regulations, the commissioner of jobs and training shall ensure that the same income eligibility criteria apply to both the weatherization program and the energy assistance program.

For the biennium ending June 30, 1989, no more than 1.11 percent of funds received under the total low-income home energy assistance program may be used by the commissioner for departmental administrative costs.

1988

\$

1989

\$

Discretionary money from the community services block grant (regular) must be used to supplement the appropriation for local storage, transportation, processing, and distribution of United States Department of Agriculture surplus commodities to the extent supplementary funding is required. Any remaining funds shall be allocated to state-designated and state-recognized community action agencies, Indian reservations, and the Minnesota migrant council.

In the event that the federal office of community services does not recognize the Olmsted and Freeborn county community action agencies as eligible entities for full funding, the commissioner shall provide full funding for those agencies from discretionary funds resulting from block grant transfers to the community services block grant. The balance of these funds may be used by the commissioner for discretionary purposes consistent with federal community services block grant guidelines stated in Public Law Number 97-35. The commissioner shall by January 1, 1988, report to the legislature on the use of these funds.

The commissioner shall by January 1, 1988, provide to the chairs of the health and human services divisions of the house appropriations committee and the senate finance committee a written plan describing how the department's division of community services will issue one contract for human service programs, with the community action agencies, the Indian reservations, and the Minnesota migrant council, including but not limited to, the community services block grant program, the low-income home weatherization program, the low-income energy assistance program, the USDA Surplus Commodities Program, and all other programs for which the division has contractual responsibility.

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
<b>Sec. 5. COMMISSIONER OF CORRECTIONS</b>		
Subdivision 1. Appropriation by Fund		
General Fund	97,655,600	98,730,400
Special Revenue Fund	126,500	126,500

The amounts that may be spent from the appropriation for each program and activity are more specifically described in the following subdivisions.

Positions and administrative money may be transferred within the department of corrections as the commissioner considers necessary, upon the advance approval of the commissioner of finance.

For the biennium ending June 30, 1989, the commissioner of corrections may, with the approval of the commissioner of finance and upon notification of the chairs of the health and human services divisions of the house appropriations committee and the senate finance committee, transfer funds to or from salaries.

Any unencumbered balances within this section remaining in the first year shall not cancel but are available for the second year of the biennium.

Subd. 2. Management Services	3,714,900	3,928,000
Subd. 3. Community Services	23,383,700	24,633,400

Of this appropriation, \$13,329,000 the first year and \$14,829,000 the second year are for community corrections act subsidies.

1988

1989

\$

\$

\$50,000 from the general fund is to provide a state match for county funds used by the Hennepin county department of community services to establish a juvenile residential facility as defined in Minnesota Rules, part 2935.0100, subpart 13, in Hennepin county. The facility shall be used exclusively as a residential placement for American Indian juveniles who are referred for placement by the juvenile court or the commissioner of corrections. Money appropriated under this section may be used to acquire a facility, provide equipment and furnishings for the facility, employ staff, and make modifications necessary to meet the licensing standards of the commissioner under Minnesota Rules, chapter 2935.

Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the commissioner of finance shall deposit in the special revenue account receipts from the provision of juvenile probation services to Lincoln, Lyon, and Faribault counties. These receipts are appropriated to fund battered women grants for the biennium ending June 30, 1989.

There is appropriated for fiscal year 1987, \$19,400 from the general fund for probation and supervised release.

This appropriation includes \$76,000 for a grant under Minnesota Statutes, section 241.022, to the West Central Juvenile Center in Moorhead.

Any unencumbered balance remaining in the county probation reimbursement account at the end of the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year of the biennium. Any surplus remaining in the account at the end of the biennium cancels to the general fund.

Subd. 4. Correctional Institutions	70,557,000	70,169,000
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	1988	1989
	\$	\$
(a) Salaries		
\$52,610,400	\$52,438,400	
(b) Current Expense		
\$12,252,000	\$12,254,000	
(c) Repairs and Betterments		
\$ 1,368,000	\$ 1,164,000	
(d) Special Equipment		
\$ 342,000	\$ 334,000	
(e) Institution Support		
\$ 3,984,600	\$ 3,978,600	

For the biennium ending June 30, 1989, the commissioner may reallocate repair and betterment funds among projects as the commissioner determines necessary.

The commissioner may enter into agreements with the appropriate Alaskan officials, or officials of any state, political subdivision, or the United States, for housing prisoners in Minnesota correctional facilities. Money received under the agreements is appropriated to the commissioner for correctional purposes.

Any unencumbered balances in special equipment, repairs and replacement, food provisions, and central office health care, remaining in the first year do not cancel and are available for the second year.

Wages for project labor may be paid from repair and replacement money if the employee is to be engaged in a construction or repair project of a short-term and nonrecurring nature.

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
<p>Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 94.09 to 94.16, the commissioner may sell surplus property at Lino Lakes Correctional Facility to Anoka county and the proceeds from a sale are appropriated to the commissioner to expand living quarters at the facility after review by the chair of the house human services division of appropriations and the chair of the senate health and human services subcommittee of finance.</p>		
Sec. 6. SENTENCING GUIDELINES COMMISSION	198,000	201,100
Sec. 7. CORRECTIONS OMBUDSMAN	331,000	331,000
Sec. 8. COMMISSIONER OF HEALTH		
Subdivision 1. Appropriation by Fund		
General Fund	31,528,500	31,205,900
Public Health Fund	3,420,400	3,419,300
Trunk Highway Fund	536,000	535,400
Metropolitan Landfill Contingency Fund	140,100	140,100

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each program and activity are more specifically described in the following subdivisions.

Positions and administrative money may be transferred within the department of health as the commissioner considers necessary, with the advance approval of the commissioner of finance.

Subd. 2. Preventive and Protective Health Services

General Fund	8,032,000	7,494,000
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	1988	1989
Public Health Fund	\$ 1,727,200	\$ 1,726,800
Metropolitan Landfill Contingency Fund	140,100	140,100

Of this general fund appropriation \$50,000 in 1988 is to pay the St. Paul Ramsey Medical Center for autopsies for the purposes of Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 9, article 2, sections 14, 15, and 91, except that payments may be made to physicians and pathologists statewide for their services and expenses related to the removal, transportation and storage of decedents' brains. The number of autopsies that may be performed is limited only by the amount of the appropriation. The appropriation is available until expended.

Of this appropriation, \$140,100 each year is appropriated from the metropolitan landfill contingency fund for monitoring well water supplies in the metropolitan area.

The appropriation for preventive and protective health services reflects an increase of \$54,000 the first year and \$53,000 the second year for swimming pool surveillance and monitoring. The increase is not available until the department has established a fee system that will allow the increased costs to be fully recovered.

### Subd. 3. Health Delivery Systems

General Fund	20,437,000	20,591,400
Public Health Fund	1,693,200	1,692,500
Trunk Highway Fund	536,000	535,400

Of this appropriation, \$11,828,000 from the general fund each year is for the community health services subsidy.

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
<p>For the purposes of the community health services subsidy, the commissioner of finance may authorize the transfer of money to the community health services activity from the other programs in this section.</p>		

The state appropriation to supplement the federal Women, Infants and Children (WIC) program in each year is to be spent consistent with federal requirements. Any balance remaining in the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year.

Of this appropriation, \$536,000 the first year and \$535,400 the second year are appropriated from the trunk highway fund for emergency medical services activities.

If the appropriation for community health services or services to children with handicaps is insufficient for either year, the appropriation for the other year is available by direction of the governor after consulting with the legislative advisory commission.

Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, appropriations from the general fund for services to children with handicaps for fiscal years 1987, 1988, and 1989 are available until expended and may be used in the maternal and child health activity for grants, staff and supplies consistent with section 8, page 37 of the governor's 1987-1989 biennial budget document. All receipts generated by the services to children with handicaps program are to be deposited as dedicated receipts and appropriated to the commissioner of health for use in the maternal and child health program.

#### Subd. 4. Health Support Services

General Fund	3,059,500	3,120,500
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	1988	1989
\$		\$
<b>Sec. 9. HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE INJURY COMPENSATION BOARD</b>		

The \$2,000,000 appropriated to the Hazardous Substance Injury Compensation Board in Laws 1985, First Special Session, chapter 8, section 18 is available until expended.

<b>Sec. 10. HEALTH-RELATED BOARDS</b>		
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Subdivision 1. Total for this section	3,515,600	3,534,600
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The appropriations in this section are from the special revenue fund.

Subd. 2. Board of Chiropractic Examiners	174,200	162,200
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Subd. 3. Board of Dentistry	317,100	317,400
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Subd. 4. Board of Medical Examiners	1,323,100	1,353,000
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The board of medical examiners shall establish fees for individuals licensed or registered by it at a level which nearly equals the board's appropriation, general support costs, indirect costs, and attorney general costs. The fees must be set in accordance with the procedure established by Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.128, subdivision 2a, in effect on August 1, 1984.

Subd. 5. Board of Nursing	867,100	867,700
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The board of nursing may supplement its appropriation by receipts from the board of podiatry for services provided to the board of podiatry.

Subd. 6. Board of Examiners for Nursing Home Administrators	131,900	132,000
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Subd. 7. Board of Optometry	46,900	47,000
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Subd. 8. Board of Pharmacy	405,300	405,500
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Subd. 9. Board of Podiatry	9,600	9,600
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	1988	1989
Subd. 10. Board of Psychology	\$ 160,300	\$ 160,100
Subd. 11. Board of Veterinary Medicine	80,100	80,100
Subd. 12. Revenue		

The commissioner of finance shall not permit the allotment, encumbrance, or expenditure of money appropriated in this section in excess of the anticipated biennial revenues from fees collected by the boards. Neither this provision nor Minnesota Statutes, section 214.06, applies to transfers from the general contingent account, if the amount transferred does not exceed the amount of surplus revenue accumulated by the transferee during the previous five years.

#### Subd. 13. Attorney General Services

Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, in the event the office of the attorney general does not provide legal and investigative services to the health-related licensing boards in either fiscal year 1988 or fiscal year 1989 in an amount at least equal to the services provided in fiscal year 1986, the boards are authorized to contract with the office of the attorney general for such services in amounts not to exceed fee revenues for the year affected.

#### Sec. 11. BUDGET BOOK FORMAT

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.11, the commissioner of finance shall consult with and seek the recommendations of the chair of the house appropriations committee and the chair of the senate finance committee and their respective division chairs prior to adopting a format for the 1989-1991 biennial budget document. The commissioner of finance shall not

1988

1989

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\$

adopt a format for the 1989-1991 biennial budget document until the commissioner has received the positive recommendations of the chair of the house appropriations committee and the chair of the senate finance committee.

### Sec. 12. FEDERAL RECEIPTS

For the biennium ending June 30, 1989, federal receipts as shown in the biennial budget document or in working papers of the two appropriations committees to be used for financing activities, programs, and projects under the supervision and jurisdiction of the commissioner of human services must be accredited to and become a part of the appropriations provided for in section 2.

### Sec. 13. PROVISIONS

For the biennium ending June 30, 1989, money appropriated to the commissioner of corrections and the commissioner of human services in this act for the purchase of provisions within the item "current expense" must be used solely for that purpose. Money provided and not used for purchase of provisions must be canceled into the fund from which appropriated, except that money provided and not used for the purchase of provisions because of population decreases may be transferred and used for the purchase of medical and hospital supplies with the approval of the governor after consulting with the legislative advisory commission.

1988

1989

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The allowance for food may be adjusted annually according to the United States department of labor, bureau of labor statistics publication, producer price index, with the approval of the commissioner of finance. Adjustments for fiscal year 1988 and fiscal year 1989 must be based on the June 1987, and June 1988, producer price index respectively, but the adjustment must be prorated if the wholesale food price index adjustment would require money in excess of this appropriation.

#### Sec. 14. TRANSFERS OF MONEY

##### Subdivision 1. Governor's Approval Required

For the biennium ending June 30, 1989, the commissioners of human services, corrections, jobs and training, and health shall not transfer money to or from the object of expenditure "personal services" to or from the object of expenditure "claims and grants," as shown on the official worksheets of the conferees of the senate and house of representatives, a true copy of which is on file in the office of the commissioner of finance, except for services for the blind, basic client rehabilitation services, and rehabilitation services for workers' compensation recipients, and for those transfers that have the written approval of the governor after consulting with the legislative advisory commission.

##### Subd. 2. Transfers of Unencumbered Appropriations

For the biennium ending June 30, 1989, the commissioners of human services, corrections, and health by direction of the governor after consulting with the legislative advisory commission may transfer unencumbered appropriation balances and positions among all programs.

1988

1989

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\$

**Sec. 15. APPROVED COMPLEMENT**

For the biennium ending June 30, 1989, the approved complements indicated in this act are full-time equivalent positions and apply only to positions paid for with money appropriated by this act.

Additional employees over the approved complement may be employed on the basis of public necessity or emergency with the written approval of the governor, but the governor shall not approve the consulting with the legislative advisory commission.

**Subd. 2. Transfers of Unencumbered Appropriations**

For the biennium ending June 30, 1989, the commissioners of human services, corrections, and health by direction of the governor after consulting with the legislative advisory commission may transfer unencumbered appropriation balances and positions among all programs.

**Sec. 16. APPROVED COMPLEMENT**

For the biennium ending June 30, 1989, the approved complements indicated in this act are full-time equivalent positions and apply only to positions paid for with money appropriated by this act.

Additional employees over the approved complement may be employed on the basis of public necessity or emergency with the written approval of the governor, but the governor shall not approve the additional personnel until he has consulted with the legislative advisory commission. Requests for increases in the approved complement

	1988	1989
	\$	\$

must be forwarded to the house committee on appropriations and senate committee on finance at least 30 days before the legislative advisory commission meeting.

#### Sec. 17. MASTER LEASE

If an amount is appropriated in this act to purchase equipment, and the equipment is instead acquired using a master lease, the commissioner of finance shall reduce the allotment for equipment by the amount of the savings after written consultation with the chairs of the house appropriations committee and the senate finance committee. Any unencumbered balance allotted for this equipment remaining in the first year does not cancel and is available for the second year.

### ARTICLE 2

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 15A.081, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. The governor shall set the salary rate within the ranges listed below for positions specified in this subdivision, upon approval of the legislative commission on employee relations and the legislature as provided by section 43A.18, subdivisions 2 and 5:

	Salary Range Effective July 1, 1983
Commissioner of education;	\$57,500-\$70,000
Commissioner of finance;	
Commissioner of transportation;	
Commissioner of human services;	
Executive director, state board of investment;	
Commissioner of administration;	\$50,000-\$60,000
Commissioner of agriculture;	
Commissioner of commerce;	

Commissioner of corrections;  
 Commissioner of jobs and training;  
 Commissioner of employee relations;  
 Commissioner of energy and economic  
 development;  
 Commissioner of health;  
 Commissioner of labor and industry;  
 Commissioner of natural resources;  
 Commissioner of revenue;  
 Commissioner of public safety;  
 Chair, waste management board;  
 Chief administrative law judge; office of  
 administrative hearings;  
 Director, pollution control agency;  
 Director, state planning agency;  
 Executive director, housing finance agency;  
 Executive director, public employees  
 retirement association;  
 Executive director, teacher's retirement  
 association;  
 Executive director, state retirement system;  
 Chair, metropolitan council;  
 Chair, regional transit board;  
 Coordinator of full productivity and  
 opportunity;

Commissioner of human rights;	\$40,000-\$52,500
Director, department of public service;	
Commissioner of veterans' affairs;	
Director, bureau of mediation services;	
Commissioner, public utilities commission;	
Member, transportation regulation board.	

Sec. 2. [62D.211] [RENEWAL FEE.]

Each health maintenance organization subject to sections 62D.01 to 62D.29 shall submit to the commissioner of health each year before April 1 a certificate of authority renewal fee in the amount of \$10,000 each plus 20 cents per person enrolled in the health maintenance organization on December 31 of the preceding year. The commissioner may adjust the renewal fee in rule under the provisions of chapter 14.

Sec. 3. [REPORT.]

The commissioner shall report to the legislature before January 15, 1988, assessing the effect of the renewal fee structure upon

health maintenance organizations and making any necessary recommendations for changes in this method of computing certificate of authority renewal fees.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 86.33, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [PROJECT COORDINATION.] The commissioner of natural resources shall ~~consult with the full productivity and opportunity coordinator and~~ develop a plan that establishes: a priority for unemployed youths who are economically, socially, physically, or educationally disadvantaged; the ways in which participants will be assisted in gaining ongoing employment or training upon completing the projects; the ways in which exclusive bargaining representatives are to be consulted in regard to the positions and job duties of persons employed in projects; and how the projects are coordinated with other publicly authorized or subsidized programs.

~~The commissioner shall submit the plan to the full productivity and opportunity coordinator in each even-numbered year, according to standards established by the coordinator for use in developing a biennial statewide employment and training plan.~~

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 86.33, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [REPORTING; CORPS MEMBER STATUS; FEES.] ~~The commissioner of natural resources shall cooperate with the full productivity and opportunity coordinator in developing and implementing any evaluation and reporting systems for employment and training programs.~~ All camp staff except camp directors in the young adult program are corps members. Corps members are not eligible for unemployment compensation or other benefits except workers' compensation, and they are not employees of the state of Minnesota within the meaning of section 43A.02, subdivision 21. The commissioner may charge a fee for any service performed by the corps.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 136C.06, is amended to read:

136C.06 [SOLE STATE AGENCY.]

The state board of vocational technical education is the sole state agency to receive and disburse federal funds authorized by the Vocational Education Act of 1963, as amended in the education amendments of 1976, Public Law Number 94-482, and Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, part 400. The state board shall develop and submit the state plan for vocational technical education. The state board shall develop the state plan according to terms of agreement with the state board of education. ~~Before developing and submitting the state plan, the state board shall consult with the full~~



productivity and opportunity coordinator. The state board shall submit the state plan to the full productivity and opportunity coordinator for use in developing a biennial statewide employment and training plan.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 144.122, is amended to read:

144.122 [LICENSE AND PERMIT FEES.]

(a) The state commissioner of health, by rule, may prescribe reasonable procedures and fees for filing with the commissioner as prescribed by statute and for the issuance of original and renewal permits, licenses, registrations and certifications issued under authority of the commissioner. The expiration dates of the various licenses, permits, registrations and certifications as prescribed by the rules shall be plainly marked thereon. Fees may include application and examination fees and a penalty fee for renewal applications submitted after the expiration date of the previously issued permit, license, registration, and certification. The commissioner may also prescribe, by rule, reduced fees for permits, licenses, registrations, and certifications when the application therefor is submitted during the last three months of the permit, license, registration, or certification period. Fees proposed to be prescribed in the rules shall be first approved by the department of finance. All fees proposed to be prescribed in rules shall be reasonable. The fees shall be in an amount so that the total fees collected by the commissioner will, where practical, approximate the cost to the commissioner in administering the program. All fees collected shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the general fund unless otherwise specifically appropriated by law for specific purposes.

(b) The commissioner may charge a fee for voluntary certification of medical laboratories and environmental laboratories, and for environmental and medical laboratory services provided by the department, without complying with subdivision 1 or chapter 14. Fees charged for environment and medical laboratory services provided by the department must be approximately equal to the costs of providing the services.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 144.123, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. The commissioner of health shall promulgate rules, in accordance with chapter 14, which shall specify the amount of the handling fee prescribed in subdivision 1. The fee shall approximate the costs to the department of handling specimens including reporting, postage, specimen kit preparation, and overhead costs. The fee prescribed in subdivision 1 shall be ~~\$1.50~~ \$5 per specimen until the commissioner promulgates rules pursuant to this subdivision.

Sec. 9. [144.671] [CANCER SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM; PURPOSE.]

The commissioner of health shall establish a statewide population-based cancer surveillance system. The purpose of this system is to:

(1) monitor incidence trends of cancer to detect potential public health problems, predict risks, and assist in investigating cancer clusters;

(2) more accurately target intervention resources for communities and patients and their families;

(3) inform health professionals and citizens about risks, early detection, and treatment of cancers known to be elevated in their communities; and

(4) promote high quality research to provide better information for cancer control and to address public concerns and questions about cancer.

Sec. 10. [144.672] [DUTIES OF COMMISSIONER; RULES.]

Subdivision 1. [RULE AUTHORITY.] The commissioner of health shall collect cancer incidence information, analyze the information, and conduct special studies designed to determine the potential public health significance of an increase in cancer incidence.

The commissioner shall adopt rules to administer the system, collect information, and distribute data. The rules must include, but not be limited to, the following:

(1) the type of data to be reported;

(2) standards for reporting specific types of data;

(3) payments allowed to hospitals, pathologists, and registry systems to defray their costs in providing information to the system;

(4) criteria relating to contracts made with outside entities to conduct studies using data collected by the system. The criteria may include requirements for a written protocol outlining the purpose and public benefit of the study, the description, methods, and projected results of the study, peer review by other scientists, the methods and facilities to protect the privacy of the data, and the qualifications of the researcher proposing to undertake the study;

(5) specification of fees to be charged under section 13.03, subdivision 3, for all out-of-pocket expenses for data summaries or specific

analyses of data requested by public and private agencies, organizations, and individuals, and which are not otherwise included in the commissioner's annual summary reports. Fees collected are appropriated to the commissioner to offset the cost of providing the data; and

(6) establishment of a committee to assist the commissioner in the review of system activities.

Subd. 2. [BIENNIAL REPORT REQUIRED.] The commissioner of health shall prepare and transmit to the governor and to members of the legislature a biennial report on the incidence of cancer in Minnesota and a compilation of summaries and reports from special studies and investigations performed to determine the potential public health significance of an increase in cancer incidence, together with any findings and recommendations. The first report shall be delivered by February 1989, with subsequent reports due in February of each of the following odd-numbered years.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 144.68, is amended to read:

**144.68 [RECORDS AND REPORTS REQUIRED.]**

Subdivision 1. [PERSON PRACTICING HEALING ARTS.] Every person licensed to practice the healing arts in any form, upon request of the state commissioner of health, shall prepare and forward to the commissioner, in the manner and at such times as the commissioner designates, a detailed record of each case of ~~malignant disease~~ cancer treated or seen by the person professionally.

Subd. 2. [HOSPITALS AND SIMILAR INSTITUTIONS.] Every hospital, ~~sanatorium, nursing home medical clinic, medical laboratory, or other institution for the hospitalization, clinical or laboratory diagnosis, or care of human beings,~~ upon request of the state commissioner of health, shall prepare and forward to the commissioner, in the manner and at the times designated by the commissioner, a detailed record of each case of ~~malignant disease having been therein~~ cancer.

Subd. 3. [INFORMATION REPORTING WITHOUT LIABILITY.] The furnishing of the information required under subdivisions 1 and 2 shall not subject the person, hospital, ~~sanatorium, nursing home medical clinic, medical laboratory, or other place~~ institution furnishing the information, to any action for damages or other relief.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 144.69, is amended to read:

144.69 [INFORMATION NOT AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC CLASSIFICATION OF DATA ON INDIVIDUALS.]

No such report, or part thereof, nor any copy of the same or part thereof, shall be open to the public, nor shall any of the contents thereof be disclosed, in any manner, by any official or clerk or other employee or person having access thereto, but all such information Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, including section 13.05, subdivision 9, data collected on individuals by the cancer surveillance system, including the names and personal identifiers of persons required in section 144.68 to report, shall be confidential private and may only be used for the purposes set forth in sections 144.66 to 144.671, 144.672, 144.68, and 144.69. And any such disclosure other than is provided for in sections 144.66 to 144.671, 144.672, 144.68, and 144.69, is hereby declared to be a misdemeanor and punishable as such. No Except as provided by rule, and as part of an epidemiologic investigation, an officer or employee of the board shall commissioner of health may interview any patient patients named in any such report, nor a relative or relatives of any such patient, unless only after the consent of the attending physician and or surgeon is first obtained.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 144A.33, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [FUNDING OF ADVISORY COUNCIL EDUCATION.] A license application or renewal fee for nursing homes and boarding care homes under section 144.53 or 144A.07 must be increased by ~~\$1.75~~ \$2.75 per bed to fund the development and education of resident and family advisory councils.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 144A.33, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [SPECIAL ACCOUNT.] All money collected by the commissioner of health under subdivision 3 must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to a special account called the nursing home advisory council fund. Money credited to the fund is appropriated to the Minnesota board on aging for the purposes of this section.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 171.29, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. (a) A person whose drivers license has been revoked as provided in subdivision 1, except under section 169.121 or 169.123, shall pay a \$30 fee before the person's drivers license is reinstated.

(b) A person whose drivers license has been revoked as provided in subdivision 1 under section 169.121 or 169.123 shall pay a ~~\$150~~ \$200 fee before the person's drivers license is reinstated to be credited as follows:

(1) ~~50~~ 25 percent shall be credited to the trunk highway fund;

(2) ~~25~~ 50 percent shall be credited to a separate account to be known as the county probation reimbursement account. Money in this account is appropriated to the commissioner of corrections for the costs that counties assume under Laws 1959, chapter 698, of providing probation and parole services to wards of the commissioner of corrections. This money is provided in addition to any money which the counties currently receive under section 260.311, subdivision 5; and

(3) 25 percent shall be credited to a separate account to be known as the alcohol impaired driver education account. Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner of education for grants to develop alcohol impaired driver education programs in elementary, secondary, and post-secondary schools. The state board of education shall establish guidelines for the distribution of the grants. The commissioner of education shall report to the legislature by January 15, 1988, on the expenditure of grant funds under this clause.

Sec. 16. [245.461] [POLICY AND CITATION.]

Subdivision 1. [CITATION.] Sections 245.461 to 245.486 may be cited as the "Minnesota comprehensive mental health act."

Subd. 2. [MISSION STATEMENT.] The commissioner shall create and ensure a unified, accountable, comprehensive mental health service system that:

(1) recognizes the right of people with mental illness to control their own lives as fully as possible;

(2) promotes the independence and safety of people with mental illness;

(3) reduces chronicity of mental illness;

(4) reduces abuse of people with mental illness;

(5) provides services designed to:

(i) increase the level of functioning of people with mental illness or restore them to a previously held higher level of functioning;

(ii) stabilize individuals with mental illness;

(iii) prevent the development and deepening of mental illness;

(iv) support and assist individuals in resolving emotional problems that impede their functioning;

(v) promote higher and more satisfying levels of emotional functioning; and

(vi) promote sound mental health; and

(6) provides a quality of service that is effective, efficient, appropriate, and consistent with contemporary professional standards in the field of mental health.

Subd. 3. [REPORT.] By February 15, 1988, and annually after that until February 15, 1990, the commissioner shall report to the legislature on all steps taken and recommendations for full implementation of sections 245.461 to 245.486 and on additional resources needed to further implement those sections.

Sec. 17. [245.462] [DEFINITIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] The definitions in this section apply to sections 245.461 to 245.486.

Subd. 2. [ACUTE CARE HOSPITAL INPATIENT TREATMENT.] "Acute care hospital inpatient treatment" means short-term medical, nursing, and psychosocial services provided in an acute care hospital licensed under chapter 144.

Subd. 3. [CASE MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES.] "Case management activities" means activities that are part of the community support services program as defined in subdivision 6 and are designed to help people with serious and persistent mental illness in gaining access to needed medical, social, educational, vocational, and other necessary services as they relate to the client's mental health needs. Case management activities include obtaining a diagnostic assessment, developing an individual community support plan, referring the person to needed mental health and other services, coordinating services, and monitoring the delivery of services.

Subd. 4. [CASE MANAGER.] "Case manager" means an individual authorized by the county board to provide case management activities as part of a community support services program. A case manager must be qualified at the mental health practitioner level, skilled in the process of identifying and assessing a wide range of client needs, and knowledgeable about local community resources and how to use those resources for the benefit of the client.

Subd. 5. [COMMISSIONER.] "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services.

Subd. 6. [COMMUNITY SUPPORT SERVICES PROGRAM] “Community support services program” means services, other than inpatient or residential treatment services, provided or coordinated by an identified program and staff under the clinical supervision of a mental health professional designed to help people with serious and persistent mental illness to function and remain in the community. A community support services program includes case management activities provided to persons with serious and persistent mental illness, client outreach, medication management, assistance in independent living skills, development of employability and supportive work opportunities, crisis assistance, psychosocial rehabilitation, help in applying for government benefits, and the development, identification, and monitoring of living arrangements.

Subd. 7. [COUNTY BOARD.] “County board” means the county board of commissioners or board established pursuant to the joint powers act, section 471.59, or the human services board act, sections 402.01 to 402.10.

Subd. 8. [DAY TREATMENT SERVICES.] “Day treatment services” means a structured program of intensive therapeutic and rehabilitative services at least one day a week for a minimum three-hour time block that is provided within a group setting by a multidisciplinary staff under the clinical supervision of a mental health professional. Day treatment services are not a part of inpatient or residential treatment services, but may be part of a community support services program.

Subd. 9. [DIAGNOSTIC ASSESSMENT.] “Diagnostic assessment” means a written summary of the history, diagnosis, strengths, vulnerabilities, and general service needs of a person with mental illness using diagnostic, interview, and other relevant mental health techniques provided by a mental health professional used in developing an individual treatment plan or individual community support plan.

Subd. 10. [EDUCATION AND PREVENTION SERVICES.] “Education and prevention services” means services designed to educate the general public or special high-risk target populations about mental illness, to increase the understanding and acceptance of problems associated with mental illness, to increase people’s awareness of the availability of resources and services, and to improve people’s skills in dealing with high-risk situations known to affect people’s mental health and functioning.

Subd. 11. [EMERGENCY SERVICES.] “Emergency services” means an immediate response service available on a 24-hour, seven-day-a-week basis for persons having a psychiatric crisis or emergency.

Subd. 12. [INDIVIDUAL COMMUNITY SUPPORT PLAN.] "Individual community support plan" means a written plan developed by a case manager on the basis of a diagnostic assessment. The plan identifies specific services needed by a person with serious and persistent mental illness to develop independence or improved functioning in daily living, health and medication management, social functioning, interpersonal relationships, financial management, housing, transportation, and employment.

Subd. 13. [INDIVIDUAL PLACEMENT AGREEMENT.] "Individual placement agreement" means a written agreement or supplement to a service contract entered into between the county board and a service provider on behalf of an individual client to provide residential treatment services.

Subd. 14. [INDIVIDUAL TREATMENT PLAN.] "Individual treatment plan" means a written plan of intervention, treatment, and services for a person with mental illness that is developed by a service provider under the clinical supervision of a mental health professional on the basis of a diagnostic assessment. The plan identifies goals and objectives of treatment, treatment strategy, a schedule for accomplishing treatment goals and objectives, and the individual responsible for providing treatment to the person with mental illness.

Subd. 15. [LOCAL MENTAL HEALTH PROPOSAL.] "Local mental health proposal" means the proposal developed by the county board, reviewed by the commissioner, and described in section 18.

Subd. 16. [MENTAL HEALTH FUNDS.] "Mental health funds" are funds expended under sections 245.73 and 256E.12, federal mental health block grant funds, and funds expended under sections 256D.06 and 256D.37 to facilities licensed under Minnesota Rules, parts 9520.0500 to 9520.0690.

Subd. 17. [MENTAL HEALTH PRACTITIONER.] "Mental health practitioner" means a person providing services to persons with mental illness who is qualified in at least one of the following ways:

(1) holds a bachelor's degree in one of the behavioral sciences or related fields from an accredited college or university, and has 2,000 hours of supervised experience in the delivery of services to persons with mental illness;

(2) has 6,000 hours of supervised experience in the delivery of services to persons with mental illness;

(3) is a graduate student in one of the behavioral sciences or related fields formally assigned to an agency or facility for clinical training by an accredited college or university; or



(4) holds a master's or other graduate degree in one of the behavioral sciences or related fields from an accredited college or university with less than 4,000 hours post-master's experience in the treatment of mental illness.

Subd. 18. [MENTAL HEALTH PROFESSIONAL.] "Mental health professional" means a person providing clinical services in the treatment of mental illness who is qualified in at least one of the following ways:

(1) in psychiatric nursing: a registered nurse with a master's degree in one of the behavioral sciences or related fields from an accredited college or university or its equivalent, who is licensed under sections 148.171 to 148.285, with at least 4,000 hours of post-master's supervised experience in the delivery of clinical services in the treatment of mental illness;

(2) in clinical social work: a person with a master's degree in social work from an accredited college or university; with at least 4,000 hours of post-master's supervised experience in the delivery of clinical services in the treatment of mental illness;

(3) in psychology: a psychologist licensed under sections 148.88 to 148.98 who has stated to the board of psychology competencies in the diagnosis and treatment of mental illness;

(4) in psychiatry: a physician licensed under chapter 147 and certified by the American board of psychiatry and neurology or eligible for board certification in psychiatry; or

(5) in allied fields: a person with a master's degree from an accredited college or university in one of the behavioral sciences or related fields, with at least 4,000 hours of post-master's supervised experience in the delivery of clinical services in the treatment of mental illness.

Subd. 19. [MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES.] "Mental health services" means all of the treatment services and management activities that are provided to persons with mental illness and are described in sections 245.468 to 245.476.

Subd. 20. [MENTAL ILLNESS.] (a) "Mental illness" means an organic disorder of the brain or a clinically significant disorder of thought, mood, perception, orientation, memory, or behavior that is listed in the clinical manual of the International Classification of Diseases (ICD-9-CM), current edition, code range 290.0 to 302.99 or 306.0 to 316.0 or the corresponding code in the American Psychiatric Association's Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-MD), current edition, Axes I, II, or III, and that seriously limits a person's capacity to function in primary aspects of daily

living such as personal relations, living arrangements, work, and recreation.

(b) A "person with acute mental illness" means a person who has a mental illness that is serious enough to require prompt intervention.

(c) For purposes of sections 245.461 to 245.486, a "person with serious and persistent mental illness" means a person who has a mental illness and meets at least one of the following criteria:

(1) The person has undergone two or more episodes of inpatient care for a mental illness within the preceding 24 months.

(2) The person has experienced a continuous psychiatric hospitalization or residential treatment exceeding six months' duration within the preceding 12 months.

(3) The person has had a history of recurring inpatient or residential treatment episodes of a frequency described in clause (1) or (2), but not within the preceding 24 months. There must also be a written opinion of a mental health professional stating that the person is reasonably likely to have future episodes requiring inpatient or residential treatment unless an ongoing community support services program is provided.

Subd. 21. [OUTPATIENT SERVICES.] "Outpatient services" means mental health services, excluding day treatment and community support services programs, provided by or under the clinical supervision of a mental health professional to persons with a mental illness who live outside a hospital or residential treatment setting. Outpatient services include clinical activities such as individual, group, and family therapy; individual treatment planning; diagnostic assessments; medication management; and psychological testing.

Subd. 22. [REGIONAL TREATMENT CENTER INPATIENT SERVICES.] "Regional treatment center inpatient services" means the medical, nursing, or psychosocial services provided in a regional treatment center operated by the state.

Subd. 23. [RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT.] "Residential treatment" means a 24-hour-a-day residential program under the clinical supervision of a mental health professional, other than an acute care hospital or regional treatment center, which must be licensed as a residential treatment facility for mentally ill persons under Minnesota Rules, parts 9520.0500 to 9520.0690 for adults, 9545.0900 to 9545.1090 for children, or other rule adopted by the commissioner.

Subd. 24. [SERVICE PROVIDER.] "Service provider" means either a county board or an individual or agency including a regional treatment center under contract with the county board that provides mental health services funded by sections 245.461 to 245.486.

Subd. 25. [CLINICAL SUPERVISION.] "Clinical supervision," when referring to the responsibilities of a mental health professional, means the oversight responsibility of a mental health professional for individual treatment plans, service delivery, and program activities. Clinical supervision may be accomplished by full or part-time employment of or contracts with mental health professionals. Clinical supervision must be documented by the mental health professional cosigning individual treatment plans and evidence of input into service delivery and program development.

**Sec. 18. [245.463] [PLANNING FOR A MENTAL HEALTH SYSTEM.]**

Subdivision 1. [PLANNING EFFORT.] Starting on the effective date of sections 245.461 to 245.486 and ending June 30, 1988, the commissioner and the county agencies shall plan for the development of a unified, accountable, and comprehensive statewide mental health system. The system must be planned and developed by stages until it is operating at full capacity.

Subd. 2. [TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.] The commissioner shall provide ongoing technical assistance to county boards to develop local mental health proposals as specified in section 245.479, to improve system capacity and quality. The commissioner and county boards shall exchange information as needed about the numbers of persons with mental illness residing in the county and extent of existing treatment components locally available to serve the needs of those persons. County boards shall cooperate with the commissioner in obtaining necessary planning information upon request.

**Sec. 19. [245.464] [COORDINATION OF MENTAL HEALTH SYSTEM.]**

Subdivision 1. [SUPERVISION.] The commissioner shall supervise the development and coordination of locally available mental health services by the county boards in a manner consistent with sections 245.461 to 245.486. The commissioner shall coordinate locally available services with those services available from the regional treatment center serving the area. The commissioner shall review local mental health service proposals developed by county boards as specified in section 18 and provide technical assistance to county boards in developing and maintaining locally available mental health services. The commissioner shall monitor the county board's progress in developing its full system capacity and quality through ongoing review of the county board's mental health propos-

als, quarterly reports, and other information as required by sections 245.461 to 245.486.

Subd. 2. [PRIORITIES.] By January 1, 1990, the commissioner shall require that each of the treatment services and management activities described in sections 245.469 to 245.477 are developed for persons with mental illness within available resources based on the following ranked priorities:

- (1) the provision of locally available emergency services;
- (2) the provision of locally available services to all persons with serious and persistent mental illness and all persons with acute mental illness;
- (3) the provision of specialized services regionally available to meet the special needs of all persons with serious and persistent mental illness and all persons with acute mental illness;
- (4) the provision of locally available services to persons with other mental illness; and
- (5) the provision of education and preventive mental health services targeted at high-risk populations.

Sec. 20. [245.465] [DUTIES OF COUNTY BOARD.]

The county board in each county shall use its share of mental health and community social service act funds allocated by the commissioner according to a biennial local mental health service proposal approved by the commissioner. The county board must:

- (1) develop and coordinate a system of affordable and locally available mental health services in accordance with sections 245.466 to 245.474;
- (2) provide for case management services to persons with serious and persistent mental illness in accordance with section 245.475;
- (3) provide for screening of persons specified in section 245.476 upon admission to a residential treatment facility or acute care hospital inpatient, or informal admission to a regional treatment center; and
- (4) prudently administer grants and purchase-of-service contracts that the county board determines are necessary to fulfill its responsibilities under sections 245.461 to 245.486.

Sec. 21. [245.466] [LOCAL SERVICE DELIVERY SYSTEM.]

Subdivision 1. [DEVELOPMENT OF SERVICES.] The county board in each county is responsible for using all available resources to develop and coordinate a system of locally available and affordable mental health services. The county board may provide some or all of the mental health services and activities specified in subdivision 2 directly through a county agency or under contracts with other individuals or agencies. A county or counties may enter into an agreement with a regional treatment center to enable the county or counties to provide the treatment services in subdivision 2. Services provided through an agreement between a county and a regional treatment center must meet the same requirements as services from other service providers. County boards shall demonstrate their continuous progress toward full implementation of sections 245.461 to 245.486 during the period July 1, 1987 to January 1, 1990. County boards must develop fully each of the treatment services and management activities prescribed by sections 245.461 to 245.486 by January 1, 1990, according to the priorities established in section 245.464 and local mental health services proposal approved by the commissioner under section 245.478.

Subd. 2. [MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES.] The mental health service system developed by each county board must include the following treatment services:

(1) education and prevention services in accordance with section 245.468;

(2) emergency services in accordance with section 245.469;

(3) outpatient services in accordance with section 245.470;

(4) community support program services in accordance with sections 245.471 and 245.475;

(5) residential treatment services in accordance with section 245.472;

(6) acute care hospital inpatient treatment services in accordance with section 245.473;

(7) regional treatment center inpatient services in accordance with section 245.474; and

(8) screening in accordance with section 245.476.

Subd. 3. [LOCAL CONTRACTS.] Effective January 1, 1988, the county board shall review all proposed county agreements, grants, or other contracts related to mental health services for funding from

any local, state, or federal governmental sources. Contracts with service providers must:

(1) name the commissioner as a third party beneficiary;

(2) identify monitoring and evaluation procedures not in violation of the Minnesota government data practices act, chapter 13, which are necessary to ensure effective delivery of quality services;

(3) include a provision that makes payments conditional on compliance by the contractor and all subcontractors with sections 245.461 to 245.486 and all other applicable laws, rules, and standards; and

(4) require financial controls and auditing procedures.

Subd. 4. [JOINT COUNTY MENTAL HEALTH AGREEMENTS.] In order to provide efficiently the services required by sections 245.461 to 245.486, counties are encouraged to join with one or more county boards to establish a multicounty local mental health authority pursuant to the joint powers act, section 471.59, the human service board act, sections 402.01 to 402.10, community mental health center provisions, section 245.62, or enter into multicounty mental health agreements. Participating county boards shall establish acceptable ways of apportioning the cost of the services.

Subd. 5. [LOCAL ADVISORY COUNCIL.] The county board, individually or in conjunction with other county boards, shall establish a local mental health advisory council or mental health subcommittee of an existing advisory council. The council's members must reflect a broad range of community interests. They must include at least one consumer, one family member of a person with mental illness, one mental health professional, and one community support services program representative. The local mental health advisory council or mental health subcommittee of an existing advisory council shall meet at least quarterly to review, evaluate, and make recommendations regarding the local mental health system. Annually, the local advisory council or mental health subcommittee of an existing advisory council shall arrange for input from the regional treatment center review board regarding coordination of care between the regional treatment center and community-based services. The county board shall consider the advice of its local mental health advisory council or mental health subcommittee of an existing advisory council in carrying out its authorities and responsibilities.

Subd. 6. [OTHER LOCAL AUTHORITY.] The county board may establish procedures and policies that are not contrary to those of the commissioner or sections 245.461 to 245.486 regarding local mental health services and facilities. The county board shall perform other acts necessary to carry out sections 245.461 to 245.486.

## Sec. 22. [245.467] [QUALITY OF SERVICES.]

Subdivision 1. [CRITERIA.] Mental health services required by this chapter must be:

- (1) based, when feasible, on research findings;
- (2) based on individual clinical needs, cultural and ethnic needs, and other special needs of individuals being served;
- (3) provided in the most appropriate, least restrictive setting available to the county board;
- (4) accessible to all age groups;
- (5) delivered in a manner that provides accountability;
- (6) provided by qualified individuals as required in this chapter;
- (7) coordinated with mental health services offered by other providers; and
- (8) provided under conditions which protect the rights and dignity of the individuals being served.

Subd. 2. [DIAGNOSTIC ASSESSMENT.] All providers of residential, acute care hospital inpatient and regional treatment centers must complete a diagnostic assessment for each of their clients within five days of admission. Providers of outpatient and day treatment services must complete a diagnostic assessment within ten days of admission. In cases where a diagnostic assessment is available and has been completed within 90 days preceding admission, only updating is necessary.

Subd. 3. [INDIVIDUAL TREATMENT PLANS.] All providers of outpatient, residential treatment, acute care hospital inpatient treatment, and all regional treatment centers must develop an individual treatment plan for each of their clients. The individual treatment plan must be based on a diagnostic assessment. To the extent possible, the client shall be involved in all phases of developing and implementing the individual treatment plan. The individual treatment plan must be developed within ten days of client intake and reviewed every 90 days thereafter.

## Sec. 23. [245.468] [EDUCATION AND PREVENTION SERVICES.]

By July 1, 1988, county boards must provide or contract for education and prevention services to persons residing in the county. Education and prevention services must be designed to:

(1) convey information regarding mental illness and treatment resources to the general public or special high-risk target groups;

(2) increase understanding and acceptance of problems associated with mental illness;

(3) improve people's skills in dealing with high-risk situations known to have an impact on people's mental health functioning; and

(4) prevent development or deepening of mental illness.

Sec. 24. [245.469] [EMERGENCY SERVICES.]

Subdivision 1. [AVAILABILITY OF EMERGENCY SERVICES.] By July 1, 1988, county boards must provide or contract for enough emergency services within the county to meet the needs of persons in the county who are experiencing an emotional crisis or mental illness. Clients may be required to pay a fee based on their ability to pay. Emergency services must include assessment, intervention, and appropriate case disposition. Emergency services must:

(1) promote the safety and emotional stability of people with mental illness or emotional crises;

(2) minimize further deterioration of people with mental illness or emotional crises;

(3) help people with mental illness or emotional crises to obtain ongoing care and treatment; and

(4) prevent placement in settings that are more intensive, costly, or restrictive than necessary and appropriate to meet client needs.

Subd. 2. [SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS.] The county board shall require that all service providers of emergency services provide immediate direct access to mental health professionals during regular business hours. For evenings, weekends, and holidays, the service may be by direct toll free telephone access to a mental health professional, a mental health practitioner, or a designated person with training in human services who is under the supervision of a mental health professional. Whenever emergency service during nonbusiness hours is provided by anyone other than a mental health professional, a mental health professional must be available for consultation within 30 minutes.

Sec. 25. [245.470] [OUTPATIENT SERVICES.]

Subdivision 1. [AVAILABILITY OF OUTPATIENT SERVICES.] (a) By July 1, 1988, county boards must provide or contract for enough outpatient services within the county to meet the needs of



persons with mental illness residing in the county. Clients may be required to pay a fee based on their ability to pay. Outpatient services include:

- (1) conducting diagnostic assessments;
- (2) conducting psychological testing;
- (3) developing or modifying individual treatment plans;
- (4) making referrals and recommending placements as appropriate;
- (5) treating a person's mental health needs through therapy;
- (6) prescribing and managing medication; and
- (7) preventing placement in settings that are more intensive, costly, or restrictive than necessary and appropriate to meet client needs.

(b) County boards may request a waiver allowing outpatient services to be provided in a nearby trade area if it is determined that the client can best be served outside the county.

Subd. 2. [SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS.] The county board shall require that all service providers of outpatient services:

(1) meet the professional qualifications contained in sections 245.461 to 245.486;

(2) use a multidisciplinary mental health professional staff including at a minimum, arrangements for psychiatric consultation, licensed consulting psychologist consultation, and other necessary multidisciplinary mental health professionals;

(3) develop individual treatment plans;

(4) provide initial appointments within three weeks, except in emergencies where there must be immediate access as described in section 245.469; and

(5) establish fee schedules approved by the county board that are based on a client's ability to pay.

Sec. 26. [245.471] [COMMUNITY SUPPORT SERVICES PROGRAM.]

Subdivision 1. [AVAILABILITY OF COMMUNITY SUPPORT SERVICES PROGRAM.] By July 1, 1988, county boards must provide or contract for sufficient community support services within the county to meet the needs of persons with serious and persistent mental illness residing in the county. Clients may be required to pay a fee. The county board shall require that all service providers of community support services set fee schedules approved by the county board which are based on the client's ability to pay. The community support services program must be designed to improve the ability of persons with serious and persistent mental illness to:

- (1) work in a regular or supported work environment;
- (2) handle basic activities of daily living;
- (3) participate in leisure time activities;
- (4) set goals and plans;
- (5) obtain and maintain appropriate living arrangements; and
- (6) reduce the use of more intensive, costly, or restrictive placements both in number of admissions and lengths of stay as determined by client need.

Subd. 2. [CASE MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES.] (a) By January 1, 1989, case management activities must be developed as part of the community support program available to all persons with serious and persistent mental illness residing in the county. Staffing ratios must be sufficient to serve the needs of the clients. The case manager must at a minimum qualify as a mental health practitioner.

(b) All providers of case management activities must develop an individual community support plan. The individual community support plan must state for each of their clients:

- (1) the goals of each service;
- (2) the activities for accomplishing each goal;
- (3) a schedule for each activity; and
- (4) the frequency of face-to-face client contacts, as appropriate to client need and the implementation of the community support plan.

The individual community support plan must incorporate the individual treatment plan. The individual treatment plan may not be a substitute for the development of an individual community support plan. The individual community support plan must be

developed within 30 days of client intake and reviewed every 90 days after it is developed. The case manager is responsible for developing the individual community support plan based on a diagnostic assessment and for implementing and monitoring the delivery of services according to the individual community support plan. To the extent possible, the person with serious and persistent mental illness, the person's family, advocates, service providers, and significant others must be involved in all phases of development and implementation of the individual community support plan.

Subd. 3. [DAY TREATMENT ACTIVITIES PROVIDED.] (a) By July 1, 1989, day treatment activities must be developed as a part of the community support program available to persons with serious and persistent mental illness residing in the county. Day treatment services must be available to persons with serious and persistent mental illness residing in the county as part of the community support program of each county. Clients may be required to pay a fee. Day treatment services must be designed to:

(1) provide a structured environment for treatment;

(2) provide family and community support;

(3) prevent placement in settings that are more intensive, costly, or restrictive than necessary and appropriate to meet client need; and

(4) establish fee schedules approved by the county board that are based on a client's ability to pay.

(b) County boards may request a waiver from including day treatment services if they can document that:

(1) an alternative plan of care exists through the county's community support program for clients who would otherwise need day treatment services;

(2) that day treatment, if included, would be duplicative of other components of the community support program; and

(3) that county demographics and geography make the provision of day treatment services cost ineffective and unfeasible.

Subd. 4. [BENEFITS ASSISTANCE.] By July 1, 1988, help in applying for federal benefits, including supplemental security income, medical assistance, and Medicare, must be offered as a part of the community support program available to individuals with serious and persistent mental illness for whom the county is financially responsible and who may qualify for these benefits. The

county board must offer help in applying for federal benefits to all persons with serious and persistent mental illness.

Sec. 27. [245.472] [RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT SERVICES.]

Subdivision 1. [AVAILABILITY OF RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT SERVICES.] By July 1, 1988, county boards must provide or contract for enough residential treatment services to meet the needs of all persons with mental illness residing in the county. Residential treatment services include both intensive and structured residential treatment with length of stay based on client residential treatment need. Services must be as close to the county as possible. Residential treatment must be designed to:

(1) prevent placement in settings that are more intensive, costly, or restrictive than necessary and appropriate to meet client needs;

(2) help clients achieve the highest level of independent living;

(3) help clients gain the necessary skills to be referred to a community support services program or outpatient services; and

(4) stabilize crisis admissions.

Subd. 2. [SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS.] Providers of residential services must be licensed under applicable rules adopted by the commissioner and must be clinically supervised by a mental health professional.

Sec. 28. [245.473] [ACUTE CARE HOSPITAL INPATIENT SERVICES.]

Subdivision 1. [AVAILABILITY OF ACUTE CARE INPATIENT SERVICES.] By July 1, 1988, county boards must make available through contract or direct provision enough acute care hospital inpatient treatment services as close to the county as possible to meet the needs of persons with mental illness residing in the county. Acute care hospital inpatient treatment services must be designed to:

(1) stabilize the medical condition of people with acute or serious and persistent mental illness;

(2) improve functioning; and

(3) facilitate appropriate referrals, follow-up, and placements.

Subd. 2. [SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS.] Providers of acute care hospital inpatient services must meet applicable standards established by the commissioners of health and human services.

Sec. 29. [245.474] [REGIONAL TREATMENT CENTER INPATIENT SERVICES.]

Subdivision 1. [AVAILABILITY OF REGIONAL TREATMENT CENTER INPATIENT SERVICES.] By July 1, 1987, the commissioner shall make sufficient regional treatment center inpatient services available to people with mental illness throughout the state. Regional treatment centers are responsible to:

- (1) stabilize the medical condition of the person with mental illness;
- (2) improve functioning;
- (3) strengthen family and community support; and
- (4) facilitate appropriate discharge, aftercare, and follow-up placements in the community.

Subd. 2. [QUALITY OF SERVICE.] The commissioner shall biennially determine the needs of all mentally ill patients served by regional treatment centers by administering a client-based evaluation system. The client-based evaluation system must include at least the following independent measurements: behavioral development assessment; habilitation program assessment; medical needs assessment; maladaptive behavioral assessment; and vocational behavior assessment. The commissioner shall propose staff ratios to the legislature for the mental health and support units in regional treatment centers as indicated by the results of the client-based evaluation system. The proposed staffing ratios shall include professional, nursing, direct care, medical, clerical, and support staff based on the client-based evaluation system. The commissioner shall recompute staffing ratios and recommendations on a biennial basis.

Sec. 30. [245.475] [COUNTY RESPONSIBILITY TO PROVIDE COMMUNITY SUPPORT SERVICES.]

Subdivision 1. [CLIENT ELIGIBILITY.] The county board shall provide case management and other appropriate community support services to all persons with serious and persistent mental illness. Case management services provided to people with serious and persistent mental illness eligible for medical assistance must be billed to the medical assistance program under section 256B.02, subdivision 8.

Subd. 2. [DESIGNATION OF CASE MANAGER.] The county board shall designate a case manager within five working days after receiving an application for community support services or immediately after authorizing payment for residential, acute care hospi-

tal inpatient, or regional treatment center services under section 245.476.

The county board shall send a written notice to the applicant and the applicant's representative, if any, that identifies the designated case manager.

Subd. 3. [DIAGNOSTIC ASSESSMENT.] The case manager shall promptly arrange for a diagnostic assessment of the applicant when one is not available as described in section 245.467, subdivision 2, to determine the applicant's eligibility as a person with serious and persistent mental illness for community support services. The county board shall notify in writing the applicant and the applicant's representative, if any, if the applicant is determined ineligible for community support services.

Subd. 4. [COMMUNITY SUPPORT SERVICES.] Upon a determination of eligibility for community support services, the case manager shall develop an individual community support plan as specified in section 245.471, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), arrange and authorize payment for appropriate community support services, review the client's progress, and monitor the provision of services. If services are to be provided in a host county that is not the county of financial responsibility, the case manager shall consult with the host county and obtain a letter demonstrating the concurrence of the host county regarding the provision of services.

Sec. 31. [245.476] [SCREENING FOR INPATIENT AND RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT.]

Subdivision 1. [SCREENING REQUIRED.] By January 1, 1989, the county board shall screen all persons before they may be admitted for treatment of mental illness to a residential treatment facility, an acute care hospital, or informally admitted to a regional treatment center if public funds are used to pay for the services. Screening prior to admission must occur within ten days. If a person is admitted for treatment of mental illness on an emergency basis to a residential facility or acute care hospital or held for emergency care by a regional treatment center under section 253B.05, subdivision 1, screening must occur within five days of the admission. Persons must be screened within ten days before or within five days after admission to ensure that: (1) an admission is necessary, (2) the length of stay is as short as possible consistent with individual client need, and (3) a case manager is immediately assigned to individuals with serious and persistent mental illness and an individual community support plan is developed. The screening process and placement decision must be documented.

Subd. 2. [QUALIFICATIONS.] Screening for residential and inpatient services must be conducted by a mental health professional. Mental health professionals providing screening for inpatient and

residential services must not be financially affiliated with any acute care inpatient hospital, residential treatment facility, or regional treatment center. The commissioner may waive this requirement in sparsely populated areas.

Subd. 3. [INDIVIDUAL PLACEMENT AGREEMENT.] The county board shall enter into an individual placement agreement with a provider of residential services to a person eligible for services under this section. The agreement must specify the payment rate and terms and conditions of county payment for the placement.

**Sec. 32. [245.477] [APPEALS.]**

Any person who applies for mental health services under sections 245.461 to 245.486 must be advised of services available and the right to appeal at the time of application and each time the community service plan is reviewed. Any person whose application for mental health services under sections 245.468 to 245.476 is denied, not acted upon with reasonable promptness, or whose services are suspended, reduced, or terminated may contest that action before the state agency as specified in section 256.045. The commissioner shall monitor the nature and frequency of administrative appeals under this section.

**Sec. 33. [245.478] [LOCAL MENTAL HEALTH PROPOSAL.]**

Subdivision 1. [TIME PERIOD.] The first local mental health proposal period is from July 1, 1988, to December 31, 1989. The county board shall submit its first proposal to the commissioner by January 1, 1988. Subsequent proposals must be on the same two-year cycle as community social service plans required by section 256E.09. The proposal must be made available upon request to all residents of the county at the same time it is submitted to the commissioner.

Subd. 2. [PROPOSAL CONTENT.] The local mental health proposal must include:

(1) the local mental health advisory council's or mental health subcommittee of an existing advisory council's report on unmet needs and any other needs assessment used by the county board in preparing the local mental health proposal;

(2) a description of the local mental health advisory council's or the mental health subcommittee of an existing advisory council's involvement in preparing the local mental health proposal and methods used by the county board to obtain participation of citizens, mental health professionals, and providers in development of the local mental health proposal;

(3) information for the preceding year, including the actual number of clients who received each of the mental health services listed in sections 245.468 to 245.476, and actual expenditures and revenues for each mental health service;

(4) for the first proposal period only, information for the year during which the proposal is being prepared:

(i) a description of the current mental health system identifying each mental health service listed in sections 245.468 to 245.476;

(ii) a description of each service provider, including a listing of the professional qualifications of the staff involved in service delivery, that is either the sole provider of one of the treatment services or management activities described in sections 8 to 16 or that provides over \$10,000 of mental health services per year;

(iii) a description of how the mental health services in the county are unified and coordinated;

(iv) the estimated number of clients receiving each mental health service;

(v) estimated expenditures and revenues for each mental health service; and

(5) the following information describing how the county board intends to meet the requirements of sections 245.461 to 245.486 during the proposal period:

(i) specific objectives and outcome goals for each mental health service listed in sections 245.468 to 245.476;

(ii) a description of each service provider, including county agencies, contractors, and subcontractors, that is expected to either be the sole provider of one of the treatment services or management activities described in sections 8 to 16 or to provide over \$10,000 of mental health services per year, including a listing of the professional qualifications of the staff involved in service delivery;

(iii) a description of how the mental health services in the county will be unified and coordinated;

(iv) the estimated number of clients who will receive each mental health service; and

(v) estimated expenditures and revenues for each mental health service.



Subd. 3. [PROPOSAL FORMAT.] The local mental health proposal must be made in a format prescribed by the commissioner.

Subd. 4. [PROVIDER APPROVAL.] The commissioner's review of the local mental health proposal must include a review of the qualifications of each service provider required to be identified in the local mental health proposal under subdivision 2. The commissioner may reject a county board's proposal for a particular provider if:

(1) the provider does not meet the professional qualifications contained in sections 245.461 to 245.486;

(2) the provider does not possess adequate fiscal stability or controls to provide the proposed services as determined by the commissioner; or

(3) the provider is not in compliance with other applicable state laws or rules.

Subd. 5. [SERVICE APPROVAL.] The commissioner's review of the local mental health proposal must include a review of the appropriateness of the amounts and types of mental health services in the local mental health proposal. The commissioner may reject the county board's proposal if the commissioner determines that the amount and types of services proposed are not cost effective, do not meet client needs, or do not comply with sections 245.461 to 245.486.

Subd. 6. [PROPOSAL APPROVAL.] The commissioner shall review each local mental health proposal within 90 days and work with the county board to make any necessary modifications to comply with sections 245.461 to 245.486. After the commissioner has approved the proposal, the county board is eligible to receive an allocation of mental health and community social service act funds.

Subd. 7. [PARTIAL OR CONDITIONAL APPROVAL.] If the local mental health proposal is in substantial, but not in full compliance with sections 245.461 to 245.486 and necessary modifications cannot be made before the proposal period begins, the commissioner may grant partial or conditional approval and withhold a proportional share of the county board's mental health and community social service act funds until full compliance is achieved.

Subd. 8. [AWARD NOTICE.] Upon approval of the county board proposal, the commissioner shall send a notice of approval for funding. The notice must specify any conditions of funding and is binding on the county board. Failure of the county board to comply with the approved proposal and funding conditions may result in withholding or repayment of funds as specified in section 21.

Subd. 9. [PLAN AMENDMENT.] If the county board finds it necessary to make significant changes in the approved local proposal, it must present the proposed changes to the commissioner for approval at least 60 days before the changes take effect. "Significant changes" means:

(1) the county board proposes to provide a mental health service through a provider other than the provider listed for that service in the approved local proposal;

(2) the county board expects the total annual expenditures for any single mental health service to vary more than ten percent from the amount in the approved local proposal;

(3) the county board expects a combination of changes in expenditures per mental health service to exceed more than ten percent of the total mental health services expenditures; or

(4) the county board proposes a major change in the specific objectives and outcome goals listed in the approved local proposal.

Sec. 34. [MAINTENANCE OF EFFORT.] Counties must continue to spend for mental health services an amount equal to the total expenditures shown in the county's approved 1987 Community Social Services Act plan under "State CSSA, Title XX and County Tax" for services to persons with mental illness plus the total for Rule 5 facilities under target populations other than mental illness in the approved 1987 CSSA plan.

Sec. 35. [COUNTY OF FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY.] For purposes of section 245.476, the county of financial responsibility is the same as that for community social services under section 256E.08, subdivision 7. Disputes between counties regarding financial responsibility must be resolved by the commissioner in accordance with section 256D.18, subdivision 4.

Sec. 36. [245.482] [REPORTING AND EVALUATION.]

Subdivision 1. [FISCAL REPORTS.] The commissioner shall develop a unified format for quarterly fiscal reports that will include information that the commissioner determines necessary to carry out sections 245.461 to 245.486 and section 256E.08. The county board shall submit a completed fiscal report in the required format no later than 15 days after the end of each quarter.

Subd. 2. [PROGRAM REPORTS.] The commissioner shall develop a unified format for a semiannual program report that will include information that the commissioner determines necessary to carry out sections 245.461 to 245.486 and section 256E.10. The county

board shall submit a completed program report in the required format no later than 75 days after each six-month period.

Subd. 3. [PROVIDER REPORTS.] The commissioner may develop a format and procedures for direct reporting from providers to the commissioner to include information that the commissioner determines necessary to carry out sections 245.461 to 245.486. In particular, the provider reports must include aggregate information by county of residence about mental health services paid for by funding sources other than counties.

Subd. 4. [INACCURATE OR INCOMPLETE REPORTS.] The commissioner shall promptly notify a county or provider if a required report is clearly inaccurate or incomplete. The commissioner may delay all or part of a mental health fund payment if an appropriately completed report is not received as required by this section.

Subd. 5. [STATEWIDE EVALUATION.] The commissioner shall use the county and provider reports required by this section to complete the statewide report required in section 245.461.

Sec. 37. [245.483] [TERMINATION OR RETURN OF AN ALLOCATION.]

Subdivision 1. [FUNDS NOT PROPERLY USED.] If the commissioner determines that a county is not meeting the requirements of sections 245.461 to 245.486 or that funds are not being used according to the approved local proposal, all or part of the mental health and community social service act funds may be terminated upon 30 days notice to the county board. The commissioner may require repayment of any funds not used according to the approved local proposal. If the commissioner receives a written appeal from the county board within the 30-day period, opportunity for a hearing under the Minnesota administrative procedure act, chapter 14, must be provided before the allocation is terminated or is required to be repaid. The 30-day period begins when the county board receives the commissioner's notice by certified mail.

Subd. 2. [USE OF RETURNED FUNDS.] The commissioner may reallocate the funds returned.

Subd. 3. [DELAYED PAYMENTS.] If the commissioner finds that a county board or its contractors are not in compliance with the approved local proposal or sections 245.461 to 245.486, the commissioner may delay payment of all or part of the quarterly mental health and community social service act funds until the county board and its contractors meet the requirements. The commissioner shall not delay a payment longer than three months without first issuing a notice under subdivision 2 that all or part of the allocation will be terminated or required to be repaid. After this notice is

issued, the commissioner may continue to delay the payment until completion of the hearing in subdivision 2.

Subd. 4. [STATE ASSUMPTION OF RESPONSIBILITY.] If the commissioner determines that services required by sections 245.461 to 245.486 will not be provided by the county board in the manner or to the extent required by sections 245.461 to 245.486, the commissioner shall contract directly with providers to ensure that clients receive appropriate services. In this case, the commissioner shall use the county's community social service act and mental health funds to the extent necessary to carry out the county's responsibilities under sections 245.461 to 245.486. The commissioner shall work with the county board to allow for a return of authority and responsibility to the county board as soon as compliance with sections 245.461 to 245.486 can be assured.

Sec. 38. [245.484] [RULES.]

The commissioner shall adopt permanent rules as necessary to carry out this act.

Sec. 39. [245.485] [NO RIGHT OF ACTION.]

Sections 245.461 to 245.484 do not independently establish a right of action on behalf of recipients of services or service providers against a county board or the commissioner. A claim for monetary damages must be brought under section 3.736 or 3.751.

Sec. 40. [245.486] [LIMITED APPROPRIATIONS.]

Nothing in sections 245.461 to 245.485 shall be construed to require the commissioner or county boards to fund services beyond the limits of legislative appropriations.

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 245.713, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [TOTAL FUNDS AVAILABLE; REDUCTIONS ALLOCATION.] The amount of funds available for allocation to counties for use by qualified community mental health centers shall be the total amount of Funds granted to the state by the federal government under United States Code, title 42, sections 300X to 300X-9 each federal fiscal year for mental health services reduced by the sum of the following must be allocated as follows:

(a) Any amount set aside by the commissioner of human services for American Indian tribal organizations within the state, which funds shall not duplicate any direct federal funding of American Indian tribal organizations and which funds shall not exceed 12 be at least 25 percent of the total block grant federal allocation to the

state for mental health services; provided that sufficient applications for funding are received by the commissioner which meet the specifications contained in requests for proposals and. Money from this source may be used for special committees to advise the commissioner on mental health programs and services for American Indians and other minorities or underserved groups; and. For purposes of this subdivision, "American Indian organization" means an American Indian tribe or band or an organization providing mental health services that is legally incorporated as a nonprofit organization registered with the secretary of state and governed by a board of directors having at least a majority of American Indian directors.

(b) Any amount calculated into the base of the block grant that is made available by the commissioner for qualified community mental health centers that were receiving grants for operations or other continuing grant obligations defined in United States Code, title 42, sections 300X to 300X-9 immediately prior to its enactment.

(e) An amount not to exceed ten percent of the total federal block grant allocation for mental health services to be retained by the commissioner for administration.

~~(d)~~ (c) Any amount permitted under federal law which the commissioner approves for demonstration or research projects for severely disturbed children and adolescents, the underserved, special populations or multiply disabled mentally ill persons. The groups to be served, the extent and nature of services to be provided, the amount and duration of any grant awards are to be based on criteria set forth in the Alcohol, Drug Abuse and Mental Health Block Grant Law, United States Code, title 42, sections 300X to 300X-9, and on state policies and procedures determined necessary by the commissioner. Grant recipients must comply with applicable state and federal requirements and demonstrate fiscal and program management capabilities that will result in provision of quality, cost-effective services.

(e) (d) The amount required under federal law, for federally mandated expenditures.

(e) An amount not to exceed ten percent of the federal block grant allocation for mental health services to be retained by the commissioner for planning and evaluation.

Sec. 42. [245.721] [MENTAL ILLNESS INFORMATION MANAGEMENT SYSTEM.]

By January 1, 1990, the commissioner of human services shall establish an information management system for collecting data about individuals who suffer from severe and persistent mental illness and who receive publicly funded services for mental illness.

## Sec. 43. [245.775] [EQUALIZATION AID.]

Subdivision 1. [TERMS DEFINED.] As used in subdivisions 1 to 6, the terms defined in this section have the meanings given them.

(a) [RECIPIENT RATE.] "Recipient rate" means the number of individual income maintenance program recipients per 10,000 people in a county during the calendar year ending immediately before the fiscal year for which equalization aid is paid.

(b) [PER CAPITA INCOME.] "Per capita income" means the estimate of income per person in a county most recently published by the United States Bureau of the Census on October 1 of the fiscal year for which equalization aid is paid.

(c) [PER CAPITA TAXABLE VALUE.] "Per capita taxable value" means the adjusted assessed value of taxable property within a county reported by the department of revenue for the calendar year ending immediately before the fiscal year, divided by the population of the county. The adjusted assessed value of taxable property in counties receiving taconite production tax revenue shall be increased by an amount equal to the taconite regular production tax revenue divided by the county's mill rate.

(d) [COUNTY INCOME MAINTENANCE EXPENDITURES.] "County income maintenance expenditures" means the income maintenance program expenditures, including administrative costs, of a county for income maintenance programs, minus federal, state, and other revenue received for income maintenance programs during the calendar year ending immediately before the fiscal year for which equalization aid is paid.

(e) [PER CAPITA COUNTY INCOME MAINTENANCE EXPENDITURES.] "Per capita county income maintenance expenditures" means county income maintenance expenditures divided by the population of the county.

(f) [INCOME MAINTENANCE PROGRAMS.] "Income maintenance programs" include, for equalization aid purposes, aid to families with dependent children, general assistance, general assistance medical care, work readiness, and medical assistance.

(g) [POPULATION.] "Population" means the estimate of population in a county most recently issued by the state demographer's office on October 1 of the fiscal year for which equalization aid is paid.

Subd. 2. [COUNTY ELIGIBILITY.] The commissioner of human services shall establish a county's eligibility for equalization aid using the following formula:

(a) A statewide standard deviation from the mean shall be calculated for each of the following factors: recipient rate, per capita income, per capita taxable value, and per capita income maintenance expenditures.

(b) A standard score shall be calculated for each factor; the standard score is the factor minus the state mean for that factor divided by the statewide standard deviation from the mean for that factor.

(c) The standard score for per capita income and per capita taxable value shall be multiplied by negative one.

(d) The county's average score of the standard scores of the four factors shall be computed.

Every county with an average score equal to one or higher shall be eligible for equalization aid.

Subd. 3. [AMOUNT OF EQUALIZATION AID.] The commissioner shall establish a distress indicator for each county eligible for equalization aid by multiplying the county's average standard score by its population. Equalization aid shall be allocated to all eligible counties in proportion to each eligible county's distress indicator.

Subd. 4. [PHASE-IN.] Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions 2 and 3, the commissioner of human services shall make minimum equalization aid payments to counties during fiscal years 1989 and 1990 as follows:

(a) A base amount equal to the average amount of equalization aid received for fiscal years 1981 to 1987 shall be calculated for every county.

(b) If the appropriation for equalization aid during fiscal year 1989 or 1990 is less than the average of all equalization aid appropriations for fiscal years 1981 to 1987, the base amount for each county shall be reduced by that proportion for that fiscal year.

(c) In fiscal year 1989, each county shall receive 100 percent of its base amount within the limit of available appropriations. In fiscal year 1990, each county shall receive 90 percent of its base amount within the limit of available appropriations.

Subd. 5. [LIMIT.] No county shall receive equalization aid for any fiscal year amounting to more than 75 percent of county income maintenance expenditures.

Subd. 6. [PAYMENT.] The commissioner of human services shall make preliminary payments for equalization aid for a fiscal year by December 15th of the fiscal year. The commissioner shall adjust each

county's equalization aid in accordance with the allocation formula established in subdivision 3 and make final payments by June 30 of the fiscal year.

Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 246.18, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [GENERALLY.] Except as provided in subdivision subdivisions 2 and 4, every officer and employee of the several institutions under the jurisdiction of the commissioner of human services who has money belonging to an institution shall pay the money to the accounting officer thereof. Every accounting officer, at the close of each month or oftener, shall forward to the commissioner of human services a statement of the amount and sources of all money received. On receipt of such statement, the commissioner shall transmit the same to the commissioner of finance, who shall deliver to the state treasurer a draft upon the accounting officer for the same specifying the funds to which it is to be credited. Upon payment of such draft, the amount shall be so credited.

Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 246.18, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. [COLLECTIONS DEPOSITED IN MEDICAL ASSISTANCE ACCOUNT.] Except as provided in subdivision 2, all receipts from collection efforts for the regional treatment centers and state nursing homes must be deposited in the medical assistance account and are appropriated for that purpose. The commissioner shall ensure that the departmental financial reporting systems and internal accounting procedures comply with federal standards for reimbursement for program and administrative expenditures and fulfill the purpose of this paragraph.

Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 246.50, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [REGIONAL TREATMENT CENTER.] "State hospital" "Regional treatment center" means a state facility for treating persons with mental illness, mental retardation, or chemical dependency now existing or hereafter established.

Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 246.50, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3a. [STATE NURSING HOME.] "State nursing home" means Ah-Gwah-Ching and Oak Terrace facilities.

Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 246.50, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:



Subd. 4a. [RESIDENT.] "Resident" means any mentally retarded person receiving care or treatment at a state ~~hospital~~ regional treatment center, whether the person entered such hospital voluntarily or under commitment, and any person residing at or receiving care in a state nursing home.

Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 246.50, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [COST OF CARE.] "Cost of care" means the commissioner's determination of the anticipated average per capita cost of all maintenance, treatment and expense, including depreciation of buildings and equipment, interest paid on bonds issued for capital improvements to state ~~hospitals~~ facilities, and indirect costs related to the operation other than that paid from the Minnesota state building fund, at all of the state ~~hospitals~~ facilities during the current year for which billing is being made. The commissioner shall determine the anticipated average per capita cost. The commissioner may establish one all inclusive rate or separate rates for each patient or resident disability group, and may establish separate charges for each ~~hospital~~ facility. "Cost of care" for outpatient or day-care patients or residents shall be on a cost for service basis under a schedule the commissioner shall establish.

For purposes of this subdivision "resident patient" means a person who occupies a bed while housed in a ~~hospital~~ state facility for observation, care, diagnosis, or treatment.

For purposes of this subdivision "outpatient" or "day-care" patient or resident means a person who makes use of diagnostic, therapeutic, counseling, or other service in a state ~~hospital~~ facility or through state ~~hospital~~ personnel but does not occupy a ~~hospital~~ bed overnight.

For the purposes of collecting from the federal government for the care of those patients eligible for medical care under the Social Security Act "cost of care" shall be determined as set forth in the rules and regulations of the Department of Health and Human Services or its successor agency.

Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 246.50, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [PATIENT'S OR RESIDENT'S COUNTY.] "Patient's or resident's county" means the county of the patient's or resident's legal settlement for poor relief purposes at the time of commitment or voluntary admission to a state ~~hospital~~ facility, or if the patient or resident has no such legal settlement in this state, it means the county of commitment, except that where a patient or resident with no such legal settlement is committed while serving a sentence at a

penal institution, it means the county from which the patient or resident was sentenced.

Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 246.51, is amended to read:

246.51 [PAYMENT FOR CARE AND TREATMENT; DETERMINATION.]

Subdivision 1. [PROCEDURES.] The commissioner shall make investigation as necessary to determine, and as circumstances require redetermine, what part of the cost of care, if any, the patient or resident is able to pay. If the patient or resident is unable to pay the full cost of care the commissioner shall make a determination as to the ability of the relatives to pay. The patient or, resident, and relatives or both shall provide the commissioner documents and proofs necessary to determine their ability to pay. Failure to provide the commissioner with sufficient information to determine ability to pay may make the patient, resident, or relatives, both, liable for the full cost of care until the time when sufficient information is provided. No parent shall be liable for the cost of care given a patient at a regional treatment center after the patient has reached the age of 18 years. The commissioner's determination shall be conclusive in any action to enforce payment of the cost of care unless appealed from as provided in section 246.55. All money received, except for chemical dependency receipts, shall be paid to the state treasurer and placed in the general fund of the state and a separate account kept of it. Responsibility under this section shall not apply to those relatives having gross earnings of less than \$11,000 per year.

Subd. 2. [RULES.] The commissioner shall adopt, pursuant to the administrative procedure act, rules establishing uniform standards for determination of patient liability and relative, guardian or conservator responsibility for care provided at state hospitals facilities. These rules shall have the force and effect of law.

Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 246.511, is amended to read:

246.511 [RELATIVE RESPONSIBILITY.]

In no case, shall a patient's or resident's relatives, pursuant to the commissioner's authority under section 246.51, be ordered to pay more than ten percent of the cost of care, unless they reside outside the state. Parents of children in state hospitals facilities shall have their responsibility to pay determined according to section 252.27, subdivision 2. The commissioner may accept voluntary payments in excess of ten percent. The commissioner may require full payment of the full per capita cost of care in state hospitals facilities for patients or residents whose parent, parents, spouse, guardian, or conservator do not reside in Minnesota.

Sec. 53. [246.531] [SUBROGATION OF INSURANCE SETTLEMENTS.]

Subdivision 1. [SUBROGATION TO PATIENT'S RIGHTS.] The department of human services shall be subrogated, to the extent of the cost of care for services given, to the rights a patient or resident who receives treatment or care at a state facility may have under private health care coverage. The right of subrogation does not attach to benefits paid or provided under private health care coverage before the carrier issuing the health care coverage receives written notice of the exercise of subrogation rights.

Subd. 2. [CIVIL ACTION.] To recover under this section, the department of human services, with counsel of the attorney general, may institute or join in a civil action against the carrier issuing the private health care coverage.

Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 246.57, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. [LAUNDRY EQUIPMENT.] The commissioner of human services may provide for the replacement of laundry equipment by including a charge for depreciation as part of the service costs charged by a regional treatment center operating a laundry service. Receipts for laundry services attributable to depreciation of laundry equipment must be deposited in a laundry equipment depreciation account within the general fund. All money deposited in the account is appropriated to the commissioner of human services for the replacement of laundry equipment. Any balance remaining in the account at the end of a fiscal year does not cancel and is available until expended.

Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 251.011, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [RULES.] The commissioner of human services may promulgate rules for the operation of, and for the admission of residents in, and to establish charges for care in the state nursing homes at Ah-Gwah-Ching and Oak Terrace. Charges for care in the state nursing homes shall be established under sections 246.50 to 246.55. For the purposes of collecting from the federal government for the care of those residents in the state nursing homes eligible for medical care under the Social Security Act, "cost of care" shall be determined as set forth in the rules and regulations of the department of health and human services or its successor agency.

Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 252.275, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [PROGRAM.] The commissioner of human services shall establish a statewide program to assist counties in reducing

the utilization of intermediate care services in state hospitals and in community residential facilities, including nursing homes, for persons with mental retardation or related conditions. The commissioner shall make grants to county boards to establish, operate, or contract for the provision of semi-independent living services licensed by the commissioner pursuant to sections 245.781 to 245.812 and 252.28.

Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 252.275, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [APPLICATION; CRITERIA.] To apply for a grant, a county board shall submit an application and budget for use of grant money in the form specified by the commissioner. The commissioner shall make grants only to counties whose applications and budgets or portions thereof are approved by the commissioner.

Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 252.275, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [FORMULA.] From the appropriations made available for this program, the commissioner shall allocate grants under this section to finance up to 95 percent, but not less than 80 percent, of each county's cost approved budget for semi-independent living services for mentally retarded persons with mental retardation or related conditions. The commissioner shall not approve budgeted costs for services for any person which exceed the state share of the average medical assistance costs for services provided by intermediate care facilities for a person with mental retardation or a related condition for the same fiscal year. Nothing in this subdivision prevents a county from using other funds to pay for additional costs of semi-independent living services.

As of July 1, 1987, the commissioner shall allocate funds and reimburse county costs for persons approved for funding. The commissioner shall proportionally allocate funds to counties based on the approved budgeted costs for persons approved for funding. The commissioner shall adjust county grants based on actual approved expenditures and shall reallocate funds to the extent necessary. The commissioner may set aside up to two percent of the appropriations to fund county demonstration projects that improve the efficiency and effectiveness of semi-independent living services.

Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 252.275, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [REPORTS.] The commissioner shall require collection of data and periodic reports necessary to demonstrate the effectiveness of semi-independent living services in helping persons with mental retardation or related conditions achieve self-sufficiency and independence. The commissioner shall report to the legislature no later

than January 15, 1984, on the effectiveness of the program, its effect on reducing the number of persons with mental retardation or related conditions in state hospitals and in intermediate care facilities, and the commissioner's recommendations regarding making this program an integral part of the social services programs administered by the counties.

Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.01, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [DUTIES AS STATE AGENCY.] The state agency shall:

(1) supervise the administration of assistance to dependent children under Laws 1937, chapter 438, by the county agencies in an integrated program with other service for dependent children maintained under the direction of the state agency;

(2) may subpoena witnesses and administer oaths, make rules, and take such action as may be necessary, or desirable for carrying out the provisions of Laws 1937, chapter 438. All rules made by the state agency shall be binding on the counties and shall be complied with by the respective county agencies;

(3) establish adequate standards for personnel employed by the counties and the state agency in the administration of Laws 1937, chapter 438, and make the necessary rules to maintain such standards;

(4) prescribe the form of and print and supply to the county agencies blanks for applications, reports, affidavits, and such other forms as it may deem necessary and advisable;

(5) cooperate with the federal government and its public welfare agencies in any reasonable manner as may be necessary to qualify for federal aid for aid to dependent children and in conformity with the provisions of Laws 1937, chapter 438, including the making of such reports and such forms and containing such information as the Federal Social Security Board may from time to time require, and comply with such provisions as such board may from time to time find necessary to assure the correctness and verification of such reports; and

(6) may cooperate with other state agencies in establishing reciprocal agreements in instances where a child receiving aid to dependent children moves or contemplates moving into or out of the state, in order that such child may continue to receive supervised aid from the state moved from until the child shall have resided for one year in the state moved to; and

(7) on or before October 1 in each even-numbered year make a biennial report to the governor concerning the activities of the agency;

(8) prepare a plan and submit it to the full productivity and opportunity coordinator in each even-numbered year, according to standards established by the coordinator, for use in developing a biennial statewide employment and training plan design, develop, and administer an intake, referral, and inventory system that provides localized, single-point intake with a direct access to a statewide data base to match client needs with employment opportunities and public and private services. The system must include information on all available public and private programs for employment and training services and income maintenance and support services as defined in section 268.0111. The state agency shall cooperate with the department of jobs and training, counties and other local service units, service providers, and clients in the development and operation of the system. The system is not subject to sections 16B.40 to 16B.45; and

(9) enter into agreements with other departments of the state as necessary to meet all requirements of the federal government.

Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.045, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [STATE AGENCY HEARINGS.] In counties in which the commissioner of human services has not appointed a local welfare referee, (a) Any person applying for, receiving or having received any of the forms of public assistance described in subdivision 2 public assistance or a program of social services granted by a local agency under sections 256.72 to 256.879, chapters 256B, 256D, 256E, 261, or the federal Food Stamp Act whose application for assistance is denied, not acted upon with reasonable promptness, or whose assistance is suspended, reduced, terminated, or claimed to have been incorrectly paid, or any patient or relative aggrieved by an order of the commissioner under section 252.27, or a party aggrieved by a ruling of a prepaid health plan, may contest that action or decision before the state agency by submitting a written request for a hearing to the state agency within 30 days after receiving written notice of the action or decision, or within 90 days of such written notice if the applicant, recipient, patient or relative shows good cause why the request was not submitted within the 30 day time limit.

(b) All prepaid health plans under contract to the commissioner pursuant to chapter 256B or 256D must provide for a complaint system according to section 62D.11. The prepaid health plan must notify the ombudsman within three working days of any formal complaint made under section 62D.11 by persons enrolled in a prepaid health plan under chapter 256B or 256D. At the time a

complaint is made, the prepaid health plan must notify the recipient of the name and telephone number of the ombudsman. Recipients may request the assistance of the ombudsman in the complaint system process. The prepaid health plan shall issue a written resolution within 30 days of filing with the prepaid health plan. The ombudsman may waive the requirement that the complaint system procedures be exhausted prior to an appeal if the ombudsman determines that the complaint must be resolved expeditiously in order to provide care in an urgent situation.

(c) A local agency or party aggrieved by a ruling of a local welfare referee may appeal the ruling to the state agency by filing a notice of appeal with the state agency within 30 days after receiving the ruling of the local welfare referee. A state welfare human services referee shall conduct a hearing on the matter and shall recommend an order to the commissioner of human services. In appeals from rulings of local welfare referees, the hearing may be limited, upon stipulation of the parties, to a review of the record of the local welfare referee. The commissioner need not grant a hearing if the sole issue raised by an appellant is the commissioner's authority to require mandatory enrollment in a prepaid health plan in a county where prepaid health plans are under contract with the commissioner.

(d) In a notice of appeal from a ruling of a prepaid health plan, a recipient may request an expedited hearing. The ombudsman, after discussing with the recipient his or her condition and in consultation with a health practitioner who practices in the specialty area of the recipient's primary diagnosis, shall investigate and determine whether an expedited appeal is warranted. In making the determination, the ombudsman shall evaluate whether the medical condition of the recipient, if not expeditiously diagnosed and treated, could cause physical or mental disability, substantial deterioration of physical or mental health, continuation of severe pain, or death. The ombudsman may order a second medical opinion from the prepaid health plan or order a second medical opinion from a nonprepaid health plan provider at prepaid health plan expense. If the ombudsman determines that an expedited appeal is warranted, the state welfare referee shall hear the appeal and render a decision within a time commensurate with the level of urgency involved, based on the individual circumstances of the case. In urgent or emergency situations in which a prepaid health plan provider has prescribed treatment, and the prepaid health plan has denied authorization for that treatment, the referee may order the health plan to authorize treatment pending the outcome of the appeal.

Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.737, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [PILOT PROGRAMS.] In order that persons receiving aid under this chapter may be assisted in achieving self-

sufficiency by enhancing their employability through meaningful work experience and training and the development of job search skills, the commissioner of human services may continue the pilot community work experience demonstration programs that were approved by January 1, 1984. No new pilot community work experience demonstration programs may be established under this subdivision. The commissioner shall: (a) assist counties in the design, implementation, and evaluation of these demonstration programs; (b) promulgate, in accordance with chapter 14, emergency rules necessary for the implementation of this section, except that the time restrictions of section 14.35 shall not apply and the rules may be in effect until the termination of the demonstration programs; and (c) seek any federal waivers necessary for proper implementation of this section in accordance with federal law. The commissioner shall prohibit use of participants in the programs to do work that was part or all of the duties or responsibilities of an authorized public employee position established as of January 1, 1985. The exclusive bargaining representative shall be notified no less than 14 days in advance of any placement by the community work experience program. Concurrence with respect to job duties of persons placed under the community work experience program shall be obtained from the appropriate exclusive bargaining representative. The appropriate oversight committee shall be given monthly lists of all job placements under a community work experience program.

~~Projects and As the commissioner phases in case management and other employment and training services under section 256.736, and no later than June 30, 1987-1989, and a report the commissioner may phase out projects under this section, shall be made to the legislature by February 15, 1987, on the feasibility of permanent implementation and on the cost effectiveness of each of the demonstration programs.~~

Sec. 63. [256.936] [CHILDREN'S HEALTH PLAN.]

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] For purposes of this section the following terms shall have the meanings given them:

(a) "Eligible persons" means pregnant women and children under six years old who have gross family incomes that are equal to or less than 185 percent of the federal poverty guidelines and who are not eligible for medical assistance under chapter 256B or general assistance medical care under chapter 256D and who are not otherwise insured for the covered services. Eligibility for pregnant women shall continue for 60 days post-partum to allow for follow-up visits.

(b) "Covered services" means prenatal care services and children's health services.



(c) "Prenatal care services" means the outpatient services provided to pregnant women which are medically necessary for the pregnancy. Physician or certified nurse-midwife services for delivery are included but inpatient hospital services are not included.

(d) "Children's health services" means the health services reimbursed under chapter 256B, with the exception of inpatient hospital services, nursing home or intermediate care facilities services, and mental health and chemical dependency services.

(e) "Eligible providers" means those health care providers who provide prenatal care services and children's health services to medical assistance clients under rules established by the commissioner for that program. Reimbursement under this section shall be at the same rates and conditions established for medical assistance. A provider of prenatal care services shall assess whether the pregnant woman is at risk of delivering a low birth weight baby or has a health condition which may increase the probability of a problem birth.

(f) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services.

Subd. 2. [FUND ADMINISTRATION.] The children's health plan is established to promote access to appropriate health care for pregnant women and to assure healthy babies and healthy children. The commissioner shall establish an office for the state administration of this plan. The plan shall be used to provide prenatal care and children's health services for eligible persons. Payment for these services shall be made to all eligible providers. The commissioner shall establish marketing efforts to encourage potentially eligible persons to receive information about the program. A toll-free telephone number must be used to provide information about the plan and to promote access to the covered services. The commissioner must make a quarterly assessment of the expected expenditures for the covered services and the appropriation. Based on this assessment the commissioner may limit enrollments and target former aid to families with dependent children recipients. If sufficient money is not available to cover all costs incurred in one quarter, the commissioner may seek an additional authorization for funding from the legislative advisory committee.

Subd. 3. [APPLICATION PROCEDURES.] Applications and other information must be available in provider offices, local human services agencies, community health offices, and Women, Infants and Children (WIC) program sites. These sites may accept applications, collect the enrollment fee, and forward the forms and fees to the commissioner. Otherwise, applicants may apply directly to the commissioner. The commissioner may use individuals' social security numbers as identifiers for purposes of administering the plan and conduct data matches to verify income. Applicants shall submit evidence of family income, earned and unearned, that will be used to

verify income eligibility. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, benefits under this section are secondary to any plan of insurance or benefit program under which an eligible person may have coverage. The commissioner shall identify eligible persons who may have coverage or benefits under other plans of insurance or who become eligible for medical assistance.

Subd. 4. [ENROLLMENT FEE.] An enrollment fee of \$35 is required from eligible persons for prenatal care services and an annual enrollment fee of \$25 is required from eligible persons for children's health services. The fees may be paid together at the time of enrollment or as two payment installments. The commissioner shall make an annual redetermination of continued eligibility and identify people who may become eligible for medical assistance.

Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.969, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [RATES FOR INPATIENT HOSPITALS.] Rates paid to inpatient hospitals shall be based on a rate per admission until the commissioner can begin to reimburse hospitals for services under the medical assistance and general assistance medical care programs based upon a diagnostic classification system appropriate to the service populations. On July 1, 1984, the commissioner shall begin to utilize to the extent possible existing classification systems, including medicare. The commissioner may incorporate the grouping of hospitals with similar characteristics for uniform rates upon the development and implementation of the diagnostic classification system. Prior to implementation of the diagnostic classification system, the commissioner shall report the proposed grouping of hospitals to the senate health and human services committee and the house health and welfare committee. Effective August 1, 1985, The computation of the base year cost per admission and the computation of the relative values of the diagnostic categories must include identified outlier cases and their weighted costs up to the point that they become outlier cases, but must exclude costs and days beyond that point. Claims paid for care provided on or after August 1, 1985, shall be adjusted to reflect a recomputation of rates, unless disapproved by the federal Health Care Financing Administration. The state shall pay the state share of the adjustment for care provided on or after August 1, 1985, up to and including June 30, 1987, whether or not the adjustment is approved by the federal Health Care Financing Administration. The commissioner may reconstitute the diagnostic categories to reflect actual hospital practices, the specific character of specialty hospitals, or to reduce variances within the diagnostic categories after notice in the State Register and a 30-day comment period. After May 1, 1986, acute care hospital billings under the medical assistance and general assistance medical care programs must not be submitted until the recipient is discharged. However, the commissioner shall establish monthly interim payments with inpatient hospitals that have indi-

vidual patient lengths of stay in excess of 30 days regardless of diagnosis-related group. For purposes of establishing interim rates, the commissioner is exempt from the requirements of chapter 14. Medical assistance and general assistance medical care reimbursement for treatment of mental illness shall be reimbursed based upon diagnosis classifications. The commissioner may selectively contract with hospitals for services within the diagnostic classifications relating to mental illness and chemical dependency under competitive bidding when reasonable geographic access by recipients can be assured. No physician shall be denied the privilege of treating a recipient required to utilize a hospital under contract with the commissioner, as long as the physician meets credentialing standards of the individual hospital. Effective July 1, 1988, the commissioner shall limit the annual increase in pass-through cost payments for depreciation, rents and leases, and interest expense to the annual growth in the consumer price index for all urban consumers (CPI-U). When computing budgeted pass-through cost payments, the commissioner shall use the annual increase in the CPI-U forecasted by Data Resources, Inc. consistent with the quarter of the hospital's fiscal year end. In final settlement of pass-through cost payments, the commissioner shall use the CPI-U for the month in which the hospital's fiscal year ends compared to the same month one year earlier.

Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.969, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS.] (a) In determining the rate the commissioner of human services will take into consideration whether the following circumstances exist:

(a) (1) minimal medical assistance and general assistance medical care utilization;

(b) (2) unusual length of stay experience; and

(c) (3) disproportionate numbers of low income patients served.

(b) To the extent of available appropriations, the commissioner shall provide supplemental grants directly to a hospital described in section 87, paragraph (a), that receives medical assistance payments through a county-managed health plan that serves only residents of the county. The payments must be designed to compensate for actuarially demonstrated higher health care costs within the county, for the population served by the plan, that are not reflected in the plan's rates under section 87, subdivision 4.

Sec. 66. [256.974] [OFFICE OF OMBUDSMAN FOR OLDER MINNESOTANS; LOCAL PROGRAMS.]

The ombudsman for older Minnesotans serves in the classified service under section 256.01, subdivision 7, in an office within the Minnesota board on aging that incorporates the long-term care ombudsman program required by the Older Americans Act, Public Law 98-456, United States Code, title 42, section 3027(a)(12), and established within the Minnesota board on aging. The Minnesota board on aging may make grants to local programs or area agencies on aging for the provision of ombudsman services to clients in county or multicounty areas. Individuals providing local ombudsman services must be qualified to perform the duties required by section 256.9742.

Sec. 67. [256.9741] [DEFINITIONS.]

Subdivision 1. "Long-term care facility" means a nursing home licensed under sections 144A.02 to 144A.10 or boarding care home licensed under sections 144.50 to 144.56.

Subd. 2. "Acute care facility" means a facility licensed as a hospital under sections 144.50 to 144.56.

Subd. 3. "Client" means an individual who requests, or on whose behalf a request is made for, ombudsman services and is (a) a resident of a long-term care facility or (b) a patient in an acute care facility who is eligible for Medicare and requests assistance relating to admission or discharge from an acute care facility.

Subd. 4. "Area agency on aging" means an agency responsible for coordinating a comprehensive aging services system within a planning and service area that has been designated an area agency on aging by the Minnesota board on aging.

Subd. 5. "Office" means the office of ombudsman established within the Minnesota board on aging or local ombudsman programs.

Sec. 68. [256.9742] [DUTIES AND POWERS OF THE OFFICE.]

Subdivision 1. [DUTIES.] The ombudsman shall:

(1) gather information and evaluate any act, practice, policy, procedure, or administrative action of a long-term care facility, acute care facility, or government agency that may adversely affect the health, safety, welfare, or rights of any client;

(2) mediate or advocate on behalf of clients;

(3) monitor the development and implementation of federal, state, or local laws, regulations, and policies affecting the rights and benefits of clients;

(4) comment on and recommend to the legislature and public and private agencies regarding laws, regulations, and policies affecting clients;

(5) inform public agencies about the problems of clients;

(6) provide for training of volunteers and promote the development of citizen participation in the work of the office;

(7) conduct public forums to obtain information about and publicize issues affecting clients;

(8) provide public education regarding the health, safety, welfare, and rights of clients; and

(9) collect and analyze data relating to complaints and conditions in long-term care facilities.

Subd. 2. [IMMUNITY FROM LIABILITY.] A person designated as an ombudsman under this section is immune from civil liability that otherwise might result from the person's actions or omissions if the person's actions are in good faith, are within the scope of the person's responsibilities as an ombudsman, and do not constitute willful or reckless misconduct.

Subd. 3. [POSTING.] Every long-term care facility and acute care facility shall post in a conspicuous place the address and telephone number of the office. The posting is subject to approval by the ombudsman.

Subd. 4. [ACCESS TO LONG-TERM CARE AND ACUTE CARE FACILITIES AND CLIENTS.] The ombudsman may:

(1) enter any long-term care facility without notice at any time;

(2) enter any acute care facility without notice during normal business hours;

(3) communicate privately and without restriction with any client in accordance with section 144.651; and

(4) inspect records of a long-term care facility or acute care facility that pertain to the care of the client according to sections 144.335 and 144.651.

Subd. 5. [ACCESS TO STATE RECORDS.] The ombudsman has access to data of a state agency necessary for the discharge of the ombudsman's duties, including records classified confidential or private under chapter 13, or any other law. The data requested must be related to a specific case and is subject to section 13.03, subdivi-

sion 4. If the data concerns an individual, the ombudsman shall first obtain the individual's consent.

Each state agency responsible for licensing, regulating, and enforcing state and federal laws and regulations concerning long-term care and acute care facilities shall forward to the ombudsman on a quarterly basis, copies of all correction orders, penalty assessments, and complaint investigation reports, for all long-term care facilities and acute care facilities.

Sec. 69. [256.9743] [REPORTING.]

By February 1, 1989, the board on aging shall recommend methods for expanding and funding local ombudsman programs to serve clients receiving in-home services or care in acute care facilities.

Sec. 70. [256.9744] [OFFICE DATA.]

Subdivision 1. [CLASSIFICATION.] Except as provided in this section, data maintained by the office under sections 256.974 to 256.9744 are private data on individuals or nonpublic data as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 9 or 12, and must be maintained in accordance with the requirements of Public Law 98-459, United States Code, title 42, section 3027(a)(12)(D).

Subd. 2. [RELEASE.] Data maintained by the office that does not relate to the identity of a complainant or a resident of a long-term care facility may be released at the discretion of the ombudsman responsible for maintaining the data. Data relating to the identity of a complainant or a resident of a long-term care facility may be released only with the consent of the complainant or resident or by court order.

Sec. 71. [256.9745] [IN-HOME SERVICES ADVISORY TASK FORCE.]

The Minnesota board on aging shall appoint an advisory task force to make recommendations for expanding ombudsman services to recipients of in-home services. The task force shall include clients or representatives of clients, providers of in-home services, representatives of the Minnesota department of health, department of human services, counties, area agencies on aging, and members of the public at large. Compensation, terms, and removal of members shall be as provided in section 15.059. The Minnesota board on aging shall issue a report of the recommendations of the task force by February 1, 1989.

Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.98, is amended to read:

## 256.98 [WRONGFULLY OBTAINING ASSISTANCE; THEFT.]

Subdivision 1. [WRONGFULLY OBTAINING ASSISTANCE.] A person who obtains, or attempts to obtain, or aids or abets any person to obtain by means of a willfully false statement or representation, by intentional concealment of a material fact, or by impersonation or other fraudulent device, assistance to which the person is not entitled or assistance greater than that to which the person is entitled, or who knowingly aids or abets in buying or in any way disposing of the property of a recipient or applicant of assistance without the consent of the local agency with intent to defeat the purposes of sections 256.12, 256.72 to ~~256.872~~ 256.871, and chapter 256B, or all of these sections is guilty of theft and shall be sentenced pursuant to section 609.52, subdivision 3, clauses (1), (2) and (5).

Subd. 2. [JOINT TRIALS.] When two or more defendants are jointly charged with the same offense under subdivision 1, or are jointly charged with different offenses under subdivision 1 arising from the same course of conduct, they shall be tried jointly; however, if it appears to the court that a defendant or the state is substantially prejudiced by the joinder for trial, the court may order an election or separate trial of counts, grant a severance of defendants, or provide other relief.

Subd. 3. [AMOUNT OF ASSISTANCE INCORRECTLY PAID.] The amount of the assistance incorrectly paid shall be under this section is the difference between the amount of assistance actually received on the basis of misrepresented or concealed facts and the amount to which the recipient would have been entitled under state and federal law had the welfare agency been informed of all material facts specific concealment or misrepresentation not occurred. Unless required by law, rule, or regulation, earned income disregards shall not be applied to earnings not reported by the recipient.

Subd. 4. [RECOVERY OF ASSISTANCE.] The amount of any assistance determined to have been incorrectly paid shall be is recoverable from the recipient or the recipient's estate by the county or the state as a debt due the county or the state or both in proportion to the contribution of each. Any amounts recovered shall be paid to the appropriate units of government in the same manner as provided in section 256.863.

Subd. 5. [CRIMINAL OR CIVIL ACTION.] To prosecute or to recover assistance wrongfully obtained under this section, the attorney general or the appropriate county attorney, acting independently or at the direction of the attorney general, may institute a criminal or civil action or both.

Subd. 6. [RULE SUPERSEDED.] Rule 17.03, subdivision 2, of the Minnesota Rules of Criminal Procedures that relates to joint trials is

superseded by this section to the extent that it conflicts with this section.

Subd. 7. [DIVISION OF RECOVERED AMOUNTS.] If the state is responsible for the recovery, the amounts recovered shall be paid to the appropriate units of government as provided under section 256.863. If the recovery is directly attributable to a county, the county may retain one-half of the nonfederal share of any recovery from a recipient or the recipient's estate. This subdivision does not apply to recoveries from medical providers or to recoveries involving the department of human services, surveillance and utilization review division, state hospital collections unit, and the benefit recoveries division.

Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.02, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [MEDICAL ASSISTANCE; MEDICAL CARE.] "Medical assistance" or "medical care" means payment of part or all of the cost of the following care and services for eligible individuals whose income and resources are insufficient to meet all of this cost:

(1) Inpatient hospital services. A second medical opinion is required prior to reimbursement for elective surgeries requiring a second opinion. The commissioner shall publish in the State Register a proposed list of elective surgeries that require a second medical opinion prior to reimbursement, and the criteria and standards for deciding whether an elective surgery should require a second medical opinion. The list is and the criteria and standards are not subject to the requirements of sections 14.01 to 14.70 14.69. The commissioner's decision whether a second medical opinion is required, made in accordance with rules governing that decision, is not subject to administrative appeal;

(2) Skilled nursing home services and services of intermediate care facilities, including training and habilitation services, as defined in section 256B.50, subdivision 1, for persons with mental retardation or related conditions who are residing in intermediate care facilities for persons with mental retardation or related conditions. Medical assistance must not be used to pay the costs of nursing care provided to a patient in a swing bed as defined in section 144.562;

(3) Physicians' services;

(4) Outpatient hospital or nonprofit community health clinic services or physician-directed clinic services. The physician-directed clinic staff shall include at least two physicians, one of whom is on the premises whenever the clinic is open, and all services shall be provided under the direct supervision of the physician who is on the premises. Hospital outpatient departments are subject to the same



limitations and reimbursements as other enrolled vendors for all services, except initial triage, emergency services, and services not provided or immediately available in clinics, physicians' offices, or by other enrolled providers. A second medical opinion is required before reimbursement for elective surgeries requiring a second opinion. The commissioner shall publish in the State Register a list of elective surgeries that require a second medical opinion before reimbursement and the criteria and standards for deciding whether an elective surgery should require a second surgical opinion. The list and the criteria and standards are not subject to the requirements of sections 14.01 to 14.69. The commissioner's decision whether a second medical opinion is required, made in accordance with rules governing that decision, is not subject to administrative appeal. "Emergency services" means those medical services required for the immediate diagnosis and treatment of medical conditions that, if not immediately diagnosed and treated, could lead to serious physical or mental disability or death or are necessary to alleviate severe pain. Neither the hospital, its employees, nor any physician or dentist, shall be liable in any action arising out of a determination not to render emergency services or care if reasonable care is exercised in determining the condition of the person, or in determining the appropriateness of the facilities, or the qualifications and availability of personnel to render these services consistent with this section;

(5) Community mental health center services, as defined in rules adopted by the commissioner pursuant to section 256B.04, subdivision 2, and provided by a community mental health center as defined in section 245.62, subdivision 2;

(6) Home health care services;

(7) Private duty nursing services;

(8) Physical therapy and related services;

(9) Dental services, excluding cast metal restorations;

(10) Laboratory and X-ray services;

(11) The following if prescribed by a licensed practitioner: drugs, eyeglasses, dentures, and prosthetic devices. The commissioner shall designate a formulary committee which shall advise the commissioner on the names of drugs for which payment shall be made, recommend a system for reimbursing providers on a set fee or charge basis rather than the present system, and develop methods encouraging use of generic drugs when they are less expensive and equally effective as trademark drugs. The commissioner shall appoint the formulary committee members no later than 30 days following July 1, 1981. The formulary committee shall consist of nine members, four of whom shall be physicians who are not employed by the department of human services, and a majority of whose practice is

for persons paying privately or through health insurance, three of whom shall be pharmacists who are not employed by the department of human services, and a majority of whose practice is for persons paying privately or through health insurance, a consumer representative, and a nursing home representative. Committee members shall serve two-year terms and shall serve without compensation. The commissioner may establish a drug formulary. Its establishment and publication shall not be subject to the requirements of the administrative procedure act, but the formulary committee shall review and comment on the formulary contents. Prior authorization may be required by the commissioner, with the consent of the drug formulary committee, before certain formulary drugs are eligible for payment. The formulary shall not include: drugs or products for which there is no federal funding; over-the-counter drugs, except for antacids, acetaminophen, family planning products, aspirin, insulin, prenatal vitamins, and vitamins for children under the age of seven; or any other over-the-counter drug identified by the commissioner, in consultation with the appropriate professional consultants under contract with or employed by the state agency, as necessary, appropriate and cost effective for the treatment of certain specified chronic diseases, conditions or disorders, and this determination shall not be subject to the requirements of chapter 14, the administrative procedure act; nutritional products, except for those products needed for treatment of phenylketonuria, hyperlysinemia, maple syrup urine disease, a combined allergy to human milk, cow milk, and soy formula, or any other childhood or adult diseases, conditions, or disorders identified by the commissioner as requiring a similarly necessary nutritional product; anorectics; and drugs for which medical value has not been established. Separate payment shall not be made for nutritional products for residents of long-term care facilities; payment for dietary requirements is a component of the per diem rate paid to these facilities. Payment to drug vendors shall not be modified before the formulary is established except that the commissioner shall not permit payment for any drugs which may not by law be included in the formulary, and the commissioner's determination shall not be subject to chapter 14, the administrative procedure act. The commissioner shall publish conditions for prohibiting payment for specific drugs after considering the formulary committee's recommendations.

The basis for determining the amount of payment shall be the lower of the actual acquisition costs of the drugs plus a fixed dispensing fee established by the commissioner, the maximum allowable cost set by the federal government or by the commissioner plus the fixed dispensing fee or the usual and customary price charged to the public. Actual acquisition cost includes quantity and other special discounts except time and cash discounts. The actual acquisition cost of a drug may be estimated by the commissioner. The maximum allowable cost of a multi-source drug may be set by the commissioner and it shall be comparable to, but no higher than, the maximum amount paid by other third party payors in this state who have maximum allowable cost programs. Establishment of this

fee the amount of payment for drugs shall not be subject to the requirements of the administrative procedure act. An additional dispensing fee of \$.30 may be added to the dispensing fee paid to pharmacists for prescriptions dispensed to residents of long-term care facilities when a unit dose blister card system, approved by the department, is used. Under this type of dispensing system, the pharmacist must dispense a 30-day supply of drug. The National Drug Code (NDC) from the drug container used to fill the blister card must be identified on the claim to the department. The unit dose blister card containing the drug must meet the packaging standards set forth in Minnesota Rules, part 6800.2700, that govern the return of unused drugs to the pharmacy for reuse. The pharmacy provider will be required to credit the department for the actual acquisition cost of all unused drugs that are eligible for reuse. Whenever a generically equivalent product is available, payment shall be on the basis of the actual acquisition cost of the generic drug, unless the prescriber specifically indicates "dispense as written" on the prescription as required by section 151.21, subdivision 2.

Notwithstanding the above provisions, implementation of any change in the fixed dispensing fee which has not been subject to the administrative procedure act shall be limited to not more than 180 days, unless, during that time, the commissioner shall have initiated rulemaking through the administrative procedure act;

(12) Diagnostic, screening, and preventive services. "Preventive services" include services related to pregnancy, including services for those conditions which may complicate a pregnancy and which may be available to a pregnant woman determined to be at risk of poor pregnancy outcome. Preventive services available to a woman at risk of poor pregnancy outcome may differ in an amount, duration, or scope from those available to other individuals eligible for medical assistance;

(13) Health care prepayment plan premiums and insurance premiums if paid directly to a vendor and supplementary medical insurance benefits under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act. For purposes of obtaining Medicare part B, expenditures may be made even if federal funding is not available;

(14) Abortion services, but only if one of the following conditions is met:

(a) The abortion is a medical necessity. "Medical necessity" means (1) the signed written statement of two physicians indicating the abortion is medically necessary to prevent the death of the mother, and (2) the patient has given her consent to the abortion in writing unless the patient is physically or legally incapable of providing informed consent to the procedure, in which case consent will be given as otherwise provided by law;

(b) The pregnancy is the result of criminal sexual conduct as defined in section 609.342, clauses (c), (d), (e)(i), and (f), and the incident is reported within 48 hours after the incident occurs to a valid law enforcement agency for investigation, unless the victim is physically unable to report the criminal sexual conduct, in which case the report shall be made within 48 hours after the victim becomes physically able to report the criminal sexual conduct; or

(c) The pregnancy is the result of incest, but only if the incident and relative are reported to a valid law enforcement agency for investigation prior to the abortion;

(15) Transportation costs incurred solely for obtaining emergency medical care or transportation costs incurred by nonambulatory persons in obtaining emergency or nonemergency medical care when paid directly to an ambulance company, common carrier, or other recognized providers of transportation services. For the purpose of this clause, a person who is incapable of transport by taxicab or bus shall be considered to be nonambulatory;

(16) To the extent authorized by rule of the state agency, costs of bus or taxicab transportation incurred by any ambulatory eligible person for obtaining nonemergency medical care;

(17) Personal care ~~attendant~~ assistant services provided by an individual, not a relative, who is qualified to provide the services, where the services are prescribed by a physician in accordance with a plan of treatment and are supervised by a registered nurse. Payments to personal care ~~attendants~~ assistants shall be adjusted annually to reflect changes in the cost of living or of providing services by the average annual adjustment granted to vendors such as nursing homes and home health agencies; and

(18) To the extent authorized by rule of the state agency, case management services to persons with serious and persistent mental illness;

(19) To the extent authorized by rule of the state agency, case management services to persons with brain injuries; and

(20) Any other medical or remedial care licensed and recognized under state law unless otherwise prohibited by law, except licensed chemical dependency treatment programs or primary treatment or extended care treatment units in hospitals that are covered under Laws 1986, chapter 394, sections 8 to 20. The commissioner shall include chemical dependency services in the state medical assistance plan for federal reporting purposes, but payment must be made under Laws 1986, chapter 394, sections 8 to 20. The commissioner shall publish in the State Register a list of elective surgeries that require a second medical opinion before medical assistance reimbursement, and the criteria and standards for deciding whether

an elective surgery should require a second medical opinion. The list and criteria and standards are not subject to the requirements of sections 14.01 to 14.69. The commissioner shall publish in the State Register a list of health services that require prior authorization, as well as the criteria and standards used to select health services on the list. The list and the criteria and standards used to formulate it are not subject to the requirements of sections 14.01 to 14.69. The commissioner's decision whether prior authorization is required for a health service or a second medical opinion is required for an elective surgery is not subject to administrative appeal.

Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 12. [PREPAID HEALTH PLAN.] "Prepaid health plan" means a vendor who receives a capitation payment and assumes financial risk for the provision of medical assistance services under a contract with the commissioner.

Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [GENERAL LIMIT.] All payments for medical assistance hereunder must be made to the vendor. The maximum payment for new vendors enrolled in the medical assistance program after the base year shall be determined from the average usual and customary charge of the same vendor type enrolled in the base year.

Sec. 76. [256B.031] [PREPAID HEALTH PLANS.]

Subdivision 1. [CONTRACTS.] The commissioner may contract with health insurers licensed and operating under chapters 60A and 62A, nonprofit health service plans licensed and operating under chapter 62C, health maintenance organizations licensed and operating under chapter 62D, and vendors of medical care and organizations participating in prepaid programs under section 256D.03, subdivision 4, clause (b), to provide medical services to medical assistance recipients. Notwithstanding any other law, health insurers may enter into contracts with the commissioner under this section. As a condition of the contract, health insurers and health service plan corporations must agree to comply with the requirements of section 62D.04, subdivision 1, clauses (a), (b), (c), (d), and (f), and provide a complaint procedure that satisfies the requirements of section 62D.11. Nothing in this section permits health insurers not licensed as health maintenance organizations under chapter 62D to offer a prepaid health plan as defined in section 256B.02, subdivision 12, to persons other than those receiving medical assistance or general assistance medical care under this section. Contracts between the commissioner and a prepaid health plan are exempt from the set-aside and preference provisions of section 16B.19, subdivisions 5 and 6. Contracts must specify the

services that are included in the per capita rate. Contracts must specify those services that are to be eligible for risk sharing between the prepaid health plan and the state. Contracts must also state that payment must be made within 60 days after the month of coverage.

Subd. 2. [SERVICES.] State contracts for these services must assure recipients of at least the comprehensive health services defined in section 256B.02, subdivision 8, except services defined in section 256B.02, subdivision 8, paragraphs (2), (5), (16), and (17), and except services defined as chemical dependency services and mental health services.

Contracts under this section must include provision for assessing pregnant women to determine their risk of poor pregnancy outcome. Contracts must also include provision for treatment of women found to be at risk of poor pregnancy outcome.

Subd. 3. [INFORMATION REQUIRED.] Prepaid health plans under contract must provide information to the commissioner according to the contract specifications. The information must include, at a minimum, the number of people receiving services, the number of encounters, the types of services received, evidence of an operating quality assurance program, and information about the use of and actual recoveries of available third-party resources. A plan under contract to provide services in a county must provide the county agency with the most current listing of the health care providers whose services are covered by the plan.

Subd. 4. [PREPAID HEALTH PLAN RATES.] For payments made during calendar year 1988, the monthly maximum allowable rate established by the commissioner of human services for payment to prepaid health plans must not exceed 90 percent of the projected average monthly per capita fee-for-service medical assistance costs for state fiscal year 1988 for recipients of aid to families with dependent children. The base year for projecting the average monthly per capita fee-for-service medical assistance costs is state fiscal year 1986. A maximum allowable per capita rate must be established collectively for Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, St. Louis, Scott, and Washington counties. A separate maximum allowable per capita rate must be established collectively for all other counties. The maximum allowable per capita rate may be adjusted to reflect utilization differences among eligible classes of recipients. For payments made during calendar year 1989, the maximum allowable rate must be calculated in the same way as 1988 rates, except the base year is state fiscal year 1987. For payments made during calendar year 1990 and later years, the commissioner shall contract with an independent actuary to establish prepayment rates. Rates established for prepaid health plans must be based on the services that the prepaid health plan provides under contract with the commissioner.

Subd. 5. [FREE CHOICE LIMITED.] (a) The commissioner may require recipients of aid to families with dependent children, except those recipients who are refugees and whose health services are reimbursed 100 percent by the federal government for the first 31 months after entry into the United States, to enroll in a prepaid health plan and receive services from or through the prepaid health plan. Enrollment in a prepaid health plan is mandatory only when recipients have a choice of at least two prepaid health plans.

(b) Recipients who become eligible on or after December 1, 1987, must choose a health plan within 30 days of the date eligibility is determined. At the time of application, the local agency shall ask the recipient whether the recipient has a primary health care provider. If the recipient has not chosen a health plan within 30 days but has provided the local agency with the name of a primary health care provider, the local agency shall determine whether the provider participates in a prepaid health plan available to the recipient and, if so, the local agency shall select that plan on the recipient's behalf. If the recipient has not provided the name of a primary health care provider who participates in an available prepaid health plan, the commissioner shall randomly assign the recipient to a health plan.

(c) Recipients who are eligible on November 30, 1987, must choose a prepaid health plan by January 15, 1988. If possible, the local agency shall ask whether the recipient has a primary health care provider and the procedures under paragraph (b) shall apply. If a recipient does not choose a prepaid health plan by this date, the commissioner shall randomly assign the recipient to a health plan.

(d) Each recipient must be enrolled in the health plan for a minimum of six months following the effective date of enrollment, except that the recipient may change health plans once within the first 60 days after initial enrollment. The commissioner shall request a waiver from the federal Health Care Financing Administration to extend the minimum period to 12 months.

(e) Women who are receiving medical assistance due to pregnancy and later become eligible for aid to families with dependent children are not required to choose a prepaid health plan until 60 days postpartum. An infant born as a result of that pregnancy must be enrolled in a prepaid health plan at the same time as the mother.

(f) If third-party coverage is available to a recipient through enrollment in a prepaid health plan through employment, through coverage by the former spouse, or if a duty of support has been imposed by law, order, decree, or judgment of a court under section 518.551, the obligee or recipient shall participate in the prepaid health plan in which the obligee has enrolled provided that the commissioner has contracted with the plan.

Subd. 6. [OMBUDSMAN.] The commissioner shall designate an ombudsman to advocate for persons required to enroll in prepaid health plans under this section. The ombudsman shall advocate for recipients enrolled in prepaid health plans through complaint and appeal procedures and ensure that necessary medical services are provided either by the prepaid health plan directly or by referral to appropriate social services. At the time of enrollment in a prepaid health plan, the local agency shall inform recipients about the ombudsman program and their right to a resolution of a complaint by the prepaid health plan if they experience a problem with the plan or its providers.

Subd. 7. [SERVICES PENDING APPEAL.] If the recipient appeals in writing to the state agency on or before the tenth day after the decision of the prepaid health plan to reduce, suspend or terminate services which the recipient had been receiving, and the treating physician or another plan physician orders the services to be continued at the previous level, the prepaid health plan must continue to provide services at a level equal to the level ordered by the plan's physician until the state agency renders its decision.

Subd. 8. [CASE MANAGEMENT.] The commissioner shall prepare a report to the legislature by January 1988, that describes the issues involved in successfully implementing a case management system in counties where the commissioner has fewer than two prepaid health plans under contract to provide health care services to eligible classes of recipients. In the report the commissioner shall address which health care providers could be case managers, the responsibilities of the case manager, the assumption of risk by the case manager, the services to be provided either directly or by referral, reimbursement concerns, federal waivers that may be required, and other issues that may affect the quality and cost of care under such a system.

Subd. 9. [PREPAYMENT COORDINATOR.] The local agency shall designate a prepayment coordinator to assist the state agency in implementing this section, section 256B.69, and section 256D.03, subdivision 4. Assistance must include educating recipients about available health care options, enrolling recipients under subdivision 5, providing necessary eligibility and enrollment information to health plans and the state agency, and coordinating complaints and appeals with the ombudsman established in subdivision 6.

Subd. 10. [IMPACT ON PUBLIC OR TEACHING HOSPITALS AND COMMUNITY CLINICS.] (a) Before implementing prepaid programs in counties with a county operated or affiliated public teaching hospital or a hospital or clinic operated by the University of Minnesota, the commissioner shall consider the risks the prepaid program creates for the hospital and allow the county or hospital the opportunity to participate in the program, provided the terms of



participation in the program are competitive with the terms of other participants.

(b) Prepaid health plans serving counties with a nonprofit community clinic or community health services agency must contract with the clinic or agency to provide services to clients who choose to receive services from the clinic or agency, if the clinic or agency agrees to payment rates that are competitive with rates paid to other health plan providers for the same or similar services.

Sec. 77. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.04, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

Subd. 14. [COMPETITIVE BIDDING.] The commissioner shall utilize volume purchase through competitive bidding under the provisions of chapter 16, to provide the following items:

(1) eyeglasses;

(2) oxygen. The commissioner shall provide for oxygen needed in an emergency situation on a short-term basis, until the vendor can obtain the necessary supply from the contract dealer;

(3) hearing aids and supplies; and

(4) durable medical equipment, including but not limited to:

(a) hospital beds;

(b) commodes;

(c) glide-about chairs;

(d) patient lift apparatus;

(e) wheelchairs and accessories;

(f) oxygen administration equipment;

(g) respiratory therapy equipment;

(h) electronic diagnostic, therapeutic and life support systems; and

(5) wheelchair transportation services; and

(6) drugs.

Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.04, subdivision 15, is amended to read:

Subd. 15. [UTILIZATION REVIEW.] (1) Establish on a statewide basis a new program to safeguard against unnecessary or inappropriate use of medical assistance services, against excess payments, against unnecessary or inappropriate hospital admissions or lengths of stay, and against underutilization of services in prepaid health plans, long-term care facilities or any health care delivery system subject to fixed rate reimbursement. In implementing the program, the state agency shall utilize both prepayment and postpayment review systems to determine if utilization is reasonable and necessary. The determination of whether services are reasonable and necessary shall be made by the commissioner in consultation with a professional services advisory group appointed by the commissioner. An aggrieved party may appeal the commissioner's determination pursuant to the contested case procedures of chapter 14.

(2) Contracts entered into for purposes of meeting the requirements of this subdivision shall not be subject to the set-aside provisions of chapter 16B.

(3) A recipient aggrieved by the commissioner's termination of services or denial of future services may appeal pursuant to section 256.045. A vendor aggrieved by the commissioner's determination that services provided were not reasonable or necessary may appeal pursuant to the contested case procedures of chapter 14. To appeal, the vendor shall notify the commissioner in writing within 30 days of receiving the commissioner's notice. The appeal request shall specify each disputed item, the reason for the dispute, an estimate of the dollar amount involved for each disputed item, the computation that the vendor believes is correct, the authority in statute or rule upon which the vendor relies for each disputed item, the name and address of the person or firm with whom contacts may be made regarding the appeal, and other information required by the commissioner.

Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Medical assistance may be paid for any person:

(1) who is a child eligible for or receiving adoption assistance payments under Title IV-E of the Social Security Act, United States Code, title 42, sections 670 to 676 under Minnesota Statutes, section 259.40 or 259.431; or

(2) who is a child eligible for or receiving foster care maintenance payments under Title IV-E of the Social Security Act, United States Code, title 42, sections 670 to 676; or

(3) who is eligible for or receiving public assistance under the aid to families with dependent children program, the Minnesota supplemental aid program, except for those persons eligible for Minnesota

supplemental aid because the local agency waived excess assets under section 256D.37, subdivision 2; or

(4) who is a pregnant woman, as certified in writing by a physician or nurse midwife, and who (a) meets the other eligibility criteria of this section, and (b) would be categorically eligible for assistance under the aid to families with dependent children program if the child had been born and was living with the woman. For purposes of this section, a woman is considered pregnant for 60 days postpartum; or

(5) who is a pregnant woman, as certified in writing by a physician or nurse midwife, who meets the other eligibility criteria of this section and whose unborn child would be eligible as a needy child under clause (9) (8) if born and living with the woman. For purposes of this section, a woman is considered pregnant for 60 days postpartum; or

(6) who meets the categorical eligibility requirements of the supplemental security income program and the other eligibility requirements of this section; or

(7) who, except for the amount of income or ~~resources~~ assets, would qualify for supplemental security income for the aged, blind and disabled, or aid to families with dependent children, and who meets the other eligibility requirements of this section. However, in the case of families and children who meet the categorical eligibility requirements for aid to families with dependent children, the methodology for calculating assets shall be as specified in section 256.73, subdivision 2, and the methodology for calculating deductions from earnings for child care and work expenses shall be as specified in section 256.74, subdivision 1; or

(8) who is under 21 years of age and in need of medical care that neither the person nor the person's relatives responsible under sections 256B.01 to 256B.26 are financially able to provide; or

(9) who is an infant less than one year of age born on or after October 1, 1984, whose mother was eligible at the time of birth and who remains in the mother's household. Eligibility under this clause is concurrent with the mother's and does not depend on the father's income except as the income affects the mother's eligibility; or

(10) who is residing in a hospital for treatment of mental disease or tuberculosis and is 65 years of age or older and without means sufficient to pay the per capita hospital charge; and

(11) who resides in Minnesota, or, if absent from the state, is deemed to be a resident of Minnesota in accordance with the rules of the state agency; and

(12) who alone, or together with the person's spouse, does not own real property other than the homestead. For the purposes of this section, "homestead" means the house owned and occupied by the applicant or recipient as a primary place of residence, together with the contiguous land upon which it is situated. The homestead shall continue to be excluded for persons residing in a long-term care facility if it is used as a primary residence by the spouse, minor child, or disabled child of any age; or the applicant/recipient is expected to return to the home as a principal residence within six calendar months of entry to the long-term care facility. Certification of expected return to the homestead shall be documented in writing by the attending physician. The homestead is also excluded for the first six calendar months of the person's stay in the long-term care facility. The homestead must be reduced to an amount within limits or excluded on another basis if the person remains in the long-term care facility for a period longer than six months. Real estate not used as a home may not be retained unless it produces net income applicable to the family's needs or the family is making a continuing effort to sell it at a fair and reasonable price or unless the commissioner determines that sale of the real estate would cause undue hardship or unless the equity in the real estate when combined with the equity in the homestead totals \$15,000 or less the property is not salable, the equity is \$6,000 or less and the income produced by the property is at least six percent of the equity, or the excess real property is exempted for a period of nine months if there is a good faith effort to sell the property and a legally binding agreement is signed to repay the amount of assistance issued during that nine months; and

(13) who individually does not own more than \$3,000 in cash or liquid assets, or if a member of a household with two family members (husband and wife, or parent and child), does not own more than \$6,000 in cash or liquid assets, plus \$200 for each additional legal dependent. In addition to these maximum amounts, an eligible individual or family may accrue interest on these amounts, but they must be reduced to the maximum at the time of an eligibility redetermination. For residents of long-term care facilities, the accumulation of the clothing and personal needs allowance pursuant to section 256B.35 must also be reduced to the maximum at the time of the eligibility redetermination. Cash and liquid assets may include a prepaid funeral contract and insurance policies with cash surrender value. The value of the following shall not be included:

(a) the homestead, and (b) household goods and furniture in use in the home, (c) wearing apparel, (d) personal property used as a regular abode by the applicant or recipient, (e) a lot in a burial plot for each member of the household, (f) personal jewelry acquired more than 24 months immediately prior to the period of medical assistance eligibility and personal jewelry acquired within 24 months immediately prior to the period of medical assistance eligibility and not purchased with assets of the applicant or recipient, (g) capital

and operating assets of a trade or business that the local agency determines are necessary to the person's ability to earn an income, (h) for a period of six months, insurance settlements to repair or replace damaged, destroyed, or stolen property, (i) one motor vehicle that is licensed pursuant to chapter 168 and defined as: (1) passenger automobile, (2) station wagon, (3) motorcycle, (4) motorized bicycle or (5) truck of the weight found in categories A to E, of section 168.013, subdivision 1e, and that is used primarily for the person's benefit, and (j) other items which may be required by federal law or statute. To be excluded, the vehicle must have a market value of less than \$4,500; be necessary to obtain medically necessary health services; be necessary for employment; be modified for operation by or transportation of a handicapped person; or be necessary to perform essential daily tasks because of climate, terrain, distance, or similar factors. The equity value of other motor vehicles is counted against the cash or liquid asset limit; and

(14) who has or anticipates receiving an annual a semiannual income not in excess of 115 percent of the income standards by family size used in the aid to families with dependent children program, or who has income in excess of these maxima and in the month of application, or during the three months prior to the month of application, incurs expenses for medical care that total more than one-half of the annual excess income in accordance with the rules of the state agency except that families and children may have an income up to 133 $\frac{1}{3}$  percent of the AFDC income standard. Notwithstanding any laws or rules to the contrary, in computing income to determine eligibility of persons who are not residents of long-term care facilities, the commissioner shall disregard increases in income as required by Public Law Number 94-566, section 503. In excess income cases, eligibility shall be limited to a period of six months beginning with the first of the month in which these medical obligations are first incurred, Public Law Number 99-272 and Public Law Number 99-509; and

(15) who has continuing monthly expenses for medical care that are more than the amount of the person's excess income, computed on a monthly basis, in which case eligibility may be established before the total income obligation referred to in the preceding paragraph is incurred, and medical assistance payments may be made to cover the monthly unmet medical need. In licensed nursing home and state hospital cases, income over and above that required for justified needs, determined pursuant to a schedule of contributions established by the commissioner of human services, is to be applied to the cost of institutional care or who is a pregnant woman who meets the requirements of clauses (1) to (8) except that her anticipated income is in excess of the income standards by family size used in the aid to families with dependent children program, but is equal to or less than 133 $\frac{1}{3}$  percent of that income standard. Eligibility for a pregnant woman with respect to this clause shall be without regard to the asset standards specified in clauses (12) and

(13). For persons who reside in licensed nursing homes, regional treatment centers, or medical institutions, the income over and above that required in section 256B.35 for personal needs allowance is to be applied to the cost of institutional care. In addition, income may be retained by an institutionalized person (a) to support dependents in the amount that, together with the income of the spouse and child under age 18, would provide net income equal to the medical assistance standard for the family size of the dependents excluding the person residing in the facility; or (b) for a period of up to three calendar months, in an amount equal to the medical assistance standard for a family size of one if the person was not living together with a spouse or child under age 21 at the time the person entered a long-term care facility, if the person has expenses of maintaining a residence in the community, and if a physician certifies that the person is expected to reside in the long-term care facility on a short-term basis. For purposes of this section, persons are determined to be residing in licensed nursing homes, regional treatment centers, or medical institutions if the persons are expected to remain for a period expected to last longer than three months. The commissioner of human services may establish a schedule of contributions to be made by the spouse of a nursing home resident to the cost of care; and

(16) who has applied or agrees to apply all proceeds received or receivable by the person or the person's spouse from automobile accident coverage and private health care coverage to any third person liable for the costs of medical care for the person, the spouse, and children. The state agency may shall require from any applicant or recipient of medical assistance the assignment of any rights accruing under private health care coverage to medical support and third party payments. Persons must cooperate with the state in establishing paternity and obtaining third party payments. By signing an application for medical assistance, a person assigns to the department of human services all rights the person may have to medical support or payments for medical expenses from any other person or entity on their own or their dependent's behalf and agrees to cooperate with the state in establishing paternity and obtaining third party payments. Any rights or amounts so assigned shall be applied against the cost of medical care paid for under this chapter. Any assignment takes effect upon the determination that the applicant is eligible for medical assistance and up to three months prior to the date of application if the applicant is determined eligible for and receives medical assistance benefits. The application must contain a statement explaining this assignment. Any assignment shall not be effective as to benefits paid or provided under automobile accident coverage and private health care coverage prior to receipt notification of the assignment by the person or organization providing the benefits; and

(17) eligibility is available for the month of application and for three months prior to application if the person was eligible in those

prior months. A redetermination of eligibility must occur every 12 months.

Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.06, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. [CITIZENSHIP REQUIREMENTS.] Eligibility for medical assistance is limited to citizens of the United States and aliens lawfully admitted for permanent residence or otherwise permanently residing in the United States under the color of law. Payment shall also be made for care and services that are furnished to an alien who otherwise meets the eligibility requirements of this section if such care and services are necessary for the treatment of an emergency medical condition. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "emergency medical condition" means a medical condition, including labor and delivery, that if not immediately treated could cause a person physical or mental disability, continuation of severe pain, or death.

Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.064, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. [GROUNDS FOR MONETARY RECOVERY AND SANCTIONS AGAINST VENDORS.] The commissioner may seek monetary recovery and impose sanctions against vendors of medical care for any of the following: fraud, theft, or abuse in connection with the provision of medical care to recipients of public assistance; a pattern of presentment of false or duplicate claims or claims for services not medically necessary; a pattern of making false statements of material facts for the purpose of obtaining greater compensation than that to which the vendor is legally entitled; suspension or termination as a Medicare vendor; and refusal to grant the state agency access during regular business hours to examine all records necessary to disclose the extent of services provided to program recipients. ~~No sanction may be imposed or monetary recovery obtained against any vendor of nursing home or convalescent care for providing services not medically necessary when the services provided were ordered by a licensed health professional not an employee of the vendor.~~ The determination of services not medically necessary shall be made by the commissioner in consultation with a ~~provider~~ peer advisory committee appointed by the commissioner on the recommendation of appropriate professional organizations.

Sec. 82. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.15, is amended to read:

If a person receives any medical assistance hereunder, on the person's death, if single, or on the death of the person ~~and the surviving spouse, if married survivor of a married couple, either or both of whom received medical assistance,~~ and only when there is no surviving child who is under 21 or is blind or totally disabled, the

total amount paid for medical assistance rendered for the person and spouse, after age 65, without interest, shall be filed as a claim against the estate of the person or the estate of the surviving spouse in the court having jurisdiction to probate the estate. A claim against the estate of a surviving spouse who did not receive medical assistance, for medical assistance rendered for the predeceased spouse, is limited to the value of the assets of the estate that were marital property or jointly-owned property at any time during the marriage. The claim shall be considered an expense of the last illness of the decedent for the purpose of section 524.3-805. Any statute of limitations that purports to limit any county agency or the state agency, or both, to recover for medical assistance granted hereunder shall not apply to any claim made hereunder for reimbursement for any medical assistance granted hereunder. Counties may retain one-half of the nonfederal share of medical assistance collections from estates that are directly attributable to county effort.

Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.17, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [PERIOD OF INELIGIBILITY.] For any uncompensated transfer, the period number of months of ineligibility shall be calculated by dividing the uncompensated transferred amount by the statewide average monthly skilled nursing facility per diem per person payment made by the medical assistance program to skilled nursing facilities for the previous calendar year to determine the number of months of ineligibility. The individual shall remain ineligible until this fixed ineligibility period has expired. The period of ineligibility may exceed 24 months, and a reapplication for benefits after 24 months from the date of the transfer shall not result in eligibility unless and until the period of ineligibility has expired.

Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.17, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [EXCLUDED RESOURCES.] Except for the limitations contained in subdivision 6, a resource which is transferred while otherwise excluded under sections section 256B.06 and 256B.07 shall not be considered an available resource for purposes of medical assistance eligibility. This exception shall not apply to applicants for or recipients of general assistance medical care benefits under chapter 256D.

Sec. 85. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.19, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DIVISION OF COST.] The cost of medical assistance paid by each county of financial responsibility shall be borne as follows: Payments shall be made by the state to the county for that



portion of medical assistance paid by the federal government and the state on or before the 20th day of each month for the succeeding month upon requisition from the county showing the amount required for the succeeding month. Ninety percent of the expense of assistance not paid by federal funds available for that purpose shall be paid by the state and ten percent shall be paid by the county of financial responsibility.

For counties that participate in a medicaid demonstration project under sections 256B.69 and 256B.71, the division of the nonfederal share of medical assistance expenses for payments made to prepaid health plans or for payments made to health maintenance organizations in the form of prepaid capitation payments, this division of medical assistance expenses shall be 95 percent by the state and five percent by the county of financial responsibility.

~~State contracts with health maintenance organizations shall assure medical assistance recipients of at least the comprehensive health maintenance services defined in section 62D.02, subdivision 7. The contracts shall require health maintenance organizations to provide information to the commissioner concerning the number of people receiving services, the number of encounters, the type of services received, evidence of an operational quality assurance program pursuant to section 62D.04 and information about utilization.~~

In counties where prepaid health plans are under contract to the commissioner to provide services to medical assistance recipients, the cost of court ordered treatment ordered without consulting the prepaid health plan that does not include diagnostic evaluation, recommendation, or referral for treatment by the prepaid health plan is the responsibility of the county of financial responsibility.

Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.35, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, welfare allowances for clothing and personal needs for individuals receiving medical assistance while residing in any skilled nursing home or intermediate care facility, or medical institution including recipients of supplemental security income, in this state shall not be less than \$40 per month from all sources.

Provided that this personal needs allowance may be paid as part of the Minnesota supplemental aid program, notwithstanding the provisions of section 256D.37, subdivision 2, and payments to the recipients from Minnesota supplemental aid funds may be made once each three months beginning in October, 1977 covering liabilities that accrued during the preceding three months.

Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.35, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Neither the skilled nursing home, the intermediate care facility, the medical institution, nor the department of human services shall withhold or deduct any amount of this allowance for any purpose contrary to this section.

Sec. 88. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.421, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [SCOPE.] For the purposes of this section and sections 256B.41, 256B.411, 256B.431, 256B.433, 256B.47, 256B.48, 256B.50, and 256B.502, the following terms and phrases shall have the meaning given to them.

Sec. 89. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.431, subdivision 2b, is amended to read:

Subd. 2b. [OPERATING COSTS, AFTER JULY 1, 1985.] (a) For rate years beginning on or after July 1, 1985, the commissioner shall establish procedures for determining per diem reimbursement for operating costs.

(b) The commissioner shall contract with an econometric firm with recognized expertise in and access to national economic change indices that can be applied to the appropriate cost categories when determining the operating cost payment rate.

(c) The commissioner shall analyze and evaluate each nursing home's cost report of allowable operating costs incurred by the nursing home during the reporting year immediately preceding the rate year for which the payment rate becomes effective.

(d) The commissioner shall establish limits on actual allowable historical operating cost per diems based on cost reports of allowable operating costs for the reporting year that begins October 1, 1983, taking into consideration relevant factors including resident needs, geographic location, size of the nursing home, and the costs that must be incurred for the care of residents in an efficiently and economically operated nursing home. In developing the geographic groups for purposes of reimbursement under this section, the commissioner shall ensure that nursing homes in any county contiguous to the Minneapolis-St. Paul seven-county metropolitan area are included in the same geographic group. The limits established by the commissioner shall not be less, in the aggregate, than the 60th percentile of total actual allowable historical operating cost per diems for each group of nursing homes established under subdivision 1 based on cost reports of allowable operating costs in the previous reporting year. For rate years beginning on or after July 1, 1987, or until the new base period is established, facilities located in

geographic group I as described in Minnesota Rules, part 9549.0052 (Emergency), on January 1, 1987, may choose to have the commissioner apply either the care related limits or the other operating cost limits calculated for facilities located in geographic group II, or both, if either of the limits calculated for the group II facilities is higher. The efficiency incentive for geographic group I nursing homes must be calculated based on geographic group I limits. The phase-in must be established utilizing the chosen limits. For purposes of these exceptions to the geographic grouping requirements, the definitions in Minnesota Rules, parts 9549.0050 to 9549.0059 (Emergency), and 9549.0010 to 9549.0080, apply. The limits established under this paragraph remain in effect until the commissioner establishes a new base period. Until the new base period is established, the commissioner shall adjust the limits annually using the appropriate economic change indices established in paragraph (e). In determining allowable historical operating cost per diems for purposes of setting limits and nursing home payment rates, the commissioner shall divide the allowable historical operating costs by the actual number of resident days, except that where a nursing home is occupied at less than 90 percent of licensed capacity days, the commissioner may establish procedures to adjust the computation of the per diem to an imputed occupancy level at or below 90 percent. The commissioner shall establish efficiency incentives as appropriate. The commissioner may establish efficiency incentives for different operating cost categories. The commissioner shall consider establishing efficiency incentives in care related cost categories. The commissioner may combine one or more operating cost categories and may use different methods for calculating payment rates for each operating cost category or combination of operating cost categories. For the rate year beginning on July 1, 1985, the commissioner shall:

(1) allow nursing homes that have an average length of stay of 180 days or less in their skilled nursing level of care, 125 percent of the care related limit and 105 percent of the other operating cost limit established by rule; and

(2) exempt nursing homes licensed on July 1, 1983, by the commissioner to provide residential services for the physically handicapped under Minnesota Rules, parts 9570.2000 to 9570.3600, from the care related limits and allow 105 percent of the other operating cost limit established by rule.

For the purpose of calculating the other operating cost efficiency incentive for nursing homes referred to in clause (1) or (2), the commissioner shall use the other operating cost limit established by rule before application of the 105 percent.

(e) The commissioner shall establish a composite index or indices by determining the appropriate economic change indicators to be applied to specific operating cost categories or combination of operating cost categories.

(f) Each nursing home shall receive an operating cost payment rate equal to the sum of the nursing home's operating cost payment rates for each operating cost category. The operating cost payment rate for an operating cost category shall be the lesser of the nursing home's historical operating cost in the category increased by the appropriate index established in paragraph (e) for the operating cost category plus an efficiency incentive established pursuant to paragraph (d) or the limit for the operating cost category increased by the same index. If a nursing home's actual historic operating costs are greater than the prospective payment rate for that rate year, there shall be no retroactive cost settle-up. In establishing payment rates for one or more operating cost categories, the commissioner may establish separate rates for different classes of residents based on their relative care needs.

(g) The commissioner shall include the reported actual real estate tax liability of each proprietary nursing home as an operating cost of that nursing home. The commissioner shall include a reported actual special assessment, and reported actual license fees required by the Minnesota department of health, for each nursing home as an operating cost of that nursing home. Total real estate tax liability, actual special assessments paid, and license fees paid as required by the Minnesota department of health, for each nursing home (1) shall be divided by actual resident days in order to compute the operating cost payment rate for this operating cost category, (2) shall not be used to compute the 60th percentile or other operating cost limits established by the commissioner, and (3) shall not be increased by the composite index or indices established pursuant to paragraph (e).

Sec. 90. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.433, is amended to read:

256B.433 [ANCILLARY SERVICES.]

Subdivision 1. [SETTING PAYMENT; MONITORING USE OF THERAPY SERVICES.] The commissioner shall promulgate rules pursuant to the administrative procedure act to set the amount and method of payment for ancillary materials and services provided to recipients residing in long-term care facilities nursing homes. Payment for materials and services may be made to either the nursing home in the operating cost per diem, to the vendor of ancillary services pursuant to Minnesota Rules, parts 9500.0750 to 9500.1080 or to a nursing home pursuant to Minnesota Rules, parts 9500.0750 to 9500.1080. Payment for the same or similar service to a recipient shall not be made to both the nursing home and the vendor. The commissioner shall ensure the avoidance of double payments through audits and adjustments to the nursing home's annual cost report as required by section 256B.47, and that charges and arrangements for ancillary materials and services are cost effective and as would be incurred by a prudent and cost conscious buyer. Therapy

services provided to a recipient must be medically necessary and appropriate to the medical condition of the recipient. If the vendor, nursing home, or ordering physician cannot provide adequate medical necessity justification, as determined by the commissioner, in consultation with an advisory committee that meets the requirements of section 256B.064, subdivision 1a, the commissioner may recover or disallow the payment for the services and may require prior authorization for therapy services as a condition of payment or may impose administrative sanctions to limit the vendor, nursing home, or ordering physician's participation in the medical assistance program.

Subd. 2. [CERTIFICATION THAT TREATMENT IS APPROPRIATE.] The physical therapist, occupational therapist, speech therapist, or audiologist who provides or supervises the provision of therapy services, other than an initial evaluation, to a medical assistance recipient must certify in writing that the therapy's nature, scope, duration, and intensity are appropriate to the medical condition of the recipient every 30 days. The therapist's statement of certification must be maintained in the recipient's medical record together with the specific orders by the physician and the treatment plan. If the recipient's medical record does not include these documents, the commissioner may recover or disallow the payment for such services. If the therapist determines that the therapy's nature, scope, duration, or intensity is not appropriate to the medical condition of the recipient, the therapist must provide a statement to that effect in writing to the nursing home for inclusion in the recipient's medical record. The commissioner shall utilize a peer review program that meets the requirements of section 256B.064, subdivision 1a, to make recommendations regarding the medical necessity of services provided.

Subd. 3. [SEPARATE BILLINGS FOR THERAPY SERVICES.] Until new procedures are developed under subdivision 4, payment for therapy services provided to nursing home residents that are billed separate from nursing home's payment rate or according to Minnesota Rules, parts 9500.0750 to 9500.1080, shall be subject to the following requirements:

(a) The practitioner invoice must include, in a format specified by the commissioner, the provider number of the nursing home where the medical assistance recipient resides regardless of the service setting.

(b) Nursing homes that are related by ownership, control, affiliation, or employment status to the vendor of therapy services shall report, in a format specified by the commissioner, the revenues received during the reporting year for therapy services provided to residents of the nursing home. For rate years beginning on or after July 1, 1988, the commissioner shall offset the revenues received during the reporting year for therapy services provided to residents

of the nursing home to the total payment rate of the nursing home by dividing the amount of offset by the nursing home's actual resident days. Except as specified in paragraphs (d) and (f), the amount of offset shall be the revenue in excess of 108 percent of the cost removed from the cost report resulting from the requirement of the commissioner to ensure the avoidance of double payments as determined by section 256B.47. In establishing a new base period for the purpose of setting operating cost payment rate limits and rates, the commissioner shall not include the revenues offset in accordance with this section.

(c) For rate years beginning on or after July 1, 1987, nursing homes shall limit charges in total to vendors of therapy services for renting space, equipment, or obtaining other services during the rate year to 108 percent of the annualized cost removed from the reporting year cost report resulting from the requirement of the commissioner to ensure the avoidance of double payments as determined by section 256B.47. If the arrangement for therapy services is changed so that a nursing home is subject to this paragraph instead of paragraph (b), the cost that is used to determine rent must be adjusted to exclude the annualized costs for therapy services that are not provided in the rate year. The maximum charges to the vendors shall be based on the commissioner's determination of annualized cost and may be subsequently adjusted upon resolution of appeals.

(d) The commissioner shall require reporting of all revenues relating to the provision of therapy services and shall establish a therapy cost, as determined by section 256B.47, to revenue ratio for the reporting year ending in 1986. For subsequent reporting years, the ratio may increase five percentage points in total until a new base year is established under paragraph (e). Increases in excess of five percentage points may be allowed if adequate justification is provided to and accepted by the commissioner. Unless an exception is allowed by the commissioner, the amount of offset in paragraph (b) is the greater of the amount determined in paragraph (b) or the amount of offset that is imputed based on one minus the lesser of (1) the actual reporting year ratio or (2) the base reporting year ratio increased by five percentage points, multiplied by the revenues.

(e) The commissioner may establish a new reporting year base for determining the cost to revenue ratio.

(f) If the arrangement for therapy services is changed so that a nursing home is subject to the provisions of paragraph (b) instead of paragraph (c), an average cost to revenue ratio based on the ratios of nursing homes that are subject to the provisions of paragraph (b) shall be imputed for paragraph (d).

(g) This section does not allow unrelated nursing homes to reorganize related organization therapy services and provide services among themselves to avoid offsetting revenues. Nursing homes

that are found to be in violation of this provision shall be subject to the penalty requirements of section 256B.48, subdivision 1, paragraph (f).

Subd. 4. [ADVISORY COMMITTEE.] The commissioner shall convene an advisory committee consisting of nursing home consumers, therapists from each discipline, and representatives of the nursing home industry. The commissioner, in consultation with the advisory committee, shall study alternative methods of payment for therapy services provided to nursing home residents and report to the legislature by February 1, 1989.

Sec. 91. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.47, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [NONALLOWABLE COSTS.] The following costs shall not be recognized as allowable: (1) political contributions; (2) salaries or expenses of a lobbyist, as defined in section 10A.01, subdivision 11, for lobbying activities; (3) advertising designed to encourage potential residents to select a particular nursing home; (4) assessments levied by the commissioner of health for uncorrected violations; (5) legal and related expenses for unsuccessful challenges to decisions by governmental agencies; (6) memberships in sports, health or similar social clubs or organizations; and (7) costs incurred for activities directly related to influencing employees with respect to unionization; and (8) direct and indirect costs of providing services which are billed separately from the nursing home's payment rate or pursuant to Minnesota Rules, parts 9500.0750 to 9500.1080. The commissioner shall by rule exclude the costs of any other items not directly related to the provision of resident care.

Sec. 92. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.47, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3. [ALLOCATION OF COSTS.] To ensure the avoidance of double payments as required by section 256B.433, the direct and indirect reporting year costs of providing residents of nursing homes that are not hospital attached with therapy services that are billed separately from the nursing home payment rate or according to Minnesota Rules, parts 9500.0750 to 9500.1080, must be determined and deducted from the appropriate cost categories of the annual cost report as follows:

(a) The costs of wages and salaries for employees providing or participating in providing and consultants providing services shall be allocated to the therapy service based on direct identification.

(b) The costs of fringe benefits and payroll taxes relating to the costs in paragraph (a) must be allocated to the therapy service based on direct identification or the ratio of total costs in paragraph (a) to the sum of total allowable salaries and the costs in paragraph (a).

(c) The costs of housekeeping, plant operations and maintenance, real estate taxes, special assessments, property and insurance, other than the amounts classified as a fringe benefit, must be allocated to the therapy service based on the ratio of service area square footage to total facility square footage.

(d) The costs of bookkeeping and medical records must be allocated to the therapy service either by the method in paragraph (e) or based on direct identification. Direct identification may be used if adequate documentation is provided to, and accepted by, the commissioner.

(e) The costs of administrators, bookkeeping, and medical records salaries, except as provided in paragraph (d), must be allocated to the therapy service based on the ratio of the total costs in paragraphs (a) to (d) to the sum of total allowable nursing home costs and the costs in paragraphs (a) to (d).

Sec. 93. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.47, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. [ALLOCATION OF COSTS; HOSPITAL-ATTACHED FACILITIES.] To ensure the avoidance of double payments as required by section 256B.433, the direct and indirect reporting year costs of providing therapy services to residents of a hospital-attached nursing home, when the services are billed separately from the nursing home's payment rate or according to Minnesota Rules, parts 9500.0750 to 9500.1080, must be determined and deducted from the appropriate cost categories of the annual cost report based on the Medicare step-down as prepared in accordance with instructions provided by the commissioner.

Sec. 94. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.48, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [PROHIBITED PRACTICES.] A nursing home is not eligible to receive medical assistance payments unless it refrains from all of the following:

(a) Charging private paying residents rates for similar services which exceed those which are approved by the state agency for medical assistance recipients as determined by the prospective desk audit rate, except under the following circumstances: the nursing home may (1) charge private paying residents a higher rate for a private room, and (2) charge for special services which are not included in the daily rate if medical assistance residents are charged separately at the same rate for the same services in addition to the daily rate paid by the commissioner. Services covered by the payment rate must be the same regardless of payment source. Special services, if offered, must be offered to all residents and charged separately at the same rate. Residents are free to select or decline



special services. Special services must not include services which must be provided by the nursing home in order to comply with licensure or certification standards and that if not provided would result in a deficiency or violation by the nursing home. Services beyond those required to comply with licensure or certification standards must not be charged separately as a special service if they were included in the payment rate for the previous reporting year. A nursing home that charges a private paying resident a rate in violation of this clause is subject to an action by the state of Minnesota or any of its subdivisions or agencies for civil damages. A private paying resident or the resident's legal representative has a cause of action for civil damages against a nursing home that charges the resident rates in violation of this clause. The damages awarded shall include three times the payments that result from the violation, together with costs and disbursements, including reasonable attorneys' fees or their equivalent. A private paying resident or the resident's legal representative, the state, subdivision or agency, or a nursing home may request a hearing to determine the allowed rate or rates at issue in the cause of action. Within 15 calendar days after receiving a request for such a hearing, the commissioner shall request assignment of an administrative law judge under sections 14.48 to 14.56 to conduct the hearing as soon as possible or according to agreement by the parties. The administrative law judge shall issue a report within 15 calendar days following the close of the hearing. The prohibition set forth in this clause shall not apply to facilities licensed as boarding care facilities which are not certified as skilled or intermediate care facilities level I or II for reimbursement through medical assistance;

(b) Requiring an applicant for admission to the home, or the guardian or conservator of the applicant, as a condition of admission, to pay any fee or deposit in excess of \$100, loan any money to the nursing home, or promise to leave all or part of the applicant's estate to the home;

(c) Requiring any resident of the nursing home to utilize a vendor of health care services who is a licensed physician or pharmacist chosen by the nursing home;

(d) Providing differential treatment on the basis of status with regard to public assistance;

(e) Discriminating in admissions, services offered, or room assignment on the basis of status with regard to public assistance. Admissions discrimination shall include, but is not limited to:

(1) basing admissions decisions upon assurance by the applicant to the nursing home, or the applicant's guardian or conservator, that the applicant is neither eligible for nor will seek public assistance for payment of nursing home care costs; and

(2) engaging in preferential selection from waiting lists based on an applicant's ability to pay privately.

The collection and use by a nursing home of financial information of any applicant pursuant to the preadmission screening program established by section 256B.091 shall not raise an inference that the nursing home is utilizing that information for any purpose prohibited by this paragraph;

(f) Requiring any vendor of medical care as defined by section 256B.02, subdivision 7, who is reimbursed by medical assistance under a separate fee schedule, to pay any amount based on utilization or service levels or any portion of the vendor's fee to the nursing home except as payment for renting or leasing space or equipment of the nursing home or purchasing support services; if those from the nursing home as limited by section 256B.433. All agreements are must be disclosed to the commissioner; and upon request of the commissioner. Nursing homes and vendors of ancillary services that are found to be in violation of this provision shall each be subject to an action by the state of Minnesota or any of its subdivisions or agencies for treble civil damages on the portion of the fee in excess of that allowed by this provision and section 256B.433. Damages awarded must include three times the excess payments together with costs and disbursements including reasonable attorney's fees or their equivalent.

(g) Refusing, for more than 24 hours, to accept a resident returning to the same bed or a bed certified for the same level of care, in accordance with a physician's order authorizing transfer, after receiving inpatient hospital services.

The prohibitions set forth in clause (b) shall not apply to a retirement home with more than 325 beds including at least 150 licensed nursing home beds and which:

(1) is owned and operated by an organization tax-exempt under section 290.05, subdivision 1, clause (i); and

(2) accounts for all of the applicant's assets which are required to be assigned to the home so that only expenses for the cost of care of the applicant may be charged against the account; and

(3) agrees in writing at the time of admission to the home to permit the applicant, or the applicant's guardian, or conservator, to examine the records relating to the applicant's account upon request, and to receive an audited statement of the expenditures charged against the applicant's individual account upon request; and

(4) agrees in writing at the time of admission to the home to permit the applicant to withdraw from the home at any time and to

receive, upon withdrawal, the balance of the applicant's individual account.

For a period not to exceed 180 days, the commissioner may continue to make medical assistance payments to a nursing home or boarding care home which is in violation of this section if extreme hardship to the residents would result. In these cases the commissioner shall issue an order requiring the nursing home to correct the violation. The nursing home shall have 20 days from its receipt of the order to correct the violation. If the violation is not corrected within the 20-day period the commissioner may reduce the payment rate to the nursing home by up to 20 percent. The amount of the payment rate reduction shall be related to the severity of the violation, and shall remain in effect until the violation is corrected. The nursing home or boarding care home may appeal the commissioner's action pursuant to the provisions of chapter 14 pertaining to contested cases. An appeal shall be considered timely if written notice of appeal is received by the commissioner within 20 days of notice of the commissioner's proposed action.

In the event that the commissioner determines that a nursing home is not eligible for reimbursement for a resident who is eligible for medical assistance, the commissioner may authorize the nursing home to receive reimbursement on a temporary basis until the resident can be relocated to a participating nursing home.

Certified beds in facilities which do not allow medical assistance intake on July 1, 1984, or after shall be deemed to be decertified for purposes of section 144A.071 only.

Sec. 95. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.69, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [SERVICE DELIVERY.] (a) Each demonstration provider shall be responsible for the health care coordination for eligible individuals. Demonstration providers:

(a) (1) shall authorize and arrange for the provision of all needed health services including but not limited to the full range of services listed in section 256B.02, subdivision 8, in order to ensure appropriate health care is delivered to enrollees;

(b) (2) shall accept the prospective, per capita payment from the commissioner in return for the provision of comprehensive and coordinated health care services for eligible individuals enrolled in the program;

(c) (3) may contract with other health care and social service practitioners to provide services to enrollees; and

(d) (4) shall institute recipient grievance procedures according to the method established by the project, utilizing applicable requirements of chapter 62D. Disputes not resolved through this process shall be appealable to the commissioner as provided in subdivision 11.

(b) Demonstration providers must comply with the standards for claims settlement under section 72A.20, subdivision 12a, paragraphs (d), (e), (g), and (h), when contracting with other health care and social service practitioners to provide services to enrollees. A demonstration provider must pay a clean claim, as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 447.45(d), within 30 business days of the date of acceptance of the claim.

Sec. 96. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.69, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. [APPEALS.] A recipient may appeal to the commissioner a demonstration provider's delay or refusal to provide services. The commissioner shall appoint a panel of health practitioners, including social service practitioners, as necessary to determine the necessity of services provided or refused to a recipient. The deliberations and decisions of the panel replace the administrative review process otherwise available under this chapter 256. The panel shall follow the time requirements and other provisions of the Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, sections 431.200 to 431.246. The time requirements shall be expedited based on request by the individual who is appealing for emergency services. If a service is determined to be necessary and is included among the benefits for which a recipient is enrolled, the service must be provided by the demonstration provider as specified in subdivision 5. The panel's decision is a final agency action that may be appealed under the contested case provisions of chapter 14.

Sec. 97. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.69, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 12. [JUDICIAL REVIEW.] A party aggrieved by an order of the panel may appeal the order to the district court of the county responsible for furnishing assistance by serving a written copy of a notice of appeal upon the commissioner and any adverse party of record within 30 days after the date the panel issued the order and by filing the original notice and proof of service with the court administrator of the district court. Service may be made personally or by mail. Service by mail is complete upon mailing. No filing fee shall be required by the court administrator in appeals taken under this subdivision. The commissioner may elect to become a party to the proceedings in the district court. Any party may demand that the commissioner furnish all parties to the proceedings with a copy of the decision, and a transcript of any testimony, evidence, or other supporting papers from the hearing held before the panel, by serving

a written demand on the commissioner within 30 days after service of the notice of appeal.

Sec. 98. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.69, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 13. [HEARING.] A party may obtain a hearing at a special term of the district court by serving a written notice of the time and place of the hearing at least ten days before the date of the hearing. The court may consider the matter in or out of chambers and shall take no new or additional evidence unless it determines that the evidence is necessary for a more equitable disposition of the appeal.

Sec. 99. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.69, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 14. [APPEAL.] A party aggrieved by the order of the district court may appeal the order as in other civil cases. No costs or disbursements shall be taxed against a party nor shall any filing fee or bond be required of a party.

Sec. 100. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.69, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 15. [PAYMENTS PENDING APPEAL.] If the panel or district court orders services paid or provided in any proceeding under this section, it must be paid or provided pending appeal to the district court, court of appeals, or supreme court.

Sec. 101. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.69, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 16. [PROJECT EXTENSION.] Minnesota Rules, parts 9550.1450; 9500.1451; 9500.1452; 9500.1453; 9500.1454; 9500.1455; 9500.1456; 9500.1457; 9500.1458; 9500.1459; 9500.1460; 9500.1461; 9500.1462; 9500.1463; and 9500.1464 are extended until December 31, 1990.

Sec. 102. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256C.26, is amended to read:

#### 256C.26 [EMPLOYMENT SERVICES.]

The commissioner of jobs and training shall include in the biennial plan submitted to the full productivity and opportunity coordinator a method develop a plan to deal with the underemployment of hearing impaired persons. The plan shall provide for training regarding the nature of hearing handicaps for department staff who consult with prospective employers or who provide job placement services.

Sec. 103. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256D.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [GENERAL ASSISTANCE MEDICAL CARE; ELIGIBILITY.] Persons eligible for benefits under sections 256D.01 to 256D.21 and persons not eligible for federal health care benefits whose nonexempt property, as determined according to medical assistance standards, has an equity value no greater than \$1,000 and whose income is not in excess of the medical assistance standards shall be eligible for general assistance medical care. Persons with excess income and resources may qualify for benefits under this subdivision by spending down. Treatment of income and resources in calculation of the spenddown shall be the same as in the medical assistance program pursuant to chapter 256B. General assistance medical care may be paid for any person:

(1) who is eligible for assistance under section 256D.05 or 256D.051 and is not eligible for medical assistance under chapter 256B; or

(2) who is a resident of Minnesota; whose income as calculated under chapter 256B is not in excess of the medical assistance standards or whose excess income is spent down pursuant to chapter 256B; and whose equity in resources is not in excess of \$1,000 per assistance unit. Exempt real and liquid assets, the reduction of excess assets, and the waiver of excess assets must conform to the medical assistance program in chapter 256B.

Eligibility is available for the month of application and for three months prior to application if the person was eligible in those prior months. A redetermination of eligibility must occur every 12 months.

Sec. 104. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256D.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3a. [CLAIMS; ASSIGNMENT OF BENEFITS.] Claims must be filed pursuant to section 256D.16. General assistance medical care applicants and recipients must apply or agree to apply third party health and accident benefits to the costs of medical care. They must cooperate with the state in establishing paternity and obtaining third party payments. By signing an application for general assistance, a person assigns to the department of human services all rights to medical support or payments for medical expenses from another person or entity on their own or their dependent's behalf and agrees to cooperate with the state in establishing paternity and obtaining third party payments. The application shall contain a statement explaining the assignment. Any rights or amounts assigned shall be applied against the cost of medical care paid for under this chapter. An assignment is effective on the date general assistance medical care eligibility takes effect.

The assignment shall not affect benefits paid or provided under automobile accident coverage and private health care coverage until the person or organization providing the benefits has received notice of the assignment.

Sec. 105. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256D.03, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [GENERAL ASSISTANCE MEDICAL CARE; SERVICES.] (a) Reimbursement under the general assistance medical care program shall be limited to the following categories of service: inpatient hospital care, outpatient hospital care, services provided by medicare certified rehabilitation agencies, prescription drugs, equipment necessary to administer insulin and diagnostic supplies and equipment for diabetics to monitor blood sugar level, eyeglasses and eye examinations provided by a physician or optometrist, hearing aids, prosthetic devices, laboratory and X-ray services, physician's services, medical transportation, chiropractic services as covered under the medical assistance program, podiatric services, and dental care. In addition, payments of state aid shall be made for day treatment services provided by a mental health center established under sections 245.61 to 245.69, subdivision 1, and funded through chapter 256E and for:

(1) outpatient services provided by a mental health center or clinic that is under contract with the county board and is certified under Minnesota Rules, parts 9520.0750 to 9520.0870;

(2) day treatment services provided under contract with the county board; and

(3) prescribed medications for persons who have been diagnosed as mentally ill as necessary to prevent more restrictive institutionalization.

(b) In order to contain costs, the commissioner of human services shall select vendors of medical care who can provide the most economical care consistent with high medical standards and shall where possible contract with organizations on a prepaid capitation basis to provide these services. The commissioner shall consider proposals by counties and vendors for prepaid health plans, competitive bidding programs, block grants, or other vendor payment mechanisms designed to provide services in an economical manner or to control utilization, with safeguards to ensure that necessary services are provided. Before implementing prepaid programs in counties with a county operated or affiliated public teaching hospital or a hospital or clinic operated by the University of Minnesota, the commissioner shall consider the risks the prepaid program creates for the hospital and allow the county or hospital the opportunity to participate in the program in a manner that reflects the risk of adverse selection and the nature of the patients served by

the hospital, provided the terms of participation in the program are competitive with the terms of other participants considering the nature of the population served. Payment for services provided pursuant to this subdivision shall be as provided to medical assistance vendors of these services under section 256B.02, subdivision 8. The rates payable under this section must be calculated according to section ~~256.966, subdivision 2~~ 256B.031, subdivision 4.

(c) The commissioner of human services may reduce payments provided under sections 256D.01 to 256D.21 and 261.23 in order to remain within the amount appropriated for general assistance medical care, within the following restrictions.

For the period July 1, 1985, to December 31, 1985, reductions below the cost per service unit allowable under section 256.966, are permitted only as follows: payments for inpatient and outpatient hospital care provided in response to a primary diagnosis of chemical dependency or mental illness may be reduced no more than 30 percent; payments for all other inpatient hospital care may be reduced no more than 20 percent. Reductions below the payments allowable under general assistance medical care for the remaining general assistance medical care services allowable under this subdivision may be reduced no more than ten percent.

For the period January 1, 1986 to December 31, 1986, reductions below the cost per service unit allowable under section 256.966 are permitted only as follows: payments for inpatient and outpatient hospital care provided in response to a primary diagnosis of chemical dependency or mental illness may be reduced no more than 20 percent; payments for all other inpatient hospital care may be reduced no more than 15 percent. Reductions below the payments allowable under general assistance medical care for the remaining general assistance medical care services allowable under this subdivision may be reduced no more than five percent.

For the period January 1, 1987 to June 30, 1987; reductions below the cost per service unit allowable under section 256.966 are permitted only as follows: payments for inpatient and outpatient hospital care provided in response to a primary diagnosis of chemical dependency or mental illness may be reduced no more than 15 percent; payments for all other inpatient hospital care may be reduced no more than ten percent. Reductions below the payments allowable under medical assistance for the remaining general assistance medical care services allowable under this subdivision may be reduced no more than five percent.

For the period July 1, 1987, to June 30, 1988, reductions below the cost per service unit allowable under section 256.966 are permitted only as follows: payments for inpatient and outpatient hospital care provided in response to a primary diagnosis of chemical dependency or mental illness may be reduced no more than 15 percent; payments



for all other inpatient hospital care may be reduced no more than five percent. Reductions below the payments allowable under medical assistance for the remaining general assistance medical care services allowable under this subdivision may be reduced no more than five percent.

For the period July 1, 1988, to June 30, 1989, reductions below the cost per service unit allowable under section 256.966 are permitted only as follows: payments for inpatient and outpatient hospital care provided in response to a primary diagnosis of chemical dependency or mental illness may be reduced no more than 15 percent; payments for all other inpatient hospital care may not be reduced. Reductions below the payments allowable under medical assistance for the remaining general assistance medical care services allowable under this subdivision may be reduced no more than five percent.

There shall be no copayment required of any recipient of benefits for any services provided under this subdivision. A hospital receiving a reduced payment as a result of this section may apply the unpaid balance toward satisfaction of the hospital's bad debts.

(d) Any county may, from its own resources, provide medical 5 payments for which state payments are not made.

(e) Chemical dependency services that are reimbursed under Laws 1986, chapter 394, sections 8 to 20, must not be reimbursed under general assistance medical care.

(f) The maximum payment for new vendors enrolled in the general assistance medical care program after the base year shall be determined from the average usual and customary charge of the same vendor type enrolled in the base year.

Sec. 106. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256D.05, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. [TRANSFERS OF PROPERTY.] The equity value of real and personal property transferred without reasonable compensation within 12 months preceding the date of application for general assistance must be included in determining the resources of an assistance unit in the same manner as in the aid to families with dependent children program under chapter 256.

Sec. 107. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256D.22, is amended to read:

256D.22 [REIMBURSEMENT OF COUNTIES BY STATE RELATING TO PUBLIC ASSISTANCE.]

To the extent of appropriations available therefor, the department of human services shall reimburse counties Subdivision 1. [DISTRIBUTION FORMULA.] Beginning July 1, 1988, and to the extent of appropriations available, the commissioner of human services shall reimburse counties' administrative costs in the following manner:

(a) 50 percent of the available appropriation shall be distributed to counties as reimbursement for up to 50 percent of all salary expenses, approved by the commissioner, incurred and paid by the counties, for which no payment or reimbursement is made by the United States or any subdivision thereof, in administering, and salary administrative costs in providing services in connection with, all public assistance programs.

(b) 25 percent of the available appropriation shall be distributed to counties based on each county's proportionate share of the state's aid to families with dependent children and medical assistance caseloads; provided, however, that each county's share shall be reduced by a direct percentage equal to the sum of that county's percentage of overdue aid to families with dependent children eligibility reviews added to that county's percentage of overdue quarterly asset reviews for medical assistance eligibility, as calculated for the quarter immediately preceding each quarter in which this payment is made. Any money accruing as a result of these reductions shall be rolled over and distributed as provided for in this paragraph during the next quarterly payment.

(c) 25 percent of the available appropriation shall be distributed to counties based on each county's proportionate share of the state's total number of children served under the community social services act as calculated for the quarter immediately preceding each quarter in which this payment is made; provided, however, that a county's share shall be reduced by a direct percentage equal to the county's percentage increase in child out-of-home placement days above the number of child out-of-home placement days for the quarter immediately preceding the quarter in which this payment is calculated. Any money accruing as a result of reductions in county shares shall be rolled over and distributed as provided in this paragraph during the next quarterly payment.

Subd. 2. [EXCEPTIONS.] No aid under this section shall be paid for salary costs of (a) single-county welfare directors; or (b) fiscal support personnel to the extent involved in the processing of public assistance claims and payments, or their supporting clerical staff; or (c) persons who are not regularly assigned employees of local agencies.

Subd. 3. [CLAIMS.] Claims for reimbursement for expenditures made by the county shall be presented to the department by the respective counties at least four times per year in such manner as the commissioner shall prescribe.

Subd. 4. [DEFINITIONS.] For the purposes of this section, (a) the term "salary" shall include regular compensation not in excess of that paid similarly situated state employees, the employer's cost of health benefits and contributions to the appropriate retirement system, but shall not include travel or other reimbursable expenses. The commissioner shall, pursuant to the administrative procedure act, prior to making any payments, promulgate rules to implement this section; (b) the term "child out-of-home placement days" includes those days when a child is a resident in a regular treatment center, residential treatment facility, juvenile group home, foster home, or temporary emergency shelter home; and (c) the term "child" means a person under 21 years of age.

Sec. 108. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256D.37, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. (a) For all individuals who apply to the appropriate local agency for supplemental aid, the local agency shall determine whether the individual meets the eligibility criteria prescribed in subdivision 2. For each individual who meets the relevant eligibility criteria prescribed in subdivision 2, the local agency shall certify to the commissioner the amount of supplemental aid to which the individual is entitled in accordance with all of the standards in effect December 31, 1973, for the appropriate categorical aid program.

(b) When a recipient is an adult with mental illness in a facility licensed under Minnesota Rules, parts 9520.0500 to 9520.0690, a resident of a state hospital or a dwelling with a negotiated rate, the recipient is not eligible for a shelter standard, a basic needs standard, or for special needs payments. The state standard of assistance for those recipients is the clothing and personal needs allowance for medical assistance recipients under section 256B.35. Minnesota supplemental aid may be paid to negotiated rate facilities at the rates in effect on March 1, 1985, for services provided under the supplemental aid program to residents of the facility, up to the maximum negotiated rate specified in this section. The rate for room and board for a licensed facility must not exceed \$800. The maximum negotiated rate does not apply to a facility that, on August 1, 1984, was licensed by the commissioner of health only as a boarding care home, certified by the commissioner of health as an intermediate care facility, and Minnesota supplemental aid may not be used to pay a negotiated rate for adults with mental illness in a facility licensed by the commissioner of human services under Minnesota Rules, parts 9520.0500 to 9520.0690 or a facility that, on August 1, 1984, was licensed by the commissioner of human services under Minnesota Rules, parts 9525.0520 to 9525.0660, but funded as a supplemental aid negotiated rate facility under this chapter. The following facilities are exempt from the limit on negotiated rates and must be reimbursed for documented actual costs, until June 30, 1987 an alternative reimbursement system covering services exclud-

ing room and board maintenance services is developed by the commissioner:

(1) a facility that only provides services to persons with mental retardation; and

(2) a facility not certified to participate in the medical assistance program that is licensed as a boarding care facility as of March 1, 1985, and only provides care to persons aged 65 or older does not receive supplemental program funding under Minnesota Rules, parts 9535.2000 to 9535.3000 or parts 9553.0010 to 9553.0080. Beginning July 1, 1987, these the facilities under clause (1) are subject to applicable supplemental aid limits, and mental retardation facilities must meet all applicable licensing and reimbursement requirements for programs for persons with mental retardation. The negotiated rates may be paid for persons who are placed by the local agency or who elect to reside in a room and board facility or a licensed facility for the purpose of receiving physical, mental health, or rehabilitative care, provided the local agency agrees that this care is needed by the person. When Minnesota supplemental aid is used to pay a negotiated rate, the rate payable to the facility must not exceed the rate paid by an individual not receiving Minnesota supplemental aid. To receive payment for a negotiated rate, the dwelling must comply with applicable laws and rules establishing standards necessary for health, safety, and licensure. The negotiated rate must be adjusted by the annual percentage change in the urban consumer price index (CPI-U) for Minneapolis-St. Paul (CPI-U U.S. city average), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics between the previous two Octobers Septembers, new series index (1967-100) or 2.5 percent, whichever is less. In computing the amount of supplemental aid under this section, the local agency shall deduct from the gross amount of the individual's determined needs all income, subject to the criteria for income disregards in effect December 31, 1973, for the appropriate categorical aid program, except that the earned income disregard for disabled persons who are not residents of long-term care facilities shall must be the same as the earned income disregard available to disabled persons in the supplemental security income program and all actual work expenses shall must be deducted when determining the amount of income for the individual. From and after the first of the month in which an effective application is filed, the state and the county shall share responsibility for the payment of the supplemental aid to which the individual is entitled under this section as provided in section 256D.36.

Sec. 109. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256E.12, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. The commissioner shall allocate grants under this section to finance up to 90 percent of each county's costs for services for chronically mentally ill persons. The commissioner shall promul-

gate emergency and permanent rules to govern grant applications, approval of applications, allocation of grants, and maintenance of financial statements by grant recipients. The commissioner shall require collection of data and periodic reports as the commissioner deems necessary to demonstrate the effectiveness of the services in helping chronically mentally ill persons remain and function in their own communities. ~~The commissioner shall report to the legislature no later than January 15, 1983 on the effectiveness of the experimental program and shall make recommendations regarding making this program an integral part of the social development programs administered by counties. The experimental program shall expire no later than June 30, 1987 1989.~~

Sec. 110. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 257.35, is amended to read:

257.35 [CITATION.]

Sections 257.35 to 257.357 and sections 257.3571 to 257.3579 may be cited as the "Minnesota Indian family preservation act."

Sec. 111. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 257.351, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3a. [COMMISSIONER.] "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services.

Sec. 112. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 257.351, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4a. [FAMILY-BASED SERVICES.] "Family-based services" means intensive family-centered services to families primarily in their own home and for a limited time.

Sec. 113. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 257.351, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 8a. [INDIAN ORGANIZATION.] "Indian organization" means an organization providing child welfare services that is legally incorporated as a nonprofit organization, is registered with the secretary of state, and is governed by a board of directors having at least a majority of Indian directors.

Sec. 114. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 257.351, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 11a. [PERMANENCY PLANNING.] "Permanency planning" means the systematic process of carrying out, within a short time, a set of goal-oriented activities designed to help children live in families that offer continuity of relationships with nurturing

parents or caretakers, and the opportunity to establish lifetime relationships.

Sec. 115. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 257.351, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 11b. [PLACEMENT PREVENTION AND FAMILY REUNIFICATION SERVICES.] "Placement prevention and family reunification services" means services designed to help children remain with their families or to reunite children with their parents.

Sec. 116. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 257.351, subdivision 15, is amended to read:

Subd. 15. [TRIBAL COURT.] "Tribal court" means a court with federally recognized jurisdiction over child custody proceedings which is either a court of Indian offenses, or a court established and operated under the code or custom of an Indian tribe, or the administrative body of a tribe which is vested with authority over child custody proceedings. Except as provided in section 257.354, subdivision 5, nothing in this chapter shall be construed as conferring jurisdiction on an Indian tribe.

Sec. 117. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 257.354, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [EFFECT OF TRIBAL COURT PLACEMENT ORDERS.] To the extent that any child subject to sections 257.35 to 257.357 is otherwise eligible for social services, orders of a tribal court concerning placement of such child shall have the same force and effect as orders of a court of this state. In any case where the tribal court orders placement through a local social service agency, the court shall provide to the local agency notice and an opportunity to be heard regarding the placement. Determination of county of financial responsibility for the placement shall be determined by the local social service agency and shall be subject to review by the commissioner in accordance with sections 14.01 to 14.69 section 256E.08. Disputes concerning the county of financial responsibility shall be settled in the manner prescribed in section 256D.18, subdivision 4.

Sec. 118. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 257.354, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. The commissioner is hereby authorized to enter into agreements with Indian tribes pursuant to United States Code, title 25, section 1919, respecting care and custody of Indian children and jurisdiction over child custody proceedings, including agreements which may provide for orderly transfer of jurisdiction on a case-by-case basis and agreements which provide for concurrent jurisdiction between the state and an Indian tribe.

## Sec. 119. [257.3571] [INDIAN CHILD WELFARE GRANTS.]

Subdivision 1. [PRIMARY SUPPORT GRANTS.] The commissioner shall establish direct grants to Indian tribes and Indian organizations to provide primary support for Indian child welfare programs to implement the Indian family preservation act.

Subd. 2. [SPECIAL FOCUS GRANTS.] The commissioner shall establish direct grants to local social service agencies, tribes, Indian organizations, and other organizations for placement prevention and family reunification services for Indian children.

Subd. 3. [REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS.] The commissioner shall request proposals for primary support for Indian child welfare programs and special focus programs under subdivisions 1 and 2, and specify the information and criteria required.

## Sec. 120. [257.3572] [GRANT APPLICATIONS.]

A tribe or Indian organization may apply for primary support grants under section 108, subdivision 1. A local social service agency, tribe, Indian organization, or other social service organization may apply for special focus grants under section 257.3571, subdivision 2. Application may be made alone or in combination with other tribes or Indian organizations.

## Sec. 121. [257.3573] [ELIGIBLE SERVICES.]

Subdivision 1. [TYPES OF SERVICES.] (a) Eligible Indian child welfare services provided under primary support grants include:

- (1) placement prevention and reunification services;
- (2) family-based services;
- (3) individual and family counseling;
- (4) access to professional individual, group, and family counseling;
- (5) crisis intervention and crisis counseling;
- (6) development of foster and adoptive placement resources, including recruitment, licensing, and support;
- (7) court advocacy;
- (8) training and consultation to county and private social service agencies regarding the Indian child welfare act and the Minnesota Indian family preservation act;

(9) advocacy in working with the county and private social service agencies, and activities to help provide access to agency services, including but not limited to 24-hour caretaker and homemaker services, day care, emergency shelter care up to 30 days in 12 months, access to emergency financial assistance, and arrangements to provide temporary respite care to a family for up to 72 hours consecutively or 30 days in 12 months.

(10) transportation services to the child and parents to prevent placement or reunite the family; and

(11) other activities and services approved by the commissioner that further the goals of the Indian child welfare act and the Indian family preservation act, including but not limited to recruitment of Indian staff for local social service agencies and licensed child placing agencies. The commissioner may specify the priority of an activity and service based on its success in furthering these goals.

(b) Eligible services provided under special focus grants include;

(1) permanency planning activities that meet the special needs of Indian families;

(2) teenage pregnancy;

(3) independent living skills;

(4) family and community involvement strategies to combat child abuse and chronic neglect of children;

(5) coordinated child welfare and mental health services to Indian families;

(6) innovative approaches to assist Indian youth to establish better self-image, decrease isolation, and decrease the suicide rate;

(7) expanding or improving services by packaging and disseminating information on successful approaches or by implementing models in Indian communities relating to the development or enhancement of social structures that increase family self-reliance and links with existing community resources;

(8) family retrieval services to help adopted individuals reestablish legal affiliation with the Indian tribe; and

(9) other activities and services approved by the commissioner that further the goals of the Indian child welfare act and the Indian family preservation act. The commissioner may specify the priority of an activity and service based on its success in furthering these goals.



(c) The commissioner shall give preference to programs that use Indian staff, contract with Indian organizations or tribes, or whose application is a joint effort between the Indian and non-Indian community to achieve the goals of the Indian child welfare act and the Minnesota Indian family preservation act. Programs must have input and support from the Indian community.

Subd. 2. [INAPPROPRIATE EXPENDITURES.] Indian child welfare grant money must not be used for:

(1) child day care necessary solely because of employment or training for employment of a parent or other relative with whom the child is living;

(2) foster care maintenance or difficulty of care payments;

(3) residential facility payments;

(4) adoption assistance payments;

(5) public assistance payments for aid to families with dependent children, supplemental aid, medical assistance, general assistance, general assistance medical care, or community health services authorized by sections 145.911 to 145.922; or

(6) administrative costs for income maintenance staff.

Sec. 122. [257.3574] [CONTINUED LEGAL RESPONSIBILITY OF LOCAL SOCIAL SERVICE AGENCIES.]

The legal responsibility of local social service agencies to provide Indian child welfare services continues, and existing services must not be reduced because of the availability of these funds.

Sec. 123. [257.3575] [PAYMENTS; REQUIRED REPORTS.]

Subdivision 1. [PAYMENTS.] The commissioner shall make grant payments to each approved program in four quarterly installments a year. The commissioner may certify an advance payment for the first quarter of the state fiscal year. Later payments must be made upon receipt by the state of a quarterly report on finances and program activities.

Subd. 2. [QUARTERLY REPORT.] Each quarter, an approved program receiving an Indian child welfare grant shall submit a report to the commissioner that includes:

(1) a detailed accounting of grant money expended during the preceding quarter, specifying expenditures by line item and year to date; and

(2) a description of Indian child welfare activities conducted during the preceding quarter, including the number of clients served and the type of services provided.

The quarterly reports must be submitted no later than 15 days after the end of each quarter of the state fiscal year.

Subd. 3. [FINAL REPORT.] A final evaluation report must be submitted by each approved program. It must include client outcomes, cost and effectiveness in meeting the goals of the Indian family preservation act and permanency planning goals.

**Sec. 124. [257.3576] [MONITORING AND EVALUATION.]**

The commissioner shall design and implement methods for monitoring the delivery and evaluating the effectiveness of Indian child welfare services funded through these grants.

**Sec. 125. [257.3577] [GRANT FORMULA.]**

Subdivision 1. [PRIMARY SUPPORT GRANTS.] (a) The amount available for grants established under section 108, subdivision 1, to tribes and Indian organization grants is four-fifths of the total annual appropriation for Indian child welfare grants.

(b) The commissioner shall award tribes at least 70 percent of the amount set in paragraph (a) for primary support grants. Each tribe shall be awarded a base amount of five percent of the total amount set in this paragraph. In addition, each tribe shall be allocated a proportion of the balance of the amount set in this paragraph, less the total base amounts for all reservations. This proportion must equal the ratio of the tribe's on-reservation population to the state's total on-reservation population. Population data must be based on the most recent federal census data according to the state demographer's office.

(c) The commissioner shall award Indian organizations up to 30 percent of the amount set in paragraph (a) for primary support grants. A maximum of four multiservice Indian organizations may be awarded grants under this paragraph. "Multiservice Indian organizations" means Indian organizations recognized by the Indian community as providing a broad continuum of social, educational, or cultural services, including Indian child welfare services designed to meet the unique needs of the Indian communities in Minneapolis, St. Paul, and Duluth. Grants may be awarded to programs that submit acceptable proposals, comply with the goals and the application process of the program, and have budgets that reflect appropriate and efficient use of funds.

Subd. 2. [SPECIAL FOCUS GRANTS.] The amount available for grants established under section 257.3571, subdivision 2 for local social service agencies, tribes, Indian organizations, and other social services organizations is one-fifth of the total annual appropriation for Indian child welfare grants. The maximum award under this subdivision is \$100,000 a year for programs approved by the commissioner.

Sec. 126. [257.3578] [UNDISTRIBUTED FUNDS.]

Undistributed funds must be reallocated by the department of human services to any other grant categories established under section 257.3571, subdivision 1 or 2 for the goals of this grant process. Undistributed funds are available until expended.

Sec. 127. [257.3579] [AMERICAN INDIAN ADVISORY TASK FORCE.]

Subdivision 1. [CREATION OF TASK FORCE.] The commissioner shall appoint an American Indian advisory task force to help formulate policies and procedures relating to Indian child welfare services and to make recommendations regarding approval of grants provided under section 257.3571, subdivisions 1 and 2. The task force shall consist of 17 members appointed by the commissioner and must include representatives of each of the 11 Minnesota reservations who are authorized by tribal resolution, one representative from the Duluth Urban Indian Community, three representatives from the Minneapolis Urban Indian Community, and two representatives from the St. Paul Urban Indian Community. Representatives from the urban Indian communities must be selected through an open appointments process under section 15.0597. The task force shall expire on June 30, 1991. The terms, compensation, and removal of American Indian advisory task force members shall be as provided in section 15.059.

Sec. 128. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.0111, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [SERVICE PROVIDER.] "Service provider" means a public, private, or nonprofit agency that is capable of providing or administrating one or more of the employment and training services or income maintenance and support services or administering one or more of the programs for which the full productivity and opportunity coordinator has responsibility under this section.

Sec. 129. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.0122, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [SPECIFIC POWERS.] The commissioner of jobs and training shall:

(1) administer and supervise all forms of unemployment insurance provided for under federal and state laws that are vested in the commissioner;

(2) administer and supervise all employment and training services assigned to the department of jobs and training under federal or state law;

(3) review and comment on local service unit plans and community investment program plans and, ~~with the concurrence of the coordinator,~~ approve or disapprove the plans;

(4) establish and maintain administrative units necessary to perform administrative functions common to all divisions of the department;

(5) supervise the county boards of commissioners, local service units, and any other units of government designated in federal or state law as responsible for employment and training programs;

(6) establish administrative standards and payment conditions for providers of employment and training services;

(7) act as the agent of, and cooperate with, the federal government in matters of mutual concern, including the administration of any federal funds granted to the state to aid in the performance of functions of the commissioner; and

(8) obtain reports from local service units and service providers for the purpose of evaluating the performance of employment and training services.

Sec. 130. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.0122, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [DUTIES AS A STATE AGENCY.] The commissioner shall:

(1) administer the unemployment insurance laws and related programs;

(2) administer the aspects of aid to families with dependent children, general assistance, work readiness, and food stamps that relate to employment and training services, subject to the limitations of federal regulations;

(3) administer wage subsidies and recommend to the coordinator the use of the discretionary portion of wage subsidy appropriations;

(4) administer a national system of public employment offices as prescribed by United States Code, title 29, chapter 4B, the Wagner-Peyser Act, and other federal employment and training programs;

(5) cooperate with the federal government and its employment and training agencies in any reasonable manner as necessary to qualify for federal aid for employment and training services and money;

(6) enter into agreements with other departments of the state and local units of government as necessary;

(7) certify competent service providers and, ~~with the concurrence of the coordinator,~~ decertify service providers that fail to comply with performance criteria according to standards established by the ~~coordinator commissioner~~ commissioner;

(8) provide consistent, integrated employment and training services across the state;

(9) establish the standards for all employment and training services administered under this chapter;

(10) develop standards for the contents and structure of the county plans;

(11) provide current state and substate labor market information and forecasts, in cooperation with other agencies;

~~(12) prepare a plan and submit it to the coordinator in each even-numbered year, according to standards established by the coordinator, for use in developing a statewide employment and training plan;~~

(13) ~~(12)~~ identify underserved populations, unmet service needs, and funding requirements;

(14) ~~(13)~~ consult with the council for the blind on matters pertaining to programs and services for the blind and visually impaired; and

(15) ~~(14)~~ submit to the governor, ~~the coordinator,~~ the commissioners of human services and finance, and the chairs of the senate finance and house appropriations committees a semiannual report that:

(a) reports, by client classification, an unduplicated count of the kinds and number of services furnished through each program administered or supervised by the department or coordinated with it;

(b) reports on the number of job openings listed, developed, available, and obtained by clients;

(c) identifies the number of cooperative agreements in place, the number of individuals being served, and the kinds of service provided them;

(d) evaluates the performance of services, such as wage subsidies, community investments, work readiness, and grant diversions; and

(e) explains the effects of current employment levels, unemployment rates, and program performance on the unemployment insurance fund and general assistance, work readiness, and aid to families with dependent children caseloads and program expenditures.

Sec. 131. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.36, is amended to read:

**268.36 [REPORT TO THE COORDINATOR AND THE LEGISLATURE.]**

The commissioner, after consultation with the local service units and providers of employment and training services, shall evaluate the effectiveness of youth employment programs, taking into account the extent of all programs which are providing summer employment opportunities for youth, and shall report to the ~~coordinator~~ and the legislature no later than January 15 of each even-numbered year with an evaluation of this and other programs and any recommendations for improvements.

Sec. 132. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.37, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. The commissioner shall promulgate emergency rules as necessary to administer the grants program and shall promulgate permanent rules by July 1, 1980. The rules shall describe: (a) procedures for the administration of grants, (b) data to be reported by grant recipients, and (c) other matters the commissioner finds necessary for the proper administration of the grant program including compliance with relevant federal regulations. Weatherization assistance shall be given to households where the total income does not exceed 125 percent of the poverty level as updated by the federal office of management and budget poverty guidelines. The commissioner must require that a rental unit weatherized under this section be rented to a household meeting the income limits of the program for 24 of the 36 months after weatherization is complete. In applying this restriction to multiunit buildings weatherized under this section, the commissioner shall require that occupancy continue to reflect the proportion of eligible households in the building at the time of weatherization. The commissioner shall

report by February 1, 1988, to the chair of the health and human services divisions of the house appropriations and senate finance committees all steps taken to implement the requirement restricting rental of weatherized units to eligible households.

Sec. 133. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.53, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [IN GENERAL.] A community action agency is a political subdivision of the state, a combination of political subdivisions, a public agency, or a private nonprofit agency which has the authority under its applicable charter or laws to receive funds under section 268.52 to support community action programs as described in section 268.54 and which was designated as an eligible entity under the Community Services Block Grant Act, Public Law Number 97-35, section 673(1), 95 Stat. 357, 512 (1981), as amended by, Act of October 30, 1984, Public Law Number 98-558, section 202, 98 Stat. 2878, 2884 (1984). For purposes of this subdivision, "eligible entity" also means any community action agency which qualified under all federal and state regulations applicable during the period from 1981 to September 30, 1984.

Sec. 134. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.673, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4a. [CONTRACTS WITH SERVICE PROVIDERS.] The commissioner shall contract directly with a certified local service provider to deliver wage subsidies if (1) each county served by the provider agrees to the contract and knows the amount of wage subsidy money allocated to the county under section 268.6751, and (2) the provider agrees to meet regularly with each county being served.

Sec. 135. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.673, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [REPORT.] Each eligible local service unit entity delivering wage subsidies shall report to the commissioner and the coordinator on a quarterly basis:

(1) the number of persons employed placed in private sector jobs, in temporary public sector jobs, or in other services;

(2) the outcome for each participant placed in a private sector job, in a temporary public sector job, or in another service;

(3) the number and type of employers employing persons under the program;

(3) (4) the amount of money spent in each eligible local service unit for wages for each type of employment and each type of other expense;

(4) (5) the number age, educational experience, family status, gender, priority group status, race, and work experience of persons who have completed participation each person in the program and their current employment, educational, or training status;

(6) the amount of wages received by persons while in the program and 60 days after completing the program;

(7) for each classification of persons described in clause (5), the outcome of the wage subsidy placement, including length of time employed; nature of employment, whether private sector, temporary public sector, or other service; and the hourly wages; and

(5) (8) any other information requested by the commissioner or the coordinator. Each report must include cumulative information, as well as information for each quarter.

Data collected on individuals under this subdivision are private data on individuals as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12, except that summary data may be provided under section 13.05, subdivision 7.

Sec. 136. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.6751, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [WAGE SUBSIDIES.] Wage subsidy money must be allocated to eligible local service units in the following manner:

(a) The commissioner shall allocate 70 87.5 percent of the funds available for allocation to eligible local service units for wage subsidy programs as follows: the proportion of the wage subsidy money available to each eligible local service unit must be based on the number of unemployed persons in the eligible local service unit for the most recent six-month period and the number of work readiness assistance cases and aid to families with dependent children cases in the eligible local service unit for the most recent six-month period.

(b) ~~Thirty~~ Five percent of the money available for wage subsidy programs must be allocated at the ~~direction and~~ discretion of the ~~coordinator~~ commissioner.

(c) Seven and one-half percent of the money available for wage subsidy programs must be allocated at the discretion of the commissioner to provide jobs for residents of federally recognized Indian reservations. The commissioner shall distribute the discretionary



portion of wage subsidy appropriations at the request of the coordinator. For the biennium ending June 30, 1987, up to 25 percent of the discretionary portion of the wage subsidy appropriation may be used to support the office of full productivity and opportunity and the development of an intake, referral, and inventory system. In allocating the remaining discretionary portion of the wage subsidy appropriation, the coordinator shall give priority to eligible local service units that have:

(1) high numbers of farmers who can demonstrate severe household financial need;

(2) demonstrated success in placing public assistance applicants in private sector jobs;

(3) demonstrated need beyond the allocation distributed under paragraph (a);

(4) maximized use of money through coordination with other programs and state, local, and federal agencies, and through the use of matching money from private and nonprofit sources;

(5) demonstrated need to provide special assistance in order to serve unemployed persons who incur unusual costs such as necessary relocation expenses; or

(6) areas with high unemployment rates.

(d) By December 31 of each fiscal year, providers and local service units receiving wage subsidy money shall report to the commissioner on the use of allocated funds. The commissioner shall reallocate uncommitted funds for each fiscal year according to the formula in paragraph (a).

Subd. 2. [EMERGENCY WAGE SUBSIDIES.] (a) The coordinator commissioner shall monitor local and statewide unemployment rates. Upon determining that an economic emergency exists in one or more local service units, the coordinator commissioner may implement an emergency wage subsidy program and recommend to the governor to pursue ways to increase the wage subsidy money available to local service units in the affected area or areas from sources other than the appropriation allocated under subdivision 1.

(b) When the unemployment rate for the state of Minnesota equals or exceeds nine percent, the coordinator commissioner shall implement a statewide emergency wage subsidy program and shall recommend to the governor to pursue ways to increase money available for wage subsidies.

Sec. 137. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.676, is amended to read:

**268.676 [ALLOCATION WITHIN ELIGIBLE LOCAL SERVICE UNITS; PRIORITIES AMONG APPLICANTS; EMPLOYERS.]**

**Subdivision 1. [AMONG JOB APPLICANTS.]** ~~Allocation~~ At least 80 percent of funds allocated among eligible job applicants within an eligible local service unit shall give priority statewide must be allocated to:

- (1) applicants living in households with no other income source;
- (2) applicants whose incomes and resources are less than the standards for eligibility for general assistance or work readiness;
- (3) applicants who are eligible for aid to families with dependent children; and
- (4) applicants who live in a farm household who demonstrate severe household financial need.

**Subd. 2. [AMONG EMPLOYERS.]** Allocation of funds among eligible employers within an eligible local service unit shall give priority to funding private sector jobs to the extent that eligible businesses apply for funds. If possible, no more than 25 percent of the statewide funds available for wages may be allocated for temporary jobs with eligible government and nonprofit agencies, or for temporary community investment program jobs with eligible government agencies during the biennium. This subdivision does not apply to jobs for residents of federally recognized Indian reservations.

Sec. 138. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.677, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

**Subdivision 1.** To the extent allowable under federal and state law, wage subsidy money must be pooled and used in combination with money from other employment and training services or income maintenance and support services. At least 75 percent of the money appropriated for wage subsidies must be used to pay wages for eligible job applicants. For each eligible job applicant employed, the maximum state contribution from any combination of public assistance grant diversion and employment and training services governed under this chapter, including wage subsidies, is \$4 per hour for wages and \$1 per hour for fringe benefits. ~~In addition,~~ The use of wage subsidies are is limited as follows:

- (a) For each eligible job applicant placed in private or nonprofit employment, the state may subsidize wages for a maximum of 1,040

hours over a period of 26 weeks. Employers are encouraged to use money from other sources to provide increased wages to applicants they employ.

(b) For each eligible job applicant participating in a job training program and placed in private sector employment, the state may subsidize wages for a maximum of 1,040 hours over a period of 52 weeks.

(c) For each eligible job applicant placed in a community investment program job, the state may provide wage subsidies for a maximum of 780 hours over a maximum of 26 weeks. For an individual placed in a community investment program job, the county share of the wage subsidy shall be 25 percent. Counties may use money from sources other than public assistance and wage subsidies, including private grants, contributions from nonprofit corporations and other units of government, and other state money, to increase the wages or hours of persons employed in community investment programs.

(d) Notwithstanding the limitations of paragraphs (a) and (b), money may be used to provide a state contribution for wages and fringe benefits in private sector jobs for eligible applicants who had previously held temporary jobs with eligible government and nonprofit agencies or who had previously held community investment program jobs for which a state contribution had been made, and who are among the priority groups established in section 268.676, subdivision 1. The use of money under this paragraph shall be for a maximum of 1,040 hours over a maximum period of 26 weeks per job applicant.

Sec. 139. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.678, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [GENERAL POWERS.] Eligible local service units have the powers and duties given in this section and any additional duties given by the ~~coordinator~~ or the commissioner.

Sec. 140. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.678, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [CONTRACTS.] Each eligible local service unit that has not agreed to a contract under section 122, may enter into contracts with certified service providers to deliver wage subsidies.

Sec. 141. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.681, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [PRIORITIES.] (a) In allocating funds among eligible businesses, the eligible local service unit or its contractor shall give priority to:

- (1) businesses engaged in manufacturing;
- (2) nonretail businesses that are small businesses as defined in section 645.445; and
- (3) businesses that export products outside the state.

(b) In addition to paragraph (a), an eligible local service unit must give priority to businesses which best satisfy the following criteria that:

- (a) (1) have a high potential for growth and long-term job creation;
- (b) (2) are labor intensive;
- (c) meet the definition of a small business as defined in section 645.445;
- (d) (3) make high use of local and Minnesota resources;
- (e) (4) are under ownership of women and minorities;
- (f) (5) make high use of new technology;
- (g) (6) produce energy conserving materials or services or are involved in development of renewable sources of energy; and
- (h) (7) have their primary place of business in Minnesota.

Sec. 142. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.681, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [PAYBACK.] A business receiving wage subsidies shall repay 70 percent of the amount initially received for each eligible job applicant employed, if the employee does not continue in the employment of the business beyond the six-month subsidized period. If the employee continues in the employment of the business for one year or longer after the six-month subsidized period, the business need not repay any of the funds received for that employee's wages. If the employee continues in the employment of the business for a period of less than one year after the expiration of the six-month subsidized period, the business shall receive a proportional reduction in the amount it must repay. If an employer dismisses an employee for good cause and works in good faith with the eligible local service unit or its contractor to employ and train another person referred by the eligible local service unit or its contractor, the

payback formula shall apply as if the original person had continued in employment.

A repayment schedule shall be negotiated and agreed to by the eligible local service unit and the business prior to the disbursement of the funds and is subject to renegotiation. The eligible local service unit shall forward 25 percent of the payments received under this subdivision to the commissioner on a monthly basis and shall retain the remaining 75 percent for local program expenditures. Notwithstanding section 268.677, subdivision 2, the local service unit may use up to 20 percent of its share of the funds returned under this subdivision for any administrative costs associated with the collection of the funds under this subdivision. At least 80 percent of the local service unit's share of the funds returned under this subdivision must be used as provided in section 268.677. The commissioner shall deposit these payments forwarded to the commissioner under this subdivision in the Minnesota wage subsidy account created by subdivision 4.

Sec. 143. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.871, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [RESPONSIBILITY AND CERTIFICATION.] Unless prohibited by federal law or otherwise determined by state law ~~or the coordinator~~, a local service unit is responsible for the delivery of employment and training services. After February 1, 1986, employment and training services must be delivered by public, nonprofit, or private service providers that are certified to provide the services.

Sec. 144. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.88, is amended to read:

#### 268.88 [LOCAL SERVICE UNIT PLANS.]

(a) Local service units shall prepare and submit to the commissioner by October 15 of each year an annual plan for the subsequent calendar year. The commissioner shall notify each local service unit by December 1 of each year if its plan has been approved or disapproved. The plan must include:

(1) a statement of objectives for the employment and training services the local service unit administers;

(2) the establishment of public assistance caseload reduction goals and the strategies that will be used to achieve these goals;

(3) a statement of whether the goals from the preceding year were met and an explanation if the local service unit failed to meet the goals;

(4) the amount proposed to be allocated to each employment and training service;

(5) the proposed types of employment and training services the local service unit plans to utilize;

(6) a report on the use of wage subsidies, grant diversions, community investment programs, sliding fee day care, and other services administered under this chapter;

(7) an annual update of the community investment program plan according to standards established by the commissioner; and

(8) a performance review of service providers delivering employment and training services.

(b) In counties with a city of the first class, the county and the city shall develop and submit a joint plan. The plan may not be submitted until agreed to by both the city and the county. The plan must provide for the direct allocation of employment and training money to the city and the county unless waived by either. If the county and the city cannot concur on a plan, the ~~coordinator~~ commissioner shall resolve their dispute.

(c) The commissioner may withhold the distribution of employment and training money from a local service unit that does not submit a plan to the commissioner by the date set by this section, and shall withhold the distribution of employment and training money from a local service unit whose plan has been disapproved by the ~~coordinator~~ commissioner until an acceptable amended plan has been submitted.

(d) For 1985, local service unit plans must be submitted by November 1, 1985 and must include:

(1) a statement of objectives for the employment and training services the local service unit administers;

(2) the establishment of public assistance caseload reduction goals and the strategies that will be used to achieve these goals;

(3) the amount proposed to be allocated to each employment and training service;

(4) the proposed employment and training services and service providers the local service unit plans to utilize; and

(5) a statement of intent regarding the establishment of either a community investment program or an employment experience program.

If the local service unit provides a statement of intent for the establishment of a community investment program under clause (5), the local service unit must submit a preliminary community investment program plan by February 1, 1986.

Sec. 145. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.89, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [BIENNIAL PLAN.] The commissioner shall recommend to the governor the priorities, performance standards, and special projects that are consistent with the coordinator's biennial plan.

Sec. 146. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.91, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [DUTIES OF COMMISSIONER.] The commissioner shall develop standards for county boards to provide child care services to enable eligible families to participate in employment or training programs. The commissioner shall distribute money to counties to reduce the costs of child care for eligible families. The commissioner shall adopt rules to govern the program in accordance with this section. The rules must establish a sliding schedule of fees for parents receiving child care services. The commissioner shall require counties to collect and report data that the commissioner deems necessary to evaluate the effectiveness of the program in preventing and reducing participants' dependence on public assistance and in providing other benefits, including improvement in the care provided to children. ~~The commissioner shall report to the full productivity and opportunity coordinator in each even-numbered year on the effectiveness of the program.~~

Sec. 147. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 287.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. A tax of ~~15~~ <sup>23</sup> cents is imposed upon each \$100, or fraction thereof, of the principal debt or obligation which is or may be secured by any mortgage of real property situated within the state executed, delivered, and recorded or registered; provided, however, that the tax shall be imposed but once upon any mortgage and extension thereof. If the mortgage describes real estate situated outside of this state, the tax shall be imposed upon that proportion of the whole debt secured thereby as the value of the real estate therein described situated in this state bears to the value of the whole of the real estate described therein. The tax imposed by this section shall not apply to a contract for the conveyance of real estate or any interest in real estate recorded or registered on or after January 1, 1984.

Sec. 148. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 287.12, is amended to read:

## 287.12 [TAXES, HOW APPORTIONED.]

All taxes paid to the county treasurer under the provisions of sections 287.01 to 287.12 shall be credited to the county revenue fund.

On or before the tenth day of each month the county treasurer shall determine the receipts from the mortgage registration tax during the preceding month. The treasurer shall report to the county welfare agency on or before the tenth day of each month ~~95~~ 97 percent of the receipts attributable to the statutory rate in section 287.05. That amount, in addition to ~~97~~ 97 percent of the amount determined under section 287.29, must be shown as a deduction from the report filed with the department of human services as required by section 256.82. The net receipts from the preceding month must be credited to the county welfare fund by the tenth day of each month.

Sec. 149. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 287.21, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. There is hereby imposed on each deed, instrument, or writing by which any lands, tenements, or other realty in this state shall be granted, assigned, transferred or otherwise conveyed, a tax determined in the following manner. When transfers are made by instruments pursuant to mergers, consolidations, sales or transfers of substantially all of the assets of corporations pursuant to plans of reorganization or there is no consideration or when the consideration, exclusive of the value of any lien or encumbrance remaining thereon at the time of sale, is ~~\$1,000~~ \$500 or less, the tax shall be ~~\$2.20~~ \$1.65. When the consideration, exclusive of the value of any lien or encumbrance remaining thereon at the time of sale, exceeds ~~\$1,000~~ \$500, the tax shall be ~~\$2.20~~ \$1.65 plus ~~\$1.10~~ \$1.65 for each additional ~~\$500~~ \$500 or fractional part of \$500 in excess of \$1,000 ~~fraction of that amount~~.

The tax applies against the total consideration, including the fair market value of any personal property transferred as part of the total consideration.

Sec. 150. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 393.07, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. [FEDERAL FOOD STAMP PROGRAM.] (a) The county welfare board shall establish and administer the food stamp program pursuant to rules of the commissioner of human services and all federal laws and regulations. The commissioner of human services shall monitor food stamp program delivery on an ongoing basis to ensure that each county complies with federal laws and regulations. Program requirements to be monitored include, but are not limited to, number of applications, number of approvals, number



of cases pending, length of time required to process each application and deliver benefits, number of applicants eligible for expedited issuance, length of time required to process and deliver expedited issuance, number of terminations and reasons for terminations, client profiles by age, household composition and income level and sources, and the use of phone certification and home visits. The commissioner shall determine the county-by-county and statewide participation rate. The commissioner shall report on the monitoring activities on a county-by-county basis in a report presented to the legislature by July 1 each year. This monitoring activity shall be separate from the management evaluation survey sample required under federal regulations.

(b) On July 1 of each year, the commissioner of human services shall determine a statewide and county-by-county food stamp program participation rate. The commissioner may designate a different agency to administer the food stamp program in a county if the agency administering the program fails to increase the food stamp program participation rate among families or eligible individuals, or comply with all federal laws and regulations governing the food stamp program. The commissioner shall review agency performance annually to determine compliance with this paragraph.

(c) The county welfare board shall participate in a food stamp quality control system subject to the supervision of the commissioner of human services and pursuant to federal regulations.

Any A person who commits any of the following acts is guilty of theft and shall be sentenced pursuant to section 609.52, subdivision 3, clauses (1), (2), and (5) has violated section 256.98 and is subject to both the criminal and civil penalties provided under that section:

(1) Obtains or attempts to obtain, or aids or abets any person to obtain by means of a willfully false statement or representation, or intentional concealment of a material fact, food stamps to which the person is not entitled or in an amount greater than that to which that person is entitled; or

(2) Presents or causes to be presented, coupons for payment or redemption knowing them to have been received, transferred or used in a manner contrary to existing state or federal law; or

(3) Willfully uses or transfers food stamp coupons or authorization to purchase cards in any manner contrary to existing state or federal law.

The amount of food stamps incorrectly issued shall be the difference between the amount of food stamps actually received and the amount to which the recipient would have been entitled under state and federal law had the welfare agency been informed of all material facts. The amount of any food stamps determined to have been

incorrectly issued, used, transferred or presented shall, unless otherwise determined by the county welfare board in order to prevent undue hardship, be recoverable from the recipient, or user, or the recipient's or user's estate by the county as a debt due the county.

Sec. 151. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 524.3-1201, is amended to read:

524.3-1201 [COLLECTION OF PERSONAL PROPERTY BY AFFIDAVIT.]

(a) Thirty days after the death of a decedent, any person indebted to the decedent or having possession of tangible personal property or an instrument evidencing a debt, obligation, stock or chose in action belonging to the decedent shall make payment of the indebtedness or deliver the tangible personal property or an instrument evidencing a debt, obligation, stock or chose in action to a person claiming to be the successor of the decedent, or a county agency with a claim authorized by section 256B.15, upon being presented a certified death certificate of the decedent and an affidavit, in duplicate, made by or on behalf of the successor stating that:

(1) the value of the entire probate estate, wherever located, less liens and encumbrances, does not exceed \$5,000;

(2) 30 days have elapsed since the death of the decedent;

(3) no application or petition for the appointment of a personal representative is pending or has been granted in any jurisdiction; and

(4) the claiming successor is entitled to payment or delivery of the property.

(b) A transfer agent of any security shall change the registered ownership on the books of a corporation from the decedent to the successor or successors upon the presentation of an affidavit as provided in subsection (a).

(c) The claiming successor or county agency shall disburse the proceeds collected under this section to any person with a superior claim under section 524.3-805.

Sec. 152. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 525.56, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. The court may appoint a guardian of the person if it determines that all the powers and duties listed in this subdivision are needed to provide for the needs of the incapacitated person. The

court may appoint a conservator of the person if it determines that a conservator is needed to provide for the needs of the incapacitated person through the exercise of some, but not all, of the powers and duties listed in this subdivision. The duties and powers of a guardian or those which the court may grant to a conservator of the person include, but are not limited to:

(1) The power to have custody of the ward or conservatee and the power to establish a place of abode within or without the state, except as otherwise provided in this clause. The ward or conservatee or any person interested in the ward's or conservatee's welfare may petition the court to prevent or to initiate a change in abode. A ward or conservatee may not be admitted to any state institution by the guardian or conservator except (1) after a hearing pursuant to section 253A.07; (2) for outpatient services; or (3) for the purpose of receiving temporary care for a specific period of time not to exceed 90 days in any calendar year.

(2) The duty to provide for the ward's or conservatee's care, comfort and maintenance needs, including food, clothing, shelter, health care, social and recreational requirements, and, whenever appropriate, training, education and rehabilitation. The guardian or conservator has no duty to pay for these requirements out of personal funds. Whenever possible and appropriate, the guardian or conservator should meet these requirements through governmental benefits or services to which the ward or conservatee is entitled, rather than from the ward's or conservatee's estate. Failure to satisfy the needs and requirements of this clause shall be grounds for removal, but the guardian or conservator shall have no personal or monetary liability.

(3) The duty to take reasonable care of the ward's or conservatee's clothing, furniture, vehicles and other personal effects, and, if other property requires protection, the power to seek appointment of a guardian or conservator of the estate. The guardian or conservator must give notice in the manner required and to those persons specified in section 525.55 prior to the disposition of the ward's or conservatee's clothing, furniture, vehicles or other personal effects. The notice must inform the person of the right to object to the disposition of the property within ten days and to petition the court for a review of the guardian's or conservator's proposed actions. Notice of the objection must be served by mail or personal service on the guardian or conservator and the ward or conservatee unless the ward or conservatee be the objector. The guardian or conservator served with notice of an objection to the disposition of the property may not dispose of the property unless the court approves the disposition after a hearing.

(4) (a) The power to give any necessary consent to enable the ward or conservatee to receive necessary medical or other professional care, counsel, treatment or service, except that no guardian or

conservator may give consent for psychosurgery, electroshock, sterilization or experimental treatment of any kind unless the procedure is first approved by order of the court as provided in this clause. The guardian or conservator shall not consent to any medical care for the ward or conservatee which violates the known conscientious, religious, or moral belief of the ward or conservatee.

(b) A guardian or conservator who believes a procedure described in clause (4)(a) requiring prior court approval to be necessary for the proper care of the ward or conservatee shall petition the court for an order. The court shall fix the time and place for the hearing and shall give notice to the ward or conservatee and to the other persons specified in section 525.55, subdivision 1. The notice shall comply with the requirements of, and be served in the manner provided in section 525.55, subdivision 2. The court shall appoint an attorney to represent the ward or conservatee who is not represented by counsel. In every case the court shall determine if the procedure is in the best interests of the ward or conservatee. In making its determination the court shall consider a written medical report which specifically considers the medical risks of the procedure and whether alternative, less restrictive methods of treatment could be used to protect the best interests of the ward or conservatee.

(c) In the case of a petition for sterilization of a mentally retarded ward or conservatee, the court shall appoint a licensed physician, a psychologist who is qualified in the diagnosis and treatment of mental retardation, and a social worker who is familiar with the ward's or conservatee's social history and adjustment to examine or evaluate the ward or conservatee and to provide written reports to the court. The reports shall indicate whether sterilization is necessary and whether it is in the best interests of the ward or conservatee. The medical report shall specifically consider the medical risks of sterilization and whether alternative methods of contraception could be used to protect the best interests of the ward or conservatee.

(5) The power to approve or withhold approval of any contract, except for necessities, which the ward or conservatee may make or wish to make.

(6) The duty and power to exercise supervisory authority over the ward or conservatee in a manner which limits civil rights and restricts personal freedom only to the extent necessary to provide needed care and services.

Sec. 153. Laws 1986, chapter 394, section 24, is amended to read:

Sec. 24. [EFFECTIVE DATE.] Section 10, subdivision 6, and section 15 are effective the day following final enactment. Sections 1 to 9; 10, subdivisions 1 to 5, 7, and 8; 11 to 14; and 16 to 23 are effective July January 1, 1987 1988.

## Sec. 154. [TRAINING OF WELFARE FRAUD PROSECUTORS.]

The commissioner of human services shall, to the extent an appropriation is provided for this purpose, contract with the county attorney's council or other public or private entity experienced in providing training for prosecutors to conduct quarterly workshops and seminars focusing on current aid to families with dependent children program issues, other income maintenance program changes, recovery issues, alternative sentencing methods, use of technical aids for interviews and interrogations, and other matters affecting prosecution of welfare fraud cases.

## Sec. 155. [TRAINING OF WELFARE FRAUD INVESTIGATORS.]

The commissioner of human services shall, to the extent an appropriation is provided for this purpose, establish a pilot project for further education and training of welfare fraud investigators. The commissioner may enter into contractual agreements with other state, federal, or county agencies as part of cooperative projects employing experienced investigators to provide on-the-job training to county investigators.

## Sec. 156. [STAFFING.]

A position is established in the assistance payments division, department of human services, to undertake the training initiatives required of the department. This position may also be utilized to assist in fraud control initiatives which the department may undertake.

## Sec. 157. [OIL OVERCHARGE FUNDS.]

Subdivision 1. [ALLOCATION OF FUNDS.] All money received by the governor, the commissioner of finance or any other state agency, before or after the effective date of this section, as a result of the settlement of the parties and order of the United States District Court for the District of Kansas in the case of In Re Department of Energy Stripper Well Exemption Litigation, 578 F.Supp. 586 (D. Kan. 1983) and all other money received after the effective date of this section by any of those entities or agencies, resulting from overcharges by oil companies in violation of federal law, is allocated in the following manner:

(1) Not less than one-half of the oil overcharge funds made available to the state must be used to fund the low-income energy conservation programs administered by the commissioner of jobs and training; and

(2) The remaining oil overcharge money received by the state may be used for any purpose authorized by law or court order pursuant to the plans prepared by the advisory task force and the legislative advisory commission under subdivision 2.

Subd. 2. [PLAN DEVELOPMENT; RECOMMENDATIONS.] An advisory task force shall be established and shall consist of 15 members. The task force shall include representatives of government, schools and hospitals, non-profit organizations, community groups and individuals interested in low-income weatherization and energy conservation programs and individuals who work with energy-related research. Five members of the task force shall be appointed by the governor, five members shall be appointed by the senate committee on rules and administration, and five members shall be appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives.

The task force shall prepare and recommend to the legislative advisory commission an energy conservation plan that allocates the funds as described in subdivision 1, paragraph (2). The plan must be delivered to the commission within 60 days after all members of the task force have been appointed. The plan must take into consideration programs and activities that will reduce the consumption of fossil fuels within the state, including energy conservation related research.

Within 30 days of receipt of the task force's plan, the commission shall submit a final plan to the governor for the allocation of the funds in subdivision 1, paragraph (2). The commission may amend the task force's plan. The governor shall submit the plan to the United States Department of Energy for its approval. If the plan or any part of it is rejected by the Department of Energy, the plan or rejected part of it must be revised and resubmitted as provided in this section for preparation and submission of the original plan. Funds under subdivision 1, paragraph (2), may be expended only in accordance with a plan or part of it approved by the Department of Energy.

Subd. 3. [AUTHORITY.] Money received by the state as a result of litigation or settlements of the alleged violations of federal petroleum pricing regulations may not be spent unless specifically appropriated by law.

#### Sec. 158. [LOW-LEVEL IONIZING RADIATION REPORTS.]

The commissioner of health shall transmit to the governor and the legislature no later than December 31, 1987, a summary of the major reports on human health effects of low-level ionizing radiation. The reports shall include:

(1) data and risk coefficients relating to ionizing radiation effects of occupational exposure, on human fetuses, and on the general public; and

(2) information on the worldwide effects to the public health of the radioactive emissions resulting from the Chernobyl accident in April 1986.

Sec. 159. [MENTAL HEALTH STUDY.]

The commissioner of human services shall study the following issues related to the care and treatment of people with mental illness:

(1) the role of involuntary outpatient treatment in providing a continuum of services to people with mental illness, including the following:

(a) people for whom and conditions under which involuntary outpatient treatment may be appropriate, and

(b) scope of services and payment mechanisms available for involuntary outpatient treatment;

(2) the relationship among procedures and purposes of inpatient commitment, outpatient commitment, and private guardianship;

(3) the appropriate use of involuntary medication in the treatment of mental illness;

(4) the role of family members and other interested persons in formulating and monitoring treatment decisions; and

(5) the appropriate role for commitment and other treatment options in protecting the safety and liberty interests of family members and other members of society.

By January 1, 1988, the commissioner shall develop and present to the legislature recommendations regarding involuntary outpatient treatment.

Sec. 160. [VETERAN'S NURSING CARE STUDY.]

The commissioner of human services, with the assistance of the commissioner of veterans affairs, shall study the possibility of using the resources of the regional treatment centers system to provide care for veterans. The commissioner shall develop recommendations based on the study and report the recommendations to the legislature by January 1, 1988.

The study must include an assessment of need for the care, the costs of the care, and the impact of providing the care on treatment center residents. If the commissioner recommends conversion of a specific site, the study must analyze the impact of conversion on residents, employees, and communities affected by the recommendation.

Sec. 161. [INPATIENT HOSPITAL RATES STUDY.]

The commissioner shall study and develop recommendations regarding alternative payment mechanisms for reimbursing hospitals for inpatient psychiatric care.

Sec. 162. [NEGOTIATED RATE FACILITY STUDY.]

The commissioner of human services in cooperation with the director of the state planning agency shall study and evaluate the existing system for paying negotiated rate facilities for services provided to residents through the supplemental aid program and report to the legislature by February 1, 1988, on the results of the study and evaluation, including any recommendations for legislative changes in the rate setting system.

Sec. 163. [STUDY OF ELDERLY PERSONS WITH MENTAL RETARDATION OR RELATED CONDITIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [STUDY; REPORT.] The commissioner of the department of human services shall study the needs of elderly citizens with mental retardation or related conditions. The study shall include existing programs providing services to this population, including funding and location of services, and the extent to which the services meet the needs of this population.

The study shall be completed in one year. The commissioner shall report to the legislature in 1988 on findings and recommendations, including methods of resolving problems through interagency cooperation.

Subd. 2. [ADVICE TO THE COMMISSIONER.] In performing the duties of subdivision 1, the commissioner shall seek the advice of the advisory task force established under section 252.31.

Sec. 164. [REPEALER.]

Subdivision 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 116J.035, subdivision 3; 116L.04, subdivision 3; 136.63, subdivision 1b; 144.66; 144.67; 178.03, subdivision 5; 245.69, subdivision 1a; 245.76; 256.966, subdivision 2; 256B.05, subdivision 4; 256B.07; 256D.051, subdivisions 11 and 12; 267.01; 267.02; 267.03; 267.04; 267.05; 267.06; and 268.0111, subdivision 3, are repealed. The provision in



Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 9, article 1, section 2, subdivision 5, paragraph (b), relating to a phase out of the rateable reductions in the general assistance medical care program is repealed effective the day following final enactment. Minnesota Statutes 1986, 256D.051, subdivisions 4 and 5, are repealed effective January 1, 1988. Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 245.713, subdivisions 1 and 3; and 245.74, are repealed effective July 1, 1988.

Sec. 165. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 9 to 12, 61, 62, 81, 88, 90 to 94, are effective the day following final enactment. Sections 30, 31, and 42, are effective July 1, 1988.

### ARTICLE 3

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 144.219, is amended to read:

#### 144.219 [AMENDMENT OF VITAL RECORDS.]

Upon the order of a court of this state, upon the request of a court of another state, or upon the filing of ~~an acknowledgment of paternity~~ a declaration of parentage under section 257.34 with the state registrar or the appropriate court ~~which is not disputed by the mother named on the original birth certificate within a reasonable time after being informed of the filing,~~ a new birth certificate shall be registered consistent with the findings of the court or with the acknowledgment of paternity declaration of parentage.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.01, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [SPECIFIC POWERS.] Subject to the provisions of section 241.021, subdivision 2, the commissioner of human services shall:

(1) Administer and supervise all forms of public assistance provided for by state law and other welfare activities or services as are vested in the commissioner.

(2) Administer and supervise all child welfare activities; promote the enforcement of laws protecting handicapped, dependent, neglected and delinquent children, and children born to mothers who were not married to the children's fathers at the times of the conception nor at the births of the children; license and supervise child-caring and child-placing agencies and institutions; supervise the care of children in boarding and foster homes or in private

institutions; and generally perform all functions relating to the field of child welfare now vested in the state board of control.

(3) Administer and supervise all noninstitutional service to handicapped persons, including those who are visually impaired, hearing impaired, or physically impaired or otherwise handicapped. The commissioner may provide and contract for the care and treatment of qualified indigent children in facilities other than those located and available at state hospitals when it is not feasible to provide the service in state hospitals.

(4) Assist and actively cooperate with other departments, agencies and institutions, local, state, and federal, by performing services in conformity with the purposes of Laws 1939, chapter 431.

(5) Act as the agent of and cooperate with the federal government in matters of mutual concern relative to and in conformity with the provisions of Laws 1939, chapter 431, including the administration of any federal funds granted to the state to aid in the performance of any functions of the commissioner as specified in Laws 1939, chapter 431, and including the promulgation of rules making uniformly available medical care benefits to all recipients of public assistance, at such times as the federal government increases its participation in assistance expenditures for medical care to recipients of public assistance, the cost thereof to be borne in the same proportion as are grants of aid to said recipients.

(6) Establish and maintain any administrative units reasonably necessary for the performance of administrative functions common to all divisions of the department.

(7) Administer and supervise any additional welfare activities and services as are vested by law in the department.

(8) The commissioner is designated as guardian of both the estate and the person of all the wards of the state of Minnesota, whether by operation of law or by an order of court, without any further act or proceeding whatever, except as to persons committed as mentally retarded.

(9) Act as coordinating referral and informational center on requests for service for newly arrived immigrants coming to Minnesota.

(10) The specific enumeration of powers and duties as hereinabove set forth shall in no way be construed to be a limitation upon the general transfer of powers herein contained.

(11) Establish county, regional, or statewide schedules of maximum fees and charges which may be paid by local agencies for

medical, dental, surgical, hospital, nursing and nursing home care and medicine and medical supplies under all programs of medical care provided by the state and for congregate living care under the income maintenance programs.

(12) Have the authority to conduct and administer experimental projects to test methods and procedures of administering assistance and services to recipients or potential recipients of public welfare. To carry out such experimental projects, it is further provided that the commissioner of human services is authorized to waive the enforcement of existing specific statutory program requirements, rules, and standards in one or more counties. The order establishing the waiver shall provide alternative methods and procedures of administration, shall not be in conflict with the basic purposes, coverage, or benefits provided by law, and in no event shall the duration of a project exceed ~~two~~ four years. It is further provided that no order establishing an experimental project as authorized by the provisions of this section shall become effective until the following conditions have been met:

(a) The proposed comprehensive plan including estimated project costs and the proposed order establishing the waiver shall be filed with the secretary of the senate and chief clerk of the house of representatives at least 60 days prior to its effective date.

(b) The secretary of health, education, and welfare of the United States has agreed, for the same project, to waive state plan requirements relative to statewide uniformity.

(c) A comprehensive plan, including estimated project costs, shall be approved by the legislative advisory commission and filed with the commissioner of administration.

(13) In accordance with federal requirements establish procedures to be followed by local welfare boards in creating citizen advisory committees, including procedures for selection of committee members.

(14) Allocate federal fiscal disallowances or sanctions which are based on quality control error rates for the aid to families with dependent children, medical assistance, or food stamp program in the following manner:

(a) One-half of the total amount of the disallowance shall be borne by the county boards responsible for administering the programs and shall be shared by each county board in the same proportion as that county's expenditures for the sanctioned program are to the total of all counties' expenditures for that program. Each county shall pay its share of the disallowance to the state of Minnesota. When a county fails to pay the amount due hereunder, the commissioner may deduct the amount from reimbursement otherwise due

the county, or the attorney general, upon the request of the commissioner, may institute civil action to recover the amount due.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a), if the disallowance results from knowing noncompliance by one or more counties with a specific program instruction, and that knowing noncompliance is a matter of official county board record, the commissioner may require payment or recover from the county or counties, in the manner prescribed in paragraph (a), an amount equal to the portion of the total disallowance which resulted from the noncompliance, and may distribute the balance of the disallowance according to paragraph (a).

(15) Develop and implement special projects that maximize reimbursements and result in the recovery of money to the state. For the purpose of recovering state money, the commissioner may enter into contracts with third parties. Any recoveries that result from projects or contracts entered into under this paragraph shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to a special account until the balance in the account reaches \$400,000. When the balance in the account exceeds \$400,000, the excess shall be transferred and credited to the general fund. All money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner for the purposes of this paragraph.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.73, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 7. [VERIFICATION PROCEDURES.] The commissioner shall form an advisory committee of local agency representatives, state officials, and recipients to recommend and implement ways to reduce verification procedures at the local level. The goal of this effort is to treat clients with dignity and expect client honesty. Verification procedures should be reduced to a minimum at the time of application and increased only as needed.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1a. [DEFINITIONS.] As used in this section and section 22, the following words have the meanings given them:

(a) "AFDC" means aid to families with dependent children.

(b) "AFDC-UP" means that group of AFDC clients who are eligible for assistance by reason of unemployment as defined by the commissioner under section 256.12, subdivision 14.

(c) "Caretaker" means a parent or eligible adult who is part of the assistance unit that has applied for or is receiving AFDC.

(d) “Employment and training services” means programs, activities, and services related to job training and job placement, including job service programs, job training partnership act programs, wage subsidies, remedial and secondary education programs, post-secondary education programs excluding education leading to a post-baccalaureate degree, vocational education programs, work incentive programs, work readiness programs, employment search, community work experience programs, displaced homemaker programs, self-employment programs, grant diversion, employment experience programs, youth employment programs, community investment programs, supported work programs, refugee employment and training programs, and counseling and support activities necessary to stabilize the caretaker or the family.

(e) “Employment and training service provider” means an administrative entity certified by the commissioner of jobs and training to deliver employment and training services under section 268.0122, subdivision 3.

(f) “Minor parent” means a caretaker relative who is the parent of the dependent child or children in the assistance unit and who is under the age of 18.

(g) “Priority groups” or “priority caretakers” means recipients of AFDC or AFDC-UP designated as priorities for employment and training services under subdivision 2a.

(h) “Support services” means programs, activities, and services intended to stabilize families and individuals or provide assistance for family needs related to employment or participation in employment and training services, including child care, transportation, housing assistance, personal and family counseling, crisis intervention services, peer support groups, chemical dependency counseling and treatment, money management assistance, and parenting skill courses.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1b. [WORK INCENTIVE SUBSIDIZED HOUSING PROGRAM.] Within the limit of available appropriations, employed recipients of aid to families with dependent children who meet eligibility requirements established by the commissioner of human services are eligible for a state housing subsidy as an incentive to seek and retain employment. The commissioner of human services shall adopt rules for the work incentive subsidized housing program using eligibility criteria, subsidy amounts, and an administrative system developed jointly by the commissioner of human services and the commissioner of jobs and training. The rules must:

(1) target recipients who are or are likely to become long-term recipients or who experience substantial barriers to employment;

(2) establish a fixed or sliding scale subsidy amount that will create a significant work incentive yet enable the program to serve the greatest possible number of recipients;

(3) limit the subsidy to persons who become employed while receiving assistance; and

(4) provide for continued subsidy payments for up to one year after termination of assistance to ease the transition from assistance to self-sufficiency.

The program must be coordinated with existing work and training programs and must be designed to maximize savings in the aid to families with dependent children program. The subsidy must be provided as in-kind assistance, and it is not available if it would be considered countable income under state and federal requirements.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2a. [PRIORITY GROUPS.] (a) Priority for participation in employment and training services under this section must be given to caretakers who:

(1) are under the age of 21;

(2) have not received a high school diploma or general equivalency diploma; or

(3) have received 24 months or more of AFDC over the last 36 months.

(b) Highest priority for participation in employment and training services under this section must be given to caretakers with two or more of the characteristics listed in paragraph (a).

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [OPERATION OF PROGRAMS REGISTRATION.] To determine who shall be designated as an appropriate individual for certification for employment and training services, the commissioner of jobs and training shall provide, by rule, standards for county boards consistent with the standards promulgated by the secretary of health and human services. County boards shall certify appropriate individuals for employment and training services, shall notify the commissioner of human services, and shall require that

every individual certified, as a condition of receiving aid to families with dependent children, register for employment services, training, and employment, unless such individual is: (a) To the extent permissible under federal law, every caretaker or child is required to register for employment and training services, as a condition of receiving AFDC, unless the caretaker or child is:

(1) a child who is under age 16, a child age 16 or 17 who is attending elementary or secondary school or a secondary level vocational or technical school full time, or a full-time student age 18 who is attending a secondary school or a secondary level vocational or technical program and who is expected to complete the school or program before reaching age 19;

(2) a person caretaker who is ill, incapacitated or of advanced age age 55 or older;

(3) a person so remote from caretaker for whom participation in an employment and training service and where transportation is not reasonably available that effective participation is precluded would require a round trip commuting time by available transportation of more than two hours;

(4) a person caretaker whose presence in the home is required because of illness or incapacity of another member of the household;

(5) a parent caretaker or other caretaker relative of a child under the age of six who personally provides full-time care for the child;

(6) a parent or other caretaker if another adult relative in the assistance unit is registered and has not, without good cause, failed or refused to participate or accept employment;

(7) a pregnant woman in the last trimester of pregnancy; or

(8) a parent who is not the principal earner if the parent who is the principal earner is not exempt under clauses (1) to (7).

Any individual referred to in clauses (3) and (5) to (8) must be advised of the option to register for any available employment services, and training services, and employment if the individual so desires, and must be informed of the any available child care and other support services available if the individual decides to register.

(b) If, after planning with a recipient a decision is made that the recipient must register for employment services, training, and employment, the county board shall notify the recipient in writing of the need to register for participation in an employment and training service and that the recipient To the extent permissible by federal law, applicants for benefits under the AFDC program are registered

for employment and training services by signing the application form. Applicants must be informed that they are registering for employment and training services by signing the form. Persons receiving benefits on the effective date of this section shall register for employment and training services to the extent permissible by federal law. The caretaker has a right to a fair hearing under section 256.045 with respect to the appropriateness of the registration.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3a. [PARTICIPATION.] Caretakers in priority groups must participate in employment and training services under this section to the extent permissible under federal law. However, no assistance unit may be sanctioned for a caretaker's failure to participate in employment and training services under this section if failure results from inadequate funding for employment and training services.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [CONDITIONS OF CERTIFICATION.] The commissioner of human services shall:

(1) Arrange for or provide any relative caretaker or child required to register for participate in employment and training services pursuant to this section with child-care services, transportation, and other necessary family services;

(2) Pay ten percent of the cost of the work incentive program and any other costs that are required of that agency by federal regulation for employment and training services for recipients of aid to families with dependent children;

(3) Provide that in determining a recipient's needs any monthly incentive training payment made to the recipient by the department of jobs and training is disregarded and the additional expenses attributable to participation in a program are taken into account in grant determination to the extent permitted by federal regulations; and

(4) Provide that when it has been certified by the commissioner of jobs and training, certification to be binding upon the commissioner of human services county board, that a relative or child certified under caretaker or child required to participate in an employment and training program to the commissioner of jobs and training has been found by the commissioner, after a hearing conducted in the manner prescribed by section 268.10, subdivision 3, with the right of review in accordance with the provisions of section 268.10, subdivision 8, employment and training service provider to have refused



without good cause to participate in appropriate employment and training services or to have refused without good cause to accept a bona fide offer of public or other employment, the county board shall provide that:

(a) If the relative caretaker makes the refusal, the relative's caretaker's needs shall not be taken into account in making the grant determination, and aid for any dependent child in the family will be made in the form of protective or vendor payments, except that when protective payments are made, the local agency may continue payments to the relative caretaker if a protective payee cannot reasonably be found.

(b) Aid with respect to a dependent child will be denied if a child who makes the refusal is the only child receiving aid in the family.

(c) If there is more than one child receiving aid in the family, aid for the child who makes the refusal will be denied and the child's needs will not be taken into account in making the grant determination.

(d) If the assistance unit's eligibility is based on the nonexempt principal earner's unemployment and this principal earner fails or refuses without good cause to participate or to accept employment, the entire assistance unit is ineligible for benefits under sections 256.72 to 256.87, if the family is subject to requirements of the work incentive program.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4a. [NOTICE AND RIGHT OF APPEAL.] If the employment and training service provider determines that the caretaker has failed or refused, without good cause, to cooperate or accept employment, the employment and training service provider shall issue to the caretaker a written notice of its determination of non-cooperation or refusal to accept employment. The notice must include a detailed explanation of the reason for the determination and must specify the consequences for failure or refusal to cooperate or accept employment, the actions which the employment and training service provider believes are necessary for the caretaker to comply with the employment and training program, and the right to request, within ten days of receipt of the notice, a conciliation conference. If the dispute between the employment and training service provider and the caretaker is not resolved in the conciliation conference or a request for a conciliation conference is not made within the required time, then the employment and training service provider shall notify the county board of a caretaker's failure without good cause to cooperate or accept employment. Any determination, action, or inaction on the part of the county board relating to a caretaker's participation under section 256.736 is subject to the

notice and hearing procedures in section 256.045, and Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, section 205.10.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [PROTECTION FROM GARNISHMENT.] Earnings of a recipient caretaker while participating in full or part-time employment or training shall be protected from garnishment. This protection shall extend for a period of six months from the date of termination of a recipient's caretaker's grant of assistance.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [RULEMAKING.] The commissioner of human services, in cooperation with the commissioner of jobs and training, may make adopt permanent and emergency rules necessary to qualify for any federal funds available under this section and to carry out this section.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [SPECIAL NEEDS.] The commissioner of human services shall amend the state plan for aid to families with dependent children to provide, as special needs payments, money for the costs of child care, transportation, tuition, and items associated with education or seeking employment to the extent allowed under federal regulations and state appropriations. The commissioner of human services, with the assistance of the commissioner of education, shall establish a procedure whereby a governmental entity that pays for child care may contract with a county agency authorized to administer AFDC under sections 393.01, subdivision 7, and 393.07, subdivision 2, to make the child care payments on their behalf to AFDC recipients who are eligible for employment special needs funds. The governmental entity shall reimburse the county agency for the nonfederal share of the payments and administrative costs necessary to carry out the contract. The commissioners of human services and education shall provide information and technical assistance to governmental entities about the availability of special needs payments for child care. Governmental entities that receive state aid for child care through the community social services act, the sliding fee child care program, or other programs, shall request special needs payments for child care provided to AFDC recipients who are potentially eligible for special needs assistance under criteria established by the commissioner of human services.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 10. [COUNTY DUTIES.] To the extent of available state appropriations, county boards shall:

(1) refer all priority caretakers required to register under subdivision 3 to an employment and training service provider for participation in employment and training services;

(2) identify to the employment and training service provider caretakers who fall into the priority groups;

(3) provide all caretakers with an orientation which (a) gives information on available employment and training services and support services, and (b) encourages clients to view AFDC as a temporary program providing grants and services to clients who set goals and develop strategies for supporting their families without AFDC assistance;

(4) work with the employment and training service provider to encourage voluntary participation by caretakers in the priority groups;

(5) work with the employment and training service provider to collect data as required by the commissioner;

(6) to the extent permissible under federal law, require all caretakers coming into the AFDC program to attend orientation;

(7) encourage nonpriority caretakers to develop a plan to obtain self-sufficiency;

(8) notify the commissioner of the caretakers required to participate in employment and training services;

(9) inform appropriate caretakers of opportunities available through the head start program and encourage caretakers to have their children screened for enrollment in the program where appropriate;

(10) provide transportation assistance using the employment special needs fund to caretakers who participate in employment and training programs, with priority for services to caretakers in priority groups;

(11) ensure that orientation, employment search, and case management services are made available to appropriate caretakers under this section, except that payment for case management services is governed by subdivision 13; and

(12) explain in its local service unit plan under Minnesota Statutes, section 268.88 how it will ensure that priority caretakers

determined to be in need of social services are provided with such social services. The plan must specify how the case manager and the county social service workers will ensure delivery of needed services. A county board may provide other employment and training services that it considers necessary to help caretakers obtain self-sufficiency.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 11. [CASE MANAGEMENT SERVICES.] (a) For clients described in subdivision 2a, the case manager shall:

(1) Assess the education, skills, and ability of the caretaker to secure and retain a job which, when added to child support, will support the caretaker's family. The case manager must work with the caretaker in completing this task;

(2) Set goals and develop a timetable for completing education and employment goals. The case manager must work with the caretaker in completing this task. For caretakers who are not literate or who have not completed high school, the first goal for the caretaker must be to complete literacy training or a general education diploma. Caretakers who are literate and have completed high school shall be counseled to set realistic attainable goals, taking into account the long-term needs of both the caretaker and the caretaker's family;

(3) Coordinate services such as child care, transportation, and education assistance necessary to enable the caretaker to work toward the goals developed in clause (2). When a client needs child care services in order to attend a Minnesota public or nonprofit college, university or technical institute, the case manager shall contact the appropriate agency to reserve child care funds for the client. A caretaker who needs child care services in order to complete high school or a general education diploma is eligible for child care under section 268.91;

(4) Develop, execute, and monitor a contract between the local agency and the caretaker. The contract must include: (a) specific goals of the caretaker including stated measurements of progress toward each goal; (b) specific services provided by the county agency; and (c) conditions under which the county will withdraw the services provided.

The contract may include other terms as desired or needed by either party. In all cases, however, the case manager must ensure that the caretaker has set forth in the contract realistic goals consistent with the ultimate goal of self-sufficiency for the caretaker's family; and

(5) Develop and refer caretakers to counseling or peer group networks for emotional support while participating in work, education, or training.

(b) In addition to the duties in paragraph (a), for minor parents, the case manager shall:

(1) Ensure that the contract developed under paragraph (a)(4) considers all factors set forth in section 257.33, subdivision 2; and

(2) Assess the housing and support systems needed by the caretaker in order to provide the dependent children with adequate parenting. The case manager shall encourage minor parents who are not living with friends or relatives to live in a group home or foster care setting. If minor parents are unwilling to live in a group home or foster care setting or if no group home or foster care setting is available, the case manager shall assess the minor parent's need for training in parenting and independent living skills and shall refer appropriate minor parents to available counseling programs designed to teach needed skills;

(c) A caretaker may request a conciliation conference to attempt to resolve disputes regarding the contents of a contract developed under this section or a housing and support systems assessment conducted under this section. The caretaker may request a hearing pursuant to section 256.045 to dispute the contents of a contract or assessment developed under this section. The caretaker need not request a conciliation conference in order to request a hearing pursuant to section 256.045.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 12. [CASE MANAGERS.] (a) Counties may directly employ case managers if certified as an employment and training service provider under section 268.0122, or may contract for case management services with a certified employment and training service provider. Uncertified counties and contracting agencies may provide case management services only if they demonstrate the ability to coordinate employment, training, education, and support services. The commissioner of jobs and training shall determine whether or not an uncertified county or agency has demonstrated such ability.

(b) Counties that employ case managers must ensure that the case managers have the skills and knowledge necessary to perform the variety of tasks described in subdivision 11. Counties that contract with another agency for case management services must specify in the contract the skills and knowledge needed by the case managers. At a minimum, case managers must:

(1) have a thorough knowledge of training, education, and employment opportunities;

(2) have training or experience in understanding the needs of AFDC clients and their families; and

(3) be able to formulate creative individualized contracts.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 13. [STATE SHARE.] (a) The state must pay 75 percent of costs incurred by counties under subdivision 11, except that after July 1, 1988, the commissioner shall adjust the state share to reflect county performance. Factors which the commissioner may consider in adjusting the state share must include, but are not limited to, the following:

(1) percentage of priority caretakers leaving the AFDC program after one year, two years, and three years;

(2) percentage of minor parents who finish high school; and

(3) percentage of priority caretakers who are in training or education and are successfully working toward their contracted goals.

The commissioner may raise or lower the state share of costs by a maximum of ten percent.

(b) If the state appropriation is not sufficient to fund the cost of case management services for all caretakers identified in subdivision 2a, the commissioner must define a statewide subgroup of caretakers which includes all caretakers in subdivision 2a, clause (1) and as many caretakers as possible from subdivision 2a, clauses (2) and (3).

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 14. [EMPLOYMENT SEARCH.] (a) The commissioner of human services shall establish an employment search program under United States Code, title 42, section 602(a)(35). The principal wage earner in an AFDC-UP assistance unit must participate in the employment search program within four months of being determined eligible for AFDC-UP unless:

(1) the caretaker is already participating in another approved employment and training service;

(2) the caretaker's employability plan specifies other activities; or

(3) the caretaker is unable to secure employment due to inability to communicate in the English language.

The employment and training service provider shall refer caretakers unable to communicate in the English language to English as a second language courses.

(b) The employment search program must provide the following services:

(1) an initial period of up to four weeks of job search activities for not more than 32 hours per week. The employment and training service provider shall specify for each participating caretaker the number of weeks and hours of job search to be conducted and shall report to the county board if the caretaker fails to cooperate with the employment search requirement; and

(2) an additional period of job search following the first period at the discretion of the employment and training service provider. The total of these two periods of job search may not exceed eight weeks.

(c) The employment search program may provide services to non-AFDC-UP caretakers.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 15. [REPORTING.] The commissioner of human services, in cooperation with the commissioner of jobs and training shall develop reporting requirements for local agencies and employment and training service providers. Reporting requirements must, to the extent possible, use existing client tracking systems and must be within the limits of funds available. The requirements must include summary information necessary for state agencies and the legislature to evaluate the effectiveness of the services.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 16. [ALLOCATION AND USE OF MONEY.] (a) State money appropriated for employment and training services under this section must be allocated to counties as follows:

(1) Forty percent of the state money must be allocated based on the average monthly number of caretakers receiving AFDC in the county who are under age 22 and the average monthly number of AFDC cases open in the county for 24 or more consecutive months

and residing in the county for the 12-month period ending March 31 of the previous fiscal year.

(2) Twenty percent of the state money must be allocated based on the average monthly number of nonpriority caretakers receiving AFDC in the county for the period ending March 31 of the previous fiscal year. Funds may be used to develop employability plans for nonpriority caretakers if resources allow.

(3) Twenty-five percent of the state money must be allocated based on the average monthly number of assistance units in the county receiving AFDC-UP for the period ending March 31 of the previous fiscal year.

(4) Fifteen percent of the state money must be allocated at the discretion of the commissioner based on participation levels for priority group members in each county.

(b) No more than 15 percent of the money allocated under paragraph (a) may be used for administrative activities.

(c) Except as provided in paragraph (d), at least 70 percent of the money allocated to counties must be used for case management services and employment and training services for caretakers in the priority groups. Up to 30 percent of the money may be used for employment search activities and employment and training services for nonpriority caretakers.

(d) A county whose proportion of the statewide average monthly AFDC-UP caseload exceeds its proportion of the statewide AFDC caseload may, with the approval of the commissioner of human services, use up to 40 percent of the money allocated under this section for employment search activities and employment and training services for nonpriority caretakers.

(e) Counties and the department of jobs and training shall bill the commissioner of human services for any expenditures incurred by the county, the county's employment and training service provider, or the department of jobs and training that may be reimbursed by federal money. The commissioner of human services shall bill the United States Department of Health and Human Services for the reimbursement and appropriate the reimbursed money to the county or employment and training service provider that submitted the original bill. The reimbursed money must be used to expand employment and training services.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.736, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:



Subd. 17. [PHASE-IN.] The commissioner shall implement this section on a statewide basis as quickly as possible. The commissioner may phase in changes under the section in any reasonable manner that ensures a unified, statewide coordinated program by no later than December 31, 1988.

Sec. 22. [256.7365] [SPECIAL PROJECTS TO ADDRESS DEPENDENCE ON AFDC.]

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT AND PURPOSE.] The commissioner shall establish a grant program for projects to serve AFDC caretakers who have received AFDC for at least 36 months, AFDC caretakers with substantial barriers to employment, or individuals at risk of long-term dependency on AFDC. The projects shall assist individuals to escape or avoid long-term dependency on AFDC.

Subd. 2. [DEFINITIONS.] For the purpose of this section, the following terms have the meanings given them.

(a) "Substantial barriers to employment" means disabilities, chemical dependency, having children with disabilities, lack of a high school degree, lack of a marketable occupational skill, three or more children, or lack of regular work experience in the previous five years.

(b) "Case management" means case management as defined in subdivision 11.

Subd. 3. [APPLICATION.] Counties, employment and training service providers, cities, local and state agencies, federally recognized Indian reservations, educational institutions, job training agencies, community-based organizations, displaced homemaker programs, supported work programs, and other nonprofit agencies may apply for grants under this section.

Subd. 4. [SELECTION.] A committee consisting of the commissioner of human services, the commissioner of jobs and training, and the director of the state board of vocational technical education, or their designees, shall review the project proposals and select projects to receive grants under this section. The first set of projects must be selected by March 1, 1988. At least two projects must be selected that are operated by or in cooperation with tribes or organizations representing ethnic minorities, except that the committee may reject any project proposal that does not meet the design requirements established in subdivision 5.

Subd. 5. [PROJECT DESIGN.] Projects selected under this section must:

- (1) use existing resources whenever possible;

(2) serve one of the three groups listed in subdivision 1;

(3) meet financial and administrative standards established by the commissioner;

(4) participate in reporting and evaluation requirements as specified by the commissioner; and

(5) provide matching funds, including in-kind matches, but not including income maintenance grants, medical assistance, food stamps, or state job training funds. Preference shall be given to projects which include multi-agency participation or coordination.

Subd. 6. [ALLOWABLE EXPENDITURES.] (a) Projects may use money received under this section for education, employment, social services, child care, transportation, support services, rehabilitation services, relocation assistance, job development, work experience, on-the-job training, case management, medical services, and other appropriate services.

(b) Projects may use up to 15 percent of the money received under this section for administrative expenses. Administrative expenses do not include expenses for activities in paragraph (a).

(c) The commissioner may establish limits on the use of money for particular purposes or services.

Subd. 7. [DEMONSTRATION AND EVALUATION.] For the biennium ending June 30, 1989, projects are demonstration projects to test the effectiveness of differing approaches to serving populations with acute needs. The commissioner of human services shall submit to the governor and the legislature a progress report by February 1, 1989, and shall submit subsequent program evaluation reports as part of the biennial plan.

Subd. 8. [CONTINUED FUNDING.] Projects that received grants for the biennium ending June 30, 1989, and achieve effective results must be given priority for grants in succeeding cycles.

Subd. 9. [CARRYOVER AUTHORITY.] Money appropriated in one fiscal year may be carried forward into the next year to ensure continuity of services and funding for follow-up services.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.74, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [AMOUNT.] The amount of assistance which shall be granted to or on behalf of any dependent child and mother or other needy eligible relative caring for the dependent child shall be determined by the county agency in accordance with rules promul-

gated by the commissioner and shall be sufficient, when added to all other income and support available to the child, to provide the child with a reasonable subsistence compatible with decency and health. The amount shall be based on the method of budgeting required in Public Law Number 97-35, section 2315, United States Code, title 42, section 602, as amended and federal regulations at Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, section 233. Nonrecurring lump sum income received by an assistance unit must be budgeted in the normal retrospective cycle. The number of months of ineligibility is determined by dividing the amount of the lump sum income and all other income, after application of the applicable disregards, by the standard of need for the assistance unit. An amount remaining after this calculation is income in the first month of eligibility. If the total monthly income including the lump sum income is larger than the standard of need for a single month the first month of ineligibility is the payment month that corresponds with the budget month in which the lump sum income was received. In making its determination the county agency shall disregard the following from family income:

(1) all of the earned income of each dependent child receiving aid to families with dependent children who is a full-time student or part-time student, and not a full-time employee, attending a school, college, or university, or a course of vocational or technical training designed to fit students for gainful employment as well as all the earned income derived from the job training and partnership act (JTPA) for a dependent child for six calendar months per year, together with unearned income derived from the job training and partnership act;

(2) all educational grants and loans awarded pursuant to a federal law when public assistance was considered in making the award and the award was made on the basis of financial need; and that part of any other educational grant or loan which is used for educational purposes, such as tuition, fees, equipment, transportation and child care expenses necessary for school attendance;

(3) the first \$75 of each individual's earned income. For self-employed persons, the expenses directly related to producing goods and services and without which the goods and services could not be produced shall be disregarded pursuant to rules promulgated by the commissioner;

(4) an amount equal to the actual expenditures but not to exceed \$160 for the care of each dependent child or incapacitated individual living in the same home and receiving aid. In the case of a person not engaged in full-time employment or not employed throughout the month, the commissioner shall prescribe by rule a lesser amount to be disregarded;

(5) thirty dollars plus one-third of the remainder of each individual's earned income not already disregarded for individuals

found otherwise eligible to receive aid or who have received aid in one of the four months before the month of application. With respect to any month, the county welfare agency shall not disregard under this clause any earned income of any person who has:

(a) reduced earned income without good cause within 30 days preceding any month in which an assistance payment is made; or

(b) refused without good cause to accept an offer of suitable employment; or

(c) left employment or reduced earnings without good cause and applied for assistance so as to be able later to return to employment with the advantage of the income disregard; or

(d) failed without good cause to make a timely report of earned income in accordance with rules promulgated by the commissioner of human services.

Persons who are already employed and who apply for assistance shall have their needs computed with full account taken of their earned and other income. If earned and other income of the family is less than need, as determined on the basis of public assistance standards, the county agency shall determine the amount of the grant by applying the disregard of income provisions. The county agency shall not disregard earned income for persons in a family if the total monthly earned and other income exceeds their needs, unless for any one of the four preceding months their needs were met in whole or in part by a grant payment.

The disregard of \$30 and one-third of the remainder of earned income described in clause (5) shall be applied to the individual's income for a period not to exceed four consecutive months. Any month in which the individual loses this disregard because of the provisions of clauses (5)(a) to (5)(d) shall be considered as one of the four months. An additional \$30 work incentive must be available for an eight-month period beginning in the month following the last month of the combined \$30 and one-third work incentive. This period must be in effect whether or not the person has earned income or is eligible for AFDC. To again qualify for the earned income disregards under clause (d), the individual must not be a recipient of aid for a period of 12 consecutive months. When an assistance unit becomes ineligible for aid due to the fact that these disregards are no longer applied to income, the assistance unit shall be eligible for medical assistance benefits for a 12-month period beginning with the first month of AFDC ineligibility;

(6) the first \$50 per assistance unit of the monthly support obligation collected by the support and recovery (IV-D) unit; and

(7) that portion of an insurance settlements settlement earmarked and used to pay medical bills, to compensate a member of an assistance unit for partial or permanent loss of function or a body part expenses, funeral and burial costs, or to repair or replace insured property.

The first \$50 of periodic support payments collected by the public authority responsible for child support enforcement from a person with a legal obligation to pay support for a member of the assistance unit shall be paid to the assistance unit within 15 days of after the end of the month in which the collection of such periodic support payments occurred and shall be disregarded in determining the amount of assistance.

**Sec. 24. [256.745] [SERVICE DELIVERY IMPROVEMENT PILOT PROJECT.]**

Subdivision 1. [STEP] "STEP" means the strive toward excellence program administered by the department of administration.

Subd. 2. [PILOT PROJECT ESTABLISHED; GOALS.] The service delivery improvement project, consisting of six pilot projects selected under subdivision 4, is established to use STEP productivity improvement technology to achieve the following goals: redesign of employment and training and income maintenance delivery systems as required under Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 14, article 9; and improvement of the quality and cost effectiveness of employment and training and income maintenance services provided to clients.

Subd. 3. [COMMITTEE.] The commissioner shall establish and select a committee to administer the service delivery improvement project. The committee consists of the commissioner, the commissioner of jobs and training, the commissioner of human services, one member of the senate, one member of the house of representatives, one public member representing the private sector, and other public members considered necessary by the commissioner. The commissioner may reimburse the public members for actual expenses in the same manner and amount as authorized by the commissioner's plan under section 43A.18, subdivision 2.

Subd. 4. [DUTIES.] The committee shall solicit from local service units or consortia of local service units proposals to conduct innovative pilot projects to redesign the employment and training and income maintenance delivery system. By December 1, 1987, the committee shall evaluate the proposals and select six pilot projects to receive training and technical assistance as provided in subdivision 6.

Subd. 5. [EVALUATION.] The committee shall evaluate each proposal based upon the extent to which the proposed pilot project

uses STEP productivity improvement technology, addresses the goals set forth under subdivision 2, and involves members of the private sector in joint financing of delivery system innovations.

Subd. 6. [TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.] The commissioner shall contract with the department of administration to provide staff training, technical assistance, and detailed periodic reports of the day-to-day operation of a pilot project to affected local service units.

Subd. 7. [COOPERATION OF AGENCIES.] The commissioner of human services and the commissioner of jobs and training shall cooperate fully with local service units undertaking pilot projects under this section. If requested by a local service unit which has had a pilot project selected under subdivision 4, the commissioner shall reduce, to the extent possible, reporting and other requirements which may be applicable under state law to that pilot project.

Sec. 25. [256.979] [CHILD SUPPORT INCENTIVES.]

Subdivision 1. [INCENTIVE AWARD ACCOUNT.] The state share of AFDC child support collections received by the commissioner of human services during fiscal year 1988 in excess of a threshold of \$14,273,000 and during fiscal year 1989 in excess of a threshold of \$15,628,000 must be deposited in an incentive award account for nonpublic assistance collections. Money in the incentive award account is appropriated to the commissioner of human services for distribution to counties under this section. This subdivision does not apply to an increase in child support collections that may result from changes in federal law pertaining to the treatment of the first \$50 of periodic support payments collected by the child support enforcement office.

Subd. 2. [RATIO DETERMINATION.] Using information reported to the commissioner of human services under Title IV-D of the Social Security Act by county agencies responsible for child support enforcement, the commissioner shall determine the cost-benefit ratio for each county on a quarterly basis. The commissioner shall determine the ratio by dividing each county's nonpublic assistance collections by the county child support agency costs. For purposes of this section, collections made on behalf of another county agency in Minnesota shall be identified and counted only by the county agency making the collection.

Subd. 3. [PERCENTAGE DETERMINATION.] The commissioner shall use the following table to determine the percentage for each county that corresponds to the ratio determined in subdivision 2. The commissioner shall multiply each county agency's quarterly nonpublic assistance collections by the applicable percentage to determine the county agency's nonpublic assistance dollar amount for purposes of this subdivision.

<u>Ratio*</u>	<u>Percent</u>
<u>.1</u> or <u>less</u>	<u>3.0</u>
<u>.2</u>	<u>3.5</u>
<u>.4</u>	<u>4.0</u>
<u>.6</u>	<u>4.5</u>
<u>.8</u>	<u>5.0</u>
<u>1.0</u>	<u>5.5</u>
<u>1.2</u>	<u>6.0</u>
<u>1.4</u>	<u>6.5</u>
<u>1.6</u>	<u>7.0</u>
<u>1.8</u>	<u>7.5</u>
<u>2.0</u>	<u>8.0</u>
<u>2.2</u>	<u>8.5</u>
<u>2.4</u>	<u>9.0</u>
<u>2.6</u>	<u>9.5</u>
<u>2.8</u> or <u>more</u>	<u>10.0</u>

\*A county ratio that falls between two listed ratios must be rounded up to the next listed ratio.

Subd. 4. [DISTRIBUTION FORMULA.] (a) The commissioner shall determine each county child support enforcement agency's share of the state's quarterly incentive award for nonpublic assistance collections according to the formula in paragraph (b). County agencies that do not submit the required report to the commissioner within 30 days after the end of the quarter shall not receive an incentive award under this section and are excluded for purposes of the formula in this subdivision. Within 45 days after the end of the quarter, the commissioner shall inform each county agency of the determinations and pay the determined amount to the county agency. Incentive payments under this section must begin with the quarter ending September 30, 1988.

(b) To determine the county agency's quarterly incentive award, the commissioner shall:

(1) add all county agency quarterly nonpublic assistance dollar amounts as determined in subdivision 3;

(2) divide the state's quarterly nonpublic assistance incentive award by the total obtained in clause (1); and

(3) multiply the quotient obtained in clause (2) by each county agency's quarterly nonpublic assistance dollar amount as determined under subdivision 3.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.37, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3. [PRIVATE BENEFITS TO BE USED FIRST.] Private accident and health care coverage for medical services is primary coverage and must be exhausted before medical assistance is paid. When a person who is otherwise eligible for medical assistance has private accident or health care coverage, including a prepaid health plan, the private health care benefits available to the person must be used first and to the fullest extent. Supplemental payment may be made by medical assistance, but the combined total amount paid must not exceed the amount payable under medical assistance in the absence of other coverage. Medical assistance must not make supplemental payment for covered services rendered by a vendor who participates or contracts with a health coverage plan if the plan requires the vendor to accept the plan's payment as payment in full.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256D.01, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. [STANDARDS.] (1) A principal objective in providing general assistance is to provide for persons ineligible for federal programs who are unable to provide for themselves. To achieve these aims, the commissioner shall establish minimum standards of assistance for general assistance. The minimum standard of assistance determines the total amount of the general assistance grant without separate standards for shelter, utilities, or other needs.

For a recipient who is a member of a one-person assistance unit, the standard shall not be less than the combined total of the minimum standards of assistance for shelter and basic needs in effect on February 1, 1983. The standards of assistance shall not be lower for a recipient sharing a residence with another person unless that person is a responsible relative. The standards of assistance for recipients who are members of an assistance unit composed of more than one person must be equal to the aid to families with dependent children standard of assistance for a family of similar size and composition.

The standards shall be lowered for recipients who share a residence with a person who is a responsible relative of one or more members of the assistance unit if the responsible relative also receives general assistance or aid to families with dependent children. The standards must also be lowered for recipients who share a residence with a responsible relative if the relative is not receiving general assistance or aid to families with dependent children because the relative has been sanctioned or disqualified. If the responsible relative is receiving general assistance or aid to families with dependent children, or would be receiving them but for sanction or disqualification, then the standard applicable to the general assistance recipient's assistance unit must equal the amount that would be attributable to the members of the assistance unit if the members were included as additional recipients in the responsible relative's general assistance or aid to families with dependent children grant.



When determining the amount attributable to members of an assistance unit that must receive a reduced standard, the amount attributed to adults must be the amount attributed to another child added to the responsible relative's assistance unit. When an assistance unit is subject to a reduced standard, the reduced standard must not exceed the standard that applies to an assistance unit that does not share a residence with a responsible relative.

For recipients, except recipients who are eligible under section 256D.05, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clauses (1), (7), (8), (9), and (14), who share a residence with a responsible relative who is not receiving general assistance or aid to families with dependent children but who receives other income, the standards shall be lowered, subject to these limitations:

(a) The general assistance grant to the one-person assistance unit shall be in an amount such that total household income is equal to the aid to families with dependent children standard for a household of like size and composition, except that the grant shall not exceed that paid to a general assistance recipient living independently.

(b) Benefits received by a responsible relative under the supplemental security income program, the social security retirement program if the relative was receiving benefits under the social security disability program at the time of becoming eligible for the social security retirement program or if the relative is a person described in section 256D.05, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (1), (7), or (9), the social security disability program, a workers' compensation program, the Minnesota supplemental aid program, or on the basis of the relative's disability, must not be included in the household income calculation.

(2) The commissioner shall set the standard of assistance for an assistance unit consisting of an adult recipient who is childless and unmarried or living apart from his or her children and spouse and who does not live with his or her parent or parents or a legal custodian. When the other standards specified in this subdivision increase, this standard shall also be increased by the same percentage.

(3) For an assistance unit consisting of an adult who is childless and unmarried or living apart from his or her children and spouse, but who lives with his or her parent or parents, the general assistance standard of assistance shall be equal to the amount that the aid to families with dependent children standard of assistance would increase if the recipient were added as an additional minor child to an assistance unit consisting of the recipient's parent and all of that parent's family members, provided that the standard shall not exceed the standard for a general assistance recipient living alone. Benefits received by a responsible relative of the assistance unit under the supplemental security income program, a workers'

compensation program, the Minnesota supplemental aid program, or any other program based on the responsible relative's disability, and any benefits received by a responsible relative of the assistance unit under the social security retirement program, shall not be counted in the determination of eligibility or benefit level for the assistance unit. An adult child shall be ineligible for general assistance if the available resources or the countable income of the adult child and the parent or parents with whom he or she lives are such that a family consisting of the adult child's parent or parents, the parent or parents' other family members and the adult child as the only or additional minor child would be financially ineligible for general assistance.

(4) For an assistance unit consisting of a married couple who are childless or who live apart from any child or children of whom either of the married couple is a parent or legal custodian, the standards of assistance shall be equal to the first and second adult standards of the aid to families with dependent children program. If one member of the couple is not included in the general assistance grant, then the standard of assistance for the other shall be equal to the second adult standard of the aid to families with dependent children program, except that, when one member of the couple is not included in the general assistance grant because he or she is not categorically eligible for general assistance under section 256D.05, subdivision 1, and has exhausted work readiness eligibility under section 256D.051, subdivision 4 or 5, for the period of time covered by the general assistance grant, then the standard of assistance for the remaining member of the couple shall be equal to the first adult standard of the aid to families with dependent children program.

(5) For an assistance unit consisting of all members of a family, the standards of assistance shall be the same as the standards of assistance applicable to a family under the aid to families with dependent children program if that family had the same number of parents and children as the assistance unit under general assistance and if all members of that family were eligible for the aid to families with dependent children program. If one or more members of the family are not included in the assistance unit for general assistance, the standards of assistance for the remaining members shall be equal to the standards of assistance applicable to an assistance unit composed of the entire family, less the standards of assistance applicable to a family of the same number of parents and children as those members of the family who are not in the assistance unit for general assistance. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if an assistance unit consists solely of the minor children because their parent or parents have been sanctioned from receiving benefits from the aid to families with dependent children program, the standard for the assistance unit shall be equal to the special child standard of the aid to families with dependent children program. A child shall not be excluded from the assistance unit unless income intended for its benefit is received from a federally aided categorical assistance

program; supplemental security income; retirement, survivors, and disability income; other assistance programs; or child support and maintenance payments. The income of a child who is excluded from the assistance unit shall not be counted in the determination of eligibility or benefit level for the assistance unit.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256D.02, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. "Family" means two or more individuals who are related by blood, marriage or adoption, who are living in a place or residence maintained by one or more of them as a home, and at least one of whom is a child who is not married to another of such individuals and is in the care of or dependent upon another of such individuals the following persons who live together: a minor child or a group of minor children related to each other as siblings, half siblings, or stepsiblings, together with their natural or adoptive parents, their stepparents, or their legal custodians, and any other minor children of whom an adult member of the family is a legal custodian.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256D.02, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. "Income" means any form of income, including remuneration for services performed as an employee and net earnings from self-employment, reduced by the amount attributable to employment expenses as defined by the commissioner. The amount attributable to employment expenses shall include amounts paid or withheld for federal and state personal income taxes and federal social security taxes.

"Income" includes any payments received as an annuity, retirement, or disability benefit, including veteran's or workers' compensation; old age, survivors, and disability insurance; railroad retirement benefits; unemployment benefits; and benefits under any federally aided categorical assistance program, supplementary security income, or other assistance program; rents, dividends, interest and royalties; and support and maintenance payments. Such payments may not be considered as available to meet the needs of any person other than the person for whose benefit they are received, unless that person is under a legal duty to support another a family member or a spouse and the income is not excluded under section 256D.01, subdivision 1a. Goods and services provided in lieu of cash payment shall be excluded from the definition of income, except that payments made for room, board, tuition or fees by a parent, on behalf of a child enrolled as a full-time student in a post-secondary institution, must be included as income.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256D.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. After December 31, 1980, state aid shall be paid to local agencies for 75 percent of all general assistance grants up to the standards of section 256D.01, subdivision 1a, and according to procedures established by the commissioner, except that, after December 31, 1987, state aid is reduced to 65 percent of all general assistance grants if the local agency does not make occupational or vocational literacy training available and accessible to recipients who are eligible for assistance under section 256D.05, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (15).

After December 31, 1986, state aid must be paid to local agencies for 65 percent of work readiness assistance paid under section 256D.051 if the county does not have an approved and operating community investment program.

Any local agency may, from its own resources, make payments of general assistance: (a) at a standard higher than that established by the commissioner without reference to the standards of section 256D.01, subdivision 1; or, (b) to persons not meeting the eligibility standards set forth in section 256D.05, subdivision 1, but for whom the aid would further the purposes established in the general assistance program in accordance with rules promulgated by the commissioner pursuant to the administrative procedure act.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256D.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ELIGIBILITY.] (a) Each person or family whose income and resources are less than the standard of assistance established by the commissioner shall be eligible for and entitled to general assistance if the person or family is:

(1) a person who is suffering from a permanent or temporary illness, injury, or incapacity which is medically certified and which prevents the person from obtaining or retaining employment;

(2) a person whose presence in the home on a substantially continuous basis is required because of the certified illness, injury, incapacity, or the age of another member of the household;

(3) a person who has been placed in a licensed or certified facility for purposes of physical or mental health or rehabilitation, or in an approved chemical dependency domiciliary facility, if the placement is based on illness or incapacity and is pursuant to a plan developed or approved by the local agency through its director or designated representative;

(4) a person who resides in a shelter facility described in subdivision 3;

(5) a person who is or may be eligible for displaced homemaker services, programs, or assistance under section 268.96, but only if that person is enrolled as a full-time student;

(6) a person who is unable to secure suitable employment due to inability to communicate in the English language, provided that the person is not an illegal alien, and who, if assigned to a language skills program by the local agency, is participating in that program;

(7) a person not described in clause (1) or (3) who is diagnosed by a licensed physician or licensed consulting psychologist as mentally retarded or mentally ill, and that condition prevents the person from obtaining or retaining employment;

(8) a person who has an application pending for the social security disability program or the program of supplemental security income for the aged, blind, and disabled, or who has been terminated from either program and has an appeal from that termination pending;

(9) a person who is unable to obtain or retain employment because advanced age significantly affects the person's ability to seek or engage in substantial work;

(10) a person completing a secondary education program;

(11) a family with one or more minor children; provided that, if all the children are six years of age or older, all the adult members of the family register for and cooperate in the work readiness program under section 256D.051; and provided further that, if one or more of the children are under the age of six and if the family contains more than one adult member, all the adult members except one adult member register for and cooperate in the work readiness program under section 256D.051. The adult members required to register for and cooperate with the work readiness program are not eligible for financial assistance under section 256D.051, except as provided in section 256D.051, subdivision 6, and shall be included in the general assistance grant. If an adult member fails to cooperate with requirements of section 256D.051, the local agency shall not take that member's needs into account in making the grant determination. The time limits of section 256D.051, subdivisions 4 and 5, do not apply to people eligible under this clause;

(12) a person who has substantial barriers to employment, including but not limited to factors relating to work or training history, as determined by the local agency in accordance with permanent or emergency rules adopted by the commissioner after consultation with the commissioner of jobs and training;

(13) a person who is certified by the commissioner of jobs and training before August 1, 1985, as lacking work skills or training or as being unable to obtain work skills or training necessary to secure

employment, as defined in a permanent or emergency rule adopted by the commissioner of jobs and training in consultation with the commissioner; or

(14) a person who is determined by the local agency, in accordance with emergency and permanent rules adopted by the commissioner, to be functionally illiterate or learning disabled;

(15) a person who is determined by the local agency, in accordance with emergency and permanent rules adopted by the commissioner, to be functionally illiterate, provided that the person complies with literacy training requirements set by the local agency under section 32. A person who is terminated for failure to comply with literacy training requirements may not reapply for assistance under this clause for 60 days. The local agency must provide an oral explanation to the person of the person's responsibilities under this clause, the penalties for failure to comply, the agency's duties under section 256D.0505, subdivision 2, and the person's right to appeal (1) at the time an application is approved based on this clause, and (2) at the time the person is referred to literacy training; or

(16) a child under the age of 18 who is not living with a parent, stepparent, or legal custodian, but only if: the child is legally emancipated or living with an adult with the consent of an agency acting as a legal custodian; the child is at least 16 years of age and the general assistance grant is approved by the director of the local agency or a designated representative as a component of a social services case plan for the child; or the child is living with an adult with the consent of the child's legal custodian and the local agency.

(b) The following persons or families with income and resources that are less than the standard of assistance established by the commissioner are eligible for and entitled to a maximum of six months of general assistance during any consecutive 12-month period, after registering with and completing six months in a work readiness program under section 256D.051:

(1) a person who has borderline mental retardation; and

(2) a person who exhibits perceptible symptoms of mental illness as certified by a qualified professional but who is not eligible for general assistance under paragraph (a), because the mental illness interferes with the medical certification process; provided that the person cooperates with social services, treatment, or other plans developed by the local agency to address the illness.

In order to retain eligibility under this paragraph, a recipient must continue to cooperate with work and training requirements as determined by the local agency.

Sec. 32. [256D.0505] [LITERACY TRAINING FOR RECIPIENTS.]

Subdivision 1. [OCCUPATIONAL AND VOCATIONAL PROGRAMS.] The local agency must work with local educational institutions and job training programs in the identification, development, and utilization of occupational and vocational literacy programs for general assistance recipients. Occupational and vocational literacy programs are programs which provide literacy training to adults who lack formal education or job skills. The programs emphasize particular language and reading skills needed for successful job performance.

Subd. 2. [ASSESSMENT AND ASSIGNMENT.] The local agency must:

(1) assess existing reading level, learning disabilities, reading potential, and vocational or occupational interests of people eligible under section 256D.05, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (15);

(2) assign suitable recipients to openings in occupational and vocational literacy programs;

(3) if no openings are available in accessible occupational or vocational literacy programs, assign suitable recipients to openings in other accessible literacy training programs; and

(4) reassign to another accessible literacy program any recipient who does not complete an assigned program and who wishes to try another program.

Subd. 3. [SERVICES PROVIDED.] The local agency must provide child care and transportation to enable people to participate in literacy training under this section.

Subd. 4. [PAYMENT OF GENERAL ASSISTANCE.] The local agency must provide assistance under section 256D.05, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (15), to people who:

(1) participate in a literacy program assigned under subdivision 2. To "participate" means to attend regular classes, complete assignments, and make progress toward literacy goals;

(2) despite participation for a period of six months or more, fail to progress in assigned literacy programs;

(3) are not assigned to literacy training because there is no program available or accessible to them; or

(4) have failed for good cause to complete an assigned literacy program.

Subd. 5. [REASSESSMENT AND LITERACY REFERRAL.] (a) When a person is no longer functionally illiterate under rules adopted by the commissioner or is terminated for failure to comply with literacy training requirements, the local agency must assess the person's eligibility for general assistance under the remaining provisions of section 256D.05, subdivision 1, paragraph (a). The local agency must refer to the work readiness program under section 256D.051 all people not eligible for general assistance.

(b) The local agency may also refer for voluntary work readiness services all recipients who reach a level of literacy that may allow successful participation in job training, provided that the job training does not interfere with a recipient's participation in literacy training. However, referral under this clause does not affect general assistance eligibility.

Subd. 6. [RIGHT TO NOTICE AND HEARING.] The local agency shall provide notice and opportunity for hearings for adverse actions under this section according to sections 256D.10 and 256D.101.

Subd. 7. [COSTS.] The state shall reimburse local agencies for the costs of providing transportation under this section. Counties must make every effort to ensure that child care is available as needed by recipients who are pursuing literacy training. A recipient who is unable to obtain affordable child care is not required to participate in literacy training.

Counties must identify literacy programs and services available through educational institutions and are required to provide additional services within the limits of available appropriations.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256D.051, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [WORK REGISTRATION.] A person or family, or married couple whose income and resources are less than the standard of assistance established by the commissioner, but who are not eligible to receive general assistance under section 256D.05, subdivision 1, are eligible for a work readiness program. Upon registration, a registrant is eligible to receive assistance in an amount equal to general assistance under section 256D.05, subdivision 1, for a maximum of six months during any consecutive 12-month period, subject to subdivisions subdivision 3, 4, and 5. The local agency shall pay work readiness assistance in monthly payments beginning at the time of registration.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256D.051, subdivision 2, is amended to read:



Subd. 2. [LOCAL AGENCY DUTIES.] (a) The local agency shall provide to registrants under subdivision 1 a work readiness program. The work readiness program must include:

- (1) an employability assessment and development plan in which the local agency estimates the length of time it will take the registrant to obtain employment;
- (2) referral to available employment assistance programs including the Minnesota employment and economic development program;
- (3) a job search program; and
- (4) other activities designed by the local agency to prepare the registrant for permanent employment.

In order to allow time for job search, the local agency shall not require an individual to participate in the work readiness program for more than 32 hours a week. The local agency shall require an individual to spend at least eight hours a week in job search or other work readiness program activities.

(b) The local agency may provide a work readiness program to recipients under section 256D.05, subdivision 1, paragraph (b) and shall provide a work readiness program to recipients referred under section 32, subdivision 5, paragraph (b).

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256D.051, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [LOCAL AGENCY OPTIONS.] The local agency may, at its option, provide up to \$100 per \$200 for each registrant who has completed an employment development plan for direct expenses incurred by the registrant for transportation, clothes, and tools necessary for employment. The local agency may provide an additional \$100 for direct expenses of registrants remaining in the work readiness program for more than two months. After paying direct expenses as needed by individual registrants, the local agency may use any remaining money to provide additional services as needed by any registrant including education, orientation, placement, other work experience, on-the-job training, and other appropriate activities.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256D.051, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6a. [COUNTY MATCH AND USE OF FUNDS.] Each county shall provide a 25 percent match for direct participation expenses and administrative costs of providing work readiness services. Funds may be used for the following direct participation

expenses: transportation, clothes, tools, and other necessary work-related expenses. Funds may be used for administrative costs incurred providing the following services: employability assessments and employability development plans, employment search assistance, education, orientation, placement, on-the-job training, and other appropriate activities.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256D.051, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [INELIGIBILITY VOLUNTARY QUIT.] A person who is otherwise eligible to receive work readiness assistance under subdivision 1 must be terminated from work readiness assistance on quitting work without good cause, being fired for misconduct, or refusing to accept an offer of suitable employment. A person is not eligible for work readiness payments or services if, without good cause, the person refuses a legitimate offer of suitable employment within 60 days before the date of application. A person who, without good cause, voluntarily quits suitable employment or refuses a legitimate offer of suitable employment while receiving work readiness payments or services shall be disqualified for two months according to rules adopted by the commissioner.

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256D.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. General assistance shall be granted in such an amount that when added to the nonexempt income actually available to the individual, married couple, or family, the total amount equals the applicable standard of assistance established by the commissioner for general assistance. In determining eligibility for and the amount of assistance the local agency shall disregard the first \$50 of earned income per month.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256D.06, subdivision 1b, is amended to read:

Subd. 1b. [EARNED INCOME SAVINGS ACCOUNT.] In addition to the \$50 disregard required under subdivision 1, the local agency shall disregard an additional earned income up to a maximum of \$150 per month for persons residing in facilities licensed under Minnesota Rules; parts 9520.0500 to 9520.0690 and 9530.2500 to 9530.4000, and for whom discharge and work are part of a treatment plan. The additional amount disregarded must be placed in a separate savings account by the eligible individual, to be used upon discharge from the residential facility into the community. A maximum of \$1,000, including interest, of the money in the savings account must be excluded from the resource limits established by section 256D.08, subdivision 1, clause (1). Amounts in that account in excess of \$1,000 must be applied to the resident's cost of care. If excluded money is removed from the savings account by the eligible

individual at any time before the individual is discharged from the facility into the community, the money is income to the individual in the month of receipt and a resource in subsequent months. If an eligible individual moves from a community facility to an inpatient hospital setting, the separate savings account is an excluded asset for up to 18 months. During that time, amounts that accumulate in excess of the \$1,000 savings limit must be applied to the patient's cost of care. If the patient continues to be hospitalized at the conclusion of the 18-month period, the entire account must be applied to the patient's cost of care.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256D.06, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision 1, a grant of general assistance shall be made to an eligible individual, married couple, or family for an emergency need, as defined in rules promulgated by the commissioner, where the recipient requests temporary assistance not exceeding 30 days if an emergency situation appears to exist and the individual is ineligible for the program of emergency assistance under aid to families with dependent children and is not a recipient of aid to families with dependent children at the time of application hereunder. If a recipient relates facts to the local agency which may be sufficient to constitute an emergency situation, the local agency shall advise the recipient of the procedure for applying for assistance pursuant to this subdivision.

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256D.08, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. In determining eligibility of a family, married couple, or individual there shall be excluded the following resources:

(1) Real or personal property or liquid assets which do not exceed those permitted under the federally aided assistance program known as aid to families with dependent children; and

(2) Other property which has been determined, in accordance with and subject to limitations contained in rules promulgated by the commissioner, to be essential to the family or individual as a means of self-support or self-care or which is producing income that is being used for the support of the individual or family. The commissioner shall further provide by rule the conditions for those situations in which property not excluded under this subdivision may be retained by the family or individual where there is a reasonable probability that in the foreseeable future the property will be used for the self-support of the individual or family; and

(3) Payments, made pursuant to litigation and subsequent appropriation by the United States Congress, of funds to compensate

members of Indian tribes for the taking of tribal land by the federal government.

Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256D.101, is amended to read:

**256D.101 [FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH WORK REQUIREMENTS; NOTICE.]**

**Subdivision 1. [DISQUALIFICATION.]** If the local agency determines that a registrant has failed to comply with the requirements of section 256D.051, the local agency shall notify the registrant of the determination. The notification shall be in writing; and shall state the facts that support the local agency's determination; For the first two times in a six-month period that the registrant has failed without good cause to comply with program requirements, the notification shall specify the particular actions that must be taken by the registrant to achieve compliance; shall state that the recipient must take the specified actions by a date certain, which must be at least 15 ten days following the date the notification is mailed or delivered to the registrant; shall explain the ramifications of the registrant's failure to take the required actions by the specified date; and shall advise the registrant that the registrant may request and have a conference with the local agency to discuss the notification. A registrant who fails without good cause to comply with requirements of the program more than two times in a six-month period must be notified of termination.

**Subd. 2. [NOTICE OF GRANT REDUCTION, SUSPENSION, OR TERMINATION.]** ~~No~~ The notice of grant reduction, suspension, or termination on the ground that a registrant has failed to comply with section 256D.051 shall be given mailed or hand delivered by the local agency until the notification required by subdivision 1 has been given, the time for compliance stated in the notification has lapsed, and the local agency has, subsequent concurrently with the notification required by subdivision 1. Prior to giving the notification, assessed the local agency must assess the registrant's eligibility for general assistance under section 256D.05 to the extent possible using information contained in the case file, and determined determine that the registrant is not eligible under that section. The determination that the registrant is not eligible shall be stated in the notice of grant reduction, suspension, or termination.

**Subd. 3. [BENEFITS AFTER NOTIFICATION.]** Assistance payments otherwise due to the registrant under section 256D.051 shall not be paid after the notification required in subdivision 1 has been provided to the registrant unless, before the date stated in the notification, the registrant takes the specified action necessary to achieve compliance or, within five days after the effective date stated in the notice, files an appeal of the grant reduction, suspension, or termination. If, by the required date, the registrant does take the

specified action necessary to achieve compliance, both the notification required by subdivision 1 and the notice required by subdivision 2 shall be canceled and all benefits due to the registrant shall be paid promptly. If, by the required date, the registrant files an appeal of the grant reduction, suspension, or termination, benefits otherwise due to the registrant shall be continued pending the outcome of the appeal.

Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256D.15, is amended to read:

256D.15 [RELATIVE'S RESPONSIBILITY.]

The financial responsibility of a relative for an applicant for or recipient of general assistance or work readiness shall not extend beyond the relationship of a spouse or a parent of an adult child who resides with the parent, or the parent of a minor child regardless of where the minor child resides, or a family member who resides with the applicant or recipient.

Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 257.33, is amended to read:

257.33 [DUTIES OF COMMISSIONER OF HUMAN SERVICES.]

Subdivision 1. [SERVICES TO PREGNANT WOMEN.] It shall be the duty of the commissioner of human services to offer appropriate social services to any pregnant woman who is in need of social services under criteria prescribed by rule of the commissioner. The commissioner shall also offer appropriate social services to the woman and her child after the birth of the child.

Subd. 2. [MINOR PARENTS AND THEIR CHILDREN.] (a) Every birth to a minor shall be reported by the hospital where the birth occurs, within three working days after the birth. The hospital shall make the report to the commissioner on a form provided by the department of human services county social services agency in the county in which the minor mother resides and shall notify the minor that the report has been made. The county social services agency shall contact any minor mother who does not have a case manager who resides in the county and determine whether she has a plan for herself and her child. The plan must consider:

- (1) the age of the minor parent;
- (2) the involvement of the minor's parents or of other adults who provide active, ongoing guidance, support, and supervision;
- (3) the involvement of the father of the minor's child, including steps being taken to establish paternity, if appropriate;

(4) a decision of the minor to keep and raise her child or place the child for adoption;

(5) completion of high school or GED;

(6) current economic support of the minor parent and child and plans for economic self-sufficiency;

(7) parenting skills of the minor parent;

(8) living arrangement of the minor parent and child;

(9) child care and transportation needed for education, training, or employment;

(10) ongoing health care; and

(11) other services as needed to address personal or family problems or to facilitate the personal growth and development and economic self-sufficiency of the minor parent and child.

(b) If the minor parent does not have a plan for herself and child, the county social services agency shall work with her to develop a plan and shall provide case management services as needed to assure the resources and services are available to meet the plan requirements.

(c) If the minor parent refuses to plan for herself and her child or fails, without good cause, to follow through on an agreed upon plan, the county social services agency may file a petition under section 260.131 seeking an order for protective supervision under section 260.191, subdivision 1, clause (a), on the grounds that the minor parent's child is dependent due to the state of immaturity of the minor parent. A contract with a minor parent under section 256.736, subdivision 11(a)(4) is an "agreed upon plan" for purposes of this section.

Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 257.34, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ACKNOWLEDGMENT BY PARENTS.] The mother and father of a child born to a mother who was not married to the child's father when the child was conceived nor when the child was born may, in a writing signed by both of them before a notary public, declare and acknowledge under oath that they are the biological parents of the child. The declaration may provide that any such child born to the mother at any time before or up to ten months after the date of execution of the declaration is the biological child of the signatories. Execution of the declaration shall:

(a) have the same consequences as an acknowledgment by the signatories of parentage of the child for the purposes of sections 62A.041 and 62C.14, subdivision 5a;

(b) be conclusive evidence that the signatories are parents of the child for the purposes of sections 176.111 and ~~197.09 to 197.11~~ 197.75 and 197.752;

(c) ~~have create a presumption that the same consequences as an acknowledgment by signatory is the biological father of paternity of the child for the purposes of sections 257.57 and 257.66~~ 257.51 to 257.74;

(d) when timely filed with the division of vital statistics of the Minnesota department of health as provided in section 259.261, qualify as an affidavit stating the intention of the signatories to retain parental rights as provided in section 259.261 if it contains the information required by section 259.261 or rules promulgated thereunder;

(e) have the same consequences as a writing declaring paternity of the child for the purposes of section 524.2-109; and

(f) be conclusive evidence that the signatories are parents of the child for the purposes of chapter 573.

Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 257.57, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. ~~An action to determine the existence or nonexistence of the father and child relationship presumed under section 257.55, subdivision 1, clause (d) or (e) may be brought at any time by The child, the mother or personal representative of the child, the public authority chargeable by law with the support of the child, the personal representative or a parent of the mother if the mother has died or is a minor, a man alleged or alleging himself to be the father, or the personal representative or a parent of the alleged father if the alleged father has died or is a minor~~ may bring an action:

(1) at any time for the purpose of declaring the existence of the father and child relationship presumed under section 257.55, subdivision 1, clause (d) or (e), or the nonexistence of the father and child relationship presumed under clause (d) of that subdivision; or

(2) for the purpose of declaring the nonexistence of the father and child relationship presumed under section 257.55, subdivision 1, clause (e) only if the action is brought within three years after the date of the execution of the declaration.

Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 257.60, is amended to read:

257.60 [PARTIES.]

The child may be made a party to the action. If the child is a minor and is made a party, a general guardian or a guardian ad litem shall be appointed by the court to represent the child. The child's mother or father may not represent the child as guardian or otherwise. If the child is a minor and the case involves a compromise under section 257.64, subdivision 1 or a lump sum payment under section 257.66, subdivision 4, the child and the commissioner of human services shall each be made a party before the court approves a compromise or orders a lump sum payment. The natural biological mother, each man presumed to be the father under section 257.55, and each man alleged to be the natural biological father, shall be made parties or, if not subject to the jurisdiction of the court, shall be given notice of the action in a manner prescribed by the court and shall be given an opportunity to be heard. The public agency responsible for support enforcement is joined as a party in each case in which rights are assigned under section 256.74, subdivision 5. A person who may bring an action under section 257.57 may be made a party to the action. The court may align the parties. The child shall be made a party whenever:

(1) the child is a minor and the case involves a compromise under section 257.64, subdivision 1, or a lump sum payment under section 257.66, subdivision 4, in which case the commissioner of human services shall also be made a party; or

(2) the child is a minor and the action is to declare the nonexistence of the father and child relationship; or

(3) an action to declare the existence of the father and child relationship is brought by a man presumed to be the father under section 257.55, or a man who alleges to be the father, and the mother of the child denies the existence of the father and child relationship.

Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 257.62, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. [TESTS, EVIDENCE ADMISSIBLE.] In any hearing brought under subdivision 5, a certified report of the facts and results of a laboratory analysis or examination of blood or genetic tests, that is performed in a laboratory accredited to meet the Standards for Parentage Testing of the American Association of Blood Banks and is prepared and attested by a qualified expert appointed by the court, shall be admissible in evidence without proof of the seal, signature, or official character of the person whose name is signed to it, unless a demand is made by a party in a motion or responsive motion made within the time limit for making and filing



a responsive motion that the matter be heard on oral testimony before the court.

Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 257.63, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Upon refusal of a witness, including a party, to testify under oath or produce evidence, the court may order the party to testify under oath and produce evidence concerning all relevant facts. If the refusal is upon the grounds that the No testimony or evidence might tend to incriminate the party, the court may grant the party immunity from all criminal liability on account of the testimony or evidence the party is required to produce. An other information compelled under the order granting immunity bars prosecution of, or any information directly or indirectly derived from such testimony or other information, may be used against the witness for any offense shown, in whole or in part, by testimony or evidence which the party is required to produce any criminal case, except for perjury committed in the testimony. The refusal of a witness, who has been granted immunity, to obey an order to testify or produce evidence is subject to the sanctions within the jurisdiction of the court.

Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.0122, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [DUTIES AS A STATE AGENCY.] The commissioner shall:

(1) administer the unemployment insurance laws and related programs;

(2) administer the aspects of aid to families with dependent children, general assistance, work readiness, and food stamps that relate to employment and training services, subject to the limitations of federal regulations contract under section 268.86, subdivision 2;

(3) administer wage subsidies and recommend to the coordinator the use of the discretionary portion of wage subsidy appropriations the discretionary employment and training fund;

(4) administer a national system of public employment offices as prescribed by United States Code, title 29, chapter 4B, the Wagner-Peyser Act, and other federal employment and training programs;

(5) cooperate with the federal government and its employment and training agencies in any reasonable manner as necessary to qualify for federal aid for employment and training services and money;

(6) enter into agreements with other departments of the state and local units of government as necessary;

(7) certify ~~competent~~ employment and training service providers, with the concurrence of the coordinator, and decertify service providers that fail to comply with performance criteria according to standards established by the ~~coordinator~~ commissioner;

(8) provide consistent, integrated employment and training services across the state;

(9) establish the standards for all employment and training services administered under this chapter;

(10) develop standards for the contents and structure of the ~~county~~ local service unit plans;

(11) provide current state and substate labor market information and forecasts, in cooperation with other agencies;

~~(12)~~ prepare a plan and submit it to the coordinator in each even-numbered year, according to standards established by the coordinator, for use in developing a statewide employment and training plan;

~~(13)~~ (12) identify underserved populations, unmet service needs, and funding requirements;

(14) (13) consult with the council for the blind on matters pertaining to programs and services for the blind and visually impaired; and

~~(15)~~ (14) submit to the governor, the coordinator, the commissioners of human services and finance, and the chairs of the senate finance and house appropriations committees a semiannual report that:

(a) reports, by client classification, an unduplicated count of the kinds and number of services furnished through each program administered or supervised by the department or coordinated with it;

(b) reports on the number of job openings listed, developed, available, and obtained by clients;

(c) identifies the number of cooperative agreements in place, the number of individuals being served, and the kinds of service provided them;

(d) evaluates the performance of services, such as wage subsidies, community investments, work readiness, and grant diversions; and

(e) explains the effects of current employment levels, unemployment rates, and program performance on the unemployment insurance fund and general assistance, work readiness, and aid to families with dependent children caseloads and program expenditures.

Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.85, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [ORDER OF PRIORITY.] (a) The priority for services to be provided is:

(1) permanent, unsubsidized, full-time private or nonprofit sector employment and, where possible, in conjunction with targeted jobs tax credits as defined at United States Code, title 26, section 44B, as amended by Public Law Number 98-369, with highest priority to employment with paid medical benefits;

(2) permanent, subsidized, full-time private sector employment;

(3) permanent, subsidized, full-time nonprofit sector employment;

(4) training;

(5) relocation, except that relocation is considered only when a client can find affordable housing near the new location; and

(6) part-time, subsidized, nonprofit, or public employment with continued employment assistance.

(b) Individuals receiving any of the priority services in paragraph (a) must be provided with child care, transportation, or other support services as necessary and in relation to their eligibility and the availability of funds.

(c) In delivering employment and training services, local service units shall distribute their available resources in a manner that provides greater incentives to clients in permanent private or nonprofit sector employment than in public sector jobs.

Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.86, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [~~DEVELOPMENT~~ DISCRETIONARY PROGRAMS.] The commissioner ~~shall~~ may develop and administer discretionary employment and training services programs to assist appropriate recipients of public assistance and unemployed and

underemployed persons eligible to receive wage subsidies to become economically independent. The services must have as their objective the improvement of clients' opportunities for economic independence through permanent employment. The services must provide sufficient employment and training options to allow local service units to effectively meet the support services, educational, and training needs of their public assistance and wage subsidy clients programs may include on-the-job training, wage subsidies, classroom training, relocation expenses, temporary cash assistance for persons in training, and support services.

Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.86, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [ADMINISTRATION INTERAGENCY AGREEMENTS.] Under agreements necessary to comply with federal regulations, By October 1, 1987, the commissioner, on behalf of and the commissioner of human services, shall administer enter into a written contract for the design, delivery, and administration of employment and training services for applicants for or recipients of food stamps or aid to families with dependent children and food stamps. The commissioner shall administer employment and training services for general assistance and work readiness recipients in consultation with the commissioner of human services, including AFDC employment and training programs, grant diversion, and supported work. The contract must be approved by the coordinator and must address:

- (1) specific roles and responsibilities of each department;
- (2) assignment and supervision of staff for interagency activities including any necessary interagency employee mobility agreements under the administrative procedures of the department of employee relations;
- (3) mechanisms for determining the conditions under which individuals participate in services, their rights and responsibilities while participating, and the standards by which the services must be administered;
- (4) procedures for providing technical assistance to local service units and employment and training service providers;
- (5) access to appropriate staff for ongoing development and interpretation of policy, rules, and program standards;
- (6) procedures for reimbursing appropriate agencies for administrative expenses; and
- (7) procedures for accessing available federal funds.

Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.86, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [EMPLOYABILITY PLANS.] The commissioner shall require that a public assistance recipient's employment status is appraised within 30 days and that a written employability plan is prepared for appropriate public assistance recipients in consultation with the recipients. The plan must take into account the level of skill and education of the recipient, as measured against the existing market, the length of time the recipient has been absent from the work force, and the recipient's financial responsibility to a family, if any. The plan must be designed to help the recipient obtain suitable employment, or training and work skills necessary to secure suitable employment, and may include an arrangement with another service provider or agency for specialized employment, education, training, or support services. A copy of the plan must be given to the recipient at the time it is prepared; an additional copy must be given to the local agency for its files.

Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.871, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [RESPONSIBILITY AND CERTIFICATION.] Unless prohibited by federal law or otherwise determined by state law or the coordinator, a local service unit is responsible for the delivery of employment and training services. After February 1, 1986 1988, employment and training services must be delivered by public, nonprofit, or private service providers that are certified to provide the services employment and training service providers.

Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.871, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [CONTRACTING PREFERENCE.] In contracting, a local service unit must give preference, whenever possible, to existing certified employment and training service providers including the job service, opportunities industrialization centers, displaced homemaker providers, work incentive providers, Minnesota employment and economic development act providers, post-secondary educational institutions, and job training partnership act programs that can effectively coordinate federal, state, and local employment and training services; that can maximize use of available federal and other nonstate funds; and that have demonstrated the ability to serve public assistance clients as well as other unemployed people.

Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.871, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. [REPORTS.] Each employment and training service provider under contract with a local service unit to deliver employ-

ment and training services must submit an annual report by March 1 to the local service unit. The report must specify:

- (1) the types of services provided;
- (2) the number of priority and nonpriority AFDC recipients served, the number of work readiness assistance recipients served, and the number of other clients served;
- (3) how resources will be prioritized to serve priority and nonpriority public assistance recipients and other clients; and
- (4) the manner in which state employment and training funds and programs are being coordinated with federal and local employment and training funds and programs.

Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.88, is amended to read:

268.88 [LOCAL SERVICE UNIT PLANS.]

(a) Local service units shall prepare and submit to the commissioner by ~~October~~ April 15 of each year an annual plan for the subsequent calendar year. The commissioner shall notify each local service unit by ~~December~~ May 1 of each year if its plan has been approved or disapproved. The plan must include:

- (1) a statement of objectives for the employment and training services the local service unit administers;
- (2) the establishment of public assistance caseload reduction goals and the strategies and programs that will be used to achieve these goals;
- (3) a statement of whether the goals from the preceding year were met and an explanation if the local service unit failed to meet the goals;
- (4) the amount proposed to be allocated to each employment and training service;
- (5) the proposed types of employment and training services the local service unit plans to utilize;
- (6) a description of how the local service unit will use funds provided under section 256.736 to meet the requirements of that section. The description must include what services will be provided, number of clients served, per service expenditures, and projected outcomes;

(6) (7) a report on the use of wage subsidies, grant diversions, community investment programs, sliding fee day care, and other services administered under this chapter;

(7) (8) an annual update of the community investment program plan according to standards established by the commissioner; and

(8) (9) a performance review of the employment and training service providers delivering employment and training services for the local service unit; and

(10) a copy of any contract between the local service unit and an employment and training service provider including expected outcomes and service levels for public assistance clients.

(b) In counties with a city of the first class, the county and the city shall develop and submit a joint plan. The plan may not be submitted until agreed to by both the city and the county. The plan must provide for the direct allocation of employment and training money to the city and the county unless waived by either. If the county and the city cannot concur on a plan, the coordinator shall resolve their dispute.

(c) The commissioner may withhold the distribution of employment and training money from a local service unit that does not submit a plan to the commissioner by the date set by this section, and shall withhold the distribution of employment and training money from a local service unit whose plan has been disapproved by the coordinator until an acceptable amended plan has been submitted.

(d) For ~~1985~~ 1987, local service unit plans must be submitted by ~~November 1, 1985~~ and must include: October 1, 1987. The plan must include the implementation plan for aid to families with dependent children employment and training services as required under section 90.

(1) a statement of objectives for the employment and training services the local service unit administers;

(2) the establishment of public assistance caseload reduction goals and the strategies that will be used to achieve these goals;

(3) the amount proposed to be allocated to each employment and training service;

(4) the proposed employment and training services and service providers the local service unit plans to utilize; and

(5) a statement of intent regarding the establishment of either a community investment program or an employment experience program.

If the local service unit provides a statement of intent for the establishment of a community investment program under clause (5), the local service unit must submit a preliminary community investment program plan by February 1, 1986.

Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.91, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] For the purposes of this section the following terms have the meanings given.

(a) "Child care services" means child care provided in family day care homes, group day care homes, nursery schools, day nurseries, child day care centers, play groups, head start, and parent cooperatives, and in-home child care as defined in the Minnesota plan for social services to families and children or in the child's home.

(b) "Child" means a person 14 12 years old or younger, or a person age 13 or 14 who is handicapped, as defined in section 120.03.

(c) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of jobs and training human services.

(d) "Child care" means the care of a child by someone other than a parent or legal guardian in or outside the child's own home for gain or otherwise, on a regular basis, for any part of a 24-hour day.

(e) "County board" means the board of county commissioners in each county.

(f) "Education program" means remedial or basic education or English as a second language instruction, high school education, a program leading to a general equivalency diploma, and post-secondary education excluding post-baccalaureate programs.

(g) "Employment program" means employment of recipients financially eligible for the child care sliding fee program, vocational assessment, and job readiness and job search activities.

(h) "Human services board" means a board established under section 402.02, Laws 1974, chapter 293, or Laws 1976, chapter 340.

(i) "Provider" means the child care license holder or the legal nonlicensed caregiver who operates a family day care home, a group family day care home, a day care center, a nursery school, or a day nursery, or who functions in the child's home.



(j) "Post-secondary educational systems" means the University of Minnesota board of regents, the state university board, the state board for community colleges, and the state board of vocational technical education.

(k) "AFDC priority groups" means the recipients defined in section 256.736, subdivision 2a.

(l) "AFDC" means aid to families with dependent children.

Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.91, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [DUTIES OF COMMISSIONER.] The commissioner shall develop standards for county and human services boards, and post-secondary educational systems, to provide child care services to enable eligible families to participate in employment or, training, or education programs. The commissioner shall distribute money to counties to reduce the costs of child care for eligible families. The commissioner shall adopt rules to govern the program in accordance with this section. The rules must establish a sliding schedule of fees for parents receiving child care services. The commissioner shall require counties to collect and report data that the commissioner deems necessary to evaluate the effectiveness of the program in preventing and reducing participants' dependence on public assistance and in providing other benefits, including improvement in the care provided to children. The commissioner shall report to the full productivity and opportunity coordinator in each even-numbered year on the effectiveness of the program. The commissioner shall maximize the use of federal money under the AFDC employment special needs program in section 256.736, subdivision 8, for recipients of aid to families with dependent children who are in education, training, job search, or other activities allowed under that program. Money appropriated under this section must be coordinated with the AFDC employment special needs program to accomplish this purpose. Federal reimbursement obtained must be allocated to the county that spent money for child care that is federally reimbursable under the AFDC employment special needs program. The counties shall use the federal money to expand services to AFDC recipients under this section.

Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.91, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [ALLOCATION.] (a) By June 1 of each odd-numbered year, the commissioner shall notify all county and human services boards and post-secondary educational systems of their allocation and the procedures used for the sliding fee program. Allocations must be made by July 1 of each odd-numbered year. If the appropriation is insufficient to meet the needs in all counties, the amount must be prorated among the counties.

(b) For the purposes of this section Except for set-aside money allocated under subdivisions 3a, 3b, 3c, and 3d, the commissioner shall allocate money appropriated between the metropolitan area, comprising the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, and Washington, and the area outside the metropolitan area so that no more than 55 percent of the total appropriation goes to either area after excluding allocations for statewide administrative costs. The commissioner shall allocate 50 percent of the money among counties on the basis of the number of families below the poverty level, as determined from the most recent special census, and 50 percent on the basis of caseloads of aid to families with dependent children for the preceding fiscal year, as determined by the commissioner of human services.

(c) Once each quarter, the commissioner shall review the use of child care fund allocations by county. In accordance with the formula found in paragraph (b), the commissioner may reallocate unexpended or unencumbered money among those counties who have expended their full portion. Any unexpended money from the first year of the biennium may be carried forward to the second year of the biennium.

Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.91, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3a. [SET-ASIDE MONEY.] (a) State money must be set aside by the commissioner for child care services for:

- (1) AFDC priority groups;
- (2) recipients of AFDC attending post-secondary education programs, excluding post-baccalaureate programs; and
- (3) students attending post-secondary education programs, excluding post-baccalaureate programs, who meet sliding fee program eligibility standards.

(b) The set-aside amount must be determined by the commissioner and must not exceed 52 percent of the total funds appropriated. Of the set-aside amount, 44 percent must be allocated for persons described in paragraph (a), clause (1); 40 percent must be allocated for persons described in paragraph (a), clause (2); and 16 percent must be allocated for persons described in paragraph (a), clause (3).

Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.91, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3b. [SET-ASIDE MONEY FOR AFDC PRIORITY GROUPS.] (a) Set-aside money for AFDC priority groups must be allocated among the counties based on the average monthly number

of caretakers receiving AFDC under the age of 22 and the average monthly number of AFDC cases open 24 or more consecutive months. For each fiscal year the average monthly caseload shall be based on the 12-month period ending March 31 of the previous fiscal year. The commissioner may reallocate quarterly unexpended or unencumbered set-aside money to counties that expend their full allocation. The county shall use the set-aside money for AFDC priority groups.

(b) The county shall develop cooperative agreements with the employment and training service provider for coordination of child care funding with employment, training, and education programs for aid to families with dependent children priority groups. The cooperative agreement shall specify that individuals receiving employment, training, and education services under an employability plan from the employment and training service provider shall, as resources permit, be guaranteed set-aside money for child care assistance from the county of their residence.

(c) Counties may contract for administration of the program or may arrange for or contract for child care funds to be used by other appropriate programs, in accordance with this section and as permitted by federal law and regulations.

(d) If the commissioner finds, on or after January 1 of a fiscal year, that set-aside money for AFDC priority groups is not being fully utilized, the commissioner may permit counties to use set-aside money for other eligible applicants, as long as priority for use of the money will continue to be given to the AFDC priority groups.

(e) A county may claim federal reimbursement under the AFDC special needs program for money spent for persons listed in subdivision 3a, clause (1). The commissioner shall allocate any federal earnings to the county. The county shall use the money to expand services to AFDC recipients under the child care sliding fee program.

Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.91, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3c. [SET-ASIDE MONEY FOR AFDC POST-SECONDARY STUDENTS.] (a) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1988, set-aside money for persons listed in subdivision 3a, clause (2), shall be allocated to the counties based on caseloads of aid to families with dependent children for the preceding fiscal year, as determined by the commissioner. For succeeding fiscal years, the commissioner shall, in cooperation with the director of the higher education coordinating board, develop a formula for allocation of the funds to counties based on the number of AFDC caretakers in each county who are enrolled at post-secondary institutions.

(b) Money allocated in paragraph (a) must be used for child care expenses of AFDC recipients attending post-secondary educational programs, excluding post-baccalaureate programs, and making satisfactory progress towards completion of the program.

(c) Once each quarter the commissioner shall review the use of child care fund allocations under this subdivision by county. The commissioner may reallocate unexpended or unencumbered money among those counties that have expended their full portion for the purposes of this subdivision.

(d) A county may claim federal reimbursement under the AFDC special needs program for money spent for persons listed in subdivision 3a, clause (2). The commissioner shall allocate any federal earnings to the county. The county shall use the money to expand services to AFDC recipients under the child care sliding fee program.

(e) Recipients of AFDC who have completed their post-secondary education and had received child care funds during that education shall be assured, to the extent of available resources, of sliding fee money for employment programs after graduation if they meet sliding fee program eligibility standards.

Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.91, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3d. [SET-ASIDE MONEY FOR POST-SECONDARY STUDENTS.] (a) Each post-secondary educational system shall be allocated a portion of the set-aside money for persons listed in subdivision 3a, clause (3), based on the number of students with dependent children enrolled in each system in the preceding fiscal year. The post-secondary educational systems shall allocate their money among institutions under their authority based on the number of students with dependent children enrolled in each institution in the last fiscal year. For the purposes of this subdivision, "students with dependent children" means the sum of all Minnesota residents enrolled in public post-secondary institutions who report dependents on their applications to the state scholarship and grant program. The commissioner shall transfer the allocation for each post-secondary institution to the county board of the county in which the institution is located, to be held in an account for students found eligible for child care sliding fee assistance and attending the institution.

(b) Post-secondary educational institutions shall take applications for the child care sliding fee program from students and determine eligibility based on this section and rules promulgated by the commissioner. If a person is eligible for the child care sliding fee program, the post-secondary institution shall notify the county. The county shall process the person's application and make vendor

payments to the person's child care provider from the institution's account. Set-aside money must be used to subsidize child care expenses for eligible students making satisfactory progress toward completion of a program. The post-secondary institution must provide the county with quarterly reports on students' progress. The post-secondary educational institution shall not approve applications for sliding fee assistance in excess of the set-aside money allocated to it under paragraph (a).

(c) The post-secondary educational systems may reallocate unexpended or unencumbered money among institutions under their authority. If by May 15 of any year set-aside money is unexpended or unencumbered, the commissioner may reallocate the money among post-secondary educational systems, or reallocate it to the counties. Any unexpended money from the first year of the biennium may be carried forward to the second year of the biennium.

(d) Ten percent of the amount allocated for persons described in subdivision 3a, paragraph (a), clause (3), shall be held by the commissioner for students attending a Minnesota nonprofit post-secondary education program. A nonprofit education program may take applications for the child care sliding fee program and determine eligibility based on this section and rules promulgated by the commissioner. If a person is eligible for the child care sliding fee program, the post-secondary institution shall notify the county in which the institution is located. The county shall process the person's application and, upon approval of the commissioner, make vendor payments to the person's child care provider. The commissioner shall reimburse counties out of the money held by the commissioner under this paragraph.

Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.91, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3e. [USE OF MONEY.] Money for persons listed in subdivision 3a, clauses (2) and (3), shall be used to reduce the costs of child care for students, including the costs of child care for students while employed if enrolled in an eligible education program at the same time and making satisfactory progress towards completion of the program. The county may plan for and provide child care assistance to persons listed in subdivision 3a, clauses (2) and (3), from the regular sliding fee fund to supplement the set-aside funds. Students provided child care assistance for one academic year shall be provided child care assistance in the following academic year, providing they remain financially eligible.

Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.91, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3f. [REPORTING AND PAYMENTS.] (a) Counties and post-secondary educational systems shall submit on forms pre-

scribed by the commissioner a quarterly financial and program activity report which is due 20 calendar days after the end of each quarter. The financial and program activity report must include:

(1) a detailed accounting of the expenditures and revenues for the program during the preceding quarter by funding source and by eligibility group;

(2) a description of activities and concomitant expenditures that are federally reimbursable under the AFDC employment special needs program;

(3) a description of activities and concomitant expenditures of set-aside money;

(4) information on money encumbered at the quarter's end but not yet reimbursable, for use in adjusting allocations as provided in subdivision 3b, paragraph (d); subdivision 3c, paragraph (c); and subdivision 3d, paragraph (c); and

(5) other data the commissioner considers necessary to account for the program or to evaluate its effectiveness in preventing and reducing participants' dependence on public assistance and in providing other benefits, including improvement in the care provided to children.

(b) The commissioner shall make payments to each county in quarterly installments. The commissioner may certify an advance for the first quarter of the fiscal year. Later payments must be based on actual expenditures as reported in the quarterly financial and program activity report.

(c) The commissioner may withhold, reduce, or terminate the allocation of any county or post-secondary educational system that does not meet the reporting or other requirements of this program. The commissioner shall reallocate to other counties or post-secondary educational systems money so reduced or terminated.

Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.91, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [FINANCIAL ELIGIBILITY.] (a) Child care services must be available to families who need child care to find or keep employment or to obtain the training or education necessary to find employment and who:

(1) receive aid to families with dependent children;

(2) have household income below the eligibility levels for aid to families with dependent children; or

(3) have household income within a range established by the commissioner.

(b) Child care services for the families receiving aid to families with dependent children must be made available as in-kind services, to cover any difference between the actual cost and the amount disregarded under the aid to families with dependent children program. Child care services to families whose incomes are below the threshold of eligibility for aid to families with dependent children, but that are not receiving aid to families with dependent children, must be made available without cost to the families.

(c) Child care services to families with incomes in the commissioner's established range must be made available on a sliding fee basis. The lower limit of the sliding fee range must be the eligibility limit for aid to families with dependent children. The upper limit of the range must be neither less than 70 percent nor more than 90 percent of the state median income for a family of four, adjusted for family size.

(d) If a disproportionate amount of the available money is provided to any one of the groups described in subdivision 4, paragraph (a), the county board shall document to the commissioner the reason the group received a disproportionate share. If a county projects that its child care allocation is insufficient to meet the needs of all eligible groups, it may prioritize among the groups to be served. Counties shall assure that a person receiving child care assistance from the sliding fee program prior to July 1, 1987, continues to receive assistance, providing the person meets all other eligibility criteria. Set-aside money must be prioritized by the state, and counties do not have discretion over the use of this money.

Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.91, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [EMPLOYMENT OR TRAINING ELIGIBILITY.] (a) Persons who are seeking employment and who are eligible for assistance under this section are eligible to receive the equivalent of one month of child care. Employed persons who work at least ten hours a week and receive at least a minimum wage for all hours worked are eligible for child care assistance.

(b) Persons eligible under this section for child care assistance for education or training must receive assistance for the length of the program or 24 months, whichever is shorter. An education or training program with demonstrated effectiveness may be approved by the commissioner of education and accredited by the appropriate agency as an eligible program including high school or an equiva-

lent program, an English competency program, technical or vocational training, or a four year or associate degree program participating in employment programs, training programs, or education programs are eligible for assistance from the child care sliding fee program, if they are financially eligible under the sliding fee scale set by the commissioner in subdivision 7. Counties shall assure that a person receiving child care assistance from the sliding fee program while attending a post-secondary institution prior to July 1, 1987, continues to receive assistance from the regular sliding fee program, or the set-asides in subdivisions 3c or 3d, providing the person meets all other eligibility criteria.

Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.91, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [COUNTY CONTRIBUTION.] (a) In addition to payments from parents, the program must be funded by county contributions. Except for set-aside money, counties shall contribute five from county tax sources a minimum of 15 percent of the cost of the program in the program's first year and 15 percent in the second and subsequent years. The commissioner may require by rule that a county pay the commissioner the portion of sliding fee allocations paid by the state for which the county is responsible. The county shall advance its portion of sliding fee costs, based upon allocations made by the commissioner for that county for expenditures in the succeeding month. A The commissioner shall recover from the county as necessary to bring county expenditures into compliance with this subdivision.

(b) The commissioner shall recover from counties any state or federal money found to be ineligible. If a federal audit exception is taken based on a percentage of federal earnings, all counties shall pay a share proportional to their respective federal earnings during the period in question.

(c) To receive money through this program, each county shall certify to the commissioner that the county has not reduced allocations from other federal, state, and county sources, which, in the absence of child care sliding fee or wage subsidy money, would have been available for child care services.

Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.91, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6a. [POST-SECONDARY RESPONSIBILITY.] To receive money through this program, each post-secondary educational system shall certify to the commissioner that the system has not reduced allocations from other federal and state sources, which, in the absence of child care sliding fee money, would have been available for child care services.



Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.91, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. [ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.] A county must not use more than seven percent of its allocation for its administrative expenses under this section, except a county may not use any of its allocation of the set-aside funds under subdivisions 3b and 3c for administrative expenses. A county may use up to four percent of the funds transferred to it under subdivision 3d for administrative expenses.

Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.91, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 12. [FAIR HEARING PROCESS.] (a) Applicants and recipients have the option to request the county to conduct a conciliation conference to attempt to resolve complaints arising from any of the following actions:

- (1) a determination of ineligibility for child care assistance;
- (2) unauthorized termination of child care assistance;
- (3) determination of the factors considered in setting the family fee; and
- (4) income redetermination resulting in change of a family fee.

(b) The county shall notify the applicant or the recipient, in writing, of any adverse action. The determination described in paragraph (a), clauses (1) and (3), must include written notice of the applicant's or recipient's right to the election described in paragraph (c), where and how to request the election, the time limit within which to make the request, and the reasons for the determination. Notice of the proposed actions described in paragraph (a), clauses (2) and (4), must be mailed to the applicant or recipient at least 15 calendar days before the effective date of the action. The notice must clearly state what action the county proposes to take, the effective date of the proposed action, the reasons for the proposed action, the necessary corrective measures, the option to request either a conciliation conference or an administrative hearing, where and how to make the request, the time limits within which a request must be made, and the consequence of the action.

(c) An applicant or recipient who receives a determination or notice of proposed action under paragraph (b) must mail or deliver either a written notice of request for a conciliation conference to the administering agency or a written notice of request for the hearing specified under paragraph (e) to the administering agency on or

before the effective date of the proposed action or the date specified in the notice, or the action will be final.

(d) The county shall provide a conciliation conference within 30 days of receipt of a written request.

The county shall give the applicant or recipient ten calendar days' notice of the conference date. The applicant or recipient and the county's representative have the right to appear, to bring witnesses, and to submit documentation. The written request and the resolution, if any, of the conference shall be maintained as part of the official record. The county's representative shall issue a written resolution only if mutual agreement is reached between the county's representative and the applicant or recipient. The resolution must be signed by both parties and issued the same day as the conciliation conference is held. Participating in a conciliation conference or signing a resolution does not constitute a waiver of the right to an administrative hearing.

An applicant or recipient may, within 15 calendar days of the conference, mail or deliver a written request to the administering agency for an administrative hearing. Unless an appeal is requested, a determination, proposed action, or resolution of a conciliation conference will be final after the 15-day period has passed.

(e) A fair hearing shall be conducted in the manner prescribed by section 268.10, subdivision 3. A right to review will be provided in accordance with section 268.10, subdivision 5. The proposed action will not take effect until the appeal is decided by the administrative hearing process.

Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.911, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [AUTHORITY.] The commissioner of human services may make grants to public or private nonprofit agencies for the planning, establishment, expansion, improvement, or operation of child care resource and referral programs and child care services according to the provisions of this section and may make grants to county boards to carry out the purposes of section 245.84.

Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 510.07, is amended to read:

**510.07 [SALE OR REMOVAL PERMITTED; NOTICE.]**

The owner may sell and convey the homestead without subjecting it, or the proceeds of such sale for the period of one year after sale, to any judgment or debt from which it was exempt in the owner's hands, except that the proceeds of the sale are not exempt from a

judgment or debt for a court ordered child support or maintenance obligation in arrears. The owner may remove therefrom without affecting such exemption, if the owner does not thereby abandon the same as the place of abode. If the owner shall cease to occupy such homestead for more than six consecutive months the owner shall be deemed to have abandoned the same unless, within such period, the owner shall file with the county recorder of the county in which it is situated a notice, executed, witnessed, and acknowledged as in the case of a deed, describing the premises and claiming the same as the owner's homestead. In no case shall the exemption continue more than five years after such filing, unless during some part of the term the premises shall have been occupied as the actual dwelling place of the debtor or the debtor's family.

Sec. 76. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 518.131, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. The court shall be guided by the factors set forth in sections ~~518.17~~ 518.551 (concerning child support), 518.552 (concerning maintenance) and 518.17 to 518.175 (concerning custody and visitation) in making temporary orders and restraining orders.

Sec. 77. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 518.171, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ORDER.] Unless the obligee has comparable or better group dependent health insurance coverage available at a more reasonable cost, the court shall order the obligor to name the minor child as beneficiary on any health and dental insurance plan that is available to the obligor on a group basis or through an employer or union.

If the court finds that dependent health or dental insurance is not available to the obligor on a group basis or through an employer or union, or that the group insurer is not accessible to the obligee, the court may require the obligor to obtain dependent health or dental insurance, or to be liable for reasonable and necessary medical or dental expenses of the child.

If the court finds that the dependent health or dental insurance required to be obtained by the obligor does not pay all the reasonable and necessary medical or dental expenses of the child, or that the dependent health or dental insurance available to the obligee does not pay all the reasonable and necessary medical or dental expenses of the child, and the court finds that the obligor has the financial ability to contribute to the payment of these medical or dental expenses, the court shall require the obligor to be liable for all or a portion of the medical or dental expenses of the child not covered by the required health or dental plan.

Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 518.24, is amended to read:

518.24 [SECURITY; SEQUESTRATION; CONTEMPT.]

In all cases when maintenance or support payments are ordered, the court may require sufficient security to be given for the payment of them according to the terms of the order. Upon neglect or refusal to give security, or upon failure to pay the maintenance or support, the court may sequester the obligor's personal estate and the rents and profits of real estate of the obligor, and appoint a receiver of them. The court may cause the personal estate and the rents and profits of the real estate to be applied according to the terms of the order. ~~If the obligor has is presumed to have an income from a source sufficient to pay the maintenance or support and the obligor fails to pay the same, the court shall order the obligor to pay it. A person or party who~~ If the obligor disobeys the order may be punished by the court as for, it is prima facie evidence of contempt.

Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 518.551, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [PAYMENT TO PUBLIC AGENCY.]

The court shall direct that all payments ordered for maintenance and support be made to the public agency responsible for child support enforcement so long as the obligee is receiving or has applied for public assistance, or has applied for child support and maintenance collection services. Amounts received by the public agency responsible for child support enforcement greater than the amount granted to the obligee shall be remitted to the obligee.

Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 518.551, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 10. [ADMINISTRATIVE PROCESS CHILD SUPPORT PILOT PROJECT.] A pilot project is established to obtain, modify, and enforce child and medical support orders and maintenance through administrative process, to evaluate the efficiency of the administrative process. The pilot project shall begin when the procedures have been established and end on June 30, 1989.

During the pilot project, all proceedings for obtaining, modifying, or enforcing child and medical support orders and maintenance required to be conducted in Dakota county in which Dakota county human services is a party or represents a party to the action must be conducted by an administrative law judge from the office of administrative hearings, except for the following proceedings:

- (1) adjudication of paternity;

(2) motions to set aside a paternity adjudication or declaration of parentage;

(3) evidentiary hearing on contempt motions; and

(4) motions to sentence or to revoke the stay of a jail sentence in contempt proceedings.

An administrative law judge may hear a stipulation reached on a contempt motion, but any stipulation that involves a finding of contempt and a jail sentence, whether stayed or imposed, shall require the review and signature of a county or district judge.

For the purpose of this pilot project, all powers, duties, and responsibilities conferred on judges of the county or district court to obtain and enforce child and medical support obligations, subject to the limitation set forth herein, are conferred on the administrative law judge conducting the proceedings, including the power to issue orders to show cause and to issue bench warrants for failure to appear.

During fiscal year 1988, the chief administrative law judge, the commissioner of human services, the director of Dakota county human services, the Dakota county attorney, and the clerk of the Dakota county court shall jointly establish procedures for the implementation of this pilot project.

Nonattorney employees of Dakota county human services, acting at the direction of the county attorney, may prepare, sign, serve, and file motions for obtaining, modifying, or enforcing child and medical support orders and maintenance and related documents, appear at prehearing conferences, and participate in proceedings before an administrative law judge. This activity shall not be considered to be the unauthorized practice of law.

For the purpose of this pilot project, the hearings shall be conducted under the conference contested case rules adopted by the chief administrative law judge. Any discovery required in a proceeding shall be conducted under the rules of family court and the rules of civil procedure. Orders issued by an administrative law judge shall be enforceable by the contempt powers of the county or district courts.

The administrative law judge shall make a report to the chief administrative law judge or the chief administrative law judge's designee, stating findings of fact and conclusions and recommendations concerning the proposed action, in accordance with sections 14.48 to 14.56. The chief administrative law judge or a designee shall render the final decision and order in accordance with sections 14.61 and 14.62. The decision and order of the chief administrative

law judge or a designee shall be a final agency decision for purposes of sections 14.63 to 14.69.

Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 518.57, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ORDER.] Upon a decree of dissolution, legal separation or annulment, the court may make a further order which is just and proper concerning the maintenance of the minor children as provided by section ~~518.47~~ 518.551, and for the maintenance of any child of the parties as defined in section 518.54, as support money, and may make the same a lien or charge upon the property of the parties to the proceeding, or either of them, either at the time of the entry of the judgment or by subsequent order upon proper application.

Sec. 82. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 518.611, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ORDER.] Whenever an obligation for support of a dependent child or maintenance of a spouse, or both, is determined and ordered by a court of this state, ~~that court shall order the withholding~~ of the amount of child support or maintenance as determined by court order, must be withheld from the income, regardless of source, of the person obligated to pay the support or maintenance. ~~When an order for withholding has not previously been secured, the obligee may or the public agency responsible for child support enforcement shall move the court, and the court shall grant the order~~ Every order for maintenance or support must include the obligor's social security number and the name and address of the obligor's employer or other payor of funds.

Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 518.611, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [NOTICE CONDITIONS OF INCOME WITHHOLDING.] ~~Each order for withholding shall provide for a conspicuous notice to the obligor that:~~

(a) Withholding shall result if whenever the obligor fails to make the maintenance or support payments, ~~and that no withholding shall be made until~~ the following conditions are met:

(1) ~~The obligee or the public authority determines that~~ the obligor is at least 30 days in arrears;

(2) ~~The obligee or the public authority serves written notice of its determination of~~ income withholding, showing arrearage, on the obligor at least 15 days before service of the notice of income

withholding and a copy of the court's order for withholding on the payor of funds;

(3) Within the 15-day period, the obligor fails to move the court to deny withholding on the grounds that an arrearage of at least 30 days does not exist as of the date of the notice of income withholding, or on other grounds limited to mistakes of fact, and, ex parte, to stay service on the payor of funds until the motion to deny withholding is heard. Within 45 days from the date of the notice of income withholding, the court shall hold the hearing on the motion to deny withholding and notify the parties of its decision; and

(4) The obligee or the public authority serves a copy of the notice of income withholding and, a copy of the court's withholding order, and the provisions of this section on the payor of funds; and

(5) The obligee serves on the public authority a copy of the notice of income withholding, a copy of the court's withholding order, an application and the fee to use the public authority's collection services.

(b) To pay the arrearage specified in the notice of income withholding, the employer or payor of funds shall withhold from the obligor's income an additional amount equal to 20 percent of the monthly child support or maintenance obligation until the arrearage is paid.

(c) The obligor may, at any time, waive the written notice required by this subdivision.

(d) The obligor may move the court, under section 518.64, to modify the order respecting the amount of maintenance or support.

(e) Every order for support or maintenance shall provide for a conspicuous notice of the provisions of this subdivision.

Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 518.611, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [WITHHOLDING HEARING.] Within 45 days from the date of the notice given under subdivision 2, the court shall hold the hearing on the motion under subdivision 2 and notify the parties of its decision. At the hearing to deny withholding, if the court finds that there was no mistake of fact, the court shall order income withholding to begin no later than the first pay period that occurs after 14 days following the date of the hearing. If the court finds that an arrearage of at least 30 days existed as of the date of the notice of income withholding, but finds a mistake in the amount of arrearage, the court shall order income withholding, but it shall correct the

amount of arrearage to be withheld under subdivision 2, paragraph (b).

Sec. 85. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 518.611, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [EFFECT OF ORDER.] Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the order is binding on the employer, trustee, or other payor of the funds when service under subdivision 2 has been made. Withholding must begin no later than the first pay period that occurs after 14 days following the date of the notice. An employer or other payor of funds in this state is required to withhold income according to court orders for withholding issued by other states or territories. The payor shall withhold from the income payable to the obligor the amount specified in the order and amounts required under subdivision 2, paragraph (b) and section 518.613 and shall remit, within ten days of the date the obligor is paid the remainder of the income, the amounts withheld to the public authority. Employers may combine all amounts withheld from one pay period into one payment to each public authority, but shall separately identify each obligor making payment. Amounts received by the public authority which are in excess of public assistance expended for the party or for a child shall be remitted to the party. An employer shall not discharge, or refuse to hire, or otherwise discipline an employee as a result of a wage or salary withholding authorized by this section. The employer or other payor of funds shall be liable to the obligee for any amounts required to be withheld.

Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 518.611, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [PRIORITY.] An order for withholding under this section or execution or garnishment upon a judgment for child support arrearages or preadjudicated expenses shall have priority over an attachment, execution, garnishment, or wage assignment and shall not be subject to the statutory limitations on amounts levied against the income of the obligor. Amounts withheld from an employee's income must not exceed the maximum permitted under the Consumer Credit Protection Act, United States Code, title 15, section 1673(b)(2). If there is more than one withholding order on a single employee, the employer shall put them into effect, giving priority first to amounts currently due and not in arrears and then to other amounts, in the sequence in which the withholding orders were received up to the maximum allowed in the Consumer Credit Protection Act. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, funds from income sources included in section 518.54, subdivision 6, whether periodic or lump sum, are not exempt from attachment or execution upon a judgment for child support arrearages.

Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 518.611, subdivision 8, is amended to read:



**Subd. 8. [EMPLOYER OR PAYOR AND OBLIGOR NOTICE.]** When an individual is hired for employment, the employer shall request that the individual disclose whether or not the individual has court-ordered child support obligations that are required by law to be withheld from income and the terms of the court order, if any. The individual shall disclose this information at the time of hiring. When an individual discloses that the individual owes child support that is required to be withheld, the employer shall begin withholding according to the terms of the order and under this section. When a withholding order is in effect and the obligor's employment is terminated or the periodic payment terminates, the obligor and the obligor's employer or the payor of funds shall notify the public agency responsible for child support enforcement of the termination within 30 ten days of the termination date. The notice shall include the obligor's home address and the name and address of the obligor's new employer or payor of funds, if known. Information disclosed under this section shall not be divulged except to the extent necessary for the administration of the child support enforcement program or when otherwise authorized by law.

Sec. 88. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 518.611, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

**Subd. 11. [CONTRACT FOR SERVICE.]** To carry out the provisions of this section, the public authority responsible for child support enforcement may contract for services, including the use of electronic funds transfer.

Sec. 89. [518.613] [AUTOMATIC WITHHOLDING.]

**Subdivision 1. [GENERAL.]** Notwithstanding any provision of section 518.611, subdivision 2 or 3, to the contrary, whenever an obligation for child support or maintenance is initially determined and ordered or modified by the court in a county in which this section applies, the amount of child support or maintenance ordered by the court must be withheld from the income, regardless of source, of the person obligated to pay the support. For purposes of this section, "modified" does not mean a cost-of-living adjustment without any other modification of the support order.

**Subd. 2. [ORDER; COLLECTION SERVICES.]** Every order for child support must include the obligor's social security number and the name and address of the obligor's employer or other payor of funds. Upon entry of the order for support or maintenance, the court shall mail a copy of the court's order and the provisions of section 518.611 and this section to the obligor's employer or other payor of funds and to the public agency responsible for child support enforcement. An obligee who is not a recipient of public assistance shall apply for the collection services of the public authority when an order for support is entered.

Subd. 3. [WITHHOLDING.] The employer or other payor shall withhold and forward the child support or maintenance ordered in the manner and within the time limits provided in section 518.611. Amounts received from employers or other payors under this section by the public agency responsible for child support enforcement that are in excess of public assistance received by the obligee must be remitted to the obligee. The public agency must remit payments to the obligee at least once monthly on a standard payment date set by the agency. A county in which this section applies may contract for services to carry out the provisions of this section.

Subd. 4. [APPLICATION.] On and after August 1, 1987, and prior to August 1, 1989, this section applies in a county selected under section 93 and in a county that chooses to have this section apply by resolution of a majority vote of its county board.

Sec. 90. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 518.64, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [MODIFICATION.] The terms of a decree respecting maintenance or support may be modified upon a showing of one or more of the following: (1) substantially increased or decreased earnings of a party; (2) substantially increased or decreased need of a party; (3) receipt of assistance under sections 256.72 to 256.87; or (4) a change in the cost-of-living for either party as measured by the federal bureau of statistics, any of which makes the terms unreasonable and unfair. On a motion for modification of maintenance, the court shall apply, in addition to all other relevant factors, the factors for an award of maintenance under section 518.552 that exist at the time of the motion. On a motion for modification of support, the court shall take into consideration the needs of the children and shall not consider the financial circumstances of each party's spouse, if any. A modification which decreases support or maintenance may be made retroactive only upon a showing that any failure to pay in accord with the terms of the original order was not willful with respect to any period during which the support obligor has pending a motion for modification but only from the date that notice of the motion has been given to the obligee and to the court or other entity which issued each support order. A modification which increases support or maintenance shall not be made retroactive if the obligor has substantially complied with the previous order. Except for an award of the right of occupancy of the homestead, provided in section 518.63, all divisions of real and personal property provided by section 518.58 shall be final, and may be revoked or modified only where the court finds the existence of conditions that justify reopening a judgment under the laws of this state. The court may impose a lien or charge on the divided property at any time while the property, or subsequently acquired property, is owned by the parties or either of them, for the payment of maintenance or support money, or may sequester the property as is provided by section 518.24.

## Sec. 91. [1987 COUNTY IMPLEMENTATION PLANS.]

By October 1, 1987, each county shall prepare an implementation plan for AFDC employment and training services and submit it to the commissioner of jobs and training as part of its local service unit plan under section 268.88. The implementation plan must include a timetable for phasing in AFDC employment and training services, any barriers to implementing AFDC employment and training services, and a proposed design for the AFDC employment and training delivery system.

## Sec. 92. [FEDERAL AUTHORITY.]

Subdivision 1. [LEGISLATIVE WAIVERS.] The commissioner of human services shall seek from the Congress of the United States or the United States Department of Health and Human Services a change in or waiver of existing requirements of the aid to families with dependent children (AFDC) program to the extent necessary to allow the commissioner to:

(1) require that minor parents of children six weeks of age and older who have not completed a high school education either attend high school or work toward a general education diploma as long as necessary child care and transportation services are available to them;

(2) require that minor parents not living with relatives live in a group or foster home or, when the case manager determines the need for such services, participate in a program that teaches skills in parenting and independent living, provided that the described living or counseling opportunities are available to the minor parent;

(3) require that all caretakers coming onto the program attend orientation and develop a plan to obtain self-sufficiency, to the extent that programs and services are available.

(4) require that, as a condition of receiving AFDC, priority caretakers of children younger than six months participate for not more than four hours a week in activities related to personal and family development, including parenting education, personal and vocational counseling, chemical dependency treatment, domestic abuse counseling, or remedial education, and then only if child care assistance is provided or if the activity includes the child as a participant, and if transportation needs are met;

(5) require that, as a condition of receiving AFDC, caretakers of children aged three and over register for and participate in employment and training services and seek employment as long as necessary child care and transportation are available to them;

(6) replace the sanctions under section 256.736, subdivision 4, clause (4), paragraphs (a) and (d), with the following graduated sanctions:

(a) upon first caretaker refusal, 50 percent of the grant provided to the family shall be made in the form of protective or vendor payments;

(b) upon second caretaker refusal, the entire grant provided to the family shall be made in the form of protective or vendor payments; and

(c) upon third caretaker refusal, the caretaker's needs shall not be taken into account in making the grant determination, and aid for any dependent child in the family will be made in the form of protective or vendor payments;

(7) exclude all expenses related to education when determining income for food stamp purposes;

(8) disregard more earned income of a recipient than allowed under United States Code, title 42, section 602(a)(8)(B)(ii), to provide an incentive to work and prevent recipients from experiencing a sudden loss of income after four months of employment;

(9) exclude from consideration in computing the income of an AFDC caretaker parent under the age of 18 any income of the parents of the caretaker parent, without regard to the residence of the caretaker parent, to make it possible for a minor parent to receive financial assistance while remaining in a supportive home environment;

(10) determine the maximum value of an automobile which can be excluded as an asset under United States Code, title 42, section 602(a)(7)(B)(i), because of the need of AFDC recipients for reliable transportation in order to participate in work and training and become self-sufficient;

(11) disregard in computing income the cost of child care beyond that currently allowed under United States Code, title 42, section 602(a)(8)(A)(iii), because of the need of AFDC recipients for quality reliable child care in order to participate in work and training and become self-sufficient;

(12) permit a principal earner in a family receiving AFDC-UP to work more than 100 hours per month without being disqualified from the program, in order to recognize the financial reality of AFDC-UP families and to help the families achieve financial security before leaving the program;

(13) simplify eligibility determination processes, budgeting procedures, and excessive paperwork requirements without becoming subject to federal sanctions, in order to enhance self-esteem among clients and free workers to help families achieve self-sufficiency; and

(14) disregard quality control review requirements that are not directly related to actual grant miscalculation or client right violations, in order to move the AFDC program away from a system driven by audits, error rates, and sanctions.

In constructing and negotiating modifications under this section, the commissioner shall not agree to terms or conditions that infringe on recipients' entitlement to benefits or impede federal financial participation under United States Code, title 42, subchapter IV, part A. The commissioner shall not accept a block grant or lump sum amount of federal money for AFDC in Minnesota unless the sum is adjusted to protect the state against an increase in the number of recipients during a period of recession.

Subd. 2. [IMPLEMENTATION.] The commissioner shall not implement any program changes authorized by this section unless sufficient appropriations are available to cover any increased costs to the state. The commissioner shall promulgate emergency rules as necessary to implement any waiver. Rules promulgated under authority of this section supersede any conflicting laws or rules until July 1, 1988.

#### Sec. 93. [DEMONSTRATION.]

On or before July 1, 1987, the commissioner of human services shall designate five counties in which child support or maintenance shall be withheld from the obligor's income pursuant to section 518.613. The total population of the counties designated must equal at least 25 percent of the population of the state. The designated counties must include at least one county in which is located a city of the first class, and at least two counties that are not metropolitan counties, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 4. The group of counties designated must be representative of urban, suburban, and rural demographic areas.

#### Sec. 94. [REPORT TO THE LEGISLATURE.]

The commissioner of human services shall collect data on costs and collections and report to the chairs of the health and human services committees in the house of representatives and the senate on or before January 2, 1989, on the progress and experience of the county agencies in implementing the automatic income withholding provisions of this act, including a recommendation on whether the program should be discontinued or implemented statewide.

Sec. 95. [DEMONSTRATION PROJECT; PERSONS WITHOUT A VERIFIED RESIDENCE ADDRESS.]

(a) The commissioner shall establish a one-county demonstration project to determine the effectiveness of establishing special procedures for providing assistance to applicants or recipients of general assistance, work readiness, or emergency general assistance, who do not have a verified residence address. For purposes of the demonstration project, the requirements in this section supersede section 256D.09, subdivision 4, and other conflicting laws and rules.

(b) For applicants or recipients of general assistance, emergency general assistance, and work readiness assistance who do not have a verified residence address, the local agency may provide assistance using one or more of the following methods:

(1) The local agency may provide assistance in the form of vouchers or vendor payments and provide separate vouchers or vendor payments for food, shelter, and other needs.

(2) The local agency may divide the monthly assistance standard into weekly payments, whether in cash or by voucher or vendor payment; or, if actual need is greater than the standards of assistance established pursuant to section 256D.01, subdivision 1a, issue assistance based on actual need. Nothing in this clause prevents the local agency from issuing voucher or vendor payments for emergency general assistance in an amount less than the standards of assistance.

(3) The local agency may determine eligibility and provide assistance on a weekly basis. Weekly assistance can be issued in cash or by voucher or vendor payment and can be determined either on the basis of actual need or by prorating the monthly assistance standard.

(c) An individual may verify a residence address by providing a driver's license; a state identification card; postmarked mail addressed to and received by the individual at the address; a statement by the landlord, apartment manager, or homeowner verifying that the individual is residing at the address; or other written documentation approved by the commissioner.

(d) If the local agency elects to provide assistance on a weekly basis, the agency shall not provide assistance for a period during which no need is claimed by the individual. The individual must be notified, each time weekly assistance is provided, that subsequent weekly assistance will not be issued unless the individual claims need. The ten-day advance notice required under sections 256D.051, subdivision 13, and 256D.10 does not apply to weekly assistance issued under this paragraph.

## Sec. 96. [INSTRUCTION TO REVISOR.]

In the next edition of Minnesota Statutes, the revisor of statutes shall substitute in chapter 257 the term "biological" when referring to a parent, mother, or father for the term "natural."

## Sec. 97. [APPLICATION.]

Section 83 is effective August 1, 1987, and applies to child support orders entered before, on, or after that date.

## Sec. 98. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 257.34, subdivision 2; and section 268.86, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, and 5, are repealed. Section 95 is repealed effective June 30, 1989.

## Sec. 99. [EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION.]

Sections 13 and 90 are effective the day following final enactment.

## ARTICLE 4

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 144.55, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, AND REFUSAL TO RENEW.] (a) The commissioner may refuse to grant or renew, or may suspend or revoke, a license on any of the following grounds:

(1) Violation of any of the provisions of sections 144.50 to 144.56 or the rules or standards issued pursuant thereto;

(2) Permitting, aiding, or abetting the commission of any illegal act in the institution;

(3) Conduct or practices detrimental to the welfare of the patient;  
or

(4) Obtaining or attempting to obtain a license by fraud or misrepresentation.

(b) The commissioner shall not renew a license for a boarding care bed in a resident room with more than four beds.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 144A.05, is amended to read:

**144A.05 [LICENSE RENEWAL.]**

Unless the license expires in accordance with section 144A.06 or is suspended or revoked in accordance with section 144A.11, a nursing home license shall remain effective for a period of one year from the date of its issuance. The commissioner of health by rule shall establish forms and procedures for the processing of license renewals. The commissioner of health shall approve a license renewal application if the facility continues to satisfy the requirements, standards and conditions prescribed by sections 144A.01 to 144A.17 and the rules promulgated thereunder. The commissioner shall not approve the renewal of a license for a nursing home bed in a resident room with more than four beds. Except as provided in section 144A.08, a facility shall not be required to submit with each application for a license renewal additional copies of the architectural and engineering plans and specifications of the facility. Before approving a license renewal, the commissioner of health shall determine that the facility's most recent balance sheet and its most recent statement of revenues and expenses, as audited by the state auditor, by a certified public accountant licensed by this state or by a public accountant as defined in section 412.222, have been received by the department of human services.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 144A.071, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [EXCEPTIONS.] The commissioner of health, in coordination with the commissioner of human services, may approve the addition of a new certified bed or the addition of a new licensed nursing home bed, under the following conditions:

(a) to replace a bed decertified after May 23, 1983 or to address an extreme hardship situation, in a particular county that, together with all contiguous Minnesota counties, has fewer nursing home beds per 1,000 elderly than the number that is ten percent higher than the national average of nursing home beds per 1,000 elderly individuals. For the purposes of this section, the national average of nursing home beds shall be the most recent figure that can be supplied by the federal health care financing administration and the number of elderly in the county or the nation shall be determined by the most recent federal census or the most recent estimate of the state demographer as of July 1, of each year of persons age 65 and older, whichever is the most recent at the time of the request for replacement. In allowing replacement of a decertified bed, the commissioners shall ensure that the number of added or recertified beds does not exceed the total number of decertified beds in the state in that level of care. An extreme hardship situation can only be found after the county documents the existence of unmet medical needs that cannot be addressed by any other alternatives;

(b) to certify a new bed in a facility that commenced construction before May 23, 1983. For the purposes of this section, "commenced



construction" means that all of the following conditions were met: the final working drawings and specifications were approved by the commissioner of health; the construction contracts were let; a timely construction schedule was developed, stipulating dates for beginning, achieving various stages, and completing construction; and all zoning and building permits were secured;

(c) to certify beds in a new nursing home that is needed in order to meet the special dietary needs of its residents, if: the nursing home proves to the commissioner's satisfaction that the needs of its residents cannot otherwise be met; elements of the special diet are not available through most food distributors; and proper preparation of the special diet requires incurring various operating expenses, including extra food preparation or serving items, not incurred to a similar extent by most nursing homes;

(d) to license a new nursing home bed in a facility that meets one of the exceptions contained in clauses (a) to (c);

(e) to license nursing home beds in a facility that has submitted either a completed licensure application or a written request for licensure to the commissioner before March 1, 1985, and has either commenced any required construction as defined in clause (b) before May 1, 1985, or has, before May 1, 1985, received from the commissioner approval of plans for phased-in construction and written authorization to begin construction on a phased-in basis. For the purpose of this clause, "construction" means any erection, building, alteration, reconstruction, modernization, or improvement necessary to comply with the nursing home licensure rules; or

(f) to certify or license new beds in a new facility that is to be operated by the commissioner of veterans' affairs or when the costs of constructing and operating the new beds are to be reimbursed by the commissioner of veterans' affairs or the United States Veterans Administration;

(g) to license or certify beds in a new facility constructed to replace a facility that was destroyed after June 30, 1987, by fire, lightning, or other hazard provided:

(1) destruction was not caused by the intentional act of or at the direction of a controlling person of the facility;

(2) at the time the facility was destroyed the controlling persons of the facility maintained insurance coverage for the type of hazard that occurred in an amount that a reasonable person would conclude was adequate;

(3) the net proceeds from an insurance settlement for the damages caused by the hazard are applied to the cost of the new facility;

(4) the new facility is constructed on the same site as the destroyed facility or on another site subject to the restrictions in section 4, subdivision 5; and

(5) the number of licensed and certified beds in the new facility does not exceed the number of licensed and certified beds in the destroyed facility;

(h) to license or certify beds that are moved from one location to another within a nursing home facility, provided the total costs of remodeling performed in conjunction with the relocation of beds does not exceed ten percent of the appraised value of the facility or \$200,000, whichever is less, or to license or certify beds in a facility for which the total costs of remodeling or renovation exceed ten percent of the appraised value of the facility or \$200,000, whichever is less, if the facility makes a written commitment to the commissioner of human services that it will not seek to receive an increase in its property-related payment rate by reason of the remodeling or renovation;

(i) to license or certify beds in a facility that has been involuntarily delicensed or decertified for participation in the medical assistance program, provided that an application for relicensure or recertification is submitted to the commissioner within 120 days after delicensure or decertification;

(j) to license or certify beds in a project recommended for approval by the interagency board for quality assurance under section 4;

(k) to license nursing home beds in a hospital facility that are relocated from a different hospital facility under common ownership or affiliation, provided: (1) the hospital in which the nursing home beds were originally located ceases to function as an acute care facility, or necessary support services for nursing homes as required for licensure under sections 144A.02 to 144A.10, such as dietary service, physical plant, housekeeping, physical therapy, occupational therapy, and administration, are no longer available from the original hospital site; and (2) the nursing home beds are not certified for participation in the medical assistance program;

(l) to license or certify beds that are moved from one location to another within an existing identifiable complex of hospital buildings, from a hospital-attached nursing home to the hospital building, or from a separate nursing home under common ownership with or control of a hospital to the hospital when a hospital-attached nursing home is moved simultaneously to the hospital. As a condition of receiving a license or certification under this clause, the facility must make a written commitment to the commissioner of human services that it will not seek to receive an increase in its property-related payment rate as a result of the relocation. At the time of the licensure and certification of the nursing home beds, the

commissioner of health shall delicense the same number of acute care beds within the existing complex of hospital buildings or building. When a separate nursing home and a hospital-attached nursing home under common ownership or control are simultaneously relocated to a hospital building, a combined cost report must be submitted for the cost reporting year ending September 30, 1987, and the freestanding nursing home limits apply. Relocation of nursing home beds under this clause is subject to the limitations in section 4, subdivision 5;

(m) to license or certify beds that are moved from an existing state nursing home to a different state facility, provided there is no net increase in the number of state nursing home beds; or

(n) to license new nursing home beds in a continuing care retirement community affiliated with a national referral center engaged in substantial programs of patient care, medical research, and medical education meeting state and national needs that receives more than 40 percent of its residents from outside the state for the purpose of meeting contractual obligations to residents of the retirement community, provided the facility makes a written commitment to the commissioner of human services that it will not seek medical assistance certification for the new beds.

**Sec. 4. [144A.073] [REVIEW OF PROPOSALS REQUIRING EX-CEPTIONS TO THE MORATORIUM.]**

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given them:

(a) "Conversion" means the relocation of a nursing home bed from a nursing home to an attached hospital.

(b) "Renovation" means extensive remodeling of, or construction of an addition to, a facility on an existing site with a total cost exceeding ten percent of the appraised value of the facility or \$200,000, whichever is less.

(c) "Replacement" means the demolition and reconstruction of all or part of an existing facility.

(d) "Upgrading" means a change in the level of licensure of a bed from a boarding care bed to a nursing home bed, in a certified boarding care facility that is attached to a nursing home or a boarding care bed in a freestanding boarding care facility that currently meets all health department standards for a nursing home.

Subd. 2. [REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS.] At the intervals specified in rules, the interagency board shall publish in the State

Register a request for proposals for nursing home projects to be licensed or certified under section 3, clause (j). The notice must describe the information that must accompany a request and state that proposals must be submitted to the interagency board within 90 days of the date of publication. The notice must include the amount of the legislative appropriation available for the additional costs to the medical assistance program of projects approved under this section. If no money is appropriated for a year, the notice for that year must state that proposals will not be requested because no appropriations were made. To be considered for approval, a proposal must include the following information:

(1) whether the request is for renovation, replacement, upgrading, or conversion;

(2) a description of the problem the project is designed to address;

(3) a description of the proposed project;

(4) an analysis of projected costs, including initial construction and remodeling costs, site preparation costs, financing costs, and estimated operating costs during the first two years after completion of the project;

(5) for proposals involving replacement of all or part of a facility, the proposed location of the replacement facility and an estimate of the cost of addressing the problem through renovation;

(6) for proposals involving renovation, an estimate of the cost of addressing the problem through replacement;

(7) the proposed timetable for commencing construction and completing the project; and

(8) other information required by rule of the commissioner of health.

Subd. 3. [REVIEW AND APPROVAL OF PROPOSALS.] Within the limits of money specifically appropriated to the medical assistance program for this purpose, the interagency board for quality assurance may recommend that the commissioner of health grant exceptions to the nursing home licensure or certification moratorium for proposals that satisfy the requirements of this section. The interagency board shall appoint an advisory review panel composed of representatives of consumers and providers to review proposals and provide comments and recommendations to the board. The commissioners of human services and health shall provide staff and technical assistance to the board for the review and analysis of proposals. The interagency board shall hold a public hearing before submitting recommendations to the commissioner of health on

project requests. The board shall submit recommendations within 150 days of the date of the publication of the notice, based on a comparison and ranking of proposals using the criteria in subdivision 4. The commissioner of health shall approve or disapprove a project within 30 days after receiving the board's recommendations. The cost to the medical assistance program of the proposals approved must be within the limits of the appropriations specifically made for this purpose. Approval of a proposal expires 12 months after approval by the commissioner of health unless the facility has commenced construction as defined in section 144A.071, subdivision 3, paragraph (b). The board's report to the legislature, as required under section 144A.31, must include the projects approved, the criteria used to recommend proposals for approval, and the estimated costs of the projects, including the costs of initial construction and remodeling, and the estimated operating costs during the first two years after the project is completed.

Subd. 4. [CRITERIA FOR REVIEW.] (a) The following criteria must be used to compare and evaluate all proposals submitted:

(1) the extent to which the average occupancy rate of the facility supports the need for the proposed project;

(2) the extent to which the average occupancy rate of all facilities in the county in which the applicant is located, together with all contiguous Minnesota counties, supports the need for the proposed project;

(3) the extent to which the proposal furthers state long-term care goals, including the goal of enhancing the availability and use of alternative care services and the goal of reducing the number of long-term care resident rooms with more than two beds;

(4) the cost effectiveness of the proposal, including the proposal's long-term effects on the costs of the medical assistance program, as determined by the commissioner of human services; and

(5) other factors developed in rule by the commissioner of health that evaluate and assess how the proposed project will further promote or protect the health, safety, comfort, treatment, or well-being of the facility's residents.

(b) In addition to the criteria in paragraph (a), the following criteria must be used to evaluate, compare, and rank proposals involving renovation or replacement:

(1) the extent to which the project improves conditions that affect the health or safety of residents, such as narrow corridors, narrow door frames, unenclosed fire exits, and wood frame construction, and similar provisions contained in fire and life safety codes and licensure and certification rules;

(2) the extent to which the project improves conditions that affect the comfort or quality of life of residents in a facility or the ability of the facility to provide efficient care, such as a relatively high number of residents in a room; inadequate lighting or ventilation; poor access to bathing or toilet facilities; a lack of available ancillary space for dining rooms, day rooms, or rooms used for other activities; problems relating to heating, cooling, or energy efficiency; inefficient location of nursing stations; narrow corridors; or other provisions contained in the licensure and certification rules.

Subd. 5. [REPLACEMENT RESTRICTIONS.] (a) Proposals submitted or approved under this section involving replacement must provide for replacement of the facility on the existing site except as allowed in this subdivision.

(b) Facilities located in a metropolitan statistical area other than the Minneapolis-St. Paul seven-county metropolitan area may relocate to a site within the same census tract or a contiguous census tract.

(c) Facilities located in the Minneapolis-St. Paul seven-county metropolitan area may relocate to a site within the same or contiguous health planning area as adopted in March 1982 by the metropolitan council.

(d) Facilities located outside a metropolitan statistical area may relocate to a site within the same city or township, or within a contiguous township.

(e) A facility relocated to a different site under paragraphs (b); (c), or (d) must not be relocated to a site more than six miles from the existing site.

Subd. 6. [CONVERSION RESTRICTIONS.] Proposals submitted or approved under this section involving conversion must satisfy the following conditions:

(a) Conversion is limited to a total of five beds.

(b) An equivalent number of hospital beds must be delicensed.

(c) The average occupancy rate in the existing nursing home beds must be greater than 96 percent according to the most recent annual statistical report of the department of health.

(d) The cost of remodeling the hospital rooms to meet current nursing home construction standards must not exceed ten percent of the appraised value of the nursing home or \$200,000, whichever is less.

(e) The conversion must not result in an increase in operating costs.

Subd. 7. [UPGRADING RESTRICTIONS.] Proposals submitted or approved under this section involving upgrading must satisfy the following conditions:

(a) No proposal for upgrading may be approved after June 30, 1989.

(b) No more than one proposal for upgrading may be approved for a facility.

(c) Upgrading is limited to a total of ten beds.

(d) The facility must meet minimum nursing home care standards.

(e) Upgrading must not result in an increase in per diem operating costs, except for the upgrading of those freestanding boarding care facilities which currently meet existing nursing home building and space standards.

(f) If beds are upgraded to nursing home beds, the number of boarding care beds in a facility must not increase in the future.

(g) The average occupancy rate in the existing nursing home beds must be greater than 96 percent according to the most recent annual statistical report of the department of health.

(h) The cost of remodeling the facility to meet current nursing home construction standards must not exceed ten percent of the appraised value of the facility or \$200,000, whichever is less.

Subd. 8. [RULEMAKING.] The commissioner of health shall adopt emergency or permanent rules to implement this section.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 144A.27, is amended to read:

**144A.27 [ACTING ADMINISTRATORS.]**

If a licensed nursing home administrator is removed from the position by death or other unexpected cause, the controlling persons of the nursing home suffering the removal may designate an acting nursing home administrator who may serve without a license for no more than 90 days, unless an extension is granted by the board of examiners shall secure an acting administrator's license within 30 days of appointment as the acting administrator.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.431, subdivision 2b, is amended to read:

Subd. 2b. [OPERATING COSTS, AFTER JULY 1, 1985.] (a) For rate years beginning on or after July 1, 1985, the commissioner shall establish procedures for determining per diem reimbursement for operating costs.

(b) The commissioner shall contract with an econometric firm with recognized expertise in and access to national economic change indices that can be applied to the appropriate cost categories when determining the operating cost payment rate.

(c) The commissioner shall analyze and evaluate each nursing home's cost report of allowable operating costs incurred by the nursing home during the reporting year immediately preceding the rate year for which the payment rate becomes effective.

(d) The commissioner shall establish limits on actual allowable historical operating cost per diems based on cost reports of allowable operating costs for the reporting year that begins October 1, 1983, taking into consideration relevant factors including resident needs, geographic location, size of the nursing home, and the costs that must be incurred for the care of residents in an efficiently and economically operated nursing home. In developing the geographic groups for purposes of reimbursement under this section, the commissioner shall ensure that nursing homes in any county contiguous to the Minneapolis-St. Paul seven-county metropolitan area are included in the same geographic group. The limits established by the commissioner shall not be less, in the aggregate, than the 60th percentile of total actual allowable historical operating cost per diems for each group of nursing homes established under subdivision 1 based on cost reports of allowable operating costs in the previous reporting year. The limits established under this paragraph remain in effect until the commissioner establishes a new base period. Until the new base period is established, the commissioner shall adjust the limits annually using the appropriate economic change indices established in paragraph (e). In determining allowable historical operating cost per diems for purposes of setting limits and nursing home payment rates, the commissioner shall divide the allowable historical operating costs by the actual number of resident days, except that where a nursing home is occupied at less than 90 percent of licensed capacity days, the commissioner may establish procedures to adjust the computation of the per diem to an imputed occupancy level at or below 90 percent. The commissioner shall establish efficiency incentives as appropriate. The commissioner may establish efficiency incentives for different operating cost categories. The commissioner shall consider establishing efficiency incentives in care related cost categories. The commissioner may combine one or more operating cost categories and may use different methods for calculating payment rates for each operating cost



category or combination of operating cost categories. For the rate year beginning on July 1, 1985, the commissioner shall:

(1) allow nursing homes that have an average length of stay of 180 days or less in their skilled nursing level of care, 125 percent of the care related limit and 105 percent of the other operating cost limit established by rule; and

(2) exempt nursing homes licensed on July 1, 1983, by the commissioner to provide residential services for the physically handicapped under Minnesota Rules, parts 9570.2000 to 9570.3600, from the care related limits and allow 105 percent of the other operating cost limit established by rule.

For the purpose of calculating the other operating cost efficiency incentive for nursing homes referred to in clause (1) or (2), the commissioner shall use the other operating cost limit established by rule before application of the 105 percent.

(e) The commissioner shall establish a composite index or indices by determining the appropriate economic change indicators to be applied to specific operating cost categories or combination of operating cost categories.

(f) Each nursing home shall receive an operating cost payment rate equal to the sum of the nursing home's operating cost payment rates for each operating cost category. The operating cost payment rate for an operating cost category shall be the lesser of the nursing home's historical operating cost in the category increased by the appropriate index established in paragraph (e) for the operating cost category plus an efficiency incentive established pursuant to paragraph (d) or the limit for the operating cost category increased by the same index. If a nursing home's actual historic operating costs are greater than the prospective payment rate for that rate year, there shall be no retroactive cost settle-up. In establishing payment rates for one or more operating cost categories, the commissioner may establish separate rates for different classes of residents based on their relative care needs.

(g) The commissioner shall include the reported actual real estate tax liability or payments in lieu of real estate tax of each proprietary nursing home as an operating cost of that nursing home. For rate years beginning on or after July 1, 1987, the reported actual real estate tax liability or payments in lieu of real estate tax of nursing homes shall be adjusted to include an amount equal to one-half of the dollar change in real estate taxes from the prior year. The commissioner shall include a reported actual special assessment, and reported actual license fees required by the Minnesota department of health, for each nursing home as an operating cost of that nursing home. Total adjusted real estate tax liability, payments in lieu of real estate tax, actual special assessments paid, and license

fees paid as required by the Minnesota department of health, for each nursing home (1) shall be divided by actual resident days in order to compute the operating cost payment rate for this operating cost category, (2) shall not be used to compute the 60th percentile or other operating cost limits established by the commissioner, and (3) shall not be increased by the composite index or indices established pursuant to paragraph (e).

(h) For rate years beginning on or after July 1, 1987, the commissioner shall adjust the rates of a nursing home that meets the criteria for the special dietary needs of its residents as specified in section 144A.071, subdivision 3, clause (c), and the requirements in section 31.651. The adjustment for raw food cost shall be the difference between the nursing home's allowable historical raw food cost per diem and 115 percent of the median historical allowable raw food cost per diem of the corresponding geographic group.

The rate adjustment shall be reduced by the applicable phase-in percentage as provided under section 256B.431, subdivision 2h.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.431, subdivision 2e, is amended to read:

Subd. 2e. [NEGOTIATED RATES CONTRACTS FOR SERVICES FOR VENTILATOR DEPENDENT PERSONS.] Until procedures for determining operating cost payment rates according to mix of resident needs are established, the commissioner may negotiate, with a nursing home that is eligible to receive medical assistance payments, a payment rate of up to 125 percent of the allowed payment rate to be paid for a period of up to three months for individuals who have been hospitalized for more than 100 days, or who have extensive care needs based on nursing hours actually provided or mental or physical disability, or who need respite care for a specified and limited time period. In addition, the commissioner shall take into consideration facilities which historically provided nursing hours at or near the maximum limits which were subsequently reduced as a consequence of payment rate reductions. The payment rate shall be based on an assessment of the nursing home's resident mix as determined by the commissioner of health. When circumstances dictate, the commissioner has authority to renegotiate payment rates for an additional period of time. The payment rate negotiated and The commissioner may contract with a nursing home eligible to receive medical assistance payments to provide services to a ventilator dependent person identified by the commissioner according to criteria developed by the commissioner, including:

(1) nursing home care has been recommended for the person by a preadmission screening team;

(2) the person has been assessed at case mix classification K;

(3) the person has been hospitalized for at least six months and no longer requires inpatient acute care hospital services; and

(4) the commissioner has determined that necessary services for the person cannot be provided under existing nursing home rates.

The commissioner may issue a request for proposals to provide services to a ventilator dependent person to nursing homes eligible to receive medical assistance payments and shall select nursing homes from among respondents according to criteria developed by the commissioner, including:

(1) the cost effectiveness and appropriateness of services;

(2) the nursing home's compliance with federal and state licensing and certification standards; and

(3) the proximity of the nursing home to a ventilator dependent person identified by the commissioner who requires nursing home placement.

The commissioner may negotiate an adjustment to the operating cost payment rate for a nursing home selected by the commissioner from among respondents to the request for proposals. The negotiated adjustment must reflect only the actual additional cost of meeting the specialized care needs of a ventilator dependent person identified by the commissioner for whom necessary services cannot be provided under existing nursing home rates and which are not otherwise covered under Minnesota Rules, parts 9549.0010 to 9549.0080 or 9505.0170 to 9505.0475. The negotiated adjustment shall not affect the payment rate charged to private paying residents under the provisions of section 256B.48, subdivision 1. The negotiated adjustment paid pursuant to this paragraph is specifically exempt from the definition of "rule" and the rulemaking procedures required by chapter 14 and section 256B.502.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.431, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

Subd. 3a. [PROPERTY-RELATED COSTS AFTER JULY 1, 1985.]

(a) For rate years beginning on or after July 1, 1985, the commissioner, by permanent rule, shall reimburse nursing home providers that are vendors in the medical assistance program for the rental use of real estate and depreciable equipment. "Real estate" means land improvements, buildings, and attached fixtures used directly for resident care. "Depreciable equipment" means the standard moveable resident care equipment and support service equipment generally used in long-term care facilities.

(b) In developing the method for determining payment rates for the rental use of nursing homes, the commissioner shall consider factors designed to:

(1) simplify the administrative procedures for determining payment rates for property-related costs;

(2) minimize discretionary or appealable decisions;

(3) eliminate any incentives to sell nursing homes;

(4) recognize legitimate costs of preserving and replacing property;

(5) recognize the existing costs of outstanding indebtedness allowable under the statutes and rules in effect on May 1, 1983;

(6) address the current value of, if used directly for patient care, land improvements, buildings, attached fixtures, and equipment;

(7) establish an investment per bed limitation;

(8) reward efficient management of capital assets;

(9) provide equitable treatment of facilities;

(10) consider a variable rate; and

(11) phase-in implementation of the rental reimbursement method.

(c) No later than January 1, 1984, the commissioner shall report to the legislature on any further action necessary or desirable in order to implement the purposes and provisions of this subdivision.

(d) For rate years beginning on or after July 1, 1987, a nursing home which has reduced licensed bed capacity after January 1, 1986, shall be allowed to:

(1) aggregate the applicable investment per bed limits based on the number of beds licensed prior to the reduction; and

(2) establish capacity days for each rate year following the licensure reduction based on the number of beds licensed on the previous April 1 if the commissioner is notified of the change by April 4. The notification must include a copy of the delicensure request that has been submitted to the commissioner of health.

(e) Until the rental reimbursement method is fully phased in, a nursing home whose final property-related payment rate is the rental rate shall continue to have its property-related payment rates established based on the rental reimbursement method.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.431, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3b. [DEPRECIATION RECAPTURE.] The sale of a nursing home which occurred on or after July 1, 1987, shall result in depreciation recapture payments to be paid by the buyer to the commissioner within 60 days of the department's notification if the sale price exceeds the nursing home's allowable historical cost of capital assets including land recognized by the commissioner at the time of the sale, reduced by accumulated depreciation. The gross recapture amount shall be the lesser of the actual gain on the sale or actual depreciation recognized for the purpose of calculating medical assistance payment rates from the latter of the date of previous sale or November 1, 1972, through the date of the sale. The gross recapture amount shall be allocated to each reporting year from the latter of the date of previous sale or November 1, 1972, through the date of the sale in the same ratio as depreciation amounts recognized for the purpose of calculating medical assistance payment rates. The amount allocated to each reporting year shall be divided by the total actual resident days in that reporting year, thereby determining a cost-per-resident day. The recapture amount shall be the cost-per-resident day for each reporting year times the actual medical assistance resident days for the corresponding rate year following each reporting year. No payment of depreciation recapture shall be assessed with respect to a portion of a rate year beginning after June 30, 1985, in which the property-related payment rate was based on the nursing home's rental value. The recapture amount shall be reduced by one percent for each month of continuous ownership since the previous date of sale of the nursing home up to a maximum of 100 months. For the purpose of this subdivision, the sale of a nursing home means the sale or transfer of a nursing home's capital assets or capital stock or the redemption of ownership interests by members of a partnership. In the case of a sale or transfer of a nursing home in which the new operator leases depreciable equipment used in the nursing home business from the prior operator, or an affiliate of the prior operator, the net present value of the lease shall be added to the transaction price for the purpose of determining the actual gain on the sale. In the case of a partial sale of a nursing home, the provisions of this subdivision will be applied proportionately to sales or accumulations of sales that exceed 20 percent of a nursing home's capital assets or capital stock. Depreciation recapture payments resulting from the sale of a nursing home which occurred before July 1, 1985, shall be calculated in accordance with reimbursement regulations in effect on the date of the sale.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.431, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3c. [PLANT AND MAINTENANCE COSTS.] For the rate years beginning on or after July 1, 1987, the commissioner shall allow as an expense in the reporting year of occurrence the lesser of the actual allowable plant and maintenance costs for supplies, minor equipment, equipment repairs, building repairs, purchased services and service contracts, except for arms-length service contracts whose primary purpose is supervision, or \$325 per licensed bed.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.431, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [SPECIAL RATES.] (a) For the rate years beginning July 1, 1983, and July 1, 1984, a newly constructed nursing home or one with a capacity increase of 50 percent or more may, upon written application to the commissioner, receive an interim payment rate for reimbursement for property-related costs calculated pursuant to the statutes and rules in effect on May 1, 1983 and for operating costs negotiated by the commissioner based upon the 60th percentile established for the appropriate group under subdivision 2a, to be effective from the first day a medical assistance recipient resides in the home or for the added beds. For newly constructed nursing homes which are not included in the calculation of the 60th percentile for any group, subdivision 2f, the commissioner shall establish by rule procedures for determining interim operating cost payment rates and interim property-related cost payment rates. The interim payment rate shall not be in effect for more than 17 months. The commissioner shall establish, by emergency and permanent rules, procedures for determining the interim rate and for making a retroactive cost settle-up after the first year of operation; the cost settled operating cost per diem shall not exceed 110 percent of the 60th percentile established for the appropriate group. Until procedures determining operating cost payment rates according to mix of resident needs are established, the commissioner shall establish by rule procedures for determining payment rates for nursing homes which provide care under a lesser care level than the level for which the nursing home is certified.

(b) For the rate years beginning on or after July 1, 1985, a newly constructed nursing home or one with a capacity increase of 50 percent or more may, upon written application to the commissioner, receive an interim payment rate for reimbursement for property related costs, operating costs, and real estate taxes and special assessments calculated under rules promulgated by the commissioner.

(c) For rate years beginning on or after July 1, 1983, the commissioner may exclude from a provision of 12 MCAR S 2.050 any facility that is licensed by the commissioner of health only as a boarding care home, certified by the commissioner of health as an intermediate care facility, is licensed by the commissioner of human services under Minnesota Rules, parts 9520.0500 to 9520.0690, and has less

than five percent of its licensed boarding care capacity reimbursed by the medical assistance program. Until a permanent rule to establish the payment rates for facilities meeting these criteria is promulgated, the commissioner shall establish the medical assistance payment rate as follows:

(1) The desk audited payment rate in effect on June 30, 1983, remains in effect until the end of the facility's fiscal year. The commissioner shall not allow any amendments to the cost report on which this desk audited payment rate is based.

(2) For each fiscal year beginning between July 1, 1983, and June 30, 1985, the facility's payment rate shall be established by increasing the desk audited operating cost payment rate determined in clause (1) at an annual rate of five percent.

(3) For fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 1985, the facility's payment rate shall be established by increasing the facility's payment rate in the facility's prior fiscal year by the increase indicated by the consumer price index for Minneapolis and St. Paul.

(4) For the purpose of establishing payment rates under this paragraph, the facility's rate and reporting years coincide with the facility's fiscal year.

A facility that meets the criteria of this paragraph shall submit annual cost reports on forms prescribed by the commissioner.

For the rate year beginning July 1, 1985, each nursing home total payment rate must be effective two calendar months from the first day of the month after the commissioner issues the rate notice to the nursing home. From July 1, 1985, until the total payment rate becomes effective, the commissioner shall make payments to each nursing home at a temporary rate that is the prior rate year's operating cost payment rate increased by 2.6 percent plus the prior rate year's property-related payment rate and the prior rate year's real estate taxes and special assessments payment rate. The commissioner shall retroactively adjust the property-related payment rate and the real estate taxes and special assessments payment rate to July 1, 1985, but must not retroactively adjust the operating cost payment rate.

(d) For the purposes of Minnesota Rules, part 9549.0060, subpart 13, item F, the following types of transactions shall not be considered a sale or reorganization of a provider entity:

- (1) the sale or transfer of a nursing home upon death of an owner;
- (2) the sale or transfer of a nursing home due to serious illness or disability of an owner as defined under the social security act;

(3) the sale or transfer of the nursing home upon retirement of an owner at 62 years of age or older;

(4) any transaction in which a partner, owner, or shareholder acquires an interest or share of another partner, owner, or shareholder in a nursing home business provided the acquiring partner, owner, or shareholder has less than 50 percent ownership after the acquisition;

(5) a sale and leaseback to the same licensee which does not constitute a change in facility license;

(6) a transfer of an interest to a trust;

(7) gifts or other transfers for no consideration;

(8) a merger of two or more related organizations;

(9) a transfer of interest in a facility held in receivership;

(10) a change in the legal form of doing business other than a publicly held organization which becomes privately held or vice versa;

(11) the addition of a new partner, owner, or shareholder who owns less than 20 percent of the nursing home or the issuance of stock; or

(12) an involuntary transfer including foreclosure, bankruptcy, or assignment for the benefit of creditors.

Any increase in allowable debt or allowable interest expense or other cost incurred as a result of the foregoing transactions shall be a nonallowable cost for purposes of reimbursement under Minnesota Rules, parts 9549.0010 to 9549.0080.

(e) For rate years beginning on or after July 1, 1986, the commissioner may exclude from a provision of Minnesota Rules, parts 9549.0010 to 9549.0080, any facility that is certified by the commissioner of health as an intermediate care facility, licensed by the commissioner of human services as a chemical dependency treatment program and enrolled in the medical assistance program as an institution for mental disease. The commissioner of human services shall establish a medical assistance payment rate for these facilities. Chapter 14 does not apply to the procedures and criteria used to establish the ratesetting structure. The ratesetting method is not appealable.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.50, subdivision 2, is amended to read:



Subd. 2. [APPRAISED VALUE; APPEALS BOARD.] (a) Appeals concerning the appraised value of a nursing home's real estate must be heard by a three-person appeal board appointed by the commissioner. The real estate as defined in section 256B.431, subdivision 3, must be appraised using the depreciated replacement cost method.

(b) Members of the appeals board shall be appointed by the commissioner from the list of appraisers approved for state contracts by the commissioner of administration. In making the selection, the commissioner of human services shall ensure that each member is experienced in the use of the depreciated replacement cost method and is free of any personal, political, or economic conflict of interest that may impair the member's ability to function in a fair and objective manner.

(c) The appeals board shall appoint one of its members to act as chief representative and shall examine witnesses when it is necessary to make a complete record. Facts to be considered by the board are limited to those in existence at the time of the appraisal being appealed. The board shall issue a written report regarding each appeal to the commissioner within 30 days following the close of the record. The report must contain findings of fact, conclusions, and a recommended disposition based on a majority decision of the board. A copy of the report must be served upon all parties.

(d) The commissioner shall issue an order adopting, rejecting, or modifying the appeal board's recommendation within 30 days of receipt of the report. A copy of the decision must be served upon all parties.

(e) Within 30 days of receipt of the commissioner's order, the appealing party may appeal to the Minnesota court of appeals. The court's decision is limited to a determination of the appraised value of the real estate and must not include costs assessed against either party. (a) An appeal request concerning the appraised value of a nursing home's real estate as established by an appraisal conducted after July 1, 1986, shall state the appraised value the nursing home believes is correct for the building, land improvements, and attached equipment and the name and address of the firm with whom contacts may be made regarding the appeal. The appeal request shall include a separate appraisal report prepared by an independent appraiser of real estate which supports the total appraised value claimed by the nursing home. The appraisal report shall be based on an on-site inspection of the nursing home's real estate using the depreciated replacement cost method, must be in a form comparable to that used in the commissioner's appraisal, and must pertain to the same time period covered by the appealed appraisal. The appraisal report shall include information related to the training, experience, and qualifications of the appraiser who conducted and prepared the appraisal report for the nursing home.

(b) A nursing home which has filed an appeal request prior to the effective date of this law concerning the appraised value of its real estate as established by an appraisal conducted before July 1, 1986, must submit to the commissioner the information described under paragraph (a) within 60 days of the effective date of this act in order to preserve the appeal.

(c) An appeal request which has been filed pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (a) or (b) shall be finally resolved through an agreement entered into by and between the commissioner and the nursing home or by the determination of an independent appraiser based upon an on-site inspection of the nursing home's real estate using the depreciated replacement cost method, in a form comparable to that used in the commissioner's appraisal, and pertaining to the same time period covered by the appealed appraisal. The appraiser shall be selected by the commissioner and the nursing home by alternately striking names from a list of appraisers approved for state contracts by the commissioner of administration. The appraiser shall make assurances to the satisfaction of the commissioner and the nursing home that the appraiser is experienced in the use of the depreciated cost method of appraisals and that the appraiser is free of any personal, political, or economic conflict of interest that may impair the ability to function in a fair and objective manner. The commissioner shall pay costs of the appraiser through a negotiated rate for services of the appraiser.

(d) The decision of the appraiser is final and is not appealable. Exclusive jurisdiction for appeals of the appraised value of nursing homes lies with the procedures set out in this subdivision. No court of law shall possess subject matter jurisdiction to hear appeals of appraised value determinations of nursing homes.

### Sec. 13. [STUDY AND REPORT.]

The interagency board for quality assurance shall study the following issues and report to the legislature by December 15, 1988, on its findings and recommendations:

(1) the advisability of changing the definition of "hardship" for purposes of the nursing home moratorium;

(2) the advisability of defining the need for nursing home beds in terms of the population aged 75 and older; and

(3) the existence of a geographic maldistribution of long-term care beds and alternative care services in the state.

### Sec. 14. [SPECIAL PROJECTS.]

Notwithstanding contrary provisions of section 256.01, subdivision 2, clause (15), for the biennium ending June 30, 1989, the maximum balance in the special projects account is increased from \$400,000 to \$1,000,000, and money in the account may be used by the commissioner for projects to accelerate the resolution of long-term care rate appeals.

Sec. 15. [EFFECTIVE DATES.]

Sections 1 and 2 are effective July 1, 1989. Sections 3 to 13 are effective July 1, 1987.

ARTICLE 5

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 245.782, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. "Day care facility" means any facility, public or private, which for gain or otherwise regularly provides one or more persons with care, training, supervision, habilitation, rehabilitation, or developmental guidance on a regular basis, for periods of less than 24 hours per day, in a place other than the person's own home. Day care facilities include, but are not limited to: family day care homes, group family day care homes, day care centers, day nurseries, nursery schools, developmental achievement centers for children, day training and habilitation services for adults, day treatment programs, adult day care centers, and day services.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 252.21, is amended to read:

252.21 [COUNTY BOARDS MAY MAKE GRANTS FOR DEVELOPMENTAL ACHIEVEMENT CENTER SERVICES FOR PERSONS CHILDREN WITH MENTAL RETARDATION OR RELATED CONDITIONS.]

In order to assist county boards in carrying out responsibilities for the provision of daytime developmental achievement center services for eligible persons children, the county board or boards are hereby authorized to make grants, within the limits of the money appropriated, to developmental achievement centers for services to persons children with mental retardation or related conditions. In order to fulfill its responsibilities to persons children with mental retardation or related conditions as required by section sections 120.17 and 256E.08, subdivision 1, a county board may, beginning January 1, 1983, contract with developmental achievement centers or other providers.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 252.22, is amended to read:

## 252.22 [APPLICANTS FOR ASSISTANCE; TAX LEVY.]

Any city, town, ~~or governmental entity~~, nonprofit corporation, or any combination thereof, may apply to the county board for assistance in establishing and operating a developmental achievement center and program for persons children with mental retardation or related conditions. Application for such assistance shall be on forms supplied by the board. Each applicant shall annually submit to the board its plan and budget for the next fiscal year. No applicant shall be eligible for a grant hereunder unless its plan and budget have been approved by the board.

Any city, town, or county is authorized, at the discretion of its governing body, to make grants from special tax revenues or from its general revenue fund to any nonprofit organization, governmental or corporate, within or outside its jurisdiction, that has established a developmental achievement center for persons children with mental retardation or related conditions. Nothing contained herein shall in any way preclude the use of funds available for this purpose under any existing statute or charter provision relating to cities, towns and counties.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 252.23, is amended to read:

## 252.23 [ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.]

A developmental achievement center shall satisfy all of the following requirements to be eligible for assistance under sections 252.21 to 252.26:

(1) provide daytime activities for any or all of the following classes of persons: developmental services to children with mental retardation or related conditions who can benefit from the program of services, including those school age children who have been excused or excluded from school;

Children and adults with mental retardation or related conditions who are unable to attend school because of their chronological age and are unable to independently engage in ordinary community activities; and

(2) Provide counseling services to parents or guardians of persons with mental retardation or related conditions who may register at the center;

(3) comply with all rules duly promulgated adopted by the commissioner of human services.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 252.24, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [SELECTION OF DEVELOPMENTAL ACHIEVEMENT CENTERS.] The county board shall administer developmental achievement services, ~~including training and habilitation services provided by licensed developmental achievement centers to residents of intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded.~~ The county board shall ensure that transportation is provided for ~~persons children~~ who fulfill the eligibility requirements of section 252.23, clause (1), utilizing the most efficient and reasonable means available. The county board may contract for developmental achievement services and transportation from a center which is licensed under the provisions of sections 245.781 to 245.813, 252.28, and 257.175, and in the board's opinion, best provides daytime developmental achievement services for ~~persons children~~ with mental retardation or related conditions within the appropriation and medical assistance resources made available for this purpose. Daytime developmental achievement services administered by the county board shall comply with standards established by the commissioner pursuant to subdivision 2 and applicable federal regulations.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 252.24, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [FEES.] The county board may, with the approval of the commissioner, establish a schedule of fees for daytime developmental achievement services as provided in section 256E.08, subdivision 6. ~~No person child, or family of a child, with mental retardation or a related condition shall be denied daytime developmental achievement services because of an inability to pay such a fee.~~

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 252.25, is amended to read:

#### 252.25 [BOARD OF DIRECTORS.]

Every city, town, ~~or governmental~~ entity, nonprofit corporation, or combination thereof, establishing a developmental achievement center for ~~persons children~~ with mental retardation or related conditions shall, before it comes under the terms of sections 252.21 to 252.26, appoint a board of directors for the center program. When any city or town singly establishes such a center, such board shall be appointed by the chief executive officer of the city or the chair of the governing board of the town. When any combination of cities, towns, or nonprofit corporations, establishes such a center, the chief executive officers of the cities or nonprofit corporations and the chair of the governing bodies of the towns shall appoint the board of directors. If a nonprofit corporation singly establishes such a center, its chief executive officer shall appoint the board of directors of the

center. Membership on a board of directors while not mandatory, should be representative of local health, education and welfare departments, medical societies, mental health centers, associations concerned with mental retardation and related conditions, civic groups and the general public. Nothing in sections 252.21 to 252.26 shall be construed to preclude the appointment of elected or appointed public officials or members of the board of directors of the sponsoring nonprofit corporation to such board of directors, or public schools from administering programs under their present administrative structure.

**Sec. 8. [252.40] [SERVICE PRINCIPLES AND RATE-SETTING PROCEDURES FOR DAY TRAINING AND HABILITATION SERVICES FOR ADULTS WITH MENTAL RETARDATION AND RELATED CONDITIONS.]**

Sections 8 to 15 apply to day training and habilitation services for adults with mental retardation and related conditions when the services are authorized to be funded by a county and provided under a contract between a county board and a vendor as defined in section 9. Nothing in sections 8 to 15 absolves intermediate care facilities for persons with mental retardation or related conditions of the responsibility for providing active treatment and habilitation under federal regulations with which those facilities must comply to be certified by the Minnesota department of health.

**Sec. 9. [252.41] [DEFINITIONS.]**

Subdivision 1. [SCOPE.] The definitions in this section apply to sections 8 to 15.

Subd. 2. [COMMISSIONER.] "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the department of human services.

**Subd. 3. [DAY TRAINING AND HABILITATION SERVICES FOR ADULTS WITH MENTAL RETARDATION, RELATED CONDITIONS.]** "Day training and habilitation services for adults with mental retardation and related conditions" means services that:

(1) include supervision, training, assistance, and supported employment, work-related activities, or other community-integrated activities designed and implemented in accordance with the individual service and individual habilitation plans required under Minnesota Rules, parts 9525.0015 to 9525.0165, to help an adult reach and maintain the highest possible level of independence, productivity, and integration into the community;

(2) are provided under contract with the county where the services are delivered by a vendor licensed under sections 245.781 to 245.812 and 252.28, subdivision 2, to provide day training and habilitation services; and

(3) are regularly provided to one or more adults with mental retardation or related conditions in a place other than the adult's own home or residence.

Day training and habilitation services reimbursable under this section do not include special education and related services as defined in the Education of the Handicapped Act, United States Code, title 20, chapter 33, section 1401, clauses (6) and (17), or vocational services funded under section 110 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, United States Code, title 29, section 720, as amended.

Subd. 4. [INDEPENDENCE.] "Independence" means the extent to which persons with mental retardation or related conditions exert control and choice over their own lives.

Subd. 5. [INTEGRATION.] "Integration" means that persons with mental retardation and related conditions:

(1) use the same community resources that are used by and available to individuals who are not disabled;

(2) participate in the same community activities in which nondisabled individuals participate; and

(3) regularly interact and have contact with nondisabled individuals.

Subd. 6. [PRODUCTIVITY.] "Productivity" means that persons with mental retardation or a related condition:

(1) engage in income-producing work designed to improve their income level, employment status, or job advancement; or

(2) engage in activities that contribute to a business, household, or community.

Subd. 7. [REGIONAL CENTER.] "Regional center" means any one of the eight state-operated facilities under the direct administrative authority of the commissioner that serve persons with mental retardation and related conditions. The following facilities are regional centers: Anoka-Metro Regional Treatment Center; Brainerd Regional Human Services Center; Cambridge Regional Treatment Center; Faribault Regional Center; Fergus Falls Regional Treatment Center; Moose Lake Regional Treatment Center; St. Peter Regional Treatment Center; and Willmar Regional Treatment Center.

Subd. 8. [SUPPORTED EMPLOYMENT.] "Supported employment" means employment of a person with a disability so severe that

the person needs ongoing training and support to get and keep a job in which:

(1) the person engages in paid work at a work site where individuals without disabilities who do not require public subsidies also may be employed;

(2) public funds are necessary to provide ongoing training and support services throughout the period of the person's employment; and

(3) the person has the opportunity for social interaction with individuals who do not have disabilities and who are not paid caregivers.

Subd. 9. [VENDOR.] "Vendor" means a nonprofit legal entity that:

(1) is licensed under sections 245.781 to 245.812 and 252.28, subdivision 2, to provide day training and habilitation services to adults with mental retardation and related conditions; and

(2) does not have a financial interest in the legal entity that provides residential services to the same person or persons to whom it provides day training and habilitation services. This clause does not apply to regional centers or vendors licensed prior to April 15, 1983.

Sec. 10. [252.42] [SERVICE PRINCIPLES.]

The design and delivery of services eligible for reimbursement under the rates established in section 14 should reflect the following principles:

(1) Services must suit a person's chronological age and be provided in the least restrictive environment possible, consistent with the needs identified in the person's individual service and individual habilitation plans under Minnesota Rules, parts 9525.0015 to 9525.0165.

(2) A person with mental retardation or a related condition whose individual service and individual habilitation plans authorize employment or employment-related activities shall be given the opportunity to participate in employment and employment-related activities in which nondisabled persons participate.

(3) A person with mental retardation or a related condition participating in work shall be paid wages commensurate with the rate for comparable work and productivity except as regional centers are governed by section 246.151.



(4) A person with mental retardation or a related condition shall receive services which include services offered in settings used by the general public and designed to increase the person's active participation in ordinary community activities.

(5) A person with mental retardation or a related condition shall participate in the patterns, conditions, and rhythms of everyday living and working that are consistent with the norms of the mainstream of society.

Sec. 11. [252.43] [COMMISSIONER'S DUTIES.]

The commissioner shall supervise county boards' provision of day training and habilitation services to adults with mental retardation and related conditions. The commissioner shall:

(1) determine the need for day training and habilitation services under section 252.28;

(2) approve payment rates established by a county under section 14, subdivision 1;

(3) adopt rules for the administration and provision of day training and habilitation services under sections 8 to 15 and sections 245.781 to 245.812 and 252.28, subdivision 2;

(4) enter into interagency agreements necessary to ensure effective coordination and provision of day training and habilitation services;

(5) monitor and evaluate the costs and effectiveness of day training and habilitation services; and

(6) provide information and technical help to county boards and vendors in their administration and provision of day training and habilitation services.

Sec. 12. [252.44] [COUNTY BOARD RESPONSIBILITIES.]

(a) When the need for day training and habilitation services in a county has been determined under section 252.28, the board of commissioners for that county shall:

(1) authorize the delivery of services according to the individual service and habilitation plans required as part of the county's provision of case management services under Minnesota Rules, parts 9525.0015 to 9525.0165. For calendar years for which section 252.46, subdivisions 2 to 10, apply, the county board shall not authorize a change in service days from the number of days authorized for the previous calendar year unless there is documen-

tation for the change in the individual service plan. An increase in service days must also be supported by documentation that the goals and objectives assigned to the vendor cannot be met more economically and effectively by other available community services and that without the additional days of service the individual service plan could not be implemented in a manner consistent with the service principles in section 252.42;

(2) contract with licensed vendors, as specified in paragraph (b), under sections 256E.01 to 256E.12 and 256B.092 and rules adopted under those sections;

(3) ensure that transportation is provided or arranged by the vendor in the most efficient and reasonable way possible;

(4) set payment rates under section 14;

(5) monitor and evaluate the cost and effectiveness of the services; and

(6) reimburse vendors for the provision of authorized services according to the rates, procedures, and regulations governing reimbursement.

(b) With all vendors except regional centers, the contract must include the approved payment rates, the projected budget for the contract period, and any actual expenditures of previous and current contract periods. With all vendors, including regional centers, the contract must also include the amount, availability, and components of day training and habilitation services to be provided, the performance standards governing service provision and evaluation, and the time period in which the contract is effective.

### Sec. 13. [252.45] [VENDOR'S DUTIES.]

A vendor's responsibility under clauses (1), (2), and (3) extends only to the provision of services that are reimbursable under state and federal law. A vendor under contract with a county board to provide day training and habilitation services shall:

(1) provide the amount and type of services authorized in the individual service plan and specified in the individual habilitation plan under Minnesota Rules, parts 9525.0015 to 9525.0165;

(2) design the services to achieve the outcomes assigned to the vendor in the individual service plan and specified in the individual habilitation plan;

(3) provide or arrange for transportation of persons receiving services to and from service sites;

(4) enter into agreements with community-based intermediate care facilities for persons with mental retardation and related conditions to ensure compliance with applicable federal regulations; and

(5) comply with state and federal law.

Sec. 14. [252.46] [PAYMENT RATES.]

Subdivision 1. [RATES ESTABLISHED THROUGH 1988.] Payment rates to vendors, except regional centers, for county-funded day training and habilitation services and transportation provided to persons receiving day training and habilitation services established by a county board before January 1, 1989, are governed by subdivisions 2 to 10.

"Payment rate" as used in subdivisions 2 to 10 refers to three kinds of payment rates: a full-day service rate for persons who receive at least six service hours a day, including the time it takes to transport the person to and from the service site; a partial-day service rate that must not exceed 75 percent of the full-day service rate for persons who receive less than a full day of service; and a transportation rate for providing, or arranging and paying for, transportation of a person to and from the person's residence to the service site.

Subd. 2. [1987 AND 1988 MINIMUM.] Unless a variance is granted under subdivision 6, the minimum payment rates set by a county board for each vendor for 1987 and 1988 must be equal to the payment rates approved by the commissioner for that vendor in effect January 1, 1986, and January 1, 1987, respectively.

Subd. 3. [1987 AND 1988 MAXIMUM.] Unless a variance is granted under subdivision 6, the maximum payment rates for each vendor for 1987 and 1988 must be equal to the payment rates approved by the commissioner for that vendor in effect December 1, 1986, and December 1, 1987, respectively, increased by no more than the projected percentage change in the urban consumer price index, all items, published by the United States Department of Labor, for the upcoming calendar year over the current calendar year.

Subd. 4. [NEW VENDORS.] Payment rates established by a county before January 1, 1989, for a new vendor for which there were no previous rates must not exceed 125 percent of the average payment rates in the regional development commission district under sections 462.381 to 462.396 in which the new vendor is located.

Subd. 5. [SUBMITTING RECOMMENDED RATES.] The county board shall submit recommended payment rates to the commissioner on forms supplied by the commissioner by November 1, 1987,

and at least 60 days before revised payment rates or payment rates for new vendors are to be effective. The forms must require the county board's written verification of the individual documentation required under section 12, clause (a). If the number of days of service provided by a licensed vendor are projected to increase, the county board must recommend payment rates based on the projected increased days of attendance and resulting lower per unit fixed costs. If a vendor provides services at more than one licensed site, the county board may recommend the same payment rates for each site based on the average rate for all sites. The county board may also recommend differing payment rates for each licensed site if it would result in a total annual payment to the vendor that is equal to or less than the total annual payment that would result if the average rates had been used for all sites. For purposes of this subdivision, the average payment rate for all service sites used by a vendor must be computed by adding the amounts that result when the payment rates for each licensed site are multiplied by the projected annual number of service units to be provided at that site and dividing the sum of those amounts by the total units of service to be provided by the vendor at all sites.

Subd. 6. [VARIANCES.] A variance from the minimum or maximum payment rates in subdivisions 2 and 3 may be granted by the commissioner when the vendor requests and the county board submits to the commissioner a written variance request with the recommended payment rates. The county board shall review all vendors' payment rates that are 20 percent lower than the average rates for the regional development commission district to which the county belongs. If the county determines that the payment rates do not provide sufficient revenue to the vendor for authorized service delivery the county must recommend a variance under this section. This review must occur prior to November 1, 1987. When the county board contracts for increased services from any vendor for some or all individuals receiving services from the vendor, the county board shall review the vendor's payment rates to determine whether the increase requires that a variance to the minimum rates be recommended under this section to reflect the vendor's lower per unit fixed costs. The written variance request must include documentation that all the following criteria have been met:

(1) The commissioner and the county board have both conducted a review and have identified a need for a change in the payment rates to change the number of direct service staff or the level of qualifications of the staff.

(2) The proposed changes are required for the vendor to deliver authorized individual services in an effective and efficient manner.

(3) The proposed changes demonstrate compliance with minimum licensing standards governing minimum staffing ratios and staff qualifications.

(4) The vendor documents that the change in staff numbers or qualifications cannot be achieved by reallocating current staff or by reallocating financial resources to provide or purchase the necessary services.

(5) The county board submits evidence that the need for additional staff cannot be met by using temporary special needs rate exceptions under Minnesota Rules, parts 9510.1020 to 9510.1140.

(6) The county board submits a description of the nature and cost of the proposed changes. Allowable costs are limited to salaries, related fringe benefits, and payroll taxes.

(7) The county board's recommended payment rates do not exceed 125 percent of the average payment rates in the regional development commission district in which the vendor is located.

Subd. 7. [TIME REQUIREMENTS AND APPEALS PROCESS FOR VARIANCES.] The commissioner shall notify in writing county boards requesting variances within 60 days of receiving the variance request from the county board. The notification shall give reasons for denial of the variance, if it is denied.

Subd. 8. [COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE TO BOARDS, VENDORS.] The commissioner shall notify the county boards and vendors of:

(1) the average regional payment rates and 125 percent of the average regional payments rates for each of the regional development commission districts designated in sections 462.381 to 462.396; and

(2) the projected inflation rate for the year in which the rates will be effective equal to the most recent projected change in the urban consumer price index, all items, published by the United States Department of Labor, for the upcoming calendar year over the current calendar year.

Subd. 9. [APPROVAL OR DENIAL OF RATES.] The commissioner shall approve the county board's recommended payment rates when the rates and verification justifying the projected service units comply with subdivisions 2 to 10. The commissioner shall notify the county board in writing of the approved payment rates within 60 days of receipt of the rate recommendations. If the rates are not approved, or if rates different from those originally recommended are approved, the commissioner shall within 60 days of receiving the rate recommendation notify the county board in writing of the reasons for denying or substituting a different rate for the recommended rates. Approved payment rates remain effective until the commissioner approves different rates in accordance with subdivisions 2 and 3.

Subd. 10. [VENDOR'S REPORT; AUDIT.] The vendor shall report to the commissioner and the county board on forms prescribed by the commissioner at times specified by the commissioner. The reports shall include programmatic and fiscal information. Fiscal information shall be provided in accordance with an annual audit that complies with the requirements of Minnesota Rules, parts 9550.0010 to 9550.0092. The audit must be done in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards to result in statements that include a balance sheet, income statement, changes in financial position, and the certified public accountant's opinion.

Subd. 11. [IMPROPER TRANSACTIONS.] Transactions that have the effect of circumventing subdivisions 1 to 10 must not be considered by the commissioner for the purpose of payment rate approval under the principle that the substance of the transaction prevails over the form.

Subd. 12. [RATES ESTABLISHED AFTER 1988.] Payment rates established by a county board on or after January 1, 1989, must be determined under permanent rules adopted by the commissioner. No county shall pay a rate that is less than the minimum rate determined by the commissioner.

In developing procedures for setting minimum payment rates and procedures for establishing payment rates, the commissioner shall consider the following factors:

(1) a vendor's payment rate and historical cost in the previous year;

(2) current economic trends and conditions;

(3) costs that a vendor must incur to operate efficiently, effectively and economically and still provide training and habilitation services that comply with quality standards required by state and federal regulations;

(4) increased liability insurance costs;

(5) costs incurred for the development and continuation of supported employment services;

(6) cost variations in providing services to people with different needs;

(7) the adequacy of reimbursement rates that are more than 15 percent below the statewide average; and

(8) other appropriate factors.

The commissioner may develop procedures to establish differing hourly rates that take into account variations in the number of clients per staff hour, to assess the need for day training and habilitation services, and to control the utilization of services.

In developing procedures for setting transportation rates, the commissioner may consider allowing the county board to set those rates or may consider developing a uniform standard.

Medical assistance rates for home and community-based services provided under section 256B.501 by licensed vendors of day training and habilitation services must not be greater than the rates for the same services established by counties under sections 8 to 15.

Sec. 15. [252.47] [RULES.]

To implement sections 8 to 15, the commissioner shall adopt permanent rules under sections 14.01 to 14.38. The commissioner shall establish an advisory task force to advise and make recommendations to the commissioner during the rulemaking process. The advisory task force must include legislators, vendors, residential service providers, counties, consumers, department personnel, and others as determined by the commissioner.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.02, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [MEDICAL ASSISTANCE; MEDICAL CARE.] "Medical assistance" or "medical care" means payment of part or all of the cost of the following care and services for eligible individuals whose income and resources are insufficient to meet all of this cost:

(1) Inpatient hospital services. A second medical opinion is required prior to reimbursement for elective surgeries. The commissioner shall publish in the State Register a proposed list of elective surgeries that require a second medical opinion prior to reimbursement. The list is not subject to the requirements of sections 14.01 to 14.70. The commissioner's decision whether a second medical opinion is required, made in accordance with rules governing that decision, is not subject to administrative appeal;

(2) Skilled nursing home services and services of intermediate care facilities, including training and habilitation services, as defined in section ~~256B.50, subdivision 1~~ 252.41, subdivision 3, for persons with mental retardation or related conditions who are residing in intermediate care facilities for persons with mental retardation or related conditions. Medical assistance must not be used to pay the costs of nursing care provided to a patient in a swing bed as defined in section 144.562;

(3) Physicians' services;

(4) Outpatient hospital or nonprofit community health clinic services or physician-directed clinic services. The physician-directed clinic staff shall include at least two physicians, one of whom is on the premises whenever the clinic is open, and all services shall be provided under the direct supervision of the physician who is on the premises. Hospital outpatient departments are subject to the same limitations and reimbursements as other enrolled vendors for all services, except initial triage, emergency services; and services not provided or immediately available in clinics, physicians' offices, or by other enrolled providers. "Emergency services" means those medical services required for the immediate diagnosis and treatment of medical conditions that, if not immediately diagnosed and treated, could lead to serious physical or mental disability or death or are necessary to alleviate severe pain. Neither the hospital, its employees, nor any physician or dentist, shall be liable in any action arising out of a determination not to render emergency services or care if reasonable care is exercised in determining the condition of the person, or in determining the appropriateness of the facilities, or the qualifications and availability of personnel to render these services consistent with this section;

(5) Community mental health center services, as defined in rules adopted by the commissioner pursuant to section 256B.04, subdivision 2, and provided by a community mental health center as defined in section 245.62, subdivision 2;

(6) Home health care services;

(7) Private duty nursing services;

(8) Physical therapy and related services;

(9) Dental services, excluding cast metal restorations;

(10) Laboratory and X-ray services;

(11) The following if prescribed by a licensed practitioner: drugs, eyeglasses, dentures, and prosthetic devices. The commissioner shall designate a formulary committee which shall advise the commissioner on the names of drugs for which payment shall be made, recommend a system for reimbursing providers on a set fee or charge basis rather than the present system, and develop methods encouraging use of generic drugs when they are less expensive and equally effective as trademark drugs. The commissioner shall appoint the formulary committee members no later than 30 days following July 1, 1981. The formulary committee shall consist of nine members, four of whom shall be physicians who are not employed by the department of human services, and a majority of whose practice is for persons paying privately or through health insurance, three of



whom shall be pharmacists who are not employed by the department of human services, and a majority of whose practice is for persons paying privately or through health insurance, a consumer representative, and a nursing home representative. Committee members shall serve two-year terms and shall serve without compensation. The commissioner may establish a drug formulary. Its establishment and publication shall not be subject to the requirements of the administrative procedure act, but the formulary committee shall review and comment on the formulary contents. Prior authorization may be required by the commissioner, with the consent of the drug formulary committee, before certain formulary drugs are eligible for payment. The formulary shall not include: drugs or products for which there is no federal funding; over-the-counter drugs, except for antacids, acetaminophen, family planning products, aspirin, insulin, prenatal vitamins, and vitamins for children under the age of seven; or any other over-the-counter drug identified by the commissioner, in consultation with the appropriate professional consultants under contract with or employed by the state agency, as necessary, appropriate and cost effective for the treatment of certain specified chronic diseases, conditions or disorders, and this determination shall not be subject to the requirements of chapter 14, the administrative procedure act; nutritional products, except for those products needed for treatment of phenylketonuria, hyperlysinemia, maple syrup urine disease, a combined allergy to human milk, cow milk, and soy formula, or any other childhood or adult diseases, conditions, or disorders identified by the commissioner as requiring a similarly necessary nutritional product; anorectics; and drugs for which medical value has not been established. Separate payment shall not be made for nutritional products for residents of long-term care facilities; payment for dietary requirements is a component of the per diem rate paid to these facilities. Payment to drug vendors shall not be modified before the formulary is established except that the commissioner shall not permit payment for any drugs which may not by law be included in the formulary, and the commissioner's determination shall not be subject to chapter 14, the administrative procedure act. The commissioner shall publish conditions for prohibiting payment for specific drugs after considering the formulary committee's recommendations.

The basis for determining the amount of payment shall be the actual acquisition costs of the drugs plus a fixed dispensing fee established by the commissioner. Actual acquisition cost includes quantity and other special discounts except time and cash discounts. Establishment of this fee shall not be subject to the requirements of the administrative procedure act. Whenever a generically equivalent product is available, payment shall be on the basis of the actual acquisition cost of the generic drug, unless the prescriber specifically indicates "dispense as written" on the prescription as required by section 151.21, subdivision 2.

Notwithstanding the above provisions, implementation of any change in the fixed dispensing fee which has not been subject to the

administrative procedure act shall be limited to not more than 180 days, unless, during that time, the commissioner shall have initiated rulemaking through the administrative procedure act;

(12) Diagnostic, screening, and preventive services;

(13) Health care prepayment plan premiums and insurance premiums if paid directly to a vendor and supplementary medical insurance benefits under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act;

(14) Abortion services, but only if one of the following conditions is met:

(a) The abortion is a medical necessity. "Medical necessity" means (1) the signed written statement of two physicians indicating the abortion is medically necessary to prevent the death of the mother, and (2) the patient has given her consent to the abortion in writing unless the patient is physically or legally incapable of providing informed consent to the procedure, in which case consent will be given as otherwise provided by law;

(b) The pregnancy is the result of criminal sexual conduct as defined in section 609.342, clauses (c), (d), (e)(i), and (f), and the incident is reported within 48 hours after the incident occurs to a valid law enforcement agency for investigation, unless the victim is physically unable to report the criminal sexual conduct, in which case the report shall be made within 48 hours after the victim becomes physically able to report the criminal sexual conduct; or

(c) The pregnancy is the result of incest, but only if the incident and relative are reported to a valid law enforcement agency for investigation prior to the abortion;

(15) Transportation costs incurred solely for obtaining emergency medical care or transportation costs incurred by nonambulatory persons in obtaining emergency or nonemergency medical care when paid directly to an ambulance company, common carrier, or other recognized providers of transportation services. For the purpose of this clause, a person who is incapable of transport by taxicab or bus shall be considered to be nonambulatory;

(16) To the extent authorized by rule of the state agency, costs of bus or taxicab transportation incurred by any ambulatory eligible person for obtaining nonemergency medical care;

(17) Personal care attendant services provided by an individual, not a relative, who is qualified to provide the services, where the services are prescribed by a physician in accordance with a plan of treatment and are supervised by a registered nurse. Payments to personal care attendants shall be adjusted annually to reflect

changes in the cost of living or of providing services by the average annual adjustment granted to vendors such as nursing homes and home health agencies; and

(18) Any other medical or remedial care licensed and recognized under state law unless otherwise prohibited by law, except licensed chemical dependency treatment programs or primary treatment or extended care treatment units in hospitals that are covered under Laws 1986, chapter 394, sections 8 to 20. The commissioner shall include chemical dependency services in the state medical assistance plan for federal reporting purposes, but payment must be made under Laws 1986, chapter 394, sections 8 to 20.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.501, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the meaning given them.

(a) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services.

(b) "Facility" means a facility licensed as a mental retardation residential facility under section 252.28, licensed as a supervised living facility under chapter 144, and certified as an intermediate care facility for persons with mental retardation or related conditions.

(c) "Waivered service" means home or community-based service authorized under United States Code, title 42, section 1396n(c), as amended through December 31, 1982, and defined in the Minnesota state plan for the provision of medical assistance services. Waivered services include, at a minimum, case management, family training and support, developmental training homes, supervised living arrangements, semi-independent living services, respite care, and training and habilitation services.

(d) "Training and habilitation services" are those health and social services needed to ensure optimal functioning of persons with mental retardation or related conditions. Training and habilitation services shall be provided to a client away from the residence unless medically contraindicated by an organization which does not have a direct or indirect financial interest in the organization which provides the person's residential services. This requirement shall not apply to any developmental achievement center which has applied for licensure prior to April 15, 1983.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.501, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [AUTHORITY.] The commissioner shall establish procedures and rules for determining rates for care of residents of intermediate care facilities for persons with mental retardation or related conditions which qualify as ~~vendors~~ providers of medical assistance, and ~~waivered services~~, and ~~for provision of training and habilitation services~~. Approved rates shall be established on the basis of methods and standards that the commissioner finds adequate to provide for the costs that must be incurred for the quality care of residents in efficiently and economically operated facilities and services. The procedures shall specify the costs that are allowable for payment through medical assistance. The commissioner may use experts from outside the department in the establishment of the procedures.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.501, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [PAYMENT FOR PERSONS WITH SPECIAL NEEDS.] The commissioner shall establish by December 31, 1983, procedures to be followed by the counties to seek authorization from the commissioner for medical assistance reimbursement ~~for waivered services or training and habilitation services~~ for very dependent persons with special needs in an amount in excess of the rates allowed pursuant to subdivisions 2, and 4, ~~5, and 6~~, including rates established under section 252.46 when they apply to services provided to residents of intermediate care facilities for persons with mental retardation or related conditions, and procedures to be followed for rate limitation exemptions for intermediate care facilities for persons with mental retardation or related conditions. No excess payment or limitation exemption shall be authorized unless the need for the service is documented in the individual service plan of the person or persons to be served, the type and duration of the services needed are stated, and there is a basis for estimated cost of the services.

The commissioner shall evaluate the services provided pursuant to this subdivision through program and fiscal audits.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256E.09, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [PLAN CONTENT.] The biennial community social services plan published by the county shall include:

(a) A statement of the goals of community social service programs in the county;

(b) Methods used pursuant to subdivision 2 to encourage participation of citizens and providers in the development of the plan and the allocation of money;

(c) Methods used to identify persons in need of service and the social problems to be addressed by the community social service programs, including efforts the county proposes to make in providing for early intervention, prevention and education aimed at minimizing or eliminating the need for services for groups of persons identified in section 256E.03, subdivision 2;

(d) A statement describing how the county will fulfill its responsibilities identified in section 256E.08, subdivision 1 to the groups of persons described in section 256E.03, subdivision 2, and a description of each community social service proposed and identification of the agency or person proposed to provide the service. The plan shall specify how the county proposes to make the following services available for persons identified by the county as in need of services: daytime developmental achievement services for children, day training and habilitation services for adults, subacute detoxification services, residential services and nonresidential social support services as appropriate for the groups identified in section 256E.03, subdivision 2;

(e) The amount of money proposed to be allocated to each service;

(f) An inventory of public and private resources including associations of volunteers which are available to the county for social services;

(g) Evidence that serious consideration was given to the purchase of services from private and public agencies; and

(h) Methods whereby community social service programs will be monitored and evaluated by the county.

#### Sec. 21. [TASK FORCE.]

Subdivision 1. [TASK FORCE CREATED.] The director of the state planning agency shall form and chair a task force to review and make recommendations by February 1, 1988, regarding the appropriate roles of development achievement centers and sheltered workshops in providing supported work opportunities to people with disabilities.

Subd. 2. [MEMBERSHIP.] The task force must include the chairs of the health and human services committees of the Minnesota senate and house of representatives, or their designees, sheltered workshops, developmental achievement centers, county government, the departments of human services and jobs and training, the special education unit of the department of education, the state planning agency, advocacy organizations and the Minnesota supported employment project advisory committee. The state planning agency shall consult with the associations representing sheltered workshops and developmental achievement centers and attempt to

select service provider members representing all programmatic and philosophical perspectives.

Subd. 3. [EXTENDED EMPLOYMENT PROGRAMS.] For purposes of this section, "extended employment programs" means programs providing paid work and service hours as a step in the rehabilitation process for those who cannot readily be absorbed in the competitive labor market, or during such time as employment opportunities for them in the competitive labor market do not exist. Extended employment programs include the following:

(1) long-term employment programs as defined at Minnesota Rules, part 3300.2050, subpart 16;

(2) work activity programs as defined at Minnesota Rules, part 3300.2050, subpart 33;

(3) work component programs as defined at Minnesota Rules, part 3300.2050, subpart 34;

(4) community-based employment programs as defined at Minnesota Rules, part 3300.2050, subpart 3.

Subd. 4. [SCOPE OF THE TASK FORCE.] The task force shall review and make recommendations to the legislature and affected state departments on the following:

(1) the role and function of developmental achievement centers, sheltered workshops, and other services providing employment to people who are severely disabled;

(2) mechanisms for identifying and placing clients in appropriate services;

(3) current and recommended funding methods for developmental achievement centers and extended employment programs and the relationship between funding and placement of clients;

(4) current regulations and program standards including accountability requirements and outcome measures. Recommendations for common standards for all similar programs shall be included;

(5) improved ways of providing employment services to all disabled persons regardless of the severity of their disabilities, including persons not currently receiving services through existing programs; and

(6) the need and scope of demonstration projects to determine how existing funding can be consolidated or unified to expand community-based/supported employment opportunities for persons

with severe disabilities and whether specific rule waiver authority is required to accomplish this purpose.

Subd. 5. [COSTS.] The costs of the task force, if any, shall be shared equally by the state planning agency, the department of human services, and the department of jobs and training.

Subd. 6. [COOPERATION OF STATE DEPARTMENTS.] The commissioners shall cooperate with the task force and provide information and support as requested.

Sec. 22. [REPEALER.]

(a) Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 256B.501, subdivisions 5, 6, 7, and 9; and 256E.06, subdivision 2a, are repealed.

(b) Minnesota Rules, parts 9525.1210, subparts 11 and 12; 9525.1230, subpart 2; 9525.1260; 9525.1270; 9525.1280; and 9525.1310, are repealed.

Sec. 23. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Except as otherwise provided in section 14, sections 1 to 21 are effective the day following final enactment. The rates established under section 14, subdivision 11, are effective January 1, 1989. Except as specifically repealed by this act, the provisions of Minnesota Rules, parts 9525.1200 to 9525.1330 remain in effect until amended or repealed by the commissioner."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to the organization and operation of state government; appropriating money for human services, corrections, health, economic security, and other purposes with certain conditions; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 15A.081, subdivision 1; 86.33, subdivisions 2 and 3; 136C.06; 144.122; 144.123, subdivision 2; 144.219; 144.55, subdivision 6; 144.68; 144.69; 144A.05; 144A.071, subdivision 3; 144A.27; 144A.33, subdivisions 3 and 4; 171.29, subdivision 2; 245.713, subdivision 2; 245.782, subdivision 5; 246.18, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 246.50, subdivisions 3, 4a, 5, 7, and by adding a subdivision; 246.51; 246.511; 246.57, by adding a subdivision; 251.011, subdivision 6; 252.21; 252.22; 252.23; 252.24, subdivisions 1 and 4; 252.25; 252.275, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, and 7; 256.01, subdivisions 2 and 4; 256.045, subdivision 3; 256.73, by adding a subdivision; 256.736, subdivisions 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, and by adding subdivisions; 256.737, subdivision 1; 256.74, subdivision 1; 256.969, subdivisions 2 and 3; 256.98; 256B.02, subdivision 8, and by adding a subdivision; 256B.03, subdivision 1; 256B.04, subdivisions 14 and 15; 256B.06, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 256B.064, subdivision

1a; 256B.15; 256B.17, subdivisions 4 and 5; 256B.19, subdivision 1; 256B.35, subdivisions 1 and 2; 256B.37, by adding a subdivision; 256B.421, subdivision 1; 256B.431, subdivisions 2b, 2e, 3a, 4, and by adding subdivisions; 256B.433; 256B.47, subdivision 1, and by adding subdivisions; 256B.48, subdivision 1; 256B.50, subdivision 2; 256B.501, subdivisions 1, 2, and 8; 256B.69, subdivisions 6, 11, and by adding subdivisions; 256C.26; 256D.01, subdivision 1a; 256D.02, subdivisions 5 and 8; 256D.03, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, and by adding a subdivision; 256D.05, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 256D.051, subdivisions 1, 2, 6, 8, and by adding a subdivision; 256D.06, subdivisions 1, 1b, and 2; 256D.08, subdivision 1; 256D.101; 256D.15; 256D.22; 256D.37, subdivision 1; 256E.09, subdivision 3; 256E.12, subdivision 3; 257.33; 257.34, subdivision 1; 257.35; 257.351, subdivision 15, and by adding subdivisions; 257.354, subdivision 4, and by adding a subdivision; 257.57, subdivision 2; 257.60; 257.62, by adding a subdivision; 257.63, subdivision 2; 268.0111, subdivision 8; 268.0122, subdivisions 2 and 3; 268.36; 268.37, subdivision 3; 268.53, subdivision 1; 268.673, subdivision 5, and by adding a subdivision; 268.6751; 268.676; 268.677, subdivision 1; 268.678, subdivisions 1 and 4; 268.681, subdivisions 2 and 3; 268.85, subdivision 2; 268.86, subdivisions 1, 2, and 4; 268.871, subdivisions 1, 2, and by adding a subdivision; 268.88; 268.89, subdivision 2; 268.91, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, and by adding subdivisions; 268.911, subdivision 1; 287.05, subdivision 1; 287.12; 287.21, subdivision 1; 393.07, subdivision 10; 510.07; 518.131, subdivision 7; 518.171, subdivision 1; 518.24; 518.551, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 518.57, subdivision 1; 518.611, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, and by adding a subdivision; 518.64, subdivision 2; 524.3-1201; 525.56, subdivision 3; and Laws 1986, chapter 394, section 24; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 62D; 144; 144A; 245; 246; 252; 256; 256B; 256D; 257; and 518; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 116J.035, subdivision 3; 116L.04, subdivision 3; 136.63, subdivision 1b; 144.66; 144.67; 178.03, subdivision 5; 245.69, subdivision 1a; 245.713, subdivisions 1 and 3; 245.74; 245.76; 256.966, subdivision 2; 256B.05, subdivision 4; 256B.07; 256B.501, subdivisions 5, 6, 7, and 9; 256D.051, subdivisions 4, 5, 11, and 12; 256E.06, subdivision 2a; 257.34, subdivision 2; 267.01; 267.02; 267.03; 267.04; 267.05; 267.06; 268.0111, subdivision 3; and 268.86, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, and 5."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: ANN WYNIA, PETER RODOSOVICH, LOREN G. JENNINGS, LEE GREENFIELD AND ROBERT ANDERSON.

Senate Conferees: DON SAMUELSON, MARILYN M. LANTRY, LINDA BERGLIN, ALLAN H. SPEAR AND HOWARD A. KNUTSON.



Wynia moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 243 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

The Speaker called Simoneau to the Chair.

The Speaker resumed the Chair.

H. F. No. 243, A bill for an act relating to the organization and operation of state government; appropriating money for human services, corrections, health, economic security, and other purposes with certain conditions; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 15A.081, subdivision 1; 86.33, subdivisions 2 and 3; 136C.06; 144.55, subdivision 6; 144.68; 144.69; 144A.05; 144A.071, subdivision 3; 144A.27; 144A.33, subdivision 3; 171.29, subdivision 2; 245.713, subdivision 2; 246.50, subdivisions 3, 4a, 5, 7, and by adding a subdivision; 246.51; 246.511; 251.011, subdivision 6; 252.275, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, and 7; 256.01, subdivisions 2 and 4; 256.045, subdivision 3; 256.73, by adding a subdivision; 256.736, subdivisions 3, 4, 6, and by adding subdivisions; 256.74, subdivision 1; 256.969, subdivision 2; 256.98; 256B.02, subdivision 8, and by adding a subdivision; 256B.03, subdivision 1; 256B.04, subdivisions 14 and 15; 256B.06, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 256B.064, subdivision 1a; 256B.15; 256B.17, subdivisions 4 and 5; 256B.19, subdivision 1; 256B.35, subdivisions 1 and 2; 256B.421, subdivision 1; 256B.431, subdivisions 2b, 2e, 3a, 4, and by adding subdivisions; 256B.433; 256B.47, subdivision 1, and by adding subdivisions; 256B.48, subdivisions 1 and 6; 256B.50, subdivision 2; 256B.69, subdivisions 6, 11, and by adding subdivisions; 256C.26; 256D.01, subdivision 1a; 256D.02, subdivisions 5 and 8; 256D.03, subdivisions 3, 4, and by adding a subdivision; 256D.05, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 256D.051, subdivisions 1, 6, and by adding a subdivision; 256D.06, subdivisions 1, 1b, 2, 3, and 6; 256D.08, subdivision 1; 256D.101; 256D.15; 256D.22; 256D.37, subdivision 1; 256E.03, subdivision 2; 256E.06, by adding a subdivision; 256E.07, by adding a subdivision; 256E.12, subdivision 3; 257.35; 257.351, subdivision 15, and by adding subdivisions; 257.354, subdivision 4, and by adding a subdivision; 268.0111, subdivision 8; 268.0122, subdivisions 2 and 3; 268.36; 268.37, subdivision 3; 268.673, subdivision 5, and by adding a subdivision; 268.6751; 268.676; 268.677, subdivision 1; 268.678, subdivisions 1 and 4; 268.681, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 268.85, subdivision 2; 268.86, subdivisions 1, 2, and 4; 268.871, subdivisions 1, 2, and by adding a subdivision; 268.88; 268.89, subdivision 2; 268.91, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and by adding subdivisions; 268.911, subdivision 1; 393.07, subdivision 10; 517.08, subdivision 1a; 524.3-1201; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 62D; 144; 144A; 245; 246; 256; 256B; 256D; 256E; 257; and 268; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 116J.035, subdi-

vision 3; 116L.04, subdivision 3; 136.63, subdivision 1b; 144.66; 144.67; 178.03, subdivision 5; 245.69, subdivision 1a; 245.713, subdivisions 1 and 3; 245.73; 245.74; 245.76; 256.966, subdivision 2; 256B.05, subdivision 4; 256B.07; 256D.051, subdivisions 4, 5, 11, and 12; 256E.12; 267.01; 267.02; 267.03; 267.04; 267.05; 267.06; and 268.0111, subdivision 3.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called.

Otis moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 98 yeas and 36 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Jaros	McEachern	Peterson	Sparby
Anderson, R.	Jefferson	McKasy	Price	Steensma
Battaglia	Jennings	McLaughlin	Quinn	Sviggum
Bauerly	Jensen	Milbert	Quist	Swenson
Beard	Johnson, A.	Minne	Redalen	Tompkins
Begich	Johnson, R.	Munger	Reding	Trimble
Bertram	Johnson, V.	Murphy	Rest	Tunheim
Bishop	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Rice	Uphus
Boo	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vanasek
Brown	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Carlson, D.	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Rose	Voss
Carlson, L.	Kinkel	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
Carruthers	Kludt	Ogren	Sarna	Waltman
Clark	Knuth	Olson, E.	Scheid	Welle
Cooper	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Wenzel
Dauner	Krueger	Omann	Seaberg	Winter
DeBlieck	Larsen	Orenstein	Segal	Wynia
Dorn	Lasley	Otis	Simoneau	Spk. Norton
Greenfield	Lieder	Pappas	Skoglund	
Jacobs	Long	Pelowski	Solberg	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bennett	Frederick	Himle	Morrison	Richter
Blatz	Frerichs	Hugoson	Olsen, S.	Schafer
Burger	Gruenes	Knickerbocker	Onnen	Schreiber
Clausnitzer	Gutknecht	Marsh	Osthoff	Shaver
Dempsey	Hartle	McDonald	Ozment	Stanius
Dille	Haukoos	McPherson	Pauly	Thiede
Forsythe	Heap	Miller	Poppenhagen	Tjornhom
				Valento

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

**MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE, Continued**

The following messages were received from the Senate:

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 529, A bill for an act relating to the financing of government in Minnesota; changing tax rates and bases; modifying the methods of administering, collecting, and enforcing taxes; changing the computation, administration, and payment of aids, credits, and refunds; imposing taxes; limiting taxing powers; transferring governmental powers and duties; allocating bonding authority; making entitlement allocations to the cities of Minneapolis and St. Paul; repealing income tax rules; providing for the conveyance of land in Becker county; making technical corrections and clarifications; imposing and increasing fees, interest, and penalties; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 10A.31, subdivisions 1 and 2; 16A.15, subdivisions 1 and 6; 16A.1541; 16A.26; 16A.275; 16A.48, subdivision 1; 60A.15, subdivision 1; 60A.199, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11; 60A.209, subdivisions 1 and 3; 60C.06, by adding a subdivision; 61B.02, subdivision 1; 61B.03, subdivisions 8 and 10; 62E.02, subdivision 23; 67A.11, subdivision 3; 69.011, subdivisions 1 and 2; 69.021, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3; 69.54; 69.55; 79.34, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 88.49, by adding a subdivision; 116C.63, subdivision 4; 121.904, subdivisions 11a and 11b; 124.155, subdivision 2; 124.195, subdivision 2; 124.2131, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 11; 124.2139; 124.38, subdivision 8; 124A.02, subdivisions 3a, 8, and 11; 124A.035, subdivision 5; 124A.08, subdivision 5; 134.33, subdivision 1; 134.34, subdivisions 1 and 2; 176.129, subdivision 4a; 176A.08; 239.10; 270.066; 270.071, by adding a subdivision; 270.074, subdivision 3; 270.075, subdivision 1; 270.10, subdivisions 1 and 4; 270.11, subdivisions 1 and 2; 270.12, subdivisions 2 and 3; 270.13; 270.72, subdivisions 1 and 2; 270.77; 270.80, subdivision 2; 270.87; 270A.07, subdivision 1; 271.21, subdivision 2; 272.01, subdivisions 2 and 3; 272.02, subdivisions 1 and 1a; 272.115, subdivisions 2 and 4; 273.061, subdivisions 1, 8, and 9; 273.065; 273.11, subdivision 8, and by adding a subdivision; 273.1102; 273.1103; 273.1104, subdivision 1; 273.12; 273.123, subdivisions 1, 4, 5, and 7; 273.124, subdivisions 7, 8, 11, and 13; 273.13, subdivisions 15a, 22, 23, 24, 25, and 31; 273.1313, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3; 273.1314, subdivisions 9, 10, and by adding subdivisions; 273.133, subdivision 3; 273.135, subdivision 2; 273.1391, subdivision 2; 273.1392; 273.1393; 273.165, subdivision 2; 273.19, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, and by adding a subdivision; 273.33, subdivision 2; 273.37, subdivision 2; 273.38; 273.42, subdivision 2; 274.01, subdivision 1; 274.14; 274.16;

275.07, subdivision 1; 275.125, subdivisions 9, 9b, 15, and by adding a subdivision; 275.50, subdivision 2; 275.51, subdivisions 3h and 3i; 276.04; 276.11; 277.01; 278.05, subdivision 4; 279.01, subdivision 1; 279.06; 281.17; 282.014; 282.02; 282.241; 282.33, subdivision 1; 287.05, subdivision 1; 287.09; 287.10; 287.12; 287.21, subdivision 1; 287.22; 290.01, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, 7, 19, 20, 22, and by adding subdivisions; 290.02; 290.03; 290.032, subdivisions 1 and 2; 290.05, subdivisions 1 and 2; 290.06, subdivisions 1, 2c, 2d, and by adding subdivisions; 290.067, subdivisions 1, 2, and by adding subdivisions; 290.068, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6; 290.069, subdivisions 2a and 4b; 290.077, subdivision 1; 290.081; 290.091, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5; 290.095, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 9, and 11; 290.10; 290.12, subdivision 2; 290.131, subdivision 1; 290.132, subdivision 1; 290.133, subdivision 1; 290.134, subdivision 1; 290.135, subdivision 1; 290.136, subdivision 1; 290.138, subdivision 3; 290.14; 290.17; 290.171; 290.20, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 290.21, subdivisions 3, 4, and 8; 290.23, subdivisions 3 and 5; 290.31, subdivisions 2, 3, 5, and by adding a subdivision; 290.34, subdivision 2; 290.35; 290.36; 290.37, subdivisions 1 and 3; 290.38; 290.39, subdivision 3; 290.41, subdivisions 2 and 3; 290.42; 290.45, subdivisions 1 and 2; 290.46; 290.48, subdivision 10; 290.491; 290.50, subdivision 1; 290.53, subdivisions 1, 2, 3a, 4, and by adding subdivisions; 290.56, subdivisions 2, 3, and 4; 290.92, subdivisions 2a, 4a, 5, 5a, 6, 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 18, 24, and 25; 290.93, subdivision 10; 290.934, subdivision 2; 290.9725; 290.9726, subdivisions 1, 2, and 4; 290.974; 290A.03, subdivisions 3, 8, 13, 14, and by adding a subdivision; 290A.04, subdivision 2, and by adding subdivisions; 290A.06; 290A.011, subdivision 2; 290A.18; 290A.19; 291.131, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, and by adding a subdivision; 295.01, subdivision 10; 295.32; 295.34, subdivision 1; 295.365; 295.366, by adding a subdivision; 295.39; 295.40; 295.41; 295.43; 296.02, by adding subdivisions; 296.025, by adding subdivisions; 296.17, subdivisions 3, 7, and 11; 296.18, subdivision 7; 297.01, subdivisions 2, 4, 7, 10, and 14; 297.02, subdivisions 1 and 6; 297.03, subdivisions 1, 5, and 6; 297.04, subdivisions 4, 6, and 9; 297.07, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, and 5; 297.11, subdivisions 3 and 5; 297.13, subdivision 1; 297.23, subdivision 1; 297.26; 297.31, subdivisions 2, 3, and 7; 297.32, subdivisions 1, 2, and 8; 297.33, subdivisions 4 and 5; 297.35, subdivisions 1, 3, 5, and 8; 297.36; 297A.01, subdivisions 3, 4, 8, 11, 15, and by adding a subdivision; 297A.07; 297A.14; 297A.151; 297A.18; 297A.211, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 297A.25, subdivisions 3, 7, 11, 12, and by adding subdivisions; 297A.256; 297A.257, subdivisions 1, 2, 2a, and by adding a subdivision; 297A.26, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 297A.27, subdivision 1; 297A.275; 297A.39, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, and by adding a subdivision; 297A.43; 297B.03; 297B.031; 297B.10; 297C.02, subdivisions 1 and 2; 297C.03, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 297C.04; 297C.05, subdivision 2; 297C.06; 297C.09; 297D.02; 297D.07; 297D.09; 297D.10; 297D.12, subdivision 1; 297D.13; 298.01, subdivision 1, and by adding subdivisions; 298.026; 298.027; 298.028, subdivision 1; 298.03, subdivision 1; 298.031, subdivision 2; 298.08; 298.09, subdivision 1; 298.24, subdivi-

vision 1; 298.25; 298.28, subdivisions 4, 7, 10, and by adding a subdivision; 299F.21, subdivisions 1, 2, and by adding subdivisions; 325D.30; 325D.32, subdivisions 4, 10, and 11; 325D.33, subdivisions 1, 2, and by adding subdivisions; 325D.35; 325D.38, subdivision 1; 325D.40, subdivision 1; 325F.665, subdivision 3; 349.212, subdivisions 1, 4, and by adding a subdivision; 349.2121, subdivisions 4, 6, 7, and by adding subdivisions; 360.531, subdivision 2; 360.654; 462C.11, subdivisions 2 and 3; 473.446, subdivision 1; 473F.02, subdivisions 4, 12, and 17; 474A.02, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 12, 14, 16, 18, 19, 21, 26, and by adding subdivisions; 474A.03, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 474A.04, subdivisions 5, 6, and by adding a subdivision; 474A.13, subdivisions 1, 4, and 5; 474A.14; 474A.15; 474A.16; 474A.17; 474A.18; 474A.20; 474A.21; 475.53, subdivision 4; 475.61, subdivision 3; 477A.012, subdivision 1; 477A.013; Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 14, article 3, section 18; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 239; 270; 271; 272; 273; 275; 276; 290; 290A; 297; 297A; 297C; 298; 349; and 474A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 13.58; 60A.15, subdivision 2; 61A.49; 62E.11, subdivision 8; 62E.13, subdivision 9; 69.021, subdivision 3a; 124.2131, subdivision 4; 124.2137; 124.2139; 124.38, subdivision 10; 124A.031, subdivision 4; 270.75, subdivision 8; 270.89; 273.112, subdivision 9; 273.115; 273.116; 273.13, subdivisions 26, 27, 28, and 29; 273.1311; 273.1315; 273.135, subdivision 5; 273.1391, subdivision 4; 282.021; 287.02; 290.01, subdivisions 20a, 20b, 20d, 20f, 21, and 24; 290.013; 290.06, subdivisions 3f, 3g, and 11; 290.069, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, and 7; 290.07, subdivision 5; 290.071; 290.073; 290.075; 290.077, subdivision 3; 290.079; 290.08; 290.082; 290.085; 290.088; 290.089; 290.09; 290.095, subdivisions 8 and 10; 290.12, subdivision 4; 290.13; 290.139; 290.15; 290.16; 290.165; 290.17, subdivision 1a; 290.175; 290.18; 290.19; 290.21, subdivisions 5 and 6; 290.26, subdivision 2; 290.361; 290.531; 290.9726, subdivisions 3, 5, and 6; 290A.04, subdivisions 2e and 2g; 294.21; 294.22; 294.23; 294.24; 294.25; 294.26; 295.32; 295.33; 295.34; 295.36; 295.365; 295.366; 296.04, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, and 4; 296.05; 296.07; 296.13; 296.17, subdivision 12; 296.22; 296.28; 297.07, subdivision 6; 297.23, subdivision 5; 297.35, subdivisions 4, 6, and 7; 297A.25, subdivision 13; 297A.254; 297A.26, subdivision 3; 297A.391; 297C.03, subdivisions 2 and 3; 297C.05, subdivision 4; 298.01, subdivision 1; 298.02; 298.026; 298.027; 298.028; 298.03; 298.031; 298.04; 298.28, subdivision 14; 298.40; 298.51; 298.52; 298.53; 298.54; 298.55; 298.61; 298.62; 298.63; 298.64; 298.65; 298.66; 298.67; 299.01; 299.012; 299.013; 299.02; 299.03; 299.04; 299.05; 299.06; 299.07; 299.08; 299.09; 299.10; 299.11; 299.12; 299.13; 299.14; 325D.32, subdivision 12; 325D.41; 474A.02, subdivisions 5, 9, 10, 11, 13, 15, 17, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27, 28, and 29; 474A.03, subdivisions 2 and 3; 474A.04, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, and 4; 474A.05; 474A.06; 474A.07; 474A.08; 474A.09; 474A.10; 474A.11; 474A.12; 474A.13, subdivisions 2 and 3; and 474A.19; Laws 1981, chapters 222, section 6; 223, section 6, subdivision 3; Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 14, article 14, section 3; Laws 1986, chapter 391, section 3; Laws 1986, First Special Session chapter 1, article 5, section 8.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned:

H. F. No. 1210, A bill for an act relating to human services; regulating the licensure of programs for the care of children or of adults with certain disabilities; providing penalties; replacing the existing licensure law; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 256D.01, by adding a subdivision; and 256D.37, by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 245A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 245.781; 245.782; 245.783; 245.791; 245.792; 245.801; 245.802; 245.803; 245.804; 245.805; 245.811; 245.812; 245.88; 245.881; 245.882; 245.883; 245.884; and 245.885.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate refuses to concur in the House amendments to Senate File No. 841:

S. F. No. 841, A bill for an act relating to natural resources; amending requirements for eligibility, applications, agreements, payments, and other terms and conditions of the conservation reserve program; changing requirements to drain privately owned inventoried wetlands and public waters; amending and changing requirements for the waterbank program; changing requirements for persons selling land under a waterbank agreement; establishing a native prairie bank program; providing for prairie management applications, agreements, payments, and other terms and conditions; appropriating funds; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 40.41; 40.42, subdivision 5, and by adding subdivisions; 40.43, subdivisions 2, 5, 6, and 7; 40.44, subdivision 2; 84.943, subdivisions 1, 3, and 5; 84.944, subdivision 1; 84.95, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 105.391, subdivision 3; 105.392, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 84.

The Senate respectfully requests that a Conference Committee be appointed thereon. The Senate has appointed as such committee:

Messrs. Novak, Merriam and Willet.

Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House with the request that the House appoint a like committee.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Voss moved that the House accede to the request of the Senate and that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 3 members of the House to meet with a like committee appointed by the Senate on the disagreeing votes of the two houses on S. F. No. 841. The motion prevailed.

#### ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on S. F. No. 841:

Munger; Olson, E., and Rose.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 606, A bill for an act relating to environment; establishing a petroleum tank release cleanup program; authorizing state action to prevent or correct health and environmental damage resulting from releases from petroleum storage tanks; establishing a petroleum tank release cleanup fund; establishing a petroleum tank release compensation board; authorizing reimbursement from the fund; requiring rulemaking; providing for administration by the pollution control agency and the department of commerce; requiring certification of tank installers; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 116.46, by adding subdivisions; 116.47; and 116.48, subdivision 4; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 115C; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Knuth moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 606 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 606, A bill for an act relating to environment; establishing a petroleum tank release cleanup program; authorizing state action to prevent or correct health and environmental damage resulting from releases from petroleum storage tanks; establishing a petroleum tank release cleanup fund; establishing a petroleum tank release compensation board; authorizing reimbursement from the fund; requiring rulemaking; providing for administration by the pollution control agency and the department of commerce; requiring certification of tank installers; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 116.46, by adding subdivisions; 116.47; and 116.48, subdivision 4; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 115C.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called.

Vanasek moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 131 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Frerichs	Krueger	Onnen	Seaberg
Anderson, R.	Greenfield	Larsen	Orenstein	Segal
Battaglia	Gruenes	Lasley	Otis	Shaver
Bauerly	Gutknecht	Lieder	Ozment	Simoneau
Beard	Hartle	Long	Pappas	Skoglund
Begich	Haukoos	McDonald	Pauly	Solberg
Bennett	Heap	McEachern	Pelowski	Sparby
Bertram	Himle	McKasy	Peterson	Stanius
Bishop	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Steenasma
Blatz	Jacobs	McPherson	Price	Sviggum
Boo	Jaros	Milbert	Quinn	Swenson
Brown	Jefferson	Miller	Quist	Thiede
Burger	Jennings	Minne	Redalen	Tjornhom
Carlson, D.	Jensen	Morrison	Reding	Tompkins
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Rest	Trimble
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rice	Tunheim
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Uphus
Clausmitzer	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Valento
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Vanasek
Dauner	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rose	Vellenga
DeBlicek	Kelso	O'Connor	Rukavina	Voss
Dempsey	Kinkel	Ogren	Sarna	Wagenius
Dille	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Waltman
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Scheid	Welle
Forsythe	Knuth	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Wenzel
Frederick	Kostohryz	Omann	Schreiber	Winter
				Wynia

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.



## CALL OF THE HOUSE LIFTED

Vanasek moved that the call of the House be dispensed with. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 794, A bill for an act relating to waste management; regulating disposal of wastes; providing for a solid waste management policy; providing for recycling policy and marketing; managing household hazardous wastes; regulating the sale and disposal of motor oil and lead acid batteries; providing for waste pesticide collection; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 115A.03, subdivisions 9 and 21; 115A.06, subdivision 14; 115A.11, subdivision 2; 115A.15, subdivision 6; 115A.42; 115A.45; 115A.49; 115A.51; 115A.52; 115A.53; 115A.54, subdivision 2a; 115A.81, subdivision 2; 115A.921; 115A.95; 116.07, subdivision 4b; 116.41, subdivision 2; 116M.07, by adding a subdivision; 176.011, subdivision 9; 239.52; 325E.11; 473.149, subdivisions 2d and 6; 473.803, by adding a subdivision; 473.834, subdivision 2; 473.842, subdivision 2; 473.844, subdivisions 1 and 4; and 473.846; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 115A; 239; 325E; and 473; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 115A.13; 115A.43; 115A.44; 473.834, subdivision 3; and 473.844, subdivisions 2 and 5.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Long moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 794 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate.

Pauly moved that the House refuse to concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 794, that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 3 members of the House, and that the House requests that a like committee be appointed by the Senate to confer on the disagreeing votes of the two houses.

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Pauly motion and the roll was called. There were 65 yeas and 64 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, R.	Dempsey	Jennings	Nelson, C.	Schafer
Battaglia	Dille	Jensen	Olsen, S.	Schreiber
Begich	Forsythe	Johnson, V.	Olson, K.	Shaver
Bennett	Frederick	Kelso	Omann	Simoneau
Bishop	Frerichs	Kinkel	Onnen	Solberg
Blatz	Gruenes	Knickerbocker	Ozment	Stanius
Boo	Gutknecht	Marsh	Pauly	Sviggum
Burger	Hartle	McDonald	Poppenhagen	Thiede
Carlson, D.	Haukoos	McEachern	Quist	Tjornhom
Clausnitzer	Heap	McKasy	Redalen	Tompkins
Cooper	Himle	McPherson	Richter	Uphus
Dauner	Hugoson	Miller	Rose	Valento
DeBlicke	Jaros	Morrison	Rukavina	Waltman

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bauerly	Kalis	Murphy	Quinn	Swenson
Beard	Kelly	Nelson, D.	Rest	Trimble
Bertram	Kludt	Nelson, K.	Rice	Tunheim
Brown	Knuth	O'Connor	Riveness	Vanasek
Carlson, L.	Kostohryz	Ogren	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Carruthers	Krueger	Olson, E.	Sarna	Voss
Clark	Larsen	Orenstein	Scheid	Wagenius
Dorn	Lasley	Osthoff	Schoenfeld	Welle
Greenfield	Lieder	Otis	Seaberg	Wenzel
Jacobs	Long	Pappas	Segal	Winter
Jefferson	Milbert	Pelowski	Skoglund	Wynia
Johnson, A.	Minne	Peterson	Sparby	Spk. Norton
Johnson, R.	Munger	Price	Stensma	

The motion prevailed.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 1283, A bill for an act relating to health; prohibiting smoking in day care centers and health care facilities; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 144.412; and 144.414.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE

Skoglund moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 1283 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1283, A bill for an act relating to health; prohibiting smoking in day care centers and health care facilities; prohibiting promotional distribution of tobacco products; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 144.412; 144.414; and 325F.77, by adding

subdivisions; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 325F.77, subdivisions 1 and 2.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 54 yeas and 73 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Battaglia	Jaros	Long	Otis	Segal
Begich	Johnson, A.	McLaughlin	Pappas	Shaver
Bishop	Kahn	Morrison	Pauly	Skoglund
Boo	Kelly	Munger	Pelowski	Trimble
Carlson, L.	Kelso	Murphy	Price	Vanasek
Clark	Kinkel	Nelson, D.	Rest	Vellenga
Dauner	Knickerbocker	Nelson, K.	Rice	Wagenius
Dille	Knuth	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Winter
Forsythe	Krueger	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Wynia
Greenfield	Larsen	Onnen	Schoenfeld	Spk. Norton
Haukoos	Lieder	Orenstein	Seaberg	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, R.	Gruenes	Marsh	Poppenhagen	Stanius
Bauerly	Gutknecht	McDonald	Quinn	Steensma
Beard	Hartle	McEachern	Quist	Sviggum
Bennett	Heap	McKasy	Redalen	Swenson
Bertram	Himle	McPherson	Reding	Thiede
Blatz	Hugoson	Milbert	Richter	Tjornhom
Brown	Jacobs	Minne	Riveness	Tompkins
Burger	Jefferson	Nelson, C.	Rose	Tunheim
Carlson, D.	Jennings	O'Connor	Rukavina	Valento
Cooper	Jensen	Ogren	Schafer	Voss
DeBlicke	Johnson, R.	Olson, K.	Scheid	Waltman
Dempsey	Johnson, V.	Omann	Schreiber	Welle
Dorn	Kalis	Osthoff	Simoneau	Wenzel
Frederick	Kludt	Ozment	Solberg	
Frerichs	Lasley	Peterson	Sparby	

The bill was not repassed, as amended by the Senate.

Skoglund moved that the House refuse to concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 1283, that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 3 members of the House, and that the House requests that a like committee be appointed by the Senate to confer on the disagreeing votes of the two houses. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 735, A bill for an act relating to liquor; removing a restriction on issuance of off-sale licenses in Kanabec county;

amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 340A.405, subdivision 2.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Peterson moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 735 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 735, A bill for an act relating to local government; removing a restriction on issuance of off-sale liquor licenses in Kanabec county; imposing the restriction in Carver and Red Lake counties; permitting the establishment of a fire protection district for the city of Moose Lake and surrounding territory; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 340A.405, subdivision 2; Laws 1974, chapter 400, section 5, subdivision 4.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 131 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Frerichs	Krueger	Orenstein	Seaberg
Anderson, R.	Greenfield	Larsen	Osthoff	Segal
Battaglia	Gruenes	Lasley	Otis	Shaver
Bauerly	Gutknecht	Lieder	Ozment	Simoneau
Beard	Hartle	Long	Pappas	Skoglund
Begich	Haukoos	Marsh	Pauly	Solberg
Bennett	Heap	McEachern	Pelowski	Sparby
Bertram	Himle	McKasy	Peterson	Stanius
Bishop	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Steensma
Blatz	Jacobs	McPherson	Price	Sviggrum
Boo	Jaros	Milbert	Quinn	Swenson
Brown	Jefferson	Minne	Quist	Thiede
Burger	Jennings	Morrison	Redalen	Tjornhom
Carlson, D.	Jensen	Munger	Reding	Tompkins
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Murphy	Rest	Trimble
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Tunheim
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, D.	Richter	Uphus
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Valento
Cooper	Kalis	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Vanasek
Dauner	Kelly	O'Connor	Rose	Vellenga
DeBlieck	Kelso	Ogren	Rukavina	Voss
Dempsey	Kinkel	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Waltman
Dille	Kludt	Olson, E.	Schafer	Welle
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olson, K.	Scheid	Wenzel
Forsythe	Knuth	Ormann	Schoenfeld	Winter
Frederick	Kostohryz	Onnen	Schreiber	Wynia
				Spk. Norton

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 894, A bill for an act relating to human services; creating a new chapter establishing a single, unitary process for the determination of residence and financial responsibility for all human service programs; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 253B.23, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 256G; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 256.73, subdivision 4; 256.76, subdivision 2; 256.79; 256B.02, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3; 256D.18; 256D.37, subdivision 3; and 256E.08, subdivision 7.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVERN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Welle moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 894 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 894, A bill for an act relating to human services; creating a new chapter establishing a single, unitary process for the determination of residence and financial responsibility for all human service programs; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 253B.23, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 256G; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 256.73, subdivision 4; 256.76, subdivision 2; 256.79; 256B.02, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3; 256D.18; 256D.37, subdivision 3; and 256E.08, subdivision 7.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 130 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Boo	Dauner	Gruenes	Jefferson
Anderson, R.	Brown	DeBlieck	Gutknecht	Jennings
Battaglia	Burger	Dempsey	Hartle	Jensen
Bauerly	Carlson, D.	Dille	Haukoos	Johnson, A.
Beard	Carlson, L.	Dorn	Heap	Johnson, R.
Begich	Carruthers	Forsythe	Himle	Johnson, V.
Bennett	Clark	Frederick	Hugoson	Kahn
Bertram	Clausnitzer	Frerichs	Jacobs	Kalis
Blatz	Cooper	Greenfield	Jaros	Kelly

Kinkel	Miller	Otis	Rose	Thiede
Kludt	Minne	Ozment	Rukavina	Tjornhom
Knickerbocker	Morrison	Pappas	Sarna	Tompkins
Knuth	Munger	Pauly	Schafer	Trimble
Kostohryz	Murphy	Pelowski	Scheid	Tunheim
Krueger	Nelson, C.	Peterson	Schoenfeld	Uphus
Larsen	Nelson, D.	Poppenhagen	Schreiber	Valento
Lasley	Neuenschwander	Price	Seaberg	Vanasek
Lieder	O'Connor	Quinn	Segal	Vellenga
Long	Ogren	Quist	Shaver	Voss
Marsh	Olsen, S.	Redalen	Simoneau	Wagenius
McDonald	Olson, E.	Reding	Skoglund	Waltman
McEachern	Olson, K.	Rest	Sparby	Welle
McKasy	Omann	Rice	Stanius	Wenzel
McLaughlin	Onnen	Richter	Steensma	Winter
McPherson	Orenstein	Riveness	Sviggum	Wynia
Milbert	Osthoff	Rodosovich	Swenson	Spk. Norton

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 1419, A bill for an act relating to human rights; changing certain procedures in cases before the department of human rights; providing for access to case files; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 363.05, subdivision 1; 363.06, subdivisions 1 and 4; 363.061; and 363.071, subdivisions 1, 1a, and 6.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Orenstein moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 1419 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1419, A bill for an act relating to human rights; requiring the Indian affairs council to develop certain programs; changing certain procedures in cases before the department of human rights; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 3.922, subdivision 6; 363.05, subdivision 1; 363.06, subdivisions 1 and 4; and 363.071.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 131 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Lieder	Ozment	Skoglund
Anderson, R.	Gruenes	Long	Pappas	Solberg
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Marsh	Pauly	Sparby
Bauerly	Hartle	McDonald	Pelowski	Stanius
Beard	Haukoos	McEachern	Peterson	Steensma
Begich	Heap	McKasy	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Bennett	Himle	McLaughlin	Price	Swenson
Bertram	Hugoson	McPherson	Quinn	Thiede
Bishop	Jacobs	Milbert	Quist	Tjornhom
Blatz	Jaros	Minne	Redalen	Tompkins
Boo	Jefferson	Morrison	Reding	Trimble
Brown	Jennings	Munger	Rest	Tunheim
Burger	Jensen	Murphy	Rice	Uphus
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Valento
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Nelson, D.	Rivness	Vanasek
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Clark	Kahn	Neuenschwander	Rose	Voss
Clausnitzer	Kalis	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
Cooper	Kelly	Ogren	Sarna	Waltman
Dauner	Kinkel	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Welle
DeBlieck	Kludt	Olson, E.	Scheid	Wenzel
Dempsey	Knickerbocker	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Dille	Knuth	Omann	Schreiber	Wynia
Dorn	Kostohryz	Onnen	Seaberg	
Forsythe	Krueger	Orenstein	Segal	
Frederick	Larsen	Osthoff	Shaver	
Frerichs	Lasley	Otis	Simoneau	

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 1054, A bill for an act relating to vocational rehabilitation; limiting grants to sheltered workshops; providing for use of community-based employment; regulating and defining vocational rehabilitation programs; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 129A.01; 129A.03; 129A.06; 129A.07; and 129A.08.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Cooper moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 1054 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1054, A bill for an act relating to vocational rehabilitation; limiting grants to sheltered workshops; providing for use of community-based employment; regulating and defining vocational

rehabilitation programs; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 129A.01; 129A.03; 129A.06; 129A.07; and 129A.08.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 131 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Frerichs	Krueger	Orenstein	Segal
Anderson, R.	Greenfield	Lasley	Osthoff	Shaver
Battaglia	Gruenes	Lieder	Otis	Simoneau
Bauerly	Gutknecht	Long	Ozment	Skoglund
Beard	Hartle	Marsh	Pappas	Solberg
Begich	Haukoos	McDonald	Pauly	Sparby
Bennett	Heap	McEachern	Pelowski	Stanius
Bertram	Himle	McKasy	Peterson	Steenasma
Bishop	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Blatz	Jacobs	McPherson	Price	Swenson
Boo	Jaros	Milbert	Quinn	Thiede
Brown	Jefferson	Miller	Quist	Tjornhom
Burger	Jennings	Minne	Redalen	Tompkins
Carlson, D.	Jensen	Morrison	Reding	Trimble
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Murphy	Rest	Tunheim
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Uphus
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, D.	Richter	Valento
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Vanasek
Cooper	Kalis	Neuenschwander	Rose	Vellenga
Dauner	Kelly	O'Connor	Rukavina	Voss
DeBlieck	Kelso	Ogren	Sarna	Wagenius
Dempsey	Kinkel	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Waltman
Dille	Kludt	Olson, E.	Scheid	Welle
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Wenzel
Forsythe	Knuth	Omann	Schreiber	Winter
Frederick	Kostohryz	Onnen	Seaberg	Wynia
				Spk. Norton

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 916, A bill for an act relating to state government; amending, creating, and deleting various duties of the commissioner of administration; creating the productivity loan fund; providing definitions; requiring interest earned on the revolving fund for vocational rehabilitation of the blind to be credited to the fund; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 4.31, subdivisions 1, 5, and by adding a subdivision; 14.04; 16B.06, subdivision 4; 16B.08, subdivisions 3 and 7; 16B.09, subdivision 1; 16B.17, subdivision 2; 16B.24, subdivision 6; 16B.29; 16B.39, by adding a subdivision;



16B.51, subdivision 3; 138.17, subdivision 7; 139.19; 248.07, subdivision 8; and Laws 1979, chapter 333, section 18; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 16B; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 16B.39, subdivision 1; and 138.22.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVER, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Lasley moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 916 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 916, A bill for an act relating to state government; amending, creating, and deleting various duties of the commissioner of administration; creating the productivity loan fund; providing definitions; requiring interest earned on the revolving fund for vocational rehabilitation of the blind to be credited to the fund; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 4.31, subdivisions 1, 5, and by adding a subdivision; 14.04; 16B.06, subdivision 4; 16B.08, subdivisions 3 and 7; 16B.09, subdivision 1; 16B.19, subdivision 6; 16B.29; 16B.39, by adding a subdivision; 16B.51, subdivision 3; 138.17, subdivision 7; 139.19; 248.07, subdivision 8; 645.445, subdivisions 2 and 3; and Laws 1979, chapter 333, section 18; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 16B; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 16B.39, subdivision 1; and 138.22.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 132 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	DeBlieck	Jensen	McDonald	Olson, K.
Anderson, R.	Dempsey	Johnson, A.	McEachern	Omann
Battaglia	Dille	Johnson, R.	McKasy	Onnen
Bauerly	Dorn	Johnson, V.	McLaughlin	Orenstein
Beard	Forsythe	Kahn	McPherson	Osthoff
Begich	Frederick	Kalis	Milbert	Otis
Bennett	Frerichs	Kelly	Miller	Ozment
Bertram	Greenfield	Kelso	Minne	Pappas
Bishop	Gruenes	Kinkel	Morrison	Pauly
Blatz	Gutknecht	Kludt	Munger	Pelowski
Brown	Hartle	Knickerbocker	Murphy	Peterson
Burger	Haukoos	Knuth	Nelson, C.	Poppenhagen
Carlson, D.	Heap	Kostohryz	Nelson, D.	Price
Carlson, L.	Himle	Krueger	Nelson, K.	Quinn
Carruthers	Hugoson	Larsen	Neuenschwander	Quist
Clark	Jacobs	Lasley	O'Connor	Redalen
Clausnitzer	Jaros	Lieder	Ogren	Reding
Cooper	Jefferson	Long	Olsen, S.	Rest
Dauner	Jennings	Marsh	Olson, E.	Rice

Richter	Schoenfeld	Sparby	Trimble	Welle
Riveness	Schreiber	Stanius	Tunheim	Wenzel
Rodosovich	Seaberg	Steensma	Uphus	Winter
Rose	Segal	Sviggum	Valento	Wynia
Rukavina	Shaver	Swenson	Vellenga	Spk. Norton
Sarna	Simoneau	Thiede	Voss	
Schafer	Skoglund	Tjornhom	Wagenius	
Scheid	Solberg	Tompkins	Waltman	

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 949, A bill for an act relating to consumer protection; requiring registration for health, buying, and social referral clubs; providing bonding and alternative security requirements; regulating bond claims; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 325G.23, subdivisions 4, 8, and by adding a subdivision; and 325G.27.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Carruthers moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 949 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 949, A bill for an act relating to consumer protection; requiring registration for health, buying, and social referral clubs; providing bonding and alternative security requirements; regulating bond claims; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 325G.23, subdivisions 4, 8, and by adding a subdivision; and 325G.27.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 119 yeas and 8 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, R.	Bennett	Brown	Carruthers	Dauner
Battaglia	Bertram	Burger	Clark	DeBlicck
Beard	Bishop	Carlson, D.	Clausnitzer	Dille
Begich	Boo	Carlson, L.	Cooper	Dorn

Forsythe	Kelso	Murphy	Quist	Sparby
Frederick	Kinkel	Nelson, C.	Redalen	Stanius
Greenfield	Kludt	Nelson, D.	Reding	Steensma
Gruenes	Knickerbocker	Nelson, K.	Rest	Swenson
Gutknecht	Knuth	O'Connor	Rice	Tjornhom
Hartle	Kostohryz	Ogren	Richter	Tompkins
Haukoos	Krueger	Olson, E.	Riveness	Trimble
Heap	Larsen	Olson, K.	Rodosovich	Tunheim
Hugoson	Lasley	Omann	Rose	Uphus
Jacobs	Lieder	Onnen	Rukavina	Vanasek
Jaros	Long	Orenstein	Sarna	Vellenga
Jefferson	Marsh	Osthoff	Schafer	Voss
Jennings	McDonald	Otis	Scheid	Wagenius
Jensen	McEachern	Pappas	Schreiber	Waltman
Johnson, A.	McKasy	Pauly	Seaberg	Welle
Johnson, R.	Milbert	Pelowski	Segal	Wenzel
Johnson, V.	Miller	Peterson	Shaver	Winter
Kahn	Minne	Poppenhagen	Simoneau	Wynia
Kalis	Morrison	Price	Skoglund	Spk. Norton
Kelly	Munger	Quinn	Solberg	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bauerly	Dempsey	Olsen, S.	Sviggum
Blatz	McPherson	Ozment	Thiede

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 243, A bill for an act relating to the organization and operation of state government; appropriating money for human services, corrections, health, economic security, and other purposes with certain conditions; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 15A.081, subdivision 1; 86.33, subdivisions 2 and 3; 136C.06; 144.122; 144.123, subdivision 2; 144.219; 144.55, subdivision 6; 144.68; 144.69; 144A.05; 144A.071, subdivision 3; 144A.27; 144A.33, subdivisions 3 and 4; 171.29, subdivision 2; 245.713, subdivision 2; 245.782, subdivision 5; 246.18, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 246.50, subdivisions 3, 4a, 5, 7, and by adding a subdivision; 246.51; 246.511; 246.57, by adding a subdivision; 251.011, subdivision 6; 252.21; 252.22; 252.23; 252.24, subdivisions 1 and 4; 252.25; 252.275, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, and 7; 256.01, subdivisions 2 and 4; 256.045, subdivision 3; 256.73, by adding a subdivision; 256.736, subdivisions 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, and by adding subdivisions; 256.737, subdivision 1; 256.74, subdivision 1; 256.969, subdivisions 2 and 3; 256.98; 256B.02, subdivision 8, and by adding a subdivision; 256B.03, subdivision 1; 256B.04, subdivisions 14 and 15; 256B.06, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 256B.064, subdivision 1a; 256B.15; 256B.17, subdivisions 4 and 5; 256B.19, subdivision 1; 256B.35, subdivisions 1 and 2; 256B.37, by adding a subdivision; 256B.421, subdivision 1; 256B.431, subdivisions 2b, 2e,

3a, 4, and by adding subdivisions; 256B.433; 256B.47, subdivision 1, and by adding subdivisions; 256B.48, subdivision 1; 256B.50, subdivision 2; 256B.501, subdivisions 1, 2, and 8; 256B.69, subdivisions 6, 11, and by adding subdivisions; 256C.26; 256D.01, subdivision 1a; 256D.02, subdivisions 5 and 8; 256D.03, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, and by adding a subdivision; 256D.05, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 256D.051 subdivisions 1, 2, 6, 8, and by adding a subdivision; 256D.06, subdivisions 1, 1b, and 2; 256D.08, subdivision 1; 256D.101; 256D.15; 256D.22; 256D.37, subdivision 1; 256E.09, subdivision 3; 256E.12, subdivision 3; 257.33; 257.34, subdivision 1; 257.35; 257.351, subdivision 15, and by adding subdivisions; 257.354, subdivision 4, and by adding a subdivision; 257.57, subdivision 2; 257.60; 257.62, by adding a subdivision; 257.63, subdivision 2; 268.0111, subdivision 8; 268.0122, subdivisions 2 and 3; 268.36; 268.37, subdivision 3; 268.53, subdivision 1; 268.673, subdivision 5, and by adding a subdivision; 268.6751; 268.676; 268.677, subdivision 1; 268.678, subdivisions 1 and 4; 268.681, subdivisions 2 and 3; 268.85, subdivision 2; 268.86, subdivisions 1, 2, and 4; 268.871, subdivisions 1, 2, and by adding a subdivision; 268.88; 268.89, subdivision 2; 268.91, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, and by adding subdivisions; 268.911, subdivision 1; 287.05, subdivision 1; 287.12; 287.21, subdivision 1; 393.07, subdivision 10; 510.07; 518.131, subdivision 7; 518.171, subdivision 1; 518.24; 518.551, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 518.57, subdivision 1; 518.611, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, and by adding a subdivision; 518.64, subdivision 2; 524.3-1201; 525.56, subdivision 3; and Laws 1986, chapter 394, section 24; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 62D; 144; 144A; 245; 246; 252; 256; 256B; 256D; 257; and 518; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 116J.035, subdivision 3; 116L.04, subdivision 3; 136.63, subdivision 1b; 144.66; 144.67; 178.03, subdivision 5; 245.69, subdivision 1a; 245.713, subdivisions 1 and 3; 245.74; 245.76; 256.966, subdivision 2; 256B.05, subdivision 4; 256B.07; 256B.501, subdivisions 5, 6, 7, and 9; 256D.051, subdivisions 4, 5, 11, and 12; 256E.06, subdivision 2a; 257.34, subdivision 2; 267.01; 267.02; 267.03; 267.04; 267.05; 267.06; 268.0111, subdivision 3; and 268.86, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, and 5.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### ANNOUNCEMENTS BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on H. F. No. 794:

Long, Munger and Pauly.

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House\* to a Conference Committee on H. F. No. 1283:

Skoglund, Dille and Nelson, D.

The following Conference Committee Reports were received:

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 141

A bill for an act relating to liability; authorizing the elimination or limitation of a director's personal liability to a cooperative association or its members; exempting certain directors, members, and agents of nonprofit corporations from civil liability; exempting certain members of hospital district boards from certain civil liability; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 317.201; and 447.32, by adding a subdivision; and proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 308.

May 18, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 141, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendments and that H. F. No. 141 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. [308.111] [ELIMINATION OR LIMITATION OF LIABILITY.]

A director's personal liability to the cooperative association or its members for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director may be eliminated or limited in the articles. The articles shall not eliminate or limit the liability of a director:

(1) for a breach of the director's duty of loyalty to the cooperative association or its members;

(2) for acts or omissions not in good faith or that involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law;

(3) for a transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit; or

(4) for an act or omission occurring prior to the date when the provision in the articles eliminating or limiting liability becomes effective.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 317.201, is amended to read:

**317.201 [UNPAID DIRECTORS OR TRUSTEES; LIABILITY FOR DAMAGES.]**

A director or trustee of a nonprofit corporation or association who is not paid for services to the corporation or association is not individually liable for damages occasioned solely by reason of membership on or participation in board activities.

Subdivision 1. [GENERALLY.] Except as provided in subdivision 2, no person who serves without compensation as a director, officer, trustee, member, or agent of an organization exempt from state income taxation under section 290.05, subdivision 2, or who serves without compensation as a fire chief of a nonprofit firefighting corporation or municipal volunteer fire department, shall be held civilly liable for an act or omission by that person if the act or omission was in good faith, was within the scope of the person's responsibilities as a director, officer, trustee, member, agent or fire chief of the organization, and did not constitute willful or reckless misconduct.

Subd. 2. [EXCEPTIONS.] Subdivision 1 does not apply to:

(1) an action or proceeding brought by the attorney general for a breach of a fiduciary duty as a director;

(2) a cause of action to the extent it is based on federal law;

(3) a cause of action based on the person's express contractual obligation; or

(4) an action or proceeding based on a breach of public pension plan fiduciary responsibility.

Nothing in subdivision 1 limits an individual's liability for physical injury to the person of another or for wrongful death which is personally and directly caused by that individual, nor the liability of a municipality arising out of the performance of firefighting or related activities.

Subd. 3. [DEFINITION.] For purposes of this section, the term "compensation" means any thing of value received for services rendered, except:

- (1) reimbursement for expenses actually incurred;
- (2) a per diem in an amount not to exceed the per diem authorized for state advisory councils and committees pursuant to section 15.059, subdivision 3; or
- (3) payment by an organization of insurance premiums on behalf of a person who is or was a director, officer, trustee, member, or agent of an organization, or who, while a director, officer, trustee, member, or agent of the organization, is or was serving at the request of the organization as a director, officer, partner, trustee, employee, or agent of another organization or employee benefit plan against any liability asserted against and incurred by the person in or arising from that capacity.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 447.32, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 8a. [LIABILITY FOR DAMAGES.] Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, no person who serves without compensation as a member of the board of a hospital district created or organized under sections 447.31 to 447.37 shall be held civilly liable for an act or omission by that person if the act or omission was in good faith, was within the scope of the person's responsibilities as a member of the board, and did not constitute willful or reckless misconduct. This subdivision does not apply to:

- (1) an action or proceeding brought by the attorney general for a breach of a fiduciary duty as a director;
- (2) a cause of action to the extent it is based on federal law; or
- (3) a cause of action based on the board member's express contractual obligation.

Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to limit the liability of a member of the board for physical injury to the person of another or for wrongful death which is personally and directly caused by the board member.

For purposes of this subdivision the term "compensation" means any thing of value received for services rendered, except:

- (1) reimbursement for expenses actually incurred;

(2) a per diem in an amount not to exceed the per diem authorized for state advisory councils and committees pursuant to section 15.059, subdivision 3; or

(3) payment by the hospital district of insurance premiums on behalf of a member of the board.

Sec. 4. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1, 2, and 3 are effective August 1, 1987, and apply to claims arising from incidents occurring after that date."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to liability; authorizing the elimination or limitation of a director's personal liability to a cooperative association or its members; exempting certain directors, members, and agents of nonprofit corporations from civil liability; exempting certain members of hospital district boards from certain civil liability; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 317.201; and 447.32, by adding a subdivision; and proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 308."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: PAUL ANDERS OGREN, MARCUS M. MARSH AND HOWARD R. ORENSTEIN.

Senate Conferees: WILLIAM P. LUTHER, GLEN TAYLOR AND GENE MERRIAM.

Ogren moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 141 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 141, A bill for an act relating to liability; authorizing the elimination or limitation of a director's personal liability to a cooperative association or its members; exempting certain directors, members, and agents of nonprofit corporations from civil liability; exempting certain members of hospital district boards from certain civil liability; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 317.201; and 447.32, by adding a subdivision; and proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 308.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.



The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 131 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Lasley	Orenstein	Seaberg
Anderson, R.	Gruenes	Lieder	Osthoff	Segal
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Long	Otis	Shaver
Bauerly	Hartle	Marsh	Ozment	Simoneau
Beard	Haukoos	McDonald	Pappas	Skoglund
Begich	Heap	McEachern	Pauly	Solberg
Bennett	Himle	McKasy	Pelowski	Sparby
Bertram	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Peterson	Stanius
Bishop	Jacobs	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Steensma
Blatz	Jaros	Milbert	Price	Sviggum
Brown	Jefferson	Miller	Quinn	Swenson
Burger	Jennings	Minne	Quist	Thiede
Carlson, D.	Jensen	Morrison	Redalen	Tjornhom
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Reding	Tompkins
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rest	Trimble
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Tunheim
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Richter	Uphus
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Valento
Dauner	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Vanasek
DeBlicek	Kinkel	O'Connor	Rose	Vellenga
Dempsey	Kludt	Ogren	Rukavina	Voss
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Wagenius
Dorn	Knuth	Olsen, E.	Schafer	Waltman
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Scheid	Wenzel
Frederick	Krueger	Omann	Schoenfeld	Winter
Frerichs	Larsen	Onnen	Schreiber	Wynia
				Spk. Norton

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

#### CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 532

A bill for an act relating to public safety; motorized bicycles; establishing standards for the safe operation of motorized bicycles; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 65B.001, by adding a subdivision; 65B.43, subdivision 13; 168.011, subdivision 27; 169.01, subdivision 4a; 169.223; 171.01, subdivision 20; and 171.02, subdivision 3.

May 16, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 532, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment and that H. F. No. 532 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

“Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65B.001, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. [MOTORCYCLE.] “Motorcycle” means a self-propelled vehicle designed to travel on fewer than four wheels that has an engine rated at greater than five horsepower, and includes a trailer with one or more wheels, when the trailer is connected to or being towed by a motorcycle. For purposes of this chapter, motorcycle includes a motorized bicycle as defined in section 169.01, subdivision 4a.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65B.43, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

Subd. 13. “Motorcycle” means a self-propelled vehicle designed to travel on fewer than four wheels which has an engine rated at greater than five horsepower, and includes (1) a trailer with one or more wheels, when the trailer is connected to or being towed by a motorcycle; and (2) a motorized bicycle as defined in section 169.01, subdivision 4a.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.011, subdivision 27, is amended to read:

Subd. 27. [MOTORIZED BICYCLE.] “Motorized bicycle” means a bicycle with fully operatable pedals which may be that is propelled by human power or a motor, or by both, with a motor of a piston displacement capacity of less than 50 cubic centimeters piston or less displacement, and a maximum of two brake horsepower, which is capable of a maximum speed of not more than 30 miles per hour on a flat surface with not more than one percent grade in any direction when the motor is engaged.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 169.01, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:

Subd. 4a. [MOTORIZED BICYCLE.] “Motorized bicycle” means a bicycle with fully operatable pedals which may be that is propelled by human power or a motor, or by both, with a motor of a piston displacement capacity of less than 50 cubic centimeters piston or less displacement, and a maximum of two brake horsepower, which is capable of a maximum speed of not more than 30 miles per hour on a flat surface with not more than one percent grade in any direction when the motor is engaged.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 169.223, is amended to read:

169.223 [MOTORIZED BICYCLES.]

Subdivision 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section the provisions of section 169.222 169.974 relating to the operation of bicycles on roadways are motorcycles is applicable to the operation and the parking of motorized bicycles, except that the provisions of section 169.222 governing the parking of bicycles apply to motorized bicycles.

Subd. 2. Motorized bicycles shall not be operated on any bicycle way or bicycle lane, as those terms are defined in section 160.263. A motorized bicycle may be operated under either a driver's license or a motorized bicycle permit issued under section 171.02, subdivision 3. A person under the age of 16 operating a motorized bicycle under a motorized bicycle permit is subject to the restrictions imposed by section 169.974, subdivision 2, on operation of a motorcycle under a two-wheel instruction permit.

Subd. 3. No person shall operate a motorized bicycle upon a sidewalk at any time, except when such operation is necessary for the most direct access to a roadway from a driveway, alley or building. No person shall operate a motorized bicycle that is carrying any person other than the operator.

Subd. 4. Every motorized bicycle shall be subject to the same requirements as to lighting and brake equipment as apply to motorcycles, except that The provisions of section 169.974, subdivision 5, clause (i), shall not apply to motorized bicycles that are equipped with headlights. After June 1, 1987, a new motorized bicycle sold or offered for sale in Minnesota must be equipped with a headlight.

Subd. 5. When operated within a statutory or home rule charter city, a motorized bicycle is entitled to the full use of a traffic lane. No motor vehicle shall be driven or operated in a way that deprives a motorized bicycle of the full use of a traffic lane. When operated on a highway that is not within a statutory or home rule charter city, a motorized bicycle shall be operated on the paved portion of the shoulder, or, if the shoulder is not paved, as near as is practicable to the right-hand side of the roadway. This section does not permit the operation of a motorized bicycle on a bikeway or other lane that is reserved for the exclusive use of nonmotorized traffic.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 171.01, subdivision 20, is amended to read:

Subd. 20. [MOTORIZED BICYCLE.] "Motorized bicycle" means a bicycle with fully operatable pedals which may be that is propelled

by human power or a motor, or by both, with a motor of a piston displacement capacity of less than 50 cubic centimeters piston or less displacement, and a maximum of two brake horsepower, which is capable of a maximum speed of not more than 30 miles per hour on a flat surface with not more than one percent grade in any direction when the motor is engaged.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 171.02, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [MOTORIZED BICYCLES.] No motorized bicycle shall be operated on any public roadway by any person who does not possess a valid drivers driver's license, unless the person has obtained a motorized bicycle operator's permit or motorized bicycle instruction permit from the commissioner of public safety. The operator's permit may be issued to any person who has attained the age of 15 years and who has passed the examination prescribed by the commissioner. The instruction permit may be issued to any person who has attained the age of 15 years and who has successfully completed an approved safety course and passed the written portion of the examination prescribed by the commissioner.

This course must consist of, but is not limited to, a basic understanding of:

- (1) motorized bicycles and their limitations;
- (2) motorized bicycle laws and rules;
- (3) safe operating practices and basic operating techniques;
- (4) helmets and protective clothing;
- (5) motorized bicycle traffic strategies; and
- (6) effects of alcohol and drugs on motorized bicycle operators.

The commissioner may promulgate rules prescribing the content of the safety course, examination, and the information to be contained on the permits. A person operating a motorized bicycle under a motorized bicycle permit is subject to the restrictions imposed by section 169.974, subdivision 2, on operation of a motorcycle under a two-wheel instruction permit.

The fees for motorized bicycle operator's permits are as follows:

- |  |      |         |
|--|------|---------|
| (a) Examination and operator's permit,<br>valid for one year | \$ 4 | \$ 6    |
| (b) Duplicate  | \$ 2 | \$ 3    |
| (c) Renewal permit before age 19<br>and valid until age 19   | \$ 6 | \$ 9    |
| (d) Renewal permit after age 19<br>and valid for four years  | \$10 | \$15    |
| (e) Duplicate of any renewal permit                          | \$ 3 | \$ 4.50 |

- (f) Written examination and instruction permit, valid for 30 days

\$ 4      \$ 6

Sec. 8. [APPROPRIATION.]

The sum of \$20,000 is appropriated from the trunk highway fund to the commissioner of public safety to provide approved motorized bicycle safety courses to be available until June 30, 1989.

Sec. 9. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1 to 8 are effective June 1, 1987."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to public safety; motorized bicycles; establishing standards for the safe operation of motorized bicycles; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 65B.001, by adding a subdivision; 65B.43, subdivision 13; 168.011, subdivision 27; 169.01, subdivision 4a; 169.223; 171.01, subdivision 20; and 171.02, subdivision 3."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: BOB JENSEN, DOUGLAS W. CARLSON AND PHYLLIS KAHN.

Senate Conferees: GARY M. DeCRAMER, MARILYN M. LANTRY AND FRITZ KNAAK.

Jensen moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 532 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 532, A bill for an act relating to public safety; motorized bicycles; establishing standards for the safe operation of motorized bicycles; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 65B.001, by adding a subdivision; 65B.43, subdivision 13; 168.011, subdivision 27; 169.01, subdivision 4a; 169.223; 171.01, subdivision 20; and 171.02, subdivision 3.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 115 yeas and 18 nays as follows:

## Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Forsythe	Larsen	Orenstein	Shaver
Anderson, R.	Greenfield	Lasley	Osthoff	Simoneau
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Lieder	Otis	Skoglund
Bauerly	Hartle	Long	Ozment	Solberg
Beard	Heap	Marsh	Pappas	Sparby
Begich	Himle	McEachern	Pauly	Stanias
Bennett	Jacobs	McKasy	Pelowski	Steensma
Bertram	Jaros	McLaughlin	Peterson	Swenson
Bishop	Jefferson	Miller	Price	Tjornhom
Blatz	Jennings	Minne	Quinn	Tompkins
Boo	Jensen	Morrison	Redalen	Trimble
Brown	Johnson, R.	Munger	Reding	Tunheim
Burger	Johnson, V.	Murphy	Rest	Uphus
Carlson, D.	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Rice	Valento
Carlson, L.	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vanasek
Carruthers	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Clark	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Rose	Voss
Clausnitzer	Kinkel	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
Cooper	Kludt	Ogren	Sarna	Welle
Dauner	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Scheid	Wenzel
DeBleck	Knuth	Olson, E.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Dille	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Seaberg	Wynia
Dorn	Krueger	Ormann	Segal	Spk. Norton

## Those who voted in the negative were:

Dempsey	Haukoos	Milbert	Richter	Thiede
Frederick	Hugoson	Onnen	Schafer	Waltman
Frerichs	McDonald	Poppenhagen	Schreiber	
Gruenes	McPherson	Quist	Sviggun	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

## CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 1159

A bill for an act relating to retirement; public pension plan or fund assets; prohibiting certain transfers or uses of assets; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 356.

May 17, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 1159, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment and that H. F. No. 1159 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

## “ARTICLE 1

### STATEWIDE PUBLIC SAFETY PENSION PLAN CHANGES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 69.80, is amended to read:

#### 69.80 [AUTHORIZED ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.]

Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the payment of the following necessary, reasonable and direct expenses of maintaining, protecting and administering the special fund, when provided for in the bylaws of the association and approved by the board of trustees, shall constitute authorized administrative expenses of a police, salaried firefighters' or volunteer firefighters' relief association organized under any law of this state:

(a) office expense including but not limited to rent, utilities, equipment, supplies, postage, periodical subscriptions, furniture, fixtures, and salaries of administrative personnel;

(b) salaries and ~~itemized~~ expenses of the president, secretary, and treasurer of the association, or their designees, and any other official of the relief association to whom a salary is payable under bylaws or articles of incorporation in effect on January 1, 1986, and their itemized expenses incurred as a result of fulfilling their responsibilities as administrators of the special fund;

(c) tuition, registration fees, organizational dues, and other authorized expenses of the officers or members of the board of trustees incurred in attending educational conferences, seminars, or classes relating to the administration of the relief association;

(d) audit, actuarial, medical, legal, and investment and performance evaluation expenses;

(e) reimbursement to the officers and members of the board of trustees, or their designees, for reasonable and necessary expenses actually paid and incurred in the performance of their duties as officers or members of the board; and

(f) premiums on fiduciary liability insurance and official bonds for the officers, members of the board of trustees, and employees of the relief association.

Any other expenses of the relief association shall be paid from the general fund of the association, if one exists. If a relief association has only one fund, that fund shall be deemed to be the special fund for purposes of this section. If a relief association has a special fund and a general fund, and any expense of the relief association is directly related to the purposes for which both funds were established, the payment of that expense shall be apportioned between the two funds on the basis of the benefits derived by each fund.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352.01, subdivision 2B, is amended to read:

Subd. 2B. [EXCLUDED EMPLOYEES.] The following persons are excluded from the meaning of state employee:

- (1) elective state officers;
- (2) students employed by the University of Minnesota, the state universities, and community colleges unless approved for coverage by the board of regents, the state university board or the state board for community colleges, as the case may be;
- (3) employees who are eligible to membership in the state teachers retirement association except employees of the department of education who have elected or may elect to be covered by the Minnesota state retirement system instead of the teachers retirement association;
- (4) employees of the University of Minnesota who are excluded from coverage by action of the board of regents;
- (5) officers and enlisted personnel in the national guard and the naval militia and such as are assigned to permanent peacetime duty who pursuant to federal law are or are required to be members of a federal retirement system;
- (6) election officers;
- (7) persons engaged in public work for the state but employed by contractors when the performance of the contract is authorized by the legislature or other competent authority;
- (8) officers and employees of the senate and house of representatives or a legislative committee or commission who are temporarily employed;
- (9) all courts and court employees, referees, receivers, jurors, and notaries public, except employees of the appellate courts and referees and adjusters employed by the department of labor and industry;



(10) patient and inmate help in state charitable, penal and correctional institutions including the Minnesota veterans home;

(11) persons employed for professional services where the service is incidental to regular professional duties and whose compensation is paid on a per diem basis;

(12) employees of the Sibley House Association;

(13) employees of the Grand Army of the Republic and employees of the ladies of the G.A.R.;

(14) operators and drivers employed pursuant to section 16.07, subdivision 4;

(15) the members of any state board or commission who serve the state intermittently and are paid on a per diem basis; the secretary, secretary-treasurer, and treasurer of those boards if their compensation is \$500 or less per year, or, if they are legally prohibited from serving more than two consecutive terms and their total service therefor is required by law to be less than ten years; and the board of managers of the state agricultural society and its treasurer unless the treasurer is also its full time secretary;

(16) state troopers;

(17) temporary employees of the Minnesota state fair employed on or after July 1 for a period not to extend beyond October 15 of the same year; and persons employed at any time or times by the state fair administration for special events held on the fairgrounds;

(18) emergency employees in the classified service except emergency employees who within the same pay period become provisional or probationary employees on other than a temporary basis, shall be deemed "state employees" retroactively to the beginning of the pay period;

(19) persons described in section 352B.01, subdivision 2, clauses (b) and (c) formerly defined as state police officers;

(20) all temporary employees in the classified service, all temporary employees in the unclassified service appointed for a definite period of not more than six months and employed less than six months in any one-year period and all seasonal help in the classified service employed by the department of revenue;

(21) trainees paid under budget classification number 41, and other trainee employees, except those listed in subdivision 2A, clause (10);

(22) persons whose compensation is paid on a fee basis;

(23) state employees who in any year have credit for 12 months service as teachers in the public schools of the state and as teachers are members of the teachers retirement association or a retirement system in St. Paul, Minneapolis, or Duluth;

(24) employees of the adjutant general employed on an unlimited intermittent or temporary basis in the classified and unclassified service for the support of army and air national guard training facilities;

(25) chaplains and nuns who have taken a vow of poverty as members of a religious order;

(26) labor service employees employed as a laborer 1 on an hourly basis;

(27) examination monitors employed by departments, agencies, commissions, and boards for the purpose of conducting examinations required by law;

(28) members of appeal tribunals, exclusive of the chair, to which reference is made in section 268.10, subdivision 4;

(29) persons appointed to serve as members of fact finding commissions, adjustment panels, arbitrators, or labor referees under the provisions of chapter 179;

(30) temporary employees employed for limited periods of time under any state or federal program for the purpose of training or rehabilitation including persons employed for limited periods of time from areas of economic distress except skilled and supervisory personnel and persons having civil service status covered by the system;

(31) full-time students employed by the Minnesota historical society who are employed intermittently during part of the year and full time during the summer months;

(32) temporary employees, appointed for not more than six months, of the metropolitan council and of any of its statutory boards, the members of which board are appointed by the metropolitan council;

(33) persons employed in positions designated by the department of employee relations as student workers;

(34) any person who is 65 years of age or older when appointed and who does not have allowable service credit for previous employment,

unless the employee gives notice to the director within 60 days following appointment that coverage is desired;

(35) members of trades employed by the metropolitan waste control commission with trade union pension plan coverage pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement first employed after June 1, 1977; and

(36) persons employed in subsidized on-the-job training, work experience or public service employment as enrollees under the federal Comprehensive Employment and Training Act from and after March 30, 1978, unless the person has as of the later of March 30, 1978 or the date of employment sufficient service credit in the retirement system to meet the minimum vesting requirements for a deferred annuity, or the employer agrees in writing on forms prescribed by the director to make the required employer contributions, including any employer additional contributions, on account of that person from revenue sources other than funds provided under the federal Comprehensive Employment and Training Act, or the person agrees in writing on forms prescribed by the director to make the required employer contribution in addition to the required employee contribution; and

(37) persons who are employed as full-time firefighters by the department of military affairs and as firefighters are members of the public employees police and fire fund.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352.85, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ELIGIBILITY; RETIREMENT ANNUITY.] Any person who is employed by the department of military affairs other than as a full-time firefighter, who is covered by the general employee retirement plan of the Minnesota state retirement system as provided in section 352.01, subdivision 23, who is ordered to active duty pursuant to section 190.08, subdivision 3, who elects this special retirement coverage pursuant to subdivision 4, who is required to retire from federal military status at the age of 60 years by applicable federal laws or regulations and who terminates employment as a state employee upon attaining that age shall be entitled, upon application, to a retirement annuity computed in accordance with section 352.115, subdivisions 2 and 3, without any reduction for early retirement pursuant to section 352.116, subdivision 1.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352.91, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Upon the recommendation of the commissioner of corrections or the commissioner of human services, whichever is the appropriate employing authority, with the approval of the legisla-

tive advisory committee and with notification to and receipt of comments from the legislative commission on pensions and retirement, the commissioner of employee relations may certify additional civil service classifications at state adult correctional or security hospital facilities to the executive director of the Minnesota state retirement system as positions rendering covered correctional service. The commissioner of corrections and the commissioner of human services must establish, in writing, a set of criteria upon which to base a recommendation for certifying additional civil service classifications as rendering covered correctional service.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.01, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. [INCLUDED EMPLOYEES.] The following persons are included in the meaning of "public employee":

- (a) Elected or appointed officers and employees of elected officers.
- (b) District court reporters.
- (c) Officers and employees of the public employees retirement association.
- (d) Employees of the League of Minnesota Cities.
- (e) Officers and employees of public hospitals, owned or operated by or an integral part of, any governmental subdivision or governmental subdivisions.
- (f) Employees of a school district who receive separate salaries for driving their own buses.
- (g) Employees of the Association of Minnesota Counties.
- (h) Employees of the Metropolitan Inter-County Association.
- (i) Employees of the Minnesota Municipal Utilities Association.
- (j) Employees of the metropolitan airports commission if employment initially commences on or after July 1, 1979.
- (k) Employees of the Minneapolis employees retirement fund, if employment initially commences on or after July 1, 1979.
- (l) Employees of the Range Association of Municipalities and Schools.
- (m) Employees of the soil and water conservation districts.

(n) Employees of a county historical society who are county employees.

(o) Employees of an economic development authority created under sections 458C.01 to 458C.23.

(p) Employees of the department of military affairs of the state of Minnesota who are full-time firefighters.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.64, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 8. [PENSION COVERAGE FOR CERTAIN STATE MILITARY AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT FIREFIGHTERS.] A person who is employed as a full-time firefighter on or after the first day of the first payroll period after the effective date of this section by the department of military affairs of the state of Minnesota and who is not eligible for coverage under the agreement signed between the state and the secretary of the federal Department of Health and Human Services making the provisions of the federal Old Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance Act applicable to state employees because the person's position is excluded from application under United States Code, title 42, sections 418(d)(5)(A) and 418(d)(8)(D) and section 355.07, is a member of the public employees police and fire fund and is considered to be a firefighter within the meaning of this section. The state department of military affairs shall make the employee contribution deduction from the salary of each full-time military affairs department firefighter as required by section 353.65, subdivision 2, shall make the employer contribution with respect to each firefighter as required by section 353.65, subdivision 3, and shall meet the employer recording and reporting requirements in section 353.65, subdivision 4.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.656, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [NONDUTY DISABILITY BENEFIT.] After June 30, 1973, Any member who becomes disabled after not less than five years of allowable service, before reaching the age of 55, because of sickness or injury occurring while not on duty as a police officer or firefighter, and by reason thereof of that sickness or injury the member is unable to perform duties as a police officer or firefighter, shall be entitled to receive a disability benefit. The benefit shall be in the same amount and paid in the same manner as if the member were 55 years of age at the date of disability and the benefit were paid pursuant to section 353.651. Should If a disability under this clause occur subdivision occurs after five but in less than ten years of allowable service, the disability benefit shall be the same as though the member had at least ten years service. For any member who is employed as a full-time firefighter by the department of military affairs of the state of Minnesota, allowable service as a

full-time state military affairs department firefighter credited by the Minnesota state retirement system may be used in meeting the minimum allowable service requirement of this subdivision.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.657, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. [DEATH WHILE ELIGIBLE SURVIVOR BENEFIT.] If a member who has attained the age of at least 50 years and has credit for not less than ten years allowable service dies before public service has terminated, or if an employee who has filed a valid application for an annuity or disability benefit prior to termination of public service dies before the annuity or benefit has become payable, notwithstanding any designation of beneficiary to the contrary, the surviving spouse may elect to receive, a death while eligible survivor benefit. The benefit shall be in lieu of a refund with interest provided in section 353.32, subdivision 1, or survivor benefits otherwise payable pursuant to subdivisions 1 and 2. The benefit must be an annuity equal to the 100 percent joint and survivor annuity which the member could have qualified for on the date of death, computed as provided in sections 353.651, subdivisions 2 and 3, and 353.30, subdivision 3. The surviving spouse may apply for the annuity at any time after the date on which the deceased employee would have attained the required age for retirement based on the employee's allowable service. Sections 353.34, subdivision 3, and 353.71, subdivision 2, apply to a deferred annuity payable under this subdivision. No payment shall accrue beyond the end of the month in which entitlement to such annuity has terminated. An amount equal to the excess, if any, of the accumulated contributions which were credited to the account of the deceased employee over and above the total of the annuities paid and payable to the surviving spouse shall be paid to the deceased member's last designated beneficiary or, if none, to the legal representative of the estate of such deceased member. Any member may request in writing that this subdivision not apply and that payment be made only to the designated beneficiary, as otherwise provided by this chapter. For a member who is employed as a full-time firefighter by the department of military affairs of the state of Minnesota, allowable service as a full-time state military affairs department firefighter credited by the Minnesota state retirement system may be used in meeting the minimum allowable service requirement of this subdivision.

Sec. 9. [353B.01] [LOCAL GOVERNMENT CORRECTIONAL SERVICE RETIREMENT PLAN.]

Subdivision 1. [PLAN ADMINISTRATION; FUND.] The public employees local government correctional service retirement plan is a separate plan administered by the public employees retirement association. The association shall maintain a special fund known as

the public employees local government correctional service retirement fund.

Subd. 2. [REVENUE SOURCES.] Member contributions under section 13, subdivision 1 or 3, and employer contributions under section 13, subdivision 1 or 3, and other amounts authorized by law, including any investment income or invested fund assets, must be deposited in the fund.

Subd. 3. [INVESTMENT.] The public employees local government correctional service retirement fund participates in the Minnesota postretirement investment fund. The amounts provided in section 353.271 must be deposited in that fund. The balance of any assets of the fund must be deposited in the Minnesota combined investment fund as provided in section 11A.14, if applicable, or otherwise under section 11A.23.

Subd. 4. [COLLECTION OF CONTRIBUTIONS.] The collection of member and employer contributions are governed by section 353.27, subdivisions 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, and 13.

Subd. 5. [FUND DISBURSEMENT RESTRICTED.] The public employees local government correctional service retirement fund and its share of participation in the Minnesota postretirement investment fund may be disbursed only for the purposes provided for in this chapter. The proportional share of the expenses of the association and any benefits provided in this chapter, other than benefits payable from the Minnesota postretirement investment fund, must be paid from the correctional service retirement fund. Retirement annuities, disability benefits, survivorship benefits, and any refunds of accumulated deductions may be paid only from the correctional service retirement fund after those needs have been certified by the executive director and the amounts withdrawn from the share of participation in the Minnesota postretirement fund under section 11A.18. The amounts necessary to make the payments from the correctional service retirement fund and the participation in the Minnesota postretirement investment fund are annually appropriated from those funds for those purposes.

Sec. 10. [353B.02] [CORRECTIONAL SERVICE EMPLOYEES.]

A local government correctional service employee is a person who:

(1) meets the definition of "essential employee" in section 179A.03, subdivision 7, excluding state employees, University of Minnesota employees, firefighters, peace officers subject to licensure under sections 626.84 to 626.855, employees of hospitals other than state hospitals, confidential employees, supervisory employees other than supervisory employees of correctional officers at correctional facilities or city or county jails, principals, and assistant principals;

(2) is employed by Dakota county, Hennepin county, Ramsey county, St. Louis county, or Washington county, if the county elects to participate under section 12;

(3) is a public employee within the meaning of section 353.01, subdivisions 2 and 2a; and

(4) is not at the time of the exercise of the participation option under section 12 a member of the basic program of the public employees retirement association or a member of the public employees police and fire fund.

Sec. 11. [353B.03] [CORRECTIONAL SERVICE PLAN COVERAGE.]

Subdivision 1. [INITIAL COVERAGE.] A person who is a local government correctional service employee on June 30, 1988, is a member of the local government correctional service retirement plan and shall begin contributing to the plan on July 1, 1988.

Subd. 2. [SUBSEQUENT COVERAGE.] A person who becomes a local government correctional service employee after June 30, 1988, is a member of the local government correctional service retirement plan and shall contribute to the plan.

Sec. 12. [353B.04] [LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYING UNIT PARTICIPATION OPTION.]

Dakota county, Hennepin county, Ramsey county, St. Louis county, or Washington county may elect to provide its correctional employees with retirement coverage by the local government correctional service retirement plan in lieu of retirement coverage by the public employees retirement association or the public employees police and fire fund. The election must be made on a form provided by the executive director of the public employees retirement association and, once made, is irrevocable for all local government correctional service employees employed by the county.

Sec. 13. [353B.05] [CORRECTIONAL SERVICE PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [MEMBER CONTRIBUTIONS.] Beginning with the first full pay period after July 1, 1988, after the effective date of the election to provide retirement coverage by the local governmental unit, or after becoming a local government correctional service employee, whichever is later, in lieu of employee contributions payable under section 353.27, subdivision 2, a local government correctional service employee shall make an employee contribution in an amount equal to five percent of salary.



Subd. 2. [EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS.] Beginning with the first full pay period after July 1, 1988, after the effective date of the election to provide retirement coverage by the local governmental unit, or after becoming a local government correctional service employee, whichever is later, in lieu of employer contributions payable under section 353.27, subdivision 3, the employer shall contribute for a local government correctional service employee an amount equal to five percent of salary.

Subd. 3. [ADJUSTMENT IN CONTRIBUTION RATES.] Beginning with the first full pay period after the actuarial valuation of the local government correctional service retirement plan prepared by the actuary retained by the legislative commission on pensions and retirement is filed with the executive director of the public employees retirement association, the member contribution rate is a percentage that equals one-half of the calculated total actuarial requirement of the plan, and the employer contribution rate is the balance of the calculated total actuarial requirement of the plan.

**Sec. 14. [353B.06] [CORRECTIONAL SERVICE PLAN RETIREMENT ANNUITY.]**

Subdivision 1. [ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.] After separation from public employment, an employee covered under section 10 who has attained the age of at least 55 years and has credit for not less than ten years of coverage in the local government correctional service plan is entitled, upon application, to a normal retirement annuity. In lieu of a normal retirement annuity, a retiring employee may elect to receive the optional annuity provided in section 353.30, subdivision 3.

Subd. 2. [AVERAGE SALARY BASE.] In calculating the annuity under subdivision 3, "average salary" means an amount equivalent to the average of the highest salary earned as a local government correctional employee upon which employee contributions were paid for any five successive years of allowable service.

Subd. 3. [ANNUITY AMOUNT.] The average salary as defined in subdivision 2, multiplied by two percent for each year of allowable service for the first ten years and 2.5 percent for each additional year of allowable service, determines the amount of the normal annuity. If a person has earned allowable service in the public employees retirement association or the public employees police and fire fund for performing services other than those of a local government correctional employee, the annuity representing such service must be computed in accordance with the coordinated formula under sections 353.29 and 353.30 or section 353.651, whichever applies.

Subd. 4. [ACCRUAL AND DURATION.] The annuity under this section begins to accrue as provided in section 353.29, subdivision 7, and must be paid for an additional 84 full calendar months or to the

first of the month following the month in which the employee becomes age 65, whichever occurs first. After a recipient has received the annuity calculated under this formula for 84 full calendar months or to the first of the month following the month in which the employee becomes age 65, whichever occurs first, the benefit must be recomputed in accordance with the coordinated formula in sections 353.29 and 353.30, except that if this amount, when added to the social security benefit based on state service the employee is eligible to receive at that time, is less than the benefit payable under subdivision 3, the retired employee must receive an amount payable under subdivision 3. When an annuity is reduced under this subdivision, any percentage of adjustments that have been applied to the original annuity under section 11A.18, before the reduction, must be compounded and applied to the reduced annuity.

Subd. 5. [MULTIPLE SERVICE LIMITATION.] A former employee who has both regular and local government correctional service must, if qualified, receive an annuity based on both periods of service, but no period of service may be used more than once in calculating the annuity.

Sec. 15. [353B.07] [AUGMENTATION IN CERTAIN CASES.]

Unless prior service has been transferred or unless a combined service annuity under section 356.30 has been elected, an employee who becomes a local government correctional employee after being a member of the public employees retirement association or the public employees police and fire fund is covered under section 353.71, subdivision 2, with respect to that prior service.

Sec. 16. [353B.08] [DISABILITY BENEFITS.]

Subdivision 1. [DUTY DISABILITY QUALIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.] A local government correctional employee who is less than 55 years of age and who becomes disabled and physically unfit to perform the duties of the position as a direct result of an injury, sickness, or other disability incurred in or arising out of any act of duty that renders the employee physically or mentally unable to perform the employee's duties, is entitled to a disability benefit based on covered service only in an amount equal to 45 percent of the average salary defined in section 14, subdivision 2, plus an additional 2.5 percent for each year of covered service in excess of 20 years.

Subd. 2. [NONDUTY DISABILITY QUALIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.] A local government correctional employee who after not less than five years of covered service, before reaching the age of 55, becomes disabled and physically unfit to perform the duties of the position because of sickness or injury occurring while not engaged in covered employment, is entitled to a disability benefit based on

covered service. The disability benefit must be computed in the same manner as an annuity under section 14, subdivision 3, and as though the employee had at least ten years of covered correctional service.

Subd. 3. [OPTIONAL ANNUITY.] A disabled local government correctional employee may elect the normal disability benefit or an optional annuity as provided in section 353.30, subdivision 3. The election of an optional annuity must be made before the commencement of payment of the disability benefit and is effective on the date on which the disability benefit begins to accrue as provided in section 353.33, subdivision 2. Upon becoming effective, the optional annuity begins to accrue on the same date as provided for the disability benefit.

Subd. 4. [DISABILITY BENEFIT APPLICATION.] A claim or demand for a disability benefit must be initiated by written application in the manner and form prescribed by the executive director, filed in the office of the association, showing compliance with the statutory conditions qualifying the applicant for a disability benefit. A member or former member who became disabled during a period of membership may file an application for disability benefits within three years following termination of local government correctional service, but not after that time has elapsed. This benefit begins to accrue the day following the commencement of disability, 90 days preceding the filing of the application, or, if annual or sick leave is paid for more than the 90-day period, from the date salary ceased, whichever is latest. No payment may accrue beyond the end of the month in which entitlement has terminated. If the disabiltant dies before negotiating the check for the month in which death occurs, payment must be made to the optional annuitant or beneficiary.

Subd. 5. [DISABILITY BENEFIT TERMINATION.] The disability benefit paid to a disabled local government correctional employee terminates at the end of the month in which the employee reaches age 62. If the disabled local government correctional employee is still disabled when the employee reaches age 62, the employee is deemed to be a retired employee and, if the employee had elected an optional annuity under subdivision 3, must receive an annuity in accordance with the terms of the optional annuity previously elected. If the employee had not elected an optional annuity under subdivision 3, the employee may elect either to receive a normal retirement annuity computed in the manner provided in section 14 or to receive an optional annuity as provided in section 353.30, subdivision 3, based on the same length of service as used in the calculation of the disability benefit. Election of an optional annuity must be made before attaining the age of 62 years. The reduction for retirement prior to age 65 as provided in section 353.30, subdivisions 1 and 1c, is not applicable.

Subd. 6. [RESUMPTION OF EMPLOYMENT.] Should a disabled employee resume a gainful occupation from which earnings are less

than salary received at the date of disability or the salary currently paid for similar positions, or should the employee be entitled to receive workers' compensation benefits, the disability benefit must be continued in an amount that, when added to such earnings and workers' compensation benefits, does not exceed the salary received at the date of disability or the salary currently payable for the same employment position or an employment position substantially similar to the one the person held as of the date of the disability, whichever is greater.

Sec. 17. [353B.09] [SURVIVING SPOUSE OPTIONAL ANNUITY.]

If a member or former member of the local government correctional service retirement plan has attained the age of at least 50 years and has credit for not less than ten years of allowable service, or who has credit for not less than 30 years of allowable service, regardless of age attained, dies before the annuity or disability benefit has become payable, notwithstanding any designation of beneficiary to the contrary, the surviving spouse may elect to receive, in lieu of a refund with interest provided in section 353.32, subdivision 1, an annuity equal to the 100 percent joint and survivor annuity for which the member could have qualified had the member terminated service on the date of death. The surviving spouse may apply for the annuity at any time after the date on which the deceased employee would have attained the required age for retirement based on the employee's allowable service. The annuity must be computed on the coordinated formula as provided in sections 353.29, subdivisions 2 and 3, and 353.30, subdivisions 1, 1a, 1b, and 1c. Sections 353.34, subdivision 3, and 353.71, subdivision 2, apply to a deferred annuity payable under this subdivision. No payment may accrue beyond the end of the month in which entitlement to the annuity has terminated. An amount equal to any excess of the accumulated contributions that were credited to the account of the deceased employee over and above the total of the annuities paid and payable to the surviving spouse must be paid to the deceased member's last designated beneficiary or, if none, to the legal representative of the estate of the deceased member. A member may specify in writing that this subdivision does not apply and that payment must be made only to the designated beneficiary, as otherwise provided by this chapter.

Sec. 18. [353B.10] [SCOPE AND APPLICATION.]

The general provisions of chapter 353 apply to the local government correctional service retirement plan except where otherwise specifically provided in sections 9 to 18.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 356.20, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [COVERED PUBLIC PENSION FUNDS.] (1) State employees retirement fund.

(2) Public employees retirement fund.

(3) Teachers retirement fund.

(4) State patrol retirement fund.

(5) Minneapolis teachers retirement fund association.

(6) St. Paul teachers retirement fund association.

(7) Duluth teachers retirement fund association.

(8) Minneapolis employees retirement fund.

(9) University of Minnesota faculty retirement plan.

(10) University of Minnesota faculty supplemental retirement plan.

(11) Judges retirement fund.

(12) Any police or firefighter's relief association enumerated in section 69.77, subdivision 1a or 69.771, subdivision 1.

(13) Public employees police and fire fund.

(14) Minnesota state retirement system correctional officers retirement plan.

(15) Public employees local government correctional service retirement plan.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 356.30, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [COVERED FUNDS.] The provisions of this section shall apply to the following retirement funds:

(1) state employees retirement fund established pursuant to chapter 352;

(2) correctional employees retirement program, established pursuant to chapter 352;

(3) unclassified employees retirement plan, established pursuant to chapter 352D;

(4) state patrol retirement fund, established pursuant to chapter 352B;

(5) legislators' retirement plan, established pursuant to chapter 3A;

(6) elective state officers' retirement plan, established pursuant to chapter 352C;

(7) public employees retirement association, established pursuant to chapter 353;

(8) public employees police and fire fund, established pursuant to chapter 353;

(9) teachers retirement fund, established pursuant to chapter 354;

(10) Minneapolis employees retirement fund, established pursuant to chapter 422A;

(11) Minneapolis teachers retirement fund association, established pursuant to chapter 354A;

(12) St. Paul teachers retirement fund association, established pursuant to chapter 354A;

(13) Duluth teachers retirement fund association, established pursuant to chapter 354A;

(14) public employees local government correctional service retirement plan established by sections 9 to 18.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 356.32, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [COVERED FUNDS.] The provisions of this section shall apply to the following retirement funds:

(1) state employees retirement fund, established pursuant to chapter 352;

(2) correctional employees retirement program, established pursuant to chapter 352;

(3) state patrol retirement fund, established pursuant to chapter 352B;

(4) public employees retirement fund, established pursuant to chapter 353;

(5) public employees police and fire fund, established pursuant to chapter 353;

(6) teachers retirement fund, established pursuant to chapter 354;

(7) Minneapolis employees retirement fund, established pursuant to chapter 422A;

(8) Duluth teachers retirement fund association, established pursuant to chapter 354A;

(9) Minneapolis teachers retirement fund association, established pursuant to chapter 354A;

(10) St. Paul teachers retirement fund association, established pursuant to chapter 354A;

(11) public employees local government correctional service retirement plan established by sections 9 to 18.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 424A.02, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. [LIMITATION ON ANCILLARY BENEFITS.] Any relief association, including any volunteer firefighters relief association governed by section 69.77 or any volunteer firefighters division of a relief association governed by chapter 424, may only pay ancillary benefits which would constitute an authorized disbursement as specified in section 424A.05 subject to the following limitations:

(a) With respect to a relief association in which governing bylaws provide for a lump sum service pension to a retiring member, no ancillary benefit may be paid to any former member or paid to any person on behalf of any former member after the former member (1) terminates active service with the fire department and active membership in the relief association; and (2) commences receipt of a service pension as authorized pursuant to this section; and

(b) With respect to any relief association, no ancillary benefit paid or payable to any member, to any former member, or to any person on behalf of any member or former member, may exceed in amount the total earned service pension of the member or former member. The total earned service pension shall be calculated using the service pension amount specified in the bylaws of the relief association and the years of service credited to the member or former member. The years of service shall be determined as of (1) the date the member or former member became entitled to the ancillary benefit; or (2) the date the member or former member died entitling a survivor or the estate of the member or former member to an ancillary benefit. The ancillary benefit shall be calculated (1) without regard to whether

the member or former member had attained the minimum amount of service and membership credit specified in the governing bylaws; and (2) without regard to the percentage amounts specified in subdivision 2; except that the bylaws of any relief association may provide for the payment of a survivor benefit in an amount not to exceed five times the yearly service pension amount specified in the bylaws on behalf of any member who dies before having performed five years of active service in the fire department with which the relief association is affiliated.

Sec. 23. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 2, 3, 5, 6, 7 and 8 are effective the first day of the first full pay period beginning after final enactment. Sections 9 to 21 are effective January 1, 1988. The remaining sections are effective the day following final enactment.

ARTICLE 2

VARIOUS NONSTATEWIDE PUBLIC SAFETY PENSION PLAN  
CHANGES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 424.04, is amended to read:

424.04 [MEMBERS.]

Subdivision 1. [PAID FIREFIGHTERS.] Every paid firefighter, as defined in section 424.03, shall be eligible to apply for membership in the relief association in the city in which the person is employed within the time and in the manner hereinafter set forth. Any firefighter desiring to become a member shall, not later than 90 days from the time when the person is regularly entered on the payrolls of the fire department, make written application for membership in the relief association on forms supplied by the association, accompanied by one or more physician's certificates as required by the bylaws of the association. After the application has been filed, the board of examiners of the association shall make a thorough investigation thereof and file their report with the secretary of the association. An application shall be acted upon by the association within six months from the date applicant was entered on the payroll of the fire department. ~~No paid firefighter who is more than 35 years of age when the application of the person is filed shall become a member of the relief association, except that this age limitation shall not apply on application for reinstatement in the association.~~

Subd. 2. [VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS.] Every volunteer firefighter shall be eligible to apply for membership in the relief



association and shall make written application for membership in the relief association on forms supplied by the association not later than 90 days from the date on which the person commenced service as a volunteer firefighter. No application from a person who is ineligible for membership pursuant to section 424A.01, subdivision 1 or 2 or who is excluded as constituting an unwarranted health risk pursuant to section 424A.01, subdivision 4 shall be approved by the association. The application shall be acted upon by the association within six months from the date on which the person commenced service as a volunteer firefighter. ~~No volunteer firefighter who is more than 35 years of age when appointed to serve in any capacity performing any firefighting duties with a fire department shall become a member of the relief association, except that this age limitation shall not apply on any application for reinstatement in the association.~~

Sec. 2. Laws 1949, chapter 406, section 5, subdivision 1, as amended by Laws 1953, chapter 127, section 5, subdivision 1, Laws 1969, chapter 560, section 1, and Laws 1983, chapter 88, section 8, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. PERSONS MINNEAPOLIS POLICE; PERSONS ENTITLED TO RECEIVE. The association shall grant pensions payable from the policemen's police pension fund in monthly installments, in the manner and for the following purposes:

(1) Any active member of the age of 50 years or more, and any deferred pensioner who performs has performed duty as a member of the police department of the city for 20 five years or more, upon his written application after retiring from such duty, shall and reaching at least age 50 is entitled to be paid monthly during his lifetime a for life a service pension equal to 32 units and an additional unit for each year of such service in excess of 20 years, but after completion of the 25th year of service the member shall receive 40 units thereafter.

(2) Any active member who performs duty as a member of the police department of the city for 20 years or more who retires from such duty before he attains the age of 50 years, upon his written application after reaching the age of 50 years shall be paid monthly during his lifetime a pension equal to 32 units and an additional unit for each year of such service in excess of 20 years, but after completion of the 25th year of service the member shall receive 40 units thereafter eight units. For full years of service beyond five years, the service pension increases to a maximum of 40 units, as follows:

Sixth through 20th years ..... 1.6 units per year

21st through 24th years ..... 1.0 units per year

25th year ..... 4.0 units.

Fractional years of service may not be used in computing pensions.

(3) ~~To (2)~~ Any active member who shall, after ~~ten~~ five years' service but ~~with~~ less than 20 years' service with the police department of the city, ~~become~~ becomes superannuated so as to be permanently unable to perform his assigned duties, there shall be paid monthly ~~during his lifetime~~ for life a pension equal to ~~12~~ two units for ~~ten~~ five years of service and an additional two units for ~~each completed full~~ each year of such service over ~~ten~~ five years and less than 20 years.

(4) ~~To (3)~~ Any active member not eligible for a service pension who, while a member of the police department of the city, becomes diseased or sustains an injury while in the service which permanently unfits ~~him~~ the member for the performance of police duties, there shall be paid monthly ~~during his lifetime~~ for life a pension equal to 32 units while so disabled.

Sec. 3. Laws 1949, chapter 406, section 5, subdivision 3, as amended by Laws 1953, chapter 127, section 5, subdivision 2, and Laws 1983, chapter 88, section 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [PAYMENTS, MEMBER SEPARATED FROM THE SERVICE MINNEAPOLIS POLICE; REFUNDS PROHIBITED.] If an active member of the police department of the city is separated from the service after having completed not less than five years of service, under such circumstances that no pension benefits are payable to him or to his widow or to his children, the association shall return to him the sum of \$500, with an additional \$100 for each completed year of service in excess of five. In the event the member is reinstated to police duty all moneys paid him shall be returned to the pension fund within six months from the date of the reinstatement. Failure to do so relieves the association from any liability as to prior years of service credit as to reinstatement date. In case of the death of the member any such sums shall be paid to his heirs, executors, or administrators No refund of contributions may be made upon separation from service; provided, however, that if an active member dies leaving no surviving spouse or children the member's heirs, executors, or administrators are entitled to a refund of \$100 for each completed year of service.

Sec. 4. Laws 1949, chapter 406, section 6, subdivision 1, as amended by Laws 1953, chapter 127, section 6, and Laws 1967, chapter 820, section 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [MINNEAPOLIS POLICE SURVIVOR BENEFITS; PERSONS TO WHOM GRANTED.] The association shall grant pensions or benefits payable from the police pension fund to any member or to any widow surviving spouse or to

any child under 18 years of age or any member from the time and for the following purposes:

When a service pensioner, disability pensioner, or deferred pensioner, or an active member of a relief association dies, leaving

(1) a widow surviving spouse, who was his a legally married wife spouse, residing with him the decedent, and who was married while or prior to the time he the decedent was on the payroll of the police department; and who, in case the deceased member was a service or deferred pensioner, was legally married to the member at least one year before his retirement from the police department; or

(2) a child or children, who were living while the deceased was on the payroll of the police department or born within nine months after the decedent was withdrawn from ~~such~~ the payroll, the widow surviving spouse and child, or children, shall be entitled to a pension, or pensions, as follows:

(a) To the widow surviving spouse of a deceased active member or disabilitant, a pension of 18 units per month for life. If the surviving spouse remarries, the pension ceases as of the date of the remarriage.

(b) To the surviving spouse of a deceased deferred or retired member, a pension of 18 4.5 units per month for her natural life; but, plus an additional nine-tenths of one unit per month for every year of service of the decedent beyond five years to a maximum of 18 units. If she remarry the surviving spouse remarries the pension shall cease ceases as of the date of the remarriage.

(~~b~~) (c) To each child of a deceased active member or disabilitant, a pension of six units per month until the child reaches the age of 18 years; or in the case of a child in full-time attendance during the normal school year, in a school approved by the board of directors, until the child receives a bachelor's degree or attains the age of 22 years, whichever occurs first.

(d) To each child of a deceased deferred or retired member, a pension of 1.5 units per month plus three-tenths of one unit per month for every year of service of the decedent beyond five years to a maximum of six units until the child reaches the age of 18 years; or, in the case of a child in full-time attendance during the normal school year in a school approved by the board of directors, until the child receives a bachelor's degree or attains the age of 22 years, whichever is first.

The total pensions hereunder for the widow surviving spouse and children of a deceased member shall not exceed 32 units per month.

Sec. 5. Laws 1980, chapter 607, article 15, section 9, is amended to read:

Sec. 9. [MINNEAPOLIS POLICE AND FIRE; HEALTH AND WELFARE BENEFIT.] Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, any person who, after July 1, 1980, retires on a service pension with at least 20 years of service or a permanent disability benefit from the Minneapolis police relief association or the Minneapolis firefighters relief association shall be entitled on January 1, 1981, or upon the date of retirement, whichever occurs later, to receive a monthly health and welfare benefit unless the city of Minneapolis elects to retain the local relief association by the adoption of a municipal resolution pursuant to section 4, subdivision 1. The monthly health and welfare benefit shall be an amount equal to one unit as defined pursuant to Laws 1963, Chapter 315, Section 1, Subdivision 3, for the Minneapolis police relief association, or Minnesota Statutes, Section 69.45, for the Minneapolis firefighters relief association, whichever is applicable. The monthly health and welfare benefit shall be paid to the retired member unless the retired member designates in writing that the amount be paid to an insurance carrier to defray the cost of any health or welfare related insurance coverage.

Sec. 6. Laws 1949, chapter 406, section 4, subdivisions 2 and 3, as amended by Laws 1953, chapter 127, section 4; Laws 1965, chapter 534, section 1; Laws 1967, chapter 825, section 1; Laws 1969, chapter 258, section 1; Laws 1973, chapter 272, section 1; Laws 1975, chapter 428, section 1; and Laws 1983, chapter 88, section 7, is amended to read:

Sec. 7. [MINNEAPOLIS, CITY OF; POLICEMEN'S PENSIONS.]

The policemen's pension fund shall be used only for the payment of:

- (a) Service, disability or dependency pensions;
- (b) Salaries of the secretary of the association in an amount not to exceed 30 percent of the base salary of a top-grade patrolman and of the president of the association in an amount not to exceed ten percent of the base salary of a top-grade patrolman;
- (c) Expenses of officers and employees of the association in connection with the protection of the fund;
- (d) All expenses of operating and maintaining the association;
- (e) Hospital and medical insurance for pensioners who have completed 20 years or more of service or permanent disabilities and widows surviving spouses of deceased active members, disabled

ants, or service pensioners who have completed 20 years or more of service of one unit per month, such one unit to be added to the pension otherwise provided for herein; provided that a pensioner or widow surviving spouse may in writing authorize a deduction from their pension for an insurance plan adopted by the association;

(f) Health and welfare benefits of one unit per month in addition to other benefits for members who retire after July 1, 1980, and have completed 20 years or more of service or members who are permanent disabilitants; and

(g) Other expenses authorized by law.

Sec. 7. Laws 1967, chapter 678, section 2, as amended by Laws 1971, chapter 807, section 2, and Laws 1983, chapter 74, section 1, is amended to read:

Sec. 2. [HIBBING POLICE; SURVIVING SPOUSES, CHILDREN; AMOUNT OF PENSION.] Notwithstanding any other provision of law or charter, pensions may be paid by the police relief association of the city of Hibbing to any surviving spouse or child under 16 18 years of age of any pensioned and retired member of the police department, and to any surviving spouse or child under 16 18 years of age of any member who dies while in the service of the police department of the city. The surviving spouse or child shall receive not more than the sums herein provided.

\$250 per month to the surviving spouse, and \$15 per month to each child under 16 years of age. Survivor benefits shall be the following percentages of the average salary of the deceased member during the last six months of employment by the police department:

- (1) surviving spouse, 30 percent;
- (2) surviving child under 18, 10 percent;
- (3) maximum family benefit, 50 percent.

Where a surviving spouse and children reside together the money herein required to be paid to the children shall be paid to the surviving spouse for the support of the children; but that money paid to the surviving spouse for the surviving spouse and children shall not exceed \$280 per month in all. In the event of the death of both parents leaving a minor child or children under the age of 16 18 years of age, entitled to a pension, the sums as may be necessary for the care, maintenance and education of the child or children may be paid to the legal guardian thereof, but not to exceed the sum of \$280 per month to the children of any one police officer maximum family benefit. In the event that surviving spouse remarries, he or she shall receive no further benefits under this law. The fund shall not be used

for any other purpose than the payment of service, disability or dependency pensions, as herein provided, and for the relief of a sick, injured and disabled police officer. The word "member", as used in this act, shall include policewomen, police matrons and assistant police matrons.

Sec. 8. Laws 1977, chapter 169, section 1, subdivision 1a, as amended by Laws 1982, chapter 443, section 1, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. [HIBBING, CITY OF; FIREFIGHTERS; SERVICE PENSIONS; INCREASE IN CERTAIN PENSIONS.] The Hibbing firefighters relief association shall pay to any retired fireman who retired prior to September 1, 1972, ~~\$200~~ \$300 per month in addition to any service pension payable pursuant to subdivision 1.

Sec. 9. Laws 1971, chapter 614, section 1, subdivision 2, as amended by Laws 1982, chapter 443, section 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [HIBBING FIRE; DEPENDENCY PENSIONS.] When a pensioned and retired or active member of the association dies leaving

(1) A widow surviving spouse who was his the member's legally married wife spouse, residing with him the member, and who was married to him the member while or prior to the time he the member was on the payroll of the fire department; and who, in case the deceased member was a service pensioner, was legally married to the member at least three years before his retirement from the fire department; or

(2) A child or children who were living while the deceased was on the payroll of the fire department, or born within nine months after the decedent was withdrawn from the payroll of the fire department, the widow surviving spouse and the child or children shall be entitled to a pension or pensions based upon the following percentages of the average salary of the deceased member during the last six months of employment by the fire department, as follows:

(a) To the widow surviving spouse, not to exceed the sum of \$250 30 percent of average salary per month, as the bylaws of the association provide, for her natural life which amount may be applicable to widows surviving spouses already receiving pension payments before the effective date of the most recent amendment hereto which affects the amount if the bylaws should so provide; provided, that. If she the surviving spouse shall remarry then the pension shall cease and terminate as of the date of her remarriage;

(b) To the child or children, if their mother other parent be living, a pension of not to exceed \$25 ten percent of average salary per month for each child up to the time each child reaches the age of 18 years; provided, the total pensions hereunder for the widow surviv-

ing spouse and children of the deceased member shall not exceed ~~the sum of \$280~~ 50 percent of average salary per month;

(c) A child or children of a deceased member receiving a pension or pensions hereunder shall, after the death of their ~~mother~~ other parent, be entitled to receive a pension or pensions in such amount as the board of trustees of the association shall deem necessary to properly support the child or children until they reach the age of 18 years; but the total amount of the pension or pensions hereunder for any child or children shall not exceed ~~the sum of \$280~~ 50 percent of average salary per month.

Sec. 10. Laws 1967, chapter 751, section 2, is amended to read:

Sec. 2. [WEST ST. PAUL POLICE; SERVICE PENSION.]

Subdivision 1. [PENSION AMOUNT.] Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, Section 423.384, the service pension of a member of the ~~police~~ police relief association of the city of West St. Paul who is qualified for a pension in accordance with Section 423.384 at the time of retirement shall be one-half of the regular salary of a ~~top grade patrolman~~ patrol officer at the time the member retires.

Subd. 2. [SALARY DEFINED.] "Regular salary of a top grade patrol officer" includes the highest amount of longevity pay which is payable to a top grade patrol officer.

Subd. 3. [POSTRETIREMENT ADJUSTMENTS.] Service pensions must be adjusted in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 423A.01, subdivision 4.

Sec. 11. [DISSOLUTION OF CLIFTON VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS RELIEF ASSOCIATION; TRANSFER OF ASSETS AND SERVICE CREDIT.]

Notwithstanding the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 424A.02, subdivisions 11 and 12, if the Clifton independent nonprofit firefighting corporation disbands and the Clifton volunteer firefighters relief association established as provided in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 424A, is dissolved, the assets of the Clifton volunteer firefighters relief association must be transferred to any volunteer firefighters relief association governed by Minnesota Statutes, chapter 424A, applicable to the township of Duluth, county of St. Louis. Upon the transfer of assets, the receiving volunteer firefighters relief association is the successor in interest for all claims for and against the Clifton volunteer firefighters relief association, except any claim against the relief association, the Clifton independent nonprofit firefighting corporation, or any person connected with either in a fiduciary capacity, based on any acts that were not done in good faith and that constituted a breach of the obligation as a fiduciary. As a successor in interest, the receiving

volunteer firefighters relief association may assert any applicable defense in any judicial proceeding that the Clifton volunteer firefighters relief association or the Clifton independent nonprofit firefighting corporation would have otherwise been entitled to assert.

Upon transfer of the assets of the Clifton volunteer firefighters relief association, a person with credit for service in the Clifton volunteer firefighters relief association must receive an equal amount of service credit in the receiving volunteer firefighters relief association.

**Sec. 12. [MANKATO POLICE; ESCALATION OF CERTAIN BENEFITS.]**

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 423.384, or any other law, the Mankato police benefit association may amend its articles or bylaws to provide for computation of postretirement increases for retired members for whom there exists no equivalent rank in the public safety department, by the same percentage increase granted retired first class patrol officers in any year. The Mankato city council shall ratify the amendment as required by section 69.77, subdivision 2i, but the council may forego the actuarial valuation or estimate required by that subdivision.

**Sec. 13. [MILLERVILLE FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION; PRIOR SERVICE IN SERVICE PENSION COMPUTATIONS.]**

Notwithstanding any provision of Minnesota Statutes, sections 69.771 to 69.776 or chapter 424A to the contrary, the Millerville firefighters relief association may amend its bylaws to allow computation of service pensions utilizing a member's period of service as an active member of the municipal fire department during the period prior to incorporation of the relief association.

**Sec. 14. [VIRGINIA FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION; SURVIVING SPOUSES' BENEFITS.]**

Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the survivor benefit payable to a surviving spouse of a deceased member of the Virginia firefighters' relief association is increased by \$100 per month.

**Sec. 15. [SAVINGS CLAUSE.]**

Nothing in sections 2 to 6 impairs or diminishes the benefits paid to members, spouses, or children of a member of the Minneapolis police relief association or the entitlement that members, spouses, or children had to benefits before the effective date of sections 2 to 6.



## Sec. 16. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Section 1 is effective the day following final enactment. Sections 2 to 6 and 15 are effective upon approval by the Minneapolis city council and compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021. Sections 7 to 9 are effective upon approval by the Hibbing city council and compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021. Section 10 is effective as approved by the governing body of the city of West St. Paul and if there is compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, and the increase in service pensions payable due to section 10 is initially payable on January 1, 1988, and is applicable to any member of the West St. Paul police relief association who retired on or after February 1, 1985. Section 11 is effective upon approval by the Clifton independent nonprofit firefighting corporation and the approval of the governing body of the township of Duluth and compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021. Section 12 is effective upon approval by the Mankato city council and compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021. Section 13 is effective upon approval by the governing body of the city of Millerville and compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021. Section 14 is effective upon approval by the Virginia city council and compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021.

## ARTICLE 3

MINNEAPOLIS TEACHERS RETIREMENT FUND  
ASSOCIATION

## BENEFIT MODIFICATION AUTHORIZATION

Section 1. [MINNEAPOLIS TEACHERS RESTRUCTURING OF RETIREMENT BENEFITS; POSTRETIREMENT ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM.]

(a) In accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 354A.12, subdivision 4, approval is granted for the Minneapolis teachers retirement fund association to amend its articles of incorporation by repealing article IX, subsection (18), authorizing lump sum postretirement adjustments payable to retirees or beneficiaries.

(b) In accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 354A.12, subdivision 4, if the repeal authorized by paragraph (a) occurs, approval is granted for the Minneapolis teachers retirement fund association to amend or make an addition to its articles of incorporation as provided in paragraphs (c) to (g).

(c) Article IX, subsection (11), authorizing formula retirement annuity benefits, may be amended to authorize all teachers who

retired before June 1, 1985, other than persons receiving a money purchase annuity under article IX, subsection (3), receiving a C death benefit under article IX, subsection (4), item C, or receiving a total disability benefit under article IX, subsection (5), to receive as of the first day of the month following the effective date of the amendment a recomputed annuity determined according to the 1975 revised formula annuity without regard to the 30-year service limitation applicable to teachers who retired after May 1, 1974, and before June 1, 1985.

(d) Article IX, subsection (14) D, providing an annual automatic annuity increase of 1½ percent to all annuitants who have been receiving an annuity for at least 24 months and who have attained the age of 65 may be amended to increase the annual automatic increase annuity to two percent per fiscal year on January 1, or July 1, whichever applies, and to extend eligibility for that increased annuity to all annuitants who have been receiving an annuity for at least 12 months, irrespective of the attained age of the annuitant.

(e) Article IX, subsection (14), may be amended by adding a provision authorizing an increase in the annuity of any annuitant who retired on or before July 1, 1986, in the amount of four percent of the annuity the member is otherwise eligible to receive on July 1, 1987, including any other increases granted as of that date under articles of incorporation amendments authorized by the section but excluding the annual automatic increase annuity payable under article IX, subsection (14), item D, on July 1, 1987, for each full year that the member has been retired and receiving an annuity, to a maximum of 20 percent.

(f) Article IX, subsection (14), may be amended by adding a provision authorizing payment, as of July 1, 1987, of an increase in a normal retirement annuity, joint and survivor annuity or term certain optional annuity of retired teachers of the positive dollar amount difference between a minimum normal retirement annuity equal to \$25 per month for each full year of teaching service, to a maximum of 30 years, and the amount of the normal retirement annuity, joint and survivor annuity or term certain optional annuity payable on June 1, 1987, to retired teachers who were members of the basic program, who ceased active teaching service in the city public schools, who are receiving a normal retirement annuity, and who have not withdrawn a portion of required member deposits upon applying for the normal retirement annuity. If the difference is not a positive dollar amount, no increase is payable and no reduction may be imposed. For persons to whom a remainder portion of a joint and survivor annuity or a term certain optional annuity is payable, a proportional increase is payable.

(g) Article IX may be amended by adding a new subsection providing for an investment related postretirement adjustment mechanism. An annual postretirement may be paid if there is any

excess investment income. The determination must be made by the board of trustees in consultation with the actuary retained by the legislative commission on pensions and retirement. The fund has excess investment income if the time weighted total rate of return earned by the fund over the most recent three year fiscal year period has exceeded the rate of eight percent or the applicable postretirement interest rate assumption specified in Minnesota Statutes, section 356.215, subdivision 4d, whichever is greater. In determining the total rate of return, the board shall use the formula or formulas established by the state board of investment under Minnesota Statutes, section 11A.04, clause (11), and in effect on January 1, 1987. The amount by which the excess investment income exceeds the minimum interest rate must be expressed as a percentage and carried to four decimal places. An annual postretirement adjustment is payable to a person who is receiving an annuity under article IX, subsection (8), (9), or (11), or article XI, subsection (5), who is receiving a death benefit under article IX, subsection (4), or who is receiving a joint and survivor annuity or term certain optional annuity under article IX, subsection (2), clause (b) or (c), and who has received the annuity or benefit in the person's own right or in combination with the initial recipient of the annuity for at least 12 months as of the determination date. The determination date is June 30, and determinations must be made as soon as practicable after that date. The board of trustees shall determine the percentage amount of the postretirement adjustment payable, but the percentage amount may not exceed the amount by which the excess investment income exceeds the minimum interest rate. The board of trustees shall include in the provision criteria to govern the exercise of its discretion in determining the instances under which an annual postretirement adjustment of less than the full determined percentage is payable. The annual postretirement adjustment is payable on January 1 following the determination date and is payable for the duration of the annuity or benefit.

#### Sec. 2. [WITHDRAWAL OF AUTHORITY.]

The authority for the amendment of article IX of the articles of incorporation of the Minneapolis teachers retirement fund association adding subsection (18) to provide a lump sum postretirement adjustment to certain annuitants and survivor benefit recipients under Laws 1981, chapter 159, section 1, clause (1), is withdrawn.

#### Sec. 3. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1 and 2 are effective the day following final enactment.

### ARTICLE 4

#### AUTHORIZATION OF PURCHASES OF PRIOR SERVICE

Section 1. [PURCHASE OF PRIOR SERVICE CREDIT AUTHORIZATION.]

Subdivision 1. [PURCHASE ELIGIBILITY.] (a) Notwithstanding the limitations in Minnesota Statutes, section 353.36, subdivision 2, a person whose employment with the Roseau county highway department began in September 1961, but for whom no salary deductions were taken out for the public employees retirement association until June 1965, may purchase credit for the prior public service for which salary deductions were omitted by paying to the association. Eligibility to make the purchase of prior service credit expires on January 1, 1988.

(b) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a person who is currently a teacher in the North St. Paul school district, who was on unpaid medical leave during the 1975-1976 and 1976-1977 school years and who was born on November 13, 1926 may purchase credit in the teachers retirement association for the periods of unpaid medical leave. Eligibility to make the purchase of prior service credit expires on January 1, 1988.

Subd. 2. [PURCHASE PAYMENT AMOUNT.] For any person eligible to purchase credit for prior service as provided in subdivision 1, there must be paid to the applicable retirement association an amount equal to the present value, on the date of payment, of the amount of the additional retirement annuity that would be obtained by virtue of the purchase of the additional service credit, using the interest rate specified in Minnesota Statutes, section 356.215, subdivision 4d, and the applicable mortality table adopted for the applicable retirement association and assuming continuous future service in the retirement system until, and retirement at, the age at which the minimum requirements of the retirement association for normal retirement or retirement with an annuity unreduced for retirement at an early age, including Minnesota Statutes, section 356.30, are met with the additional service credit purchased, for the retirement association, and a future salary history that includes annual salary increases at the rate specified in Minnesota Statutes, section 356.215, subdivision 4d. The person requesting the purchase of prior service must establish in the records of the retirement association proof of the service for which the purchase of prior service is requested. The manner of the proof of service must be in accordance with procedures prescribed by the executive director of the applicable retirement association.

Subd. 3. [PAYMENT; CREDITING SERVICE.] Payment must be made in one lump sum, unless the executive director of the applicable retirement association agrees to accept payment in installments over a period not to exceed three years from the date of the agreement, with interest at a rate deemed appropriate by the executive director. The period of allowable service may be credited to the account of the person only after receipt of full payment by the executive director.

Subd. 4. [OPTIONAL EMPLOYER PARTIAL PAYMENT.] Payment must be made by the person entitled to purchase prior service;

however, the current or former employer of the person may, at its discretion, pay all or any portion of the payment amount that exceeds an amount equal to the employee contribution rates in effect for the retirement fund during the period or periods of prior service applied to the actual salary rates in effect during the period or periods of prior service, plus interest at the rate of six percent a year compounded annually from the date on which the contributions would otherwise have been made to the date on which the payment is made.

**Sec. 2. [PURCHASE OF PRIOR SERVICE BY CERTAIN EMPLOYEES.]**

Notwithstanding any other law, a person who was employed by the University of Minnesota hospitals pharmacy department and was a member of the Minnesota state retirement system from October 2, 1967, to March 31, 1968, and who was appointed to a faculty position in the University of Minnesota pharmacy department and became a member of the retirement plan for university faculty members on April 1, 1968, and who on September 23, 1974, returned to state service and to membership in the Minnesota state retirement system as an employee of the department of human services may withdraw his account balance from the retirement plan for university faculty members and may purchase service credit in the Minnesota state retirement system for the time spent as a university faculty member. A person covered by this section may purchase that service credit by paying to the Minnesota state retirement system, by January 1, 1988, an amount equal to all employee, employer, and additional employer contributions at the rates in effect when the service as a faculty member was rendered plus interest at the rate of six percent a year from the year of purchase to the date payment is made.

**Sec. 3. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]**

Sections 1 and 2 are effective the day following final enactment.

**ARTICLE 5**

**AMBULANCE SERVICE PERSONNEL RETIREMENT PLAN**

**Section 1. [353A.01] [AMBULANCE SERVICE PERSONNEL RETIREMENT PLAN.]**

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT.] The ambulance service personnel retirement plan is administered by the public employees retirement association under supervision of the association board of directors. To assist it in governing the operations of the plan, the board may appoint an advisory committee of not more than seven

members who are representative of ambulance service operators and ambulance service personnel.

Subd. 2. [COVERAGE.] Coverage under the retirement plan is open to basic and advanced life support emergency medical service personnel employed by or providing services for any public ambulance service or privately operated ambulance service that receives an operating subsidy from a governmental entity that elects to participate. First response personnel and emergency medical service personnel who are currently covered by a public or private pension plan because of their employment or provision of services are not eligible to participate in the plan.

Sec. 2. [353A.02] [ELECTION OF COVERAGE.]

Each public ambulance service or privately operated ambulance service that receives an operating subsidy from a governmental entity with eligible personnel may elect to participate in the plan. If a service elects to participate, its eligible personnel may elect to participate or to decline to participate. An individual's election must be made within the latter of 30 days of the service's election to participate or 30 days of the date on which the individual was employed by the service or began to provide service for it. An election by a service or an individual is irrevocable.

Sec. 3. [353A.03] [FUNDING OF PLAN.]

A public ambulance service or privately operated ambulance service that receives an operating subsidy from a governmental entity that elects to participate in the plan shall fund benefits for its qualified personnel who individually elect to participate, except that personnel who are paid for their services may elect to make member contributions in an amount not to exceed the service's contribution on their behalf. Ambulance service contributions on behalf of salaried employees must be a fixed percentage of salary. An ambulance service making contributions for volunteer or largely uncompensated personnel may assign a unit value for each call or each period of alert duty for the purpose of calculating ambulance service contributions.

Sec. 4. [353A.04] [CONTRIBUTIONS TO PLAN.]

Ambulance service contributions to the plan may be made from any source of funds available to the ambulance service. Contributions must be remitted monthly to the association together with any member contributions paid or withheld during the preceding month. Contributions shall be credited to the individual account of each participating member.

Sec. 5. [353A.05] [INVESTMENT OF FUNDS.]

Subdivision 1. [INVESTMENT.] Ambulance service contributions, after the deduction of an amount for administrative expenses, and member contributions must be remitted to the state board of investment for investment in the Minnesota supplemental investment fund established by section 11A.17.

Subd. 2. [INVESTMENT OPTIONS.] (a) An individual participant may elect to purchase shares in the income share account, the growth share account, the money market account, the bond market account, or the common stock index account established by section 11A.17, or a combination of those accounts. The participant may elect to purchase shares in a combination of those accounts by specifying the percentage of contributions to be used to purchase shares in each of the accounts.

(b) Twice in a calendar year, a participant may indicate in writing a choice of options for subsequent purchases of shares. Thereafter, until the participant makes a different written indication, the executive director of the association shall purchase shares in the supplemental investment fund or funds specified by the participant. If no initial option is indicated by a participant, the executive director shall invest all contributions made by or on behalf of a participant in the income share account. A choice of investment options is effective no later than the first pay date first occurring more than 30 days after receipt of the written choice of options.

(c) Twice in a calendar year, a participant or former participant may also change the investment options selected for all or a portion of the individual's previously purchased shares. If a partial transfer of previously purchased shares is selected, a minimum of \$500 must be transferred and a minimum balance of \$500 must remain in the previously selected investment option. A change may be made only from one account or a combination of accounts to a single account. A change under this paragraph is effective as soon as cash flow to an account permits, but not later than six months from the requested change.

Subd. 3. [ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.] The public employees retirement association may deduct an amount, set annually by the executive director of the association, but not to exceed two percent of ambulance service contributions to the plan, to defray the expenses of the association in administering the plan.

Sec. 6. [353A.06] [REPORTING BY AMBULANCE SERVICES.]

The executive director of the public employees retirement association shall prescribe the form of monthly and any other reports required from an ambulance service and the election forms required from ambulance service members. Member forms shall contain names, identification numbers, amount of contribution by and on behalf of each member, and such other data as is required to keep an

accurate account of the account value of each participating employee.

Sec. 7. [353A.07] [BENEFITS.]

Subdivision 1. [TYPE OF PLAN; UNIFORMITY.] The plan is a defined contribution plan where the benefits payable upon retirement, death, or withdrawal when permitted, are determined by the value of accumulated contributions plus a proportionate share of investment income of the fund credited to each individual account. Each ambulance service shall determine eligibility for participation subject to terms of this act. Eligibility standards must be uniform among all ambulance service personnel of an ambulance service electing to participate.

Subd. 2. [AGE; VESTING.] Normal retirement age is 50 years. Early retirement is not allowed. Sixty months of service credit are required for vesting of retirement benefits. No minimum period of service is required for vesting of death benefits. Withdrawal of or a retirement benefit based on member contributions plus accrued investment income vests immediately. Upon completion of 60 months of service under the plan with one or more ambulance services, a participant terminating active service prior to age 50 is entitled to receive the value of the participant's individual account upon or after attaining age 50. An application by or on behalf of the participant must be filed before any payment of benefits may be made.

Subd. 3. [FORM OF BENEFIT.] A retirement benefit is payable in a lump sum equal to the value of a participant's account at the date of retirement and may be rolled over into another qualified plan at the option of the member. As an alternative to a lump sum distribution, the member may choose to have the association use the total account value to purchase an annuity payable at a designated age from an insurance company licensed to do business in the state.

Subd. 4. [DISABILITY OR DEATH.] No disability coverage shall be provided by the plan. In the event of the death of an active participant with any credited service or a deferred participant under age 50, the total value of the account shall be paid in a lump sum to the designated beneficiary or, if none, the heirs at law of the decedent.

Subd. 5. [FORFEITURES.] The account value of any participant terminating service prior to acquiring a vested interest or of a participant who dies leaving no designated beneficiary or heirs at law must be returned to the public employees retirement association and credited against future ambulance service contributions by the applicable ambulance service or services after the expiration of two years from the date of termination or death.



## Sec. 8. [353A.08] [PORTABILITY.]

Qualified ambulance service personnel who change employment or membership among participating ambulance services may continue participation in the plan without penalty or forfeiture after their interest vests. Qualified ambulance service personnel who change employment or membership to a nonparticipating ambulance service are not subject to the forfeiture required by section 7, subdivision 5.

## Sec. 9. [353A.09] [TAX QUALIFICATION.]

The public employees retirement association shall adopt rules required for administration of the plan. The proposed plan shall be formulated and adopted in accordance with applicable restrictions and standards of the Internal Revenue Code and rulings and regulations of the Internal Revenue Service in order to assure the tax exempt status of the plan as a qualified pension plan. Contributions by ambulance service personnel and by ambulance service operators may be accepted only after approval by the Internal Revenue Service.

## Sec. 10. [353A.10] [NOT CONSIDERED A LOCAL PLAN.]

The plan is not a local governmental pension plan or fund for purposes of section 356.25.

## Sec. 11. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1 to 10 are effective on July 1, 1987.

## ARTICLE 6

## PUBLIC PENSION PLAN ASSET USE LIMITATION

## Section 1. [356.615] [LIMITATION ON USE OF PUBLIC PENSION PLAN ASSETS.]

(a) Money held by or credited to a public pension plan as assets, including employer and employee contributions, state aid, appropriations from the state or a governmental subdivision, and accrued earnings on investments, constitutes a dedicated fund. The dedicated fund must be used exclusively to pay retirement annuities, service pensions, disability benefits, survivor benefits, refunds of contributions or other benefits provided under the benefit plan document or documents governing the public pension plan, and to pay reasonable administrative expenses approved by the governing board of the public pension plan or by another appropriate authority. No assets of a public pension plan may be loaned or transferred

to the state or a governmental subdivision or be used to amortize an unfunded actuarial accrued liability in another public pension plan, whether or not the plan providing the assets consolidates or has consolidated with the plan receiving the assets. Nothing in this section prohibits a public pension plan or the state board of investment from investing the assets of a plan as authorized by law, including the investment of the assets of public pension plans by the state board of investment in a commingled investment fund.

(b) A public pension plan for purposes of this section means a pension plan or fund specified in section 356.20, subdivision 2, or 356.30, subdivision 3, or a retirement or pension plan or fund, including a supplemental retirement plan or fund, established, maintained, or supported by a governmental subdivision or public body whose revenues are derived from taxation, fees, assessments, or other public sources.

## Sec. 2. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Section 1 is effective the day following final enactment.

## ARTICLE 7

### VARIOUS MISCELLANEOUS RETIREMENT MODIFICATIONS

#### Section 1. [PENSION SALARY AND SERVICE CREDIT FOR CERTAIN PERSONS.]

Subdivision 1. [ENTITLEMENT.] A person who was an employee of Ramsey county and a member of the public employees retirement association, who suffered an illness or injury entitling the person to workers' compensation benefits during the five successive years before the date on which the person would have attained normal retirement age under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.29, subdivision 1, or 353.30, subdivision 1a, who was granted an authorized leave of absence by Ramsey county, and who retired between June 26, 1986, and January 1, 1987, is entitled to additional credit from the public employees retirement association for additional salary under subdivision 2 and additional service under subdivision 3 and to a recalculation by the public employees retirement association of the retirement annuity under subdivision 4.

Subd. 2. [CREDIT FOR ADDITIONAL SALARY.] The additional salary for the period of the authorized leave of absence is the portion or multiple of the average salary on which deductions were made during the last six months of public service preceding the authorized leave of absence.

Subd. 3. [CREDIT FOR ADDITIONAL ALLOWABLE SERVICE.] The additional allowable service is any period of authorized leave of absence resulting from the qualifying injury or illness, not to exceed 30 months, for which the person made payments to the public employees retirement association under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.01, subdivision 16, paragraph (3).

Subd. 4. [RETIREMENT ANNUITY RECALCULATION.] If the person obtains credit for additional salary and allowable service, the public employees retirement association shall recalculate the person's retirement annuity on the basis of any greater final average salary and the additional service and shall pay any difference between the old annuity and the recalculated annuity retroactively to the date of the person's retirement. Any retroactive amounts must be paid as soon as practicable.

Sec. 2. [POSTRETIREMENT ADJUSTMENT FOR CERTAIN RETIRED TEACHER.]

Subdivision 1. [RETIREMENT EFFECTIVE DATE.] In order to determine the effective date of retirement for the purposes of paying postretirement adjustments under Minnesota Statutes, section 11A.18, an annuitant from the teachers retirement association who terminated employment with the Roseau school district on June 30, 1982, and whose application for retirement was postmarked July 1, 1982, shall be deemed to have retired effective July 1, 1982.

Subd. 2. [APPROPRIATION.] The appropriate amount of required reserves is appropriated from the teachers retirement fund to the Minnesota postretirement investment fund to make a retroactive payment on the first day of the month next following the date of the ruling of the administrative hearing required by subdivision 3 of the adjustments an annuitant described in subdivision 1 would have received from January 1, 1984, to the last day of the month next following the date of the ruling of the administrative hearing required by subdivision 3, and to fund the reserves necessary to support an adjusted benefit for the annuitant for the future.

Subd. 3. [ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING.] The teachers retirement association shall hold an administrative hearing under Minnesota Statutes, sections 14.57 to 14.62, to determine the date on which the annuitant described in subdivision 1 mailed the application for retirement to the teachers retirement association. Notice of the hearing must be provided within 30 days of the effective date of this section and the hearing must be held as soon as practicable after that notice is provided.

Subd. 4. [EFFECT OF HEARING.] Subdivisions 1 and 2 are effective if the administrative hearing required by subdivision 3 results in a finding of fact that the annuitant described in subdivi-

sion 1 mailed the application for retirement to the teachers retirement association on or before June 30, 1982.

Sec. 3. [ALBANY COMMUNITY HOSPITAL EMPLOYEES.]

Subdivision 1. [REFUND OF CONTRIBUTIONS.] A member of the public employees retirement association who was employed by the Albany community hospital on the date the hospital was taken over by a private corporation or organization is entitled upon application to be paid a refund of accumulated employee and employer contributions made by or on behalf of the employee to the association, plus interest on those contributions at the rate of six percent a year. If an employee has previously received a refund of employee contributions, only the accumulated employer contributions plus interest may be refunded. No employer additional contributions may be refunded. A refund of contributions may be made only to a federal income tax qualified individual retirement account established by or on behalf of the person.

Subd. 2. [DEFERRED ANNUITY.] If an employee described in subdivision 1 had at least five years of allowable service credit, the employee may elect to receive, in lieu of the refund, a deferred annuity under Minnesota Statutes, section 353.34, subdivision 3, notwithstanding the length of service requirements contained in that subdivision. An employee eligible for a deferred annuity who has previously received a refund of employee contributions may reinstate the employee's eligibility for a deferred annuity by repaying the amount refunded, including any interest received, to the association, and any deferred annuities augmentation may be computed only from the date of the refund repayment.

Subd. 3. [DEADLINE.] Refunds must be paid or options must be exercised and repayments of refunds made by July 1, 1988.

Sec. 4. [CANBY COMMUNITY HOSPITAL EMPLOYEES.]

Subdivision 1. [REFUND OF CONTRIBUTIONS.] A member of the public employees retirement association who was employed by the Canby community hospital district No. 1 on the date the hospital was taken over by a private corporation or organization and whose public employment was thus terminated, may, by filing a valid application, elect to be paid a refund of accumulated employee and employer contributions made by or on behalf of the employee to the association, plus interest on those contributions at the rate of six percent a year. If an employee has previously received a refund of employee contributions, only the accumulated employer contributions plus interest may be refunded. No employer additional contributions may be refunded. A refund of contributions may be made only to a federal income tax qualified individual retirement account established by or on behalf of the person.

Subd. 2. [DEADLINE.] Refunds must be paid within 90 days of exercise of the option. Options must be exercised by July 1, 1988.

**Sec. 5. [STEARNS COUNTY HISTORICAL SOCIETY EMPLOYEE.]**

Notwithstanding the amendment of section 353.01, subdivision 2a, by Laws 1986, chapter 458, section 11, which excluded county historical society employees not employed by the county from membership in the public employees retirement association, an employee of the Stearns county historical society who was born on April 2, 1923, and who was a society employee on March 26, 1986, may elect to retain membership in and retirement coverage by the public employees retirement association. Notice of intent to retain membership must be given to the association within 60 days after the effective date of this section. Any contributions refunded under Laws 1986, chapter 458, section 33, on behalf of the employee must be repaid with interest at the rate of 6.5 percent a year, compounded annually, to the association within the 60-day period.

**Sec. 6. [ST. PAUL TEACHERS RETIREMENT FUND ASSOCIATION BYLAW AMENDMENT.]**

In accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 354A.12, subdivision 4, approval is granted for the St. Paul teachers retirement fund association to amend its bylaws, with effect retroactive to July 1, 1986, as follows:

(1) article IV of the bylaws, section 4, paragraph 1, clause (a), governing the payment of service and deferred pensions, may be amended by removing any limitation on employment as a retired member in any capacity by the city of St. Paul; and

(2) article IV of the bylaws, section 4, paragraph 1, governing the payment of service and deferred pensions, may be amended by adding clause (c) to provide that any person who was on a leave of absence from independent school district No. 625 on January 1, 1987, who was employed by the city of St. Paul while on that leave before January 1, 1987, and who applied for, but withdrew, an application for retirement with the fund association before January 1, 1987, is considered to have filed a valid application for retirement on January 1, 1987, in the form of the previously filed application and is eligible to be paid a retirement allowance retroactive to January 1, 1987.

**Sec. 7. [HIBBING ELECTED OFFICIAL.]**

Notwithstanding the "incumbency" provision of Minnesota Statutes, section 353.01, subdivision 7, and rules to the contrary adopted by the board of the public employees retirement association, a person who served on the Hibbing city council and elected membership in

the association from January 1, 1983, and who terminated service on the council on November 25, 1986, after being reelected to the council for a term beginning January 6, 1987, may not be considered a member of the association with respect to service rendered as an elected official after the termination date of November 25, 1986, but may elect to become a member of the association under section 353.01, subdivision 7, for service rendered as an elected official on or after January 1, 1987.

Sec. 8. [PLYMOUTH VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS.]

Subdivision 1. [EXCLUSION FROM CERTAIN RETIREMENT COVERAGE.] A volunteer firefighter serving with the Plymouth fire department is excluded from the definition of "public employee" in Minnesota Statutes, section 353.01, subdivision 2, and may not be a member of the public employees police and fire fund. Compensation paid to a Plymouth volunteer firefighter is excluded from the definition of "salary" in section 353.01, subdivision 10.

Subd. 2. [DEFINITION OF VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTER.] A volunteer firefighter for purposes of subdivision 1 is a person who is not scheduled to serve on a full-time basis, who serves on call for emergency duty as a regular active member of the Plymouth municipal fire department, and who receives no compensation for that service or whose compensation for that service is not based on or is not a multiple of any rate of compensation being paid that person by the Plymouth municipal fire department for duty other than on call emergency duty, training duty, or equipment maintenance duty.

Subd. 3. [REFUND.] A volunteer firefighter who is excluded from membership by subdivision 1 shall be entitled to a refund of member contributions to the public employees retirement association or the public employees police and fire fund based on compensation as a volunteer firefighter, plus simple interest at the rate of six percent a year, if the person or the city of Plymouth demonstrates to the satisfaction of the executive director of the association the amount of contributions made by the person on behalf of service as a volunteer firefighter.

Sec. 9. [LEGISLATIVE INTENT.]

It is the finding of the legislature that the special refund provisions authorized in sections 3 and 4 are a unique response to two unique situations and it is the intent of the legislature that this response will not be considered for any allegedly similar situations.

Sec. 10. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1 to 7 and 9 are effective the day following final enactment. Section 8 is effective July 1, 1987.

## ARTICLE 8

## STATE BOARD OF INVESTMENT CHANGES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 11A.04, is amended to read:

## 11A.04 [DUTIES AND POWERS.]

The state board shall:

(1) Act as trustees for each fund for which it invests or manages money in accordance with the standard of care set forth in section 11A.09.

(2) Formulate policies and procedures deemed necessary and appropriate to carry out its functions. Procedures adopted by the board shall allow fund beneficiaries and members of the public to become informed of proposed board actions. Procedures and policies of the board shall not be subject to the administrative procedure act.

(3) Employ an executive director as provided in section 11A.07.

(4) Employ investment advisors and consultants as it deems necessary.

(5) Prescribe policies concerning personal investments of all employees of the board to prevent conflicts of interest.

(6) Maintain a record of its proceedings.

(7) As it deems necessary, establish advisory committees subject to the provisions of section 15.059 to assist the board in carrying out its duties.

(8) Not permit state funds to be used for the underwriting or direct purchase of municipal securities from the issuer or the issuer's agent.

(9) Direct the state treasurer to sell property other than money which has escheated to the state when the board determines that sale of the property is in the best interest of the state. Escheated property shall be sold to the highest bidder in the manner and upon terms and conditions prescribed by the board.

(10) Undertake any other activities necessary to implement the duties and powers set forth in this section.

(11) Establish a formula or formulas to measure management performance and return on investment. All public pension funds in the state shall utilize the formula or formulas developed by the state board.

(12) Except as otherwise provided in article XI, section 8 of the constitution of the state of Minnesota, employ, at its discretion, qualified private firms to invest and manage the assets of funds over which the state board has investment management responsibility. There is annually appropriated to the state board, from the assets of the funds for which the state board utilizes a private investment manager, sums sufficient to pay the costs therefor. Each year, by January 15, the board shall report to the governor and legislature on the cost and the investment performance of each investment manager employed by the board.

(13) Adopt an investment policy statement that includes investment objectives, asset allocation, and the investment management structure for the retirement fund assets under its control. The statement may be revised at the discretion of the state board. The state board shall seek the advice of the council regarding its investment policy statement. Adoption of the statement is not subject to chapter 14.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 11A.24, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [GOVERNMENT OBLIGATIONS.] The state board may invest funds in governmental bonds, notes, bills, mortgages and other fixed obligations, including evidences of indebtedness provided the issue is backed by the full faith and credit of the issuer or the issue is rated among the top four quality rating categories by a nationally recognized rating agency. The obligations in which the board may invest under this subdivision include guaranteed or insured issues of (a) the United States, its agencies, its instrumentalities, or organizations created and regulated by an act of Congress; (b) Canada and its provinces, provided the principal and interest is payable in United States dollars; (c) the states and their municipalities, political subdivisions, agencies or instrumentalities, where backed by the state's full faith and credit or if the issuer has not been in default in payments of principal or interest within the past ten years or in the case of revenue bonds the obligor has been completely self-supporting for the five prior years; (d) the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the Inter-American Development Bank, the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, or any other United States Government sponsored organization of which the United States is a member, provided the principal and interest is payable in United States dollars and the issues are rated in the highest quality category by a nationally recognized rating agency.



Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 11A.24, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [CORPORATE OBLIGATIONS.] The state board may invest funds in bonds, notes, debentures, transportation equipment obligations, or any other longer term evidences of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by a corporation organized under the laws of the United States or any state thereof, or the Dominion of Canada or any province thereof if they conform to the following provisions:

(a) the principal and interest of obligations of corporations incorporated or organized under the laws of the Dominion of Canada or any province thereof shall be payable in United States dollars; and

(b) obligations shall be rated among the top four quality categories by a nationally recognized rating agency;

(c) ~~for unrated obligations, the corporation shall have issued other similar securities rated according to clause (b) or: (i) the consolidated net pretax earnings of corporations other than banks and finance corporations shall have been on average for the preceding five years at least three times the annual interest charges on total funded debt applicable to that period; or (ii) the consolidated net pretax earnings of banks and finance corporations shall have been on average for the preceding five years at least 2.4 times the annual interest charges on total funded debt applicable to that period.~~

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 11A.24, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [OTHER OBLIGATIONS.] The state board may invest funds in bankers acceptances, certificates of deposit, commercial paper, mortgage participation certificates and pools, repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements, guaranteed investment contracts, and savings accounts if they conform to the following provisions:

(a) ~~bankers acceptances of United States banks shall be limited to those eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System issued by banks rated in the highest four quality categories by a nationally recognized rating agency;~~

(b) ~~certificates of deposit shall be limited to those issued by United States banks and savings institutions that meet the collateral requirements established in section 9.031, unless sufficient volume is unavailable at competitive interest rates. In that event, noncollateralized certificates of deposit may be purchased from United States banks and savings institutions that are rated in the highest quality category by a nationally recognized rating agency are rated in the highest four quality categories by a nationally recognized rating agency or whose certificates of deposit are fully~~

insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation. Sections 16A.58 and 16B.06 do not apply to certifications of deposit and collateralization agreements executed by the state board;

(c) commercial paper shall be limited to those issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, shall be of the highest quality and mature in 270 days or less rated in the highest two quality categories by a nationally recognized rating agency;

(d) mortgage participation or pass through certificates evidencing interests in pools of first mortgages or trust deeds on improved real estate located in the United States where the loan to value ratio for each loan as calculated in accordance with section 61A.28, subdivision 3 does not exceed 80 percent for fully amortizable residential properties and in all other respects meets the requirements of section 61A.28, subdivision 3. In addition the state board may purchase from the Minnesota housing finance agency all or any part of any pool of residential mortgages, not in default, which has previously been financed by the issuance of bonds or notes of the agency. The state board may also enter into a commitment with the agency, at the time of any issue of bonds or notes, to purchase at a specified future date, not exceeding 12 years from the date of the issue, the amount of mortgage loans then outstanding and not in default, which have been made or purchased from the proceeds of the bonds or notes. The state board may charge reasonable fees for any such commitment, and may agree to purchase the mortgage loans at a price such that the yield thereon to the state board will, in its judgment, be comparable to that available on similar mortgage loans at the date of the bonds or notes. The state board may also enter into agreements with the agency for the investment of any portion of the funds of the agency for such period, with such withdrawal privileges, and at such guaranteed rate of return, if any, as may be agreed between the state board and the agency.

(e) collateral for repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements shall be limited to letters of credit and securities authorized in this section;

(f) guaranteed investment contracts shall be limited to those issued by insurance companies rated in the top four quality categories by a nationally recognized rating agency;

(g) savings accounts shall be limited to those fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 11A.24, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [CORPORATE STOCKS.] The state board may invest funds in stocks or convertible issues of any corporation organized under the laws of the United States or the states thereof, the Dominion of Canada or its provinces, or any corporation listed on the New York Stock Exchange or the American Stock Exchange, if they conform to the following provisions:

(a) The aggregate value of corporate stock investments, as adjusted for realized profits and losses, shall not exceed ~~75~~ 85 percent of the market or book value, whichever is less, of a fund, less the aggregate value of investments according to subdivision 6;

(b) Investments shall not exceed five percent of the total outstanding shares of any one corporation.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 11A.24, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [OTHER INVESTMENTS.] (a) In addition to the investments authorized in subdivisions 1 to 5, and subject to the provisions in clause (b), the state board may invest funds in:

(1) Venture capital investment businesses through participation in limited partnerships and corporations;

(2) Real estate ownership interests or loans secured by mortgages or deeds of trust through investment in limited partnerships, bank sponsored collective funds, trusts, and insurance company commingled accounts, including separate accounts;

(3) Regional and mutual funds through bank sponsored collective funds and open-end investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940; and

(4) Resource investments through limited partnerships, private placements and corporations; and

(5) Debt obligations not subject to subdivision 3.

(b) The investments authorized in clause (a) may only be made if they conform to the following provisions:

(1) The aggregate value of all investments made according to clause (a) shall not exceed ~~20~~ 35 percent of the market value of the fund for which the state board is investing;

(2) There shall be at least four unrelated owners of the investment other than the state board for investments made under paragraph (a), clause (1), (2), (3), or (4);

(3) State board participation in an investment vehicle shall be limited to 20 percent thereof for investments made under paragraph (a), clause (1), (2), (3), or (4); and

(4) State board participation in a limited partnership does not include a general partnership interest or other interest involving general liability. The state board shall not engage in any activity as a limited partner which creates general liability.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 11A.25, is amended to read:

#### 11A.25 [ADDITIONAL INVESTMENT PROVISIONS.]

When investing assets of any funds or accounts specifically made subject to this section or not otherwise referred to in sections 11A.01 to 11A.25, all securities shall be debt obligations ~~maturing within three years of the date of purchase~~ and shall conform to the applicable provisions of section 11A.24.

Sec. 8. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1 to 7 are effective the day following final enactment.

## ARTICLE 9

### REDUCED VESTING REQUIREMENTS AND MODIFIED WORKERS' COMPENSATION OFFSETS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352.113, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [AGE AND SERVICE REQUIREMENTS.] Any employee covered by the system who is less than 65 years of age who becomes totally and permanently disabled after ~~ten~~ five or more years of allowable service and any employee who is at least 50 years of age but less than 65 years of age who becomes totally and permanently disabled after five or more years of allowable service shall be entitled to a disability benefit in an amount provided in subdivision 3. If such disabled employee's state service has terminated at any time, at least ~~five~~ three years of allowable service must have been rendered after last becoming a state employee covered by the system.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352.115, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [AGE AND SERVICE REQUIREMENTS.] After separation from state service any employee (a) who has attained the age of at least 55 years and who is entitled to credit for not less than ~~ten~~ five years allowable service or (b) who has received credit for not less than 30 years allowable service regardless of age is entitled upon application to a retirement annuity.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352.12, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [SURVIVING SPOUSE BENEFIT.] If an employee or former employee who has attained the age of at least 50 years and has credit for not less than ~~ten~~ five years allowable service or who has credit for not less than 30 years of allowable service, regardless of age attained, dies before an annuity or disability benefit has become payable, notwithstanding any designation of beneficiary to the contrary, the surviving spouse of the employee may elect to receive, in lieu of the refund with interest provided in subdivision 1, an annuity equal to the joint and 100 percent survivor annuity which the employee could have qualified for had the employee terminated service on the date of death. The surviving spouse may apply for the annuity at any time after the date on which the deceased employee would have attained the required age for retirement based on the employee's allowable service. The annuity shall be computed as provided in sections 352.115, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3, and 352.116, subdivisions 1 and 3. Sections 352.22, subdivision 3, and 352.72, subdivision 2, apply to a deferred annuity payable under this subdivision. The annuity shall cease with the last payment received by the surviving spouse in the lifetime of the surviving spouse. An amount equal to the excess, if any, of the accumulated contributions which were credited to the account of the deceased employee over and above the total of the benefits paid and payable to the surviving spouse shall be paid to the deceased employee's last designated beneficiary or, if none, to the surviving children of the deceased spouse in equal shares or, if none, to the surviving parents of the deceased spouse or, if none, to the representative of the estate of such deceased spouse. Any employee may request in writing that this subdivision not apply and that payment be made only to a designated beneficiary as otherwise provided by this chapter.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352.22, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [DEFERRED ANNUITY.] (1) Any employee with at least ~~ten~~ five years of allowable service when such termination occurs may elect to leave the accumulated contributions in the fund and thereby be entitled to a deferred retirement annuity. This annuity shall be computed in the manner provided by the law in effect at the time state service terminated, on the basis of allowable service prior to termination of service.

(2) An employee on layoff or on leave of absence without pay, except a leave of absence for health reasons, who does not return to state service shall have any annuity, deferred annuity or other benefit to which the employee may become entitled computed under the law in effect on the last working day.

(3) No application for a deferred annuity shall be made more than 60 days prior to the time the former employee reaches the required age for entitlement to the payment of the annuity. The deferred annuity shall begin to accrue no earlier than 60 days prior to the date the application is filed in the office of the system, but in no event prior to the date the employee reaches the required age for entitlement to the annuity nor prior to the day following the termination of state service in a position not covered by the retirement system nor prior to the day following the termination of employment in a position which requires the employee to be a member of either the public employees retirement association or the teachers retirement association.

(4) Application for the accumulated contributions left on deposit with the fund may be made at any time after 30 days following the date of termination of service.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352.72, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ENTITLEMENT TO ANNUITY.] Any person who has been an employee covered by the Minnesota state retirement system, or a member of the public employees retirement association including the public employees retirement association police and firefighters' fund, or the teachers retirement association, or the state patrol retirement association, or any other public employee retirement system in the state of Minnesota having a like provision but excluding all other funds providing benefits for police officers or firefighters shall be entitled when qualified to an annuity from each fund if total allowable service in all funds or in any two of these funds totals ~~ten~~ five or more years, provided no portion of the allowable service upon which the retirement annuity from one fund is based is again used in the computation for benefits from another fund and provided further that a refund has not been taken from any one of these funds since service entitling the employee to coverage under the system or the employee's membership in any of the associations last terminated. The annuity from each fund shall be determined by the appropriate provisions of the law except that the requirement that a person must have at least ~~ten~~ five years allowable service in the respective system or association shall not apply for the purposes of this section provided the combined service in two or more of these funds equals ~~ten~~ five or more years.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352.93, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. After separation from state service an employee covered under section 352.91 who has attained the age of at least 55 years and has credit for not less than a total of ~~ten~~ five years of covered correctional service and regular Minnesota state retirement system service shall be entitled upon application to a retirement annuity under this section based only on covered correctional employees' service. Application may be made no earlier than 60 days prior to the date the employee is eligible to retire by reason of both age and service requirements.

For the purpose of this section, average salary means the average of the monthly salary during the employees' highest five successive years of salary as an employee covered by the Minnesota state retirement system.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352B.08, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Every member who is credited with ~~ten~~ five or more years of allowable service shall be entitled to separate from such state service and upon attaining the age of 55 years, shall be entitled to receive a life annuity, upon separation from state service. Members shall make application for an annuity in a form and manner prescribed by the executive director. No application may be made more than 60 days prior to the date the member is eligible to retire by reason of both age and service requirements. An annuity shall begin to accrue no earlier than 90 days prior to the date the application is filed with the executive director.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352B.11, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [DEATH; PAYMENT TO SPOUSE AND CHILDREN.] In the event any member serving actively as a member, a member receiving the disability benefit provided by section 352B.10, clause (1), or a former member receiving a disability benefit as provided by section 352B.10, clause (3) dies from any cause, the surviving spouse and dependent child or dependent children shall be entitled to benefit payments as follows:

(a) A member with at least ~~ten~~ five years of allowable service or a former member with at least 20 years of allowable service is deemed to have elected a 100 percent joint and survivor annuity payable to a surviving spouse only on or after the date the member or former member attained or would have attained the age of 55.

(b) The surviving spouse of a member who had credit for less than ~~ten~~ five years of service shall receive, for life, a monthly annuity equal to 20 percent of that portion of the average monthly salary of the member from which deductions were made for retirement. If the

surviving spouse remarries, the annuity shall cease as of the date of the remarriage.

(c) The surviving spouse of a member who had credit for at least ~~ten~~ five years of service and who dies after attaining 55 years of age, may elect to receive a 100 percent joint and survivor annuity, for life, notwithstanding a subsequent remarriage, in lieu of the annuity prescribed in clause (b).

(d) The surviving spouse of any member who had credit for ~~ten~~ five years or more and who was not 55 years of age at death, shall receive the benefit equal to 20 percent of the average monthly salary as described in clause (b) until the deceased member would have reached the age of 55 years, and beginning the first of the month following that date, may elect to receive the 100 percent joint and survivor annuity. If the surviving spouse remarries prior to the deceased member's 55th birthdate, all benefits or annuities shall cease as of the date of remarriage. Remarriage subsequent to the deceased member's 55th birthday shall not affect the payment of the benefit.

(e) Each dependent child shall receive a monthly annuity equal to ten percent of that portion of the average monthly salary of the former member from which deductions were made for retirement. A dependent child over the age of 18 years and under the age of 22 years also may receive the monthly benefit provided herein, if the child is continuously attending an accredited school as a full time student during the normal school year as determined by the director. If the child does not continuously attend school but separates from full time attendance during any portion of a school year, the annuity shall cease at the end of the month of separation. In addition, a payment of \$20 per month shall be prorated equally to surviving dependent children when the former member is survived by one or more dependent children. Payments for the benefit of any qualified dependent child shall be made to the surviving spouse, or if there be none, to the legal guardian of the child. The maximum monthly benefit shall not exceed 40 percent of the average monthly salary for any number of children.

(f) If the member shall die under circumstances which entitle the surviving spouse and dependent children to receive benefits under the workers' compensation law, amounts equal to the workers' compensation benefits received by them shall not be deducted from the benefits payable pursuant to this section.

(g) The surviving spouse of a deceased former member who had credit for ~~ten~~ five or more years of allowable service, but excluding the spouse of a former member receiving a disability benefit under the provisions of section 352B.10, clause (3), shall be entitled to receive the 100 percent joint and survivor annuity at such time as the deceased member would have reached the age of 55 years,



provided the surviving spouse has not remarried prior to that date. In the event of the death of a former member who does not qualify for other benefits under this chapter, the surviving spouse or, if none, the children or heirs shall be entitled to receive a refund of the accumulated deductions left in the fund plus interest at the rate of five percent per annum compounded annually.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352B.30, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ENTITLEMENT TO ANNUITY.] Any person who has been an employee covered by the Minnesota state retirement system, or a member of the public employees retirement association including the public employees retirement association police and firefighters' fund, or the teachers retirement association, or the state patrol retirement fund, or any other public employee retirement system in the state of Minnesota having a like provision but excluding all other funds providing benefits for police or firefighters shall be entitled when qualified to an annuity from each fund if total allowable service in all funds or in any two of these funds totals ~~ten~~ five or more years, provided no portion of the allowable service upon which the retirement annuity from one fund is based is again used in the computation for benefits from another fund and provided further that the member has not taken a refund from any one of these funds since service entitling the member to coverage under the system or membership in any of the associations last terminated. The annuity from each fund shall be determined by the appropriate provisions of the law except that the requirement that a person must have at least ~~ten~~ five years allowable service in the respective system or association shall not apply for the purposes of this section provided the combined service in two or more of these funds equals five or more years.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.29, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [AGE AND ALLOWABLE SERVICE REQUIREMENTS.] Upon separation from public service any person who has attained the age of at least 65 years and who received credit for not less than ~~ten~~ five years of allowable service is entitled upon application to a retirement annuity. Such retirement annuity is known as the "normal" retirement annuity.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.29, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [AVERAGE SALARY.] In calculating the annuity under subdivision 3, "average salary" means an amount equivalent to the average of a member's highest salary upon which employee contributions were paid for any five successive years of allowable service, based on dates of salary periods as listed on salary deduction

reports. The five successive years average salary may not include any reduced salary paid during a period in which the employee is entitled to benefit payments from workers' compensation for temporary disability, unless the average salary is higher, including this period.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.30, subdivision 1c, is amended to read:

Subd. 1c. Any person who has received credit for at least 30 years of allowable service or any person who has attained the age of at least 55 years but not more than 65 years, and who received credit for at least ~~ten~~ five years of allowable service is entitled upon application to a retirement annuity in an amount equal to the normal annuity provided in section 353.29, subdivisions 2 and 3, reduced by one-quarter of one percent for each month that the member is under age 65 at the time of retirement, except that for any member who has 30 or more years of allowable service the reduction shall be applied only for each month that the member is under age 62 at the time of retirement.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.32, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. [SURVIVING SPOUSE OPTIONAL ANNUITY.] If a member or former member who has attained the age of at least 50 years and has credit for not less than ~~ten~~ five years of allowable service, or who has credit for not less than 30 years of allowable service, regardless of age attained, dies before the annuity or disability benefit has become payable, notwithstanding any designation of beneficiary to the contrary, the surviving spouse may elect to receive, in lieu of a refund with interest provided in subdivision 1, or survivor benefits otherwise payable pursuant to section 353.31, an annuity equal to the 100 percent joint and survivor annuity which the member could have qualified for had the member terminated service on the date of death. The surviving spouse may apply for the annuity at any time after the date on which the deceased employee would have attained the required age for retirement based on the employee's allowable service. The annuity shall be computed as provided in sections 353.29, subdivisions 2 and 3; and 353.30, subdivisions 1, 1a, 1b and 1c. Sections 353.34, subdivision 3, and 353.71, subdivision 2, apply to a deferred annuity payable under this subdivision. No payment shall accrue beyond the end of the month in which entitlement to the annuity has terminated. An amount equal to the excess, if any, of the accumulated contributions which were credited to the account of the deceased employee over and above the total of the annuities paid and payable to the surviving spouse shall be paid to the deceased member's last designated beneficiary or, if none, to the legal representative of the estate of the deceased member. Any member may specify in writing that this subdivision

shall not apply and that payment shall be made only to the designated beneficiary, as otherwise provided by this chapter.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.33, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [AGE, SERVICE AND SALARY REQUIREMENTS.] Any member who becomes totally and permanently disabled before age 65 and after ~~ten~~ five years of allowable service ~~or~~ after age 50 but before age 65 with five years of allowable service, ~~whichever is sooner,~~ shall be entitled to a disability benefit in an amount provided in subdivision 3. If such disabled person's public service has terminated at any time, at least ~~five~~ three of the required ~~ten~~ five years of allowable service must have been rendered after last becoming a member. Any member whose average salary is less than \$75 per month shall not be entitled to a disability benefit. No repayment of a refund otherwise authorized pursuant to section 353.34 and no purchase of prior service or payment made in lieu of salary deductions otherwise authorized pursuant to section 353.01, subdivision 16, 353.017, subdivision 4, or 353.36, subdivision 2 may be made after the occurrence of the disability for which an application pursuant to this section is filed.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.33, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [BENEFITS PAID UNDER WORKERS' COMPENSATION LAW.] Disability benefits paid shall be reimbursed and future benefits shall be reduced by any amounts received or receivable, including temporary total, permanent total, temporary partial or permanent partial benefits, in either periodic or lump sum payments from the employer under applicable workers' compensation laws, after deduction of amount of attorney fees, authorized under applicable workers' compensation laws, paid by a disabilitant if the total of the single life annuity actuarial equivalent disability benefit and the workers' compensation benefit exceeds: (1) the salary the disabled member received as of the date of the disability or (2) the salary currently payable for the same employment position or an employment position substantially similar to the one the person held as of the date of the disability, whichever is greater. The disability benefit must be reduced to that amount which, when added to the workers' compensation benefits, does not exceed the greater of the salaries described in clauses (1) and (2).

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.33, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5a. [BENEFITS PAID UNDER WORKERS' COMPENSATION LAW.] A disabled member who is eligible to receive a disability benefit under subdivision 5 as of June 30, 1987, and whose disability benefit amount had been reduced prior to July 1, 1987, as

a result of the receipt of workers' compensation benefits, must have the disability benefit payment amount restored, as of July 1, 1987, calculated in accordance with subdivision 5. However, a disabled member is not entitled to receive retroactive repayment of any disability benefit amounts lost before July 1, 1987, as a result of the reduction required before that date because of the receipt of workers' compensation benefits.

Any disability benefit overpayments made before July 1, 1987, and occurring because of the failure to reduce the disability benefit payment to the extent required because of the receipt of workers' compensation benefits, may be collected by the association through the reduction of disability benefit or annuity payment made on or after July 1, 1987, until the overpayment is fully recovered.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.34, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [DEFERRED ANNUITY; ELIGIBILITY; COMPUTATION.] Any person with at least ~~ten~~ five years of allowable service when termination of public service occurs shall have the option of leaving the accumulated deductions in the fund and thereby be entitled to a deferred retirement annuity commencing at age 65 or for a deferred early retirement annuity pursuant to section 353.30, subdivisions 1, 1a, 1b or 1c. The deferred annuity shall be computed in the manner provided in section 353.29, subdivisions 2 and 3, on the basis of the law in effect on the date of termination of public service and shall be augmented as provided in section 353.71, subdivision 2. Any person qualified to apply for a deferred retirement annuity may revoke this option at any time prior to the commencement of deferred annuity payments by making application for a refund. The person shall be entitled to a refund of accumulated member contributions within 30 days following date of receipt of the application by the executive director.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.651, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [AGE AND ALLOWABLE SERVICE REQUIREMENTS.] Upon separation from public service, any police officer or firefighter member who has attained the age of at least 55 years and who received credit for not less than ~~ten~~ five years of allowable service is entitled upon application to a retirement annuity. Such retirement annuity is known as the "normal" retirement annuity.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.651, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [AVERAGE SALARY.] In calculating the annuity under subdivision 3, "average salary" means an amount equivalent to the

average of the highest salary earned as a police officer or firefighter upon which employee contributions were paid for any five successive years of allowable service.

The five successive years average salary may not include any reduced salary paid during a period in which the employee is entitled to benefit payments from workers' compensation for temporary disability unless the average salary is higher, including this period.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.656, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [BENEFITS PAID UNDER WORKERS' COMPENSATION LAW.] If a member, as described in subdivision 1, is injured under circumstances which entitle the member to receive benefits under the workers' compensation law, the member shall receive the same benefits as provided in subdivision 1, with disability benefits paid reimbursed and future benefits reduced by all periodic or lump sum amounts paid to the member under the workers' compensation law, after deduction of amount of attorney fees, authorized under applicable workers' compensation laws, paid by a disabilitant if the total of the single life annuity actuarial equivalent disability benefit and the workers' compensation benefit exceeds: (1) the salary the disabled member received as of the date of the disability or (2) the salary currently payable for the same employment position or an employment position substantially similar to the one the person held as of the date of the disability, whichever is greater. The disability benefit must be reduced to that amount which, when added to the workers' compensation benefits, does not exceed the greater of the salaries described in clauses (1) and (2).

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.656, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2a. A disabled member who is eligible to receive a disability benefit under subdivision 2 as of June 30, 1987, and whose disability benefit amount had been reduced prior to July 1, 1987, as a result of the receipt of workers' compensation benefits, must have the disability benefit payment amount restored, as of July 1, 1987, calculated in accordance with subdivision 2. However, a disabled member is not entitled to receive retroactive repayment of any disability benefit amounts lost before July 1, 1987, as a result of the reduction required before that date because of the receipt of workers' compensation benefits.

Any disability benefit overpayments made before July 1, 1987, and occurring because of the failure to reduce the disability benefit payment to the extent required because of the receipt of workers' compensation benefits, may be collected by the association through

the reduction of disability benefit or annuity payment made on or after July 1, 1987, until the overpayment is fully recovered.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.657, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. If a member who has attained the age of at least 50 years and has credit for not less than ~~ten~~ five years allowable service dies before public service has terminated, or if an employee who has filed a valid application for an annuity or disability benefit prior to termination of public service dies before the annuity or benefit has become payable, notwithstanding any designation of beneficiary to the contrary, the surviving spouse may elect to receive, in lieu of a refund with interest provided in section 353.32, subdivision 1, or survivor benefits otherwise payable pursuant to subdivisions 1 and 2, an annuity equal to the 100 percent joint and survivor annuity which the member could have qualified for on the date of death, computed as provided in sections 353.651, subdivisions 2 and 3, and 353.30, subdivision 3. The surviving spouse may apply for the annuity at any time after the date on which the deceased employee would have attained the required age for retirement based on the employee's allowable service. Sections 353.34, subdivision 3, and 353.71, subdivision 2, apply to a deferred annuity payable under this subdivision. No payment shall accrue beyond the end of the month in which entitlement to such annuity has terminated. An amount equal to the excess, if any, of the accumulated contributions which were credited to the account of the deceased employee over and above the total of the annuities paid and payable to the surviving spouse shall be paid to the deceased member's last designated beneficiary or, if none, to the legal representative of the estate of such deceased member. Any member may request in writing that this subdivision not apply and that payment be made only to the designated beneficiary, as otherwise provided by this chapter.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.71, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ELIGIBILITY.] Any person who has been a member of the public employees retirement association, or the Minnesota state retirement system, or the teachers retirement association, or any other public retirement system in the state of Minnesota having a like provision, except a fund providing benefits for police officers or firefighters governed by sections 69.77 or 69.771 to 69.776, shall be entitled when qualified to an annuity from each fund if the total allowable service in all funds or in any two of these funds totals ~~ten~~ five or more years, provided no portion of the allowable service upon which the retirement annuity from one fund is based is again used in the computation for benefits from another fund and provided further that the person has not taken a refund from any one of these funds since the person's membership in that association or system last terminated. The annuity from each fund shall be determined by

the appropriate provisions of the law except that the requirement that a person must have at least ~~ten~~ five years of allowable service in the respective association or system shall not apply for the purposes of this section provided the combined service in two or more of these funds equals ~~ten~~ five or more years.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 354.44, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [REQUIREMENTS AS TO AGE AND SERVICE.] Any member or former member who ceases or has ceased to render teaching services in any school or institution covered by the provisions of this chapter, and who has attained the age of at least 55 years with not less than ~~ten~~ five years allowable service, or who has received credit for not less than 30 years allowable service regardless of age, is entitled upon written application to a retirement annuity.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 354.46, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [DEATH WHILE ELIGIBLE DESIGNATED BENEFICIARY BENEFIT.] The surviving spouse of any member or former member who has attained the age of at least 50 years and has credit for at least ~~ten~~ five years of allowable service or who has credit for at least 30 years of allowable service irrespective of age shall be entitled to joint and survivor annuity coverage in the event of death of the member prior to retirement. If the surviving spouse does not elect to receive a surviving spouse benefit provided pursuant to subdivision 1, if applicable, or does not elect to receive a refund of accumulated member contributions provided pursuant to section 354.47, subdivision 1, or 354.62, subdivision 5, clause (3), whichever is applicable, the surviving spouse shall be entitled to receive, upon written application on a form prescribed by the executive director, a benefit equal to the second portion of a 100 percent joint and survivor annuity as provided pursuant to section 354.45 and computed pursuant to section 354.44, subdivision 2, 6 or 7, whichever is applicable. The surviving spouse may apply for the annuity at any time after the date on which the deceased employee would have attained the required age for retirement based on the employee's allowable service. Sections 354.44, subdivisions 6 and 7, and 354.60 apply to a deferred annuity payable under this section. If the member was a participant in the variable annuity division, the applicable portion of the benefit shall be computed pursuant to section 354.62, subdivision 5, clause (1). The benefit shall be payable for life.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 354.48, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [AGE, SERVICE AND SALARY REQUIREMENTS.] Any member who became totally and permanently dis-

abled after at least ~~ten~~ five years of allowable service or after age 50 with five years of allowable service, whichever is sooner shall be entitled to a disability benefit in an amount provided in subdivision 3. If such disabled person's teaching service has terminated at any time, at least ~~five~~ three of the required ~~ten~~ five years of allowable service must have been rendered after last becoming a member. Any member whose average salary is less than \$75 per month shall not be entitled to disability benefits.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 354.49, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Any person who has attained the age of at least 65 with less than ~~ten~~ five years of credited allowable service shall be entitled to receive a refund in an amount equal to the person's accumulated deductions plus interest in lieu of a proportionate annuity pursuant to section 356.32 except those covered under the provisions of section 354.44, subdivisions 6 or 7 in which case the refund shall be an amount equal to the accumulated deductions credited to the person's account as of June 30, 1957 and after July 1, 1957 the accumulated deductions plus interest at the rate of five percent compounded annually.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 354.60, is amended to read:

354.60 [SERVICE IN OTHER PUBLIC RETIREMENT FUNDS; ANNUITY.]

Any person who has been a member of the Minnesota state retirement system or the public employees retirement association including the public employees retirement association police and fire fund or the teachers retirement association or the Minnesota state patrol retirement association, or any other public employee retirement system in the state of Minnesota having a like provision but excluding all other funds providing benefits for police officers or firefighters shall be entitled when qualified to an annuity from each fund if the person's total allowable service in all three funds or in any two of these funds totals ~~ten~~ five or more years, provided no portion of the allowable service upon which the retirement annuity from one fund is based is again used in the computation for benefits from another fund and provided further that the person has not taken a refund from any one of these three funds since the person's membership in that association has terminated. The annuity from each fund shall be determined by the appropriate provisions of the law except that the requirement that an annuitant have at least ~~ten~~ five years' membership service or ~~ten~~ five years of allowable service in the respective association shall not apply for the purposes of this section provided the combined service in two or more of these funds equals ~~ten~~ five or more years.



Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 354A.31, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [AGE AND SERVICE REQUIREMENTS.] Any coordinated member or former coordinated member who has ceased to render teaching service for the school district in which the teachers retirement fund association exists and who has either attained the age of at least 55 years with not less than ~~ten~~ five years of allowable service credit or received credit for not less than 30 years of allowable service regardless of age, shall be entitled upon written application to a retirement annuity.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 354A.31, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [UNREDUCED NORMAL RETIREMENT ANNUITY.] Upon retirement at age 65 with at least ~~ten~~ five years of service credit or at age 62 with at least 30 years of service credit, a coordinated member shall be entitled to a normal retirement annuity calculated pursuant to subdivision 4.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 354A.31, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [REDUCED RETIREMENT ANNUITY.] Upon retirement at an age prior to age 65 with ~~ten~~ five years of service credit or prior to age 62 with at least 30 years of service credit, a coordinated member shall be entitled to a retirement annuity in an amount equal to the normal retirement annuity reduced by one-half of one percent for each month that the coordinated member is under the age of 65 if the coordinated member has less than 30 years of service credit or is under the age of 62 if the coordinated member has at least 30 years of service credit but is over the age of 59, and reduced by one-fourth of one percent for each month that the coordinated member is under the age of 60.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 354A.35, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [DEATH WHILE ELIGIBLE TO RETIRE; SURVIVING SPOUSE OPTIONAL ANNUITY.] The surviving spouse of any coordinated member who has attained the age of at least 50 years and has credit for at least ~~ten~~ five years of service or has credit for at least 30 years of service regardless of age shall be entitled to joint and survivor annuity coverage in the event of death of the member prior to retirement. The surviving spouse may apply for the annuity at any time after the date on which the deceased employee would have attained the required age for retirement based on the employee's allowable service. The member's surviving spouse shall be paid a joint and survivor annuity as provided in section 354A.32 and computed pursuant to section 354A.31. Sections 354A.37,

subdivision 2, and 354A.39 apply to a deferred annuity payable under this section. The benefits shall be payable for life.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 354A.36, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [MINIMUM AGE, SERVICE AND SALARY REQUIREMENTS.] Any coordinated member who has either at least ~~ten~~ five years of allowable service credit or attained the age of at least ~~50~~ years with at least five years of allowable service credit, has an average salary of at least \$75 per month and has become totally and permanently disabled shall be entitled to a disability benefit. If the disabled coordinated member's allowable service credit has not been continuous, at least ~~five~~ three years of the required allowable service shall be required to have been rendered subsequent to the last interruption in service.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 354A.39, is amended to read:

354A.39 [SERVICE IN OTHER PUBLIC RETIREMENT FUNDS; ANNUITY.]

Any person who has been a member of the Minnesota state retirement system, the public employees retirement association including the public employees retirement association police and fire fund, the teachers retirement association, the Minnesota state patrol retirement association, the legislators retirement plan, the constitutional officers retirement plan, the Minneapolis employees retirement fund, the Duluth teachers retirement fund association new law coordinated program, the Minneapolis teachers retirement fund association coordinated program, the St. Paul teachers retirement fund association coordinated program, or any other public employee retirement system in the state of Minnesota having a like provision but excluding all other funds providing retirement benefits for police officers or firefighters shall be entitled when qualified to an annuity from each fund if the person's total allowable service in all of the funds or in any two or more of the funds totals ~~ten~~ five or more years, provided that no portion of the allowable service upon which the retirement annuity from one fund is based is used again in the computation for a retirement annuity from another fund and provided further that the person has not taken a refund from any of funds or associations since the person's membership in the fund or association has terminated. The annuity from each fund or association shall be determined by the appropriate provisions of the law governing each fund or association, except that the requirement that a person must have at least ~~ten~~ five years of allowable service in the respective fund or association shall not apply for the purposes of this section, provided that the aggregate service in two or more of these funds equals ~~ten~~ five or more years.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 356.30, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ELIGIBILITY; COMPUTATION OF ANNUITY.]

(1) Notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary of the laws governing the funds enumerated in subdivision 3, a person who has met the qualifications of clause (2) may elect to receive a retirement annuity from each fund in which the person has at least six months allowable service, based on the allowable service in each fund, subject to the provisions of clause (3).

(2) A person may receive upon retirement, in lieu of any augmentation of deferred annuities provided by laws governing the funds enumerated in subdivision 3, a retirement annuity from each fund in which the person has at least six months allowable service if

(a) the person has allowable service totaling ~~ten~~ five or more years in any two or more of the enumerated funds;

(b) the person has at least six months of allowable service with the last such fund earned during the last period of employment; and

(c) the person has not begun to receive an annuity from any enumerated fund or the person has made application for benefits from all funds within a six-month period.

(3) The retirement annuity from each fund shall be based upon the allowable service in each fund, except that:

(a) The laws governing annuities shall be the law in effect on the date of final termination from the last public service under a covered fund.

(b) The "average salary" on which the annuity from each covered fund in which the employee has credit in a formula plan shall be based on the employee's highest five successive years of covered salary during the entire service in covered funds.

(c) The formula percentages to be used by each fund shall be those percentages prescribed by each fund's formula as continued for the respective years of allowable service from one fund to the next, recognizing all previous allowable service with the other covered funds.

(d) Allowable service in all the funds shall be combined in determining eligibility for and the application of each fund's provisions in respect to actuarial reduction in the benefit amount for retirement prior to normal retirement.

(e) The benefit amount payable for any allowable service under a nonformula plan of a covered fund shall not be affected but such service and covered salary shall be used in the above calculation.

(f) This section shall not apply to any person whose final termination from the last public service under a covered fund is prior to May 1, 1975.

(g) For the purpose of computing benefits under this section the formula percentages used by any covered fund shall in no event exceed 2½ percent per year of service for any year of service or fraction thereof.

(h) Any period of time for which a person has credit in more than one of the covered funds shall be used only once for the purpose of determining total allowable service.

(i) If the period of duplicated service credit is more than six months, or the person has credit for more than six months with each of the funds, each fund shall apply its formula to a prorated service credit for the period of duplicated service based on a fraction of the salary on which deductions were paid to that fund for the period divided by the total salary on which deductions were paid to all funds for the period.

(j) If the period of duplicated service credit is less than six months, or when added to other service credit with that fund is less than six months, the service credit shall be ignored and a refund of contributions made to the person in accord with that fund's refund provisions.

#### Sec. 36. [423A.19] [REDUCED VESTING REQUIREMENT.]

Subdivision 1. [REDUCED VESTING.] Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, for a police or salaried firefighters relief association that implements the provision with municipal approval as provided in subdivision 4, a person with at least five years of service credited by the relief association is entitled, upon termination of active service and reaching at least the required normal retirement age, to receive a pro rata monthly service pension. The pro rata monthly service pension must be calculated in the amount and manner specified by the board of trustees, but not to exceed that portion of the service pension payable upon meeting the minimum age and years of service requirements that bears the same relationship that the person's actual years and portions of years of service bear to the minimum service requirement.

Subd. 2. [SURVIVOR BENEFIT COVERAGE.] A person entitled to or receiving a reduced vesting service pension as provided in subdivision 1 is entitled to surviving spouse benefit coverage, surviving child benefit coverage, or both, if all other qualification

requirements are met. The survivor benefit must be calculated in the amount and manner specified by the board of trustees, but not to exceed that portion of survivor benefit payable to a survivor of a deceased retired member who had met the minimum years of service requirement that bears the same relationship that the actual years and portions of years of service of the person bear to the minimum service requirement for a service pension.

Subd. 3. [POSTRETIREMENT ADJUSTMENTS.] A reduced vesting service pension as provided in subdivision 1 or a survivor benefit payable on behalf of a deceased person entitled to or receiving a reduced vesting service pension as provided in subdivision 2 is entitled to postretirement adjustments if the comparable pension or benefit payable when the full minimum service requirement has been met is subject to postretirement adjustments. The postretirement adjustment must be the same percentage increase as the postretirement adjustment for the comparable pension or benefit payable when the full minimum service requirement has been met.

Subd. 4. [IMPLEMENTATION.] The reduced vesting requirement must be implemented by a local relief association through an amendment to the bylaws of the relief association with approval by the governing body of the municipality as required by section 69.77, subdivision 2i. The bylaw amendment may not be effective until a certified copy of it and the municipal approval has been filed by the municipal clerk with the executive director of the legislative commission on pensions and retirement, the state auditor, and the secretary of state.

Sec. 37. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1 to 36 are effective July 1, 1987.

## ARTICLE 10

### PUBLIC PENSION PLAN LEGAL OPINIONS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 8.07, is amended to read:

8.07 [OPINIONS; COUNTY, CITY, TOWN, PUBLIC PENSION FUND, SCHOOL ATTORNEYS, COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION.]

The attorney general on application shall give an opinion, in writing, to county, city, town, public pension fund attorneys, or the attorneys for the board of a school district or unorganized territory on questions of public importance; and on application of the commissioner of education shall give an opinion, in writing, upon any

question arising under the laws relating to public schools. On all school matters such opinion shall be decisive until the question involved shall be decided otherwise by a court of competent jurisdiction.

Sec. 2. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Section 1 is effective on July 1, 1987.

## ARTICLE 11

### MISCELLANEOUS CORRECTIONS

Section 1. [CORRECTION; FIRST CLASS CITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT FUND AUDIT RESPONSIBILITY.]

Subdivision 1. [CORRECTION TO REFERENCE.] Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 354A.021, subdivision 7, added by H. F. No. 1213, article 7, section 1, if enacted at the 1987 regular session, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [AUDIT BY LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR.] The books and accounts of each teachers retirement fund association must be examined and audited periodically as considered necessary by the state auditor. A full and detailed report of the examination and audit must be made and a copy provided to the teachers retirement fund association board of trustees. The cost of any examination and audit must be paid by the teachers retirement fund association in accordance with section 6.56. For purposes of section 6.56, each teachers retirement fund association is considered a state agency local governmental entity equivalent to a county, city, town, or school district.

Subd. 2. [EFFECTIVE DATE.] Subdivision 1 is effective July 1, 1987.

Sec. 2. [CORRECTION; EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Subdivision 1. [CLARIFICATION OF EFFECTIVE DATE.] A law styled as H. F. No. 1213, article 7, section 2, if enacted at the 1987 regular session, is amended to read:

Sec. 2. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

This article is effective July 1, 1987, regarding the responsibility to audit all financial transactions occurring after June 30, 1987.

Subd. 2. [EFFECTIVE DATE.] Subdivision 1 is effective on the day following final enactment.

Sec. 3. [CORRECTION; ERRONEOUS DATE REFERENCE.]

Subdivision 1. [DATE REFERENCE CORRECTION.] A law styled as H. F. No. 1026, section 81, if enacted at the 1987 regular session, is amended to read:

Sec. 81. [TRANSITIONAL PROVISION.]

In establishing the correctional employees retirement fund under section 20, the board of directors of the Minnesota state retirement system shall allocate the assets currently held by the state employees retirement fund between that fund and the newly created fund. The assets shall be allocated based on the actuarial valuations of the state employees retirement plan and the correctional employees retirement plan prepared by the actuary retained by the legislative commission on pensions and retirement as of July 1, ~~1986~~ 1987, and adjusted for the actual receipts of contributions and investment income and actual disbursements of benefits, refunds, and administrative expenses attributable to the correctional employees retirement plan occurring between July 1, 1987, and the date on which the correctional employees retirement fund is established.

Subd. 2. [EFFECTIVE DATE.] Subdivision 1 is effective on the day following final enactment of H. F. No. 1026, at the 1987 regular session.

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to retirement; modifying various statewide public safety pension plan provisions; modifying various nonstatewide public safety pension plan provisions; authorizing modifications in Minneapolis teacher's retirement fund association benefit plan; authorizing various purchases of prior service credit; establishing an ambulance service personnel retirement plan; limiting the uses of public pension plan assets; authorizing various miscellaneous retirement benefit modifications; making various changes in the investment authority of the state board of investment; lowering service requirements for vesting; modifying workers' compensation benefit offsets; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 11A.04; 11A.24, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6; 11A.25; 69.80; 352.01, subdivision 2B; 352.113, subdivision 1; 352.115, subdivision 1; 352.12, subdivision 2; 352.22, subdivision 3; 352.72, subdivision 1; 352.85, subdivision 1; 352.91, subdivision 4; 352.93, subdivision 1; 352B.08, subdivision 1; 352B.11, subdivision 2; 352B.30, subdivision 1; 353.01, subdivision 2a; 353.29, subdivisions 1 and 2; 353.30, subdivision 1c; 353.32, subdivision 1a; 353.33, subdivisions 1, 5, and by adding a subdivision; 353.34, subdivision 3; 353.64, by adding a subdivision; 353.651, subdivisions 1 and 2; 353.656, subdivisions 2,

3, and by adding a subdivision; 353.657, subdivision 2a; 353.71, subdivision 1; 354.44, subdivision 1; 354.46, subdivision 2; 354.48, subdivision 1; 354.49, subdivision 3; 354.60; 354A.31, subdivisions 1, 5, and 6; 354A.35, subdivision 2; 354A.36, subdivision 1; 354A.39; 356.20, subdivision 2; 356.30, subdivisions 1 and 3; 356.32, subdivision 2; 424.04; and 424A.02, subdivision 9; Laws 1949, chapter 406, section 4, subdivisions 2 and 3, as amended, section 5, subdivisions 1 and 3, as amended, and section 6, subdivision 1, as amended; Laws 1967, chapter 678, section 2, as amended, chapter 751, section 2; Laws 1971, chapter 614, section 1, subdivision 2, as amended; Laws 1977, chapter 169, section 1, subdivision 1a, as amended; and Laws 1980, chapter 607, article 15, section 9; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 356 and 423A; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapters 353A, 353B and 356A."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: WAYNE SIMONEAU, GERALD KNICKERBOCKER AND LEO J. REDING.

Senate Conferees: DARRIL WEGSCHEID AND DONALD M. MOE.

Simoneau moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 1159 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1159, A bill for an act relating to retirement; public pension plan or fund assets; prohibiting certain transfers or uses of assets; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 356.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 127 yeas and 4 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Carlson, L.	Greenfield	Jennings	Knuth
Battaglia	Carruthers	Gruenes	Jensen	Kostohryz
Beard	Clark	Gutknecht	Johnson, A.	Krueger
Begich	Clausnitzer	Hartle	Johnson, R.	Larsen
Bennett	Cooper	Haukoos	Kahn	Lasley
Bertram	DeBlicck	Heap	Kalis	Lieder
Bishop	Dille	Himle	Kelly	Long
Blatz	Dorn	Hugoson	Kelso	Marsh
Boo	Forsythe	Jacobs	Kinkel	McDonald
Brown	Frederick	Jaros	Kludt	McEachern
Carlson, D.	Frerichs	Jefferson	Knickerbocker	McKasy



McLaughlin	Olson, E.	Quist	Seaberg	Tunheim
McPherson	Olson, K.	Redalen	Segal	Uphus
Milbert	Omann	Reding	Shaver	Valento
Miller	Onnen	Rest	Simoneau	Vanasek
Minne	Orenstein	Rice	Skoglund	Vellenga
Morrison	Osthoff	Richter	Solberg	Voss
Munger	Otis	Riveness	Sparby	Wagenius
Murphy	Ozment	Rodosovich	Stanius	Waltman
Nelson, C.	Pappas	Rose	Steensma	Welle
Nelson, D.	Pauly	Rukavina	Sviggum	Wenzel
Nelson, K.	Pelowski	Sarna	Swenson	Wynia
Neuenschwander	Peterson	Schafer	Thiede	Spk. Norton
O'Connor	Poppenhagen	Scheid	Tjornhom	
Ogren	Price	Schoenfeld	Tompkins	
Olsen, S.	Quinn	Schreiber	Trimble	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, R.      Dauner                  Dempsey                  Winter

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

#### CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 1015

A bill for an act relating to motorboat safety; providing for enforcement of sanctions for operation of a motorboat while under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 361.121, subdivisions 2 and 3, and by adding subdivisions.

May 17, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 1015, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment and that H. F. No. 1015 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 84.87, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [OPERATION GENERALLY.] It shall be unlawful for any person to drive or operate any snowmobile in the following unsafe or harassing ways:

(a) At a rate of speed greater than reasonable or proper under all the surrounding circumstances;

(b) In a careless, reckless or negligent manner so as to endanger the person or property of another or to cause injury or damage thereto;

(c) While under the influence of an alcoholic beverage or a controlled substance;

~~(d) Without a lighted head and tail light when required for safety;~~

(e) ~~(d) In any tree nursery or planting in a manner which damages or destroys growing stock.~~

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 84.87, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2b. [OPERATING UNDER INFLUENCE OF ALCOHOL OR CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE.] A person in control of or operating a snowmobile under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance is governed by the prohibitions and chemical testing requirements of sections 3 and 4 and is punishable in accordance with those sections.

Sec. 3. [84.91] [OPERATION OF SNOWMOBILES AND ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLES UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF ALCOHOL OR CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES.]

Subdivision 1. [ACTS PROHIBITED.] (a) No person shall operate or be in physical control of any snowmobile or all-terrain vehicle anywhere in this state or on the ice of any boundary water of this state while under the influence of:

(1) alcohol, as provided in section 169.121, subdivision 1, clauses (a) and (d);

(2) a controlled substance, as defined in section 152.01, subdivision 4; or

(3) a combination of any two or more of the elements named in clauses (1) and (2).

(b) No owner or other person having charge or control of any snowmobile or all-terrain vehicle shall authorize or permit any individual the person knows or has reason to believe is under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance, as provided under paragraph (a), to operate the snowmobile or all-terrain vehicle anywhere in this state or on the ice of any boundary water of this state.

(c) No owner or other person having charge or control of any snowmobile or all-terrain vehicle shall knowingly authorize or permit any person, who by reason of any physical or mental disability is incapable of operating the vehicle, to operate the snowmobile or all-terrain vehicle anywhere in this state or on the ice of any boundary water of this state.

Subd. 2. [ARREST.] Conservation officers of the department of natural resources, sheriffs, sheriff's deputies, and other peace officers may arrest a person for a violation under subdivision 1 without a warrant upon probable cause, if the violation was committed in the officer's presence. If the violation did not occur in the officer's presence, the officer may arrest the person if the person was involved in a snowmobile or all-terrain vehicle accident resulting in death, personal injury, or property damage.

Subd. 3. [PRELIMINARY SCREENING TEST.] When an officer authorized under subdivision 2 to make arrests has reason to believe from the manner in which a person is operating, controlling, or acting upon departure from a snowmobile or all-terrain vehicle, or has operated or been in control of the vehicle, that the operator may be violating or has violated subdivision 1, paragraph (a), the officer may require the operator to provide a breath sample for a preliminary screening test using a device approved by the commissioner of public safety for this purpose. The results of the preliminary screening test shall be used for the purpose of deciding whether an arrest should be made under this section and whether to require the chemical tests authorized in section 4, but may not be used in any court action except to prove that a test was properly required of an operator under section 4. Following the preliminary screening test, additional tests may be required of the operator as provided under section 4. An operator who refuses a breath sample is subject to the provisions of section 4 unless, in compliance with that section, the operator submits to a blood, breath, or urine test to determine the presence of alcohol or a controlled substance.

Subd. 4. [EVIDENCE.] In a prosecution for a violation of subdivision 1, paragraph (a), the admission of evidence of the amount of alcohol or a controlled substance in the person's blood, breath, or urine, is governed by section 361.12, subdivision 4.

Subd. 5. [PENALTIES.] (a) A person who violates any prohibition contained in subdivision 1 is guilty of a misdemeanor. A person who violates any prohibition contained in subdivision 1 within five years of a prior conviction under that subdivision or civil liability under section 4, subdivision 2, or within ten years of two or more prior convictions under that subdivision or civil liability under section 4, subdivision 2, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

(b) A person who operates a snowmobile or all-terrain vehicle during the period the person is prohibited from operating the vehicle under subdivision 6 is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Subd. 6. [OPERATING PRIVILEGES SUSPENDED.] Upon conviction, and in addition to any penalty imposed under subdivision 5, the person is prohibited for one year from operating a snowmobile or all-terrain vehicle, whichever was involved in the violation.

Subd. 7. [DUTIES OF COMMISSIONER.] The court shall promptly forward to the commissioner copies of all convictions and criminal and civil penalties imposed under subdivision 5 and section 4, subdivision 2. The commissioner shall notify the convicted person of the period during which the person is prohibited from operating a snowmobile or all-terrain vehicle under subdivision 6 or section 4, subdivision 2. The commissioner shall also periodically circulate to appropriate law enforcement agencies a list of all persons who are prohibited from operating a snowmobile or all-terrain vehicle under subdivision 6 or section 4, subdivision 2.

Subd. 8. [IMMUNITY FROM LIABILITY.] The state or political subdivision that employs an officer who is authorized under subdivision 2 to make an arrest for violations of subdivision 1 is immune from any liability, civil or criminal, for the care or custody of the snowmobile or all-terrain vehicle being operated by or in the physical control of the person arrested if the officer acts in good faith and exercises due care.

Sec. 4. [84.911] [CHEMICAL TESTING.]

Subdivision 1. [MANDATORY CHEMICAL TESTING.] A person who operates or is in physical control of a snowmobile or all-terrain vehicle anywhere in this state or on the ice of any boundary water of this state is required, subject to the provisions of this section, to take or submit to a test of the person's blood, breath, or urine for the purpose of determining the presence and amount of alcohol or a controlled substance. The test shall be administered at the direction of an officer authorized to make arrests under section 3, subdivision 2. Taking or submitting to the test is mandatory when requested by an officer who has probable cause to believe the person was operating or in physical control of a snowmobile or all-terrain vehicle in violation of section 3, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), and one of the following conditions exists:

(1) the person has been lawfully placed under arrest for violating section 3, subdivision 1, paragraph (a);

(2) the person has been involved while operating a snowmobile or all-terrain vehicle in an accident resulting in property damage, personal injury, or death;

(3) the person has refused to take the preliminary screening test provided for in section 3, subdivision 3; or

(4) the screening test was administered and recorded an alcohol concentration of 0.10 or more.

Subd. 2. [PENALTIES; REFUSAL; REVOCATION OF SNOWMOBILE OR ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLE OPERATING PRIVILEGE.] (a) If a person refuses to take a test required under subdivision 1, none must be given, but the officer authorized to make arrests under section 3, subdivision 2, shall report the refusal to the commissioner of natural resources and to the authority having responsibility for prosecution of misdemeanor offenses for the jurisdiction in which the incident occurred that gave rise to the test demand and refusal.

On certification by the officer that probable cause existed to believe the person had been operating or in physical control of a snowmobile or all-terrain vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance, and that the person refused to submit to testing, the commissioner shall impose a civil penalty of \$500 and shall prohibit the person from operating a snowmobile or all-terrain vehicle, whichever was involved in the violation, for a period of one year.

On behalf of the commissioner, an officer requiring a test or directing the administration of a test shall serve on a person who refused to permit a test immediate notice of intention to prohibit the operation of a snowmobile or all-terrain vehicle, and to impose the civil penalty set forth in this subdivision. If the officer fails to serve a notice of intent to suspend operating privileges, the commissioner may notify the person by mail, and the notice is deemed received three days after mailing. The notice must advise the person of the right to obtain administrative and judicial review as provided in this section. The prohibition imposed by the commissioner takes effect ten days after receipt of the notice. The civil penalty is imposed on receipt of the notice and must be paid within 30 days of imposition.

(b) A person who operates a snowmobile or all-terrain vehicle during the period the person is prohibited from operating the vehicle as provided under paragraph (a) is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Subd. 3. [RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS.] At the time a test is requested, the person must be informed:

(1) that Minnesota law requires a person to take a test to determine if the person is under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance;

(2) that if the person refuses to take the test, the person is subject to a civil penalty of \$500 and is prohibited for a one-year period from operating a snowmobile or an all-terrain vehicle, as provided under subdivision 2;

(3) that if testing is refused it will not affect the person's motor vehicle driver's license;

(4) that if the test is taken and the results indicate that the person is under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance, the person will be subject to criminal penalties and in addition to any other penalties the court may impose, the person's operating privileges will be suspended as provided under section 3, subdivision 6;

(5) that, after submitting to testing, the person has the right to have additional tests made by someone of the person's own choosing; and

(6) that a refusal to take a test will be offered into evidence against the person at trial.

Subd. 4. [REQUIREMENT OF URINE TEST.] Notwithstanding subdivision 1, if there is probable cause to believe there is impairment by a controlled substance that is not subject to testing by a breath test, a blood or urine test may be required even after a breath test has been administered.

Subd. 5. [CHEMICAL TESTS.] Chemical tests administered under this section are governed by section 361.121, subdivisions 5, 6, and 7.

Subd. 6. [JUDICIAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW; ENFORCEMENT.] Judicial and administrative review of sanctions imposed under this section is governed by sections 8, 9, and 10. Payment and enforcement of the civil penalty imposed under this section is governed by sections 12 and 13.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 84.928, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [OPERATING UNDER INFLUENCE OF ALCOHOL OR CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE.] A person may not operate or be in control of an all-terrain vehicle anywhere in this state or on the ice of any boundary water of this state while under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance, as provided in section 169.121, subdivision 1, or a controlled substance defined in section 152.01, subdivision 4. A person violating this subdivision is guilty of a crime and is punishable in accordance with the provisions of section 169.121, subdivisions 3 and is subject to section 4.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 169.121, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 11. [APPLICABILITY.] For purposes of this section and section 169.123, "motor vehicle" does not include a snowmobile as

defined in section 84.81, or an all-terrain vehicle as defined in section 84.92.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 361.121, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [PENALTIES; REFUSAL; REVOCATION OF MOTOR-BOAT OPERATING PRIVILEGE.] (a) If a person who refuses to take a test required under subdivision 1 is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$700 and, in addition, the person is prohibited from operating any motorboat on the waters of this state for a period of one year, none must be given, but the officer authorized to make arrests under section 361.12, subdivision 2, shall report the refusal to the commissioner of natural resources and to the authority having responsibility for prosecution of misdemeanor offenses for the jurisdiction in which the incident occurred that gave rise to the test demand and refusal.

On certification by the officer that probable cause existed to believe the person had been operating or in physical control of a motorboat while under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance, and that the person refused to submit to testing, the commissioner shall impose a civil penalty of \$500 and shall prohibit the person from operating any motorboat on the waters of this state for a period of one year. If the person refusing to submit to testing is under the age of 18 years at the time of the refusal, the person's watercraft operator's permit shall be revoked by the commissioner as set forth in this subdivision and a new permit after the revocation must be issued only after the person successfully completes a watercraft safety course.

On behalf of the commissioner, an officer requiring a test or directing the administration of a test shall serve on a person who refused to permit a test immediate notice of intention to impose the civil penalty set forth in this subdivision, to prohibit the operation of motorboats, and to revoke a watercraft operator's permit. The officer shall take any watercraft operator's permit held by the person, and shall send the permit to the commissioner along with the certification provided for in this subdivision. If the officer fails to serve a notice of intent to revoke, the commissioner may notify the person by mail, and the notice is deemed received three days after mailing. The notice must advise the person of the right to obtain administrative and judicial review as provided in this section. The prohibition and revocation, if any, shall take effect ten days after receipt of the notice. The civil penalty is imposed on receipt of the notice, and shall be paid within 30 days of imposition.

(b) A person who operates a motorboat on the waters of this state during the period the person is prohibited from operating any motorboat as provided under paragraph (a) is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 361.121, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2a. [ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW.] At any time during the period of prohibition or revocation imposed under this section, the person may request in writing a review of the order imposing sanctions under this section. If the person makes a request for administrative review within 30 days following receipt of a notice and order imposing sanctions, the request shall stay imposition of the civil penalty. Upon receiving the request for review, the commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall review the order, the evidence upon which the order was based, and any other material information brought to the attention of the commissioner, and determine whether sufficient cause exists to sustain the order. Within 15 days after receiving the request, the commissioner shall issue a written report ordering that the prohibition, revocation, or civil penalty be either sustained or rescinded. The review provided in this subdivision is not subject to the contested case provisions of the administrative procedure act in sections 14.01 to 14.70. The availability of administrative review has no effect upon the availability of judicial review under this section.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 361.121, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2b. [JUDICIAL REVIEW.] Within 30 days following receipt of a notice and order imposing sanctions under this section, a person may petition the court for review. The petition must be filed with the court administrator of the county, municipal, or unified trial court in the county where the incident occurred which gave rise to the test demand and refusal, together with proof of service of a copy on the commissioner and the prosecuting authority for misdemeanor offenses for the jurisdiction in which the incident occurred. A responsive pleading is not required of the commissioner of natural resources, and court fees may not be charged for the appearance of the representative of the commissioner in the matter.

The petition must be captioned in the name of the person making the petition as petitioner and the commissioner as respondent. The petition must state specifically the grounds upon which the petitioner seeks rescission of the order imposing sanctions.

The filing of the petition does not stay the revocation or prohibition against operation of a motorboat. However, the filing of a petition stays imposition of the civil penalty. The judicial review shall be conducted according to the rules of civil procedure.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 361.121, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:



Subd. 2c. [HEARING.] A hearing under this section must be before a municipal, county, or unified trial court judge in the county where the incident occurred which gave rise to the test demand and refusal. The hearing must be to the court, and may be conducted at the same time as hearings upon pretrial motions in the criminal prosecution under section 361.12. The hearing must be recorded. The commissioner must be represented by the prosecuting authority for misdemeanor offenses for the jurisdiction in which the incident occurred which gave rise to the test demand and refusal.

The hearing must be held at the earliest practicable date and in any event no later than 60 days following the filing of the petition for review. The reviewing court may order a temporary stay of the balance of the prohibition or revocation if the hearing has not been conducted within 60 days after filing of the petition, upon the application of the petitioner and upon terms the court deems proper.

The scope of the hearing must be limited to the issues of:

(1) whether the officer had probable cause to believe that the person was operating or in physical control of a motorboat in violation of section 361.12;

(2) whether one of the conditions in subdivision 1 existed;

(3) whether the person was informed as prescribed in subdivision 3; and

(4) whether the person refused to submit to testing.

It is an affirmative defense for the petitioner to prove that, at the time of the refusal, the petitioner's refusal to permit the test was based upon reasonable grounds.

The court shall order that the prohibition or revocation be either sustained or rescinded, and shall either sustain or rescind the civil penalty. The court shall forward a copy of the order to the commissioner.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 361.121, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS.] At the time a test is requested, the person must be informed:

(1) that Minnesota law requires a person to take a test to determine if the person is under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance;

(2) that a person is subject to a civil penalty ~~not to exceed \$700 of~~ \$500 for refusing to take the test and, in addition, the person is prohibited from operating any motorboat, as provided under subdivision 2, for refusing to take the test;

(3) that if testing is refused it will not affect the person's motor vehicle driver's license;

(4) that if the test is taken and the results indicate that the person is under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance, the person will be subject to criminal penalties and in addition to any other penalties the court may impose, the person's operating privileges will be suspended as provided under section 361.12, subdivision 6, paragraph (a);

(5) that, after submitting to testing, the person has the right to have additional tests made by someone of the person's own choosing; and

(6) that a refusal to take a test will be offered into evidence against the person at trial.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 361.121, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 8. [CIVIL PENALTY; PAYMENT.] The civil penalty imposed under subdivision 2 must be paid to the political subdivision that represents the commissioner on the petition for judicial review or, in the event that no petition is filed, to the political subdivision that would have represented the commissioner had a petition been filed. If a person does not pay the civil penalty, the prohibition against operating motorboats is automatically extended until the political subdivision reports in writing to the commissioner that the penalty has been paid.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 361.121, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 9. [CIVIL PENALTY; ENFORCEMENT.] If a person does not pay the civil penalty imposed under subdivision 2 within 30 days of the time the penalty was imposed, the prosecuting authority representing the commissioner may petition the municipal, county, or unified court in the jurisdiction where the incident occurred to file the order imposing the civil penalty as an order of the court. Once entered, the order may be enforced in the same manner as a final judgment of the court. In addition to the penalty, attorney's fees, costs, and interest may be assessed against any person who fails to pay the civil penalty.

Sec. 14. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1 to 6 are effective August 1, 1987. Sections 7 to 13 are effective the day following final enactment, and apply to all proceedings begun on or after that date.

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to motorboat and motor vehicle safety; providing for enforcement of sanctions for operation of snowmobiles, all-terrain vehicles, and motorboats while under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance; providing for revocation of privilege to operate snowmobile or all-terrain vehicle as sanction for implied consent violation; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 84.87, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 84.928, subdivision 3; 169.121, by adding a subdivision; 361.121, subdivisions 2 and 3, and by adding subdivisions; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 84."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: ANN H. REST, KENNETH J. KLUDT AND KATHLEEN A. BLATZ.

Senate Conferees: DONNA C. PETERSON, JIM RAMSTAD AND GENE MERRIAM.

Rest moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 1015 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1015, A bill for an act relating to motorboat safety; providing for enforcement of sanctions for operation of a motorboat while under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 361.121, subdivisions 2 and 3, and by adding subdivisions.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 131 yeas and 3 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Bennett	Brown	Clark	Dempsey
Battaglia	Bertram	Burger	Clausnitzer	Dille
Bauerly	Bishop	Carlson, D.	Cooper	Dorn
Beard	Blatz	Carlson, L.	Dauner	Forsythe
Begich	Boo	Carruthers	DeBlieck	Frederick

Frerichs	Knickerbocker	Neuenschwander	Rest	Swenson
Greenfield	Knuth	O'Connor	Rice	Thiede
Gruenes	Kostohryz	Ogren	Richter	Tjornhom
Gutknecht	Krueger	Olsen, S.	Riveness	Tompkins
Hartle	Larsen	Olson, E.	Rodosovich	Trimble
Haukoos	Lasley	Olson, K.	Rose	Tunheim
Heap	Lieder	Omann	Rukavina	Uphus
Himle	Long	Onnen	Sarna	Valento
Hugoson	Marsh	Orenstein	Schafer	Vanasek
Jaros	McDonald	Osthoff	Scheid	Vellenga
Jefferson	McEachern	Otis	Schoenfeld	Voss
Jennings	McKasy	Ozment	Schreiber	Wagenius
Jensen	McLaughlin	Pappas	Seaberg	Waltman
Johnson, A.	McPherson	Pauly	Segal	Welle
Johnson, R.	Milbert	Pelowski	Shaver	Wenzel
Johnson, V.	Miller	Peterson	Simoneau	Winter
Kahn	Morrison	Poppenhagen	Skoglund	Wynia
Kalis	Munger	Price	Solberg	Spk. Norton
Kelly	Murphy	Quinn	Sparby	
Kelso	Nelson, C.	Quist	Stanius	
Kinkel	Nelson, D.	Redalen	Steensma	
Kludt	Nelson, K.	Reding	Sviggum	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, R.      Jacobs      Minne

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

#### CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 706

A bill for an act relating to juveniles; clarifying certain recent changes to the juvenile court act; clarifying the hearing and records procedures of the juvenile court; providing for the enforcement of juvenile court restitution orders; permitting administrative docketing of certain unpaid county reimbursements; clarifying certain crime victim notification and protection laws; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 260.155, subdivisions 1 and 1a; 260.156; 260.161; 260.185, by adding a subdivision; 548.091, subdivision 1; 595.02, subdivision 4; 609.115, subdivision 1; 609.3471; 611A.031; and 611A.035; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 611A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 609.115, subdivisions 1b and 1c; and 636.08.

May 14, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 706, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment and that H. F. No. 706 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

“Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 260.155, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [GENERAL.] Except for hearings arising under section 260.261, hearings on any matter shall be without a jury and may be conducted in an informal manner. The rules of evidence promulgated pursuant to section 480.0591 and the law of evidence shall apply in adjudicatory proceedings involving a child alleged to be delinquent, a habitual truant, a runaway, a juvenile petty offender, or a juvenile alcohol or controlled substance offender, and hearings conducted pursuant to section 260.125 except to the extent that the rules themselves provide that they do not apply. Hearings may be continued or adjourned from time to time and, in the interim, the court may make any orders as it deems in the best interests of the minor in accordance with the provisions of sections 260.011 to 260.301. The court shall exclude the general public from these hearings and shall admit only those persons who, in the discretion of the court, have a direct interest in the case or in the work of the court; except that, the court shall open the hearings to the public in delinquency proceedings where the child is alleged to have committed an offense or has been proven to have committed an offense that would be a felony if committed by an adult and the child was at least 16 years of age at the time of the hearing. In all delinquency cases a person named in the charging clause of the petition as a person directly damaged in person or property shall be entitled, upon request, to be notified by the court administrator in writing, at the named person's last known address, of (1) the date of the reference or adjudicatory hearings, and (2) the disposition of the case. Adoption hearings shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of laws relating to adoptions.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 260.155, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. [RIGHT TO PARTICIPATE IN PROCEEDINGS.] A child who is the subject of a petition, and the parents, guardian, or lawful custodian of the child, and any grandparent of the child with whom the child has resided within the past two years, have the right to participate in all proceedings on a petition. Any grandparent of the child has a right to participate in the proceedings to the same extent as a parent, if the child has lived with the grandparent within the two years preceding the filing of the petition. At the first hearing following the filing of a petition, the court shall ask whether the child has lived with a grandparent within the last two years, except that the court need not make this inquiry if the petition states that the child did not live with a grandparent during this time period.

Failure to notify a grandparent of the proceedings is not a jurisdictional defect.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 260.156, is amended to read:

260.156 [CERTAIN OUT-OF-COURT STATEMENTS ADMISSIBLE.]

An out-of-court statement made by a child under the age of ten years, or a child ~~over the age of ten years of age or older~~ who is mentally impaired, as defined under section 609.341, subdivision 6, alleging, explaining, denying, or describing any act of sexual contact or penetration performed with or on the child or any act of physical abuse or neglect of the child by another, not otherwise admissible by statute or rule of evidence, is admissible in evidence in any dependency or neglect, neglected and in foster care, or domestic child abuse proceeding or any proceeding for termination of parental rights if:

(a) the court finds that the time, content, and circumstances of the statement and the reliability of the person to whom the statement is made provide sufficient indicia of reliability; and

(b) the proponent of the statement notifies other parties of an intent to offer the statement and the particulars of the statement sufficiently in advance of the proceeding at which the proponent intends to offer the statement into evidence, to provide the parties with a fair opportunity to meet the statement.

For purposes of this section, an out-of-court statement includes a video, audio, or other recorded statement.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 260.161, is amended to read:

260.161 [RECORDS.]

Subdivision 1. The juvenile court judge shall keep such minutes and in such manner as the ~~judge court~~ judge deems necessary and proper. The court shall keep and maintain records pertaining to delinquent adjudications until the person reaches the age of 23 years and shall release the records on an individual to a requesting adult court for purposes of sentencing, or to an adult court or juvenile court as required by the right of confrontation of either the United States Constitution or the Minnesota Constitution. The juvenile court shall provide, upon the request of any other juvenile court, copies of the records concerning adjudications involving the particular child. The court shall also keep an index in which files pertaining to juvenile matters shall be indexed under the name of the juvenile child. After

the name of each file shall be shown the file number and, if ordered by the court, the book and page of the register in which the documents pertaining to such file are listed. The court shall also keep a register properly indexed in which shall be listed under the name of the juvenile child all documents filed pertaining ~~thereto~~ to the child and in the order filed. The list shall show the name of the document and the date of filing thereof. The juvenile court legal records shall be deposited in files and shall include the petition, summons, notice, findings, orders, decrees, judgments, and motions and such other matters as the court deems necessary and proper. The legal records maintained in this file shall be open at all reasonable times to the inspection of any minor child to whom the records relate, and to the minor's child's parent and guardian.

Subd. 2. Except as provided in this subdivision and in subdivision 1, and except for legal records arising from proceedings that are public under section 260.155, subdivision 1, none of the records of the juvenile court, including legal records and none of the records relating to an appeal from a nonpublic juvenile court proceeding, except the written appellate opinion, shall be open to public inspection or their contents disclosed except (a) by order of the a court or (b) as required by sections 611A.03, 611A.04, and 611A.06. The records of juvenile probation officers and county home schools are records of the court for the purposes of this subdivision. This subdivision applies to all proceedings under this chapter, including appeals from orders of the juvenile court, except that this subdivision does not apply to proceedings under sections section 260.255 and, 260.261, or 260.315 when the proceeding involves an adult defendant. The court shall maintain the confidentiality of adoption files and records in accordance with the provisions of laws relating to adoptions. In juvenile court proceedings any report or social history furnished to the court shall be open to inspection by the attorneys of record and the guardian ad litem a reasonable time before it is used in connection with any proceeding before the court.

Subd. 3. Peace officers' records of children shall be kept separate from records of persons 18 years of age or older and shall not be open to public inspection or their contents disclosed to the public except by order of the juvenile court or as authorized under chapter 13; except that traffic investigation reports may be open to inspection by a person who has sustained physical harm or economic loss as a result of the traffic accident. No photographs of a child taken into custody for any purpose may be taken without the consent of the juvenile court unless the child is alleged to have violated section 169.121 or 169.129. Any person violating any of the provisions of this subdivision shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Subd. 4. [COURT RECORD RELEASED TO PROSECUTOR.] If a prosecutor has probable cause to believe that a person has committed a gross misdemeanor violation of section 169.121 or has violated section 169.129, and that a prior juvenile court adjudication forms,

in part, the basis for the current violation, the prosecutor may file an application with the court having jurisdiction over the criminal matter attesting to this probable cause determination and seeking the relevant juvenile court records. The court shall transfer the application to the juvenile court where the requested records are maintained, and the juvenile court shall release to the prosecutor any records relating to the person's prior juvenile traffic adjudication, including a transcript, if any, of the court's advisory of the right to counsel and the person's exercise or waiver of that right.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 260.185, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3a. [ENFORCEMENT OF RESTITUTION ORDERS.] If the court orders payment of restitution as a condition of probation and the child fails to pay the restitution ordered before 60 days before the term of probation expires, the child's probation officer shall file a petition for violation of probation or shall ask the court to hold a hearing to determine whether the conditions of probation should be changed. The court shall schedule and hold this hearing before the child's term of probation expires.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 548.091, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DOCKETING OF JUDGMENT.] A judgment for unpaid amounts under a judgment or decree of dissolution or legal separation, determination of parentage, an order under chapter 518C, ~~or~~ an order under section 256.87, or an order under section 260.251, any of which provide for installment or periodic payments of child support, maintenance, or both reimbursement to a county for the cost of care, examination, or treatment of a child, or any combination of those items, shall be entered and docketed by the court administrator only when ordered by the court or when the following conditions are met:

(a) The obligee or the public authority determines that the obligor is at least 30 days in arrears;

(b) The obligee or public authority serves a copy of an affidavit of default and notice of intent to enter judgment on the obligor by mail at the obligor's last known post office address. Service shall be deemed complete upon mailing in the manner designated. The affidavit shall state the full name, occupation, place of residence, and last known post office address of the obligor, the name and post office address of the obligee, the date of the first unpaid amount, the date of the last unpaid amount, and the total amount unpaid;

(c) The obligor fails within 20 days after mailing of the notice either to pay all unpaid amounts or to request a hearing on the issue



of whether arrears claimed owing have been paid and to seek, ex parte, a stay of entry of judgment; and

(d) Not less than 20 days after service on the obligor in the manner provided, the obligee or public authority files with the court administrator the affidavit of default together with proof of service and, if payments have been received by the obligee or public authority since execution of the affidavit of default, a supplemental affidavit setting forth the amount of payment received.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 595.02, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [COURT ORDER.] (a) In a proceeding in which a child less than ten years of age is alleging, denying, or describing an act of physical abuse or an act of sexual contact or penetration performed with or on the child by another, the court may, upon its own motion or upon the motion of any party, order that the testimony of the child be taken in a room other than the courtroom or in the courtroom and televised at the same time by closed-circuit equipment, or recorded for later showing to be viewed by the jury in the proceeding.

(b) At the taking of testimony under this subdivision, only the judge, the attorneys for the defendant and for the state, any person whose presence would contribute to the welfare and well-being of the child, ~~and~~ persons necessary to operate the recording or closed-circuit equipment and, in a child protection proceeding under chapter 260 or a dissolution or custody proceeding under chapter 518, the attorneys for those parties with a right to participate may be present with the child during the child's testimony.

(c) The court shall permit the defendant in a criminal or delinquency matter to observe and hear the testimony of the child in person. If the court, upon its own motion or the motion of any party, determines that the presence of the defendant during testimony taken pursuant to this subdivision would psychologically traumatize the witness so as to render the witness unavailable to testify, the court may order that the testimony be taken in a manner that:

(1) the defendant can see and hear the testimony of the child in person and communicate with counsel, but the child cannot see or hear the defendant; or

(2) the defendant and child can view each other by video or television monitor from separate rooms.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 609.115, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [PRESENTENCE INVESTIGATION.] When a defendant has been convicted of a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor, the court may, and when the defendant has been convicted of a felony, the court shall, before sentence is imposed, cause a presentence investigation and written report to be made to the court concerning the defendant's individual characteristics, circumstances, needs, potentialities, criminal record and social history, the circumstances of the offense and the harm caused by it to others and to the community. The report shall also include the information relating to crime victims required under section 12, subdivision 1. If the court directs, the report shall include an estimate of the prospects of the defendant's rehabilitation and recommendations as to the sentence which should be imposed. In misdemeanor cases the report may be oral.

When a defendant has been convicted of a felony, and before sentencing, the court shall cause a sentencing worksheet to be completed to facilitate the application of the Minnesota sentencing guidelines. The worksheet shall be submitted as part of the presentence investigation report.

The investigation shall be made by a probation officer of the court, if there is one, otherwise by the commissioner of corrections. The officer conducting the presentence or predispositional investigation shall make reasonable and good faith efforts to contact the victim of that crime and to provide that victim with the information required under section 12, subdivision 2.

Pending the presentence investigation and report, the court with the consent of the commissioner may commit the defendant to the custody of the commissioner of corrections who shall return the defendant to the court when the court so orders.

Presentence investigations shall be conducted and summary hearings held upon reports and upon the sentence to be imposed upon the defendant in accordance with this section, section 244.10, and the rules of criminal procedure.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 609.3471, is amended to read:

**609.3471 [RECORDS PERTAINING TO VICTIM IDENTITY CONFIDENTIAL.]**

Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no data contained in records or reports relating to petitions, complaints, or indictments issued pursuant to section 609.342, clause (a), (b), (g), or (h); 609.343, clause (a), (b), (g), or (h); 609.344, clause (a), (b), (e), (f), or (g); or 609.345, clause (a), (b), (e), (f), or (g) which specifically identifies the victim shall be accessible to the public, except by order of the court. Nothing in this section authorizes denial of access to

any other data contained in the records or reports, including the identity of the defendant.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 611A.031, is amended to read:

**611A.031 [VICTIM INPUT REGARDING PRETRIAL DIVERSION.]**

A prosecutor shall make every reasonable effort to notify and seek input from the victim prior to ~~the referral~~ referring a person into a pretrial diversion program in lieu of prosecution for a violation of sections 609.185, 609.19, 609.195, 609.20, 609.205, 609.221, 609.222, 609.223, 609.224, 609.24, 609.245, 609.25, 609.255, 609.342, 609.343, 609.344, 609.345, 609.365, 609.498, 609.561, 609.582, subdivision 1, and 609.687.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 611A.035, is amended to read:

**611A.035 [CONFIDENTIALITY OF VICTIM'S ADDRESS.]**

No victim or witness providing testimony in court proceedings may be compelled to state ~~the victim's his or her home or employment address on the record in open court~~ unless the court finds that the testimony would be relevant evidence.

Sec. 12. [611A.037] [PRESENTENCE INVESTIGATION; VICTIM IMPACT; NOTICE.]

Subdivision 1. [VICTIM IMPACT STATEMENT.] A presentence investigation report prepared under section 609.115 shall include the following information relating to victims:

(a) a summary of the damages or harm and any other problems generated by the criminal occurrence;

(b) a concise statement of what disposition the victim deems appropriate for the defendant or juvenile court respondent, including reasons given, if any, by the victim in support of the victim's opinion; and

(c) an attachment to the report, consisting of the victim's written objections, if any, to the proposed disposition if the victim provides the officer conducting the presentence investigation with this written material within a reasonable time prior to the disposition.

Subd. 2. [NOTICE TO VICTIM.] The officer conducting a presentence or predispositional investigation shall make reasonable and good faith efforts to contact the victim of that crime and to provide

that victim with the following information: (i) the charge or juvenile court petition to which the defendant has been convicted or pleaded guilty, or the juvenile respondent has admitted in court or has been found to have committed by the juvenile court, and of any plea agreement between the prosecution and the defense counsel; (ii) the victim's right to request restitution pursuant to section 611A.04; (iii) the time and place of the sentencing or juvenile court disposition and the victim's right to be present; and (iv) the victim's right to object in writing to the court, prior to the time of sentencing or juvenile court disposition, to the proposed sentence or juvenile dispositional alternative, or to the terms of the proposed plea agreement. To assist the victim in making a recommendation under clause (iv), the officer shall provide the victim with information about the court's options for sentencing and other dispositions. Failure of the officer to comply with this subdivision does not give any rights or grounds for postconviction or postjuvenile disposition relief to the defendant or juvenile court respondent, nor does it entitle a defendant or a juvenile court respondent to withdraw a plea of guilty.

Sec. 13. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 609.115, subdivisions 1b and 1c; and 636.08, are repealed."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: RANDY C. KELLY, SANDRA L. PAPPAS AND ARTHUR W. SEABERG.

Senate Conferees: RICHARD J. COHEN, JIM RAMSTAD AND GENE MERRIAM.

Kelly moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 706 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 706, A bill for an act relating to juveniles; clarifying certain recent changes to the juvenile court act; clarifying the hearing and records procedures of the juvenile court; providing for the enforcement of juvenile court restitution orders; permitting administrative docketing of certain unpaid county reimbursements; clarifying certain crime victim notification and protection laws; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 260.155, subdivisions 1 and 1a; 260.156; 260.161; 260.185, by adding a subdivision; 548.091, subdivision 1; 595.02, subdivision 4; 609.115, subdivision 1; 609.3471; 611A.031; and 611A.035; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 611A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 609.115, subdivisions 1b and 1c; and 636.08.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 132 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Long	Ozment	Skoglund
Anderson, R.	Gutknecht	Marsh	Pappas	Solberg
Battaglia	Hartle	McDonald	Pauly	Sparby
Bauerly	Heap	McEachern	Pelowski	Stanius
Beard	Himle	McKasy	Peterson	Steensma
Begich	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Sviggun
Bennett	Jacobs	McPherson	Price	Swenson
Bertram	Jaros	Milbert	Quinn	Thiede
Bishop	Jefferson	Miller	Quist	Tjornhom
Blatz	Jennings	Minne	Redalen	Tompkins
Brown	Jensen	Morrison	Reding	Trimble
Burger	Johnson, A.	Munger	Rest	Tunheim
Carlson, D.	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rice	Uphus
Carlson, L.	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Valento
Carruthers	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vanasek
Clark	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Clausnitzer	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rose	Voss
Cooper	Kelso	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dauner	Kinkel	Ogren	Sarna	Waltman
DeBlicck	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Welle
Dempsey	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Scheid	Wenzel
Dille	Knuth	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Dorn	Kostohryz	Omann	Schreiber	Wynia
Forsythe	Krueger	Onnen	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Frederick	Larsen	Orenstein	Segal	
Frerichs	Lasley	Osthoff	Shaver	
Greenfield	Lieder	Otis	Simoneau	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

#### CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 291

A bill for an act relating to financial institutions; regulating incorporations and operations of banks; requiring approval of certain insider agreements; regulating acquisitions by bank holding companies; authorizing the commissioner to borrow money to satisfy obligations of certain closed institutions; regulating bank or trust company investments; regulating claims against liquidated institutions; providing for the organization of credit unions; regulating interest and dividends paid on deposits; regulating industrial loan and thrifts; providing for the submission of certain reports; modifying the maximum allowable interest rate on certain loans used to satisfy the balances owed on contracts for deed; requiring the periodic examination of collection agencies; regulating consumer deficiency judgments; modifying the examination requirement for safe deposit companies and insurance premium finance companies; regulating motor vehicle installment sales; regulating bank applications; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 46.041;

46.042; 46.07, subdivision 2; 46.131, subdivision 9; 47.10, subdivision 3, and by adding a subdivision; 47.204, subdivision 1; 47.205, subdivisions 2 and 4; 48.055, subdivision 5; 48.15, subdivision 2; 48.51; 48.61, subdivisions 3 and 5; 48.92, subdivision 10; 48.97, subdivision 2; 48.98, subdivision 1; 48.99, subdivision 1; 49.04, subdivision 1; 49.05, by adding a subdivision; 49.24, subdivision 5; 51A.58; 52.01; 52.02, subdivision 3; 52.09, subdivision 2; 52.18; 53.04, subdivisions 3a and 5; 53.09, subdivision 2; 55.095; 55.15; 56.12; 59A.06, subdivision 3; 168.66, subdivisions 5 and 9; 168.705; 168.71; 168.72, subdivisions 1 and 4; 168.73; 168.74; 325G.36; and 332.29, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 46 and 47; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 48.60 and 55.13.

May 16, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 291, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendments and that H. F. No. 291 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

#### "ARTICLE 1

#### SUPERVISORY CLARIFICATION ACT

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 46.042, is amended to read:

#### 46.042 [NOTICE AND HEARING, WHEN NOT GIVEN.]

The commissioner of commerce may dispense with the notice and hearing provided for by section 46.041 if application is made for the incorporation of a new bank to take over the assets of one or more existing banks or if the application contemplates the reorganization of a national bank into a state bank in the same locality, or where the application is made for the incorporation of a new bank in the same locality coincidental with the closing of an existing bank by the commissioner or federal authorities. This section does not increase the number of banks in the community affected.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 46.07, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

46.07 [RECORDS.]

Subd. 2. [CONFIDENTIAL RECORDS.] The commissioner shall divulge facts and information obtained in the course of examining financial institutions under the commissioner's supervision only when and to the extent required or permitted by law to report upon or take special action regarding the affairs of an institution, or ordered by a court of law to testify or produce evidence in a civil or criminal proceeding, except that the commissioner may furnish information as to matters of mutual interest to an official or examiner of the federal reserve system, the federal deposit insurance corporation, the federal savings and loan insurance corporation, the national credit union administration, comptroller of the currency, a legally constituted state credit union share insurance corporation approved under section 52.24, the issuer of a commitment for insurance or guarantee of the certificates of an industrial loan and thrift company approved under section 53.10, or state and federal law enforcement agencies. The commissioner shall not be required to disclose the name of a debtor of a financial institution under the commissioner's supervision, or anything relative to the private accounts, ownership, or transactions of an institution, or any fact obtained in the course of an examination thereof, except as herein provided. For purposes of this subdivision, a subpoena is not an order of a court of law. These records are classified confidential or protected nonpublic for purposes of the Minnesota government data practices act and their destruction, as prescribed in section 46.21, is exempt from the provisions of chapter 138 and Laws 1971, chapter 529, so far as their deposit with the state archives.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 46.131, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. These assessments or fees shall be paid by the institution examined within 20 days after a statement of the amount has been submitted to the institution examined by the commissioner of commerce and, if not so paid, shall bear interest at the ~~discount~~ rate ~~charged member banks for borrowing from the Federal Reserve Bank of interest provided for by section 549.09~~. The penalty shall be payable to the commissioner on request.

Sec. 4. [46.34] [CERTAIN SECURITIES DEPOSITED WITH THE STATE TREASURER.]

All securities required or permitted by law to be assigned to and deposited with the commissioner of commerce for any purpose must, after the effective date of this section, be assigned to and deposited with the state treasurer, who shall give a receipt therefor. This receipt must be filed with the commissioner, in lieu of the securities,

and in this case neither the commissioner nor the commissioner's bonding agents are responsible for the safekeeping of these securities. The state treasurer shall perform all the duties with regard to the safekeeping of these securities which the commissioner is now required to perform. The state treasurer is subject to the same obligations and under the same liability, with reference to the safekeeping of these securities, as the commissioner. The state treasurer shall accept, release, surrender, and permit substitutions of securities assigned to and deposited with the state treasurer under the provisions of Laws 1923, chapter 155, upon order of the commissioner.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 47.10, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [LEASEHOLD PLACE OF BUSINESS; APPROVAL OF CERTAIN LEASE AGREEMENTS.] No bank, trust company, savings bank, or building and loan association may acquire property and improvements of any nature for its place of business by lease agreement if the lessor has an existing direct or indirect interest in the management or ownership of the bank, trust company, savings bank, or building and loan association unless approved without prior written approval by the commissioner. This includes subsequent amendments and associated ~~personal property leases~~ leasehold improvements.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 47.10, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. [APPROVAL OF CERTAIN INSIDER AGREEMENTS.] No bank, trust company, savings bank, or savings association may purchase or sell real property, personal property, improvements or equipment of a value of \$25,000 or more if the purchaser or seller other than the bank, trust company, savings bank, or savings association has an existing direct or indirect interest in the institution without prior written approval by the commissioner.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 47.204, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [NO USURY LIMITS.] Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, no limitation on the rate or amount of interest, discount points, finance charges or other charges shall apply to a loan, mortgage, credit sale or advance which would have been exempt from the laws of this state pursuant to Public Law Number 96-221, title V, part A, section 501, as amended as of June 2, 1981, but for section 47.203 and which is made in this state after June 2, 1981 and before August 1, 1987.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 47.205, subdivision 2, is amended to read:



Subd. 2. [ASSIGNMENT OR SALE OF MORTGAGE LOANS.] If the servicing of mortgage loans financing one-to-four family owner occupied residences located in this state is sold or assigned to another person:

(1) the selling lender shall notify the mortgagor of the sale no less more than ten days after the actual date of transfer. The notification must include the name, address, and telephone number of the person who will assume responsibility for servicing and accept payments for the mortgage loan and the notification must also include a detailed written financial breakdown, including but not limited to, interest rate, monthly payment amount, and current escrow balance;

(2) the purchasing lender shall issue corrected coupon or payment books, if used, and shall provide notification to the mortgagor within 20 days after the first payment to the purchasing lender is due, of the name, address, and telephone number of the person from whom the mortgagor can receive information regarding the servicing of the loan, and shall inform the mortgagor of any changes made regarding the mortgage escrow accounts or servicing requirements including, but not limited to, interest rate, monthly payment amount, and current escrow balance; and

(3) the purchasing lender shall respond within 15 business days to a written request for information from a mortgagor. A written response must include the telephone number of the company representative who can assist the mortgagor.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 47.205, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [PENALTIES.] If a lender fails to comply with the requirements of subdivisions 2 and 3, the lender is liable to the mortgagor for \$500 ~~per occurrence, in addition to actual damages caused by the violation.~~ In addition, the lender is liable to the mortgagor for \$500 per occurrence if the violation of subdivision 2 or 3 was due to the lender's failure to exercise reasonable care.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 47.69, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Every financial institution using an electronic financial terminal shall maintain reasonable procedures to minimize losses from unauthorized withdrawals from its customers' accounts by use of an electronic financial terminal. After a customer makes a bona fide deposit or payment at an electronic financial terminal and has received a receipt, any loss due to theft or other reason shall not be borne by the customer; provided, loss due to the nonpayment or dishonor of a check, or other order for payment, deposited at an electronic financial terminal shall be governed by the applicable

provisions of chapter 336. A financial institution shall be liable for all unauthorized withdrawals unless the unauthorized withdrawal was ~~(a)~~ (1) due to the negligent conduct or the intentional misconduct of the operator of an electronic financial terminal or that operator's agent in which case the operator of an electronic financial terminal or the agent shall be liable, or ~~(b)~~ (2) due to the loss or theft of the customer machine readable card in which case the customer shall be liable, subject to a maximum liability of \$50, for those unauthorized withdrawals made prior to the time the financial institution is notified of the loss or theft. The limitation on liability contained in clause (2) is effective only if the issuer is notified of unauthorized charges contained in a bill within 60 days of receipt of the bill by the person in whose name the card is issued. For purposes of this subdivision, "unauthorized withdrawal" means a withdrawal by a person other than the customer who does not have actual, implied, or apparent authority for such withdrawal, and from which withdrawal the customer or a member of the customer's family or household receives no benefit.

Sec. 11. [47.76] [TRANSFER OF ACCOUNTS PROHIBITED; NOTICE ON CLOSING.]

(a) No financial institution shall initiate a transfer of a deposit account to another deposit account bearing different identification information without sending at least 30 days prior notice to at least one of the deposit account holders at the last known address on file with the financial institution. If the new account is subject to different terms, the financial institution must obtain the written consent of at least one of the deposit account holders before the new terms become effective.

(b) No financial institution shall initiate a closure of a deposit account without first sending at least one of the deposit account holders a notice of intent to close the deposit account. The notice must be sent to the deposit account holder's last known address on file with the financial institution at least 30 days before the financial institution closes the deposit account; except that, if the financial institution has reasonable suspicion to believe that account is being used in connection with a check-related fraud or other crime or that funds will not be available to pay items drawn on the account, the notice may be sent the same day as the account is closed.

(c) As used in this section, the following terms have the meanings given them. "Deposit account" means a contract of deposit of funds between a depositor and a financial institution, and includes a checking account, savings account, certificate of deposit share account, and other like arrangement. "Financial institution" means any organization authorized to do business under state or federal laws relating to financial institutions, including, without limitation,

banks and trust companies, savings banks, savings and loan associations, industrial loan and thrift companies, and credit unions.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 48.055, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Any preferred stock issued by a state bank shall be part of its capital stock structure, and the terms "capital stock" or "capital" in any laws of this state pertaining to state banks shall be deemed to also include and apply to preferred stock, ~~except that only stock issued with or having succeeded to voting rights shall qualify a director under the provisions of section 48.06.~~

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 48.15, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. ~~The department of commerce may, by majority vote of its members, which shall include the affirmative vote of the commissioner of commerce,~~ may authorize banks organized under the laws of this state to engage in any banking activity in which banks subject to the jurisdiction of the federal government may hereafter be authorized to engage by federal legislation, ruling, or regulation. The commission may not authorize state banks as defined by section 48.01, to engage in any banking activity prohibited by the laws of this state.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 48.21, is amended to read:

#### 48.21 [REAL ESTATE; RESTRICTIONS ON HOLDING.]

Subdivision 1. A bank may purchase, carry as an asset, and convey real estate only:

- (1) As provided for in section 47.10;
- (2) If acquired through foreclosure of a mortgage given to it in good faith as security for loans made by or money due to it;
- (3) If conveyed to it in satisfaction of debts previously contracted in good faith in the course of its dealings;
- (4) If acquired by sale on execution or judgment of a court in its favor; or
- (5) If reasonably necessary to mitigate or avoid loss on a loan or investment theretofore made.

Real estate acquired under clauses (2) to (5) shall be carried as an asset only in accordance with rules the commissioner prescribes.

Subd. 2. Real estate owned by a bank as a result of actions authorized in clauses (2) to (5) of subdivision 1 and subsequently sold to any buyer on a contract for deed may not be considered creating a liability to a bank for purposes of section 48.24.

Subd. 3. Notwithstanding any rules of the commissioner to the contrary, if real estate owned by a bank pursuant to clauses (2) to (5) of subdivision 1 is not sold or otherwise disposed of within the maximum period established by rule by the commissioner, the bank may write off any remaining balance at a rate not less than one-fifth of that balance each subsequent calendar year.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 48.24, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. Obligations of any person, co-partnership, association or corporation in the form of notes or drafts secured by shipping documents or instruments transferring or securing title covering feeder livestock which is free from all other encumbrances, when the market value of the livestock securing the obligation at the time of the making of the loan is not less than 115 percentum of the face amount of the notes covered by such documents, shall be subject under this subdivision to a limitation of 20 percent of capital and surplus in addition to 20 percent of capital and surplus as included in provisions of subdivision 1. Feeder livestock loans as referred to in this subdivision is defined to include only obligations secured by liens or giving title to cattle, sheep, goats, ~~or~~ hogs or poultry being fattened for market, but excluding dairy cattle, milk goats, poultry used for production of eggs, or barnyard or work animals.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 48.51, is amended to read:

48.51 [DEMAND DEPOSITS DEFINED.]

For the purpose of this section and section 48.50, all deposits are payable on demand except:

(1) Those deposits which are evidenced by a negotiable or nonnegotiable instrument which provides on its face that the amount of the deposit is payable:

(a) on a certain date, specified in the instrument, not less than 14 days after the date of the deposit; or (b) at the expiration of a specified period not less than 14 days after the date of the instrument; or (c) upon written notice to be given not less than 14 days before the date of repayment.

(2) Those deposits which may not be withdrawn within 14 days of the making thereof.

(3) Those deposits which may not be withdrawn within 14 days of the giving of notice of an intended withdrawal.

(4) Those deposits in which the above 14-day minimums are in conflict with instruments authorized by the depository institutions deregulation committee's regulations authorized by title II, Depository Institutions Deregulation and Monetary Control Act of 1980, Public Law Number 96-221 federal law or regulations.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 48.61, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. The bank or trust company may invest not to exceed ten percent of its capital and surplus in shares of stock in any banks or bank holding companies wherein the ownership of stock in the banks or bank holding companies is restricted to bank holding companies or banks authorized to do business in the state of Minnesota.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 48.61, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. In the absence of an express provision to the contrary, whenever any statute, rule, charter, trust indenture, authorizing resolution, or other instrument governing the investment of funds of a banking institution, as defined in section 48.01, subdivision 2, directs, requires, authorizes, or permits direct investment in certain obligations of the United States or obligations, the payment of the principal of and interest on which is unconditionally guaranteed by the United States, investment in these obligations may be made either directly or in the form of securities of, or other interests in, an investment company (1) registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940, whose shares are registered under the Federal Securities Act of 1933, and (2) whose investments are limited to these obligations and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by these obligations, if the repurchase agreements are entered into only with those primary reporting dealers that report to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and with the 100 largest United States commercial banks.

Investment company shares authorized pursuant to this subdivision shall be Shares of investment companies whose portfolios contain investments which are subject to limits under other state law or rule as direct investments may only be held in an amount not in excess of 20 percent of the banks' capital stock and paid in surplus in each such investment company. These obligations shall be carried at the lower of cost or market on the banks' books and adjusted to market on a quarterly basis.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 48.92, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. [EQUITY CAPITAL.] "Equity capital" means the sum of common stock, preferred stock, and paid in surplus, reserves for loss loans and undivided profits.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 48.97, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [INVESTMENT; REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.] Each financial institution located in this state owned by an interstate bank holding company shall fully and accurately disclose in an annual report to the commissioner of commerce for each calendar year the dollar value and volume of loans by zip code or census tract beginning with the year ending December 31, 1987, approved in the previous year in nonreal estate commercial and farm lending categories established by the commissioner. Lending categories must be delineated in sufficient detail to evaluate the lender's loan performance. Loan categories may include: demand or accrual notes, installment loans, equipment loans, inventory or accounts receivable loans, small business administration loans, and FmHA guaranteed loans. Housing loans must be disclosed statewide in the same manner and form as required by the Federal Home Mortgage Disclosure Act. The annual report must also disclose by zip code or census tract the dollar value and volume of deposits received during the previous year. The annual report must also disclose information by the categories required in section 48.991 demonstrating that developmental loans of a sufficient quantity are being made. The report must be accompanied by a copy of the most recent disclosures required under the Federal Community Reinvestment Act and the most recent Quarterly Statement of Income and Conditions.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 48.98, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [PUBLIC INFORMATION.] Notwithstanding the Minnesota government data practices act, chapter 13, and consistent with federal law, the commissioner shall make available to the public at reasonable cost copies of all applications, including supporting documents and any other information required to be submitted to the commissioner.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 48.99, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [APPLICATION CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL.] Pursuant to the present requirement of the United States Code, title 12, section 1842(d) and notwithstanding any other provision of state law, a reciprocating state bank holding company, or any subsidiary of the a bank holding company, may acquire a bank located in this state where the commissioner has determined that a merger, consolidation, or purchase of assets and assumption of liabilities is necessary and in the public interest to prevent the probable failure

of a bank or is made for the incorporation of a new bank in the same locality coincidental with the closing of an existing bank by the commissioner or federal authorities and does not increase the number of banks in the community affected. The acquisition is subject to the prior written approval of the commissioner of an application submitted under this section and after the following considerations:

- (1) the financial and managerial resources of the applicant;
- (2) the future prospects of the applicant and the state bank or its subsidiary whose assets, interest in, or shares it will acquire;
- (3) the financial history of the applicant;
- (4) whether the acquisition or holding may result in undue concentration of resources or substantial lessening of competition in this state;
- (5) the convenience and needs of the public of this state; and
- (6) whether the acquisition or holding will strengthen the financial condition of the state bank.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 49.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [COMMISSIONER TAKING POSSESSION; GROUNDS FOR; RIGHTS OF THIRD PARTIES.] When it shall appear to the commissioner that any financial institution has violated its charter, or any law of the state, or is conducting its business in an unsafe or unauthorized manner, or that its capital is impaired, or if it or any of its controlling officers shall refuse to submit its books, papers, and concerns to the inspection of the commissioner, or any duly authorized assistant, or if any of its officers shall refuse to be examined upon oath touching its concerns, or if it shall suspend payment of its obligations, or furnish reason for the commissioner concluding that it is in an unsound or unsafe condition to transact the business for which it was organized, or that it is unsafe and inexpedient for it to continue business, or if it shall neglect or refuse to observe a proper order of the commissioner, the commissioner may forthwith take possession of its property and business including forfeiture of its certificate of authorization and retain this possession until it shall resume business or its affairs be finally liquidated, as herein provided. On taking possession of the property and business of any such financial institution, the commissioner shall forthwith give notice of that fact to any and all financial institutions or other corporations, associations, partnerships, and individuals holding, or in possession of, any of its assets. No financial institution or other corporation, association, partnership, or individual knowing of such taking possession by the commis-

sioner, or notified, as aforesaid, shall have a lien or charge for any payment, advance, or clearance thereafter made, or liability thereafter incurred against any of the assets of the financial institution of whose property and business the commissioner shall have taken possession, as aforesaid. The financial institution may, with the consent of the commissioner, resume business upon such conditions as may be approved by the commissioner. Upon taking possession of the property and business of the financial institution, the commissioner is authorized to collect moneys due to it and to do such other acts as are necessary to conserve its assets and business, and shall proceed to liquidate the affairs thereof, if in the commissioner's opinion it cannot safely resume business, as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 49.05, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 7. [COMMISSIONER MAY BORROW MONEY.] With respect to a banking institution which is or may be closed on account of inability to meet the demands of its depositors or by action of the commissioner or of a court or by action of its directors, or, in the event of its insolvency or suspension, the commissioner may borrow from the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and furnish any part or all of the assets of the institution to the corporation as security for a loan from same. The order of a court of record of competent jurisdiction shall be first obtained approving this loan. The commissioner or receiver or liquidator appointed by the commissioner upon the order of a court of record of competent jurisdiction may sell to the corporation any part or all of the assets of the institution.

The provisions of this subdivision shall not be construed to limit the power of any banking institution, or the commissioner, to pledge or sell assets in accordance with any other law of this state.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 49.24, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [REJECTION OF CLAIMS; ACTIONS; LIMITATIONS.] If the commissioner doubts the justice or validity of any claim, the commissioner may reject the same in whole or in part and serve notice of such rejection upon the claimant, either by mail or personally. An affidavit of the service of such notice made according to law shall be filed with the commissioner. An action upon a claim so rejected must be brought within 60 days after such service and the filing of proof thereof. The venue of such action shall be in the county in which such financial institution had its principal place of business prior to liquidation, and such action shall be brought jointly against the financial institution and the commissioner or receiver or liquidator appointed by the commissioner as statutory liquidator thereof. Any person having a claim against such financial institution which is not presented and filed within the time fixed in the notice to



creditors may thereafter present the same and the commissioner shall allow or reject the same in whole or in part and give notice of any rejection, as hereinbefore provided. Suit on any such claim not filed within the time fixed by the notice which is rejected must be brought within 30 days after the service and filing of proof of such rejection. Any claim not filed within the time fixed in the notice to creditors but later received and filed as by this section provided and duly allowed, shall participate and share in such dividends only as shall be paid from the proceeds of those assets remaining undistributed at the time of filing of such claim, and any claim not filed prior to the declaration of a final dividend shall be barred. No action shall be commenced against any such financial institution after possession of the business and property thereof has been taken by the commissioner on any claim until such claim has been filed with and rejected, in whole or in part, by the commissioner. As to any action pending at the time the commissioner takes possession of the business and property of such financial institution which has been stayed by order of the court, a claim may be filed for the subject matter of said action. If the claim be allowed, the action shall terminate and be dismissed without costs and disbursements, but, if rejected in whole or in part, the stay order shall be vacated, and the action may continue. No interest shall be allowed or paid on any deposit or other claim from and after the closing of the financial institution and the taking over of the same by the commissioner for purposes of liquidation.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 51A.58, is amended to read:

51A.58 [INTERSTATE BRANCHING.]

An association, whether or not the subsidiary of a savings and loan holding company, may, by acquisition, merger, purchase and assumption of some or all of the assets and liabilities, or consolidation, establish or operate branch offices in any reciprocating state, and a savings and loan association chartered in the any reciprocating state may establish or operate branch offices in this state by acquisition, merger, purchase, and assumption of some or all of the assets or liabilities or consolidation. A savings and loan holding company with its headquarters in this state may acquire by direct or indirect ownership or control the voting shares of a savings and loan holding company, savings and loan association, or savings bank located in any reciprocating state, and a savings and loan holding company with its headquarters in a reciprocating state, may acquire by direct or indirect ownership or control the voting shares of a savings and loan holding company, a savings and loan association, or savings bank located in this state, and may acquire and merge with a savings and loan holding company with its headquarters in this state. For the purposes of this section, "reciprocating state" is: (1) a state that authorizes the establishment of branch offices in that state by an association located in this state, and the acquisition of

savings and loan associations and savings banks located in that state by a savings and loan holding company with its headquarters in this state, under conditions no more restrictive than those imposed by the laws of Minnesota as determined by the commissioner of commerce; and (2) limited to the states specifically enumerated as reciprocating states in section 48.92, subdivision 7.

The commissioner of commerce shall adopt rules to provide that procedural requirements equivalent to those contained in sections 48.90 to 48.991 apply to reciprocal interstate branching and acquisitions by savings and loan associations.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 52.01, is amended to read:

52.01 [ORGANIZATION.]

Any seven residents of the state may apply to the commissioner of commerce for permission to organize a credit union.

A credit union is a cooperative society, incorporated for the two-fold purpose of promoting thrift among its members and creating a source of credit for them at legitimate rates of interest for provident purposes.

A credit union is organized in the following manner:

(1) The applicants execute, in duplicate, a certificate of organization by the terms of which they agree to be bound, which shall state:

(a) the name and location of the proposed credit union;

(b) the names and addresses of the subscribers to the certificate and the number of shares subscribed by each;

(2) The applicants submit the following in the form prescribed by the commissioner of commerce:

(a) a statement of the common bond of the proposed credit union;

(b) the number of potential members;

(c) the geographic dispersion of the potential members;

(d) evidence of interest, including willingness of potential members to assume responsibility for leadership and service;

(e) a two-year forecast of probable levels of assets, shares and deposits, and income and expense;

(f) the availability of other credit union services to the potential members;

(g) other information the commissioner requires;

(3) They next prepare and adopt bylaws for the general governance of the credit union consistent with the provisions of this chapter, and execute them in duplicate;

(4) The certificate and the bylaws, both executed in duplicate, are forwarded to the commissioner of commerce with a \$100 application fee;

(5) The commissioner of commerce shall, within 60 days of the receipt of the certificate, the information required by paragraph (2), and the bylaws, and a commitment for insurance of accounts as required by section 52.24, subdivision 2, determine whether they comply with the provisions of this chapter, and whether or not the organization of the credit union in question would benefit its members, be economically feasible, and be consistent with the purposes of this chapter;

(6) Thereupon the commissioner of commerce shall notify the applicants of the decision. If it is favorable, the commissioner shall upon receipt of a commitment for insurance of accounts as required by section 52.24, subdivision 2, issue a certificate of approval, attached to the duplicate certificate of organization, and return them with the duplicate bylaws to the applicants. If it is unfavorable, the applicants may, within 60 days after the decision, appeal for a review in a court of competent jurisdiction;

(7) The applicants shall thereupon file the duplicate of the certificate of organization, with the certificate of approval attached thereto, with the secretary of state, who shall make a record of the certificate and return it, with a certificate of record attached thereto, to the commissioner of commerce for permanent records; and

(8) Thereupon the applicants shall be a credit union incorporated in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

In order to simplify the organization of credit unions, the commissioner of commerce shall prepare approved forms of certificate of organization and bylaws, consistent with this chapter, which may be used by credit union incorporators for their guidance, and on written application of seven residents of the state, shall supply them without charge with a blank certificate of organization and a copy of the form of suggested bylaws.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 52.02, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [APPROVAL.] Amendments to the certificate of organization or bylaws must be approved by the commissioner of commerce before they become operative. The commissioner shall not unreasonably withhold approval if the amendments do not violate any provision of this chapter or other state law. In any event, the commissioner shall approve or disapprove the proposed amendment within 60 days of the date the proposed amendment is submitted to the commissioner by the credit union. In case of disapproval the credit union shall have the right to appeal to a court of competent jurisdiction within the time limits stated in section 52.01, clause (5) (6). In case any amendment to the certificate of organization is adopted, the resolution, containing a full text of the amendment and verified by its president or treasurer and approved by the commissioner of commerce, shall be recorded in the office of the secretary of state.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 52.09, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [PARTICULAR DUTIES.] The directors shall manage the affairs of the credit union and shall:

(1) act on applications for membership. This power may be delegated to a membership chair who serves at the pleasure of the board of directors and is subject to its rules. An application must contain a certification signed by the membership chair or a member of the board showing the basis of membership;

(2) determine interest rates on loans and on deposits. The interest period on deposits may be on a daily, monthly, quarterly, semiannual or annual basis, and may be paid on all deposits whether or not the deposits have been withdrawn during the interest period. Interest may be computed on a daily basis. At the discretion of the board of directors, interest need not be paid on deposit accounts of less than \$10;

(3) fix the amount of the surety bond required of all officers and employees handling money;

(4) declare dividends and transmit to the members recommended amendments to the bylaws;

(5) fill vacancies in the board and in the credit committee until successors are chosen and qualify at the next annual meeting;

(6) limit the number of shares and deposits which may be owned by a member, not to exceed ten percent of the outstanding shares and deposits, or \$2,000, whichever is larger, and the maximum individual loan which can be made with and without security, including liability indirectly as a comaker, guarantor, or endorser to ten percent of outstanding shares and deposits. The ten percent share

and deposit limitation is not applicable to the Minnesota corporate credit union, or to credit unions insured by the National Credit Union Administration;

(7) have charge of investments including loans to members, unless a credit committee is established pursuant to section 52.08 or paragraph (13) of this subdivision;

(8) fix the salaries of the treasurer and other employees, which must be on a fixed monthly or annual basis, in dollars (not percentage);

(9) designate the depository institution in which the funds of the credit union will be deposited;

(10) authorize the officers of the credit union to borrow money from any source, as provided in section 52.15;

(11) with the permission of the commissioner of commerce, suspend any member of the credit committee or supervisory committee if it deems this action necessary to the proper conduct of the credit union, and call the members together to act on the suspension within a reasonable time after the suspension. The members at the meeting may, by majority vote of those present, sustain the suspension and remove the committee members permanently or may reinstate the committee members;

(12) provide financial assistance to the supervisory committee in carrying out its audit responsibilities;

(13) if the bylaws so provide and no credit committee has been elected pursuant to section 52.08, appoint a credit manager or a credit committee of not less than three members; and

(14) to establish different classes of shares.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 52.18, is amended to read:

#### 52.18 [DIVIDENDS.]

The directors of a credit union may, on a daily, monthly, quarterly, semiannual, or annual basis as its board of directors may determine, declare and pay a dividend from net earnings or accumulated net undivided profits remaining after statutory reserve has been set aside, which dividend may be paid on all shares whether or not they have been withdrawn during the dividend period. Dividends may be computed on a daily basis. The board of directors may classify its share accounts according to character, amount and duration and declare dividends which may be at variable rates with due regard to

the conditions that pertain to each class of shares, or pay no dividend at all. A dividend shall be uniform within a classification. ~~At the discretion of the board of directors dividends may not be declared or paid on share accounts of less than \$10.~~ Shares which become fully paid up during a dividend period shall be entitled to a proportional part of the dividend calculated from the first day of the month following the payment in full. For the purpose of this section, shares which become fully paid up by the fifteenth day of any month may be treated as being paid up from the first day of the month.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 53.04, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

Subd. 3a. (a) The right to make loans, secured or unsecured, at the rates and on the terms and other conditions permitted licensees under chapter 56. Loans made under the authority of section 56.125 must be in amounts in compliance with section 53.05, clause (7). All other loans made under the authority of chapter 56 must be in amounts in compliance with section 53.05, clause (7), or 56.131, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), whichever is less. The right to extend credit or lend money and to collect and receive charges therefor as provided by chapter 334, or in lieu thereof to charge, collect, and receive interest at the rate of 21.75 percent per annum, including the right to contract for, charge, and collect all other charges including discount points, fees, late payment charges, and insurance premiums on the loans to the same extent permitted on loans made under the authority of chapter 56, regardless of the amount of the loan. The provisions of sections 47.20 and 47.21 do not apply to loans made under this subdivision, except as specifically provided in this subdivision. Nothing in this subdivision is deemed to supersede, repeal, or amend any provision of section 53.05. A licensee making a loan under this chapter secured by a lien on real estate shall comply with the requirements of section 47.20, subdivision 8.

(b) Loans made under this subdivision at a rate of interest not in excess of that provided for in paragraph (a) may be secured by real or personal property, or both. If the proceeds of a loan made after August 1, 1987 are used in whole or in part to satisfy the balance owed on a contract for deed, the rate of interest charged on the loan must not exceed the rate provided in section 47.20, subdivision 4a. If the proceeds of a loan secured by a first lien on the borrower's primary residence are used to finance the purchase of the borrower's primary residence, the loan must comply with the provisions of section 47.20.

(c) A loan made under this subdivision that is secured by real estate and that is in a principal amount of \$7,500 or more and a maturity of 60 months or more may contain a provision permitting discount points, if the loan does not provide a loan yield in excess of the maximum rate of interest permitted by this subdivision. Loan yield means the annual rate of return obtained by a licensee

computed as the annual percentage rate is computed under Federal Regulation Z. If the loan is prepaid in full, the licensee must make a refund to the borrower to the extent that the loan yield will exceed the maximum rate of interest provided by this subdivision when the prepayment is taken into account.

(d) An agency or instrumentality of the United States government or a corporation otherwise created by an act of the United States Congress or a lender approved or certified by the secretary of housing and urban development, or approved or certified by the administrator of veterans affairs, or approved or certified by the administrator of the farmers home administration, or approved or certified by the federal home loan mortgage corporation, or approved or certified by the federal national mortgage association, that engages in the business of purchasing or taking assignments of mortgage loans and undertakes direct collection of payments from or enforcement of rights against borrowers arising from mortgage loans, is not required to obtain a certificate of authorization under this chapter in order to purchase or take assignments of mortgage loans from persons holding a certificate of authorization under this chapter.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 53.04, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. The right, with the consent of the department of commerce, to (1) sell and issue for investment certificates of indebtedness, under any descriptive name, which may bear interest, if any, as their terms provide, and which may require the payment to the company of amounts, from time to time as their terms provide, and permit the withdrawal of amounts paid on them, in whole or in part, from time to time, and the credit of amounts thereon upon conditions set forth therein; and (2) receive savings accounts or savings deposits. ~~No certificate of indebtedness shall have a surrender value which is less than the total amount paid to the company therefor.~~

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 53.05, is amended to read:

#### 53.05 [POWERS, LIMITATION.]

No industrial loan and thrift company may do any of the following:

(1) carry demand banking accounts; use the word "savings" unless the institution's investment certificates, savings accounts, and savings deposits are insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation and then only if the word is not followed by the words "and loan" in its corporate name; use the word "bank" or "banking" in its corporate name; operate as a savings bank;

(2) have outstanding at any one time certificates of indebtedness, savings accounts, and savings deposits, exclusive of those held by the company, as security for loans made by it of more than seven times the sum of the contributed capital and appropriated reserves of the company until July 1, 1985, or the date an industrial loan and thrift company obtains a commitment for insurance or guarantee of accounts acceptable to the commissioner as required by section 53.10, whichever is earlier, and thereafter 15 times the sum of contributed capital and appropriated reserves of the company;

(3) accept trusts, except as provided in section 47.75, subdivision 1, or act as guardian, administrator, or judicial trustee in any form;

(4) deposit any of its funds in any banking corporation, unless that corporation has been designated by vote of a majority of directors or of the executive committee present at a meeting duly called, at which a quorum was in attendance;

(5) change any allocation of capital made pursuant to section 53.03 or reduce or withdraw in any way any portion of the contributed capital and appropriated reserves without prior written approval of the commissioner of commerce;

(6) take any instrument in which blanks are left to be filled in after execution;

(7) lend money in excess of ~~ten~~ 15 percent of its contributed capital and appropriated reserves to a person primarily liable. "Contributed capital and appropriated reserves" means the total of the company's contributed capital and appropriated reserves at all its authorized locations.

If a loan has been made to a person primarily liable and payments have been made on a certificate of indebtedness securing it, the amount of the payments may be added to the limitation contained in this clause for the purpose of determining whether additional loans may be made to that person; or

(8) issue cashier's checks pursuant to section 48.151, unless and at all times the aggregate liability to all creditors on these instruments is protected by a special fund in cash or due from banks to be used solely for payment of the cashier's checks.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 53.09, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [REPORT TO COMMISSIONER.] (1) Each industrial loan and thrift company shall annually on or before the first day of February file a report with the commissioner stating in detail, under appropriate heads, its assets and liabilities at the close of business



on the last day of the preceding calendar year. This report shall be made under oath in the form prescribed by the commissioner and published once, at the expense of the industrial loan and thrift company, in a newspaper of the county of its location, and proof thereof filed immediately with the commissioner of commerce.

(2) Each industrial loan and thrift company which holds authority to accept accounts pursuant to section 53.04, subdivision 5, shall in place of the requirement in clause (1) submit the reports and make the publication required of state banks pursuant to section 48.48.

(2) (3) Within 30 days following a change in controlling ownership of the capital stock of an industrial loan and thrift company, it shall file a written report with the commissioner stating in detail the nature of such change in ownership.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 55.15, is amended to read:

55.15 [APPLICATION.]

This chapter shall not be held or construed as limiting, restricting, or in any way affecting the operation or management of safe deposit boxes or vaults, or a safe deposit business, by any savings bank, bank, or trust company. If any bank, savings bank, or trust company elects to transact the business of a safe deposit company under the provisions of this chapter, it shall so notify the commissioner of commerce and thereafter the provisions of sections 55.02 and 55.10 to ~~55.13~~ 55.12 shall apply to such safe deposit business and said bank, savings bank, or trust company shall have the benefit thereof. The provisions of sections 55.03 to 55.09 and the provisions of section 55.095 shall not apply to a bank, savings bank, or trust company carrying on the business of a safe deposit company.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 56.12, is amended to read:

56.12 [ADVERTISING; TAKING OF SECURITY; PLACE OF BUSINESS.]

No licensee shall advertise, print, display, publish, distribute, or broadcast, or cause or permit to be advertised, printed, displayed, published, distributed, or broadcast, in any manner any statement or representation with regard to the rates, terms, or conditions for the lending of money, credit, goods, or things in action which is false, misleading, or deceptive. The commissioner may order any licensee to desist from any conduct which the commissioner shall find to be a violation of the foregoing provisions.

The commissioner may require that rates of charge, if stated by a licensee, be stated fully and clearly in such manner as the commissioner may deem necessary to prevent misunderstanding thereof by prospective borrowers. In lieu of the disclosure requirements of this section and section 56.14, a licensee may give the disclosures required by the federal Truth-in-Lending Act.

A licensee may take a lien upon real estate as security for any loan exceeding \$2,700 in principal amount made under this chapter. The provisions of sections 47.20 and 47.21 do not apply to loans made under this chapter, except as provided in this section. No loan secured by a first lien on a borrower's primary residence shall be made pursuant to this section if the proceeds of the loan are used to finance the purchase of the borrower's primary residence, unless:

(1) the proceeds of the loan are used to finance the purchase of a manufactured home; or

(2) the proceeds of the loan are used in whole or in part to satisfy the balance owed on a contract for deed. ~~The rate of interest charged on such a loan made after August 1, 1987, shall not exceed the rate provided in section 47.20, subdivision 4a.~~

If the proceeds of the loan are used to finance the purchase of the borrower's primary residence, the licensee shall consent to the subsequent transfer of the real estate if the existing borrower continues after transfer to be obligated for repayment of the entire remaining indebtedness. The licensee shall release the existing borrower from all obligations under the loan instruments, if the transferee (1) meets the standards of credit worthiness normally used by persons in the business of making loans, including but not limited to the ability of the transferee to make the loan payments and satisfactorily maintain the property used as collateral, and (2) executes an agreement in writing with the licensee whereby the transferee assumes the obligations of the existing borrower under the loan instruments. Any such agreement shall not affect the priority, validity or enforceability of any loan instrument. A licensee may charge a fee not in excess of one-tenth of one percent of the remaining unpaid principal balance in the event the loan is assumed by the transferee and the existing borrower continues after the transfer to be obligated for repayment of the entire assumed indebtedness. A licensee may charge a fee not in excess of one percent of the remaining unpaid principal balance in the event the remaining indebtedness is assumed by the transferee and the existing borrower is released from all obligations under the loan instruments, but in no event shall the fee exceed \$150.

A licensee making a loan under this chapter secured by a lien on real estate shall comply with the requirements of section 47.20, subdivision 8.

No licensee shall conduct the business of making loans under this chapter within any office, room, or place of business in which any other business is solicited or engaged in, or in association or conjunction therewith, if the commissioner finds that the character of the other business is such that it would facilitate evasions of this chapter or of the rules lawfully made hereunder. The commissioner may promulgate rules dealing with such other businesses.

No licensee shall transact the business or make any loan provided for by this chapter under any other name or at any other place of business than that named in the license. No licensee shall take any confession of judgment or any power of attorney. No licensee shall take any note or promise to pay that does not accurately disclose the principal amount of the loan, the time for which it is made, and the agreed rate or amount of charge, nor any instrument in which blanks are left to be filled in after execution. Nothing herein is deemed to prohibit the making of loans by mail.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 325G.04, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3. For purposes of subdivisions 1 and 2, "unauthorized use" means a use by a person other than the customer who does not have actual, implied, or apparent authority for the use.

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 325G.36, is amended to read:

325G.36 [WAIVERS VOID.]

Subdivision 1. Any provision of a consumer contract which waives or attempts to waive any provision of sections 325G.29 to 325G.36 is void.

Subd. 2. Any provision of a consumer credit transaction contract which waives or attempts to waive any provision of section 325G.22 is void.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 332.29, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. The commissioner ~~may from time to time~~ shall examine the books and records of every licensee hereunder and of any person engaged in the business of debt prorating service as defined in section 332.13 at least once every 18 calendar months. The commissioner once during any calendar year, may require the submission of an audit prepared by a certified public accountant of the books and records of each licensee hereunder. If the licensee has, within one year previous to the commissioner's demand, had an audit prepared for some other purpose, this audit may be submitted

to satisfy the requirement of this section. The commissioner may investigate any complaint concerning violations of sections 332.12 to 332.29 and may require the attendance and sworn testimony of witnesses and the production of documents.

Sec. 40. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 48.60 and 55.13, are repealed.

Sec. 41. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1, 2, 4, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 25, 26, 27, and 28 are effective the day following final enactment. Sections 3 and 39 are effective July 1, 1987.

## ARTICLE 2

### REGULATORY REDUCTION ACT

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 55.095, is amended to read:

55.095 [DUTIES OF COMMISSIONER OF COMMERCE.]

Every safe deposit company is at all times under the supervision and subject to the control of the commissioner of commerce. ~~The commissioner's examiners shall visit at least once each year each~~ commissioner may at any time examine a licensed safe deposit company licensed by the commissioner to ascertain whether the safe deposit company is complying with the provisions of this chapter and whether its methods and systems are in accordance with law and designed to protect the property of persons doing business with it. For each examination the commissioner shall charge the actual expenses of examination. If the commissioner of commerce determines that the safe deposit company is violating the provisions of this chapter, any law of the state, or has engaged or the commissioner has reason to believe that a licensee is about to engage in an unlawful, unsafe, or unsound practice in the conduct of its business, the commissioner may proceed pursuant to sections 46.24 to 46.33 or serve notice on the safe deposit company of intention to revoke the license, stating in general the grounds therefor and giving reasonable opportunity to be heard. If for a period of 15 days after the notice, the violation continues, the commissioner of commerce may revoke the license and take possession of the business and property of the safe deposit company and maintain possession until the time the commissioner permits it to continue business, or its affairs are finally liquidated. The liquidation must proceed pursuant to sections 49.04 to 49.32.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 59A.06, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. The commissioner ~~shall~~ may at any time make an examination of the affairs, business, office and records of each licensee ~~at least once each year~~. Each licensee shall pay to the commissioner the actual costs of examination as well as amounts required under section 46.131, and the commissioner may maintain an action for the recovery of such costs in any court of competent jurisdiction.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.66, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. "Retail installment sale" means any sale evidenced by a retail installment contract wherein retail buyer agrees to buy and retail seller agrees to sell a motor vehicle at a ~~time~~ sale price payable in one or more installments with the payment of a finance charge.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.66, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. "Retail installment contract" means any agreement, entered into in this state, evidencing a retail installment sale of a motor vehicle, other than for the purpose of resale, when purchased primarily for personal, family or household use, pursuant to which title to, or a lien upon the motor vehicle is retained by the retail seller as security for the retail buyer's obligation. This term includes a mortgage, conditional sale contract, or any contract for the bailment or leasing of a motor vehicle by which the bailee or lessee contracts to pay as compensation for its use a sum substantially equivalent to the ~~time~~ retail installment sale price of the motor vehicle and by which it is agreed that the bailee or lessee is bound to become, or has the option of becoming, the owner of such motor vehicle for no additional consideration or for nominal additional consideration. "Retail installment contract" does not include any agreement, entered into in this state, evidencing an installment sale of a motor vehicle purchased primarily for use in business. For purposes of this subdivision, "business" means a commercial or industrial enterprise which is carried on for the purpose of active or passive investment or profit.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.66, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. "Motor vehicle" means any device propelled or drawn by any power other than muscular power, in, upon, or by which any person or property is, or may be transported or drawn upon a highway, excepting building and road construction equipment not subject to motor vehicle registration fees, snowmobiles, three-wheel off-road vehicles, boat, snowmobile, and other utility trailers, farm

tractors, and agricultural machinery not designed primarily for highway transportation, but which may incidentally transport persons or property on a public highway, or any other device which may not be lawfully operated upon a highway at the time of sale.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.66, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. "Cash sale price" means the price at which the seller would in good faith sell to the buyer, and the buyer would in good faith buy from the seller, the motor vehicle which is the subject matter of the retail installment contract, if such sale were a sale for cash, instead of a retail installment sale. The cash sale price may include any taxes, charges for delivery, servicing, repairing or improving the motor vehicle, including accessories and their installation, and any other charges agreed upon between the parties. The cash price may not include a documentary fee or document administration fee in excess of \$25 for services actually rendered to, for, or on behalf of, the retail buyer in preparing, handling, and processing documents relating to the motor vehicle and the closing of the retail sale.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.66, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. "Time sale price" "Total of payments" means the amount which the buyer contracts to pay under a retail installment contract, excluding any down payment.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.66, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. "Time price differential" means the amount by which the seller's total time sale price exceeds the aggregate of the cash sale price, "Finance charge" means any charge payable directly or indirectly by the buyer and imposed directly or indirectly by the seller as a condition of the extension of credit under a retail installment contract, and includes a time price differential. The term does not include the cost of any insurance and other benefits included in the retail installment contract and any other permissible cost or expense incidental to the retail installment sale or any charge of a type payable in a comparable cash transaction, or any taxes, fees, or charges that actually are or will be paid to public officials or government agencies for determining the existence of or for perfecting, releasing, or satisfying a security interest. The term also does not include premiums for insurance against loss of or damage to property, or against liability arising out of the ownership or use of property if the insurance coverage may be obtained from a person of the buyer's choice.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.705, is amended to read:

168.705 [EXAMINATIONS, SPECIAL INVESTIGATIONS, COSTS.]

For the purpose of discovering violations of sections 168.66 to 168.77 or securing information lawfully required by the administrator hereunder, the administrator may, at any time, either personally or by a person or persons duly designated by the administrator, investigate the conditional sales contracts and business related to the conditional sales contracts and examine the books, accounts, records, and files used therein, of every licensee and of every person who shall be engaged in the business of a sales finance company, whether the person shall act as principal or agent, or under or without the authority of sections 168.66 to 168.77. For that purpose, the administrator and the administrator's duly designated representative shall have free access to the offices and places of business, books, accounts, papers, records, files, safes, and vaults of all these persons. The administrator and all persons duly designated by the administrator shall have authority to require the attendance of and to examine, under oath, all persons whomsoever whose testimony the administrator may require relative to the conditional sales contract or the business or to the subject matter of any examination, investigation, or hearing.

The administrator shall may make an examination of the affairs, business, office, and records of each licensee at least once every two calendar years. Each licensee shall pay to the administrator an amount as may be required under section 46.131, and the administrator licensees as often as considered necessary. The administrator may assess a fee covering the necessary costs of an examination or special investigation under this section, section 168.69, or reports filed under section 168.706. The fee is payable to the administrator on the administrator's request for payment. The administrator may maintain an action for the recovery of the costs in any court of competent jurisdiction.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.71, is amended to read:

168.71 [RETAIL INSTALLMENT CONTRACTS.]

(a) (1) Every retail installment contract shall be in writing, shall contain all the agreements of the parties, shall be signed by the retail buyer and seller, and a copy thereof shall be furnished to such retail buyer at the time of the execution of the contract.

(2) No provisions for confession of judgment or power of attorney therefor contained in any retail installment contract or contained in a separate agreement relating thereto, shall be valid or enforceable.

(3) The holder of a precomputed retail installment contract may, if the contract so provides, collect a delinquency and collection charge on each installment in arrears for a period not less than ten days in an amount not in excess of five percent of each installment or \$5, whichever is the less. In addition to such delinquency and collection charge, the retail installment contract, whether interest-bearing or precomputed, may provide for the payment of attorneys' fees not exceeding 15 percent of the amount due and payable under such contract where such contract is referred to an attorney not a salaried employee of the holder of the contract for collection plus the court costs.

(4) Unless written notice has been given to the retail buyer of actual or intended assignment of a retail installment contract, payment thereunder or tender thereof made by the retail buyer to the last known holder of such contract shall be binding upon all subsequent holders or assignees.

(5) Upon written request from the retail buyer, the holder of the retail installment contract shall give or forward to the retail buyer a written statement of the dates and amounts of payments and the total amount unpaid under such contract. A retail buyer shall be given a written receipt for any payment when made in cash.

(b) The retail installment contract shall contain the following items:

(1) The cash sale price of the motor vehicle which is the subject matter of the retail installment contract;

(2) The total amount of the retail buyer's down payment, whether made in money or goods, or partly in money or partly in goods;

(3) The difference between items one and two;

(4) The charge, if any, included in the transaction for any insurance and other benefits not included in clause (1), specifying the types of coverage and benefits taxes, fees, and charges that actually are or will be paid to public officials or government agencies, including those for perfecting, releasing, or satisfying a security interest if such taxes, fees, or charges are not included in clause (1);

(5) Principal balance, which is the sum of item three and item four;

(6) The amount of the time price differential finance charge;

(7) The time balance total of payments payable by the retail buyer to the retail seller and the number of installment payments required and the amount of each installment expressed in dollars or percent-



ages, and date of each payment necessary finally to pay the time balance total of payments which is the sum of item five and item six.

Provided, however, that said items one to seven inclusive need not be stated in the terms, sequence or order set forth above ~~and that additional items may be included which serve to explain the calculations involved in determining the stated time balance to be paid by the retail buyer.~~ Provided further, that clauses (6) and (7) may be disclosed on the assumption that all scheduled payments under the contract will be made when due.

In lieu of the above clauses, the retail seller may give the retail buyer disclosures which satisfy the requirements of the Federal Truth-In-Lending Act in effect as of the time of the contract, notwithstanding whether or not that act applies to the transaction.

(c) Every retail seller or sales finance company, if a charge for insurance on the motor vehicle is included in a retail installment contract shall within 30 days after execution of the retail installment contract send or cause to be sent to the retail buyer a policy or policies or certificate of insurance, which insurance shall be written by a company authorized to do business in this state, clearly setting forth the amount of the premium, the kind or kinds of insurance and the scope of the coverage and all the terms, exceptions, limitations, restrictions and conditions of the contract or contracts of the insurance. The buyer of a motor vehicle under a retail installment contract shall have the privilege of purchasing such insurance from an agent or broker of the buyer's own selection and selecting an insurance company mutually acceptable to the seller and the buyer; provided, however, that the inclusion of the cost of the insurance premium in the retail installment contract when the buyer selects the agent, broker or company, shall be optional with the seller.

(d) Any sales finance company hereunder may purchase or acquire from any retail seller any retail installment contract on such terms and conditions as may be mutually agreed upon between them.

(e) An acknowledgment by the retail buyer of the delivery of any such copy or notice as required in subsection (a) of this section contained in the body of the statement or contract shall be conclusive proof of delivery in any action or proceeding by or against any assignee of a retail installment contract.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.72, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. (a) The ~~time price differential finance charge~~ authorized by sections 168.66 to 168.77 in a retail installment sale may not exceed the following simple interest annual percentage rates:

Class 1. Any motor vehicle designated by the manufacturer by a year model of the same or not more than one year prior to the year in which the sale is made - ~~\$10 per \$100~~ 18 percent per year.

Class 2. Any motor vehicle designated by the manufacturer by a year model of two or three years prior to the year in which the sale is made - ~~\$11 per \$100~~ 19.75 percent per year.

Class 3. Any motor vehicle not in Class 1 or Class 2 - ~~\$13 per \$100~~ 23.25 percent per year plus a flat charge of \$3 for each retail installment sale.

(b) The time price differential finance charge must be computed on the principal balance outstanding from time to time as originally determined under section 168.71, clause (b) and must be computed at the rate indicated on contracts payable in successive monthly installment payments substantially equal in amount extending for a period of one year. For purposes of this subdivision and section 168.73, contracts payable in successive monthly installment payments include those where the first installment is scheduled for not less than 15 days nor more than one month and 15 days from the date of the contract. On contracts providing for installment payments extending for a period less than or greater than one year, the time price differential must be computed proportionately.

(c) When a retail installment contract provides for unequal or irregular installment payments, the time price differential is at the effective rate provided in clause (a) hereof, having due regard for the irregular schedule of payment. Retail installment contracts may be interest-bearing or precomputed, and fixed-rate or variable rate. For precomputed retail installment contracts, the finance charge may be calculated in advance on the assumption that all scheduled payments will be made when due and the effect of prepayment in full is governed by section 168.73. To compute time for the purpose of calculating interest under this section and section 168.73, a day may be considered  $\frac{1}{30}$  of a month when calculation is made for a fraction of a calendar month. A year is 12 calendar months. A calendar month is that period from a given date in one month to the same numbered date in the following month, and if there is no same-numbered date, to the last day of the following month. When a period of time includes a whole month and a fraction of a month, the fraction of a month is considered to follow the whole month. In the alternative, for interest-bearing retail installment contracts, a retail seller may charge finance charges not to exceed  $\frac{1}{365}$  of the simple interest annual percentage rate permitted in this section for each actual day elapsed from the date of the retail installment contract through and including the date of payment in full.

(d) (c) The time price differential finance charge is inclusive of all charges incident to investigating and making the contract, and for the extension of the credit provided for in the contract and no fee,

commission, expense or other charge whatsoever may be taken, received, reserved or contracted for except taxes, fees, and charges that actually are or will be paid to public officials or government agencies for determining the existence of or for perfecting, releasing, or satisfying a security interest, and except as provided in sections 168.66 to 168.77.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.72, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. A sale of a manufactured home made after July 31, 1983, is governed by the provisions of subdivision 1 for purposes of determining the lawful time price differential finance charge rate, except that the maximum time differential finance charge for a class I manufactured home may not exceed \$8 per \$100 14.5 percent per year. A retail installment sale of a manufactured home that imposes a time price differential rate that is greater than the rate permitted by this subdivision is lawful and enforceable in accordance with its terms until the indebtedness is fully satisfied if the rate was lawful when the sale was made.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.73, is amended to read:

168.73 [PREPAYMENT IN FULL, REFUND CREDITS, ALLOWANCE.]

Notwithstanding the provisions of any retail installment contract to the contrary, any retail buyer may pay in full at any time before maturity the debt of any retail installment contract and without penalty. In so paying such debt a precomputed retail installment contract in full, the retail buyer shall receive a refund credit thereon for such anticipation of payments. For contracts with substantially equal scheduled monthly payments remaining after the date of prepayment in full, the refund must be calculated for all fully unexpired monthly payment periods following the date of payment in full. For all other contracts, the refund must be calculated as of the date in the month following prepayment which corresponds to the original contract date. The amount of such refund shall represent at least as great a proportion of the time price differential after first deducting from such time price differential be calculated according to the actuarial method, less an acquisition cost of \$15, as the sum of the periodic time balances after the month in which date prepayment is made, bears to the sum of all the periodic time balances under the schedule of payments in the original contract which may be deducted from the refund so calculated.

Where the amount of the credit for anticipation of payment is less than \$1, no refund need be made.

The actuarial method means the method of allocating payments on a contract between the principal amount and finance charge at the contract rate charged under section 168.72, whereby a payment is applied first to the accumulated finance charge and then to the unpaid principal balance based on the original terms of the contract and based on the assumption that all payments are made on the due date as originally scheduled or deferred.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.74, is amended to read:

168.74 [EXTENSION OF SCHEDULES, PAYMENTS.]

The holder of a precomputed retail installment contract, may, upon written agreement with the retail buyer, extend the schedules scheduled due date, or defer the schedules scheduled payment of all or part of any installment payment or payments, or renew the balance of such contract. In any such case the holder may restate the amount of the installments and the time schedule therefor, and collect as a refinancing charge for such extension, deferment or renewal, a flat service fee not to exceed \$5 and a total additional charge not exceeding an amount equal to one percent per month the simple interest annual percentage rate under the original retail installment contract calculated on the respective descending balances computed from the date of such extension, deferment or renewal.

Sec. 15. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1, 2, 5, and 9 of this article are effective July 1, 1987. Sections 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, and 14 are effective January 1, 1988. Section 13 is effective January 1, 1988, and applies to contracts entered into on or after that date.

ARTICLE 3

APPLICATION PARITY ACT

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 46.041, is amended to read:

46.041 [BANK APPLICATIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [FILING; FEE; HEARING PUBLIC INSPECTION.] The incorporators of a bank proposed to be organized under the laws of this state shall execute and acknowledge a written application in the form prescribed by the commissioner of commerce. The application must be signed by two or more of the incorporators and request a certificate authorizing the proposed bank to transact

business at the place and in the name stated in the application. The applicant shall file the application with the department with a \$1,000 filing fee and a \$500 investigation fee. The fees must be turned over by the commissioner to the state treasurer and credited to the general fund. Thereupon the applicant shall within 30 days of the receipt of the form prescribed by the commissioner, publish a notice of the filing of the application in a newspaper published in the municipality in which the proposed bank is to be located, and if there is no such newspaper, then at the county seat of the county in which the bank is proposed to be located. The notice shall be in the form prescribed by the commissioner and, in addition to the publication, the applicant shall mail a copy of the notice by certified mail to every bank located within three miles of the proposed location of the bank. If an application is contested, 50 percent of an additional fee equal to the actual costs incurred by the department of commerce in approving or disapproving the application, payable to the state treasurer and credited by the treasurer to the general fund, must be paid by the applicant and 50 percent equally by the intervening parties. The application file must be public, with the exception of financial data on individuals which is private under the Minnesota government data practices act.

Subd. 2. [UNCONTESTED NOTICE OF FILING APPLICATION APPROVAL ORDER; PUBLICATION.] If no objection is received by the commissioner within 21 days after the publication and mailing of the notices, the commissioner may issue an order approving the application without a hearing if it is found that the applicant meets the conditions in section 46.044. Otherwise the commissioner must deny the application. Upon notice of acceptance of an application as complete in all respects for filing, the applicant shall within 30 days of the receipt of the form prescribed by the commissioner, publish a notice of the filing of the application, in a newspaper published in the municipality in which the proposed bank is to be located, and if there is no such newspaper, then at the county seat of the county in which the bank is proposed to be located. The notice must be in the form prescribed by the commissioner and, in addition to the publication, the applicant shall mail a copy of the notice by certified mail to every bank located within three miles of the proposed location of the bank.

Subd. 3. [OBJECTIONS; COMMENTS, REQUESTS FOR HEARING.] If the application is contested, the commissioner shall fix a time, within 60 days after the filing of the objection for a hearing, and the record of the hearing shall be considered by the commissioner in deciding whether or not the application shall be granted. A notice of the hearing must be published in the form prescribed by the commissioner in some newspaper published in the municipality in which the proposed bank is to be located, and if there is no such newspaper, then at the county seat of the county in which the bank is proposed to be located. The notice shall be published once, at the expense of the applicants, not less than 30 days prior to the date of

the hearing. At the hearing the commissioner shall consider the application and hear the applicants and such witnesses as may appear in favor of or against the granting of the application of the proposed bank. The hearing shall be conducted by the commissioner in accordance with the provisions of sections 14.01 to 14.70. Within 21 days after the notice of application has been published, any person may submit to the commissioner either or both written comments on an application and a written request for a hearing on the application. The request must state the nature of the issues or facts to be presented and the reasons why written submissions would be insufficient to make an adequate presentation to the commissioner. Comments challenging the legality of an application should be submitted separately in writing.

Written requests for hearing must be evaluated by the commissioner who may grant or deny the request. A hearing must generally be granted only if it is determined that written submissions would be inadequate or that a hearing would otherwise be beneficial to the decision-making process. A hearing may be limited to issues considered material by the commissioner.

If a request for a hearing has been denied, the commissioner shall notify the applicant and all interested persons stating the reasons for denial. Interested parties may submit to the commissioner with simultaneous copies to the applicant additional written comments on the application within 14 days after the date of the notice of denial. The applicant shall be provided an additional seven days after the 14-day deadline has expired within which to respond to any comments submitted within the 14-day period. A copy of any response submitted by the applicant shall also be mailed simultaneously by the applicant to the interested parties. The commissioner may waive the additional seven-day comment period if so requested by the applicant.

Subd. 4. [HEARING.] In any case in which the commissioner grants a request for a hearing, the commissioner shall fix a time for a hearing conducted pursuant to chapter 14 to decide whether or not the application will be granted. A notice of the hearing must be published by the applicant in the form prescribed by the commissioner in a newspaper published in the municipality in which the proposed bank is to be located, and if there is no such newspaper, then at the county seat of the county in which the bank is proposed to be located. The notice must be published once, at the expense of the applicants, not less than 30 days prior to the date of the hearing. At the hearing the commissioner shall consider the application and hear the applicants and witnesses that appear in favor of or against the granting of the application of the proposed bank. If an application is contested, 50 percent of an additional fee equal to the actual costs incurred by the department of commerce in approving or disapproving the application, payable to the state treasurer and

credited by the treasurer to the general fund, must be paid by the applicant and 50 percent equally by the intervening parties.

Subd. 5. [APPROVAL, DISAPPROVAL, AFTER HEARING.] If, upon the hearing or upon other information submitted, it appears to the commissioner that the application should be granted, the commissioner shall, not later than 90 days after the hearing, and after the applicants have otherwise complied with the provisions of law applicable to the organization of a bank, including the provisions herein contained, make and file in the commissioner's office a written order directing the issuance of a certificate of authorization as provided by law. If the certificate of authorization is not activated within a period of 12 months from date of issuance, the commissioner may upon written notice to the applicants request a new hearing. If the commissioner decides that the application should not be granted, the commissioner shall deny the application and make a written order to that effect, file it in the commissioner's office, and forthwith give notice thereof by certified mail to one of the incorporators named in the application for the proposed bank, addressed to the incorporator at the address stated in the application. Thereupon the commissioner shall refuse to issue the certificate of authorization to the proposed bank.

## Sec. 2. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

This article is effective the day following final enactment, and applies to pending applications at that time if any notice of the filing of the application has not been fully published."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to financial institutions; regulating incorporations and operations of banks; requiring prior written approval by the commissioner for certain lease arrangements; requiring certain securities to be deposited with the state treasurer; requiring approval of certain insider agreements; providing penalties against certain lenders; regulating transfer and closing of deposit accounts; regulating real estate holdings by a bank; providing for exclusions to certain usury limits; regulating acquisitions by bank holding companies; revising the definition of feeder livestock loans for bank lending limit purposes; authorizing the commissioner to borrow money to satisfy obligations of certain closed institutions; authorizing indirect investments in eligible securities for state banks; regulating bank or trust company investments; regulating claims against liquidated institutions; providing for the organization of credit unions; regulating interest and dividends paid on deposits; regulating industrial loan and thrifts; regulating interstate branch banking; providing for the submission of certain reports; modifying the maximum allowable interest rate on certain loans used to satisfy the balances owed on contracts for deed; regulating consumer credit transaction contracts; requiring the

periodic examination of debt prorate companies; modifying the examination requirement for safe deposit companies and insurance premium finance companies; regulating motor vehicle installment sales; regulating bank applications; regulating electronic financial terminals and unauthorized use of financial transaction cards; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 46.041; 46.042; 46.07, subdivision 2; 46.131, subdivision 9; 47.10, subdivision 3, and by adding a subdivision; 47.204, subdivision 1; 47.205, subdivisions 2 and 4; 47.69, subdivision 3; 48.055, subdivision 5; 48.15, subdivision 2; 48.21; 48.24, subdivision 7; 48.51; 48.61, subdivisions 3 and 5; 48.92, subdivision 10; 48.97, subdivision 2; 48.98, subdivision 1; 48.99, subdivision 1; 49.04, subdivision 1; 49.05, by adding a subdivision; 49.24, subdivision 5; 51A.58; 52.01; 52.02, subdivision 3; 52.09, subdivision 2; 52.18; 53.04, subdivisions 3a and 5; 53.05; 53.09, subdivision 2; 55.095; 55.15; 56.12; 59A.06, subdivision 3; 168.66, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, 9, 10, and 11; 168.705; 168.71; 168.72, subdivisions 1 and 4; 168.73; 168.74; 325G.04, by adding a subdivision; 325G.36; 332.29, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 46 and 47; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 48.60 and 55.13.”

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: THEODORE “TED” WINTER, GERALD KNICKERBOCKER AND WES SKOGLUND.

Senate Conferees: DONNA C. PETERSON, WILLIAM V. BELANGER, JR., AND JAMES P. METZEN.

Winter moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 291 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 291, A bill for an act relating to financial institutions; regulating incorporations and operations of banks; requiring approval of certain insider agreements; regulating acquisitions by bank holding companies; authorizing the commissioner to borrow money to satisfy obligations of certain closed institutions; regulating bank or trust company investments; regulating claims against liquidated institutions; providing for the organization of credit unions; regulating interest and dividends paid on deposits; regulating industrial loan and thrifts; providing for the submission of certain reports; modifying the maximum allowable interest rate on certain loans used to satisfy the balances owed on contracts for deed; requiring the periodic examination of collection agencies; regulating consumer deficiency judgments; modifying the examination requirement for safe deposit companies and insurance premium finance



companies; regulating motor vehicle installment sales; regulating bank applications; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 46.041; 46.042; 46.07, subdivision 2; 46.131, subdivision 9; 47.10, subdivision 3, and by adding a subdivision; 47.204, subdivision 1; 47.205, subdivisions 2 and 4; 48.055, subdivision 5; 48.15, subdivision 2; 48.51; 48.61, subdivisions 3 and 5; 48.92, subdivision 10; 48.97, subdivision 2; 48.98, subdivision 1; 48.99, subdivision 1; 49.04, subdivision 1; 49.05, by adding a subdivision; 49.24, subdivision 5; 51A.58; 52.01; 52.02, subdivision 3; 52.09, subdivision 2; 52.18; 53.04, subdivisions 3a and 5; 53.09, subdivision 2; 55.095; 55.15; 56.12; 59A.06, subdivision 3; 168.66, subdivisions 5 and 9; 168.705; 168.71; 168.72, subdivisions 1 and 4; 168.73; 168.74; 325G.36; and 332.29, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 46 and 47; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 48.60 and 55.13.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 133 yeas and 1 nay as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Lasley	Osthoff	Simoneau
Anderson, R.	Gruenes	Lieder	Otis	Skoglund
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Long	Ozment	Solberg
Bauerly	Hartle	Marsh	Pappas	Sparby
Beard	Haukoos	McDonald	Pauly	Stanius
Begich	Heap	McEachern	Pelowski	Steenasma
Bennett	Himle	McKasy	Peterson	Sviggum
Bertram	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Swenson
Bishop	Jacobs	McPherson	Price	Thiede
Blatz	Jaros	Milbert	Quinn	Tjornhom
Boo	Jefferson	Miller	Quist	Tompkins
Brown	Jennings	Minne	Redalen	Trimble
Burger	Jensen	Morrison	Reding	Tunheim
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Rest	Uphus
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rice	Valento
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Vanasek
Clark	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vellenga
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Rose	Voss
Cooper	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dauner	Kelso	O'Connor	Sarna	Waltman
DeBlieck	Kinkel	Ogren	Schafer	Welle
Dempsey	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Scheid	Wenzel
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olsen, E.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Dorn	Knuth	Olson, K.	Schreiber	Wynia
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Omann	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Frederick	Krueger	Onnen	Segal	
Frerichs	Larsen	Orenstein	Shaver	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Rodosovich

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

## CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 601

A bill for an act relating to natural resources; providing that money recovered by the state for forest fire fighting expenses be restored to the fund of origination; increasing the amount that may be paid for tips related to forest fire crimes; clarifying provisions relating to the burden of proof and evidence of negligence; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 88.17, subdivision 2; 88.75, subdivision 1; and 88.76.

May 18, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 601, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment.

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: LOREN A. SOLBERG, HOWARD G. MILLER AND PAUL ANDERS OGREN.

Senate Conferees: GREGORY L. DAHL, DARRIL WEGSCHEID AND STEVEN MORSE.

Solberg moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 601 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 601, A bill for an act relating to natural resources; providing that money recovered by the state for forest fire fighting expenses be restored to the fund of origination; increasing the amount that may be paid for tips related to forest fire crimes; clarifying provisions relating to the burden of proof and evidence of negligence; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 88.17, subdivision 2; 88.75, subdivision 1; and 88.76.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 133 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Lieder	Otis	Simoneau
Anderson, R.	Gutknecht	Long	Ozment	Skoglund
Battaglia	Hartle	Marsh	Pappas	Solberg
Bauerly	Haukoos	McDonald	Pauly	Sparby
Beard	Heap	McEachern	Pelowski	Stanius
Begich	Himle	McKasy	Peterson	Steenma
Bennett	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Svigum
Bertram	Jacobs	McPherson	Price	Swenson
Bishop	Jaros	Milbert	Quinn	Thiede
Blatz	Jefferson	Miller	Quist	Tjornhom
Brown	Jennings	Minne	Redalen	Tompkins
Burger	Jensen	Morrison	Reding	Trimble
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Rest	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rice	Uphus
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Valento
Clark	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vanasek
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Cooper	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rose	Voss
Dauner	Kelso	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
DeBlick	Kinkel	Ogren	Sarna	Waltman
Dempsey	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Welle
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olsen, E.	Scheid	Wenzel
Dorn	Knuth	Olsen, K.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Omann	Schreiber	Wynia
Frederick	Krueger	Onnen	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Frerichs	Larsen	Orenstein	Segal	
Greenfield	Lasley	Osthoff	Shaver	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

#### CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 1374

A bill for an act relating to the office of the attorney general; removing the numerical limit on the number of assistant attorneys general; authorizing the attorney general to delegate contract review duties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 8.02, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 8.

May 15, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 1374, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment and that H. F. No. 1374 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

“Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 8.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [APPOINTMENT OF DEPUTIES AND ASSISTANTS.] The attorney general may appoint, and at pleasure remove, six deputy attorneys general and ~~16~~ <sup>35</sup> assistant attorneys general. The appointees shall render such aid as is required of them in the discharge of the official duties of the attorney general. To the extent authorized in writing by the attorney general, they shall have authority to appear before grand juries or in any court of this state, as the attorney general personally might do.

The attorney general shall have power to employ such assistance, whether lay, legal, or expert, as the attorney general deems necessary for the protection of the interests of the state through the proper conduct of its legal business.

Sec. 2. [8.20] [DELEGATION OF CONTRACT REVIEW.]

The attorney general may delegate the power to approve contracts as to form and execution to any state official if it is determined that the delegation will produce a significant, demonstrable improvement in the efficiency or operation of state government. The attorney general may condition the delegation as the attorney general determines to be necessary to protect the interests of the state.

Sec. 3. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1 and 2 are effective the day following final enactment.”

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: WAYNE SIMONEAU, CONNIE MORRISON AND TOM RUKAVINA.

Senate Conferees: WILLIAM P. LUTHER, FRITZ KNAAK AND DONALD M. MOE.

Simoneau moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 1374 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1374, A bill for an act relating to the office of the attorney general; removing the numerical limit on the number of assistant attorneys general; authorizing the attorney general to delegate contract review duties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 8.02, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 8.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 129 yeas and 1 nay as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Larsen	Onnen	Segal
Anderson, R.	Gruenes	Lasley	Orenstein	Shaver
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Lieder	Osthoff	Simoneau
Bauerly	Hartle	Long	Otis	Skoglund
Beard	Haukoos	Marsh	Ozment	Solberg
Begich	Heap	McDonald	Pappas	Sparby
Bennett	Himle	McEachern	Pauly	Stanius
Bertram	Hugoson	McKasy	Pelowski	Steensma
Bishop	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Peterson	Sviggum
Blatz	Jaros	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Swenson
Brown	Jefferson	Milbert	Price	Thiede
Burger	Jennings	Miller	Quinn	Tjornhom
Carlson, D.	Jensen	Minne	Quist	Trimble
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Morrison	Redalen	Tunheim
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Munger	Reding	Uphus
Clark	Johnson, V.	Murphy	Rice	Valento
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Richter	Vanasek
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Dauner	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Rose	Voss
DeBleeck	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Rukavina	Waltman
Dempsey	Kinkel	O'Connor	Sarna	Welle
Dille	Kludt	Ogren	Schafer	Wenzel
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Scheid	Winter
Forsythe	Knuth	Olson, E.	Schoenfeld	Wynia
Frederick	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Schreiber	Spk. Norton
Frerichs	Krueger	Omann	Seaberg	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Tompkins

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

#### CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 1043

A bill for an act relating to metropolitan government; providing for qualifications, terms, compensation, and duties of members of various metropolitan agencies; requiring various publications, plans, and reports; regulating routes and service bidding; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 473.141, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 473.161, subdivision 1c; 473.1623, subdivi-

sions 2, 4, and 5; 473.303, by adding a subdivision; 473.373, by adding a subdivision; 473.377, subdivision 1, and by adding subdivisions; 473.38, subdivision 2; and 473.604, subdivision 1, and by adding subdivisions; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 473.

May 17, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 1043, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House concur in the Senate amendment and that H. F. No. 1043 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

“Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.141, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [MEMBERSHIP; APPOINTMENTS.] (a) Each agency consists of eight members, plus a chair appointed as provided in subdivision 3. The metropolitan council shall appoint the eight members on a nonpartisan basis after consultation with the members of the legislature from the district for which the member is to be appointed. The consultation with legislators in the affected district must include informing each legislator of the name, address, and background of each candidate for appointment and soliciting and reporting to the appointments committee the recommendation of each legislator on the appointment.

(b) In addition to the notice required in section 15.0597, subdivision 4, notice of vacancies and expiration of terms must be published in newspapers of general circulation in the metropolitan area and the appropriate districts. The council shall notify in writing the governing bodies of the statutory and home rule charter cities, counties, and towns having territory in the district for which the member is to be appointed. The notices must describe the appointment process and invite participation and recommendations on the appointment.

(c) The council shall establish an appointments committee, composed of members of the council, to screen and review candidates. Following the submission of member applications to the metropolitan council as provided under section 15.0597, subdivision 5, the

appointments committee shall conduct public meetings, following appropriate notice, to accept statements from or on behalf of persons who have applied or been nominated for appointment and to allow consultation with and secure the advice of the public and local elected officials. The committee shall hold the meeting on each appointment in the district or in a reasonably convenient and accessible location in the part of the metropolitan area in which the district is located. The committee may consolidate meetings. Following the meetings, the committee shall submit to the council a written report that lists the persons who have applied or been nominated or recommended for the position, along with a description of the background and qualifications of each. In making its recommendation, the committee specifically shall consider evidence of the candidate's commitment to regularly communicate on issues before the agency with metropolitan council members, legislators and local elected officials in the district, and the committee shall report its findings on this subject in its written report to the council.

(d) One member shall be appointed from each of the following agency districts:

- (1) district A, consisting of council districts 1 and 2;
- (2) district B, consisting of council districts 3 and 7;
- (3) district C, consisting of council districts 4 and 5;
- (4) district D, consisting of council districts 6 and 10;
- (5) district E, consisting of council districts 8 and 9;
- (6) district F, consisting of council districts 11 and 12;
- (7) district G, consisting of council districts 13 and 14; and
- (8) district H, consisting of council districts 15 and 16.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.141, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3a. [MEMBERS; DUTIES.] Each member shall communicate regularly with metropolitan council members, legislators, and local government officials in the district the member represents.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.161, subdivision 1c, is amended to read:

Subd. 1c. [SERVICES AND SYSTEMS MANAGEMENT.] The plan must include a services and systems management component that describes the levels and costs of services that will be provided to

service areas and populations within the metropolitan area. The component must describe: (1) service needs, objectives, and priorities; (2) changes in existing services; (3) deployment of new services; (4) distribution and coordination of services; (5) timing, priority, and location, with maps, of service areas, routes, levels of service, and similar matters, as appropriate to the type of service; (6) delivery methods and providers; (6) (7) system management and administration; (7) (8) costs; (8) (9) manner of finance and revenue sources, including federal and state funds, private funds, taxes, and user charges; and (9) (10) fiscal effects.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.1623, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [FINANCIAL REPORTING AND MANAGEMENT ADVISORY COMMITTEE.] A financial reporting and management advisory committee is created, consisting of the chairs of the council and the following metropolitan agencies: the waste control commission, transit board, transit commission, metropolitan airports commission, and sports facilities commission. The committee is established to assist and advise the council and other governing boards in meeting the requirements of this section. Staff and administrative services for the committee must be provided by the council and the member agencies. Other agencies shall make financial information available upon request.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.1623, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [FINANCIAL REPORTING; BUDGETING.] (a) The advisory committee, with the assistance of the state auditor and the legislative auditor, shall develop uniform or consistent standards, formats, and procedures for the budgets and financial reports of the council and all metropolitan agencies. The council shall report to the legislature from time to time on progress made by the committee in improving the uniformity and quality of budgets and financial reports and on legislation that may be needed for this purpose.

(b) The council and each metropolitan agency shall prepare a summary budget for agency fiscal year 1988 and each year thereafter. The advisory committee, with the assistance of the state auditor and the legislative auditor, shall develop guidelines and models for the summary budgets. The purpose of the summary budget is to increase public knowledge and agency accountability by providing citizens outside of the agency with a condensed, accessible, and graphic description of the financial affairs of the agency. The document should contain a coherent, effectively communicated, understandable statement of: financial trends and forecasts; budget policies and policy changes; agency financial assumptions, objectives and plans; revenue sources and expenditures by program category; personnel policies, decisions, and allocation; budgetary



performance measures; and similar matters serving the purpose of the document.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.1623, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [ADMINISTRATIVE COORDINATION.] The advisory committee shall evaluate the benefits, costs, methods, and effects, including operational effects, of joint or uniform and coordinated exercise of powers by the council and metropolitan agencies for appropriate administrative functions. The study must include at least ongoing managerial reporting, contracts, purchasing, data processing, and personnel. The council shall report to the legislature from time to time on the findings and recommendations of the advisory committee to date by January 1, 1987, and on legal and other impediments to increased coordination of administrative functions. Before submitting the report, the council shall request comments on the report from the affected metropolitan agencies, and the comments must be submitted along with the report.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.1623, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. [PERSONNEL AND ETHICAL PRACTICES; COMMUNICATION.] By January 1, of each year, the council and each agency represented on the advisory committee established under this section shall report to the legislature on the following:

(1) agency personnel practices, including an analysis of trends, compliance with legal requirements, health care and other benefits, and salary levels in comparison with relevant job markets; and

(2) ethical practices requirements for board members and employees of each agency, including the sources of the requirements, agency comparisons, and comparison with requirements for state and local government officers and employees; and

(3) the activities undertaken by each agency board member and council member to regularly meet with and communicate with local officials and legislators in the member's district about issues before the agency or council.

Sec. 8. [473.166] [METROPOLITAN TRANSIT PLANNING PROCESS.]

By January 15, 1988, the council shall report to the legislature a recommended process for coordinating the planning and development of transit by regional railroad authorities.

Sec. 9. [473.247] [METROPOLITAN AGENCIES; PUBLIC INFORMATION.]

The council shall publish a consolidated metropolitan bulletin or register containing official notices, meeting and hearing schedules, notices of adopted ordinances, rules, policies, and similar matters for the council and all metropolitan agencies. Metropolitan agencies shall cooperate with the council in providing timely information for publication.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.303, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3a. [MEMBERS; DUTIES.] Members have the duties imposed by section 2.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.373, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1a. [PURPOSE.] (a) The purposes of the board are:

(1) to foster effective delivery of existing transit services and encourage innovation in transit service;

(2) to prepare implementation and financial plans for the metropolitan transit system;

(3) to set policies and standards for implementing the transit policies and programs of the state and the transit policies of the metropolitan council in the metropolitan area;

(4) to conduct transit research and evaluation; and

(5) to administer state and metropolitan transit subsidies.

(b) The board shall arrange with others for the delivery and provision of transit services and facilities. The board shall avoid, to the greatest extent possible, direct operational planning, administration, and management of specific transit services and facilities.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.377, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [REQUIREMENT.] The transit board shall prepare, submit to the council, and adopt an implementation plan as provided in section 473.161. The services and systems management component of the board's plan must include a description of the special transportation service provided under section 473.386. The board shall prepare an implementation plan meeting the require-

ments of this section and submit the plan to the council by August 1, 1986, and thereafter at a time prescribed by the council.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.377, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. [FARE POLICY.] The plan must contain a statement of the policies that will govern the imposition of user charges for various types of transit service and the policies that will govern decisions by the board to change fare policy.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.377, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. [LOCAL REVIEW AND COMMENT.] At least 30 days before holding the hearing required on the implementation plan or revision, the board shall submit copies of the plan or a summary of the plan to the chief administrative officer of each statutory and home rule charter city, town, and county in the metropolitan area, along with notice of the hearing and an invitation to testify and submit comments.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.38, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [FINANCIAL PLAN; COUNCIL APPROVAL.] Along with its annual budget, each even-numbered year the board shall prepare a financial plan for the succeeding three calendar years, in half-year segments. The financial plan must be consistent with the board's implementation plan and must contain the elements specified in section 473.1623, subdivision 3. The financial plan must contain schedules of user charges and any changes in user charges planned or anticipated by the board during the period of the plan. The financial plan must contain a proposed request for state financial assistance for the succeeding biennium. The board shall submit the financial plan to the council for review and approval or disapproval. The council may approve or disapprove in whole or in part. The council may disapprove only for inconsistency with the policy plan of the council.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.388, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [REPLACEMENT SERVICE; ELIGIBILITY.] The transit board may provide assistance under the program to a statutory or home rule charter city or town or combination thereof, that:

(a) is located in the metropolitan transit taxing district;

(b) is not served by the transit commission or is served only with transit commission bus routes which begin or end within the applying city or town or combination thereof; and

(c) has fewer than four scheduled runs of metropolitan transit commission bus service during off-peak hours defined in section 473.408, subdivision 1.

Eligible cities or towns or combinations thereof may apply on behalf of a transit operator with whom they propose to contract for service.

The board may not provide assistance under this section to a statutory or home rule charter city or town unless the city or town,

(i) was receiving assistance under Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 174.265 ~~or~~ by July 1, 1984,

(ii) had submitted an application for assistance under that section by July 1, 1984, or

(iii) had submitted a letter of intent to apply for assistance under that section by July 1, 1984, and submits an application for assistance under this section by July 1, 1988. A statutory or home rule charter city or town has an additional twelve month extension if it has notified the board before July 1, 1988, that the city or town is in the process of completing a transportation evaluation study that includes an assessment of the local transit needs of the city or town.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.39, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [GENERAL AUTHORITY.] The council, if requested by vote of at least two-thirds of all of the members of the transit board, may issue general obligation bonds subject to the volume limitation in subdivision 1a to provide funds to the board for expenditure to implement the board's approved implementation plan and may issue general obligation bonds not subject to the volume limitation set forth in subdivision 1a for the refunding of outstanding bonds, or certificates of indebtedness of the council, the board or the commission, and judgments against the board or the commission. The council may not unreasonably withhold the issuance of obligations for an implementation plan that has been approved by the council. The council may not issue obligations pursuant to this subdivision, other than refunding bonds, in excess of the amount specifically authorized by law. Except as otherwise provided in sections 473.371 to 473.449, the council shall provide for the issuance, sale, and security of the bonds in the manner provided in chapter 475, and has the same powers and duties as a municipality issuing bonds under that law, except that no election is required

and the net debt limitations in chapter 475 do not apply to the bonds. The obligations are not a debt of the state or any municipality or political subdivision within the meaning of any debt limitation or requirement pertaining to those entities. Neither the state, nor any municipality or political subdivision except the council and board, nor any member or officer or employee of the board or council, is liable on the obligations. The obligations may be secured by taxes levied without limitation of rate or amount upon all taxable property in the transit taxing district and transit area as provided in section 473.446, subdivision 1, clause (c). The council shall certify to the transit board before October 1 of each year the amounts necessary to provide full and timely payment of the obligations. As part of its levy made under section 473.446, subdivision 1, clause (c), the board shall levy the amounts certified by the council and transfer the proceeds to the council for payment of the obligations. The taxes must be levied, certified, and collected in accordance with the terms and conditions of the indebtedness.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.39, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. [~~AMOUNT; I-394 FACILITIES OBLIGATIONS.~~] (a) The council may issue certificates of indebtedness, bonds, or other obligations under this section in an amount not exceeding ~~\$8,500,000~~ \$17,000,000 for ~~expenditure~~ financial assistance to the commission, as prescribed in the implementation plan of the board and the capital program of the commission. ~~Of this~~

(b) The council may issue certificates of indebtedness, bonds, or other obligations under this section in an amount, no more than not exceeding \$1,500,000 may be spent for land acquisition and capital improvements for park and ride lots and transit transfer stations planned for the interstate highway described in section 161.123, clause (2), commonly known as I-394. These facilities may be constructed and maintained by the metropolitan transit commission. The board shall require, as a condition of financial assistance to the commission, that the commission make facilities it constructs, acquires, or improves for I-394 with funds provided under this provision available to all transit providers on a nondiscriminatory basis, as the board defines these terms. The limitation contained in this subdivision does not apply to refunding bonds issued by the council.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.446, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [TAXATION WITHIN TRANSIT TAXING DISTRICT.] For the purposes of sections 473.401 to 473.451 and the metropolitan transit system, except as otherwise provided in this subdivision the regional transit board shall levy each year upon all

taxable property within the metropolitan transit taxing district, defined in subdivision 2, a transit tax consisting of:

(a) an amount up to two mills times the assessed value of all such property, based upon the level of transit service provided for the property, the proceeds of which shall be used for payment of the expenses of operating transit and paratransit service and to provide for payment of obligations issued by the commission under section 473.436, subdivision 6;

(b) an additional amount, if any, as the board determines to be necessary to provide for the full and timely payment of its certificates of indebtedness and other obligations outstanding on July 1, 1985, to which property taxes under this section have been pledged; and

(c) an additional amount necessary to provide full and timely payment of certificates of indebtedness, bonds, including refunding bonds or other obligations issued or to be issued under section 473.39 by the council for purposes of acquisition and betterment of property and other improvements of a capital nature and to which the council or board has specifically pledged tax levies under this clause.

The county auditor shall reduce the tax levied pursuant to this subdivision on all property within statutory and home rule charter cities and towns that receive full peak service and limited off-peak service by an amount equal to the tax levy that would be produced by applying a rate of 0.5 mills on the property. The county auditor shall reduce the tax levied pursuant to this subdivision on all property within statutory and home rule charter cities and towns that receive limited peak service by an amount equal to the tax levy that would be produced by applying a rate of 0.75 mills on the property. The amounts so computed by the county auditor shall be submitted to the commissioner of revenue as part of the abstracts of tax lists required to be filed with the commissioner under section 275.29. Any prior year adjustments shall also be certified in the abstracts of tax lists. The commissioner shall review the certifications to determine their accuracy and may make changes in the certification as necessary or return a certification to the county auditor for corrections. The commissioner shall pay to the regional transit board the amounts certified by the county auditors on the dates provided in section 273.13, subdivision 15a, clause (3). There is annually appropriated from the general fund in the state treasury to the department of revenue the amounts necessary to make these payments in fiscal year 1987 and thereafter.

For the purposes of this subdivision, "full peak and limited off-peak service" means peak period regular route service, plus weekday midday regular route service at intervals longer than 60

minutes on the route with the greatest frequency; and "limited peak period service" means peak period regular route service only.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.604, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. The following persons and their respective successors shall constitute the members and governing body of the corporation, namely:

(1) All of the members and commissioners in office January 1, 1973, for the remainder of the terms for which they were appointed or otherwise selected, respectively;

(2) The mayor of each of the cities, or a qualified voter appointed by the mayor, for the term of office as mayor;

(3) A member of the council of each of the cities, appointed by the council for a term of four years commencing in July, 1977;

(4) A member of the park board of Minneapolis appointed by that board and a second member of the council of St. Paul, appointed by it, each for a term of two years commencing in July, 1979;

(5) One additional resident of each city, who does not hold any office under the state or any of its political subdivisions except that of notary public, herein termed a "citizen commissioner," such member in St. Paul to be appointed by the mayor, with the approval of the council, and in Minneapolis by the council, with the approval of the mayor; each for a term of two years commencing in July, 1979;

(6) Six additional members, each appointed by the governor on a nonpartisan basis, and each holding no other office under the state or any of its political subdivisions except that of notary public; for terms and with residence qualifications as follows:

(a) (1) A resident of the area of the counties of Washington and Ramsey, outside of St. Paul, for a four-year term commencing in July, 1974, and a successor for a term ending July 1, 1981;

(2) A resident of the county of Anoka, for a four-year term commencing in July, 1974, and a successor for a term ending July 1, 1981;

(3) Three residents of the area of the counties of Carver, Scott and Hennepin, outside Minneapolis, for a two-year term commencing in July, 1974, and their successors for a term ending July 1, 1981;

(4) A resident of the county of Dakota, for a four-year term commencing in July, 1974, and a successor for a term ending July 1, 1981;

(b) As successors to all members referred to in paragraphs (2) to (6)(a), whose terms will expire in July, 1981, a number of members appointed from precincts equal or nearest to but not exceeding half the number of districts which are provided by law for the selection of members of the metropolitan council in section 473.123. Each member shall be a resident of the precinct represented. The members shall be appointed by the governor as follows: a number as near as possible to one-fourth, for a term of one year; a similar number for a term of two years; a similar number for a term of three years; and a similar number for a term of four years, all of which terms shall commence on July 1, 1981. The successors of each member shall be appointed for four-year terms commencing in July of each fourth year after the expiration of the original term. Before making an appointment, the governor shall consult with each member of the legislature from the precinct for which the member is to be appointed, to solicit the legislator's recommendation on the appointment;

(7) One member appointed by the governor of the state, who shall be chair of the corporation, appointed for a term coterminous with that of the governor.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.604, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 7. [MEMBERS; DUTIES.] Members appointed under subdivision 1 have the duties imposed by section 2.

Sec. 22. [473.391] [ROUTE PLANNING AND SCHEDULING.]

The regional transit board shall contract with the metropolitan transit commission or other operators or local governments for route planning and scheduling services in any configuration of new or reconfiguration of existing transit services and routes, including route planning and scheduling necessary for the test marketing program, the service bidding program, and the interstate highway described in section 161.123, clause (2), commonly known as I-394. Route planning and scheduling is subject to approval by the board for conformity to the board's transit implementation plans and route, schedule, and other service standards, objectives, and policies established by the board.

Sec. 23. [473.392] [SERVICE BIDDING.]

The regional transit board may competitively bid transit service only in accordance with standards, procedures, and guidelines adopted by resolution of the board. The board shall establish a



project management team to assist and advise the board in developing and implementing standards, procedures, and guidelines. The project management team must include representatives of the metropolitan transit commission, the Amalgamated Transit Union Local 1005, private operators, local governments, and other persons interested in the subject. At least 60 days before adopting any standards, procedures, or guidelines for competitive bidding of transit service, the board shall hold a public hearing on the subject. The board shall publish notice of the hearing in newspapers of general circulation in the metropolitan area not less than 15 days before the hearing. At the hearing all interested persons must be afforded an opportunity to present their views orally and in writing. Following the hearing, and after considering the testimony, the board shall revise and adopt the standards, procedures, and guidelines.

Sec. 24. [473.393] [FEDERAL GRANTS.]

The regional transit board may not be a recipient of federal capital or operating assistance for transit. The board shall study and report to the legislature by January 1, 1988, on the effects, advantages, and disadvantages of transferring the authority to receive these funds from the commission to the board and on how and for what purpose the board would use the funds differently than the commission could use the funds.

Sec. 25. [RATIFICATION.]

Minnesota Statutes, section 473.39, subdivision 1, as amended by section 17, clarifies legislative intent. Obligations issued prior to the effective date of section 17 are not invalid or unenforceable if issued in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 473.39, subdivision 1, as amended by section 17.

Sec. 26. [FARE RESTRICTION REPEALED.]

The provisions respecting fares of the metropolitan transit commission in Laws 1981, chapter 363, section 55, subdivision 1; Laws 1981, Third Special Session chapter 2, article 1, section 2, subdivision 2; and Laws 1983, chapter 293, section 2, subdivision 5, are repealed.

Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 10, section 122, is repealed.

Sec. 27. [APPLICATION.]

Sections 1 to 28 are effective in the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, and Washington.

## Sec. 28. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

This act is effective the day following final enactment."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to metropolitan government; providing for qualifications of commission members, budget criteria, plans, and reports; clarifying purposes of regional transit board; requiring regional transit board to contract for route planning and scheduling services; requiring the regional transit board to adopt standards for competitive bidding after a public hearing; regulating participation in a transportation program; providing conditions for incurrence of debt for certain purposes; providing conditions for the use of federal funds; removing fare restrictions; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 473.141, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 473.161, subdivision 1c; 473.1623, subdivisions 2, 4, and 5, and by adding a subdivision; 473.303, by adding a subdivision; 473.373, by adding a subdivision; 473.377, subdivision 1, and by adding subdivisions; 473.38, subdivision 2; 473.388, subdivision 2; 473.39, subdivisions 1 and 1a; 473.446, subdivision 1; and 473.604, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 473; repealing Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 10, section 122."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: PHIL CARRUTHERS, KATHLEEN A. BLATZ AND PETER McLAUGHLIN.

Senate Conferees: DARRIL WEGSCHEID, MICHAEL O. FREEMAN AND WILLIAM P. LUTHER.

Carruthers moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 1043 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1043, A bill for an act relating to metropolitan government; providing for qualifications, terms, compensation, and duties of members of various metropolitan agencies; requiring various publications, plans, and reports; regulating routes and service bidding; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 473.141, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 473.161, subdivision 1c; 473.1623, subdivisions 2, 4, and 5; 473.303, by adding a subdivision; 473.373, by adding a subdivision; 473.377, subdivision 1, and by adding subdivisions; 473.38, subdivision 2; and 473.604, subdivision 1, and by adding subdivisions; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 473.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 130 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Lieder	Osthoff	Shaver
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Long	Otis	Simoneau
Bauerly	Hartle	Marsh	Ozment	Skoglund
Beard	Haukoos	McDonald	Pappas	Solberg
Begich	Heap	McEachern	Pauly	Sparby
Bennett	Hugoson	McKasy	Pelowski	Stanisus
Bertram	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Peterson	Steensma
Bishop	Jaros	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Swiggum
Blatz	Jefferson	Milbert	Price	Swenson
Boo	Jennings	Miller	Quinn	Thiede
Brown	Jensen	Minne	Quist	Tjornhom
Burger	Johnson, A.	Morrison	Redalen	Tompkins
Carlson, D.	Johnson, R.	Munger	Reding	Trimble
Carlson, L.	Johnson, V.	Murphy	Rest	Tunheim
Carruthers	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Rice	Uphus
Clark	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Richter	Valento
Clausnitzer	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Vanasek
Cooper	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Dauner	Kinkel	O'Connor	Rose	Voss
DeBlieck	Kludt	Ogren	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Waltman
Dorn	Knuth	Olson, E.	Schafer	Welle
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Scheid	Wenzel
Frederick	Krueger	Omman	Schoenfeld	Winter
Frerichs	Larsen	Onnen	Seaberg	Wynia
Greenfield	Lasley	Orenstein	Segal	Spk. Norton

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

#### CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 303

A bill for an act relating to agriculture; changing the shade tree disease control program; imposing certain penalties; eliminating certain audit requirements and an insurance limitation; changing the cooperative associations law; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 18.023, subdivision 1; 28A.08; 31.101, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8; 40.071; 308.58, subdivision 2; 308.62; 308.77; 308.83; and 308.85; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 38.02, subdivision 2; and 38.13.

May 17, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 303, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment and that H. F. No. 303 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

#### “ARTICLE 1

#### RURAL FINANCE AUTHORITY

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41.56, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [SALE OF DEFAULTED PROPERTY.] In the event that title to any property is acquired by the state, upon conveyance of title to the state and expiration of the period of redemption, the commissioner shall undertake to sell the property by publishing a notice of the impending sale at least once each week for four successive weeks in a legal newspaper and also in a newspaper of general distribution in the county in which the property to be sold is situated. The notice must describe the lots or tracts to be offered and the terms of sale. Except as further provided, the terms and method of sale shall be determined by the commissioner.

The commissioner shall first attempt to sell the property to a person who is eligible for a family farm security loan. If the commissioner is unable to effect a sale to an eligible person, the commissioner shall attempt to sell the property for cash as provided in subdivision 4a. If the commissioner is unable to effect a sale to an eligible person or for cash, or if the commissioner finds that sale to an eligible person or for cash would not best protect the interests of the state, the commissioner may sell the property on terms which the commissioner finds will best protect the interests of the state. The commissioner may lease any real property which the commissioner is unable to sell with reasonable promptness. In any event, any acquired farm property must be sold within three years after the conveyance of title to the state or after the expiration of the period of redemption. The commissioner may contract for the services of a licensed real estate agent or broker to assist in selling any property

acquired under this section and may pay for the services from the proceeds of the sale before proceeds are distributed under subdivision 4b.

In lieu of selling property under this subdivision, the commissioner may utilize participation under the beginning farmer program under chapter 41B.

In selling property acquired under this section, the commissioner may not sell the property to a relative within the second degree of kindred according to common law of a person who has defaulted.

Sec. 2. [41.597] [USE AND DISPOSITION OF PROPERTY.]

Subdivision 1. [COMMISSIONER MAY SELL OR LEASE PROPERTY.] The commissioner may sell or lease property acquired by the state in a manner that protects the interests of the state. Persons desiring to purchase or lease property must apply to the commissioner.

Subd. 2. [MANAGING AND SELLING PROPERTY.] (a) The commissioner must attempt to sell agricultural property to persons entering farming and farmers that need additional property to continue their farming operations.

(b) The commissioner must give priority to applicants desiring to purchase or lease property who:

(1) are residents of the state of Minnesota;

(2) have sufficient education, training, or experience in the type of farming for which the property is desired and agree to continued participation in a farm management program, approved by the commissioner for at least the first ten years;

(3) have, including the applicant's dependents and spouse, a total net worth valued at less than \$100,000 and have demonstrated a need for acquiring property from the commissioner;

(4) intend to purchase farm land to be used by the applicant for agricultural purposes; and

(5) are credit worthy according to standards prescribed by the commissioner.

(c) The commissioner must attempt to sell the property by a cash sale. Agricultural property may be leased with an option to purchase to accommodate a sale. The commissioner should avoid long-term leasing of property.

Subd. 3. [RESTRICTED AGRICULTURAL USE.] (a) Acquired property that has marginal land as defined in section 40.42, subdivision 6, or wetlands must be restricted from agricultural use on the marginal land or wetlands.

(b) If the commissioner determines that all or a portion of acquired property should be taken out of agricultural use or particular agricultural uses should be restricted, the commissioner shall have the attorney general prepare an easement restricting the agricultural use and file the easement with the county recorder where the property is located.

Subd. 4. [EXCLUSIVE AGRICULTURAL USE.] The commissioner may place easements on acquired property restricting development and allowing only agricultural or conservation use.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41B.01, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [PURPOSE.] Sections 41B.01 to 41B.23 create and establish the Minnesota rural finance ~~administration~~ authority and establish a program under which state bonds are authorized to be issued and proceeds of their sale are appropriated under the authority of article XI, section 5, clause (h) of the Minnesota Constitution, to develop the state's agricultural resources by extending credit on real estate security. The purpose of the ~~program~~ rural finance authority's programs and of the bonds issued to finance or provide security for the ~~program~~ programs is to purchase participation interests in loans to be made available by agricultural lenders to farmers in order to restructure existing debt and to make available additional credit to farmers who own or purchase agricultural properties on terms and conditions not otherwise available from other credit sources. It is hereby found and declared that there presently exist in the state economic conditions which have severely adversely affected the economic viability of farms to the detriment of the rural economy and to the detriment of the economy of the state of Minnesota as a whole. It is further found and declared that as a result of public agricultural policies, agricultural market conditions, and other causes, the condition of the farm economy of the state of Minnesota is such as to jeopardize the continued existence and successful operation of farms in this state, necessitating the establishment of the ~~program~~ programs in sections 41B.01 to 41B.23 to provide new sources of credit on favorable terms and conditions. It is further found and declared that providing credit for farmers on favorable terms and conditions will serve and promote the public welfare by assuring the viability of farm operations, by preventing erosion of the tax base in rural areas, by reducing foreclosures on farm property, and by enhancing the financial stability of farmers and of the businesses which depend on farmers as customers. It is further found and declared that in establishing a Minnesota rural finance ~~administration~~ authority and in authorizing the programs

in sections 41B.01 to 41B.23, the legislature is acting in all respects for the benefit of the people of the state of Minnesota to serve the public purpose of improving and otherwise promoting their health, welfare, and prosperity and that the Minnesota rural finance administration authority, as created and established, is empowered to act on behalf of the people of the state of Minnesota in serving this public purpose for the benefit of the general public.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41B.02, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [ELIGIBLE AGRICULTURAL LENDER; ELIGIBLE LENDER.] "Eligible agricultural lender" or "eligible lender" means an entity of the kind described in section 41B.04, subdivision 6, which enters into an agreement with the administration providing for the purchase by the administration of participation interests in eligible agricultural loans originated and serviced by the qualified agricultural lender a bank, credit union, or savings and loan association chartered by the state or federal government, a subdivision of the Farm Credit System, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or any insurance company, fund, or other financial institution doing business as an agricultural lender within the state, if the authority determines that the agricultural lender has sufficient personnel and other resources to efficiently and properly originate and service qualified agricultural loans. An eligible agricultural lender must enter into one or more agreements with the authority providing for the origination and servicing of qualified agricultural loans on the terms and conditions the authority determines to be appropriate.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41B.02, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [ELIGIBLE BORROWER.] "Eligible borrower" means a borrower who meets the eligibility criteria for a program in section 41B.03.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41B.02, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [QUALIFIED AGRICULTURAL LOAN.] "Qualified agricultural loan" means a loan to an eligible borrower made by an eligible agricultural lender which the administration purchases or in which the administration purchases a participation interest under agricultural programs established and implemented by the authority.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41B.02, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. [PRIMARY PRINCIPAL.] "Primary principal" means that portion of the ~~principal~~ outstanding balance on a loan covered by sections 41B.01 to 41B.23 that is equal to the current market value of the property secured by the loan.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41B.02, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. [BASIC INTEREST.] "Basic interest" means that part of interest on primary principal that is payable ~~annually~~ while the loan is in effect.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41B.02, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

Subd. 13. [CURRENT MARKET VALUE.] "Current market value" means, for the purposes of section 41B.04, the value determined by an appraisal considering comparable sales in the area where the real estate is located and the reasonable productive value of the property based on past production history. The state and the eligible agricultural lender must mutually agree on the current market value.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41B.02, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

Subd. 14. [BORROWER.] "Borrower" means the person or persons liable on a ~~restructured note~~ qualified agricultural loan.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41B.02, subdivision 15, is amended to read:

Subd. 15. [ORIGINAL LOAN.] "Original loan" means a loan prior to restructuring as provided in section 41B.04.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41B.03, is amended to read:

#### 41B.03 [BORROWER ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA.]

Subdivision 1. [ELIGIBILITY GENERALLY.] To be eligible for a program in sections 41B.01 to 41B.23:

(a) (1) a borrower must be a resident of Minnesota or a domestic family farm corporation, as defined in section 500.24, subdivision 2;

(b) (2) the borrower or one of the borrowers must be the principal operator of the farm; or, for a prospective homestead redemption borrower, must have at one time been the principal operator of a farm; and



(3) the borrower must not previously have received assistance under sections 41B.01 to 41B.23.

Subd. 2. [ELIGIBILITY FOR RESTRUCTURED LOAN.] In addition to the eligibility requirements of subdivision 1, a prospective borrower for a restructured loan must:

(c) the borrower or one of the borrowers must (1) have received at least 50 percent of average annual gross income from farming for the past three years or, for homesteaded property, received at least 40 percent of average gross income from farming in the past three years, and farming must be the principal occupation of the borrower;

(d) The borrower must (2) have a debt-to-asset ratio equal to or greater than 50 percent, and in determining this ratio, the assets must be determined by the valued at their current market value of the assets;

(e) The borrower's (3) have projected annual expenses, including operating expenses, family living, and interest expenses after the restructuring, must that do not exceed 95 percent of the borrower's projected annual income considering prior production history and projected prices for farm production, except that the authority may reduce the 95 percent requirement if it finds that other significant factors in the loan application support the making of the loan; and

(f) The borrower must be unable to meet (4) demonstrate substantial difficulty in meeting projected annual expenses without restructuring the loan.

(g) The borrower must not previously have received restructuring assistance pursuant to sections 41B.01 to 41B.23.

Subd. 3. [BEGINNING FARMER LOANS.] In addition to the requirements under subdivision 1 a prospective borrower for a beginning farm loan must:

(1) have sufficient education, training, or experience in the type of farming for which the loan is desired;

(2) have a total net worth, including assets and liabilities of the borrower's spouse and dependents, of less than \$100,000;

(3) demonstrate a need for the loan;

(4) demonstrate an ability to repay the loan;

(5) demonstrate that the agricultural land to be purchased will be used by the borrower for agricultural purposes; and

(6) demonstrate that farming will be the principal occupation of the borrower.

Subd. 4. [CONTINUING ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.] After qualifying for a restructured loan, a borrower must continue to meet only the requirements of subdivision 1, clauses (1) and (2).

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41B.035, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [BOARD ACTIONS OF THE AUTHORITY.] The powers of the board are vested in the members in office from time to time. A majority of the members of the board authority, excluding vacancies, constitutes a quorum for the purpose of conducting its business and exercising its powers and for all other purposes. Action may be taken by the board authority upon a vote of a majority of a quorum present.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41B.035, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 8. [TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.] The authority must make technical assistance available to potential lenders and applicants to encourage applications for loans.

Sec. 15. [41B.037] [HOMESTEAD REDEMPTION PROGRAM.]

The authority may establish and implement a homestead redemption program under sections 41B.01 to 41B.23. The purpose of the program is to assist persons who have lost their farms due to foreclosure, granting a deed in lieu of foreclosure, or other actions necessary to settle their agricultural debts, and who are otherwise unable to secure the credit necessary to repurchase their farm homestead. The authority may enter into agreements with an eligible lender for the purposes of the program. The authority may, by rule, establish eligibility standards for the program that are different from those established for other programs of the authority. The authority's interest in a homestead redemption loan may not exceed one-half of the loan amount or \$25,000, whichever is less.

Sec. 16. [41B.038] [PROGRAMS FOR COMMITMENTS TO OTHER ENTITIES.]

The authority may establish programs to make or purchase and enter into commitments to make or purchase qualified agricultural loans or portions of the loans issued to persons described in section 41B.03, subdivision 1. The agricultural loans must be insured or guaranteed by the United States Department of Agriculture, Farmers Home Administration, Farm Credit System, a subdivision of the Farm Credit System, or any similar federal agency or federally chartered institution whose obligations are directly or indirectly

guaranteed or insured by the United States. The commissioner of finance may not issue general obligation bonds pursuant to sections 41B.19 or 41B.195 to finance any programs established under this section.

Sec. 17. [41B.039] [BEGINNING FARMER PROGRAM.]

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT.] The authority may establish, develop criteria, and implement a beginning farmer program. The program must assist persons entering farming who have not owned a farm before entering the beginning farmer program.

Subd. 2. [STATE PARTICIPATION.] The state may participate in a new real estate loan with an eligible lender to a beginning farmer to the extent of one-fourth of the principal of the loan or \$25,000, whichever is less. The interest rates and repayment terms of the authority's participation interest may be different than the interest rates and repayment terms of the lender's retained portion of the loan.

Subd. 3. [SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION AGREEMENTS.] (a) As a condition of receiving a beginning farmer loan the borrower must agree to implement an approved soil and water conservation plan on the land.

(b) The borrower must place marginal land as defined in section 40.42, subdivision 6, in a permanent conservation easement as provided in section 40.43. The authority may compensate the borrower for the easement as provided in section 40.43, subdivision 6.

Subd. 4. [FARM MANAGEMENT.] A borrower must agree to participate in a farm management program approved by the commissioner of agriculture for at least the first eight years of the loan.

Subd. 5. [LOAN REVIEW.] The authority shall refer all applications for the beginning farmer program to the family farm advisory council to review the loan with the beginning farmer and make recommendations to the authority.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41B.04, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [RESTRUCTURING PROCEDURE.] (a) The eligible agricultural lender or borrower shall propose restructuring a loan to the ~~administration~~ authority. Within 30 days of receiving adequate information concerning a proposal, the ~~administration~~ authority and the eligible lender shall notify the borrower of their determination of eligibility. An eligible agricultural lender shall then expeditiously ~~conduct necessary appraisals and~~ draft the loan

restructuring agreement which must be consistent with this section and documents previously approved by the ~~administration and eligible lenders~~ authority. ~~The loan restructuring agreement must be approved by the eligible lender, the administration, and the borrower.~~

(b) An eligible borrower may participate in the restructured loan or the homestead redemption loan, but not both loans.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41B.04, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [STATE'S PARTICIPATION.] With respect to loans that are eligible for restructuring under sections 41B.01 to 41B.23 and upon acceptance by the ~~administration~~ authority, the ~~administration~~ authority shall enter into a participation agreement or other financial arrangement whereby it shall participate in a restructured loan to the extent of one-quarter of the primary principal or \$50,000, whichever is less, ~~except that the administration may participate in restructured loans made for the redemption of homesteads to the extent of one-half of the primary principal or \$25,000, whichever is less. The administration's authority's portion of the loan must thereafter be protected during the authority's participation by the first mortgage held by the eligible lender to the extent of its participation in the loan.~~

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41B.04, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. [RESTRUCTURED LOAN AGREEMENT.] (a) All payments on the primary and secondary principal of the restructured loan, all payments of interest on the secondary principal, and an agreed portion of the interest payable to the eligible agricultural lender on the primary principal must be deferred to the end of the term of the loan.

(b) A borrower may prepay the restructured loan, with all primary and secondary principal and interest and deferred interest at any time without prepayment penalty.

(c) Interest on secondary principal must accrue at a below market interest rate.

(d) At the conclusion of the term of the restructured loan, the borrower owes primary principal, secondary principal, and deferred interest on primary and secondary principal. However, part of this balloon payment may be forgiven following an appraisal by the lender and the ~~administration~~ authority to determine the current market value of the real estate subject to the mortgage. If the current market value of the land after appraisal is less than the amount of debt owed by the borrower to the lender and ~~administra~~

tion authority on this obligation, that portion of the obligation that exceeds the current market value of the real property must be forgiven by the lender and the administration authority in the following order:

- (1) deferred interest on secondary principal;
- (2) secondary principal;
- (3) deferred interest on primary principal;
- (4) primary principal as provided in an agreement between the administration and the lender; and
- (5) accrued but not deferred interest on primary principal.

The debt forgiveness may be combined with a renegotiated loan on the unforgiven balance due if the borrower is able to establish that there are reasonable prospects of repayment on a debt equal to the current market value of real estate at then existing interest rates. If so, the loan must be reamortized on terms and conditions acceptable to the lender, the administration, and the farmer.

(e) The authority may not participate in refinancing a restructured loan at the conclusion of the restructured loan.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41B.04, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. [INTEREST RATE.] Unless the authority determines that it is not in the best interests of the restructured loan program, the interest rate per annum on the portion of the restructuring restructured loan represented by the participation interest purchased by the administration authority must be that rate of interest determined by the administration authority to be necessary to provide for the timely payment of principal and interest when due on bonds or other obligations issued by the administration authority, and to provide for the reasonable and necessary costs of issuing, carrying, administering, and securing the bonds or notes and to pay the costs incurred and to be incurred by the administration authority in the implementation of the program. The interest rate per annum borne by the primary principal portion of the restructuring loan retained by the eligible agricultural lender must be a rate of interest approved by the administration authority. The administration authority may specify the points, fees, and other charges which the eligible agricultural lender may charge to the eligible borrower.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41B.04, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. [ADMINISTRATION.] The eligible lender shall administer the loans and shall bear all costs of the loan administration. Ordinary costs of administration include appraisals, litigation, abstracts of title, and similar costs. ~~The administration agrees to share in any other responsibilities common to a loan participation agreement.~~

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41B.04, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. [ASSIGNABILITY.] Loans restructured under this section may not be assigned to anyone other than a ~~direct descendant of the original borrower and the assignee must intend to engage in the direct operation and management of the farm which is subject to the mortgage meeting the eligibility requirements of section 41B.03, subdivision 1, and any other requirements imposed or approved by the authority.~~ If such an assignment is contemplated, the borrower must obtain prior written approval of the eligible lender and the administration and the assignee shall thereafter be subject to the same terms and conditions and events of default as the original borrower. If assigned to some other party, the eligible agricultural lender may exercise its foreclosure remedies as provided by its contracts and by law.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41B.05, is amended to read:

41B.05 [GENERAL POWERS OF THE ADMINISTRATION AUTHORITY.]

For the purpose of exercising the specific powers granted in section 41B.04 and effectuating the other purposes of sections 41B.01 to 41B.23 the ~~administration~~ authority has the general powers granted in this section.

- (a) It may sue and be sued.
- (b) It may have a seal and alter the seal.
- (c) It may make, and from time to time, amend and repeal rules consistent with sections 41B.01 to 41B.23.
- (d) It may acquire, hold, and dispose of personal property for its corporate purposes.
- (e) It may enter into agreements, contracts, or other transactions with any federal or state agency, any person and any domestic or foreign partnership, corporation, association, or organization, including contracts or agreements for administration and implementation of all or part of sections 41B.01 to 41B.23.

(f) It may acquire real property, or an interest therein, in its own name, by purchase or foreclosure, where such acquisition is necessary or appropriate.

(g) It may provide general technical services related to rural finance.

(h) It may provide general consultative assistance services related to rural finance, and shall make available technical assistance to potential lenders and applicants to encourage applications for loans.

(i) It may promote research and development in matters related to rural finance.

(j) It may enter into agreements with lenders, borrowers, or the issuers of securities for the purpose of regulating the development and management of farms financed in whole or in part by the proceeds of qualified agricultural loans.

(k) It may enter into agreements with other appropriate federal, state, or local governmental units to foster rural finance. It may give advance reservations of loan financing as part of the agreements, with the understanding that the ~~administration~~ authority will only approve the loans pursuant to normal procedures, and may adopt special procedures designed to meet problems inherent in such programs.

(l) It may undertake and carry out studies and analyses of rural financing needs within the state and ways of meeting such needs including: data with respect to geographical distribution; farm size; the distribution of farm credit needs according to debt ratios and similar factors; the amount and quality of available financing and its distribution according to factors affecting rural financing needs and the meeting thereof; and may make the results of such studies and analyses available to the public and may engage in research and disseminate information on rural finance.

(m) It may survey and investigate the rural financing needs throughout the state and make recommendations to the governor and the legislature as to legislation and other measures necessary or advisable to alleviate any existing shortage in the state.

(n) It may establish cooperative relationships with such county and multicounty authorities as may be established and may develop priorities for the utilization of ~~administration~~ authority resources and assistance within a region in cooperation with county and multicounty authorities.

(o) It may contract with, use, or employ any federal, state, regional, or local public or private agency or organization, legal

counsel, financial advisors, investment bankers or others, upon terms it deems necessary or desirable, to assist in the exercise of any of the powers granted in sections 41B.01 to 41B.23 and to carry out the objectives of sections 41B.01 to 41B.23 and may pay for the services from ~~administration~~ authority funds.

(p) It may establish cooperative relationships with counties to develop priorities for the use of ~~administration~~ authority resources and assistance within counties and to consider county plans and programs in the process of setting the priorities.

(q) It may delegate any of its powers to its officers or staff.

(r) It may enter into agreements with qualified agricultural lenders or others insuring or guaranteeing to the state the payment of all or a portion of qualified agricultural loans.

(s) It may enter into agreements with eligible agricultural lenders providing for advance reservations of purchases of participation interests in restructuring loans, if the agreements provide that the authority may only purchase participation interests in restructuring loans under the normal procedure. The authority may provide in an agreement for special procedures or requirements designed to meet specific conditions or requirements.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41B.08, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [REQUIRED RATING.] No bonds may be issued unless a rating of "A" or better has been awarded to the bonds by a national bond rating agency. The "A" rating is not required if the bonds are initially sold to corporations or financial institutions for investment purposes and not for the purpose of remarketing the bonds to the public.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41B.12, is amended to read:

41B.12 [REVENUE BONDS; NONLIABILITY OF INDIVIDUALS.]

~~Neither~~ The members of the administration nor authority and its staff and any person executing the bonds is liable are not personally liable on the bonds or subject to any personal liability or accountability by reason of their issuance.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41B.19, subdivision 5, is amended to read:



Subd. 5. [~~RURAL FINANCE ADMINISTRATION AUTHORITY SECURITY ACCOUNT.~~] The commissioner of finance shall maintain a separate state building fund account designated as the rural finance ~~administration authority~~ security account, into which must be deposited the proceeds of the rural renewal general obligation bonds issued as provided in this section. The commissioner of finance shall maintain a separate bookkeeping account to record receipts and disbursements of money transferred to or from the security account and to record income from the investment of money in the account. Upon the written request of the ~~administration authority~~, the commissioner of finance shall transfer from the security account to an account or accounts the ~~administration authority~~ shall designate, a sum of money sufficient in amount, if available, when added to the balances then on hand in the designated accounts, to pay bonds issued by the ~~administration authority~~ under sections 41B.01 to 41B.23 and the interest on them due and to become due on the next succeeding date for the payment of the principal of and interest on the bonds of the administration or to restore to any debt service reserve fund established in connection with the bonds any amount withdrawn from the debt service reserve account to pay the bonds. When no revenue bonds secured by the security account are outstanding under the resolution authorizing their issuance, the commissioner of finance shall further transfer from all money and securities on hand in the security account on or before the date on which any installment of the principal of and interest on bonds authorized by this section is due, a sum sufficient in amount, when added to the balance then on hand in the rural renewal bond account, to pay all bonds issued under this section and the interest on them due and to become due on the next succeeding date for payment of the bonds to the state bond fund.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41B.19, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [INVESTMENT OF SECURITY ACCOUNT.] (a) Money from time to time on deposit in the security account must be invested by the state board of investment at the request of the ~~administration authority~~ in any investment authorized by this subdivision. Money on deposit in the security account may be invested in:

(1) certificates of deposit insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation; (2) certificates of deposit issued by eligible agricultural lenders, whether or not fully insured or secured issued by or interest-bearing time deposits with a national banking association or a bank and trust company organized under the laws of any state;

~~(3)~~ (2) deposits secured by obligations of the United States or of the state of a market value equal at all times to the amount of the

deposit and all banks and trust companies are authorized to give security for those deposits;

(4) (3) qualified agricultural loans or in participation interests in qualified agricultural loans; or

(5) (4) qualified restructured loans.

(b) The principal amount of the investment under paragraph (a), clause (1), must be fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation; or if not fully insured, the institution issuing the certificate of deposit or accepting the time deposit must be rated in the AA or a higher category as defined by a nationally recognized bond rating agency or in an equivalent or higher rating category based on any later redefinition.

(c) If and to the extent money has been transferred from the security account to provide for the timely payment of the principal of and interest on bonds issued by the ~~administration~~ authority, or to transfer money to a debt service reserve fund established in connection with the bonds, the ~~administration~~ authority shall transfer to the security account on or before December 1 of each succeeding year an amount equal to that previously transferred from the security account, provided that the ~~administration's~~ authority's obligation to transfer money to the security account is limited to money then on hand in funds or accounts of the ~~administration~~ authority in excess of those appropriated to other purposes or required to provide for the payment of the principal of and interest on bonds issued by the ~~administration~~ authority and to pay the costs of issuing, carrying, administering, and securing the bonds of the ~~administration~~ authority and of administering and implementing the programs of the ~~administration~~ authority financed by the bonds.

Sec. 29. [41B.195] [ADDITIONAL USE OF GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS.]

Notwithstanding the limit set forth in section 41B.19, subdivision 1, the commissioner of finance, upon the request of the rural finance authority, may issue the general obligation bonds authorized by section 41B.19 and use the proceeds of the bonds to purchase participations in qualified agricultural loans if the commissioner determines that it is not practical or efficient to issue revenue bonds under section 41B.08 for the purpose of section 41B.04 and sections 13, 15, and 16 as a result of reduced program size or increased program costs. Subject to the other provisions of this section, the proceeds of the bonds must be deposited, held, and disbursed from a separate state building fund account, the bonds are payable from the bond account established by section 41B.19, subdivision 4, and the participations purchased with the bond proceeds must be held as assets of the bond account. If the rural finance authority later

determines to issue revenue bonds under section 41B.08 for the purposes specified in section 41B.04, the commissioner may by order provide for the transfer of all or a portion of the remaining bond proceeds and interest on them, and all or a portion of the participations purchased with the bond proceeds and proceeds of them, to be transferred to the security account established in section 41B.19, subdivision 5, and used for the purposes specified in section 41B.19, subdivisions 1 and 5.

Sec. 30. [41B.211] [DATA PRIVACY.]

Financial information, including credit reports, financial statements, and net worth calculations, received or prepared by the authority regarding any authority loan and the name of each individual who is the recipient of a loan are private data on individuals, under chapter 13.

Sec. 31. [INSTRUCTIONS TO REVISOR.]

The revisor of statutes is instructed to change the phrases "rural finance administration" and "administration" when the term is applied to the rural finance administration to "rural finance authority" and "authority" respectively in Minnesota Statutes. The revisor is further instructed to rearrange the subdivisions of Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41B.02, so that the terms defined therein are in alphabetical order.

The revisor of statutes shall renumber each section of Minnesota Statutes specified in column A with the number set forth in column B. The revisor shall also make necessary cross-reference changes consistent with the renumbering.

<u>Column A</u>	<u>Column B</u>
<u>41B.035</u>	<u>41B.025</u>
<u>41B.05</u>	<u>41B.036</u>

Sec. 32. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 41B.02, subdivision 17; 41B.035, subdivision 4; and 41B.04, subdivisions 6, 13, 14, 15, and 16, are repealed.

Sec. 33. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

This article is effective on the day following final enactment.

ARTICLE 2

RIGHT OF FIRST REFUSAL

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 500.24, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [DEFINITIONS.] For the purposes of this section, the terms defined in this subdivision have the meanings here given them:

(a) "Farming" means the production of (1) agricultural products; (2) livestock or livestock products; (3) milk or milk products; or (4) fruit or other horticultural products. It does not include the processing, refining or packaging of said products, nor the provision of spraying or harvesting services by a processor or distributor of farm products. It does not include the production of timber or forest products or the production of poultry or poultry products.

(b) "Family farm" means an unincorporated farming unit owned by one or more persons residing on the farm or actively engaging in farming.

(c) "Family farm corporation" means a corporation founded for the purpose of farming and the ownership of agricultural land in which the majority of the voting stock is held by and the majority of the stockholders are persons or the spouses of persons related to each other within the third degree of kindred according to the rules of the civil law, and at least one of said related persons is residing on or actively operating the farm, and none of whose stockholders are corporations; provided that a family farm corporation shall not cease to qualify as such hereunder by reason of any devise or bequest of shares of voting stock.

(d) "Authorized farm corporation" means a corporation meeting the following standards:

- (1) Its shareholders do not exceed five in number;
- (2) All its shareholders, other than any estate are natural persons;
- (3) It does not have more than one class of shares; and
- (4) Its revenues from rent, royalties, dividends, interest and annuities does not exceed 20 percent of its gross receipts; and
- (5) Shareholders holding a majority of the shares must be residing on the farm or actively engaging in farming.

(e) "Agricultural land" means land used for farming.

(f) "Pension or investment fund" means a pension or employee welfare benefit fund, however organized, a mutual fund, a life insurance company separate account, a common trust of a bank or other trustee established for the investment and reinvestment of money contributed to it, a real estate investment trust, or an investment company as defined in United States Code, title 15,

section 80a-3. "Pension or investment fund" does not include a benevolent trust established by the owners of a family farm, authorized farm corporation or family farm corporation.

(g) "Farm homestead" means a house including adjoining buildings that has been used as part of a farming operation or is part of the agricultural land used for a farming operation.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 500.24, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [DISPOSAL OF LAND.] (a) A state or federal agency or a corporation, other than a family farm corporation or an authorized farm corporation, when leasing may not lease or selling farm sell agricultural land or a farm homestead must offer that was acquired by enforcing a debt against the agricultural land or farm homestead, including foreclosure of a mortgage, accepting a deed in lieu of foreclosure, terminating a contract for deed, or accepting a deed in lieu of terminating a contract for deed, before offering or make making a good faith effort to offer the land for sale or lease to the immediately preceding former owner at a price no higher than the highest price offered by a third party that is acceptable to the seller or lessor. The offer must be made on the notice to offer form under section 3. Selling or leasing property to a third party at a price is prima facie evidence that the price is acceptable to the seller or lessor.

(b) For purposes of this subdivision, the term "a price no higher than the highest price offered by a third party" means the acceptable cash price offered by a third party or the acceptable time-price offer made by a third party. A cash price offer is one that involves simultaneous transfer of title for payment of the entire amount of the offer. If the acceptable offer made by a third party is a time-price offer, the seller or lessor must make the same time-price offer or an equivalent cash offer to the immediately preceding former owner. An equivalent cash offer is equal to the total of the payments made over a period of the time-price offer discounted by yield curve of the United States treasury notes and bonds on the first business day of the month in which the offer is personally delivered or mailed for time periods similar to the time period covered by the time-price offer, plus 2.0 percent. A time-price offer is an offer that defers payment of a portion of the price and does not involve a transfer of fee title until payment of the entire amount of the offer is made.

(c) This subdivision applies to a seller when the property is sold and to a lessor each time the property is leased, for five years after the agricultural land is acquired except:

(1) an offer to lease to the immediately preceding former owner is required only on the first occasion on which the property is leased.

until the immediately preceding owner fails to accept an offer to lease the property or the property is sold; and

(2) an offer to sell to the immediately preceding former owner is required only on until the first occasion on which the property is sold.

(d) The notice of an offer delivered under section 3 that is personally delivered with a signed receipt or sent by certified mail with a receipt of mailing to the immediately preceding former owner's last known address is a good faith offer.

(e) This subdivision does not apply to a sale or lease that occurs after the seller or lessor has held the property for five years or longer.

(f) For purposes of this subdivision, if the immediately preceding former owner is a bankruptcy estate the debtor in the bankruptcy is the immediately preceding owner.

(g) The immediately preceding former owner must exercise the right to lease ~~farm~~ agricultural land or a homestead located on agricultural land in writing within ~~ten~~ 15 days after receiving an offer to lease under this subdivision is mailed with a receipt of mailing or personally delivered. The immediately preceding former owner must exercise the right to buy ~~farm~~ the agricultural land or farm homestead located on agricultural land, in writing, within ~~60~~ 65 days after receiving an offer to buy under this subdivision. This subdivision does not apply if the former owner is a bankruptcy estate. is mailed with a receipt of mailing or is personally delivered. Within ten days after exercising the right to lease or buy by accepting the offer, the immediately preceding owner must fully perform according to the terms of the offer including paying the amounts due. A seller may sell and a lessor may lease the agricultural land or farm homestead subject to this subdivision to the third party in accordance with their lease or purchase agreement if:

(1) the immediately preceding former owner does not accept an offer to lease or buy before the offer terminates; or

(2) the immediately preceding former owner does not perform the obligations of the offer, including paying the amounts due, within ten days after accepting the offer.

(h) A certificate indicating whether or not the property contains agricultural land or a farm homestead that is signed by the county assessor where the property is located and recorded in the office of the county recorder or the registrar of titles where the property is located is prima facie evidence of whether the property is agricultural land or a farm homestead.

(i) As prima facie evidence that an offer to sell or lease agricultural land or a farm homestead has terminated, a receipt of mailing the notice under section 3 and an affidavit, signed by a person authorized to act on behalf of a state, federal agency, or corporation selling or leasing the agricultural land or a farm homestead may be filed in the office of the county recorder or registrar of titles of the county where the agricultural land or farm homestead is located. The affidavit must state that:

(1) notice of an offer to buy or lease the agricultural land or farm homestead was provided to the immediately preceding former owner at a price not higher than the highest price offered by a third party that is acceptable;

(2) the time during which the immediately preceding former owner is required to exercise the right to buy or lease the agricultural land or farm homestead has expired;

(3) the immediately preceding former owner has not exercised the right to buy or lease the agricultural land or farm homestead as provided in this subdivision or has accepted an offer and has not fully performed according to the terms of the offer; and

(4) the offer to the immediately preceding former owner has terminated.

(j) The right of an immediately preceding former owner to receive an offer to lease or purchase agricultural land under this subdivision or to lease or purchase at a price no higher than the highest price offered by a third party that is acceptable to the seller or lessor may be extinguished or limited by an express statement signed by the immediately preceding owner that complies with the plain language requirements of section 325G.31. The right may not be extinguished or limited except by the express statement in a deed in lieu of foreclosure or in a deed in lieu of a termination of a contract for deed for the agricultural land.

(k) The right of an immediately preceding former owner to receive an offer to lease or purchase agricultural land under this subdivision may not be assigned or transferred, but may be inherited.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 500.24, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 7. [NOTICE OF OFFER.] (a) The state, a federal agency, or a corporation subject to subdivision 6 must provide a notice of an offer to sell or lease agricultural land substantially as follows, after inserting the appropriate terms within the parentheses:

"NOTICE OF OFFER  
TO (LEASE, BUY) AGRICULTURAL LAND

TO: (...Immediately preceding former owner...)  
FROM: (...The state, federal agency, or corporation subject to  
subdivision 6...)

DATE: (...date notice is mailed or personally delivered...)

(...The state, federal agency, or corporation...) HAS ACQUIRED THE AGRICULTURAL LAND DESCRIBED BELOW AND HAS RECEIVED AN ACCEPTABLE OFFER TO (LEASE, SELL) THE AGRICULTURAL LAND FROM ANOTHER PARTY. UNDER MINNESOTA STATUTES, SECTION 500.24, SUBDIVISION 6, AN OFFER FROM (...the state, federal agency, or corporation...) MUST BE MADE TO YOU AT A PRICE NO HIGHER THAN THE HIGHEST OFFER MADE BY ANOTHER PARTY.

THE AGRICULTURAL LAND BEING OFFERED CONTAINS APPROXIMATELY (...approximate number of acres...) ACRES AND IS INFORMALLY DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

(Informal description of the agricultural land being offered that reasonably describes the land. This description does not need to be a legal description.)

(...The state, federal agency, or corporation...) OFFERS TO (SELL, LEASE) THE AGRICULTURAL LAND DESCRIBED ABOVE FOR A CASH PRICE OF \$(...cash price or equivalent cash price for lease and lease period, or cash price or equivalent cash price for sale of land...), WHICH IS NOT HIGHER THAN THE PRICE OFFERED BY ANOTHER PARTY. THE PRICE IS OFFERED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

(Terms, if any, of acceptable offer)

IF YOU WANT TO ACCEPT THIS OFFER YOU MUST NOTIFY (...the state, federal agency, or corporation...) IN WRITING THAT YOU ACCEPT THE OFFER OR SIGN UNDERNEATH THE FOLLOWING PARAGRAPH AND RETURN A COPY OF THIS NOTICE BY (15 for a lease, 65 for a sale) DAYS AFTER THIS NOTICE IS PERSONALLY DELIVERED OR MAILED TO YOU. THE OFFER IN THIS NOTICE TERMINATES ON (...date of termination - 15 days for lease and 65 days for sale after date of mailing or personal delivery...).

ACCEPTANCE OF OFFER

I ACCEPT THE OFFER TO (BUY, LEASE) THE AGRICULTURAL LAND DESCRIBED ABOVE AT THE PRICE OFFERED



TO ME IN THIS NOTICE. AS PART OF ACCEPTING THIS OFFER I WILL PERFORM ACCORDING TO THE TERMS OF THE OFFER, INCLUDING MAKING PAYMENTS DUE UNDER THE OFFER, WITHIN TEN DAYS AFTER THE DATE I ACCEPT THIS OFFER.

.....  
Signature of Former Owner Accepting Offer  
 .....

.....  
Date  
 .....

(b) For an offer to sell, a copy of the purchase agreement containing the price and terms of the highest offer made by a third party that is acceptable to the seller and a signed affidavit by the seller affirming that the purchase agreement is true, accurate, and made in good faith must be included with the notice under this subdivision. At the seller's discretion, reference to the third party's identity may be deleted from the copy of the purchase agreement.

(c) For an offer to lease, a copy of the lease containing the price and terms of the highest offer made by a third party that is acceptable to the lessor and a signed affidavit by the lessor affirming that the lease is true, accurate, and made in good faith must be included with the notice under this subdivision. At the lessor's discretion, reference to the third party's identity may be deleted from the copy of the lease agreement.

(d) The affidavit under paragraphs (b) and (c) is subject to section 609.48.

#### Sec. 4. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

This article is effective July 1, 1987, and applies to property with initial offers made under section 500.24, subdivision 6, after July 1, 1987.

### ARTICLE 3

#### WAIVER OF DEBTOR'S RIGHTS

Section 1. [550.42] [WAIVER OF AGRICULTURAL DEBTOR'S RIGHTS.]

Subdivision 1. [WAIVER IS VOID.] (a) A waiver of statutory rights of a debtor in a contract, loan agreement, or security agreement as a condition for a loan of money for agricultural production is void unless the waiver is expressly authorized by law.

(b) A waiver of mediation rights under chapter 583, the right to an offer under section 500.24, subdivision 6, or the debtor's statutory

rights under chapter 580, 581, or 582 for a mortgage on agricultural property, is void unless the waiver is expressly authorized by law.

Subd. 2. [PENALTY.] A person, corporation, financial institution, or other legal entity is liable to a debtor for up to \$2,500 plus attorney fees if the person or entity:

(1) requires a waiver subject to subdivision 1 in a contract, loan agreement, or security agreement, and does not acknowledge that the waiver subject to subdivision 1 is void; or

(2) attempts to enforce a waiver that is void under subdivision 1.

Sec. 2. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

This article is effective July 1, 1987, except: section 1, subdivision 1, is effective the day after final enactment; and section 1, subdivision 2, applies to contracts, loan agreements, and security agreements entered into after July 1, 1987.

#### ARTICLE 4

##### DESIGNATION OF HOMESTEADS AND SEPARATE AGRICULTURAL TRACTS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 582.041, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [NOTIFICATION OF HOMESTEAD DESIGNATION.] If a mortgage on real property is foreclosed and the property contains a portion of the a homestead of the mortgagor, the mortgagor person in possession of the real property must be notified by the foreclosing mortgagee that the homestead may be sold and redeemed separately from the remaining property. The notice in subdivision 2 must be ~~included in~~ served with the notice of foreclosure that is served on the mortgagor under person in possession of the real property with the requirements in section 580.04 580.03 or for a foreclosure by action under chapter 581, in the summons and complaint served on the person in possession of the real property.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 582.041, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [HOMESTEAD DESIGNATION NOTICE.] (a) The following notice must be ~~included in~~ served with the foreclosure notice of property containing a homestead that is served on the mortgagor person in possession of the real property under section 580.04 580.03. The notice is not to be published. The notice must be in 10-point capitalized letters.

"IF PART OF THE PROPERTY TO BE SOLD CONTAINS YOUR HOUSE, YOU MAY DESIGNATE AN AREA AS A HOMESTEAD TO BE SOLD AND REDEEMED SEPARATELY.

YOU MAY DESIGNATE THE HOUSE YOU OCCUPY AND ANY AMOUNT OF THE PROPERTY AS A HOMESTEAD. THE DESIGNATED HOMESTEAD PROPERTY MUST CONFORM TO THE LOCAL ZONING ORDINANCES AND BE COMPACT SO THAT IT DOES NOT UNREASONABLY REDUCE THE VALUE OF THE REMAINING PROPERTY.

YOU MUST PROVIDE THE PERSON FORECLOSING ON THE PROPERTY, THE SHERIFF, AND THE COUNTY RECORDER WITH A COPY OF THE LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF THE HOMESTEAD YOU HAVE DESIGNATED BY TEN BUSINESS DAYS BEFORE THE DATE THE PROPERTY IS TO BE SOLD."

(b) The following notice must be served with the summons and complaint in an action to foreclose a mortgage of property containing a homestead under chapter 581. The notice must be in 10-point capitalized letters and is not to be published with the summons if the summons is published.

"IF PART OF THE PROPERTY TO BE SOLD CONTAINS YOUR HOUSE, YOU MAY DESIGNATE AN AREA AS A HOMESTEAD TO BE SOLD AND REDEEMED SEPARATELY.

YOU MAY DESIGNATE THE HOUSE YOU OCCUPY AND ANY AMOUNT OF THE PROPERTY AS A HOMESTEAD. THE DESIGNATED HOMESTEAD PROPERTY MUST CONFORM TO THE LOCAL ZONING ORDINANCES AND BE COMPACT SO THAT IT DOES NOT UNREASONABLY REDUCE THE VALUE OF THE REMAINING PROPERTY.

YOU MUST PROVIDE THE COURT WITH A LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF THE HOMESTEAD YOU HAVE DESIGNATED."

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 582.041, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [DESIGNATION OF HOMESTEAD PROPERTY.] The mortgagor person who is homesteading the property must designate a legal description of the homestead property to be sold separately. The homestead property designated may include any amount of the property. The designation must conform to local zoning, include the dwelling occupied by the mortgagor person homesteading the property, and be compact so that it does not unreasonably affect the value of the remaining property. The mortgagor person homesteading the property must serve a copy of the designation on the foreclosing mortgagee, the sheriff, and the county recorder or registrar of titles by ten business days before the sale is scheduled,

or for a foreclosure by action under chapter 581, a copy of the designation must be provided to the court.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 582.041, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [REDEMPTION.] ~~The mortgagor~~ A party who has a right of redemption may redeem the designated homestead, the remaining property, or the entire property including the homestead. The period of redemption is the period for the entire property including the designated homestead.

Sec. 5. [582.042] [FORECLOSURE OF AGRICULTURAL LAND THAT INCLUDES SEPARATE TRACTS.]

Subdivision 1. [NOTIFICATION OF SEPARATE TRACT DESIGNATION.] If a mortgage on real property that is agricultural land is foreclosed and the property contains separate tracts, the person in possession of the real property must be notified by the foreclosing mortgagee that the separate tracts may be sold and redeemed separately. The notice in subdivision 2 must be served with the notice of foreclosure that is served on the person in possession of the property under section 580.03, or for a foreclosure by action under chapter 581, in the summons and complaint.

Subd. 2. [DESIGNATION NOTICE.] (a) The following notice must be served with the foreclosure notice of the property that is served on the person in possession of the real property under section 580.03. The notice must be in 10-point capitalized letters and the notice is not to be published.

"IF THE PROPERTY TO BE SOLD CONTAINS SEPARATE TRACTS, YOU MAY REQUEST THAT THE TRACTS BE SOLD AND REDEEMED SEPARATELY. EACH OF THE SEPARATE TRACTS MUST CONFORM TO LOCAL ZONING ORDINANCES, MUST HAVE AN ENTRANCE BY DIRECT ACCESS TO A PUBLIC ROAD OR BY PERMANENT EASEMENT, AND MUST NOT UNREASONABLY AFFECT THE VALUE OF THE REMAINING PROPERTY.

YOU MUST PROVIDE THE PERSON FORECLOSING ON THE PROPERTY, THE SHERIFF, AND THE COUNTY RECORDER WITH A COPY OF THE LEGAL DESCRIPTIONS OF EACH OF THE TRACTS YOU HAVE DESIGNATED TO BE SOLD SEPARATELY BY TEN BUSINESS DAYS BEFORE THE DATE THE PROPERTY IS TO BE SOLD."

(b) The following notice must be served with the summons and complaint in an action to foreclose a mortgage of real property containing separate tracts under chapter 581. The notice must be in

10-point capitalized letters and is not to be published with the summons if the summons is published.

"IF THE PROPERTY TO BE SOLD CONTAINS SEPARATE TRACTS, YOU MAY REQUEST THAT THE TRACTS BE SOLD AND REDEEMED SEPARATELY. EACH OF THE SEPARATE TRACTS MUST CONFORM TO LOCAL ZONING ORDINANCES.

YOU MUST PROVIDE THE COURT WITH A COPY OF THE LEGAL DESCRIPTIONS OF EACH OF THE TRACTS YOU HAVE DESIGNATED TO BE SOLD SEPARATELY."

Subd. 3. [DESIGNATION OF SEPARATE TRACTS.] The person being foreclosed must designate by legal description each of the tracts to be sold separately. The tracts designated must be previously recorded as separate tracts. Each of the separate tracts must conform to local zoning ordinances, must have an entrance by direct access to a public road or by permanent easement, and must not unreasonably affect the value of the remaining property. The person being foreclosed must serve a copy of the legal descriptions of the tracts to be sold separately on the foreclosing mortgagee, the sheriff, and the county recorder or registrar of titles by ten business days before the sale is scheduled, or for a foreclosure by action under chapter 581, a copy of the legal descriptions of the tracts to be sold separately must be provided to the court.

Subd. 4. [SALE OF PROPERTY.] If the sheriff receives a designation of separate tracts under subdivision 3, or is ordered by the court, the sheriff must offer and sell the tracts separately.

Subd. 5. [REDEMPTION.] The designated tracts may be redeemed separately or the entire foreclosed property may be redeemed. The period of redemption is the period for the entire property including all of the designated tracts.

Sec. 6. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

This article is effective July 1, 1987, and applies to foreclosures where the first publication occurs on or after July 1, 1987, and to foreclosures under chapter 581 where the first service or publication occurs on or after July 1, 1987.

## ARTICLE 5

### AGRICULTURAL DATA COLLECTION TASK FORCE

Section 1. [REACTIVATION OF THE AGRICULTURAL COLLECTION DATA TASK FORCE.]

The agricultural data collection task force created by Laws 1985, chapter 19, as reactivated and amended by Laws 1986, chapter 398, article 11, is reactivated.

Sec. 2. Laws 1985, chapter 19, section 2, subdivision 2, as amended by Laws 1986, chapter 398, article 11, section 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [DUTIES.] The duties of the data collection task force are to:

(1) continue the uniform procedure for collecting data on the financial status of agriculture in Minnesota;

(2) report the results of the program to the legislature no later than December 31, ~~1986~~ of each fiscal year the data collection task force is funded.

Sec. 3. Laws 1985, chapter 19, section 6, subdivision 6, as amended by Laws 1986, chapter 398, article 11, section 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [EXPIRATION.] The data collection task force expires ~~January~~ April 15, 1987 1989, or 15 days after reporting to the legislature whichever date comes later, but in no circumstance later than ~~March~~ June 1, 1987 1989.

Sec. 3. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

This article is effective the day following final enactment.

## ARTICLE 6

### MINNESOTA GROWN

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 17.102, is amended to read:

17.102 [MINNESOTA PRODUCTS, STATE LOGO OR GROWN LABEL.]

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT AND USE OF LABEL.] (a) The commissioner shall establish a "Minnesota grown" logo or labeling statement for use in identifying food agricultural products which that are Minnesota grown, processed, or manufactured in this state. The commissioner shall promulgate rules authorizing and governing the use of the logo or labeling statement. The Minnesota grown logo or labeling statement may be used on raw agricultural products that are not processed into a different physical form or

frozen, only if 80 percent of the agricultural product is produced in this state.

(b) The Minnesota grown logo or labeling statement may not be used without a license from the commissioner except that wholesalers and retailers may use the Minnesota grown logo and labeling statement for displaying and advertising products that qualify for use of the Minnesota grown logo or labeling statement.

Subd. 2. [LABEL DOES NOT REPLACE OTHER REQUIREMENTS.] The logo or labeling statement shall does not supersede or replace any federal label or grade standard which that is required by law and its use shall be discretionary with a grower, processor, or manufacturer.

Subd. 3. [LICENSE.] A person may not use the Minnesota grown logo or labeling without an annual license from the commissioner. The commissioner shall issue licenses for a fee of \$5. The commissioner shall charge a late fee of \$10 for renewal of a license that has expired.

Subd. 4. [MINNESOTA GROWN ACCOUNT.] The Minnesota grown account is established as an account in the state treasury. License fee receipts and penalties collected under this section must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the Minnesota grown account. The money in the account is continuously appropriated to the commissioner to implement and enforce this section and to promote the Minnesota grown logo and labeling.

Subd. 5. [PENALTY.] A person who is required to have a license and uses the Minnesota grown logo or labeling without a license after being notified by the commissioner that a license is required is subject to a civil penalty up to \$1,000.

Subd. 6. [RULES.] The commissioner shall promulgate rules authorizing and licensing the use of the logo or labeling statement.

## Sec. 2. [MINNESOTA GROWN MATCHING ACCOUNT.]

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT.] The Minnesota grown matching account is established as a separate account in the state treasury. The account shall be administered by the commissioner of agriculture as provided in this section.

Subd. 2. [FUNDING SOURCES.] The Minnesota grown matching account shall consist of contributions from private sources and appropriations.

Subd. 3. [APPROPRIATIONS MUST BE MATCHED BY PRIVATE FUNDS.] (a) Appropriations to the Minnesota grown match-

ing account may be expended only to the extent that they are matched with contributions to the account from private sources as provided in paragraph (b) for fiscal years 1988 and 1989.

(b) Private contributions shall be matched on a basis of four dollars of the appropriation to each one dollar of private contributions. Matching funds are not available after the appropriation is encumbered. Private contributions made from January 1, 1987, until the end of fiscal year 1987 shall be matched by the appropriation for fiscal year 1988. Amounts that are not matched in fiscal year 1988 are available to be matched in fiscal year 1989.

Subd. 4. [EXPENDITURES.] The amount in the Minnesota grown matching account that is matched by private contributions and the private contributions are appropriated to the commissioner of agriculture for promotion of products using the Minnesota grown logo and labeling.

Sec. 3. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Section 2 is effective the day following final enactment.

## ARTICLE 7

### AGRICULTURAL PRESERVES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40A.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [PLANS AND OFFICIAL CONTROLS.] By July 1 December 31, 1987, each pilot county selected under subdivision 1 shall submit to the commissioner and to the regional development commission in which it is located, if one exists, a proposed agricultural land preservation plan and proposed official controls implementing the plan. The commissioner, in consultation with the regional development commission, shall review the plan and controls for consistency with the elements in this chapter and shall submit written comments to the county within 90 days of receipt of the proposal. The comments must include a determination of whether the plan and controls are consistent with the elements in this chapter. The commissioner shall notify the county of its determination. If the commissioner determines that the plan and controls are consistent, the county shall adopt the controls within 60 days of completion of the commissioner's review.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40A.152, subdivision 1, is amended to read:



Subdivision 1. [FEE.] A county that is a metropolitan county under section 473.121, subdivision 4, has allowed exclusive agricultural zones to be created under this chapter, ~~that has designated lands eligible for agricultural preserves under section 473H.04, or that has elected to become an agricultural land preservation pilot county~~, shall impose an additional fee of ~~\$3~~ \$5 per transaction on the recording or registration of a mortgage subject to the tax under section 287.05 and an additional ~~\$3~~ \$5 on the recording or registration of a deed subject to the tax under section 287.21. One-half of the fee must be deposited in a special conservation account to be created in the county general revenue fund and one-half must be transferred to the commissioner of revenue for deposit in the state treasury and credited to the Minnesota conservation fund.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40A.152, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [USE OF ACCOUNT.] Money from the county conservation account must be spent by the county to reimburse the county and taxing jurisdictions within the county for revenue lost under the conservation tax credit under section 273.119 or the valuation of agricultural preserves under section 473H.10. If expenditures from other county funds for the same purposes remain at least equal to the amount spent in the previous county budget year, money remaining in the account after these payments the reimbursements are made may be spent for the following purposes:

(1) agricultural land preservation and conservation planning and implementation of official controls under this chapter or chapter 473H;

(2) soil conservation activities and enforcement of soil loss ordinances;

(3) incentives for landowners who create exclusive agricultural use zones;

(4) payments to municipalities within the county for the purposes of clauses (1) to (3).

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473H.10, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [COMPUTATION OF TAX; STATE REIMBURSEMENT.] (a) After having determined the market value of all land valued according to subdivision 2, the assessor shall compute the assessed value of those properties by applying the appropriate classification percentages. When computing the rate of tax pursuant to section 275.08, the county auditor shall include the assessed value of land as provided in this clause.

(b) The county auditor shall compute the tax on lands valued according to subdivision 2 and nonresidential buildings by multiplying the assessed value times the total rate of tax for all purposes as provided in clause (a).

(c) The county auditor shall then compute the maximum ad valorem property tax on lands valued according to subdivision 2 and nonresidential buildings by multiplying the assessed value times 105 percent of the previous year's statewide average mill rate levied on property located within townships for all purposes.

(d) The tax due and payable by the owner of preserve land valued according to subdivision 2 and nonresidential buildings will be the amount determined in clause (b) or (c), whichever is less. If the gross tax in clause (c) is less than the gross tax in clause (b), the state shall reimburse the taxing jurisdictions for the amount of difference. Residential buildings shall continue to be valued and classified according to the provisions of sections 273.11 and 273.13, as they would be in the absence of this section, and the tax on those buildings shall not be subject to the limitation contained in this clause.

The county may transfer money from the county conservation account created in section 40A.152 to the county revenue fund to reimburse the fund for the tax lost as a result of this subdivision or to pay taxing jurisdictions within the county for the tax lost. The county auditor shall certify to the commissioner of revenue on or before June 1 the total amount of tax lost to the county and taxing jurisdictions located within the county as a result of this subdivision and the extent that the tax lost exceeds funds available in the county conservation account. Payments shall be made by the state as provided in section 273.13, subdivision 15a to each of the affected taxing jurisdictions if the county conservation account is insufficient to make the reimbursement. There is annually appropriated from the Minnesota conservation fund under section 40A.151 to the commissioner of revenue an amount sufficient to make the reimbursement provided in this subdivision. If the amount available in the Minnesota conservation fund is insufficient, the balance that is needed is appropriated from the general fund.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473H.17, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Land within an agricultural preserve shall be maintained for agricultural production. The average maximum density of residential structures within an agricultural preserve shall not exceed one unit per 40 acres. The location of any new structure shall conform to locally applicable zoning regulations. Commercial and industrial uses shall not be permitted except ~~that small on farm commercial or industrial operations normally associated with and important to farming in the area may be permitted by~~

the as provided in section 7 after the user is issued a permit by the authority. The authority shall be responsible for enforcing this section.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473H.17, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1a. [ALLOWED COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL OPERATIONS.] (a) Commercial and industrial operations are not allowed on land within an agricultural preserve except:

(1) small on-farm commercial or industrial operations normally associated with and important to farming in the agricultural preserve area;

(2) storage use of existing farm buildings that does not disrupt the integrity of the agricultural preserve; and

(3) small commercial use of existing farm buildings for trades not disruptive to the integrity of the agricultural preserve such as a carpentry shop, small scale mechanics shop, and similar activities that a farm operator might conduct.

(b) "Existing" in paragraph (a), clauses (2) and (3), means existing on August 1, 1987.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473H.17, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [DENSITY RESTRICTION AFTER SUBDIVISION.] When a separate parcel is created for a residential structure, commercial, or industrial use permitted under subdivision 1, the parcel shall cease to be an agricultural preserve unless the eligibility requirements of section 473H.03 are met. However, the residential unit separate parcel shall continue to be included in remain under the maximum residential density restrictions in effect for the original preserve at the time it was placed into the preserve until the agricultural preserve status for the original parcel ends.

Sec. 8. [GRANTS FOR OFFICIAL CONTROLS TO OTHER THAN PILOT COUNTIES.]

Grants to eligible recipients other than the pilot counties under section 40A.15, subdivision 4, are not available until the pilot county program has been completed and a report on the pilot county experiences has been presented to the legislature. The report must be completed by July 1, 1988.

## ARTICLE 8

## AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES UTILIZATION

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 17.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. [AGRICULTURAL DIVERSIFICATION.] The commissioner shall establish a program of agricultural diversification. The commissioner must assist the horticultural industry, help producers diversify farming operations, and coordinate state agency efforts regarding agricultural diversification, after consulting with farm groups, the University of Minnesota and applicable institutions of higher learning. The commissioner shall report to the governor and legislature annually on activities and actions that should be taken in these matters.

Sec. 2. [17.50] [POLICY.]

The state must explore alternative uses for agricultural products to enable the state's agricultural economy to reach its full potential. The state must promote and encourage cooperative efforts between public and private interests in conducting basic research and disseminating the results on agricultural commodity utilization.

## ARTICLE 9

Section 1. [RESEARCH STUDY; LOW LIVESTOCK PRODUCTIVITY.]

Subdivision 1. [STUDY CRITERIA; SCOPE.] The University of Minnesota or another institution or organization selected by the commissioner of agriculture in consultation with the advisory board established under subdivision 3 shall perform the study required under this article. The study must provide interdisciplinary analysis of issues frequently believed to be electrical in nature that affect dairy and livestock productivity levels or are manifested in poor animal health. The study may include analysis of possible nonelectrical causes for low productivity levels or poor animal health at the study sites in order to help isolate the specific cause or causes of the problem at the sites. The study must be conducted on farmstead sites within the state as determined appropriate by the study team. The interdisciplinary team studying the selected sites must consist of researchers from the University of Minnesota or elsewhere who have expertise in the following fields: (1) animal sciences; (2) veterinary medicine; (3) electrical power distribution; (4) farmstead electrification; and (5) any other discipline or field deemed appropriate by members of the interdisciplinary team.

Subd. 2. [STUDY SITE SELECTION.] The farmstead sites to be studied must be selected by the advisory board established under subdivision 3. Study sites must be selected from among farmsteads whose operators request participation in the study. For three or more of the sites, preference must be given to farmsteads in dairy production areas which have experienced persistent problems with low milk production levels and poor dairy herd health and where a traditional study of stray voltage has failed to identify or solve the problem.

Subd. 3. [ADVISORY BOARD: COMPOSITION, APPOINTMENT, DUTIES.] Not later than 30 days after the effective date of this act the governor, in consultation with the commissioner of agriculture, shall appoint an advisory board of nine members who shall determine farmstead sites to be included in the study. The advisory board shall meet at least quarterly to review progress reports on the study. Members of the advisory board shall include farmers experiencing conditions similar to those to be studied (membership on the advisory board does not preclude study of a farmstead operated by a member); farmers whose problems with low productivity levels or poor livestock health have been resolved; other farmers; a member of the Minnesota pollution control agency board; a representative of a cooperative electric association; a representative of an investor-owned electric utility which serves rural areas of Minnesota; a practicing veterinarian; and a representative of the University of Minnesota. Members of the advisory board shall serve without compensation but must be reimbursed by the commissioner of agriculture for mileage and actual expenses for meals related to service on the advisory board. The advisory board expires upon submission of the report required under subdivision 4.

Subd. 4. [REPORT.] The interdisciplinary study team shall prepare and deliver to the commissioner of agriculture a report on the results of the study. If feasible, the study team shall also submit the results of the study in a form appropriate for publication in one or more recognized scientific journals. The commissioner shall report results of the study to the house and senate committees on agriculture not later than February 1, 1989.

Sec. 2. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

This article is effective the day following final enactment.

## ARTICLE 10

### AGRICULTURE AND TRADE

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 17.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. [COOPERATION WITH MINNESOTA TRADE OFFICE.] The commissioner of agriculture, the commissioner of trade and economic development, and the director of the Minnesota trade office shall cooperate with each other to promote the beneficial agricultural interests of the state. The commissioner of trade and economic development and the director of the Minnesota trade office have primary responsibility for promoting state agricultural interests to international markets. The commissioner of agriculture has primary responsibility for promoting the agricultural interests of producers, promoting state agricultural markets, and promoting agricultural interests of the state in cooperative production and marketing efforts with other states and the United States Department of Agriculture.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 17.101, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DEPARTMENTAL DUTIES.] For the purposes of expanding, improving, and developing the markets for products of Minnesota agriculture, the commissioner shall encourage and promote the marketing of these products by means of:

- (a) advertising Minnesota agricultural products;
- (b) assisting state agricultural commodity organizations;
- (c) developing methods to increase processing and marketing of agricultural commodities including commodities not being produced in Minnesota on a commercial scale, but which may have economic potential in national and international markets;
- (d) investigating and identifying new marketing technology and methods to enhance the competitive position of Minnesota agricultural products;
- (e) evaluating livestock marketing opportunities;
- (f) assessing and developing national and international markets for Minnesota agricultural products;
- (g) studying the conversion of raw agricultural products to manufactured products including ethanol;
- (h) hosting the visits of foreign trade teams to Minnesota and defraying the teams' expenses;
- (i) assisting Minnesota agricultural businesses desiring to sell their products in national and international markets; and

(j) other activities the commissioner deems appropriate to promote Minnesota agricultural products in national and international markets, provided that the activities do not duplicate programs or services provided by the Minnesota trade office.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 17.103, is amended to read:

17.103 [TRADE AND EXPORT DEVELOPMENT.]

The commissioner of agriculture shall encourage and develop commerce ~~with other states and foreign countries~~ and devise ways and means of removing trade barriers hampering the free flow of commerce between this and other states.

Sec. 4. [116J.966] [COMMISSIONER'S TRADE PROMOTION DUTIES.]

Subdivision 1. [GENERALLY.] (a) The commissioner shall promote, develop, and facilitate trade and foreign investment in Minnesota. In furtherance of these goals, and in addition to the powers granted by section 116J.035, the commissioner may:

(1) locate, develop, and promote international markets for Minnesota products and services;

(2) arrange and lead trade missions to countries with promising international markets for Minnesota goods, technology, services, and agricultural products;

(3) promote Minnesota products and services at international trade shows;

(4) organize, promote, and present international trade shows featuring Minnesota products and services;

(5) host trade delegations and assist foreign traders in contacting appropriate Minnesota businesses and investments;

(6) develop contacts with Minnesota businesses and gather and provide information to assist them in locating and communicating with international trading or joint venture counterparts;

(7) provide information, education, and counseling services to Minnesota businesses regarding the economic, commercial, legal, and cultural contexts of international trade;

(8) provide Minnesota businesses with international trade leads and information about the availability and sources of services relating to international trade, such as export financing, licensing,

freight forwarding, international advertising, translation, and custom brokering;

(9) locate, attract, and promote foreign investment and business development in Minnesota to enhance employment opportunities in Minnesota;

(10) provide foreign businesses and investors desiring to locate facilities in Minnesota information regarding sources of governmental, legal, real estate, financial, and business services;

(11) undertake activities to support the world trade center; and

(12) enter into contracts or other agreements with private persons and public entities to carry out the purposes of promoting international trade and attracting investment from foreign countries to Minnesota and to carry out this section, without regard to sections 16B.07 and 16B.09.

(b) The programs and activities of the commissioner of energy and economic development and the Minnesota trade office may not duplicate programs and activities of the commissioner of agriculture.

Subd. 2. [AGRICULTURAL PROMOTION.] The commissioner of trade and economic development and the director of the Minnesota trade office shall cooperate and consult with the commissioner of agriculture in promoting the beneficial agricultural interests of the state. The commissioner of trade and economic development and the director of the Minnesota trade office shall have the primary responsibility for promoting state agricultural interests to international markets. The commissioner of agriculture has primary responsibility for promoting the agricultural interests of producers, promoting state agricultural markets, and promoting the agricultural interests of the state in cooperative production and marketing efforts with other states and the United States Department of Agriculture.

#### Sec. 5. [236A.02] [ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT.]

The commissioner of agriculture in consultation with the director of the Minnesota trade office shall provide administrative staff and support to the Interstate Agricultural Grain Marketing Commission members from this state.

#### Sec. 6. [REORGANIZATION.]

The divisions and offices established within the department of trade and economic development include the Minnesota trade office consisting of the Minnesota trade office in the department of



agriculture relating to international trade, but do not include the functions and positions of the office relating to domestic agricultural trade.

Sec. 7. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 17.03, subdivision 5, is repealed.

Sec. 8. [INSTRUCTION TO REVISOR.]

The revisor of statutes shall renumber each section of Minnesota Statutes in column A with the corresponding number in column B. The revisor shall also make necessary cross reference changes consistent with the renumbering and change the words "commissioner of agriculture" or similar words to "commissioner of the department of trade and economic development" or similar words.

<u>Column A</u>	<u>Column B</u>
<u>17.103</u>	<u>116J.970</u>
<u>17.104</u>	<u>116J.971</u>
<u>17.105</u>	<u>116J.972</u>

ARTICLE 11

AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 17B.15, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ADMINISTRATION; APPROPRIATION.] The fees for inspection and weighing shall be fixed by the commissioner and be a lien upon the grain. The commissioner shall set fees for all inspection and weighing in an amount adequate to pay the expenses of carrying out and enforcing the purposes of sections 17B.01 to 17B.23, including the portion of general support costs and statewide indirect costs of the agency attributable to that function, with a reserve sufficient for up to six months, and including repayment by the department of any amount appropriated from the general fund to establish the grain inspection and weighing account. The commissioner shall review the fee schedule twice each year. Fee adjustments are not subject to chapter 14. Payment shall be required for services rendered. If the grain is in transit, the fees shall be paid by the carrier and treated as advance charges, and, if received for storage, the fees shall be paid by the warehouse operator, and added to the storage charges.

All fees collected and all fines and penalties for violation of any provision of this chapter shall be deposited in the grain inspection and weighing account, which is created in the state treasury for carrying out the purpose of sections 17B.01 to 17B.23. The money in the account is annually appropriated to the commissioner of agriculture to administer the provisions of sections 17B.01 to 17B.23.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 18.023, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] As used in subdivisions 1 to 12 the terms defined in this subdivision shall have the meanings given them.

(a) "Metropolitan area" means the area comprising the counties of Hennepin, Ramsey, Anoka, Dakota, Washington, Scott and Carver.

(b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agriculture.

(c) "Municipality" means any home rule charter or statutory city or any town exercising municipal powers pursuant to section 368.01, or any general or special law, located in the metropolitan area; or any special park district as organized under chapter 398; or any special purpose park and recreation board organized under the city charter of a city of the first class located in the metropolitan area; or any county in the metropolitan area for the purposes of county owned property or any portion of a county located outside the geographic boundaries of a city or town exercising municipal powers; and any municipality or county located outside the metropolitan area with an approved disease control program.

(d) "Shade tree disease" means Dutch elm disease or oak wilt disease, or any disorder affecting the growth and life of shade trees.

(e) "Wood utilization or disposal system" means facilities, equipment or systems used for the removal and disposal of diseased shade trees which includes the collection, transportation, processing or storage of wood and which aids in the recovery of materials or energy from wood.

(f) "Approved disease control program" means the municipal plan as approved by the commissioner to control shade tree disease.

(g) "Disease control area" means an area approved by the commissioner within which a municipality will conduct an approved disease control program.

(h) "Sanitation" means the identification, inspection, disruption of a common root system, girdling, trimming, removal and disposal of dead or diseased wood of ~~elm or oak~~ shade trees, including subsidies

for trees removed pursuant to subdivision 4, on public or private property within a disease control area.

(i) "Reforestation" means the replacement of shade trees removed from public property and the planting of any species of tree as part of a municipal disease control program. For purposes of this clause, "public property" shall include private property within five feet of the boulevard or street terrace in any city which has enacted an ordinance on or before January 1, 1977, that prohibits or requires a permit for the planting of trees in the public right-of-way.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 19.58, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ENTRY PERMIT.] No person may bring into this state any bees on comb, including nuclei, or used bee equipment without an entry permit issued by the commissioner. A person who wishes to bring any bees on comb or used bee equipment into the state shall apply for an entry permit at least 60 days before the date of entry. The 60-day requirement may be waived for a hobbyist beekeeper who intends to become a resident of Minnesota and who brings ten colonies or less into the state.

Ten days before entry, any person required to obtain an entry permit shall furnish to the commissioner a copy of a valid certificate of inspection signed by a responsible official of the state where the bees or equipment originated. The certificate must be based on either an inspection or an affidavit. A person may not bring into the state any bees on comb including nuclei, combless bees, or used bee equipment from any county or parish where honey bee tracheal mites or Africanized bees have been found unless it is demonstrated to the satisfaction of the commissioner that there will be no risk of introduction either of tracheal mites or Africanized bees into the state. Bees or equipment brought into the state in violation of this subdivision are a public nuisance and may be destroyed without notice by the commissioner.

This subdivision does not apply to a common carrier transporting bees or used bee equipment from a point of origin outside of the state to a destination outside of the state.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 28A.08, is amended to read:

#### 28A.08 [LICENSE FEES; PENALTIES.]

The fees for licenses and the License fees, penalties for late renewal of licenses, and penalties for not obtaining a license before conducting business in food handling that are set in this section apply to the sections named except as provided under section 28A.09. Except as specified herein, bonds and assessments based on

number of units operated or volume handled or processed which are provided for in said laws shall not be affected, nor shall any penalties for late payment of said assessments, nor shall inspection fees, be affected by this chapter. The late penalty may be waived by the commissioner.

Type of food handler	License Fee		Penalties		<u>No License</u>
			<u>Penalty Late Renewal</u>		
1. Retail food handler					
(a) Having gross sales of less than \$50,000 for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$ 25	\$ 40	\$ 10		\$ 13
(b) Having \$50,000 to \$250,000 gross sales for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$ 50	\$ 75	\$ 13	\$ 25	\$ 25
(c) Having \$250,000 to \$1,000,000 gross sales for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$100	\$125	\$25	\$50	\$ 50
(d) Having over \$1,000,000 gross sales for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$200	\$250	\$50	\$75	\$100
2. Wholesale food handler					
(a) Having gross sales or service of less than \$250,000 for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$100		\$25		\$ 50
(b) Having \$250,000 to \$1,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$150		\$38		\$ 75
(c) Having over \$1,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$200		\$50		\$100
3. Food broker	\$ 50	\$ 75	\$ 13	\$ 25	\$ 25

4. Wholesale food processor or manufacturer

(a) Having gross sales of less than \$250,000 for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$150	\$200	\$38	\$ 50	\$ 75
(b) Having \$250,000 to \$1,000,000 gross sales for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$200	\$275	\$50	\$ 75	\$100
(c) Having over \$1,000,000 gross sales for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$250	\$375	\$63	\$100	\$125

5. Wholesale food processor of meat or poultry products under supervision of the U. S. Department of Agriculture

(a) Having gross sales of less than \$250,000 for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$ 75	\$100	\$19	\$ 25	\$ 38
(b) Having \$250,000 to \$1,000,000 gross sales for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$ 90	\$150	\$23	\$ 50	\$ 45
(c) Having over \$1,000,000 gross sales for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$105	\$175	\$27	\$ 50	\$ 53

6. Wholesale food manufacturer having the permission of the commissioner to use the name Minnesota farmstead cheese

\$ 30	\$10	\$ 15
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Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 31.101, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Federal pesticide chemical regulations and amendments thereto in effect on April 1, 1982 1987 adopted under authority of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as provided by United States Code, title 7, chapter 6, are the pesticide chemical rules in this state. Such rules may be amended by the commissioner proceeding in accordance with the administrative procedure act.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 31.101, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Federal food additive regulations and amendments thereto in effect on April 1, ~~1982~~ 1987, as provided by Code of Federal Regulations, title 21, parts ~~170~~ to 199, are the food additive rules in this state. Such rules may be amended by the commissioner proceeding in accordance with the administrative procedure act.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 31.101, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Federal color additive regulations and amendments thereto in effect on April 1, ~~1982~~ 1987, as provided by Code of Federal Regulations, title 21, parts ~~70~~ to 82, are the color additive rules in this state. Such rules may be amended by the commissioner proceeding in accordance with the administrative procedure act.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 31.101, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Federal special dietary use regulations and amendments thereto in effect on April 1, ~~1982~~ 1987, as provided by Code of Federal Regulations, title 21, parts ~~104~~ and 105, are the special dietary use rules in this state. Such rules may be amended by the commissioner proceeding in accordance with the administrative procedure act.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 31.101, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. Federal regulations and amendments thereto in effect on April 1, ~~1982~~ 1987 adopted under the Fair Packaging and Labeling Act, as provided by United States Code, title 15, sections 1451 to 1461, are the rules in this state. Such rules may be amended by the commissioner proceeding in accordance with the administrative procedure act; provided that the commissioner shall not adopt amendments to such rules or adopt other rules which are contrary to the labeling requirements for the net quantity of contents required pursuant to section 4 of the Fair Packaging and Labeling Act and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 31.101, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. Applicable federal regulations including recodification contained in Code of Federal Regulations, title 21, parts 0-1299, Food and Drugs, in effect April 1, ~~1982~~ 1987, and not otherwise adopted herein, also are adopted as food rules of this state. Such rules may be amended by the commissioner in accordance with the administrative procedure act.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 32.394, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [EXPLORATORY PRELIMINARY INSPECTIONS GRADE A INSPECTION FEES.] Any A processor or marketing organization of milk, milk products, sheep milk, or goat milk who wishes to learn about and acquaint producers with market Grade A requirements may make a request to the commissioner for exploratory inspections and meetings for this purpose. Upon receipt of such request, the commissioner at a convenient time shall cause such exploratory inspections to be made and such meetings to be held as are necessary to acquaint said processor and producers with such requirements. If, after such exploratory inspections are made and such meetings are held and when in the processor's opinion the processor's field service has brought producers into compliance with said requirements, said processor wishes further inspection service, the processor shall so milk or use the Grade A label must apply on a form furnished by for Grade A inspection service from the commissioner, stating the number of farms to be inspected. Such applications shall be accompanied by a fee payable to the state treasurer in an amount of not less than \$50 and not more than \$300, which fee is to be charged for preliminary inspection prior to continuous inspection, and assessments over \$50 are to be determined by charging \$1 for each farm over 50, but shall not exceed \$300 if more than 300 farms are inspected; provided that, if the plant and farms are accepted for continuous inspection, this charge shall be made only once. If the preliminary inspection discloses that the processor is eligible for use of the Grade A label on products and before the processor so labels said products, the processor shall apply for continuous inspection on a form furnished by the commissioner and shall hold a Grade A permit. Such application shall be accompanied by a fee of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 per plant and of not less than \$15 nor more than \$50 per farm, said fee to be paid annually. A pasteurization plant requesting Grade A inspection service must hold a Grade A permit and pay an annual inspection fee of no more than \$500. For Grade A farm inspection service, the fee must be no more than \$66 per farm, paid annually by the processor or by the marketing organization on behalf of its patrons. For a farm requiring a reinspection in addition to the required biannual inspections, an additional fee of no more than \$33 per reinspection must be paid by the processor or by the marketing organization on behalf of its patrons. If the commissioner deems it necessary to more nearly meet the cost of the service, the commissioner may annually adjust the assessments within the limits set herein in this subdivision.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 32.394, subdivision 8b, is amended to read:

Subd. 8b. [MANUFACTURING GRADE FARM CERTIFICATION.] A processor or marketing organization of milk, milk prod-

ucts, sheep milk, or goat milk, other than Grade A, who wishes to obtain market other than Grade A milk must apply for a manufacturing grade farm certification, shall make a request to inspection from the commissioner for a farm certification inspection. A processor who requests and receives a farm certification inspection shall pay a fee to the commissioner for the certification of the milk supply. A manufacturing plant that pasteurizes milk or milk byproducts must pay an annual fee based on the number of pasteurization units. This fee must not exceed \$140 per unit. The fee for farm certification inspection must not be more than \$33 per farm to be paid annually by the processor or by the marketing organization on behalf of its patrons. For a farm requiring more than the one annual inspection required for certification, an additional fee of no more than \$33 must be paid by the processor or by the marketing organization on behalf of its patrons. The fee shall must be set by the commissioner in an amount necessary to meet the cost of the service for farm certification, which fee shall but must not exceed 50 percent of the fees charged for Grade A permits the limits in this subdivision.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 32.394, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. [PAYMENTS; REFUNDS; DISPOSITION.] The amount of such assessments shall be Fees are payable by the a processor on or before or marketing organization by July 1, of each year for Grade A, and by January 1 of each year for manufacturing grade, and if not paid on or before July 31, following within 30 days of the due date, the service shall must be discontinued, and permission to market manufacturing grade or Grade A milk or milk products or use the Grade A label shall must be withdrawn; provided, that such. A processor may terminate such payment and such service without loss of the Grade A label if written notice of such that intention is given prior to the due date of the payment of said an assessment and if the continuous inspection of said the plant and farms is assumed by a city whose milk control ordinance is substantially equivalent to Minnesota law and rule and is enforced with equal effectiveness. When such written notice is given by the processor on or before December 31 preceding the due date, that portion of the assessment for the period January 1 through June 30, immediately following, shall be refunded to the processor If a farm discontinues the production of milk within six months of the billing date, a request for a refund based on inspection services not received may be made by the processor or by the marketing organization on behalf of its patrons. This request must be made in writing by July 1 for manufacturing grade, or by December 31 for Grade A, and on approval by the commissioner refunds must be made to the processor or marketing organization.

The fees for services performed by the activities of this section shall must be deposited in the state treasury and shall constitute a separate account to be known as the milk inspection service account,



which is hereby created, set aside, and appropriated as a revolving fund to be used to help to defray the cost of administration, refunds and expenses of the preliminary and continuous milk inspection services and shall be ~~is~~ in addition to and not in substitution for the sums appropriated or otherwise made available for this purpose to the department of agriculture.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.071, is amended to read:

40.071 [ADDITIONAL POWERS OF A DISTRICT.]

In addition to powers and duties otherwise provided by law, a soil and water conservation district may procure liability insurance as provided in section 466.06, automobile insurance on personal cars while used on official business, insurance on the contents of district offices up to a maximum of \$7,500 per office, and workers' compensation insurance, or may require the county or counties in which the district is located to include the district in the county's or counties' insurance coverage for these purposes.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 223.17, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [LICENSES.] An application for a grain buyer's license must be filed with the commissioner and the license issued before any grain may be purchased. The commissioner must provide application forms and licenses that state the restrictions and authority to purchase and store grain under the license being applied for and issued. The types categories of grain buyers' licenses are:

- (a) private grain warehouse operator's license;
- (b) public grain warehouse operator's license; and
- (c) independent grain buyer's license.

The applicant for a grain buyer's license shall identify all grain buying locations owned or controlled by the grain buyer and all vehicles owned or controlled by the grain buyer used to transport purchased grain. Every applicant for a grain buyer's license shall have a permanent established place of business at each licensed location. An "established place of business" means a permanent enclosed building, including a house or a farm, either owned by the applicant or leased by the applicant for a period of at least one year, and where the books, records, and files necessary to conduct the business are kept and maintained. The commissioner may maintain information on grain buyers by categories including, but not limited to, the categories provided in clauses (a) to (c) and grain buyers that

are licensed to purchase grain using trucks but that do not have a public or private warehouse license.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 308.58, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [WHERE FILED; EVIDENCE.] The articles must be subscribed by the several incorporators and acknowledged by one of them before an officer authorized by the law of this state to take and certify acknowledgment of deeds and conveyances; and shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state, and when so filed such incorporation shall be complete and a certified copy of the articles shall be filed with the commissioner of agriculture. The articles, or certified copies thereof, shall be received in all the courts of this state, and other places, as prima facie evidence of the facts contained therein and of the due incorporation of such association.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 308.62, is amended to read:

#### 308.62 [DIRECTORS; ELECTION.]

The affairs of the association shall be managed by a board of not less than five directors, elected by the members or stockholders from their own number, except as hereinafter provided. The bylaws may provide that the territory in which the association has members shall be divided into districts and that the directors shall be elected according to such districts. In such case the bylaws shall specify the number of directors to be elected by each district, the manner and method of apportioning or reapportioning the directors, and of districting or redistricting the territory covered by the association. The bylaws may provide that primary elections should be held in each district to elect the directors apportioned to such districts, and the result of all such primary elections must be ratified by the next regular meeting of the association, or may be considered final by the association.

The bylaws shall provide that one or more directors may be appointed by the commissioner or any other public official or commission. The director or directors so appointed need not be members or stockholders of the association, but shall have the same powers and rights as other directors. Such directors shall not number more than one-fifth of the entire number of directors.

An association may provide a fair remuneration for the time actually spent by its officials and directors in its service. No director, while serving in office, shall be a party to a contract for profit with the association differing in any way from the business relations accorded regular members or holders of common stock of the association, or to any other kind of contract differing from terms generally current in that district.

The bylaws may provide that no director shall occupy any position in the association, except the president and secretary on regular salary or substantially full-time pay.

The bylaws may provide for an executive committee and may allot to such committee all the functions and powers of the board of directors, subject to the general direction and control of the board.

When a vacancy on the board of directors occurs, other than by expiration of term, the remaining members of the board, by a majority vote, shall fill the vacancy, unless the bylaws provide for an election of directors by district. In such a case the board of directors shall immediately call a special meeting of the members or stockholders in that district to fill the vacancy.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 308.77, is amended to read:

**308.77 [ASSOCIATION HERETOFORE ORGANIZED MAY ADOPT PROVISIONS.]**

Any corporation or association organized under previously existing statutes may, by a majority vote of its stockholders or members, be brought under the provisions of sections 308.53 to 308.85 by limiting its membership and adopting the other restrictions, as provided therein. It shall make out, in duplicate, a statement signed and sworn to by its directors, ~~upon forms supplied by the commissioner of agriculture,~~ to the effect that the corporation or association has, by a majority vote of its stockholders or members, decided to accept the benefits and be bound by the provisions of sections 308.53 to 308.85. Articles of incorporation shall be filed as required in section 308.58, except that they shall be signed by the members of the board of directors. The filing fee shall be the same as for filing an amendment to the articles of incorporation. Where any association or corporation may be incorporated or brought under sections 308.53 to 308.85, all contracts heretofore made by or on behalf of the same by the promoters thereof in anticipation of such association becoming incorporated under the laws of this state or otherwise, including such contracts made by or in the name of some corporation organized elsewhere, and when same would have been valid, if entered into subsequent to the passage of Laws 1923, chapter 264, are hereby accepted and validated as if made after that date. Cooperative corporations and associations heretofore or hereafter organized and doing business under the existing law or laws supplementary thereto or amendatory thereof shall continue to be governed thereby unless and until they shall elect to be brought under the provisions of sections 308.53 to 308.85 in the manner provided in this section.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 308.83, is amended to read:

## 308.83 [GOVERNOR TO ACT UPON REPORT.]

The governor shall have the power to remove from office any officer or director of any association, such removal to be upon such notice to the association and to the officers or directors thereof as shall be prescribed by the governor. In case ~~the commissioner has decided that the further operation of any such association is~~ deemed hazardous to the public interest, and so reports to the governor, the governor may refer the matter of winding up the affairs of such association to the attorney general and it shall thereupon be the duty of the attorney general to proceed to wind up the affairs of any such association in the manner provided by law for winding up the business of insolvent banking institutions in the state.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 308.85, is amended to read:

## 308.85 [FEES.]

For filing articles of incorporation, or amendments thereto, any association organized under sections 308.29 to ~~308.84~~ 308.85 shall pay \$15.

## Sec. 21. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 18.023, subdivision 1a, is repealed.

## Sec. 22. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

This article is effective the day after final enactment.

## ARTICLE 12

## APPROPRIATIONS

## Section 1. [AGRICULTURAL DATA COLLECTION TASK FORCE.]

\$50,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the legislative advisory commission to fund the activities of the agricultural data collection task force to be available until June 30, 1989.

## Sec. 2. [MINNESOTA GROWN MATCHING ACCOUNT.]

\$360,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the Minnesota grown matching account to be available in the amounts for the fiscal years indicated.

<u>1988</u>	<u>1989</u>
<u>\$160,000</u>	<u>\$200,000</u>

**Sec. 3. [METROPOLITAN AGRICULTURAL PRESERVE DEFICIENCY.]**

The amount necessary to pay the deficiency in reimbursement under Minnesota Statutes, section 473H.10, subdivision 3, in fiscal year 1987 is appropriated to the commissioner of revenue from the Minnesota conservation fund to reimburse counties. The amount of the deficiency must be certified by the county auditor on or before June 1, 1988, with the amount of tax lost in fiscal year 1988.

**Sec. 4. [AGRICULTURAL LAND PRESERVATION PLANNING GUIDE.]**

\$30,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of agriculture to provide technical assistance for agricultural land preservation and conservation activities, including preparation and publication of an agricultural land preservation planning handbook for use by local units of government, and for a study and report on the costs of providing public services to agricultural and other land uses.

**Sec. 5. [INTERSTATE COMPACT ON GRAIN MARKETING.]**

\$50,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of agriculture for payment of financing the operations of the state's portion of the interstate compact on grain marketing.

**Sec. 6. [SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE CHAIR.]**

Subdivision 1. [APPROPRIATION.] \$75,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the University of Minnesota to establish an endowment for a chair in sustainable agriculture subject to the conditions of subdivision 2. This appropriation is to be included in the nonstate sources of endowment under section 137.022, subdivision 3. Sustainable agriculture represents the best aspects of traditional and modern agriculture by utilizing a fundamental understanding of nature, as well as the latest scientific advances to create integrated, self-reliant, resource conserving practices that enhance the enrichment of the environment and provide short-and long-term productive agriculture.

Subd. 2. [PRIVATE CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED.] The appropriation under subdivision 1 is not effective until sufficient private contributions or pledges have been made so that the private contributions and pledges, plus the appropriation under subdivision 1, are sufficient to establish the endowment for a chair in sustainable

agriculture. The appropriation cancels on June 30, 1992, if sufficient private contributions and pledges have not been made.

Sec. 7. [SWEET SORGHUM RESEARCH.]

\$300,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the state board of vocational technical education for a demonstration project at the Mankato vocational technical institute involving butanol and ethanol production from sweet sorghum, for the biennium ending June 30, 1989.

Sec. 8. [WILD RICE RESEARCH.]

\$38,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the University of Minnesota for the agricultural experimental station to conduct wild rice research to be available until June 30, 1989, as follows:

<u>(a) for experiments on use of fertilizers</u>	<u>\$ 8,000</u>
<u>(b) for experiments on the influence of rotation and residue removal on diseases, weeds, and yield</u>	<u>\$ 8,000</u>
<u>(c) to evaluate cost advantages and effect on yields of leveling and tiling</u>	<u>\$ 6,000</u>
<u>(d) to conduct controlled-site experiments into the advantages of existing and future varieties of wild rice</u>	<u>\$16,000</u>

Sec. 9. [STATE BOARD OF VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL EDUCATION.]

\$1,450,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the state board of vocational technical education for the biennium ending June 30, 1989, to provide the following services:

<u>(1) support staff for farm business management instructors</u>	<u>\$ 160,000</u>
<u>(2) additional farm business and small business management programs</u>	<u>\$1,175,500</u>
<u>(3) workshops for farmers for marketing, alternative enterprises, and financial management and staff development workshops</u>	<u>\$ 50,000</u>
<u>(4) beginning farmer programs</u>	<u>\$ 64,500</u>

Sec. 10. [RURAL FINANCE AUTHORITY.]

Subdivision 1. [RURAL FINANCE AUTHORITY.] \$300,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the rural finance authority for administering the beginning farmer loan program.

The complement of the authority is increased by three positions.

Subd. 2. [DEBT SERVICE.] \$270,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the rural finance authority for debt service on general obligation bonds issued for the beginning farmer program.

Sec. 11. [AGRICULTURAL PROMOTION AND MARKETING.]

\$858,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of agriculture in the fiscal years indicated for promoting the agricultural interests of producers, promoting state agricultural markets, and promoting the agricultural interests of the state in cooperative production and marketing with other states.

<u>1988</u>	<u>1989</u>
<u>\$408,000</u>	<u>\$450,000</u>

The complement of the department of agriculture is increased by nine positions to reflect the programs and positions remaining in the department of agriculture.

Sec. 12. [DAIRY SHEEP DEMONSTRATION PROJECT.]

\$35,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the University of Minnesota for purposes of continuing the dairy sheep experiment project being performed at the Rosemount Experiment Station.

Sec. 13. [PSEUDORABIES CONTROL.]

\$185,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the board of animal health in the fiscal years indicated, to be available until June 30, 1989, to be used for a control program for pseudorabies in swine in which the state will pay costs of a program for testing of blood samples. Blood samples must be drawn from swine herds by practicing veterinarians. The program must be coordinated by board of animal health personnel. This appropriation is in addition to other appropriations to the board of animal health for pseudorabies control.

Sec. 14. [APPROPRIATION; LOW LIVESTOCK PRODUCTIVITY STUDY.]

\$50,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of agriculture for purposes of the study required under article 9. Of this appropriation not more than \$4,000 is available for

administrative costs of the department of agriculture and mileage and expense reimbursements to members of the advisory board. This appropriation is available until June 30, 1989."

Correct internal references

Amend the title accordingly

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: CLAIR L. NELSON, HENRY J. KALIS, STEPHEN E. DILLE, STEVE WENZEL AND JERRY SCHOENFELD.

Senate Conferees: LEROY A. STUMPF, STEVEN MORSE, EARL W. RENNEKE, CHARLES R. DAVIS AND KEITH LANGSETH.

Nelson, C., moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 303 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

The Speaker called Long to the Chair.

H. F. No. 303, A bill for an act relating to agriculture; changing the shade tree disease control program; imposing certain penalties; eliminating certain audit requirements and an insurance limitation; changing the cooperative associations law; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 18.023, subdivision 1; 28A.08; 31.101, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8; 40.071; 308.58, subdivision 2; 308.62; 308.77; 308.83; and 308.85; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 38.02, subdivision 2; and 38.13.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 131 yeas and 1 nay as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Blatz	Cooper	Greenfield	Jaros
Anderson, R.	Boo	Dauner	Gruenes	Jefferson
Battaglia	Brown	DeBlicek	Gutknecht	Jennings
Bauerly	Burger	Dempsey	Hartle	Jensen
Beard	Carlson, D.	Dille	Haukoos	Johnson, A.
Begich	Carlson, L.	Dorn	Heap	Johnson, R.
Bennett	Carruthers	Forsythe	Himle	Johnson, V.
Bertram	Clark	Frederick	Hugoson	Kahn
Bishop	Clausnitzer	Frerichs	Jacobs	Kalis



Kelly	Minne	Ozment	Sarna	Trimble
Kelso	Morrison	Pappas	Schafer	Tunheim
Kinkel	Munger	Pauly	Scheid	Uphus
Kludt	Murphy	Pelowski	Schoenfeld	Valento
Knuth	Nelson, C.	Peterson	Schreiber	Vanasek
Kostohryz	Nelson, D.	Poppenhagen	Seaberg	Vellenga
Krueger	Nelson, K.	Price	Segal	Voss
Larsen	Neuenschwander	Quinn	Shaver	Wagenius
Lasley	O'Connor	Quist	Simoneau	Waltman
Lieder	Ogren	Redalen	Solberg	Welle
Long	Olsen, S.	Reding	Sparby	Wenzel
Marsh	Olson, E.	Rest	Stanius	Winter
McDonald	Olson, K.	Rice	Steensma	Wynia
McEachern	Omann	Richter	Sviggum	Spk. Norton
McKasy	Onnen	Riveness	Swenson	
McPherson	Orenstein	Rodosovich	Thiede	
Milbert	Osthoff	Rose	Tjornhom	
Miller	Otis	Rukavina	Tompkins	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Knickerbocker

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

### MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE, Continued

The following message was received from the Senate:

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following Senate Files, herewith transmitted:

S. F. Nos. 313, 1200, 1253, 909 and 862.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

### FIRST READING OF SENATE BILLS

S. F. No. 313, A bill for an act relating to veterans; providing for special motor vehicle license plates for Pearl Harbor survivors and former prisoners of war without an additional charge; changing the certification procedure for obtaining former prisoner of war status; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.125; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 168.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

S. F. No. 1200, A bill for an act relating to family law; encouraging the Center for Urban and Regional Affairs Conflict and Change Project to study mediation in marriage dissolution cases.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

S. F. No. 1253, A bill for an act relating to human services; providing training of welfare fraud prosecutors and investigators; defining amounts of assistance indirectly paid; providing for joint trials; changing the date of payment of certain periodic support to the assistance unit; regulating certain property transfers; providing for incorrect assistance amounts recovered; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 256.98; 256D.05, by adding a subdivision; and 393.07, subdivision 10.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

S. F. No. 909, A bill for an act relating to natural resources; establishing a state flood hazard mitigation grant program; authorizing grants-in-aid to local government units; revising qualifications for the office of director of the division of waters; authorizing an additional assistant commissioner of natural resources; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 84.01, subdivision 3; 84.081, subdivision 1; 104.02; 105.40, subdivision 1; and 105.482, subdivision 5; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 104.

The bill was read for the first time.

#### SUSPENSION OF RULES

Pursuant to Article IV, Section 19, of the Constitution of the state of Minnesota, Jennings moved that the rule therein be suspended and an urgency be declared so that S. F. No. 909 be given its second and third readings and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

Jennings moved that the Rules of the House be so far suspended that S. F. No. 909 be given its second and third readings and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 909 was read for the second time.

S. F. No. 909, A bill for an act relating to natural resources; establishing a state flood hazard mitigation grant program; autho-

rizing grants-in-aid to local government units; revising qualifications for the office of director of the division of waters; authorizing an additional assistant commissioner of natural resources; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 84.01, subdivision 3; 84.081, subdivision 1; 104.02; 105.40, subdivision 1; and 105.482, subdivision 5; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 104.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 134 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Lasley	Osthoff	Shaver
Anderson, R.	Gruenes	Lieder	Otis	Simoneau
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Long	Ozment	Skoglund
Bauerly	Hartle	Marsh	Pappas	Solberg
Beard	Haukoos	McDonald	Pauly	Sparby
Begich	Heap	McEachern	Pelowski	Stanius
Bennett	Himle	McKasy	Peterson	Steensma
Bertram	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Bishop	Jacobs	McPherson	Price	Swenson
Blatz	Jaros	Milbert	Quinn	Thiede
Boo	Jefferson	Miller	Quist	Tjornhom
Brown	Jennings	Minne	Redalen	Tompkins
Burger	Jensen	Morrison	Reding	Trimble
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Rest	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rice	Uphus
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Valento
Clark	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vanasek
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Cooper	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rose	Voss
Dauner	Kelso	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
DeBlieck	Kinkel	Ogren	Sarna	Waltman
Dempsey	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Welle
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Scheid	Wenzel
Dorn	Knuth	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Omann	Schreiber	Wynia
Frederick	Krueger	Onnen	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Frerichs	Larsen	Orenstein	Segal	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

### FIRST READING OF SENATE BILLS, Continued

S. F. No. 862, A bill for an act relating to public safety; school buses; allowing tax-exempt license plates for vehicles owned by nonprofit charities and used for educational purposes; requiring training for school bus drivers; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 168.012, subdivision 1; and 171.321, subdivision 2.

The bill was read for the first time.

## SUSPENSION OF RULES

Pursuant to Article IV, Section 19, of the Constitution of the state of Minnesota, Nelson, K., moved that the rule therein be suspended and an urgency be declared so that S. F. No. 862 be given its second and third readings and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

Nelson, K., moved that the Rules of the House be so far suspended that S. F. No. 862 be given its second and third readings and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 862 was read for the second time.

S. F. No. 862, A bill for an act relating to public safety; school buses; allowing tax-exempt license plates for vehicles owned by nonprofit charities and used for educational purposes; requiring training for school bus drivers; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 168.012, subdivision 1; and 171.321, subdivision 2.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 134 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Lasley	Osthoff	Shaver
Anderson, R.	Gruenes	Lieder	Otis	Simoneau
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Long	Ozment	Skoglund
Bauerly	Hartle	Marsh	Pappas	Solberg
Beard	Haukoos	McDonald	Pauly	Sparby
Begich	Heap	McEachern	Pelowski	Stanius
Bennett	Himle	McKasy	Peterson	Steensma
Bertram	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Bishop	Jacobs	McPherson	Price	Swenson
Blatz	Jaros	Milbert	Quinn	Thiede
Boo	Jefferson	Miller	Quist	Tjornhom
Brown	Jennings	Minne	Redalen	Tompkins
Burger	Jensen	Morrison	Reding	Trimble
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Rest	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rice	Uphus
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Valento
Clark	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vanasek
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Cooper	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rose	Voss
Dauner	Kelso	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
DeBlieck	Kinkel	Ogren	Sarna	Waltman
Dempsey	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Welle
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Scheid	Wenzel
Dorn	Knuth	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Omann	Schreiber	Wynia
Frederick	Krueger	Onnen	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Frerichs	Larsen	Orenstein	Segal	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

REPORTS FROM THE COMMITTEE ON RULES AND  
LEGISLATIVE ADMINISTRATION

Vanasek, for the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration, offered the following report and moved its adoption:

*Be It Resolved*, that the House of Representatives retain parking lots B, C, D and E for the period from May 18, 1987, to the convening of the House of Representatives in 1988 for use of members and employees of the House of Representatives;

*Be It Further Resolved*, that the Sergeant at Arms be directed to manage and direct operation of said lots during the period of adjournment of the House of Representatives.

The question was taken on the report and the roll was called. There were 129 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Lasley	Osthoff	Shaver
Anderson, R.	Gruenes	Lieder	Otis	Simoneau
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Long	Ozment	Skoglund
Bauerly	Hartle	Marsh	Pappas	Solberg
Beard	Haukoos	McDonald	Pauly	Sparby
Begich	Heap	McEachern	Pelowski	Steensma
Bertram	Himle	McKasy	Peterson	Sviggum
Bishop	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Swenson
Blatz	Jacobs	McPherson	Price	Thiede
Boo	Jaros	Milbert	Quinn	Tjornhom
Brown	Jefferson	Miller	Quist	Tompkins
Burger	Jennings	Minne	Redalen	Trimble
Carlson, D.	Jensen	Morrison	Reding	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Rest	Uphus
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rice	Valento
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Vanasek
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vellenga
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Voss
Dauner	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rose	Wagenius
DeBlieck	Kelso	O'Connor	Rukavina	Waltman
Dempsey	Kinkel	Ogren	Sarna	Welle
Dille	Kludd	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Wenzel
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Scheid	Winter
Forsythe	Knuth	Omam	Schoenfeld	Wymia
Frederick	Kostohryz	Onnen	Schreiber	Spk. Norton
Frerichs	Krueger	Orenstein	Segal	

The motion prevailed and the report was adopted.

Vanasek, for the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration, offered the following report and moved its adoption:

*Be It Resolved*, by the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration, that the Chief Clerk, under the direction of the Speaker of the House of Representatives, be instructed that during the period of time between May 18, 1987, and the convening of the

House of Representatives in 1988, the House Chamber, House Retiring Room, House Hearing and Conference Rooms, House Offices, and the Chief Clerk's Office, shall be left in their present status and reserved for use by the House of Representatives, Legislative Interim Committees, House Standing Committees and Subcommittees, and to such other use as may be necessary. The House Chamber and House Retiring Room shall be let out for the annual meeting of the Territorial Pioneers; and the House Chamber, House Retiring Room and the unused hearing rooms shall be available annually to the YMCA Youth in Government, Girls' State, the Young Leaders Organization, the National Forensic League, and the 4-H Leadership Conference.

The motion prevailed and the report was adopted.

Vanasek, for the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration, offered the following report and moved its adoption:

*Be It Resolved*, that the Chief Clerk of the House be authorized and is hereby directed to correct and approve the Journal of the House for today, Monday, May 18, 1987.

*Be It Further Resolved*, that the Chief Clerk of the House be authorized to include in the Journal of the House for Monday, May 18, 1987, any proceedings including subsequent proceedings and any legislative interim committees or commissions created or appointments made pursuant thereto by legislative action or by law.

The motion prevailed and the report was adopted.

There being no objection, the order of business reverted to Messages from the Senate.

## MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

The following messages were received from the Senate:

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned:

H. F. No. 899, A bill for an act relating to education; establishing the Fond du Lac Higher Education Center; continuing the Fond du Lac Higher Education Task Force; requiring reports; appropriating

money; amending Laws 1986, First Special Session chapter 1, article 10, section 1, subdivision 9.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 1621, A bill for an act relating to unemployment compensation; appropriating federal money received for unemployment compensation administration.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

McLaughlin moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 1621 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1621, A bill for an act relating to unemployment compensation; appropriating federal money received for unemployment compensation administration.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 132 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Cooper	Jaros	Lasley	Neuenschwander
Anderson, R.	Dauner	Jefferson	Lieder	O'Connor
Battaglia	DeBlieck	Jennings	Long	Ogren
Bauerly	Dempsey	Jensen	Marsh	Olsen, S.
Beard	Dille	Johnson, A.	McDonald	Olson, E.
Begich	Dorn	Johnson, R.	McEachern	Olson, K.
Bennett	Forsythe	Johnson, V.	McKasy	Omann
Bertram	Frederick	Kahn	McLaughlin	Onnen
Bishop	Frerichs	Kalis	McPherson	Orenstein
Blatz	Greenfield	Kelly	Milbert	Osthoff
Boo	Gruenes	Kelso	Miller	Otis
Brown	Gutknecht	Kinkel	Minne	Ozment
Burger	Hartle	Kludt	Morrison	Pappas
Carlson, D.	Haukoos	Knickerbocker	Munger	Pauly
Carlson, L.	Heap	Knuth	Murphy	Pelowski
Carruthers	Himle	Kostohryz	Nelson, C.	Peterson
Clark	Hugoson	Krueger	Nelson, D.	Popenhagen
Clausnitzer	Jacobs	Larsen	Nelson, K.	Price

Quinn	Rose	Simoneau	Tompkins	Waltman
Quist	Rukavina	Skoglund	Trimble	Welle
Redalen	Sarna	Solberg	Tunheim	Wenzel
Reding	Schafer	Sparby	Uphus	Winter
Rest	Scheid	Stanius	Valento	Wynia
Rice	Schoenfeld	Steensma	Vanasek	Spk. Norton
Richter	Schreiber	Sviggum	Vellenga	
Riveness	Segal	Thiede	Voss	
Rodosovich	Shaver	Tjornhom	Wagenius	

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 42, A bill for an act relating to employment; regulating substance abuse testing of employees and job applicants; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 181.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Pappas moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 42 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 42, A bill for an act relating to employment; regulating drug and alcohol testing of employees and job applicants; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 181.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 131 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Burger	Forsythe	Jacobs	Kelso
Battaglia	Carlson, D.	Frederick	Jaros	Kinkel
Bauerly	Carlson, L.	Frerichs	Jefferson	Kludt
Beard	Carruthers	Greenfield	Jennings	Knickerbocker
Begich	Clark	Gruenes	Jensen	Knuth
Bennett	Clausnitzer	Gutknecht	Johnson, A.	Kostohryz
Bertram	Cooper	Hartle	Johnson, R.	Krueger
Bishop	Dauner	Haukoos	Johnson, V.	Larsen
Blatz	Dempsey	Heap	Kahn	Lasley
Boo	Dille	Himle	Kalis	Lieder
Brown	Dorn	Hugoson	Kelly	Long



Marsh	O'Connor	Price	Schreiber	Tunheim
McDonald	Ogren	Quinn	Seaberg	Uphus
McEachern	Olsen, S.	Quist	Segal	Valento
McKasy	Olson, E.	Redalen	Shaver	Vanasek
McLaughlin	Olson, K.	Reding	Simoneau	Voss
McPherson	Omann	Rest	Skoglund	Wagenius
Milbert	Onnen	Rice	Solberg	Waltman
Miller	Orenstein	Richter	Sparby	Welle
Minne	Osthoff	Riveness	Stanius	Wenzel
Morrison	Otis	Rodosovich	Steensma	Winter
Munger	Ozment	Rose	Sviggum	Wynia
Murphy	Pappas	Rukavina	Swenson	Spk. Norton
Nelson, C.	Pauly	Sarna	Thiede	
Nelson, D.	Pelowski	Schafer	Tjornhom	
Nelson, K.	Peterson	Scheid	Tompkins	
Neuenschwander	Poppenhagen	Schoenfeld	Trimble	

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 290, A bill for an act relating to occupations and professions; establishing an office of social work and mental health boards; establishing a board of social work; regulating and licensing social workers; establishing a board of marriage and family therapy; licensing and regulating marriage and family therapists; establishing a board of unlicensed mental health service providers; regulating unlicensed health service providers; providing penalties; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 144.335, subdivision 1; 148A.01, subdivision 5; 214.01, subdivision 2; 214.04, subdivision 3; and 609.341, subdivision 17; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 148B.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Greenfield moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 290 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 290, A bill for an act relating to occupations and professions; establishing an office of social work and mental health boards; establishing a board of social work; regulating and licensing social workers; establishing a board of marriage and family therapy; licensing and regulating marriage and family therapists; establishing a board of unlicensed mental health service providers; regulating unlicensed health service providers; providing penalties;

appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 144.335, subdivision 1; 148A.01, subdivision 5; 214.01, subdivision 2; 214.04, subdivision 3; and 609.341, subdivision 17; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 148B.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 128 yeas and 5 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Hartle	Long	Ozment	Skoglund
Battaglia	Haukoos	McDonald	Pappas	Solberg
Beard	Heap	McEachern	Pauly	Sparby
Begich	Himle	McKasy	Pelowski	Stanius
Bennett	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Peterson	Steensma
Bertram	Jacobs	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Sviggrum
Bishop	Jaros	Milbert	Price	Swenson
Blatz	Jefferson	Miller	Quinn	Thiede
Boo	Jennings	Minne	Quist	Tjornhom
Brown	Jensen	Morrison	Redalen	Tompkins
Burger	Johnson, A.	Munger	Reding	Trimble
Carlson, D.	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rest	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Uphus
Carruthers	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Richter	Valento
Clark	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Vanasek
Clausnitzer	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Cooper	Kelso	O'Connor	Rose	Voss
Dauner	Kinkel	Ogren	Rukavina	Wagenius
DeBlieck	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Waltman
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Schafer	Welle
Dorn	Knuth	Olson, K.	Scheid	Wenzel
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Omann	Schoenfeld	Winter
Frederick	Krueger	Onnen	Seaberg	Wynia
Frerichs	Larsen	Orenstein	Segal	Spk. Norton
Greenfield	Lasley	Osthoff	Shaver	
Gutknecht	Lieder	Otis	Simoneau	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bauerly	Dempsey	Gruenes	Marsh	Schreiber
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The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

S. F. No. 80.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S. F. NO. 80

A bill for an act relating to insurance; providing flexibility in the amount of coverages other than for the dwelling under a homeowner's policy; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 65A.

May 17, 1987

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S. F. No. 80, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House recede from its amendment and that S. F. No. 80 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. [65A.295] [HOMEOWNER'S INSURANCE COVERAGE.]

(a) Every insurer writing homeowner's insurance in this state shall make available at least one form of homeowner's policy for each level of peril coverage offered by the insurer in which the insured has the option to specify the dollar amount of coverage provided for structures other than the dwelling and for personal property. The premium must be reduced to reflect the reduced risk of lesser coverage.

(b) A written notice must be provided to all applicants for homeowner's insurance at the time of application informing them of the options provided in paragraph (a).

(c) Coverage for structures other than the dwelling is the coverage provided under "Coverage B, Other Structures" in the standard homeowner's policy. Coverage for personal property is the coverage provided under "Coverage C, Personal Property" in the standard homeowner's package policy.

(d) "Level of peril" refers to basic, broad, and all risk levels of coverage.

Sec. 2. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Section 1 is effective January 1, 1988."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: GENE WALDORF, CAL LARSON AND CARL W. KROENING.

House Conferees: PETER McLAUGHLIN, BOB MILBERT AND JOSEPH QUINN.

McLaughlin moved that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 80 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 80, A bill for an act relating to insurance; providing flexibility in the amount of coverages other than for the dwelling under a homeowner's policy; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 65A.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 133 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Dorn	Kelso	Nelson, C.	Redalen
Anderson, R.	Forsythe	Kinkel	Nelson, D.	Reding
Battaglia	Frederick	Kludt	Nelson, K.	Rest
Bauerly	Frerichs	Knickerbocker	Neuenschwander	Rice
Beard	Greenfield	Knuth	O'Connor	Richter
Begich	Gruenes	Kostohryz	Ogren	Riveness
Bennett	Gutknecht	Krueger	Olsen, S.	Rodosovich
Bertram	Hartle	Larsen	Olsen, E.	Rose
Bishop	Haukoos	Lasley	Olsen, K.	Rukavina
Blatz	Heap	Lieder	Omann	Sarna
Boo	Himle	Long	Onnen	Schafer
Brown	Hugoson	Marsh	Orenstein	Scheid
Burger	Jacobs	McDonald	Osthoff	Schoenfeld
Carlson, D.	Jaros	McEachern	Otis	Schreiber
Carlson, L.	Jefferson	McKasy	Ozment	Seaberg
Carruthers	Jennings	McLaughlin	Pappas	Segal
Clark	Jensen	McPherson	Pauly	Shaver
Clausnitzer	Johnson, A.	Milbert	Pelowski	Skoglund
Cooper	Johnson, R.	Miller	Peterson	Solberg
Dauner	Johnson, V.	Minne	Poppenhagen	Sparby
DeBlieck	Kahn	Morrison	Price	Stanius
Dempsey	Kalis	Munger	Quinn	Steensma
Dille	Kelly	Murphy	Quist	Svigum

Swenson  
Thiede  
Tjornhom  
Tompkins

Trimble  
Tunheim  
Uphus  
Valento

Vanasek  
Vellenga  
Voss  
Wagenius

Waltman  
Welle  
Wenzel  
Winter

Wynia  
Spk. Norton

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

S. F. No. 830.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVER, Secretary of the Senate

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S. F. NO. 830

A bill for an act relating to commerce; regulating nonrenewals and transfers of franchises; providing civil liability for unfair practices in relation to franchises; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 80C.14; and 80C.17, subdivision 1.

May 16, 1987

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S. F. No. 830, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House recede from its amendments and that S. F. No. 830 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 80C.14, is amended to read:

80C.14 [UNFAIR PRACTICES.]

Subdivision 1. [PROHIBITION.] No person, whether by means of a term or condition of a franchise or otherwise, shall engage in any unfair or inequitable practice in contravention of such rules as the commissioner may adopt defining as to franchises the words "unfair and inequitable." For the purpose of rules defining the words "unfair and inequitable", the commissioner may specifically recognize classifications of franchises including but not limited to the classifications of motor vehicle fuel franchises, motor vehicle franchises, hardware franchises, and franchises which require that the franchisee make an initial, unfinanced investment in excess of \$200,000. Any violation of this section is enjoined by a court of competent jurisdiction.

A temporary injunction may be granted under this section without requiring the posting of any bond or security. A bond or security shall be is required if a temporary restraining order is granted.

Subd. 2. [ACTS CONSTITUTING.] All franchise contracts or agreements, other than those classifications of franchises specifically recognized by the commissioner pursuant to under subdivision 1, and any other device or practice of a franchisor shall must conform to the following provisions subdivisions 3 and 4. It shall be deemed is an unfair and inequitable practice for any a person to: commit an act specified in subdivisions 3 to 5.

Subd. 3. [TERMINATION OR CANCELLATION.] (a) terminate or cancel a franchise without first giving written notice setting forth all the reasons for the termination or cancellation to the franchisee at least 60 days in advance of termination or cancellation, except that the notice shall be effective immediately upon receipt where the alleged grounds are: No person may terminate or cancel a franchise unless: (i) that person has given written notice setting forth all the reasons for the termination or cancellation at least 90 days in advance of termination or cancellation, and (ii) the recipient of the notice fails to correct the reasons stated for termination or cancellation in the notice within 60 days of receipt of the notice; except that the notice is effective immediately upon receipt where the alleged grounds for termination or cancellation are:

(1) voluntary abandonment of the franchise relationship by the franchisee;

(2) the conviction of the franchisee of an offense directly related to the business conducted pursuant to the franchise; or

(3) failure to cure a default under the franchise agreement which materially impairs the goodwill associated with the franchisor's trade name, trademark, service mark, logotype or other commercial symbol after the franchisee has received written notice to cure of at least 24 hours in advance thereof;

(b) No person may terminate or cancel a franchise except for good cause. "Good cause" shall be means failure by the franchisee to substantially to comply with the material and reasonable franchise requirements imposed by the franchise franchisor including, but not limited to:

- (1) the bankruptcy or insolvency of the franchisee;
- (2) assignment for the benefit of creditors or similar disposition of the assets of the franchise business;
- (3) voluntary abandonment of the franchise business;
- (4) conviction or a plea of guilty or no contest to a charge of violating any law relating to the franchise business; or
- (5) any act by or conduct of the franchisee which materially impairs the goodwill associated with the franchisor's trademark, trade name, service mark, logotype or other commercial symbol; or

(c) fail to renew a franchise unless the franchisee has been given written notice of the intention not to renew at least 90 days in advance thereof and has been given a sufficient opportunity to recover the franchisee's investment unless the failure to renew is for good cause as defined in clause (b).

Subd. 4. [FAILURE TO RENEW.] Unless the failure to renew a franchise is for good cause as defined in subdivision 3, paragraph (b), and the franchisee has failed to correct reasons for termination as required by subdivision 3, no person may fail to renew a franchise unless (1) the franchisee has been given written notice of the intention not to renew at least 180 days in advance of the expiration of the franchise; and (2) the franchisee has been given an opportunity to operate the franchise over a sufficient period of time to enable the franchisee to recover the fair market value of the franchise as a going concern, as determined and measured from the date of the failure to renew. No franchisor may refuse to renew a franchise if the refusal is for the purpose of converting the franchisee's business premises to an operation that will be owned by the franchisor for its own account.

Subd. 5. [WITHHOLDING CONSENT TO TRANSFER.] It is unfair and inequitable for a person to unreasonably withhold consent to an assignment, transfer, or sale of the franchise whenever the franchisee to be substituted meets the present qualifications and standards required of the franchisees of the particular franchisor.

## Sec. 2. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

This act is effective the day following final enactment."

Delete the title and insert:

“A bill for an act relating to commerce; regulating terminations, cancellations, failures to renew, and transfers of franchises; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 80C.14.”

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: JAMES C. PEHLER, DAVID J. FREDERICKSON AND WILLIAM P. LUTHER.

House Conferees: DAVE GRUENES, TERRY DEMPSEY AND RANDY C. KELLY.

Gruenes moved that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 830 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 830, A bill for an act relating to commerce; regulating nonrenewals and transfers of franchises; providing civil liability for unfair practices in relation to franchises; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 80C.14; and 80C.17, subdivision 1.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 130 yeas and 1 nay as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Frerichs	Knuth	Olsen, S.	Rukavina
Battaglia	Greenfield	Kostohryz	Olson, E.	Sarna
Bauerly	Gruenes	Krueger	Olson, K.	Schafer
Beard	Gutknecht	Larsen	Omann	Scheid
Begich	Hartle	Lasley	Onnen	Schoenfeld
Bennett	Haukoos	Lieder	Orenstein	Schreiber
Bertram	Heap	Long	Otis	Seaberg
Bishop	Himle	Marsh	Ozment	Segal
Blatz	Hugoson	McDonald	Pappas	Shaver
Boo	Jacobs	McEachern	Pauly	Simoneau
Brown	Jaros	McKasy	Pelowski	Skoglund
Burger	Jefferson	McLaughlin	Peterson	Solberg
Carlson, D.	Jennings	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Sparby
Carlson, L.	Jensen	Miller	Price	Stanisus
Carruthers	Johnson, A.	Minne	Quinn	Steensma
Clark	Johnson, R.	Morrison	Quist	Sviggum
Clausnitzer	Johnson, V.	Munger	Redalen	Swenson
Cooper	Kahn	Murphy	Reding	Thiede
Dauner	Kalis	Nelson, C.	Rest	Tjornhom
DeBlicke	Kelly	Nelson, D.	Rice	Tompkins
Dempsey	Kelso	Nelson, K.	Richter	Trimble
Dille	Kinkel	Neuenschwander	Riveness	Tunheim
Dorn	Kludt	O'Connor	Rodosovich	Uphus
Frederick	Knickerbocker	Ogren	Rose	Valento



Vanasek  
Vellenga

Voss  
Wagenius

Waltman  
Welle

Wenzel  
Winter

Wynia  
Spk. Norton

Those who voted in the negative were:

Osthoff

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate accedes to the request of the House for the appointment of a Conference Committee on the amendments adopted by the Senate to the following House File:

H. F. No. 1283, A bill for an act relating to health; prohibiting smoking in day care centers and health care facilities; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 144.412; and 144.414.

The Senate has appointed as such committee:

Messrs. Marty; Frederickson, D. R., and Dahl.

Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

The following conference committee reports were received:

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 1351

A bill for an act relating to natural resources; authorizing the taking of elk and amending related laws; authorizing compensation for certain crop damage caused by elk; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 97A.421, subdivision 6; 97A.431; 97A.465, subdivisions 1 and 3; 97A.471, subdivision 3; 97A.475, subdivision 2; 97A.525, subdivision 1; 97A.535; and 97B.201; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 3 and 97B.

May 18, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 1351, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendments and that H. F. No. 1351 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 3.736, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [EXCLUSIONS.] Without intent to preclude the courts from finding additional cases where the state and its employees should not, in equity and good conscience, pay compensation for personal injuries or property losses, the legislature declares that the state and its employees are not liable for the following losses:

(a) Any loss caused by an act or omission of a state employee exercising due care in the execution of a valid or invalid statute or rule;

(b) Any loss caused by the performance or failure to perform a discretionary duty, whether or not the discretion is abused;

(c) Any loss in connection with the assessment and collection of taxes;

(d) Any loss caused by snow or ice conditions on any highway or public sidewalk that does not abut a publicly-owned building or a publicly-owned parking lot, except when the condition is affirmatively caused by the negligent acts of a state employee;

(e) Any loss caused by wild animals in their natural state, except as provided in section 2;

(f) Any loss other than injury to or loss of property or personal injury or death;

(g) Any loss caused by the condition of unimproved real property owned by the state, which means land that the state has not improved, and appurtenances, fixtures and attachments to land that the state has neither affixed nor improved;

(h) Any loss incurred by a user within the boundaries of the outdoor recreation system and arising from the construction, operation, or maintenance of the system, as defined in section 86A.04, or from the clearing of land, removal of refuse, and creation of trails or paths without artificial surfaces, or from the construction, operation, or maintenance of a water access site created by the iron range resources and rehabilitation board, except that the state is liable for conduct that would entitle a trespasser to damages against a private person;

(i) Any loss of benefits or compensation due under a program of public assistance or public welfare, except where state compensation for loss is expressly required by federal law in order for the state to receive federal grants-in-aid;

(j) Any loss based on the failure of any person to meet the standards needed for a license, permit, or other authorization issued by the state or its agents;

(k) Any loss based on the usual care and treatment, or lack of care and treatment, of any person at a state hospital or state corrections facility where reasonable use of available appropriations has been made to provide care;

(l) Any loss, damage, or destruction of property of a patient or inmate of a state institution;

(m) Any loss for which recovery is prohibited by section 169.121, subdivision 9.

The state will not pay punitive damages.

## Sec. 2. [3.7371] [COMPENSATION FOR CROP DAMAGE CAUSED BY ELK.]

Subdivision 1. [AUTHORIZATION.] Notwithstanding section 3.736, subdivision 3, paragraph (e), or any other law to the contrary, a person who owns an agricultural crop shall be compensated by the commissioner of agriculture for an agricultural crop that is damaged or destroyed by elk as provided in this section.

Subd. 2. [CLAIM FORM.] The crop owner must prepare a claim on forms provided by the commissioner of agriculture and available at the county extension agent's office. The claim form must be filed with the commissioner of agriculture. A claim form may not be filed for crop damage or destruction that occurs before the effective date of this act.

Subd. 3. [COMPENSATION.] The crop owner shall be entitled to the target price or market price, whichever is greater, of the damaged or destroyed crop plus adjustments for yield loss determined according to agricultural stabilization and conservation service programs for individual farms, adjusted annually, as determined by the commissioner of agriculture, upon recommendation of the county extension agent for the owner's county or a federal crop adjuster. The commissioner of agriculture, upon recommendation of the agent or adjuster, shall determine whether the crop damage or destruction is caused by elk and, if so, the amount of the crop that is damaged or destroyed. In any calendar year, a crop owner may not be compensated for a damaged or destroyed crop that is less

than \$100 and may be compensated up to \$20,000 in value, as determined under this section, provided normal harvest procedures for the area are followed.

Subd. 4. [INSURANCE DEDUCTION.] Payments authorized by this section must be reduced by amounts received by the owner as proceeds from an insurance policy covering crop losses, or from any other source for the same purpose including, but not limited to, a federal program.

Subd. 5. [DECISION ON CLAIMS; OPENING LAND TO HUNTING.] If the commissioner of agriculture finds that the crop owner has shown that the damage or destruction of the owner's crop was caused more probably than not by elk, the commissioner of agriculture shall pay compensation as provided in this section and the rules of the commissioner. Total compensation to all claimants shall not exceed the amount of funds appropriated for this act. A crop owner who receives compensation under this section may, by written permission, permit hunting on the land at the landowner's discretion.

Subd. 6. [DENIAL OF CLAIM; APPEAL.] (a) If the commissioner denies compensation claimed by a crop owner under this section, the commissioner shall issue a written decision based upon the available evidence including a statement of the facts upon which the decision is based and the conclusions on the material issues of the claim. A copy of the decision must be transmitted to the crop owner by first class mail.

(b) A decision denying compensation claimed under this section is not subject to the contested case review procedures of chapter 14, but a crop owner may have the claim reviewed in a trial de novo in the county court in the county where the loss occurred. The decision of the county court may be appealed as in other civil cases. Review in the county court may be obtained by the filing of a petition for review with the administrator of the county court within 60 days following receipt of a decision under this section. Upon the filing of a petition, the administrator of the county court shall mail a copy of it to the commissioner and set a time for hearing within 90 days after the filing of the petition.

Subd. 7. [RULES.] The commissioner of agriculture shall adopt rules and may adopt emergency rules and may amend rules to carry out the provisions of this section. The rules must include:

(1) methods of valuation of crops damaged or destroyed;

(2) criteria for determination of the cause of the crop damage or destruction;

(3) notice requirements by the owner of the damaged or destroyed crop; and

(4) any other matters determined necessary by the commissioner to carry out the provisions of this section.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97A.421, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [APPLICABILITY TO MOOSE OR ELK LICENSES.] In this section the term "license" includes an application for a license to take either moose or elk.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97A.431, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [APPLICATION FOR LICENSE.] An application for a moose license must be on a form provided by the commissioner and accompanied by a \$1 \$3 nonrefundable application fee per person. A person may not make more than one application for each season. If a person makes more than one application, the person is ineligible for a license for that season after determination by the commissioner, without a hearing.

Sec. 5. [97A.433] [ELK LICENSES.]

Subdivision 1. [NUMBER OF LICENSES.] The commissioner shall include the number of licenses to be issued in an order setting the dates for an elk season.

Subd. 2. [ELIGIBILITY.] Persons eligible for an elk license shall be determined under this section and commissioner's order. A person is eligible for an elk license only if the person:

- (1) is a resident;
- (2) is at least age 16 before the season opens; and
- (3) has never been issued an elk license.

Subd. 3. [APPLICATION FOR LICENSE.] An application for an elk license must be on a form provided by the commissioner and accompanied by a \$10 nonrefundable application fee per person. A person may not make more than one application for each season. If a person makes more than one application, the person is ineligible for a license for that season after determination by the commissioner, without a hearing.

Subd. 4. [SEPARATE SELECTION; ELIGIBILITY.] The commissioner may conduct a separate selection for up to 20 percent of the

elk licenses to be issued for an area. Only owners of, and tenants living on, at least 160 acres of agricultural or grazing land in the area are eligible for the separate selection. Persons that are unsuccessful in a separate selection must be included in the selection for the remaining licenses. Persons who obtain an elk license in a separate selection must allow public elk hunting on their land during the elk season for which the license is valid.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97A.465, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [RESIDENTS ON LEAVE.] A resident that is in the armed forces of the United States, stationed outside of the state, and in the state on leave, may hunt and fish without a license if the resident possesses official military leave papers. The resident must obtain the seals, tags, and coupons required of a licensee, which must be furnished without charge. This subdivision does not apply to the taking of moose or elk.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97A.465, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [NONRESIDENTS STATIONED IN THE STATE.] The commissioner may issue a resident license to take fish or game to a person in the armed forces of the United States that is stationed in the state. This subdivision does not apply to the taking of moose or elk.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97A.471, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [NONAPPLICABILITY TO MOOSE HUNTING.] This section does not apply to taking moose or elk.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97A.475, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [RESIDENT HUNTING.] Fees for the following licenses, to be issued to residents only, are:

- (1) for persons under age 65 to take small game, \$7;
- (2) for persons age 65 or over, \$3.50;
- (3) to take turkey, \$10;
- (4) to take deer with firearms, \$15;
- (5) to take deer by archery, \$15;

(6) to take moose, for a party of not more than four persons, \$200; and

(7) to take bear, \$25; and

(8) to take elk, for a party of not more than two persons, \$200.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97A.525, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [RESIDENTS.] A resident may transport wild animals within the state by common carrier without being in the vehicle if the resident has the license required to take the animals and they are shipped to the resident. The wild animals that may be transported by common carrier are:

(1) deer, bear, elk, and moose;

(2) undressed game birds; and

(3) fish.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97A.535, is amended to read:

97A.535 [POSSESSION AND TRANSPORTATION OF DEER, BEAR, ELK, AND MOOSE.]

Subdivision 1. [TAGS REQUIRED.] A person may not possess or transport deer, bear, elk, or moose taken in the state unless a tag is attached to the carcass in a manner prescribed by the commissioner. The commissioner must prescribe the type of tag that has the license number of the owner, the year of its issue, and other information prescribed by the commissioner. The tag must be attached to the deer, bear, elk, or moose when:

(1) the animal is in a camp, or a place occupied overnight or the yard surrounding the place; or

(2) the animal is on a motor vehicle.

Subd. 2. [DEER TAKEN BY ARCHERY, ELK, AND MOOSE MUST HAVE ADDITIONAL TAG.] Deer taken by archery, elk, and moose must be tagged as prescribed by the commissioner, in addition to the tag required in subdivision 1.

Subd. 3. [TRANSPORTATION PERIOD RESTRICTED.] A person may transport one deer, one bear, one elk, or one moose during the open season and the two days following the season, and afterwards as prescribed by the commissioner.

Subd. 4. [TRANSPORTATION BY PERSON OTHER THAN LICENSEE.] A person other than the licensee may transport deer, bear, elk, or moose that the licensee has registered as prescribed by the commissioner. The person must transport the animal by the most direct route. A tag must be attached to the animal and marked in ink with the address, license number, signature of the licensee, and the locations from which and to which the animal is being transported.

Subd. 5. [HEADS, HIDES, AND CLAWS.] A resident that has a license to take deer, bear, elk, or moose may transport the head or hide of the animal within or out of the state for mounting or tanning. The hides of deer, bear, elk, and moose, and the claws of bear legally taken and with the tags that are required by this section, may be bought, sold, and transported at any time.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97B.201, is amended to read:

97B.201 [NO OPEN SEASON FOR ELK, CARIBOU, AND ANTELOPE.]

There may not be an open season on elk, caribou, or antelope.

Sec. 13. [97B.515] [ELK; LICENSE REQUIRED, SEASONS, RESTRICTIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [LICENSE REQUIRED.] A person may not take an elk without an elk license.

Subd. 2. [SEASON AND RESTRICTIONS.] The commissioner may, by order, prescribe the open season and the areas and conditions for the taking of elk when the precalving population exceeds 20 animals.

Subd. 3. [STAND RESTRICTIONS.] A person may not take elk from a constructed platform or other structure higher than nine feet above the ground. The restriction does not apply to a portable stand that is chained, belted, clamped, or tied with rope.

Sec. 14. [ELK MANAGEMENT PLAN.]

The commissioner of natural resources must adopt an elk management plan that:

(1) recognizes the value and uniqueness of elk;

(2) provides for integrated management of an elk population in harmony with the environment;



(3) affords optimum recreational opportunities; and

(4) restricts elk to nonagricultural land in the state.

Sec. 15. [FEE TRANSFER.]

All fees collected under this act are appropriated to the commissioners of agriculture and natural resources for the administrative costs incurred under this act and the amounts above and beyond the administrative costs associated with the programs established by this act shall be deposited in the general fund as reimbursement for payments made to the commissioner of agriculture for landowner compensation under a bill styled as H.F. No. 1315, enacted at the 1987 regular session.

Sec. 16. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

This act is effective the day following final enactment. However, a person may not apply for compensation for crop damage until after the commissioner of agriculture promulgates rules under section 2."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to natural resources; authorizing the taking of elk and amending related laws; authorizing compensation for certain crop damage caused by elk; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 3.736, subdivision 3; 97A.421, subdivision 6; 97A.431, subdivision 3; 97A.465, subdivisions 1 and 3; 97A.471, subdivision 3; 97A.475, subdivision 2; 97A.525, subdivision 1; 97A.535; 97B.201; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 3; 97A; and 97B."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: JIM TUNHEIM, VIRGIL J. JOHNSON AND WALLY A. SPARBY.

Senate Conferees: LEROY A. STUMPF, GARY M. DECramer AND JOE BERTRAM, SR.

Tunheim moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 1351 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1351, A bill for an act relating to natural resources; authorizing the taking of elk and amending related laws; authorizing compensation for certain crop damage caused by elk; appropri-

ating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 97A.421, subdivision 6; 97A.431; 97A.465, subdivisions 1 and 3; 97A.471, subdivision 3; 97A.475, subdivision 2; 97A.525, subdivision 1; 97A.535; and 97B.201; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 3 and 97B.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 126 yeas and 4 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Lieder	Osthoff	Seaberg
Anderson, R.	Gutknecht	Long	Otis	Segal
Battaglia	Hartle	McDonald	Ozment	Shaver
Bauerly	Heap	McEachern	Pappas	Simoneau
Beard	Himle	McKasy	Pauly	Skoglund
Begich	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Pelowski	Solberg
Bennett	Jaros	McPherson	Peterson	Sparby
Bertram	Jefferson	Milbert	Poppenhagen	Stanius
Bishop	Jennings	Miller	Price	Steensma
Blatz	Jensen	Minne	Quinn	Swiggum
Boo	Johnson, A.	Morrison	Quist	Swenson
Brown	Johnson, R.	Munger	Redalen	Thiede
Burger	Johnson, V.	Murphy	Reding	Tjornhom
Carlson, D.	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Rest	Tompkins
Carlson, L.	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Rice	Tunheim
Carruthers	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Richter	Uphus
Clark	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Riveness	Valento
Clausnitzer	Kinkel	O'Connor	Rodosovich	Vanasek
Cooper	Kludt	Ogren	Rose	Vellenga
Dauner	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Rukavina	Voss
DeBlicek	Knuth	Olson, E.	Sarna	Wagenius
Dempsey	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Schafer	Welle
Dille	Krueger	Omann	Scheid	Wenzel
Dorn	Larsen	Onnen	Schoenfeld	Winter
Greenfield	Lasley	Orenstein	Schreiber	Wynia
				Spk. Norton

Those who voted in the negative were:

Haukoos	Hugoson	Marsh	Waltman
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The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

#### CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 391

A bill for an act relating to crimes; increasing penalties for distributing controlled substances to a minor or employing a minor to distribute controlled substances; defining measurement and purity requirements of controlled substances for criminal and tax law purposes; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 152.15, subdivisions 1 and 4; 297D.01, subdivision 3; and 297D.07.

May 18, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 391, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment and that H. F. No. 391 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 152.15, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Any person who violates section 152.09, subdivision 1, clause (1) with respect to:

(1) Seven or more grams or ten or more dosage units, when the substance is not sold by weight, of Any controlled substance classified in schedule I or II which is a narcotic drug, or of phencyclidine or any hallucinogen listed in section 152.02, subdivision 2, clause (3), or Minnesota Rules, part 6800.4210, item C, except marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is guilty of a crime and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than 20 years or fined not more than \$60,000, or both for a first violation, and for a second or subsequent violation, upon conviction, shall be imprisoned for not less than two years nor more than 30 years or fined not more than \$100,000, or both if:

(i) the mixture contains three grams or more of cocaine base;

(ii) the offender sells or distributes a total of ten grams or more of the controlled substance, regardless of purity, on one or more occasions within a 90-day period;

(iii) the controlled substance is phencyclidine or any hallucinogen listed in section 152.02, subdivision 2, clause (3), or Minnesota Rules, part 6800.4210, item C, except marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is packaged in dosage units, and equals ten or more dosage units;

(iv) the controlled substance is a schedule I or II narcotic drug, is packaged in dosage units, and equals 50 or more dosage units;

(v) the offender sells or distributes any quantity of the controlled substance to a person under the age of 18; or

(vi) the offender conspires with or employs a person under the age of 18 to sell or distribute any quantity of the controlled substance;

(2) Any other amount of any controlled substance classified in schedule I or II which is a narcotic drug, is guilty of a crime and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than 15 years or fined not more than \$40,000, or both for a first violation, and for a second or subsequent violation, upon conviction, shall be imprisoned for not less than one year nor more than 30 years or fined not more than \$50,000, or both;

(3) Any other controlled substance classified in schedule I, II, or III, is guilty of a crime and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than five years, fined not more than \$30,000, or both for a first violation, and for a second or subsequent violation, upon conviction, shall be imprisoned for not less than one year nor more than ten years or fined not more than \$45,000, or both sentenced as follows:

(i) if the offender sells or distributes the controlled substance to a person under the age of 18, or conspires with or employs a person under the age of 18 to sell or distribute the controlled substance, to imprisonment for not more than ten years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$30,000, or both; or

(ii) in all other cases, to imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$30,000, or both.

A person convicted under this clause a second or subsequent time shall be sentenced to imprisonment for not less than one year nor more than ten years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$45,000, or both;

(4) A substance classified in schedule IV, is guilty of a crime and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than three years, fined not more than \$20,000, or both for a first violation, and for a second or subsequent violation, upon conviction, shall be imprisoned for not less than six months nor more than six years or fined not more than \$35,000, or both sentenced as follows:

(i) if the offender sells or distributes the controlled substance to a person under the age of 18, or conspires with or employs a person under the age of 18 to sell or distribute the controlled substance, to imprisonment for not more than six years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$20,000, or both; or

(ii) in all other cases, to imprisonment for not more than three years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$20,000, or both.

A person convicted under this clause a second or subsequent time shall be sentenced to imprisonment for not less than six months nor more than six years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$35,000, or both;

(5) A substance classified in schedule V, is guilty of a crime and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than one year, fined not more than \$3,000, or both sentenced as follows:

(i) if the offender sells or distributes the controlled substance to a person under the age of 18, or conspires with or employs a person under the age of 18 to sell or distribute the controlled substance, to imprisonment for not more than two years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$3,000, or both; or

(ii) in all other cases, to imprisonment for not more than one year or to payment of a fine of not more than \$3,000, or both;

(6) The distribution of a small amount of marijuana for no remuneration, shall be treated as provided in subdivision 2, clause (5).

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297D.01, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. "Dealer" means a person who in violation of Minnesota law manufactures, produces, ships, transports, or imports into Minnesota or in any manner acquires or possesses more than 42½ grams of marijuana, or seven or more grams of any controlled substance, or ten or more dosage units of any controlled substance which is not sold by weight. A quantity of marijuana or other controlled substance is measured by the weight of the substance whether pure or impure or dilute, or by dosage units when the substance is not sold by weight, in the dealer's possession. A quantity of a controlled substance is dilute if it consists of a detectable quantity of pure controlled substance and any excipients or fillers.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297D.07, is amended to read:

#### 297D.07 [MEASUREMENT.]

For the purpose of calculating the tax under section 297D.08, an ounce a quantity of marijuana or other controlled substance is measured by the weight of the substance whether pure or impure or dilute, or by dosage units when the substance is not sold by weight,

in the dealer's possession. A quantity of a controlled substance is dilute if it consists of a detectable quantity of pure controlled substance and any excipients or fillers.

Sec. 4. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 152.15, subdivision 4, is repealed.

Sec. 5. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1 to 4 are effective August 1, 1987, and apply to crimes committed on or after that date."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to crimes; increasing penalties for distributing controlled substances to a minor or employing a minor to distribute controlled substances; defining measurement and purity requirements of controlled substances for criminal and tax law purposes; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 152.15, subdivision 1; 297D.01, subdivision 3; and 297D.07; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 152.15, subdivision 4."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: MARCUS M. MARSH, KATHLEEN A. BLATZ AND RANDY C. KELLY.

Senate Conferees: TAD JUDE, DONNA C. PETERSON AND ALLAN H. SPEAR

Marsh moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 391 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 391, A bill for an act relating to crimes; increasing penalties for distributing controlled substances to a minor or employing a minor to distribute controlled substances; defining measurement and purity requirements of controlled substances for criminal and tax law purposes; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 152.15, subdivisions 1 and 4; 297D.01, subdivision 3; and 297D.07.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 131 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Frerichs	Larsen	Osthoff	Segal
Anderson, R.	Greenfield	Lasley	Otis	Shaver
Battaglia	Gruenes	Lieder	Ozment	Simoneau
Bauerly	Gutknecht	Marsh	Pappas	Skoglund
Beard	Hartle	McDonald	Pauly	Solberg
Begich	Haukoos	McEachern	Pelowski	Sparby
Bennett	Heap	McKasy	Peterson	Stanius
Bertram	Himle	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Steensma
Bishop	Hugoson	McPherson	Price	Sviggon
Blatz	Jacobs	Milbert	Quinn	Swenson
Boo	Jaros	Miller	Quist	Thiede
Brown	Jefferson	Minne	Redalen	Tjornhom
Burger	Jennings	Morrison	Reding	Tompkins
Carlson, D.	Jensen	Munger	Rest	Trimble
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Tunheim
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Nelson, D.	Richter	Uphus
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Valento
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Vanasek
Cooper	Kelly	O'Connor	Rose	Vellenga
Dauner	Kelso	Ogren	Rukavina	Voss
DeBlieck	Kinkel	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Wagenius
Dempsey	Kludt	Olson, E.	Schafer	Waltman
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olson, K.	Scheid	Welle
Dorn	Knuth	Omann	Schoenfeld	Wenzel
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Onnen	Schreiber	Winter
Frederick	Krueger	Orenstein	Seaberg	Wynia
				Spk. Norton

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

#### REPORT FROM THE COMMITTEE ON RULES AND LEGISLATIVE ADMINISTRATION

Vanasek, from the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration, pursuant to House Rule No. 1.9, designated the following bills as Special Orders to be acted upon immediately preceding General Orders for today, Monday, May 18, 1987:

H. F. No. 944; S. F. Nos. 1041, 1437 and 1057; H. F. No. 1465; S. F. Nos. 908 and 69; H. F. No. 1335; S. F. Nos. 44, 131, 946, 63, 1479, 905, 232, 1369, 1268, 1184, 1223 and 236.

Quist moved that S. F. No. 236 be advanced to the top of Special Orders.

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Quist motion and the roll was called. There were 67 yeas and 59 nays as follows:

## Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, R.	Frederick	Krueger	Poppenhagen	Swiggum
Bennett	Frerichs	Marsh	Quist	Swenson
Bishop	Gruenes	McDonald	Redalen	Thiede
Blatz	Gutknecht	McKasy	Reding	Tjornhom
Boo	Hartle	McPherson	Rest	Tompkins
Burger	Haukoos	Milbert	Richter	Uphus
Carlson, L.	Heap	Miller	Rose	Valento
Carruthers	Himle	Morrison	Schafer	Vellenga
Clausnitzer	Hugoson	Olsen, S.	Scheid	Wagenius
Cooper	Johnson, R.	Omann	Schreiber	Waltman
DeBlieck	Johnson, V.	Onnen	Seaberg	Wenzel
Dempsey	Kinkel	Orenstein	Shaver	
Dille	Kludt	Ozment	Solberg	
Forsythe	Knickerbocker	Pauly	Stanius	

## Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, G.	Jaros	Lieder	Olson, E.	Schoenfeld
Battaglia	Jefferson	Long	Olson, K.	Segal
Bauerly	Jennings	McEachern	Otis	Simoneau
Beard	Jensen	McLaughlin	Pappas	Sparby
Begich	Johnson, A.	Minne	Peterson	Steensma
Bertram	Kahn	Munger	Price	Trimble
Brown	Kalis	Murphy	Quinn	Tunheim
Clark	Kelly	Nelson, C.	Rice	Vanasek
Dauner	Knuth	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Voss
Dorn	Kostohryz	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Winter
Greenfield	Larsen	O'Connor	Rukavina	Spk. Norton
Jacobs	Lasley	Ogren	Sarna	

The motion did not prevail.

### SPECIAL ORDERS

H. F. No. 944 was reported to the House.

Simoneau moved to amend H. F. No. 944, the second engrossment, as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

“Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352.01, subdivision 2B, is amended to read:

Subd. 2B. [EXCLUDED EMPLOYEES.] The following persons are excluded from the meaning of state employee:

(1) elective state officers;

(2) students employed by the University of Minnesota, the state universities, and community colleges unless approved for coverage



by the board of regents, the state university board or the state board for community colleges, as the case may be;

(3) employees who are eligible to membership in the state teachers retirement association except employees of the department of education who have elected or may elect to be covered by the Minnesota state retirement system instead of the teachers retirement association;

(4) employees of the University of Minnesota who are excluded from coverage by action of the board of regents;

(5) officers and enlisted personnel in the national guard and the naval militia and such as are assigned to permanent peacetime duty who pursuant to federal law are or are required to be members of a federal retirement system;

(6) election officers;

(7) persons engaged in public work for the state but employed by contractors when the performance of the contract is authorized by the legislature or other competent authority;

(8) officers and employees of the senate and house of representatives or a legislative committee or commission who are temporarily employed;

(9) all courts and court employees, referees, receivers, jurors, and notaries public, except employees of the appellate courts and referees and adjusters employed by the department of labor and industry;

(10) patient and inmate help in state charitable, penal and correctional institutions including the Minnesota veterans home;

(11) persons employed for professional services where the service is incidental to regular professional duties and whose compensation is paid on a per diem basis;

(12) employees of the Sibley House Association;

(13) employees of the Grand Army of the Republic and employees of the ladies of the G.A.R.;

(14) operators and drivers employed pursuant to section 16.07, subdivision 4;

(15) the members of any state board or commission who serve the state intermittently and are paid on a per diem basis; the secretary, secretary-treasurer, and treasurer of those boards if their compensation is \$500 or less per year, or, if they are legally prohibited from

-serving more than two consecutive terms and their total service therefor is required by law to be less than ten years; and the board of managers of the state agricultural society and its treasurer unless the treasurer is also its full time secretary;

(16) state troopers;

(17) temporary employees of the Minnesota state fair employed on or after July 1 for a period not to extend beyond October 15 of the same year; and persons employed at any time or times by the state fair administration for special events held on the fairgrounds;

(18) emergency employees in the classified service except emergency employees who within the same pay period become provisional or probationary employees on other than a temporary basis, shall be deemed "state employees" retroactively to the beginning of the pay period;

(19) persons described in section 352B.01, subdivision 2, clauses (b) and (c) formerly defined as state police officers;

(20) all temporary employees in the classified service, all temporary employees in the unclassified service appointed for a definite period of not more than six months and employed less than six months in any one-year period and all seasonal help in the classified service employed by the department of revenue;

(21) trainees paid under budget classification number 41, and other trainee employees, except those listed in subdivision 2A, clause (10);

(22) persons whose compensation is paid on a fee basis;

(23) state employees who in any year have credit for 12 months service as teachers in the public schools of the state and as teachers are members of the teachers retirement association or a retirement system in St. Paul, Minneapolis, or Duluth;

(24) employees of the adjutant general employed on an unlimited intermittent or temporary basis in the classified and unclassified service for the support of army and air national guard training facilities;

(25) chaplains and nuns who have taken a vow of poverty as members of a religious order;

(26) labor service employees employed as a laborer 1 on an hourly basis;

(27) examination monitors employed by departments, agencies, commissions, and boards for the purpose of conducting examinations required by law;

(28) members of appeal tribunals, exclusive of the chair, to which reference is made in section 268.10, subdivision 4;

(29) persons appointed to serve as members of fact finding commissions, adjustment panels, arbitrators, or labor referees under the provisions of chapter 179;

(30) temporary employees employed for limited periods of time under any state or federal program for the purpose of training or rehabilitation including persons employed for limited periods of time from areas of economic distress except skilled and supervisory personnel and persons having civil service status covered by the system;

(31) full-time students employed by the Minnesota historical society who are employed intermittently during part of the year and full time during the summer months;

(32) temporary employees, appointed for not more than six months, of the metropolitan council and of any of its statutory boards, the members of which board are appointed by the metropolitan council;

(33) persons employed in positions designated by the department of employee relations as student workers;

(34) any person who is 65 62 years of age or older when appointed and who does not have allowable service credit for previous employment, unless the employee gives notice to the director within 60 days following appointment that coverage is desired;

(35) members of trades employed by the metropolitan waste control commission with trade union pension plan coverage pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement first employed after June 1, 1977; and

(36) persons employed in subsidized on-the-job training, work experience or public service employment as enrollees under the federal Comprehensive Employment and Training Act from and after March 30, 1978, unless the person has as of the later of March 30, 1978 or the date of employment sufficient service credit in the retirement system to meet the minimum vesting requirements for a deferred annuity, or the employer agrees in writing on forms prescribed by the director to make the required employer contributions, including any employer additional contributions, on account of that person from revenue sources other than funds provided under

the federal Comprehensive Employment and Training Act, or the person agrees in writing on forms prescribed by the director to make the required employer contribution in addition to the required employee contribution.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352.01, subdivision 19, is amended to read:

Subd. 19. [RETIREMENT.] "Retirement" means the time after a state employee is entitled to an accrued annuity, as defined in subdivision 21, payable pursuant to an application for annuity filed in the office of the system as provided in section 352.115, subdivision 8 or, in the case of an employee who has received a disability benefit, when that employee attains age ~~65~~ 62.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [EMPLOYEE CONTRIBUTIONS.] The employee contribution to the fund shall be an amount equal to 3.73 percent of salary; beginning with the first full pay period after June 30, 1984 for the period up to June 30, 1988, and 4.62 percent of salary thereafter. These contributions shall be made by deduction from salary in the manner provided in subdivision 4.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352.04, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS.] The employer contribution to the fund shall be an amount equal to 3.90 percent of salary beginning with the first full pay period after June 30, 1984 for the period up to June 30, 1989, and 4.79 percent of salary thereafter.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352.113, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [AGE AND SERVICE REQUIREMENTS.] Any employee covered by the system who is less than ~~65~~ 62 years of age who becomes totally and permanently disabled after ten or more years of allowable service and any employee who is at least 50 years of age but less than ~~65~~ 62 years of age who becomes totally and permanently disabled after five or more years of allowable service shall be entitled to a disability benefit in an amount provided in subdivision 3. If such disabled employee's state service has terminated at any time, at least five years of allowable service must have been rendered after last becoming a state employee covered by the system.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352.113, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [COMPUTATION OF BENEFITS.] The total and permanent disability benefit shall be computed in the manner provided in section 352.115. The disability benefit shall be the normal annuity without reduction for each month the employee is under age 65 62 at the time of becoming disabled. A disabled employee may elect to receive the normal disability benefit or an optional annuity as provided in section 352.116, subdivision 3. The election of an optional annuity shall be made prior to the commencement of payment of the disability benefit and shall be effective the date on which the disability begins to accrue as provided in subdivision 2.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352.113, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS; AUTHORIZATION FOR PAYMENT OF BENEFIT.] An applicant shall provide medical evidence to support an application for total and permanent disability. The director shall have the employee examined by at least one additional licensed physician designated by the medical advisor. The physicians shall make written reports to the director concerning the employee's disability including medical opinions as to whether the employee is permanently and totally disabled within the meaning of section 352.01, subdivision 17. The director shall also obtain written certification from the employer stating whether the employee is on sick leave of absence because of a disability which will prevent further service to the employer and as a consequence the employee is not entitled to compensation from the employer. If upon the consideration of the reports of the physicians and such other evidence as may have been supplied by the employee or others interested therein, the medical advisor finds the employee totally and permanently disabled, the advisor shall make appropriate recommendation to the director in writing together with the date from which the employee has been totally disabled, and the director shall thereupon determine the propriety of authorizing payment of a disability benefit as provided in this section. The employee must be on approved leave of absence from the employer to be eligible to make application for a total and permanent disability benefit, but the fact that an employee is placed on leave of absence without compensation because of disability shall not bar that employee from receiving a disability benefit. Unless payment of a disability benefit has terminated because the employee is no longer totally disabled, or because the employee has reached age 65 62 as provided in this section, the disability benefit shall cease with the last payment received by the disabled employee or which had accrued during the lifetime of the employee unless there is a spouse surviving; in that event the surviving spouse shall be entitled to the disability benefit for the calendar month in which the disabled employee died.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352.113, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. [EMPLOYEE AGAIN DISABLED AFTER RESUMING EMPLOYMENT.] If a disabled employee resumes gainful employment with the state and is not entitled to continued payment of a disability benefit as provided in subdivision 7, the right to a disability benefit shall terminate when the employee has been employed for one year thereafter. Should such employee again become totally and permanently disabled before reaching age 65 62, application for a disability benefit may again be made. In the event the employee is entitled to a disability benefit it shall be computed as provided in subdivision 9.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352.113, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. [RETIREMENT STATUS AT AGE 65 62.] The disability benefit paid to a disabled employee hereunder shall terminate when the employee reaches age 65 62. If the disabled employee is still totally and permanently disabled when the employee reaches age 65 62, the employee shall be deemed to be a retired employee and, if the employee had elected an optional annuity pursuant to subdivision 3, shall receive an annuity in accordance with the terms of the optional annuity previously elected, or, if the employee had not elected an optional annuity pursuant to subdivision 3, may then elect to receive either a normal retirement annuity equal in amount to the disability benefit paid before the employee reached age 65 62 or an optional annuity as provided in section 352.116, subdivision 3. Election of an optional annuity shall be made prior to reaching age 65 62. If an optional annuity is elected, the election shall be effective on the date on which the employee attains the age of 65 62 years and the optional annuity shall begin to accrue the first of the month following the month in which the employee attains age 65 62.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352.115, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [AVERAGE SALARY.] The retirement annuity hereunder payable at normal retirement age 65 or thereafter shall be computed in accordance with the applicable provisions of the formula stated in subdivision 3 hereof, on the basis of the employee's average salary for the period of allowable service. Such retirement annuity is known as the "normal" retirement annuity.

For each year of allowable service, "average salary" of an employee for the purpose of determining a retirement annuity means the average of the highest five successive years of salary upon which the employee has made contributions to the retirement fund by payroll deductions.

"Average salary" shall not include the payment of accrued unused annual leave or overtime paid at time of final separation from state service if paid in a lump sum nor shall it include the reduced salary,

if any, paid during the period the employee is entitled to benefit payments from the workers' compensation court of appeals for temporary disability.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352.115, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [RETIREMENT ANNUITY FORMULA.] The employee's average salary, as defined in subdivision 2 multiplied by  $\frac{1}{2}$  percent per year of allowable service for the first ten years and:

(1) for each of the first ten years, the percentage in effect for the specified period at retirement

<u>Period</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
<u>July 1, 1987 to June 30, 1988</u>	<u>1.0</u>
<u>July 1, 1988 to December 31, 1988</u>	<u>1.05</u>
<u>January 1, 1989 to June 30, 1989</u>	<u>1.10</u>
<u>July 1, 1989 to December 31, 1989</u>	<u>1.1</u>
<u>January 1, 1990 to June 30, 1990</u>	<u>1.15</u>
<u>July 1, 1990 to December 31, 1990</u>	<u>1.20</u>
<u>January 1, 1991 to June 30, 1991</u>	<u>1.25</u>
<u>July 1, 1991 to December 31, 1991</u>	<u>1.30</u>
<u>January 1, 1992 to June 30, 1992</u>	<u>1.35</u>
<u>July 1, 1992 to December 31, 1992</u>	<u>1.40</u>
<u>January 1, 1993 to June 30, 1993</u>	<u>1.45</u>
<u>July 1, 1993 and thereafter</u>	<u>1.50; and</u>

(2) 1.5 percent for each subsequent year of allowable service and pro rata for completed months less than a full year shall determine the amount of the retirement annuity to which the employee qualifying therefor is entitled.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352.116, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [REDUCED ANNUITY BEFORE AGE 65 62.] Any employee who retires prior to normal retirement age 65 shall be paid the normal retirement annuity provided in section 352.115, subdivisions 2 and 3, reduced so that the reduced annuity shall be the actuarial equivalent of the annuity which would be payable to the employee if the employee deferred receipt of the annuity from the day the annuity begins to accrue to the normal retirement age 65, provided however that if an employee is entitled to credit for not less than 30 years allowable service, the retirement annuity shall be reduced so that the reduced annuity shall be the actuarial equivalent of the annuity which would be payable to the employee if the employee deferred receipt of the annuity from the day the annuity begins to accrue to age 62.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352.116, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [NORMAL ANNUITY AT NORMAL RETIREMENT AGE 65.] Any employee who retires after the normal retirement age 65 shall be paid the annuity provided in section 352.115 in effect for the specified period at retirement.

<u>Period</u>	<u>Normal Retirement Age</u>
<u>July 1, 1987 to June 30, 1988</u>	<u>65</u>
<u>July 1, 1988 to December 31, 1989</u>	<u>64</u>
<u>January 1, 1990 to December 31, 1990</u>	<u>63</u>
<u>January 1, 1991 and thereafter</u>	<u>62</u>

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352.116, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2a. [NORMAL RETIREMENT UNDER THE RULE OF 90.] Any person whose attained age plus credited allowable service totals 90 years shall be entitled upon termination of active service and application to a normal retirement annuity provided in section 352.115, without any reduction in the amount of the annuity by reason of the early retirement.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352.72, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [EARLY RETIREMENT.] The requirements and provisions for retirement prior to normal retirement age 65 in sections 352.115, subdivision 1, and 352.116 shall also apply to an employee fulfilling such requirements with a combination of service as provided in subdivision 1.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352.91, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. (a) Covered correctional service includes service rendered prior to July 1, 1973, in a classification of farmer or farm manager by an employee employed in a covered correctional position on July 1, 1973. Services performed before July 1, 1974 in a classification defined in subdivisions 1, clause (a) and (b) and 2 by an employee in a covered correctional position on or after July 1, 1974, shall be covered correctional service and shall be applicable to employees retiring after July 1, 1974.

(b) The portion of the retirement benefit payable to any special teacher who was covered by the correctional plan under subdivision 2 and who retires after July 1, 1974, which is based on service rendered prior to July 1, 1974, if such service was covered by the state teachers retirement basic formula, shall be not less than the



benefit determined using such basic formula and shall never be less than the benefit which would have been payable on such service under the basic formula adjusted for the number of months the employee is under age 65 at date of retirement. The benefit shall be determined as provided in Minnesota Statutes 1986, chapter 354.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352.92, is amended to read:

352.92 [CORRECTIONAL EMPLOYEE CONTRIBUTIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [EMPLOYEE CONTRIBUTIONS.] Beginning with the first full pay period after July 1, 1984, In lieu of employee contributions payable under section 352.04, subdivision 2, contributions by covered correctional employees shall be in an amount equal to 4.90 percent of salary for the period up to June 30, 1988, and 5.16 percent of salary thereafter.

Subd. 2. [EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS.] Beginning with the first full pay period after July 1, 1984, In lieu of employer contributions payable under section 352.04, subdivision 3, the employer shall contribute for covered correctional employees an amount equal to 8.70 percent of salary for the period up to June 30, 1988, and 8.97 percent of salary thereafter.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 352.95, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [RETIREMENT STATUS AT AGE 65 62.] The disability benefit paid to a disabled correctional employee hereunder shall terminate at the end of the month in which the employee reaches age 62. If the disabled correctional employee is still disabled when the employee reaches age 62, the employee shall be deemed to be a retired employee and, if the employee had elected an optional annuity pursuant to subdivision 1a, shall receive an annuity in accordance with the terms of the optional annuity previously elected, or, if the employee had not elected an optional annuity pursuant to subdivision 1a, may then either elect to receive a normal retirement annuity computed in the manner provided in section 352.115 or elect to receive an optional annuity as provided in section 352.116, subdivision 3, based on the same length of service as used in the calculation of the disability benefit. Election of an optional annuity shall be made prior to attaining the age of 62 years. The reduction for early retirement ~~prior to age 65~~ as provided in section 352.116, subdivision 1, shall not be applicable. The savings clause provision of section 352.93, subdivision 3, shall be applicable. If an optional annuity is elected, the optional annuity shall begin to accrue on the first of the month following the month in which the employee attains the age of 62 years.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.27, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [EMPLOYEE CONTRIBUTION.] The employee contribution shall be an amount (a) for a "basic member" equal to eight percent for the period up to June 30, 1988, and 8.24 percent of total salary thereafter of total salary; and (b) for a "coordinated member" equal to four percent of total salary for the period up to June 30, 1988, and 5.11 percent of total salary thereafter. These contributions shall be made by deduction from salary in the manner provided in subdivision 4. Where any portion of a member's salary is paid from other than public funds, such member's employee contribution shall be based on the total salary received from all sources.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.29, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [AGE AND ALLOWABLE SERVICE REQUIREMENTS.] Upon separation from public service any person who has attained the normal retirement age of at least 65 years and who received credit for not less than ten years of allowable service is entitled upon application to a retirement annuity. Such retirement annuity is known as the "normal" retirement annuity in effect for the specified period at retirement.

<u>Period</u>	<u>Normal Retirement Age</u>
<u>July 1, 1987 to June 30, 1988</u>	<u>65</u>
<u>July 1, 1988 to December 31, 1989</u>	<u>64</u>
<u>January 1, 1990 to December 31, 1990</u>	<u>63</u>
<u>January 1, 1991 and thereafter</u>	<u>62</u>

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.29, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [RETIREMENT ANNUITY FORMULA.] The average salary as defined in subdivision 2, multiplied by two percent for each year of allowable service for the first ten years and thereafter by 2.5 percent per year of allowable service and completed months less than a full year for the "basic member", and one percent for each year of allowable service for the first ten years and thereafter by:

(1) for each of the first ten years, the percentage in effect for the specified period at retirement

<u>Period</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
<u>July 1, 1987 to June 30, 1988</u>	<u>1.0</u>
<u>July 1, 1988 to December 31, 1988</u>	<u>1.05</u>
<u>January 1, 1989 to June 30, 1989</u>	<u>1.10</u>
<u>July 1, 1989 to December 31, 1989</u>	<u>1.1</u>
<u>January 1, 1990 to June 30, 1990</u>	<u>1.15</u>

<u>July 1, 1990 to December 31, 1990</u>	<u>1.20</u>
<u>January 1, 1991 to June 30, 1991</u>	<u>1.25</u>
<u>July 1, 1991 to December 31, 1991</u>	<u>1.30</u>
<u>January 1, 1992 to June 30, 1992</u>	<u>1.35</u>
<u>July 1, 1992 to December 31, 1992</u>	<u>1.40</u>
<u>January 1, 1993 to June 30, 1993</u>	<u>1.45</u>
<u>July 1, 1993 and thereafter</u>	<u>1.50; and</u>

(2) 1.5 percent per year of allowable service and completed months less than a full year for the "coordinated member," shall determine the amount of the "normal" retirement annuity.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.30, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Upon separation from public service any person who has attained the age of at least ~~58~~ 55 years ~~but not more than 65 years~~ and who received credit for not less than ~~20~~ ten years of allowable service or ~~any person who has received credit for not less than 30 years of allowable service~~ is entitled upon application to a retirement annuity in an amount equal to the normal annuity provided in section 353.29, subdivisions 2 and 3, reduced by one-quarter of one percent for each month that the member is under age 65 at the time of retirement so that the reduced annuity is the actuarial equivalent of the annuity that would be payable to the person if the person deferred receipt of the annuity from the day the annuity begins to accrue to the normal retirement age.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.32, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. [SURVIVING SPOUSE OPTIONAL ANNUITY.] If a member or former member who has attained the age of at least 50 years and has credit for not less than ten years of allowable service, or who has credit for not less than 30 years of allowable service, regardless of age attained, dies before the annuity or disability benefit has become payable, notwithstanding any designation of beneficiary to the contrary, the surviving spouse may elect to receive, in lieu of a refund with interest provided in subdivision 1, or survivor benefits otherwise payable pursuant to section 353.31, an annuity equal to the 100 percent joint and survivor annuity which the member could have qualified for had the member terminated service on the date of death. The surviving spouse may apply for the annuity at any time after the date on which the deceased employee would have attained the required age for retirement based on the employee's allowable service. The annuity shall be computed as provided in sections 353.29, subdivisions 2 and 3; and 353.30, ~~subdivisions~~ subdivision 1, 1a, 1b and 1c. Sections 353.34, subdivision 3, and 353.71, subdivision 2, apply to a deferred annuity payable under this subdivision. No payment shall accrue beyond the

end of the month in which entitlement to the annuity has terminated. An amount equal to the excess, if any, of the accumulated contributions which were credited to the account of the deceased employee over and above the total of the annuities paid and payable to the surviving spouse shall be paid to the deceased member's last designated beneficiary or, if none, to the legal representative of the estate of the deceased member. Any member may specify in writing that this subdivision shall not apply and that payment shall be made only to the designated beneficiary, as otherwise provided by this chapter.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.33, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [AGE, SERVICE AND SALARY REQUIREMENTS.] Any member who becomes totally and permanently disabled before the normal retirement age 65 and after ten years of allowable service or after age 50 but before the normal retirement age 65 with five years of allowable service, whichever is sooner, shall be entitled to a disability benefit in an amount provided in subdivision 3. If such disabled person's public service has terminated at any time, at least five of the required ten years of allowable service must have been rendered after last becoming a member. Any member whose average salary is less than \$75 per month shall not be entitled to a disability benefit. No repayment of a refund otherwise authorized pursuant to section 353.34 and no purchase of prior service or payment made in lieu of salary deductions otherwise authorized pursuant to section 353.01, subdivision 16, 353.017, subdivision 4, or 353.36, subdivision 2 may be made after the occurrence of the disability for which an application pursuant to this section is filed.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.33, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [COMPUTATION OF BENEFITS.] This disability benefit is an amount equal to the normal annuity payable to a member who has reached 65 the normal retirement age with the same number of years of allowable service and the same average salary, as provided in section 353.29, subdivisions 2 and 3. A "basic member" shall receive in addition a supplementary monthly benefit computed in accordance with the following table:

Age when Disabled	Supplementary Benefit
Under 56	\$50
56	45
57	40
58	35
59	30
60	25
61	20
62	15
63	10
64	5

If the disability benefits provided in this subdivision exceed the average salary as defined in section 353.29, subdivision 2, the disability benefits shall be reduced to an amount equal to said average salary.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.33, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. [RETIREMENT STATUS AT NORMAL RETIREMENT AGE 65.] No person shall be entitled to receive disability benefits and a retirement annuity at the same time. The disability benefits paid to a person hereunder shall terminate when the person reaches the normal retirement age 65. If the person is still totally and permanently disabled when the person attains the age of 65 62 years, the person shall be deemed to be on retirement status and, if the person had elected an optional annuity pursuant to subdivision 3a, shall receive an annuity in accordance with the terms of the optional annuity previously elected, or, if the person had not elected an optional annuity pursuant to subdivision 3a, may at the option of the person either elect to receive either a normal retirement annuity as provided in section 353.29 or normal retirement annuity equal to the disability benefit paid before the person reached age 65 62, whichever amount is greater, or elect to receive an optional annuity as provided in section 353.30, subdivision 3. Any disabled person who becomes the normal retirement age 65 shall have the annuity computed in accordance with the law in effect upon attainment of the normal retirement age 65. Election of an optional annuity shall be made prior to the person attaining the normal retirement age of 65 years. If an optional annuity is elected, the election shall be effective on the date on which the person attains the normal retirement age of 65 years and the optional annuity shall begin to accrue on the first day of the month next following the month in which the person attains the normal retirement age of 65 years.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.34, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [DEFERRED ANNUITY; ELIGIBILITY; COMPUTATION.] Any person with at least ten years of allowable service when

termination of public service occurs shall have the option of leaving the accumulated deductions in the fund and thereby be entitled to a deferred retirement annuity commencing at normal retirement age 65 or for a deferred early retirement annuity pursuant to section 353.30, subdivisions subdivision 1, 1a, 1b or 1e. The deferred annuity shall be computed in the manner provided in section 353.29, subdivisions 2 and 3, on the basis of the law in effect on the date of termination of public service and shall be augmented as provided in section 353.71, subdivision 2. Any person qualified to apply for a deferred retirement annuity may revoke this option at any time prior to the commencement of deferred annuity payments by making application for a refund. The person shall be entitled to a refund of accumulated member contributions within 30 days following date of receipt of the application by the executive director.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.34, subdivision 3b, is amended to read:

Subd. 3b. [DEFERRED ANNUITY; CERTAIN FORMER MUNICIPAL COURT JUDGES.] Any person who qualified for membership in the association solely because of service as a municipal court judge, whose service as a municipal court judge was terminated by Laws 1971, chapter 951, section 9, and who elected to leave accumulated deductions in the fund to qualify for a deferred annuity, may receive a deferred early retirement annuity under section 353.30, subdivision 1, ~~1a, 1b, or 1e~~, notwithstanding the law in effect on the date of termination of public service.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.71, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [EARLY RETIREMENT.] The requirements and provisions for retirement prior to the normal retirement age 65 contained in section 353.30, shall also apply to a person fulfilling such requirements with a combination of service as provided in subdivision 1.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 354.42, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [EMPLOYEE CONTRIBUTION.] The employee contribution to the fund shall be an amount equal to 4½ 4.75 percent of the salary for the period up to June 30, 1988, and 6.17 percent of the salary thereafter of every coordinated member and 8½ 8.75 percent of the salary of every basic member. This contribution shall be made by deduction from salary. Where any portion of a member's salary is paid from other than public funds, such member's employee contribution shall be based on the entire salary received. For purposes of financing the various options related to the variable annuity division, employee variable annuity contributions will be credited in accordance with section 354.62, subdivision 2.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 354.42, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [EMPLOYER REGULAR CONTRIBUTION.] The employer contribution to the fund shall be an amount equal to 4½ percent of the salary for the period up to June 30, 1989, and 5.92 percent of the salary thereafter of each coordinated member and 8½ percent of the salary for the period up to June 30, 1989, and 8.73 percent of the salary thereafter of each basic member. This contribution shall be made in the manner provided in section 354.43. For purposes of financing the various options related to the variable annuity division, employer contributions equal to the employee variable annuity contributions prescribed in section 354.62, subdivision 2, shall be allocated at the same time to the employer variable annuity contribution account in section 354.62, subdivision 3.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 354.44, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [COMPUTATION OF FORMULA PROGRAM RETIREMENT ANNUITY.] (1) The formula retirement annuity hereunder shall be computed in accordance with the applicable provisions of the formula stated in clause (2) hereof on the basis of each member's average salary for the period of the member's formula service credit. For the purposes of computing the formula benefits under the formula and variable program, if a combination of these formulas is used, the formula percentages used will be those percentages in each formula as continued for the respective years of service from one formula to the next.

For all years of formula service credit "average salary" for the purpose of determining the member's retirement annuity means the average salary upon which contributions were made and upon which payments were made to increase the salary limitation provided in Minnesota Statutes 1971, section 354.511 for the highest five successive years of formula service credit provided however that such "average salary" shall not include any more than the equivalent of 60 monthly salary payments.

(2) The average salary as defined in clause (1), multiplied by the following percentages per year of formula service credit shall determine the amount of the annuity to which the basic member qualifying therefor is entitled:

	Coordinated Member	Basic Member
Each year of service during first ten	1.0 percent per year	2.0 percent per year
Each year of service thereafter	1.5 percent per year	2.5 percent per year

(3) The amount of the annuity to which the coordinated member qualifying for a retirement annuity is entitled is the average salary as defined in clause (1), multiplied by:

(a) for each of the first ten years, the percentage in effect for the specified period at retirement

<u>Period</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
<u>July 1, 1987 to June 30, 1988</u>	<u>1.0</u>
<u>July 1, 1988 to December 31, 1988</u>	<u>1.05</u>
<u>January 1, 1989 to June 30, 1989</u>	<u>1.10</u>
<u>July 1, 1989 to December 31, 1989</u>	<u>1.1</u>
<u>January 1, 1990 to June 30, 1990</u>	<u>1.15</u>
<u>July 1, 1990 to December 31, 1990</u>	<u>1.20</u>
<u>January 1, 1991 to June 30, 1991</u>	<u>1.25</u>
<u>July 1, 1991 to December 31, 1991</u>	<u>1.30</u>
<u>January 1, 1992 to June 30, 1992</u>	<u>1.35</u>
<u>July 1, 1992 to December 31, 1992</u>	<u>1.40</u>
<u>January 1, 1993 to June 30, 1993</u>	<u>1.45</u>
<u>July 1, 1993 and thereafter</u>	<u>1.50; and</u>

(b) for each year of service after the first ten years, 1.5 percent.

~~(3)~~ (4) Except as provided in clause (6), where any member retires prior to the normal retirement age 65 under a formula annuity, the member shall be paid a retirement annuity in an amount equal to the normal annuity provided in this subdivision and subdivision 7, reduced by one-half of one percent for each month that the member is under age 65 to and including age 60 and reduced by one-fourth of one percent for each month under age 60 at the time of retirement except that for any member who has 30 or more years of allowable service credit, the reduction shall be applied only for each month which the member is under age 62 so that the reduced annuity is the actuarial equivalent of the annuity that would be payable to the member if the member deferred receipt of the annuity from the day the annuity begins to accrue to at normal retirement age.

(5) The normal retirement age is the specified age in effect for the specified period at retirement:

<u>Period</u>	<u>Normal Retirement Age</u>
<u>July 1, 1987 to June 30, 1988</u>	<u>65</u>
<u>July 1, 1988 to December 31, 1989</u>	<u>64</u>
<u>January 1, 1990 to December 31, 1990</u>	<u>63</u>
<u>January 1, 1991 and thereafter</u>	<u>62.</u>

(6) Any member whose attained age plus credited allowable service totals 90 years shall be entitled upon termination of active



service and application to a normal retirement annuity provided in clauses (1) and (2) without any reduction in the amount of the annuity by reason of early retirement.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 354.44, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [COMPUTATION OF FORMULA AND VARIABLE PROGRAM RETIREMENT ANNUITY.] The benefits provided in this subdivision are the sum of the benefits provided by the following:

(1) The benefits provided in subdivision 6, clause (2) for formula service credit prior to the effective date of the original election of this subdivision and subsequent to June 30, 1978 unless the member elects continued participation in the variable program pursuant to section 354.621, and

(2) The benefits for service credit subsequent to the effective date of the formula and variable program but prior to July 1, 1978 and the benefits for service credit subsequent to June 30, 1978 if the basic member elects continued participation in the variable program pursuant to section 354.621, shall be the average salary as defined in subdivision 6, clause (1) of any basic member multiplied by the following percentages per year of formula service credit,

	Coordinated Member	Basic Member
Each year of service during first ten	.5 percent per year	1.0 percent per year
Each year of service thereafter	.75 percent per year	1.25 percent per year, and

(3) The benefits for service credit after the effective date of the formula and variable program but before July 1, 1978, and the benefits for service credit after June 30, 1978, if the coordinated member elects continued participation in the variable program under section 354.621, shall be the average salary as defined in subdivision 6, clause (1), of any coordinated member multiplied by:

(a) for each of the first ten years, the percentage in effect for the specified period at retirement

Period	Percentage
<u>July 1, 1987 to June 30, 1988</u>	<u>0.5</u>
<u>July 1, 1988 to December 31, 1988</u>	<u>0.525</u>
<u>January 1, 1989 to June 30, 1989</u>	<u>0.55</u>
<u>July 1, 1989 to December 31, 1989</u>	<u>0.55</u>
<u>January 1, 1990 to June 30, 1990</u>	<u>0.575</u>
<u>July 1, 1990 to December 31, 1990</u>	<u>0.6</u>

<u>January 1, 1991 to June 30, 1991</u>	<u>0.625</u>
<u>July 1, 1991 to December 31, 1991</u>	<u>0.65</u>
<u>January 1, 1992 to June 30, 1992</u>	<u>0.675</u>
<u>July 1, 1992 to December 31, 1992</u>	<u>0.7</u>
<u>January 1, 1993 to June 30, 1993</u>	<u>0.725</u>
<u>July 1, 1993 and thereafter</u>	<u>0.75; and</u>

(b) for each year of service after the first ten years, 0.75 percent.

~~(3)~~ (4) the benefits provided in section 354.62, subdivision 5.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 354.46, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [BASIC PROGRAM; BENEFITS FOR SPOUSE AND CHILDREN OF TEACHER.] If a basic member who has at least 18 months of allowable service credit and who has an average salary as defined in section 354.44, subdivision 6 equal to or greater than \$75 dies prior to retirement or if a former basic member who, at the time of death, was totally and permanently disabled and receiving disability benefits pursuant to section 354.48 dies prior to attaining the normal retirement age of 65 years, the surviving dependent spouse and dependent children of the basic member or former basic member shall be entitled to receive a monthly benefit as follows:

(a) Surviving dependent

spouse . . . . . 50 percent of the basic member's monthly average salary paid in the last full fiscal year preceding death

(b) Each dependent

child . . . . . ten percent of the basic member's monthly average salary paid in the last full fiscal year preceding death

Payments for the benefit of any dependent child under the age of 22 years shall be made to the surviving parent, or if there be none, to the legal guardian of the child. The maximum monthly benefit shall not exceed \$1,000 for any one family, and the minimum benefit per family shall not be less than 50 percent of the basic member's average salary, subject to the foregoing maximum. The surviving dependent spouse benefit shall terminate upon remarriage, and the surviving dependent children's benefit shall be reduced pro tanto when any surviving child is no longer dependent.

If the basic member and the surviving dependent spouse are killed in a common disaster and if the total of all survivors benefits payable pursuant to this subdivision is less than the accumulated deductions

plus interest payable, the surviving dependent children shall receive the difference in a lump sum payment.

If the survivor benefits provided in this subdivision exceed in total the monthly average salary of the deceased basic member, these benefits shall be reduced to an amount equal to the deceased basic member's monthly average salary.

Prior to payment of any survivor benefit pursuant to this subdivision, in lieu of that benefit, the surviving dependent spouse may elect to receive the joint and survivor annuity provided pursuant to subdivision 2, or may elect to receive a refund of accumulated deductions with interest in a lump sum as provided pursuant to sections 354.47, subdivision 1 or 354.62, subdivision 5, clause (3). If there are any surviving dependent children, the surviving dependent spouse may elect to receive the refund of accumulated deductions only with the consent of the district court of the district in which the surviving dependent child or children reside.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 354.48, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [COMPUTATION OF BENEFITS.] (1) The amount of the disability benefit granted to members covered under section 354.44, subdivision 2, clauses (1) and (2), is an amount equal to double the annuity which could be purchased by the member's accumulated deductions plus interest thereon computed as though the teacher were at the normal retirement age 65 at the time the benefit begins to accrue and in accordance with the law in effect when the disability application is received. Any member who applies for a disability benefit after June 30, 1974 and who failed to make an election pursuant to Minnesota Statutes 1971, section 354.145, shall have the disability benefit computed under the provisions of this clause or clause (2), whichever is larger.

The benefit granted shall be determined by the following:

- (a) the amount of the accumulated deductions;
- (b) interest actually earned on these accumulated deductions to the date the benefit begins to accrue;
- (c) interest for the years from the date the benefit begins to accrue to the date such member attains normal retirement age 65 at the rate of three percent;
- (d) annuity purchase rates based on an appropriate annuity table of mortality with interest of five percent.

In addition a supplementary monthly benefit shall be paid to basic members only in accordance with the following table:

Age When Benefit Begins to Accrue Under Age 56	Supplementary Benefit \$50
56	45
57	40
58	35
59	30
60	25
61	20
62	15
63	10
64	5

(2) The disability benefit granted to members covered under section 354.44, subdivision 6 or 7 shall be computed in the same manner as the annuity provided in subdivision 6 or 7 of that section, whichever is applicable. The disability benefit shall be the formula annuity without the reduction for each month the member is under the normal retirement age 65 at the time the benefit begins to accrue.

(3) For the purposes of computing a retirement annuity when the member becomes eligible, the amounts paid for disability benefits shall not be deducted from the individual member's accumulated deductions. If the disability benefits provided in this subdivision exceed the monthly average salary of the disabled member, the disability benefits shall be reduced to an amount equal to the disabled member's average salary.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 354.48, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. [RETIREMENT STATUS AT THE NORMAL RETIREMENT AGE 65.] No person shall be entitled to receive both a disability benefit and a retirement annuity provided by this chapter. The disability benefit paid to a person hereunder shall terminate at the end of the month in which the person attains the normal retirement age of 65 years. If the person is still totally and permanently disabled at the beginning of the month next following the month in which the person attains the normal retirement age of 65 years, the person shall be deemed to be on retirement status and, if the person had elected an optional annuity pursuant to subdivision 3a, shall receive an annuity in accordance with the terms of the optional annuity previously elected, or, if the person had not elected an optional annuity pursuant to subdivision 3a, may at the option of the person elect to receive either a straight life retirement annuity computed pursuant to section 354.44 or a straight life retirement annuity equal to the disability benefit paid prior to the date on which the person attained the normal retirement age of 65 years,

whichever amount is greater, or elect to receive an optional annuity as provided in section 354.45, subdivision 1. Election of an optional annuity shall be made prior to the person attaining the normal retirement age of 65 years. If an optional annuity is elected, the election shall be effective on the date on which the person attains the normal retirement age of 65 years and the optional annuity shall begin to accrue on the first day of the month next following the month in which the person attains the normal retirement age of 65 years.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 354.49, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Any person who has attained at least the normal retirement age of at least 65 with less than ten years of credited allowable service shall be entitled to receive a refund in an amount equal to the person's accumulated deductions plus interest in lieu of a proportionate annuity pursuant to section 356.32 except those covered under the provisions of section 354.44, subdivisions 6 or 7 in which case the refund shall be an amount equal to the accumulated deductions credited to the person's account as of June 30, 1957 and after July 1, 1957 the accumulated deductions plus interest at the rate of five percent compounded annually.

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 354.55, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. Any person covered under section 354.44, subdivisions 6 and 7, who ceases to render teaching service may leave the person's accumulated deductions in the fund for the purpose of receiving a deferred annuity at retirement. Eligibility for an annuity under this subdivision shall be governed pursuant to section 354.44, subdivision 1, or 354.60.

The amount of the deferred retirement annuity shall be determined by section 354.44, subdivisions 6 and 7, and augmented as provided herein. The required reserves related to that portion of the annuity which had accrued at the time the member ceased to render teaching service shall be augmented by interest compounded annually from the first day of the month following the month during which the member ceased to render teaching service to the effective date of retirement. There shall be no augmentation if this period is less than three months or if this period commences prior to July 1, 1971. The rates of interest used for this purpose shall be five percent commencing July 1, 1971, until January 1, 1981, and three percent thereafter. If a person has more than one period of uninterrupted service, a separate average salary determined under section 354.44, subdivision 6, must be used for each period and the required reserves related to each period shall be augmented by interest pursuant to this subdivision. The sum of the augmented required reserves so determined shall be the basis for purchasing the deferred annuity. If

a person does not render teaching service in any one or more consecutive fiscal years and then resumes teaching service, the formula percentages used from date of resumption will be those applicable to new members. The mortality table and interest assumption contained therein used to compute the annuity shall be determined by the law in effect at the time of the member's retirement. A period of uninterrupted service for the purposes of this subdivision shall mean a period of covered teaching service during which the member has not been separated from active service for more than one fiscal year.

The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to variable account accumulations as defined in section 354.05, subdivision 23.

In no case shall the annuity payable herein be less than the amount of annuity payable pursuant to section 354.44, subdivisions 6 and 7.

The requirements and provisions for retirement prior to the normal retirement age 65 contained in section 354.44, subdivision 6, clause (2) shall also apply to an employee fulfilling the requirements with a combination of service as provided in section 354.60.

The augmentation provided by this subdivision shall not apply to any period in which a person is on an approved leave of absence from an employer unit covered by the provisions of this chapter.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 354A.12, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [EMPLOYEE CONTRIBUTIONS.] The contribution required to be paid by each member of a teachers retirement fund association shall not be less than the percentage of total salary specified below for the applicable association and program:

Association and Program	Percentage of Total Salary
Duluth teachers retirement association	
old law and new law coordinated programs	4.5 4.75 percent <u>for the period up to June 30, 1988 and 5.90 percent thereafter</u>

Minneapolis teachers retirement  
association

basic program	8.5 percent
coordinated program	4.5 percent <u>for the period</u> <u>up to June 30,</u> <u>1988 and 5.80</u> <u>percent</u> <u>thereafter</u>

St. Paul teachers retirement  
association

basic program	8 percent
coordinated program	4.5 4.75 percent <u>for the period up</u> <u>to June 30, 1988</u> <u>and 5.49 percent</u> <u>thereafter</u>

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 354A.12, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS.] Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, levies for teachers retirement fund associations in cities of the first class, including levies for any employer social security taxes for teachers covered by the Duluth teachers retirement fund association or the Minneapolis teachers retirement fund association or the St. Paul teachers retirement fund association, are disallowed.

The employing units shall make the following employer contributions to teachers retirement fund associations:

(a) For any coordinated member of a teachers retirement fund association in a city of the first class, the employing unit shall pay the employer social security taxes in accordance with section 355.46, subdivision 3, clause (b);

(b) For any coordinated member of one of the following teachers retirement fund associations in a city of the first class, the employing unit shall make a contribution to the respective retirement fund association in an amount equal to the designated percentage of the salary of the coordinated member as provided below:

Duluth teachers retirement  
fund association

	5.79 percent <u>for the period up</u> <u>to June 30, 1989</u> <u>and 6.95 percent</u> <u>thereafter</u>
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Minneapolis teachers retirement fund association	4.50 percent <u>for the period up to June 30, 1989 and 5.55 percent thereafter</u>
St. Paul teachers retirement fund association	4.50 percent <u>for the period up to June 30, 1989 and 5.24 percent thereafter</u>

(c) For any basic member of one of the following teachers retirement fund associations in a city of the first class, the employing unit shall make a contribution to the respective retirement fund in an amount equal to the designated percentage of the salary of the basic member as provided below:

Minneapolis teachers retirement fund association	13.35 percent
St. Paul teachers retirement fund association	12.63 percent <u>for the period up to June 30, 1989 and 12.74 percent thereafter</u>

The employer contributions shall be remitted directly to each teachers retirement fund association each month.

Payments for school district or area vocational technical institute employees who are paid from normal operating funds, shall be made from the appropriate fund of the district or area vocational technical institute.

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 354A.31, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [COMPUTATION OF THE NORMAL COORDINATED RETIREMENT ANNUITY.] The normal coordinated retirement annuity shall be an amount equal to a retiring coordinated member's average salary multiplied by the retirement annuity formula percentage. Average salary for purposes of this section shall mean an amount equal to the average salary upon which contributions were made for the highest five successive years of service credit, but which shall not in any event include any more than the equivalent of 60 monthly salary payments. The retirement annuity



formula percentage for purposes of this section shall mean one percent per year for each year of coordinated service for the first ten years and:

(1) for each of the first ten years, the percentage in effect for the specified period at retirement

<u>Period</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
<u>July 1, 1987 to June 30, 1988</u>	<u>1.0</u>
<u>July 1, 1988 to December 31, 1988</u>	<u>1.05</u>
<u>January 1, 1989 to June 30, 1989</u>	<u>1.10</u>
<u>July 1, 1989 to December 31, 1989</u>	<u>1.1</u>
<u>January 1, 1990 to June 30, 1990</u>	<u>1.15</u>
<u>July 1, 1990 to December 31, 1990</u>	<u>1.20</u>
<u>January 1, 1991 to June 30, 1991</u>	<u>1.25</u>
<u>July 1, 1991 to December 31, 1991</u>	<u>1.30</u>
<u>January 1, 1992 to June 30, 1992</u>	<u>1.35</u>
<u>July 1, 1992 to December 31, 1992</u>	<u>1.40</u>
<u>January 1, 1993 to June 30, 1993</u>	<u>1.45</u>
<u>July 1, 1993 and thereafter</u>	<u>1.50; and</u>

(2) 1½ percent for each year of coordinated service thereafter.

Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 354A.31, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [UNREDUCED NORMAL RETIREMENT ANNUITY.] Upon retirement at the normal retirement age 65 with at least ten years of service credit or at age 62 with at least 30 years of service credit, a coordinated member shall be entitled to a normal retirement annuity calculated pursuant to subdivision 4. The normal retirement age is the specified age in effect for the specified period at retirement.

<u>Period</u>	<u>Normal retirement age</u>
<u>July 1, 1987 to June 30, 1988</u>	<u>65</u>
<u>July 1, 1988 to December 31, 1989</u>	<u>64</u>
<u>January 1, 1990 to December 31, 1990</u>	<u>63</u>
<u>July 1, 1991 and thereafter</u>	<u>62</u>

Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 354A.31, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [REDUCED RETIREMENT ANNUITY.] Upon retirement at an age prior to age 65 a coordinated member who has attained the age of at least 55 with ten years of service credit or prior to age 62 a coordinated member with at least 30 years of service credit, a coordinated member shall be entitled to a retirement

annuity in an amount equal to the normal retirement annuity reduced by one-half of one percent for each month that the coordinated member is under the age of 65 if the coordinated member has less than 30 years of service credit or is under the age of 62 if the coordinated member has at least 30 years of service credit but is over the age of 59; and reduced by one-fourth of one percent for each month that the coordinated member is under the age of 60 so that the reduced annuity is the actuarial equivalent of the annuity that would be payable to the member if the member deferred receipt of the annuity from the day the annuity begins to accrue to the normal retirement age.

Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 354A.36, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [COMPUTATION OF DISABILITY BENEFIT.] The coordinated permanent disability benefit shall be an amount equal to the normal coordinated retirement annuity computed pursuant to section 354A.31, subdivision 4, based on allowable service credited to the date of disability but without any reduction for the commencement of the benefit prior to the attainment of age 65 or the normal retirement age 62 with at least 30 years of service credit as specified in section 354A.31, subdivision 6. The disabled coordinated member shall not be entitled to elect an optional annuity form pursuant to section 354A.32 prior to attaining the normal retirement age 65 as provided in subdivision 10.

Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 354A.36, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. [RETIREMENT STATUS UPON ATTAINING NORMAL RETIREMENT AGE 65.] No person shall be entitled to receive both a disability benefit under this section and a retirement annuity under section 354A.31. If a disability benefit recipient remains totally and permanently disabled upon attaining normal retirement age 65, the disability benefit shall terminate and the former disability benefit recipient shall be deemed to be on retirement status. If the former disability benefit recipient had elected an optional annuity pursuant to subdivision 3a, the recipient shall receive an annuity in accordance with the terms of the optional annuity previously elected, or if the recipient had not elected an optional annuity pursuant to subdivision 3a, the recipient shall be entitled either to receive a retirement annuity in an amount equal to the greater of either a single life retirement annuity calculated pursuant to section 354A.31 or the disability benefit paid to the recipient immediately prior to the recipient's attaining the normal retirement age 65 or elect either a single life retirement annuity as provided in this section or an actuarial equivalent optional form retirement annuity as provided in section 354A.32. Election of an optional annuity shall be made prior to the person attaining the normal retirement age of 65 years. If an optional annuity is elected,

the election shall be effective on the date on which the person attains the normal retirement age of 65 years and the optional annuity shall begin to accrue on the first day of the month next following the month in which the person attains the normal retirement age of 65 years.

Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 354A.37, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [CERTAIN REFUNDS AT NORMAL RETIREMENT AGE 65.] Any coordinated member who has attained at least the normal retirement age of at least 65 with less than ten years of allowable service credit and has terminated active teaching service shall be entitled to a refund in lieu of a proportionate annuity pursuant to section 356.32. The refund shall be equal to the coordinated member's accumulated employee contributions plus interest at the rate of five percent compounded annually.

Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 356.32, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [PROPORTIONATE RETIREMENT ANNUITY.] Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary of the laws governing any of the retirement funds referred to in subdivision 2, any person who is an active member of any applicable fund, who has credit for at least one year but less than ten years of allowable service in one or more of the applicable funds, and who terminates active service pursuant to a mandatory retirement law or policy or at the normal retirement age 65 or older for any reason shall be entitled upon making written application on the form prescribed by executive director or executive secretary of the fund to a proportionate retirement annuity from each applicable fund in which the person has allowable service credit. The proportionate annuity shall be calculated under the applicable laws governing annuities based upon allowable service credit at the time of retirement and the person's average salary for the highest five successive years of allowable service or the average salary for the entire period of allowable service if less than five years. Nothing in this section shall prevent the imposition of the appropriate early retirement reduction of an annuity which commences prior to normal retirement age.

Sec. 48. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.30, subdivisions 1a, 1b, and 1c, are repealed.

Sec. 49. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1 to 48 are effective July 1, 1987."

Delete the title and insert:

“A bill for an act relating to retirement; various retirement funds; enacting the rule of “90” for certain funds; reducing the normal retirement age; modifying the benefit accrual rate; increasing member and employer contribution rates; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 352.01, subdivisions 2B and 19; 352.113, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, 10, and 12; 352.115, subdivisions 2 and 3; 352.116, subdivisions 1 and 2, and by adding a subdivision; 352.72, subdivision 5; 352.72, subdivision 5; 352.91, subdivision 3; 352.92; 352.95, subdivision 5; 353.27, subdivision 2; 353.29, subdivision 1; 353.30, subdivision 1; 353.32, subdivision 1a; 353.33, subdivisions 1, 3, and 11; 353.34, subdivisions 3 and 3b; 353.71, subdivision 5; 354.42; 354.44, subdivisions 6 and 7; 354.46, subdivision 1; 354.48, subdivisions 3 and 10; 354.49, subdivision 3; 354.55, subdivision 11; 354A.12, subdivision 1; 354A.31, subdivisions 4, 5, and 6; 354A.36, subdivisions 3 and 10; 354A.37, subdivision 4; and 356.32, subdivision 1; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 353.30, subdivisions 1a, 1b, and 1c.”

Simoneau moved that H. F. No. 944 be continued on Special Orders for one day. The motion prevailed.

There being no objection, the order of business reverted to Messages from the Senate.

### MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

The following messages were received from the Senate:

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate accedes to the request of the House for the appointment of a Conference Committee on the amendments adopted by the Senate to the following House File:

H. F. No. 794, A bill for an act relating to waste management; regulating disposal of wastes; providing for a solid waste management policy; providing for recycling policy and marketing; managing household hazardous wastes; regulating the sale and disposal of motor oil and lead acid batteries; providing for waste pesticide collection; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 115A.03, subdivisions 9 and 21; 115A.06, subdivision 14; 115A.11, subdivision 2; 115A.15, subdivision 6; 115A.42; 115A.45; 115A.49; 115A.51; 115A.52; 115A.53; 115A.54, subdivision 2a; 115A.81, subdivision 2; 115A.921; 115A.95; 116.07, subdivision 4b; 116.41, subdivision 2; 116M.07, by adding a subdivision; 176.011, subdivision 9; 239.52; 325E.11; 473.149, subdivisions 2d and 6; 473.803, by adding a subdivision; 473.834, subdivision 2; 473.842, subdivision 2; 473.844, subdivisions 1 and 4; and 473.846; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 115A;

239; 325E; and 473; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 115A.13; 115A.43; 115A.44; 473.834, subdivision 3; and 473.844, subdivisions 2 and 5.

The Senate has appointed as such committee:

Messrs. Merriam, Laidig and Novak.

Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

S. F. No. 478.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S. F. NO. 478

A bill for an act relating to insurance; requiring notification of group life or health coverage changes; eliminating mandatory temporary insurance agent licenses; requiring those who solicit insurance to act as agent for the insured; regulating surplus lines insurance; regulating rates and forms; regulating insurance plan administrators; regulating trust funds; regulating the renewal, nonrenewal, and cancellation of commercial liability and property insurance policies; authorizing employers to jointly self-insure for property or casualty liability and regulating these plans; providing continued group life coverage upon termination or layoff; providing for the establishment and operation of the insurance guaranty association and the life and health guaranty association; regulating accident and health insurance; regulating joint self-insurance employee health plans; requiring the treatment of pregnancy-related coverages; clarifying coverage for handicapped dependents; providing continued group accident and health coverage upon termination or layoff; requiring coverage of current spouse and children; imposing surety bond or securities requirements on certain health benefit plans; regulating Medicare supplement plan premium refunds; authorizing the renewal of certain long-term health policies; providing for the establishment and operation of the comprehensive health association and the joint underwriting association; providing com-

prehensive health insurance coverage for certain employees not eligible for Medicare; regulating fraternal benefit associations; regulating automobile insurance; providing for exemption from certain legal process of cash value, proceeds, or benefits under certain life insurance or annuity contracts; limiting the cancellation of fire insurance binders and policies; providing for administration of the FAIR plan; requiring accident prevention course premium reductions; limiting the grounds for cancellation or reduction in limits during the policy period; providing for the priority of security for payment of basic economic loss benefits; extending basic economic loss benefit protection; requiring coverages for former spouses; specifying membership on the assigned claims bureau; extending no-fault benefits to pedestrians who are struck by motorcycles; regulating township mutual insurance companies; providing for mandatory arbitration of certain claims; establishing a demonstration project to provide medical insurance to certain low income persons; requiring the commissioner to set rates for cooperative housing and neighborhood real estate trust insurance; authorizing investments in certain insurers; regulating trade practices; requiring life and health insurers to substantiate the underwriting standards they use; providing assigned risk plan coverage for certain vehicles used by the handicapped; regulating motor vehicle repairs; regulating certain self-insurance by political subdivisions; granting immunity from liability for volunteer coaches, managers, and officials; clarifying the statute of limitations applicable to actions regarding manufacturers or suppliers of material containing asbestos; modifying discounting of future damages; prescribing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 16A.133, subdivision 1; 45.024, subdivision 2; 60A.17, subdivisions 1a, 2c, 11, and 13; 60A.1701, subdivisions 7, and 8; 60A.196; 60A.197; 60A.198, subdivision 3; 60A.23, subdivision 8; 60A.29, subdivisions 2, 5, and 16, and by adding subdivisions; 60A.30; 60A.31; 60B.44, subdivisions 1, 4, 5, and 9; 60C.08, subdivision 1; 60C.09; 60C.12; 61A.28, subdivision 12; 61B.05, subdivision 1; 61B.09; 62A.041; 62A.043, by adding a subdivision; 62A.141; 62A.146; 62A.152, subdivision 2; 62A.17; 62A.21; 62A.27; 62A.31, subdivision 1a; 62A.43, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 62A.46, by adding a subdivision; 62A.48, subdivisions 1, 2, 6, and by adding a subdivision; 62A.50, subdivision 3; 62D.05, by adding a subdivision; 62D.102; 62E.06, subdivision 1; 62E.10, subdivision 2, and by adding subdivisions; 62E.14, by adding a subdivision; 62F.041, subdivision 2; 62F.06, subdivision 1; 62H.01; 62H.02; 62H.04; 62I.02, subdivisions 1, and 3, and by adding a subdivision; 62I.03, subdivision 5; 62I.04; 62I.12, subdivision 1; 62I.13, by adding a subdivision; 62I.16, subdivision 3; 62I.22, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 64B.11, subdivision 4; 64B.18; 64B.27; 65A.01, subdivision 3a; 65A.03, subdivision 1; 65A.10; 65A.29, by adding a subdivision; 65A.35, subdivision 5; 65A.39; 65B.03, subdivision 1; 65B.12; 65B.1311; 65B.16; 65B.21, subdivision 2; 65B.28; 65B.46; 65B.49, by adding a subdivision; 65B.525, subdivision 1; 65B.63, subdivision 1; 67A.05, subdivision 2; 67A.06; 67A.231; 70A.06, by adding a subdivision; 70A.08, subdivision 3; 72A.20, subdivisions 11, 17, and by adding subdivisions;

72A.31, subdivision 1; 169.045, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 471.98, subdivision 2; 604.07, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, and by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 60A; 61A; 62A; 62E; 65A; 65B; 72A; 256B; 541; and 604; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 60E; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 62A.12; and 67A.43, subdivision 3; and Minnesota Rules, parts 2700.2400 to 2700.2440.

May 17, 1987

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S. F. No. 478, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House recede from its amendment and that S. F. No. 478 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

“Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 16A.133, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [CREDIT UNION; ORGANIZATION; COMPANY.]  
An agency head may, with the written request of an employee, deduct from the pay of the employee a requested amount to be paid to any state employees' credit union, or the Minnesota benefit association, or to any organization contemplated by section 179A.06, of which the employee is a member, or to a company that has contracted to insure the employee for the medical costs of cancer or intensive care. If an employee is a member of more than one such credit union or more than one such organization, or is insured by more than one company, only one credit union and one organization and one company may be paid money by payroll deduction from the employee's pay. No deduction may be made from the salary of an employee for payment to a credit union or organization or company unless 100 employees request deductions for payment to the credit union or organization or company. The 100 employee minimum does not apply to credit unions and organizations which received authorized payroll deduction payments on June 5, 1971.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 45.024, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [DELEGATION.] The commissioner of commerce may delegate to ~~one or more of the a deputy commissioners~~ commissioner, assistant commissioner, or director the exercise of the commissioner's statutory powers and duties, including the authority to decide and issue final orders in contested cases, rulemaking proceedings, and other hearings held under chapter 14.

Sec. 3. [60A.084] [NOTIFICATION ON GROUP POLICIES.]

An employer providing life or health benefits may not change benefits, limit coverage, or otherwise restrict participation until the certificate holder or enrollee has been notified of any changes, limitations, or restrictions. Notice in a format which meets the requirements of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act, 29 U.S.C.A., sections 1001 to 1461, is satisfactory for compliance with this section.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.17, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. [LICENSE APPLICATION.] (a) [PROCEDURE.] An application for a license to act as an insurance agent shall be made to the commissioner by the person who seeks to be licensed. The application for license shall be accompanied by a written appointment from an admitted insurer authorizing the applicant to act as its agent under one or both classes of license. The insurer must also submit its check payable to the state treasurer for the amount of the appointment fee prescribed by section 60A.14, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), clause (9) at the time the agent becomes licensed. The application and appointment shall be on forms prescribed by the commissioner.

If the applicant is a natural person, no license shall be issued until that natural person has become qualified.

If the applicant is a partnership or corporation, no license shall be issued until at least one natural person who is a partner, director, officer, stockholder, or employee shall be licensed as an insurance agent.

(b) [RESIDENT AGENT.] The commissioner shall issue a resident insurance agent's license to a qualified resident of this state as follows:

(1) a person may qualify as a resident of this state if that person resides in this state or the principal place of business of that person is maintained in this state. Application for a license claiming residency in this state for licensing purposes, shall constitute an election of residency in this state. Any license issued upon an application claiming residency in this state shall be void if the licensee, while holding a resident license in this state, also holds, or



makes application for, a resident license in, or thereafter claims to be a resident of, any other state or jurisdiction or if the licensee ceases to be a resident of this state; provided, however, if the applicant is a resident of a community or trade area, the border of which is contiguous with the state line of this state, the applicant may qualify for a resident license in this state and at the same time hold a resident license from the contiguous state;

(2) the commissioner shall subject each applicant who is a natural person to a written examination as to the applicant's competence to act as an insurance agent. The examination shall be held at a reasonable time and place designated by the commissioner;

(3) the examination shall be approved for use by the commissioner and shall test the applicant's knowledge of the lines of insurance, policies, and transactions to be handled under the class of license applied for, of the duties and responsibilities of the licensee, and pertinent insurance laws of this state;

(4) the examination shall be given only after the applicant has completed a program of classroom studies in a school, which shall not include a school conducted by an admitted insurer sponsored by, offered by, or affiliated with an insurance company or its agents; except that this limitation does not preclude a bona fide professional association of agents, not acting on behalf of an insurer, from offering courses. The course of study shall consist of 30 hours of classroom study devoted to the basic fundamentals of insurance for those seeking a Minnesota license for the first time, 15 hours devoted to specific life and health topics for those seeking a life and health license, and 15 hours devoted to specific property and casualty topics for those seeking a property and casualty license. The program of studies or study course shall have been approved by the commissioner in order to qualify under this clause. If the applicant has been previously licensed for the particular line of insurance in the state of Minnesota, the requirement of a program of studies or a study course shall be waived. A certification of compliance by the organization offering the course shall accompany the applicant's license application. This program of studies in a school or a study course shall not apply to farm property perils and farm liability applicants, or to agents writing such other lines of insurance as the commissioner may exempt from examination by order;

(5) the applicant must pass the examination with a grade determined by the commissioner to indicate satisfactory knowledge and understanding of the class or classes of insurance for which the applicant seeks qualification. The commissioner shall inform the applicant as to whether or not the applicant has passed;

(6) an applicant who has failed to pass an examination may take subsequent examinations. Examination fees for subsequent examinations shall not be waived; and

(7) any applicant for a license covering the same class or classes of insurance for which the applicant was licensed under a similar license in this state, other than a temporary license, within the three years preceding the date of the application shall be exempt from the requirement of a written examination, unless the previous license was revoked or suspended by the commissioner. An applicant whose license is not renewed under subdivision 20 is exempt from the requirement of a written examination.

(c) [NONRESIDENT AGENT.] The commissioner shall issue a nonresident insurance agent's license to a qualified person who is a resident of another state or country as follows:

(1) A person may qualify for a license under this section as a nonresident only if that person holds a license in another state, province of Canada, or other foreign country which, in the opinion of the commissioner, qualifies that person for the same activity as that for which a license is sought;

(2) The commissioner shall not issue a license to any nonresident applicant until that person files with the commissioner a designation of the commissioner and the commissioner's successors in office as the applicant's true and lawful attorney upon whom may be served all lawful process in any action, suit, or proceeding instituted by or on behalf of any interested person arising out of the applicant's insurance business in this state. This designation shall constitute an agreement that this service of process is of the same legal force and validity as personal service of process in this state upon that applicant.

Service of process upon any licensee in any action or proceeding commenced in any court of competent jurisdiction of this state may be made by serving the commissioner with appropriate copies of the process along with payment of the fee pursuant to section 60A.14, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), clause (4). The commissioner shall forward a copy of the process by registered or certified mail to the licensee at the last known address of record or principal place of business of the licensee; and

(3) A nonresident license shall terminate automatically when the resident license for that class of license in the state, province, or foreign country in which the licensee is a resident is terminated for any reason.

(d) [DENIAL.] (1) If the commissioner finds that an applicant for a resident or nonresident license has not fully met the requirements for licensing, the commissioner shall refuse to issue the license and shall promptly give written notice to both the applicant and the appointing insurer of the denial, stating the grounds for the denial. All fees which accompanied the application and appointment shall be deemed earned and shall not be refundable.

(2) The commissioner may also deny issuance of a license for any cause that would subject the license of a licensee to suspension or revocation. If a license is denied pursuant to this clause, the provisions of subdivision 6c, paragraph (c) apply.

(3) The applicant may make a written demand upon the commissioner for a hearing within 30 days of the denial of a license to determine whether the reasons stated for the denial were lawful. The hearing shall be held pursuant to chapter 14.

(e) [TERM.] All licenses issued pursuant to this section shall remain in force until voluntarily terminated by the licensee, not renewed as prescribed in subdivision 1d, or until suspended or revoked by the commissioner. A voluntary termination shall occur when the license is surrendered to the commissioner with the request that it be terminated or when the licensee dies, or when the licensee is dissolved or its existence is terminated. In the case of a nonresident license, a voluntary termination shall also occur upon the happening of the event described in paragraph (c), clause (3).

Every licensed agent shall notify the commissioner within 30 days of any change of name, address, or information contained in the application.

(f) [SUBSEQUENT APPOINTMENTS.] A person who holds a valid agent's license from this state may solicit applications for insurance on behalf of an admitted insurer with which the licensee does not have a valid appointment on file with the commissioner; provided, that the licensee has permission from the insurer to solicit insurance on its behalf and, provided further, that the insurer upon receipt of the application for insurance submits a written notice of appointment to the commissioner accompanied by its check payable to the state treasurer in the amount of the appointment fee prescribed by section 60A.14, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), clause (9). The notice of appointment shall be on a form prescribed by the commissioner.

(g) [AMENDMENT OF LICENSE.] An application to the commissioner to amend a license to reflect a change of name, or to include an additional class of license, or for any other reason, shall be on forms provided by the commissioner and shall be accompanied by the applicant's surrendered license and a check payable to the state treasurer for the amount of fee specified in section 60A.14, subdivision 1, paragraph (c).

An applicant who surrenders an insurance license pursuant to this clause retains licensed status until an amended license is received.

(h) [EXCEPTIONS.] The following are exempt from the general licensing requirements prescribed by this section:

(1) agents of township mutuals who are exempted pursuant to subdivision 1b;

(2) fraternal beneficiary association representatives exempted pursuant to subdivision 1c;

(3) any regular salaried officer or employee of a licensed insurer, without license or other qualification, may act on behalf of that licensed insurer in the negotiation of insurance for that insurer; provided that a licensed agent must participate in the sale of any such insurance;

(4) employers and their officers or employees, and the trustees or employees of any trust plan, to the extent that the employers, officers, employees, or trustees are engaged in the administration or operation of any program of employee benefits for the employees of the employers or employees of their subsidiaries or affiliates involving the use of insurance issued by a licensed insurance company; provided, that the activities of the officers, employees and trustees are incidental to clerical or administrative duties and their compensation does not vary with the volume of insurance or applications therefor;

(5) employees of a creditor who enroll debtors for life or accident and health insurance; provided the employees receive no commission or fee therefor; and

(6) clerical or administrative employees of an insurance agent who take insurance applications or receive premiums in the office of their employer, if the activities are incidental to clerical or administrative duties and the employee's compensation does not vary with the volume of the applications or premiums; and

(7) rental vehicle companies and their employees in connection with the offer of rental vehicle personal accident insurance under section 72A.125.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.17, subdivision 2c, is amended to read:

Subd. 2c. ~~[MANDATORY TEMPORARY LICENSES.]~~ The commissioner ~~shall~~ may grant a temporary insurance agent's license to a person who has ~~submitted an application for a resident license which is accepted by the commissioner and who has successfully completed the examination, if any, required by the commissioner.~~ The temporary license ~~shall~~ may be granted ~~no later than as of the date upon which the applicant receives written notice from the commissioner that the application for resident license has been accepted by the commissioner and that the person has passed any required examination.~~ A temporary license will permit the applicant to act as an insurance agent for the original appointing insurer

for the class of business specified therein until the earlier of (a) receipt by the applicant of the resident license, or (b) the expiration of 90 days from the date on which the temporary license was granted.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.17, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. [~~LIFE COMPANY AGENTS INSURER'S AGENT.~~] Any person who ~~shall solicit an application for~~ solicits insurance ~~upon the life of another shall, in any controversy between the assured or the assured's beneficiary and the company issuing any policy upon such application,~~ be regarded as is the agent of the company insurer and not the agent of the assured insured.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.17, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

Subd. 13. [~~AGENTS; VARIABLE CONTRACTS.~~] (a) [~~LICENSE REQUIRED.~~] No person shall sell or offer for sale a contract on a variable basis unless prior to making any solicitation or sale the person has obtained from the commissioner a license therefor. The license shall only be granted, upon the written requisition of an insurer, to a qualified person who holds a current license authorizing the person to solicit and sell life insurance and annuity contracts in this state. To become qualified, a person shall complete a written application on a form prescribed by the commissioner and shall take and pass an examination prescribed by the commissioner. ~~Prior to the taking of the examination, or upon reexamination, the applicant shall transmit to the commissioner, by money order or cashiers check payable to the state treasurer, an examination fee of \$10.~~

(b) [~~EXCEPTIONS.~~] (1) Any regularly salaried officer or employee of a licensed insurer may, without license or other qualification, act on behalf of that licensed insurer in the negotiation of a contract on a variable basis, provided that a licensed agent must participate in the sale of any contract.

(2) Any person who, on July 1, 1969, holds a valid license authorizing the person to solicit and sell life insurance and annuity contracts and who also holds a valid license issued by the department of commerce authorizing the person to sell or offer for sale contracts on a variable basis shall be issued a license by the commissioner of commerce upon application therefor and payment of a \$2 fee, which license shall expire on May 31, 1970, unless renewed by an insurer as provided in paragraph (a).

(3) Any person who holds a valid license to solicit and sell life insurance and annuity contracts may solicit and sell contracts on a variable basis without acquiring a license under this subdivision if the contract is based on an account which is excluded from the

definition of investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, United States Code, title 15, section 80a-3(11).

(c) [RULES.] The commissioner may by rules waive or modify any of the foregoing requirements or prescribe additional requirements deemed necessary for the proper sale and solicitation of contracts on a variable basis.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.1701, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [POWERS OF THE ADVISORY TASK FORCE.] (a) Applications ~~for accreditation of each course and~~ for approval of individuals responsible for monitoring course offerings must be submitted to the commissioner on forms prescribed by the commissioner and must be accompanied by a fee of not more than \$50 payable to the state of Minnesota for deposit in the general fund. A fee of \$5 for each hour or fraction of one hour of course approval sought must be forwarded with the application for course approval. If the advisory task force is created, it shall make recommendations to the commissioner regarding the accreditation of courses sponsored by institutions, both public and private, which satisfy the criteria established by this section, the number of credit hours to be assigned to the courses, and rules which may be promulgated by the commissioner. The advisory task force shall seek out and encourage the presentation of courses.

(b) If the advisory task force is created, it shall make recommendations and provide subsequent evaluations to the commissioner regarding procedures for reporting compliance with the minimum education requirement.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.1701, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [CRITERIA FOR COURSE ACCREDITATION.] (a) The commissioner may accredit a course only to the extent it is designed to impart substantive and procedural knowledge of the insurance field. The burden of demonstrating that the course satisfies this requirement is on the individual or organization seeking accreditation. The commissioner shall approve any educational program approved by Minnesota Continuing Legal Education relating to the insurance field.

(b) The commissioner may not accredit a course:

- (1) that is designed to prepare students for a license examination;
- (2) in mechanical office or business skills, including typing, speedreading, use of calculators, or other machines or equipment;

(3) in sales promotion, including meetings held in conjunction with the general business of the licensed agent; or

(4) in motivation, the art of selling, psychology, or time management;

(5) unless the student attends classroom instruction conducted by an instructor approved by the department of commerce; or

(6) which can be completed by the student at home or outside the classroom without the supervision of an instructor approved by the department of commerce.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.1701, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [MINIMUM EDUCATION REQUIREMENT.] Each person subject to this section shall complete annually a minimum of 20 credit hours of courses accredited by the commissioner. Any person teaching or lecturing at an accredited course qualifies for 1½ times the number of credit hours that would be granted to a person completing the accredited course. Credit hours over 20 earned in any one year may be carried forward for the following two years. The commissioner may recognize accredited courses completed in 1983, 1984, or 1985 for the minimum education requirement for 1985. No more than ten credit hours per year may be credited to a person for courses sponsored by, offered by, or affiliated with an insurance company or its agents. Courses sponsored by, offered by, or affiliated with an insurance company or agent may restrict its students to agents of the company or agency.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.196, is amended to read:

#### 60A.196 [DEFINITIONS.]

Unless the context otherwise requires, the following terms have the meanings given them for the purposes of sections 60A.195 to 60A.209:

(a) "Surplus lines insurance" means insurance placed with an insurer permitted to transact the business of insurance in this state only pursuant to sections 60A.195 to 60A.209.

(b) "Eligible surplus lines insurer" means an insurer recognized as eligible to write insurance business under sections 60A.195 to 60A.209 but not licensed by any other Minnesota law to transact the business of insurance.

(c) "Ineligible surplus lines insurer" means an insurer not recognized as an eligible surplus lines insurer pursuant to sections 60A.195 to 60A.209 and not licensed by any other Minnesota law to transact the business of insurance. "Ineligible surplus lines insurer" includes a risk retention group as defined under the Liability Risk Retention Act, Public Law Number 99-563.

(d) "Surplus lines licensee" or "licensee" means a person licensed under sections 60A.195 to 60A.209 to place insurance with an eligible or ineligible surplus lines insurer.

(e) "Association" means an association registered under section 60A.208.

(f) "Alien insurer" means any insurer which is incorporated or otherwise organized outside of the United States.

(g) "Insurance laws" means chapters 60 to 79 inclusive.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.198, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [PROCEDURE FOR OBTAINING LICENSE.] A person licensed as a ~~resident~~ an agent in this state pursuant to other law may obtain a surplus lines license by doing the following:

(a) filing an application in the form and with the information the commissioner may reasonably require to determine the ability of the applicant to act in accordance with sections 60A.195 to 60A.209;

(b) maintaining a ~~resident agent~~ an agent's license in this state;

(c) delivering to the commissioner a financial guarantee bond from a surety acceptable to the commissioner for the greater of the following:

(1) \$5,000; or

(2) the largest semiannual surplus lines premium tax liability incurred by the applicant in the immediately preceding five years; and

(d) agreeing to file with the commissioner of revenue no later than February 15 and August 15 annually, a sworn statement of the charges for insurance procured or placed and the amounts returned on the insurance canceled under the license for the preceding six-month period ending December 31 and June 30 respectively, and at the time of the filing of this statement, paying the commissioner a tax on premiums equal to three percent of the total written premiums less cancellations; and



(e) annually paying a fee as prescribed by section 60A.14, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), clause (11).

Sec. 13. [60A.2095] [CONSTRUCTION.]

Nothing in sections 60A.195 to 60A.209 shall be construed to permit the state to impose requirements beyond those granted by the Liability Risk Retention Act, Public Law Number 99-563.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.23, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [SELF-INSURANCE OR INSURANCE PLAN ADMINISTRATORS; WHO ARE VENDORS OF RISK MANAGEMENT SERVICES.] (1) [SCOPE.] This subdivision applies to any vendor of risk management services and to any entity which administers, for compensation, a self-insurance or insurance plan. This subdivision does not apply (a) to an insurance company authorized to transact insurance in this state, as defined by section 60A.06, subdivision 1, clauses (4) and (5); (b) to a service plan corporation, as defined by section 62C.02, subdivision 6; (c) to a health maintenance organization, as defined by section 62D.02, subdivision 4; (d) to an employer directly operating a self-insurance plan for its employees' benefits; or (e) to an entity which administers a program of health benefits established pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement between an employer, or group or association of employers, and a union or unions.

(2) [DEFINITIONS.] For purposes of this subdivision the following terms have the meanings given them.

(a) "Administering a self-insurance or insurance plan" means (i) processing, reviewing or paying claims, (ii) establishing or operating funds and accounts, or (iii) otherwise providing necessary administrative services in connection with the operation of a self-insurance or insurance plan.

(b) "Employer" means an employer, as defined by section 62E.02, subdivision 2.

(c) "Entity" means any association, corporation, partnership, sole proprietorship, trust, or other business entity engaged in or transacting business in this state.

(d) "Self-insurance or insurance plan" means a plan providing life, medical or hospital care, accident, sickness or disability insurance, as an employee fringe benefit, or a plan providing liability coverage for any other risk or hazard, which is or is not directly insured or provided by a licensed insurer, service plan corporation, or health maintenance organization.

(e) "Vendor of risk management services" means an entity providing for compensation actuarial, financial management, accounting, legal or other services for the purpose of designing and establishing a self-insurance or insurance plan for an employer.

(3) [LICENSE.] No vendor of risk management services or entity administering a self-insurance or insurance plan may transact this business in this state unless it is licensed to do so by the commissioner. An applicant for a license shall state in writing the type of activities it seeks authorization to engage in and the type of services it seeks authorization to provide. The license may be granted only when the commissioner is satisfied that the entity possesses the necessary organization, background, expertise, and financial integrity to supply the services sought to be offered. The commissioner may issue a license subject to restrictions or limitations upon the authorization, including the type of services which may be supplied or the activities which may be engaged in. The license fee is \$100. All licenses are for a period of two years.

(4) [REGULATORY RESTRICTIONS; POWERS OF THE COMMISSIONER.] To assure that self-insurance or insurance plans are financially solvent, are administered in a fair and equitable fashion, and are processing claims and paying benefits in a prompt, fair, and honest manner, vendors of risk management services and entities administering insurance or self-insurance plans are subject to the supervision and examination by the commissioner. Vendors of risk management services, entities administering insurance or self-insurance plans, and insurance or self-insurance plans established or operated by them are subject to the trade practice requirements of sections 72A.19 to 72A.30.

(5) [RULE MAKING AUTHORITY.] To carry out the purposes of this subdivision, the commissioner may adopt rules, including emergency rules, pursuant to sections 14.01 to 14.70 14.69. These rules may:

(a) establish reporting requirements for administrators of insurance or self-insurance plans;

(b) establish standards and guidelines to assure the adequacy of financing, reinsuring, and administration of insurance or self-insurance plans;

(c) establish bonding requirements or other provisions assuring the financial integrity of entities administering insurance or self-insurance plans; or

(d) establish other reasonable requirements to further the purposes of this subdivision.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.29, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [PURPOSE.] The purpose of this section is to authorize the establishment of trust funds for the purpose of indemnifying nonprofit beneficiary organizations and their officers, directors, and agents for financial loss due to the imposition of legal liability or for damage or destruction of property, and to regulate the operation of trust funds established under this section.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.29, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [INELIGIBLE RISKS.] No trust fund established under this section shall indemnify any beneficiary for ~~property loss~~, liabilities incurred under the workers' compensation act, or for benefits provided to employees pursuant to any medical, dental, life, or disability income protection plan.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.29, subdivision 16, is amended to read:

Subd. 16. [REINSURANCE.] Authorized trust funds may insure or reinsure their obligations and liabilities with:

(1) insurance companies authorized to do business in Minnesota, pursuant to section 60A.06; ~~or with;~~

(2) insurance companies similarly authorized in any other state of the United States;

(3) insurance companies not authorized in Minnesota or any other state if the unauthorized insurance company establishes reinsurance security in favor of the ceding trust fund conforming to the general rules for allowance of reinsurance credits stated in the Financial Condition Examiners Handbook adopted by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners; or

(4) other trust funds organized under this section or under similar laws of any other state if the reinsuring trust fund establishes reinsurance security as specified in clause (3) in favor of the ceding trust fund.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.29, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 22. [FOREIGN TRUST FUNDS.] A trust fund organized and existing under the laws of another state for the sole purpose of indemnifying nonprofit beneficiary organizations and their officers, directors, and agents for financial loss due to the imposition of legal

liability or for damage or destruction of property, as provided in subdivisions 2 and 4, may apply to the commissioner for authority to operate within this state, provided that:

(1) the trust fund has been continuously in operation for a period of not less than five years prior to the date it applies for authorization under this subdivision, during which period it must have issued only nonassessable indemnification agreements to its beneficiaries, and during each of those years the trust fund received not less than \$1,000,000 in contributions from beneficiaries for protections afforded by the trust fund;

(2) the trust fund has been authorized by and is subject to regulation and examination by the department of insurance of its domiciliary state;

(3) the trust fund must file with the commissioner its trust agreement, bylaws or plan of operation, schedule of benefits, forms of indemnification agreements, and contribution schedules applicable to beneficiaries in this state;

(4) the trust fund must be governed by a board of not fewer than five trustees, all of whom must be elected by the beneficiaries of the trust fund, and none of whom may receive compensation for service as a trustee;

(5) the trust fund has, as of the last day of the calendar year immediately prior to its application for authority, a net fund balance surplus of not less than \$1,000,000, as evidenced by its financial statements certified by an independent certified public accountant in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles consistently applied; and

(6) the trust fund must, upon and at all times after authorization by the commissioner, maintain a registered office within this state.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.29, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 23. [STANDARDS FOR AUTHORIZATION.] Within 60 days after receipt of the documents specified under subdivision 22 and supporting evidence which establishes compliance with the standards set forth under that subdivision, the commissioner shall grant to the trust fund a certificate of authority to conduct operations in this state. The operations in this state are subject to the limitations and standards set forth in subdivisions 4 to 22 of this section. In the event an authorized foreign trust fund violates one of those subdivisions or the rules of the commissioner applicable to foreign trust funds, the commissioner may suspend or revoke the certificate of authority.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.29, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 24. [RULES.] The commissioner may adopt rules to enforce and administer requirements of sections 18 and 19.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.30, is amended to read:

**60A.30 [RENEWAL OF INSURANCE POLICY WITH ALTERED RATES.]**

If an insurance company licensed to do business in this state offers or purports to offer to renew any commercial liability and/or property insurance policy at less favorable terms as to the dollar amount of coverage or deductibles, higher rates, and/or higher rating plan, the new terms, the new rates and/or rating plan may take effect on the renewal date of the policy if the insurer has sent to the policyholder notice of the new terms, new rates and/or rating plan at least ~~30~~ 60 days prior to the expiration date. If the insurer has not so notified the policyholder, the policyholder may elect to cancel the renewal policy within the ~~30-day~~ 60-day period after receipt of the notice. Earned premium for the period of coverage, if any, shall be calculated pro rata upon the prior rate. This subdivision does not apply to ocean marine insurance, accident and health insurance, and reinsurance.

This section does not apply if the change relates to guide "a" rates or excess rates also known as "consent to rates."

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.31, is amended to read:

**60A.31 [MIDTERM CANCELLATION WORKERS' COMPENSATION INSURANCE.]**

In addition to the requirements of Minnesota Statutes 1984, section 176.185, subdivision 1, ~~no~~ a policy of insurance issued to cover the liability to pay compensation under Minnesota Statutes 1984, chapter 176, shall be canceled by the insurer within the policy period unless the insurer has also complied with the requirements of such rules as the commissioner of commerce may adopt in regard to the cancellation of commercial liability and/or commercial property insurance policies comply with sections 60A.30 and 60A.35 to 60A.38.

Sec. 23. [60A.35] [SCOPE.]

Except as specifically limited in section 60A.30, sections 23 to 26 apply to all commercial liability and/or property insurance policies

issued by companies licensed to do business in this state except ocean marine insurance, accident and health insurance, excess insurance, surplus lines insurance, and reinsurance.

Sec. 24. [60A.36] [MIDTERM CANCELLATION.]

Subdivision 1. [REASON FOR CANCELLATION.] No insurer may cancel a policy of commercial liability and/or property insurance during the term of the policy, except for one or more of the following reasons:

- (1) nonpayment of premium;
- (2) misrepresentation or fraud made by or with the knowledge of the insured in obtaining the policy or in pursuing a claim under the policy;
- (3) actions by the insured that have substantially increased or substantially changed the risk insured;
- (4) refusal of the insured to eliminate known conditions that increase the potential for loss after notification by the insurer that the condition must be removed;
- (5) substantial change in the risk assumed, except to the extent that the insurer should reasonably have foreseen the change or contemplated the risk in writing the contract;
- (6) loss of reinsurance by the insurer which provided coverage to the insurer for a significant amount of the underlying risk insured. A notice of cancellation under this clause shall advise the policyholder that the policyholder has ten days from the date of receipt of the notice to appeal the cancellation to the commissioner of commerce and that the commissioner will render a decision as to whether the cancellation is justified because of the loss of reinsurance within five business days after receipt of the appeal;
- (7) a determination by the commissioner that the continuation of the policy could place the insurer in violation of the insurance laws of this state; or
- (8) nonpayment of dues to an association or organization, other than an insurance association or organization, where payment of dues is a prerequisite to obtaining or continuing the insurance. This provision for cancellation for failure to pay dues does not apply to persons who are retired at 62 years of age or older or who are disabled according to social security standards.

Subd. 2. [NOTICE.] Cancellation under subdivision 1, clauses (2) to (8), shall not be effective before 60 days after notice to the

policyholder. The notice of cancellation shall contain a specific reason for cancellation as provided in subdivision 1.

A policy shall not be canceled for nonpayment of premium pursuant to subdivision 1, clause (1), unless the insurer, at least ten days before the effective cancellation date, has given notice to the policyholder of the amount of premium due and the due date. The notice shall state the effect of nonpayment by the due date. No cancellation for nonpayment of premium shall be effective if payment of the amount due is made before the effective date in the notice.

Subd. 3. [NEW POLICIES.] Subdivisions 1 and 2 do not apply to any insurance policy that has not been previously renewed if the policy has been in effect less than 90 days at the time the notice of cancellation is mailed or delivered. No cancellation under this subdivision is effective until at least ten days after the written notice to the policyholder.

Subd. 4. [LONGER TERM POLICIES.] A policy may be issued for a term longer than one year or for an indefinite term with a clause providing for cancellation by the insurer for the reasons stated in subdivision 1 by giving notice as required by subdivision 2 at least 60 days before any anniversary date.

Sec. 25. [60A.37] [NONRENEWAL.]

Subdivision 1. [NOTICE REQUIRED.] At least 60 days before the date of expiration provided in the policy, a notice of intention not to renew the policy beyond the agreed expiration date must be made to the policyholder by the insurer. If the notice is not given at least 60 days before the date of expiration provided in the policy, the policy shall continue in force until 60 days after a notice of intent not to renew is received by the policyholder.

Subd. 2. [EXCEPTIONS.] This section does not apply if the policyholder has insured elsewhere, has accepted replacement coverage, or has requested or agreed to nonrenewal.

Sec. 26. [60A.38] [INTERPRETATION AND PENALTIES.]

Subdivision 1. [SECTIONS NOT EXCLUSIVE.] Sections 23 to 26 are not exclusive, and the commissioner may also consider other provisions of Minnesota law to be applicable to the circumstances or situations addressed by sections 23 to 26. The rights provided by sections 23 to 26 are in addition to and do not prejudice any other rights the policyholder may have at common law, under statute, or rules.

Subd. 2. [PENALTIES.] A violation of any provisions of sections 23 to 26 shall be deemed to be an unfair trade practice in the business of insurance and shall subject the violator to the penalties provided by sections 72A.17 to 72A.32 in addition to any other penalty provided by law.

Subd. 3. [NOTICES REQUIRED.] All notices required by sections 23 to 26 shall only be made by first class mail addressed to the policyholder's last known address or by delivery to the policyholder's last known address. Notice by first class mail is effective upon deposit in the United States mail. In addition to giving notice to the policyholder, the insurer must also give notice to the agent of record, if any, in the manner specified for the policyholder.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60B.44, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DEDUCTIBLE PROVISION.] The distribution of claims from the insurer's estate shall be in the order stated in this section with a descending degree of preference for each subdivision. The first \$50 of the amount allowed on each claim in the classes under subdivisions 3 to 7 shall be deducted from the claim and included in the class under subdivision 9. ~~Claims may not be cumulated by assignment to avoid application of the \$50 deductible provision. Subject to the \$50 deductible provision,~~ Every claim in each class shall be paid in full or adequate funds retained for the payment before the members of the next class receive any payment. No subclasses shall be established within any class.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60B.44, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [LOSS CLAIMS; INCLUDING CLAIMS NOT COVERED BY A GUARANTY ASSOCIATION.] All claims under policies or contracts of coverage for losses incurred including third party claims, and all claims against the insurer for liability for bodily injury or for injury to or destruction of tangible property which are not under policies or contracts, except the first \$200 of losses otherwise payable to any claimant under this subdivision. All claims under life insurance and annuity policies, whether for death proceeds, annuity proceeds, or investment values, shall be treated as loss claims. ~~Claims may not be cumulated by assignment to avoid application of the \$200 deductible provision.~~ That portion of any loss for which indemnification is provided by other benefits or advantages recovered or recoverable by the claimant shall not be included in this class, other than benefits or advantages recovered or recoverable in discharge of familial obligations of support or by way of succession at death or as proceeds of life insurance, or as gratuities. No payment made by an employer to an employee shall be treated as a gratuity. Claims not covered by a guaranty association are loss claims. If any portion of a claim is covered by a reinsurance treaty or



similar contractual obligation, that claim shall be entitled to a pro rata share, based upon the relationship the claim amount bears to all claims payable under the treaty or contract, of the proceeds received under that treaty or contractual obligation.

Claims receiving pro rata payments shall not, as to any remaining unpaid portion of their claim, be treated in a different manner than if no such payment had been received.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60B.44, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [UNEARNED PREMIUMS AND SMALL LOSS CLAIMS.] Claims under nonassessable policies or contracts of coverage for unearned premiums or subscription rates or other refunds and the first \$200 of loss excepted by the deductible provision in subdivision 4.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60B.44, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. [MISCELLANEOUS SUBORDINATED CLAIMS.] The remaining claims or portions of claims not already paid, with interest as in subdivision 8.

(a) ~~The first \$50 of each claim in the classes under subdivisions 3 to 7 subordinated under this section;~~

(b) Claims under section 60B.39, subdivision 2;

(c) (b) Claims subordinated by section 60B.61;

(d) ~~(c)~~ Except to the extent excused or otherwise permitted pursuant to section 60B.37, claims filed late;

(e) (d) Portions of claims subordinated under subdivision 6; and

(f) ~~(e)~~ Claims or portions of claims payment of which is provided by other benefits or advantages recovered or recoverable by the claimant.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60C.08, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. The board of directors of the association shall consist of nine persons. Two of the directors shall be public members and seven shall be insurer members. The public members shall be appointed by the commissioner. Public members may include licensed insurance agents. The insurer members of the board shall be selected by association members subject to the approval of the

commissioner. Vacancies on the board shall be filled for the remaining period of the term in the same manner as initial appointments. The term of appointment for all members is two years.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60C.09, is amended to read:

**60C.09 [COVERED CLAIMS.]**

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITION.] A covered claim is any unpaid claim, including one for unearned premium, which:

(a) (1) Arises out of and is within the coverage of an insurance policy issued by a member insurer if the insurer becomes an insolvent insurer after April 30, 1979; or

(2) Would be within the coverage of an extended reporting endorsement to a claims-made insurance policy if insolvency had not prevented the member insurer from fulfilling its obligation to issue the endorsement, if:

(i) the claims-made policy contained a provision affording the insured the right to purchase a reporting endorsement;

(ii) coverage will be no greater than if a reporting endorsement had been issued;

(iii) the insured has not purchased other insurance which applies to the claim; and

(iv) the insured's deductible under the policy is increased by an amount equal to the premium for the reporting endorsement, as provided in the insured's claims-made policy, or if not so provided, then as established by a rate service organization.

(b) Arises out of a class of business which is not excepted from the scope of Laws 1971, chapter 145 by section 60C.02; and

(c) Is made by:

(i) A policyholder, or an insured beneficiary under a policy, who, at the time of the insured event, was a resident of this state; or

(ii) A person designated in the policy as having an insurable interest in or related to property situated in this state at the time of the insured event; or

(iii) An obligee or creditor under any surety bond, who, at the time of default by the principal debtor or obligor, was a resident of this state; or

(iv) A third party claimant under a liability policy or surety bond, if: (a) the insured or the third party claimant was a resident of this state at the time of the insured event; (b) the claim is for bodily or personal injuries suffered in this state by a person who when injured was a resident of this state; or (c) the claim is for damages to real property situated in this state at the time of damage; or

(v) A direct or indirect assignee of a person who except for the assignment might have claimed under (i), (ii) or (iii).

For purposes of paragraph (c), item (i), unit owners of condominiums, townhouses, or cooperatives are considered as having an insurable interest.

A covered claim also includes any unpaid claim which arises or exists within 30 days after the time of entry of an order of liquidation with a finding of insolvency by a court of competent jurisdiction unless prior thereto the insured replaces the policy or causes its cancellation or the policy expires on its expiration date.

Subd. 2. [LIMITATION OF AMOUNT.] Payment of a covered claim, except a claim for unearned premium by any single claimant, whether upon a single policy or multiple policies of insurance, is limited to the amount by which the allowance on any claim exceeds \$100 and is less than \$300,000. In the case of claim for unearned premium, the entire claim up to \$300,000 shall be allowed. The limitation on the amount of payment for a covered claim does not apply to claims for workers' compensation insurance. In no event is the association obligated to the policyholder or claimant in an amount in excess of the obligation of the insurer under the policy from which the claim arises.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60C.12, is amended to read:

#### 60C.12 [APPEAL AND REVIEW.]

Subdivision 1. [APPEAL.] A claimant whose claim has been declared to be not covered or reduced by the board under section 60C.10 may appeal to the board within 30 days after the claimant has been notified of the board's decision and of the rights of the claimant under this section.

Subd. 2. [REVIEW.] Decisions of the board under subdivision 1 are subject to judicial review appeal to the commissioner of commerce who may overturn, affirm, or modify the board's actions or take other action the commissioner considers appropriate.

The appeal to the commissioner must be in the manner provided in chapter 14.

Subd. 3. [JUDICIAL REVIEW.] A final action or order of the commissioner under this subdivision is subject to judicial review in the manner provided by chapter 14. In lieu of the appeal to the commissioner under subdivision 2, a claimant may seek judicial review of the board's actions.

**Sec. 34. [60F.01] [ESTABLISHMENT.]**

Any three or more employers, excluding the state and its political subdivisions as described in section 471.617, subdivision 1, who are authorized to transact business in Minnesota may jointly self-insure for any property and/or casualty or automobile liability. Joint plans must meet all conditions and terms of this chapter.

**Sec. 35. [60F.02] [EXCESS STOP-LOSS COVERAGE.]**

A joint self-insurance plan must include aggregate excess stop-loss coverage and individual excess stop-loss coverage provided by an insurance company licensed by the state of Minnesota. Aggregate excess stop-loss coverage must include provisions to cover the excess claims of incurred, unpaid claim liability even in the event of plan termination. The joint plan must bear the risk of coverage for any member of the pool that becomes insolvent with outstanding contribution due by providing a surety bond from a Minnesota licensed surety in the amount of one year's contribution. In addition, the plan of self-insurance must have participants fund an amount at least equal to the point at which the excess or stop-loss insurer must assume 100 percent of the excess coverage limits of additional liability. A joint self-insurance plan must submit its proposed excess or stop-loss insurance contract to the commissioner of commerce at least 30 days prior to the proposed plan's effective date and at least 30 days subsequent to any renewal date. The commissioner shall review the contract to determine if it meets the standards established by this chapter and respond within a 30-day period. An excess or stop-loss insurance plan must be noncancelable for a minimum term of one year.

**Sec. 36. [60F.03] [LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES.]**

No joint self-insurance plan may offer marketing, risk management, or administrative services unless these services are provided by vendors duly licensed by the commissioner to provide these services. No vendor of these services may be a trustee of a joint self-insurance plan for which they provide marketing, risk management, or administrative services.

**Sec. 37. [60F.04] [APPLICABILITY OF PROVISIONS.]**

A joint self-insurance plan is subject to the requirements of the applicable parts of chapters 60A, 65A, 65B, 72B, and 72C, and

section 72A.20, unless otherwise specifically exempt. A joint self-insurance plan must offer a plan which complies with all applicable rules and statutes.

Sec. 38. [60F.05] [FUND MANAGEMENT.]

Funds collected from the participants under joint self-insurance plans must be held in trust subject to the following requirements:

(a) A board of trustees elected by the participants shall serve as fund managers on behalf of participants. Trustees must be plan participants. No participants may be represented by more than one trustee. A minimum of three and a maximum of seven trustees may be elected. Trustees shall receive no remuneration, but they may be reimbursed for actual and reasonable expenses incurred in connection with duties as trustees.

(b) Trustees must be bonded in an amount not less than \$100,000 nor more than \$500,000 from a licensed bonding company.

(c) Investment of plan funds is subject to the same restrictions as are applicable to political subdivisions pursuant to section 475.66. All investments must be managed by a bank or other investment organization licensed to operate in Minnesota.

(d) Trustees, on behalf of the fund, shall file annual reports with the commissioner of commerce within 30 days immediately following the end of each calendar year. The reports must summarize the financial condition of the fund, itemize collection from participants, and detail all fund expenditures.

Sec. 39. [60F.06] [RULES.]

The commissioner of commerce shall adopt rules, including emergency rules, to ensure the solvency and operation of all self-insured plans subject to this chapter. The commissioner may examine the joint self-insurance plans pursuant to sections 60A.03 and 60A.031.

Sec. 40. [60F.07] [REVENUE FEE.]

A joint self-insurance plan shall pay a two percent revenue fee. This revenue must be computed based on two percent of the paid claims level for the most recently completed calendar year. This revenue must be deposited in the general fund.

Sec. 41. [60F.08] [APPLICABILITY.]

A joint self-insurance plan is not an insurer for purposes of chapter 60C.

Sec. 42. [61A.092] [CONTINUATION OF COVERAGE FOR LIFE INSURANCE.]

Subdivision 1. [CONTINUATION OF COVERAGE.] Every group insurance policy issued or renewed within this state after August 1, 1987, providing coverage for life insurance benefits shall contain a provision that permits covered employees who are voluntarily or involuntarily terminated or laid off from their employment, if the policy remains in force for any active employee of the employer, to elect to continue the coverage for themselves and their dependents.

An employee is considered to be laid off from employment if there is a reduction in hours to the point where the employee is no longer eligible for coverage under the group life insurance policy. Termination does not include discharge for gross misconduct.

Subd. 2. [RESPONSIBILITY OF EMPLOYEE.] Every covered employee electing to continue coverage shall pay the employee's former employer, on a monthly basis, the cost of the continued coverage. In no event shall the amount of premium charged exceed 102 percent of the cost to the plan for such period of coverage for other similarly situated employees with respect to whom neither termination nor layoff has occurred, without respect to whether such cost is paid by the employer or employee. The employee is eligible to continue the coverage until the employee obtains coverage under another group policy, or for a period of 18 months after the termination or layoff from employment, whichever is shorter.

Subd. 3. [NOTICE OF OPTIONS.] Upon termination of or layoff from employment of a covered employee, the employer shall inform the employee of:

- (1) the employee's right to elect to continue the coverage;
- (2) the amount the employee must pay monthly to the employer to retain the coverage;
- (3) the manner in which and the office of the employer to which the payment to the employer must be made; and
- (4) the time by which the payments to the employer must be made to retain coverage.

The employee has 60 days within which to elect coverage. The 60-day period shall begin to run on the date coverage would otherwise terminate or on the date upon which notice of the right to coverage is received, whichever is later.

Notice must be in writing and sent by first class certified mail to the employee's last known address which the employee has provided to the employer.

A notice in substantially the following form is sufficient: "As a terminated or laid off employee, the law authorizes you to maintain your group insurance benefits for a period of up to 18 months. To do so, you must notify your former employer within 60 days of your receipt of this notice that you intend to retain this coverage and must make a monthly payment of \$..... at ..... by the ..... of each month."

Subd. 4. [RESPONSIBILITY OF EMPLOYER AND INSURER.] If the employer fails to notify a covered employee of the options set forth in subdivision 3, or if after timely receipt of the monthly payment from a covered employee the employer fails to make the payment to the insurer, with the result that the employee's coverage is terminated, the employer is still liable for the employee's coverage to the same extent as the insurer would be if the coverage were still in effect.

Subd. 5. [CONVERSION TO INDIVIDUAL POLICY.] A group insurance policy that provides posttermination or layoff coverage as required by this section must also include a provision allowing a covered employee, surviving spouse, or dependent at the expiration of the posttermination or layoff coverage provided by subdivision 2 to obtain from the insurer offering the group policy, at the employee's, spouse's, or dependent's option and expense, without further evidence of insurability and without interruption of coverage, an individual policy of insurance contract providing the same or substantially similar benefits.

A policy providing reduced benefits at a reduced premium rate may be accepted by the employee, the spouse, or a dependent in lieu of the coverage otherwise required by this subdivision.

Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 61A.28, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. [ADDITIONAL INVESTMENTS.] Investments of any kind, without regard to the categories, conditions, standards, or other limitations set forth in the foregoing subdivisions and section 61A.31, subdivision 3, except that the prohibitions in clause (d) of subdivision 3 remains applicable, may be made by a domestic life insurance company in an amount not to exceed the lesser of the following:

(1) Five percent of the company's total admitted assets as of the end of the preceding calendar year, or

(2) Fifty percent of the amount by which its capital and surplus as of the end of the preceding calendar year exceeds \$675,000. Provided, however, that a company's total investment under this section in the common stock of any corporation, other than the stock of the types of corporations specified in subdivision 6(a), may not exceed ten percent of the common stock of the corporation. Provided, further, that no investment may be made under the authority of this clause or clause (1) by a company that has not completed five years of actual operation since the date of its first certificate of authority.

If, subsequent to being made under the provisions of this subdivision, an investment is determined to have become qualified or eligible under any of the other provisions of this chapter, the company may consider the investment as being held under the other provision and the investment need no longer be considered as having been made under the provisions of this subdivision.

In addition to the investments authorized by this subdivision, a domestic life insurance company may make qualified investments in any additional securities or property of the type authorized by subdivision 6, paragraph (f), with the written order of the commissioner. This approval is at the discretion of the commissioner. This authorization does not negate or reduce the investment authority granted in subdivision 6, paragraph (f), or this subdivision.

Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 61B.09, is amended to read:

61B.09 [DUTIES AND POWERS OF THE COMMISSIONER.]

(a) Subdivision 1. The commissioner shall:

(1) Notify the board of directors of the existence of an impaired insurer within three days after a determination of impairment is made or the commissioner receives notice of impairment;

(2) Upon request of the board of directors, provide the association with a statement of the premiums in the appropriate states for each member insurer; and

(3) When an impairment is declared and the amount determined, serve a demand upon the impaired insurer to make good the impairment within a reasonable time. Notice to the impaired insurer shall constitute notice to its shareholders. The failure of the insurer to promptly comply with the demand shall not excuse the association from performance under sections 61B.01 to 61B.16.

(b) Subd. 2. The commissioner may, after notice and hearing, suspend or revoke the certificate of authority to transact insurance in this state of any member insurer which fails to pay an assessment



when due or to comply with the plan of operation. As an alternative, the commissioner may levy a forfeiture on any member insurer which fails to pay an assessment when due. A forfeiture shall not exceed five percent of the unpaid assessment per month, but no forfeiture shall be less than \$100 per month.

(e) Subd. 3. Any action of the board of directors or the association may be appealed to the commissioner by ~~any member insurer~~ within 30 days of the ~~occurrence~~ notice of the action. Any final action or order of the commissioner shall be subject to judicial review in a court of competent jurisdiction, in the manner provided by chapter 14. In lieu of the appeal to the commissioner under this subdivision, a claimant may seek judicial review of the board's actions.

(d) Subd. 4. The liquidator, rehabilitator, or conservator of any impaired insurer may notify all interested persons of the effect of sections 61B.01 to 61B.16.

Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.041, is amended to read:

**62A.041 [MATERNITY BENEFITS; UNMARRIED WOMEN.]**

Each group policy of accident and health insurance and each group health maintenance contract shall provide the same coverage for maternity benefits to unmarried women and minor female dependents that it provides to married women including the wives of employees choosing dependent family coverage. If an unmarried insured or an unmarried enrollee is a parent of a dependent child, each group policy and each group contract shall provide the same coverage for that child as that provided for the child of a married employee choosing dependent family coverage if the insured or the enrollee elects dependent family coverage.

Each individual policy of accident and health insurance and each individual health maintenance contract shall provide the same coverage for maternity benefits to unmarried women and minor female dependents as that provided for married women. If an unmarried insured or an unmarried enrollee is a parent of a dependent child, each individual policy and each individual contract shall also provide the same coverage for that child as that provided for the child of a married insured or a married enrollee choosing dependent family coverage if the insured or the enrollee elects dependent family coverage.

Except for policies which only provide coverage for specified diseases, each group subscriber contract of accident and health insurance or health maintenance contract, issued or renewed after August 1, 1987, shall include maternity benefits in the same manner as any other illness covered under the policy or contract.

For the purposes of this section, the term "maternity benefits" shall not include elective, induced abortion whether performed in a hospital, other abortion facility, or the office of a physician.

This section applies to policies and contracts issued, delivered, or renewed after August 1, 1985, that cover Minnesota residents.

Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.043, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3. Except for policies which only provide coverage for specified diseases, no policy or certificate of health, medical, hospitalization, or accident and sickness insurance regulated under this chapter, or subscriber contract provided by a nonprofit health service plan corporation regulated under chapter 62C, or health maintenance organization regulated under chapter 62D, shall be issued, renewed, continued, delivered, issued for delivery, or executed in this state after August 1, 1987, unless the policy, plan, or contract specifically provides coverage for surgical and nonsurgical treatment of temporomandibular joint disorder and craniomandibular disorder. Coverage shall be the same as that for treatment to any other joint in the body, and shall apply if the treatment is administered or prescribed by a physician or dentist.

Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.141, is amended to read:

#### 62A.141 [COVERAGE FOR HANDICAPPED DEPENDENTS.]

No group policy or plan of health and accident insurance regulated under this chapter, chapter 62C, or 62D, which provides for dependent coverage may be issued or renewed in this state after August 1, 1983, unless it covers the handicapped dependents of the insured, subscriber, or enrollee of the policy or plan. Consequently, the policy or plan shall not contain any provision concerning preexisting condition limitations, insurability, eligibility, or health underwriting approval concerning handicapped dependents.

If ordered by the commissioner of commerce, the insurer of a Minnesota-domiciled nonprofit association which is composed solely of agricultural members may restrict coverage under this section to apply only to Minnesota residents.

Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.146, is amended to read:

#### 62A.146 [CONTINUATION OF BENEFITS TO SURVIVORS.]

No policy or plan of accident and health protection issued by an insurer, nonprofit health service plan corporation, or health main-

tenance organization, providing coverage of hospital or medical expense on either an expense incurred basis or other than an expense incurred basis which in addition to coverage of the insured, subscriber, or enrollee, also provides coverage to dependents, shall, except upon the written consent of the survivor or survivors of the deceased insured, subscriber or enrollee, terminate, suspend or otherwise restrict the participation in or the receipt of benefits otherwise payable under the policy or plan to the survivor or survivors until the earlier of the following dates:

(a) the date of remarriage of the surviving spouse becomes covered under another group health plan; or

(b) the date coverage would have terminated under the policy or plan had the insured, subscriber, or enrollee lived.

The survivor or survivors, in order to have the coverage and benefits extended, may be required to pay the entire cost of the protection on a monthly basis. In no event shall the amount of premium or fee contributions charged exceed 102 percent of the cost to the plan for such period of coverage for other similarly situated spouses and dependent children who are not the survivors of a deceased insured, without regard to whether such cost is paid by the employer or employee. Failure of the survivor to make premium or fee payments within 90 days after notice of the requirement to pay the premiums or fees shall be a basis for the termination of the coverage without written consent. In event of termination by reason of the survivor's failure to make required premium or fee contributions, written notice of cancellation must be mailed to the survivor's last known address at least 30 days before the cancellation. If the coverage is provided under a group policy or plan, any required premium or fee contributions for the coverage shall be paid by the survivor to the group policyholder or contract holder for remittance to the insurer, nonprofit health service plan corporation, or health maintenance organization.

Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.152, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [MINIMUM BENEFITS.] All group policies and all group subscriber contracts providing benefits for mental or nervous disorder treatments in a hospital shall also provide coverage, ~~to~~ on the same basis as coverage for other benefits for at least the extent of 80 percent of the first \$750 of the cost of the usual and customary charges of the first ten hours of treatment incurred over a 12-month benefit period, for mental or nervous disorder consultation, diagnosis and treatment services delivered while the insured person is not a bed patient in a hospital, and at least 75 percent of the cost of the usual and customary charges for any additional hours of treatment during the same 12-month benefit period for serious and persistent mental or nervous disorders, if the services are furnished by (1) a

licensed or accredited hospital, (2) a community mental health center or mental health clinic approved or licensed by the commissioner of human services or other authorized state agency, or (3) a licensed consulting psychologist licensed under the provisions of sections 148.87 to 148.98, or a psychiatrist licensed under chapter 147. Prior authorization from an accident and health insurance company, or a nonprofit health service corporation, shall be required for an extension of coverage beyond ten hours of treatment. This prior authorization must be based upon the severity of the disorder, the patient's risk of deterioration without ongoing treatment and maintenance, degree of functional impairment, and a concise treatment plan. Authorization for extended treatment may not exceed a maximum of 30 visit hours during any 12-month benefit period.

For purposes of this section, covered treatment for a minor shall include treatment for the family if family therapy is recommended by a provider listed above in item (1), (2) or (3).

Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.17, is amended to read:

62A.17 [TERMINATION OF OR LAYOFF FROM EMPLOYMENT.]

Subdivision 1. [CONTINUATION OF COVERAGE.] Every group insurance policy, group subscriber contract, and health care plan included within the provisions of section 62A.16, except policies, contracts, or health care plans covering employees of an agency of the federal government, shall contain a provision which permits every eligible covered employee who is voluntarily or involuntarily terminated or laid off from employment, if the policy, contract, or health care plan remains in force for active employees of the employer, to elect to continue the coverage for the employee and dependents.

An employee shall be considered to be laid off from employment if there is a reduction in hours to the point where the employee is no longer eligible under the policy, contract, or health care plan. Termination shall not include discharge for gross misconduct.

Subd. 2. [RESPONSIBILITY OF EMPLOYEE.] Every eligible covered employee electing to continue coverage shall pay the former employer, on a monthly basis, the cost of the continued coverage. If the policy, contract, or health care plan is administered by a trust, every eligible covered employee electing to continue coverage shall pay the trust the cost of continued coverage according to the eligibility rules established by the trust. In no event shall the amount of premium charged exceed 102 percent of the cost to the plan for such period of coverage for similarly situated employees with respect to whom neither termination nor layoff has occurred, without regard to whether such cost is paid by the employer or

employee. The employee shall be eligible to continue the coverage until reemployed and eligible for health care coverage under a group policy, contract, or plan sponsored by the same or another employer the employee becomes covered under another group health plan, or for a period of 12 18 months after the termination of or lay off from employment, whichever is shorter.

**Subd. 3. [ELIGIBILITY FOR CONTINUED COVERAGE.]** An employee shall be eligible to make the election for the employee and dependents provided for in subdivision 1 if:

(a) In the period preceding the termination of or lay off from employment, the employee and dependents were covered through employment by a group insurance policy, subscriber's contract, or health care plan included within the provisions of section 62A-16;

(b) The termination of or lay off from employment was for reasons other than the discontinuance of the business, bankruptcy, or the employee's disability or retirement.

**Subd. 4. [RESPONSIBILITY OF EMPLOYER.]** After timely receipt of the monthly payment from an eligible a covered employee, if the employer, or the trustee, if the policy, contract, or health care plan is administered by a trust, fails to make the payment to the insurer, nonprofit health service plan corporation, or health maintenance organization, with the result that the employee's coverage is terminated, the employer or trust shall become liable for the employee's coverage to the same extent as the insurer, nonprofit health service plan corporation, or health maintenance organization would be if the coverage were still in effect.

In the case of a policy, contract or plan administered by a trust, the employer must notify the trustee within 30 days of the termination or layoff of a covered employee of the name and last known address of the employee.

If the employer or trust fails to notify a covered employee, the employer or trust shall continue to remain liable for the employee's coverage to the same extent as the insurer would be if the coverage were still in effect.

**Subd. 5. [NOTICE OF OPTIONS.]** Upon the termination of or lay off from employment of an eligible employee, the employer shall inform the employee within ten days after termination or lay off of:

(a) the right to elect to continue the coverage;

(b) the amount the employee must pay monthly to the employer to retain the coverage;

(c) the manner in which and the office of the employer to which the payment to the employer must be made; and

(d) the time by which the payments to the employer must be made to retain coverage.

If the policy, contract, or health care plan is administered by a trust, the employer is relieved of the obligation imposed by clauses (a) to (d). The trust shall inform the employee of the information required by clauses (a) to (d).

The employee shall have 60 days within which to elect coverage. The 60-day period shall begin to run on the date plan coverage would otherwise terminate or on the date upon which notice of the right to coverage is received, whichever is later.

~~Notice may must be in writing and sent by first class mail to the employee's last known address which the employee has provided the employer or trust. If the employer or trust fails to so notify the employee who is properly enrolled in the program, the employee shall have the option to retain coverage if the employee makes this election within 60 days of the date terminated or laid off by making the proper payment to the employer or trust to provide continuous coverage.~~

A notice in substantially the following form shall be sufficient: "As a terminated or laid off employee, the law authorizes you to maintain your group medical insurance for a period of up to 12 18 months. To do so you must notify your former employer within ten 60 days of your receipt of this notice that you intend to retain this coverage and must make a monthly payment of \$..... to ..... at ..... by the ..... of each month."

Subd. 6. [CONVERSION TO INDIVIDUAL POLICY.] A group insurance policy that provides post-termination or layoff coverage as required by this section shall also include a provision allowing a covered employee, surviving spouse, or dependent at the expiration of the posttermination or layoff coverage provided by subdivision 2 to obtain from the insurer offering the group policy or group subscriber contract, at the employee's, spouse's, or dependent's option and expense, without further evidence of insurability and without interruption of coverage, an individual policy of insurance or an individual subscriber contract providing at least the minimum benefits of a qualified plan as prescribed by section 62E.06 and the option of a number three qualified plan, a number two qualified plan, and a number one qualified plan as provided by section 62E.06, subdivisions 1 to 3, provided application is made to the insurer within 30 days following notice of the expiration of the continued coverage and upon payment of the appropriate premium. The required conversion contract must treat pregnancy the same as any other covered illness under the conversion contract. A health maintenance contract

issued by a health maintenance organization that provides post-termination or layoff coverage as required by this section shall also include a provision allowing a former employee, surviving spouse, or dependent at the expiration of the posttermination or layoff coverage provided in subdivision 2 to obtain from the health maintenance organization, at the former employee's, spouse's, or dependent's option and expense, without further evidence of insurability and without interruption of coverage, an individual health maintenance contract. Effective January 1, 1985, enrollees who have become nonresidents of the health maintenance organization's service area shall be given the option, to be arranged by the health maintenance organization, of a number three qualified plan, a number two qualified plan, or a number one qualified plan as provided by section 62E.06, subdivisions 1 to 3 if an arrangement with an insurer can reasonably be made by the health maintenance organization. This option shall be made available at the enrollee's expense, without further evidence of insurability and without interruption of coverage.

A policy providing reduced benefits at a reduced premium rate may be accepted by the employee, the spouse, or a dependent in lieu of the optional coverage otherwise required by this subdivision.

The individual policy or contract shall be renewable at the option of the individual as long as the individual is not covered under another qualified plan as defined in section 62E.02, subdivision 4, up to age 65 or to the day before the date of eligibility for coverage under title XVIII of the Social Security Act, as amended. Any revisions in the table of rate for the individual policy shall apply to the covered person's original age at entry and shall apply equally to all similar policies issued by the insurer.

Sec. 51. [62A.20] [COVERAGE OF CURRENT SPOUSE AND CHILDREN.]

Subdivision 1. [REQUIREMENT.] Every policy of accident and health insurance providing coverage of hospital or medical expense on either an expense-incurred basis or other than an expense-incurred basis, which in addition to covering the insured also provides coverage to the spouse and dependent children of the insured shall contain:

(1) a provision which permits the spouse and dependent children to elect to continue coverage when the insured becomes enrolled for benefits under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act (Medicare); and

(2) a provision which permits the dependent children to continue coverage when they cease to be dependent children under the generally applicable requirement of the plan.

Subd. 2. [CONTINUATION PRIVILEGE.] The coverage described in subdivision 1 may be continued until the earlier of the following dates:

- (1) the date coverage would otherwise terminate under the policy;
- (2) 36 months after continuation by the spouse or dependent was elected; or
- (3) the spouse or dependent children become covered under another group health plan.

If coverage is provided under a group policy, any required premium contributions for the coverage shall be paid by the insured on a monthly basis to the group policyholder for remittance to the insurer. In no event shall the amount of premium charged exceed 102 percent of the cost to the plan for such period of coverage for other similarly situated spouse and dependent children to whom subdivision 1 is not applicable, without regard to whether such cost is paid by the employer or employee.

Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.21, is amended to read:

**62A.21 [CONVERSION PRIVILEGES FOR INSURED FORMER SPOUSES AND CHILDREN.]**

Subdivision 1. No policy of accident and health insurance providing coverage of hospital or medical expense on either an expense incurred basis or other than an expense incurred basis, which in addition to covering the insured also provides coverage to the spouse of the insured shall contain a provision for termination of coverage for a spouse covered under the policy solely as a result of a break in the marital relationship except by reason of an entry of a valid decree of dissolution of marriage.

Subd. 2a. [CONTINUATION PRIVILEGE.] Every policy described in subdivision 1 shall contain a provision which permits continuation of coverage under the policy for the insured's former spouse and dependent children upon entry of a valid decree of dissolution of marriage, if the decree requires the insured to provide continued coverage for those persons. The coverage may shall be continued until the earlier of the following dates:

- (a) The date of remarriage of either the insured or the insured's former spouse becomes covered under any other group health plan; or
- (b) The date coverage would otherwise terminate under the policy.



If the coverage is provided under a group policy, any required premium contributions for the coverage shall be paid by the insured on a monthly basis to the group policyholder for remittance to the insurer. In no event shall the amount of premium charged exceed 102 percent of the cost to the plan for such period of coverage for other similarly situated spouses and dependent children with respect to whom the marital relationship has not dissolved, without regard to whether such cost is paid by the employer or employee.

Subd. 2b. [CONVERSION PRIVILEGE.] Every policy described in subdivision 1 shall contain a provision allowing a former spouse and dependent children of an insured, without providing evidence of insurability, to obtain from the insurer at the expiration of any continuation of coverage required under subdivision 2a or ~~section sections 62A.146 and 62A.20, or upon termination of coverage by reason of an entry of a valid decree of dissolution which does not~~ require the insured to provide continued coverage for the former spouse and dependent children; conversion coverage providing at least the minimum benefits of a qualified plan as prescribed by section 62E.06 and the option of a number three qualified plan, a number two qualified plan, a number one qualified plan as provided by section 62E.06, subdivisions 1 to 3, provided application is made to the insurer within 30 days following notice of the expiration of the continued coverage and upon payment of the appropriate premium. A policy providing reduced benefits at a reduced premium rate may be accepted by the former spouse and dependent children in lieu of the optional coverage otherwise required by this subdivision. The individual policy shall be renewable at the option of the former spouse as long as the former spouse is not covered under another qualified plan as defined in section 62E.02, subdivision 4, up to age 65 or to the day before the date of eligibility for coverage under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, as amended. Any revisions in the table of rate for the individual policy shall apply to the former spouse's original age at entry, and shall apply equally to all similar policies issued by the insurer.

Subd. 3. Subdivision 1 applies to every policy of accident and health insurance which is delivered, issued for delivery, renewed or amended on or after July 19, 1977.

Subdivisions 2a and 2b apply to every policy of accident and health insurance which is delivered, issued for delivery, renewed, or amended on or after August 1, 1981.

Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.27, is amended to read:

#### 62A.27 [COVERAGE FOR ADOPTED CHILDREN.]

No individual or group policy or plan of health and accident insurance regulated under this chapter or chapter 64B, subscriber

contract regulated under chapter 62C, or health maintenance contract regulated under chapter 62D, providing coverage for more than one person may be issued or renewed in this state after August 1, 1983, unless the policy, plan, or contract covers adopted children of the insured, subscriber, or enrollee on the same basis as other dependents. Consequently, the policy or plan shall not contain any provision concerning preexisting condition limitations, insurability, eligibility, or health underwriting approval concerning adopted children.

The coverage required by this section is effective from the date of placement for the purpose of adoption and continues unless the placement is disrupted prior to legal adoption and the child is removed from placement.

**Sec. 54. [62A.28] [SURETY BOND OR SECURITY FOR CERTAIN HEALTH BENEFIT PLANS.]**

**Subdivision 1. [SURETY BOND OR SECURITY REQUIREMENT.]** Any employer, except the state and its political subdivisions as defined in section 65B.43, subdivision 20, who provides a health benefit plan to its Minnesota employees, which is to some extent self-insured by the employer, and who purchases stop-loss insurance coverage, or any other insurance coverage, in connection with the health benefit plan, shall annually file with the commissioner, within 60 days of the end of the employer's fiscal year, security acceptable to the commissioner in an amount specified under subdivision 2, or a surety bond in the form and amount prescribed by subdivisions 2 and 3. An acceptable surety bond is one issued by a corporate surety authorized by the commissioner to transact this business in the state of Minnesota for the purposes of this section. The term "Minnesota employees" includes any Minnesota resident who is employed by the employer.

**Subd. 2. [AMOUNT OF SURETY BOND OR SECURITY.]** The amount of surety bond or acceptable security required by subdivision 1 shall be equal to one-fourth of the projected annual medical and hospital expenses to be incurred by the employer or \$1,000, whichever is greater, with respect to its Minnesota employees by reason of the portion of the employer's health benefit plan which is self-insured by the employer.

**Subd. 3. [FORM OF THE SURETY BOND.]** The surety bond shall provide as follows:

**SURETY BOND**

**KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS:** That (entity to be bonded), of (location), (hereinafter called the "principal"), as principal, and (bonding company name), a (name of state) corpora-

tion, of (location) (hereinafter called the "surety"), as surety are held and firmly bound unto the commissioner of commerce of the state of Minnesota for the use and benefit of Minnesota residents entitled to health benefits from the principal in the sum of (\$.....), for the payment of which well and truly to be made, the principal binds itself, its successors and assigns, and the surety binds itself and its successors and assigns, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

WHEREAS, in accordance with section (.....) of the Minnesota Statute, principal is required to file a surety bond with the commissioner of commerce of the state of Minnesota.

NOW, THEREFORE, the condition of this obligation is such that if the said principal shall, according to the terms, provisions, and limitations of principals' health benefit program for its Minnesota employees, pay all of its liabilities and obligations, including all benefits as provided in the attached plan, then, this obligation shall be null and void, otherwise to remain in full force and effect, subject, however, to the following terms and conditions:

1. The liability of the surety is limited to the payment of the benefits of the employee benefit plan which are payable by the principal and within the amount of the bond. The surety shall be bound to payments owed by the principal for obligations arising from a default of the principal or any loss incurred during the period to which the bond applies.

2. In the event of any default on the part of the principal to abide by the terms and provisions of the attached plan, the commissioner of commerce may, upon ten-days notice to the surety and opportunity to be heard, require the surety to pay all of the principal's past and future obligations under the attached plan with respect to the principal's Minnesota employees.

3. Service on the surety shall be deemed to be service on the principals.

4. This bond shall be in effect from ..... to ....., and may not be canceled by either the surety or the principal.

5. Any Minnesota employee of principal aggrieved by a default of principal under the attached plan, and/or the commissioner of commerce on behalf of any such employee, may enforce the provisions of this bond.

6. This bond shall become effective at (time of day, month, day, year).

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, said principals and said surety have caused this instrument to be signed by their respective, duly authorized officers and their corporate seals to be hereunto affixed this (day, month, year).

Signed, sealed and delivered in the presence of:

Corporation Name

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Bonding Company Name  
By:

Subd. 4. [PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO COMPLY.] The commissioner of revenue shall deny any business tax deduction to an employer for the employer's contribution to a health plan for the period which the employer fails to comply with this section. This section does not apply to trusts established under chapter 62H which have been approved by the commissioner.

Subd. 5. [PETITION TO REDUCE BOND OR SECURITY AMOUNT.] An employer subject to this section may petition the commissioner to, and the commissioner may, allow the use of a surety bond not in the form specified in subdivision 3, or grant a reduction in the amount of the surety bond or security required.

In reviewing a petition submitted under this subdivision, the commissioner must consider, in addition to any other factors, information provided by the petitioner in regard to the following:

- (1) the size of the petitioner's business;
- (2) the number of employees;
- (3) the cost of providing the bond or security and the effect the cost will have on the petitioner's financial condition;
- (4) whether the cost of the bond or security will impair the petitioner's ability to self-insure; and
- (5) the petitioner's likelihood of being able to meet the petitioner's future obligations in regard to the health plan.

Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.31, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. [APPLICATION TO CERTAIN POLICIES.] The requirements of sections 62A.31 to 62A.44 shall not apply to disability income protection insurance policies, long-term care policies issued pursuant to sections 62A.46 to 62A.56, or group policies of accident

and health insurance which do not purport to supplement medicare issued to any of the following groups:

(a) A policy issued to an employer or employers or to the trustee of a fund established by an employer where only employees or retirees, and dependents of employees or retirees, are eligible for coverage.

(b) A policy issued to a labor union or similar employee organization.

(c) A policy issued to an association, a trust or the trustee of a fund established, created or maintained for the benefit of members of one or more associations. The association or associations shall have at the outset a minimum of 100 persons; shall have been organized and maintained in good faith for purposes other than that of obtaining insurance; shall have a constitution and bylaws which provide that (1) the association or associations hold regular meetings not less frequently than annually to further purposes of the members, (2) except for credit unions, the association or associations collect dues or solicit contributions from members, and (3) the members have voting privileges and representation on the governing board and committees, and (4) the members are not, within the first 30 days of membership, directly solicited, offered, or sold a long-term care policy or Medicare supplement policy if the policy is available as an association benefit. This clause does not prohibit direct solicitations, offers, or sales made exclusively by mail.

Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.43, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [REFUNDS.] Notwithstanding the provisions of section 62A.38, an insurer which issues a medicare supplement plan to any person who has one plan then in effect, except as permitted in subdivision 1, shall, at the request of the insured, either refund the premiums or pay any claims on the policy, whichever is greater. Any refund of premium pursuant to this section or section 62A.38 shall be sent by the insurer directly to the insured within 15 days of the request by the insured.

Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.43, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. [OTHER POLICIES NOT PROHIBITED.] The prohibition in this section against the sale of duplicate Medicare supplement coverage does not preclude the sale of insurance coverage, such as travel, accident, and sickness coverage, the effect or purpose of which is not to supplement Medicare coverage. Notwithstanding this provision, if the commissioner determines that the coverage being sold is in fact Medicare supplement insurance, the commissioner shall notify the insurer in writing of the determination. If the insurer does not thereafter comply with sections 62A.31 to 62A.44,

the commissioner may, pursuant to chapter 14, revoke or suspend the insurer's authority to sell accident and health insurance in this state or impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000, or both.

Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.46, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 11. [BENEFIT PERIOD.] "Benefit period" means one or more separate or combined periods of confinement covered by a long-term care policy in a nursing facility or at home while receiving home care services. A benefit period begins on the first day the insured receives a benefit under the policy and ends when the insured has received no benefits for the same or related cause for an interval of 180 consecutive days.

Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.48, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [POLICY REQUIREMENTS.] No individual or group policy, certificate, subscriber contract, or other evidence of coverage of nursing home care or other long-term care services shall be offered, issued, delivered, or renewed in this state, whether or not the policy is issued in this state, unless the policy is offered, issued, delivered, or renewed by a qualified insurer and the policy satisfies the requirements of sections 62A.46 to 62A.56. A long-term care policy must cover medically prescribed long-term care in nursing facilities and at least the medically prescribed long-term home care services in section 62A.46, subdivision 4, clauses (1) to (5), provided by a home health agency. Coverage under a long-term care policy AA must include: a maximum lifetime benefit limit of at least \$100,000 for services, and nursing facility and home care coverages must not be subject to separate lifetime maximums, and a requirement of prior hospitalization for up to one day may be imposed only for long-term care in a nursing facility. Coverage under a long-term care policy A must include: a maximum lifetime benefit limit of at least \$50,000 for services, nursing facility and home care coverages must not be subject to separate lifetime maximums, and a requirement of prior hospitalization for up to three days may be imposed for long-term care in a nursing facility or home care services. If long-term care policies require the policyholder to be admitted to a nursing facility or begin home care services within a specified period after discharge from a hospital, that period may be no less than 30 days.

Coverage under either policy designation must cover preexisting conditions during the first six months of coverage if the insured was not diagnosed or treated for the particular condition during the 90 days immediately preceding the effective date of coverage. Coverage under either policy designation may include a waiting period of up to 90 days before benefits are paid, but there must be no more than one waiting period per benefit period. No policy may exclude coverage for mental or nervous disorders which have a demonstrable organic cause, such as Alzheimer's and related dementias. No policy may require the insured to meet a prior hospitalization test more

than once during a single benefit period. The policy must include a provision that the plan will not be canceled or renewal refused except on the grounds of nonpayment of the premium, provided that the insurer may change the premium rate on a class basis on any policy anniversary date. Policy options include a provision that the policyholder may elect to have the premium paid in full at age 65 with payment of a higher premium up to age 65 and may be offered. A provision that the premium would be waived during any period in which benefits are being paid to the insured during confinement in a nursing facility must be included. A nongroup policyholder may return a policy within 30 days of its delivery and have the premium refunded in full, less any benefits paid under the policy, if the policyholder is not satisfied for any reason.

Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.48, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [PER DIEM COVERAGE.] If benefits are provided on a per diem basis, the minimum daily benefit for care in a nursing facility must be the lesser of \$60 or actual charges under a long-term care policy AA or the lesser of \$40 or actual charges under a long-term care policy A and the minimum daily benefit per visit for home care under a long-term care policy AA or A must be the lesser of \$25 or actual charges under a long-term care policy AA or the lesser of \$25 or actual charges for nurse and therapy services and \$20 for home health aide and nonmedical services under a long-term care policy A. If home care services are provided less frequently than daily, the minimum benefit is the lesser of actual charges or an amount determined by multiplying the number of days of the period during which services will be provided, or a reasonable interval of the service period, by \$25 and dividing the resulting amount by the number of days during this period on which home care services were rendered. The home care services benefit must cover at least seven paid visits per week.

Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.48, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [COORDINATION OF BENEFITS.] A long-term care policy shall may be secondary coverage for services provided under sections 62A.46 to 62A.56. Nothing in sections 62A.46 to 62A.56 shall require the secondary payor to pay the obligations of the primary payor nor shall it prevent the secondary payor from recovering from the primary payor the amount of any obligation of the primary payor that the secondary payor elects to pay.

There shall be no coordination of benefits between a long-term care policy and a policy designed primarily to provide coverage payable on a per diem, fixed indemnity or nonexpense-incurred basis, or a policy that provides only accident coverage.

Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.48, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 7. [EXISTING POLICIES.] Nothing in sections 62A.46 to 62A.56 prohibits the renewal of policies sold outside the state of Minnesota to persons who at the time of sale were not residents of the state of Minnesota.

Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.50, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [DISCLOSURES.] No long-term care policy shall be offered or delivered in this state, whether or not the policy is issued in this state, and no certificate of coverage under a group long-term care policy shall be offered or delivered in this state, unless a statement containing at least the following information is delivered to the applicant at the time the application is made:

(1) a description of the benefits and coverage provided by the policy and the differences between this policy, a supplemental medicare policy and the benefits to which an individual is entitled under parts A and B of medicare and the differences between policy designations A and AA;

(2) a statement of the exceptions and limitations in the policy including the following language, as applicable, in bold print: **"THIS POLICY DOES NOT COVER ALL NURSING CARE FACILITIES OR NURSING HOME OR HOME CARE EXPENSES AND DOES NOT COVER RESIDENTIAL CARE. READ YOUR POLICY CAREFULLY TO DETERMINE WHICH FACILITIES AND EXPENSES ARE COVERED BY YOUR POLICY."**;

(3) a statement of the renewal provisions including any reservation by the insurer of the right to change premiums;

(4) a statement that the outline of coverage is a summary of the policy issued or applied for and that the policy should be consulted to determine governing contractual provisions;

(5) an explanation of the policy's loss ratio including at least the following language: "This means that, on the average, policyholders may expect that \$..... of every \$100 in premium will be returned as benefits to policyholders over the life of the contract."; and

(6) a statement of the out-of-pocket expenses, including deductibles and copayments for which the insured is responsible, and an explanation of the specific out-of-pocket expenses that may be accumulated toward any out-of-pocket maximum as specified in the policy.

Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62D.05, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:



Subd. 6. [SUPPLEMENTAL BENEFITS.] A health maintenance organization may, as a supplemental benefit, provide coverage to its enrollees for health care services and supplies received from providers who are not employed by, under contract with, or otherwise affiliated with the health maintenance organization. The commissioner may, pursuant to chapter 14, adopt, enforce, and administer rules relating to this subdivision, including: rules insuring that these benefits are supplementary and not substitutes for comprehensive health maintenance services; rules relating to protection against insolvency, including the establishment of necessary financial reserves; rules relating to appropriate standards for claims processing; rules relating to marketing practices; and other rules necessary for the effective and efficient administration of this subdivision. The commissioner, in adopting rules, shall give consideration to existing laws and rules administered and enforced by the department of commerce relating to health insurance plans. Except as otherwise provided by law, a health maintenance organization may not advertise, offer, or enter into contracts for the coverage described in this subdivision until 30 days after the effective date of rules adopted by the commissioner of health to implement this subdivision.

Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62D.102, is amended to read:

**62D.102 [MINIMUM BENEFITS.]**

In addition to minimum requirements established in other sections, all group health maintenance contracts providing benefits for mental or nervous disorder treatments in a hospital shall also provide coverage for at least ten hours of treatment over a 12-month period with a copayment not to exceed the greater of \$10 or 20 percent of the applicable usual and customary charge for mental or nervous disorder consultation, diagnosis and treatment services delivered while the enrollee is not a bed patient in a hospital and at least 75 percent of the cost of the usual and customary charges for any additional hours of ambulatory mental health treatment during the same 12-month benefit period for serious and persistent mental or nervous disorders.

Prior authorization may be required for an extension of coverage beyond ten hours of treatment. This prior authorization must be based upon the severity of the disorder, the patient's risk of deterioration without ongoing treatment and maintenance, degree of functional impairment, and a concise treatment plan. Authorization for extended treatment may not exceed a maximum of 30 visit hours during any 12-month benefit period.

For purposes of this section, covered treatment for a minor shall include treatment for the family if family therapy is recommended by a health maintenance organization provider.

Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62E.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [NUMBER THREE PLAN.] A plan of health coverage shall be certified as a number three qualified plan if it otherwise meets the requirements established by chapters 62A and 62C, and the other laws of this state, whether or not the policy is issued in Minnesota, and meets or exceeds the following minimum standards:

(a) The minimum benefits for a covered individual shall, subject to the other provisions of this subdivision, be equal to at least 80 percent of the cost of covered services in excess of an annual deductible which does not exceed \$150 per person. The coverage shall include a limitation of \$3,000 per person on total annual out-of-pocket expenses for services covered under this subdivision. The coverage shall be subject to a maximum lifetime benefit of not less than \$250,000.

The \$3,000 limitation on total annual out-of-pocket expenses and the \$250,000 maximum lifetime benefit shall not be subject to change or substitution by use of an actuarially equivalent benefit.

(b) Covered expenses shall be the usual and customary charges for the following services and articles when prescribed by a physician:

- (1) hospital services;
- (2) professional services for the diagnosis or treatment of injuries, illnesses, or conditions, other than ~~outpatient mental or dental~~, which are rendered by a physician or at the physician's direction;
- (3) drugs requiring a physician's prescription;
- (4) services of a nursing home for not more than 120 days in a year if the services would qualify as reimbursable services under medicare;
- (5) services of a home health agency if the services would qualify as reimbursable services under medicare;
- (6) use of radium or other radioactive materials;
- (7) oxygen;
- (8) anesthetics;
- (9) prostheses other than dental;

(10) rental or purchase, as appropriate, of durable medical equipment other than eyeglasses and hearing aids;

(11) diagnostic X-rays and laboratory tests;

(12) oral surgery for partially or completely unerupted impacted teeth, a tooth root without the extraction of the entire tooth, or the gums and tissues of the mouth when not performed in connection with the extraction or repair of teeth;

(13) services of a physical therapist; and

(14) transportation provided by licensed ambulance service to the nearest facility qualified to treat the condition; or a reasonable mileage rate for transportation to a kidney dialysis center for treatment; and

(15) services of an occupational therapist.

(c) Covered expenses for the services and articles specified in this subdivision do not include the following:

(1) any charge for care for injury or disease either (i) arising out of an injury in the course of employment and subject to a workers' compensation or similar law, (ii) for which benefits are payable without regard to fault under coverage statutorily required to be contained in any motor vehicle, or other liability insurance policy or equivalent self-insurance, or (iii) for which benefits are payable under another policy of accident and health insurance, medicare or any other governmental program except as otherwise provided by law;

(2) any charge for treatment for cosmetic purposes other than for reconstructive surgery when such service is incidental to or follows surgery resulting from injury, sickness or other diseases of the involved part or when such service is performed on a covered dependent child because of congenital disease or anomaly which has resulted in a functional defect as determined by the attending physician;

(3) care which is primarily for custodial or domiciliary purposes which would not qualify as eligible services under medicare;

(4) any charge for confinement in a private room to the extent it is in excess of the institution's charge for its most common semiprivate room, unless a private room is prescribed as medically necessary by a physician, provided, however, that if the institution does not have semiprivate rooms, its most common semiprivate room charge shall be considered to be 90 percent of its lowest private room charge;

(5) that part of any charge for services or articles rendered or prescribed by a physician, dentist, or other health care personnel which exceeds the prevailing charge in the locality where the service is provided; and

(6) any charge for services or articles the provision of which is not within the scope of authorized practice of the institution or individual rendering the services or articles.

(d) The minimum benefits for a qualified plan shall include, in addition to those benefits specified in clauses (a) and (e), benefits for well baby care, effective July 1, 1980, subject to applicable deductibles, coinsurance provisions, and maximum lifetime benefit limitations.

(e) Effective July 1, 1979, the minimum benefits of a qualified plan shall include, in addition to those benefits specified in clause (a), a second opinion from a physician on all surgical procedures expected to cost a total of \$500 or more in physician, laboratory and hospital fees, provided that the coverage need not include the repetition of any diagnostic tests.

(f) Effective August 1, 1985, the minimum benefits of a qualified plan must include, in addition to the benefits specified in clauses (a), (d), and (e), coverage for special dietary treatment for phenylketonuria when recommended by a physician.

(g) Outpatient mental health coverage is subject to section 62A.152, subdivision 2.

Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62E.10, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [BOARD OF DIRECTORS; ORGANIZATION.] The board of directors of the association shall be made up of seven individuals nine members as follows: five insurer directors selected by participating members, subject to approval by the commissioner and two; four public members appointed by the governor directors selected by the commissioner. Public members may include licensed insurance agents. In determining voting rights at members' meetings, each member shall be entitled to vote in person or proxy. The vote shall be a weighted vote based upon the member's cost of self-insurance, accident and health insurance premium, subscriber contract charges, or health maintenance contract payment derived from or on behalf of Minnesota residents in the previous calendar year, as determined by the commissioner. In approving ~~members~~ directors of the board, the commissioner shall consider, among other things, whether all types of members are fairly represented. ~~Members of the board~~ Insurer directors may be reimbursed from the money of the association for expenses incurred by them as ~~members~~ directors, but shall not otherwise be compensated by the association for their

services. The costs of conducting meetings of the association and its board of directors shall be borne by members of the association.

Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62E.10, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2a. [APPEALS.] A person may appeal to the commissioner within 30 days after notice of an action, ruling, or decision by the board.

A final action or order of the commissioner under this subdivision is subject to judicial review in the manner provided by chapter 14.

In lieu of the appeal to the commissioner, a person may seek judicial review of the board's action.

Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62E.10, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 9. [EXPERIMENTAL DELIVERY METHOD.] The association may petition the commissioner of commerce for a waiver to allow the experimental use of alternative means of health care delivery. The commissioner may approve the use of the alternative means the commissioner considers appropriate. The commissioner may waive any of the requirements of chapters 60A, 62A, 62D, and 62E in granting the waiver. The commissioner may also grant to the association any additional powers as are necessary to facilitate the specific waiver.

This subdivision is effective until August 1, 1989.

Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62E.14, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. [TERMINATED EMPLOYEES.] An employee who is voluntarily or involuntarily terminated or laid off from employment and unable to exercise the option to continue coverage under section 62A.17 may enroll, within 60 days of termination or lay-off, with a waiver of the preexisting condition limitation set forth in subdivision 3 and a waiver of the evidence of rejection set forth in subdivision 1, paragraph (c).

Sec. 71. [62E.18] [HEALTH INSURANCE FOR RETIRED EMPLOYEES NOT ELIGIBLE FOR MEDICARE.]

A Minnesota resident who is age 65 or over and is not eligible for the health insurance benefits of the federal Medicare program is entitled to purchase the benefits of a qualified plan, one or two, offered by the Minnesota comprehensive health association without

any of the limitations set forth in section 62E.14, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), and subdivision 3.

Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62F.041, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. This section shall expire on June 30, 1987 1989.

Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62F.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. A policy issued by the association shall provide for a continuous period of coverage beginning with its effective date and terminating automatically at 12:01 a.m. on September 1, 1988, or sooner as provided in sections 62F.01 to 62F.14 may not extend beyond a period of one year from the date on which the authorization under section 62F.04 ends. The policy shall be issued subject to the group retrospective rating plan and the stabilization reserve fund authorized by section 62F.09. The policy shall be written to apply to claims first made against the insured and reported to the association during the policy period. No policy form shall be used by the association unless it has been filed with the commissioner, and the commissioner may disapprove the form within 30 days if the commissioner determines it is misleading or violates public policy.

Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62H.01, is amended to read:

62H.01 [JOINT SELF-INSURANCE EMPLOYEE HEALTH PLAN.]

Any three or more employers, excluding the state and its political subdivisions as described in 471.617, subdivision 1, who are authorized to transact business in Minnesota may jointly self-insure employee health, dental, or short-term disability benefits. Joint plans must have a minimum of 250 covered employees and meet all conditions and terms of sections 62H.01 to 62H.08. Joint plans covering employers not resident in Minnesota must meet the requirements of sections 62H.01 to 62H.08 as if the portion of the plan covering Minnesota resident employees was treated as a separate plan. A plan may cover employees resident in other states only if the plan complies with the applicable laws of that state.

Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62H.02, is amended to read:

62H.02 [REQUIRED PROVISIONS.]

A joint self-insurance plan must include aggregate excess stop-loss coverage and individual excess stop-loss coverage provided by an

insurance company licensed by the state of Minnesota. Aggregate excess stop-loss coverage must include provisions to cover incurred, unpaid claim liability in the event of plan termination. ~~The excess or stop-loss insurer must bear the risk of coverage for any member of the pool that becomes insolvent with outstanding contribution due.~~ In addition, the plan of self-insurance must have participating employers fund an amount at least equal to the point at which the excess or stop-loss insurer ~~must~~ has contracted to assume 100 percent of additional liability. A joint self-insurance plan must submit its proposed excess or stop-loss insurance contract to the commissioner of commerce at least 30 days prior to the proposed plan's effective date and at least 30 days subsequent to any renewal date. The commissioner shall review the contract to determine if they meet the standards established by sections 62H.01 to 62H.08 and respond within a 30-day period. Any excess or stop-loss insurance plan must be ~~noncancelable for a minimum term of two years~~ contain a provision that the excess or stop-loss insurer will give the plan and the commissioner of commerce a minimum of 180 days notice of termination or nonrenewal. If the plan fails to secure replacement coverage within 60 days after receipt of the notice of cancellation or nonrenewal, the commissioner shall issue an order providing for the orderly termination of the plan.

Sec. 76. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62H.04, is amended to read:

#### 62H.04 [COMPLIANCE WITH OTHER LAWS.]

A joint self-insurance plan is subject to the requirements of ~~chapter~~ chapters 62A, and 62E, and sections 72A.17 to 72A.32 unless otherwise specifically exempt. A joint self-insurance plan must not offer less than a number two qualified plan or its actuarial equivalent.

Sec. 77. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62I.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [CREATION.] The Minnesota joint underwriting association is created to provide insurance coverage to any person or entity unable to obtain insurance through ordinary methods if the insurance is required by statute, ordinance, or otherwise required by law, or is necessary to earn a livelihood or conduct a business and serves a public purpose. Prudent business practice or mere desire to have insurance coverage is not a sufficient standard for the association to offer insurance coverage to a person or entity. For purposes of this subdivision, directors' and officers' liability insurance is considered to be a business necessity and not merely a prudent business practice. The association shall be specifically authorized to provide insurance coverage to day care providers, foster parents, foster homes, developmental achievement centers, group homes, and sheltered workshops for mentally, emotionally, or physically handi-

capped persons, and citizen participation groups established pursuant to the housing and community redevelopment act of 1974, Public Law Number 93-383. Because the activities of certain persons or entities present a risk that is so great, the association shall not offer insurance coverage to any person or entity the board of directors of the association determines is outside the intended scope and purpose of the association because of the gravity of the risk of offering insurance coverage. The association shall not offer environmental impairment liability or product liability insurance. The association shall not offer coverage for activities that are conducted substantially outside the state of Minnesota unless the insurance is required by statute, ordinance, or otherwise required by law. Every insurer authorized to write property and casualty insurance in this state shall be a member of the association as a condition to obtaining and retaining a license to write insurance in this state.

Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62I.02, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [REAUTHORIZATION.] The authorization to issue insurance to day care providers, foster parents, foster homes, developmental activity centers, group homes, and sheltered workshops for mentally, emotionally, or physically handicapped persons, and citizen participation groups established pursuant to the housing and community redevelopment act of 1974, Public Law Number 93-383, is valid for a period of two years from the date it was made. The commissioner may reauthorize the issuance of insurance for these groups and other classes of business for additional two-year periods pursuant to sections 62I.21 and 62I.22. This subdivision is not a limitation on the number of times the commissioner may reauthorize the issuance of insurance. ~~Insurance may not be offered pursuant to this section to persons or entities other than those listed in this subdivision after December 31, 1989.~~

Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62I.03, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [DEFICIT.] "Deficit" means, for a particular policy year and line or type of insurance, that amount by which total paid and outstanding losses and loss adjustment expenses exceed premium revenue, including retrospective premium revenue.

Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62I.04, is amended to read:

#### 62I.04 [POLICY ISSUANCE.]

Any person or entity that is a resident of the state of Minnesota who has a current ~~written~~ notice of refusal to insure from an insurer licensed to offer insurance in the state of Minnesota may make written application to the association for coverage. The applicable



premium or required portion of it must be paid prior to coverage by the association.

The application shall be filed simultaneously with the association and the market assistance plan for the association.

The association is authorized to (1) issue or cause to be issued insurance policies to applicants subject to limits specified in the plan of operation; (2) underwrite the insurance and adjust and pay losses with respect to it, or appoint service companies to perform those functions; (3) assume reinsurance from its members; and (4) cede reinsurance.

Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62I.12, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ADMINISTRATOR.] The association shall be administered by a qualified insurer or vendor of risk management services selected by the commissioner. If the commissioner deems it necessary, the commissioner may select more than one person to administer the association. At the option of the board, employees may participate in the state retirement plan and the state deferred compensation plan for employees in the unclassified service, and an insurance plan administered by the commissioner of employee relations under chapter 43A.

Sec. 82. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62I.13, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. Notwithstanding any order of the commissioner or inconsistent provisions of this chapter, the board of directors may decline to offer coverage to any class of business or a member of a class of business upon a reasonable underwriting basis.

Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62I.16, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [SUPERVISION.] All money paid into the fund shall be held in trust by the corporate trustee selected by the board of directors. The corporate trustee may invest the money held in trust subject to the approval of the board. All investment income shall be credited to the fund. All expenses of the administration of the fund shall be charged against the fund. The money held in trust shall be used solely for the purpose of discharging when due any retrospective premium charges payable by policyholders and any retrospective premium refunds payable to policyholders under the group retrospective rating plan. Payment of retrospective premium charges shall be made upon certification of the amount due. If all money accruing to the fund is exhausted in payment of retrospective premium charges, all liability and obligations of the association's policyholders with respect to the payment of retrospective premium

charges shall terminate and shall be conclusively presumed to have been discharged. Any stabilization reserve fund charges from a particular policy year ~~and line or type of insurance~~ not used to pay retrospective premiums must be returned to policyholders after all claims and expense obligations from that particular policy year ~~and line or type of insurance~~ are satisfied.

Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62I.22, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [NOTICE.] The commissioner of commerce shall publish notice of the hearing in the State Register at least 30 days before the hearing date. The notice should be that used for rulemaking under chapter 14. Approval by the administrative law judge of the notice prior to publication is not required. The notice must contain a statement that anyone wishing to oppose activation beyond 180 days for any particular class, must file a petition to intervene with the administrative law judge at least ten days before the hearing date. If no notice to intervene is filed for a class, then the class is activated beyond the 180-day period without further action.

Sec. 85. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62I.22, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. [CASE PRESENTATION.] The department of commerce, upon request by small businesses as defined by section 14.115, subdivision 1, shall assist small businesses in any specific class requesting continuation of coverage beyond the 180-day period, in coordinating the class and presenting the case in the contested hearing.

Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 64B.11, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [FILING OF AMENDMENTS BY FOREIGN OR ALIEN SOCIETY.] Every foreign or alien society authorized to do business in this state shall ~~file with the commissioner a duly certified copy of all amendments of, or additions to, its laws within 90 days after the enactment of same~~ be subject to the requirements of section 72A.061, subdivision 2, as to amendments or additions to its bylaws.

Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 64B.18, is amended to read:

#### 64B.18 [BENEFITS NOT ATTACHABLE.]

Except as provided in chapter 256B, the money or other benefits, charity, relief, or aid to be paid, provided, or rendered by any society authorized to do business under this chapter shall, neither before nor after being paid, be liable to attachment, garnishment, or other

process and shall not be ceased, taken, appropriated, or applied by any legal or equitable process or operation of laws to pay any debt or liability of a certificate holder or of any beneficiary named in the certificate, or of any person who may have any right thereunder. The cash value, proceeds, or benefits under any matured or unmatured life insurance or annuity contract issued before, on, or after the effective date of this section, by any society authorized to do business under this chapter, is exempt from attachment, garnishment, execution, or other legal process to the extent provided by section 550.37, subdivisions 10, 23, and 24.

Sec. 88. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 64B.27, is amended to read:

64B.27 [ANNUAL LICENSE.]

Societies that are now authorized to transact business in this state may continue this business until the first day of June next succeeding August 1, 1985. The authority of the societies and all societies hereafter licensed, may thereafter be renewed annually, subject to section 60A.13, subdivisions 1, 5, 6, and 7. However, a license so issued shall continue in full force and effect until the new license is issued or specifically refused. ~~For each license or renewal the society shall pay the commissioner \$20.~~ A duly certified copy or duplicate of the license is prima facie evidence that the licensee is a fraternal benefit society within the meaning of this chapter.

Sec. 89. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65A.01, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

Subd. 3a. [CANCELLATION.] (1) There shall be printed in the policy or an endorsement attached to the policy a printed form in the following words:

When this policy has been issued to cover buildings used for residential purposes other than a hotel or motel and has been in effect for at least ~~six months~~ 60 days, or if it has been renewed, this policy shall not be canceled, except for one or more of the following reasons which shall be stated in the notice of cancellation:

- (a) Nonpayment of premium;
- (b) Misrepresentation or fraud made by or with the knowledge of the insured in obtaining the policy or in pursuing a claim thereunder;
- (c) An act or omission of the insured which materially increases the risk originally accepted;

(d) Physical changes in the insured property which are not corrected or restored within a reasonable time after they occur and which result in the property becoming uninsurable; or

(e) Nonpayment of dues to an association or organization, other than an insurance association or organization, where payment of dues is a prerequisite to obtaining or continuing the insurance.

Provided, however, that this limitation on cancellation shall not apply to additional coverages in a divisible policy, other than a policy of fire and extended coverage insurance. If this company cancels the additional coverages, it may issue a new, separate fire policy at a premium calculated on a pro rata basis for the remaining period of the original policy.

(2) The provisions of clause (1)(e) shall not be included in the language of the policy or endorsement unless the payment of dues to an association or organization, other than an insurance association or organization, is a prerequisite to obtaining or continuing the insurance.

Sec. 90. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65A.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

#### 65A.03 [BINDERS, TEMPORARY INSURANCE.]

Subdivision 1. [GENERALLY.] Binders or other contracts for temporary insurance may be made orally or in writing, and shall be deemed to include all the terms of such standard fire insurance policy and all such applicable endorsements as may be designated in such contract of temporary insurance; except that the ~~cancellation clause of such standard fire insurance policy and the clause specifying the hour of the day at which the insurance shall commence,~~ may be superseded by the express terms of such contract of temporary insurance.

Sec. 91. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65A.10, is amended to read:

#### 65A.10 [LIMITATION.]

Nothing contained in sections 65A.08 and 65A.09 shall be construed to preclude insurance against the cost, in excess of actual cash value at the time any loss or damage occurs, of actually repairing, rebuilding or replacing the insured property. Subject to any applicable policy limits, where an insurer offers replacement cost insurance, the insurance must cover the cost of replacing, rebuilding, or repairing any loss or damaged property in accordance with the minimum code as required by state or local authorities. In the case of a partial loss, unless more extensive coverage is other-

wise specified in the policy, this coverage applies only to the damaged portion of the property.

Sec. 92. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65A.29, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 10. [RETURN OF UNEARNED PREMIUM.] Cancellation of a policy of homeowner's insurance pursuant to this section is not effective unless any unearned premium due the insured is returned to the insured with the notice of cancellation or is delivered or sent by mail to the insured so as to be received by the insured not later than the effective date of cancellation. If the premium has been paid by the insured's agent and debited to the agent's account with the company, upon cancellation, the unearned premium must be credited to the agent's account with the company.

Sec. 93. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65A.35, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [ADMINISTRATION.] (1) The facility shall be administered by a governing committee board of five members nine directors, five of whom are elected annually by the members of the facility, and four additional members who represent the public. Public directors may include licensed insurance agents. Public directors are appointed by the commissioner, at least three of whom shall be public members. At least one elected member of the governing committee director shall be a domestic stock insurer, and at least one elected member of the governing committee director shall be a domestic nonstock insurer. In the election of members of the governing committee directors, each member of the facility shall be allotted votes bearing the same ratio to the total number of votes to be cast as its degree of participation in the facility bears to the total participation. Pending the determination of the degree of participation of the members in the facility, each member of the facility shall be allotted votes bearing the same ratio to the total number of votes to be cast as each member's written premium on basic property insurance during calendar year 1968 bears to the statewide total written premium for basic property insurance during such year. The first governing committee shall be elected at a meeting of the members or their authorized representatives.

(2) Any vacancy among the elected members on the governing committee directors shall be filled by a vote of the other elected members of the governing committee directors.

(3) If at any time the members directors fail to elect the required number of members to the governing committee board, or a vacancy remains unfilled for more than 15 days, the commissioner may appoint the members necessary to constitute a full governing committee board of directors.

(4) Vacancies among directors appointed by the commissioner shall be filled by appointment by the commissioner. A person so appointed serves until the end of the term of the member they are replacing.

(5) All directors serve for a period of two years. The terms of all directors begin on January 1 of the year their appointment begins.

(6) The plan of operation must provide for adequate compensation of directors. A per diem amount and a procedure for reimbursement of expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties must be included in the plan. Directors whose employers compensate them while serving on the board or who would submit their compensation to their employer are not eligible for compensation under the plan.

Sec. 94. [65A.375] [RATES FOR COOPERATIVE HOUSING AND NEIGHBORHOOD REAL ESTATE TRUST INSURANCE.]

The commissioner shall set the insurance rates for cooperative housing, organized under chapter 308, and for neighborhood real estate trusts, characterized as nonprofit ownership of real estate with resident control. The rates must be actuarially sound.

Sec. 95. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65A.39, is amended to read:

65A.39 [RIGHT OF APPEAL.]

(a) Any applicant or participating insurer shall have the right of appeal to the governing committee board of directors, which shall promptly determine said the appeal. A decision of the committee board may be appealed to the commissioner within 30 days from notice of the action or decision of the committee, and. The commissioner shall promptly determine said the appeal. Each denial of insurance shall be accompanied by a statement that the applicant has the right of appeal to the governing committee board and the commissioner and setting forth the procedures to be followed for such the appeal. A final action of the commissioner is subject to judicial review as provided in chapter 14.

(b) In lieu of the appeal to the commissioner under paragraph (a), an applicant or insurer may seek judicial review of the board's action.

Sec. 96. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65B.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [MEMBERSHIP.] The commissioner shall direct that an election be held among every insurer subject to this chapter, for the election of ~~a~~ insurer representatives on the facility governing

committee. The governing committee shall be made up of eight nine individuals selected, five of whom shall be elected by participating members of the facility and one public member appointed by the governor to two year terms four who shall be public members. Public members may include licensed insurance agents. The public members shall be appointed by the commissioner. Each insurer member of the governing committee shall be a participating member. The term of office for members of the governing committee is two years.

Each participating member serving on the governing committee shall be represented by a salaried employee of that participating member, and not more than one participating member in a group under the same management shall serve on the governing committee at the same time. ~~The commissioner of commerce or a designee shall be an ex officio member of the governing committee.~~

Sec. 97. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65B.12, is amended to read:

**65B.12 [RIGHT TO HEARING; CONSTRUCTION OF PLAN OF OPERATION.]**

Subdivision 1. Any participating member, applicant or person insured under a policy placed through the facility may request a formal hearing and ruling by the governing committee on any alleged violation of the plan of operation or any alleged improper act or ruling of the facility ~~directly affecting its assessment, premium or coverage furnished, provided that such right to hearing shall not apply to any claim arising out of insurance provided by any participating member.~~ Such The request for hearing must be filed within 30 days after the date of the alleged act or decision.

Subd. 2. The plan of operation shall provide for prompt and fair hearings, and shall prescribe the procedure to be followed in ~~such the~~ hearings.

Subd. 3. Any formal ruling by the governing committee may be appealed to the commissioner by filing notice of appeal with the facility and the commissioner within 30 days after issuance of the ruling. ~~Such a The~~ hearing shall be governed by the procedures for contested cases.

Subd. 4. Upon a hearing pursuant to ~~Laws 1971, chapter 813~~ chapter 14, the commissioner shall issue an order approving or disapproving the action or decision of the governing committee or directing the governing committee to reconsider the ruling.

Subd. 4a. In lieu of the appeal to the commissioner, a member, applicant, or person may seek judicial review of the governing committee's action.

Subd. 5. The plan of operation shall be interpreted to conform to the laws of this state with respect to automobile insurance coverage and any changes therein in the laws, unless the facility is specifically excluded from the applicability of such these laws.

Sec. 98. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65B.1311, is amended to read:

65B.1311 [COVERAGE FOR FORMER SPOUSE.]

Subdivision 1. [NEW POLICY ISSUED.] If the former spouse of a named insured under a policy of private passenger vehicle insurance applies within 60 days of entry of a valid decree of dissolution of the marriage and the former spouse was an insured driver under the policy for at least 12 months prior to entry of the decree, the insurer must issue a policy, upon payment of the appropriate premium, to the former spouse only on the basis of the driving record applicable to the former spouse and any person who is to be an insured, as defined in section 65B.43, under the policy to be issued, provided the person or persons to be insured meets the insurer's eligibility standards An insurer must issue a policy of private passenger insurance to the former spouse of a named insured, within the provisions of subdivision 2 of this section, if the following conditions are met:

(1) the former spouse has been an insured driver under the former policy for at least the six months immediately preceding the entry of a valid decree of dissolution of marriage;

(2) the former spouse makes application for a policy before the end of the policy period or within 60 days after the entry of the decree of dissolution of marriage, whichever is later;

(3) the appropriate premium is paid; and

(4) the former spouse and any person or persons who are to be an insured, as defined in section 65B.43, meets the insurer's eligibility standards for renewal policies.

Subd. 2. [NAMED INSURED.] A named insured under a policy of private passenger vehicle insurance shall have the premium determined at the first and any subsequent renewals of the policy after entry of a valid decree of dissolution of the marriage of the named insured only on the basis of the driving record and rating classification applicable to the named insured and any person who is to be an insured, as defined in section 65B.43, under the policy to be renewed.

Sec. 99. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65B.15, subdivision 1, is amended to read:



Subdivision 1. No cancellation or reduction in the limits of liability of coverage during the policy period of any policy shall be effective unless notice thereof is given and unless based on one or more reasons stated in the policy which shall be limited to the following:

1. Nonpayment of premium; or
2. The policy was obtained through a material misrepresentation;  
or
3. Any insured made a false or fraudulent claim or knowingly aided or abetted another in the presentation of such a claim; or
4. The named insured failed to disclose fully motor vehicle accidents and moving traffic violations of the named insured for the preceding 36 months if called for in the written application; or
5. The named insured failed to disclose in the written application any requested information necessary for the acceptance or proper rating of the risk; or
6. The named insured knowingly failed to give any required written notice of loss or notice of lawsuit commenced against the named insured, or, when requested, refused to cooperate in the investigation of a claim or defense of a lawsuit; or
7. The named insured or any other operator who either resides in the same household, unless the other operator is identified by name in any other policy as an insured; or customarily operates an automobile insured under such policy:
  - (a) has, within the 36 months prior to the notice of cancellation, had that person's driver's license under suspension or revocation; or
  - (b) is or becomes subject to epilepsy or heart attacks, and such individual does not produce a written opinion from a physician testifying to that person's medical ability to operate a motor vehicle safely, such opinion to be based upon a reasonable medical probability; or
  - (c) has an accident record, conviction record (criminal or traffic), physical condition or mental condition, any one or all of which are such that the person's operation of an automobile might endanger the public safety; or
  - (d) has been convicted, or forfeited bail, during the 24 months immediately preceding the notice of cancellation for criminal negligence in the use or operation of an automobile, or assault arising out of the operation of a motor vehicle, or operating a motor vehicle

while in an intoxicated condition or while under the influence of drugs; or leaving the scene of an accident without stopping to report; or making false statements in an application for a driver's license, or theft or unlawful taking of a motor vehicle; or

(e) has been convicted of, or forfeited bail for, one or more violations within the 18 months immediately preceding the notice of cancellation, of any law, ordinance, or rule which justify a revocation of a driver's license.

8. The insured automobile is:

(1) so mechanically defective that its operation might endanger public safety; or

(2) used in carrying passengers for hire or compensation, provided however that the use of an automobile for a car pool shall not be considered use of an automobile for hire or compensation; or

(3) used in the business of transportation of flammables or explosives; or

(4) an authorized emergency vehicle; or

(5) subject to an inspection law and has not been inspected or, if inspected, has failed to qualify within the period specified under such inspection law; or

(6) substantially changed in type or condition during the policy period, increasing the risk substantially, such as conversion to a commercial type vehicle, a dragster, sports car or so as to give clear evidence of a use other than the original use.

Sec. 100. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65B.16, is amended to read:

**65B.16 [STATEMENT OF REASONS FOR CANCELLATION OR REDUCTION.]**

No notice of cancellation or reduction in the limits of liability of coverage of an automobile insurance policy under section 65B.15 shall be effective unless the specific underwriting or other reason or reasons for such cancellation or reduction in the limits of liability of coverage are stated in such notice and the notice is mailed or delivered by the insurer to the named insured at least 30 days prior to the effective date of cancellation; provided, however, that when nonpayment of premium is the reason for cancellation or when the company is exercising its right to cancel insurance which has been in effect for less than 60 days at least ten days notice of cancellation, and the reasons for the cancellation, shall be given. Information

regarding moving traffic violations or motor vehicle accidents must be specifically requested on the application in order for a company to use those incidents to exercise its right to cancel within the first 59 days of coverage. When nonpayment of premiums is the reason for cancellation, the reason must be given to the insured with the notice of cancellation; and if the company is exercising its right to cancel within the first 59 days of coverage and notice is given with less than ten days remaining in the 59-day period, the coverage must be extended, to expire ten days after notice was mailed.

Sec. 101. [65B.162] [NOTICE OF POSSIBLE CANCELLATION.]

A written notice shall be provided to all applicants for private passenger insurance, at the time the application is submitted, containing the following language in bold print: "THE INSURER MAY ELECT TO CANCEL COVERAGE AT ANY TIME DURING THE FIRST 59 DAYS FOLLOWING ISSUANCE OF THE COVERAGE FOR ANY REASON WHICH IS NOT SPECIFICALLY PROHIBITED BY STATUTE."

Sec. 102. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65B.21, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Upon receipt of a written objection pursuant to the provisions herein, the commissioner shall may notify the insurer of receipt of such objection and of the right of the insurer to file a written response thereto within ten days of receipt of such notification. The commissioner may also order an investigation of the objection or complaint, the submission of additional information by the insured or the insurer about the action by the insurer or the objections of the insured, or such other procedure as the commissioner deems appropriate or necessary. Within 23 days of receipt of such written objection by an insured the commissioner shall approve or disapprove the insurer's action and shall notify the insured and insurer of the final decision. Either party may institute proceedings for judicial review of the commissioner's decision; provided, however, that the commissioner's final decision shall be binding pending judicial review.

Sec. 103. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65B.28, is amended to read:

65B.28 [ACCIDENT PREVENTION COURSE PREMIUM REDUCTIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [REQUIRED REDUCTION.] An insurer must provide an appropriate premium reduction of at least ten percent on its policies of private passenger vehicle insurance, as defined in section 65B.001, subdivision 2, issued, delivered, or renewed in this state after January 1, 1985, to insureds 65 55 years old and older

who successfully complete an accident prevention course established under subdivision 2.

Subd. 2. [ACCIDENT PREVENTION COURSE; RULES.] The commissioner of public safety shall, by January 1, 1985, adopt rules establishing and regulating a motor vehicle accident prevention course for persons 65 55 years old and older. The rules must, at a minimum, include provisions:

- (1) establishing curriculum requirements;
- (2) establishing the number of hours required for successful completion of the course;
- (3) providing for the issuance of a course completion certification and requiring its submission to an insured as evidence of completion of the course; and
- (4) requiring persons 65 55 years old and older to retake the course every three years to remain eligible for a premium reduction.

Sec. 104. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65B.46, is amended to read:

**65B.46 [RIGHT TO BENEFITS.]**

Subdivision 1. If the accident causing injury occurs in this state, every person suffering loss from injury arising out of maintenance or use of a motor vehicle or as a result of being struck as a pedestrian by a motorcycle has a right to basic economic loss benefits.

Subd. 2. If the accident causing injury occurs outside this state in the United States, United States possessions, or Canada, the following persons and their surviving dependents suffering loss from injury arising out of maintenance or use of a motor vehicle or as a result of being struck as a pedestrian by a motorcycle have a right to basic economic loss benefits:

- (1) Insureds, and
- (2) the driver and other occupants of a secured vehicle, other than (a) a vehicle which is regularly used in the course of the business of transporting persons or property and which is one of five or more vehicles under common ownership, or (b) a vehicle owned by a government other than this state, its political subdivisions, municipal corporations, or public agencies. The reparation obligor may, if the policy expressly states, extend the basic economic loss benefits to any stated area beyond the limits of the United States, United States possessions and Canada.

Subd. 3. For the purposes of sections 65B.41 to 65B.71, injuries suffered by a person while on, mounting or alighting from a motorcycle do not arise out of the maintenance or use of a motor vehicle although a motor vehicle is involved in the accident causing the injury.

Sec. 105. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65B.48, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Every owner of a motor vehicle of a type which is required to be registered or licensed or is principally garaged in this state shall maintain during the period in which operation or use is contemplated a plan of reparation security under provisions approved by the commissioner, insuring against loss resulting from liability imposed by law for injury and property damage sustained by any person arising out of the ownership, maintenance, operation or use of the vehicle. The plan of reparation security shall provide for basic economic loss benefits and residual liability coverage in amounts not less than those specified in section 65B.49, subdivision 3, clauses (1) and (2). The nonresident owner of a motor vehicle which is not required to be registered or licensed, or which is not principally garaged in this state, shall maintain such security in effect continuously throughout the period of the operation, maintenance or use of such motor vehicle within this state with respect to accidents occurring in this state; such security shall include coverage for property damage to a motor vehicle rented or leased within this state by a nonresident.

Sec. 106. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65B.49, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5a. [RENTAL VEHICLES.] (a) No plan of reparation security may be issued or renewed after August 1, 1987, unless the plan provides that all coverages under the plan are extended to any motor vehicle while being rented by the named insured. The plan must also provide that all or any part of the obligation of the named insured for property damage to a rented vehicle would be covered by the collision or comprehensive portion of the plan. The plan must provide that any deductible will not apply to claims that arise while a motor vehicle is being rented by a named insured.

(b) A vehicle is rented for purposes of this subdivision if the rate for the use of the vehicle is determined on a weekly or daily basis. A vehicle is not rented for purposes of this subdivision if the rate for the vehicle's use is determined on a monthly or longer period or the vehicle is rented principally for business purposes.

(c) The policy or certificate issued by the plan must inform the insured of the application of the plan to rental vehicles and that the insured may not need to purchase additional coverage from the rental company.

(d) Where an insured has two or more plans of reparation security containing the rented motor vehicle coverage required under paragraph (a), claims must be made against the plan covering the motor vehicle most often driven by the insured.

(e) A notice advising the insured of rental vehicle coverage must be given to each current insured with the first renewal notice after January 1, 1988. The notice must be approved by the commissioner of commerce. The commissioner may specify the form of the notice. A form approved by the commissioner must be reasonably calculated to put the insured on notice of the coverage.

(f) When a motor vehicle is rented or leased in this state, the rental contract must contain a written notice in at least ten-point bold type, if printed, or in capital letters, if typewritten, which states:

Under Minnesota law, a personal automobile insurance policy issued in Minnesota must cover the rental of a motor vehicle unless the rental is principally for business use or rented on a monthly or longer basis. Therefore, purchase of any collision damage waiver or other insurance affected in this rental contract may not be necessary if your policy was issued in Minnesota.

No collision damage waiver or other insurance offered as part of or in conjunction with a rental of a motor vehicle may be sold unless the person renting the vehicle provides a written acknowledgment that the above consumer protection notice has been read and understood.

Sec. 107. [65B.491] [SENIOR CITIZENS.]

After August 1, 1987, no plan of reparation security issued to or renewed with a person who has attained the age of 65 years may provide coverage for wage loss reimbursement that the insured will not reasonably be expected to be able to receive. It is the responsibility of the person issuing or renewing the plan to inquire as to the applicability of this section. The rate for any plan for which coverage has been excluded or reduced pursuant to this section must be reduced accordingly. This section does apply to self-insurance.

Sec. 108. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65B.525, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. The supreme court and the several courts of general trial jurisdiction of this state shall by rules of court or other constitutionally allowable device, provide for the mandatory submission to arbitration of all cases at issue where a the claim at the commencement of arbitration is in an amount of \$5,000 or less is made by a motor vehicle accident victim, whether in an action to

recover economic loss or noneconomic detriment for the allegedly negligent operation, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle within this state, or against any insured's reparation obligor for benefits as provided in sections 65B.41 to 65B.71 for no-fault benefits or comprehensive or collision damage coverage.

Sec. 109. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 65B.63, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Reparation obligors providing basic economic loss insurance in this state shall organize and maintain, subject to approval and regulation by the commissioner, an assigned claims bureau and an assigned claims plan, and adopt rules for their operation and for the assessment of costs on a fair and equitable basis consistent with sections 65B.41 to 65B.71. The assigned claims bureau shall be managed by a governing committee made up of four individuals selected by the insurer members, one individual selected by the self-insurer members, and two public members appointed by the governor to two-year terms. Public members may include licensed insurance agents. If such obligors do not organize and continuously maintain an assigned claims bureau and an assigned claims plan in a manner considered by the commissioner of commerce to be consistent with sections 65B.41 to 65B.71, the commissioner shall organize and maintain an assigned claims bureau and an assigned claims plan. Each reparation obligor providing basic economic loss insurance in this state shall participate in the assigned claims bureau and the assigned claims plan. Costs incurred shall be allocated fairly and equitably among the reparation obligors.

A ruling, action, or decision of the governing committee may be appealed to the commissioner within 30 days. A final action or order of the commissioner is subject to judicial review in the manner provided by chapter 14. In lieu of an appeal to the commissioner, judicial review of the governing committee's ruling, action, or decision may be sought.

Sec. 110. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 67A.05, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [FILING OF BYLAWS AND AMENDMENTS THERETO.] Every township mutual fire insurance company doing business within this state shall cause a copy of its bylaws to be certified to by its president and its secretary and file the same with the commissioner and thereafter every amendment to the bylaws of any township mutual fire insurance company, duly certified to by its president and its secretary, shall within a reasonable time after its adoption be filed in the office of the commissioner be subject to the requirements of section 72A.061, subdivision 2, as to amendments or additions to its bylaws.

Sec. 111. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 67A.06, is amended to read:

67A.06 [POWERS OF CORPORATION.]

Every corporation formed under the provisions of sections 67A.01 to 67A.26, shall have power:

- (1) To have succession by its corporate name for the time stated in its certificate of incorporation;
- (2) To sue and be sued in any court;
- (3) To have and use a common seal and alter the same at pleasure;
- (4) To acquire, by purchase or otherwise, and to hold, enjoy, improve, lease, encumber, and convey all real and personal property necessary for the purpose of its organization, subject to such limitations as may be imposed by law or by its articles of incorporation;
- (5) To elect or appoint in such manner as it may determine all necessary or proper officers, agents, boards, and committees, fix their compensation, and define their powers and duties;
- (6) To make and amend consistently with law bylaws providing for the management of its property and the regulation and government of its affairs;
- (7) To wind up and liquidate its business in the manner provided by chapter 60B; and
- (8) To indemnify certain persons against expenses and liabilities as provided in section ~~300.082~~ 300.083. In applying section ~~300.082~~ 300.083 for this purpose, the term "members" shall be substituted for the terms "shareholders" and "stockholders."

Sec. 112. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 67A.231, is amended to read:

67A.231 [DEPOSIT OF FUNDS; INVESTMENT; LIMITATIONS.]

The directors of any township mutual insurance company may authorize the treasurer to invest any of its funds and accumulations in:

- (a) Bonds, notes, mortgages, or other obligations guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America and those for which the credit of the United States is pledged to pay principal,



interest or dividends, including United States agency and instrumentality bonds, debentures, or obligations;

(b) Bonds, notes, evidence of indebtedness, or other public authority obligations guaranteed by this state;

(c) Bonds, notes, evidence of the indebtedness or other obligations guaranteed by the full faith and credit of any county, municipality, school district, or other duly authorized political subdivision of this state;

(d) Bonds or other interest bearing obligations, payable from revenues, provided that the bonds or other interest bearing obligations are at the time of purchase rated among the highest four quality categories used by a nationally recognized rating agency for rating the quality of similar bonds or other interest bearing obligations, and are not rated lower by any other such agency; or obligations of a United States agency or instrumentality that have been determined to be investment grade (as indicated by a "yes" rating) by the Securities Valuation Office of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners. This is not applicable to bonds or other interest bearing obligations in default as to principal;

(e) Investments in the obligations stated in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (d), may be made either directly or in the form of securities of, or other interests in, an investment company registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940. Investment company shares authorized pursuant to this subdivision shall not exceed 20 percent of the company's surplus. These obligations must be carried at the lower of cost or market on the annual statement filed with the commissioner and adjusted to market on an annual basis;

~~(d)~~ (f) Loans upon improved and unencumbered real property in this state worth at least twice the amount loaned thereon, not including buildings, unless insured by property insurance policies payable to and held by the security holder;

~~(e)~~ (g) Real estate, including land, buildings and fixtures, located in this state and used primarily as home office space for the insurance company;

~~(f)~~ (h) Demand or time deposits or savings accounts in federally insured depositories located in this state to the extent that the deposit or investment is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Corporation, or the National Credit Union Administration;

~~(g)~~ (i) Guarantee fund certificates of a mutual insurer which reinsures the business of the township mutual insurance company. The commissioner may by rule limit the amount of guarantee fund certificates which the township mutual insurance company may

purchase and this limit may be a function of the size of the township mutual insurance company; and

(j) Up to \$1,500 in stock of an insurer which issues directors and officers liability insurance to township mutual insurance company directors and officers.

Sec. 113. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 70A.06, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1a. Whenever an insurer files a change in a rate that will result in a 25 percent or more increase in a 12-month period over existing rates, the commissioner may hold a hearing to determine if the change is excessive. The hearing must be conducted under chapter 14. The commissioner must give notice of intent to hold a hearing within 60 days of the filing of the change. It shall be the responsibility of the insurer to show the rate is not excessive. The rate is effective unless it is determined as a result of the hearing that the rate is excessive.

Sec. 114. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 70A.08, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Until January 1, 1988, The commissioner may restrict approval on claims-made policies to forms filed by a rate service organization which have been approved.

Sec. 115. [72A.125] [RENTAL VEHICLE PERSONAL ACCIDENT INSURANCE; SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS.]

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITION.] (a) "Auto rental company" means a corporation, partnership, individual, or other person that is engaged primarily in the renting of motor vehicles at per diem rates.

(b) "Rental vehicle personal accident insurance" means accident only insurance providing accidental death benefits, dismemberment benefits and/or reimbursement for medical expenses which is issued by an insurer authorized in this state to issue accident and health insurance. These coverages are nonqualified plans under chapter 62E.

Subd. 2. [SALE BY AUTO RENTAL COMPANIES.] An auto rental company that offers or sells rental vehicle personal accident insurance in this state in conjunction with the rental of a vehicle shall only sell these products if the forms and rates have met the relevant requirements of section 62A.02, taking into account the possible infrequency and severity of loss that may be incurred. Sections 60A.17 and 60A.1701 do not apply if the persons engaged in the sale of these products are employees of the auto rental company who do not receive commissions or other remuneration for selling

the product in addition to their regular compensation. Compensation may not be determined in any part by the sale of insurance products. The auto rental company before engaging in the sale of the product must file with the commissioner the following documents:

(1) an appointment of the commissioner as agent for service of process;

(2) an agreement that the auto rental company assumes all responsibility for the authorized actions of all unlicensed employees who sell the insurance product on its behalf in conjunction with the rental of its vehicles;

(3) an agreement that the auto rental company with respect to itself and its employees will be subject to this chapter regarding the marketing of the insurance products and the conduct of those persons involved in the sale of insurance products in the same manner as if it were a licensed agent.

An auto rental company failing to file the documents in clauses (1) to (3) is guilty of an individual violation as to the unlicensed sale of insurance for each sale that occurs after the effective date of this section until they make the required filings. Each individual sale after the effective date of this section and prior to the filing required by this section is subject to, in addition to any other penalties allowable by law, up to a \$100 per violation fine. Further, the sale of the insurance product by an auto rental company or any employee or agent of the company after the effective date of this section without having complied with this section shall be deemed to be in acceptance of the provisions of this section.

Insurance sold pursuant to this subdivision must be limited in availability to rental vehicle customers though coverage may extend to the customer, other drivers, and passengers using or riding in the rented vehicles; and limited in duration to a period equal to and concurrent with that of the vehicle rental.

Persons purchasing rental vehicle personal accident insurance may be provided a certificate summarizing the policy provisions in lieu of a copy of the policy if a copy of the policy is available for inspection at the place of sale and a free copy of the policy may be obtained from the auto rental company's home office.

The commissioner may, after a hearing, revoke an auto rental company's right to operate under this section if the company has repeatedly violated the insurance laws of this state and the revocation is in the public interest.

Sec. 116. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 72A.20, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. [APPLICATION TO CERTAIN SECTIONS.] Violating any provision of the following sections of this chapter not set forth in subdivisions 1 to 15 this section shall constitute an unfair method of competition and an unfair and deceptive act or practice: sections 72A.12, subdivisions 2, 3, and 4, 72A.16, subdivision 2, 72A.03 and 72A.04, 72A.08, subdivision 1 as modified by section 72A.08, subdivision 4, and 65B.13.

Sec. 117. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 72A.20, subdivision 17, is amended to read:

Subd. 17. [RETURN OF PREMIUMS UPON DEATH OF INSURED.] (a) Refusing, upon surrender of an individual policy of life insurance, to refund to the estate of the insured all unearned premiums paid on the policy covering the insured as of the time of the insured's death if the unearned premium is for a period of more than one month.

The insurer may deduct from the premium any previously accrued claim for loss or damage under the policy.

For the purposes of this section, a premium is unearned during the period of time the insurer has not been exposed to any risk of loss.

(b) Refusing, upon termination or cancellation of a policy of automobile insurance under section 65B.14, subdivision 2, or a policy of homeowner's insurance under section 65A.27, subdivision 4, or a policy of accident and sickness insurance under section 62A.01, or a policy of comprehensive health insurance under chapter 62E, to refund to the insured all unearned premiums paid on the policy covering the insured as of the time of the termination or cancellation if the unearned premium is for a period of more than one month.

The insurer may deduct from the premium any previously accrued claim for loss or damage under the policy.

For purposes of this section, a premium is unearned during the period of time the insurer has not been exposed to any risk of loss.

Sec. 118. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 72A.20, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 18. [IMPROPER BUSINESS PRACTICES.] (a) Improperly withholding, misappropriating, or converting any money belonging to a policyholder, beneficiary, or other person when received in the course of the insurance business; or (b) engaging in fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest practices in connection with the insurance business, shall constitute an unfair method of competition and an unfair and deceptive act or practice.

Sec. 119. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 72A.20, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 19. [SUPPORT FOR UNDERWRITING STANDARDS.] No life or health insurance company doing business in this state shall engage in any selection or underwriting process unless the insurance company establishes beforehand substantial data, actuarial projections, or claims experience which support the underwriting standards used by the insurance company. The data, projections, or claims experience used to support the selection or underwriting process is not limited to only that of the company. The experience, projections, or data of other companies or a rate service organization may be used as well.

Sec. 120. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 72A.31, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. No person, firm or corporation engaged in the business of financing the purchase of real or personal property or of lending money on the security of real or personal property or who acts as agent or broker for one who purchases real property and borrows money on the security thereof, and no trustee, director, officer, agent or other employee of any such person, firm, or corporation shall directly or indirectly:

(1) require, as a condition precedent to such purchase or financing the purchase of such property or to loaning money upon the security of a mortgage thereon, or as a condition prerequisite for the renewal or extension of any such loan or mortgage or for the performance of any other act in connection therewith, that the person, firm or corporation making such purchase or for whom such purchase is to be financed or to whom the money is to be loaned or for whom such extension, renewal or other act is to be granted or performed negotiate any policy of insurance or renewal thereof covering such property through a particular agent, or insurer, or

(2) refuse to accept any policy of insurance covering such property because it was not negotiated through or with any particular agent, or insurer, or

(3) refuse to accept any policy of insurance covering the property issued by an insurer that is a member insurer as defined by section 60C.03, subdivision 6, or

(4) require any policy of insurance covering the property to exceed the replacement cost of the buildings on the mortgaged premises.

This section shall not prevent the disapproval of the insurer or a policy of insurance by any such person, firm, corporation, trustee, director, officer, agent or employee where there are reasonable grounds for believing that the insurer is insolvent or that such

insurance is unsatisfactory as to placement with an unauthorized insurer, the financial solvency of the insurer, adequacy of the coverage, adequacy of the insurer to assume the risk to be insured, the assessment features to which the policy is subject, or other grounds which are based on the nature of the coverage and which are not arbitrary, unreasonable or discriminatory, nor shall this section prevent a mortgage lender or mortgage servicer from requiring that a policy of insurance or renewal thereof be in conformance with standards of the federal national mortgage association or the federal home loan mortgage corporation, nor shall this section forbid the securing of insurance or a renewal thereof at the request of the borrower or because of the borrower's failure to furnish the necessary insurance or renewal thereof. For purposes of this section, "insurer" includes a township mutual fire insurance company operating under sections 67A.01 to 67A.26 and a farmers mutual fire insurance company operating under sections 67A.27 to 67A.39.

Upon notice of any such disapproval of or refusal to accept an insurer or a policy of insurance, the commissioner may order the approval of the insurer or the acceptance of the tendered policy of insurance, or both, if the commissioner determines such disapproval or refusal to accept is not in accordance with the foregoing requirements. Failure to comply with such an order of the commissioner of commerce shall be deemed a violation of this section.

Sec. 121. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 169.045, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DESIGNATION OF ROADWAYS, PERMIT.] The governing body of any home rule charter or statutory city or town may by ordinance authorize the operation of motorized golf carts, or four-wheel all-terrain vehicles, on designated roadways or portions thereof under its jurisdiction. Authorization to operate a motorized golf cart or four-wheel all-terrain vehicle is by permit only. ~~Permits are restricted to physically handicapped persons defined in section 169.345, subdivision 2.~~ For purposes of this section, a four-wheel all-terrain vehicle is a motorized flotation-tired vehicle with four low-pressure tires that is limited in engine displacement of less than 800 cubic centimeters and total dry weight less than 600 pounds.

Sec. 122. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 169.045, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 8. [INSURANCE.] In the event persons operating a motorized golf cart or four-wheel, all-terrain vehicle under this section cannot obtain liability insurance in the private market, that person may purchase automobile insurance, including no-fault coverage, from the Minnesota Automobile Assigned Risk Plan at a rate to be determined by the commissioner of commerce.

Sec. 123. [256B.73] [DEMONSTRATION PROJECT FOR UNINSURED LOW INCOME PERSONS.]

Subdivision 1. [PURPOSE.] The purpose of the demonstration project is to determine the need for and the feasibility of establishing a statewide program of medical insurance for uninsured low income persons.

Subd. 2. [ESTABLISHMENT: GEOGRAPHIC AREA.] The commissioner of human services shall establish a demonstration project to provide low cost medical insurance to uninsured low income persons in Cook, Lake, St. Louis, Carlton, Aitkin, Pine, Itasca, and Koochiching counties except an individual county may be excluded as determined by the county board of commissioners.

Subd. 3. [DEFINITIONS.] For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given:

(1) "commissioner" means the commissioner of human services;

(2) "coalition" means an organization comprised of members representative of small business, health care providers, county social service departments, health consumer groups, and the health industry, established to serve the purposes of this demonstration;

(3) "demonstration provider" means a Minnesota corporation regulated under chapter 62A, 62C, or 62D;

(4) "individual provider" means a medical provider under contract to the demonstration provider to provide medical care to enrollees; and

(5) "enrollee" means a person eligible to receive coverage according to subdivision 4.

Subd. 4. [ENROLLEE ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.] To be eligible for participation in the demonstration project, an enrollee must:

(1) not be eligible for medicare, medical assistance, or general assistance medical care;

(2) have an income not more than 200 percent of the Minnesota income standards by family size used in the aid to families with dependent children program; and

(3) have no medical insurance or health benefits plan available through employment or other means that would provide coverage for the same medical services as provided by this demonstration.

Subd. 5. [ENROLLEE BENEFITS.] Eligible persons enrolled by a demonstration provider shall receive a health services benefit package that includes health services which the enrollees might reasonably require to be maintained in good health, including emergency care, inpatient hospital and physician care, outpatient health services, and preventive health services, except that services related to chemical dependency, mental illness, vision care, dental care, and other benefits may be excluded or limited upon approval by the commissioner. The commissioner, the coalition, and demonstration providers shall work together to design a package of benefits or packages or benefits that can be provided to enrollees for an affordable monthly premium.

Subd. 6. [ENROLLEE PARTICIPATION.] An enrollee is not required to furnish evidence of good health. The demonstration provider shall accept all persons applying for coverage who meet the criteria in subdivision 4, subject to the following provisions:

(a) Enrollees will be required to pay a sliding fee on a monthly basis for health coverage through the demonstration project. Except for any required co-payments, the sliding fee should be considered payment in full for the coverage provided. The sliding fee shall be based on the enrollee's income and shall not exceed 50 percent of the rate that would be paid to a prepaid plan serving general assistance medical care recipients in the same geographic area.

(b) The demonstration provider may terminate the coverage for an enrollee who has not made payment within the first ten calendar days of the month for which coverage is being purchased. The termination for nonpayment shall be retroactive to the first day of the month for which no payment has been made by the enrollee.

(c) An enrollee who either requests termination of coverage under the demonstration or who allows coverage to terminate due to nonpayment of the required monthly fee may be required to furnish evidence of good health prior to being reinstated in the demonstration. As an alternative to evidence of good health, the enrollee may furnish evidence of having been eligible for health care services under a plan with similar benefits.

(d) The demonstration provider shall establish limits of enrollment which allow for a sufficient number of enrollees to constitute a reasonable demonstration project. These limits shall be established by county within the project area.

Subd. 7. [CONTRACT WITH DEMONSTRATION PROVIDER.] The commissioner shall contract with the demonstration provider for the duration of the project. This contract shall be for 24 months with an option to renew for no more than 12 months. This contract may be canceled without cause by the commissioner upon 90 days' written notice to the demonstration provider or by the demonstra-



tion provider with 90 days' written notice to the commissioner. The commissioner shall assure the cooperation of the county human services or social services staff in all counties participating in the project.

Subd. 8. [MEDICAL ASSISTANCE AND GENERAL ASSISTANCE MEDICAL CARE COORDINATION.] To assure enrollees of uninterrupted delivery of health care services, the commissioner may pay the premium to the demonstration provider for persons who become eligible for medical assistance or general assistance medical care. To determine eligibility for medical assistance, any medical expenses for eligible services incurred by the demonstration provider shall be considered as evidence of satisfying the medical expense requirements of section 256B.06, subdivision 1, paragraphs (14) and (15). To determine eligibility for general assistance medical care, any medical expenses for eligible services incurred by the demonstration provider shall be considered as evidence of satisfying the medical expense requirements of section 256D.03, subdivision 3.

Subd. 9. [WAIVER REQUIRED.] No part of the demonstration project shall become operational until waivers of appropriate federal regulation are obtained from the health care financing administration.

Subd. 10. [COORDINATION OF DEMONSTRATION WITH REGION.] The commissioner shall consult with a health insurance coalition formed locally with members from the demonstration area. This coalition will work with the commissioner and potential demonstration providers as well as other private and public organizations to suggest program design, to secure additional funding support, and to ensure the program's local applicability.

Sec. 124. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 471.98, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. "Political subdivision" includes a statutory or home rule charter city, a county, a school district, a town, a watershed management organization as defined in section 473.876, subdivision 9, or an instrumentality thereof having independent policy making and appropriating authority. For the purposes of this section and section 471.981, the governing body of a town is the town board.

Sec. 125. [541.22] [LIMITATION ON ASBESTOS CLAIMS.]

Subdivision 1. [FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.] The legislature finds that it is in the interest of the general public, particularly those persons who may bring claims regarding materials containing asbestos and those against whom the claims may be brought, to set a specific date by which building owners must bring a cause of action for removal or other abatement costs associated with the presence of asbestos in their building. By enactment of this statute of limita-

tions the legislature does not imply that suits would otherwise be barred by an existing limitations period.

Subd. 2. [LIMITATION ON CERTAIN ASBESTOS ACTIONS.] Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, an action against a manufacturer or supplier of asbestos or material containing asbestos to recover for (1) removal of asbestos or materials containing asbestos from a building, (2) other measures taken to locate, correct, or ameliorate any problem related to asbestos in a building, or (3) reimbursement for removal, correction, or amelioration of an asbestos problem that would otherwise be barred before July 1, 1990, as a result of expiration of the applicable period of limitation, is revived or extended. An asbestos action revived or extended under this subdivision may be begun before July 1, 1990.

Sec. 126. [604.08] [VOLUNTEER ATHLETIC COACHES AND OFFICIALS; IMMUNITY FROM LIABILITY.]

Subdivision 1. [GRANT.] No individual who provides services or assistance without compensation as an athletic coach, manager, or official for a sports team that is organized or performing under a nonprofit charter, and no community-based, voluntary nonprofit athletic association, or any volunteer of the nonprofit athletic association, is liable for money damages to a player or participant as a result of an individual's acts or omissions in the providing of that service or assistance.

This section applies to organized sports competitions and practice and instruction in that sport.

For purposes of this section, "compensation" does not include reimbursement for expenses.

Subd. 2. [LIMITATION.] Subdivision 1 does not apply:

(1) to the extent that the acts or omissions are covered under an insurance policy issued to the entity for whom the coach, manager, or official serves;

(2) if the individual acts in a willful and wanton or reckless manner in providing the services or assistance;

(3) if the acts or omissions arise out of the operation, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle;

(4) to an athletic coach, manager, or official who provides services or assistance as part of a public or private educational institution's athletic program; and

(5) if the individual acts in violation of federal, state, or local law.

The limitation in clause (1) constitutes a waiver of the defense of immunity to the extent of the liability stated in the policy, but has no effect on the liability of the individual beyond the coverage provided.

Sec. 127. [SPECIAL STUDY.]

The commissioner of health, with the advice and assistance of the commissioners of commerce and human services, shall prepare a report to the legislature which addresses the issues concerning reimbursement by third-party payors of home health care benefits for individuals with a medical condition which would require inpatient hospital services in the absence of home or community-based care, and who are dependent upon medical technology in order to avoid death or serious injury. Development of the report must include participation by home care providers and third-party payors. The report must include recommendations for the adoption of definitions of home care, minimum standards of home care services, the costs of providing home care, and resolution of the issue of cost-shifting of home care. The report must be delivered to the legislature by January 15, 1988.

Sec. 128. [RULE CHANGES.]

The commissioner shall adopt rule amendments to Minnesota Rules, chapter 2725, as necessary to effect the changes required by the legislature in sections 8 to 10.

These rules are exempt from the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14. The commissioner must comply with section 14.38, subdivision 7, when adopting these rule amendments.

Sec. 129. [APPLICATION.]

Sections 49, 65, and 66 apply to all group policies, all group subscriber contracts, all health maintenance contracts, and all qualified plans within the scope of Minnesota Statutes, chapters 62A, 62C, 62D, and 62E, that are issued, delivered or renewed in this state after August 1, 1987.

Sec. 130. [SEVERABILITY.]

The provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 645.20 apply to this act.

Sec. 131. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 62A.12; and 67A.43, subdivision 3, are repealed.

Minnesota Rules, parts 2700.2400; 2700.2410; 2700.2420; 2700.2430; and 2700.2440, are repealed.

Section 123 is repealed effective July 1, 1988, if the project implementation phase has not begun by that date.

Sec. 132. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Section 10 is effective May 31, 1987. Credits earned and reported to the department before May 31, 1988, may be carried forward and used to fulfill continuing education requirements until May 31, 1989.

Sections 2, 5, 6, 15 to 20, 43, 57 to 63, 69 to 75, 77, 81, 82, 87, 102, 116, and 122 to 125 are effective the day following final enactment.

Section 126 is effective August 1, 1987, and applies to claims arising from incidents occurring on or after that date."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to insurance; requiring notification of group life or health coverage changes; allowing mandatory temporary insurance agent licenses; requiring those who solicit insurance to act as agent for the insurer; regulating insurance continuing education; providing for the definition of an ineligible surplus lines insurer; regulating rates and forms; regulating insurance plan administrators; regulating trust funds; regulating the renewal, nonrenewal, and cancellation of commercial liability and property insurance policies; authorizing employers to jointly self-insure for property or casualty liability and regulating these plans; providing continued group life coverage upon termination or layoff; providing for the establishment and operation of the insurance guaranty association and the life and health guaranty association; regulating accident and health insurance; regulating joint self-insurance employee health plans; requiring the treatment of pregnancy-related conditions in the same manner as other illnesses; mandating certain coverages; clarifying coverage for handicapped dependents; providing continued group accident and health coverage upon termination or layoff; requiring coverage of current spouse and children; imposing surety bond or security requirements on certain health benefit plans; regulating Medicare supplement plan premium refunds; regulating long-term care policies; providing for the establishment and operation of the comprehensive health association, the medical joint underwriting association, and the joint underwriting association; providing comprehensive health insurance coverage for certain employees not eligible for Medicare; regulating fraternal benefit associations; regulating automobile insurance; providing for exemption from certain legal process of cash value, proceeds, or benefits under certain life insurance or annuity contracts; limiting the cancellation of fire insurance binders and policies; providing for

administration of the FAIR plan; requiring accident prevention course premium reductions; limiting the grounds for cancellation or reduction in limits during the policy period; requiring the commissioner to set rates for cooperative housing and neighborhood real estate trust insurance; regulating no-fault automobile insurance; providing for the priority of security for payment of basic economic loss benefits; extending basic economic loss benefit protection; requiring coverages for former spouses; specifying membership on the assigned claims bureau; extending no-fault benefits to pedestrians who are struck by motorcycles; regulating township mutual insurance companies; providing for mandatory arbitration of certain claims; authorizing investments in certain insurers; regulating rental vehicle personal accident insurance; regulating trade practices; requiring life and health insurers to substantiate the underwriting standards they use; providing assigned risk plan coverage for certain vehicles used by the handicapped; establishing a demonstration project to provide medical insurance to certain low income persons; regulating certain self-insurance by political subdivisions; clarifying the statute of limitations applicable to actions regarding manufacturers or suppliers of material containing asbestos; granting immunity from liability for volunteer coaches, managers, and officials; requiring a home health care study; prescribing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 16A.133, subdivision 1; 45.024, subdivision 2; 60A.17, subdivisions 1a, 2c, 11, and 13; 60A.1701, subdivisions 5, 7, and 8; 60A.196; 60A.198, subdivision 3; 60A.23, subdivision 8; 60A.29, subdivisions 2, 5, and 16, and by adding subdivisions; 60A.30; 60A.31; 60B.44, subdivisions 1, 4, 5, and 9; 60C.08, subdivision 1; 60C.09; 60C.12; 61A.28, subdivision 12; 61B.09; 62A.041; 62A.043, by adding a subdivision; 62A.141; 62A.146; 62A.152, subdivision 2; 62A.17; 62A.21; 62A.27; 62A.31, subdivision 1a; 62A.43, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 62A.46, by adding a subdivision; 62A.48, subdivisions 1, 2, 6, and by adding a subdivision; 62A.50, subdivision 3; 62D.05, by adding a subdivision; 62D.102; 62E.06, subdivision 1; 62E.10, subdivision 2, and by adding subdivisions; 62E.14, by adding a subdivision; 62F.041, subdivision 2; 62F.06, subdivision 1; 62H.01; 62H.02; 62H.04; 62I.02, subdivisions 1 and 3; 62I.03, subdivision 5; 62I.04; 62I.12, subdivision 1; 62I.13, by adding a subdivision; 62I.16, subdivision 3; 62I.22, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 64B.11, subdivision 4; 64B.18; 64B.27; 65A.01, subdivision 3a; 65A.03, subdivision 1; 65A.10; 65A.29, by adding a subdivision; 65A.35, subdivision 5; 65A.39; 65B.03, subdivision 1; 65B.12; 65B.1311; 65B.15, subdivision 1; 65B.16; 65B.21, subdivision 2; 65B.28; 65B.46; 65B.48, subdivision 1; 65B.49, by adding a subdivision; 65B.525, subdivision 1; 65B.63, subdivision 1; 67A.05, subdivision 2; 67A.06; 67A.231; 70A.06, by adding a subdivision; 70A.08, subdivision 3; 72A.20, subdivisions 11, 17, and by adding subdivisions; 72A.31, subdivision 1; 169.045, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 471.98, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 60A; 61A; 62A; 62E; 65A; 65B; 72A; 256B; 541; and 604; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 60F; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections

62A.12; and 67A.43, subdivision 3; and Minnesota Rules, parts 2700.2400 to 2700.2440.”

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: WILLIAM P. LUTHER, SAM G. SOLON, JAMES P. METZEN, DONNA C. PETERSON AND DON ANDERSON.

House Conferees: WES SKOGLUND, GLORIA M. SEGAL, GERALD KNICKERBOCKER, PHIL CARRUTHERS AND JEROME “J.P.” PETERSON.

Skoglund moved that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 478 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 478, A bill for an act relating to insurance; requiring notification of group life or health coverage changes; eliminating mandatory temporary insurance agent licenses; requiring those who solicit insurance to act as agent for the insured; regulating surplus lines insurance; regulating rates and forms; regulating insurance plan administrators; regulating trust funds; regulating the renewal, nonrenewal, and cancellation of commercial liability and property insurance policies; authorizing employers to jointly self-insure for property or casualty liability and regulating these plans; providing continued group life coverage upon termination or layoff; providing for the establishment and operation of the insurance guaranty association and the life and health guaranty association; regulating accident and health insurance; regulating joint self-insurance employee health plans; requiring the treatment of pregnancy-related conditions in the same manner as other illnesses; mandating certain coverages; clarifying coverage for handicapped dependents; providing continued group accident and health coverage upon termination or layoff; requiring coverage of current spouse and children; imposing surety bond or securities requirements on certain health benefit plans; regulating Medicare supplement plan premium refunds; authorizing the renewal of certain long-term health policies; providing for the establishment and operation of the comprehensive health association and the joint underwriting association; providing comprehensive health insurance coverage for certain employees not eligible for Medicare; regulating fraternal benefit associations; regulating automobile insurance; providing for exemption from certain legal process of cash value, proceeds, or benefits under certain life insurance or annuity contracts; limiting the cancellation of fire insurance binders and policies; providing for administration of the FAIR plan; requiring accident prevention course premium reductions; limiting the grounds for cancellation or reduction in limits during the policy period; providing for the priority of security for payment of basic economic loss benefits; extending basic economic loss benefit protection; requiring coverages for former

spouses; specifying membership on the assigned claims bureau; extending no-fault benefits to pedestrians who are struck by motorcycles; regulating township mutual insurance companies; providing for mandatory arbitration of certain claims; establishing a demonstration project to provide medical insurance to certain low income persons; requiring the commissioner to set rates for cooperative housing and neighborhood real estate trust insurance; authorizing investments in certain insurers; regulating trade practices; requiring life and health insurers to substantiate the underwriting standards they use; providing assigned risk plan coverage for certain vehicles used by the handicapped; regulating motor vehicle repairs; regulating certain self-insurance by political subdivisions; granting immunity from liability for volunteer coaches, managers, and officials; clarifying the statute of limitations applicable to actions regarding manufacturers or suppliers of material containing asbestos; modifying discounting of future damages; prescribing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 16A.133, subdivision 1; 45.024, subdivision 2; 60A.17, subdivisions 1a, 2c, 11, and 13; 60A.1701, subdivisions 7, and 8; 60A.196; 60A.197; 60A.198, subdivision 3; 60A.23, subdivision 8; 60A.29, subdivisions 2, 5, and 16, and by adding subdivisions; 60A.30; 60A.31; 60B.44, subdivisions 1, 4, 5, and 9; 60C.08, subdivision 1; 60C.09; 60C.12; 61A.28, subdivision 12; 61B.05, subdivision 1; 61B.09; 62A.041; 62A.043, by adding a subdivision; 62A.141; 62A.146; 62A.152, subdivision 2; 62A.17; 62A.21; 62A.27; 62A.31, subdivision 1a; 62A.43, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 62A.46, by adding a subdivision; 62A.48, subdivisions 1, 2, 6, and by adding a subdivision; 62A.50, subdivision 3; 62D.05, by adding a subdivision; 62D.102; 62E.06, subdivision 1; 62E.10, subdivision 2, and by adding subdivisions; 62E.14, by adding a subdivision; 62F.041, subdivision 2; 62F.06, subdivision 1; 62H.01; 62H.02; 62H.04; 62I.02, subdivisions 1, and 3, and by adding a subdivision; 62I.03, subdivision 5; 62I.04; 62I.12, subdivision 1; 62I.13, by adding a subdivision; 62I.16, subdivision 3; 62I.22, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 64B.11, subdivision 4; 64B.18; 64B.27; 65A.01, subdivision 3a; 65A.03, subdivision 1; 65A.10; 65A.29, by adding a subdivision; 65A.35, subdivision 5; 65A.39; 65B.03, subdivision 1; 65B.12; 65B.1311; 65B.16; 65B.21, subdivision 2; 65B.28; 65B.46; 65B.49, by adding a subdivision; 65B.525, subdivision 1; 65B.63, subdivision 1; 67A.05, subdivision 2; 67A.06; 67A.231; 70A.06, by adding a subdivision; 70A.08, subdivision 3; 72A.20, subdivisions 11, 17, and by adding subdivisions; 72A.31, subdivision 1; 169.045, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 471.98, subdivision 2; 604.07, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, and by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 60A; 61A; 62A; 62E; 65A; 65B; 72A; 256B; 541; and 604; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 60E; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 62A.12; and 67A.43, subdivision 3; and Minnesota Rules, parts 2700.2400 to 2700.2440.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 132 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Long	Ozment	Skoglund
Anderson, R.	Gutknecht	Marsh	Pappas	Solberg
Battaglia	Hartle	McDonald	Pauly	Sparby
Bauerly	Haukoos	McEachern	Pelowski	Stanisus
Beard	Heap	McKasy	Peterson	Steensma
Begich	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Sviggun
Bennett	Jacobs	McPherson	Price	Swenson
Bertram	Jaros	Milbert	Quinn	Thiede
Bishop	Jefferson	Miller	Quist	Tjornhom
Blatz	Jennings	Minne	Redalen	Tompkins
Boo	Jensen	Morrison	Reding	Trimble
Brown	Johnson, A.	Munger	Rest	Tunheim
Burgér	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rice	Uphus
Carlson, D.	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Valento
Carlson, L.	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vanasek
Carruthers	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Clark	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rose	Voss
Clausnitzer	Kelso	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
Cooper	Kinkel	Ogren	Sarna	Waltman
Dauner	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Welle
DeBlicck	Knickerbocker	Olsen, E.	Scheid	Wenzel
Dempsey	Knuth	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Dille	Kostohryz	Omann	Schreiber	Wynia
Dorn	Krueger	Onnen	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Forsythe	Larsen	Orenstein	Segal	
Frederick	Lasley	Osthoff	Shaver	
Greenfield	Lieder	Otis	Simoneau	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

S. F. No. 451.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S. F. NO. 451

A bill for an act relating to public safety; parking for handicapped persons; imposing a fine for violations of handicapped parking



provisions; providing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 168.021, subdivisions 1, 1a, 2, 3, 5, and 6; 169.345; and 169.346; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.021, subdivision 7.

May 18, 1987

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S. F. No. 451, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House recede from its amendment and that S. F. No. 451 be further amended as follows:

Pages 3 to 7, delete section 7 and insert:

"Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 169.345, is amended to read:

169.345 [PARKING PRIVILEGES FOR PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED.]

Subdivision 1. [SCOPE OF PRIVILEGE.] Any physically handicapped person who displays prominently upon the vehicle parked by or under the direction and for the use of the handicapped person, A vehicle that prominently displays the distinguishing certificate specified in authorized by this section shall be entitled to courtesy in the parking of the vehicle and be relieved of any liability with respect to parking except as provided in sections 169.32 and 169.34; provided that any municipal governing body, or bears license plates issued under section 168.021, may be parked by or for a physically handicapped person:

(1) in a designated handicapped parking space, as provided in section 169.346; and

(2) in a metered parking space without obligation to pay the meter fee.

For purposes of this subdivision, a certificate is prominently displayed if it is displayed on the dashboard in the left-hand corner of the front windshield of the vehicle with no part of the certificate obscured.

Notwithstanding clauses (1) and (2), this section does not permit parking in areas prohibited by sections 169.32 and 169.34, in designated no parking spaces, or in parking spaces reserved for specified purposes or vehicles. A local governmental unit may, by ordinance, prohibit parking on any street or highway for the purpose of creating to create a fire lane, or to provide for the accommodation of accommodate heavy traffic during morning and afternoon rush hours and the privileges extended to such handicapped persons shall not these ordinances also apply on streets or highways where and at such time parking is prohibited. The certificate specified in this section shall also serve to identify vehicles properly parked in designated handicapped parking spaces as provided in section 169.346 to physically handicapped persons.

Subd. 2. [DEFINITIONS.] For the purpose of this section "physically handicapped person" means any a person who has sustained an amputation or material disability of either or both arms or legs, or who has been otherwise disabled in any manner rendering it difficult and burdensome to walk:

(1) because of disability cannot walk without significant risk of falling;

(2) because of disability cannot walk 200 feet without stopping to rest;

(3) because of disability cannot walk without the aid of another person, a walker, a cane, crutches, braces, a prosthetic device, or a wheelchair;

(4) is restricted by a respiratory disease to such an extent that the person's forced (respiratory) expiratory volume for one second, when measured by spirometry, is less than one meter;

(5) has an arterial oxygen tension ( $P_{A}O_2$ ) of less than 60 mm/hg on room air at rest;

(6) uses portable oxygen; or

(7) has a cardiac condition to the extent that the person's functional limitations are classified in severity as class III or class IV according to standards set by the American Heart Association.

Subd. 2a. [PHYSICIAN'S STATEMENT.] The commissioner shall develop a form for the physician's statement. The statement must be signed by a licensed physician who certifies that the applicant is a physically handicapped person as defined in subdivision 2. The commissioner may request additional information from the physician if needed to verify the applicant's eligibility. The physician's statement must specify whether the disability is permanent or

temporary, and if temporary, the opinion of the physician as to the duration of the disability. A physician who fraudulently certifies to the commissioner that a person is a physically handicapped person as defined in subdivision 2, and that the person is entitled to the license plates authorized by section 168.021 or to the certificate authorized by this section, is guilty of a misdemeanor and is subject to a fine of \$500.

Subd. 3. [IDENTIFYING CERTIFICATE.] (a) The division of driver and vehicle services in the department of public safety shall issue without charge a special identifying certificate for a marked motor vehicle to any when a physically handicapped applicant upon submission by the applicant of a certificate by a qualified physician to the division that the applicant is a physically handicapped person within the meaning of subdivision 2 submits a physician's statement. The commissioner shall design separate certificates for persons with permanent and temporary disabilities that can be readily distinguished from each other from outside a vehicle at a distance of 25 feet. The certificate is valid for the duration of the person's disability, as specified in the physician's statement, up to a maximum of six years. A person with a disability of longer duration will be required to renew the certificate for additional periods of time, up to six years each, as specified in the physician's statement.

(b) Upon submission of satisfactory evidence When the commissioner is satisfied that a motor vehicle is used primarily for the purpose of transporting physically handicapped persons within the meaning of subdivision 2, the division may issue without charge a special identifying certificate or insignia for the vehicle. The operator of the a vehicle, when displaying the certificate or insignia, has the same parking privileges provided in subdivision 1 for the physically handicapped during the period while the vehicle is in use for transporting physically handicapped persons. The certificate issued to a person transporting physically handicapped persons must be renewed every third year. On application and renewal, the person must present evidence that the vehicle continues to be used for transporting physically handicapped persons.

The commissioner of public safety shall determine the form, size and promulgate rules governing their issuance and use necessary to carry out the provisions of this section. The physician's certificate shall specify whether the disability is permanent or temporary, and if temporary, the opinion of the physician as to the duration of the disability. The commissioner may issue special identifying certificates to temporarily physically handicapped persons for limited periods of time.

(c) A certificate must be made of plastic or similar durable material, must be distinct from certificates issued before January 1, 1988, and must bear its expiration date prominently on its face. A certificate issued to a temporarily disabled person must display the

date of expiration of the duration of the disability, as determined under paragraph (a). Each certificate must have printed on the back a summary of the parking privileges and restrictions that apply to each vehicle in which it is used. The commissioner may charge a fee of \$5 for issuance or renewal of a certificate, and a fee of \$5 for a duplicate to replace a lost, stolen, or damaged certificate.

Subd. 4. [UNAUTHORIZED USE; REVOCATION; PENALTY.] If the police of the state or any city, or other local government shall find a peace officer finds that the certificate is being improperly used, they the officer shall report the violation to the division of driver and vehicle services in the department of public safety any violation and the commissioner of public safety may remove revoke the privilege certificate. A person who uses the certificate in violation of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and is subject to a fine of \$500.

Page 7, line 35, after the period, delete the new language and strike the old language

Page 7, line 36, delete the new language and strike the old language

Page 8, lines 1 and 2, strike the old language

Page 8, line 3, strike everything before "A"

Page 8, line 18, delete "\$250" and insert "\$200"

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: DONNA C. PETERSON, JIM RAMSTAD AND MARILYN M. LANTRY.

House Conferees: LEO J. REDING, HAROLD F. LASLEY AND DAVID T. BISHOP.

Reding moved that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 451 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 451, A bill for an act relating to public safety; parking for handicapped persons; imposing a fine for violations of handicapped parking provisions; providing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 168.021, subdivisions 1, 1a, 2, 3, 5, and 6; 169.345; and 169.346; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.021, subdivision 7.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 124 yeas and 7 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Lasley	Otis	Simoneau
Anderson, R.	Gruenes	Lieder	Ozment	Skoglund
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Long	Pappas	Solberg
Bauerly	Hartle	McEachern	Pauly	Stanius
Beard	Haukoos	McKasy	Pelowski	Steensma
Begich	Heap	McLaughlin	Peterson	Sviggum
Bertram	Himle	Milbert	Poppenhagen	Swenson
Bishop	Hugoson	Miller	Price	Thiede
Blatz	Jacobs	Minne	Quinn	Tjornhom
Boo	Jaros	Morrison	Redalen	Tompkins
Brown	Jefferson	Munger	Reding	Trimble
Burger	Jennings	Murphy	Rest	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Jensen	Nelson, C.	Rice	Uphus
Carruthers	Johnson, A.	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Valento
Clark	Johnson, R.	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Vanasek
Clausnitzer	Johnson, V.	Neuenschwander	Rose	Vellenga
Cooper	Kahn	O'Connor	Rukavina	Voss
Dauner	Kalis	Ogren	Sarna	Wagenius
DeBlick	Kelso	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Waltman
Dempsey	Kinkel	Olson, E.	Scheid	Welle
Dille	Kludt	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Wenzel
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Omann	Schreiber	Winter
Forsythe	Knuth	Onnen	Seaberg	Wynia
Frederick	Kostohryz	Orenstein	Segal	Spk. Norton
Frerichs	Larsen	Osthoff	Shaver	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Carlson, D.	Marsh	McPherson	Richter
Krueger	McDonald	Quist	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

S. F. No. 1323.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVERN, Secretary of the Senate

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S. F. NO. 1323

A bill for an act relating to statutes; conforming various laws to judicial decisions of unconstitutionality and suggestions for clarity;

amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 169.123, subdivision 7; 325B.15; 487.01, subdivisions 2, 3, and 4; 487.21, subdivision 4; 487.23, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3; 487.25, subdivisions 1 and 2; 487.33, subdivision 1; 488A.01, subdivision 14; 488A.18, subdivision 14; 501.35; and 525.712; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 466.03, subdivision 2; 487.39; and 595.04.

May 18, 1987

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S. F. No. 1323, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House recede from its amendments and that S. F. No. 1323 be further amended as follows:

Page 1, line 18, before "procedure" insert "appellate"

Page 1, after line 24, insert:

"Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 466.07, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [AUTHORITY TO INDEMNIFY.] The governing body of any municipality may defend, save harmless, and indemnify any of its officers and employees, whether elective or appointive, against any tort claim or demand, whether groundless or otherwise, arising out of an alleged act or omission occurring in the performance of duty. Any independent board or commission of the municipality having authority to disburse funds for a particular function without approval of the governing body may similarly defend, save harmless, and indemnify its officers and employees against such tort claims or demands.

Notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary in section 127.03, subdivision 2 or 466.12, this section applies to all school districts, however organized."

Renumber the remaining sections

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 5, after "325B.15," insert "466.07, subdivision 1;"

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: JOHN J. MARTY, WILLIAM V. BELANGER, JR., and TAD JUDE.

House Conferees: DAVID T. BISHOP, PHIL CARRUTHERS AND ANN H. REST.

Bishop moved that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 1323 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1323, A bill for an act relating to statutes; conforming various laws to judicial decisions of unconstitutionality and suggestions for clarity; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 169.123, subdivision 7; 325B.15; 487.01, subdivisions 2, 3, and 4; 487.21, subdivision 4; 487.23, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3; 487.25, subdivisions 1 and 2; 487.33, subdivision 1; 488A.01, subdivision 14; 488A.18, subdivision 14; 501.35; and 525.712; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 466.03, subdivision 2; 487.39; and 595.04.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 134 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Lasley	Osthoff	Shaver
Anderson, R.	Gruenes	Lieder	Otis	Simoneau
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Long	Ozment	Skoglund
Bauerly	Hartle	Marsh	Pappas	Solberg
Beard	Haukoos	McDonald	Pauly	Sparby
Begich	Heap	McEachern	Pelowski	Stanius
Bennett	Himle	McKasy	Peterson	Steensma
Bertram	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Bishop	Jacobs	McPherson	Price	Swenson
Blatz	Jaros	Milbert	Quinn	Thiede
Boo	Jefferson	Miller	Quist	Tjornhom
Brown	Jennings	Minne	Redalen	Tompkins
Burger	Jensen	Morrison	Reding	Trimble
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Rest	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rice	Uphus
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Valento
Clark	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vanasek
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Cooper	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rose	Voss
Dauner	Kelso	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
DeBlicck	Kinkel	Ogren	Sarna	Waltman
Dempsey	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Welle
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Scheid	Wenzel
Dorn	Knuth	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Omamm	Schreiber	Wynia
Frederick	Krueger	Onnen	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Frerichs	Larsen	Orenstein	Segal	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 1043, A bill for an act relating to metropolitan government; providing for qualifications of commission members, budget criteria, plans, and reports; clarifying purposes of regional transit board; requiring regional transit board to contract for route planning and scheduling services; requiring the regional transit board to adopt standards for competitive bidding after a public hearing; regulating participation in a transportation program; providing conditions for incurrence of debt for certain purposes; providing conditions for the use of federal funds; removing fare restrictions; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 473.141, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 473.161, subdivision 1c; 473.1623, subdivisions 2, 4, and 5, and by adding a subdivision; 473.303, by adding a subdivision; 473.373, by adding a subdivision; 473.377, subdivision 1, and by adding subdivisions; 473.38, subdivision 2; 473.388, subdivision 2; 473.39, subdivisions 1 and 1a; 473.446, subdivision 1; and 473.604, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 473; repealing Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 10, section 122.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 1015, A bill for an act relating to motorboat and motor vehicle safety; providing for enforcement of sanctions for operation of snowmobiles, all-terrain vehicles, and motorboats while under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance; providing for revocation of privilege to operate snowmobile or all-terrain vehicle as sanction for implied consent violation; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 84.87, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 84.928, subdivision 3; 169.121, by adding a subdivision; 361.121, subdivisions 2 and 3, and by adding subdivisions; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 84.



The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 291, A bill for an act relating to financial institutions; regulating incorporations and operations of banks; requiring prior written approval by the commissioner for certain lease arrangements; requiring certain securities to be deposited with the state treasurer; requiring approval of certain insider agreements; providing penalties against certain lenders; regulating transfer and closing of deposit accounts; regulating real estate holdings by a bank; providing for exclusions to certain usury limits; regulating acquisitions by bank holding companies; revising the definition of feeder livestock loans for bank lending limit purposes; authorizing the commissioner to borrow money to satisfy obligations of certain closed institutions; authorizing indirect investments in eligible securities for state banks; regulating bank or trust company investments; regulating claims against liquidated institutions; providing for the organization of credit unions; regulating interest and dividends paid on deposits; regulating industrial loan and thrifts; regulating interstate branch banking; providing for the submission of certain reports; modifying the maximum allowable interest rate on certain loans used to satisfy the balances owed on contracts for deed; regulating consumer credit transaction contracts; requiring the periodic examination of debt prorate companies; modifying the examination requirement for safe deposit companies and insurance premium finance companies; regulating motor vehicle installment sales; regulating bank applications; regulating electronic financial terminals and unauthorized use of financial transaction cards; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 46.041; 46.042; 46.07, subdivision 2; 46.131, subdivision 9; 47.10, subdivision 3, and by adding a subdivision; 47.204, subdivision 1; 47.205, subdivisions 2 and 4; 47.69, subdivision 3; 48.055, subdivision 5; 48.15, subdivision 2; 48.21; 48.24, subdivision 7; 48.51; 48.61, subdivisions 3 and 5; 48.92, subdivision 10; 48.97, subdivision 2; 48.98, subdivision 1; 48.99, subdivision 1; 49.04, subdivision 1; 49.05, by adding a subdivision; 49.24, subdivision 5; 51A.58; 52.01; 52.02, subdivision 3; 52.09, subdivision 2; 52.18; 53.04, subdivisions 3a and 5; 53.05; 53.09, subdivision 2; 55.095; 55.15; 56.12; 59A.06, subdivision 3; 168.66, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, 9, 10, and 11; 168.705; 168.71; 168.72, subdivisions 1 and 4; 168.73; 168.74; 325G.04, by adding a subdivision; 325G.36; 332.29, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 46 and 47; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 48.60 and 55.13.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 777, A bill for an act relating to motor fuels; trade practices; extending the expiration of the ethanol development fund to the year 2000; prohibiting "no ethanol" signs; appropriating money for promoting ethanol; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 41A.09, subdivisions 3 and 5; and 325E.09, subdivision 4.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Cooper moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 777 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 777, A bill for an act relating to motor fuels; trade practices; extending the expiration of the ethanol development fund to the year 2000; appropriating money for promoting ethanol; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 41A.09, subdivisions 3 and 5.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 114 yeas and 17 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Clark	Gruenes	Johnson, V.	Lieder
Anderson, R.	Clausnitzer	Gutknecht	Kahn	Marsh
Battaglia	Cooper	Hartle	Kalis	McDonald
Bauerly	Dauner	Himle	Kelly	McEachern
Begich	DeBlicke	Hugoson	Kelso	McKasy
Bertram	Dempsey	Jacobs	Kinkel	McLaughlin
Bishop	Dille	Jaros	Kludt	McPherson
Boo	Dorn	Jefferson	Knuth	Miller
Brown	Forsythe	Jennings	Kostohryz	Minne
Burger	Frederick	Jensen	Krueger	Morrison
Carlson, D.	Frerichs	Johnson, A.	Larsen	Munger
Carlson, L.	Greenfield	Johnson, R.	Lasley	Murphy

Nelson, C.	Otis	Reding	Shaver	Tunheim
Nelson, D.	Ozment	Rice	Simoneau	Uphus
Nelson, K.	Pappas	Richter	Solberg	Vanasek
Neuenschwander	Pauly	Rodosovich	Sparby	Vellenga
O'Connor	Pelowski	Rose	Steensma	Waltman
Ogren	Peterson	Rukavina	Sviggum	Welle
Olson, E.	Poppenhagen	Sarna	Swenson	Wenzel
Olson, K.	Price	Schafer	Thiede	Winter
Omamm	Quinn	Schoenfeld	Tjornhom	Wynia
Onnen	Quist	Seaberg	Tompkins	Spk. Norton
Orenstein	Redalen	Segal	Trimble	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Beard	Haukoos	Olsen, S.	Schreiber	Wagenius
Bennett	Knickerbocker	Osthoff	Skoglund	
Blatz	Long	Rest	Stanius	
Carruthers	Milbert	Scheid	Valento	

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 943, A bill for an act relating to the attorney general; creating a consumer education account; providing for its administration; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 8.31, subdivisions 2b, 3, and by adding subdivisions.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Milbert moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 943 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 943, A bill for an act relating to the attorney general; creating a consumer education account; providing for its administration; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 8.31, subdivisions 2b, 3, and by adding subdivisions.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 128 yeas and 2 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Frerichs	Larsen	Osthoff	Segal
Anderson, R.	Greenfield	Lasley	Otis	Shaver
Battaglia	Gruenes	Lieder	Ozment	Simoneau
Bauerly	Gutknecht	Marsh	Pappas	Skoglund
Beard	Hartle	McDonald	Pauly	Solberg
Begich	Haukoos	McEachern	Pelowski	Stanius
Bennett	Heap	McKasy	Peterson	Steensma
Bertram	Himle	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Swenson
Bishop	Hugoson	McPherson	Price	Tjornhom
Blatz	Jacobs	Milbert	Quinn	Tompkins
Boo	Jaros	Miller	Quist	Trimble
Brown	Jefferson	Minne	Redalen	Tunheim
Burger	Jennings	Morrison	Reding	Uphus
Carlson, D.	Jensen	Murphy	Rest	Valento
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Vanasek
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Nelson, D.	Richter	Vellenga
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Voss
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Wagenius
Cooper	Kelly	O'Connor	Rose	Waltman
Dauner	Kelso	Ogren	Rukavina	Welle
DeBlieck	Kinkel	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Wenzel
Dempsey	Kludt	Olson, E.	Schafer	Winter
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olson, K.	Scheid	Wynia
Dorn	Knuth	Omann	Schoenfeld	Spk. Norton
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Onnen	Schreiber	
Frederick	Krueger	Orenstein	Seaberg	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Sviggum Thiede

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 239, A bill for an act relating to elections; providing for school district elections to be conducted according to Minnesota election law; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 6.54; 122.22, subdivisions 2 and 4; 122.23, subdivisions 2, 9, and 10; 122.25, subdivision 1; 123.11, subdivision 7; 123.33, subdivision 4; 123.351, subdivision 1; 123.51; 127.09; 127.11; 200.01; 200.015; 200.02, by adding a subdivision; 201.016, subdivision 2; 201.018, subdivision 2; 201.061, subdivisions 3 and 6; 201.071, subdivisions 1, 3, 5, 6, and by adding a subdivision; 201.221, subdivisions 3 and 4; 201.27, subdivision 2; 203B.01, subdivision 2; 203B.04, subdivisions 1 and 2; 203B.05, subdivisions 1 and 2; 203B.06, subdivision 2; 203B.08, subdivision 4; 203B.10; 203B.11, subdivision 1; 203B.12, subdivision 6; 203B.13; 203B.15; 203B.19; 203B.23; 204B.02; 204B.09, subdivision 2; 204B.16, subdivision 1; 204B.18, subdivision 2; 204B.19, subdivision 1; 204B.21, subdivision 2; 204B.25, subdivision 1; 204B.29; 204B.31; 204B.32; 204B.34, by adding a subdivision; 204B.35, subdivision 1; 204C.02; 204C.06, subdivision 2; 204C.07, subdivision 3; 204C.08, subdivision

4; 204C.10, subdivision 2; 204C.19, subdivision 2; 204C.20, subdivision 4; 204C.24, subdivision 2; 204C.25; 204C.26, subdivisions 2 and 3; 204C.27; 204C.28, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 204C.29, subdivision 1; 204C.36; 206.56, by adding a subdivision; 206.58, subdivision 2; 209.02; 209.021, subdivision 3; 210A.01, subdivision 3; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 206; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 205A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 123.015; 123.32; and 201.095.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Minne moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 239 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 239, A bill for an act relating to elections; providing for school district elections to be conducted according to Minnesota election law; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 6.54; 122.22, subdivisions 2 and 4; 122.23, subdivisions 2, 9, and 10; 122.25, subdivision 1; 123.11, subdivision 7; 123.33, subdivision 4; 123.351, subdivision 1; 123.51; 127.09; 127.11; 200.01; 200.015; 200.02, by adding a subdivision; 201.016, subdivision 2; 201.018, subdivision 2; 201.061, subdivisions 3 and 6; 201.071, subdivision 3, and by adding a subdivision; 201.221, subdivision 3; 201.27, subdivision 2; 203B.01, subdivision 2; 203B.04, subdivision 1; 203B.05, subdivision 2; 203B.06, subdivision 2; 203B.08, subdivision 4; 203B.10; 203B.12, subdivision 6; 203B.13; 203B.15; 203B.19; 203B.23; 204B.02; 204B.09, subdivision 2; 204B.16, subdivision 1; 204B.18, subdivision 2; 204B.19, subdivision 1; 204B.25, subdivision 1; 204B.29; 204B.31; 204B.32; 204B.34, by adding a subdivision; 204B.35, subdivision 1; 204C.02; 204C.06, subdivision 2; 204C.07, subdivision 3; 204C.08, subdivision 4; 204C.19, subdivision 2; 204C.20, subdivision 4; 204C.24, subdivision 2; 204C.25; 204C.26, subdivisions 2 and 3; 204C.27; 204C.28, by adding a subdivision; 204C.29, subdivision 1; 204C.36; 206.56, by adding a subdivision; 206.58, subdivision 2; 209.02; 209.021, subdivision 3; 210A.01, subdivision 3; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 206; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 205A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 123.015; 123.32; and 201.095.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 133 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

## Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Lieder	Otis	Simoneau
Anderson, R.	Gruenes	Long	Ozment	Skoglund
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Marsh	Pappas	Solberg
Bauerly	Hartle	McDonald	Pauly	Sparby
Beard	Haukoos	McEachern	Pelowski	Stanius
Begich	Heap	McKasy	Peterson	Steensma
Bennett	Himle	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Bertram	Hugoson	McPherson	Price	Swenson
Bishop	Jacobs	Milbert	Quinn	Thiede
Blatz	Jaros	Miller	Quist	Tjornhom
Boo	Jefferson	Minne	Redalen	Tompkins
Brown	Jennings	Morrison	Reding	Trimble
Burger	Jensen	Munger	Rest	Tunheim
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Murphy	Rice	Uphus
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Valento
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vanasek
Clark	Kahn	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Neuenschwander	Rose	Voss
Cooper	Kelly	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dauner	Kinkel	Ogren	Sarna	Waltman
DeBlieck	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Welle
Dempsey	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Scheid	Wenzel
Dille	Knuth	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Dorn	Kostohryz	Omann	Schreiber	Wynia
Forsythe	Krueger	Onnen	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Frederick	Larsen	Orenstein	Segal	
Frerichs	Lasley	Osthoff	Shaver	

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned:

H. F. No. 859, A bill for an act relating to the department of finance; clarifying and correcting miscellaneous provisions to improve the administration of the department and of state government; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 3C.12, subdivision 2; 16A.06, by adding a subdivision; 16A.126, subdivision 2; 16A.127, subdivision 3; 16A.275; 16A.36, subdivision 2; and 116J.36, subdivision 6.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

### SPECIAL ORDERS, Continued

The Speaker resumed the Chair.

S. F. No. 1041 was reported to the House.

Kelso, Wenzel and Blatz moved to amend S. F. No. 1041, as follows:

Page 3, line 16, after the period insert "Family health services must not include arrangements, referrals, or counseling for, or provision of, voluntary termination of pregnancy."

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

S. F. No. 1041, A bill for an act relating to health; providing for a local public health act; defining the powers and duties of boards of health; providing discretionary county ordnancing power; authorizing the community health service subsidy; authorizing grants; providing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 35.67; 35.68; 144.36; 144.37; 145.075; and 145.923; and Laws 1969, chapter 235, section 3, subdivisions 2 and 4; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 145A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 145.01 to 145.07; 145.08 to 145.125; 145.17 to 145.23; 145.24, subdivisions 1 and 2; 145.47 to 145.55; 145.911; 145.912, subdivisions 1 to 8, 10 to 15, 19, and 20; 145.913 to 145.92; and 145.922.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 128 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Frerichs	Krueger	Onnen	Shaver
Anderson, R.	Greenfield	Larsen	Orenstein	Skoglund
Battaglia	Gruenes	Lasley	Osthoff	Solberg
Bauerly	Gutknecht	Lieder	Otis	Sparby
Beard	Hartle	Long	Ozment	Stanius
Begich	Haukoos	Marsh	Pauly	Steensma
Bennett	Heap	McDonald	Peterson	Sviggum
Bertram	Himle	McEachern	Poppenhagen	Swenson
Bishop	Hugoson	McKasy	Price	Thiede
Blatz	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Quinn	Tjornhom
Boo	Jaros	McPherson	Quist	Tompkins
Brown	Jefferson	Milbert	Redalen	Trimble
Burger	Jennings	Miller	Reding	Tunheim
Carlson, D.	Jensen	Minne	Rest	Uphus
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Morrison	Rice	Valento
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Munger	Richter	Vanasek
Clark	Johnson, V.	Murphy	Riveness	Vellenga
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Rodosovich	Voss
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Rose	Wagenius
Dauner	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rukavina	Waltman
DeBlieck	Kelso	O'Connor	Sarna	Wenzel
Dempsey	Kinkel	Ogren	Schafer	Winter
Dille	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Scheid	Wynia
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Schoenfeld	Spk. Norton
Forsythe	Knuth	Olson, K.	Schreiber	
Frederick	Kostohryz	Omann	Seaberg	

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

The following conference committee reports were received:

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 534

A bill for an act relating to the collection and dissemination of data; classifying data; proposing classifications of data as private, nonpublic, and protected nonpublic; clarifying issues relating to the administration of data; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 13.03, subdivision 3; 13.04, subdivision 2; 13.05, subdivision 4; 13.38; 13.39, subdivision 3; 13.41, subdivision 4; 13.43, by adding a subdivision; 13.46, subdivision 7, and by adding a subdivision; and 13.76; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 13.

May 18, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 534, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment and that H. F. No. 534 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

“Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 13.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [REQUEST FOR ACCESS TO DATA.] Upon request to a responsible authority or designee, a person shall be permitted to inspect and copy public government data at reasonable times and places, and, upon request, shall be informed of the data's meaning. If a person requests access for the purpose of inspection, the responsible authority may not assess a charge or require the requesting person to pay a fee to inspect data. The responsible authority or designee shall provide copies of public government data upon request. If a person requests copies, the responsible authority may require the requesting person to pay the actual costs of searching for and retrieving government data and for making, certifying and compiling the copies of the data but may not charge for separating public from not public data. If the responsible authority or designee is not able to provide copies at the time a



request is made, copies shall be supplied as soon as reasonably possible.

When a request under this subdivision involves any person's receipt of copies of public government data that has commercial value and is an entire formula, pattern, compilation, program, device, method, technique, process, data base, or system developed with a significant expenditure of public funds by the agency, the responsible authority may charge a reasonable fee for the information in addition to the costs of making, certifying, and compiling the copies. Any fee charged must be clearly demonstrated by the agency to relate to the actual development costs of the information. The responsible authority, upon the request of any person, shall provide sufficient documentation to explain and justify the fee being charged.

If the responsible authority or designee determines that the requested data is classified so as to deny the requesting person access, the responsible authority or designee shall inform the requesting person of the determination either orally at the time of the request, or in writing as soon after that time as possible, and shall cite the specific statutory section, temporary classification, or specific provision of federal law on which the determination is based. Upon the request of any person denied access to data, the responsible authority or designee shall certify in writing that the request has been denied and cite the specific statutory section, temporary classification, or specific provision of federal law upon which the denial was based.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 13.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [INFORMATION REQUIRED TO BE GIVEN INDIVIDUAL.] An individual asked to supply private or confidential data concerning the individual shall be informed of: (a) the purpose and intended use of the requested data within the collecting state agency, political subdivision, or statewide system; (b) whether the individual may refuse or is legally required to supply the requested data; (c) any known consequence arising from supplying or refusing to supply private or confidential data; and (d) the identity of other persons or entities authorized by state or federal law to receive the data. This requirement shall not apply when an individual is asked to supply investigative data, pursuant to section 13.82, subdivision 5, to a law enforcement officer.

The commissioner of revenue may place the notice required under this subdivision in the individual income tax or property tax refund instructions instead of on those forms.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 13.05, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [LIMITATIONS ON COLLECTION AND USE OF DATA.] Private or confidential data on an individual shall not be collected, stored, used or disseminated by political subdivisions, statewide systems or state agencies for any purposes other than those stated to the individual at the time of collection in accordance with section 13.04, except as provided in this subdivision.

(a) Data collected prior to August 1, 1975, and which have not been treated as public data, may be used, stored, and disseminated for the purposes for which the data was originally collected or for purposes which are specifically approved by the commissioner as necessary to public health, safety, or welfare.

(b) Private or confidential data may be used and disseminated to individuals or agencies specifically authorized access to that data by state, local, or federal law subsequent to enacted or promulgated after the collection of the data.

(c) Private or confidential data may be used and disseminated to individuals or agencies subsequent to the collection of the data when the responsible authority maintaining the data has requested approval for a new or different use or dissemination of the data and that request has been specifically approved by the commissioner as necessary to carry out a function assigned by law.

(d) Private data may be used by and disseminated to any person or agency if the individual subject or subjects of the data have given their informed consent. Whether a data subject has given informed consent shall be determined by rules of the commissioner. Informed consent shall not be deemed to have been given by an individual subject of the data by the signing of any statement authorizing any person or agency to disclose information about the individual to an insurer or its authorized representative, unless the statement is:

- (1) In plain language;
- (2) Dated;
- (3) Specific in designating the particular persons or agencies the data subject is authorizing to disclose information about the data subject;
- (4) Specific as to the nature of the information the subject is authorizing to be disclosed;
- (5) Specific as to the persons or agencies to whom the subject is authorizing information to be disclosed;

(6) Specific as to the purpose or purposes for which the information may be used by any of the parties named in clause (5), both at the time of the disclosure and at any time in the future;

(7) Specific as to its expiration date which should be within a reasonable period of time, not to exceed one year except in the case of authorizations given in connection with applications for life insurance or noncancelable or guaranteed renewable health insurance and identified as such, two years after the date of the policy.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 13.38, is amended to read:

### 13.38 [HEALTH DATA.]

Subdivision 1. [PRIVATE DATA DEFINITIONS.] The following data created, collected and maintained by the department of health, political subdivisions, or statewide systems are classified as private, pursuant to section 13.02, subdivision 12: data on individual patients pertaining to the investigation and study of nonsexually transmitted diseases, except that the data may be made public to diminish a threat to the public health. As used in this section:

(a) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of health.

(b) "Health data" means data on individuals created, collected, received, or maintained by the department of health, political subdivisions, or statewide systems relating to the identification, description, prevention, and control of disease or as part of an epidemiologic investigation the commissioner designates as necessary to analyze, describe, or protect the public health.

Subd. 2. [CONFIDENTIAL DATA ON INDIVIDUALS.] The following data created, collected and maintained by a department of health operated by the state or a political subdivision are classified as confidential, pursuant to section 13.02, subdivision 3: investigative files on individuals maintained by the department in connection with the epidemiologic investigation of sexually transmitted diseases, provided that information may be released to the individual's personal physician and to a health officer, as defined in section 145.01, for the purposes of treatment, continued medical evaluation and control of the disease (a) Health data are private data on individuals. Notwithstanding section 13.05, subdivision 9, health data may not be disclosed except as provided in this subdivision and section 13.04.

(b) The commissioner or a local board of health may disclose health data to the data subject's physician as necessary to locate or identify a case, carrier, or suspect case, to establish a diagnosis, to provide treatment, to identify persons at risk of illness, or to conduct an epidemiologic investigation.

(c) With the approval of the commissioner, health data may be disclosed to the extent necessary to assist the commissioner to locate or identify a case, carrier, or suspect case, to alert persons who may be threatened by illness as evidenced by epidemiologic data, to control or prevent the spread of serious disease, or to diminish an imminent threat to the public health.

Subd. 3. [HEALTH SUMMARY DATA.] Summary data derived from data collected under section 145.413 may be provided under section 13.05, subdivision 7.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 13.39, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [INACTIVE INVESTIGATIVE DATA.] Inactive civil investigative data are public, unless the release of the data would jeopardize another pending civil legal action, and except for those portions of a civil investigative file that are classified as not public data by this chapter or other law. Any civil investigative data presented as evidence in court or made part of a court record shall be public. Civil investigative data become inactive upon the occurrence of any of the following events:

(1) a decision by the state agency, political subdivision, or statewide system or by the chief attorney acting for the state agency, political subdivision, or statewide system not to pursue the civil action;

(2) expiration of the time to file a complaint under the statute of limitations or agreement applicable to the civil action; or

(3) exhaustion of or expiration of rights of appeal by either party to the civil action.

Data determined to be inactive under clause (1) may become active if the state agency, political subdivision, statewide system, or its attorney decides to renew the civil action.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 13.41, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [PUBLIC DATA.] Licensing agency minutes, application data on licensees, orders for hearing, findings of fact, conclusions of law and specification of the final disciplinary action contained in the record of the disciplinary action are classified as public, pursuant to section 13.02, subdivision 15. The entire record concerning the disciplinary proceeding is public data pursuant to section 13.02, subdivision 15, in those instances where there is a public hearing concerning the disciplinary action. The license numbers, the license status, and continuing education records issued or maintained by

the board of peace officer standards and training are classified as public data, pursuant to section 13.02, subdivision 15.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 13.43, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITION.] As used in this section, "personnel data" means data on individuals collected because the individual is or was an employee of or an applicant for employment by, performs services on a voluntary basis for, or acts as an independent contractor with a state agency, statewide system or political subdivision or is a member of an advisory board or commission. "Personnel data" includes data on individuals who apply for or are enrolled in employment and training programs funded with federal, state, or local resources unless the data are welfare data under section 13.46.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 13.46, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [INVESTIGATIVE DATA.] Data on persons, including data on vendors of services and data on licensees, that is collected, maintained, used, or disseminated by the welfare system in an investigation, authorized by statute and relating to the enforcement of rules or law, is confidential data on individuals pursuant to section 13.02, subdivision 3, or protected nonpublic data not on individuals pursuant to section 13.02, subdivision 13, and shall not be disclosed except:

- (a) pursuant to section 13.05;
- (b) pursuant to statute or valid court order;
- (c) to a party named in a civil or criminal proceeding, administrative or judicial, for preparation of defense; or
- (d) to provide ~~the~~ notices required and or permitted by sections ~~626.556, subdivisions 10b and 10d, and 626.557, subdivision 10a~~ statute.

The data referred to in this subdivision shall be classified as public data upon its submission to an administrative law judge or court in an administrative or judicial proceeding. Inactive welfare investigative data shall be treated as provided in section 13.39, subdivision 3.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 13.46, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [LICENSING DATA.] (a) As used in this subdivision:

(1) "licensing data" means all data collected, maintained, used, or disseminated by the welfare system pertaining to persons licensed or registered or who apply for licensure or registration under the authority of the commissioner of human services, except for;

(2) "client" means a person who is receiving services from a licensee or from an applicant for licensure; and

(3) "personal and personal financial data about applicants and licensees under the family day care program and the family foster care program and data generated in the course of licensing investigations that are in response to a complaint of a rule or statutory violation, are public data. Personal and personal financial data on family day care program and family foster care program applicants and licensees are private data pursuant to section 13.02, subdivision 12." means social security numbers, identity of and letters of reference, insurance information, reports from the bureau of criminal apprehension, health examination reports, and social/home studies.

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), the following data are public: name, address, telephone number of licensees, licensed capacity, type of children preferred, variances granted, type of dwelling, name and relationship of other family members, previous license history, class of license, the nature and content of complaints after resolution when the information is not maintained in anticipation of legal action, record of informal resolutions of licensing violations, orders of hearing, findings of fact, and conclusions of law, and specifications of the final disciplinary action contained in the record of disciplinary action.

(c) The following are private data on individuals under section 13.02, subdivision 12, or nonpublic data under section 13.02, subdivision 9: personal and personal financial data on family day care program and family foster care program applicants and licensees and their family members who provide services under the license.

(d) The following are private data on individuals: the identity of persons who have made reports concerning licensees or applicants that appear in inactive investigative data, and the records of clients or employees of the licensee or applicant for licensure whose records are received by the licensing agency for purposes of review or in anticipation of a contested matter. The names of reporters under sections 626.556 and 626.557 may be disclosed only as provided in section 626.556, subdivision 11, or 626.557, subdivision 12.

(e) Data classified as private, confidential, or nonpublic under this subdivision become public data if submitted to a court or administrative law judge as part of a disciplinary proceeding in which there is a public hearing concerning the disciplinary action.

(f) Data generated in the course of licensing investigations that are in response relate to a complaint an alleged violation of a rule or statutory violation law are investigative data pursuant to under subdivision 3.

(g) Data that are not public data collected, maintained, used, or disseminated under this subdivision that relate to or are derived from a report as defined in section 626.556, subdivision 2, are subject to the destruction provisions of section 626.556, subdivision 11.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 13.46, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [MENTAL HEALTH CENTER DATA.] (a) Mental health data are private data on individuals and shall not be disclosed, except:

(1) pursuant to section 13.05, as determined by the responsible authority for the community mental health center, mental health division, or provider;

(2) pursuant to court order;

(3) pursuant to a statute specifically authorizing access to or disclosure of mental health data; or

(4) with the consent of the client or patient.

(b) An agency of the welfare system may not require an individual to consent to the release of mental health data as a condition for receiving services or for reimbursing a community mental health center, mental health division of a county, or provider under contract to deliver mental health services.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 13.46, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 11. [NURSING HOME APPRAISALS.] Names, addresses, and other data that could identify nursing homes selected as part of a random sample to be appraised by the department of human services in its rate setting process are classified as protected nonpublic data until the sample has been completed.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 13.50, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [CONFIDENTIAL OR PROTECTED NON-PUBLIC DATA.] Estimated or appraised values of individual parcels of real property which are made by personnel of the state, its agencies and departments, or a political subdivision or by indepen-

dent appraisers acting for the state, its agencies and departments, or a political subdivision for the purpose of selling or acquiring land through purchase or condemnation are classified as confidential data on individuals pursuant to section 13.02, subdivision 3 or protected nonpublic data.

Sec. 13. [13.531] [FARM ASSISTANCE DATA.]

The following data collected and maintained by counties that provide assistance to individual farmers who are experiencing economic or emotional distress are classified as private data: financial history, including listings of assets and debts, and personal and emotional status information.

Sec. 14. [13.551] [CLASSIFICATION OF SAINT PAUL PORT AUTHORITY DATA.]

The following data not on individuals collected and maintained by the Saint Paul port authority are classified as protected nonpublic, until 30 days before the date of a hearing on a proposed sale pursuant to section 458.196; financial studies and reports that are part of appraisers' estimates of value of or concerning projects as defined in chapter 474, prepared by personnel of the port authority or independent accountants, consultants, and appraisers for the purpose of marketing by sale or lease a project which the port authority has acquired or repossessed as the result of the default under and the termination of a revenue agreement as defined in chapter 474.

Sec. 15. [13.691] [PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION DATA.]

The following data on individual beneficiaries and survivors of public employment retirement association members are classified as private: home address, date of birth, direct deposit account number, and tax withholding data.

Sec. 16. [13.692] [DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SERVICE DATA.]

Data collected by the department of public service that reveals the identity of a tenant who makes a complaint regarding energy efficiency standards for rental housing are private data on individuals.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 13.76, is amended to read:

13.76 [DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DATA.]



Subdivision 1. [DEVELOPMENT LOAN DATA.] All financial information on individuals and business entities including, but not limited to, credit reports, financial statements, and net worth calculations, that are contained in applications received by the department of energy and economic development in its administration of the certified state development loan program are classified as private data with regard to data on individuals, and as nonpublic data with regard to data not on individuals.

Subd. 2. [FINANCIAL INCENTIVE DATA.] Data collected by the department of energy and economic development relating to financial incentives offered by private businesses and organizations, other than state government, to companies for locating their proposed business operations in Minnesota are classified as nonpublic data.

Sec. 18. [13.771] [HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE INJURY COMPENSATION BOARD DATA.]

The following data on individuals filing claims for compensation with the hazardous substance injury compensation board for injury from hazardous substances are classified as confidential while the claim is being investigated and private after a decision is made by the board about the claim: the name, address, and all other information that may identify an individual filing a claim; all medical data provided to the board by the claimant or providers of health care to the claimant, including reports of physical examinations, mental health treatment, hospital care, physical therapy, laboratory testing, X-ray studies, and prescriptions; and all financial data provided to the board by the claimant or the claimant's employer, insurance carrier, or other provider of benefits, including state or federal tax forms, W-2 forms, salary records, records of insurance payments, unemployment or disability benefits.

Sec. 19. [241.441] [ACCESS BY OMBUDSMAN TO DATA.]

Notwithstanding section 13.42 or 13.85, the ombudsman has access to corrections and detention data and medical data maintained by an agency and classified as private data on individuals or confidential data on individuals when access to the data is necessary for the ombudsman to perform the powers under section 241.44.

Sec. 20. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 7; 9, subdivision 4, paragraph (g); 11; 12; 13; and 15 to 18; are effective the day following final enactment.

Delete the title and insert:

“A bill for an act relating to the collection and dissemination of data; classifying data; proposing classifications of data as private,

nonpublic, and protected nonpublic; clarifying issues relating to the administration of data; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 13.03, subdivision 3; 13.04, subdivision 2; 13.05, subdivision 4; 13.38; 13.39, subdivision 3; 13.41, subdivision 4; 13.43, subdivision 1; 13.46, subdivisions 3, 4, 7, and by adding a subdivision; 13.50, subdivision 1; and 13.76; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 13 and 241."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: DARBY NELSON, BERT MCKASY AND RANDY C. KELLY.

Senate Conferees: RANDOLPH W. PETERSON, DONALD M. MOE AND GENE MERRIAM.

Nelson, D., moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 534 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 534, A bill for an act relating to the collection and dissemination of data; classifying data; proposing classifications of data as private, nonpublic, and protected nonpublic; clarifying issues relating to the administration of data; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 13.03, subdivision 3; 13.04, subdivision 2; 13.05, subdivision 4; 13.38; 13.39, subdivision 3; 13.41, subdivision 4; 13.43, by adding a subdivision; 13.46, subdivision 7, and by adding a subdivision; and 13.76; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 13.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 132 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Carlson, L.	Gruenes	Johnson, V.	Long
Anderson, R.	Carruthers	Gutknecht	Kahn	Marsh
Battaglia	Clark	Hartle	Kalis	McDonald
Bauerly	Clausnitzer	Haukoos	Kelly	McEachern
Beard	Cooper	Heap	Kelso	McKasy
Begich	Dauner	Himle	Kinkel	McLaughlin
Bennett	DeBlieck	Hugoson	Kludt	McPherson
Bertram	Dempsey	Jacobs	Knickerbocker	Milbert
Bishop	Dille	Jaros	Knuth	Miller
Blatz	Dorn	Jefferson	Kostohryz	Minne
Boo	Forsythe	Jennings	Krueger	Morrison
Brown	Frederick	Jensen	Larsen	Munger
Burger	Frerichs	Johnson, A.	Lasley	Murphy
Carlson, D.	Greenfield	Johnson, R.	Lieder	Nelson, C.

Nelson, D.	Pappas	Riveness	Skoglund	Vanasek
Nelson, K.	Pauly	Rodosovich	Sparby	Vellenga
Neuenschwander	Pelowski	Rose	Stanius	Voss
O'Connor	Peterson	Rukavina	Steensma	Wagenius
Ogren	Poppenhagen	Sarna	Sviggum	Waltman
Olsen, S.	Price	Schafer	Swenson	Welle
Olson, E.	Quinn	Scheid	Thiede	Wenzel
Olson, K.	Quist	Schoenfeld	Tjornhom	Winter
Omamm	Redalen	Schreiber	Tompkins	Wynia
Onnen	Reding	Seaberg	Trimble	Spk. Norton
Orenstein	Rest	Segal	Tunheim	
Otis	Rice	Shaver	Uphus	
Ozment	Richter	Simoneau	Valento	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 1170

A bill for an act relating to state government; prohibiting certain mandated leaves of absence for state employees; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 43A.32, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision.

May 15, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 1170, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment and that H. F. No. 1170 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 43A.32, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [LEAVES OF ABSENCE FOR ELECTED PUBLIC OFFICIALS, CANDIDATES.] Except as herein provided any officer or employee in the classified service shall:

(a) Take leave of absence upon assuming an elected federal or state public office, including elected state legislative office or an elected state office other than state legislative office or, if elected to state legislative office, during times that the legislature is in session;

(b) Take leave of absence upon assuming any elected public office other than enumerated in clause (a), if, in the opinion of the

commissioner, the holding of the office conflicts with regular state employment; and

(c) Upon request, be granted leave of absence upon becoming a candidate, or during the course of candidacy, for any elected public office; and

~~(d) Take leave of absence upon becoming a candidate, or during the course of candidacy, for any elected public office if, in the opinion of the commissioner, the candidacy conflicts with regular state employment.~~

All requests for opinions of the commissioner and all opinions from the commissioner under the provisions of ~~clauses~~ clause (b) and (d) shall be in writing and shall be delivered by certified mail.

The commissioner shall issue an opinion under the provisions of ~~clauses~~ clause (b) and (d) within seven calendar days of receipt of the request.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 43A.32, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3. [LEAVE OF ABSENCE.] No executive branch officer or employee in the unclassified service who is covered by a collective bargaining agreement, and no executive branch officer or employee in the classified service, may be required to take a leave of absence upon becoming a candidate, or during the course of candidacy, for any elected public office. Said officers and employees shall take leave of absence upon assuming an elected federal office or an elected state office other than state legislative office or, if elected to state legislative office, during times that the legislature is in session.

Sec. 3. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1 and 2 are effective July 1, 1987."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: ALAN W. WELLE, JERRY KNICKERBOCKER AND TOM OSTHOFF.

Senate Conferees: TAD JUDE, DARRIL WEGSCHEID AND DONALD M. MOE.

Welle moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 1170 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1170, A bill for an act relating to state government; prohibiting certain mandated leaves of absence for state employees; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 43A.32, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage:

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 134 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Lasley	Osthoff	Shaver
Anderson, R.	Gruenes	Lieder	Otis	Simoneau
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Long	Ozment	Skoglund
Bauerly	Hartle	Marsh	Pappas	Solberg
Beard	Haukoos	McDonald	Pauly	Sparby
Begich	Heap	McEachern	Pelowski	Stanius
Bennett	Himle	McKasy	Peterson	Steenasma
Bertram	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Sviggun
Bishop	Jacobs	McPherson	Price	Swenson
Blatz	Jaros	Milbert	Quinn	Thiede
Boo	Jefferson	Miller	Quist	Tjornhom
Brown	Jennings	Minne	Redalen	Tompkins
Burger	Jensen	Morrison	Reding	Trimble
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Rest	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rice	Uphus
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Valento
Clark	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vanasek
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Cooper	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rose	Voss
Dauner	Kelso	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
DeBlieck	Kinkel	Ogren	Sarna	Waltman
Dempsey	Kludd	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Welle
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Scheid	Wenzel
Dorn	Knuth	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Omann	Schreiber	Wynia
Frederick	Krueger	Onnen	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Frerichs	Larsen	Orenstein	Segal	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

#### CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 919

A bill for an act relating to public administration; authorizing spending to acquire and to better public land and buildings and other public improvements of a capital nature with certain conditions; authorizing issuance of state and local bonds; authorizing levies; imposing taxes; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 297.13, subdivision 1; and 297.26; 297A.01, subdivision 3; 297A.44, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 16A and 124; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 240A.

May 18, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 919, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment and that H. F. No. 919 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. [CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS; APPROPRIATIONS.]

The sums in the column marked "APPROPRIATIONS" are appropriated from the state building fund, or another named fund, to the state agencies indicated, to be spent to acquire and to better public land and buildings and other public improvements of a capital nature, as specified in this act.

#### SUMMARY

SUPREME COURT	\$ 32,500,000
ADMINISTRATION	31,267,000
CAPITOL AREA ARCHITECTURAL AND PLANNING BOARD	300,000
NATURAL RESOURCES	26,932,000
WASTE MANAGEMENT BOARD	4,000,000
POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY	66,747,000
ENERGY AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	46,250,000
IRON RANGE RESOURCES AND REHABIL- TATION BOARD	2,200,000
MILITARY AFFAIRS	2,500,000
VETERANS AFFAIRS	2,500,000
AGRICULTURE	9,000,000
MINNESOTA AMATEUR SPORTS COMMIS- SION	330,700
TRANSPORTATION	18,424,100
MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY	54,674,000
EDUCATION	10,981,000
VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL EDUCATION	33,198,100

COMMUNITY COLLEGES	34,960,000
STATE UNIVERSITIES	52,491,200
UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA	47,779,700
CORRECTIONS	2,274,400
HUMAN SERVICES	8,428,000
MINNESOTA CENTER FOR THE ARTS	4,000,000
BOND SALE EXPENSES	452,000
TOTAL	492,189,200
General Fund	6,146,200
Reinvest in Minnesota Resources Fund	19,000,000
Trunk Highway Fund	15,224,200
Special Revenue	330,700
Transportation Fund	8,800,000
Waste Management Fund	4,000,000
Workers' Compensation Special Compensation Fund	433,000
Water Pollution Control Fund	66,747,000
Highway User Tax Distribution Fund	535,900
Building Fund	370,972,200

## APPROPRIATIONS

### Sec. 2. SUPREME COURT

Judicial Building \$32,500,000

This appropriation is to the commissioner of administration, in consultation with the supreme court and the capitol area architectural and planning board, to complete working drawings and construct a judicial building.

### Sec. 3. ADMINISTRATION

Subdivision 1. To the commissioner of administration for the purposes specified in this section 31,267,000

(a) Remove or contain asbestos in state buildings and provide handicapped persons with access to state buildings 4,000,000

\$

\$

This appropriation is to be used to provide access to state buildings for handicapped persons and to remove or encapsulate asbestos-containing materials that have been identified as constituting risk factor 5 in the evaluation study dated January 18, 1984, and its supplement dated March 21, 1984, and risk factor 4 in state buildings to the extent that the appropriation permits.

(b) Restore Capitol Building, Phase III

1,500,000

This appropriation is to complete Phase III exterior renovation and stairways of the Capitol Building.

(c) Restore Capitol Building

4,800,000

The commissioner of administration shall not prepare final plans and specifications for projects included in this appropriation until the commissioner has presented the program and schematic plans and cost estimates for all elements necessary to complete the projects to the committee on rules and administration of the senate and the committee has made its recommendations on the plans. The recommendations are advisory only. Failure of refusal to make a recommendation promptly is deemed a negative recommendation.

\$800,000 of this appropriation is from the general fund for furnishings.

(d) Remodeling of the State Office Building and House portion of the Capitol Building

819,000

This appropriation is to complete the remodeling of the State Office Building and for rehabilitation of the House of Representatives' Chamber and related offices in the State Capitol Building.



	\$	\$
(e) Renovate elevator in Veterans Services Building in St. Paul	180,500	
(f) Reroof Veterans Services Building in St. Paul	136,000	
(g) Centennial Building	2,700,000	
(1) Remodel 4th floor	2,300,000	
(2) Planning for remodeling of 1st and ground floors	400,000	
(h) Asbestos Removal from the Department of Transportation Building	4,334,000	

This appropriation is from the Trunk Highway Fund and is to be used to remove or encapsulate asbestos-containing materials from the Department of Transportation Building.

(i) Relocation of Department of Revenue	1,700,000
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This appropriation is from the general fund and is to provide for moving costs and estimated increased rental costs associated with moving the department of revenue into a consolidated facility.

(j) Planning and Construction of a parking ramp west of the State Office Building	3,100,000
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This appropriation is to the department of administration in cooperation with the capitol area architectural and planning board for the planning and construction of a parking ramp immediately west of the State Office Building, also known as lot E. As much of the ramp as feasible must be located underground and the ramp design must be in concert with the existing architecture and landscaping of the Capitol Mall area.

	\$	\$
(k) Demolish mechanic arts high school and gymnasium, construct surface parking, remove asbestos	433,000	

(l) Remodel Capitol Square Building	982,600
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(m) Relocate state agencies	4,776,200
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\$2,541,200 is from the general fund.

\$1,266,100 is from the trunk highway fund.

\$535,900 is from the highway user tax distribution fund.

\$433,000 is from the workers' compensation special compensation fund.

(n) Administration	624,200
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This appropriation is to the commissioner of administration to administer the building construction authorized by this act. \$312,100 is for fiscal year 1988 and \$312,100 is for fiscal year 1989. Seven building fund positions are authorized.

(o) Construct Minnesota telecenter	1,000,000
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This appropriation is for the commissioner of administration to make a grant to the housing and redevelopment authority of the city of St. Paul to plan, design, and construct a Minnesota telecenter facility. The grant must not be paid until the commissioner of administration has determined that the additional financing necessary to complete the project has been committed by nonstate sources.

(p) Upgrade mechanical and electrical systems and remodel Governor's Residence	181,500
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Sec. 4. CAPITOL AREA ARCHITECTURAL AND PLANNING BOARD

300,000

\$

\$

This appropriation is to provide for planning of a parking ramp immediately west of the State Office Building, also known as lot E.

### Sec. 5. NATURAL RESOURCES

Subdivision 1. To the commissioner of administration or the commissioner of natural resources for the purposes specified in the following subdivisions

26,770,000

Subd. 2. To the commissioner of natural resources to acquire critical natural habitat and to acquire and better public outdoor recreational lands and capital improvements

13,195,000

The commissioner of natural resources shall provide the necessary professional services for the performance of the duties under this subdivision from the amount appropriated for the various purposes. An approved complement of 24 unclassified positions is authorized.

Lands must be acquired by the commissioner of natural resources in accordance with policies established in Minnesota Statutes, sections 86A.01 to 86A.09. Lands acquired for each unit of the outdoor recreational system must be suited for the purpose of the unit and suited for management in accordance with principles applicable to it. The commissioner of natural resources shall submit semiannual work plans to the legislative commission on Minnesota resources and shall submit a work program to the commission and request its recommendation before spending any money appropriated by this subdivision for any purpose. The commission's recommendation is advisory only. Failure to respond to a request within 60 days after receipt is a negative recommendation. Work programs involving land acquisition must include a land acquisition plan.

	\$		\$
(a) Acquisition of State Parks		1,200,000	

Sufficient funds for the acquisition of Mystery Cave must be allocated from this appropriation.

(b) Acquisition of state forest lands	500,000
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(c) Acquisition of wildlife areas and waterbank	750,000
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(d) Fisheries acquisition	100,000
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Any unencumbered balance remaining in the appropriation made by Laws 1979, chapter 301, section 6, subdivision 2, the day following enactment of this act is available to be used by the commissioner for the alteration of a portion of an old railroad bridge over the St. Louis river in the city of Duluth to make the bridge suitable for use as a public access fishing pier and observation site.

(e) Acquisition and improvement of scientific and natural areas	1,400,000
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(f) Acquisition and improvement of water access sites	750,000
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(g) Improvement of forest roads	500,000
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(h) Betterment of state parks	3,800,000
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(i) Betterment of state trails	3,700,000
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(j) Interpretative Site	275,000
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This grant is to redevelop Dunlap Island in the city of Cloquet in a manner that will help to interpret the city's history.

(k) Education Facility	220,000
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This grant is to plan and construct an environmental learning and interpretative center in the Kettle River - Sandstone area.

	\$	\$
Subd. 3. To the commissioner of natural resources for dam safety projects under Minnesota Statutes, section 105.482		3,000,000

(a) \$110,000 is for the Heron Lake dam and is available for expenditure immediately upon enactment of this act.

(b) \$60,000 is for the removal of the Bernings Mill dam, the owner or local unit of government shall provide a suitable disposal site for demolition debris and access to the site, which satisfies the requirement for a local financial contribution to the project.

(c) \$100,000 each year is for flood control projects in area II of the Southern Minnesota River Basin. Grants shall be allocated consistent with the formula established in Minnesota Statutes, section 104.44.

(d) \$250,000 is for the Pickwick Dam Erosion Control Dike.

(e) Any unencumbered balance remaining from the money appropriated by Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 15, section 4, subdivision 4, clause (b)(5), for the Nett Lake Dam project after the completion of project is appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources for a grant to the Nett Lake Band of Chippewa Indians for the construction of a water treatment plant.

Subd. 4. Reinvest in Minnesota	10,000,000
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The appropriations in this subdivision are from the reinvest in Minnesota resources fund.

(a) Fish and wildlife habitat	7,600,000
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This appropriation is to acquire and improve land for fish and wildlife habitat under the comprehensive fish and wildlife management plan under Minnesota Statutes, section 84.942, to be available until expended. The commissioner shall provide the necessary professional services for the performance of duties under this paragraph from the amount appropriated.

\$ \$

(b) Aspen recycling 900,000

This appropriation is for expenditure under Minnesota Statutes, section 88.80, and for other forest wildlife management projects, to be available until expended.

(c) Native prairie land 300,000

(d) Critical habitat private sector matching account 1,200,000

This appropriation is for transfer to the critical habitat private sector matching account.

(e) The approved complement of the department of natural resources is increased by 9 positions in the unclassified service to implement this subdivision. One position in the unclassified service must be a program coordinator to work with other agencies and staff to implement this subdivision.

(f) Notwithstanding any other law, during the biennium easements granted under this act may be permanent or if limited duration then must be for at least 20 years with provisions for renewal for at least another 20-year period. Highest priority must be given to permanent easements consistent with the purposes of this act.

Subd. 5. Hibbing Core Library

250,000

	\$	\$
<p>This appropriation is to the commissioner of natural resources for the construction or purchase of a building to house the Mineral Division's Core Library in Hibbing, Minnesota.</p>		

Subd. 6. Construct regional headquarters in New Ulm		325,000
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Sec. 6. WASTE MANAGEMENT BOARD		4,000,000
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This appropriation is from the waste management fund to the waste management board for the program of state capital assistance grants to local projects to develop feasible and prudent alternatives to disposal of solid waste. Up to \$240,000 may be spent for administration and technical and professional services. The approved complement of the waste management board is increased by one position.

#### Sec. 7. POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY

To the pollution control agency from the water pollution control fund for the purposes specified in this section		66,747,000
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(a) Construction grants for wastewater treatment facilities		47,000,000
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(b) Combined sewer overflow		16,547,000
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(c) For match to the federal revolving loan program		3,200,000
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The approved complement for the pollution control agency is increased by 11 positions in the classified service for purposes of implementing this section.

#### Sec. 8. ENERGY AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

	\$	\$
Subdivision 1. To the commissioner of energy and economic development for the purposes specified in this section		46,250,000
Subd. 2. Outdoor Recreation		17,000,000
(a) Local Recreation Grants	2,500,000	

This appropriation is to acquire and better recreation open space projects upon application by local units of government and Indian tribes and bands recognized by the federal government. Projects that receive federal grants must be given priority. A grant under this paragraph is not contingent upon the receipt of federal grants. A project may receive grant assistance of up to 50 percent of the total capital cost of the project or, if federal money is used, 50 percent of the local share. A project must not receive grant assistance of more than \$400,000. A local unit of government must not receive more than one grant during each fiscal biennium.

\$500,000 the first year and \$500,000 the second year shall be granted for projects outside the metropolitan area defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 473.121.

(b) Metropolitan Open Space	15,500,000
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\$9,500,000 is for payment by the commissioner of energy and economic development to the metropolitan council established under Minnesota Statutes, section 473.123. The commissioner shall transfer the amount to the metropolitan council upon receipt of a certified copy of a council resolution requesting payment. The appropriation must be used to pay the cost of acquisition and betterment by the metropolitan council and local government units of regional recreational open space lands in ac-



cordance with the council's policy plan as provided in Minnesota Statutes, sections 473.315 and 473.341, including relocation costs and tax equivalents required to be paid by Minnesota Statutes, sections 473.315 and 473.341.

\$6,000,000 is for the acquisition and betterment of land on Lake Minnetonka for a regional park. No more than \$400,000 may be used for staff and independent professional services necessary to acquire and better open space and for the performance of the duties of the metropolitan council under this paragraph.

The acquisition and betterment may include land between Lake Minnetonka and Stone Lake, to assist in connecting the Lake Minnetonka regional park with Carver park reserve. Of the \$6,000,000, the sum of \$250,000 may be used to develop parking and a pedestrian underpass to support a public access site in the city of Mound.

During the biennium, that part of Minnesota Statutes, section 398.09, paragraph (b), that requires local approval prior to acquiring real estate by purchase or condemnation shall not apply to this acquisition.

Subd. 3. Amateur Athletics

17,700,000

(a) For a stadium, track and field, soccer, velodrome and training center in the city of Blaine

14,700,000

(b) Swimming center

3,000,000

\$                    \$

This appropriation is contingent upon designation of the facility as an official training site by the national governing body member of the United States Olympic Committee and upon issuance of the necessary general obligation special tax bonds. The commissioner shall select the location for this facility in cooperation with the Minnesota Amateur Sports Commission.

Subd. 4. Duluth Zoo 4,000,000

Subd. 5. Great River Road Project 3,000,000

This appropriation is for a grant to the Minneapolis park and recreation board for land acquisition for the Great River Road project in the central Mississippi regional park along the central waterfront area in downtown Minneapolis, provided that the city of Minneapolis issues \$3,000,000 in bonds to be used to acquire land for the same project by January 1, 1988.

Subd. 6. Railroad Assistance 2,000,000

This appropriation is from the state transportation fund specified in Minnesota Statutes, sections 222.49 to 222.63, and is to be used as a grant to the St. Louis and Lake County Regional Rail Authority to acquire and develop abandoned rail line of the Duluth, Mesabe, and Iron Range Railroad between Duluth and Two Harbors, Minnesota. If the property is acquired and subsequently liquidated, the proceeds up to \$2,000,000 shall be paid to the state transportation fund by the St. Louis and Lake County Regional Rail Authority.

Subd. 7. Duluth Port Authority 350,000

for site preparation for two mobile crawler cranes

Subd. 8. Duluth Convention Center

\$

\$

1,200,000

Sec. 9. IRON RANGE RE-  
SOURCES AND REHABILITATION  
BOARD

To the chair of the iron range re-  
sources and rehabilitation board for  
expansion of the Giants Ridge ski  
center

2,200,000

The appropriation in this section is  
for facilities at Biwabik. The appro-  
priation for construction of this facil-  
ity is contingent upon designation of  
the facility as an official training site  
by the national governing body mem-  
ber of the United States Olympic  
Committee and upon issuance of the  
necessary general obligation special  
tax bonds.

Sec. 10. MILITARY AFFAIRS

2,500,000

(a) This appropriation is to the adju-  
tant general to construct a new na-  
tional guard armory at Camp Ripley.  
The appropriation is not available un-  
til the adjutant general has deter-  
mined that federal money sufficient to  
cover approximately 70 percent of the  
total construction costs has been com-  
mitted to the project.

2,300,000

(b) Roof repair and replacement.

200,000

Sec. 11. VETERANS AFFAIRS

To the commissioner of administra-  
tion for projects at the Minneapolis  
veterans home as specified in this  
section

2,500,000

(a) Renovate food service facilities

500,000

(b) Demolish building number 7 and  
construct a new warehouse. No fur-  
ther demolition of buildings shall  
take place. The Minnesota historical

society and the department of veterans affairs shall investigate the feasibility of restoring and reusing the remaining buildings at the Minnesota veterans homes for use by veterans, veterans' families, or veterans' groups.

\$  
\$  
1,000,000

(c) Renovate building 10 1,000,000

Sec. 12. AGRICULTURE

9,000,000

This appropriation is from the reinvest in Minnesota resources fund for the conservation reserve program under Minnesota Statutes, section 40.43, to be available until expended. The commissioner shall provide the necessary professional services for the performance of duties from the appropriation under this section.

The approved complement of the department of agriculture is increased by one position in the unclassified service to implement this section. The position must be a coordinator to work with other agencies to implement this section.

During the biennium, notwithstanding any other law, easements granted under this act may be permanent or if limited duration highest priority must be given to permanent easements consistent with the purposes of this act. Easements of limited duration must be for at least 20 years with provisions for renewal for at least another 20-year period.

Sec. 13. MINNESOTA AMATEUR SPORTS COMMISSION

330,700

This appropriation is from the amateur athletic facilities account in the special revenue fund. \$150,000 of this is for fiscal year 1988 and \$180,700 for fiscal year 1989 to operate and maintain the facilities financed by bonds

whose debt service is payable primarily from proceeds of the fund.

\$

\$

#### Sec. 14. TRANSPORTATION

Subdivision 1. To the commissioner of transportation for the purposes specified in this section

18,424,100

The appropriations in subdivisions 2 to 7 are from the trunk highway fund.

Subd. 2. Construct new central laboratory and research facility

4,668,000

This appropriation is to plan, construct, and occupy the facility. It is the intention of the legislature that this is a final and nonrecurring appropriation for a central laboratory and research facility.

Subd. 3. District Headquarters

1,191,500

(a) Design new district headquarters building at Bemidji

257,500

(b) Design new district headquarters building at Brainerd

257,500

(c) Design addition to district headquarters building at Duluth

110,000

(d) Remodel and construct an addition to district headquarters building at Rochester

566,500

Subd. 4. Construct weigh scale at Saginaw

485,000

Subd. 5. Truck stations

2,663,200

(a) Construct addition to Arden Hills truck station

594,100

(b) Construct vehicle storage building at Adrian truck station

413,800

(c) Construct vehicle storage building at Austin truck station

689,600

	\$	\$
(d) Construct addition to Breckenridge truck station	90,200	
(e) Design repair shop and truck station at Marshall	51,500	
(f) Construct vehicle storage building at Park Rapids truck station	412,000	
(g) Construct vehicle storage building at Red Wing truck station	412,000	
Subd. 6. Statewide		360,500
(a) Construct chemical storage sheds	206,000	
(b) Construct cold storage buildings	154,500	
(c) Land acquisition		

The commissioner may purchase land for truck stations at St. James, Red Wing, and Le Sueur, for headquarters at Bemidji, and for access to a site in Blaine for a central laboratory; from any available appropriation, but the total cost shall not exceed \$273,000.

Subd. 7. Construct rest areas at the locations listed in this subdivision		255,900
(a) Hayward (Albert Lea)	222,500	
Funding for this project is 90 percent federal and 10 percent state.		
(b) Tofte	33,400	

Subd. 8. Local Road Bridge Replacement and Rehabilitation		8,800,000
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This appropriation is from the transportation fund.

#### Sec. 15. MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Subdivision 1. To the Minnesota historical society for the purposes specified in this section		54,674,000
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	\$	\$
Subd. 2. To construct a new state history center	50,000,000	

\$5,000,000 of this appropriation shall not be available unless that amount is matched by a like amount from nonstate sources. The \$50,000,000 appropriation is not available until July 1, 1989, unless the commissioner of finance certifies that the \$5,000,000 of nonstate sources has been collected.

\$360,000 is for planning the labor history center. The Minnesota historical society must work with the labor history task force to ensure that adequate space is provided for the labor center within the state history center complex.

Subd. 3. Plan and construct the Mille Lacs Indian Museum and cultural center	4,000,000
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Construction must not begin until the final plans and specifications have been presented to the chairs of the senate finance committee and house appropriations committee for recommendation. The recommendations are advisory only. Failure or refusal to make a recommendation promptly is deemed a negative recommendation.

Subd. 4. Restoration of the William Le Duc home	184,000
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Subd. 5. Red River Valley Center	390,000
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This appropriation is from the general fund and must be spent in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, sections 138.92 and 138.93.

Subd. 6. Meighen Store complex restoration and reconstruction	100,000
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## Sec. 16. EDUCATION

	\$	\$
Subdivision 1. To the commissioners of administration and education for the purposes specified in this section		10,981,000
Subd. 2. To the commissioner of administration for the Faribault Academies		426,000
(a) Academy for the deaf reroof Noyes Hall	95,000	
(b) Academy for the deaf air condition Frechette Hall	225,000	
(c) Academy for the deaf install elevator in Noyes Hall	106,000	
Subd. 3. To the commissioner of education to be used to match local district funds used for the cost of constructing, enlarging, or modifying school buildings, if the commissioner of education determines that these costs are directly related to reducing or eliminating racial imbalance, and are a part of a desegregation plan approved by the commissioner of education during the 1986-1987 school year.		900,000
Subd. 4. To the commissioner from the state building fund to make up to two pilot project grants to qualified joint powers districts under the cooperative secondary facilities grant program in this act.		8,000,000
Subd. 5. (a) To make a grant to the Southwest/West Central Educational Cooperative Service Units for the construction of the following two-way interactive telecommunications system:		1,655,000
(1) Redwood County Telecommunications Project	280,000	
(2) Little Crow Tele-Media Network	330,000	



	\$	\$
(3) Independent school districts No. 892, Clarkfield, and No. 775, Kerkhoven, to join Minnesota Valley Tele-Network	80,000	
(4) Des Moines River Valley Tele-Media Project	520,000	
(5) Worthington Community College for interconnecting tower and equipment between Des Moines River Valley Tele-Media and Southwest Minnesota Telecommunications	145,000	
(6) Joint Vocational Technical District No. 900 for interconnecting equipment within the Minnesota Tele-Media regional telecommunications network	300,000	

(b) To be eligible for funds appropriated in this subdivision, the Southwest/West Central Educational Cooperative Service Unit shall establish an advisory committee with appropriate representation of all public post-secondary education systems and elementary and secondary school districts served by the proposed network. The advisory committee shall establish criteria for participation in the network and oversee implementation of the project.

#### Sec. 17. VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL EDUCATION

Subdivision 1. To the state board of vocational technical education for the purposes specified in this section

33,198,100

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 475.61, subdivision 4, the state board of vocational technical education may approve a request by a local school board to use any unobligated balance in the debt redemption fund to pay the district's share of construction projects authorized in this section.

Subd. 2. Post-secondary vocational technical construction in the school districts listed in this subdivision

\$

\$

27,593,700

(a) Independent School District No. 241, Albert Lea

1,684,000

This appropriation is to construct a new facility for diesel mechanics, classrooms, offices, and a resource center. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$1,981,000, whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(b) Independent School District No. 206, Alexandria

2,127,500

This appropriation is for phases II and III of the Alexandria AVTI construction project. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$2,503,000, whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(c) Independent School District No. 11, Anoka

971,100

This appropriation is to construct a new student commons and to remodel the present program space. The total cost of the project must not exceed \$1,143,000, whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(d) Independent School District No. 492, Austin

805,200

This appropriation is to construct new library, classroom, office, and child care space. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$947,000, whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(e) Joint Vocational Technical District No. 900, Canby Campus

70,600

This appropriation is to construct a new library and bookstore, and remodel the existing building.

	\$	\$
(f) Independent School District No. 709, Duluth	2,384,900	

This appropriation is for reconstruction and remodeling of existing space to meet program needs and alleviate overcrowding, and for construction of new space. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$2,806,000, whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(g) Independent School District No. 697, Eveleth	505,800
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This appropriation is for construction of lab and classroom space, and improved handicapped access. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$595,000, whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(h) Independent School District No. 656, Faribault	1,405,000
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This appropriation is to construct new child care and classroom space and a new resource center and to remodel existing buildings. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$1,653,000, whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(i) Independent School District No. 701, Hibbing	1,296,000
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This appropriation is to purchase and remodel the Davey McKee building, and to study the continued development or replacement of the existing campus. The total cost of the project and the study must not be more than \$1,525,000, whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(j) Independent School District No. 77, Mankato	5,111,000
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\$ \$

This appropriation is to construct new classroom space and remodel existing buildings. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$6,013,000, whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(k) Independent School District No. 152, Moorhead 439,500

This appropriation is for construction of an addition to house student services, child care, and a media/resource center. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$517,000, whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(l) Independent School District No. 578, Pine City 1,283,000

This appropriation is to construct classrooms, provide new front entrance, child care, new student support service area, multiuse room, media center, and computer rooms. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$1,510,000, whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(m) Joint Vocational Technical District No. 900, Pipestone campus 827,000

This appropriation is to construct an addition for the fiberglass program, and to remodel the existing building.

(n) Independent School District No. 256, Red Wing 100,800

This appropriation is to construct a cold storage building. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$119,000, whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(o) Independent School District No. 625, St. Paul 4,951,000

\$

\$

This appropriation is to construct new and remodel existing space, develop student commons area, expand library/media center, and provide child care and new administrative area. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$5,825,000, whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(p) Independent School District No. 564, Thief River Falls

1,797,700

This appropriation is to construct classrooms at the airport and an addition at the main campus. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$2,115,000, whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(q) Independent School District No. 819, Wadena

1,803,000

This appropriation is to reconstruct the existing building to provide new front entrance, new student commons and cafeteria, child care, library, and an addition to house the automotive program. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$2,121,000, whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(r) Independent School District No. 347, Willmar

30,600

This appropriation is to remodel the community college administration building for a joint child care center. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$36,000, whether paid from state, local, or federal money.

(s) Special Intermediate School District No. 287, Hennepin Technical Center

\$

\$

Special Intermediate School District No. 287, Hennepin Technical Center, may construct an addition to provide space for general instruction, graphics, drafting, millworking, automatic packaging, media library, and child care facilities. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$1,607,300, to be paid entirely from local money.

(t) Special Intermediate School District No. 287, Hennepin Technical Center

Special Intermediate School District No. 287, Hennepin Technical Center, is authorized to remodel the existing facility for the horse care program, and to construct new facilities as needed for livestock training and housing. The district may utilize funds authorized in this section to acquire or lease and remodel alternative facilities for the horse care program if found to be more cost effective. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$750,000, to be paid entirely from local money.

(u) Independent School District No. 742, St. Cloud

Independent School District No. 742, St. Cloud, may construct an addition to provide space for general instruction, library, student commons, and child care facilities and to remodel other space as necessary. The total cost of the project must not be more than \$1,107,400, to be paid entirely from local money.

	\$	\$
(a) Roof repair for the following campuses: Albert Lea, Alexandria, Anoka, Brainerd, Dakota County, Detroit Lakes, Duluth, Faribault, Hutchinson, Mankato, Rochester, St. Cloud, Southwestern-Granite Falls, Southwestern-Pipestone, Staples, Suburban Hennepin-South Campus, Thief River Falls, Willmar, and Winona	4,173,600	

(b) Remove asbestos and correct code compliance violations	930,800
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The agency spending this appropriation must prepare a survey and report to the legislature by January 1, 1988, on the asbestos and PCB's that were found and removed and what asbestos and PCB's remain.

Subd. 4. Statewide planning	500,000
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#### Sec. 18. COMMUNITY COLLEGES

Subdivision 1. To the commissioner of administration for the purposes specified in the following subdivisions	34,960,000
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Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.24, subdivision 2, the state board for community colleges shall supervise and control the making of necessary repairs to all state community college buildings and structures during the biennium ending June 30, 1989.

Subd. 2. Brainerd Community College	1,640,000
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This appropriation is to plan, remodel, and construct fine arts, labs, gymnasium, learning resource, child care, and storage areas.

Subd. 3. Hibbing Community College	1,240,000
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\$                    \$

This appropriation is for construction of new child care and storage space and remodeling expansion of existing space.

Subd. 4. Inver Hills Community College 3,020,000

This appropriation is to plan and construct or remodel classroom space, child care space, gymnasium, and relocation of administrative services.

Subd. 5. Itasca Community College 7,660,000

This appropriation is for a new library, campus center, power plant, vehicle storage, child care space, and remodeling of existing space, demolish buildings, and repair roads and parking lots.

Subd. 6. Mesabi Community College 1,250,000

This appropriation is to construct and remodel additional space for child care, storage, administration, and physical education.

Subd. 7. Normandale Community College 4,930,000

This appropriation is to plan construction and remodeling of classrooms, labs, child care, and community and cooperative program services.

Subd. 8. Northland Community College 3,710,000

This appropriation is for construction of a new student center, administrative office, storage space, and child care space, and to remodel fine arts, cafeteria, and gymnasium facilities.

Subd. 9. North Hennepin Community College 970,000



This appropriation is for expanding and remodeling the gymnasium. North Hennepin Community College may contribute up to \$500,000 in campus reserve funds in addition to this appropriation to construct a swimming pool.

\$

\$

Subd. 10. Rochester Community College

2,620,000

This appropriation is for construction of new space for continuing education and child care, and for remodeling existing buildings.

Subd. 11. Vermilion Community College Student Housing

1,500,000

The state board for community colleges may acquire a site and construct, own, operate, furnish, and maintain one or more dormitories or other student residence facilities at Ely for the use and benefit of Vermilion Community College. The higher education facilities authority may issue revenue bonds for the facilities under Minnesota Statutes, sections 136A.25 to 136A.42, and the state board for community colleges may borrow the proceeds of the revenue bonds to finance the acquisition, construction, and equipping of the student housing facilities. The board may enter into agreements and pledge revenues of the facilities as may be necessary to provide security for the bonds and may mortgage the financed facilities to the higher education facilities authority or to a trustee for the bondholders if considered necessary by the board or the authority for the successful marketing of the bonds. The state board for community colleges shall establish, maintain, revise when necessary, and collect rates and charges for the use of the student housing facilities. The rates and

\$

\$

charges must be sufficient, as estimated by the board, to pay all expenses of operation and maintenance of the facilities, to pay principal of, and interest on, revenue bonds or other obligations when due and to pay customary fees and charges of the higher education facilities authority and to establish and maintain the reserve funds that the board considers necessary for repair, replacement, and maintenance of the facilities. Funds and accounts established in furtherance of these purposes are not subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 136.67, subdivision 2, and are not subject to the budgetary control of the commissioner of finance. The board shall never be obligated to use other revenues of the board or funds of the state to pay the costs of construction, operation, maintenance, and repair of the facilities or to pay principal of and interest on obligations issued for these purposes. The city of Ely may, without complying with the procedures set forth in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, guarantee all or any part of the loan repayment obligation of the board to the authority, by pledging its full faith and credit and taxing power. The guarantee is not subject to any limitation on net debt of the city, and taxes required to make any payment under the guarantee may be levied without limit as to rate or amount.

Subd. 12. Willmar Community College

3,090,000

This appropriation is to plan and construct or remodel new classrooms, labs, child care space, elevators, main entry, and additional parking.

Subd. 13. Systemwide

3,330,000

	\$	\$
(a) Roof repair for the following campuses: Austin, Hibbing, Inver Hills, Mesabi, Minneapolis, Normandale, North Hennepin, and Rochester:	1,830,000	

(b) Remove asbestos, improve sprinkler, mechanical, electrical, and energy systems, expand parking, and improve grounds and athletic fields	1,000,000	
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The agency spending this appropriation must prepare a survey and report to the legislature by January 1, 1988, on the asbestos and PCB's that were found and removed, and what asbestos and PCB's remain.

(c) Facilities planning and technical assistance	500,000	
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The report compiled with this appropriation must address capital needs and building concerns. The report must be presented to the legislature by January 1, 1988.

#### Sec. 19. STATE UNIVERSITIES

Subdivision 1. To the state university board for the purposes specified in the following subdivisions

52,491,200

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 16B.30 and 16B.31, during the biennium, the state university board shall supervise and control the preparation of plans and specifications for the construction, alteration, or enlargement of the state university buildings, structures, and improvements provided for in this section. During the biennium, the state university board shall advertise for bids and award contracts in connection with the improvements, supervise and inspect the work, approve necessary changes in the plans and specifications, approve estimates for payment, and accept the improvements when completed according to the plans and specifications.

\$

\$

Plans must be paid for out of this appropriation. The remainder of the appropriation must not be spent until the board has secured suitable plans and specifications, prepared by a competent architect or engineer. The plans and specifications must be accompanied by a detailed statement of the cost, quality, and description of all material and labor required for the completion of the work. No plan may be adopted, and no improvement made or building constructed, that contemplates the expenditure for its completion of more money than the appropriation for it, unless otherwise provided in this act. The board must not direct or permit an expenditure beyond the appropriation, and an agent of the board violating this provision is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

The board shall review and report to the governor and the legislature by January 15 of each year on the status of the capital improvement projects in this section.

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 16B.24, subdivision 2, during the biennium, the state university board shall supervise and control the making of necessary repairs to all state university buildings and structures during the biennium ending June 30, 1989.

Notwithstanding other law, during the biennium, the state university board, on behalf of St. Cloud and Winona state universities, may purchase property adjacent to or in the vicinity of the campuses as necessary for the development of the universities. The board shall make a written request to the department of administration, real estate management division, indicating the need to acquire property, specify the property to be

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acquired, and indicate the source and amount of money needed for the acquisition. The board shall proceed with the acquisition consistent with the policies and rules established by the department of administration. Before taking action, the state university board shall consult with the chairs of the senate finance committee and the house appropriations committee about the proposed action. Should either chair object to the proposed purchase, then further action must be suspended pending presentation of the proposal to the legislature for consideration.

During the biennium, the state university board must not prepare final plans and specifications for any construction or major remodeling authorized by this act until it has presented the program and schematic plans and cost estimates for all elements necessary to complete the project to the chair of the house appropriations committee and the chair of the senate finance committee and the chairs have made their recommendations. The recommendations are advisory only. "Construction or major remodeling" means construction of a new building, or modifications of a building whose exterior dimension or interior configuration is altered in a material way. Reports on construction or major remodeling must summarize the current status of the individual project, the budget plan, and describe any conditions that are not consistent with the initial request, legislative testimony, or the appropriation. If applicable, schematic design documents must accompany the reports. Reports on projects that are not included in the above definition must be made before awarding bids. The reports must summarize the status of the

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individual projects, the budget plan, and any departure that may need to be made from the system's initial request. Architectural and design work may continue in accordance with the project schedule unless objections are raised by the chairs. If a unique situation arises during the planning process that may require a significant departure from the initial request or the appropriation, the agency or university must notify the chairs and await their responses before authorizing further work on the plans.		
Subd. 2. Bemidji Campus		12,509,000
(a) Remodel Sattgast Hall	5,039,000	
(b) Construction fitness/recreation building	7,470,000	
Subd. 3. Mankato Campus		2,468,700
(a) Remodel Wiecking Center	1,390,500	
(b) Planning for Trafton Hall addition	455,000	
(c) Planning for Memorial Library	623,200	
Subd. 4. Moorhead Campus		5,093,800
(a) Plan and remodel Hagen Hall, and upgrade the electrical distribution system	1,431,700	
(b) Construction of Regional Science Center	1,102,100	
(c) Plan and construct a vehicle parking deck	2,560,000	
Subd. 5. Saint Cloud Campus		19,395,900
(a) Remodel Stewart Hall	8,168,900	
(b) Construct and relocate greenhouse	927,000	
(c) Acquisition of recreation fields land	800,000	

	\$	\$
This appropriation is the maximum state share for acquisition.		
(d) Ice hockey center	9,500,000	
This appropriation is contingent upon designation of the facility as an official training site by the national governing body member of the United States Olympic Committee and upon issuance of the necessary general obligation special tax bonds.		
Subd. 6. Southwest Campus		1,903,800
(a) Waterproof tunnels	442,900	
(b) Tuck pointing	273,000	
(c) Planning for athletic building	139,000	
(d) Construction of classrooms and labs	648,900	
(e) 2 telecommunication towers and equipment for the Southwest Regional microwave backbone	400,000	
Subd. 7. Winona Campus		1,500,000
Planning and land acquisition for a health and applied science building.	1,500,000	
Subd. 8. Statewide		9,620,000
(a) Abate asbestos materials and PCB's in transformers	5,000,000	
The agency spending this appropriation must prepare a survey and report to the legislature by January 1, 1988, on the asbestos and PCB's that were found and removed, and what PCB's remain.		
(b) Roof repair for the following campuses: Bemidji, Mankato, Moorhead, St. Cloud, Southwest, and Winona	4,120,000	
(c) Facilities planning and technical assistance	500,000	

The report compiled with this appropriation must address capital needs and building concerns. The report must be presented to the legislature by January 1, 1988.

Sec. 20. UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA

	\$	\$
Subdivision 1. To the regents of the University of Minnesota for the purposes specified in the following subdivisions		47,779,700
Subd. 2. Crookston Campus		1,565,400
(a) Plan agriculture operations management center	200,000	
(b) Construct linkages between various buildings	752,400	
(c) Watermain and sanitary sewer rehabilitation	167,000	
(d) Construct grain and feed handling facility	446,000	
Subd. 3. Duluth Campus		3,030,000
(a) Replace boiler	1,752,000	
(b) Planning for additional classroom space for math/geology/education building and student center addition	390,000	
(c) Plan Freshwater Research Laboratory	90,000	
(d) Replace plumbing, phase I	640,000	
(e) Medical school planning	158,000	
Subd. 4. Grand Rapids land purchases		75,000
Subd. 5. Morris Campus		509,700
(a) Repair roof and renovate Old Music Building	82,000	



	\$	\$
(b) Plan student union renovation	209,900	
(c) Construct grain and feed handling facility	217,800	
Subd. 6. Rosemount Research Center		2,000,000
This appropriation is to clean up waste at the Rosemount Research Center.		
Subd. 7. Twin Cities Campuses		37,433,300
(a) Remodel Green Hall, phase II	4,747,000	
(b) Develop comprehensive capital improvement plan for biological and related sciences	250,000	
(c) Remodel Amundson Hall, phase II, part 2	5,440,000	
(d) Plan renovation of vacated hospital space	891,000	
(e) Plan veterinary diagnostic lab renovation and construction	481,100	
(f) Humphrey Center Exhibit	1,500,000	
(g) Construct phase I of a recreational sports/physical education facility. Construction may not begin until the state appropriation has been matched by \$4,000,000 from student fees and \$5,200,000 from private funds.	8,500,000	
(h) Upgrade general purpose classrooms	2,827,400	
(i) Construct animal waste processing and utilization unit on St. Paul Campus	615,800	
(j) St. Paul boiler replacement	2,000,000	
(k) Plan electrical engineering building renovation	819,000	
(l) Remodel Folwell Hall, phase II	2,088,000	

	\$	\$
(m) Addition and remodeling of Appleby Hall	6,567,000	
(n) Architecture building renovation and construction planning	707,000	
Subd. 8. Waseca Campus		1,166,300
(a) Renovate agriculture laboratories	1,002,900	
(b) Construct a truck, tractor, and equipment storage building	163,400	
Subd. 9. Systemwide		2,000,000

This appropriation is for fire and life safety; Phase II of PCB removal; asbestos treatment and removal; upgrade for the physically handicapped.

It is requested that the University report to the legislature by January 15, 1988, on the status of the projects for which appropriations were made in subdivisions 6 and 9.

#### Sec. 21. CORRECTIONS

Subdivision 1. To the commissioner of administration for the purposes specified in the following subdivisions		2,274,400
Subd. 2. Minnesota Correctional Facility - Lino Lakes "Q" building addition		206,000
Subd. 3. Minnesota Correctional Facility - Red Wing Boiler retrofit		25,000
Subd. 4. Minnesota Correctional Facility - Saint Cloud		250,800
(a) Fire and life safety projects	154,500	
(b) Retrofit boiler with high efficiency burner	96,300	

This appropriation is to convert high pressure boilers to year-round low pressure operation.

	\$	\$
Subd. 5. Minnesota Correctional Facility - Sauk Centre Sullivan Cottage Remodeling - Phase 3		194,100

Subd. 6. Minnesota Correctional Facility - Stillwater		458,000
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This appropriation is for cell hall window screens.

Subd. 7. Systemwide roof repair and tuck pointing		1,000,000
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Subd. 8. Thistledeew Camp Program Activities Center		140,500
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## Sec. 22. HUMAN SERVICES

Subdivision 1. To the commissioner of administration or others for the purposes specified in the following subdivisions		5,403,000
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Subd. 2. Red Lake Nursing Home		2,500,000
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This appropriation enables the Red Lake Indian people to receive skilled and intermediate convalescent health care without being forced to leave their environment, culture, and families. This is of direct financial benefit to the state because the federal medical assistance percentage is 100 percent for nursing home care provided to Indians through an Indian health service facility operated by an Indian tribe.

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This appropriation is from the state building fund to the commissioner of administration to plan, design, and construct a nursing home attached to the Red Lake hospital on the Red Lake Indian reservation. The nursing home construction is not subject to the competitive bidding requirements of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 16B, and the commissioner of administration may contract directly with the Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians to complete the facility. The nursing home must meet nursing home licensure and medical assistance certification requirements. The appropriation is not available until the Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians has agreed to lease the nursing home from the state for a period at least as long as the life of the bonds sold to finance the project and for a lease payment sufficient to cover the cost to the state of borrowing the money, in accordance with allowable reimbursement costs under the medical assistance program as specified under state plan requirements under Minnesota Statutes, section 246.50. The initial deposit to the state bond fund required by Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.65, subdivision 1, must be made by the commissioner of finance with money appropriated from the general fund. Interest attributable to the deferred repayment of the initial deposit and any other deferred payments of principal or interest provided for in the lease agreement must be amortized in equal periodic payments over the remainder of the term of the lease. The Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians must submit cost reports and monthly financial statements in a format prescribed by the commissioner of human services in accordance with section 246.50. Lease payments must be deducted from medical assistance remittances to the tribe for cost of care provided at the

Red Lake nursing home on a monthly basis. The commissioner of human services must verify the lease payment deducted from each claim on a monthly basis. The lease must provide that, when the bonds sold to finance the project have been retired and the cost to the state of borrowing the money has been paid, the state may convey all of its interest in the nursing home to the Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians.

Subd. 3. Brainerd Regional Treatment Center

700,000

This appropriation is to replace water and condensate lines at the hospital administration building.

Subd. 4. Faribault Regional Treatment Center

500,000

This appropriation is to upgrade the primary electrical system.

Subd. 5. Mash-Ka-Wisen juvenile chemical dependency treatment center

400,000

This appropriation is to the department of human services for a grant to a nonprofit organization located within Minnesota that is designated by the federal government to receive federal funds to construct a regional American Indian youth chemical dependency treatment center. If a nonprofit organization in Minnesota is not selected to receive federal funds by June 30, 1989, the appropriation is canceled. The appropriation is to help defray the costs of construction of the treatment center.

Subd. 6. Systemwide

3,025,000

(a) Life safety

550,000

(b) Residential building heating, ventilation, and air quality control

800,000

	\$		\$
(c) Remodel program space		500,000	
(d) Laundry equipment		400,000	
(e) Roof repair		775,000	
Subd. 7. Vinland National Center			553,000

This appropriation is for payment of mortgage costs and is from the general fund.

Subd. 8. Cambridge Regional Treatment Center			750,000
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This appropriation is to improve cottage number five at the Cambridge regional treatment center for use by Isanti county. The appropriation is not available until Isanti county has agreed to lease the facility from the state for a period at least as long as the life of the bonds sold to finance the project and at a rental rate at least sufficient to cover the cost to the state of borrowing the money. The initial deposit to the state bond fund required by Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.65, subdivision 1, must be made by the commissioner of finance with money appropriated from the general fund. Interest attributable to the deferred repayment of the initial deposit and any other deferred payments of principal or interest provided for in the lease agreement may be amortized in equal periodic payments over the remainder of the term of the lease or paid in a lump sum. The portion of each rental payment that is intended to cover the debt service on the bonds must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the state bond fund.

#### Sec. 23. BOND SALE EXPENSES

To the commissioner of finance for bond sale expenses under Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.641, subdivision 8

452,000

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## Sec. 24. DEBT SERVICE

The commissioner of finance shall schedule the sale of state general obligation bonds so that, during the biennium ending June 30, 1989, no more than \$274,000,000 will need to be transferred from the general fund to the state bond fund to pay principal and interest due and to become due on outstanding state general obligation bonds. Before each sale of state general obligation bonds, the commissioner of finance shall calculate the amount of debt service payments needed on bonds previously issued and shall estimate the amount of debt service payments that will be needed on the bonds scheduled to be sold. The commissioner shall adjust the amount of bonds scheduled to be sold so as to remain within the limit set by this section. The amount needed to make the debt service payments is appropriated from the general fund as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.641.

## Sec. 25. [BOND SALE.]

Subdivision 1. [BUILDING FUND.] To provide the money appropriated in this act from the state building fund the commissioner of finance on request of the governor shall sell and issue bonds of the state in an amount up to \$370,972,200 in the manner, upon the terms, and with the effect prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, sections 16A.631 to 16A.675, and by the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, sections 4 to 7.

Subd. 2. [REINVEST IN MINNESOTA FUND.] To provide the money appropriated in this act from the reinvest in Minnesota fund, the commissioner of finance, on request of the governor, shall sell and issue bonds of the state in an amount up to \$19,000,000 in the manner, upon the terms, and with the effect prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, sections 16A.631 to 16A.675, and by the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, sections 4 to 7. The proceeds of the bonds, except accrued interest and any premium received on the sale of the bonds, must be credited to a bond proceeds account in the reinvest in Minnesota resources fund.

Subd. 3. [TRANSPORTATION FUND.] To provide the money appropriated in this act from the state transportation fund the

commissioner of finance on request of the governor shall sell and issue bonds of the state in an amount up to \$8,800,000 in the manner, upon the terms, and with the effect prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, sections 16A.631 to 16A.675, and by the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, sections 4 to 7. The proceeds of the bonds, except accrued interest and any premium received on the sale of the bonds, must be credited to a bond proceeds account in the state transportation fund.

Subd. 4. [WASTE MANAGEMENT FUND.] To provide the money appropriated in this act from the state waste management fund the commissioner of finance on request of the governor shall sell and issue bonds of the state in an amount up to \$4,000,000 in the manner, upon the terms, and with the effect prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, sections 16A.631 to 16A.675, and by the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, sections 4 to 7. The proceeds of the bonds, except accrued interest and any premium received on the sale of the bonds, must be credited to a bond proceeds account in the state waste management fund.

Subd. 5. [WATER POLLUTION CONTROL FUND.] To provide the money appropriated in this act from the water pollution control fund the commissioner of finance on request of the governor shall sell and issue bonds of the state in an amount up to \$66,747,000 in the manner, upon the terms, and with the effect prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, sections 16A.631 to 16A.675, and by the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, sections 4 to 7. The proceeds of the bonds, except accrued interest and any premium received on the sale of the bonds, must be credited to a bond proceeds account in the water pollution control fund.

Subd. 6. [GENERAL OBLIGATION SPECIAL TAX BONDS.] Any of the bonds authorized by this section may be general obligation special tax bonds issued and sold in the manner, upon the terms, and with the effect provided in section 31. For each bond sale, the commissioner of finance shall determine which of the bonds will be general obligation special tax bonds.

#### Sec. 26. [CONSULTATION REQUIRED.]

Land must not be purchased and a building must not be purchased, constructed, or erected on land of the University of Minnesota until the regents have first consulted with the chair of the senate finance committee and the chair of the house appropriations committee and obtained their advisory recommendations.

#### Sec. 27. [REVIEW OF PLANS.]

An agency to whom an appropriation is made in this act must not prepare final plans and specifications for any construction or major remodeling authorized by this act until the agency that will use the



project has presented the program and schematic plans and cost estimates for all elements necessary to complete the project to the chair of the senate finance committee and the chair of the house appropriations committee and the chairs have made their recommendations. The recommendations are advisory only. Failure or refusal to make a recommendation promptly is considered a negative recommendation.

Sec. 28. [APPROPRIATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION; TRANSFER.]

Upon the awarding of final contracts for the completion of a project for construction or other permanent improvement authorized by this act, or upon the abandonment of the project, the agency to whom the appropriation is made in this act may transfer the unencumbered balance in the project account to another project enumerated in the same section. The transfer must be made only to cover bids for the other project that were higher than was estimated when the appropriation for the other project was made and not to cover an expansion of the other project. The money transferred under this section is appropriated for the purposes for which transferred. For transfers by the state board of vocational technical education, the total cost of both projects and the required local share for both projects are adjusted accordingly. The commissioners and boards shall report to the chair of the senate finance committee and the chair of the house appropriations committee before a transfer is made under this section.

Sec. 29. [APPROPRIATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION; FEDERAL MONEY; EXCEEDING AUTHORIZED COST.]

An agency that receives an appropriation in this act shall apply for the maximum federal share for each capital improvement project for which money is appropriated by this act. Encumbrance or expenditure of money in excess of the project authorization may be made only after the agency has consulted with the chair of the senate finance committee and the chair of the house appropriations committee and the chairs have made their recommendations. The recommendations are advisory only. Failure or refusal to make a recommendation promptly is considered a negative recommendation.

Sec. 30. [METHODS OF ACQUISITION.]

If money has been appropriated by this act to the commissioner of administration to acquire lands or sites for public buildings or real estate, the acquisition may be by gift, purchase, or condemnation proceedings. Condemnation proceedings must be under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 117.

Sec. 31. [16A.661] [GENERAL OBLIGATION SPECIAL TAX BONDS.]

Subdivision 1. [AUTHORITY.] When authorized by law enacted in accordance with the constitution, article XI, sections 5 and 7, the commissioner may by order sell and issue general obligation special tax bonds of the state evidencing public debt incurred for any purpose stated in the law. The bonds are payable primarily from the proceeds of special taxes appropriated to special tax bond debt service accounts established in subdivision 3 and other money on hand in that fund from time to time; however, the bonds are general obligations of the state, and the full faith and credit of the state are pledged for their payment.

Subd. 2. [MANNER OF ISSUANCE; MATURITIES.] The bonds must be issued and sold in accordance with section 16A.641, except that the maturities of the bonds and the interest rates applicable to the bonds must be fixed so that the principal and interest coming due in the 1987-1989 biennium on all bonds outstanding at any time does not exceed \$46,750,000. Sections 16A.672 and 16A.675 apply to the bonds.

Subd. 3. [ESTABLISHMENT OF DEBT SERVICE FUND; APPROPRIATION OF DEBT SERVICE FUND MONEY.] (a) There is established within the state bond fund a separate and special account designated as a general obligation special tax bond debt service account. There must be credited to this debt service account in each fiscal year from the tobacco tax revenue fund established in section 297.13 an amount sufficient to increase the balance on hand in the debt service account on each December 1 to an amount equal to the full amount of principal and interest to come due on all outstanding bonds whose debt service is payable primarily from proceeds of the tax to and including the second following July 1. The money on hand in the debt service account must be used solely for the payment of the principal of, and interest on, the bonds, and is appropriated for this purpose. This appropriation does not cancel as long as any of the bonds remain outstanding.

(b) There is established within the state bond fund a separate and special account designated as a general obligation special tax bond debt service account. There must be credited to this debt service account in each fiscal year from the sports and health club sales tax revenue fund established in section 49 an amount sufficient to increase the balance on hand in the debt service account on each December 1 to an amount equal to the full amount of principal and interest to come due on all outstanding bonds whose debt service is payable primarily from proceeds of the tax to and including the second following July 1. The money on hand in the debt service account must be used solely for the payment of the principal of, and interest on, the bonds, and is appropriated for this purpose. This

appropriation does not cancel as long as any of the bonds remain outstanding.

Subd. 4. [APPROPRIATION FROM GENERAL FUND.] There is annually appropriated to the general obligation special tax bond debt service accounts from the general fund the amount that, added to the amount in the general obligation special tax bond debt service accounts on December 1 each year, after giving effect to subdivision 3, is equal to the full amount of principal and interest to come due on all bonds to and including July 1 in the second ensuing year.

Subd. 5. [CONSTITUTIONAL TAX LEVY.] Under the constitution, article XI, section 7, the state auditor must levy each year on all taxable property within the state a tax sufficient, with the amount then on hand in the general obligation special tax bond debt service accounts, to pay all principal and interest on the bonds due and to become due to and including July 1 in the second ensuing year. The tax is not subject to limit as to rate or amount. However, the amount of money appropriated from other sources as provided in subdivisions 3 and 4, and actually received and on hand before the levy in any year, reduces the amount of the tax otherwise required to be levied. The proceeds of the tax must be credited to the appropriate general obligation special tax bond debt service account.

Subd. 6. [TAXABILITY; CERTIFICATION.] The commissioner shall ascertain from state records and certify to the initial purchasers of each series of bonds, subject to the approval of the attorney general, that all conditions exist and all actions have been taken that are needed to make the series of bonds valid and binding general obligations of the state in accordance with their terms. The bonds may be issued without regard to whether the interest to be paid on them is includable in gross income for federal tax purposes. However, if it is intended that the interest on the bonds be exempt from federal income taxes, the commissioner shall also certify for the state on the date of issue the facts, estimates, and circumstances that lead the commissioner reasonably to expect that the proceeds of the bonds and the projects financed by them will not be used in a way that would cause the interest on the bonds to be subject to federal income taxes; the commissioner may covenant and agree with the holders of the bonds that the state will comply with the provisions of the United States Internal Revenue Code now or hereafter enacted that are or may be applicable to the bonds and that establish conditions under which the interest to be paid on the bonds will not be subject to federal income taxes; and the commissioner and all other state officers shall take the actions or refrain from taking the actions necessary to comply with the covenants. Money required to be spent for compliance is appropriated to the commissioner from the general fund.

Subd. 7. [APPLICATION AND APPROPRIATION OF PROCEEDS.] The proceeds of the bonds must be deposited and spent as

provided in this subdivision and are appropriated for those purposes. Any accrued interest and any premium received on the sale of the bonds, and any amount of bond proceeds determined by the commissioner to be needed to pay interest payable on the bonds up to 18 months following their issuance, must be credited to the appropriate general obligation special tax bond debt service account. Except as otherwise required by law, the balance of the bond proceeds shall be credited to the state building fund and spent for the purposes specified in the law authorizing the issuance of the bonds. So much of the proceeds as is necessary must be used to pay costs incurred in issuing and selling the bonds.

Sec. 32. [85.012] [Subd. 19.] [MYSTERY CAVE ADDED TO FORESTVILLE STATE PARK.]

Subdivision 1. The commissioner of natural resources is authorized to acquire by gift or purchase the lands and interests in lands presently owned or controlled by the owners and operators of Mystery Cave, in Fillmore county, together with such other lands and interests in lands as may be necessary for the permanent development of Mystery Cave as a part of the state park system. These lands and interests in lands, when acquired, will constitute a part of Forestville state park, and shall be administered in the same manner as provided for other state parks and shall be perpetually dedicated for such use. After necessary repairs and development, the commissioner may conduct guided tours of Mystery Cave and may establish fees therefor. These fees shall be deposited in the state park working capital fund. As necessary to the operation of Mystery Cave, the commissioner may enter into agreements with local road authorities for the maintenance or improvement of roads necessary to provide access to the cave.

Subd. 2. The lands and interests in lands which the commissioner may acquire by gift or purchase for Mystery Cave are described as follows:

(1) the North Half of the East 16 acres of the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, and the East 1 acre of the Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter in Section 19; the Southwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter, and the North 20 acres of the East Half of the Southeast Quarter of Section 20; and a 2 rod cartway, the center line being described as follows: Commencing at a point 155 feet West of the northeast corner of the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter of Section 19, thence North 10 degrees 30 minutes West 600 feet, thence North 38 degrees 15 minutes West 196 feet, thence North 3 degrees West 460 feet to center of cartway; all in Township 102 North, Range 12 West, County of Fillmore; and

(2) subsurface estates and related rights and interests in lands needed for the permanent preservation of the cave and permanent development of those parts that will be open to the public. These subsurface estates shall include all minerals and mineral rights. The commissioner may exclude subsurface water and water rights from these acquisitions, on the condition that the location and drilling of wells be approved by the commissioner before drilling and that any water appropriation permit not substantially diminish the flow of any subterranean stream necessary to the natural condition of the cave. To the greatest extent possible, and for the purpose of avoiding future damage to the cave, the commissioner shall specifically include, as a part of the subsurface interests acquired, all sand, gravel, rock, and any other rights that customarily are regarded as interests in surface estates.

Subd. 3. [APPROPRIATION.] \$162,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of natural resources to be available until expended for the following purposes to implement the acquisition of Mystery Cave as part of Forestville state park. The following amounts are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner for the purposes specified:

- |  |                  |
|--|------------------|
| <u>(a) for additional equipment</u>      | <u>\$ 30,000</u> |
| <u>(b) for maintenance and operation</u> | <u>\$132,000</u> |

The approved complement of the department of natural resources is increased by one position in the classified service.

Sec. 33. [124.491] [CITATION.]

Sections 34 to 38 may be cited as the "cooperative secondary facilities grant act."

Sec. 34. [124.492] [POLICY AND PURPOSE.]

Because of the rates of decline in school-aged population, population shifts and economic changes that the state has experienced in recent years and anticipates in future years, and because in some instances local school districts have not, and will not be able to provide the required construction funds through local property taxes, the purpose of the cooperative secondary facilities grant program is to provide an incentive to encourage cooperation in making available to all secondary students those educational programs, services and facilities that are most efficiently and effectively provided by a cooperative effort of several school districts. The policy and purpose of sections 35 to 37 is to use the credit of the state, to a limited degree, to provide grants to cooperating groups of school districts to improve and expand the educational opportunities and facilities available to their secondary students.

Sec. 35. [124.493] [APPROVAL AUTHORITY; APPLICATION FORMS.]

Subdivision 1. [APPROVAL BY COMMISSIONER.] To the extent money is available, the commissioner of education may approve not more than two pilot projects from applications submitted under section 36. The grant money must be used only to acquire, construct, remodel or improve the building or site of a cooperative secondary facility under contracts to be entered into within 15 months after the date on which each grant is awarded.

Subd. 2. [APPLICATION FORMS; RULES.] The commissioner of education shall prepare application forms. The state board of education shall adopt rules under chapter 14 to govern the application process set out in section 36.

Sec. 36. [124.494] [GRANT APPLICATION PROCESS.]

Subdivision 1. [QUALIFICATION.] Any group of school districts that meets the criteria required under subdivision 2 may apply for an incentive grant in an amount up to 75 percent of the approved construction costs of a cooperative secondary education facility.

Subd. 2. [REVIEW BY COMMISSIONER.] (a) Any group of districts that submits an application for a grant shall submit a proposal to the commissioner for review and comment under section 121.15, and the commissioner shall prepare a review and comment on the proposed facility, regardless of the amount of the capital expenditure required to acquire, construct, remodel or improve the secondary facility. The commissioner must not approve an application for an incentive grant for any secondary facility unless the facility receives a favorable review and comment under section 121.15 and the following criteria are met:

(1) a minimum of three or more districts, with kindergarten to grade twelve enrollments in each district of no more than 1,000 pupils, enter into a joint powers agreement;

(2) a joint powers board representing all participating districts is established under section 471.59 to govern the cooperative secondary facility;

(3) the planned secondary facility will result in the joint powers district meeting the requirements of Minnesota Rules, parts 3500.2010 and 3500.2110;

(4) at least 240 pupils would be served in grades 10 to 12, 320 pupils would be served in grades 9 to 12, or 480 pupils would be served in grades 7 to 12;

(5) no more than one superintendent is employed by the joint powers board as a result of the cooperative secondary facility agreement;

(6) a statement of need is submitted, that may include reasons why the current secondary facilities are inadequate, unsafe or inaccessible to the handicapped;

(7) an educational plan is prepared, that includes input from both community and professional staff;

(8) a combined seniority list for all participating districts is developed by the joint powers board;

(9) an education program is developed that provides for more learning opportunities and course offerings for students than is currently available in any single member district; and

(10) a plan is developed for providing instruction of any resident students in other districts when distance to the secondary education facility makes attendance at the facility unreasonably difficult or impractical.

(b) To the extent possible, the joint powers board is encouraged to provide for severance pay or for early retirement incentives under section 125.611, for any teacher or administrator, as defined under section 125.12, subdivision 1, who is placed on unrequested leave as a result of the cooperative secondary facility agreement.

Subd. 3. [DISTRICT PROCEDURES.] A joint powers board of a secondary district established under subdivision 2 that intends to apply for a grant shall adopt a resolution stating the proposed costs of the project, the purpose for which the debt is to be incurred, and an estimate of the dates when the facilities for which the grant is requested will be contracted for and completed. Applications for the state grants must be accompanied by (a) a copy of the resolution, (b) a certificate by the clerk and treasurer of the joint powers board showing the current outstanding indebtedness of each member district, and (c) a certificate by the county auditor of each county in which a portion of the joint powers district lies showing the information in the auditor's official records that is required to be used in computing the debt limit of the district under section 475.53, subdivision 4. The clerk's and treasurer's certificate shall show, as to each outstanding bond issue of each member district, the amount originally issued, the purpose for which issued, the date of issue, the amount remaining unpaid as of the date of the resolution, and the interest rates and due dates and amounts of principal thereon. Applications and necessary data must be in the form prescribed by the commissioner and the rules of the state board of education. When an application is received, the commissioner shall obtain from the commissioner of revenue, and from the public utilities commis-

sion when required, the information in their official records that is required to be used in computing the debt limit of the joint powers district under section 475.53, subdivision 4.

Subd. 4. [AWARD OF GRANTS.] The commissioner shall examine and consider all applications for grants, and if any joint powers district is found not qualified, the commissioner shall promptly notify that joint powers board. On January 1 and July 1 of each year, the commissioner shall make a determination on all pending applications that have been on file with the commissioner more than one month. If the applicants are determined to be qualified by the commissioner and the total amount of the grants applied for does not exceed the amount available or that can be made available in the incentive grant account, all grants so applied for shall be approved, subject to verification by the joint powers districts as specified in subdivision 6. If the total amount of the applications exceeds the amount that is or can be made available, the commissioner shall allot the available amount among the qualified applicant districts, according to the commissioner's judgment and discretion based upon their respective needs. The commissioner shall promptly certify to each qualified joint powers district the amount, if any, of the grant awarded to it.

Subd. 5. [REFERENDUM; BOND ISSUE.] Within 90 days after being awarded a grant under subdivision 4, the joint powers board shall submit the question of authorizing the borrowing of funds for the secondary facility to the voters of the joint powers district at a special election, which may be held in conjunction with the annual election of the school board members of the member districts. The question submitted shall state the total amount of funding needed from all sources. A majority of those voting in the affirmative on the question is sufficient to authorize the joint powers board to issue the bonds on public sale in accordance with chapter 475. The clerk of the joint powers board must certify the vote of the bond election to the commissioner of education. If the bonds are authorized by the voters, the commissioner shall notify the county auditor of each county in which the joint powers district is located that the grant amount certified under subdivision 4 is available and appropriated for payment of principal and interest on the bonds issued under this subdivision, and the auditor shall reduce the joint powers district's debt service levies accordingly. If a majority of those voting on the question do not vote in the affirmative, the grant must be canceled.

Subd. 6. [CONTRACT.] Each grant must be evidenced by a contract between the joint powers board and the state acting through the commissioner. It obligates the state to pay to the joint powers board an amount computed according to subdivision 4, upon receipt by the commissioner of a certified resolution of the joint powers board verifying that contracts have been entered into for construction or remodeling of the facilities for which the grant is awarded and that bonds of the joint powers district have been issued and sold



in the amount necessary to pay all project costs in excess of the amount of the grant, and estimating the costs.

Sec. 37. [124.495] [STATE BOND AUTHORIZATION.]

To provide money for the cooperative secondary facilities grant program, the commissioner of finance, upon the request of the commissioner of education, shall issue and sell bonds of the state up to the amount of \$8,000,000 in the manner, upon the terms and with the effect prescribed by sections 16A.631 to 16A.675 and the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, sections 4 to 7.

Sec. 38. [124.496] [REPORT TO THE LEGISLATURE.]

By January 15, 1989, the commissioner of education shall report to the legislature on the implementation of the cooperative secondary facilities grant program established in this act.

Sec. 39. [129B.71] [CITATION.]

Sections 129B.71 to 129B.75 may be cited as the "desegregation capital improvement grant act."

Sec. 40. [129B.72] [APPROVAL AUTHORITY; APPLICATION FORMS.]

Subdivision 1. [APPROVAL BY COMMISSIONER.] The commissioner of education may approve or disapprove applications under section 129B.73. The grant money must be used only to remodel or improve a building or site under contracts to be entered into within 15 months after the date each grant is awarded.

Subd. 2. [APPLICATION FORMS; RULES.] The commissioner of education shall prepare application forms. The state board of education shall adopt rules under chapter 14 to govern the application process set out in section 41.

Sec. 41. [129B.73] [GRANT APPLICATION PROCESS.]

Subdivision 1. [QUALIFICATION.] A school district that meets the criteria required under subdivision 2 may apply for a grant in an amount up to 50 percent of the approved costs of remodeling or improvement.

Subd. 2. [REVIEW BY COMMISSIONER.] (a) A school district that submits an application for a grant shall submit a proposal to the commissioner for review and comment under section 121.15, and the commissioner shall prepare a review and comment on the proposed facility, regardless of the amount of the capital expenditure required to remodel or improve the building or site. The commis-

sioner must not approve an application for a grant for a building or site unless the building or site receives a favorable review and comment under section 121.15 and is recommended by the commissioner as part of the district's approved desegregation plan.

Subd. 3. [AWARD OF GRANTS.] The commissioner shall examine and consider all applications for grants, and if a district is found not qualified, the commissioner shall promptly notify the district board. If the total amount of the applications exceeds the amount that is or can be made available, the commissioner shall prorate the available amount among the qualified applicant districts, according to the commissioner's judgment and discretion based upon their respective needs. The commissioner shall promptly certify to each district the amount, if any, of the grant awarded to it.

Subd. 4. [MATCHING REVENUE.] Upon being awarded a grant under subdivision 3, the board shall determine the need to bond for additional revenue. If the board determines that there is no need to bond, it shall certify to the commissioner of education that other funds are available for the purpose. If a bond issue is required, the board shall submit, within 90 days, the question of authorizing the borrowing of funds for remodeling or improvements to the voters of the district at a special election, that may be held in conjunction with the annual election of the school board members. If a majority of those voting on the question do not vote in the affirmative, the grant must be canceled.

Sec. 42. [129B.74] [STATE BOND AUTHORIZATION.]

To provide money for the desegregation capital improvement grant program, the commissioner of finance, upon the request of the commissioner of education, shall issue and sell bonds of the state up to the amount of \$900,000 in the manner, upon the terms and with the effect prescribed by sections 16A.631 to 16A.675 and the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, sections 4 to 7.

Sec. 43. [129B.75] [REPORT TO THE LEGISLATURE.]

By January 15 of each year, the commissioner of education shall report to the legislature on the implementation of the desegregation capital improvement grant program established in sections 129B.71 to 129B.74.

Sec. 44. [240A.01] [DEFINITIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [APPLICABILITY.] As used in sections 240A.01 to 240A.07, the words defined in this section have the meanings given them.

Subd. 2. [COMMISSION.] “Commission” means the Minnesota amateur sports commission.

Subd. 3. [LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.] “Local governments” means counties, towns, statutory or home rule charter cities, school districts, or any combination of them.

Subd. 4. [SPORTS FACILITY OR SPORTS FACILITIES.] “Sports facility” or “sports facilities” means real or personal property or both suitable for holding those amateur sports competitions determined by the commission.

Sec. 45. [240A.02] [MINNESOTA AMATEUR SPORTS COMMISSION.]

Subdivision 1. [MEMBERSHIP; COMPENSATION; CHAIR.] The Minnesota amateur sports commission consists of nine voting members, four of whom must be experienced in promoting amateur sports, appointed by the governor to three-year terms. Two legislators, one from each house appointed according to its rules, shall be nonvoting members. Compensation and removal of members and the filling of membership vacancies are as provided in section 15.0575. A member may be reappointed. The governor shall appoint the chair of the commission after consideration of the commission’s recommendation.

Subd. 2. [MEETINGS.] The commission shall meet at least quarterly and at other times determined by the commission and shall adopt rules governing its proceedings.

Subd. 3. [STAFF.] The commission shall appoint an executive director, who may hire other employees authorized by the commission. The executive director and any other employees are in the unclassified service under section 43A.08.

Sec. 46. [240A.03] [GENERAL POWERS OF THE COMMISSION.]

Subdivision 1. [GENERAL.] The commission has the powers necessary and convenient to discharge the duties imposed by law, including but not limited to those provided in this section.

Subd. 2. [ACTIONS.] The commission may sue and be sued and is a public body within the meaning of chapter 562.

Subd. 3. [PROPERTY.] The commission may acquire by lease, purchase, gift, or devise all necessary right, title, and interest in and to real or personal property or both necessary to the purposes of amateur sports facilities.

Subd. 4. [CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATION.] The commission may own, operate, construct, repair, or refurbish, and enter into contracts for the same purposes for real or personal property or both necessary for amateur sports facilities.

Subd. 5. [EXEMPTION OF PROPERTY.] Real or personal property acquired, owned, leased, controlled, used, or occupied by the commission for the purposes of amateur sports facilities is declared to be acquired, owned, leased, controlled, used, and occupied for public, governmental, and municipal purposes, and is exempt from ad valorem taxation by the state or any political subdivision of the state, provided that the properties are subject to special assessments levied by a political subdivision for a local improvement in amounts proportionate to and not exceeding the special benefit received by the properties from the improvement. No possible use of any of the properties in any manner different from their use under sections 240A.01 to 240A.07 at the time may be considered in determining the special benefit received by the properties. Assessments are subject to confirmation by the commission, whose determination of the benefits is subject to court review. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 272.01, subdivision 2, or 273.19, real or personal property leased by the commission to another person for uses related to the purposes of sections 240A.01 to 240A.07 is exempt from taxation regardless of the length of the lease.

Subd. 6. [DISPOSITION OF PROPERTY.] The commission may sell or otherwise dispose of any real or personal property acquired by it that is no longer required for accomplishment of its purposes. The property shall be sold in the manner provided by section 458.196, insofar as practical and consistent with sections 473.551 to 473.595.

Subd. 7. [CONTRACTS.] The commission may contract for materials, supplies, and equipment with persons, firms, or corporations to perform one or more or all of the functions of architect, engineer, construction manager, project manager, or contractor for both design and construction, with respect to all or any part of a project to build or remodel sports facilities.

Subd. 8. [GIFTS AND GRANTS.] The commission may accept gifts of money, property, or services; may apply for and accept grants or loans of money or other property from the United States, the state, a subdivision of the state, or a person for any of its purposes; may enter into an agreement required in connection with it; and may hold, use, and dispose of the money, property, or services in accordance with the terms of the gift, grant, loan, or agreement relating to it. The commission may also make grants, gifts, and bequests of money, property, or services and enter into contracts to carry out the same. Money received under this subdivision is annually appropriated to the commission.

Subd. 9. [RESEARCH.] The commission may conduct research studies and programs; collect and analyze data; prepare reports,

maps, charts, and tables; and conduct necessary hearings and investigations in connection with its functions.

Subd. 10. [USE AGREEMENTS.] The commission may lease, license, or enter into agreements and may fix, alter, charge, and collect rentals, fees, and charges to persons for the use, occupation, and availability of part or all of any premises, property, or facilities under its ownership, operation, or control. A use agreement may provide that the other contracting party has exclusive use of the premises at the times agreed upon.

Subd. 11. [INSURANCE.] The commission may require any employee to obtain and file with it an individual bond or fidelity insurance policy. It may obtain insurance in the amounts it considers necessary to protect it against the liability of the commission or its officers and employees for personal injury or death and property damage or destruction, with the effect stated in chapter 466, and against risks of damage to or destruction of any of its facilities, equipment, or other property.

Subd. 12. [RULES AND PROCEDURES.] The commission may adopt rules and procedures to implement its authority under sections 240A.01 to 240A.07.

Sec. 47. [240A.04] [PROMOTION AND DEVELOPMENT OF AMATEUR SPORTS.]

In addition to the powers and duties granted under section 3, the commission shall:

- (1) promote the development of olympic training centers;
- (2) promote physical fitness by promoting participation in sports;
- (3) develop, foster, and coordinate physical fitness services and programs;
- (4) sponsor amateur sport workshops, clinics, and conferences;
- (5) provide recognition for outstanding developments, achievements, and contributions to amateur sports;
- (6) stimulate and promote amateur sport research;
- (7) collect, disseminate, and communicate amateur sport information;
- (8) promote amateur sport and physical fitness programs in schools and local communities;

(9) develop programs to promote personal health and physical fitness by participation in amateur sports in cooperation with medical, dental, sports medicine, and similar professional societies;

(10) promote the development of recreational amateur sport opportunities and activities in the state, including the means of facilitating acquisition, financing, construction, and rehabilitation of sports facilities for the holding of amateur sporting events;

(11) promote national and international amateur sport competitions and events;

(12) sanction or sponsor amateur sport competition;

(13) take membership in regional or national amateur sports associations or organizations; and

(14) promote the mainstreaming and normalization of people with physical disabilities and visual and hearing impairments in amateur sports.

Sec. 48. [240A.05] [SANCTION OF CERTAIN EVENTS.]

The commission may sponsor or sanction amateur sporting events that include athletes who participate in events sponsored or sanctioned by the Minnesota state high school league or any other governing body of sport.

Sec. 49. [240A.06] [STATE AMATEUR ATHLETIC GAMES.]

Subdivision 1. [SPONSORSHIP REQUIRED.] The commission shall sponsor and sanction a series of statewide amateur athletic games patterned after the winter and summer Olympic Games, with variations as required by facilities, equipment, and expertise, and as necessary to include people with physical disabilities and visual and hearing impairments. The games may be held annually beginning in 1989, if money and facilities are available, unless the time of the games would conflict with other sporting events as the commission determines.

Subd. 2. [LIMITATIONS.] The games must be designed to encourage the participation of athletes representing a broad range of age groups, skill levels, Minnesota communities, and people with physical disabilities and visual and hearing impairments. Primary participants must be residents of Minnesota. Regional competitions to determine participants in the games may be held throughout the state, and the top qualifiers in each sport or the regional competitions are qualified to participate in the state amateur athletic games. The games must be held at an appropriate site in the state.

Sec. 50. [240A.07] [COOPERATION REQUIRED.]

Local governments shall cooperate with the commission to the greatest extent practical in providing facilities for use in amateur sports and olympic training.

Sec. 51. [INITIAL APPOINTMENTS.]

Notwithstanding section 240A.02, the governor shall appoint the initial members of the commission as follows:

- (1) three members to one-year terms;
- (2) three members to two-year terms; and
- (3) three members to three-year terms.

Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.01, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. A "sale" and a "purchase" includes, but is not limited to, each of the following transactions:

(a) Any transfer of title or possession, or both, of tangible personal property, whether absolutely or conditionally, and the leasing of or the granting of a license to use or consume tangible personal property other than manufactured homes used for residential purposes for a continuous period of 30 days or more, for a consideration in money or by exchange or barter. "Sales" also include the transfer of computer software, meaning information and directions which dictate the function to be performed by data processing equipment and which are sold without adaptation to the specific requirements of the purchaser. This type of computer software, whether contained on tape, discs, cards, or other devices, shall be considered tangible personal property;

(b) The production, fabrication, printing or processing of tangible personal property for a consideration for consumers who furnish either directly or indirectly the materials used in the production, fabrication, printing or processing;

(c) The furnishing, preparing or serving for a consideration of food, meals or drinks, not including hospitals, sanatoriums, nursing homes or senior citizens homes, meals or drinks purchased for and served exclusively to individuals who are 60 years of age or over and their spouses or to the handicapped and their spouses by governmental agencies, nonprofit organizations, agencies, or churches or pursuant to any program funded in whole or part through 42 USCA sections 3001 through 3045, wherever delivered, prepared or served, meals and lunches served at public and private schools, universities

or colleges, or the occasional meal thereof by a charitable or church organization. Notwithstanding section 297A.25, subdivision 2, taxable food or meals include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (i) heated food or drinks;
  - (ii) sandwiches prepared by the retailer;
  - (iii) single sales of prepackaged ice cream or ice milk novelties prepared by the retailer;
  - (iv) hand-prepared or dispensed ice cream or ice milk products including cones, sundaes, and snow cones;
  - (v) soft drinks and other beverages prepared or served by the retailer;
  - (vi) gum;
  - (vii) ice;
  - (viii) all food sold in vending machines;
  - (ix) party trays prepared by the retailers; and
  - (x) all meals and single servings of packaged snack food, single cans or bottles of pop, sold in restaurants and bars;
- (d) The granting of the privilege of admission to places of amusement or athletic events and the privilege of use of amusement devices or athletic facilities;
- (e) The furnishing for a consideration of lodging and related services by a hotel, rooming house, tourist court, motel or trailer camp and of the granting of any similar license to use real property other than the renting or leasing thereof for a continuous period of 30 days or more;
- (f) The furnishing for a consideration of electricity, gas, water, or steam for use or consumption within this state, or local exchange telephone service and intrastate toll service; the tax imposed on amounts paid for telephone services is the liability of and shall be paid by the person paying for the services. Sales by municipal corporations in a proprietary capacity are included in the provisions of this clause. The furnishing of water and sewer services for residential use shall not be considered a sale;
- (g) The furnishing for a consideration of cable television services, including charges for basic monthly service, charges for monthly



premium service, and charges for any other similar television services;

(h) Notwithstanding subdivision 4, and section 297A.25, subdivision 9, the sales of horses including claiming sales and fees paid for breeding a stallion to a mare. This clause applies to sales and fees with respect to a horse to be used for racing whose birth has been recorded by the Jockey Club or the United States Trotting Association or the American Quarter Horse Association but shall not apply with respect to the sale of a horse bred and born in the state of Minnesota;

(i) The granting of membership in a club, association or other organization if:

(1) the club, association, or other organization makes available for the use of its members sports and athletic facilities (without regard to whether a separate charge is assessed for use of the facilities); and

(2) use of the sports and athletic facilities is not made available to the general public on the same basis as it is made available to members.

Granting of membership includes both one-time initiation fees and periodic membership dues. Sports and athletic facilities include golf courses, tennis, racquetball, handball and squash courts, basketball and volleyball facilities, running tracks, exercise equipment, swimming pools and other similar athletic or sports facilities. The provisions of this paragraph do not apply to camps or other recreation facilities owned and operated by an exempt organization under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1986, for educational and social activities for young people primarily age 18 and under. The provisions of this paragraph do not apply to an association incorporated under section 315.44.

Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 297A.44, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. (a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) all revenues, including interest and penalties, derived from the excise and use taxes imposed by sections 297A.01 to 297A.44 shall be deposited by the commissioner in the state treasury and credited to the general fund.

(b) All excise and use taxes derived from sales and use of property and services purchased for the construction and operation of an agricultural resource project, from and after the date on which a conditional commitment for a loan guaranty for the project is made pursuant to section 41A.04, subdivision 3, shall be deposited in the agricultural resource loan guaranty fund. The commissioner of finance shall certify to the commissioner the date on which the

project received the conditional commitment. The amount deposited in the loan guaranty fund shall be reduced by any refunds and by the costs incurred by the department of revenue to administer and enforce the assessment and collection of the taxes.

(c) All revenues, including interest and penalties, derived from the excise and use taxes imposed on sales and purchases included in section 48, paragraph (i), clauses (1) and (2), must be deposited by the commissioner of revenue in a separate and special fund, designated as the sports and health club sales tax revenue fund in the state treasury and credited as follows:

(1) first to the general obligation special tax bond debt service account in each fiscal year the amount required by section 31, subdivision 3, paragraph (b); and

(2) after the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section have been met:

(i) no more than the amounts specifically appropriated to operate and maintain facilities financed under section 8, subdivision 3; must be credited to an amateur athletic facilities account set up for this purpose; and

(ii) the balance must be credited to the general fund.

#### Sec. 54. [LOCAL BONDING AUTHORITY.]

Subdivision 1. [BONDING AUTHORITY.] In addition to bonds authorized by other law, independent school district No. 625 may issue \$400,000 in general obligation bonds of the school district in 1987 or 1988 for capital repairs and improvements. The bonds issued under this section are not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 475.58, 475.59, or the first sentence of 475.53, subdivision 5. The bonds must otherwise be issued as provided in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475. The authority to issue bonds under this section is in addition to any bonding authority authorized by Minnesota Statutes, chapter 124, or other law. The amount of bonding authority authorized under this section must be disregarded in calculating the bonding limit of chapter 124 or any other law other than Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475.

The bonds must not be issued until the school district has conveyed to the city of Saint Paul, by recordable deed, all of the interest of independent school district No. 625 in property legally described as King's Park View, Block 2. The property is otherwise known as the Edgcombe school site and is bounded by Hamline Avenue, Pinehurst Avenue, Syndicate Street, and Ford Parkway. The school district may accept contributions, direct or indirect, related to the conveyance, from any source, provided that the amount of bonds authorized under this section must be reduced by

the amount of contributions accepted except for contributions associated with the costs of issuing the bonds.

Subd. 2. [TAX LEVY FOR DEBT SERVICE.] To pay for the principal of and interest on bonds issued under subdivision 1, independent school district No. 625 must levy a tax annually in an amount sufficient under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, subdivisions 1 and 3, to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds. The tax authorized under this section is in addition to the taxes authorized to be levied under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 124A or 275, or other law. The tax authorized under this section is not subject to and must be disregarded in the calculation of any levies subject to limits on levies provided in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 124A or 275, or other law.

Sec. 55. [PLANNING.]

In its planning for new program offerings at a particular institution, each public post-secondary governing board shall consider the availability of physical space and the adequacy of facilities at that institution. If the board determines that new space or facilities are required, it shall examine the feasibility of developing the program at a different institution within its system.

Sec. 56. [GREAT RIVER ROAD BONDS.]

The city of Minneapolis may issue \$3,000,000 in general obligation bonds of the city for land acquisition by the Minneapolis park and recreation board in connection with the great river road project. The bonds must be issued before December 31, 1987. The bonds issued under this subdivision are not included in the net indebtedness of the city as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 475.51, subdivision 4.

Sec. 57. [EXPANDING USE OF RED RIVER DIKE FUNDS.]

The unobligated balance of the appropriations made in Laws 1981, chapter 361, section 3, subdivision 3, and Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 15, section 4, subdivision 5, does not cancel pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28 or other law, but is available for grants for flood management projects or to evaluate the practicality and feasibility of establishing a coordinated diking system along both sides of the Red River of the North beginning at East Grand Forks and Grand Forks and extending north for the Minnesota counties of Polk, Marshall, and Kittson, and the North Dakota counties of Grand Forks, Walsh, and Pembina. The commissioner of natural resources shall make the grants available to the Lower Red River watershed management board to cooperate and work with the Minnesota counties and the North Dakota counties and local water management organizations.

## Sec. 58. [FACILITIES; COSTS.]

The requirements of Laws 1983, chapter 344, section 13; Laws 1984, chapter 597, section 5, subdivision 4; and Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 13, section 28, subdivision 6, that certain appropriations for various facilities be repaid by the facilities or other responsible bodies are canceled.

## Sec. 59. [REPEALER.]

Sections 33 to 38 are repealed June 30, 1989.

## Sec. 60. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

This act is effective the day following final enactment.

## Sec. 61. MINNESOTA LEARNING CENTER FOR THE ARTS

To the commissioner of administration to plan and prepare working drawings, acquire land, and prepare a site for the Minnesota learning center for the arts

\$4,000,000

The plan must separately list the total proposed expenditures for the interdisciplinary academic and arts program for pupils in the 11th and 12th grade. The plan shall also separately identify total proposed expenditures for at least four alternative methods of providing residential facilities including the use of existing facilities by contracting with public or private organizations, such as school districts, post-secondary institutions, or other organizations. The cost of providing a residential high school program and the costs of providing an arts learning center must be separate and identifiable."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to public administration; authorizing spending to acquire and to better public land and buildings and other public improvements of a capital nature with certain conditions; authorizing issuance of state and local bonds; authorizing

levies; imposing taxes; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 297A.01, subdivision 3; and 297A.44, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 16A, 124, and 129B; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 240A."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: GLEN H. ANDERSON, WILLARD MUNGER, DAVID T. BISHOP, LYNDON R. CARLSON AND JOSEPH QUINN.

Senate Conferees: GENE MERRIAM, SAM G. SOLON, ROGER D. MOE, MICHAEL O. FREEMAN AND DEAN E. JOHNSON.

Anderson, G., moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 919 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee.

Price moved that the House refuse to adopt the Conference Committee report on H. F. No. 919, and that the bill be returned to the Conference Committee.

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Price motion and the roll was called. There were 25 yeas and 92 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Burger	Haukoos	McPherson	Pappas	Skoglund
Clausnitzer	Himle	Miller	Price	Sviggum
Dille	Hugoson	Olsen, S.	Quist	Tjornhom
Frerichs	Knickerbocker	Olsen, E.	Rest	Wagenius
Greenfield	Larsen	Onnen	Seaberg	Wynia

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, G.	Carruthers	Jennings	Marsh	Olson, K.
Anderson, R.	Clark	Jensen	McDonald	Omann
Battaglia	Cooper	Johnson, A.	McEachern	Orenstein
Bauerly	Dauner	Johnson, R.	McKasy	Otis
Beard	DeBlicke	Johnson, V.	McLaughlin	Ozment
Begich	Dempsey	Kalis	Minne	Pelowski
Bennett	Dorn	Kelly	Morrison	Peterson
Bertram	Forsythe	Kelso	Munger	Poppenhagen
Bishop	Frederick	Kinkel	Murphy	Quinn
Blatz	Gruenes	Kludt	Nelson, C.	Reding
Boo	Hartle	Knuth	Nelson, K.	Rice
Brown	Jacobs	Kostohryz	Neuenschwander	Richter
Carlson, D.	Jaros	Krueger	O'Connor	Rodosovich
Carlson, L.	Jefferson	Lieder	Ogren	Rose

Rukavina	Shaver	Steensma	Uphus	Winter
Sarna	Simoneau	Swenson	Vanasek	Spk. Norton
Scheid	Solberg	Thiede	Vellenga	
Schoenfeld	Sparby	Tompkins	Voss	
Segal	Stanius	Tunheim	Wenzel	

The motion did not prevail.

The question recurred on the Anderson, G., motion that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 919 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

#### CALL OF THE HOUSE

On the motion of Vanasek and on the demand of 10 members, a call of the House was ordered. The following members answered to their names:

Anderson, G.	Frerichs	Larsen	Osthoff	Simoneau
Anderson, R.	Greenfield	Lasley	Otis	Skoglund
Battaglia	Gruenes	Lieder	Ozment	Solberg
Bauerly	Gutknecht	Long	Pappas	Sparby
Beard	Hartle	Marsh	Pauly	Stanius
Begich	Haukoos	McDonald	Pelowski	Steensma
Bennett	Himle	McEachern	Peterson	Sviggum
Bertram	Hugoson	McKasy	Price	Swenson
Bishop	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Quinn	Thiede
Blatz	Jaros	McPherson	Quist	Tjornhou
Boo	Jefferson	Milbert	Redalen	Tompkins
Brown	Jennings	Miller	Reding	Trimble
Burger	Jensen	Minne	Rest	Tunheim
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Morrison	Rice	Uphus
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Munger	Richter	Valento
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Murphy	Rodosovich	Vanasek
Clark	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Rose	Vellenga
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Rukavina	Voss
Cooper	Kelly	O'Connor	Sarna	Wagenius
Dauner	Kelso	Ogren	Schafer	Waltman
DeBlieck	Kinkel	Olsen, S.	Scheid	Wenzel
Dempsey	Kludt	Olson, E.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olson, K.	Schreiber	Wynia
Dorn	Knuth	Omann	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Ommen	Segal	
Frederick	Krueger	Orenstein	Shaver	

Vanasek moved that further proceedings of the roll call be dispensed with and that the Sergeant at Arms be instructed to bring in the absentees. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

H. F. No. 919, A bill for an act relating to public administration; authorizing spending to acquire and to better public land and buildings and other public improvements of a capital nature with certain conditions; authorizing issuance of state and local bonds; authorizing levies; imposing taxes; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 297.13, subdivision 1; and 297.26; 297A.01, subdivision 3; 297A.44, subdivision 1; proposing coding for

new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 16A and 124; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 240A.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called.

Vanasek moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 81 yeas and 46 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Krueger	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld
Battaglia	Gruenes	Larsen	Omann	Segal
Bauerly	Jacobs	Lasley	Orenstein	Simoneau
Beard	Jaros	Lieder	Osthoff	Skoglund
Begich	Jefferson	Marsh	Otis	Solberg
Bertram	Jennings	McEachern	Ozment	Sparby
Bishop	Jensen	McLaughlin	Pelowski	Steensma
Brown	Johnson, A.	Milbert	Peterson	Trimble
Carlson, D.	Johnson, R.	Minne	Quinn	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Kahn	Murphy	Redalen	Vanasek
Carruthers	Kelly	Nelson, C.	Reding	Vellenga
Clark	Kelso	Nelson, D.	Rice	Voss
Cooper	Kinkel	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Wagenius
Dauner	Kludt	Neuenschwander	Rukavina	Wenzel
DeBlicke	Knuth	O'Connor	Sarna	Winter
Dorn	Kostohryz	Ogren	Scheid	Wynia
				Spk. Norton

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, R.	Gutknecht	Long	Pappas	Seaberg
Bennett	Hartle	McDonald	Pauly	Shaver
Blatz	Haukoos	McKasy	Poppenhagen	Stanius
Boo	Heap	McPherson	Price	Sviggum
Burger	Himle	Miller	Quist	Swenson
Clausnitzer	Hugoson	Morrison	Rest	Thiede
Dempsey	Johnson, V.	Olsen, S.	Richter	Tjornhom
Forsythe	Kalis	Olson, E.	Rose	Tompkins
Frerichs	Knickerbocker	Onnen	Schreiber	Valento
				Waltman

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

## CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 1315

A bill for an act relating to the organization and operation of state government; appropriating money for the general legislative, judicial, and administrative expenses of state government; providing for the transfer of certain money in the state treasury; fixing and limiting the amount of fees and other costs to be collected in certain cases; creating, abolishing, modifying, and transferring agencies and functions; providing for a study of the Minnesota veterans' home; providing for information systems management; defining and amending terms; providing for settlement of claims; imposing certain duties, responsibilities, authority, and limitations on agencies and political subdivisions; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 2.722, subdivision 1; 3.099, subdivision 3; 3.30, subdivision 2; 3.85, subdivision 12; 3C.11, subdivision 2; 3C.12, subdivision 7; 8.15; 14.07, subdivisions 1 and 2; 14.08; 14.47, subdivision 8; 15.01; 15.06, subdivision 1; 15A.081, subdivision 1; 16A.127, subdivision 8; 16A.85, by adding a subdivision; 16B.20, subdivision 2; 16B.41; 16B.42, subdivision 4; 69.021, subdivision 5; 84.01, subdivision 3; 84.0272; 84.091, subdivision 3; 84.83, subdivision 3; 85.30; 85.41; 85.42; 85.43; 85.45; 85A.04, subdivision 1; 88.065; 88.17, subdivision 2; 88.75, subdivision 1; 88.76; 88.79, subdivision 2; 89.04; 92.46, subdivision 1; 92.67, subdivisions 1, 4, and by adding a subdivision; 93.335, subdivision 4; 97A.061, subdivision 1; 97A.065, subdivision 2; 97A.105, subdivision 1; 97A.415, subdivision 1; 97A.445, subdivision 1; 97A.451, subdivision 4; 97A.475, subdivisions 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, and 20; 97A.485, subdivision 6; 97C.211, by adding a subdivision; 115A.15, subdivision 6; 115A.42; 115A.44; 115A.45; 115A.46, subdivision 1; 115A.49; 115A.51; 115A.52; 115A.53; 115A.917; 116.41, subdivision 2; 116J.615, by adding a subdivision; 161.1419, subdivision 4; 175A.07, subdivision 2; 176.611, subdivisions 2, 6a, and by adding a subdivision; 179A.03, subdivision 17; 179A.04, subdivision 3; 179A.13; 179A.16; 179A.21; 179A.25; 197.481, subdivision 5; 204B.11, subdivision 1; 221.67; 271.01, by adding a subdivision; 273.1314, subdivision 16a; 296.16, subdivision 1; 296.421, subdivision 5; 302A.011, subdivision 11; 302A.153; 303.13, subdivision 1; 303.21, subdivision 3; 317.67, subdivision 2; 322A.16; 322A.71; 330.11, subdivision 3; 333.055, subdivision 3; 363.05, subdivision 1; 363.071, subdivision 2; 363.14, subdivision 1; 403.11, subdivision 1; 462A.05, by adding a subdivision; 462A.21, by adding a subdivision; 473.351, by adding a subdivision; 480.241; 480A.08, subdivision 3; 540.152; 543.08; 609.101; 626.861, subdivision 4; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 3; 5; 43A; 84; 86; 88; 89; 93; 97A; 97C; 115A; 480; 481; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 3.9226, subdivision 8; 3C.035, subdivision 2; 3C.055; 3C.056; 3C.057; 6.495, subdivision 2; 92.67, subdivision 6; 116J.87; 179A.03, subdivision 3; 179A.05; 296.421, subdivision 5a; 363.01, subdivisions 14 and 26; 363.04, subdivisions 1, 2, 9, and 10; 363.12, subdivision 3; 363.121; 473.351, subdivision 5.



May 18, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 1315, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment and that H. F. No. 1315 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. [STATE DEPARTMENTS; APPROPRIATIONS.]

The sums shown in the columns marked "APPROPRIATIONS" are appropriated from the general fund, or another fund named, to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this act, to be available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures "1987," "1988," and "1989," where used in this act, mean that the appropriation or appropriations listed under them are available for the year ending June 30, 1987, June 30, 1988, or June 30, 1989, respectively.

#### SUMMARY BY FUND

	1987	1988	1989	TOTAL
General	\$3,325,900	\$327,120,700	\$341,020,700	\$671,467,300
Special Revenue	395,000	57,391,400	57,060,300	114,846,700
Game and Fish		37,832,700	39,108,200	76,940,900
Trunk Highway	284,800	6,240,000	6,035,000	12,559,800
Highway User		1,887,100	1,787,100	3,674,200
Workers' Comp.	18,300	11,826,800	11,561,400	23,388,200

## Environmental

	4,078,900	4,071,100	8,150,000
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## Metro Landfill Abatement

	1,134,000	1,134,000	2,268,000
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## Metro Landfill Contingency

	670,000	170,000	840,000
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## Minnesota Resources

	7,951,700	7,964,500	15,916,200
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## Motor Vehicle Transfer

	1,675,400	1,210,400	2,885,800
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## Water Pollution Control

	5,386,800	6,694,800	12,081,600
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## Transfers to Other Direct

( 395,000)	(5,068,300)	(4,765,200)	(9,833,500)
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## TOTAL

\$3,629,000	\$458,127,200	\$473,052,300	\$934,808,500
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APPROPRIATIONS  
Available for the Year  
Ending June 30

1988	1989
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## Sec. 2. LEGISLATURE

Subdivision 1. Total for this section	\$33,556,500	\$36,004,800
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## Summary by Fund

## General

\$33,529,000	\$35,982,100
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## Trunk Highway

\$ 27,500	\$ 22,700
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## Subd. 2. Senate

11,647,000	12,600,800
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## Subd. 3. House of Representatives

14,737,000	16,036,000
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	1988	1989
Subd. 4. Legislative Coordinating Commission	\$ 4,230,200	\$ 4,399,700

Summary by Fund

General	\$ 4,202,700	\$ 4,377,000
Trunk Highway	\$ 27,500	\$ 22,700

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each activity are as follows:

(a) Legislative Reference Library

	1988	1989
	\$ 727,700	\$ 757,000

(b) Revisor of Statutes

	\$ 1,982,900	\$ 2,036,200
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In addition to the appropriations in this section, the commissioner of finance shall transfer money from the general fund salary supplement appropriation to the revisor's account for employees of the revisor's office. The amount transferred must be for the same percentage of the revisor's total payroll as for similar agencies in the executive branch.

The revisor of statutes must reindex Minnesota Statutes over a period of about eight years.

(c) Legislative Commission on the Economic Status of Women

	\$ 123,500	\$ 130,300
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(d) Legislative Commission on Employee Relations

	\$ 95,800	\$ 96,200
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(e) Great Lakes Commission

	\$ 37,200	\$ 42,200
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	1988	1989
(f) Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement	\$ 555,600	\$ 563,700
(g) Legislative Commission to Review Administrative Rules	\$ 117,800	\$ 122,700
(h) Legislative Commission on Waste Management	\$ 113,500	\$ 118,600
(i) Legislative Committee on Planning and Fiscal Policy	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000
(j) Mississippi River Parkway Commission	\$ 27,500	\$ 22,700

This appropriation is from the trunk highway fund.

(k) Legislative Coordinating Commission - General Support	\$ 348,700	\$ 410,100
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\$50,000 the first year and \$50,000 the second year are reserved for unanticipated costs of agencies in this subdivision and subdivision 5. The legislative coordinating commission may transfer necessary amounts from this appropriation to the appropriations of the agencies concerned, and the amounts transferred are appropriated to those agencies to be spent by them. If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

\$70,200 the first year and \$74,400 the second year are for the state contribution to the national conference of state legislatures.

\$61,600 the first year and \$65,300 the second year are for the state contribution to the Council of State Governments.

	1988	1989
Subd. 5. Legislative Audit Commission	\$ 2,942,200	\$ 2,968,300

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each activity are as follows:

(a) Legislative Audit Commission	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,500
(b) Legislative Auditor	\$ 2,927,200	\$ 2,952,800

### Sec. 3. SUPREME COURT

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	8,862,700	9,003,600
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#### Summary by Fund

General	\$ 6,299,900	\$ 6,308,000
Special Revenue	\$ 2,562,800	\$ 2,695,600

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each program are specified in the following subdivisions.

#### Subd. 2. Supreme Court Operations

Total Appropriation	\$ 2,594,900	\$ 2,552,400
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\$2,100 the first year and \$2,200 the second year are for a contingent account for expenses necessary for the normal operation of the court for which no other reimbursement is provided.

\$50,000 is available to the supreme court to study gender bias throughout the state judicial system and to prepare a report for the chair of the house appropriations committee and the chair of the senate finance committee by June 30, 1989.

	1988	1989
Subd. 3. Legal Services Surcharge Grant	\$ 2,562,800	\$ 2,695,600

These appropriations are from the legal services account in the special revenue fund for legal services to low-income clients, family farm legal assistance, and improvement of court information systems. Any unencumbered balance remaining of the legal services appropriation in the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year of the biennium.

Of the filing fee surcharge collected under Minnesota Statutes, section 480.241, one-half of the amount is available for legal services programs and clients under Minnesota Statutes, sections 480.242 and 480.243. Of the other half of the surcharge collected, \$850,000 in fiscal year 1988 and \$850,000 in fiscal year 1989 is available for family farm legal assistance under Minnesota Statutes, section 480.250, and the remaining balance must be transferred to the software sales account.

Subd. 4. State Court Administrator	\$ 2,981,800	\$ 3,007,300
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\$22,400 the first year and \$53,700 the second year are for allocated costs of the revisor of statutes. If these amounts are to be unallotted or otherwise reduced for reasons relating to budget shortfalls, the reduction may not exceed the average of the reduction for all state agencies.

Subd. 5. State Law Library	\$ 723,200	\$ 748,300
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Sec. 4. COURT OF APPEALS	3,469,200	3,434,000
Sec. 5. TRIAL COURTS	17,935,400	18,244,200

	1988	1989
Sec. 6. BOARD ON JUDICIAL STANDARDS	\$ 154,800	\$ 154,700

Approved Complement - 2

Sec. 7. BOARD OF PUBLIC DEFENSE	2,261,200	2,510,400
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Approved Complement - 29

Of this appropriation, \$239,300 the first year and \$478,700 the second year are for the purpose of providing legal services to the indigent residents of distressed counties as defined under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.257.

During the biennium, legal assistance to Minnesota prisoners shall serve the civil legal needs of persons confined to state institutions.

None of this appropriation shall be used to pay for lawsuits against public agencies or public officials to change social or public policy.

Sec. 8. GOVERNOR	2,365,500	2,374,100
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The amounts that may be spent for each activity are as follows:

\$20,000 the first year and \$20,000 the second year are for personal expenses connected with the office of the governor.

\$78,800 the first year and \$84,300 the second year are for membership dues of the national governors association.

Sec. 9. LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR	275,900	276,600
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Sec. 10. SECRETARY OF STATE

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation

1988	1989	1,916,700	2,088,100
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	1988	1989
Approved Complement -	\$ 52.5	\$ 47.5

The appropriations in this section are from the special revenue fund.

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each activity are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. Elections and Publications  
 \$ 264,300      \$ 540,900

Subd. 3. Uniform Commercial Code  
 \$ 182,000      \$ 168,500

Subd. 4. Business Services  
 \$ 780,500      \$ 768,400

Subd. 5. Administration  
 \$ 354,500      \$ 357,300

Subd. 6. Fiscal Operations  
 \$ 141,600      \$ 140,500

Subd. 7. Data Services  
 \$ 193,800      \$ 112,500

Sec. 11. STATE AUDITOR                      547,500      547,100

Approved Complement - 124.0

General - 9.5

Revolving - 114.5

\$77,300 the first year and \$77,300 the second year are for an account the auditor may bill for costs associated with conducting single audits of federal funds. During the biennium, this account may be used only when no other billing mechanism is feasible.

During the biennium ending June 30, 1989, the commissioner of finance shall not approve any rate increase for the state auditor beyond those in effect on January 1, 1987, except for adjustments necessitated by salary increases,



	1988	1989
indirect cost assessments, and other verifiably escalating expenses associated with performing their reimbursable audits.	\$	\$

\$218,100 the first year and \$217,900 the second year must be subtracted from the amount that would otherwise be payable as local government aid under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 477A, in order to fund the government information division, and the parts of the constitutional office that are related to the government information function.

\$80,000 the first year and \$80,000 the second year must be subtracted from the total police and fire state aid otherwise payable to police and fire relief associations pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, sections 69.011 to 69.051 and deposited into the state auditor's revolving fund for the costs and expenses incurred by the state auditor in making review of the audits and examinations of relief associations. The amount of \$80,000 the first year and \$80,000 the second year to be subtracted out of the police state aid and the firefighters' state aid shall be divided proportionally according to the total estimated costs of the audits or examinations of the police and firefighters' relief associations as determined by the state auditor.

\$22,500 the first year and \$22,500 the second year for the costs and expenses of the central office staff attached to the constitutional office function shall be paid for from the audit practice revolving fund.

Sec. 12. STATE TREASURER	513,900	512,600
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Approved Complement - 12

Sec. 13. ATTORNEY GENERAL		
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Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	17,944,700	17,836,900
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	1988	1989
Approved Complement - 347.5	\$	\$
General - 313.8		
Federal - 6.7		
Special Revenue - 18		
Environmental - 9		

Summary by Fund

General	\$15,354,500	\$15,246,700
Special Revenue	\$ 840,000	\$ 840,000
Environmental	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 1,500,000

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each activity are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. Public Administration  
           \$ 1,366,600     \$ 1,354,300

Subd. 3. Public Resources  
           \$ 4,988,300     \$ 5,000,600

Summary by Fund

General	\$ 3,488,300	\$ 3,500,600
Environmental	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 1,500,000

\$500,000 the first year is appropriated from the environmental response, compensation, and compliance fund for the regional groundwater contamination litigation at the Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant (TCAAP). The pollution control agency shall make transfers from the unencumbered balances of its environmental fund appropriations to reimburse the attorney general's litigation account when obli-

1988

1989

\$

\$

gations to the account have been paid. \$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,500,000 the second year are available to reimburse the attorney general litigation account. This appropriation is available until the state reaches a signed agreement with the defendants and closes the case or until the appropriation is spent. When the case is closed, unliquidated balances from the attorney general's appropriation must be transferred back to the pollution control agency for all other activities authorized in Minnesota Statutes, section 115B.20, subdivision 2. The complement of the attorney general is increased by nine positions for the purpose of this lawsuit. These are not permanent complement positions of the agency; when the lawsuit is over, the complement is reduced.

## Subd. 4. Public Assistance

	\$2,620,400	\$2,621,300
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## Summary by Fund

	1988	1989
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## General

	\$1,780,400	\$1,781,300
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## Special Revenue

	\$ 840,000	\$ 840,000
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## Subd. 5. Public Protection

	\$4,697,200	\$4,690,000
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## Subd. 6. Legal Policy and Administration

	\$4,272,200	\$4,170,700
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\$50,000 the first year and \$50,000 the second year are for a special account for unanticipated legal expenses. If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

	1988	1989
Subd. 7. Base Adjustment	\$	\$
\$ (250,200)	\$ (250,200)	

The adjustment in the budgetary base from the "same" level may be reallocated among the department's general fund appropriations as determined by the department head.

Sec. 14. INVESTMENT BOARD	1,602,300	1,600,600
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Approved Complement - 25

Any unencumbered balance remaining in the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year of the biennium.

The state board of investment shall conduct a study and report to the legislature by January 15, 1988, on how to improve the selection of the state's external stock and bond managers in order to reduce management costs and improve the net return on the state's invested funds.

Sec. 15. ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS	2,940,700	2,782,400
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Approved Complement - 70.5

Revolving - 18.5

Workers' Compensation - 52

This appropriation is from the workers' compensation special compensation fund for considering workers' compensation claims.

The approved complement of the office shall be reduced by four workers' compensation judges and two workers' compensation support staff when the commissioner of finance determines that the office can reasonably hold a hearing within six months of the date when a claim petition is filed with the department of labor and industry.

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
Sec. 16. ADMINISTRATION		
Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	21,413,200	20,997,700
	1988	1989
Approved Complement -	843.1	842.1
General-	196.6	195.6
Special Revenue-	43.6	43.6
Gift-	1	1
Revolving-	601.9	601.9

Summary by Fund

General	\$16,193,100	\$15,844,100
Special Revenue	\$ 5,220,100	\$ 5,153,600

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each program are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. Operations Management  
 \$ 3,665,400      \$ 3,483,000

The commissioner shall report to the legislature by January 1, 1988, on whether bonding requirements applicable to small businesses are an impediment to those businesses in obtaining state contracts. If the bonding requirements are found to be impediments to obtaining state contracts, the commissioner shall also include in the report proposals for altering the bonding requirements to alleviate the impediments.

	1988	1989
	\$	\$

\$7,200 the first year is for transfer to the central motor pool fund for the commissioner of administration to conduct a test of the use of permanent synthetic motor oil in state vehicles.

Subd. 3. Information Management  
 \$ 6,166,300      \$ 6,060,200

Summary by Fund

General	\$ 2,399,400	\$ 2,381,500
Special Revenue	\$ 3,766,900	\$ 3,668,700

The appropriation from the special revenue fund is for recurring costs of 911 emergency telephone service.

The commissioner shall study the placement of the office of information systems management within the executive branch and make recommendations to the legislature. The recommendations must be submitted by January 15, 1988.

\$201,100 the first year and \$205,800 the second year must be subtracted from the amount that would otherwise be payable to local government aid under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 477A, in order to fund the local government records program and the intergovernmental information systems activity.

The commissioner shall use the authority under Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.48, subdivision 2, clause (5) to charge local units of government assessments equal to the department's costs for helping local governments manage records and implement records retention schedules.

1988

1989

\$

\$

In those instances where state agencies have need for the same or similar computer data, the commissioner shall ensure that the most efficient and cost effective method of producing and storing data for or sharing data between those agencies is used.

Subd. 4. Property Management

\$ 6,483,300      \$ 6,709,400

Summary by Fund

General

\$ 5,030,100      \$ 5,244,500

Special Revenue

\$ 1,453,200      \$ 1,484,900

Of the total appropriation for this program \$175,000 is made available in fiscal year 1988 and \$175,000 in fiscal year 1989 to fund capitol area repairs and replacements. Any unencumbered balance at the end of fiscal year 1988 shall not cancel to the general fund but shall be made available for use in fiscal year 1989.

The commissioner shall study and prepare a report for the legislature by January 1, 1988, on the competing policies and the costs of leasing space in privately-owned buildings versus constructing new state buildings to house state departments and agencies.

\$3,387,900 the first year and \$3,581,500 the second year are for office space costs of the legislature and veterans organizations for ceremonial space, and for statutorily free space.

The commissioner shall contract with a private organization to do a needs assessment and prepare a report for the legislature by January 1, 1988, on the feasibility of providing in the capitol complex area a privately-run child day care and latch-key center for children of

	1988	1989
	\$	\$

state employees and visitors to the state capitol. If the report indicates that such a center is feasible, the commissioner shall submit to the legislature by March 1, 1988, a list of recommended sites within the capitol complex area for locating the center.

Subd. 5. Administrative Management

\$ 5,098,200	\$ 4,745,100
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\$2,000 the first year and \$2,000 the second year are for the state employees' band.

\$715,600 the first year and \$750,900 the second year are for allocated costs of the revisor of statutes. If these amounts are to be unallotted or otherwise reduced for reasons relating to budget shortfalls, the reduction may not exceed the average of the reduction for all state agencies.

\$75,000 of the fiscal year 1988 appropriation is to fund a management study of veterans affairs. Any unencumbered balance at the end of fiscal year 1988 shall not cancel to the general fund but instead shall be made available in fiscal year 1989 for the study.

\$229,300 the first year and \$229,300 the second year is for block grants to public television stations.

\$404,100 the first year and \$404,100 the second year is for matching grants to public television stations.

\$1,135,900 the first year and \$1,135,900 the second year is for public television equipment needs. Equipment grant allocations shall be made after consideration of the recommendations of the Minnesota Public Television Association.



1988

1989

\$211,100 the first year and \$211,100 the second year is for operational grants to public educational radio stations, which must be allocated after consideration of the recommendations of the Association of Minnesota Public Educational Radio Stations under Minnesota Statutes, section 139.19.

\$115,900 the first year and \$115,900 the second year is for public educational radio stations, which must be allocated after consideration of the recommendations of the Association of Minnesota Public Educational Radio Stations for equipment needs.

\$15,000 in the first year is for KAWE-TV to conduct an engineering study for the placement of a remote transmitter in a portion of northwestern Minnesota. This appropriation is available the day after final enactment.

\$21,400 the first year is to conduct a survey to determine the number and listening pattern of listeners to stations that are members of the Association of Minnesota Public Educational Radio Stations. The results of the survey must be submitted to the senate finance committee and house of representatives appropriations committee.

If an appropriation for either year for grants to public television or radio stations is not sufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

\$100,000 the first year is for equipment grants to affiliate stations of Minnesota Public Radio, Incorporated. Equipment grant allocations must be made after consideration of the recommendations of Minnesota Public Radio, Incorporated.

If the amounts allocated to public broadcasting are to be reduced for rea-

sons relating to budget shortfalls, the reduction shall not exceed the average of the reduction for all state agencies.

The commissioner, in consultation with representatives of public broadcasting stations, must prepare a report for the legislature by August 1, 1988, recommending specific criteria for awarding operational and equipment grants to public broadcasting stations.

\$200,000 the first year is for a grant to the World Theater Corporation of Minnesota, to be paid only if the following criteria are met: no state money will be allocated unless matched by payment of verified private nontax-generated contributions made after January 1, 1987, and the World Theater Corporation must document to the commissioner it is a nonprofit corporation. The World Theater Corporation of Minnesota may use this grant money for the costs of renovation of the World Theater in St. Paul. Furthermore, the World Theater Corporation must document that this grant money was used on renovation expenses and not operating expenses.

Sec. 17. CAPITOL AREA ARCHITECTURAL AND PLANNING BOARD

	1988	1989
Approved Complement-	3	3

Sec. 18. FINANCE

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	8,009,500	7,585,900
Approved Complement - 124		
General-	124	124
Rural Finance-	0	2

1988                      1989  
\$                              \$

1988

1989

\$

\$

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each activity are specified below.

\$141,000 the first year to cover costs associated with modifying the state's personnel/payroll systems. Any unencumbered balance remaining in the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year of the biennium.

The department of finance shall reflect the reimbursement of statewide indirect costs and human services federal reimbursement costs as expenditure reductions in the general fund budgeted fund balance as they would be reported in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Amounts paid to the department of finance pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 13.03, subdivision 3, for the costs of searching for and retrieving government data and for making, certifying and compiling the copies of the data, are appropriated to the department of finance to be added to the appropriations from which the costs were paid.

The governor's budget recommendations submitted to the legislature in January, 1989 must include as general fund revenue and appropriations for fiscal years 1990 and 1991 all revenues and expenditures previously accounted for in the statewide accounting system in other operating funds. This requirement does not apply (1) to revenues and expenditures which, under the constitution, must be accounted for in funds other than the general fund; or (2) to revenues and expenditures which are related to specific user fees that provide a primary benefit to individual fee payers, as opposed to the general community.

	1988	1989
	\$	\$

Notwithstanding the provision of Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.11, the commissioner of finance shall consult with and seek the recommendations of the chair of the House Appropriations committee and the chair of the Senate Finance committee as well as their respective division and subcommittee chairs prior to adopting a format for the 1989-1991 biennial budget document. The commissioner of finance shall not adopt a format for the 1989-1991 biennial budget until the commissioner has received the recommendations of the chair of the house appropriations committee and the chair of the senate finance committee. Appropriations provided to the department of finance to upgrade the current biennial budget system shall only be expended upon receipt of the recommendations of the chair of the house appropriations committee and the chair of the senate finance committee. These recommendations are advisory only.

Subd. 2. Fiscal Management and Administration

	\$ 1,125,900	\$ 1,137,000
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Subd. 3. Accounting Operations

	\$ 4,827,500	\$ 4,721,200
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Subd. 4. Budget Analysis and Operations

	\$ 1,845,600	\$ 1,572,800
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Subd. 5. Cash and Debt Management

	\$ 210,500	\$ 154,900
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Sec. 19. EMPLOYEE RELATIONS

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	5,174,200	5,471,000
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	1988	1989
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Approved Complement-	121	122
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		1988	1989
		\$	\$
General-	106	107	
Special Revenue-	6	6	
Revolving-	9	9	

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each program are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. Administration  
           \$ 1,872,100   \$ 1,997,000

Subd. 3. Equal Opportunity  
           \$ 205,100   \$ 204,900

Subd. 4. Labor Relations  
           \$ 464,800   \$ 464,100

Subd. 5. Personnel  
           \$ 2,632,200   \$ 2,805,000

\$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the second year is appropriated to begin to establish the statewide fringe benefit plan. Benefit coverage for employees of school districts, educational cooperative service units, intermediate districts, cooperative centers for vocational education, regional management information centers and education units organized under the joint powers act begins September 1, 1989, and benefit coverage for all other employees begins January 1, 1991. This appropriation is available in either year. This appropriation is to be repaid to the general fund by the fringe benefit fund over a period of five years. The repayment period commences upon an actuarial determination that the fund can support the repayment.

## Sec. 20. REVENUE

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation   57,333,100   54,930,800

	1988	1989	\$	1988	\$	1989
Approved Complement-	1,142.2	1,178.2				
General-	1,006.2	1,042.2				
Highway User-	39	39				
Special Revenue-	97	97				

Summary by Fund

General	\$51,222,500	\$48,847,200
Special Revenue	\$ 4,617,800	\$ 4,588,200
Highway User	\$ 1,492,800	\$ 1,495,400

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each program are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. Revenue Administration  
 \$13,768,000      \$10,222,000

\$7,391,000 the first year and \$3,594,700 the second year are for development and operation of new integrated computer systems. After the commissioner of revenue begins to spend the appropriation, the commissioner shall report every three months describing the progress made and the money spent in the development and operation of new integrated computer systems. The report must be submitted to the committee on finance of the senate and the committee on appropriations of the house of representatives. Any unencumbered balance on this appropriation remaining in the first year does not cancel and is available for the second year.

	1988	1989
\$39,800 the first year and \$39,700 the second year are from the special revenue fund.	\$	\$

Subd. 3. Tax Policy		
\$ 2,848,400	\$ 2,841,100	

\$131,500 for the first year and \$131,300 for the second year is from the special revenue fund.

Subd. 4. Taxpayer Service		
\$ 7,580,300	\$ 7,565,800	

#### Summary by Fund

General		
\$ 5,794,400	\$ 5,784,900	
Highway User		
\$ 1,492,800	\$ 1,495,400	
Special Revenue		
\$ 293,100	\$ 285,500	

\$30,000 the first year and \$30,000 the second year are for state-paid tuition for required assessor training.

Subd. 5. Operations		
\$11,106,100	\$11,125,400	

Subd. 6. Tax Compliance		
\$22,030,300	\$23,176,500	

Notwithstanding any contrary provisions, \$1,900,000 of the amount appropriated to the commissioner of revenue must be used by the department of revenue for compliance initiatives. Of this amount, \$570,000 the first year is for the automated collection system. If this system is not fully operational by August 1, 1988, the general fund appropriation for the department shall be reduced by \$570,000. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, and to accomplish this purpose, the agency may

1988                      1989

\$                              \$

transfer up to \$1,900,000 of unencumbered balances among programs after getting the approval of the commissioner of finance. The transfer must follow the general procedures for transfers contained in this act.

Summary by Fund

General	\$17,876,900	\$19,044,800
Special Revenue	\$ 4,153,400	\$ 4,131,700

The first \$4,617,800 of corporate income tax receipts in the first year and the first \$4,588,200 of corporate income tax receipts in the second year must be credited to the special revenue fund.

Sec. 21. TAX COURT	402,400	401,900
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Approved Complement - 6

Sec. 22. NATURAL RESOURCES

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	108,850,200	108,784,600
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	1988	1989
Approved Complement-	1,660	1,660
General-	962	962
Special Revenue-	53	53
Game and Fish-	540	540
Federal-	43	43
Water Recreation-	62	62



	1988	1989
	\$	\$
Summary by Fund		
General	\$48,212,500	\$47,436,400
Con. Con.	\$ 250,000	\$ 250,000
Forest Management	\$ 5,697,200	\$ 5,697,300
Nongame Wildlife	\$ 1,224,800	\$ 1,228,600
Snowmobile	\$ 3,800,800	\$ 3,926,200
State Park M. & O.	\$ 3,944,400	\$ 3,944,400
All Terrain	\$ 650,000	\$ 650,000
Water Recreation	\$ 7,265,200	\$ 7,348,700
Wildlife Acquis.	\$ 1,086,500	\$ 1,086,500
Game and Fish	\$36,177,700	\$36,872,500
Water Pollution Control	\$ 200,000	\$ 125,000
Wild Rice	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000
Trust Suspense	\$ 311,100	\$ 189,000

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each program are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. Mineral Resources Management	\$ 3,851,000	\$ 3,704,600
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1988

1989

\$

\$

The commissioner is authorized one complement position in the unclassified service from the mineral lease account.

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each activity are as follows:

## (a) Metallic Minerals

\$ 2,959,400	\$ 2,964,700
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\$200,000 the first year and \$200,000 the second year are for copper-nickel test drilling. One position for this purpose is in the unclassified civil service and its continued employment is contingent upon the availability of money from the appropriation. When the appropriation has been spent, the position shall be canceled and the approved complement of the agency reduced accordingly. Part-time employment of persons is authorized.

\$160,000 the first year and \$160,000 the second year are for minerals research. Any unencumbered balance remaining in the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year.

\$300,000 the first year and \$300,000 the second year are for iron ore cooperative research, of which \$200,000 the first year and \$200,000 the second year are available only as matched by \$1 of nonstate money for each \$1 of state money. Any unencumbered balance remaining in the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year.

## (b) Industrial Minerals

\$ 514,100	\$ 363,500
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\$150,000 the first year is for peat development. The commissioner may match this state money with money from nonstate sources. Any unencumbered balance remaining in the first year

	1988	1989
	\$	\$

does not cancel but is available for the second year.

\$100,000 is available until June 30, 1989 for the purpose of horticultural peat marketing and promotion in cooperation with the department of agriculture and the natural resources research institute.

(c) Mineland Reclamation

	\$ 377,500	\$ 376,400
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Subd. 3. Water Resources Management

	\$ 4,413,900	\$ 4,343,200
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Summary by Fund

General	\$ 4,140,000	\$ 4,144,400
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Water Pollution Control	\$ 200,000	\$ 125,000
-------------------------	------------	------------

Water Recreation	\$ 73,900	\$ 73,800
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\$85,000 the first year and \$85,000 the second year from the flood damage reduction program is for a grant to the counties of Cook, Lake, and the town of Duluth for the development of a comprehensive shoreland management plan along the shoreline of Lake Superior. This grant is not subject to the \$75,000 limit in Minnesota Statutes, section 104.11. The study must be sent by the commissioner of natural resources to the chairs of the house appropriations and senate finance committees by December 1, 1989.

\$125,000 each year is appropriated from the water pollution control fund for groundwater exploration and data automation.

1988

1989

\$

\$

\$75,000 is appropriated from the water pollution control fund for a grant to the city of Waseca for the purpose of rehabilitating Clear Lake in and about the city. This appropriation is available until expended.

Subd. 4. Forest Management

\$20,616,500      \$20,780,500

Summary by Fund

General

\$14,839,300      \$15,003,200

Con. Con.

\$ 250,000      \$ 250,000

Forest Management

\$ 5,527,200      \$ 5,527,300

The divisions of forestry and fish and wildlife must coordinate the harvesting of trees in order to ensure optimum wildlife habitat benefits and water quality of adjacent streams or lakes.

\$750,000 the first year and \$750,000 the second year are for emergency fire fighting and are not subject to transfer. If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it. The unencumbered balance of any other appropriation from the general fund to the commissioner of natural resources remaining in the first year must not be canceled but must be transferred and added to this appropriation for the second year. No more than \$400,000 the first year and \$410,000 the second year are available for presuppression costs.

Up to \$120,000 per year from the general fund under Minnesota Statutes, section 89.04 may be used for grants to the soil and water conservation board for cost-sharing with landowners in the state forest improvement program.

1988

1989

\$

\$

\$500,000 the first year and \$500,000 the second year are for grants to counties or groups of counties for county forestry assistance programs.

The commissioners of natural resources, revenue, and transportation shall jointly study and determine the amount of unrefunded gas tax attributable to forest logging trucks that use forest roads under the authority of the commissioner. Their findings and determinations must be reported to the chairs of the house appropriations and senate finance committees by December 1, 1988, along with proposed changes to Minnesota Statutes, section 296.421, that reflect their determinations.

Subd. 5. Parks and Recreation Management

\$14,062,000	\$14,122,500
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Summary by Fund

General

\$ 9,450,900	\$ 9,511,400
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State Park Maintenance and Operation

\$ 3,944,400	\$ 3,944,400
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Water Recreation

\$ 666,700	\$ 666,700
------------	------------

If a bill is signed into law in 1987 that allows a second state park motor vehicle permit at a reduced price, the commissioner of natural resources must keep a record of resident and nonresident second permits that are sold.

\$666,700 is appropriated each year of the biennium from the water recreation account for state park development projects. Should the appropriation in either year be insufficient, the appropriation for the other year shall be available.

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
<p>The department of natural resources may not subcontract the operation of the Douglas Lodge facilities at Itasca State Park so long as revenues are at least equal to the cost of operation. A management plan must be prepared by the commissioner that outlines specific steps and timelines to achieve self-sufficiency of the Douglas Lodge facilities. The management plan must incorporate recommendations concerning the best utilization of management, labor and other resources to achieve self-sufficiency. The commissioner must send the management plan to the Legislature by March 1, 1988.</p>		

\$20,000 the first year and \$20,000 the second year are for payments in lieu of taxes on lands in Voyageurs National Park and St. Croix Wild River State Park. If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

Subd. 6. Trails and Waterways

\$ 7,807,300	\$ 8,218,700
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Summary by Fund

General

\$ 751,500	\$ 753,300
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Snowmobile

\$ 3,258,700	\$ 3,379,400
--------------	--------------

All Terrain

\$ 475,000	\$ 475,000
------------	------------

Water Recreation

\$ 3,112,100	\$ 3,196,000
--------------	--------------

Game and Fish

\$ 210,000	\$ 415,000
------------	------------

\$1,698,000 the first year and \$1,748,000 the second year are for snowmobile grants-in-aid.

1988

1989

\$

\$

An accounting report for the 1986 and 1987 cross country ski seasons is to be submitted to the chair of the senate finance committee and the house appropriations committee.

Subd. 7. Fish and Wildlife Management

\$25,734,700      \$25,985,500

Summary by Fund

General

\$ 788,600      \$ 795,900

Nongame Wildlife

\$ 1,179,800      \$ 1,183,600

Water Recreation

\$ 150,000      \$ 150,000

Wildlife Acquis.

\$ 961,500      \$ 836,500

Game and Fish

\$22,624,800      \$22,989,500

Wild Rice Management

\$ 30,000      \$ 30,000

\$685,700 in the first year and \$685,700 the second year are appropriated from the game and fish fund for payments to counties in lieu of taxes on acquired wildlife lands and is not subject to transfer.

\$1,179,800 the first year and \$1,183,600 the second year are from the nongame wildlife management account in the special revenue fund for the purpose of nongame wildlife management. Any unencumbered balance remaining in the first year does not cancel but is available the second year.

\$54,400 in the first year and \$54,200 the second year are for acid rain research.

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
\$40,000 the first year and \$40,000 the second year is from the general fund for one complement position to serve as a native prairie biologist.		

\$127,900 the first year and \$127,900 the second year are for emergency deer feeding. If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

\$30,000 is appropriated each year from the wild rice management account project to improve natural wild rice production on public waters pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 97A.065, subdivision 4.

\$40,000 for the first year and \$40,000 for the second year is from the general fund to be transferred to the commissioner of agriculture to compensate landowners for agricultural crops damaged by elk.

\$10,000 each year is appropriated from the general fund to be used as an additional payment to the Leech Lake Indian Reservation for enforcement activities. The reservation may also use \$40,000 of the increased annual payment that it receives as a result of the fee increases in this act for enforcement. The department of natural resources shall also make surplus equipment available to the reservation.

Effective July 1, 1987, aquatic plant control permit fees established under Minnesota Statutes, section 84.092, subdivision 1, are doubled. Notice of the revised fees must be published in the State Register as soon as practical.

Subd. 8. Enforcement		
	\$10,983,000	\$11,107,200



	1988	1989
	\$	\$
Summary by Fund		
General		
\$ 1,206,500	\$ 1,227,500	
Snowmobile		
\$ 240,800	\$ 240,800	
Water Recreation		
\$ 1,888,900	\$ 1,887,800	
Game and Fish		
\$ 7,505,900	\$ 7,610,200	
All Terrain		
\$ 140,900	\$ 140,900	

The appropriation from the game and fish fund includes \$20,000 the first year and \$20,000 the second year for the purpose of controlling smelt fishing activities on the north shore, including development of parking facilities, traffic control, coordination of regulatory agencies, control of trespass and vandalism, control of littering and sanitation, and public information and education. If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

\$1,124,300 the first year and \$1,124,300 the second year are from the water recreation account for grants to counties for boat and water safety.

The commissioner must seek maximum participation from federal agencies in removing nuisance beaver. A competitive bid process must be used to select beaver trappers.

Conservation officers must maintain their residence, on an all weather road, within 15 miles of their assigned station location. The director of the division of enforcement may permit valid exceptions as is deemed appropriate.

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
\$70,000 the first year and \$35,000 the second year are from the game and fish fund to create one additional conservation officer position. The commissioner shall create three additional conservation officer positions in the water recreation account.		

Subd. 9. Field Operations Support		
	\$ 8,709,100	\$ 7,712,300

#### Summary by Fund

General	\$ 4,735,700	\$ 3,848,200
Game and Fish	\$ 3,393,100	\$ 3,406,200
Water Recreation	\$ 243,200	\$ 242,900
Trust Suspense	\$ 311,100	\$ 189,000
Snowmobile	\$ 26,000	\$ 26,000

For the biennium \$350,000 is for the purpose of surveys of lots offered for sale under Minnesota Statutes, section 92.67, subdivision 3.

The two complement positions for the department of natural resources lakeshore lease sale program shall be funded only until June 30, 1991.

If the appropriation made under Minnesota Statutes, section 92.46, subdivision 1, paragraph (d), for fiscal year 1988 is not expended, it is available for use in fiscal year 1989.

Subd. 10. Regional Operations Support		
	\$ 3,487,700	\$ 3,474,200

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
Summary by Fund		
General Fund		
\$ 2,919,400	\$ 2,903,500	
Game and Fish		
\$ 510,000	\$ 512,400	
Water Recreation		
\$ 58,300	\$ 58,300	
Subd. 11. Special Services and Programs		
\$ 4,294,600	\$ 4,430,500	
Summary by Fund		
General		
\$ 3,184,300	\$ 3,194,400	
Forest Management		
\$ 170,000	\$ 170,000	
Nongame Wildlife		
\$ 45,000	\$ 45,000	
Snowmobile		
\$ 132,600	\$ 132,600	
Water Recreation		
\$ 560,500	\$ 561,000	
Wildlife Acquis.		
\$ 125,000	\$ 250,000	
Game and Fish		
\$ 77,200	\$ 77,500	

The commissioner of natural resources shall develop, in consultation with the commissioners of jobs and training and education, a coordinated plan for enhanced youth education, employment, and service opportunities. This plan shall consider the current programming of the Minnesota Conservation Corps, the Minnesota Youth Program, the Summer Youth Employment and Training Program, Community and Secondary Vocational Education, and

1988                     1989

\$                         \$

other appropriate programs in designing a coordinated model which would enhance opportunities for youth. The plan may also recommend coordinated funding. The commissioner shall present the plan to the house appropriations and senate finance committees by January 1, 1988.

\$201,500 the first year and \$326,500 the second year of this appropriation are from the following funds for an expansion of the youth programs activity:

Summary by Fund

	1988	1989
Wildlife Acquisition		\$ 125,000
Snowmobile	\$ 66,300	\$ 66,300
Water Recreation	\$ 27,700	\$ 27,700
Forest Management	\$ 85,000	\$ 85,000
Nongame Wildlife	\$ 22,500	\$ 22,500
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 201,500</b>	<b>\$ 326,500</b>

This appropriation shall not be made available until a work plan for use of the funds is prepared and approved by the commissioner of natural resources.

\$84,800 the first year and \$84,800 the second year are for a grant to the Mississippi headwaters board for up to 50 percent of the cost of implementing the comprehensive plan for the upper Mississippi within areas under its jurisdiction.

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
<p>\$21,400 the first year and \$21,300 the second year are for department operating and administrative expenses associated with the Mississippi headwaters board grant and the implementation of the plan in areas along the river that are not included within the jurisdiction of the Mississippi headwaters board.</p>		

Subd. 12. Administrative Management Services

	\$ 5,521,000	\$ 5,536,100
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Summary by Fund

General

	\$ 2,975,900	\$ 2,980,700
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Snowmobile

	\$ 142,700	\$ 147,400
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Water Recreation

	\$ 511,600	\$ 512,200
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Game and Fish

	\$ 1,856,700	\$ 1,861,700
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All Terrain Vehicles

	\$ 34,100	\$ 34,100
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The commissioner of employee relations shall transfer persons occupying unclassified seasonal, part-time, or full-time positions in the department of natural resources that are converted to full-time classified positions by the state departments appropriation act of 1987 to the same classification and pay step in the classified civil service without competitive examination as of June 30, 1987.

Subd. 13. Base Adjustment

	\$ (630,600)	\$ (630,700)
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The adjustment in the budgetary base from the "same" level may be reallocated among the department's general fund appropriations as determined by the department head.

	1988	1989
Sec. 23. ZOOLOGICAL BOARD	\$ 4,548,600	\$ 4,754,000

Approved Complement - 162

This appropriation is for transfer by the commissioner of finance to the zoo fund.

The Minnesota Zoological Garden is eligible for a salary supplement in the same manner as other state agencies. The commissioner of finance will determine the amount of salary supplement based on appropriated funds, and will transfer the amount to the Zoo Fund.

\$500,000 the second year is for a grant to the Minnesota zoo as a one-for-one matching grant for funds donated through fund raising activities.

Sec. 24. POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	19,725,700	20,288,400
	1988	1989
Approved Complement-	493	494
General-	142.5	142.5
Special Revenue-	46	46
Public Health-	5	5
Federal-	214.5	214.5
Environmental-	50	50
Metro Landfill Contingency-	2	2

	\$	1988	\$	1989
Motor Vehicle Transfer -				
	6	7		
Water Pollution Control-				
	15	15		
Building-				
	12	12		

#### Summary by Fund

General	\$ 5,819,900	\$ 6,009,400
Special Revenue	\$ 2,688,900	\$ 2,651,900
Public Health	\$ 218,000	\$ 218,000
Environmental	\$ 2,578,900	\$ 2,571,100
Metro Landfill Abatement	\$ 1,134,000	\$ 1,134,000
Metro Landfill Contingency	\$ 670,000	\$ 170,000
Motor Vehicle Transfer	\$ 1,479,200	\$ 1,014,200
Water Pollution Control	\$ 5,136,800	\$ 6,519,800

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each program are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. Water Pollution Control	\$ 2,699,200	\$ 2,693,600
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#### Summary by Fund

General	\$ 1,399,800	\$ 1,394,200
Special Revenue	\$ 806,100	\$ 806,100

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
Water Pollution Control		
\$ 493,300	\$ 493,300	
Subd. 3. Air Pollution Control		
\$ 1,710,000	\$ 1,936,700	

Summary by Fund

General	\$ 1,273,100	\$ 1,500,200
Special Revenue	\$ 360,800	\$ 360,400
Public Health	\$ 76,100	\$ 76,100

\$304,300 the first year and \$303,900 the second year are to study acid rain.

The metropolitan airports commission established by Minnesota Statutes, chapter 473 and the pollution control agency shall continue to consider the feasibility of a system of differential landing or user fees for aircraft using the Minneapolis-St. Paul International Airport with a rate structure based on the level of noise produced by aircraft, so that the fee imposed on an aircraft is in direct relation to the noise produced by the aircraft and shall report to the legislature the results of the study.

Subd. 4. Solid Waste and Hazardous Waste Pollution Control	\$13,074,500	\$13,350,700
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Summary by Fund

General	\$ 1,828,200	\$ 1,723,000
Special Revenue	\$ 988,300	\$ 951,700
Public Health	\$ 131,900	\$ 131,900
Environmental	\$ 2,233,400	\$ 2,233,400



	1988	1989
Metro Landfill Abatement	\$ 1,134,000	\$ 1,134,000
Metro Landfill Contingency	\$ 662,000	\$ 162,000
Motor Vehicle Transfer	\$ 1,473,200	\$ 1,008,200
Water Pollution Control	\$ 4,623,500	\$ 6,006,500

(a) All money in the environmental response, compensation and compliance fund not otherwise appropriated, is appropriated to the pollution control agency for the purposes described in the environmental response and liability act, Minnesota Statutes, section 115B.20, subdivision 2, clauses (a), (b), (c), and (d). This appropriation is available until June 30, 1989.

(b) All money in the metropolitan landfill abatement fund not otherwise appropriated is appropriated to the pollution control agency for payment to the metropolitan council and may be used by the council for the purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section 473.844. The council may not spend the money until the legislative commission on waste management has made its recommendations on the budget and work program submitted by the council.

(c) Any unencumbered balance from the metropolitan landfill contingency fund remaining in fiscal year 1988 does not cancel but is available for fiscal year 1989.

(d) A solid and hazardous waste account is created as a separate fund in the state treasury. The commissioner of finance shall transfer \$919,000 from the motor vehicle transfer fund and \$680,000 from the water pollution control fund over the biennium to the solid and hazardous waste fund.

	1988	1989
(e) \$100,000 is appropriated for the household hazardous waste program created in the law styled as H.F. No. 794 of the 1987 legislative session. Any unencumbered balance remaining in the first year does not cancel and is available for the second year of the biennium.	\$	\$

(f) \$1,973,200 the first year and \$2,008,200 the second year are from the motor vehicle transfer fund for use in cleanup of waste tire dumps, as prioritized by the agency. Any unencumbered balance remaining in the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year.

\$4,500,000 the first year and \$5,900,000 the second year are appropriated from the water pollution control fund for transfer to the environmental response, compensation, and compliance fund.

Subd. 5. General Support		
	\$ 2,242,000	\$ 2,307,400

#### Summary by Fund

General	\$ 1,318,800	\$ 1,392,000
Environmental	\$ 345,500	\$ 337,700
Metro Landfill Contingency	\$ 8,000	\$ 8,000
Motor Vehicle Transfer	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000
Water Pollution Control	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000
Special Revenue	\$ 533,700	\$ 533,700
Public Health	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000

1988

1989

\$

\$

The program permit and assessment fees of the pollution control agency shall equal as nearly as possible the amount appropriated from the special revenue fund for the biennium and may not include any amounts to cover the cost items in Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.128, subdivision 1a, except to the extent that the cost items are included in the appropriations.

Subd. 6. Balances Canceled

\$6,235,800 the first year and \$6,117,200 the second year of the balance in the water pollution control fund must be canceled and transferred to the general fund on July 1, 1987, and July 1, 1988, respectively.

\$2,425,200 the first year and \$2,925,200 the second year of the balance in the motor vehicle transfer fund must be canceled and transferred to the general fund on July 1, 1987, and July 1, 1988, respectively.

Sec. 25. WASTE MANAGEMENT BOARD

2,162,900

2,162,900

Summary by Fund

General

\$ 2,112,900      \$ 2,112,000

Water Pollution Control

\$ 50,000      \$ 50,000

1988      1989

Approved Complement-

43      43

General-

32      32

Building-

11      11

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
<p>The nonregulatory waste management programs of the pollution control agency are transferred to the waste management board under Minnesota Statutes, section 15.039.</p>		

If the appropriation for grants for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

### Sec. 26. ENERGY AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	22,178,700	22,134,600
Approved Complement -		
	177.7	
General-		
	159.7	
Economic Development-		
	4	
Federal-		
	14	

#### Summary by Fund

General	\$17,836,700	\$17,763,600
Economic Development	\$ 4,342,000	\$ 4,371,000

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each program are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. Minnesota Trade Office	\$ 1,830,300	\$ 1,826,400
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Up to \$10,000 the first year and up to \$10,000 the second year of money appropriated to the commissioner of agriculture by other law for the Minnesota grown promotion campaign may be

1988

1989

\$

\$

used for promotion of cheeses made from goat's and sheep milk and specialty yogurts.

Subd. 3. Economic Development

\$ 3,057,800      \$ 3,053,400

\$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the second year are for community development corporations. This appropriation is available for expenditure only to the extent that it is matched by a community development corporation with \$2 of nonstate money for each \$3 of state money.

Of this appropriation, up to \$120,000 each year is for the Minnesota motion picture board. This appropriation is available only upon receipt of a dollar-for-dollar match by the board from nonstate sources.

All money in the business license revolving fund on June 30, 1987, shall be canceled to the special revenue fund.

Subd. 4. Tourism

\$ 5,851,700      \$ 5,852,800

\$75,000 of this appropriation is to the office of tourism for promoting the cross country ski trails program and providing the public with information about the importance of the program to tourism in Minnesota and the importance of maintenance and development of cross country ski trails.

During the biennium, the office of tourism may market tourism related publications and media promotional materials to businesses and organizations. The proceeds from the marketing are to be placed in a fund to be used for the preparation and distribution of the office's publications and media promotional materials. This fund shall not cancel to the general fund at the end of the biennium. The director shall report

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
to the legislature by January 15, 1989		
on this fund.		

Of the general fund appropriation, up to \$15,000 must be made available to Travel America, Inc., a nonprofit corporation established for promoting and expanding education and tourism in Pine county. The appropriation is to be made available on a dollar-to-dollar match for purposes of studying the feasibility of establishing an environmental learning center on county lands near the Kettle river. Travel America, Inc., may enter into a contract to conduct the study with a private party consultant and the study must involve information from local and statewide environmental groups and local school district representatives regarding the impact of establishing an environmental learning center. The site may include land on both sides of the Kettle river about one mile south of Sandstone and the old United States government road. Travel America, Inc., must report to the department of natural resources and to the environment and natural resources committees of both the house and the senate on the findings of the study no later than June 30, 1989. The appropriation is available until it is expended.

In order to develop maximum private sector involvement in tourism marketing activities, \$1,750,000 the first year and \$1,750,000 the second year shall be placed in a separate account for tourism marketing activities by the office of tourism. Expenditure of the money in the account is contingent upon receipt of an equal match with nonstate contributions that have been verified and documented to the commissioner of finance. Up to one-third of the required nonstate match may be given in in-kind contributions.

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
<p>\$50,000 the first year and \$50,000 the second year are to make a grant to a private nonprofit organization to develop an effort coordinated with other private nonprofit promotional groups to identify and create tourist attractions in northern Minnesota. This appropriation is available only as matched by \$1 of nonstate money for each \$1 of state money. The organization shall report to the legislature by January 15, 1988, and January 15, 1989, on the expenditure of the grant.</p>		

Subd. 5. Administration		
	\$ 901,800	\$ 839,500

The commissioner shall refund to the city of Hastings any remaining application deposit received during calendar year 1984 from the city of Hastings in connection with the Hastings hydroelectric project pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 474.19 and retained by the department. \$60,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner to refund the industrial development bond allocation application deposit to the city of Hastings.

Subd. 6. Community Development		
	\$ 8,642,800	\$ 8,640,900

#### Summary by fund

General Fund		
	\$ 5,142,800	\$ 5,140,900
Economic Development		
	\$ 3,500,000	\$ 3,500,000

The commissioner, in consultation with the chair of the LCMR, or the chair's designee, shall prepare a report for the chairs of the environment and appro-

1988

1989

\$

\$

priations committees in the house and the chairs of the environment and finance committees in the senate by January 1, 1989, examining the feasibility of designating county parks in the seven county metropolitan area as state parks. The report shall include analysis of the operation and maintenance costs and the extent of the public's use of the parks, and a comparison of the efficiency and cost effectiveness of county management versus state management of the parks.

\$2,164,700 the first year and \$2,164,700 the second year are for economic recovery grants.

\$2,000,000 the first year and \$2,000,000 the second year are for payment of a grant to the metropolitan council for metropolitan area regional parks maintenance and operation money.

The approved complement for community development includes five positions in the unclassified service to administer outdoor recreation grants. At the request of the commissioner of energy and economic development, the commissioner of employee relations shall transfer the incumbents of these positions on June 30, 1987, to probationary status in the same classification and pay step in the classified civil service without competitive examination.

Subd. 7. Science and Technology

\$ 892,000      \$ 921,000



	\$	1988	\$	1989
Summary by fund				
General	\$	100,000	\$	100,000
Economic Development	\$	792,000	\$	821,000

\$60,000 the first year and \$60,000 the second year is appropriated from the economic development fund for a grant to the Minnesota High Technology Corridor Corporation.

\$75,000 the first year and \$75,000 the second year is appropriated from the economic development fund for a grant to the Minnesota Inventors' Congress. The purposes of this grant include establishment of a focal point for development of an invention support system including an advisory council comprised of representatives from the public and private sectors; coordination of an invention support system, primarily in the form of semi-autonomous regional centers, while protecting, enriching, and promoting existing activities such as the Minnesota Inventors' Congress, the Minnesota Inventors' Hall of Fame, the Inventions and Technology Transfer Corporation, the Inventors' Club, and the Young Inventors' Fair; promotion of invention research, with resultant knowledge to be disseminated to Minnesota educational systems; and development of a fiscal design for the statewide invention support system. The Inventors' Congress shall report to the commissioner of energy and economic development by June 30 of each year on its activities in carrying out the purposes of this grant.

\$137,000 the first year and \$166,000 the second year is appropriated from the economic development fund for payment of dues to the Midwest Technology Development Institute.

	1988	1989
	\$	\$

\$120,000 the first year and \$120,000 the second year is appropriated from the economic development fund for a grant to Minnesota Project Innovation. The Minnesota project innovation shall report quarterly to the house committee on future and technology and to the senate finance committee.

Subd. 8. Financial Management  
 \$ 50,000      \$ 50,000

This appropriation is from the economic development fund.

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.873, the city of Babbitt may request, and the commissioner may approve, an economic recovery grant in excess of \$500,000 for the purpose of completing a waste tire recycling plant.

\$3,500,000 the first year and \$3,500,000 the second year is appropriated from the economic development fund for economic recovery grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.873.

Subd. 9. Policy Analysis  
 \$ 852,300      \$ 850,600

\$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the second year is available to the commissioner to contract for consultant services for the development of a trade model.

Subd. 10. Productivity and Quality  
 \$ 100,000      \$ 100,000

This appropriation is for the Minnesota council on productivity and quality. \$50,000 of the appropriation is available immediately after the appointment of the council. The commissioner shall place the remainder in a separate

	1988	1989
	\$	\$

account and release money from that account to the council only as an equal match for nonstate gifts and grants verified by the commissioner. Up to three-fifths of the required nonstate match may be the value, as determined by the council, of consulting services provided to businesses or labor organizations through the council.

Sec. 27. WORLD TRADE CENTER BOARD

The unexpended balance of the appropriation in Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 13, section 29, for the world trade center board is available until June 30, 1989.

Sec. 28. HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	9,526,700	9,526,700
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Approved Complement - 129

Spending limit on cost of general administration of agency programs:

1988	1989
\$ 6,235,000	\$ 6,547,000

This appropriation is for transfer to the housing development fund for the programs specified.

\$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the second year are for home sharing programs under Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.05, subdivision 24.

\$990,000 the first year and \$990,000 the second year are for home ownership assistance under Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.21, subdivision 8.

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
\$2,225,000 the first year and \$2,225,000 the second year are for home ownership, home improvement, and multifamily bond leveraging interest rate writedowns under Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.21, subdivisions 4b and 8a.		

\$1,885,000 the first year and \$1,885,000 the second year are for tribal Indian housing programs under Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.07, subdivision 14; of which \$125,000 the first year and \$125,000 the second year are for a demonstration program to make off-reservation loans in combination with bond proceeds from the agency.

\$235,000 the first year and \$235,000 the second year are for urban Indian housing programs under Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.07, subdivision 15, to be distributed by the agency without regard to any allocation formula.

\$3,716,700 the first year and \$3,716,700 the second year are for housing rehabilitation and accessibility loans under Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.05, subdivisions 14a and 15a.

\$500,000 is appropriated to the housing development fund created in section 462A.20 for grants for residential housing for low income persons living alone. The agency may pay the costs and expenses for the development and operation of this program out of this appropriation.

\$75,000 the first year and \$75,000 the second year are for temporary housing programs under Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.05, subdivision 20.

Sec. 29. STATE PLANNING  
AGENCY

5,283,500

5,221,500

	1988	1989	1988	1989
			\$	\$
Approved Complement-	112	112		
General-	78.5	78.5		
Special Revenue-	4.5	4.5		
Motor Vehicle Transfer-	3	3		
Revolving-	22	22		
Federal-	4	4		

#### Summary by Fund

General	\$ 4,729,800	\$ 4,568,100
Special Revenue	\$ 357,500	\$ 457,200
Motor Vehicle Transfer	\$ 196,200	\$ 196,200

Two positions paid from the motor vehicle transfer fund are in the unclassified service.

\$377,000 the first year and \$377,000 the second year are for regional planning grants to regional development commissions organized under Minnesota Statutes, sections 462.381 to 462.396.

Until June 30, 1989, for state and federal grants distributed by state agencies to regions of the state not having a regional development commission, the state agency administering the grant program may assess the program for administrative costs incurred by the agency that normally are incurred by the commission.

	1988	1989
	\$	\$

\$22,000 the first year and \$22,000 the second year are for the Council of Great Lakes Governors.

The state planning director shall coordinate state policy related to children. The director shall periodically issue reports related to the status and needs of Minnesota children.

Sec. 30. MINNESOTA RESOURCES FUND

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	8,114,000	8,127,000
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Approved complement - 37

The appropriations in this section are from the Minnesota resources fund.

The commissioner of finance shall transfer \$162,300 the first year and \$162,500 the second year of this appropriation to the general fund.

The commissioner of finance, upon recommendation of the legislative commission on Minnesota resources, shall allocate this reduction among the programs and activities in this section.

As the cash flow of the Minnesota resources fund permits, the commissioner of finance shall transfer from the unencumbered balance in the Minnesota resources fund and credit it to the general fund.

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each activity are more specifically described in the following subdivisions.

For all appropriations in this section, if the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

Subd. 2. Legislative Commission on Minnesota Resources	250,000	250,000
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	1988	1989
	\$	\$
<p>For the biennium ending June 30, 1989, the commission shall review the work programs and progress reports required under this section and report its findings and recommendations to the committee on finance of the senate, committee on appropriations of the house of representatives, and other appropriate committees. During the biennium, the commission shall establish oversight committees to continue review of a variety of natural resource subject areas as it believes necessary to carry out its legislative charge.</p>		

Subd. 3. Department of Natural Resources	2,867,000	2,870,000
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Approved complement - 28

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each activity are as follows:

(a) Groundwater Management		
\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000	

Approved complement - 1

The appropriation is to determine the relationship between ground and surface water use, flow, and quality impacts near rivers.

(b) Water Allocation and Conservation		
\$ 200,000	\$ 200,000	

Approved complement - 6

The appropriation is to develop an instream flow program including hydrologic and biologic components and to determine specific protected flow requirements for allocation and development decisions.

(c) Accelerated Land Exchange		
\$ 125,000	\$ 125,000	

Approved complement - 3

1988

1989

\$

\$

The appropriation is to accelerate land exchange transactions so larger amounts of land change hands, including multiple public agency exchanges and state park trust land title transfers. This includes accelerated improvement of land records and development of a submerged land management program.

## (d) Marketing Department Services

\$ 135,000	\$ 135,000
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Approved complement - 3

The appropriation is to examine the information expectations and needs of the public regarding natural resource management and outdoor recreation use, and to develop a marketing plan to insure that DNR facilities and programs offer services that reflect market interest.

## (e) Ridgeline Trail

\$ 190,000	\$ 190,000
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Approved complement - 1

The appropriation is for a grant to the Superior hiking trail association for planning, development, and limited easement acquisition of a trail that follows the ridgeline overlooking Lake Superior. Local contributions of donated perpetual easements, volunteer labor, materials, and ongoing operations and maintenance responsibility will supplement the grant. The use of conservation corps resources is strongly encouraged. Up to \$60,000 is available to the department for planning and administrative assistance.

## (f) Mississippi River Management

\$ 135,000	\$ 136,000
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Approved complement - 4



	1988	1989
	\$	\$

The appropriation is to provide an interdisciplinary management team to better coordinate planning and implementation of state and federal initiatives on the Minnesota, St. Croix, and Mississippi rivers.

(g) Brighton Beach Breakwater  
       \$ 235,000      \$ 235,000

The appropriation is for development of a breakwater in conjunction with a state public access on locally-owned land to meet increased recreation demand and provide safer fishing and boating opportunities.

(h) Fish and Wildlife Comprehensive Planning  
       \$ 130,000      \$ 130,000

Approved complement - 3

The appropriation is to continue development of the long range fish and wildlife comprehensive plan, develop and implement a cost accounting performance reporting process, refine public involvement, implement action planning, work planning, and budgeting for all work and funds of the division of fish and wildlife. The commissioner shall pursue 75 percent reimbursement and deposit the receipts into the Minnesota resources fund federal reimbursement account, if permissible under federal law.

(i) Forest      Wildlife      Habitat  
 Intensification  
       \$ 80,000      \$ 80,000

Approved complement - 2

The appropriation provides staff to assist with forestry unit planning to insure fish and wildlife considerations are fully addressed.

(j) Swan Lake Area Wildlife Project  
       \$ 975,000      \$ 976,000

1988

1989

\$

\$

## Approved complement - 1

The appropriation is for an initial project to dramatically increase wild-life populations by focusing on private land cost sharing, acquisition and development of diverse lands, and application of innovative management techniques, thereby bolstering the local economy through increased wildlife based recreation. All gifts, match reimbursements, or other receipts are appropriated for this purpose.

All acquisition of land may be no greater than 100 percent of the appraised value.

## (k) County Biological Survey

\$	87,000	\$	88,000
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## Approved complement - 2

The appropriation is for a survey of rare plants, animals, and habitats using combinations of existing forestry, soils, and habitat data on a county-by-county basis. Private match is appropriated.

## (l) Glacial Drift Geochemistry

\$	100,000	\$	100,000
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## Approved complement - 2

The appropriation is to extend geochemical techniques to additional areas in order to evaluate the potential existence of strategic minerals, using the aeromagnetic survey as a guide for targeting efforts.

## (m) Regeneration Growth Inventory

\$	25,000	\$	25,000
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The appropriation is for a grant to Beltrami county to inventory young timber stands and develop revised growth models that will indicate the feasibility of increased or decreased harvesting.

	1988	1989
(n) Conservation Corps	\$	\$
\$ 150,000	\$	150,000

The appropriation is for acceleration of the corps work with a new emphasis on county forest and recreation projects.

The appropriation must be equally matched from the county and local units of government where the conservation corps work takes place.

Subd. 4. Pollution Control Agency	491,000	492,000
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Approved complement - 3

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each activity are as follows:

(a) Handbooks of Best Management Practices	\$	30,000	\$	30,000
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Approved complement - 1

The appropriation is to develop a catalogue of structural and nonstructured nonpoint source pollution best management practices and training programs for primary users. Federal match is appropriated.

(b) Nonpoint Source Pollution Model	\$	40,000	\$	40,000
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The appropriation is for additional development of the AGNPS model in order to emphasize analyses of watershed pollutants in the areas of off-site erosion impacts, pesticides, groundwater, economic analysis, urban compatibility, and annualization. Federal match is appropriated.

(c) Garvin Brook Final Evaluation	\$	75,000	\$	75,000
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Approved complement - 1

1988

1989

\$

\$

The appropriation is to conduct follow-up monitoring, testing, and evaluation and to report on the practices installed since the 1981 initiation of the project. Federal money available is appropriated.

(d) Lake	Runoff	Management
Evaluation		
\$ 196,000		\$ 197,000

The appropriation is for a grant to the metropolitan council for evaluation, documentation, and reporting on the effectiveness of various runoff management practices on lake protection.

(e) Mercury Toxicity		
\$ 150,000		\$ 150,000

Approved complement - 1

The appropriation is to examine lakes, streams, and fish in order to determine the source of and mitigation measures for mercury contamination. Federal money available is appropriated.

Subd. 5. State Planning Agency

512,000

513,000

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each activity are as follows:

(a) Pilot Comprehensive Local Water Planning		
\$ 450,000		\$ 450,000

The appropriation is for the environmental quality board for a water planning project to make up to eight grants to local units of government with the required nonstate one-to-one match. This includes up to \$70,000 for information services to be provided by the land management information center. All state agencies shall provide information and assist these county efforts

	1988	1989
<p style="margin-left: 40px;">\$</p> <p>as appropriate. The rulemaking provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 14, do not apply to the award of grants under this paragraph.</p>	\$	

(b) Support for Soil and Water Management		
\$ 62,000	\$	63,000

The appropriation is for the environmental quality board to make a grant to the international coalition to provide an understandable basin-wide perspective on soils and waters for improved public knowledge and enhancement of local planning efforts in the Red River basin. The freshwater foundation is requested to assist the project as feasible.

Subd. 6. Department of Agriculture	245,000	245,000
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(a) Biological Control of Pests

Approved complement - 5

The appropriation is for research to develop the natural enemies needed to control several plant and animal pests as an alternative to pesticides. Seasonal staffing as needed is anticipated.

Subd. 7. Minnesota Historical Society	173,000	177,000
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The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each activity are as follows:

(a) Historical Data Base		
\$ 50,000	\$	50,000

The appropriation is to organize and automate the collections, increase public awareness, and significantly improve management of these rare materials. Available private money is appropriated.

(b) Environmental Oral History		
\$ 22,000	\$	23,000

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
<p>The appropriation is to complete the project initiated in 1985 while people who are important to environmental history are still available.</p>		

(c) Geographic Resource Marketing		
\$ 22,000		\$ 23,000

The appropriation is to accelerate marketing and interpretation of important geographic resources for purposes of preservation, tourism, and public use.

(d) Heritage Trails		
\$ 22,000		\$ 23,000

The appropriation is for a project to interpret and preserve historic trails for public use tourism.

(e) Indian History Grants in Aid		
\$ 35,000		\$ 35,000

The appropriation is for grants to preserve and develop the Battle Point and Kathio sites on an equal match basis with the reservations.

(f) Farm Economy Record		
\$ 22,000		\$ 23,000

The appropriation is for a project to record the changes in the farm economy and the effects on the social fabric and general economy.

Subd. 8. University of Minnesota	3,026,000	3,030,000
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The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each activity are as follows:

(a) Optimize Winter Lake Aeration		
\$ 49,000		\$ 49,000

The appropriation is for the St. Anthony Falls Hydraulics laboratory to determine optimum selection, sizing, and operation of lake aeration equipment and techniques.

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
(b) Gas Permeable Membrane Water Treatment	\$ 87,000	\$ 88,000

The appropriation is for the civil and mineral engineering department to research and develop novel technologies for removal of contaminants from water. If this work results in a patent and subsequent royalties, the university shall repay 50 percent of the royalties received, net of patent servicing costs, until the entire appropriation is repaid, into the Minnesota resources fund.

(c) Dioxins in Bleached Kraft Pulp	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000
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The appropriation is for the natural resources research institute to develop biodegradation techniques for decontamination of soils and sludge containing dioxins produced through bleached kraft pulp manufacture and to improve the data base on dioxin contamination. Federal and private moneys are appropriated.

(d) Engineering Solutions to Water Problems	\$ 350,000	\$ 350,000
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The appropriation is for the St. Anthony Falls Hydraulics laboratory to develop engineering methods for pollutant transport, river erosion and sedimentation, selection of lake management techniques, and evaluation of effects of ice on flooding.

(e) Groundwater Quality Impacts from Agriculture	\$ 155,000	\$ 156,000
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The appropriation is for the soils department to quantify the nitrogen and pesticides that move through soil under the effects of various agricultural practices and to determine the effects of transformation and breakdown products.

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
(f) Simple Water Assay		
\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	

The appropriation is for the Gray freshwater biological institute to develop a low cost and readily useable test to detect various water pollutants. The appropriation is contingent upon at least an equal private match from the freshwater foundation, which is appropriated. If this work results in a patent and subsequent royalties, the university shall repay 50 percent of the royalties received, net of patent servicing costs, until the entire appropriation is repaid, into the Minnesota resources fund.

(g) Accelerated Soil Survey		
\$ 700,000	\$ 700,000	

The appropriation is for the agricultural experiment station for the sixth biennium of a seven biennium effort to provide the appropriate detailed survey based on the adopted federal, state, and local cost share. It may be spent only in counties where the survey was underway or the agreement signed and survey scheduled by July 1, 1988.

(h) Biomass Cash Crop Nursery Establishment		
\$ 92,000	\$ 92,000	

The appropriation is for the Crookston campus to establish poplar nurseries with local growers and small demonstration plots at Waseca and Lamberton.

(i) Undrained Peatlands for Short Rotation Forestry		
\$ 58,000	\$ 58,000	



1988

1989

\$

\$

The appropriation is for the natural resources research institute to determine the feasibility of using undrained peat for poplar and willow plantations as an alternative to the environmental impacts from conventional drainage land preparation techniques.

(j) Compost and CoCompost Research  
           \$ 87,000       \$ 88,000

The appropriation is for the soils department to identify methods that optimize produce quality and to determine management practices and application rates for use of compost.

(k) Gamefish Growth Enhancement  
           \$ 321,000       \$ 322,000

The appropriation is for the fish and wildlife department to produce fish with increased growth rates using genetic engineering. If this work results in a patent and subsequent royalties, the university shall repay 50 percent of the royalties received, net of patent servicing costs, until the entire appropriation is repaid, into the Minnesota resources fund.

(l) Evaluation of Mosquito Control Activities on Waterfowl  
           \$ 60,000       \$ 60,000

The appropriation is for the department of fish and wildlife to study impacts on the food resources of marshes related to waterfowl reproduction and duckling survival. The university must attempt to secure an equal funding match from the metropolitan mosquito control commission. The freshwater foundation is requested to assist by coordinating this work with other related studies on waterfowl.

(m) Ash as a Lime or Fertilizer Source  
           \$ 35,000       \$ 35,000

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
<p>The appropriation is for the extension service to determine the potential of wood and related ash as a soil amendment that is environmentally safe and economically viable for alfalfa and other crops.</p>		

(n) Aeromagnetic Mapping		
	\$ 400,000	\$ 400,000

The appropriation is to the state geological survey for the fifth biennium of a six biennium effort to electronically acquire and interpret geophysical data, including groundtruth drilling.

(o) Industrial Minerals: Clay		
	\$ 200,000	\$ 200,000

The appropriation is for the mineral resources research center to test known clay resources for potential industrial resources and test the feasibility of producing high grade kaolin products from Redwood Falls area clay.

(p) Future Timber Supply Scheduling Techniques		
	\$ 73,000	\$ 73,000

The appropriation is for the college of forestry to link strategic and operational planning by refining growth projection and planning models and to thereby help capture greater economic and biologic potentials from forests.

(q) Biotechnology Applications in Forestry		
	\$ 84,000	\$ 84,000

The appropriation is for the college of forestry to complete the basic research on regeneration, emphasizing tissue culture, and on bioprocessing of lignin.

(r) Sludge Ash Pilot Project		
	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000

1988

1989

\$

\$

The appropriation is to the mineral resources research center for a pilot plant test of new processing techniques for the ash from incinerated sewage sludge, and to assess the potential of total disposal through a route to a commercial product. The match from the metropolitan waste control commission is appropriated. If this work results in a patent and subsequent royalties, the university shall repay 50 percent of the royalties received, net of patent servicing costs, until the entire appropriation is repaid, into the Minnesota resources fund.

Subd. 9. State University Board

50,000

50,000

(a) Nonenergy Peat Development

The appropriation is for Bemidji state university to accelerate the investigation of extracting high value commercial products from peat.

Subd. 10. Appropriation Adjustment

The commissioner of finance, upon recommendation of the legislative commission on Minnesota resources, shall reduce the appropriations for the projects funded by this section by \$100,000 in fiscal year 1988 and \$100,000 in fiscal year 1989. This reduction shall be reappropriated to the commissioner of natural resources to establish a control program for the weed lythrun salicaria (purple loosestrife) in cooperation with the department of agriculture.

Subd. 11. Appropriation Adjustment

The commissioner of finance, upon recommendation of the legislative commission on Minnesota resources, shall adjust the appropriations for the projects funded by this section by \$40,000 in fiscal year 1988 and \$40,000

1988

1989

\$

\$

in fiscal year 1989. The reduction shall be reappropriated to the commissioner of natural resources to fund a land and water conservation fund coordination position. The commissioner is authorized one complement position.

#### Subd. 12. Compatible Data

During the biennium, the data collected by projects funded under this section that has common value for natural resource planning must be provided and integrated into the Minnesota land management information system's geographic and summary data bases according to published data compatibility guidelines. Costs associated with this data delivery must be borne by the activity receiving funding under this section. This requirement applies to all projects funded under this section, including but not limited to projects under subdivision 3, clauses (a), (b), (c), (h), (k), (l), and (m), subdivision 4, clause (b), subdivision 5, clause (a), and subdivision 8, clauses (e), (g), and (n).

#### Subd. 13. Work Programs

It is a condition of acceptance of the appropriations made by this section that the agency or entity receiving the appropriation must submit work programs and semi-annual progress reports in the form determined by the legislative commission on Minnesota resources. None of the money provided in this subdivision may be spent unless the commission has approved the pertinent work program. Upon request from the commission, the agency head shall submit an evaluation by July 1, 1988, as to whether the program should be incorporated in the next agency budget.

#### Subd. 14. Complement Temporary

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
<p>Persons employed by a state agency and paid by an appropriation in this section are in the unclassified civil service, and their continued employment is contingent upon the availability of money from the appropriation. When the appropriation has been spent, their positions must be canceled and the approved complement of the agency reduced accordingly. Part-time employment of persons is authorized.</p>		

Subd. 15. Federal Reimbursement Account	500,000	500,000
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This appropriation is for the spending purposes in the natural resources federal reimbursement account in Minnesota Statutes, section 86.72.

### Sec. 31. LABOR AND INDUSTRY

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	16,673,000	16,505,500
	1988	1989
Approved Complement-	373	373
General-	69	69
Special Revenue-	65	65
Federal-	42.5	42.5
Workers' Compensation -	196.5	196.5
Summary by Fund		
General	\$ 7,491,000	\$ 7,540,900
Worker's Comp.	\$ 7,722,700	\$ 7,619,100

	1988	1989
Special Revenue	\$ 1,459,300	\$ 1,345,500

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each program are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. Employment Standards  
           \$ 909,900      \$ 907,400

Subd. 3. Workers' Compensation Regulation and Enforcement  
           \$ 4,065,300      \$ 4,019,900

This appropriation is from the special compensation fund.

Until June 30, 1989, the commissioner of labor and industry may provide a workers' compensation insurer or self-insured employer direct computer access to public workers' compensation data on file with the commissioner, upon receipt of a fee in an amount determined by the commissioner to be sufficient to cover the direct and indirect costs of providing the access. Fee receipts must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to a special account and are appropriated to the commissioner to pay the costs of providing the access.

Subd. 4. Workers' Compensation State Claims Management  
           \$ 1,714,600      \$ 1,771,300

\$310,500 the first year and \$322,900 the second year are for payment of peace officer survivor benefits under Minnesota Statutes, section 176B.04. If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

Subd. 5. Workers' Compensation Special Compensation Fund  
           \$ 3,904,800      \$ 3,903,800

1988

1989

\$

\$

Of this appropriation \$1,404,800 the first year and \$1,403,800 the second year are from the special compensation fund.

\$2,500,000 the first year and \$2,500,000 the second year are for reimbursement of the special compensation fund under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.183, subdivision 2.

\$197,000 the first year and \$197,000 the second year is from the special compensation fund for enforcement of the mandatory insurance requirements contained in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 176. This appropriation includes money to pay for an investigator to assist the department in its insurance enforcement efforts.

Subd. 6. Code Enforcement

\$ 1,409,600    \$ 1,295,800

This appropriation is from the special revenue fund.

Subd. 7. OSHA

\$ 1,237,900    \$ 1,234,700

Summary by Fund

General

\$ 1,188,200    \$ 1,185,000

Special Revenue

\$ 49,700    \$ 49,700

\$49,700 the first year and \$49,700 the second year are from the special revenue fund for passenger elevator inspection.

Subd. 8. General Support

\$ 2,234,300    \$ 2,232,200

Summary by Fund

General

\$ 853,000    \$ 852,400

	\$ 1988	\$ 1989
Workers' Comp.		
\$ 1,381,300	\$ 1,379,800	
Subd. 9. Information Management Services		
\$ 1,196,600	\$ 1,140,400	
Summary by Fund		
General		
\$ 325,300	\$ 324,800	
Workers' Comp.		
\$ 871,300	\$ 815,600	
Sec. 32. WORKERS' COMPENSATION COURT OF APPEALS	755,200	738,500
Approved Complement - 15		
This appropriation is from the workers' compensation special compensation fund.		
Sec. 33. MEDIATION SERVICES	1,570,100	1,618,600
Approved Complement - 26		
\$237,500 the first year and \$287,500 the second year are for grants to area labor-management committees. The unencumbered balance remaining in the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year.		
Sec. 34. PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT RELATIONS BOARD	60,600	60,500
Approved Complement - 1		
Sec. 35. MILITARY AFFAIRS		
Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	6,301,100	6,303,400
Approved Complement - 322.8		
General - 136.8		
Federal - 186.0		



	1988	1989
	\$	\$
<p>The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each program are specified in the following subdivisions.</p>		

Subd. 2. Maintenance of Training Facilities

	\$ 4,990,900	\$ 4,981,900
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\$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the second year are for six general fund positions to support the federal construction program.

\$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the second year is for repairs and renovations. If the appropriation for either year is insufficient the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

Subd. 3. General Support

	\$ 1,310,200	\$ 1,321,500
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\$75,000 the first year and \$75,000 the second year are for expenses of military forces ordered to active duty under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 192. If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

Sec. 36. VETERANS AFFAIRS

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	15,554,300	15,250,800
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Approved Complement - 408.5

General - 41.0

Special - 367.5

Summary by Fund

General

	\$ 7,554,300	\$ 7,250,800
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Transfers to Other Direct

	(\$ 5,068,300)	(\$ 4,765,200)
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Special Revenue

	\$13,068,300	\$12,765,200
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	1988	1989
\$	\$	\$

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each program are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. Veterans Benefits and Services	\$ 2,486,000	\$ 2,485,600
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During the biennium, in administering veterans benefits programs the commissioner shall ensure that veterans participate in all federally funded benefit programs to the maximum extent possible before receiving assistance under state funded programs.

\$988,100 the first year and \$988,100 the second year are for emergency financial and medical needs of veterans. For the biennium ending June 30, 1989, the commissioner shall limit financial assistance to veterans and dependents to six months, unless recipients have been certified as ineligible for other benefit programs. If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

Subd. 3. Veterans Homes	\$13,068,300	\$12,765,200
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#### Summary by Fund

General	\$ 5,068,300	\$ 4,765,200
Transfers to Other Direct	(\$ 5,068,300)	(\$ 4,765,200)
Special Revenue	\$13,068,300	\$12,765,200

The appropriation from the general fund is for transfer by the commissioner of finance to the special revenue fund to support appropriations from the special revenue fund that are not fully supported by income from the federal government and charges to residents.

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
<p>\$200,000 of unencumbered balances in the appropriations in Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 13, section 37, subdivision 2, specified for emergency financial and medical needs of veterans is transferred to the fiscal year 1987 Minneapolis Veterans Home program budget for emergency repairs and equipment needed to correct cited deficiencies at the home.</p>		
Sec. 37. HUMAN RIGHTS	2,574,700	2,593,100
Approved Complement - 65		
Sec. 38. INDIAN AFFAIRS COUNCIL	329,300	308,900
Approved Complement - 9		
General - 7		
Federal - 2		

\$25,000 the first year and \$25,000 the second year is for the purpose of enabling the council to carry out the tasks of identifying, relocating or preserving the Indian burial grounds as required by Minnesota Statutes, section 307.08. The council is to work cooperatively with the Minnesota state historical society in performing these tasks.

During the biennium, the data collected by this activity that has common value for natural resource planning must be provided and integrated into the Minnesota land management information system's geographic and summary data bases according to published data compatibility guidelines. Costs associated with this data delivery must be borne by this activity.

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
<p>An additional \$20,000 from the general fund is available for allotment by the commissioner of finance to the council during the biennium upon demonstration of a dollar-for-dollar match with nonpublic contributions. Up to one-quarter of the nonpublic match requirement may be met with in-kind contributions. Nonpublic contributions may be raised by the council in either year of the biennium. All funds not receiving a nonpublic match shall cancel to the general fund at the end of the biennium.</p>		
<b>Sec. 39. COUNCIL ON AFFAIRS OF SPANISH-SPEAKING PEOPLE</b>	154,300	134,500

Approved Complement - 3

An additional \$20,000 from the general fund is available for allotment by the commissioner of finance to the council during the biennium only upon demonstration of a dollar-for-dollar match with nonpublic contributions. Up to one-quarter of the nonpublic match requirement may be met with in-kind contributions. Nonpublic contributions may be raised by the council in either year of the biennium. All funds not receiving a nonpublic match shall cancel to the general fund at the end of the biennium.

<b>Sec. 40. COUNCIL ON BLACK MINNESOTANS</b>	168,700	148,700
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Approved Complement - 3.5

An additional \$20,000 from the general fund is available for allotment by the commissioner of finance to the council during the biennium only upon demonstration of a dollar-for-dollar match with nonpublic contributions. Up to one-quarter of the nonpublic match requirement may be met with in-kind contributions. Nonpublic contributions may be raised by the council in either

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
year of the biennium. All funds not receiving a nonpublic match shall cancel to the general fund at the end of the biennium.		
Sec. 41. COUNCIL ON ASIAN-PACIFIC MINNESOTANS	150,000	130,000

Approved Complement - 3

An additional \$20,000 from the general fund is available for allotment by the commissioner of finance to the council during the biennium only upon demonstration of a dollar-for-dollar match with nonpublic contributions. Up to one-quarter of the nonpublic match requirement may be met with in-kind contributions. Nonpublic contributions may be raised by the council in either year of the biennium. All funds not receiving a nonpublic match shall cancel to the general fund at the end of the biennium.

Sec. 42. COUNCIL FOR THE HANDICAPPED	438,900	419,500
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Approved Complement - 10

An additional \$20,000 from the general fund is available for allotment by the commissioner of finance to the council during the biennium only upon demonstration of a dollar-for-dollar match with nonpublic contributions. Up to one-quarter of the nonpublic match requirement may be met with in-kind contributions. Nonpublic contributions may be raised by the council in either year of the biennium. All funds not receiving a nonpublic match shall cancel to the general fund at the end of the biennium.

Sec. 43. SALARY SUPPLEMENT	19,699,600	42,569,100
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Subdivision 1. Appropriations

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
<p>Except as limited by the direct appropriations made in this section, the amounts necessary to pay compensation and economic benefit increases covered by this section are appropriated from the various funds in the state treasury from which salaries are paid to the commissioner of finance for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1988, and June 30, 1989. In the case of salaries that are paid from one fund, but that fund is reimbursed by another fund, the amounts necessary to make these reimbursements are also appropriated.</p>		
(a) General Fund	\$14,453,000	\$30,358,000
(b) Game and Fish Fund	\$ 568,500	\$ 1,149,200
(c) Trunk Highway Fund	\$ 5,118,900	\$10,348,800
(d) Highway User Tax Distribution Fund	\$ 144,300	\$ 291,700
(e) Workers' Compensation	\$ 208,200	\$ 421,400

#### Subd. 2. Increases Covered

The compensation and economic benefit increases covered by this section are those paid to classified and unclassified employees and officers in the executive, judicial, and legislative branches of state government, and to employees of the Minnesota historical society who are paid from state appropriations, if the increases are required by existing law or authorized by law during the 1987 session of the legislature or by appropriate resolutions for employees of the legislature, or are given interim approval by the legislative commission on employee relations under Minnesota Statutes, sections 3.855 and 43A.18 or 179A.22, subdivision 4.

1988

1989

\$

\$

The salary increases recommended by the compensation council on December 18, 1986, for legislators, judges, and constitutional officers are modified, so that the rate of increase that goes into effect on January 1, 1989, and January 1, 1990, must be five percent each year.

The commissioner of finance shall transfer to the appropriations for agencies in the legislative and judicial branches and for the constitutional officers the amounts certified as necessary for each agency by its chief financial officer. For the purposes of this paragraph, the secretary of the senate is the chief financial officer for the senate, the chairman of the legislative coordinating commission for legislative commissions, the chief justice of the supreme court for agencies in the judicial branch, and the elected constitutional officer for each constitutional office.

The salaries for positions listed in Minnesota Statutes, section 15A.081, subdivision 1, which were given interim approval by the legislative commission on employee relations on March 31, 1987, are ratified, retroactive to January 16, 1987.

The salary increase for a position listed in Minnesota Statutes, section 15A.081, subdivision 1, must not be more than five percent for each year of the biennium ending June 30, 1989.

Within the provisions of the managerial plan approved under Minnesota Statutes, section 43A.18, an agency may not authorize aggregate performance increases for its managers that exceed an average of three percent in each year of the biennium ending June

	1988	1989
	\$	\$
30, 1989. A salary increase given in a lump sum is included within this limit. If an agency has fewer than three managers, it may exceed this average by one percent.		

By January 1, 1989, the commissioner of employee relations must assess managerial pay practices among the categories of agencies as grouped in Minnesota Statutes, section 15A.081, and among the metropolitan council and metropolitan commissions and boards. Managers within agencies of the executive branch not listed in section 15A.081 must also be compared. This assessment must be reported to the chairs of the committees of house appropriations, senate finance, and the legislative commission on employee relations.

The metropolitan council or a metropolitan commission or board may not authorize aggregate performance increases for its managers that exceed an average of three percent in each year of the biennium ending June 30, 1989. A salary increase given in a lump sum is included within this limit. If an agency has fewer than three managers, it may exceed this average by one percent.

### Subd. 3. Notice

During the biennium, the commissioner of finance shall transfer the necessary amounts to the proper accounts and shall promptly notify the committee on finance of the senate and the committee on appropriations of the house of representatives of the amount transferred to each appropriation account.

Sec. 44. GENERAL CONTINGENT  
ACCOUNTS

1,450,000

750,000



	1988	1989
\$	\$	

The appropriations in this section must be spent with the approval of the governor after consultation with the legislative advisory commission under Minnesota Statutes, section 3.30.

If an appropriation in this section for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

#### Summary by Fund

General	\$ 750,000	\$ 750,000
Special Revenue	\$ 500,000	\$ 0
Workers' Comp.	\$ 200,000	\$ 0

The appropriation from the general fund is only available to the extent that the unreserved fund balance of the general fund on July 1, 1987, is greater than was estimated at the time this act was enacted.

Sec. 45. TORT CLAIMS	318,500	318,500
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To be spent by the commissioner of finance.

If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

#### Summary by Fund

General	\$ 303,000	\$ 303,000
Game and Fish	\$ 15,500	\$ 15,500

Sec. 46. MINNESOTA STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEM	4,970,000	5,216,000
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	1988	1989
	\$	\$
The amounts estimated to be needed for each program are as follows:		

(a) Legislators  
       \$ 2,155,000     \$ 2,161,000

Under Minnesota Statutes, sections 3A.03, subdivision 2; 3A.04, subdivisions 3 and 4; and 3A.11.

(b) Judges  
       \$ 2,650,000     \$ 2,875,000

Under Minnesota Statutes, sections 490.106; and 490.123, subdivision 1.

(c) Constitutional Officers  
       \$ 142,000     \$ 157,000

Under Minnesota Statutes, sections 352C.031, subdivision 5; 352C.04, subdivision 3; and 352C.09, subdivision 2.

(d) State Employee Supplemental Benefits  
       \$ 23,000     \$ 23,000

Under Minnesota Statutes, section 352.73.

If an appropriation in this section for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

Sec. 47. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION	30,000	30,000
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This appropriation is for supplemental benefits under Minnesota Statutes, section 353.83.

If an appropriation in this section for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

Sec. 48. MINNEAPOLIS EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND	10,654,000	11,375,000
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1988

1989

\$

\$

The appropriation is to the commissioner of finance for payment to the Minneapolis employees retirement fund under Minnesota Statutes, section 422A.101, subdivision 3.

If an appropriation in this section for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

**Sec. 49. POLICE AND FIRE AMORTIZATION AID**

7,537,000

7,537,000

The appropriation is to the commissioner of finance for state aid to amortize the unfunded liability of local police and salaried firefighters' relief associations, under Minnesota Statutes, section 423A.02. If an appropriation in this section for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

**Sec. 50. UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA**

372,900

372,400

This appropriation is for use by the St. Anthony Falls hydraulics laboratory.

This appropriation must not be allocated by the commissioner of finance to the University of Minnesota until the commissioner has made an annual determination that the federal money available each fiscal year is less than the amount that was available in fiscal year 1987. The amount of the allocation, when added to the federal money available, must not exceed the amount of federal money received in fiscal year 1987.

**Sec. 51. FISCAL YEAR 1987 APPROPRIATIONS**

Subdivision 1. Appropriations

	1988	1989
	\$	\$

The sums set forth in columns designated "APPROPRIATIONS" are appropriated from the General Fund, or any other fund designated, to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this section, to be available for fiscal year 1987.

### Summary by Fund

	1987
General	\$3,325,900
Special Revenue	395,000
Trunk Highway	284,800
Workers' Compensation	18,300

### APPROPRIATION

	1987
Subd. 2. Trial Courts	\$ 413,900

This appropriation is added to the appropriation in Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 13, section 5, subdivision 2, for district and county judges.

Subd. 3. Attorney General	584,800
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\$300,000 is added to the appropriation in Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 13, section 14, subdivision 5, and remains available until the bankruptcy proceeding involving LTV Corporation and Reserve Mining is resolved.

\$284,800 is appropriated from the trunk highway fund for transfer by the commissioner of finance to the general fund on June 30, 1987, in order to

1987

\$

reimburse the general fund for legal services to trunk highway fund purposes in fiscal years 1985, 1986, and 1987.

Subd. 4. Pollution Control Agency 490,000

This appropriation is for environmental impact statements and is available until June 30, 1988. Koch Refining Company shall reimburse the general fund for the cost of conducting the environmental impact statement on their land farm project.

Subd. 5. Labor and Industry 1,032,000

This appropriation is to pay the reinsurance premium for the workers' compensation state employee claims management program and is added to the appropriation in Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 13, section 32.

Subd. 6. Workers' Compensation Court of Appeals 18,300

This appropriation is from the workers' compensation special compensation fund and is added to the appropriation in Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 13, section 33.

Subd. 7. Veterans Affairs 395,000

This appropriation from the special revenue fund is to provide salaries for nursing staff, patients' food, and workers' compensation payments and is added to the appropriation in Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 13, section 37.

Subd. 8. Transfer of Lands 790,000

To be disbursed by the commissioner of finance and to remain available until the transfer of lands authorized by Laws 1984, chapter 539, and Laws 1986, chapter 429 is completed.

1987

\$

Of this amount, up to \$650,000 is for condemnation awards related to reimbursement of the permanent school fund for up to 1,500 acres of school and other trust fund lands that must be condemned in order to complete the transfer authorized by Laws 1984, chapter 539 and Laws 1986, chapter 429. The remaining amount may be used for costs and other expenses associated with the condemnation and transfer.

Payment or reimbursement must not be made from this appropriation until the state of Minnesota and the United States have entered into a land transfer agreement under the terms of the White Earth Land Settlement Act of 1985, Public Law Number 99-264, Statutes at Large, volume 100, page 61.

\$50,000 is to reimburse the White Earth Band of Chippewa Indians for actual costs incurred in developing, supporting, and implementing the White Earth Land Claim Settlement Act, Public Law 99-264. Payments must be made by the commissioner of finance upon submission of invoices, bills, or statements certified by the chairman of the White Earth tribal council to be actual costs incurred in developing, supporting, and implementing the settlement act, and upon review and approval of the submissions by the attorney general.

#### Subd. 9. Firefighting

The amount necessary to pay for emergency firefighting expenses is added to the appropriation in Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 13, section 23, subdivision 7, for the purposes of firefighting.

Subd. 10. Superconducting  
Supercollider

1987

\$

\$300,000 is appropriated from the general fund for fiscal year 1987 to a contingency account in the governor's office for the purpose of preparing an application to the Department of Energy for Minnesota to become the site of the superconducting supercollider. The governor's office shall seek out private funding and shall make use of the full services of the state planning agency in preparing the application. This appropriation is available until January 1, 1988.

Sec. 52. [POSTRETIREMENT ADJUSTMENT; LUMP SUM PAYMENTS.]

Subdivision 1. [COVERED RETIREMENT FUNDS.] The following retirement funds shall pay the postretirement adjustment provided for in this section:

- (1) public employees retirement fund;
- (2) public employees police and fire fund;
- (3) teachers retirement fund;
- (4) state patrol retirement fund;
- (5) state employees retirement fund of the Minnesota state retirement system; and
- (6) Minneapolis employees retirement fund.

Subd. 2. [ENTITLEMENT.] A person receiving a retirement annuity, disability benefit, or surviving spouse's annuity or benefit from a retirement fund named in subdivision 1 is entitled to receive the postretirement adjustment provided for in this section if the annuity or benefit the person is receiving is:

- (1) an annuity or benefit from the fund named in subdivision 1, clause (4), computed under the laws in effect before June 1, 1973;
- (2) an annuity or benefit from the funds named in subdivision 1, clause (1), (2), (3), or (5), computed under the laws in effect before July 1, 1973;

(3) an annuity from the fund named in subdivision 1, clause (6), computed under the laws in effect before March 5, 1974;

(4) a "\$2 bill and annuity" annuity from the fund named in subdivision 1, clause (6); or

(5) an annuity or benefit from the fund named in subdivision 1, clause (5), computed under the metropolitan transit commission-transit operating division employees retirement fund document in effect before January 1, 1978.

Subd. 3. [AMOUNT OF ADJUSTMENT.] Each retirement fund named in subdivision 1 shall pay the postretirement adjustments provided for in this section to each person eligible for an annuity or benefit on November 30, 1987, or November 30, 1988, and entitled to an adjustment under subdivision 2. An adjustment for an individual recipient must be a lump sum payment in an amount equal to \$20 in 1987 and \$20 in 1988 for each full year of allowable service credited to the recipient by the fund. Adjustments are payable on December 1, 1987, to recipients eligible for an annuity or benefit on November 30, 1987, and on December 1, 1988, to recipients eligible for an annuity or benefit on November 30, 1988. Nothing in this section authorizes a fund to pay an adjustment to an estate. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 356.18, a fund shall pay the adjustments provided for in this section without being requested to do so unless an intended recipient files a written notice with the fund requesting that the adjustment not be paid.

Subd. 4. [TERMINAL AUDIT.] Each retirement fund named in subdivision 1, as soon as practical after payment of the December 1, 1988, postretirement adjustment, shall calculate the amount of any appropriation apportioned to it in excess of the amount required to pay the adjustments, report its calculation in writing to the commissioner of finance, and return any excess amount to the general fund. The commissioner of finance shall verify the calculation reported by each fund.

Subd. 5. [APPROPRIATION.] \$10,899,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the retirement funds named in subdivision 1, to pay the postretirement adjustments provided for in subdivision 3. The appropriation is apportioned as follows:

	<u>Fiscal Year</u> 1988	<u>Fiscal Year</u> 1989
<u>Public employees retirement fund</u>	<u>\$1,822,000</u>	<u>\$1,713,000</u>
<u>Public employees police and fire fund</u>	<u>78,000</u>	<u>73,000</u>
<u>Teachers retirement fund</u>	<u>1,532,000</u>	<u>1,443,000</u>
<u>State patrol retirement fund</u>	<u>67,000</u>	<u>63,000</u>
<u>State employees retirement fund</u>	<u>1,280,000</u>	<u>1,230,000</u>
<u>Minneapolis employees retirement fund</u>	<u>820,000</u>	<u>778,000</u>



## Sec. 53. [TRANSFERS.]

Subdivision 1. [GENERAL PROCEDURE.] If the appropriation in this act to an agency in the executive branch is specified by program, the agency may transfer unencumbered balances among the programs specified in that section after getting the approval of the commissioner of finance. The commissioner shall not approve a transfer unless the commissioner believes that it will carry out the intent of the legislature. The transfer must be reported immediately to the committee on finance of the senate and the committee on appropriations of the house of representatives. If the appropriation in this act to an agency in the executive branch is specified by activity, the agency may transfer unencumbered balances among the activities specified in that section using the same procedure as for transfers among programs.

Subd. 2. [CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS.] A constitutional officer need not get the approval of the commissioner of finance but must notify the committee on finance of the senate and the committee on appropriations of the house of representatives before making a transfer under subdivision 1.

Subd. 3. [TRANSFER PROHIBITED.] If an amount is specified in this act for an item within an activity, that amount must not be transferred or used for any other purpose.

## Sec. 54. [MASTER LEASE.]

During the biennium ending June 30, 1989, for agencies to whom appropriations are made in this act, the master lease, as authorized in Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.85, may only be used to finance large equipment with a capital value of more than \$100,000 and a useful life of more than ten years, and for equipment already purchased under an existing lease-purchase agreement. The commissioner of finance must consult with the chairs of the senate finance committee and house appropriations committee before entering into a lease-purchase of equipment by a state agency in this act. This requirement does not apply to purchases by the commissioner of administration made with money from an internal services fund.

## Sec. 55. [STUDY OF MANAGEMENT OF VETERANS HOMES.]

Subdivision 1. [STUDY ESTABLISHED.] The commissioner of administration shall conduct or arrange for a study of the management and operation of the Minnesota Veterans Homes. The purpose of the study is to provide the legislature with an accurate assessment of the management of the home and a comprehensive appraisal of any deficiencies or problems that need to be addressed. It is the intent of the legislature to assure that the care and services provided to the veterans in these homes is of high quality and that

the quality of life for the veterans is enhanced and maintained while residing in the home.

Subd. 2. [STUDY GUIDELINES.] The study shall evaluate the following: the role and responsibilities of the governing body, administrator, and management staff at the home; the relationships between the governing body, administrator and management staff located in each home; the span of control and authority delegated to the management staff at the home; the effectiveness of the management practices at the home; the direct care and other support personnel staffing patterns and assignments throughout all units in the home; the admission criteria and practices; the assessment of the care and service needs of the residents; the utilization of state operated veterans homes compared to the utilization of community based and operated long-term care facilities for the veteran population; the relationship of the home with the federal Veterans Administration regulatory programs; the relationship with the federal regulatory programs with the state regulatory programs; the programmatic and fiscal advantages or disadvantages of medical assistance certification for the veterans home; the utilization of a preadmission screening program for the home; and any other factors that are necessary for an accurate and complete assessment of the role, operation, and management of the home.

Subd. 3. [REPORT.] The commissioner of administration may contract with a person or organization knowledgeable in long-term health care facility management. The commissioners of health and human services shall assist the commissioner of administration in conducting this study. The commissioner of administration shall report to the legislature with specific findings and recommendations by February 1, 1988.

Subd. 4. [ASSESSMENTS.] The commissioner of veterans affairs shall complete an assessment of the care and services needed by all residents of all units in the homes. These assessments shall be conducted in accordance with the procedures used by the department of health for the assignment of resident case mix reimbursement classifications. These assessments shall be completed for all residents by September 1, 1987, and for all residents admitted after that date or the date of completion of the assessments whichever comes first. The commissioner of health shall provide the commissioner of veterans affairs with any necessary assistance required to train staff to perform these assessments. The assessments shall be available to the commissioners of health, human services, and administration for the purpose of completing the management study of the veterans home.

Sec. 56. [INCREASED RENTAL COSTS OR SPACE.]

An agency or department head must consult with the chairs of the house appropriations and senate finance committees before entering

into any agreement that would cause an agency's rental costs to increase by ten percent or more per square foot or would increase the number of square feet of office space rented by the agency by 25 percent or more in any fiscal year.

Sec. 57. [BUILDING FUND APPROPRIATION; TRANSFER.]

Subdivision 1. Notwithstanding any other law, the commissioner of administration may transfer unencumbered balances existing on May 15, 1987, in a project account for the building fund appropriations listed in subdivision 2 to the project enumerated in Laws 1983, chapter 344, section 2(j). The money transferred under this section is appropriated for the purposes for which it is transferred and may be used for the retention of outside technical and legal expertise in the matter of the resolution of any claims that arose out of the project to which the original appropriation was made. The commissioner must report to the chairs of the house appropriations committee and the senate finance committee on any transfer made under this section.

Subd. 2. Subdivision 1 applies to appropriations made by the following laws: Laws 1973, chapter 777, section 14(c); Laws 1973, chapter 778, section 5(1); Laws 1976, chapter 348, section 2, subdivision 2; Laws 1978, chapter 791, section 2(k); Laws 1978, chapter 791, section 2(t); Laws 1978, chapter 792, section 4(a) and 4(f) and 15(a); Laws 1979, chapter 338, section 6; and Laws 1981, chapter 4, section 2, subdivision 8 and section 6; and Laws 1981, chapter 361, section 2(a); and Laws 1981, chapter 362, section 3; and Laws 1982, chapter 639, section 7.

Sec. 58. [INVESTIGATIVE ACTIVITIES.]

A six-member joint legislative committee shall investigate the investigative activities of the department of natural resources and the bureau of criminal apprehension. The committee consists of three house members, including one member of the minority caucus, appointed by the speaker of the house, and three senate members, including one member of the minority caucus, appointed pursuant to the rules of the senate. The committee shall review the manner in which the investigative activities are carried out and the budget for the activities. The committee shall conclude its work by December 31, 1988.

Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 2.722, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DESCRIPTION.] Effective July 1, 1959, the state is divided into ten judicial districts composed of the following named counties, respectively, in each of which districts judges shall be chosen as hereinafter specified:

1. Goodhue, Dakota, Carver, LeSueur, McLeod, Scott, and Sibley; ~~nine~~ 13 judges; and four permanent chambers shall be maintained in Red Wing, Hastings, Shakopee, and Glencoe and one other shall be maintained at the place designated by the chief judge of the district;

2. Ramsey; 13 judges;

3. Wabasha, Winona, Houston, Rice, Olmsted, Dodge, Steele, Waseca, Freeborn, Mower, and Fillmore; 22 judges; and permanent chambers shall be maintained in Faribault, Albert Lea, Austin, Rochester, and Winona;

4. Hennepin; ~~24~~ 53 judges;

5. Blue Earth, Watonwan, Lyon, Redwood, Brown, Nicollet, Lincoln, Cottonwood, Murray, Nobles, Pipestone, Rock, Faribault, Martin, and Jackson; five judges; and permanent chambers shall be maintained in Marshall, Windom, Fairmont, New Ulm, and Mankato;

6. Carlton, St. Louis, Lake, and Cook; ~~six~~ 15 judges;

7. Benton, Douglas, Mille Lacs, Morrison, Otter Tail, Stearns, Todd, Clay, Becker, and Wadena; ~~19~~ 20 judges; and permanent chambers shall be maintained in Moorhead, Fergus Falls, Little Falls, and St. Cloud;

8. Chippewa, Kandiyohi, Lac qui Parle, Meeker, Renville, Swift, Yellow Medicine, Big Stone, Grant, Pope, Stevens, Traverse, and Wilkin; three judges; and permanent chambers shall be maintained in Morris, Montevideo, and Willmar;

9. Norman, Polk, Marshall, Kittson, Red Lake, Roseau, Mahnomen, Pennington, Aitkin, Itasca, Crow Wing, Hubbard, Beltrami, Lake of the Woods, Clearwater, Cass and Koochiching; six judges; and permanent chambers shall be maintained in Crookston, Thief River Falls, Bemidji, Brainerd, Grand Rapids, and International Falls;

10. Anoka, Isanti, Wright, Sherburne, Kanabec, Pine, Chisago, and Washington; ~~24~~ 30 judges; and permanent chambers shall be maintained in Anoka, Stillwater, and other places designated by the chief judge of the district.

Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 3.30, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [MEMBERS; DUTIES.] The chair of the senate committee on taxes and tax laws, the chair of the senate committee on

finance, the chair of the house committee on taxes and tax laws, and the chair of the house committee on appropriations shall constitute the legislative advisory commission. The governor shall preside over the meetings of the commission but shall not be a member thereof. The majority leader of the senate or a designee, the chair of the senate committee on finance, and the chair of the senate division of finance responsible for overseeing the items being considered by the commission, the speaker of the house of representatives or a designee, the chair of the house committee on appropriations, and the chair of the division of the house appropriations committee responsible for overseeing the items being considered by the commissioner constitute the legislative advisory commission. The division chair of the finance committee in the senate and the division chair of the appropriations committee in the house shall rotate according to the items being considered by the commission. If any of the legislative members elect not to serve on the commission, the house of which they are members, if in session, shall select some other member for such vacancy. If the legislature is not in session, vacancies in the legislative membership of the commission shall be filled by the last speaker of the house or, if the speaker be not available, by the last chair of the house rules committee, in case of a house vacancy, and by the last senate committee on committees or other appointing authority designated by the senate rules in case of a senate vacancy. The commissioner of finance shall act as secretary of the commission and shall keep a permanent record and minutes of its proceedings, which shall be public records. The commissioner of finance shall transmit, under the provisions of section 3.195, a report to the next legislature of all actions of said commission. The members of the commission shall receive traveling and subsistence expenses in attending meetings of the commission. The commission shall meet from time to time upon the call of the governor or upon the call of the secretary at the request of three or more of its members.

Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 3.303, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. The commission shall represent the legislature and assist state agencies in making arrangements for the accommodation and appropriate recognition of individuals or groups visiting Minnesota as direct or indirect representatives of foreign governments, other states, or any of the subdivisions or agencies of foreign governments or other states; and provide other services determined by the commission. The commission may make grants, employ staff and obtain office space, equipment, and supplies necessary to perform the designated duties.

Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 3.85, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. [VALUATIONS AND REPORTS TO LEGISLATURE.]  
(a) The commission shall contract with an established actuarial

consulting firm to conduct annual valuations and financial adequacy studies for the funds specified in (b). The contract shall also include provisions for performing cost analyses of proposals for changes in benefit and funding policies.

(b) The plans which shall be included in the contract for valuation and analysis are:

- (1) the Statewide Teachers Retirement Association;
- (2) the General Plan, Minnesota State Retirement System;
- (3) the Correctional Plan, Minnesota State Retirement System;
- (4) the State Patrol Plan, Minnesota State Retirement System;
- (5) the Judges Plan, Minnesota State Retirement System;
- (6) the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund;
- (7) the General Plan, Public Employees Retirement Association;
- (8) the Police and Fire Plan, Public Employees Retirement Association;
- (9) the Duluth Teachers Retirement Association;
- (10) the Minneapolis Teachers Retirement Association;
- (11) the St. Paul Teachers Retirement Association; and
- (12) the Legislator's Retirement Plan; and
- (13) the Elective State Officers Retirement Plan.

(c) The contract shall include the following:

(1) Every year beginning in fiscal year 1986, the contract shall specify completion of standard valuations for the preceding fiscal year with contents as described in section 356.215, subdivisions 4 to 4k; and cash flow forecasts through the amortization target date. For funds using a calendar year valuation period the first valuation shall be for the period ending December 31, 1985.

(2) Every four years, beginning in fiscal year 1988, the contract shall specify completion of an experience study for the four-year period ending June 30 of the preceding fiscal year. The experience study shall evaluate the appropriateness of continuing to use for future valuations the assumptions relating to: individual salary

progression; rate of return on investments; payroll growth; mortality; withdrawal; disability; retirement; and any other experience-related factor that could impact the future financial condition of the retirement funds.

(d) The commission shall annually prepare a report to the legislature summarizing the results of the valuations and cash flow projections and shall include with its report recommendations concerning the appropriateness of the support rates to achieve proper funding of the retirement funds by the required funding dates. It shall also, within two months of the completion of the quadrennial experience studies, prepare a report to the legislature on the appropriateness of the valuation assumptions listed in paragraph (c), clause (2).

(e) The commission shall assess the retirement plans specified in paragraph (b) other than clauses (12) and (13) the cost of their actuarial valuations and of their experience studies. The assessment shall be that part of the amount of contract compensation with the actuarial consulting firm retained by the commission specified for these functions that bears the same relationship that the total active, deferred, inactive, and benefit recipient membership of the retirement plan bears to the total active, deferred, inactive, and benefit recipient membership of all retirement plans specified in paragraph (b). The assessment shall be made upon the completion of the actuarial valuations and the experience studies. The amount of the assessment is appropriated from the retirement fund applicable to the retirement plan. Receipts from assessments shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the general fund.

Sec. 63. [3.885] [LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE ON PLANNING AND FISCAL POLICY.]

Subdivision 1. [MEMBERSHIP.] The legislative committee on planning and fiscal policy consists of 18 members of the senate and the house of representatives appointed by the legislative coordinating commission. Vacancies on the committee are filled in the same manner as original appointments. The committee shall elect a chair and a vice-chair from among its members. The chair alternates between a member of the senate and a member of the house in January of each odd-numbered year.

Subd. 2. [COMPENSATION.] Members of the committee are compensated in the manner provided by section 3.101.

Subd. 3. [STAFF.] The committee may hire staff necessary to carry out its duties and may also use other legislative staff. The legislative coordinating commission shall provide office space and administrative support to the committee. The commissioners of finance and revenue shall supply the committee with information upon request of the chair. The state planning agency shall report to the commit-

tee, and the committee may make recommendations to the state planning agency.

Subd. 4. [DUTIES.] The committee shall study and evaluate the actual and projected expenditures by state government, the actual and projected sources of revenue that support these expenditures, and the various options available to meet the state's future fiscal needs. In performing this duty the committee shall consider, among other things:

(1) the relative dependence on state tax revenues, federal funds, and user fees to support state-funded programs, and whether the existing mix of revenue sources is appropriate, given the purposes of the programs;

(2) the relative percentages of state expenditures that are devoted to major programs such as education, assistance to local government, aid to individuals, state agencies and institutions, and debt service; and

(3) the role of the legislature in overseeing state government expenditures, including legislative appropriation of money from the general fund, legislative appropriation of money from funds other than the general fund, state agency receipt of money into revolving and other dedicated funds and expenditure of money from these funds, and state agency expenditure of federal funds.

As necessary, the committee shall recommend to the legislature changes in the mix of revenue sources for programs, in the percentage of state expenditures devoted to major programs, and in the role of the legislature in overseeing state government expenditures. The committee may also make recommendations for changes in the design or continuing operation of programs. The committee's recommendations must consider the long-term needs of the state. The recommendations must not duplicate work done by standing committees of the senate and house of representatives.

The committee shall report to the legislature on its activities and recommendations by January 15 of each odd-numbered year.

Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 3C.035, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DEADLINES.] A department or agency intending to urge the legislature to adopt a bill shall deliver the drafting request for the bill to the revisor of statutes by ~~December~~ November 1 before the regular session of the legislature at which adoption will be urged. A commissioner or agency head, however, may deliver a drafting request later by certifying to the revisor, with supporting facts, that the request is an emergency, relates to a matter that could not reasonably have been foreseen before ~~December~~ November 1, or



for which there is other reasonable justification for delay. The completed bill draft, in a form ready for introduction, must be delivered by the revisor to a senator or representative as directed by the department or agency. If the draft was requested after December November 1, it must be accompanied by a copy of the commissioner's certification to the revisor.

Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 3C.035, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [COSTS.] Agencies shall include in their budgets amounts to pay for bill drafting services provided by the revisor of statutes. The revisor shall assess agencies for the actual cost of bill drafting services rendered to them on requests delivered to the revisor by December November 1. The revisor shall assess agencies for ~~120 percent of double the~~ actual cost of bill drafting services rendered to them on requests delivered to the revisor after December November 1. The revisor shall also assess an agency for the actual cost or ~~120 percent of double the~~ actual cost, as appropriate, for drafting a request that a senator or representative submits to the revisor's office on behalf of the agency. The revisor may not assess a department or agency for the costs related to drafting affecting an agency if the request for drafting originated from within the legislature. Receipts from the assessment must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the revisor's account.

Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 3C.11, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [PAMPHLETS.] The revisor's office shall compose, print, and deliver pamphlets containing parts of Minnesota Statutes, parts of Minnesota Rules, or combinations of parts of the statutes and rules as may be necessary for the use of public officers and departments. The revisor's office shall use a standard form for the pamphlets. The cost of composition, printing, and delivery of the pamphlets, together with a reasonable fee for the revisor's services, is to be borne by the office or department requesting them. The printing must be limited to actual needs as shown by experience or other competent proof. Revenue from the revisor's fee must be deposited in the revisor's account.

Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 3C.12, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [SALE PRICE.] The revisor shall fix the a reasonable sale price of an edition of Minnesota Statutes, supplement to Minnesota Statutes, or edition of Laws of Minnesota according to the limits of this subdivision. The sale price for a newly published edition of Minnesota Statutes is the actual cost of composition, printing, binding, and distribution of all books ordered, but not less than \$75. The sale prices of each newly published edition of the Laws of

Minnesota and supplement to Minnesota Statutes are not less than the actual cost of composition, printing, binding, and distribution of all books ordered, but not less than \$10. Revenue from the sale of the Minnesota Statutes, supplements to Minnesota Statutes, and Laws of Minnesota must be deposited in the revisor's account.

Sec. 68. [5.13] [TRANSACTION SURCHARGE.]

The secretary of state may impose a surcharge of \$5 on each transaction involving over-the-counter expedited service, other than simple copying requests, that takes place at the office of the secretary of state.

Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 8.15, is amended to read:

8.15 [ATTORNEY GENERAL COSTS.]

The attorney general in consultation with the commissioner of finance shall assess executive branch agencies ~~the cost of a fee for~~ legal services rendered to them. The assessment against appropriations from other than the general fund must be the full amount of the ~~cost~~ fee. The assessment against appropriations supported by fees must be included in the fee calculation. Unless appropriations are made for ~~these fee supported~~ costs, no payment by the agency is required. The assessment against appropriations from the general fund not supported by fees must be ~~one-fourth~~ one-half of the ~~cost~~ fee. Receipts from assessments must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the general fund.

Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 14.08, is amended to read:

14.08 [REVISOR OF STATUTE'S APPROVAL OF RULE FORM.]

(a) Two copies of a rule adopted pursuant to the provisions of section 14.26 or 14.32 shall be submitted by the agency to the attorney general. The attorney general shall send one copy of the rule to the revisor on the same day as it is submitted by the agency under section 14.26 or 14.32. Within five days after receipt of the rule, excluding weekends and holidays, the revisor shall either return the rule with a certificate of approval of the form of the rule to the attorney general or notify the attorney general and the agency that the form of the rule will not be approved.

If the attorney general disapproves a rule, the agency may modify it and the agency shall submit two copies of the modified rule to the attorney general who shall send a copy to the revisor for approval as to form as described in this paragraph.

(b) One copy of a rule adopted after a public hearing shall be submitted by the agency to the revisor for approval of the form of the rule. Within five working days after receipt of the rule, the revisor shall either return the rule with a certificate of approval to the agency or notify the agency that the form of the rule will not be approved.

(c) If the revisor refuses to approve the form of the rule, the revisor's notice shall revise the rule so it is in the correct form.

(d) The attorney general and the revisor of statutes shall assess an agency for the actual cost of processing rules under this section. The agency shall pay the revisor's assessments using the procedures of section 3C.056. The agency shall pay the attorney general's assessments using the procedures of section 8.15. Each agency shall include in its budget money to pay the revisor's and the attorney general's assessments. Receipts from the assessment must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the revisor's account or the general fund as appropriate.

Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 14.26, is amended to read:

**14.26 [ADOPTION OF PROPOSED RULE; SUBMISSION TO ATTORNEY GENERAL.]**

If no hearing is required, the agency shall submit to the attorney general the proposed rule and notice as published, the rule as proposed for adoption, any written comments received by the agency, and a statement of need and reasonableness for the rule. The agency shall give notice to all persons who requested to be informed that these materials have been submitted to the attorney general. This notice shall be given on the same day that the record is submitted. If the proposed rule has been modified, the notice shall state that fact, and shall state that a free copy of the proposed rule, as modified, is available upon request from the agency. The rule and these materials shall be submitted to the attorney general within 180 days of the day that the comment period for the rule is over or the rule is automatically withdrawn. The agency shall report its failure to adopt the rules and the reasons for that failure to the legislative commission to review administrative rules, other appropriate legislative committees, and the governor.

Even if the 180-day period expires while the attorney general reviews the rule, if the attorney general rejects the rule, the agency may resubmit it after taking corrective action. The resubmission must occur within 30 days of when the agency receives written notice of the disapproval. If the rule is again disapproved, the rule is withdrawn. An agency may resubmit at any time before the expiration of the 180-day period. If the agency withholds some of the

proposed rule, it may not adopt the withheld portion without again following the procedures of sections 14.14 to 14.28, or 14.29 to 14.36.

The attorney general shall approve or disapprove the rule as to its legality and its form to the extent the form relates to legality, including the issue of substantial change, and determine whether the agency has the authority to adopt the rule and whether the record demonstrates a rational basis for the need for and reasonableness of the proposed rule within 14 days. If the rule is approved, the attorney general shall promptly file two copies of it in the office of the secretary of state. The secretary of state shall forward one copy of each rule to the revisor of statutes. If the rule is disapproved, the attorney general shall state in writing the reasons and make recommendations to overcome the deficiencies, and the rule shall not be filed in the office of the secretary of state, nor published until the deficiencies have been overcome. The attorney general shall send a statement of reasons for disapproval of the rule to the agency, the chief administrative law judge, the legislative commission to review administrative rules, and to the revisor of statutes.

The attorney general shall assess an agency for the actual cost of processing rules under this section. The agency shall pay the attorney general's assessments using the procedures of section 8.15. Each agency shall include in its budget money to pay the attorney general's assessment. Receipts from the assessment must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the general fund.

Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 15A.081, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. The governor shall set the salary rate within the ranges listed below for positions specified in this subdivision, upon approval of the legislative commission on employee relations and the legislature as provided by section 43A.18, subdivisions 2 and 5:

	Salary Range
	Effective
	July 1, 1983
	1987
<del>Commissioner of education;</del>	<del>\$57,500-\$70,000</del>
<del>Commissioner of finance;</del>	<del>\$57,500-\$78,500</del>
<del>Commissioner of finance education;</del>	
Commissioner of transportation;	
Commissioner of human services;	
<u>Commissioner of revenue;</u>	
Executive director, state board of investment;	
Commissioner of administration;	\$50,000-\$60,000 <u>\$67,500</u>

Commissioner of agriculture;  
 Commissioner of commerce;  
 Commissioner of corrections;  
 Commissioner of jobs and training;  
 Commissioner of employee relations;  
 Commissioner of energy and economic  
     development;  
 Commissioner of health;  
 Commissioner of labor and industry;  
 Commissioner of natural resources;  
~~Commissioner of revenue;~~  
 Commissioner of public safety;  
 Chair, waste management board;  
 Chief administrative law judge; office  
     of administrative hearings;  
 Director, pollution control agency;  
 Director, state planning agency;  
 Executive director, housing finance  
     agency;  
 Executive director, public employees  
     retirement association;  
 Executive director, teacher's  
     retirement association;  
 Executive director, state retirement  
     system;  
 Chair, metropolitan council;  
 Chair, regional transit board;  
 Coordinator of full productivity and  
     opportunity;  
 Commissioner of human rights; ~~\$40,000-\$52,500~~ \$42,500-\$60,000  
 Director, department of public service;  
 Commissioner of veterans' affairs;  
 Director, bureau of mediation services;  
 Commissioner, public utilities  
     commission;  
 Member, transportation regulation  
     board.

Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 15A.081, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [PART-TIME METROPOLITAN OFFICERS.] The governor shall set the salary rate within the range set forth below for the following part-time positions, upon approval of the legislative com-

mission on employee relations and the legislature as provided by section 43A.18, subdivisions 2 and 5:

	Effective July 1, 1985 <u>1987</u>
Chair, metropolitan airports commission	\$15,000-\$25,000
Chair, metropolitan waste control commission	<u>\$25,000-\$35,000</u>

Fringe benefits for unclassified employees of the metropolitan waste control commission shall not exceed those fringe benefits received by unclassified employees of the metropolitan council.

Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 15A.081, subdivision 7b, is amended to read:

Subd. 7b. [HIGHER EDUCATION OFFICERS.] The state university board, the state board for community colleges, the state board of vocational technical education, and the higher education coordinating board shall set the salary rates for, respectively, the chancellor of the state universities, the chancellor of the community colleges, the state director of vocational technical education, and the executive director of the higher education coordinating board. At least 30 days before the respective board adopts a salary increase according to this subdivision, the board shall submit the proposed salary increase to the legislative commission on employee relations for its review approval, modification, or rejection in the manner provided in section 43A.18, subdivision 2. Salary rates for the positions specified in this subdivision may not exceed 95 percent of the salary set for the governor under subdivision 6.

Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 15A.083, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [RANGES FOR OTHER JUDICIAL POSITIONS.] Salaries or salary ranges are provided for the following positions in the judicial branch of government. The appointing authority of any position for which a salary range has been provided shall fix the individual salary within the prescribed range, considering the qualifications and overall performance of the employee. The supreme court shall set the salary of the state court administrator and the salaries of district court administrators. The salary of the state court administrator or a district court administrator may not exceed the salary of a district court judge. If district court administrators die, the amounts of their unpaid salaries for the months in which their deaths occur must be paid to their estates. The salaries of the district administrators of the second, fourth, and sixth judicial districts may be supplemented by the appropriate county board in an amount not to exceed \$10,000 per year. The salary supplement may

be made effective only until January 1, 1988. The salary of the state public defender shall be 95 percent of the salary of the attorney general.

Salary or Range  
Effective  
July 1,  
1983  
1987

Board on judicial  
standards

executive director

32,000-44,000 \$34,000-\$48,000

Sec. 76. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 16A.127, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [EXEMPTION.] This section does not apply to the community college system, state universities, or the state board of vocational technical education. Except for federal funds, this section does not apply to the department of natural resources for agency indirect costs.

Sec. 77. [16A.284] [APPROPRIATIONS TO CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS.]

If an appropriation for a constitutional officer for either fiscal year of a biennium is insufficient, the appropriation for the other fiscal year of the biennium is available for it.

Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 16A.85, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. [BUDGET OFFSET.] The commissioner of finance shall reduce the operating budgets of state agencies that use the master lease program. The amount of the reduction is the difference between the budgeted purchase price of the equipment and the actual master lease payments.

Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 16B.20, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [ADVISORY COUNCIL.] A small business procurement advisory council is created. The council consists of 13 members appointed by the commissioner of administration. A chair of the advisory council shall be elected from among the members. The appointments are subject to the appointments program provided by section 15.0597. The terms and removal of members are as provided in section 15.059, but members do not receive per diem or expenses.

Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 16B.41, is amended to read:

16B.41 [STATE INFORMATION SYSTEMS ADVISORY TASK FORCE MANAGEMENT OFFICE.]

The commissioner may appoint a state information systems advisory task force to help the department develop and coordinate a state information services master plan and make recommendations to the commissioner concerning the progress, direction, and needs of the state's computerization effort. The task force expires and the terms, compensation, and removal of members are as provided in section 15.059.

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT AND PURPOSE.] An office of information systems management is created. The office shall develop and establish a policy and standards for state agencies to follow for the development, purchase, and training for information systems. The purpose of the office is to develop, promote, and coordinate a state technology, architecture, standards and guidelines, information needs analysis techniques, contracts for the purchase of equipment and services, and training of state agency personnel on these issues.

Subd. 2. [RESPONSIBILITIES.] The office has the following duties:

(a) The office must develop and establish a state information architecture to ensure that further state agency development and purchase of information systems equipment and software is directed in such a manner that individual agency information systems complement and do not needlessly duplicate or needlessly conflict with the systems of other agencies. The development of this information architecture must include the establishment of standards and guidelines to be followed by state agencies. The commissioner of administration must establish interim standards and guidelines by August 1, 1987. The office must establish permanent standards and guidelines by July 1, 1988. On January 1, 1988, and every six months thereafter, any state agency that has purchased information systems equipment or software in the past six months, or that is contemplating purchasing this equipment or software in the next six months, must report to the office and to the chairs of the house appropriations committee and the senate finance committee on how the purchases or proposed purchases comply with the applicable standards and guidelines.

(b) The office shall assist state agencies in the planning and management of information systems so that an individual information system reflects and supports the state agency's and the state's mission, requirements, and functions.



(c) Beginning July 1, 1988, the office must review and approve all agency requests for legislative appropriations for the development or purchase of information systems equipment or software. Requests may not be included in the governor's budget submitted to the legislature, beginning with the budget submitted in January 1989, unless the office has approved the request.

(d) Each biennium the office must rank in order of priority agency requests for new appropriations for development or purchase of information systems equipment or software. The office must submit this ranking to the legislature at the same time, or no later than 14 days after, the governor submits the budget message to the legislature.

(e) Beginning July 1, 1989, the office must define, review, and approve major purchases of information systems equipment to (1) ensure that the equipment follows the standards and guidelines of the state information architecture; (2) ensure that the equipment is consistent with the information management principles adopted by the information policy council; (3) evaluate whether or not the agency's proposed purchase reflects a cost-effective policy regarding volume purchasing; and (4) ensure the equipment is consistent with other systems in other state agencies so that data can be shared among agencies, unless the office determines that the agency purchasing the equipment has special needs justifying the inconsistency. The commissioner of finance may not allot funds appropriated for major purchases of information systems equipment until the office reviews and approves the proposed purchase.

(f) The office shall review the operation of information systems by state agencies and provide advice and assistance so that these systems are operated efficiently and continually meet the standards and guidelines established by the office.

Subd. 3. The office shall function as a division of the department of administration. The commissioner of administration shall appoint an interim office director and other interim staff and provide the necessary administrative support to the office. The employees and director shall serve in the unclassified service through June 30, 1988. On July 1, 1988, the employee positions established by this section, except the position of director, shall be placed in the classified service. The position of director shall remain in the unclassified service.

Subd. 4. [ADVISORY TASK FORCE.] The commissioner may must appoint a state information systems advisory task force to help the department develop and coordinate a state information services master plan architecture that is consistent with the information management direction developed by the information policy council, and make recommendations to the commissioner concerning the progress, direction, and needs of the state's computerization effort

information systems. The task force must include representatives of state agencies, the supreme court, higher education systems, librarians, and private industry. The task force must also have two members of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the house and two members of the senate appointed by the senate committee on committees. No more than one member from the house of representatives and one from the senate shall be chosen from the same political party. The task force expires and the terms, compensation, and removal of nonlegislative members are as provided in section 15.059.

Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 16B.42, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [FUNDING.] Appropriations and other funds made available to the council for staff, operational expenses, and grants must be administered through the department of administration. Fees charged to local units of government for the administrative costs of the council and revenues derived from royalties, reimbursements, or other fees from software programs, systems, or technical services arising out of activities funded by current or prior state appropriations must be credited to an account in the special revenue fund and are appropriated to the council for the purposes enumerated in subdivision 2. General fund appropriations for the council may also be credited by the commissioner of administration to the account in the special revenue fund. The unencumbered balance of an appropriation for grants in the first year of a biennium does not cancel but is available for the second year of the biennium.

Sec. 82. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 18.171, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [TERMS.] For the purposes of sections 18.181 to 18.271 and 18.281 to ~~18.311~~ 18.315 the terms defined in subdivisions 2 to 7 and section 3, have the meanings given to them.

Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 18.171, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [NOXIOUS WEEDS.] "Noxious weeds" means the annual, biennial, and perennial plants which are deemed by the commissioner, by commissioner's order, to be injurious to public health, public roads, crops, livestock and other property. The commissioner's orders under this subdivision are not subject to chapter 14.

Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 18.171, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 8. [LAND.] "Land" includes wetlands and public waters.

Sec. 85. [18.182] [PENALTY FOR SALE OF PURPLE LOOSESTRIFE.]

A person who sells purple loosestrife, lythrum salicaria, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 18.241, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [RULES REGARDING TRANSPORTATION.] Except as provided in section 21.74, when any person desires to transport along a public highway materials containing seeds or other propagating parts of leafy spurge, horse nettle, Austrian field cress, field bindweed, perennial pepper grass, wild radish, sow thistle, Canada thistle, hoary alyssum, purple loosestrife, or any other noxious weed designated by the commissioner, the person shall secure from a local or state weed inspector, or county agricultural inspector, a written permit for the transportation of such material. All duly constituted weed inspectors may issue such permits to persons residing or operating within their respective weed jurisdictions to regulate the transportation of such material and to require proper treatment, cleaning, sterilization or destruction of any such material which has been or is about to be transported or deposited to prevent the growing or scattering of any weed seeds or other propagating parts contained therein. Copies of all permits issued under this section shall be immediately sent to the commissioner.

Except as provided in section 21.74, no grain seed, screenings, hay forage, straw, soil, gravel, sand, or refuse and other materials containing seeds and other propagating parts of leafy spurge, horse nettle, Austrian field cress, field bindweed, perennial pepper grass, wild radish, sow thistle, Canada thistle, hoary alyssum, purple loosestrife, or any other noxious weeds designated by the commissioner shall be transported upon any public highway unless it be in sacks, bales, boxes or other containers sufficiently tight and closed or covered with canvas or otherwise to prevent seeds and other propagating parts of such weeds from blowing or scattering along the highway or on other lands or water.

Scattering and dumping on land or in water of grain, seed, and screenings containing seeds and other propagating parts of noxious weeds in excess of legal limits of weed seeds per pound in agricultural seed, and of soil, gravel, rubbish, trash, and other materials containing seeds or other propagating parts of noxious weeds in harmful amounts as determined by rule of the commissioner is prohibited unless such material is processed, treated, or buried sufficiently deep to destroy viable seeds and other propagating parts which they contain down to the limits provided by this section.

Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 18.291, is amended to read:

**18.291 [COMMISSIONER MAY QUARANTINE AND DESTROY WEEDS.]**

When from investigation or otherwise, it appears to the commissioner that upon any tract of agricultural land there is an infestation of noxious weeds beyond the ability of the land occupant or owner to eradicate, upon request of the owner, or upon the commissioner's own motion, the commissioner shall take such steps as are necessary to prevent further spread of such weed growths. To this end, the commissioner shall quarantine such portion of each tract of land as may be so infested and put into immediate operation the necessary means for the eradication of such weed growths.

Sec. 88. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 18.311, is amended to read:

**18.311 [EXPENSES.]**

The expenses of field operations, including cost of chemicals and other materials employed in weed eradication, except machinery and other equipment, shall be paid from the fund provided for this purpose. This fund shall be reimbursed not later than January first, of each year, 20 percent thereof by the county and, ten percent thereof by the town in which the land so quarantined and improved is situated, and ten percent thereof by the landowner involved.

When the infestations of noxious weeds, against which the activities of the commissioner are directed, are found located on the sides of public highways, the expenses of eradication shall be paid, 50 percent by the state from the fund provided for this purpose, 50 percent from the funds provided for the maintenance of the state highway department, if the infestation is on a state highway, 50 percent by the county, if the infestation is on a county or state aid road, and 50 percent by the town, if the infestation is on a town road or cartway.

When infestations of noxious weeds, against which the activities of the commissioner are directed, are found located within the corporate limits of a municipality or on property used by a municipality, the expense of the eradication of such weeds shall be paid as follows: 50 percent thereof by the state from the funds provided for this purpose and 50 percent by the municipality from its general revenue fund.

**Sec. 89. [43A.316] [PUBLIC EMPLOYEES INSURANCE PLAN.]**

Subdivision 1. [INTENT.] The legislature finds that the creation of a statewide plan to provide public employees and other eligible persons with life insurance and hospital, medical, and dental benefit coverage through provider organizations would result in a greater

utilization of government resources and would advance the health and welfare of the citizens of the state.

Subd. 2. [DEFINITIONS.] For the purpose of this section, the terms defined in this subdivision have the meaning given them.

(a) [COMMISSIONER.] "Commissioner" means the commissioner of employee relations.

(b) [EMPLOYEE.] "Employee" means (1) a person who is a public employee within the definition of section 179A.03, subdivision 14, and is employed by an eligible employer or (2) a person employed by a labor organization or employee association certified as an exclusive representative of employees of an eligible employer or by another public employer approved by the commissioner.

(c) [ELIGIBLE EMPLOYER.] "Eligible employer" means

(1) a public employer within the definition of section 179A.03, subdivision 15, that is a town, county, city, school district as defined in section 120.02, educational cooperative service unit as defined in section 123.58, intermediate district as defined in section 136C.02, subdivision 7, cooperative center for vocational education as defined in section 123.351, regional management information center as defined in section 121.935, or an education unit organized under the joint powers action, section 471.59; or

(2) an exclusive representative of employees, as defined in paragraph (b); or

(3) another public employer approved by the commissioner.

(d) [EXCLUSIVE REPRESENTATIVE.] "Exclusive representative" means an exclusive representative as defined in section 179A.03, subdivision 8.

(e) [LABOR-MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.] "Labor-management committee" means the committee established by subdivision 4.

(f) [PLAN.] "Plan" means the statewide public employees insurance plan created by subdivision 3.

Subd. 3. [PUBLIC EMPLOYEE INSURANCE PLAN.] There is created the "public employee insurance plan." The commissioner shall be the administrator of the plan. The commissioner shall model the plan after the plan established in section 43A.18, subdivision 2, but may modify that plan, in consultation with the labor management committee.

Subd. 4. [LABOR-MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.] There is created a labor-management committee of ten members appointed by the commissioner. The labor-management committee shall consist of five members who represent employees, including at least one retired employee, and five members who represent eligible employers. The commissioner shall consult with the labor-management committee in major decisions that affect the plan. The committee shall study issues relating to the insurance plan including, but not limited to, flexible benefits, utilization review, quality assessment, and cost efficiency.

Subd. 5. [PUBLIC EMPLOYEE PARTICIPATION.] Participation in the plan is subject to the conditions in this subdivision.

(a) Each exclusive representative for an eligible employer determines whether the employees it represents shall participate in the plan. The exclusive representative must give the employer notice of intent to participate at least 90 days before the expiration date of the collective bargaining agreement preceding the collective bargaining agreement that covers the date of entry into the plan. The exclusive representative and the eligible employer shall give notice to the commissioner of the determination to participate in the plan at least 90 days prior to entry into the plan. Entry into the plan shall be according to a schedule established by the commissioner.

(b) Employees not represented by exclusive representatives may become members of the plan upon a determination of an eligible employer to include these employees in the plan. Either all or none of the employer's unrepresented employees must participate. The eligible employer shall give at least 90 days' notice to the commissioner prior to entering the plan. Entry into the plan shall be according to a schedule established by the commissioner.

(c) Participation in the plan shall be for a three-year term if coverage begins in an even-numbered year and a four-year term if coverage begins in an odd-numbered year. Participation is automatically renewed for an additional four-year term unless the exclusive representative, or the employer for unrepresented employees, gives the commissioner notice of withdrawal at least 90 days prior to expiration of the participation period. A group that withdraws must wait two years before rejoining. An exclusive representative, or employer for unrepresented employees, may also withdraw if premiums increase 50 percent or more from one insurance year to the next.

(d) The exclusive representative shall give the employer notice of intent to withdraw to the commissioner at least 90 days before the expiration date of a collective bargaining agreement that includes the date on which the term of participation expires.

(e) Each participating eligible employer shall notify the commissioner of names of individuals who will be participating within two weeks of the commissioner receiving notice of the parties' intent to participate. The employer must also submit other information as required by the commissioner for administration of the plan.

Subd. 6. [COVERAGE.] By January 1, 1989, the commissioner shall announce the benefits of the plan. The plan shall include employee hospital, medical, dental, and life insurance for employees and hospital and medical benefits for dependents. Health maintenance organization options and other delivery system options shall be provided if they are available, cost effective, and capable of servicing the number of people covered in the plan. Participation in optional coverages may be provided by collective bargaining agreements. For employees not represented by an exclusive representative, the employer may offer the optional coverages to eligible employees and their dependents provided in the plan.

Subd. 7. [PREMIUMS.] The proportion of premium paid by the employer and employee is subject to collective bargaining. If, at the beginning of the coverage period, no collective bargaining agreement has been finalized, the increased dollar costs, if any, from the previous year is the sole responsibility of the individual participant until a collective bargaining agreement states otherwise. Premiums, including an administration fee, shall be established by the commissioner. Each eligible employer shall pay monthly the amounts due for employee benefits including the amounts under subdivision 8 to the commissioner on or before the dates established by the commissioner. Failure to pay may result in cancellation of the benefits.

Subd. 8. [CONTINUATION OF COVERAGE.] (a) A participating employee who is laid off or is on unrequested leave may elect to continue the plan coverage. This coverage is at the expense of the employee unless otherwise provided by a collective bargaining agreement. Premiums for these employees shall be established by the commissioner. Coverage continues until one of the following occurs:

(1) the employee is reemployed and eligible for health care coverage under a group policy; or

(2) the insurance continuation periods required by state and federal laws expire.

(b) A participating employee who retires and is receiving an annuity or is eligible for and has applied for an annuity under chapter 352, 352B, 352C, 352D, 353, 354, 354A, 356, 422A, 423, 423A, 424, or 490 is eligible to continue participation in the plan. Any employer's contribution must cease when the retiree reaches age 65. These employees, and employees who have already retired prior to the group from which they retired entering the plan, are

eligible to participate as long as their group continues to participate. This participation is at the retiree's expense unless a collective bargaining agreement provides otherwise. An employer shall notify an employee of this option no later than the effective date of retirement. The retired employee shall notify the employer within 30 days of the effective date of retirement of intent to exercise this option.

The spouse of a deceased retired employee may purchase the benefits provided at premiums established by the commissioner if the deceased retired employee received an annuity under chapter 352, 353, 354, 354A, 356, 422A, 423, 423A, or 424 and if the spouse was a dependent under the retired employee's coverage under this section at the time of the death of the retired employee. Coverage under this clause shall be coordinated with relevant insurance benefits provided through the federally sponsored Medicare program.

(c) The plan benefits shall continue in the event of strike permitted by section 179A.18, if the exclusive representative chooses to have coverage continue and the employee pays the total monthly premiums when due.

(d) A person who desires to participate under paragraphs (a) to (c) shall notify the eligible employer or former employer of intent to participate according to rules established by the commissioner. The eligible employer shall notify the commissioner, and coverage shall begin as soon as the commissioner permits.

Persons participating under these paragraphs shall make appropriate premium payments in the time and manner established by the commissioner.

Subd. 9. [INSURANCE TRUST FUND.] An insurance trust fund is established in the state treasury. The deposits consist of the premiums received from employers participating in the plan. All money in the fund is appropriated to the commissioner to pay insurance premiums, approved claims, refunds, administrative costs, and other related service costs. The commissioner shall reserve an amount of money to cover the estimated costs of claims incurred but unpaid. The state board of investment shall invest the money according to section 11A.24. Investment income and losses attributable to the fund shall be credited to the fund.

Sec. 90. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 69.021, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [CALCULATION OF STATE AID.] The amount of state aid available for apportionment shall be two percent of the fire, lightning, sprinkler leakage and extended coverage premiums reported to the commissioner by insurers on the Minnesota Firetown



Premium Report and two percent of the premiums reported to the commissioner by insurers on the Minnesota Aid to Police Premium Report. The amount for apportionment in respect to firefighter's state aid shall not be greater or lesser than the amount of premium taxes paid to the state upon the premiums reported to the commissioner by insurers on the Minnesota Firetown Premium Report after subtracting the amount required to pay the state auditor's costs and expenses of the audits or exams of the firefighters relief associations. The total amount for apportionment in respect to police state aid shall not be greater or lesser than the amount of premium taxes paid to the state upon the premiums reported to the commissioner by insurers on the Minnesota Aid to Police Premium Report after subtracting the amount required to pay the state auditor's costs and expenses of the audits or exams of the police relief associations. The amount for apportionment in respect to police state aid shall be distributed to the municipalities maintaining police departments and to the county on the basis of the number of active peace officers, as certified pursuant to section 69.011, subdivision 2, clause (b). The commissioner shall calculate the percentage of increase or decrease reflected in the apportionment over or under the previous year's available state aid using the same premiums as a basis for comparison.

Sec. 91. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 84.01, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Subject to the provisions of Laws 1969, chapter 1129, and to other applicable laws the commissioner shall organize the department and employ ~~two~~ three assistant commissioners, ~~both~~ each of whom shall serve at the pleasure of the commissioner in the unclassified service, one of whom shall have responsibility for coordinating and directing the planning of every division within the agency, and such other officers, employees, and agents as the commissioner may deem necessary to discharge the functions of the department, define the duties of such officers, employees, and agents and to delegate to them any of the commissioner's powers, duties, and responsibilities subject to the control of, and under the conditions prescribed by, the commissioner. Appointments to exercise delegated power shall be by written order filed with the secretary of state.

Sec. 92. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 84.0272, is amended to read:

#### 84.0272 [PROCEDURE IN ACQUIRING LANDS.]

When the commissioner of natural resources is authorized to acquire lands or interests in lands the procedure set forth in this section shall apply. The commissioner of natural resources shall first prepare a fact sheet showing the lands to be acquired, the legal authority for their acquisition, and the qualities of the land that

make it a desirable acquisition. The commissioner of natural resources shall cause the lands to be appraised. An appraiser shall before entering upon the duties of office take and subscribe an oath to faithfully and impartially discharge the duties as appraiser according to the best of the appraiser's ability and that the appraiser is not interested directly or indirectly in any of the lands to be appraised or the timber or improvements thereon or in the sale thereof and has entered into no agreement or combination to purchase the same or any part thereof, which oath shall be attached to the report of the appraisal. The commissioner of natural resources shall not agree to pay more than ~~ten percent above~~ the appraised value. New appraisals may be made at the discretion of the commissioner of natural resources.

Sec. 93. [84.0855] [SPECIAL RECEIPTS; APPROPRIATION.]

Money received by the commissioner of natural resources as fees for seminars or workshops, for the sale of publications, maps, or to buy supplies for the use of volunteers, may be credited to one or more special accounts in the state treasury and is appropriated to the commissioner for the purposes for which the money was received.

Sec. 94. [84.0856] [FLEET MANAGEMENT ACCOUNT.]

The commissioner of natural resources may bill organizational units within the department of natural resources for the costs of providing them with equipment. Costs billed may include acquisition, licensing, insurance, maintenance, repair, and other direct costs as determined by the commissioner. Receipts and interest earned on the receipts shall be credited to a special account in the state treasury and are appropriated to the commissioner to pay the costs for which the billings were made.

Sec. 95. [TRANSFER OF TRANSACTIONS.]

All transactions related to the equipment purchased by the commissioner of natural resources under the installment plan for fiscal year 1987 may be transferred to the fleet management account.

Sec. 96. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 84.091, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [LICENSE FEES.] (a) The fees for the following licenses, to be issued to residents only, are:

- (1) for harvesting wild rice, ~~\$10~~ \$12.50;
- (2) for buying and selling wild ginseng, \$5;

(3) for a wild rice dealer's license to buy and sell 50,000 pounds or less, \$70; and

(4) for a wild rice dealer's license to buy and sell more than 50,000 pounds, \$250.

(b) The weight of the wild rice shall be determined in its raw state.

Sec. 97. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 84.83, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [PURPOSES FOR THE ACCOUNT.] The money deposited in the account and interest earned on that money may be expended only as appropriated by law for the following purposes:

(1) For a grant-in-aid program to counties and municipalities for construction and maintenance of snowmobile trails;

(2) For acquisition, development and maintenance of state recreational snowmobile trails;

(3) For snowmobile safety programs; and

(4) For the administration and enforcement of sections 84.81 to 84.90.

Sec. 98. [84.961] [PRAIRIE LAND MANAGEMENT.]

Subdivision 1. [NATIVE PRAIRIE VALUES.] The commissioner of natural resources must recognize the value of native prairie land by taking into consideration the wildlife, scientific, erosion control, educational, and recreational benefits of native prairie.

Subd. 2. [PLANNING.] The commissioner must plan for management, development, and restoration of:

(1) prairie land under the commissioner's jurisdiction; and

(2) prairie landscape reserves, comprised of an integrated network of protected prairie lands, prairie restoration sites, and private prairie lands.

Subd. 3. [PRAIRIE LANDSCAPE RESERVES.] The commissioner must develop and manage permanent prairie landscape reserves to maintain the native plant and animal populations, landscape features, and habitat types that are characteristic of intact native prairie ecosystems. Management practices may include haying and grazing.

Subd. 4. [PRAIRIE BIOLOGIST.] The position of prairie biologist is established in the department of natural resources to plan, develop, and manage native prairie reserves and prairie land under this section. The prairie biologist shall be located within the central part of the prairie region and be under the supervision of the scientific and natural areas program.

Sec. 99. [84.963] [PRAIRIE PLANT SEED PRODUCTION AREAS.]

The commissioner of natural resources shall study the feasibility of establishing private or public prairie plant seed production areas within prairie land locations. If prairie plant seed production is feasible, the commissioner may aid the establishment of production areas. The commissioner may enter cost-share or sharecrop agreements with landowners having easements for conservation purposes of ten or more years on their land to commercially produce prairie plant seed of Minnesota origin. The commissioner may only aid prairie plant seed production areas on agricultural land used to produce crops before December 23, 1985, and cropped three out of five years between 1981 and 1985.

Sec. 100. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 85.30, is amended to read:

85.30 [STATE PARK MAINTENANCE FUND.]

Any balance remaining in the state park finance fund after all the obligations and appropriations hereinbefore made payable therefrom have been met shall be transferred to the state park maintenance fund. Interest earned on money in the state park maintenance fund accrues to the fund and is available for expenditure upon appropriation.

Sec. 101. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 85.41, is amended to read:

85.41 [USER FEES.]

Subdivision 1. [ON PERSON.] While skiing on cross country ski trails, a person between the ages of 16 and 64 years shall carry in immediate possession a valid cross country ski license pass. A landowner who grants an easement for a grant-in-aid ski trail is not required to have a license pass when skiing on the landowner's property.

Subd. 2. [LICENSE AGENTS.] County auditors are appointed agents of the commissioner for the sale of annual cross country ski licenses and daily permits passes. A county auditor may appoint subagents within the county or within adjacent counties to sell

licenses and permits passes. Upon appointment the auditor shall notify the commissioner of the name and address of the subagent. The auditor may revoke the appointment of a subagent at any time. Upon demand of the commissioner, the auditor shall revoke a subagent's appointment. The auditor shall furnish license and permit pass blanks on consignment to any subagent who furnishes a surety bond in favor of the county in an amount at least equal to the value of the blanks to be consigned to that subagent. The county auditor shall be responsible for all blanks issued to, and user fees received by agents, except in St. Louis county or in a county where the county auditor does not retain fees paid for license purposes. In these counties, the responsibilities imposed upon the county auditor are imposed upon the county. The commissioner may promulgate additional rules pursuant to section ~~98.50~~ 97A.485, subdivision ~~2~~ 11.

Any resident desiring to sell ~~annual~~ cross country ski licenses and ~~daily~~ permits passes may either purchase for cash or obtain on consignment license and permit pass blanks from a county auditor in groups of not less than ten individual blanks. In selling licenses passes, the resident shall be deemed a subagent of the county auditor and the commissioner, and shall observe all rules promulgated by the commissioner for the accounting and handling of licenses pursuant to section ~~98.50~~ 97A.485, subdivision ~~10~~ 11.

The county auditor shall promptly deposit all monies received from the sale of licenses and permits passes with the county treasurer, and shall promptly transmit any reports required by the commissioner, plus 96 percent of the price to each annual licensee pass holder, exclusive of the issuing fee, for each annual license pass sold or consigned by the auditor and subsequently sold to a licensee pass holder during the accounting period. The county auditor shall retain as a commission four percent of all annual license pass fees, excluding the issuing fee for licenses passes consigned to subagents and the issuing fee on passes sold by the auditor to pass holders.

Unsold blanks in the hands of any subagent shall be redeemed by the commissioner if presented for redemption within the time prescribed by the commissioner. Any blanks not presented for redemption within the period prescribed shall be conclusively presumed to have been sold, and the subagent possessing the same or to whom they are charged shall be accountable.

Subd. 3. [EXEMPTIONS.] Participants in cross country ski races and official school activities and residents of a state or local government operated correctional facility are exempt from the license pass requirement in subdivision 1 if a special use permit has been obtained by the organizers of the event or those in an official capacity in advance from the agency with jurisdiction over the cross country ski trail. Permits shall require that permit holders return the trail and any associated facility to its original condition if any damage is done by the permittee. Limited permits for special events

may be issued and shall require the removal of any trail markers, banners, and other material used in connection with the special event.

Subd. 4. [FORM.] The department shall provide forms and blanks to all agents authorized to issue licenses and daily permit passes by the commissioner. The daily permit shall attach to the skier's clothing to visibly identify the holder as a licensed skier, and be easily transferable from garment to garment by means of a device prescribed by the commissioner in consultation with the advisory task force. The annual license pass shall be with the skier and a sticker shall be placed on the skier's ski poles to identify the holder as a licensed skier available for inspection by any peace or conservation officer. The license and permit pass shall include the applicant's name and other information deemed necessary by the commissioner.

Subd. 5. [AGENT'S FEE.] The fee for an annual a cross country ski license and a daily permit pass shall be increased by the amount of an issuing fee of 50 cents per license pass. The issuing fee may be retained by the seller of the license or permit pass. A license or permit pass shall indicate the amount of the fee that is retained by the seller. This subdivision does not apply to any license or permit pass sold by the state.

Sec. 102. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 85.42, is amended to read:

#### 85.42 [USER FEE.]

The fee for an annual cross country ski license pass is \$5 for an individual license pass, or \$7.50 for a combination husband and wife license pass. The fee for a three-year pass is \$14 for an individual pass or \$21 for a combination husband and wife pass. This fee shall be collected at the time the license pass is purchased. Three-year passes are valid for three years beginning the previous July 1. Annual licenses passes are valid from for one year beginning the previous July 1 through June 30 of the following year. Licenses Passes are not transferable.

The cost for a daily cross country skier permit pass is \$1. This fee shall be collected at the time the permit pass is purchased. The daily permit pass is valid only for the date designated on the permit pass form.

Sec. 103. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 85.43, is amended to read:

#### 85.43 [DISPOSITION OF RECEIPTS; PURPOSE.]

Fees from cross country ski licenses and permits passes shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to a cross country ski account and may be expended only as are appropriated by law to the commissioner of natural resources for:

(a) grants-in-aid for cross country ski trails sponsored by local units of government and special park districts as provided in section 85.44; and

(b) maintenance, winter grooming, and associated administrative costs for cross country ski trails under the jurisdiction of the commissioner.

Sec. 104. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 85.45, is amended to read:

#### 85.45 [PENALTY.]

No person may ski on a public cross country ski trail, including a grant-in-aid cross country ski trail, without a valid annual cross country ski license or daily permit pass. Effective July 1, 1984, any person who violates the provision of this section is guilty of a petty misdemeanor. ~~Any person who violates the provisions of this section before July, 1984, shall be issued a warning statement.~~

Sec. 105. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 85A.02, subdivision 5a, is amended to read:

Subd. 5a. [EMPLOYEES.] (a) The board shall appoint an administrator who shall serve as the executive secretary and principal administrative officer of the board and, subject to its approval, the administrator shall operate the Minnesota zoological garden and enforce all rules and policy decisions of the board. The administrator must be chosen solely on the basis of training, experience, and other qualifications appropriate to the field of zoo management and development. The board shall set the compensation for the administrator within the limits established for the commissioner of ~~human rights agriculture~~ in section 15A.081, subdivision 1. The administrator shall perform duties assigned by the board and shall serve in the unclassified service at the pleasure of the board. The board, with the participation of the private sector, shall appoint a development director in the unclassified service or contract with a development consultant to establish mechanisms to foster community participation in and community support for the Minnesota zoological garden. The board may employ other necessary professional, technical, and clerical personnel.

(b) The board may contract with individuals to perform professional services and may contract for the purchases of necessary species exhibits, supplies, services, and equipment.

Sec. 106. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 85A.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DEPOSIT.] All receipts from the operation of the Minnesota zoological garden shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to a zoo fund; ~~and are. Investment income and investment losses attributable to investment of the zoo fund must be credited to the zoo fund. Money in the zoo fund is appropriated to the board for the operation of the Minnesota zoological garden.~~

Sec. 107. [86.78] [CONTROL OF PURPLE LOOSESTRIFE.]

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITION.] For the purpose of this section, "purple loosestrife" means lythrum salicaria.

Subd. 2. [ESTABLISHMENT OF CONTROL PROGRAM.] The commissioner of natural resources shall coordinate a control program to curb the growth of purple loosestrife. The commissioners of agriculture and transportation must aid and cooperate with the commissioner of natural resources to establish, implement, and enforce the control program.

Sec. 108. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 88.065, is amended to read:

88.065 [EQUIPMENT FURNISHED.]

Subject to applicable provisions of state laws respecting purchases, the commissioner of natural resources may purchase for and furnish to any governmental subdivisions of the state authorized to engage in forest fire prevention or suppression materials or equipment therefor, and may transport, repair and renovate forest fire prevention and suppression materials and equipment for governmental subdivisions of the state. The commissioner may use any funds available for the purchase of forest fire prevention or suppression equipment or for its repair, transportation and renovation under federal grants, if permitted by the terms thereof, or under state appropriations, unless otherwise expressly provided. Except as otherwise authorized or permitted by federal or state laws or regulations, the governmental subdivision receiving any such materials or ~~equipment or repair or renovation~~ services shall reimburse the state for the cost. All moneys received in reimbursement shall be credited to the fund from which the purchase, transportation, repair, or renovation was made, and are hereby reappropriated annually and shall be available for the same purpose as the original appropriation.

Sec. 109. [89.016] [FOREST CAMPGROUNDS.]



The commissioner must hold a public meeting before closing a campground in a state forest for a camping season. The public meeting must be held near the state forest where the campground is to be closed.

Sec. 110. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 92.46, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

92.46 [LANDS AS CAMPGROUNDS.]

Subdivision 1. [PUBLIC CAMPGROUNDS.] (a) The director may designate suitable portions of the state lands withdrawn from sale and not reserved, as provided in section 92.45, as permanent state public campgrounds. The director may have the land surveyed and platted into lots of convenient size, and lease them for cottage and camp purposes under terms and conditions the director prescribes, subject to the provisions of this section.

(b) A lease may not be made for a term more than 20 years. The lease may allow renewal, from time to time, for additional terms of no longer than 20 years each. The lease may be canceled by the commissioner 90 days after giving the person leasing the land written notice of violation of lease conditions. The lease rate shall be based on the appraised value of leased land as determined by the commissioner of natural resources. The appraised value shall be the value of the leased land without any private improvements and must be comparable to similar land without any improvements within the same county.

(c) By July 1, 1986, the commissioner of natural resources shall adopt rules under chapter 14 to establish procedures for leasing land under this section. The rules shall be subject to review and approval by the commissioners of revenue and administration prior to the initial publication pursuant to chapter 14 and prior to their final adoption. The rules must address at least the following:

- (1) method of appraising the property;
- (2) determination of lease rates; and
- (3) an appeal procedure for both the appraised values and lease rates.

(d) All money received from these leases must be credited to the fund to which the proceeds of the land belong.

Notwithstanding section 16A.125 or any other law to the contrary, 50 percent of the money received from the lease of permanent school fund lands leased pursuant to this subdivision shall be deposited into the permanent school trust fund. However, in fiscal years 1986,

1987, 1988, and 1989 up to 50 percent of, 1990, 1991, and 1992, the money received from the lease of permanent school fund lands that would otherwise be deposited into the permanent school trust fund may be used is hereby appropriated to survey, appraise, and pay associated selling costs of lots as required in section 92.67, subdivision 3. The money appropriated may not be used to pay the cost of surveying lots not scheduled for sale. Any money designated for deposit in the permanent school fund that is not needed to survey, appraise, and pay associated selling costs of lots, as required in section 92.67, shall be deposited in the permanent school trust fund. The commissioner shall add to the appraised value of any lot offered for sale the costs of surveying, appraising, and selling the lot, and shall deposit the costs recovered in the permanent school fund and any other contributing funds in proportion to the contribution from each fund. In no case may the commissioner add to the appraised value of any lot offered for sale an amount more than \$700 for the costs of surveying and appraising the lot. Notwithstanding section 92.67, subdivision 4, as to requests for sale of lakeshore lots received before January 1, 1987, the commissioner shall hold the sale before October 31, 1987, if possible, and, if not possible, the lots shall be offered for sale at the next sale in the succeeding year.

Sec. 111. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 92.67, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [SALE REQUIREMENT.] Notwithstanding section 92.45 or any other law, at the request of a lessee the commissioner of natural resources shall sell state property bordering public waters that is leased for the purpose of a private cabin under section 92.46 and recommended to be sold under the inventory prepared pursuant to Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 14, article 17, section 4. Requests for sale must be made prior to July 1, 1991, and the commissioner shall complete all requested sales by July 1, 1992. The lessee making the request may designate the lesser of \$500 or the lease payment in the year the request is made to be used as part of the down payment. The sale shall be made in accordance with laws providing for the sale of trust fund land except as modified by the provisions of this section.

Sec. 112. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 92.67, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [APPOINTMENT OF APPRAISERS; ALLOCATION OF APPRAISAL AND SURVEY COSTS.] (a) The commissioner of natural resources shall provide the lessee requesting the sale with a list of all appraisers approved by the commissioner of administration for the appraisal of property for the state. The lessee requesting the sale may select a person from the list who meets the minimum appraisal standards established by the federal farmers home administration or the federal veterans administration to appraise the property to be sold. If more than one lessee of a cabin site lot leased

by the commissioner under section 92.46 within a platted area requests the sale of a leased lot, all requesting lessees may jointly agree upon an appraiser ~~from the list~~. If the lessee or lessees do not select an appraiser, the commissioner of natural resources shall select the appraiser.

(b) The costs of appraisal shall be allocated by the commissioner to the lots offered for sale and the successful bidder on each lot shall reimburse the commissioner for the appraisal costs allocated to the lot bid upon up to \$700 for each lot appraised. If there are no successful bidders on a lot, the commissioner is responsible for the appraisal cost allocated to that lot.

(c) The commissioner shall survey a lot prior to offering it for sale. The commissioner is responsible for the survey cost.

(d) The lessee may stop the sale process after the appraisal but before the sale. The lessee must reimburse the commissioner for the cost of the appraisal if the sale is stopped.

Sec. 113. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 92.67, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [TIMING OF SALES.] (a) The commissioner shall offer lakeshore cabin site lots for sale pursuant to written request and in accordance with the following schedule:

(1) as to requests received before January 1, 1987, the sale shall be held in June, July, or August 1987;

(2) as to requests received each calendar year after December 31, 1986, the sale shall be held in June, July, or August of the year after the request is received;

(3) notwithstanding clause (2), the commissioner may offer a lot for sale in the year the request is received if the commissioner will offer for sale in that year other lots platted with the late requested lot.

(b) The last sales shall be held in 1992. Lots not sold the first year offered may be reoffered in a succeeding year, following reappraisal if it is determined necessary by the commissioner.

(c) If a person other than the lessee purchases the leased lakeshore cabin site, the purchaser must make payment in full to the lessee at the time of the sale for the appraised value of any improvements. Failure of a successful bidder to comply with this provision voids the sale and the property must be rebid, if possible, at the same sale.

Sec. 114. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 92.67, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5a. [ADDING LANDS; ZONING CONFORMANCE.] Whenever possible, the commissioner may add trust fund lands to the lots offered for sale to provide conformance with zoning requirements. The added lands must be included in the appraised value of the lot.

Sec. 115. [93.221] [MINERAL LEASE ACCOUNT.]

The mineral lease account is created as an account in the state treasury for disposal of certain mineral lease money. Interest accruing from investment of the account remains with the account. Money in the mineral lease account is appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources for mineral diversification.

Sec. 116. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 93.335, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [RENTAL AND ROYALTIES, ANNUAL DISTRIBUTION; APPROPRIATION.] If the lands or minerals and mineral rights covered by any such permit or lease are held by the state in trust for the taxing districts, the rentals and royalties paid under any such permit or lease shall be distributed annually by the commissioner of finance on the first day of September as follows: 20 percent to the general fund of the state mineral lease account established in the state treasury under section 93.221, and 80 percent to the respective counties in which the lands lie, to be apportioned among the taxing districts interested therein as follows: county, three-ninths; town, or city, two-ninths; and school district, four-ninths.

There is hereby appropriated from such moneys in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated to such persons or political subdivisions as are entitled to payment herein, an amount sufficient to make the payment.

Sec. 117. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97A.061, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [APPLICABILITY; AMOUNT.] (a) The commissioner shall annually make a payment from the general game and fish fund to each county having public hunting areas and game refuges. This section does not apply to state trust fund land and other state land not purchased for game refuge or public hunting purposes. The payment shall be the greatest of:

(1) 35 percent of the gross receipts from all special use permits and leases of land acquired for public hunting and game refuges;

(2) 50 cents per acre on land purchased actually used for public hunting or game refuges; or

(3) three-fourths of one percent of the appraised value of purchased land actually used for public hunting and game refuges.

(b) The payment must be reduced by the amount paid under subdivision 3 for croplands managed for wild geese.

(c) The appraised value is the purchase price for five years after acquisition. The appraised value shall be determined by the county assessor every five years after acquisition.

Sec. 118. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97A.065, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [FINES AND FORFEITED BAIL.] (a) Fines and forfeited bail collected from prosecutions of violations of the game and fish laws, sections 84.09 to 84.15, and 84.81 to 84.88, chapter 34B, and any other law relating to wild animals, and aquatic vegetation must be paid to the treasurer of the county where the violation is prosecuted. The county treasurer shall submit one-half of the receipts to the commissioner and credit the balance to the county general revenue fund except as provided in ~~paragraph~~ paragraphs (b) and (c).

(b) The commissioner must reimburse a county, from the game and fish fund, for the cost of keeping prisoners prosecuted for violations under this section if the county board, by resolution, directs: (1) the county treasurer to submit all fines and forfeited bail to the commissioner; and (2) the county auditor to certify and submit monthly itemized statements to the commissioner.

(c) The county treasurer shall indicate the amount of the receipts that are assessments or surcharges imposed under section 609.101 and shall submit all of those receipts to the commissioner. The receipts must be credited to the game and fish fund to provide peace officer training for persons employed by the commissioner who are licensed under section 626.84, subdivision 1, clause (c), and who possess peace officer authority for the purpose of enforcing game and fish laws.

Sec. 119. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97A.105, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [LICENSE REQUIREMENTS.] A person may breed and propagate fur-bearing animals, game birds, bear, moose, elk, caribou, or deer only on privately owned or leased land and after obtaining a license. Any of the permitted animals on a game farm may be sold to other licensed game farms. "Privately owned or

leased land" includes waters that are shallow or marshy, are not actually navigable, and are not of substantial beneficial public use. Before an application for a license is considered, the applicant must enclose the area to sufficiently confine the animals to be raised in a manner approved by the commissioner. A license may be granted only if the commissioner finds the application is made in good faith with intention to actually carry on the business described in the application and the commissioner determines that the facilities are adequate for the business.

Sec. 120. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97A.445, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ANGLING; TAKE A KID FISHING WEEKEND.] A resident over age 18 may take fish by angling without a license during the second one Saturday and Sunday of the angling season designated by order of the commissioner if accompanied by a child who is under age 16. The commissioner shall publicize the Saturday and Sunday as "Take a Kid Fishing Weekend."

Sec. 121. [97A.472] [PLACE OF SALE OF NONRESIDENT LICENSES; RESTRICTION.]

The commissioner shall not sell or issue in any place outside this state a nonresident license to take fish in this state.

Sec. 122. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97A.475, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [RESIDENT HUNTING.] Fees for the following licenses, to be issued to residents only, are:

- (1) for persons under age 65 to take small game, ~~\$7~~ \$9;
- (2) for persons age 65 or over, ~~\$3.50~~ \$4.50;
- (3) to take turkey, ~~\$10~~ \$12.50;
- (4) to take deer with firearms, ~~\$15~~ \$20;
- (5) to take deer by archery, ~~\$15~~ \$20;
- (6) to take moose, for a party of not more than four persons, ~~\$200~~ \$250; and
- (7) to take bear, ~~\$25~~ \$30.

Sec. 123. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97A.475, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [NONRESIDENT HUNTING.] Fees for the following licenses, to be issued to nonresidents, are:

- (1) to take small game, ~~\$46~~ \$51;
- (2) to take deer with firearms, \$100;
- (3) to take deer by archery, \$100;
- (4) to take bear, \$150;
- (5) to take turkey, \$30; and
- (6) to take raccoon, bobcat, fox, coyote, or lynx, ~~\$100~~ \$125.

Sec. 124. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97A.475, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [RESIDENT FISHING.] Fees for the following licenses, to be issued to residents only, are:

- (1) to take fish by angling, for persons under age 65, \$6.50 ~~\$9.50~~;
- (2) to take fish by angling, for persons age 65 and over, \$4;
- (3) to take fish by angling, for a combined license for a married couple, ~~\$10.50~~ \$13.50; and
- (3) (4) to take fish by spearing from a dark house, ~~\$7.50~~ \$12; and
- (5) to take fish by angling for a period of 24 hours from the time of issuance, \$4.50. No trout stamp is required when angling for trout or salmon under this 24-hour angling license.

Sec. 125. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97A.475, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [NONRESIDENT FISHING.] Fees for the following licenses, to be issued to nonresidents, ~~shall be~~ are:

- (1) to take fish by angling, ~~\$16~~ \$18;
- (2) to take fish by angling limited to seven consecutive days, ~~\$13~~ \$15;
- (3) to take fish by angling for three days, ~~\$10~~ \$12; and
- (4) to take fish by angling for a combined license for a family, ~~\$27.50~~ \$30.50;

(5) to take fish by angling for a period of 24 hours from the time of issuance, \$4.50. No trout stamp is required when angling for trout or salmon under this 24-hour angling license; and

(6) to take fish by angling for a combined license for a married couple, limited to 14 consecutive days, \$22.50.

Sec. 126. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97A.475, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [MINNESOTA SPORTING.] The commissioner shall issue Minnesota sporting licenses to residents only. The licensee may take fish by angling and small game. The fee for the license is:

- (1) for an individual, ~~\$12~~ \$13.50; and
- (2) for a combined license for a married couple to take fish and for one spouse to take small game, ~~\$16~~ \$19.50.

Sec. 127. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97A.475, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. [FISHING SURCHARGE.] The fees for the following licenses must be increased by a surcharge of \$2.50:

- (1) resident angling, under subdivision 6, clauses (1) ~~and (2)~~, (3), and (5);
- (2) nonresident angling, under subdivision 7;
- (3) Minnesota sporting, under subdivision 8;
- (4) nonresident fish houses, under subdivision 12; and
- (5) to net fish for domestic use, under subdivision 13.

Sec. 128. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97A.475, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. [FISH HOUSES AND DARK HOUSES; RESIDENTS.] Fees for the following licenses are:

- (1) for a fish house or dark house that is not rented, ~~\$5~~ \$8; and
- (2) for a fish house or dark house that is rented, ~~\$15~~ \$18.

Sec. 129. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97A.475, subdivision 12, is amended to read:



Subd. 12. [FISH HOUSES; NONRESIDENT.] The fee for a fish house license for a nonresident is ~~\$15~~ \$19.50.

Sec. 130. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97A.475, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

Subd. 13. [NETTING WHITEFISH AND CISCOES FOR PERSONAL CONSUMPTION.] The fee for a license to net whitefish and ciscoes in inland lakes and international waters for personal consumption is, for each net, ~~\$3~~ \$5.

Sec. 131. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97A.475, subdivision 20, is amended to read:

Subd. 20. [TRAPPING LICENSE.] The fee for a license to trap fur-bearing animals is:

- (1) for persons over age 13 and under age 18, ~~\$3.50~~ \$5; and
- (2) for persons age 18 and older, ~~\$13~~ \$16.

Sec. 132. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97A.485, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [LICENSES TO BE SOLD AND ISSUING FEES.] (a) Persons authorized to sell licenses under this section must sell the following licenses for the license fee and the following issuing fees:

- (1) to take deer with firearms and by archery, the issuing fee is \$1;
- (2) Minnesota sporting, the issuing fee is \$1; and
- (3) to take bear and small game, for a person under age 65 to take fish by angling or for a person of any age to take fish by spearing, and to trap furbearing animals, the issuing fee is 75 cents \$1.

(b) An issuing fee for a stamp may not be collected when for a stamp is issued simultaneously with the related small game, fishing, or sporting license. Only one issuing fee may be collected when selling more than one stamp in the same transaction after the end of the season for which the stamp was issued.

(c) The auditor or subagent shall keep the issuing fee as a commission for selling the licenses.

(d) The commissioner shall collect the issuing fee on licenses sold by the commissioner.

(e) A license, except stamps, must state the amount of the issuing fee and that the issuing fee is kept by the seller as a commission for selling the licenses.

(f) The fee for an angling license paid by a resident 65 years of age or over must be refunded to the licensee upon request to the commissioner, if the request is made within 30 days of the sale. The commissioner shall design a system on the license for this purpose.

Sec. 133. [97A.502] [DEER KILLED BY MOTOR VEHICLES.]

Notwithstanding section 97A.055, any deer killed by a motor vehicle on a public road must be removed by the road authority, as defined by section 160.02, subdivision 9. The commissioner of natural resources must provide to all road authorities standard forms for statistical purposes and the tracking of wild animals.

Sec. 134. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97C.211, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. [PRICE OF WALLEYE FRY.] The commissioner may not sell walleye fry for less than fair market value, defined as the average price charged by private walleye fry wholesalers located in Minnesota.

Sec. 135. [97C.402] [RAINY RIVER SEASON.]

The fishing season on the Minnesota side of the Rainy River ends on February 28.

Sec. 136. [115A.41] [PURPOSE.]

The legislature recognizes the importance of maintaining the regulatory functions of the Minnesota pollution control agency in regard to solid waste management. The legislature also recognizes that in order to achieve the maximum benefit of state funding and funding from other sources that the technical and financial assistance involved in managing solid waste, including programs involving waste tires, including landfills and other methods of recycling, disposing, and storing solid wastes, should properly be transferred to the waste management board.

Sec. 137. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 115A.42, is amended to read:

115A.42 [ESTABLISHMENT AND ADMINISTRATION.]

There is established a planning assistance program to provide technical and financial assistance to political subdivisions of the state for the purposes of encouraging and improving regional and

local solid waste management planning activities and efforts and of furthering the state policies and purposes expressed in section 115A.02. The program shall be administered by the agency board pursuant to rules promulgated under chapter 14, except in the metropolitan area where the program shall be administered by the metropolitan council pursuant to chapter 473. The agency board and the metropolitan council shall ensure conformance with federal requirements and programs established pursuant to the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 and amendments thereto.

Sec. 138. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 115A.44, is amended to read:

115A.44 [FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.]

Eligible recipients may receive grants for up to 50 percent of the cost of the planning activity, except that planning by a regional development commission and joint planning by two or more contiguous counties or political subdivisions located in two or more contiguous counties may receive grants for up to 100 percent of the cost of the planning activity. Financial assistance provided under the program may be used to employ staff, contract with other units of government or qualified consultants, and pay such other planning expenses as the agency board or metropolitan council may allow.

Sec. 139. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 115A.45, is amended to read:

115A.45 [TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.]

The agency board and metropolitan council shall provide for technical assistance for eligible recipients. The agency board and metropolitan council shall provide model plans for regional and local solid waste management. The agency board and metropolitan council may contract for the delivery of technical assistance by a regional development commission, any state or federal agency, or private consultants. The agency board shall prepare and publish an inventory of sources of technical assistance for solid waste planning, including studies, publications, agencies, and persons available.

Sec. 140. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 115A.46, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [GENERAL.] Plans shall address the state policies and purposes expressed in section 115A.02. Plans for the location, establishment, operation, maintenance, and postclosure use of facilities and facility sites, for ordinances, and for licensing, permit, and enforcement activities shall be consistent with the rules adopted by the agency pursuant to chapter 116. Plans shall address the resolution of conflicting, duplicative, or overlapping local management efforts. Plans shall address the establishment of joint powers man-

agement programs or waste management districts where appropriate. Plans shall address other matters as the rules of the agency board may require consistent with the purposes of sections 115A.42 to 115A.46. Political subdivisions preparing plans under sections 115A.42 to 115A.46 shall consult with persons presently providing solid waste collection, processing, and disposal services. Plans shall be approved by the agency board, or the metropolitan council pursuant to section 473.803. After initial approval, each plan shall be updated every five years and revised as necessary for further approval.

Sec. 141. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 115A.49, is amended to read:

#### 115A.49 [ESTABLISHMENT; PURPOSES AND PRIORITIES.]

There is established a program to encourage and assist cities, counties, and solid waste management districts in the development and implementation of solid waste management projects and to transfer the knowledge and experience gained from such projects to other communities in the state. The program must be administered to encourage local communities to develop feasible and prudent alternatives to disposal, including waste reduction; waste separation by generators, collectors, and other persons; and waste processing. The program must be administered by the agency and the board in accordance with the requirements of sections 115A.49 to 115A.54 and rules promulgated by the agency and the board pursuant to chapter 14. In administering the program, the agency and the board shall give priority to areas where natural geologic and soil conditions are unsuitable for land disposal of solid waste; areas where the capacity of existing solid waste disposal facilities is determined by the agency or the board to be less than five years; and projects serving more than one local government unit.

Sec. 142. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 115A.51, is amended to read:

#### 115A.51 [APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS.]

Applications for assistance under the program shall demonstrate: (a) that the project is conceptually and technically feasible; (b) that affected political subdivisions are committed to implement the project, to provide necessary local financing, and to accept and exercise the government powers necessary to the project; (c) that operating revenues from the project, considering the availability and security of sources of solid waste and of markets for recovered resources, together with any proposed federal, state, or local financial assistance, will be sufficient to pay all costs over the projected life of the project; (d) that the applicant has evaluated the feasible and prudent alternatives to disposal and has compared and evaluated the costs of the alternatives, including capital and operating

costs, and the effects of the alternatives on the cost to generators. The ~~agency or the board~~ may require completion of a comprehensive solid waste management plan conforming to the requirements of section 115A.46, before accepting an application.

Sec. 143. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 115A.52, is amended to read:

115A.52 [TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR PROJECTS.]

The ~~agency and the board~~ shall ensure the delivery of the technical assistance necessary for proper implementation of each project funded under the program. The ~~agency and the board~~ may contract for the delivery of technical assistance by any state or federal agency, a regional development commission, the metropolitan council, or private consultants and may use program funds to reimburse the agency, commission, council, or consultants. The ~~agency and the board~~ shall prepare and publish an inventory of sources of technical assistance, including studies, publications, agencies, and persons available. The ~~agency and the board~~ shall ensure statewide benefit from projects assisted under the program by developing exchange and training programs for local officials and employees and by using the experience gained in projects to provide technical assistance and education for other solid waste management projects in the state.

Sec. 144. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 115A.53, is amended to read:

115A.53 [WASTE REDUCTION AND SEPARATION PROJECTS.]

The ~~agency board~~ shall provide technical assistance and grants to projects which demonstrate waste reduction; waste separation by generators, collectors, and other persons; and collection systems for separated waste. Activities eligible for assistance under this section include legal, financial, economic, educational, marketing, social, governmental, and administrative activities related to the implementation of the project. Preliminary planning and development, feasibility study, and conceptual design costs shall also be eligible activities, but no more than 20 percent of program funds shall be used to fund those activities. The rules of the ~~agency board~~ shall prescribe the level or levels of local funding required for grants under this section.

Sec. 145. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 115A.917, is amended to read:

115A.917 [CERTIFICATE OF NEED.]

No new capacity for disposal of mixed municipal solid waste may be permitted in counties outside the metropolitan area without a certificate of need issued by the agency board indicating the agency's board's determination that the additional disposal capacity is needed in the county. A certificate of need may not be issued until the county has a plan approved under section 115A.46. If the original plan was approved more than five years before, the agency board may require the plan to be revised before a certificate of need is issued under this section. The agency board shall certify need only to the extent that there are no feasible and prudent alternatives to the additional disposal capacity, including waste reduction, source separation, and resource recovery, that would minimize adverse impact upon natural resources. Alternatives that are speculative or conjectural are not feasible and prudent. Economic considerations alone do not justify the certification of need or the rejection of alternatives.

Sec. 146. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116.41, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [TRAINING AND CERTIFICATION PROGRAMS.] The agency shall develop standards of competence for persons operating and inspecting various classes of disposal facilities. The agency shall conduct training programs for persons operating facilities for the disposal of waste and for inspectors of such facilities, and may charge such fees as are necessary to cover the actual costs of the training programs. All fees received shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the account created in section 115.03, subdivision 1, clause (j), for training water pollution control personnel, a separate waste disposal training account and are appropriated to the agency to pay expenses relating to the training of disposal facility personnel.

The agency shall require operators and inspectors of such facilities to obtain from the agency a certificate of competence. The agency shall conduct examinations to test the competence of applicants for certification, and shall require that certificates be renewed at reasonable intervals. The agency may charge such fees as are necessary to cover the actual costs of receiving and processing applications, conducting examinations, and issuing and renewing certificates. Certificates shall not be required for a private individual for landspreading and associated interim and temporary storage of sewage sludge on property owned or farmed by that individual.

Sec. 147. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116C.712, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. [ASSESSMENT.] (a) A person, firm, corporation, or association in the business of owning or operating a nuclear fission electrical generating plant in this state shall pay an assessment to cover the cost of:

(1) monitoring the federal high-level radioactive waste program under the Nuclear Waste Policy Act, United States Code, title 42, sections 10101 to 10226;

(2) advising the governor and the legislature on policy issues relating to the federal high-level radioactive waste disposal program; and

(3) other general studies necessary to carry out the purposes of this subdivision.

The assessment must not be more than the appropriation to the state planning agency for these purposes.

(b) The state planning agency shall bill the owner or operator of the plant for the assessment at least 30 days before the start of each quarter. The assessment for the second quarter of each fiscal year must be adjusted to compensate for the amount by which actual expenditures by the state planning agency for the preceding year were more or less than the estimated expenditures previously assessed. The billing may be made as an addition to the assessments made under section 116C.69. The owner or operator of the plant must pay the assessment within 30 days after receipt of the bill. The assessment must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the special revenue fund.

(c) The authority for this assessment terminates when the department of energy eliminates Minnesota from further siting consideration for high-level radioactive waste. The assessment required for any quarter must be reduced by the amount of federal grant money received by the state planning agency for the purposes listed in this section.

Sec. 148. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 161.1419, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Members of the commission shall serve without Compensation but shall be allowed and paid their actual traveling and other expenses necessarily incurred in the performance of their duties of legislative members of the commission is as provided in section 3.101. Compensation of the remaining members is as provided in section 15.0575. The commission may purchase supplies, employ part-time or full-time employees, and do all things reasonably necessary and convenient in carrying out the purposes of this section. Reimbursement for expenses incurred shall be made pursuant to the rules governing state employees.

Sec. 149. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.012, subdivision 1c, is amended to read:

Subd. 1c. (a) The annual administrative fee for a tax-exempt vehicle under this section is \$5. The license plate fee for a tax-exempt vehicle, except a trailer, is \$10 for two plates per vehicle, payable only on the first tax-exempt registration of the vehicle. The registration period for a tax-exempt vehicle is biennial. The administrative fee is due on March 1 biennially and payable the preceding January 1, with validating stickers issued at time of payment.

(b) ~~The owner of a tax-exempt vehicle shall apply for tax-exempt license plates, and pay the administrative and plate fees, and the filing fee under section 168.33, subdivision 7, only to a deputy registrar in the county in which the vehicle is domiciled.~~

Sec. 150. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 175A.07, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [PERSONNEL.] The judges of the workers' compensation court of appeals shall appoint in the manner provided by law all personnel required by the workers' compensation court of appeals. Law clerks are in the unclassified service. The commissioner of administration shall provide the court with necessary additional staff and administrative services, and the court shall reimburse the commissioner for the cost of these services.

Sec. 151. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 176.611, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [STATE DEPARTMENTS.] Every department of the state, including the University of Minnesota, shall reimburse the fund for money paid for ~~the administration~~ of its claims and the costs of administering the revolving fund at such times and in such amounts as the commissioner of the department of labor and industry shall certify has been paid out of the fund on its behalf. The heads of the departments shall anticipate these payments by including them in their budgets. In addition, the commissioner of labor and industry, with the approval of the commissioner of finance, may require an agency to make advance payments to the fund sufficient to cover the agency's estimated obligation for a period of at least 60 days. Reimbursements and other money received by the commissioner of labor and industry under this subdivision must be credited to the state compensation revolving fund.

Sec. 152. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 176.611, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3a. [LOANS.] To maintain an ongoing balance sufficient to pay sums currently due for benefits and administrative costs, the commissioner of finance, upon request of the commissioner of labor and industry, may transfer money from the general fund to the state compensation revolving fund. Before requesting the transfer, the commissioner of labor and industry must decide there is not enough



money in the fund for an immediate, necessary expenditure. The amount necessary to make the transfer is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of finance. The commissioner of labor and industry shall make schedules to repay the transferred money to the general fund. The repayment may not extend beyond five years.

Sec. 153. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 176.611, subdivision 6a, is amended to read:

Subd. 6a. [APPROPRIATIONS CONSTITUTING FUND.] There is hereby appropriated from the general fund in the state treasury to the state compensation revolving fund the sum of \$967,690 to be used to pay claims of employees of the state. This appropriation together with the sum of \$74,013.12 heretofore appropriated from the trunk highway fund and \$2,395,986.88 heretofore appropriated from the general fund totals \$3,437,690 and constitutes The revolving fund consists of \$3,437,690 appropriated from the general fund and other funds.

Sec. 154. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 197.481, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [PERSONNEL.] The commissioner may appoint a hearing officer to act in the commissioner's place and to employ such other personnel as are necessary to investigate facts in cases brought under this section. The affected political subdivision must bear all costs incurred by the commissioner under this section.

Sec. 155. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 204B.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [AMOUNT.] Except as provided by subdivision 2, a filing fee shall be paid by each candidate who files an affidavit of candidacy. The fee shall be paid at the time the affidavit is filed. The amount of the filing fee shall vary with the office sought as follows:

(a) for the office of governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, state auditor, state treasurer, secretary of state, representative in congress, judge of the supreme court, judge of the court of appeals, judge of the district court, or judge of the county municipal court of Hennepin county, \$150 \$200;

(b) for the office of senator in congress, \$200 \$300;

(c) for office of senator or representative in the legislature, \$50 \$75;

(d) for a county office, \$50; and

(e) for the office of soil and water conservation district supervisor, \$20.

For the office of presidential elector, and for those offices for which no compensation is provided, no filing fee is required.

The filing fees received by the county auditor shall immediately be paid to the county treasurer. The filing fees received by the secretary of state shall immediately be paid to the state treasurer.

When an affidavit of candidacy has been filed with the appropriate filing officer and the requisite filing fee has been paid, the filing fee shall not be refunded.

Sec. 156. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 214.04, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. The executive secretary of each health-related and non-health-related board shall be the chief administrative officer for the board but shall not be a member of the board. The executive secretary shall maintain the records of the board, account for all fees received by it, supervise and direct employees servicing the board, and perform other services as directed by the board. The executive secretaries and other employees of the following boards shall be hired by the board, and the executive secretaries shall be in the unclassified civil service, except as provided in this subdivision:

- (1) dentistry;
- (2) medical examiners;
- (3) nursing;
- (4) pharmacy;
- (5) accountancy;
- (6) architecture, engineering, land surveying and landscape architecture;
- (7) barber examiners;
- (8) cosmetology;
- (9) electricity;
- (10) teaching; and
- (11) peace officer standards and training.

The board of medical examiners shall set the salary of its executive director, which may not exceed 95 percent of the top of the salary range set for the commissioner of health in section 15A.081, subdivision 1. In June of the year in which a salary increase is to be adopted, and at least 30 days before the board of medical examiners adopts a salary increase for its executive director, the board shall submit the proposed salary increase to the legislative commission on employee relations for its review approval, modification, or rejection in the manner provided in section 43A.18, subdivision 2.

The executive secretaries serving the remaining boards shall be hired by those boards, and shall be in the unclassified civil service except for part-time executive secretaries, who are not required to be in the unclassified service. Boards not requiring a full-time executive secretary may employ such services on a part-time basis. To the extent practicable the sharing of part-time executive secretaries by boards being serviced by the same department is encouraged. Persons providing services to those boards not listed in this subdivision, except executive secretaries of the boards and employees of the attorney general, shall be classified civil service employees of the department servicing the board. To the extent practicable the commissioner shall insure that staff services are shared by the boards being serviced by the department. If necessary, a board may hire part-time, temporary employees to administer and grade examinations.

Sec. 157. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 221.67, is amended to read:

#### 221.67 [SERVICE OF PROCESS.]

The use of any of the public highways of this state for the transportation of persons or property for compensation by a motor carrier in interstate commerce shall be deemed an irrevocable appointment by the carrier of the secretary of state to be the carrier's true and lawful attorney upon whom may be served all legal process in any action or proceeding brought under this chapter against the carrier or the carrier's executor, administrator, personal representative, heirs, successors or assigns. This use is a significant agreement by the interstate motor carrier that any process in any action against the carrier or the carrier's executor, administrator, personal representative, heirs, successors, or assigns which is so served shall be of the same legal force and validity as if served upon the carrier personally. Service shall be made by serving a copy thereof upon the secretary of state or by filing a copy in the office of the secretary of state, together with payment of a fee of ~~\$15~~ \$25, and the service shall be sufficient service upon the absent motor carrier if notice of the service and a copy of the process are within ten days thereafter sent by mail by the plaintiff to the defendant at the defendant's last known address and the plaintiff's affidavit of com-

pliance with the provisions of this section and sections 221.60, 221.65, and 221.68 is attached to the summons.

Sec. 158. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 271.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1a. [RETIRED JUDGES.] Upon the retirement of a judge of the tax court or the district court, the chief judge of the tax court may, with the retired judge's consent, assign the retired judge to hear any case properly assignable to a judge of the tax court and to act on it with the full powers of a judge of the tax court. A retired judge performing this service shall receive pay and expenses in the amount and manner provided by law for judges serving on the court, less the amount of retirement pay the judge is receiving under chapter 352 or 490.

Sec. 159. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 273.1314, subdivision 16a, is amended to read:

Subd. 16a. [ZONE BOUNDARY REALIGNMENT.] The commissioner may approve specific applications by a municipality to amend the boundaries of a zone or of an area or areas designated pursuant to subdivision 9, paragraph (e) at any time. Boundaries of a zone may not be amended to create noncontiguous subdivisions. If the commissioner approves the amended boundaries, the change is effective on the date of approval. Notwithstanding the area limitation under section 273.1312, subdivision 4, paragraph (b), the commissioner may approve a specific application to amend the boundaries of an enterprise zone which is located within five municipalities and was designated in 1984, to increase its area to not more than 800 acres, and may approve an additional specific application to amend the boundaries of that enterprise zone to include a sixth municipality or to further increase its area to include all or part of the territory of a town that surrounds one of the five municipalities, or both.

Notwithstanding the area limitation under section 273.1312, subdivision 4, paragraph (b), the commissioner may approve a specific application to amend the boundaries of an enterprise zone that is located within four municipalities to include a fifth municipality. The addition of the fifth municipality may only be approved after the existing municipalities, by adoption of a resolution by each municipality's governing board, agree to the addition of the fifth municipality.

Sec. 160. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 296.16, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [INTENT.] All gasoline received in this state and all gasoline produced in or brought into this state except aviation

gasoline and marine gasoline shall be determined to be intended for use in motor vehicles in this state.

Approximately ~~three-fourths of one and one-half percent~~ of all gasoline received in this state and ~~three-fourths of one and one-half percent~~ of all gasoline produced or brought into this state, except gasoline used for aviation purposes, is being used as fuel for the operation of motorboats on the waters of this state and of the total revenue derived from the imposition of the gasoline fuel tax for uses other than for aviation purposes, ~~three-fourths of one and one-half percent~~ of such revenues is the amount of tax on fuel used in motorboats operated on the waters of this state.

Approximately three-fourths of one percent of all gasoline received in and produced or brought into this state, except gasoline used for aviation purposes, is being used as fuel for the operation of snowmobiles in this state, and of the total revenue derived from the imposition of the gasoline fuel tax for uses other than for aviation purposes, three-fourths of one percent of such revenues is the amount of tax on fuel used in snowmobiles operated in this state.

Approximately 0.15 of one percent of all gasoline received in or produced or brought into this state, except gasoline used for aviation purposes, is being used for the operation of all-terrain vehicles in this state, and of the total revenue derived from the imposition of the gasoline fuel tax, 0.15 of one percent is the amount of tax on fuel used in all-terrain vehicles operated in this state.

Sec. 161. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 296.421, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [COMPUTATION OF UNREFUNDED TAX.] The amount of unrefunded tax shall be a sum equal to ~~three-fourths of one percent~~ one and one-half percent of all revenues derived from the excise taxes on gasoline, except on gasoline used for aviation purposes, together with interest thereon and penalties for delinquency in payment, paid or collected pursuant to the provisions of sections 296.02 to 296.17. The amount of such tax shall be computed for each six-month period commencing January 1, 1961, and shall be paid into the state treasury on November 1 and June 1 following each six-month period.

Sec. 162. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 298.22, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. (1) The office of commissioner of iron range resources and rehabilitation is created. The commissioner shall be appointed by the governor under the provisions of section 15.06.

(2) The commissioner may hold such other positions or appointments as are not incompatible with duties as commissioner of iron

range resources and rehabilitation. The commissioner may appoint a deputy commissioner. All expenses of the commissioner, including the payment of such assistance as may be necessary, shall be paid out of the amounts appropriated by section 298.28. The compensation of the commissioner shall be set by the ~~governor~~ legislative coordinating commission and may not exceed the maximum salary set for the commissioner of administration under section 15A.081, subdivision 1.

(3) When the commissioner shall determine that distress and unemployment exists or may exist in the future in any county by reason of the removal of natural resources or a possibly limited use thereof in the future and the decrease in employment resulting therefrom, now or hereafter, the commissioner may use such amounts of the appropriation made to the commissioner of revenue in section 298.28 as are determined to be necessary and proper in the development of the remaining resources of said county and in the vocational training and rehabilitation of its residents. For the purposes of this section, "development of remaining resources" includes, but is not limited to, the promotion of tourism.

Sec. 163. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 302A.011, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. [FILED WITH THE SECRETARY OF STATE.] "Filed with the secretary of state" means that an original of a document meeting the applicable requirements of this chapter, signed, and acknowledged or verified in the manner provided in chapter 358, and accompanied by a filing fee of ~~\$15~~ \$25, has been delivered to the secretary of state of this state. The secretary of state shall endorse on the original the word "Filed" and the month, day, year, and time of filing, record the document in the office of the secretary of state, and return the document to the person who delivered it for filing.

Sec. 164. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 302A.153, is amended to read:

302A.153 [EFFECTIVE DATE OF ARTICLES.]

Articles of incorporation are effective and corporate existence begins when the articles of incorporation are filed with the secretary of state accompanied by a payment of ~~\$85~~ \$125, which includes a ~~\$70~~ \$100 incorporation fee in addition to the ~~\$15~~ \$25 filing fee required by section 302A.011, subdivision 11. Articles of amendment and articles of merger are effective when filed with the secretary of state or at another time within 30 days after filing if the articles of amendment so provide. Articles of merger must be accompanied by a fee of \$50, which includes a \$25 merger fee in addition to the \$25 filing fee required by section 302A.011, subdivision 11.

Sec. 165. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 303.07, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [ANNUAL FEE.] The secretary of state shall collect an annual license fee from each foreign corporation holding a certificate of authority to transact business in this state. A foreign corporation shall pay ~~\$15~~ \$20 per \$100,000 or fraction thereof of its Minnesota taxable net income for the last taxable year ending prior to the payment of the fee. If the taxable year ended less than 75 days before the date the fee is received by the secretary of state, the taxable net income from the preceding taxable year shall determine the fee. In no event shall the annual license fee be less than ~~\$30~~ \$40. The corporation shall pay this fee by April 1 of each year.

Sec. 166. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 303.13, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [FOREIGN CORPORATION.] A foreign corporation shall be subject to service of process, as follows:

(1) By service on its registered agent;

(2) When any foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this state fails to appoint or maintain in this state a registered agent upon whom service of process may be had, or whenever any registered agent cannot be found at its registered office in this state, as shown by the return of the sheriff of the county in which the registered office is situated, or by an affidavit of attempted service by any person not a party, or whenever any corporation withdraws from the state, or whenever the certificate of authority of any foreign corporation is revoked or canceled, service may be made by delivering to and leaving with the secretary of state, or with any deputy or clerk in the corporation department of the secretary of state's office, three copies thereof and a fee of ~~\$15~~ \$25; provided, that after a foreign corporation withdraws from the state, pursuant to section 303.16, service upon the corporation may be made pursuant to the provisions of this section only when based upon a liability or obligation of the corporation incurred within this state or arising out of any business done in this state by the corporation prior to the issuance of a certificate of withdrawal.

(3) If a foreign corporation makes a contract with a resident of Minnesota to be performed in whole or in part by either party in Minnesota, or if a foreign corporation commits a tort in whole or in part in Minnesota against a resident of Minnesota, such acts shall be deemed to be doing business in Minnesota by the foreign corporation and shall be deemed equivalent to the appointment by the foreign corporation of the secretary of the state of Minnesota and successors to be its true and lawful attorney upon whom may be served all lawful process in any actions or proceedings against the foreign corporation arising from or growing out of the contract or tort.

Process shall be served in duplicate upon the secretary of state, together with a fee of ~~\$15~~ \$25 and the secretary of state shall mail one copy thereof to the corporation at its last known address, and the corporation shall have 30 days within which to answer from the date of the mailing, notwithstanding any other provision of the law. The making of the contract or the committing of the tort shall be deemed to be the agreement of the foreign corporation that any process against it which is so served upon the secretary of state shall be of the same legal force and effect as if served personally on it within the state of Minnesota.

Sec. 167. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 303.21, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [OTHER INSTRUMENTS.] A fee of ~~\$20~~ \$25 shall be paid to the secretary of state for filing any instrument, other than the annual report required by section 303.14, required or permitted to be filed under the provisions of this chapter. For filing the annual report a fee of \$20 must be paid to the secretary of state. The fee fees shall be paid at the time of the filing of the instrument.

Sec. 168. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 317.67, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. The secretary of state shall collect a fee of ~~\$15~~ \$25 for filing any instrument that is required to be filed under this chapter.

Sec. 169. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 317.67, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [FILING FEE.] The secretary of state shall collect a fee of ~~\$25~~ \$35 from each new nonprofit corporation at the time of incorporation.

Sec. 170. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 322A.16, is amended to read:

#### 322A.16 [FILING IN OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE.]

(a) A signed copy of the certificate of limited partnership, of any certificates of amendment or cancellation or of any judicial decree of amendment or cancellation shall be delivered to the secretary of state. A person who executes a certificate as an agent or fiduciary need not exhibit evidence of the executor's authority as a prerequisite to filing. Unless the secretary of state finds that any certificate does not conform to law, upon receipt of a ~~\$10~~ \$25 filing fee and, in the case of a certificate of limited partnership, a ~~\$50~~ \$60 initial fee, the secretary shall:



(1) endorse on the original the word "Filed" and the day, month and year of the filing; and

(2) return the original to the person who filed it or a representative.

(b) Upon the filing of a certificate of amendment or judicial decree of amendment in the office of the secretary of state, the certificate of limited partnership shall be amended as set forth in the amendment, and upon the effective date of a certificate of cancellation or a judicial decree of it, the certificate of limited partnership is canceled.

Sec. 171. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 322A.71, is amended to read:

322A.71 [ISSUANCE OF REGISTRATION.]

(a) If the secretary of state finds that an application for registration conforms to law and a ~~\$10~~ \$25 filing fee and a ~~\$50~~ \$60 initial registration fee has been paid, the secretary shall:

(1) endorse on the application the word "Filed," and the month, day and year of the filing thereof;

(2) file a duplicate original of the application; and

(3) issue a certificate of registration to transact business in this state.

(b) The certificate of registration, together with a duplicate original of the application, shall be returned to the person who filed the application or a representative of that person.

Sec. 172. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 330.11, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Every nonresident applicant shall file an irrevocable consent that suits and actions may be commenced against such applicant in any court of competent jurisdiction in this state by the service on the secretary of state of any summons, process, or pleadings authorized by the laws of the state of Minnesota. This consent shall stipulate that the service of such process or pleadings on the secretary of state shall be taken and held in all courts to be as valid and binding as if due service had been made upon the applicant in the state of Minnesota. In case any summons, process, or pleadings are served upon the secretary of state, it shall be by duplicate copies, one of which shall be retained in the office of the secretary of state, and the other to be forwarded immediately by certified mail to the address of the applicant, as shown by the records of the secretary of state, against whom the summons, process, or

pleadings may be divested. A fee of \$25 must be paid to the secretary of state for each service.

Sec. 173. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 333.055, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. The secretary of state shall charge and collect:

(a) For the filing of each certificate or amended certificate of an assumed name - \$15

(b) Certificate renewal fee - ~~\$6~~ \$15.

Sec. 174. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 403.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SERVICE FEE.] (a) Each customer of a local exchange company is assessed a fee to cover the costs of ongoing maintenance and related improvements for trunking and central office switching equipment for minimum 911 emergency telephone service, plus administrative and staffing costs of the department of administration related to managing the 911 emergency telephone service program.

(b) The fee may not be less than eight cents nor more than 30 cents a month for each customer access line, including trunk equivalents as designated by the public utilities commission for access charge purposes. The fee must be the same for all customers.

(c) The fee must be collected by each utility providing local exchange telephone service. Fees are payable to and must be submitted to the commissioner of administration monthly before the 25th of each month following the month of collection, except that fees may be submitted quarterly if less than \$250 a month is due, or annually if less than \$25 a month is due. Receipts must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to a 911 emergency telephone service account in the special revenue fund.

(d) The commissioner of administration, with the approval of the commissioner of finance, shall establish the amount of the fee within the limits specified and inform the utilities of the amount to be collected. Utilities must be given a minimum of 45 days notice of fee changes.

Sec. 175. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 462A.05, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 25. [GRANTS FOR HOUSING FOR LOW INCOME PERSONS LIVING ALONE.] The agency may make grants for residential housing to be used by low income persons living alone whose

annual gross income does not exceed 150 percent of the poverty line as updated by the United States Office of Management and Budget. The grants may be made to cities, joint powers boards established by two or more cities, housing and redevelopment authorities created under sections 462.415 to 462.705, or nonprofit entities as defined by the agency. The occupants of the residential housing must be offered a written lease that complies with section 325G.31, offers the occupants the option to renew, and prohibits eviction of an occupant without good cause. Grants under this subdivision must not exceed 50 percent of the development costs for the residential housing, and must not be made for any residential housing that requires the occupants to accept board as well as lodging. In making grants, the agency shall determine the circumstances, terms, and conditions under which all or part of the grant will be repaid and the appropriate security if repayment is required.

Sec. 176. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 462A.21, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4k. [HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND.] The agency may make grants for residential housing for low income persons under section 176 from funds specifically appropriated by the legislature for that purpose and may pay the costs and expenses for the development and operation of the program.

Sec. 177. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.351, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3. [RESTRICTION.] A metropolitan area regional park receiving grant money for maintenance and operation costs must agree:

(1) to sell or promote licenses, passes, or registrations required to engage in recreational activities appropriate to the park or the site of the park when a building on the park site is staffed and open to the public; and

(2) to provide drinking water supplies adequate for the recreational uses of the park. Each implementing agency must consult with groups representing users of its parks to determine the adequacy of drinking water supplies.

Sec. 178. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 480.15, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 12. The court administrator shall review plans submitted by a judicial district for office equipment under section 484.68, subdivision 3, clause (e), and shall determine eligibility for state funding or reimbursement for the equipment.

## Sec. 179. [480.236] [SOFTWARE SALES.]

The supreme court may sell or license self-developed or vendor custom-developed computer software products or systems through whatever sales method the supreme court, in its discretion, deems appropriate, in order to offset its software development costs. Prices for the software products or systems may be based on market considerations. Proceeds of the sale or licensing of software products or systems by the supreme court must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to a software sales account. Investment income and investment losses attributable to investment of the software sales account must be credited to the account. Money in the account is appropriated to the supreme court to operate and improve the trial court information system and other court information systems.

Sec. 180. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 480.241, is amended to read:

## 480.241 [FILING FEE SURCHARGE IN CIVIL ACTIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [AMOUNT OF SURCHARGE; COLLECTION BY COURT ADMINISTRATORS.] A plaintiff, petitioner, defendant, respondent, intervenor or moving party in any district, county or municipal court civil action or civil proceeding in which an initial filing fee is payable by that party, except a marriage dissolution or conciliation court action, shall pay to the court administrator of district or county court or court administrator of the municipal courts of Hennepin county or Ramsey county a surcharge of \$10 in addition to the initial filing fee otherwise prescribed. For such a civil action or civil proceeding commenced on and after July 1, 1987, the surcharge is \$20. A plaintiff, defendant or moving party in any conciliation court action in which an initial filing fee is payable shall pay to the court administrator of conciliation court a surcharge of ~~\$1~~ \$2 in addition to the initial filing fee otherwise prescribed. Notwithstanding any other law or rule to the contrary, no surcharge shall be paid by any governmental unit of the state of Minnesota, any local unit of government, or agency thereof, when the governmental unit, local government, or agency thereof is a party to any civil action or civil proceeding in the municipal courts of Hennepin or Ramsey counties, or in any county court.

Subd. 2. [TRANSMITTAL OF SURCHARGE TO SUPREME COURT.] Notwithstanding any other law or rule to the contrary, all surcharges collected pursuant to subdivision 1 shall be transmitted monthly by the district, county and conciliation court court administrators and municipal court administrators to the supreme court for deposit in a legal services account in the special revenue fund. After June 30, 1989, two-thirds of the surcharge must be deposited in the legal services account in the special revenue fund and

one-third must be deposited in the software sales account under section 480.236.

Sec. 181. [480.245] [JUDICIAL FEE IN CIVIL ACTIONS AND CONCILIATION COURTS.]

Subdivision 1. [AMOUNT OF FEE; COLLECTION BY COURT ADMINISTRATORS.] A plaintiff, petitioner, defendant, respondent, intervenor, or moving party in a civil action or civil proceeding in which an initial filing fee is payable by that party, except a marriage dissolution or conciliation court action, shall pay to the court administrator a judicial fee of \$5 in addition to the civil surcharge and the initial filing fee otherwise prescribed under section 480.241. A plaintiff, defendant, or moving party in a conciliation court action in which an initial filing fee is payable shall pay to the court administrator a judicial fee of \$1 in addition to the civil surcharge and the initial filing fee otherwise prescribed. A fee need not be paid by a governmental unit of the state of Minnesota, a local unit of government, or an agency of those units, when the governmental unit, local government, or agency is a party to a civil action or civil proceeding.

Subd. 2. [TRANSMITTAL OF RECEIPTS.] Fees collected under subdivision 1 must be paid to the state treasurer, deposited in the state treasury, and credited to the general fund.

Sec. 182. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 480A.08, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [DECISIONS.] A decision shall be rendered in every case within 90 days after oral argument or after the final submission of briefs or memoranda by the parties, whichever is later. The chief justice or the chief judge may waive the 90-day limitation for any proceeding before the court of appeals for good cause shown. In every case, the decision of the court, including any written opinion containing a summary of the case and a statement of the reasons for its decision, shall be indexed and made readily available. The court of appeals may publish only those decisions that:

- (1) establish a new rule of law;
- (2) overrule a previous court of appeals' decision not reviewed by the supreme court;
- (3) provide important procedural guidelines in interpreting statutes or administrative rules;
- (4) involve a significant legal issue; or
- (5) would significantly aid in the administration of justice.

Unpublished opinions of the court of appeals are not precedential. Unpublished opinions must not be cited unless the party citing the unpublished opinion provides a full and correct copy to all other counsel at least 48 hours before its use in any pretrial conference, hearing, or trial. If cited in a brief or memorandum of law, a copy of the unpublished opinion must be provided to all other counsel at the time the brief or memorandum is served, and other counsel may respond.

Sec. 183. [481.20] [CLIENT SECURITY ACCOUNT.]

Fees received under rules or orders adopted by the supreme court governing a client security fund or account must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to a client security account. Investment income and investment losses attributable to investment of the client security account must be credited to the account. Money in the account is appropriated to the supreme court to pay the expenses of the client security board and claims approved by the board.

Sec. 184. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 484.68, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [DUTIES.] The district administrator shall:

(a) Assist the chief judge in the performance of administrative duties;

(b) Manage the administrative affairs of the courts of the judicial district;

(c) Supervise the court administrators and other support personnel, except court reporters, who serve in the courts of the judicial district;

(d) Comply with the requests of the state court administrator for statistical or other information relating to the courts of the judicial district; ~~and~~

(e) With the approval of the chief judge, determine the needs of the judges of the district for office equipment necessary for the effective administration of justice and develop a plan to make the equipment available to the judges of the district; the plan must be submitted to the state court administrator for approval and determination of eligibility for state funding under section 480.15, subdivision 12; and

(f) Perform any additional duties that are assigned by law or by the rules of court.

Sec. 185. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 484.68, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [BUDGET FOR OFFICE.] The office budget of the district administrator shall be set by the chief judge of the judicial district and apportioned among the counties of the district. The budget must include sufficient money for the staff authorized by this section and other staff and expenses authorized under law.

Sec. 186. [484.74] [ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION.]

Subdivision 1. [AUTHORIZATION.] In litigation involving an amount in excess of \$50,000 in controversy, the presiding judge may, by order, direct the parties to enter nonbinding alternative dispute resolution. Alternatives may include private trials, neutral expert fact-finding, mediation, mini-trials, and other forms of alternative dispute resolution. The guidelines for the various alternatives must be established by the presiding judge and must emphasize early and inexpensive exchange of information and case evaluation in order to facilitate settlement.

Subd. 2. [NEUTRAL; APPOINTMENT; REMOVAL.] The judge shall appoint an impartial third-party neutral to conduct all proceedings held under subdivision 1. A party may file with the judge within five days of the notice of appointment of a neutral and serve on all other parties to the action a notice to remove the neutral. Upon receipt of the notice to remove, the judge shall assign another neutral. After a party has once disqualified a neutral as a matter of right, a substitute neutral may be disqualified by the party only by making an affirmative showing of prejudice to the judge.

Subd. 3. [FEES.] Subject to chapter 563, the neutral's fees and expenses must be borne by the parties on a basis determined to be fair and equitable by the presiding judge.

Subd. 4. [APPLICATION.] This section applies only to the fourth judicial district, which will serve as a pilot project to evaluate the effectiveness of alternative forms of resolving commercial and personal injury disputes. The state court administrator shall evaluate the pilot project and report the findings to the chairs of the house and senate judiciary committees by January 15, 1989.

Sec. 187. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 540.152, is amended to read:

540.152 [SERVICE OF PROCESS ON UNIONS, GROUPS OR ASSOCIATIONS.]

The transaction of any acts, business or activities within the state of Minnesota by any officer, agent, representative, employee or

member of any union or other groups or associations having officers, agents, members or property without the state on behalf of the union or other groups or associations or any of its members or affiliated local unions shall be deemed an appointment by the union or other groups or associations of the secretary of state of the state of Minnesota to be the true and lawful attorney of the union or other groups or associations, upon whom may be served all legal processes or notices in any action or proceeding against or involving the union or other groups or associations growing out of any acts, business or activities within the state of Minnesota resulting in damage or loss to person or property or giving rise to any cause of action under the laws of the state of Minnesota or to any matters or proceedings arising under the Minnesota Labor Relations Act. Such acts, business or activities shall be a signification of the agreement of the union or other groups or associations and its members that any process or notice in any action, matter or proceeding against or involving it, which is so served, shall be of the same legal force and validity as if served upon the union or other groups or associations and its members personally. Service of process or notice shall be made by filing a copy thereof in the office of the secretary of state, together with payment of a fee of \$15 ~~\$25~~ and together with an affidavit stating that no officer or managing agent of the union or other group or association has been found in this state and setting forth an address to which the service shall be forwarded. The service shall be sufficient service upon the union or other groups or associations and its members. Notice of service and a copy of the process or notice shall, within ten days thereafter, be sent by mail by the person who caused it to be served on the union or other groups or associations at its last known address and an affidavit of compliance with the provisions of this chapter shall be filed with the court or other state agency or department before which the action, matter, or proceeding is pending.

Sec. 188. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 543.08, is amended to read:

**543.08 [SUMMONS, SERVICE UPON CERTAIN CORPORATIONS.]**

If a private domestic corporation has no officer at the registered office of the corporation within the state upon whom service can be made, of which fact the return of the sheriff of the county in which that office is located, or the affidavit of a private person not a party, that none can be found in that county shall be conclusive evidence, service of the summons upon it may be made by depositing two copies, together with a fee of \$15 ~~\$25~~ with the secretary of state, which shall be deemed personal service upon the corporation. One of the copies shall be filed by the secretary, and the other forthwith mailed by the secretary to the corporation by certified mail, if the place of its main office is known to the secretary or is disclosed by the files in the office.



If the defendant is a foreign insurance corporation, the summons may be served by two copies delivered to the commissioner of commerce, who shall file one in the commissioner's office and forthwith mail the other postage prepaid to the defendant at its home office.

Sec. 189. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 609.101, is amended to read:

609.101 [SURCHARGE ON FINES, ASSESSMENTS; MINIMUM FINES.]

Subdivision 1. [SURCHARGES AND ASSESSMENTS.] When a court sentences a person convicted of a felony, gross misdemeanor, or misdemeanor, other than a petty misdemeanor such as a traffic or parking violation, and if the sentence does not include payment of a fine, the court shall impose an assessment of not less than \$25 nor more than \$50. If the sentence for the felony, gross misdemeanor, or misdemeanor includes payment of a fine of any amount, including a fine of less than \$100, the court shall impose a surcharge on the fine of ten percent of the fine. This section applies whether or not the person is sentenced to imprisonment and when the sentence is suspended. The court may, ~~upon a showing of indigency or undue hardship upon the convicted person or the person's immediate family,~~ not waive payment or authorize payment of the assessment or surcharge in installments unless it makes written findings on the record that the convicted person is indigent or that the assessment or surcharge would create undue hardship for the convicted person or that person's immediate family; ~~however, if the court waives payment or authorizes payment in installments, it shall state in writing on the record the reasons for its action.~~ If the court fails to waive or impose an assessment required by this section, the court administrator shall correct the record to show imposition of an assessment of \$25 if the sentence does not include payment of a fine, or if the sentence includes a fine, to show an imposition of a surcharge of 10 percent of the fine.

Except for assessments and surcharges imposed on persons convicted of violations described in section 97A.065, subdivision 2, the court shall collect and forward to the commissioner of finance the total amount of the assessment or surcharge and the commissioner shall credit all money so forwarded to a crime victim and witness account, which is established as a special account in the state treasury.

Money credited to the crime victim and witness account may be appropriated for but is not limited to the following purposes:

(1) use for crime victim reparations under sections 611A.51 to 611A.68;

(2) use by the crime victim and witness advisory council established under section 611A.71; and

(3) to supplement the federally funded activities of the crime victim ombudsman under section 611A.74.

If the convicted person is sentenced to imprisonment, the chief executive officer of the correctional facility in which the convicted person is incarcerated may collect the assessment or surcharge from any earnings the inmate accrues for work performed in the correctional facility and forward the amount to the commissioner of finance, indicating the part that was imposed for violations described in section 97A.065, subdivision 2, which must be credited to the game and fish fund.

Subd. 2. [MINIMUM FINES.] Notwithstanding any other law:

(1) when a court sentences a person convicted of violating section 609.221, 609.267, or 609.342, it must impose a fine of not less than \$500 nor more than the maximum fine authorized by law;

(2) when a court sentences a person convicted of violating section 609.222, 609.223, 609.2671, 609.343, 609.344, or 609.345, it must impose a fine of not less than \$300 nor more than the maximum fine authorized by law; and

(3) when a court sentences a person convicted of violating section 609.2231, 609.224, or 609.2672, it must impose a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than the maximum fine authorized by law.

The court may not waive payment of the fine or authorize payment of it in installments unless the court makes written findings on the record that the convicted person is indigent or that the fine would create undue hardship for the convicted person or that person's immediate family.

The court shall collect the minimum fine mandated by this subdivision and forward 70 percent of it to a local victim assistance program that provides services locally in the county in which the crime was committed. The court shall forward the remaining 30 percent to the commissioner of finance to be credited to the crime victim and witness account established in subdivision 1. If more than one victim assistance program serves the county in which the crime was committed, the court may designate on a case-by-case basis which program will receive the fine proceeds, giving consideration to the nature of the crime committed, the types of victims served by the program, and the funding needs of the program. If no victim assistance program serves that county, the court shall forward 100 percent of the fine proceeds to the commissioner of finance to be credited to the crime victim and witness account. Fine proceeds received by a local victim assistance program must be used to

provide direct services to crime victims. Fine proceeds credited to the crime victim and witness account may be appropriated to the crime victim and witness advisory council, and the council may use all or part of the proceeds for the purpose of providing grants to establish new victim assistance programs.

The minimum fine required by this subdivision is in addition to the surcharge or assessment required by subdivision 1, and is in addition to any term of imprisonment or restitution imposed or ordered by the court.

As used in this subdivision, "victim assistance program" means victim witness programs within county attorney offices or any of the following programs approved by the department of corrections: crime victim crisis centers, victim-witness programs, battered women shelters and nonshelter programs, and sexual assault programs.

Sec. 190. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 626.861, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [PEACE OFFICERS TRAINING ACCOUNT.] Receipts from penalty assessments must be credited to a peace officers training account in the special revenue fund. Money credited to the peace officers training account may be appropriated for but not limited to the following purposes, among others:

(a) Up to ten percent may be provided for reimbursement to board approved skills courses in proportion to the number of students successfully completing the board's skills licensing examination.

(b) Assessments related to violations described in section 97.49, subdivision 5, are appropriated to provide peace officer training for persons employed by the commissioner of natural resources who are licensed under section 626.84, subdivision 1, clause (e), and who possess peace officer authority for the purpose of enforcing game and fish laws.

(e) The balance may be used to pay each local unit of government an amount in proportion to the number of licensed peace officers and constables employed, at a rate to be determined by the board. The disbursed amount must be used exclusively for reimbursement of the cost of in-service training required under this chapter and chapter 214.

Sec. 191. [REPEALERS.]

Subdivision 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 3.099, subdivision 2; 3.9226, subdivision 8; 6.495, subdivision 2; 15A.081, subdi-

vision 6; 15A.082, subdivision 5; 15A.083, subdivision 1; 92.67, subdivision 6; 116J.87; and 296.421, subdivision 5a, are repealed.

Subd. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.351, subdivision 5, is repealed effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 192. [EFFECTIVE DATES.]

Subdivision 1. Section 89 is effective July 1, 1987, provided the commissioner shall not implement the program until the legislature appropriates the necessary funds.

Subd. 2. (a) The additional judgeships authorized for judicial districts in section 59 are established as follows:

(1) one judgeship in the first judicial district, three judgeships in the fourth judicial district, and one judgeship in the tenth judicial district are effective on July 1, 1987;

(2) one judgeship in the first judicial district, three judgeships in the fourth judicial district, and one judgeship in the tenth judicial district are effective on July 1, 1988;

(3) one judgeship in the sixth judicial district is effective on January 1, 1989, and one judicial officer position in the sixth judicial district is terminated upon the appointment of a judge to fill this judgeship;

(4) one judgeship in the first judicial district, three judgeships in the fourth judicial district, one judgeship in the seventh judicial district, and one judgeship in the tenth judicial district are effective on July 1, 1989, if an appropriation is made; and

(5) one judgeship in the first judicial district, two judgeships in the fourth judicial district, and one judgeship in the tenth judicial district is effective on July 1, 1990, if an appropriation is made.

(b) Section 180 is effective on July 1, 1987.

Subd. 3. Except as provided in this section, sections 96, and 120 to 132 are effective for the licensing year beginning March 1, 1988, and for each licensing year after that date. The 24 hour resident and nonresident angling licenses and the nonresident married couple license are effective beginning June 1, 1987, and for each licensing year after that date.

Subd. 4. Sections 51, 63, 149, 178, 185, and 186 are effective the day following final enactment. The repeal of Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.351, subdivision 5, is effective the day following final enactment. Section 147 is effective June 1, 1988."

Delete the title and insert:

“A bill for an act relating to the organization and operation of state government; appropriating money for the general legislative, judicial, and administrative expenses of state government; providing for the transfer of certain money in the state treasury; fixing and limiting the amount of fees, penalties, and other costs to be collected in certain cases; creating, abolishing, modifying, and transferring agencies and functions; defining and amending terms; providing for settlement of claims; imposing certain duties, responsibilities, authority, and limitations on agencies and political subdivisions; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 2.722, subdivision 1; 3.30, subdivision 2; 3.303, subdivision 5; 3.85, subdivision 12; 3C.035, subdivisions 1 and 2; 3C.11, subdivision 2; 3C.12, subdivision 7; 8.15; 14.08; 14.26; 15A.081, subdivisions 1, 7, and 7b; 15A.083, subdivision 4; 16A.127, subdivision 8; 16A.85, by adding a subdivision; 16B.20, subdivision 2; 16B.41; 16B.42, subdivision 4; 18.171, subdivisions 1, 5, and by adding a subdivision; 18.241, subdivision 2; 18.291; 18.311; 69.021, subdivision 5; 84.01, subdivision 3; 84.0272; 84.091, subdivision 3; 84.83, subdivision 3; 85.30; 85.41; 85.42; 85.43; 85.45; 85A.02, subdivision 5a; 85A.04, subdivision 1; 88.065; 92.46, subdivision 1; 92.67, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, and by adding a subdivision; 93.335, subdivision 4; 97A.061, subdivision 1; 97A.065, subdivision 2; 97A.105, subdivision 1; 97A.445, subdivision 1; 97A.475, subdivisions 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, and 20; 97A.485, subdivision 6; 97C.211, by adding a subdivision; 115A.42; 115A.44; 115A.45; 115A.46, subdivision 1; 115A.49; 115A.51; 115A.52; 115A.53; 115A.917; 116.41, subdivision 2; 116C.712, by adding a subdivision; 161.1419, subdivision 4; 168.012, subdivision 1c; 175A.07, subdivision 2; 176.611, subdivisions 2, 6a, and by adding a subdivision; 197.481, subdivision 5; 204B.11, subdivision 1; 214.04, subdivision 3; 221.67; 271.01, by adding a subdivision; 273.1314, subdivision 16a; 296.16, subdivision 1; 296.421, subdivision 5; 298.22, subdivision 1; 302A.011, subdivision 11; 302A.153; 303.07, subdivision 2; 303.13, subdivision 1; 303.21, subdivision 3; 317.67, subdivisions 2 and 3; 322A.16; 322A.71; 330.11, subdivision 3; 333.055, subdivision 3; 403.11, subdivision 1; 462A.05, by adding a subdivision; 462A.21, by adding a subdivision; 473.351, by adding a subdivision; 480.15, by adding a subdivision; 480.241; 480A.08, subdivision 3; 484.68, subdivisions 3 and 5; 540.152; 543.08; 609.101; 626.861, subdivision 4; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 3; 5; 16A; 18; 43A; 84; 86; 89; 93; 97A; 97C; 115A; 480; 481; and 484; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 3.099, subdivision 2; 3.9226, subdivision 8; 6.495, subdivision 2; 15A.081, subdivision 6; 15A.082, subdivision 5; 15A.083, subdivision 1; 92.67, subdivision 6; 116J.87; 296.421, subdivision 5a; and 473.351, subdivision 5.”

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: PHYLLIS KAHN, GLEN H. ANDERSON, DOUGLAS W. CARLSON, DAVID P. BATTAGLIA AND DARBY NELSON.

Senate Conferees: CARL W. KROENING, GENE MERRIAM, DENNIS R. FREDERICKSON, WILLIAM P. LUTHER AND DONALD M. MOE.

Anderson, G., moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 1315 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

The Speaker called Long to the Chair.

The Speaker resumed the Chair.

H. F. No. 1315, A bill for an act relating to the organization and operation of state government; appropriating money for the general legislative, judicial, and administrative expenses of state government; providing for the transfer of certain money in the state treasury; fixing and limiting the amount of fees and other costs to be collected in certain cases; creating, abolishing, modifying, and transferring agencies and functions; providing for a study of the Minnesota veterans' home; providing for information systems management; defining and amending terms; providing for settlement of claims; imposing certain duties, responsibilities, authority, and limitations on agencies and political subdivisions; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 2.722, subdivision 1; 3.099, subdivision 3; 3.30, subdivision 2; 3.85, subdivision 12; 3C.11, subdivision 2; 3C.12, subdivision 7; 8.15; 14.07, subdivisions 1 and 2; 14.08; 14.47, subdivision 8; 15.01; 15.06, subdivision 1; 15A.081, subdivision 1; 16A.127, subdivision 8; 16A.85, by adding a subdivision; 16B.20, subdivision 2; 16B.41; 16B.42, subdivision 4; 69.021, subdivision 5; 84.01, subdivision 3; 84.0272; 84.091, subdivision 3; 84.83, subdivision 3; 85.30; 85.41; 85.42; 85.43; 85.45; 85A.04, subdivision 1; 88.065; 88.17, subdivision 2; 88.75, subdivision 1; 88.76; 88.79, subdivision 2; 89.04; 92.46, subdivision 1; 92.67, subdivisions 1, 4, and by adding a subdivision; 93.335, subdivision 4; 97A.061, subdivision 1; 97A.065, subdivision 2; 97A.105, subdivision 1; 97A.415, subdivision 1; 97A.445, subdivision 1; 97A.451, subdivision 4; 97A.475, subdivisions 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, and 20; 97A.485, subdivision 6; 97C.211, by adding a subdivision; 115A.15, subdivision 6; 115A.42; 115A.44; 115A.45; 115A.46, subdivision 1; 115A.49; 115A.51; 115A.52; 115A.53; 115A.917; 116.41, subdivision 2; 116J.615, by adding a subdivision; 161.1419, subdivision 4; 175A.07, subdivision 2; 176.611, subdivisions 2, 6a, and by adding a subdivision; 179A.03, subdivision 17; 179A.04, subdivision 3; 179A.13; 179A.16; 179A.21; 179A.25; 197.481, subdivision 5; 204B.11, subdivision 1; 221.67; 271.01, by adding a subdivision; 273.1314, subdivision 16a; 296.16, subdivision 1; 296.421, subdivision 5; 302A.011, subdivision 11; 302A.153; 303.13, subdivision 1; 303.21, subdivision 3; 317.67, subdivision 2; 322A.16; 322A.71; 330.11, subdivision 3; 333.055, subdivision 3; 363.05, subdivision 1;

363.071, subdivision 2; 363.14, subdivision 1; 403.11, subdivision 1; 462A.05, by adding a subdivision; 462A.21, by adding a subdivision; 473.351, by adding a subdivision; 480.241; 480A.08, subdivision 3; 540.152; 543.08; 609.101; 626.861, subdivision 4; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 3; 5; 43A; 84; 86; 88; 89; 93; 97A; 97C; 115A; 480; 481; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 3.9226, subdivision 8; 3C.035, subdivision 2; 3C.055; 3C.056; 3C.057; 6.495, subdivision 2; 92.67, subdivision 6; 116J.87; 179A.03, subdivision 3; 179A.05; 296.421, subdivision 5a; 363.01, subdivisions 14 and 26; 363.04, subdivisions 1, 2, 9, and 10; 363.12, subdivision 3; 363.121; 473.351, subdivision 5.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called.

Vanasek moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 71 yeas and 56 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Lieder	Otis	Schoenfeld
Anderson, R.	Jacobs	Long	Ozment	Segal
Battaglia	Jaros	McEachern	Pappas	Simoneau
Bauerly	Jefferson	McLaughlin	Pelowski	Skoglund
Beard	Jennings	Minne	Peterson	Solberg
Begich	Jensen	Munger	Price	Sparby
Bertram	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Quinn	Trimble
Bishop	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Redalen	Tunheim
Brown	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Reding	Vanasek
Carlson, D.	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Rest	Vellenga
Carlson, L.	Knuth	Neuenschwander	Rice	Voss
Carruthers	Kostohryz	O'Connor	Riveness	Welle
Clark	Larsen	Ogren	Rodosovich	Wenzel
DeBlieck	Lasley	Olson, E.	Sarna	Wynia
				Spk. Norton

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bennett	Frichs	Kludt	Onnen	Stanius
Blatz	Gruenes	Krueger	Orenstein	Steensma
Boo	Gutknecht	Marsh	Osthoff	Sviggum
Burger	Hartle	McKasy	Pauly	Swenson
Clausnitzer	Haukoos	McPherson	Quist	Thiede
Cooper	Heap	Milbert	Richter	Tjornhom
Dauner	Himle	Miller	Schafer	Tompkins
Dempsey	Hugoson	Morrison	Scheid	Uphus
Dille	Johnson, A.	Olsen, S.	Schreiber	Valento
Forsythe	Johnson, V.	Olson, K.	Seaberg	Wagenius
Frederick	Kelso	Omann	Shaver	Waltman
				Winter

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

There being no objection the order of business reverted to Messages from the Senate.

### MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following Senate File, herewith transmitted:

S. F. No. 596.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

### FIRST READING OF SENATE BILLS

S. F. No. 596, A bill for an act changing the effective date of an appropriation for payment of certain occupation tax refunds; amending Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 14, article 18, section 8; and H. F. No. 529, article 19, section 2, if enacted.

The bill was read for the first time.

### SUSPENSION OF RULES

Pursuant to Article IV, Section 19, of the Constitution of the state of Minnesota, Begich moved that the rule therein be suspended and an urgency be declared so that S. F. No. 596 be given its second and third readings and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

Begich moved that the Rules of the House be so far suspended that S. F. No. 596 be given its second and third readings and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 596 was read for the second time.

S. F. No. 596, A bill for an act changing the effective date of an appropriation for payment of certain occupation tax refunds; amending Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 14, article 18, section 8; and H. F. No. 529, article 19, section 2, if enacted.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called.



Vanasek moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 134 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Lasley	Osthoff	Shaver
Anderson, R.	Gruenes	Lieder	Otis	Simoneau
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Long	Ozment	Skoglund
Bauerly	Hartle	Marsh	Pappas	Solberg
Beard	Haukoos	McDonald	Pauly	Sparby
Begich	Heap	McEachern	Pelowski	Stanius
Bennett	Himle	McKasy	Peterson	Steensma
Bertram	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Bishop	Jacobs	McPherson	Price	Swenson
Blatz	Jaros	Milbert	Quinn	Thiede
Boo	Jefferson	Miller	Quist	Tjornhom
Brown	Jennings	Minne	Redalen	Tompkins
Burger	Jensen	Morrison	Reding	Trimble
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Rest	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rice	Uphus
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Valento
Clark	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vanasek
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Cooper	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rose	Voss
Dauner	Kelso	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
DeBlieck	Kinkel	Ogren	Sarna	Waltman
Dempsey	Kludd	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Welle
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Scheid	Wenzel
Dorn	Knuth	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Omam	Schreiber	Wynia
Frederick	Krueger	Onnen	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Frerichs	Larsen	Orenstein	Segal	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

#### CALL OF THE HOUSE LIFTED

Vanasek moved that the call of the House be dispensed with. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

The following conference committee reports were received:

#### CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 794

A bill for an act relating to waste management; regulating disposal of wastes; providing for a solid waste management policy; providing for recycling policy and marketing; managing household hazardous wastes; regulating the sale and disposal of motor oil and lead acid batteries; providing for waste pesticide collection; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 115A.03, subdivisions 9 and 21; 115A.06, subdivision 14; 115A.11, subdivision 2; 115A.15, subdivision 6; 115A.42; 115A.45; 115A.49; 115A.51; 115A.52; 115A.53; 115A.54, subdivision 2a; 115A.81,

subdivision 2; 115A.921; 115A.95; 116.07, subdivision 4b; 116.41, subdivision 2; 116M.07, by adding a subdivision; 176.011, subdivision 9; 239.52; 325E.11; 473.149, subdivisions 2d and 6; 473.803, by adding a subdivision; 473.834, subdivision 2; 473.842, subdivision 2; 473.844, subdivisions 1 and 4; and 473.846; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 115A; 239; 325E; and 473; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 115A.13; 115A.43; 115A.44; 473.834, subdivision 3; and 473.844, subdivisions 2 and 5.

May 18, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 794, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House concur in the Senate amendments and that H. F. No. 794 be further amended as follows:

Pages 21 and 22 of the amendment adopted by the senate under Rule 49, delete sections 33 to 35

Page 39 of the amendment adopted by the senate under Rule 49, delete section 57

Correct internal references

Renumber sections in sequence

Amend the title accordingly

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: DEE LONG, SIDNEY J. PAULY AND WILLARD MUNGER

Senate Conferees: GENE MERRIAM, STEVEN G. NOVAK AND GARY W. LAIDIG.

Long moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 794 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 794, A bill for an act relating to waste management; regulating disposal of wastes; providing for a solid waste management policy; providing for recycling policy and marketing; managing household hazardous wastes; regulating the sale and disposal of motor oil and lead acid batteries; providing for waste pesticide collection; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 115A.03, subdivisions 9 and 21; 115A.06, subdivision 14; 115A.11, subdivision 2; 115A.15, subdivision 6; 115A.42; 115A.45; 115A.49; 115A.51; 115A.52; 115A.53; 115A.54, subdivision 2a; 115A.81, subdivision 2; 115A.921; 115A.95; 116.07, subdivision 4b; 116.41, subdivision 2; 116M.07, by adding a subdivision; 176.011, subdivision 9; 239.52; 325E.11; 473.149, subdivisions 2d and 6; 473.803, by adding a subdivision; 473.834, subdivision 2; 473.842, subdivision 2; 473.844, subdivisions 1 and 4; and 473.846; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 115A; 239; 325E; and 473; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 115A.13; 115A.43; 115A.44; 473.834, subdivision 3; and 473.844, subdivisions 2 and 5.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 132 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Frerichs	Larsen	Onnen	Schreiber
Anderson, R.	Greenfield	Lasley	Orenstein	Seaberg
Battaglia	Gruenes	Lieder	Osthoff	Segal
Bauerly	Gutknecht	Long	Otis	Shaver
Beard	Hartle	Marsh	Ozment	Simoneau
Begich	Haukoos	McDonald	Pappas	Skoglund
Bennett	Heap	McEachern	Pauly	Solberg
Bertram	Himle	McKasy	Pelowski	Sparby
Bishop	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Peterson	Stanius
Blatz	Jacobs	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Steensma
Boo	Jaros	Milbert	Price	Sviggum
Brown	Jefferson	Miller	Quinn	Swenson
Burger	Jennings	Minne	Quist	Thiede
Carlson, D.	Jensen	Morrison	Redalen	Tjornhom
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Reding	Tompkins
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rest	Trimble
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Tunheim
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Richter	Uphus
Cooper	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Valento
Dauner	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Vanasek
DeBlieck	Kelso	O'Connor	Rose	Vellenga
Dempsey	Kinkel	Ogren	Rukavina	Voss
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Wagenius
Dorn	Knuth	Olsen, E.	Schafer	Waltman
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Scheid	Welle
Frederick	Krueger	Omann	Schoenfeld	Wenzel
				Winter
				Wynia

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

## CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 1112

A bill for an act relating to human services; defining directors, officers, and partners as vendors of medical care for the purpose of medical assistance; allowing the commissioner to charge interest on money recovered from certain medical assistance providers; allowing sanction authority; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 256B.02, subdivision 7; 256B.064, subdivision 1c; and 256B.27, subdivisions 3 and 4.

May 18, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 1112, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment and that H. F. No. 1112 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

**"ARTICLE 1**

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 214.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the commissioner of health as authorized by section 214.13, all health-related licensing boards and all non-health-related licensing boards shall by rule, with the approval of the commissioner of finance, adjust any fee which the commissioner of health or the board is empowered to assess a sufficient amount so that the total fees collected by each board will as closely as possible equal anticipated expenditures during the fiscal biennium, as provided in section 16A.128. For members of an occupation registered after July 1, 1984 by the commissioner of health under the provisions of section 214.13, the fee established must include an amount necessary to recover, over a five-year period, the commissioner's direct expenditures for adoption of the rules providing for registration of members of the occupation. All fees received shall be deposited in the state treasury. Fees received by health-related licensing boards must be credited to the special revenue fund. Any balance remaining in the special revenue fund at the end of each fiscal year, after payment of health-related licensing board expenses including salaries, attorney

general fees, and indirect costs, must be credited to the public health fund.

Sec. 2. [252.33] [CLIENT ADVISORY COMMITTEES.]

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITION.] For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given:

(a) "Client advisory committee" means a group of clients who represent client interests to supervisors and employers in vocational programs.

(b) "Consumer-controlled organization" means a self-advocacy organization which is controlled by a board having a majority of people with developmental disabilities.

Subd. 2. [COMMITTEES DEVELOPED.] The commissioner of jobs and training, through the division of rehabilitation resources, shall contract with a consumer-controlled organization to develop client advisory committees in vocational settings in developmental achievement centers, and state hospitals, and to allocate resources and technical assistance to client advisory committees in sheltered workshops as defined in section 129A.01.

Subd. 3. [PURPOSES.] A client advisory committee enables clients working in vocational settings to advocate for themselves with regard to matters of common interest. A client advisory committee may address any issue related to the vocational setting, including personnel policies, wages, hours of work, kinds of work, transportation to and from the workplace, and behavior problems. A client advisory committee may also meet to develop the skills and knowledge needed to represent fellow clients, such as decision-making skills, assertiveness, and awareness of public policies affecting people with developmental disabilities.

Subd. 4. [MEMBERSHIP.] Members of a client advisory committee must be elected by clients who work at the vocational setting.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.02, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. "Vendor of medical care" means any person or persons furnishing, within the scope of the vendor's respective license, any or all of the following goods or services: medical, surgical, hospital, optical, visual, dental and nursing services; drugs and medical supplies; appliances; laboratory, diagnostic, and therapeutic services; nursing home and convalescent care; screening and health assessment services provided by public health nurses; health care services provided at the residence of the patient if the services are performed by a public health nurse and the nurse indicates in a

statement submitted under oath that the services were actually provided; and such other medical services or supplies provided or prescribed by persons authorized by state law to give such services and supplies. The term includes, but is not limited to, directors and officers of corporations or members of partnerships who, either individually or jointly with another or others, have the legal control, supervision, or responsibility of submitting claims for reimbursement to the medical assistance program. The term only includes directors and officers of corporations who personally receive a portion of the distributed assets upon liquidation or dissolution, and their liability is limited to the portion of the claim that bears the same proportion to the total claim as their share of the distributed assets bears to the total distributed assets.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.064, subdivision 1c, is amended to read:

Subd. 1c. The commissioner may obtain monetary recovery for the conduct described in subdivision 1a by the following methods: assessing and recovering moneys erroneously paid and debiting from future payments any moneys erroneously paid, except that patterns need not be proven as a precondition to monetary recovery for false claims, duplicate claims, claims for services not medically necessary, or false statements. The commissioner may charge interest on money to be recovered if the recovery is to be made by installment payments or debits. The interest charged shall be the rate established by the commissioner of revenue under section 270.75.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.27, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. The commissioner of human services, with the written consent of the recipient, on file with the local welfare agency, shall be allowed access to all personal medical records of medical assistance recipients solely for the purposes of investigating whether or not: (a) a vendor of medical care has submitted a claim for reimbursement, a cost report or a rate application which the vendor knows to be is duplicative, erroneous, or false in whole or in part, or which results in the vendor obtaining greater compensation than the vendor is legally entitled to; or (b) the medical care was medically necessary. The vendor of medical care shall receive notification from the commissioner at least 24 hours before the commissioner gains access to such records. The determination of provision of services not medically necessary shall be made by the commissioner in consultation with an advisory committee of vendors as appointed by the commissioner on the recommendation of appropriate professional organizations. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, a vendor of medical care shall not be subject to any civil or criminal liability for providing access to medical records to the commissioner of human services pursuant to this section.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.27, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [AUTHORIZATION OF COMMISSIONER TO EXAMINE RECORDS.] A person determined to be eligible for medical assistance shall be deemed to have authorized the commissioner of human services in writing to examine, for the investigative purposes identified in subdivision 3, all personal medical records developed while receiving medical assistance for the purpose of investigating whether or not a vendor has submitted a claim for reimbursement, a cost report or a rate application which the vendor knows to be false in whole or in part, or in order to determine whether or not the medical care provided was medically necessary.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 259.40, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [SUBSIDY PAYMENTS.] The commissioner of human services may make subsidy payments as necessary to an adoptive parent or parents who adopt a child who is a Minnesota resident and is under guardianship of the commissioner or of a licensed child placing agency after the final decree of adoption is issued. The subsidy payments and any subsequent modifications to the subsidy payments shall be based on the needs of the child adopted person that the commissioner has determined cannot be met using other resources including programs available to the child adopted person and the child's adoptive parent or parents.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 259.40, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [SUBSIDY AGREEMENT.] The placing agency shall certify a child as eligible for a subsidy according to rules promulgated by the commissioner. When a parent or parents are found and approved for adoptive placement of a child certified as eligible for a subsidy, and before the final decree of adoption is issued, a written agreement must be entered into by the commissioner, the adoptive parent or parents, and the placing agency. The written agreement must be in the form prescribed by the commissioner and must set forth the responsibilities of all parties, the anticipated duration of the subsidy payments, and the payment terms. The subsidy agreement shall be subject to the commissioner's approval.

The commissioner shall provide adoption subsidies to the adoptive parent or parents according to the terms of the subsidy agreement. The subsidy may include payment for basic maintenance expenses of food, clothing, and shelter; ongoing supplemental maintenance expenses related to the child's adopted person's special needs; nonmedical expenses periodically necessary for purchase of services, items or equipment related to the child's special needs; and medical expenses. The placing agency or the adoptive parent or parents shall

provide written documentation to support requests for subsidy payments. The commissioner may require periodic reevaluation of subsidy payments. The amount of the subsidy payment may in no case exceed that which would be allowable for the child under foster family care.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 259.40, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [ANNUAL AFFIDAVIT.] When subsidies are for more than one year, the adoptive parents or guardian or conservator shall annually present an affidavit stating whether the adopted ~~child~~ person remains under their care and whether the need for subsidy continues to exist. The commissioner may verify the affidavit. The subsidy agreement shall continue in accordance with its terms as long as the need for subsidy continues and the ~~child remains the legal dependent~~ adopted person is under 22 years of age and is the legal or financial dependent of the adoptive parent or parents or guardian or conservator. Termination or modification of the subsidy agreement may be requested by the adoptive parents or subsequent guardian or conservator at any time. When the commissioner determines that a child is eligible for adoption assistance under Title IV-E of the Social Security Act, United States Code, title 42, sections 670 to 676, the commissioner shall modify the subsidy agreement in order to obtain the funds under that act.

Sec. 10. [FEASIBILITY STUDY.]

The director of the state planning agency in cooperation with the commissioner of health may study the feasibility of a Minnesota institute for health research. Among the factors to be considered in this study are: clinical and community resources now existing in the state, methodology for the development of a health research institute, and components toward which an institute would direct its resources. No state funds may be expended for this purpose. The director of the state planning agency is authorized to accept and expend nonstate funds for this purpose and shall report to the legislature by January 1, 1989, on any study undertaken.

Sec. 11. [COMMISSION ON HEALTH PLAN REGULATORY REFORM.]

Subdivision 1. [PURPOSE.] The legislature finds that the present rapid development of new health plan products and arrangements may result in a situation in which consumer protection and equitable competition may be inadvertently impaired by statutes or rules adopted to address previously existing market conditions. The legislature further finds that it is desirable that existing regulatory requirements for health plans be reviewed in the light of recent and potential future changes in the types of health plans available to purchasers.



Subd. 2. [CREATION AND MEMBERSHIP.] The governor shall create a commission on health plan regulatory reform for the purpose of reviewing and making recommendations for any necessary improvements in state policy relating to the regulation of health insurers, nonprofit health service plans, health maintenance organizations, preferred provider organizations, and other arrangements that insure or finance the provision of health services.

The commission membership shall be as follows:

(1) the director of the state planning agency, or the director's designee, who shall chair the commission;

(2) two members from the senate of the state of Minnesota, one from the majority party and one from the minority party;

(3) two members from the house of representatives of the state of Minnesota, one from the majority party and one from the minority party;

(4) the commissioner of commerce, or the commissioner's designee;

(5) the commissioner of health, or the commissioner's designee;

(6) two members representing a health maintenance organization;

(7) one member representing a nonprofit health service plan;

(8) one member representing a health plan that is not a health maintenance organization or a nonprofit health service plan;

(9) one public employer;

(10) two private employers, one of whom self-insures for health benefits and one of whom offers health benefits to employees but does not bear risk;

(11) one member representing organized labor; and

(12) two natural persons who are consumers.

Subd. 3. [REPORT.] The commission shall perform the review specified in subdivision 2 and report to the governor and the legislature by January 1, 1989.

Subd. 4. [APPROPRIATION.] \$25,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of health for the purposes of this section. This appropriation is available only to the extent that it is matched on a dollar for dollar basis by contributions from the

private sector. Pursuant to interagency agreement, the commissioner shall transfer appropriate portions of this amount to the state planning agency and the commerce department to support the staffing of the commission.

Sec. 12. [APPROPRIATION.]

\$70,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of jobs and training for developing client advisory committees under section 2.

\$300,000 is appropriated to the commissioner of human services from federal reimbursement received as a result of the title IV-E foster care program to increase federal financial participation, to be distributed in fiscal year 1988 to counties that received Indian relief payments in fiscal year 1986 under section 245.76. The reimbursement must be allocated to the counties in the same proportion as the distribution of Indian relief payments in fiscal year 1986 under section 245.76.

Sec. 13. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Section 1 is effective June 30, 1987.

ARTICLE 2

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 62A.046, is amended to read:

62A.046 [COORDINATION OF BENEFITS.]

(1) No group contract providing coverage for hospital and medical treatment or expenses issued or renewed after August 1, 1984, which is responsible for secondary coverage for services provided, may deny coverage or payment of the amount it owes as a secondary payor solely on the basis of the failure of another group contract, which is responsible for primary coverage, to pay for those services.

(2) A group contract which provides coverage of a claimant as a dependent of a parent who has legal responsibility for the dependent's medical care but who does not have custody of the dependent may, upon request of the custodial parent, pursuant to a court order under section 518.171 must make payments directly to the provider of care. In such cases, liability to the insured is satisfied to the extent of benefit payments made to the provider.

(3) This section applies to an insurer, a vendor of risk management services regulated under section 60A.23, a nonprofit health service plan corporation regulated under chapter 62C and a health main-

tenance organization regulated under chapter 62D. Nothing in this section shall require a secondary payor to pay the obligations of the primary payor nor shall it prevent the secondary payor from recovering from the primary payor the amount of any obligation of the primary payor that the secondary payor elects to pay.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 176.191, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. If the employee's medical expenses for a personal injury are paid pursuant to any program administered by the commissioner of human services, or if the employee receives or spouse or dependents living with the employee receive subsistence or other payments pursuant to such a program, and it is subsequently determined that the injury is compensable pursuant to this chapter, the workers' compensation insurer shall reimburse the commissioner of human services for the payments made, including interest at a rate of 12 percent a year.

Amounts paid to an injured employee or spouse or dependents living with the employee pursuant to such a program and attributable to the personal injury shall be deducted from any settlement or award of compensation or benefits under this chapter, including, but not limited to, temporary and permanent disability benefits.

The insurer shall attempt, with due diligence, to ascertain whether payments have been made to an injured employee pursuant to such a program prior to any settlement or issuance of a binding award and shall notify the commissioner department of human services, benefit recovery section, when such payments have been made. An employee who has received public assistance payments shall notify the department of human services, benefit recovery section, of its potential intervention claim prior to making or settling a claim for benefits under this chapter. Notice served on local human services agencies is not sufficient to meet the notification requirement in this subdivision.

Sec. 3. [256.015] [PUBLIC ASSISTANCE LIEN ON RECIPIENT'S CAUSE OF ACTION.]

Subdivision 1. [STATE AGENCY HAS LIEN.] When the state agency provides, pays for, or becomes liable for medical care or furnishes subsistence or other payments to a person, the agency has a lien for the cost of the care and payments on all causes of action that accrue to the person to whom the care or payments were furnished, or to the person's legal representatives, as a result of the occurrence that necessitated the medical care, subsistence, or other payments.

Subd. 2. [PERFECTION; ENFORCEMENT.] The state agency may perfect and enforce its lien under sections 514.69, 514.70, and

514.71, and must file the verified lien statement with the appropriate court administrator in the county of financial responsibility. The verified lien statement must contain the following: the name and address of the person to whom medical care, subsistence, or other payment was furnished; the date of injury; the name and address of vendors furnishing medical care; the dates of the service or payment; the amount claimed to be due for the care or payment; and to the best of the state agency's knowledge, the names and addresses of all persons, firms, or corporations claimed to be liable for damages arising from the injuries.

This section does not affect the priority of any attorney's lien. The state agency is not subject to any limitations period referred to in section 514.69 or 514.71 and has one year from the date notice is received under subdivision 4 to file its verified lien statement. The state agency may commence an action to enforce the lien within one year of (1) the date the notice is received, or (2) the date the person's cause of action is concluded by judgment, award, settlement, or otherwise, whichever is later.

Subd. 3. [PROSECUTOR.] The attorney general, or the appropriate county attorney acting at the direction of the attorney general, shall represent the state agency to enforce the lien created under this section or, if no action has been brought, may initiate and prosecute an independent action on behalf of the state agency against a person, firm, or corporation that may be liable to the person to whom the care or payment was furnished.

Subd. 4. [NOTICE.] The state agency must be given notice of monetary claims against a person, firm, or corporation that may be liable in damages to the injured person when the state agency has paid for or become liable for the cost of medical care or payments related to the injury. Notice must be given as follows:

(a) Applicants for public assistance shall notify the state or local agency of any possible claims they may have against a person, firm, or corporation when they submit the application for assistance. Recipients of public assistance shall notify the state or local agency of any possible claims when those claims arise.

(b) A person providing medical care services to a recipient of public assistance shall notify the state agency when the person has reason to believe that a third party may be liable for payment of the cost of medical care.

(c) A person who is a party to a claim upon which the state agency may be entitled to a lien under this section shall notify the state agency of its potential lien claim before filing a claim, commencing an action, or negotiating a settlement.

Notice given to the local agency is not sufficient to meet the requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c).

Subd. 5. [COSTS DEDUCTED.] Upon any judgment, award, or settlement of a cause of action, or any part of it, upon which the state agency has filed its lien, including compensation for liquidated, unliquidated, or other damages, reasonable costs of collection, including attorney fees, must be deducted first. The full amount of public assistance paid to or on behalf of the person as a result of the injury must be deducted next, and paid to the state agency. The rest must be paid to the public assistance recipient or other plaintiff. The plaintiff, however, must receive at least one-third of the net recovery after attorney fees and other collection costs.

Subd. 6. [WHEN EFFECTIVE.] The lien created under this section is effective with respect to any public assistance paid on or after August 1, 1987.

Subd. 7. [COOPERATION REQUIRED.] Upon the request of the department of human services, any state agency or third party payer shall cooperate with the department in furnishing information to help establish a third party liability. The department of human services shall limit its use of information gained from agencies and third party payers to purposes directly connected with the administration of its public assistance programs. The provision of information by agencies and third party payers to the department under this subdivision is not a violation of any right of confidentiality or data privacy.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 12. "Third party payer" means a person, entity, or agency or government program that has a probable obligation to pay all or part of the costs of a medical assistance recipient's health services.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.042, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. The state agency may perfect and enforce its lien by following the procedures set forth in sections 514.69, 514.70 and 514.71, ~~except that it shall have one year from the date when the last item of medical care was furnished in which to file and its verified lien statement, and the statement shall be filed with the appropriate court administrator in the county of financial responsibility.~~ The verified lien statement shall contain the following: the name and address of the person to whom medical care was furnished, the date of injury, the name and address of the vendor or vendors furnishing medical care, the dates of the service, the amount claimed to be due for the care, and, to the best of the state agency's knowledge, the names and addresses of all persons, firms or corporations claimed to

be liable for damages arising from the injuries. This section shall not affect the priority of any attorney's lien. The state agency is not subject to any limitations period referred to in section 514.69 or 514.71 and has one year from the date notice is received by it under subdivision 4 to file its verified lien statement. The state agency may commence an action to enforce the lien within one year of (1) the date the notice is received or (2) the date the recipient's cause of action is concluded by judgment, award, settlement, or otherwise, whichever is later.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.042, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. ~~To recover under this section~~ The attorney general, or the appropriate county attorney acting at the direction of the attorney general, shall represent the state agency to enforce the lien created under this section or, if no action has been brought, may initiate and prosecute an independent action on behalf of the state agency against a person, firm, or corporation that may be liable to the person to whom the care was furnished.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.042, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. [NOTICE.] The state agency must be given notice of monetary claims against a person, firm, or corporation that may be liable to pay part or all of the cost of medical care when the state agency has paid or become liable for the cost of that care. Notice must be given as follows:

(a) Applicants for medical assistance shall notify the state or local agency of any possible claims when they submit the application. Recipients of medical assistance shall notify the state or local agency of any possible claims when those claims arise.

(b) A person providing medical care services to a recipient of medical assistance shall notify the state agency when the person has reason to believe that a third party may be liable for payment of the cost of medical care.

(c) A person who is a party to a claim upon which the state agency may be entitled to a lien under this section shall notify the state agency of its potential lien claim before filing a claim, commencing an action, or negotiating a settlement.

Notice given to the local agency is not sufficient to meet the requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c).

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.042, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. [COSTS DEDUCTED.] Upon any judgment, award, or settlement of a cause of action, or any part of it, upon which the state agency has filed its lien, including compensation for liquidated, unliquidated, or other damages, reasonable costs of collection, including attorney fees, must be deducted first. The full amount of medical assistance paid to or on behalf of the person as a result of the injury must be deducted next, and paid to the state agency. The rest must be paid to the medical assistance recipient or other plaintiff. The plaintiff, however, must receive at least one-third of the net recovery after attorney fees and other collection costs.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.37, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [SUBROGATION.] Upon furnishing medical assistance to any person having private accident or health care coverage, or having a cause of action arising out of an occurrence that necessitated the payment of medical assistance, the state agency shall be subrogated, to the extent of the cost of medical care furnished, to any rights the person may have under the terms of any private health care the coverage or under the cause of action.

The right of subrogation does not attach to benefits paid or provided under private health care coverage prior to the receipt of written notice of the exercise of subrogation rights by the carrier issuing the health care coverage created in this section includes all portions of the cause of action, notwithstanding any settlement allocation or apportionment that purports to dispose of portions of the cause of action not subject to subrogation.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.37, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [CIVIL ACTION FOR RECOVERY.] To recover under this section, the attorney general, or the appropriate county attorney, acting upon direction from the attorney general, may institute or join a civil action against the carrier of the private health care coverage to enforce the subrogation rights established under this section.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.37, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3. [NOTICE.] The state agency must be given notice of monetary claims against a person, firm, or corporation that may be liable in damages, or otherwise obligated to pay part or all of the cost of medical care when the state agency has paid or become liable for the cost of care. Notice must be given as follows:

(a) Applicants for medical assistance shall notify the state or local agency of any possible claims when they submit the application.

Recipients of medical assistance shall notify the state or local agency of any possible claims when those claims arise.

(b) A person providing medical care services to a recipient of medical assistance shall notify the state agency when the person has reason to believe that a third party may be liable for payment of the cost of medical care.

(c) A person who is party to a claim upon which the state agency may be entitled to subrogation under this section shall notify the state agency of its potential subrogation claim before filing a claim, commencing an action, or negotiating a settlement.

Notice given to the local agency is not sufficient to meet the requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c).

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.37, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. [RECOVERY.] Upon any judgment, award, or settlement of a cause of action, or any part of it, upon which the state agency has a subrogation right, including compensation for liquidated, unliquidated, or other damages, reasonable costs of collection, including attorney fees, must be deducted first. The full amount of medical assistance paid to or on behalf of the person as a result of the injury must be deducted next and paid to the state agency. The rest must be paid to the medical assistance recipient or other plaintiff. The plaintiff, however, must receive at least one-third of the net recovery after attorney fees and collection costs.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.37, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. [PRIVATE BENEFITS TO BE USED FIRST.] Private accident and health care coverage for medical services is primary coverage and must be exhausted before medical assistance is paid. When a person who is otherwise eligible for medical assistance has private accident or health care coverage, including a prepaid health plan, the private health care benefits available to the person must be used first and to the fullest extent. Supplemental payment may be made by medical assistance, but the combined total amount paid must not exceed the amount payable under medical assistance in the absence of other coverage. Medical assistance must not make supplemental payment for covered services rendered by a vendor who participates or contracts with a health coverage plan if the plan requires the vendor to accept the plan's payment as payment in full.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.37, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:



Subd. 6. [PARENT'S OR OBLIGEE'S HEALTH PLAN.] When a parent or a person with an obligation of support has enrolled in a prepaid health care plan under section 518.171, subdivision 1, the commissioner of human services shall limit the recipient of medical assistance to the benefits payable under that prepaid health care plan to the extent that services available under medical assistance are also available under the prepaid health care plan.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256D.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 8. [PRIVATE INSURANCE POLICIES.] (a) Private accident and health care coverage for medical services is primary coverage and must be exhausted before general assistance medical care is paid. When a person who is otherwise eligible for general assistance medical care has private accident or health care coverage, including a prepaid health plan, the private health care benefits available to the person must be used first and to the fullest extent. Supplemental payment may be made by general assistance medical care, but the combined total amount paid must not exceed the amount payable under general assistance medical care in the absence of other coverage. General assistance medical care must not make supplemental payment for covered services rendered by a vendor who participates or contracts with any health coverage plan if the plan requires the vendor to accept the plan's payment as payment in full.

(b) When a parent or a person with an obligation of support has enrolled in a prepaid health care plan under section 518.171, subdivision 1, the commissioner of human services shall limit the recipient of general assistance medical care to the benefits payable under that prepaid health care plan to the extent that services available under general assistance medical care are also available under the prepaid health care plan.

(c) Upon furnishing general assistance medical care or general assistance to any person having private accident or health care coverage, or having a cause of action arising out of an occurrence that necessitated the payment of assistance, the state agency shall be subrogated, to the extent of the cost of medical care, subsistence, or other payments furnished, to any rights the person may have under the terms of the coverage or under the cause of action.

This right of subrogation includes all portions of the cause of action, notwithstanding any settlement allocation or apportionment that purports to dispose of portions of the cause of action not subject to subrogation.

(d) To recover under this section, the attorney general or the appropriate county attorney, acting upon direction from the attorney general, may institute or join a civil action to enforce the subrogation rights established under this section.

(e) The state agency must be given notice of monetary claims against a person, firm, or corporation that may be liable in damages, or otherwise obligated to pay part or all of the costs related to an injury when the state agency has paid or become liable for the cost of care or payments related to the injury. Notice must be given as follows:

(i) Applicants for general assistance or general assistance medical care shall notify the state or local agency of any possible claims when they submit the application. Recipients of general assistance or general assistance medical care shall notify the state or local agency of any possible claims when those claims arise.

(ii) A person providing medical care services to a recipient of general assistance medical care shall notify the state agency when the person has reason to believe that a third party may be liable for payment of the cost of medical care.

(iii) A person who is party to a claim upon which the state agency may be entitled to subrogation under this section shall notify the state agency of its potential subrogation claim before filing a claim, commencing an action, or negotiating a settlement.

Notice given to the local agency is not sufficient to meet the requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c).

(f) Upon any judgment, award, or settlement of a cause of action, or any part of it, upon which the state agency has a subrogation right, including compensation for liquidated, unliquidated, or other damages, reasonable costs of collection, including attorney fees, must be deducted first. The full amount of general assistance or general assistance medical care paid to or on behalf of the person as a result of the injury must be deducted next and paid to the state agency. The rest must be paid to the public assistance recipient or other plaintiff. The plaintiff, however, must receive at least one-third of the net recovery after attorney fees and collection costs.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.121, is amended to read:

268.121 [WAGE REPORTING.]

Beginning on April 1, 1984, each employer subject to this chapter shall provide the commissioner with a quarterly report of wages, as defined in section 268.04, subdivision 25, paid to each employee of that employer covered by this chapter. The commissioner shall provide the legislature with recommendations for statutory changes to fully implement this section no later than January 1, 1983.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 473.405, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

Subd. 13. [INSURANCE.] The commission may provide for self-insurance or otherwise provide for insurance relating to any of its property, rights, or revenue, workers' compensation, public liability, or any other risk or hazard arising from its activities, and may provide for insuring any of its officers or employees against the risk or hazard at the expense of the commission. If the commission provides for self-insurance, against its liability and the liability of its officers, employees, and agents for damages resulting from its torts and those of its officers, employees, and agents, including its obligation to pay basic economic loss benefits under sections 65B.41 to 65B.71, it shall be entitled to deduct from damages and basic economic loss benefits all money paid or payable to the persons seeking damages and benefits from all governmental entities providing medical, hospital, and disability benefits except for payments made under the aid to families with dependent children or medical assistance programs.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 514.69, is amended to read:

514.69 [FILE WITH COURT ADMINISTRATOR OF THE DISTRICT COURT.]

Subdivision 1. [PERFECTION OF HOSPITAL'S LIEN.] In order to perfect such lien, the operator of such hospital, before, or within ten days after, such person shall have been discharged therefrom, shall file in the office of the court administrator of the district court of the county in which such hospital shall be located a verified statement in writing setting forth the name and address of such patient, as it shall appear on the records of such hospital, the name and location of such hospital and the name and address of the operator thereof, the dates of admission to and discharge of such patient therefrom, the amount claimed to be due for such hospital care, and, to the best of claimant's knowledge, the names and addresses of all persons, firms, or corporations claimed by such injured person, or the legal representatives of such person, to be liable for damages arising from such injuries; such claimant shall also, within one day after the filing of such claim or lien, mail a copy thereof, by certified mail, to each person, firm, or corporation so claimed to be liable for such damages to the address so given in such statement. The filing of such claim or lien shall be notice thereof to all persons, firms, or corporations liable for such damages whether or not they are named in such claim or lien.

Subd. 2. [PERFECTION OF PUBLIC ASSISTANCE LIEN.] In the case of public assistance liens filed under section 256.015 or 256B.042, the state agency may perfect its lien by filing its verified statement in the office of the court administrator in the county of

financial responsibility for the public assistance paid. The court administrator shall record the lien in the same manner as provided in section 514.70."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to human services; creating client advisory committees; defining the term "vendor of medical care" for medical assistance; authorizing the commissioner to examine records; providing for a study for a Minnesota institute of health; creating a commission on health plan regulatory reform; regulating public assistance liens; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 62A.046; 176.191, subdivision 4; 214.06, subdivision 1; 256B.02, subdivision 7, and by adding a subdivision; 256B.042, subdivisions 2, 3, and by adding subdivisions; 256B.064, subdivision 1c; 256B.27, subdivisions 3 and 4; 256B.37, subdivisions 1, 2, and by adding subdivisions; 256D.03, by adding a subdivision; 259.40, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3; 268.121; 473.405, subdivision 13; 514.69; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 252 and 256."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: LEE GREENFIELD, WAYNE SIMONEAU AND PETER McLAUGHLIN.

Senate Conferees: LINDA BERGLIN, HOWARD A. KNUTSON AND MARILYN M. LANTRY.

Greenfield moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 1112 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee.

POINT OF ORDER

Stanis raised a point of order pursuant to rule 6.11, paragraph 2, relating to Conference Committees that the Conference Committee report on H. F. No. 1112 was not in order. The Speaker ruled the point of order not well taken.

Stanis moved that the House refuse to adopt the Conference Committee report on H. F. No. 1112, and that the bill be returned to the Conference Committee.

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Stanius motion and the roll was called. There were 44 yeas and 80 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bennett	Gutknecht	McDonald	Pauly	Stanius
Blatz	Hartle	McKasy	Poppenhagen	Swenson
Burger	Haukoos	McPherson	Quist	Thiede
Clausnitzer	Heap	Miller	Richter	Tjornhom
Dempsey	Himle	Morrison	Rose	Tompkins
Dille	Hugoson	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Uphus
Forsythe	Johnson, V.	Omann	Schreiber	Valento
Frederick	Knickerbocker	Orenstein	Seaberg	Waltman
Frerichs	Marsh	Ozment	Shaver	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Lasley	Olson, K.	Simoneau
Battaglia	Jacobs	Lieder	Otis	Skoglund
Bauerly	Jaros	Long	Pappas	Sparby
Beard	Jefferson	McEachern	Pelowski	Steensma
Begich	Jensen	McLaughlin	Peterson	Sviggum
Bertram	Johnson, A.	Milbert	Price	Trimble
Brown	Johnson, R.	Minne	Quinn	Tunheim
Carlson, D.	Kalis	Munger	Reding	Vanasek
Carlson, L.	Kelly	Murphy	Rest	Vellenga
Carruthers	Kelso	Nelson, C.	Rice	Voss
Clark	Kinkel	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Wagenius
Cooper	Kludt	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Welle
Dauner	Knuth	Neuenschwander	Rukavina	Wenzel
DeBlicek	Kostohryz	O'Connor	Sarna	Winter
Dorn	Krueger	Ogren	Schoenfeld	Wynia
Greenfield	Larsen	Olson, E.	Segal	Spk. Norton

The motion did not prevail.

The question recurred on the Greenfield motion that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 1112 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1112, A bill for an act relating to human services; defining directors, officers, and partners as vendors of medical care for the purpose of medical assistance; allowing the commissioner to charge interest on money recovered from certain medical assistance providers; allowing sanction authority; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 256B.02, subdivision 7; 256B.064, subdivision 1c; and 256B.27, subdivisions 3 and 4.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 131 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Hartle	Marsh	Pappas	Solberg
Battaglia	Haukoos	McDonald	Pauly	Sparby
Bauerly	Heap	McEachern	Pelowski	Stanius
Beard	Himle	McKasy	Peterson	Steensma
Begich	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Bennett	Jacobs	McPherson	Price	Swenson
Bertram	Jaros	Milbert	Quinn	Thiede
Blatz	Jefferson	Miller	Quist	Tjornhom
Brown	Jennings	Minne	Redalen	Tompkins
Burger	Jensen	Morrison	Reding	Trimble
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Rest	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rice	Uphus
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Valento
Clark	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vanasek
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Cooper	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rose	Voss
Dauner	Kelso	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
DeBlieck	Kinkel	Ogren	Sarna	Waltman
Dempsey	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Welle
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Scheid	Wenzel
Dorn	Knuth	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Omman	Schreiber	Wynia
Frederick	Krueger	Onnen	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Frerichs	Larsen	Orenstein	Segal	
Greenfield	Lasley	Osthoff	Shaver	
Gruenes	Lieder	Otis	Simoneau	
Gutknecht	Long	Ozment	Skoglund	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 1283

A bill for an act relating to health; prohibiting smoking in day care centers and health care facilities; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 144.412; and 144.414.

May 18, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 1283, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment and that H. F. No. 1283 be further amended as follows:

Page 2, line 10, before "Smoking" insert "(a)"

Page 2, line 14, before the period insert "except as allowed in this subdivision" and after the period insert:

“(b)”

Page 2, delete lines 21 to 24 and insert:

“(c) Smoking by a patient may be allowed if authorized in writing by the patient’s attending physician.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 325F.77, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3. [LEGISLATIVE INTENT.] Because the state prohibits both the use of tobacco products by minors and the furnishing of tobacco products to minors, and because the enforcement of an age-related restriction on the promotional distribution of tobacco products is impractical and ineffective, it is the intent of the legislature to control the distribution of these products and discourage illegal activity by prohibiting all promotional distribution, except as allowed in this section.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 325F.77, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. [PROHIBITION.] No person shall distribute smokeless tobacco products or cigarettes, cigars, pipe tobacco, or other tobacco products suitable for smoking, except that single serving samples of tobacco may be distributed in tobacco stores.

Sec. 5. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 325F.77, subdivisions 1 and 2, are repealed.”

Page 2, line 25, delete “3” and insert “6”

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 3, after the semicolon, insert “prohibiting promotional distribution of tobacco products;”

Page 1, line 4, delete “and” and after “144.414” insert “; and 325F.77, by adding subdivisions; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 325F.77, subdivisions 1 and 2”

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: WES SKOGLUND, DARBY NELSON AND STEPHEN E. DILLE.

Senate Conferees: JOHN J. MARTY, GREGORY L. DAHL AND DENNIS R. FREDERICKSON.

Skoglund moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 1283 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1283, A bill for an act relating to health; prohibiting smoking in day care centers and health care facilities; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 144.412; and 144.414.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 99 yeas and 30 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Hartle	Larsen	Onnen	Simoneau
Battaglia	Haukoos	Lasley	Orenstein	Skoglund
Bauerly	Heap	Lieder	Otis	Solberg
Begich	Himle	Long	Ozment	Sparby
Bennett	Hugoson	Marsh	Pappas	Stanius
Bertram	Jaros	McDonald	Pauly	Tjornhom
Blatz	Jefferson	McKasy	Pelowski	Tompkins
Brown	Jennings	McLaughlin	Peterson	Trimble
Burger	Jensen	Miller	Price	Tunheim
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Morrison	Quinn	Uphus
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Munger	Redalen	Valento
Carruthers	Kahn	Murphy	Reding	Vanasek
Clark	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vellenga
DeBlicck	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Voss
Dempsey	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Rose	Wagenius
Dille	Kinkel	Ogren	Rukavina	Welle
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Wenzel
Forsythe	Knuth	Olson, E.	Schoenfeld	Wynia
Frederick	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Greenfield	Krueger	Omann	Segal	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, R.	Gruenes	McPherson	Rice	Steensma
Beard	Gutknecht	Minne	Richter	Sviggum
Clausnitzer	Jacobs	Nelson, C.	Schafer	Swenson
Cooper	Johnson, V.	O'Connor	Scheid	Thiede
Dauner	Kludt	Osthoff	Schreiber	Waltman
Frerichs	McEachern	Poppenhagen	Shaver	Winter

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

#### CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 1542

A bill for an act relating to unemployment compensation; making various technical and housekeeping changes; defining "wages";



regulating benefits and contributions; providing for the administration of the unemployment compensation law; providing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 268.04, subdivisions 9, 12, 24, 25, 26, 29, and by adding subdivisions; 268.06, subdivisions 2, 3a, 5, 6, 8, 19, 20, 22, and 24; 268.07, subdivision 3; 268.08, subdivisions 3, 3a, and by adding a subdivision; 268.09, subdivisions 1 and 3; 268.12, subdivision 8; 268.121; 268.15, subdivision 3; 268.16, subdivision 2, and by adding subdivisions; 268.161, subdivisions 1, 8, 9, and by adding a subdivision; 268.18, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and by adding a subdivision; 268.65, subdivision 5; 270A.09, by adding a subdivision; and 508.25; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 268; and repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.24.

May 18, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 1542, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment.

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: RICHARD "RICH" O'CONNOR, JOHN SARNA AND JOSEPH R. BEGICH.

Senate Conferees: FLORIAN CHMIELEWSKI AND BETTY A. ADKINS.

O'Connor moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 1542 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1542, A bill for an act relating to unemployment compensation; making various technical and housekeeping changes; defining "wages"; regulating benefits and contributions; providing for the administration of the unemployment compensation law; providing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 268.04, subdivisions 9, 12, 24, 25, 26, 29, and by adding subdivisions; 268.06, subdivisions 2, 3a, 5, 6, 8, 19, 20, 22, and 24; 268.07, subdivision 3; 268.08, subdivisions 3, 3a, and by adding a subdivision; 268.09, subdivisions 1 and 3; 268.12, subdivision 8; 268.121;

268.15, subdivision 3; 268.16, subdivision 2, and by adding subdivisions; 268.161, subdivisions 1, 8, 9, and by adding a subdivision; 268.18, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and by adding a subdivision; 268.65, subdivision 5; 270A.09, by adding a subdivision; and 508.25; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 268; and repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.24.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 129 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Larsen	Osthoff	Segal
Anderson, R.	Gruenes	Lasley	Otis	Shaver
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Lieder	Ozment	Simoneau
Bauerly	Hartle	Long	Pappas	Solberg
Beard	Haukoos	Marsh	Pauly	Sparby
Begich	Heap	McDonald	Pelowski	Stanius
Bennett	Himle	McEachern	Peterson	Steensma
Bertram	Huguson	McKasy	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Blatz	Jacobs	McPherson	Price	Swenson
Boo	Jaros	Milbert	Quinn	Thiede
Brown	Jefferson	Miller	Quist	Tjornhom
Burger	Jennings	Minne	Redalen	Tompkins
Carlson, D.	Jensen	Munger	Reding	Trimble
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Murphy	Rest	Tunheim
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Uphus
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, D.	Richter	Valento
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Vellenga
Cooper	Kalis	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Voss
Dauner	Kelly	O'Connor	Rose	Wagenius
DeBlicek	Kelso	Ogren	Rukavina	Waltman
Dempsey	Kinkel	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Welle
Dille	Kludt	Olsen, E.	Schafer	Wenzel
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olson, K.	Scheid	Winter
Forsythe	Knuth	Omann	Schoenfeld	Wynia
Frederick	Kostohryz	Onnen	Schreiber	Spk. Norton
Frerichs	Krueger	Orenstein	Seaberg	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

There being no objection, the order of business reverted to Messages from the Senate.

## MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

The following messages were received from the Senate.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 706, A bill for an act relating to juveniles; clarifying certain recent changes to the juvenile court act; clarifying the hearing and records procedures of the juvenile court; providing for the enforcement of juvenile court restitution orders; permitting administrative docketing of certain unpaid county reimbursements; clarifying certain crime victim notification and protection laws; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 260.155, subdivisions 1 and 1a; 260.156; 260.161; 260.185, by adding a subdivision; 548.091, subdivision 1; 595.02, subdivision 4; 609.115, subdivision 1; 609.3471; 611A.031; and 611A.035; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 611A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 609.115, subdivisions 1b and 1c; and 636.08.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 601, A bill for an act relating to natural resources; providing that money recovered by the state for forest fire fighting expenses be restored to the fund of origination; increasing the amount that may be paid for tips related to forest fire crimes; clarifying provisions relating to the burden of proof and evidence of negligence; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 88.17, subdivision 2; 88.75, subdivision 1; and 88.76.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 1374, A bill for an act relating to the office of the attorney general; removing the numerical limit on the number of assistant attorneys general; authorizing the attorney general to delegate contract review duties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 8.02, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 8.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 532, A bill for an act relating to public safety; motorized bicycles; establishing standards for the safe operation of motorized bicycles; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 65B.001, by adding a subdivision; 65B.43, subdivision 13; 168.011, subdivision 27; 169.01, subdivision 4a; 169.223; 171.01, subdivision 20; and 171.02, subdivision 3.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 141, A bill for an act relating to liability; authorizing the elimination or limitation of a director's personal liability to a cooperative association or its members; exempting certain directors, members, and agents of nonprofit corporations from civil liability; exempting certain members of hospital district boards from certain civil liability; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 317.201; and 447.32, by adding a subdivision; and proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 308.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 1159, A bill for an act relating to retirement; modifying various statewide public safety pension plan provisions; modifying various nonstatewide public safety pension plan provisions; authorizing modifications in Minneapolis teacher retirement fund association benefit plan; authorizing various purchases of prior service credit; establishing an ambulance service personnel retirement plan; limiting the uses of public pension plan assets; authorizing various miscellaneous retirement benefit modifications; making various changes in the investment authority of the state board of investment; lowering service requirements for vesting; modifying workers' compensation benefit offsets; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 11A.04; 11A.24, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6; 11A.25; 69.80; 352.01, subdivision 2B; 352.113, subdivision 1; 352.115, subdivision 1; 352.12, subdivision 2; 352.22, subdivision 3; 352.72, subdivision 1; 352.85, subdivision 1; 352.91, subdivision 4; 352.93, subdivision 1; 352B.08, subdivision 1; 352B.11, subdivision 2; 352B.30, subdivision 1; 353.01, subdivision 2a; 353.29, subdivisions 1 and 2; 353.30, subdivision 1c; 353.32, subdivision 1a; 353.33, subdivisions 1, 5, and by adding a subdivision; 353.34, subdivision 3; 353.64, by adding a subdivision; 353.651, subdivisions 1 and 2; 353.656, subdivisions 2, 3, and by adding a subdivision; 353.657, subdivision 2a; 353.71, subdivision 1; 354.44, subdivision 1; 354.46, subdivision 2; 354.48, subdivision 1; 354.49, subdivision 3; 354.60; 354A.31, subdivisions 1, 5, and 6; 354A.35, subdivision 2; 354A.36, subdivision 1; 354A.39; 356.20, subdivision 2; 356.30, subdivisions 1 and 3; 356.32, subdivision 2; 424.04; and 424A.02, subdivision 9; Laws 1949, chapter 406, section 4, subdivisions 2 and 3, as amended, section 5, subdivisions 1 and 3, as amended, and section 6, subdivision 1, as amended; Laws 1967, chapter 678, section 2, as amended, chapter 751, section 2; Laws 1971, chapter 614, section 1, subdivision 2, as amended; Laws 1977, chapter 169, section 1, subdivision 1a, as amended; and Laws 1980, chapter 607, article 15, section 9; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 356 and 423A; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapters 353A, 353B and 356A.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 1351, A bill for an act relating to natural resources; authorizing the taking of elk and amending related laws; authorizing compensation for certain crop damage caused by elk; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 3.736,

subdivision 3; 97A.421, subdivision 6; 97A.431, subdivision 3; 97A.465, subdivisions 1 and 3; 97A.471, subdivision 3; 97A.475, subdivision 2; 97A.525, subdivision 1; 97A.535; 97B.201; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 3; 97A; and 97B.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 391, A bill for an act relating to crimes; increasing penalties for distributing controlled substances to a minor or employing a minor to distribute controlled substances; defining measurement and purity requirements of controlled substances for criminal and tax law purposes; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 152.15, subdivision 1; 297D.01, subdivision 3; and 297D.07; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 152.15, subdivision 4.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 303, A bill for an act relating to agriculture; changing the shade tree disease control program; imposing certain penalties; eliminating certain audit requirements and an insurance limitation; changing the cooperative associations law; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 18.023, subdivision 1; 28A.08; 31.101, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8; 40.071; 308.58, subdivision 2; 308.62; 308.77; 308.83; and 308.85; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 38.02, subdivision 2; and 38.13.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the adoption by the Senate of the following House Concurrent Resolution, herewith returned:

House Concurrent Resolution No. 11, A House concurrent resolution relating to adjournment of the Senate and House of Representatives until 1988.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 919, A bill for an act relating to public administration; authorizing spending to acquire and to better public land and buildings and other public improvements of a capital nature with certain conditions; authorizing issuance of state and local bonds; authorizing levies; imposing taxes; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 297A.01, subdivision 3; and 297A.44, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 16A, 124, and 129B; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 240A.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

S. F. No. 841.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

## CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S. F. NO. 841

A bill for an act relating to natural resources; amending requirements for eligibility, applications, agreements, payments, and other terms and conditions of the conservation reserve program; changing requirements to drain privately owned inventoried wetlands and public waters; amending and changing requirements for the waterbank program; changing requirements for persons selling land under a waterbank agreement; establishing a native prairie bank program; providing for prairie management applications, agreements, payments, and other terms and conditions; appropriating funds; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 40.41; 40.42, subdivision 5, and by adding subdivisions; 40.43, subdivisions 2, 5, 6, and 7; 40.44, subdivision 2; 84.943, subdivisions 1, 3, and 5; 84.944, subdivision 1; 84.95, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 105.391, subdivision 3; 105.392, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 84.

May 18, 1987

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S. F. No. 841, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House recede from its amendment and that S. F. No. 841 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

“Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.41, is amended to read:

40.41 [PURPOSE AND POLICY.]

It is the purposes of sections 40.41 to 40.45 to keep certain marginal agricultural land out of crop production or pasture to protect soil and water quality and support fish and wildlife habitat. It is state policy to encourage the retirement of marginal, highly erodable land, particularly land adjacent to public waters and drainage systems, from crop production and to reestablish a cover of perennial vegetation.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.42, subdivision 5, is amended to read:



Subd. 5. [LANDOWNER.] "Landowner" means a Minnesota resident who owns or is a buyer under a contract for deed, of land that qualifies as a family farm, a family farm corporation or an authorized farm corporation under section 500.24, subdivision 2 individuals, family farm, family farm corporations as defined under section 500.24, subdivision 2, paragraph (c), and authorized farm corporations as defined under section 500.24, subdivision 2, paragraph (d), which either own eligible land or are purchasing eligible land under a contract for deed.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.42, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 7. [WETLAND.] "Wetland" means land that has a predominance of hydric soils and that is inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, or that periodically does support, a predominance of hydrophytic vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.42, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 8. [WINDBREAK.] "Windbreak" means a strip or belt of trees, shrubs, or grass barriers at least six rows deep and within 300 feet of the right-of-way of a highway.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.43, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [ELIGIBLE LAND.] Land may be placed in the conservation reserve program if the land:

(1) is marginal agricultural land, or is adjacent to marginal agricultural land and is either beneficial to resource protection or necessary for efficient recording of the land description, or consists of a drained wetland, or is land that with a windbreak would be beneficial to resource protection. Cropland adjacent to the restored wetland may also be enrolled to the extent of up to four acres of cropland for each acre of wetland restored;

(2) was owned by the applicant landowner on January 1, 1985, or for an application made on or after January 1, 1988, was owned by the applicant landowner, or a parent or other blood relative of the landowner, for at least three years before the date of application;

(3) is at least five acres in size, except for a windbreak, or is a whole field as defined by the United States Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Services;

(4) is not set aside, enrolled or diverted under another federal or state government program; and

(5) was in agricultural crop production or pasture for at least two years during the period 1981 to 1985.

The eligible enrolled land of a landowner may not exceed 20 percent of the landowner's total agricultural land acreage in the state, if the landowner owns at least 200 acres of agricultural land as defined by section 500.24, subdivision 2. If a landowner owns less than 200 acres of agricultural land the amount that may be enrolled in the conservation reserve is:

(a) all agricultural land owned, if 20 acres or less; or

(b) if the total agricultural land owned is more than 20 acres but less than 200 acres, 20 acres plus ten percent of the balance of the agricultural land.

In selecting land for enrollment in the program, highest priority must be given to permanent easements that are consistent with the purposes stated in section 40.41.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.43, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [CONSERVATION EASEMENTS.] The commissioner may acquire conservation easements on eligible land. An easement may be permanent or of limited duration. An easement of limited duration may not be acquired if it is for a period less than ~~ten~~ 20 years. The negotiation and acquisition of easements authorized by this section are exempt from the contractual provisions of chapter 16B.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.43, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [AGREEMENTS BY LANDOWNER.] The commissioner may enroll eligible land in the conservation reserve program by signing an agreement in recordable form with a landowner in which the landowner agrees:

(1) to convey to the state a conservation easement that is not subject to any prior title, lien, or encumbrance;

(2) to seed the land subject to the conservation easement, as specified in the agreement, to establish and maintain perennial cover of either a grass-legume mixture or native grasses for the term of the easement, at seeding rates determined by the commissioner; or to plant trees or carry out other long-term capital improvements

approved by the commissioner for soil and water conservation or wildlife management;

(3) to restore any drained wetland and to convey to the state a permanent easement for the wetland;

(4) that other land supporting natural vegetation owned or leased as part of the same farm operation during at the term of the easement time of application, if it supports natural vegetation or has not been used in agricultural crop production or pasture, will not be converted to agricultural crop production or pasture; and

(4) (5) to the enforcement of the terms of the easement and agreements in this subdivision by an action for specific performance, a mandatory injunction, or for damages in an amount not to exceed the total amount paid by the state to the landowner under subdivision 6, with interest from the date of each default under the agreement; and

(6) that the easement duration may be lengthened through mutual agreement with the commissioners of agriculture and natural resources if they determine that the changes effectuate the purpose of the program or to facilitate its administration.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.43, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [PAYMENTS FOR CONSERVATION EASEMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENT OF COVER.] The commissioner must make the following payments to the landowner for the conservation easement and agreement:

(1) to establish the perennial cover or other improvements required by the agreement, up to 75 percent of the total eligible cost not to exceed \$75 per acre for limited duration easements, and 100 percent of the total eligible cost not to exceed \$100 per acre for perpetual easements;

(2) for the cost of planting trees required by the agreement, up to \$75 75 percent of the total eligible cost not to exceed \$200 per acre for limited duration easements, and 100 percent of the total eligible cost not to exceed \$300 per acre for perpetual easements;

(3) for a permanent easement, 70 percent of the township average equalized estimated market value of agricultural property as established by the commissioner of revenue at the time the of easement is conveyed application; and

(4) for an easement of limited duration, 90 percent of the present value of the average of the acceptable accepted bids for the federal

conservation reserve program, as contained in Public Law Number 99-198, in the relevant geographic area and on bids made immediately prior to when accepted at the time of easement is conveyed. If federal bid figures have not been determined for the area, or the federal program has been discontinued, the rate paid shall application; or

(5) an alternative payment system for easements based on cash rent or a similar system as may be determined by the commissioner.

The commissioner may not pay more than \$50,000 to a landowner for all the landowner's conservation easements and agreements.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.43, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [EASEMENT RENEWAL.] When a conservation easement of limited duration expires, a new conservation easement and agreement for an additional period of ~~ten~~ not less than 20 years may be acquired by agreement of the commissioner and the landowner, under the terms of this section. The commissioner may adjust payment rates as a result of renewing an agreement and conservation easement only after examining the condition of the established cover, conservation practices, and land values.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.44, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.] The commissioners of agriculture and natural resources must provide necessary technical assistance to landowners enrolled in the conservation reserve program. The commissioner of natural resources must provide technical advice and assistance to the commissioner on (1) the form and content of the conservation easement and agreement; and on; (2) forestry and agronomic practices; and (3) hydrologic and hydraulic design relating to the establishment and maintenance of permanent cover, or other conservation improvements. The commissioner of transportation must provide technical advice and assistance to the commissioners of agriculture and natural resources on the planting of windbreaks adjacent to highways. The commissioners of agriculture and natural resources shall jointly prepare an informational booklet on the conservation reserve program and other state and federal programs for land acquisition, conservation, and retirement to be made available to eligible landowners and the general public.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.44, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [SUPPLEMENTAL CONSERVATION PAYMENTS.] The commissioner may supplement ~~cost share~~ payments made under other federal land retirement programs; up to \$75 an acre, to the

extent of available appropriations other than bond proceeds. The supplemental ~~cost-share~~ payments must be used to establish perennial cover on land enrolled or increase payments for land enrollment in programs approved by the commissioner, including the federal conservation reserve program and federal and state waterbank programs program.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.45, is amended to read:

#### 40.45 [RULEMAKING.]

The commissioner ~~shall may~~ adopt emergency rules and is authorized to adopt to implement this act. The emergency rules in order to implement sections 40.41 to 40.45 adopted on August 27, 1986, shall remain in effect until December 31, 1987, or until amended or replaced by emergency or permanent rules. The rules must include standards for tree planting so that planting does not conflict with existing electrical lines, telephone lines, rights-of-way, or drainage ditches.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 84.943, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT.] The Minnesota critical habitat private sector matching account is established as a separate account in the state treasury ~~reinvest in Minnesota resources fund established under section 84.95.~~ The account shall be administered by the commissioner of natural resources as provided in this section.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 84.943, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [APPROPRIATIONS MUST BE MATCHED BY PRIVATE FUNDS.] Appropriations transferred to the critical habitat private sector matching account may be expended only to the extent that they are matched equally with contributions to the account from private sources or by funds contributed to the nongame wildlife management account. The private contributions may be made in cash or in contributions of land or interests in land that are designated by the commissioner of natural resources as program acquisitions. Appropriations transferred to the account that are not matched within three years from the date of the appropriation shall cancel to the source of the appropriation. For the purposes of this section, the private contributions of land or interests in land shall be valued in accordance with their appraised value.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 84.943, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [PLEDGES AND CONTRIBUTIONS.] The commissioner of natural resources may accept contributions and pledges to the critical habitat private sector matching account. A pledge that is made contingent on an appropriation is acceptable and shall be reported with other pledges as required in this section. In the budget request for each biennium, the commissioner shall report the balance of contributions in the account and the amount that has been pledged for payment in the succeeding two calendar years.

Money in the account ~~may be expended~~ is appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources only for the direct acquisition or improvement of land or interests in land as provided in section 84.944. To the extent of available appropriations other than bond proceeds, the money matched to the nongame wildlife management account may be used for the management of nongame wildlife projects as specified in section 290.431. Acquisition includes: (1) purchase of land or an interest in land by the commissioner; or (2) acceptance by the commissioner of gifts of land or interests in land as program projects.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 84.944, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ACQUISITION CONSIDERATIONS.] In determining what critical natural habitat shall be acquired or improved, the commissioner shall consider:

(1) the significance of the land or water as existing or potential habitat for fish and wildlife and providing fish and wildlife oriented recreation;

(2) the significance of the land, water, or habitat improvement to maintain or enhance native plant, fish, or wildlife species designated as endangered or threatened under section 97.488;

(3) the presence of native ecological communities that are now uncommon or diminishing; and

(4) the significance of the land, water or habitat improvement to protect or enhance natural features within or contiguous to natural areas including fish spawning areas, wildlife management areas, scientific and natural areas, riparian habitat and fish and wildlife management projects.

Based on the above clauses, the commissioner by order promulgated under section 97A.051, subdivision 3, must establish a process to prioritize what critical habitat shall be acquired or improved.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 84.95, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [PURPOSES AND EXPENDITURES.] Money from the reinvest in Minnesota resources fund may only be spent for the following fish and wildlife conservation enhancement purposes:

- (1) development and implementation of the comprehensive fish and wildlife management plan under section 84.942;
- (2) implementation of the conservation reserve program established by section 40.43;
- (3) soil and water conservation practices to improve water quality, reduce soil erosion and crop surpluses;
- (4) enhancement of fish and wildlife habitat on lakes, streams, wetlands, and public and private forest lands;
- (5) acquisition and development of public access sites and recreation easements to lakes, streams, and rivers for fish and wildlife oriented recreation;
- (6) matching funds with government agencies, federally recognized Indian tribes and bands, and the private sector for acquisition and improvement of fish and wildlife habitat;
- (7) research and surveys of fish and wildlife species and habitat;
- (8) enforcement of natural resource laws and rules;
- (9) information and education;
- (10) implementing the aspen recycling program under section 88.80; and
- (11) necessary support services to carry out these purposes.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 84.95, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3. [WORK PLAN.] By February 1 of each year the commissioner of natural resources, in consultation with the commissioner of agriculture, must present a written work plan for expenditure of money from the reinvest in Minnesota resources fund for the next fiscal year to the senate and house committees on agriculture and environment and natural resources for their review and comment. Any recommendations to the commissioners by the committees must be returned to the commissioners by March 15. By April 30 of each year the commissioner must make the work plan, with any revisions, available to the public for comment. In so doing, the commissioner must hold at least three public meetings to inform the public of the work plan; one meeting to be held in the Twin Cities metropolitan

area, the others at non-Twin Cities locations, one each in northern and southern Minnesota. By January 15 of each year, the commissioner must prepare a written progress report on projects undertaken and money encumbered during the fiscal year just ended, and must transmit the report to the above committees and make the report available to the public.

Sec. 19. [84.96] [NATIVE PRAIRIE BANK.]

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT.] The commissioner shall establish a native prairie bank, determine where native prairie land is located in the state, and prescribe eligibility requirements for inclusion of land in the native prairie bank.

Subd. 2. [DEFINITION.] For the purposes of this section, "native prairie" means land that has never been plowed, with less than ten percent tree cover and with predominantly native prairie vegetation.

Subd. 3. [EASEMENT ACQUISITION.] (a) The commissioner may acquire native prairie for conservation purposes by entering into easements with landowners. The easements must be conservation easements as defined in section 84C.01, clause (1), except the easements may be made possessory as well as nonpossessory if agreed upon by the landowner and the commissioner.

(b) The easements may be permanent or of limited duration. Highest priority must be given to permanent easements consistent with the purposes of this section. Easements of limited duration must be for at least 20 years, with provision for renewal for at least another 20-year period. For easements of limited duration, the commissioner may reexamine and adjust the payment rates at the beginning of any renewal period after considering current land and crop values.

Subd. 4. [EASEMENT AGREEMENT.] (a) In the easement between the commissioner and an owner, the owner must agree:

(1) to place in the program for the period of the easement eligible native prairie areas designated by the owner, including prairie covered by a federal or state easement that allows agricultural use and desirable land adjacent to the prairie as determined by the commissioner;

(2) not to alter the native prairie by plowing, heavy grazing, seeding to nonnative grasses or legumes, spraying with large amounts of herbicides, or otherwise destroying the native prairie character of the easement area, except mowing the native prairie tract for wild hay may qualify for easement as determined by the commissioner;



(3) to implement the native prairie conservation and development plan as provided in the easement agreement, unless a requirement in the easement agreement is waived or modified by the commissioner;

(4) to forfeit all rights to further payments under the terms of the easement and to refund to the state all payments received under the easement if the easement is violated at any time when the owner has control of the land subject to the easement, if the commissioner determines that the violation warrants termination of the easement, or if the commissioner determines that the violation does not warrant termination of the easement, the commissioner may determine refunds or payment adjustments to be paid by the commissioner;

(5) not to adopt a practice specified by the commissioner in the easement as a practice that would tend to defeat the purposes of the easement; and

(6) to additional provisions included in the easement that the commissioner determines are desirable.

(b) In return for the easement of the owner, the commissioner shall make payments as provided in subdivision 5 and may provide advice on conservation and development practices on the native prairie in the easement and adjacent areas.

Subd. 5. [PAYMENTS.] (a) The commissioner must make payments to the landowner under this subdivision for the easement.

(b) For a permanent easement, the commissioner must pay 50 percent of the average equalized estimated market value of cropland in the township as established by the commissioner of revenue for the time period when the application is made.

(c) For an easement of limited duration, the landowner shall receive a lump sum payment equal to the present value of the annual payments for the term of the easement based on 50 percent of the mean adjusted cash rental for cropland in the county as established by the commissioner of revenue for the time period when the application is made.

(d) To maintain and protect native prairies, the commissioner may enter into easements that allow selected agricultural practices. Payment must be based on paragraph (b) or (c) but may be reduced due to the agricultural practices allowed after negotiation with the landowner.

Subd. 6. [RENEWAL.] A limited-term easement may be converted to a permanent easement or renewed at the end of the easement

period by mutual agreement of the commissioner and the owner, subject to any rate redetermination by the commissioner.

Subd. 7. [EASEMENT RUNS WITH LAND.] If during the easement period the owner sells or otherwise disposes of the ownership or right of occupancy of the land, the new owner must continue the easement under the same terms or conditions.

Subd. 8. [MODIFICATION AND TERMINATION BY AGREEMENT.] The commissioner may terminate an easement by mutual agreement with the owner if the commissioner determines that the termination would be in the public interest. The commissioner may agree to modifications of agreements if the commissioner determines the modification is desirable to implement the native prairie program.

Subd. 9. [RULES.] The commissioner of natural resources may adopt rules that include the procedures and payment rates to implement this section.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 105.391, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Except as provided below, no public waters or wetlands shall be drained, and no permit authorizing drainage of public waters or wetlands shall be issued, unless the public waters or wetlands being drained are replaced by public waters or wetlands which that will have equal or greater public value. ~~However, after a state waterbank program has been established, Wetlands which are eligible for inclusion in that program, the drainage of which is lawful, feasible, and practical and would provide high quality cropland and that is the projected land use, as determined by the commissioner, may be drained without a permit and without replacement of wetlands of equal or greater public value if the commissioner does not elect, within 60 days of the receipt of an application for a permit to drain the wetlands, to either (1) place the wetlands in the state waterbank program under section 105.392, or (2) acquire it in fee pursuant to section 97A.145, or (3) indemnify the landowner through any other appropriate means, including but not limited to conservation restrictions, easements, leases, or any applicable federal program.~~ The applicant, if not offered a choice of the above alternatives, is entitled to drain the wetlands involved.

In addition, the owner or owners of lands underlying wetlands situated on privately owned lands may apply to the commissioner for a permit to drain the wetlands at any time after the expiration of ten years following the original designation thereof. Upon receipt of an application, the commissioner shall review the current status and conditions of the wetlands. If the commissioner finds that the current status or conditions are such that it appears likely that the economic or other benefits from agricultural use to the owner or

owners which would result from drainage would exceed the public benefits of maintaining the wetlands, the commissioner shall grant the application and issue a drainage permit. If the application is denied, no additional application shall be made until the expiration of an additional ten years.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 105.392, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. The legislature finds that it is in the public interest to preserve the wetlands of the state and thereby to conserve surface waters, ~~to maintain and improve water quality,~~ preserve wildlife habitat, ~~to reduce runoff, to provide for floodwater retention, to reduce stream sedimentation, to contribute to improved subsurface moisture, to enhance the natural beauty of the landscape, and to promote comprehensive and total water management planning.~~ Therefore, the commissioner of natural resources is authorized to promulgate rules, which shall include the procedures and payment rates designed to effectuate the terms of this section. ~~This program is intended to supplement and complement the federal water bank program and the payment rates established shall be at least equal to the federal rates existing at the time any agreements are entered into.~~

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 105.392, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. ~~For the conservation of wetlands, whether or not included in the definition contained in section 105.37, subdivision 15, the commissioner shall have authority to may acquire wetlands in fee pursuant to section 97A.145, or may enter into easement agreements with landowners for the conservation of wetlands and other waters. These easement agreements shall be conservation easements, as defined in section 84C.01, paragraph (1), but, in addition, may be made possessory as well as nonpossessory if agreed upon by the landowner and the commissioner. These agreements easements shall be entered into for a period of ten not less than 20 years, with provision for renewal for additional ten year not less than 20-year periods, or the agreements may provide that the easement will be permanent in duration. Highest priority must be given to the selection of permanent easements. The commissioner may reexamine the payment rates at the beginning of any ten year 20-year renewal period in the light of the then giving consideration to current land and crop values and make needed adjustments in rates for any renewal period.~~

~~Wetlands eligible for inclusion in the waterbank program shall have all the following characteristics as determined by the commissioner: (a) type 3, 4, or 5 as defined in United States Fish and Wildlife Service Circular No. 39 (1971 edition); (b) its drainage is lawful, feasible, and practical; and (c) its drainage would provide~~

high quality cropland and that is the projected land use. Waters which have the foregoing characteristics but are less than ten acres in size in unincorporated areas or less than 2½ acres in size in incorporated areas shall also be eligible for inclusion in the waterbank program, at the discretion of the commissioner.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 105.392, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. In the agreement easement between the commissioner and an owner, the owner shall agree:

(1) to place in the program for the period of the agreement eligible wetland areas the owner designates, which areas may include wetlands covered by a federal or state government easement which that permits agricultural use, together with such adjacent areas as determined desirable by the commissioner;

(2) not to drain, burn, fill, or otherwise destroy the wetland character of such areas, nor to use such areas for agricultural purposes, as determined by the commissioner;

(3) to effectuate the wetland conservation and development plan for the land in accordance with the terms of the agreement, unless any requirement thereof is waived or modified by the commissioner;

(4) to forfeit all rights to further payments or grants under the agreement and to refund to the state all payments or grants received thereunder upon violating the agreement at any stage during the time the owner has control of the land subject to the agreement if the commissioner determines that the violation is of such a nature as to warrant termination of the agreement, or to make refunds or accept such payment adjustments as the commissioner may deem appropriate if the commissioner determines that the violation by the owner does not warrant termination of the agreement;

(5) upon transfer of right and interest in the land subject to the agreement during the agreement period, to forfeit all rights to further payments or grants under the agreement and refund to the state all payments or grants received thereunder during the year of the transfer unless the transferee of any such land agrees with the commissioner to assume all obligations of the agreement;

(6) not to adopt any practice specified by the commissioner in the agreement easement as a practice which would tend to defeat the purposes of the agreement easement; and

(7) (6) to additional provisions which the commissioner determines are desirable and includes in the agreement easement to

effectuate the purposes of the program or to facilitate its administration.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 105.392, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. In return for the agreement easement of the owner, the commissioner shall (1) make an annual payment to the owner for the period of the agreement at the rate as the commissioner determines to be fair and reasonable in consideration of the obligations undertaken by the owner; and (2) must provide advice on conservation and development practices on the wetlands and adjacent areas for the purposes of this section as the commissioner determines to be appropriate. In making the determination, the commissioner shall consider, among other things, the rate of compensation necessary to encourage owners of wetlands to participate in the waterbank program. The commissioner must make the following payments to the landowner for the easement: (1) for a permanent easement, 50 percent of the average equalized estimated market value of cropland in the township as established by the commissioner of revenue for the time period when the application is made; (2) for an easement of limited duration, a lump sum payment equal to the present value of the annual payments for the term of the easement based on 50 percent of the mean adjusted cash rental for cropland in the county as established by the commissioner of revenue for the time period when the application is made.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 105.392, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Any agreement A limited-term easement may be converted to a permanent easement or renewed or extended at the end of the agreement easement period for an additional period of ten 20 years by mutual agreement of the commissioner and the owner, subject to any rate redetermination by the commissioner. If during the agreement easement period the owner sells or otherwise disposes of the ownership or right of occupancy of the land, the new owner may must continue such agreement the easement under the same terms or conditions, or enter into a new agreement in accordance with the provisions of this section, including the provisions for renewal and adjustment of payment rates, or may choose not to participate in the program, except any water designated as wetlands shall not be drained.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 105.392, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. The commissioner may terminate any agreement easement by mutual agreement with the owner if the commissioner determines that the termination would be in the public interest, and may agree to any modification of agreements the commissioner may

determine to be desirable to carry out the purposes of the program or facilitate its administration.

Sec. 27. [APPROPRIATION.]

Subdivision 1. [COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE.] \$1,800,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of agriculture for technical services and implementation of the conservation reserve program, to be available until June 30, 1989. \$1,500,000 of this appropriation must be distributed to soil and water conservation districts. The approved complement of the department of agriculture is increased by three positions in the classified service.

Subd. 2. [COMMISSIONER OF NATURAL RESOURCES.] \$1,200,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of natural resources to implement components of the comprehensive fish and wildlife plan under Minnesota Statutes, section 84.942. \$480,000 of this appropriation is to assist both public and private landowners to improve wildlife habitat. The approved complement of the department of natural resources is increased by eight positions in the classified service."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to natural resources; conservation reserve program; definitions, eligibility for inclusion, applications, agreements, payments, and other terms and conditions; establishing a native prairie bank program; appropriating funds; amending and changing requirements for the waterbank programs; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 40.41; 40.42, subdivision 5, and by adding subdivisions; 40.43, subdivisions 2, 3, 5, 6, and 7; 40.44, subdivisions 2 and 3; 40.45; 84.943, subdivisions 1, 3, and 5; 84.944, subdivision 1; 84.95, subdivision 2 and by adding a subdivision; 105.391, subdivision 3; and 105.392, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 84."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: STEVEN G. NOVAK, GERALD L. WILLET AND GENE MERRIAM.

House Conferees: WILLARD MUNGER, JOHN T. ROSE AND EDGAR L. OLSON.

Munger moved that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 841 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 841, A bill for an act relating to natural resources; amending requirements for eligibility, applications, agreements, payments, and other terms and conditions of the conservation reserve program; changing requirements to drain privately owned inventoried wetlands and public waters; amending and changing requirements for the waterbank program; changing requirements for persons selling land under a waterbank agreement; establishing a native prairie bank program; providing for prairie management applications, agreements, payments, and other terms and conditions; appropriating funds; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 40.41; 40.42, subdivision 5, and by adding subdivisions; 40.43, subdivisions 2, 5, 6, and 7; 40.44, subdivision 2; 84.943, subdivisions 1, 3, and 5; 84.944, subdivision 1; 84.95, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; 105.391, subdivision 3; 105.392, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 84.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 132 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Lieder	Otis	Skoglund
Anderson, R.	Gutknecht	Long	Ozment	Solberg
Battaglia	Hartle	Marsh	Pappas	Sparby
Bauerly	Haukoos	McDonald	Pauly	Stanius
Beard	Heap	McEachern	Pelowski	Steensma
Begich	Himle	McKasy	Peterson	Sviggum
Bennett	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Swenson
Bertram	Jacobs	McPherson	Price	Thiede
Bishop	Jaros	Milbert	Quinn	Tjornhom
Blatz	Jefferson	Miller	Quist	Tompkins
Brown	Jennings	Minne	Redalen	Trimble
Burger	Jensen	Morrison	Reding	Tunheim
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Rest	Uphus
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rice	Valento
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Riveness	Vanasek
Clark	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Rose	Voss
Cooper	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dauner	Kelso	O'Connor	Sarna	Waltman
DeBlicck	Kinkel	Ogren	Schafer	Welle
Dempsey	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Scheid	Wenzel
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Dorn	Knuth	Olson, K.	Schreiber	Wynia
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Omman	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Frederick	Krueger	Onnen	Segal	
Frerichs	Larsen	Orenstein	Shaver	
Greenfield	Lasley	Osthoff	Simoneau	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

S. F. No. 1203.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S. F. NO. 1203

A bill for an act relating to state government; reorganizing the department of agriculture, the department of energy and economic development, and the department of public service, and providing for the powers and duties of the three departments; changing the name of the department of energy and economic development to the department of trade and economic development; designating the department of jobs and training as the administrative agency for certain juvenile justice and delinquency prevention purposes; providing grants for youth intervention programs; changing the membership of the world trade center board; establishing the world trade center institute; authorizing the board to contract for certain services and programs; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 17.03, by adding a subdivision; 17.101, subdivision 1; 18.023, subdivision 11; 18.024, subdivision 1; 43A.08, subdivision 1; 44A.01; 44A.031; 104.35, subdivisions 2 and 3; 115A.12, subdivision 2; 116C.03, subdivision 2; 116J.01; 116J.03; 116J.58, subdivision 2; 116J.60; and 116J.63, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 44A; 116J; 236A; and 268; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 216C; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 4.09; 17.03, subdivision 5; 44A.03; 44A.04; 44A.05; 44A.07; 116J.404; and 116J.405.

May 18, 1987

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S. F. No. 1203, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:



That the House recede from its amendment and that S. F. No. 1203 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

## “ARTICLE 1

### ENERGY

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 18.023, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. [REPORT TO THE LEGISLATURE.] On or before January 31 of each year, the commissioner shall report to the legislature on the preceding year's approved disease control programs and any experimental programs conducted pursuant to subdivision 10a. The commissioner, with the assistance of the commissioner of energy trade and economic development and the director of public service, shall investigate and evaluate the potential uses of wood infected with shade tree disease, including the uses as an alternative energy source and as a component in the construction or manufacture of new products.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 18.024, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. The department of agriculture, in cooperation with the commissioner of energy trade and economic development, the director of public service, and the Minnesota shade tree advisory committee, shall draft recommendations for wood utilization or disposal systems as defined in section 18.023. These recommendations shall encourage maximum utilization of diseased shade trees. In addition to insuring maximum utilization, the recommendations shall must be designed to insure public safety and to assure compliance with approved disease control programs.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 104.35, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. The commissioner shall make the proposed management plan available to affected local governmental bodies, shoreland owners, conservation and outdoor recreation groups, the commissioner of energy trade and economic development, the director of public service, the governor, and the general public. The commissioner of energy trade and economic development, the director of public service, and the governor shall review the proposed management plan pursuant to in accordance with the criteria specified in section 86A.09, subdivision 3, and submit any written comments to the commissioner within 60 days after receipt of the proposed

management plan. Not less than 60 days after making such information available, the commissioner shall conduct a public hearing on the proposed management plan in the county seat of each county ~~which~~ that contains a portion of the designated area, in the manner provided in chapter 14.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 104.35, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Upon receipt of the administrative law judge's report, the commissioner shall immediately forward the proposed management plan and the administrative law judge's report to the commissioner of energy trade and economic development and the director of public service for review pursuant to under section 86A.09, subdivision 3, except that the review by the commissioner of energy trade and economic development shall and the director of public service must be completed or be deemed completed within 30 days after receiving the administrative law judge's report, and the review by the governor ~~shall~~ must be completed or be deemed completed within 15 days after receipt. Within 60 days after receipt of the administrative law judge's report, the commissioner shall decide whether to designate by order the river or a segment thereof of the river as a wild, scenic, or recreational river and, if so designated, shall adopt a management plan to govern the area. The commissioner shall notify and inform public agencies and private landowners of the plan and its purposes so as to encourage their cooperation in the management and use of their land in a manner consistent with the plan and its purposes.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 115A.12, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [TECHNICAL ADVISORY COUNCIL.] The chair of the board shall establish an interagency technical advisory council to advise the board and the chair on matters the board, through its chair, deems necessary. The members of the council ~~shall be~~ are the commissioner of health; the commissioner of agriculture; the commissioner of natural resources; the director of the pollution control agency; the commissioner of energy trade and economic development; the director of public service; other heads of agency the chair of the board deems necessary; or their designees. The council shall meet at the call of the chair of the board, who shall serve as chair of the council. The members, collectively and individually shall advise the board and the chair on matters within their various areas of expertise and shall provide technical assistance and information as requested by the board through its chair.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116C.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. The board shall include as members of the board are the director of the state planning agency, the director of public service, the director of the pollution control agency, the commissioner of natural resources, the commissioner of agriculture, the commissioner of health, the commissioner of transportation, and a representative of the governor's office designated by the governor. The governor shall appoint five members from the general public to the board, subject to the advice and consent of the senate. At least two of the five public members shall must have knowledge of and be conversant in water management issues in the state.

Sec. 7. [216C.01] [DEFINITIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [APPLICABILITY.] The definitions in this section apply to section 8 and those sections renumbered by section 10.

Subd. 2. [DIRECTOR.] "Director" means the director of the department of public service.

Subd. 3. [DEPARTMENT.] "Department" means the department of public service.

Sec. 8. [216C.02] [POWERS AND DUTIES OF DIRECTOR; RULES.]

Subdivision 1. [POWERS.] The director may:

(1) apply for, receive, and spend money received from federal, municipal, county, regional, and other government agencies and private sources;

(2) apply for, accept, and disburse grants and other aids from public and private sources;

(3) contract for professional services if work or services required or authorized to be carried out by the director cannot be satisfactorily performed by employees of the department or by another state agency;

(4) enter into interstate compacts to carry out research and planning jointly with other states or the federal government when appropriate;

(5) upon reasonable request, distribute informational material at no cost to the public; and

(6) enter into contracts for the performance of the director's duties with federal, state, regional, metropolitan, local, and other agencies or units of government and educational institutions, including the

University of Minnesota, without regard to the competitive bidding requirements of chapters 16A and 16B.

Subd. 2. [APPROPRIATION.] Money received by the director under this section must be deposited in the state treasury and is appropriated to the director for the purpose for which the money has been received. The money appropriated by this subdivision does not cancel and is available until expended. This appropriation does not apply to money resulting from litigation or settlements of alleged violations of federal petroleum pricing regulations.

Subd. 3. [RULES.] The director may adopt rules under chapter 14 to carry out the director's duties and responsibilities under this section and those sections renumbered by section 10.

Sec. 9. [FUNCTIONS TRANSFERRED; ENERGY DIVISION ESTABLISHED.]

The functions of the department of energy and economic development energy division are transferred from that division to the public service department and are placed under the jurisdiction and control of the director of public service. The energy division is established within the department of public service. The division shall administer the duties and functions assigned to it by law.

Sec. 10. [INSTRUCTION TO REVISOR.]

Subdivision 1. The revisor of statutes shall renumber the section of Minnesota Statutes specified in column A with the corresponding number in column B. The revisor shall make necessary cross-reference changes consistent with the renumbering.

In the statutes listed below, the revisor of statutes shall also change all references to "commissioner" or "commissioner of the department of energy and economic development" in the statutes specified in column A to "director" and all references to "department of energy and economic development" to "department."

<u>Column A</u>	<u>Column B</u>
<u>116J.04</u>	<u>216C.04</u>
<u>116J.05</u>	<u>216C.05</u>
<u>116J.06</u>	<u>216C.06</u>
<u>116J.07</u>	<u>216C.07</u>
<u>116J.08</u>	<u>216C.08</u>
<u>116J.09</u>	<u>216C.09</u>
<u>116J.10</u>	<u>216C.10</u>
<u>116J.11</u>	<u>216C.11</u>
<u>116J.12</u>	<u>216C.12</u>
<u>116J.13</u>	<u>216C.13</u>
<u>116J.14</u>	<u>216C.14</u>

<u>116J.15</u>	<u>216C.15</u>
<u>116J.16</u>	<u>216C.16</u>
<u>116J.17</u>	<u>216C.17</u>
<u>116J.18</u>	<u>216C.18</u>
<u>116J.19</u>	<u>216C.19</u>
<u>116J.20</u>	<u>216C.20</u>
<u>116J.21</u>	<u>216C.21</u>
<u>116J.22</u>	<u>216C.22</u>
<u>116J.23</u>	<u>216C.23</u>
<u>116J.24</u>	<u>216C.24</u>
<u>116J.25</u>	<u>216C.25</u>
<u>116J.26</u>	<u>216C.26</u>
<u>116J.261</u>	<u>216C.261</u>
<u>116J.262</u>	<u>216C.262</u>
<u>116J.27</u>	<u>216C.27</u>
<u>116J.29</u>	<u>216C.29</u>
<u>116J.30</u>	<u>216C.30</u>
<u>116J.31</u>	<u>216C.31</u>
<u>116J.315</u>	<u>216C.315</u>
<u>116J.32</u>	<u>216C.32</u>
<u>116J.33</u>	<u>216C.33</u>
<u>116J.34</u>	<u>216C.34</u>
<u>116J.35</u>	<u>216C.35</u>
<u>116J.373</u>	<u>216C.373</u>
<u>116J.38</u>	<u>216C.38</u>
<u>116J.381</u>	<u>216C.381</u>

Subd. 2. The revisor of statutes shall change all references to the "commissioner of energy and economic development" or the "commissioner" (meaning the commissioner of energy and economic development) to the "director of public service" or the "director" in the statutes listed below:

13.68

325F.19

325F.20

325F.21

325F.22

325F.23

325F.24

16B.56, subd. 1

115A.15

126.111

174.03, subd. 7

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 17.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. [COOPERATION WITH MINNESOTA TRADE DIVISION.] The commissioner of agriculture, the commissioner of trade and economic development, and the director of the Minnesota trade division shall cooperate with each other to promote the beneficial agricultural interests of the state. The commissioner of trade and economic development and the director of the Minnesota trade division have primary responsibility for promoting state agricultural interests to international markets. The commissioner of trade and economic development and the director of the Minnesota trade division are also responsible for the promotion of national trade programs related to international marketing. The commissioner of agriculture has primary responsibility for promoting the agriculture interests of producers, promoting state agricultural markets, and promoting agricultural interests of the state in cooperative production and marketing efforts with other states and the United States Department of Agriculture. The commissioner of agriculture is also responsible for promoting the national marketing of state agricultural products.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 17.101, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DEPARTMENTAL DUTIES.] For the purposes of expanding, improving, and developing the markets for products of Minnesota agriculture, the commissioner shall encourage and promote the marketing of these products by means of:

- (a) advertising Minnesota agricultural products;
- (b) assisting state agricultural commodity organizations;
- (c) developing methods to increase processing and marketing of agricultural commodities including commodities not being produced in Minnesota on a commercial scale, but which may have economic potential in national and international markets;
- (d) investigating and identifying new marketing technology and methods to enhance the competitive position of Minnesota agricultural products;
- (e) evaluating livestock marketing opportunities;

(f) assessing and developing national and international markets for Minnesota agricultural products;

(g) studying the conversion of raw agricultural products to manufactured products including ethanol;

(h) hosting the visits of foreign trade teams to Minnesota and defraying the teams' expenses;

(i) assisting Minnesota agricultural businesses desiring to sell their products in national and international markets; and

(j) other activities the commissioner deems appropriate to promote Minnesota agricultural products in national and international markets, provided that the activities do not duplicate programs or services provided by the Minnesota trade division or the Minnesota world trade center corporation.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 43A.08, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [UNCLASSIFIED POSITIONS.] Unclassified positions are held by employees who are:

(a) Chosen by election or appointed to fill an elective office;

(b) Heads of agencies required by law to be appointed by the governor or other elective officers, and the executive or administrative heads of departments, bureaus, divisions and institutions specifically established by law in the unclassified service;

(c) Deputy and assistant agency heads, and one confidential secretary in the agencies listed in subdivision 1a;

(d) The confidential secretary to each of the elective officers of this state and, for the secretary of state, state auditor, and state treasurer, an additional deputy, clerk, or employee;

(e) Intermittent help employed by the commissioner of public safety to assist in the issuance of vehicle licenses;

(f) Employees in the offices of the governor and of the lieutenant governor, and one confidential employee for the governor in the office of the adjutant general;

(g) Employees of the Washington, D.C., office of the state of Minnesota;

(h) Employees of the legislature and of legislative committees or commissions; provided that employees of the legislative audit com-

mission, except for the legislative auditor, the deputy legislative auditors, and their confidential secretaries, shall be employees in the classified service;

~~(h)~~ (i) Presidents, vice presidents, deans, other managers and professionals in academic and academic support programs, administrative or service faculty, teachers, research assistants and student employees eligible under terms of the federal economic opportunity act work study program in the state universities and community colleges. ~~This paragraph shall, but not be construed to include the~~ custodial, clerical, or maintenance employees, or any professional or managerial employee performing duties in connection with the business administration of these institutions.

~~(i)~~ (j) Officers and enlisted persons in the national guard;

~~(j)~~ (k) Attorneys, legal assistants, examiners, and three confidential employees appointed by the attorney general or employed with the attorney general's authorization;

~~(k)~~ (l) Judges and all employees of the judicial branch, referees, receivers, jurors, and notaries public, except referees and adjusters employed by the department of labor and industry;

~~(l)~~ (m) Members of the state patrol; provided that selection and appointment of state patrol troopers shall be made in accordance with applicable laws governing the classified service;

~~(m)~~ (n) Chaplains employed by the state;

~~(n)~~ (o) Examination monitors and intermittent training instructors employed by the departments of employee relations and commerce;

~~(o)~~ (p) Student workers; and

~~(p)~~ (q) Employees unclassified pursuant to other statutory authority.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116J.01, is amended to read:

116J.01 [DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY TRADE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.]

Subdivision 1. [APPOINTMENT.] The department of energy trade and economic development ~~shall be~~ is supervised and controlled by the commissioner of energy trade and economic development, who ~~shall be~~ is appointed by the governor and ~~serve~~ serves under the provisions of section 15.06.



Subd. 2. [CONFIDENTIAL SECRETARY.] The commissioner may appoint a confidential secretary in the unclassified service.

Subd. 3. [DEPARTMENTAL ORGANIZATION.] The commissioner shall organize the department as provided in section 15.06. The department shall ~~must~~ be organized into ~~four~~ three divisions, ~~which shall be designated as the energy business promotion and marketing division, the community development division, the economic development division, and the financial management division; and the Minnesota trade division, and two offices, the office of tourism and the policy analysis office.~~ Each division and office is responsible for administering shall administer the duties and functions assigned to it by law. When the duties of the divisions or office are not allocated by law, the commissioner may establish and revise the assignments of each division and office. Each division shall be is under the direction of a deputy commissioner in the unclassified service. The deputy commissioner of the Minnesota trade division must be experienced and knowledgeable in matters of international trade.

~~The Each office of tourism is under the direction of a director of tourism in the unclassified service. The governor shall appoint the director of tourism.~~

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116J.03, is amended to read:

#### 116J.03 [DEFINITIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [SCOPE.] As used in chapter 116J, the terms defined in this section have the meaning given them.

Subd. 2. [COMMISSIONER.] "Commissioner" means the commissioner of energy trade and economic development.

Subd. 3. [DEPARTMENT.] "Department" means the department of energy trade and economic development.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116J.58, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [PROMOTIONAL CONTRACTS.] In order to best carry out duties and responsibilities and to serve the people of the state in the promotion of tourism, trade, and economic development, the commissioner may engage in programs and projects jointly with a private person, firm, corporation or association and may enter into contracts under terms to be mutually agreed upon to carry out such programs and projects not including acquisition of land or buildings. Such Contracts may be negotiated and shall are not be subject to the provisions of chapter 16, insofar as such provisions relate 16B relating to competitive bidding.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116J.60, is amended to read:

116J.60 [PROMOTIONAL EXPENSES.]

In the promotion of tourism, trade, and economic development of the state, the commissioner of energy trade and economic development may expend money appropriated by the legislature for these purposes in the same manner as private persons, firms, corporations, and associations make expenditures for these purposes. An expenditure for food, lodging, or travel is not governed by the travel rules of the commissioner of employee relations. No money shall be expended for the appearance in radio or television broadcasts by an elected public official.

Sec. 18. [116J.613] [WASHINGTON OFFICE.]

The commissioner may appoint employees in the Washington, D.C., office of the state of Minnesota in accordance with chapter 43A, and prescribe their duties.

In the operation of the Washington, D.C., office of the state of Minnesota, the commissioner may expend money appropriated by the legislature for promotional purposes in the same manner as private persons, firms, corporations, and associations expend money for promotional purposes. Promotional expenditures for food, lodging, or travel are not governed by the travel rules of the commissioner of employee relations.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116J.63, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. The commissioner shall recommend a schedule of fees pursuant to section 16A.128 to be charged for these materials and for services rendered by the department in furnishing them. Fees for reports, publications, or related publicity or promotional material are not subject to the rulemaking requirements of chapter 14 and are not subject to sections 16A.128 and 16A.1281. The fees prescribed by the commissioner shall must be commensurate with the distribution objective of the department for the material produced or with the cost of furnishing the services. All fees for materials and services shall must be deposited in the general fund.

Sec. 20. [116J.966] [COMMISSIONER'S TRADE PROMOTION DUTIES.]

Subdivision 1. [GENERALLY.] (a) The commissioner shall promote, develop, and facilitate trade and foreign investment in Minnesota. In furtherance of these goals, and in addition to the powers granted by section 116J.035, the commissioner may:

(1) locate, develop, and promote international markets for Minnesota products and services;

(2) arrange and lead trade missions to countries with promising international markets for Minnesota goods, technology, services, and agricultural products;

(3) promote Minnesota products and services at domestic and international trade shows;

(4) organize, promote, and present domestic and international trade shows featuring Minnesota products and services;

(5) host trade delegations and assist foreign traders in contacting appropriate Minnesota businesses and investments;

(6) develop contacts with Minnesota businesses and gather and provide information to assist them in locating and communicating with international trading or joint venture counterparts;

(7) provide information, education, and counseling services to Minnesota businesses regarding the economic, commercial, legal, and cultural contexts of international trade;

(8) provide Minnesota businesses with international trade leads and information about the availability and sources of services relating to international trade, such as export financing, licensing, freight forwarding, international advertising, translation, and custom brokering;

(9) locate, attract, and promote foreign investment and business development in Minnesota to enhance employment opportunities in Minnesota;

(10) provide foreign businesses and investors desiring to locate facilities in Minnesota information regarding sources of governmental, legal, real estate, financial, and business services;

(11) undertake activities to support the world trade center; and

(12) enter into contracts or other agreements with private persons and public entities to carry out the purposes of promoting international trade and attracting investment from foreign countries to Minnesota and to carry out this section, without regard to sections 16B.07 and 16B.09.

(b) The programs and activities of the commissioner of trade and economic development and the Minnesota trade division may not duplicate programs and activities of the commissioner of agriculture or the Minnesota world trade center corporation.

Subd. 2. [AGRICULTURAL PROMOTION.] The commissioner of agriculture, the commissioner of trade and economic development, and the director of the Minnesota trade division shall cooperate with each other to promote the beneficial agricultural interests of the state. The commissioner of trade and economic development and the director of the Minnesota trade division have primary responsibility for promoting state agricultural interests to international markets. The commissioner of trade and economic development and the director of the Minnesota trade division are also responsible for the promotion of national trade programs related to international marketing. The commissioner of agriculture has primary responsibility for promoting the agriculture interests of producers, promoting state agricultural markets, and promoting agricultural interests of the state in cooperative production and marketing efforts with other states and the United States Department of Agriculture. The commissioner of agriculture is also responsible for promoting the national marketing of state agricultural products.

Sec. 21. [236A.02] [ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT.]

The commissioner of agriculture in consultation with the director of the Minnesota trade division shall provide administrative staff and support to the Interstate Agricultural Grain Marketing Commission members from this state.

## JUVENILE JUSTICE AND YOUTH INTERVENTION

Sec. 22. [268.29] [JUVENILE JUSTICE PROGRAM.]

The governor shall designate the department of jobs and training as the sole agency responsible for supervising the preparation and administration of the state plan for juvenile justice required by the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974, as amended.

The governor shall designate the juvenile justice advisory committee as the supervisory board for the department of jobs and training with respect to preparation and administration of the state plan and award of grants.

The governor shall appoint members to the juvenile justice advisory committee in accordance with the membership requirements of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974, as amended.

Sec. 23. [268.30] [GRANTS-IN-AID TO YOUTH INTERVENTION PROGRAMS.]

Subdivision 1. [GRANTS.] The commissioner may make grants to nonprofit agencies administering youth intervention programs in communities where the programs are or may be established.

"Youth intervention program" means a nonresidential community-based program providing advocacy, education, counseling, and referral services to youth and their families experiencing personal, familial, school, legal, or chemical problems with the goal of resolving the present problems and preventing the occurrence of the problems in the future.

Subd. 2. [APPLICATIONS.] Applications for a grant-in-aid shall be made by the administering agency to the commissioner. The grant-in-aid is contingent upon the agency having obtained from the community in which the youth intervention program is established local matching money two times the amount of the grant that is sought.

The commissioner shall provide by rule the application form, procedures for making application form, criteria for review of the application, and kinds of contributions in addition to cash that qualify as local matching money. No grant to any agency shall exceed \$25,000.

#### Sec. 24. [REORGANIZATION.]

The divisions and offices established within the department of trade and economic development by section 14 include the following divisions and offices in existence within and without the department before the effective date of this article:

- (1) the business promotion and marketing division;
- (2) the community development division includes the community development division and the financial management division;
- (3) the office of tourism includes the office of tourism;
- (4) the Minnesota trade division includes the Minnesota trade office in the department of agriculture relating to international trade, but does not include the functions and positions of the office relating solely to domestic agricultural promotion; and
- (5) the policy analysis office includes the division of policy analysis.

#### Sec. 25. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 4.09; 17.03, subdivision 5; 116J.404; and 116J.405 are repealed.

## Sec. 26. [INSTRUCTION TO REVISOR.]

Subdivision 1. The revisor of statutes shall renumber each section of Minnesota Statutes in column A with the corresponding number in column B. The revisor shall also make necessary cross-reference changes consistent with the renumbering and change the words "commissioner of agriculture" or similar words to "commissioner of the department of trade and economic development" or similar words.

Column A  
17.103  
17.104  
17.105

Column B  
116J.970  
116J.971  
116J.972

Subd. 2. The revisor of statutes shall, except in those sections listed in section 10, change all references to the commissioner or the department of energy and economic development to the commissioner or department of trade and economic development, as appropriate, whenever those words appear in Minnesota Statutes.

## Sec. 27. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

This article is effective the day following final enactment.

## ARTICLE 2

## WORLD TRADE CENTER

## Section 1. [44A.001] [DEFINITIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [APPLICABILITY.] For purposes of this chapter, the following terms have the meaning given them in this section.

Subd. 2. [BOARD.] "Board" means the governing board of the Minnesota world trade center corporation.

Subd. 3. [CONFERENCE AND SERVICE CENTER.] "Conference and service center" means the approximately 20,000 square feet of space on the third and fourth floors of the Minnesota world trade center that the state of Minnesota has the right to possess, occupy, and use subject to the terms and conditions of the development agreement.

Subd. 4. [CORPORATION.] "Corporation" means the Minnesota world trade center corporation established by section 44A.01.

Subd. 5. [DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT.] "Development agreement" means the agreement entered into by and between the world trade center board, as agent of the state of Minnesota, and Oxford Development Minnesota, Inc., dated July 27, 1984, and the amendments to that agreement, for development and construction of a world trade center at a designated site in Minnesota.

Subd. 6. [MINNESOTA WORLD TRADE CENTER.] "Minnesota world trade center" means the facility constructed in accordance with the development agreement.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 44A.01, is amended to read:

44A.01 [WORLD TRADE CENTER BOARD CORPORATION.]

Subdivision 1. [MEMBERSHIP ESTABLISHMENT.] (a) A world trade center board is created to facilitate and support Minnesota world trade center programs and services and promote the growth of international trade in Minnesota. The world trade center board consists of nine voting members and four legislators serving as nonvoting members. Three members are representatives of the membership of the Minnesota world trade center, one member is a representative of the international business community, and one member is a representative of the agricultural community.

(b) The initial voting members are appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the senate. The terms of five of the initial voting members shall expire the first Monday in January 1987. The terms of the remaining four initial voting members shall expire the first Monday in January 1989. A vacancy is filled in the same manner as the appointment. The Minnesota world trade center corporation is a public corporation established to facilitate and support Minnesota world trade center programs and services and to promote the Minnesota world trade center. The corporation is a state agency, but is not subject to chapters 14, 16A, 16B, 43A, and 179A.

Subd. 2. [BOARD MEMBERSHIP.] (a) The corporation is governed by a board of directors consisting of:

(1) six members, representing the international business community, elected to six-year terms by the association of members established under section 4, subdivision 2, clause (5);

(2) three members appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the senate, to six-year terms; and

(3) six legislators appointed under paragraph (b).

Members appointed by the governor must be knowledgeable or experienced in international trade in products or services.

(e) (b) Legislator members are two three members of the senate appointed under the rules of the senate and two three members of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker. One member from each house must be appointed from the minority party of that house. Except for the initial members, who are to be appointed following enactment, they are appointed at the beginning of each regular session of the legislature for two-year terms. A legislator who remains a member of the body from which the legislator was appointed may serve until a successor is appointed and qualifies. A vacancy in a legislator member's term is filled for the unexpired portion of the term in the same manner as the original appointment.

Subd. 2. 3. [TERMS; COMPENSATION; REMOVAL.] Except as provided in this section, terms, compensation, and removal of members who are not legislators are as provided in section 15.059.

Subd. 3. 4. [ORGANIZATION.] The chair of the world trade center board is selected by the board members. The board shall elect a chair and an executive committee from its members.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 44A.02, is amended to read:

#### 44A.02 [PRESIDENT.]

Subdivision 1. [SELECTION.] The president of the world trade center board corporation is selected by a majority of the board and serves at the pleasure of the board. The president must be familiar with the international business community, and have demonstrated proficiency in communication skills, administration, and management. The salary of the president is set by the board within the limit set by sections, but may not exceed the salary set for the commissioner of finance under section 15A.081, subdivision 1, and 43A.17.

Subd. 2. [DUTIES.] The president is the chief administrative officer of the board corporation and is responsible for performing the executive duties of the board corporation. The president is not a member of the board.

Subd. 3. [EMPLOYEES.] The president may appoint unclassified employees in accordance with chapter 43A and prescribe their duties. Employees and officers of the corporation are not state employees, but at the option of the board may participate in the following plans for employees in the unclassified service: the state retirement plan, the state deferred compensation plan, and the health insurance and life insurance plans. The president may delegate to a subordinate the exercise of specified statutory powers



or duties as the president deems advisable, subject to the control of the president.

Sec. 4. [44A.023] [POWERS.]

Subdivision 1. [LEGAL ACTION.] The corporation may sue and be sued in the manner and subject to the limitations of other state agencies.

Subd. 2. [OTHER POWERS.] The board may:

(1) define, formulate, administer, and deliver programs and services through the world trade center;

(2) establish satellite operations of the Minnesota world trade center within the continental United States;

(3) accept gifts and grants from other sources;

(4) set and collect fees for services and programs;

(5) adopt membership requirements for an association of members of the Minnesota world trade center;

(6) participate jointly with private persons, firms, corporations, or organizations or with public entities in appropriate programs or projects and enter into contracts to spend money to carry out those programs or projects;

(7) have a seal and alter it at will;

(8) acquire and dispose of personal property, including inchoate and intellectual property, royalties, stock, and stock warrants;

(9) enter into contracts or agreements with a federal or state agency, individual, business entity, or other organization;

(10) acquire and dispose of real property or an interest in real property;

(11) purchase insurance;

(12) spend money appropriated to it for its purposes, including expenditures for the food, lodging, and travel of consultants and speakers hired by the board, and for publications, advertising, and promotional activities; and

(13) hold and maintain membership for the Minnesota world trade center in the world trade centers association.

## Sec. 5. [44A.025] [DUTIES.]

The board shall:

- (1) promote and market the Minnesota world trade center;
- (2) sponsor conferences or other promotional events in the conference and service center;
- (3) adopt bylaws governing operation of the corporation by November 1, 1987;
- (4) establish a Minnesota world trade center club program in accordance with the development agreement;
- (5) conduct public relations and liaison activities between the corporation and the international business community;
- (6) establish and maintain an office in the Minnesota world trade center; and
- (7) not duplicate programs or services provided by the commissioner of trade and economic development, the Minnesota trade division, or the commissioner of agriculture.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 44A.031, is amended to read:

## 44A.031 [PROMOTIONAL EXPENSES.]

The world trade center board may expend money in the world trade center fund, and any other money appropriated by the legislature, for the purpose of promotion of world trade in Minnesota to carry out sections 4 and 5. Promotional expenses include, but are not limited to, expenses for the food, lodging and travel of consultants and speakers, and employees hired by the board, and publications and other forms of advertising. Promotional expenditures may be made in the same manner as expenditures made by private persons, firms, corporations, or associations for similar purposes, and are not subject to regulation by the commissioner of employee relations.

## Sec. 7. [44A.0311] [WORLD TRADE CENTER CORPORATION FUND.]

The world trade center corporation fund is an account in the state treasury. All money received by the corporation, including money generated from the use of the conference and service center, except money generated from the use of the center by the Minnesota trade division, must be deposited in the fund. Money in the fund including

interest earned is appropriated to the board and must be used exclusively for corporation purposes.

Sec. 8. [44A.11] [USE OF CONFERENCE AND SERVICE CENTER.]

The board shall operate or provide for the operation of the conference and service center. Priority use of the conference and service center must be given to programs and activities related to international trade. The board may permit use of the center for public benefits and other revenue raising purposes only after all requests for use of the center for international business have been accommodated.

Sec. 9. [TRANSITION.]

(a) The nine voting members of the Minnesota world trade center board on the effective date of this section shall serve as the first nonlegislative members of the first Minnesota world trade center corporation board of directors. The governor shall designate three of the nine as the governor's appointees and shall designate one of those members to serve a term of two years, one a term of four years, and one a term of six years. At the conclusion of the terms of the three members designated by the governor as the governor's appointees, their successors must be appointed under section 2, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (2). Of the remaining six members of the first world trade center corporation board, two shall serve terms of two years, two shall serve terms of four years, and two shall serve terms of six years. The determination of members who serve these terms must be made by the governor. On expiration of these six members' terms, successors must be elected under section 2, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (1). If the association fails to elect successors within 90 days of the expiration of a term, the governor shall fill that term by appointment.

Sec. 10. [MEMBERSHIP AGREEMENT.]

The Minnesota world trade center corporation shall request the executive board of the world trade centers association to transfer the membership of the Minnesota world trade center board in the world trade centers association to the corporation.

Sec. 11. [TRANSFERS; APPROPRIATIONS; COMPLEMENT.]

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] The definitions in section 1 apply to this section.

Subd. 2. [TRANSFER.] All of the state of Minnesota's rights and obligations under the development agreement and all existing contracts related to the approximately 20,000 square feet to which

the world trade center board is a party or beneficiary is transferred to the corporation. All other property of the world trade center board, including any unexpended balance of the world trade center board 1987 appropriation and matching funds, is transferred and appropriated to the corporation.

Subd. 3. [OPERATING EXPENSES APPROPRIATION.] \$135,000 the first year and \$180,000 the second year is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of administration to pay the operating expenses of the Minnesota world trade center conference and service center as required by the development agreement, to be available until June 30, 1989. If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

Subd. 4. [APPROPRIATIONS AND COMPLEMENT.] The approved complement of the Minnesota trade division of the department of trade and economic development is increased by four positions. The commissioner of trade and economic development shall fund these positions with money appropriated to the department of trade and economic development by other law.

Sec. 12. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 44A.03; 44A.04; 44A.05; and 44A.07, are repealed.

Sec. 13. [TOURISM APPOINTMENT.]

Notwithstanding section 14 of article 1, the governor shall appoint the director of tourism until January 1, 1989.

Sec. 14. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1 to 12 are effective July 1, 1987."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to state government; reorganizing the department of agriculture, the department of energy and economic development, and the department of public service, and providing for the powers and duties of the three departments; changing the name of the department of energy and economic development to the department of trade and economic development; designating the department of jobs and training as the administrative agency for certain juvenile justice and delinquency prevention purposes; providing grants for youth intervention programs; creating the Minnesota world trade center corporation and providing for its powers and duties; changing the membership of the world trade center board; authorizing the board to contract for certain services and programs;

establishing the conference and service facility fund; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 17.03, by adding a subdivision; 17.101, subdivision 1; 18.023, subdivision 11; 18.024, subdivision 1; 43A.08, subdivision 1; 44A.01; 44A.02; 44A.031; 104.35, subdivisions 2 and 3; 115A.12, subdivision 2; 116C.03, subdivision 2; 116J.01; 116J.03; 116J.58, subdivision 2; 116J.60; and 116J.63, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 44A; 116J; 236A; and 268; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 216C; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 4.09; 17.03, subdivision 5; 44A.03; 44A.04; 44A.05; 44A.07; 116J.404; and 116J.405."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: WILLIAM P. LUTHER, CARL W. KROENING AND DONALD M. MOE.

House Conferees: GLEN H. ANDERSON, BERT MCKASY AND JAMES I. RICE.

Anderson, G., moved that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 1203 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1203, A bill for an act relating to state government; reorganizing the department of agriculture, the department of energy and economic development, and the department of public service, and providing for the powers and duties of the three departments; changing the name of the department of energy and economic development to the department of trade and economic development; designating the department of jobs and training as the administrative agency for certain juvenile justice and delinquency prevention purposes; providing grants for youth intervention programs; changing the membership of the world trade center board; establishing the world trade center institute; authorizing the board to contract for certain services and programs; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 17.03, by adding a subdivision; 17.101, subdivision 1; 18.023, subdivision 11; 18.024, subdivision 1; 43A.08, subdivision 1; 44A.01; 44A.031; 104.35, subdivisions 2 and 3; 115A.12, subdivision 2; 116C.03, subdivision 2; 116J.01; 116J.03; 116J.58, subdivision 2; 116J.60; and 116J.63, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 44A; 116J; 236A; and 268; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 216C; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 4.09; 17.03, subdivision 5; 44A.03; 44A.04; 44A.05; 44A.07; 116J.404; and 116J.405.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 129 yeas and 1 nay as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Frerichs	Larsen	Otis	Simoneau
Anderson, R.	Greenfield	Lasley	Ozment	Skoglund
Battaglia	Gruenes	Lieder	Pappas	Solberg
Bauerly	Gutknecht	Long	Pauly	Sparby
Beard	Hartle	Marsh	Pelowski	Stanius
Begich	Haukoos	McDonald	Peterson	Steenasma
Bennett	Heap	McEachern	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Bertram	Himle	McKasy	Price	Swenson
Bishop	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Quinn	Thiede
Blatz	Jacobs	McPherson	Quist	Tjornhom
Boo	Jaros	Miller	Redalen	Tompkins
Brown	Jefferson	Morrison	Reding	Trimble
Burger	Jennings	Munger	Rest	Tunheim
Carlson, D.	Jensen	Murphy	Rice	Uphus
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Valento
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vanasek
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Neuenschwander	Rose	Voss
Cooper	Kelly	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dauner	Kelso	Ogren	Sarna	Waltman
DeBlieck	Kinkel	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Welle
Dempsey	Kludt	Olson, E.	Schoenfeld	Wenzel
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olson, K.	Schreiber	Winter
Dorn	Knuth	Omann	Seaberg	Wynia
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Onnen	Segal	Spk. Norton
Frederick	Krueger	Orenstein	Shaver	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Osthoff

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 123, A bill for an act relating to probate; providing for an increased sum payable to a surviving spouse by affidavit; allowing nursing home care costs to be a claim of the same class as medical and hospital expenses; increasing the value of a probate estate allowed for purposes of collection by affidavit; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 181.58; 524.3-805; and 524.3-1201.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

## CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Bishop moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 123 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 123, A bill for an act relating to probate; providing for an increased sum payable to a surviving spouse by affidavit; allowing nursing home care costs to be a claim of the same class as medical and hospital expenses; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 181.58; and 524.3-805.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 134 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Lasley	Osthoff	Shaver
Anderson, R.	Gruenes	Lieder	Otis	Simoneau
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Long	Ozment	Skoglund
Bauerly	Hartle	Marsh	Pappas	Solberg
Beard	Haukoos	McDonald	Pauly	Sparby
Begich	Heap	McEachern	Pelowski	Stanius
Bennett	Himle	McKasy	Peterson	Steensma
Bertram	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Bishop	Jacobs	McPherson	Price	Swenson
Blatz	Jaros	Milbert	Quinn	Thiede
Boo	Jefferson	Miller	Quist	Tjornhom
Brown	Jennings	Minne	Redalen	Tompkins
Burger	Jensen	Morrison	Reding	Trimble
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Munger	Rest	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rice	Uphus
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Valento
Clark	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vanasek
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Cooper	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rose	Voss
Dauner	Kelso	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
DeBlieck	Kinkel	Ogren	Sarna	Waltman
Dempsey	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Welle
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Scheid	Wenzel
Dorn	Knuth	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Omann	Schreiber	Wynia
Frederick	Krueger	Onnen	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Frerichs	Larsen	Orenstein	Segal	

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 463, A bill for an act relating to retirement; various public retirement plans and funds; lowering vesting standards; changing certain teachers benefits; regulating Minneapolis police pensions; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 352.113, subdivision 1; 352.115, subdivision 1; 352.12, subdivision 2; 352.22, subdivision 3; 352.72, subdivision 1; 352.93, subdivision 1; 352B.08, subdivision 1; 352B.11, subdivision 2; 352B.30, subdivision 1; 353.29, subdivision 1; 353.30, subdivision 1c; 353.32, subdivision 1a; 353.33, subdivision 1; 353.34, subdivision 3; 353.651, subdivision 1; 353.657, subdivision 2a; 353.71, subdivision 1; 354.44, subdivision 1; 354.46, subdivision 2; 354.48, subdivision 1; 354.49, subdivision 3; 354.60; 354A.31, subdivisions 1, 5, and 6; 354A.35, subdivision 2; 354A.36, subdivision 1; 354A.39; 356.30, subdivision 1; Laws 1949, chapter 406, section 4, subdivisions 2 and 3, as amended; section 5, subdivisions 1, as amended, and 3, as amended; section 6, subdivision 1, as amended; and Laws 1980, chapter 607, article 15, section 9; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 423A.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Simoneau moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 463 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 463, A bill for an act relating to occupations and professions; providing for the licensure of private detectives and protective agents; providing definitions; providing board powers and duties; specifying application and administrative procedure; authorizing rulemaking; requiring payment of fees; providing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 326.32, subdivisions 1, 5, 11, and by adding subdivisions; 326.33, subdivisions 1 and 2; 326.336; 326.338, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; and 326.339; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 326; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 326.32, subdivisions 6 and 7; 326.33, subdivisions 3, 4, and 5; 326.331; 326.332; 326.333; 326.334; 326.337; and 326.338, subdivisions 2 and 3.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 130 yeas and 4 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:



Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Lasley	Osthoff	Segal
Anderson, R.	Gruenes	Lieder	Otis	Simoneau
Battaglia	Hartle	Long	Ozment	Skoglund
Bauerly	Haukoos	Marsh	Pappas	Solberg
Beard	Heap	McDonald	Pauly	Sparby
Begich	Himle	McEachern	Pelowski	Stanius
Bennett	Hugoson	McKasy	Peterson	Steensma
Bertram	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Bishop	Jaros	McPherson	Price	Swenson
Blatz	Jefferson	Milbert	Quinn	Thiede
Boo	Jennings	Minne	Quist	Tjornhom
Brown	Jensen	Morrison	Redalen	Tompkins
Burger	Johnson, A.	Munger	Reding	Trimble
Carlson, D.	Johnson, R.	Murphy	Rest	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Uphus
Carruthers	Kahn	Nelson, D.	Richter	Valento
Clark	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Riveness	Vanasek
Cooper	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Dauner	Kelso	O'Connor	Rose	Voss
DeBlicck	Kinkel	Ogren	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dempsey	Kludt	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Waltman
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Schafer	Welle
Dorn	Knuth	Olson, K.	Scheid	Wenzel
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Omann	Schoenfeld	Winter
Frederick	Krueger	Onnen	Schreiber	Wynia
Frerichs	Larsen	Orenstein	Seaberg	Spk. Norton

Those who voted in the negative were:

Clausnitzer      Gutknecht      Miller      Shaver

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

### SPECIAL ORDERS, Continued

The Speaker called Simoneau to the Chair.

S. F. No. 1437, A bill for an act relating to economic development; providing for review of state-funded scientific and technologically related research; creating an office of science and technology within the department of energy and economic development; creating a committee on science and technology research and development and providing for its powers and duties; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116J; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116J.94.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 132 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Long	Ozment	Skoglund
Anderson, R.	Gruenes	Marsh	Pappas	Solberg
Battaglia	Gutknecht	McDonald	Pauly	Sparby
Bauerly	Hartle	McEachern	Pelowski	Stanius
Beard	Haukoos	McKasy	Peterson	Steenma
Begich	Heap	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Bennett	Himle	McPherson	Price	Swenson
Bertram	Hugoson	Milbert	Quinn	Thiede
Bishop	Jacobs	Miller	Quist	Tjornhom
Blatz	Jaros	Minne	Redalen	Tompkins
Boo	Jefferson	Morrison	Reding	Trimble
Brown	Jennings	Munger	Rest	Tunheim
Burger	Jensen	Murphy	Rice	Uphus
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Valento
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vanasek
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Clark	Kahn	Neuenschwander	Rose	Voss
Clausnitzer	Kalis	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
Cooper	Kelly	Ogren	Sarna	Waltman
Dauner	Kelso	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Welle
DeBlicck	Kinkel	Olsen, E.	Scheid	Wenzel
Dempsey	Kludt	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Dille	Knickerbocker	Omann	Schreiber	Wynia
Dorn	Krueger	Onnen	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Forsythe	Larsen	Orenstein	Segal	
Frederick	Lasley	Osthoff	Shaver	
Frerichs	Lieder	Otis	Simoneau	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 1057 was reported to the House.

Kelly moved to amend S. F. No. 1057, the unofficial engrossment, as follows:

Page 2, after line 8, insert:

"Sec. 4. [MEDIATION STUDY.]

The legislature finds that an unbiased study is needed to analyze the effectiveness of mediation in resolving issues relating to child custody, child support, maintenance, and the division of property in marriage dissolution cases. The center for urban and regional affairs conflict and change project of the University of Minnesota is an appropriate agency for conducting a study of this nature. Because of the unavailability of state funding, the center is encouraged to seek funding from other sources for the purpose of studying the effectiveness of mediation in marriage dissolution cases and report its findings to the judiciary committees of the senate and house of representatives by January 1, 1989."

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 2, delete "education" and insert "research studies"

Page 1, line 4, after "testing" insert "; encouraging a study of mediation in marriage dissolution cases"

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

O'Connor moved to amend S. F. No. 1057, the unofficial engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 2, after line 8, insert:

"Sec. 5. [346.55] [CIVIL LIABILITY.]

Subdivision 1. [PENALTY.] The transfer by a person other than the owner of a dog or cat to a dealer, the possession of a dog or cat by a dealer without the permission of the owner, or the transfer of a dog or cat by a dealer to an institution without the permission of the owner is prohibited. Nothing in this section prohibits the transfer of a dog or cat to a dealer if the dog or cat is removed from a property by or at the request of a person in possession of the property. For the purpose of this subdivision, "dealer" and "institution" have the meanings given them in section 2.

A person who transfers or possesses a dog or cat without claim of right with intent to deprive the owner permanently of possession of the dog or cat violates this section and is liable for a civil penalty of up to \$1,000 per dog or cat for each violation. In bringing a civil action under this section the charging attorney shall consider, and in imposing a fine the court shall consider:

- (1) the history of previous violations;
- (2) the number of violations;
- (3) the degree of willfulness of the violation;
- (4) the good faith of the dealer;
- (5) the good faith of the person delivering the dog or cat to the dealer; and
- (6) the gravity of the violation.

A fine paid by the defendant in a criminal action that arose from the same violation may not be applied toward payment of the civil penalty under this subdivision.

Subd. 2. [JURISDICTION.] Notwithstanding sections 487.15, 488A.01, and 488A.18, the county and municipal courts may hear,

try, and determine actions started under this section. Trials under this section must be to the court, sitting without a jury.

Subd. 3. [APPEARANCES.] Notwithstanding section 8.01, county or city attorneys may appear for the board of animal health in civil actions started under this section at the request of the attorney general. Actions under this section may be brought in the name of the state of Minnesota with the consent of the board of animal health or directly by a city or county attorney at the request of a person filing a complaint.

Subd. 4. [VENUE.] Civil actions under this section may be started in any county in which the animal in question was transferred or possessed, or from which the dog or cat was removed without the permission of the lawful owner.

Subd. 5. [FINES.] Fines collected under this section must be disposed of as follows:

(a) If the violation occurs in the county, and the county attorney appears in the action, 50 percent to the county and 50 percent to the state.

(b) If the violation occurs within the municipality, and the city attorney appears in the action, 50 percent to the city and 50 percent to the state.

(c) If the attorney general appears in the action, all penalties imposed and fines collected must be credited to the general fund in the state treasury.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 347.31, is amended to read:

347.31 [REGULATION OF DOG KENNELS; DEFINITIONS.]

Subdivision 1. [TERMS.] For the purpose of sections 347.31 to 347.40 the terms defined in this section shall have the meanings given to them.

Subd. 2. [DOG KENNEL.] "Dog Kennel" means any place, building, tract of land, abode, or vehicle wherein or whereupon dogs or cats are kept, congregated, or confined, such if the dogs having been or cats were obtained from municipalities, dog pounds, dog auctions, or by advertising for unwanted dogs or cats, or dogs or cats strayed, abandoned, or stolen. "Dog Kennel" does not mean include a dog pound owned and operated by any political subdivision of the state or a person's home where dogs or cats are kept as pets.

Subd. 3. [PREMISES.] The word "Premises" means any building, structure, shelter, or land wherein or whereon dogs or cats are kept or confined.

Subd. 4. [DEALER.] "Dealer" means a public or private agency, person, society, or corporation that is licensed or is required to be licensed as a "Class B dealer" under United States Code, title 7, sections 2131 to 2155, as amended through December 31, 1986.

Subd. 5. [INSTITUTION.] "Institution" means a school or college of agriculture, veterinary medicine, medicine, pharmacy, dentistry, or other educational or scientific organization properly concerned with the investigation of living organisms, instruction concerning the structure or functions of living organisms, or the cause, prevention, control, or cure of diseases or abnormal conditions of human beings or animals.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 347.32, is amended to read:

347.32 [LICENSE FOR DOG KENNEL OR DEALER.]

No person, firm, or corporation shall establish, maintain, conduct, or operate a dog kennel or operate as a dealer within this state without first obtaining a license therefor from the board of animal health. The license shall be issued for a term of one year.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 347.33, is amended to read:

347.33 [LICENSING PROCEDURES; INSPECTIONS; ADMINISTRATION.]

Subdivision 1. [APPLICATION.] The application for a license to operate and maintain a dog kennel or operate as a dealer shall be made to the board of animal health, in the manner prescribed by rules of the board.

Subd. 2. [CONTENTS.] The application for a license shall be in writing and on a form as the board may by rule provide, and shall set forth:

(1) The full name and address of the applicant or applicants, or names and addresses of the partners if the applicant is a partnership, or the names and addresses of the officers if the applicant is a corporation, and the address of the corporation.

(2) The legal description or, in its place, the address and specific location of the site, lot, field, or tract of land upon which it is proposed to operate and maintain a dog kennel.

Subd. 3. [FEES; ISSUANCE OF LICENSE.] The annual license fee is ~~\$10~~ \$15 for each kennel and \$100 for each dealer licensed. All license fees collected by the board shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the general fund.

When application is made to the board, complete in the manner set forth by rule to be issued by the board, and upon payment of the license fee, the license shall be issued by the board if, after inspection of the premises, the board determines that the ~~dog~~ kennel or dealer complies with sections 347.31 to 347.40 and the rules promulgated pursuant to ~~it~~ those sections.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 347.34, is amended to read:

347.34 [LICENSES REQUIRED.]

It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to establish, maintain, conduct, carry on, or operate a ~~dog~~ kennel or operate as a dealer without first having received a license to maintain, conduct, carry on, and operate a ~~dog~~ kennel, or operate as a dealer, duly signed and executed in the name of the state of Minnesota and signed by the board of animal health. The license shall be conspicuously displayed upon the licensed premises.

All licenses issued under sections 347.31 to 347.40 shall be personal to the licensee and be nontransferable.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 347.35, is amended to read:

347.35 [BOARD OF ANIMAL HEALTH AUTHORIZED TO PROMULGATE RULES.]

The board of animal health shall promulgate rules as it deems necessary for the operation of ~~dog~~ kennels and dealers and the enforcement of sections 347.31 to 347.40 which shall be in addition to rules established herein. The rules adopted by the board must provide for the cost recovery for the activities of the board with respect to licensing, inspection, and enforcement of civil penalties and must provide for cooperation with the United States Department of Agriculture animal plant health inspection service program and for reference of complaints to local enforcement authorities. Rules ~~may~~ must include, but are not limited to, requirements governing the care of dogs and cats, minimum conditions, and maintenance of quarters and ~~dog~~ kennels, the humane treatment of dogs and cats while in the ~~dog~~ kennels, maintenance of detailed records showing the person from whom any dog or cat aged over three months has been received, and in the case of a dealer, including address, drivers license number or social security number, and to whom it has been transferred, and preservation of the records

for a minimum period of two years. The dealer is responsible for making a reasonable attempt to ensure the accuracy of the data collected.

A payment from a dealer to a person from whom the dealer buys dogs or cats must be by check, payable only to that person. The check must contain the dealer's name and address.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 347.37, is amended to read:

**347.37 [PUBLIC ACCESS; NOTICE; INSPECTION; ENFORCEMENT.]**

The board of animal health shall cause to be inspected from time to time all dog kennels and dealers licensed hereunder and all records required by sections 347.31 to 347.40 to be kept by the licensees.

Any duly authorized agent of the board, any sheriff, or sheriff's deputy, or police officer, or state humane agent appointed pursuant to section 343.01, is granted the power and the authority to enter upon the premises of any dog kennel or dealer at any time during the daylight hours for the purposes herein set forth, and for the purposes of inspecting the compliance with the provisions of sections 346.55, 347.31 to 347.40 and the rules issued pursuant thereto, and for the purposes of enforcing sections 346.55, or 347.31 to 347.40.

Each kennel and dealer shall post a conspicuous notice in a format no less than 24 by 36 inches and easily readable by the general public, that states: (1) that the person is a licensed kennel or dealer in dogs and cats; (2) that dogs and cats left with the kennel or dealer may be used for research purposes; and (3) the hours the kennel or dealer is open to the public. The notice must be placed in at least two locations on the premises, one of which must be on or near the exterior mail delivery point and one of which must be at the regularly used point of exchange of dogs and cats. A person may view dogs and cats in the custody of a kennel or dealer during the time the premises is open to the public. Dealers and kennels are required to be open to the public on a regular basis at least four hours between 7:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. on at least four of the seven days of each week including at least one Saturday or Sunday. Any advertisement placed by a kennel or dealer seeking dogs or cats must inform the public that dogs and cats brought to the kennel or dealer may be used for research purposes.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 347.38, is amended to read:

**347.38 [REVOCAION OF LICENSE.]**

The board of animal health may as hereinafter set forth revoke or suspend the license of any person, firm, or corporation, for violation of sections 346.55 and 347.31 to 347.40 or the rules issued pursuant to sections 347.31 to 347.40.

Upon written complaint made to the board by any person, firm, or corporation alleging any violation of this law sections 347.31 to 347.40 or any rules pursuant thereto by any licensee, the board may cause an investigation to be made upon matters related in said complaint.

Thereupon the board shall in its discretion either dismiss the complaint or require the kennel or dealer against whom the complaint is made to correct the conditions or violations complained of within ten days after receipt of written notice of the same. If upon termination of the ten day period the licensee has failed to correct or to remedy the violation or violations of sections 346.55 or 347.31 to 347.40 or any rules pursuant thereto, or if the board considers it appropriate under the circumstances the board shall, upon a minimum of 30 days' notice to the licensee, conduct a hearing for the purpose of determining whether the license to operate a kennel or as a dealer should be revoked or temporarily suspended for a period not to exceed six months. If after notice and hearing the board finds that any provision of sections 346.55 or 347.31 to 347.40 has been violated by the licensee or any rule issued by the board has been violated by the licensee, the board may revoke and suspend the license. The suspension shall not exceed a period of six months possession or transfer of a dog or cat by a dealer to an institution, without the permission of the owner, failure of a dealer or kennel to keep accurate data as required in section 347.35, or failure of a dealer or kennel to permit access to its premises as required in section 347.37, is grounds for license revocation. The licensee whose license is revoked or suspended may within 20 days after the board's decision appeal to the district court. The district court shall upon 20 days' notice to the board hear the appeal within 45 days after the filing of the appeal. On the hearing of the appeal the court shall review the decision of the board in a manner as though reviewed by certiorari, except that new or additional evidence may be taken, if in the opinion of the court additional evidence is necessary or proper to the disposition of the case.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 347.39, is amended to read:

### 347.39 [PENALTIES.]

Violation of any provision of sections 347.31 to 347.40 or of any rule of the board of animal health issued pursuant to sections 347.31 to 347.40, or the operation of a kennel or as a dealer without a license, or the operation of a kennel or as a dealer after revocation of



a license or during a period of suspension, shall constitute a misdemeanor.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 347.40, is amended to read:

**347.40 [EXCEPTIONS.]**

Sections 347.31 to 347.40 shall in no way apply to any veterinarian licensed to practice in the state of Minnesota who keeps, congregates, or confines dogs or cats in the normal pursuit of the practice of veterinary medicine.

~~The provisions of sections 347.31 to 347.40 shall not apply to any institution licensed to obtain animals under the provisions of section 35.71, and to any person licensed under Public Law Number 89-544, the federal Laboratory Animal Welfare Act.~~

**Sec. 15. [APPROPRIATION.]**

There is appropriated from the general fund to the board of animal health the sum of \$10,000 for the purposes of this act for the biennium ending June 30, 1989."

Amend the title accordingly

**POINT OF ORDER**

Thiede raised a point of order pursuant to rule 3.9 that the O'Connor amendment was not in order. Speaker pro tempore Simoneau ruled the point of order not well taken and the amendment in order.

The question recurred on the adoption of the O'Connor amendment to S. F. No. 1057, the unofficial engrossment, as amended. The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Ogren moved to amend S. F. No. 1057, the unofficial engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 2, after line 8, insert:

**"LIBRARY CONSTRUCTION**

**Sec. 16. [134.41] [LIBRARY CONSTRUCTION; JOINT FINANCING.]**

Subdivision 1. [LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNIT DEFINED.] For purposes of this section, the term "local government unit" means a home rule charter or statutory city, county, or town.

Subd. 2. [POWERS.] A local government unit may agree with other local government units to subject taxable property within their boundaries to taxation to discharge debt incurred for the construction of a library and related facilities. The portion of the debt to be discharged by taxation in each unit must be set by agreement. A unit may also agree to discharge a portion of the costs of construction or debt incurred for the costs by a transfer of money available to the unit that the unit is not obliged by law to use for some other purpose. A proposed agreement that has a town as a party must be approved at the town's annual meeting by the electors before the agreement is effective. Obligations for the purpose may be issued jointly by the agreeing units without an election and are not subject to the general limit on net debt in any unit. In other respects, the debt must be incurred and discharged in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 275.50; subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary for taxes levied in 1983 payable in 1984 and subsequent years, "special levies" means those portions of ad valorem taxes levied by governmental subdivisions to:

(a) satisfy judgments rendered against the governmental subdivision by a court of competent jurisdiction in any tort action, or to pay the costs of settlements out of court against the governmental subdivision in a tort action when substantiated by a stipulation for the dismissal of the action filed with the court of competent jurisdiction and signed by both the plaintiff and the legal representative of the governmental subdivision, but only to the extent of the increase in levy for such judgments and out of court settlements over levy year 1970, taxes payable in 1971;

(b) pay the costs of complying with any written lawful order initially issued prior to January 1, 1977 by the state of Minnesota, or the United States, or any agency or subdivision thereof, which is authorized by law, statute, special act or ordinance and is enforceable in a court of competent jurisdiction, or any stipulation agreement or permit for treatment works or disposal system for pollution abatement in lieu of a lawful order signed by the governmental subdivision and the state of Minnesota, or the United States, or any agency or subdivision thereof which is enforceable in a court of competent jurisdiction. The commissioner of revenue shall in consultation with other state departments and agencies, develop a suggested form for use by the state of Minnesota, its agencies and subdivisions in issuing orders pursuant to this subdivision;

(c) pay the costs to a governmental subdivision for their minimum required share of any program otherwise authorized by law for which matching funds have been appropriated by the state of Minnesota or the United States, excluding the administrative costs of public assistance programs, to the extent of the increase in levy over the amount levied for the local share of the program for the taxes payable year 1971. This clause shall apply only to those programs or projects for which matching funds have been designated by the state of Minnesota or the United States on or before September 1, of the previous year and only when the receipt of these matching funds is contingent upon the initiation or implementation of the project or program during the year in which the taxes are payable or those programs or projects approved by the commissioner;

(d) pay the costs not reimbursed by the state or federal government, of payments made to or on behalf of recipients of aid under any public assistance program authorized by law, and the costs of purchase or delivery of social services. Except for the costs of general assistance as defined in section 256D.02, subdivision 4, general assistance medical care under section 256D.03 and the costs of hospital care pursuant to section 261.21, the aggregate amounts levied pursuant to this clause are subject to a maximum increase of 18 percent over the amount levied for these purposes in the previous year;

(e) pay the costs of principal and interest on bonded indebtedness or to reimburse for the amount of liquor store revenues used to pay the principal and interest due in the year preceding the year for which the levy limit is calculated on municipal liquor store bonds;

(f) pay the costs of principal and interest on certificates of indebtedness, except tax anticipation or aid anticipation certificates of indebtedness, issued for any corporate purpose except current expenses or funding an insufficiency in receipts from taxes or other sources or funding extraordinary expenditures resulting from a public emergency; and to pay the cost for certificates of indebtedness issued pursuant to sections 298.28 and 298.282;

(g) fund the payments made to the Minnesota state armory building commission pursuant to section 193.145, subdivision 2, to retire the principal and interest on armory construction bonds;

(h) provide for the bonded indebtedness portion of payments made to another political subdivision of the state of Minnesota;

(i) pay the amounts required to compensate for a decrease in manufactured homes property tax receipts to the extent that the governmental subdivision's portion of the total levy in the current levy year, pursuant to section 274.19, subdivision 8, as amended, is less than the distribution of the manufactured homes tax to the

governmental subdivision pursuant to Minnesota Statutes 1969, section 273.13, subdivision 3, in calendar year 1971;

(j) pay the amounts required, in accordance with section 275.075, to correct for a county auditor's error of omission but only to the extent that when added to the preceding year's levy it is not in excess of an applicable statutory, special law or charter limitation, or the limitation imposed on the governmental subdivision by sections 275.50 to 275.56 in the preceding levy year;

(k) pay amounts required to correct for an error of omission in the levy certified to the appropriate county auditor or auditors by the governing body of a city or town with statutory city powers in a levy year, but only to the extent that when added to the preceding year's levy it is not in excess of an applicable statutory, special law or charter limitation, or the limitation imposed on the governmental subdivision by sections 275.50 to 275.56 in the preceding levy year;

(l) pay the increased cost of municipal services as the result of an annexation or consolidation ordered by the Minnesota municipal board but only to the extent and for the levy years as provided by the board in its order pursuant to section 414.01, subdivision 15. Special levies authorized by the board shall not exceed 50 percent of the levy limit base of the governmental subdivision and may not be in effect for more than three years after the board's order;

(m) pay the increased costs of municipal services provided to new private industrial and nonresidential commercial development, to the extent that the extension of such services are not paid for through bonded indebtedness or special assessments, and not to exceed the amount determined as follows. The governmental subdivision may calculate the aggregate of:

(1) the increased expenditures necessary in preparation for the delivering of municipal services to new private industrial and nonresidential commercial development, but limited to one year's expenditures one time for each such development;

(2) the amount determined by dividing the overall levy limitation established pursuant to sections 275.50 to 275.56, and exclusive of special levies and special assessments, by the total taxable value of the governmental subdivision, and then multiplying this quotient times the total increase in assessed value of private industrial and nonresidential commercial development within the governmental subdivision. For the purpose of this clause, the increase in the assessed value of private industrial and nonresidential commercial development is calculated as the increase in assessed value over the assessed value of the real estate parcels subject to such private development as most recently determined before the building permit was issued. In the fourth levy year subsequent to the levy year in which the building permit was issued, the increase in assessed value

of the real estate parcels subject to such private development shall no longer be included in determining the special levy.

The aggregate of the foregoing amounts, less any costs of extending municipal services to new private industrial and nonresidential commercial development which are paid by bonded indebtedness or special assessments, equals the maximum amount that may be levied as a "special levy" for the increased costs of municipal services provided to new private industrial and nonresidential commercial development. In the levy year following the levy year in which the special levy made pursuant to this clause is discontinued, one-half of the amount of that special levy made in the preceding year shall be added to the permanent levy base of the governmental subdivision;

(n) recover a loss or refunds in tax receipts incurred in nonspecial levy funds resulting from abatements or court action in the previous year pursuant to section 275.48;

(o) pay amounts required by law to be paid to pay the interest on and to reduce the unfunded accrued liability of public pension funds in accordance with the actuarial standards and guidelines specified in sections 356.215 and 356.216 reduced by 106 percent of the amount levied for that purpose in 1976, payable in 1977. For the purpose of this special levy, the estimated receipts expected from the state of Minnesota pursuant to sections 69.011 to 69.031 or any other state aid expressly intended for the support of public pension funds shall be considered as a deduction in determining the required levy for the normal costs of the public pension funds. No amount of these aids shall be considered as a deduction in determining the governmental subdivision's required levy for the reduction of the unfunded accrued liability of public pension funds;

(p) the amounts allowed under section 174.27 to establish and administer a commuter van program;

(q) pay the costs of financial assistance to local governmental units and certain administrative, engineering, and legal expenses pursuant to Laws 1979, chapter 253, section 3;

(r) compensate for revenue lost as a result of abatements or court action pursuant to section 270.07, 270.17 or 278.01 due to a reassessment ordered by the commissioner of revenue pursuant to section 270.16;

(s) pay the total operating cost of a county jail as authorized in section 641.01. If the county government utilizes this special levy, then any amount levied by the county government in the previous year for operating its county jail and included in its previous year's levy limitation computed pursuant to section 275.51 shall be deducted from the current levy limitation;

(t) pay the costs of implementing section 18.023, including sanitation and reforestation;

(u) pay the estimated cost for the following calendar year of the county's share of funding the Minnesota cooperative soil survey; and

(v) pay the costs of meeting the planning requirements of section 115A.46; the requirements of section 115A.917; the planning requirements of the metropolitan plan adopted under section 473.149 and county master plans adopted under section 473.803; waste reduction and source separation programs and facilities; response actions that are financed in part by service charges under section 400.08 or 115A.15, subdivision 6; closure and postclosure care of a solid waste facility closed by order of the pollution control agency or by expiration of an agency permit before January 1, 1989; and current operating and maintenance costs of a publicly-owned solid waste processing facility financed with general obligation bonds issued after a referendum before March 25, 1986; and

(w) pay the costs of constructing public libraries."

Amend the title accordingly

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

S. F. No. 1057, A bill for an act relating to education; requiring the University of Minnesota to study alternative methods for animal testing.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 97 yeas and 30 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Dille	Kinkel	Nelson, K.	Riveness
Anderson, R.	Forsythe	Kludt	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich
Battaglia	Greenfield	Knuth	O'Connor	Rose
Bauerly	Gruenes	Kostohryz	Ogren	Rukavina
Beard	Hartle	Krueger	Omann	Sarna
Begich	Heap	Larsen	Onnen	Scheid
Bertram	Himle	Lasley	Orenstein	Schreiber
Bishop	Jacobs	Lieder	Otis	Segal
Blatz	Jaros	Long	Ozment	Simoneau
Burger	Jefferson	McDonald	Pappas	Skoglund
Carlson, D.	Jennings	McEachern	Pauly	Solberg
Carlson, L.	Jensen	McKasy	Peterson	Sparby
Carruthers	Johnson, A.	McLaughlin	Quinn	Steensma
Clark	Johnson, R.	Minne	Quist	Sviggum
Clausnitzer	Kahn	Munger	Redalen	Tjornhom
Cooper	Kelly	Murphy	Reding	Tompkins
DeBlicek	Kelso	Nelson, C.	Rest	Trimble

Tunheim	Vellenga	Waltman	Winter
Uphus	Voss	Welle	Wynia
Vanasek	Wagenius	Wenzel	Spk. Norton

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bennett	Gutknecht	McPherson	Osthoff	Schoenfeld
Brown	Haukoos	Milbert	Pelowski	Shaver
Dauner	Hugoson	Miller	Poppenhagen	Stanius
Dorn	Johnson, V.	Olsen, S.	Price	Swenson
Frederick	Knickerbocker	Olsen, E.	Richter	Thiede
Frerichs	Marsh	Olsen, K.	Schafer	Valento

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

H. F. No. 1465 was reported to the House.

Rukavina moved that H. F. No. 1465 be continued on Special Orders for one day. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 908, A bill for an act relating to human services; establishing a community services conversion project; requiring counties to consider the opinions of parents when developing service plans for persons with mental retardation and related conditions; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256B.092, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 252.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 130 yeas and 1 nay as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Dille	Kelly	Murphy	Quist
Anderson, R.	Dorn	Kelso	Nelson, C.	Redalen
Battaglia	Forsythe	Kinkel	Nelson, D.	Reding
Bauerly	Frerichs	Kludt	Nelson, K.	Rest
Beard	Greenfield	Knickerbocker	Neuenschwander	Richter
Begich	Gruenes	Knuth	O'Connor	Riveness
Bennett	Gutknecht	Kostohryz	Ogren	Rodosovich
Bertram	Hartle	Krueger	Olsen, S.	Rose
Bishop	Haukoos	Larsen	Olsen, E.	Rukavina
Blatz	Heap	Lasley	Olson, K.	Sarna
Boo	Himle	Lieder	Omann	Schafer
Brown	Hugoson	Long	Onnen	Scheid
Burger	Jacobs	Marsh	Orenstein	Schoenfeld
Carlson, D.	Jaros	McDonald	Osthoff	Schreiber
Carlson, L.	Jefferson	McEachern	Otis	Seaberg
Carruthers	Jennings	McKasy	Pappas	Segal
Clark	Jensen	McLaughlin	Pauly	Shaver
Clausnitzer	Johnson, A.	McPherson	Pelowski	Simoneau
Cooper	Johnson, R.	Milbert	Peterson	Skoglund
Dauner	Johnson, V.	Miller	Poppenhagen	Solberg
DeBlieck	Kahn	Minne	Price	Sparby
Dempsey	Kalis	Munger	Quinn	Stanius

Steensma	Tjornhom	Uphus	Voss	Wenzel
Sviggum	Tompkins	Valento	Wagenius	Winter
Swenson	Trimble	Vanasek	Waltman	Wynia
Thiede	Tunheim	Vellenga	Welle	Spk. Norton

Those who voted in the negative were:

Ozment

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 69 was reported to the House.

Brown moved to amend S. F. No. 69, the unofficial engrossment, as follows:

Page 3, line 18, strike "indigenous to"

Page 3, line 19, strike "state waters"

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

S. F. No. 69, A bill for an act relating to natural resources; establishing a commercial fish raising program; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 97A.475, by adding a subdivision; 97C.211, subdivisions 1 and 2, and by adding a subdivision; and 97C.391; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 17 and 97C.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 113 yeas and 19 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Cooper	Jennings	McKasy	Otis
Anderson, R.	Dauner	Jensen	McLaughlin	Ozment
Battaglia	DeBlieck	Johnson, A.	McPherson	Pappas
Bauerly	Dempsey	Johnson, R.	Miller	Pelowski
Begich	Dille	Johnson, V.	Minne	Peterson
Bennett	Dorn	Kahn	Morrison	Price
Bertram	Forsythe	Kelly	Murphy	Quinn
Bishop	Frederick	Kelso	Nelson, C.	Quist
Blatz	Frerichs	Kinkel	Nelson, D.	Reding
Boo	Greenfield	Knuth	Neuenschwander	Rest
Brown	Gruenes	Krueger	O'Connor	Rice
Burger	Gutknecht	Larsen	Ogren	Riveness
Carlson, D.	Hartle	Lieder	Olson, E.	Rodosovich
Carlson, L.	Himle	Long	Olson, K.	Rose
Carruthers	Jacobs	Marsh	Omann	Rukavina
Clark	Jaros	McDonald	Onnen	Schafer
Clausnitzer	Jefferson	McEachern	Orenstein	Scheid



Schoenfeld	Solberg	Thiede	Valento	Welle
Schreiber	Sparby	Tjornhom	Vanasek	Winter
Seaberg	Stanius	Tompkins	Vellenga	Wynia
Segal	Steensma	Trimble	Voss	Spk. Norton
Shaver	Sviggum	Tunheim	Wagenius	
Simoneau	Swenson	Uphus	Waltman	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Beard	Kludt	Milbert	Pauly	Sarna
Haukoos	Knickerbocker	Nelson, K.	Poppenhagen	Skoglund
Heap	Kostohryz	Olsen, S.	Redalen	Wenzel
Hugoson	Lasley	Osthoff	Richter	

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

H. F. No. 1335 was reported to the House.

Jefferson moved that H. F. No. 1335 be continued on Special Orders for one day. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 44, A bill for an act relating to highways; abolishing restrictions on disposition of right-of-way of trunk highway No. 15 in St. Cloud; repealing Laws 1986, chapter 387, section 2.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 112 yeas and 16 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Frederick	Kostohryz	Orenstein	Schreiber
Anderson, R.	Frerichs	Krueger	Osthoff	Seaberg
Battaglia	Greenfield	Long	Otis	Segal
Bauerly	Gruenes	Marsh	Ozment	Simoneau
Beard	Hartle	McDonald	Pappas	Skoglund
Begich	Heap	McEachern	Pauly	Solberg
Bennett	Himle	McKasy	Peterson	Sparby
Bertram	Hugoson	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Stanius
Bishop	Jacobs	McPherson	Price	Steensma
Blatz	Jaros	Minne	Quinn	Sviggum
Boo	Jefferson	Morrison	Quist	Swenson
Burger	Jennings	Munger	Redalen	Trimble
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Murphy	Reding	Tunheim
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Nelson, C.	Rest	Uphus
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Nelson, D.	Rice	Valento
Clark	Kahn	Nelson, K.	Richter	Vanasek
Cooper	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Riveness	Vellenga
Dauner	Kelso	Ogren	Rose	Voss
Dempsey	Kinkel	Olsen, S.	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dille	Kludt	Olson, E.	Sarna	Waltman
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Omann	Schafer	Wenzel
Forsythe	Knuth	Onnen	Schoenfeld	Winter
				Wynia
				Spk. Norton

• Those who voted in the negative were:

Clausnitzer	Jensen	Miller	Scheid
DeBlieck	Kalis	Olson, K.	Shaver
Gutknecht	Larsen	Pelowski	Thiede
Haukoos	Milbert	Rodosovich	Welle

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

Speaker pro tempore Simoneau called Long to the Chair.

S. F. No. 131, A bill for an act relating to transportation; authorizing commissioner of transportation and local road authorities to reduce speed limits in work zones; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 169.14, by adding a subdivision.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 129 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gutknecht	Lieder	Otis	Simoneau
Anderson, R.	Hartle	Long	Ozment	Skoglund
Battaglia	Haukoos	Marsh	Pappas	Solberg
Beard	Heap	McDonald	Pauly	Sparby
Bennett	Himle	McEachern	Pelowski	Stanius
Bertram	Hugoson	McKasy	Peterson	Steensma
Bishop	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Blatz	Jaros	McPherson	Price	Swenson
Boo	Jefferson	Milbert	Quinn	Thiede
Brown	Jennings	Miller	Quist	Tjoruhom
Burger	Jensen	Minne	Redalen	Tompkins
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Morrison	Reding	Trimble
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Munger	Rest	Tunheim
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Murphy	Richter	Uphus
Clark	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Riveness	Valento
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Rodosovich	Vanasek
Cooper	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Rose	Vellenga
Dauner	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Rukavina	Voss
Dempsey	Kinkel	O'Connor	Sarna	Wagenius
Dille	Kludt	Ogren	Schafer	Waltman
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Scheid	Welle
Forsythe	Knuth	Olson, E.	Schoenfeld	Wenzel
Frederick	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Schreiber	Winter
Frerichs	Krueger	Omann	Seaberg	Wynia
Greenfield	Larsen	Onnen	Segal	Spk. Norton
Gruenes	Lasley	Orenstein	Shaver	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 946, A bill for an act relating to human services; altering allocation of federal fiscal disallowances based on error rates; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 256.01, subdivision 2.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 68 yeas and 64 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Forsythe	Larsen	Orenstein	Segal
Beard	Greenfield	Long	Otis	Shaver
Bertram	Gruenes	Marsh	Ozment	Simoneau
Bishop	Heap	McLaughlin	Pappas	Skoglund
Blatz	Himle	Milbert	Pauly	Swenson
Boo	Jaros	Minne	Price	Trimble
Brown	Jefferson	Munger	Redalen	Valento
Burger	Johnson, A.	Murphy	Rest	Vanasek
Carlson, L.	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Rice	Vellenga
Carruthers	Kelly	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Wagenius
Clark	Kelso	Nelson, K.	Rukavina	Wynia
Clausnitzer	Kludt	Ogren	Sarna	Spk. Norton
Cooper	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Scheid	
DeBlicke	Knuth	Olson, E.	Schreiber	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, R.	Hartle	Lieder	Peterson	Stanius
Battaglia	Haukoos	McDonald	Poppenhagen	Steensma
Bauerly	Hugoson	McEachern	Quinn	Sviggum
Begich	Jacobs	McPherson	Quist	Thiede
Bennett	Jennings	Miller	Reding	Tjornhom
Carlson, D.	Jensen	Morrison	Richter	Tunheim
Dauner	Johnson, R.	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Uphus
Dempsey	Johnson, V.	O'Connor	Rose	Voss
Dille	Kalis	Olson, K.	Schafer	Waltman
Dorn	Kinkel	Omann	Schoenfeld	Welle
Frederick	Kostohryz	Onnen	Seaberg	Wenzel
Frerichs	Krueger	Osthoff	Solberg	Winter
Gutknecht	Lasley	Pelowski	Sparby	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

The following Conference Committee Report was received:

#### CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 169

A bill for an act relating to lawful gambling; including payment of taxes as a lawful purpose; increasing the percentage of profits that may be used for necessary expenses; changing requirements for distributors; authorizing the board to adopt rules restricting the amount of rent charged by organizations; prohibiting local units of government from requiring organizations to make certain expenditures; making various technical changes; regulating allowable expenses; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 349.12, subdivisions 11, 12, 13, and 15; 349.14; 349.15; 349.151, subdivision 3; 349.161, subdivisions 3, 5, and 7; 349.162, by adding subdivisions;

349.18, subdivisions 1 and 3; 349.19, subdivision 3; 349.21; and 349.213, subdivision 1.

May 18, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 169, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendments and that H. F. No. 169 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 240.13, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [PURSES.] (a) From the amounts deducted from all pari-mutuel pools by a licensee, an amount equal to not less than five percent of all money in all pools must be set aside by the licensee and used for purses for races conducted by the licensee. The commission may by rule provide for the administration and enforcement of this subdivision.

(b) From the money set aside for purses, the licensee shall pay to the horseperson's organization representing the majority of the horsepersons racing the breed involved and contracting with the licensee with respect to purses and the conduct of the racing meetings and providing representation, benevolent programs, benefits, and services for horsepersons and their on-track employees, an amount, sufficient to perform these services, as may be determined by agreement by the licensee and the horseperson's organization. The amount paid may be deducted only from the money set aside for purses to be paid in races for the breed represented by the horseperson's organization. With respect to racing meetings where more than one breed is racing, the licensee may contract independently with the horseperson's organization representing each breed racing.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.12, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. "Lawful purpose" means one or more of the following: (a) benefiting persons by enhancing their opportunity for religious or educational advancement, by relieving or protecting them from

disease, suffering or distress, by contributing to their physical well-being, by assisting them in establishing themselves in life as worthy and useful citizens, or by increasing their comprehension of and devotion to the principles upon which this nation was founded; (b) initiating, performing, or fostering worthy public works or enabling or furthering the erection or maintenance of public structures; (c) lessening the burdens borne by government or voluntarily supporting, augmenting or supplementing services which government would normally render to the people; or (d) the improving, expanding, maintaining or repairing real property owned or leased by an organization; or (e) payment of taxes imposed under this chapter, and other taxes imposed by the state or the United States on receipts from lawful gambling.

“Lawful purpose” does not include the erection or acquisition of any real property, unless the board specifically authorizes the expenditures after finding that the property will be used exclusively for one or more of the purposes specified in this clause.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.12, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. “Organization” means any fraternal, religious, veterans, or other nonprofit organization which has been in existence for at least three years and has at least 15 active members.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.12, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

Subd. 13. “Profit” means the gross receipts collected from lawful gambling, less reasonable sums necessarily and actually expended for prizes and taxes imposed by this chapter.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.12, subdivision 15, is amended to read:

Subd. 15. “Gambling equipment” means: bingo cards and devices for selecting bingo numbers, pull-tabs, ticket jars jar tickets, paddlewheels, and tipboards.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.14, is amended to read:

349.14 [ORGANIZATION MAY CONDUCT LAWFUL GAMBLING; LICENSE.]

An organization may conduct lawful gambling if it ~~has been in existence for at least three years, has at least 15 active members,~~ has a license to conduct lawful gambling from the board and complies with this chapter.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.15, is amended to read:

**349.15 [USE OF PROFITS.]**

Profits from lawful gambling may be expended only for lawful purposes or expenses as authorized at a regular meeting of the conducting organization. Provided that no more than ~~50~~ 55 percent of profits from bingo, and no more than ~~40~~ 45 percent for other forms of lawful gambling, may be expended for necessary expenses related to lawful gambling.

The board shall provide by rule for the administration of this section, including specifying allowable expenses. The rules must specify that no more than one-third of the annual premium on a policy of liability insurance procured by the organization may be taken as an allowable expense from the gross receipts from lawful gambling. This expense shall be allowed by the board only to the extent that it relates directly to the conduct of lawful gambling and is verified in the manner the board prescribes by rule. The rules may provide a maximum percentage of gross receipts which may be expended for certain expenses.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.151, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [COMPENSATION.] The compensation of board members is \$35 per day spent on commission activities, when authorized by the board, plus expenses in the same manner and amount as provided in the commissioner's plan adopted according to section 43A.18, subdivision 2 as provided in section 15.0575, subdivision 3.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.151, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4a. [ADDITIONAL POWERS.] Whenever it appears to the board that any person has engaged or is about to engage in any act or practice constituting a violation of this chapter or any rule:

(a) The board has the power to issue and cause to be served upon the person an order requiring the person to cease and desist from violations of this chapter. The order must give reasonable notice of the rights of the person to request a hearing and must state the reason for the entry of the order. A hearing shall be held not later than seven days after the request for the hearing is received by the board after which and within 20 days of the date of the hearing the board shall issue a further order vacating the cease and desist order or making it permanent as the facts require. All hearings shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of chapter 14. If the person to whom a cease and desist order is issued fails to appear at the hearing after being duly notified, the person shall be deemed in

default, and the proceeding may be determined against the person upon consideration of the cease and desist order, the allegations of which may be deemed to be true.

(b) The board may bring an action in the district court in the appropriate county to enjoin the acts or practices and to enforce compliance with this chapter or any rule and may refer the matter to the attorney general. Upon a proper showing, a permanent or temporary injunction, restraining order or writ of mandamus shall be granted. The court may not require the board to post a bond.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.161, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [QUALIFICATIONS.] A license may not be issued under this section to a person, or to a corporation, firm, or partnership which has as an officer, director, or other person in a supervisory or management position, or employee eligible to make sales on behalf of the distributor a person, who:

(1) has been convicted of a felony in a state or federal court within the past five years or who has a felony charge pending;

(2) has ever been convicted in a state or federal court of a gambling-related offense within ten years of the date of license application; or

(3) is or has ever been engaged in an illegal business.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.161, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [PROHIBITION.] (a) No distributor, or employee eligible to make sales on behalf of a distributor, may also be a wholesale distributor of liquor or alcoholic beverages.

(b) No distributor, or employee authorized to make sales on behalf of a distributor, may be involved directly in the operation of lawful gambling conducted by an organization.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.161, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [CRIMINAL HISTORY.] The board may request the assistance of the bureau of criminal apprehension in investigating the background of an applicant for a supplier's distributor's license and may reimburse the bureau for the costs thereof. The board has access to all criminal history data compiled by the bureau on licensees and applicants.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.162, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. [PROHIBITION.] No person other than a licensed organization or a licensed distributor may possess registration stamps issued by the board.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.162, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. [SALES FROM FACILITIES.] All gambling equipment purchased by a licensed distributor for resale in Minnesota must prior to its resale be unloaded into a facility located in Minnesota which the distributor owns or leases.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.17, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [BINGO OCCASIONS.] Not more than ~~104~~ bingo occasions each year or ~~two~~ six bingo occasions each week may be conducted by an organization, ~~except as provided in this subdivision.~~ A bingo occasion may not continue for more than four consecutive hours.

The board may permit an organization to conduct more than two bingo occasions in a week and more than 104 bingo occasions in a year if the board determines that the additional occasions are consistent with the purpose of sections 349.11 to 349.22 and if the following procedures are followed:

(1) the organization applies for the additional occasions, stating the number of additional occasions applied for;

(2) the board notifies the governing body of the county or home rule or statutory city in which the applicant is located; and

(3) the governing body fails to adopt a resolution disapproving the additional occasions within 30 days of the notification.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.17, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [BINGO ON LEASED PREMISES.] A person or corporation, other than an organization, which leases any premises that it owns to two or more organizations for purposes including the conduct of bingo occasions, may not allow more than ~~four~~ 18 bingo occasions to be conducted on the premises in any week. The board may waive this restriction and permit a person or corporation to allow a specified member of bingo occasions on the premises in excess of four per week if it finds that the waiver is consistent with



the purpose of sections 349.11 to 349.22 and if the following procedures are followed:

(1) the person or corporation applies for the waiver, stating the number of additional occasions sought per week;

(2) the board notifies the governing body of the county or home rule or statutory city in which the premises are located; and

(3) the governing body fails to adopt a resolution disapproving the waiver within 30 days of the notification.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.18, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [LEASE OR OWNERSHIP REQUIRED.] An organization may conduct lawful gambling only on premises it owns or leases. Leases must be for a period of at least one year and must be in writing. Copies of all leases must be made available to employees of the board on request. A lease may not provide for rental payments based on a percentage of receipts or profits from lawful gambling. The board may prescribe by rule limits on the amount of rent which an organization may pay to a lessor for premises leased for lawful gambling.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.18, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [PROCEEDS FROM RENTAL.] A licensed organization which leases Rental proceeds from premises it owns owned by a licensed organization and leased or subleased to one or more other licensed organizations for the purposes including the conduct of conducting lawful gambling may expend the rental proceeds, less reasonable deductions for maintenance, furnishings, and utilities, only for lawful purposes. The rental proceeds must be recorded and reported as proceeds from gambling under section 349.19 shall not be reported as gambling proceeds under this chapter.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.19, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [EXPENDITURES.] All expenditures of bingo profits from lawful gambling must be itemized as to payee, purpose, amount, and date of payment.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.21, is amended to read:

349.21 [COMPENSATION.]

Compensation to persons who participate in the conduct of lawful gambling may be paid only to active members of the conducting organization or its auxiliary, or the spouse or surviving spouse of an active member, except that nonmanagement assistants who are not active members or spouses may be hired to assist in the conduct of lawful gambling in nonmanagement positions if approved by a majority of the organization's members.

The amounts of compensation which may be paid under this section ~~must~~ may be provided for in a schedule of compensation adopted by the board by rule. In adopting ~~the~~ a schedule the board must consider the nature of the participation and the types of lawful gambling participated in.

A licensed organization may pay a percentage of the gross receipts from raffle ticket sales to a nonprofit organization which sells tickets for the licensed organization.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 349.213, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [LOCAL REGULATION.] A statutory or home rule city or county has the authority to adopt more stringent regulation of any form of lawful gambling within its jurisdiction, including the prohibition of any form of lawful gambling, and may require a permit for the conduct of gambling exempt from licensing under section 349.214. The fee for a permit issued under this subdivision may not exceed \$100. The authority granted by this subdivision does not include the authority to require a license or permit to conduct gambling by organizations or sales by distributors licensed by the board. The authority granted by this subdivision does not include the authority to require an organization to make specific expenditures of more than ten percent from its net profits derived from lawful gambling. For the purposes of this subdivision, net profits are profits less amounts expended for allowable expenses. A statutory or home rule charter city or a county may not require an organization conducting lawful gambling within its jurisdiction to make an expenditure to the city or county as a condition to operate within that city or county, except as authorized under section 349.16, subdivision 4, or section 349.212.

Sec. 22. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Section 1 is effective the day following final enactment. Sections 2 to 13 and 15 to 21 are effective June 1, 1987. Section 14 is effective January 1, 1988.

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to lawful gambling; providing for representation of horsepersons contracting with a licensee; includ-

ing payment of taxes as a lawful purpose; increasing the percentage of profits that may be used for necessary expenses; changing requirements for distributors; allowing the board to summarily suspend licenses under certain conditions; providing for a limit on the number of bingo occasions which an organization may conduct in a week, and the number of occasions which may occur on any site in a week; authorizing the board to adopt rules restricting the amount of rent charged by organizations; prohibiting local units of government from requiring organizations to make certain expenditures; making various technical changes; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 240.13, subdivision 5; 349.12, subdivisions 11, 12, 13, and 15; 349.14; 349.15; 349.151, subdivision 3, and by adding a subdivision; 349.161, subdivisions 3, 5, and 7; 349.162, by adding subdivisions; 349.17, subdivisions 1 and 2; 349.18, subdivisions 1 and 3; 349.19, subdivision 3; 349.21; and 349.213, subdivision 1."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: LEO J. REDING, GORDON O. VOSS AND HOWARD G. MILLER.

Senate Conferees: BOB LESSARD, MEL FREDERICK AND ROBERT J. SCHMITZ.

Reding moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 169 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 169, A bill for an act relating to lawful gambling; including payment of taxes as a lawful purpose; increasing the percentage of profits that may be used for necessary expenses; changing requirements for distributors; authorizing the board to adopt rules restricting the amount of rent charged by organizations; prohibiting local units of government from requiring organizations to make certain expenditures; making various technical changes; regulating allowable expenses; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 349.12, subdivisions 11, 12, 13, and 15; 349.14; 349.15; 349.151, subdivision 3; 349.161, subdivisions 3, 5, and 7; 349.162, by adding subdivisions; 349.18, subdivisions 1 and 3; 349.19, subdivision 3; 349.21; and 349.213, subdivision 1.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 117 yeas and 15 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Gruenes	Lieder	Otis	Simoneau
Anderson, R.	Gutknecht	Long	Ozment	Solberg
Battaglia	Heap	Marsh	Pappas	Sparby
Bauerly	Hugoson	McEachern	Pelowski	Steensma
Beard	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Peterson	Swiggun
Begich	Jaros	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Swenson
Bertram	Jefferson	Milbert	Price	Thiede
Bishop	Jennings	Miller	Quinn	Tjornhom
Boo	Jensen	Minne	Quist	Tompkins
Brown	Johnson, A.	Morrison	Reding	Trimble
Burger	Johnson, R.	Munger	Rest	Tunheim
Carlson, D.	Johnson, V.	Murphy	Rice	Uphus
Carlson, L.	Kahn	Nelson, C.	Riveness	Valento
Carruthers	Kalis	Nelson, D.	Rodosovich	Vanasek
Clark	Kelly	Nelson, K.	Rose	Voss
Cooper	Kelso	Neuenschwander	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dauner	Kinkel	O'Connor	Sarna	Waltman
DeBlicck	Kludt	Ogren	Schafer	Welle
Dempsey	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Scheid	Wenzel
Dille	Knuth	Olson, E.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Dorn	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Schreiber	Spk. Norton
Forsythe	Krueger	Omann	Seaberg	
Frederick	Larsen	Onnen	Segal	
Greenfield	Lasley	Orenstein	Shaver	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bennett	Frerichs	Himle	Osthoff	Stanius
Blatz	Hartle	McDonald	Pauly	Vellenga
Clausnitzer	Haukoos	McKasy	Redalen	Wynia

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

### SPECIAL ORDERS, Continued

The Speaker resumed the Chair.

S. F. No. 63 was reported to the House.

Johnson, A.; Jensen; Scheid; Skoglund; Blatz; Neuenschwander; Hugoson; Brown; Knuth; McEachern; Johnson, R.; Ogren; Kinkel; Olson, E.; McLaughlin; Wagenius and Quinn moved to amend S. F. No. 63, the unofficial engrossment, as follows:

Page 1, line 25, delete section 2 and insert:

"Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 168.12, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [NUMBER PLATES; VISIBILITY; PERIODS OF ISSUANCE.] The registrar, upon the approval and payment, shall

issue to the applicant the number plates required by law, bearing the state name and the number assigned. The number assigned may be a combination of a letter or sign with figures. The color of the plates and the color of the abbreviation of the state name and the number assigned shall be in marked contrast. The plates shall be lettered, spaced, or distinguished to suitably indicate the registration of the vehicle according to the rules of the registrar, and when a vehicle is registered on the basis of total gross weight, the plates issued shall clearly indicate by letters or other suitable insignia the maximum gross weight for which the tax has been paid. These number plates shall be so treated as to be at least 100 times brighter than the conventional painted number plates. When properly mounted on an unlighted vehicle, these number plates, when viewed from a vehicle equipped with standard headlights, shall be visible for a distance of not less than 1,500 feet and readable for a distance of not less than 110 feet. The registrar shall issue these number plates for the following periods:

(1) number plates issued pursuant to sections 168.27, subdivisions 16 and 17, and 168.053 shall be for a one-year period;

(2) new number plates issued pursuant to section 168.012, subdivision 1, shall be issued to a vehicle for as long as it is owned by the exempt agency and shall not be transferable from one vehicle to another but may be transferred with the vehicle from one tax exempt agency to another;

(3) plates issued for passenger automobiles as defined in section 168.011, subdivision 7, ~~motoreycles, motorized bicyeles, and motor scooters~~ shall be issued for a ~~six-year period starting not later than October 1986, or until the next general reissuance of plates every six years thereafter, whichever is less the life of the vehicle;~~ and

(4) plates for any vehicle not specified in clauses (1), (2) and (3), except for trailers as hereafter provided, shall be issued for the life of the vehicle. Beginning with number plates issued for the year 1981, plates issued for trailers with a total gross weight of 3,000 pounds or less shall be issued for the life of the trailer and shall be not more than seven inches in length and four inches in width.

~~In a year in which plates are not issued,~~ The registrar shall issue for each registration a tab or sticker to designate the year of registration. This tab or sticker shall show the calendar year or years for which issued, and is valid only for that period. The number plates, number tabs, or stickers issued for a motor vehicle may not be transferred to another motor vehicle during the period for which it is issued.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, number plates issued to a vehicle which is used for behind-the-wheel instruction in a driver education course in a public school may be

transferred to another vehicle used for the same purpose without payment of any additional fee. The registrar shall be notified of each transfer of number plates under this paragraph, and may prescribe a form for notification."

Delete section 10 and renumber the remaining sections

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 2, delete everything after the semicolon and insert "providing for lifetime plates for passenger automobiles;"

Page 1, delete line 3

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

#### POINT OF ORDER

Simoneau raised a point of order pursuant to rule 3.10 that the Johnson, A., et al amendment was not in order. The Speaker ruled the point of order not well taken and the amendment in order.

The question recurred on the Johnson, A., et al amendment and the roll was called. There were 71 yeas and 59 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, R.	Greenfield	Kludt	O'Connor	Steensma
Begich	Haukoos	Knickerbocker	Ogren	Sviggum
Bertram	Himle	Knuth	Olson, E.	Swenson
Blatz	Hugoson	Krueger	Onnen	Thiede
Brown	Jaros	Larsen	Orenstein	Tjornhom
Carlson, L.	Jefferson	Long	Pelowski	Tompkins
Carruthers	Jennings	McEachern	Peterson	Trimble
Clausnitzer	Jensen	McLaughlin	Quinn	Vanasek
Cooper	Johnson, A.	Milbert	Quist	Vellenga
Dauner	Johnson, R.	Miller	Reding	Voss
DeBlieck	Kahn	Murphy	Rest	Wagenius
Dille	Kelly	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Waltman
Dorn	Kelso	Nelson, K.	Shaver	Welle
Forsythe	Kinkel	Neuenschwander	Skoglund	Winter
				Wynia

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, G.	Dempsey	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Richter
Battaglia	Frederick	Lasley	Omann	Rodosovich
Bauerly	Frerichs	Lieder	Osthoff	Rose
Beard	Gruenes	Marsh	Otis	Rukavina
Bennett	Gutknecht	McDonald	Ozment	Sarna
Bishop	Hartle	Minne	Pappas	Schafer
Boo	Heap	Morrison	Pauly	Schoenfeld
Burger	Jacobs	Munger	Poppenhagen	Schreiber
Carlson, D.	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Price	Seaberg
Clark	Kalis	Olsen, S.	Rice	Segal

Simoneau  
Solberg

Sparby  
Stanius

Tunheim  
Uphus

Valento  
Wenzel

Spk. Norton

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Simoneau moved that S. F. No. 63, as amended, be continued on Special Orders for one day. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1479, A bill for an act relating to economic development; establishing the Minnesota council on productivity and quality; assigning its powers and duties; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116J.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 99 yeas and 31 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Lasley	Orenstein	Simoneau
Anderson, R.	Gruenes	Lieder	Otis	Skoglund
Battaglia	Heap	Long	Pappas	Solberg
Bauerly	Himle	Marsh	Pelowski	Sparby
Beard	Jacobs	McEachern	Peterson	Steensma
Begich	Jaros	McKasy	Price	Swenson
Bertram	Jefferson	McLaughlin	Quinn	Tjornhom
Bishop	Jennings	Minne	Quist	Trimble
Brown	Jensen	Morrison	Reding	Tunheim
Burger	Johnson, R.	Munger	Rest	Uphus
Carlson, L.	Kahn	Murphy	Rice	Vanasek
Carruthers	Kalis	Nelson, C.	Riveness	Vellenga
Clark	Kelso	Nelson, D.	Rodosovich	Voss
Cooper	Kinkel	Nelson, K.	Rose	Wagenius
Dauner	Kludt	Neuenschwander	Rukavina	Welle
DeBlieck	Knickerbocker	O'Connor	Sarna	Wenzel
Dempsey	Knuth	Ogren	Schoenfeld	Winter
Dille	Kostohryz	Olsen, S.	Seaberg	Wynia
Dorn	Krueger	Olson, K.	Segal	Spk. Norton
Frederick	Larsen	Omann	Shaver	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bennett	Haukoos	Olson, E.	Richter	Tompkins
Blatz	Hugoson	Onnen	Schafer	Valento
Carlson, D.	Johnson, V.	Osthoff	Scheid	Waltman
Clausnitzer	McDonald	Ozment	Schreiber	
Ferichs	McPherson	Pauly	Stanis	
Gutknecht	Milbert	Poppenhagen	Sviggum	
Hartle	Miller	Redalen	Thiede	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 905, A bill for an act relating to appropriations; appropriating money to the commissioner of natural resources to

replace income lost to state trust funds when certain timber permits were canceled; releasing timber from the trust for a five-year period; authorizing the commissioner of natural resources to sell, recycle or dispose of the timber; directing the disposition of income.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 123 yeas and 5 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Frederick	Kostohryz	Orenstein	Skoglund
Anderson, R.	Frerichs	Krueger	Otis	Solberg
Battaglia	Greenfield	Larsen	Ozment	Sparby
Bauerly	Gruenes	Lasley	Pappas	Stanius
Beard	Gutknecht	Lieder	Pauly	Steensma
Begich	Hartle	Marsh	Pelowski	Sviggum
Bennett	Haukoos	McDonald	Peterson	Swenson
Bertram	Heap	McKasy	Poppenhagen	Thiede
Bishop	Himle	McLaughlin	Price	Tjornhom
Blatz	Hugoson	McPherson	Quist	Tompkins
Boo	Jacobs	Miller	Redalen	Trimble
Brown	Jaros	Minne	Reding	Tunheim
Burger	Jefferson	Morrison	Rice	Uphus
Carlson, D.	Jennings	Munger	Richter	Valento
Carlson, L.	Jensen	Murphy	Riveness	Vanasek
Carruthers	Johnson, A.	Nelson, C.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Clark	Johnson, R.	Nelson, D.	Rose	Voss
Clausnitzer	Johnson, V.	Nelson, K.	Rukavina	Waltman
Cooper	Kalis	Neuenschwander	Schafer	Welle
Dauner	Kelly	Ogren	Schoenfeld	Wenzel
DeBlicek	Kelso	Olsen, S.	Schreiber	Winter
Dempsey	Kinkel	Olson, E.	Seaberg	Wynia
Dille	Kludt	Olson, K.	Segal	Spk. Norton
Dorn	Knickerbocker	Omann	Shaver	
Forsythe	Knuth	Onnen	Simoneau	

Those who voted in the negative were:

McEachern	Milbert	Osthoff	Quinn	Scheid
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The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 232 was reported to the House.

Seaberg moved to amend S. F. No. 232, as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 611A.01, is amended to read:

611A.01 [DEFINITIONS.]



For the purposes of sections 611A.01 to 611A.04 and 611A.06:

(a) "Crime" means conduct that is prohibited by local ordinance and results in bodily harm to an individual; or conduct that is included within the definition of "crime" in section 609.02, subdivision 1, or would be included within that definition but for the fact that (i) the person engaging in the conduct lacked capacity to commit the crime under the laws of this state, or (ii) the act was alleged or found to have been committed by a juvenile;

(b) "Victim" means a natural person who incurs loss or harm as a result of a crime. If the victim is deceased, "victim" means the deceased's surviving spouse or next of kin; and

(c) "Juvenile" has the same meaning as given to the term "child" in section 260.015, subdivision 2.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 611A.02, is amended to read:

611A.02 [VICTIM SERVICE NOTIFICATION OF VICTIM SERVICES AND VICTIMS' RIGHTS.]

Subdivision 1. [VICTIM SERVICES.] The commissioner of corrections, in cooperation with the executive director of the crime victims reparations board, shall develop a plan to provide victims with information concerning victim services in the geographic area where the crime occurred. This information shall include, but need not be limited to, information about available victim crisis centers, programs for victims of sexual assault, victim witness programs, elderly victims projects, victim assistance hotlines, incest abuse programs, and domestic violence shelters and programs.

The plan shall take into account the fact that some counties currently have informational service systems and victim or witness services or programs.

This plan shall be presented to the appropriate standing committees of the legislature no later than February 1, 1984.

Subd. 2. [VICTIMS' RIGHTS.] (a) The commissioner of public safety, in consultation with the crime victim and witness advisory council, must develop a notice of the rights of crime victims. The notice must include a form for the preparation of a preliminary written victim impact summary. A preliminary victim impact summary is a concise statement of the immediate and expected damage to the victim as a result of the crime. A victim desiring to file a preliminary victim impact summary must file the summary with the investigating officer no more than five days after the victim receives the notice from a peace officer. If a preliminary victim

impact statement is filed with the investigating officer, it must be sent to the prosecutor with other investigative materials. If a prosecutor has received a preliminary victim impact summary, the prosecutor must present the summary to the court. This subdivision does not relieve a probation officer of the notice requirements imposed by section 609.115, subdivision 1c.

(b) The notice of the rights of crime victims must be distributed by a peace officer to each victim, as defined in section 611A.01, when the peace officer takes a formal statement from the victim. A peace officer is not obligated to distribute the notice if a victim does not make a formal statement. The notice must inform a victim of:

(1) the victim's right to request restitution under section 611A.04;

(2) the victim's right to be notified of any plea negotiations under section 611A.03; and

(3) the victim's right to be present at sentencing, and to object orally or in writing to a proposed agreement or disposition.

Sec. 3. [611A.037] [RIGHT TO SUBMIT STATEMENT AT SENTENCING.]

Subdivision 1. [IMPACT STATEMENT.] A victim has the right to submit an impact statement, either orally or in writing, to the court at the time of sentencing or disposition hearing. If the victim requests, the prosecutor must orally present the statement to the court.

Statements may include the following, subject to reasonable limitations as to time and length:

(1) a summary of the harm or trauma suffered by the victim as a result of the crime;

(2) a summary of the economic loss or damage suffered by the victim as a result of the crime; and

(3) a victim's reaction to the proposed sentence or disposition.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 611A.06, is amended to read:

611A.06 [RIGHT TO NOTICE OF RELEASE.]

The commissioner of corrections or other custodial authority shall make a good faith effort to notify the victim that the offender is to be released from imprisonment or incarceration, including release on extended furlough and for work release, or released from a facility in

which the offender was confined due to incompetency, mental illness, or mental deficiency, or commitment under section 253B.18, prior to the release if the victim has mailed to the commissioner of corrections or to the head of the facility in which the offender is confined a written request for this notice. A written request for notice submitted under this section is private data on individuals as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12. The commissioner or other custodial authority complies with this section upon mailing the notice of impending release to the victim at the address which the victim has most recently provided to the commissioner or authority in writing.

Sec. 5. [REPEALER.]

Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 611A.03, subdivision 3, is repealed.

Sec. 6. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 1 to 5 are effective January 1, 1988.

Delete the title and insert:

“A bill for an act relating to crimes; expanding the definition of crime for victims’ rights provisions to include ordinance violations resulting in bodily harm; expanding crimes that entitle victim to notice of plea agreement; granting right to victim to submit an impact statement to the court; requiring officers to give victims a notice of their rights; requiring prosecutors to present to the court a written victim impact summary prepared by the victim; ensuring privacy of victim’s request for notice of prisoner release; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 611A.01; 611A.02; and 611A.06; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 611A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 611A.03, subdivision 3.”

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

S. F. No. 232, A bill for an act relating to crimes; expanding the definition of crime for victims’ rights provisions to include ordinance violations resulting in bodily harm; expanding crimes that entitle victim to notice of plea agreement; granting right to victim to submit an impact statement to the court; requiring officers to give victims a notice of their rights; requiring prosecutors to present to the court a written victim impact summary prepared by the victim; ensuring privacy of victim’s request for notice of prisoner release; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 611A.01; 611A.02; and 611A.06; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 611A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 611A.03, subdivision 3.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 124 yeas and 1 nay as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Frerichs	Larsen	Osthoff	Shaver
Anderson, R.	Greenfield	Lasley	Otis	Simoneau
Battaglia	Gruenes	Long	Ozment	Skoglund
Bauerly	Gutknecht	Marsh	Pappas	Solberg
Beard	Hartle	McDonald	Pauly	Sparby
Begich	Heap	McEachern	Pelowski	Stanius
Bennett	Himle	McLaughlin	Peterson	Steenasma
Bertram	Hugoson	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Swiggum
Bishop	Jacobs	Milbert	Price	Swenson
Blatz	Jaros	Miller	Quist	Thiede
Brown	Jefferson	Minne	Redalen	Tjornhom
Burger	Jennings	Morrison	Reding	Tompkins
Carlson, D.	Jensen	Munger	Rest	Trimble
Carlson, L.	Johnson, A.	Murphy	Rice	Tunheim
Carruthers	Johnson, R.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Uphus
Clark	Johnson, V.	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Valento
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Vanasek
Cooper	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Rose	Vellenga
Dauner	Kelso	Ogren	Rukavina	Voss
DeBlieck	Kinkel	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Wagenius
Dempsey	Kludt	Olson, E.	Scheid	Waltman
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Wenzel
Dorn	Knuth	Omann	Schreiber	Winter
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Onnen	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Frederick	Krueger	Orenstein	Segal	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Quinn

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

There being no objection, the order of business reverted to Introduction and First Reading of House Bills.

## INTRODUCTION AND FIRST READING OF HOUSE BILLS

The following House Files were introduced:

Jaros introduced:

H. F. No. 1684, A bill for an act proposing an amendment to the Minnesota Constitution, article XIV, sections 5, 7, and 10; providing that motor fuel taxes be paid into the county state-aid highway fund;

providing that only motor fuel and wheelage taxes may fund the county state-aid highway system.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Transportation.

Kelly, Trimble, Pappas, Gutknecht and Blatz introduced:

H. F. No. 1685, A bill for an act relating to crimes; prohibiting unauthorized use of computer information; prohibiting denial of access to a computer; prohibiting use of a computer to commit a felony; authorizing persons injured by computer crime to collect treble civil damages; requiring the reporting of computer crimes; imposing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 609.531, subdivision 1; 609.87, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, and by adding subdivisions; and 609.88, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 609.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Wenzel, Krueger, Kinkel, Begich and Omann introduced:

H. F. No. 1686, A bill for an act relating to the national guard; providing a bonus payment of \$1,000 to members of the Minnesota national guard; appropriating money; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 192.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Jacobs and Ogren introduced:

H. F. No. 1687, A bill for an act relating to telephones; ensuring universal access to telephone service by persons 65 years of age or older; establishing eligibility for assistance; establishing funding of the assistance program by long distance service access surcharge; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 237.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Regulated Industries.

Milbert, Kelly, Solberg, Norton and Bishop introduced:

H. F. No. 1688, A bill for an act relating to the judiciary; the state board of public defense; providing for nonparticipation in the district defender system; providing for selection of district defenders;

amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 611.215, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 611.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

#### HOUSE ADVISORIES

The following House Advisories were introduced:

Greenfield, Dauner, Kelso, Clark and Welle introduced:

H. A. No. 53, A proposal to direct the House Health and Human Services Committee to study Medicaid reimbursements for inpatient and outpatient care.

The advisory was referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.

Greenfield, Cooper, Dauner, Steensma and DeBlieck introduced:

H. A. No. 54, A proposal to direct the House Committee on Health and Human Services to study the problems of health care in rural Minnesota.

The advisory was referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.

Price; Solberg; Nelson, D.; Simoneau and Rice introduced:

H. A. No. 55, A proposal to study early retirement options for public employees.

The advisory was referred to the Committee on Governmental Operations.

Trimble; Johnson, A.; Nelson, D.; Wenzel and Marsh introduced:

H. A. No. 56, A proposal for a study of genetically altered bacteria on crops.

The advisory was referred to the Committee on Environment and Natural Resources.

Trimble, Kahn, Greenfield, Dille and Munger introduced:

H. A. No. 57, A proposal to study the effect of pesticides on food.

The advisory was referred to the Committee on Environment and Natural Resources.

### **SPECIAL ORDERS, Continued**

S. F. No. 1369 was reported to the House.

Bishop moved to amend S. F. No. 1369, the unofficial engrossment, as follows:

Page 3, lines 17 to 21, delete section 7

Renumber the sections accordingly

Bishop moved that S. F. No. 1369 be temporarily laid over on Special Orders. The motion prevailed.

### **MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE, Continued**

The following message was received from the Senate:

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 713, A bill for an act relating to Minnesota Statutes; correcting erroneous, ambiguous, omitted, and obsolete references and text; eliminating certain redundant, conflicting, and superseded provisions; providing instructions to the revisor; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 1.135, subdivision 3; 8.31, subdivision 1; 13.43, subdivision 6; 14.02, subdivision 4; 15.61; 17.59, subdivision 5; 17A.04, subdivision 1; 28A.15, subdivision 4; 38.27, subdivision 3; 41A.05, subdivision 2; 48.13, subdivision 2; 48.26; 49.01, subdivision 3; 49.44; 60A.17, subdivision 12; 64B.18; 72A.41, subdivision 1; 79.38, subdivision 1; 84A.08; 97A.021, subdivision 2; 97A.065, subdivision 4; 97A.205; 97A.441, subdivision 5; 97A.445, subdivision 3; 97A.465, subdivision 4; 97A.501, subdivision 2; 97A.545, subdivision 4; 97B.315; 97B.921; 97B.925; 115A.07, subdivision 1; 115A.12, subdivision 1; 115A.14, subdivision 5; 115A.162; 116C.57,

subdivision 3; 116E.03, subdivision 9; 116J.72; 120.17, subdivision 5a; 121.904, subdivisions 11a and 11b; 122.541, subdivision 2; 124.01, subdivision 1; 124.195, subdivisions 8 and 9; 124.2138, subdivisions 3 and 4; 124.32, subdivision 1c; 124.472; 126.39, subdivision 11; 136.44; 136A.04, subdivision 2; 136A.06; 136D.28, subdivision 2; 136D.89, subdivision 2; 147.09; 152.02, subdivision 12; 160.283, subdivision 1; 171.05, subdivision 3; 174.255, subdivisions 1 and 2; 174.29, subdivision 1; 176.83, subdivision 7; 177.24, subdivision 2; 179A.12, subdivision 1; 182.651, subdivision 18; 193.141, subdivision 2; 193.145, subdivision 2; 214.01, subdivision 3; 219.691; 219.692; 219.743; 219.755; 222.61; 241.31, subdivision 2; 243.24, subdivision 2; 246.51, subdivision 1; 246A.02; 246A.11, subdivision 1; 246A.12, subdivisions 1 and 7; 246A.13, subdivision 1; 250.05, subdivision 2; 256.12, subdivision 14; 256.462, subdivision 2; 256B.03, subdivision 2; 257.34, subdivision 1; 260.015, subdivision 3; 260.151, subdivision 1; 268.072, subdivision 6; 271.15; 273.13, subdivision 22; 275.125, subdivisions 6a, 8, and 11c; 278.06; 290.01, subdivision 20b; 295.34, subdivision 1; 296.14, subdivision 4; 297.03, subdivision 3; 297A.06; 297A.25, subdivision 10; 308.341; 317.03; 317.65, subdivision 6; 319A.03; 319A.05; 319A.12, subdivisions 1a and 2; 322A.70; 326.03, subdivision 2; 326.06; 327.18, subdivision 3; 327C.07, subdivision 3a; 349.2121, subdivision 3; 354.05, subdivision 2; 355.311, subdivision 1; 361.26, subdivision 2; 366.095, subdivision 1; 378.43, subdivision 1; 383A.404, subdivision 7; 383B.035, subdivision 1; 383B.237; 383C.76; 386.71; 393.13, subdivision 1; 412.381; 412.501; 447.42, subdivision 2; 453.53, subdivision 3; 458A.03, subdivision 8; 458C.17; 462.601; 462.605; 462A.04, subdivision 8; 462A.05, subdivision 18; 462A.20, subdivision 3; 462C.04, subdivision 2; 462C.12, subdivision 2; 471.467, subdivision 1; 471.74, subdivision 2; 471.993, subdivision 1; 471A.03, subdivision 2; 473.149, subdivision 4; 473.181, subdivision 3; 473.811, subdivisions 6, 7, 8, and 9; 473F.06; 473F.07, subdivision 1; 473F.09; 474A.09; 604.06; 609.53, subdivisions 1 and 1a; 609.687, subdivision 4; 611.14; 626A.05, subdivision 2; 645.02; amending Laws 1982, chapter 523, article 30, section 4, subdivision 1; and Laws 1986, chapter 399, article 1, section 17; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 193.145, subdivision 3; and 325D.69, subdivision 1; repealing Laws 1986, chapter 463, section 3; and Laws 1986, First Special Session chapter 3, article 1, section 84.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVER, Secretary of the Senate

#### CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Rest moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 713 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 713, A bill for an act relating to Minnesota Statutes; correcting erroneous, ambiguous, omitted, and obsolete references



and text; eliminating certain redundant, conflicting, and superseded provisions; providing instructions to the revisor; making miscellaneous corrections to statutes and other laws; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 1.135, subdivision 3; 8.31, subdivision 1; 13.43, subdivision 6; 14.02, subdivision 4; 15.61; 17.59, subdivision 5; 17A.04, subdivision 1; 28A.15, subdivision 4; 32.394, subdivisions 8, as amended, and 8b, as amended; 38.27, subdivision 3; 41A.05, subdivision 2; 48.13, subdivision 2; 48.26; 49.01, subdivision 3; 49.44; 60A.17, subdivision 12; 62E.02, subdivision 23, as amended; 64B.18; 72A.41, subdivision 1; 79.38, subdivision 1; 84A.08; 97A.021, subdivision 2; 97A.065, subdivision 4; 97A.205; 97A.441, subdivision 5; 97A.445, subdivision 3; 97A.465, subdivision 4; 97A.501, subdivision 2; 97A.545, subdivision 4; 97B.315; 97B.921; 97B.925; 115A.07, subdivision 1; 115A.12, subdivision 1; 115A.14, subdivision 5; 115A.162; 116C.57, subdivision 3; 116E.03, subdivision 9; 116J.72; 120.17, subdivision 5a; 121.904, subdivisions 11a and 11b; 122.541, subdivision 2; 124.01, subdivision 1; 124.195, subdivisions 8 and 9; 124.2138, subdivisions 3 and 4; 124.32, subdivision 1c; 124.472; 126.39, subdivision 11; 136.44; 136A.04, subdivision 2; 136A.06; 136D.28, subdivision 2; 136D.89, subdivision 2; 147.09; 152.02, subdivision 12; 160.283, subdivision 1; 161.1419, subdivision 4, as amended; 171.05, subdivision 3; 174.255, subdivisions 1 and 2; 174.29, subdivision 1; 176.011, subdivision 9; 176.442, as amended; 176.83, subdivision 7; 177.24, subdivision 2; 179A.12, subdivision 1; 182.651, subdivision 18; 193.141, subdivision 2; 193.145, subdivision 2; 214.01, subdivision 3; 219.691; 219.692; 219.743; 219.755; 222.61; 241.31, subdivision 2; 243.24, subdivision 2; 246.51, subdivision 1; 246A.02; 246A.11, subdivision 1; 246A.12, subdivisions 1 and 7; 246A.13, subdivision 1; 250.05, subdivision 2; 256.12, subdivision 14; 256.462, subdivision 2; 256B.03, subdivision 2; 256D.05, subdivision 1, as amended; 256D.36, subdivision 1, as amended; 256D.37, subdivision 1, as amended; 257.34, subdivision 1; 260.015, subdivision 3; 260.151, subdivision 1; 268.072, subdivision 6; 270.075, subdivision 1, as amended; 271.15; 273.11, subdivision 8, as amended; 273.13, subdivision 22; 275.125, subdivisions 6a, 8, and 11c; 278.06; 282.08; 290.01, subdivision 20b; 295.34, subdivision 1; 296.14, subdivision 4; 297.03, subdivision 3; 297A.06; 297A.25, subdivision 10; 297D.07, as amended; 302A.727, subdivision 1, as amended; 308.341; 317.03; 317.65, subdivision 6; 319A.03; 319A.05; 319A.12, subdivisions 1a and 2; 322A.70; 326.03, subdivision 2; 326.06; 327.18, subdivision 3; 327C.07, subdivision 3a; 349.2121, subdivision 3; 354.05, subdivision 2; 355.311, subdivision 1; 361.26, subdivision 2; 366.095, subdivision 1; 378.43, subdivision 1; 383A.404, subdivision 3; 383B.035, subdivision 1; 383B.237; 383C.76; 386.71; 393.13, subdivision 1; 412.381; 412.501; 447.42, subdivision 2; 453.53, subdivision 3; 458A.03, subdivision 8; 458C.17; 462.601; 462.605; 462A.04, subdivision 8; 462A.05, subdivision 18; 462A.20, subdivision 3; 462C.04, subdivision 2; 462C.12, subdivision 2; 471.467, subdivision 1; 471.74, subdivision 2; 471.993, subdivision 1; 471A.03, subdivision 2; 473.149, subdivision 4; 473.181, subdivision 3; 473.811, subdivisions 6, 7, 8, and 9; 473F.06; 473F.07, subdivision 1; 473F.09;

474A.09; 604.06; 609.53, subdivisions 1 and 1a; 609.687, subdivision 4; 611.14; 626A.05, subdivision 2; 645.02; amending Laws 1982, chapter 523, article 30, section 4, subdivision 1; Laws 1983, chapter 334, section; and Laws 1986, chapter 399, article 1, section 17; amending 1987 H.F. No. 42, section 4, subdivision 2; H.F. No. 243, article 2, section 165; H.F. No. 753, article 1, section 16, by adding a subdivision, article 6, section 20, by adding a subdivision, and by adding a section, article 10, section 2, subdivision 2, and section 3; H.F. No. 919, section 8, subdivision 2, section 14, subdivision 8, and section 18, subdivision 11; 1987 S.F. No. 1, article 1, section 14, article 2, sections 11 and 18, article 6, section 9, article 9, section 15, subdivision 2, and sections 22 and 23, article 10, sections 8 and 9; S.F. No. 170, section 4, subdivision 1; S.F. No. 1516, section 1, section 10, subdivisions 1 and 6, sections 20, 34, and 133, subdivision 1; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 193.145, subdivision 3; 325D.69, subdivision 1; and 326.2421, subdivision 7; repealing Laws 1986, chapter 463, section 3; and Laws 1986, First Special Session chapter 3, article 1, section 84; and 1987 S.F. No. 1516, section 10, subdivision 7.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 133 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Greenfield	Lasley	Otis	Simoneau
Anderson, R.	Gruenes	Lieder	Ozment	Skoglund
Battaglia	Gutknecht	Long	Pappas	Solberg
Bauerly	Hartle	Marsh	Pauly	Sparby
Beard	Haukoos	McDonald	Pelowski	Stanisus
Begich	Heap	McEachern	Peterson	Steensma
Bennett	Himle	McLaughlin	Poppenhagen	Swiggum
Bertram	Hugoson	McPherson	Price	Swenson
Bishop	Jacobs	Milbert	Quinn	Thiede
Blatz	Jaros	Miller	Quist	Tjornhom
Boo	Jefferson	Minne	Redalen	Tompkins
Brown	Jennings	Morrison	Reding	Trimble
Burger	Jensen	Munger	Rest	Tunheim
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Murphy	Rice	Uphus
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Nelson, C.	Richter	Valento
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Nelson, D.	Riveness	Vanasek
Clark	Kahn	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Clausnitzer	Kalis	Neuenschwander	Rose	Voss
Cooper	Kelly	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dauner	Kelso	Ogren	Sarna	Waltman
DeBlicck	Kinkul	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Welle
Dempsey	Kludt	Olson, E.	Scheid	Wenzel
Dille	Knickerbocker	Olson, K.	Schoenfeld	Winter
Dorn	Knuth	Omann	Schreiber	Wynia
Forsythe	Kostohryz	Onnen	Seaberg	Spk. Norton
Frederick	Krueger	Orenstein	Segal	
Frerichs	Larsen	Osthoff	Shaver	

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

**SPECIAL ORDERS, Continued**

S. F. No. 1369 which was temporarily laid over earlier today was again reported to the House.

Bishop withdrew his amendment to S. F. No. 1369.

Riveness and Price moved to amend S. F. No. 1369, the unofficial engrossment, as follows:

Page 2, after line 10, insert:

“Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 169.14, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 11. [PENALTIES.] A fine imposed by a court as a penalty for violating any provision of this section or an ordinance in conformity therewith may not be less than \$50.”

Renumber the remaining sections

Amend the title accordingly

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

There being no objection, S. F. No. 1369 was continued on Special Orders for one day.

**MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS**

Bauerly moved that the name of Swenson be added as an author on H. F. No. 1674. The motion prevailed.

Carlson, L., moved that the following statement be printed in the permanent Journal of the House:

“I was excused pursuant to the Rules of the House while in Conference Committee when the vote was taken on the adoption of the Conference Committee Report on H. F. No. 529. Had I been present, I would have voted yea.” The motion prevailed.

Poppenhagen moved that the following statement be printed in the permanent Journal of the House:

"Had I been present when the final vote was taken on H. F. No. 753, I would have voted yea." The motion prevailed.

Welle moved that the following statement be printed in the permanent Journal of the House:

"Had I been present when the final vote was taken on H. F. No. 919, as amended by Conference Committee, I would have voted yea." The motion prevailed.

Riveness moved that the following statement be printed in the permanent Journal of the House:

"Had I been present when the final vote was taken on H. F. No. 919, as amended by Conference Committee, I would have voted yea." The motion prevailed.

Munger moved that the following statement be printed in the permanent Journal of the House:

"It was my intention to vote in the affirmative when the final vote was taken on the passage of H. F. No. 919, as amended by Conference Committee. In error I pressed the reset button rather than the yea button." The motion prevailed.

Dorn moved that the following statement be printed in the permanent Journal of the House:

"It was my intention to vote in the affirmative when the final vote was taken on the passage of H. F. No. 1315, as amended by Conference Committee." The motion prevailed.

#### ADJOURNMENT

Vanasek moved that when the House adjourns today it adjourn until 2:00 p.m., Tuesday, February 9, 1988. The motion prevailed.

Vanasek moved that the House adjourn. The motion prevailed, and the Speaker declared the House stands adjourned until 2:00 p.m., Tuesday, February 9, 1988.

EDWARD A. BURDICK, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

COMMUNICATIONS AND ANNOUNCEMENTS RECEIVED  
SUBSEQUENT TO ADJOURNMENT

The following communications were received:

**MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE**

The following messages were received from the Senate:

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 169, A bill for an act relating to lawful gambling; providing for representation of horsepersons contracting with a licensee; including payment of taxes as a lawful purpose; increasing the percentage of profits that may be used for necessary expenses; changing requirements for distributors; allowing the board to summarily suspend licenses under certain conditions; providing for a limit on the number of bingo occasions which an organization may conduct in a week, and the number of occasions which may occur on any site in a week; authorizing the board to adopt rules restricting the amount of rent charged by organizations; prohibiting local units of government from requiring organizations to make certain expenditures; making various technical changes; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 240.13, subdivision 5; 349.12, subdivisions 11, 12, 13, and 15; 349.14; 349.15; 349.151, subdivision 3, and by adding a subdivision; 349.161, subdivisions 3, 5, and 7; 349.162, by adding subdivisions; 349.17, subdivisions 1 and 2; 349.18, subdivisions 1 and 3; 349.19, subdivision 3; 349.21; and 349.213, subdivision 1.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 534, A bill for an act relating to the collection and dissemination of data; classifying data; proposing classifications of data as private, nonpublic, and protected nonpublic; clarifying

issues relating to the administration of data; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 13.03, subdivision 3; 13.04, subdivision 2; 13.05, subdivision 4; 13.38; 13.39, subdivision 3; 13.41, subdivision 4; 13.43, subdivision 1; 13.46, subdivisions 3, 4, 7, and by adding a subdivision; 13.50, subdivision 1; and 13.76; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 13 and 241.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 794, A bill for an act relating to waste management; regulating disposal of wastes; providing for a solid waste management policy; providing for recycling policy and marketing; managing household hazardous wastes; regulating the sale and disposal of motor oil and lead acid batteries; providing for waste pesticide collection; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 115A.03, subdivisions 9 and 21; 115A.06, subdivision 14; 115A.11, subdivision 2; 115A.15, subdivision 6; 115A.152; 115A.154; 115A.156, subdivisions 1, 2, and 5; 115A.158, subdivisions 1 and 2; 115A.42; 115A.45; 115A.49; 115A.51; 115A.52; 115A.53; 115A.54, subdivision 2a; 115A.81, subdivision 2; 115A.921; 115A.95; 116.07, subdivision 4b; 116.41, subdivision 2; 116M.07, by adding a subdivision; 176.011, subdivision 9; 239.09; 239.52; 325E.11; 473.149, subdivisions 2d and 6; 473.803, by adding a subdivision; 473.834, subdivision 2; 473.842, subdivision 2; 473.844, subdivisions 1 and 4; and 473.846; Laws 1984, chapter 644, section 85; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 115A; 239; 325E; and 473; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 115A.13; 115A.43; 115A.44; 473.834, subdivision 3; and 473.844, subdivisions 2 and 5.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 1112, A bill for an act relating to human services; creating client advisory committees; defining the term "vendor of medical care" for medical assistance; authorizing the commissioner to examine records; providing for a study for a Minnesota institute of health; creating a commission on health plan regulatory reform; regulating public assistance liens; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 62A.046; 176.191, subdivision 4; 214.06, subdivision 1; 256B.02, subdivision 7, and by adding a subdivision; 256B.042, subdivisions 2, 3, and by adding subdivisions; 256B.064, subdivision 1c; 256B.27, subdivisions 3 and 4; 256B.37, subdivisions 1, 2, and by adding subdivisions; 256D.03, by adding a subdivision; 259.40, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3; 268.121; 473.405, subdivision 13; 514.69; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 252 and 256.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 1170, A bill for an act relating to state government; prohibiting certain mandated leaves of absence for state employees; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 43A.32, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 1283, A bill for an act relating to health; prohibiting smoking in day care centers and health care facilities; prohibiting promotional distribution of tobacco products; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 144.412; 144.414; and 325F.77, by adding subdivisions; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 325F.77, subdivisions 1 and 2.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVERN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 1315, A bill for an act relating to the organization and operation of state government; appropriating money for the general legislative, judicial, and administrative expenses of state government; providing for the transfer of certain money in the state treasury; fixing and limiting the amount of fees, penalties, and other costs to be collected in certain cases; creating, abolishing, modifying, and transferring agencies and functions; defining and amending terms; providing for settlement of claims; imposing certain duties, responsibilities, authority, and limitations on agencies and political subdivisions; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 2.722, subdivision 1; 3.30, subdivision 2; 3.303, subdivision 5; 3.85, subdivision 12; 3C.035, subdivisions 1 and 2; 3C.11, subdivision 2; 3C.12, subdivision 7; 8.15; 14.08; 14.26; 15A.081, subdivisions 1, 7, and 7b; 15A.083, subdivision 4; 16A.127, subdivision 8; 16A.85, by adding a subdivision; 16B.20, subdivision 2; 16B.41; 16B.42, subdivision 4; 18.171, subdivisions 1, 5, and by adding a subdivision; 18.241, subdivision 2; 18.291; 18.311; 69.021, subdivision 5; 84.01, subdivision 3; 84.0272; 84.091, subdivision 3; 84.83, subdivision 3; 85.30; 85.41; 85.42; 85.43; 85.45; 85A.02, subdivision 5a; 85A.04, subdivision 1; 88.065; 92.46, subdivision 1; 92.67, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, and by adding a subdivision; 93.335, subdivision 4; 97A.061, subdivision 1; 97A.065, subdivision 2; 97A.105, subdivision 1; 97A.445, subdivision 1; 97A.475, subdivisions 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, and 20; 97A.485, subdivision 6; 97C.211, by adding a subdivision; 115A.42; 115A.44; 115A.45; 115A.46, subdivision 1; 115A.49; 115A.51; 115A.52; 115A.53; 115A.917; 116.41, subdivision 2; 116C.712, by adding a subdivision; 161.1419, subdivision 4; 168.012, subdivision 1c; 175A.07, subdivision 2; 176.611, subdivisions 2, 6a, and by adding a subdivision; 197.481, subdivision 5; 204B.11, subdivision 1; 214.04, subdivision 3; 221.67; 271.01, by adding a subdivision; 273.1314, subdivision 16a; 296.16, subdivision 1; 296.421, subdivision 5; 298.22, subdivision 1; 302A.011, subdivision 11; 302A.153; 303.07, subdivision 2; 303.13, subdivision 1; 303.21, subdivision 3; 317.67, subdivisions 2 and 3; 322A.16; 322A.71; 330.11, subdivision 3; 333.055, subdivision 3; 403.11, subdivision 1; 462A.05, by adding a subdivision; 462A.21, by adding a subdivision; 473.351, by adding a subdivision; 480.15, by adding a subdivision; 480.241; 480A.08, subdivision 3; 484.68, subdivisions 3 and 5; 540.152; 543.08; 609.101; 626.861, subdivision 4; proposing coding for new law in



Minnesota Statutes, chapters 3; 5; 16A; 18; 43A; 84; 86; 89; 93; 97A; 97C; 115A; 480; 481; and 484; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 3.099, subdivision 2; 3.9226, subdivision 8; 6.495, subdivision 2; 15A.081, subdivision 6; 15A.082, subdivision 5; 15A.083, subdivision 1; 92.67, subdivision 6; 116J.87; 296.421, subdivision 5a; and 473.351, subdivision 5.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 1542, A bill for an act relating to unemployment compensation; making various technical and housekeeping changes; defining "wages"; regulating benefits and contributions; providing for the administration of the unemployment compensation law; providing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 268.04, subdivisions 9, 12, 24, 25, 26, 29, and by adding subdivisions; 268.06, subdivisions 2, 3a, 5, 6, 8, 19, 20, 22, and 24; 268.07, subdivision 3; 268.08, subdivisions 3, 3a, and by adding a subdivision; 268.09, subdivisions 1 and 3; 268.12, subdivision 8; 268.121; 268.15, subdivision 3; 268.16, subdivision 2, and by adding subdivisions; 268.161, subdivisions 1, 8, 9, and by adding a subdivision; 268.18, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and by adding a subdivision; 268.65, subdivision 5; 270A.09, by adding a subdivision; and 508.25; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 268; and repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 268.24.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR  
SAINT PAUL 55155

MAY 11, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives  
The State of Minnesota

Dear Sir:

I have the honor of informing you that I have received, approved, signed and deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State the following House Files:

H. F. No. 26, relating to workers' compensation; providing for the organization and powers of the state compensation insurance fund.

H. F. No. 29, relating to traffic regulations; requiring motor vehicle operators to use child passenger restraint system when transporting child under age of four; assessing court costs to violator under certain conditions; imposing penalty.

H. F. No. 510, relating to Dakota county; providing for the creation, organization, powers, and duties of a personnel system; authorizing the county to provide certain services to the Dakota county historical society.

H. F. No. 668, relating to health; extending and creating exceptions to the moratorium on hospital capacity expansion.

H. F. No. 823, relating to labor; prohibiting certain terminations; requiring notice of reasons for terminations; providing a penalty.

H. F. No. 830, relating to state energy contracts; imposing additional requirements on bidders for state energy efficiency installment purchase contracts.

H. F. No. 1034, relating to crimes; repealing the requirement that the department of public safety must keep a record of all first convictions for the crime of possessing a small amount of marijuana.

Sincerely,

RUDY PERPICH  
Governor

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE  
ST. PAUL 55155

May 12, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

I have the honor to inform you that the following enrolled Acts of the 1987 Session of the State Legislature have been received from the Office of the Governor and are deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State for preservation, pursuant to the State Constitution, Article IV, Section 23:

<i>S.F.</i> <i>No.</i>	<i>H.F.</i> <i>No.</i>	<i>Session Laws</i> <i>Chapter No.</i>	<i>Date Approved</i> <i>1987</i>	<i>Date Filed</i> <i>1987</i>
	26	72	May 11	May 12
	29	73	May 11	May 12
	510	74	May 11	May 12
	668	75	May 11	May 12
	823	76	May 11	May 12
	830	77	May 11	May 12
	1034	78	May 11	May 12
53		79	May 11	May 12
296		80	May 11	May 12
333		81	May 11	May 12
345		82	May 11	May 12
420		83	May 11	May 12
480		84	May 11	May 12
673		85	May 11	May 12
737		86	May 11	May 12
916		87	May 11	May 12

Sincerely,

JOAN ANDERSON GROWE  
Secretary of State

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR  
SAINT PAUL 55155

May 12, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives  
The State of Minnesota

Dear Sir:

I have the honor of informing you that I have received, approved, signed and deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State the following House File:

H. F. No. 1009, relating to transportation; providing for standards for special transportation service; requiring changes in the administration of special transportation service in the metropolitan area.

Sincerely,

RUDY PERPICH  
Governor

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE  
ST. PAUL 55155

May 13, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

I have the honor to inform you that the following enrolled Acts of the 1987 Session of the State Legislature have been received from the Office of the Governor and are deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State for preservation, pursuant to the State Constitution, Article IV, Section 23:

<i>S.F.</i> No.	<i>H.F.</i> No.	<i>Session Laws</i> <i>Chapter No.</i>	<i>Date Approved</i> 1987	<i>Date Filed</i> 1987
	1009	88	May 12	May 13
183		89	May 12	May 13
225		90	May 12	May 13
409		91	May 12	May 13
482		92	May 12	May 13

Sincerely,

JOAN ANDERSON GROWE  
Secretary of State

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR  
SAINT PAUL 55155

May 13, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives  
The State of Minnesota

Dear Sir:

I have the honor of informing you that I have received, and deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State the following House Files:

H. F. No. 462, A resolution memorializing the United States Congress to maintain the Veteran's Administration system of health care facilities.

H. F. No. 575, A resolution memorializing the President and Congress to immediately direct the Farmers Home Administration to participate in and cooperate with the Farmer-Lender Mediation Program in the State of Minnesota.

H. F. No. 1145, A resolution memorializing the President and Congress of the United States to award posthumous Medals of Freedom to Andrew Goodman, Michael Schwerner, and James Chaney.

Sincerely,

RUDY PERPICH  
Governor

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR  
SAINT PAUL 55155

May 13, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives  
The State of Minnesota

Dear Sir:

I have the honor of informing you that I have received, approved, signed and deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State the following House Files:

H. F. No. 170, relating to firearms; allowing ammunition manufacturers to possess machine guns for ammunition testing purposes; permitting certain licensed dealers and manufacturers to own or possess machine guns and short-barreled shotguns for certain purposes.

H. F. No. 318, relating to crimes; creating the crime of criminal sexual conduct by impersonating a health care professional.

H. F. No. 1031, relating to liens; labor and material; regulating the attachment of these liens; providing that visible staking of the premises does not constitute the actual and visible beginning of the improvement.

H. F. No. 1193, relating to independent school district No. 206, Alexandria; providing for elections of the school board.

H. F. No. 1230, relating to insurance; clarifying the authority of school districts to self-insure for property and casualty coverage.

H. F. No. 1263, relating to the administration of state property; extending the period for which the commissioner of administration may lease state property.

H. F. No. 1416, relating to the city of Minneapolis; providing for the appointment of the director of the office of emergency preparedness.

H. F. No. 1629, relating to the county of Anoka; exempting an allocation of issuance authority for a solid waste project from the notice of issue filing deadline.

Sincerely,

RUDY PERPICH  
Governor

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE  
ST. PAUL 55155

May 14, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

I have the honor to inform you that the following enrolled Acts of the 1987 Session of the State Legislature have been received from the Office of the Governor and are deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State for preservation, pursuant to the State Constitution, Article IV, Section 23:

<i>S.F.</i> <i>No.</i>	<i>H.F.</i> <i>No.</i>	<i>Session Laws</i> <i>Chapter No.</i>	<i>Date Approved</i> <i>1987</i>	<i>Date Filed</i> <i>1987</i>
	462	Resolution No. 6		May 14
	575	Resolution No. 7		May 14
	1145	Resolution No. 8		May 14
	170	93	May 13	May 14
	318	94	May 13	May 14
	1031	95	May 13	May 14
	1193	96	May 13	May 14
	1230	97	May 13	May 14
	1263	98	May 13	May 14
	1416	99	May 13	May 14
	1629	100	May 13	May 14
25		101	May 13	May 14
123		102	May 13	May 14
557		103	May 13	May 14
578		104	May 13	May 14
751		105	May 13	May 14
1081		106	May 13	May 14
1313		107	May 13	May 14

Sincerely,

JOAN ANDERSON GROWE  
Secretary of State

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR  
SAINT PAUL 55155

May 14, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives  
The State of Minnesota

Dear Sir:

I have the honor of informing you that I have received, approved, signed and deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State the following House Files:

H. F. No. 286, relating to witnesses; removing the presumption against the competency of certain witnesses.

H. F. No. 340, relating to natural resources; allowing elk to be bred on game and fur farms.

H. F. No. 357, relating to the city of Saint Paul; permitting the city to adopt certain regulations for smoke detection devices.

H. F. No. 427, relating to public safety; providing that violation of local DWI ordinance is counted for purposes of driver's license revocation; providing that courts must report juvenile traffic violations to the department of public safety.

H. F. No. 436, relating to agriculture; providing minimum standards for seed potatoes.

H. F. No. 466, relating to commerce; clarifying unregulated sales of eyeglasses.

H. F. No. 470, relating to family law; eliminating the requirement that a husband's consent to donor insemination be filed with the commissioner of health.

H. F. No. 555, relating to crimes; prohibiting giving peace officers false names; prescribing penalties.



H. F. No. 569, relating to natural resources; authorizing acceptance of tips by food service and room cleaning employees at Itasca state park; authorizing additions to and deletions from certain state parks and waysides; abolishing Old Crossing Treaty State Wayside and Rice Lake State Wayside; authorizing sale and consumption of wine by the drink at Douglas Lodge in Itasca state park.

H. F. No. 580, relating to human rights; changing certain requirements relating to disabled persons.

H. F. No. 630, relating to health; allowing health maintenance organizations to adjust premiums based on actual health services utilization.

H. F. No. 653, relating to wild animals; use of lights in taking or in tending traps; length of otter season; setting traps near water.

H. F. No. 656, relating to public safety; regulating high pressure piping and pipefitters; providing penalties.

H. F. No. 721, relating to human services; providing for the recovery of medical assistance overpayments.

H. F. No. 730, relating to witnesses; allowing spousal testimony with respect to crimes committed against children.

H. F. No. 806, relating to human services; requiring certain written reports of abuse within 72 hours; requiring county attorneys to be on child protection teams; requiring specific investigations of certain abuse cases; providing for case consultation by child protection teams.

H. F. No. 816, relating to drivers' licenses; traffic regulations; requiring courts to furnish information relating to previous convictions without charge in gross misdemeanor prosecutions of the driving while under the influence law; imposing a penalty on person who violates conditions attached to limited driver's license.

H. F. No. 836, relating to natural resources; revising the boundary of Lost River State Forest.

H. F. No. 867, relating to local improvements; authorizing the levy of special assessments for highway sound barriers.

H. F. No. 923, relating to human services; regulating budgets and procedures of human services boards.

H. F. No. 947, relating to state lands; authorizing a private sale of certain tax-forfeited land in St. Louis county; authorizing the sale of certain tax-forfeited land to the city of Winton; authorizing private sale of certain tax-forfeited land in Lake county to the city of Two Harbors.

H. F. No. 1024, relating to human rights; regulating access to public accommodation by certain persons and guide dogs.

H. F. No. 1029, relating to property transfers; expanding the manner for creating custodial property under the uniform transfers to minors act.

H. F. No. 1185, relating to education; clarifying that funds may not be transferred from the debt redemption fund; clarifying permanent transfers that are currently permitted.

H. F. No. 1204, relating to health facilities; providing for the management of county health facilities; clarifying provisions relating to the St. Paul Ramsey medical center; permitting the Hennepin county board to hold closed meetings on certain medical center business; permitting certain data to be treated as trade secret information.

H. F. No. 1371, relating to courts; specifying certain locations for holding court in Ramsey county.

H. F. No. 1376, relating to state lands; directing sale and conveyance of certain state-owned lands to the city of Owatonna.

H. F. No. 1444, relating to towns; providing procedures for their organization and dissolution.

H. F. No. 1524, relating to human services; setting forth appeal procedure for recipients of case management services.

Sincerely,

RUDY PERPICH  
Governor

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR  
SAINT PAUL 55155

May 15, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives  
The State of Minnesota

Dear Sir:

I have the honor of informing you that I have received, approved, signed and deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State the following House Files:

H. F. No. 285, relating to liquor laws; eliminating vicarious criminal liability for the employer of an individual who violates a liquor law; reenacting certain amendments to the dram shop act; providing for liability of professional review organizations.

H. F. No. 450, relating to commerce; regulating the advertisement of interest rates of investment products; providing penalties.

H. F. No. 487, relating to commerce; regulating membership camping practices; prohibiting certain advertising practices; establishing escrow requirements; regulating subdivided land sales practices; prohibiting certain advertising practices.

H. F. No. 755, relating to the metropolitan government; authorizing municipalities in the metropolitan area to adopt ordinances related to aircraft noise.

H. F. No. 924, relating to corrections; removing the Minnesota correctional industries from state competitive bidding requirements.

H. F. No. 940, relating to retirement; various employee pension plans; specifying that exemptions from legal process do not include marital property divisions; requiring the provision of certain pension plan information in marriage dissolution actions; providing for court appointed actuaries in marriage dissolution actions; authorizing conversion of a certain joint and survivor annuity.

H. F. No. 1412, relating to state land; authorizing extension of the date to sell lakeshore cabin site lots.

Sincerely,

RUDY PERPICH  
Governor

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR  
SAINT PAUL 55155

May 16, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives  
The State of Minnesota

Dear Sir:

I have the honor of informing you that I have received, approved, signed and deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State the following House Files:

H. F. No. 1507, relating to water; prohibiting the commissioner of natural resources from issuing certain permits or approving certain plans for diversion of water from certain water basins before consultation with state and Canadian officials.

H. F. No. 1590, relating to education; clarifying the authority of school boards to appoint directors of area vocational technical institutes.

Sincerely,

RUDY PERPICH  
Governor

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE  
ST. PAUL 55155

May 18, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

I have the honor to inform you that the following enrolled Acts of the 1987 Session of the State Legislature have been received from the Office of the Governor and are deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State for preservation, pursuant to the State Constitution, Article IV, Section 23:

<i>S.F.</i> <i>No.</i>	<i>H.F.</i> <i>No.</i>	<i>Session Laws</i> <i>Chapter No.</i>	<i>Date Approved</i> 1987	<i>Date Filed</i> 1987
79		108	May 14	May 15
461		109	May 14	May 15
555		110	May 14	May 15
605		111	May 14	May 15
607		112	May 14	May 15
833		113	May 14	May 15
948		114	May 14	May 15
1097		115	May 14	May 15
1183		116	May 14	May 15
1204		117	May 14	May 15
1296		118	May 14	May 15
1308		119	May 14	May 15
	286	120	May 14	May 15
	340	121	May 14	May 15
	357	122	May 14	May 15
	427	123	May 14	May 15
	436	124	May 14	May 15
	466	125	May 14	May 15
	470	126	May 14	May 15
	555	127	May 14	May 15
	569	128	May 14	May 15
	580	129	May 14	May 15
	630	130	May 14	May 15
	653	131	May 14	May 15
	656	132	May 14	May 15
	721	133	May 14	May 15
	730	134	May 14	May 15
	806	135	May 14	May 15
	816	136	May 14	May 15
	836	137	May 14	May 15
	867	138	May 14	May 15
	923	139	May 14	May 15
	947	140	May 14	May 15
	1024	141	May 14	May 15
	1029	142	May 14	May 15
	1185	143	May 14	May 15
	1204	144	May 14	May 15
	1371	145	May 14	May 15
	1376	146	May 14	May 15
	1444	147	May 14	May 15
	1524	148	May 14	May 15
385		149	May 15	May 16

406	150	May 15	May 16
494	151	May 15	May 16
285	152	May 15	May 16
450	153	May 15	May 16
487	154	May 15	May 16
755	155	May 15	May 16
924	156	May 15	May 16
940	157	May 15	May 16
1412	158	May 15	May 16
1507	159	May 16	May 16
1590	160	May 16	May 16

Sincerely,

JOAN ANDERSON GROWE  
Secretary of State

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR  
SAINT PAUL 55155

May 16, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives  
The State of Minnesota

Dear Sir:

I have the honor of informing you that I have received, approved, signed and deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State the following House Files:

H. F. No. 217, relating to traffic regulations; providing for the operation by certain police departments and sheriffs' offices of specially marked vehicles for highway traffic law enforcement.

H. F. No. 489, relating to local government; authorizing annexation proceedings for certain land between the city of Nashwauk and the town of Nashwauk.

H. F. No. 502, relating to counties; allowing counties to charge fees for services; providing conditions for emergency contracts.

H. F. No. 609, relating to government data practices; giving the department of energy and economic development access to certain employment data.

H. F. No. 692, relating to public safety; providing for access to criminal justice datacommunications network and defining purposes for its use.

H. F. No. 941, relating to crimes; prohibiting killing or injuring a police dog involved in law enforcement investigation or apprehension; prescribing penalties.

H. F. No. 1521, relating to local government; providing the Lake county housing and redevelopment authority with certain port authority powers; authorizing the imposition of a lodging tax in certain towns in Cook county.

Sincerely,

RUDY PERPICH  
GOVERNOR

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE  
ST. PAUL 55155

May 19, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

I have the honor to inform you that the following enrolled Acts of the 1987 Session of the State Legislature have been received from the Office of the Governor and are deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State for preservation, pursuant to the State Constitution, Article IV, Section 23:

<i>S.F.</i> <i>No.</i>	<i>H.F.</i> <i>No.</i>	<i>Session Laws</i> <i>Chapter No.</i>	<i>Date Approved</i> <i>1987</i>	<i>Date Filed</i> <i>1987</i>
743		161	May 16	May 19
	217	162	May 16	May 19
	489	163	May 16	May 19
	502	164	May 16	May 19
	609	165	May 16	May 19
	692	166	May 16	May 19
	941	167	May 16	May 19
	1521	168	May 16	May 19

Sincerely,

JOAN ANDERSON GROWE  
Secretary of State

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR  
SAINT PAUL 55155

May 20, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives  
The State of Minnesota

Dear Sir:

I have the honor of informing you that I have received, approved, signed and deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State the following House Files:

H. F. No. 102, relating to game and fish; use of mechanical release bows during archery seasons.

H. F. No. 142, relating to drivers' licenses; permitting limited license for homemaker.

H. F. No. 240, relating to commerce; prohibiting surcharges on credit card sales; prescribing a penalty.

H. F. No. 270, relating to adoption; providing for notice of an adopted child or genetic parent's death or terminal illness.

H. F. No. 332, relating to environment; authorizing the pollution control agency to issue administrative orders assessing penalties; establishing a hearing procedure; providing for the distribution and expenditure of monetary penalties.

H. F. No. 334, relating to elections; changing registration, absentee ballot, filing, training, administrative, electronic voting, ballot preparation, canvassing, and election contest provisions.

H. F. No. 350, relating to crime; extending the crimes of murder in the third degree and manslaughter in the first degree to deaths caused by the sale or distribution of controlled substances; making it a felony to cause great bodily harm by selling or distributing certain controlled substances; imposing penalties.

H. F. No. 362, relating to Hennepin county; creating a county housing and redevelopment authority; applying the municipal hous-



ing and redevelopment act to Hennepin county; providing for local approval of projects.

H. F. No. 432, relating to education; modifying certain provisions of the compulsory attendance laws; establishing new compulsory attendance requirements.

H. F. No. 574, relating to manufactured homes; defining terms; clarifying the termination of a park lease for substantial annoyance to other residents; allowing certain new or amended rule violations to be cured; regulating park closings; requiring a closure statement; providing for a public hearing; clarifying remedies; requiring a feasibility study by the metropolitan council.

H. F. No. 687, relating to collection and dissemination of data; allowing law enforcement agencies to release the date of birth of persons involved in traffic accidents.

H. F. No. 792, relating to credit unions; permitting certain groups to join existing credit unions.

H. F. No. 799, relating to Koochiching county; permitting the county to establish an economic development authority and a pilot bidstead development authority.

H. F. No. 809, relating to natural resources; changing requirements for arrowheads used for big game hunting.

H. F. No. 909, relating to waters; changing the posting and publication of notice requirements for aeration operations by a permittee of the commissioner of natural resources; providing an exclusion from government tort liability.

H. F. No. 931, relating to public guardianship; modifying standards and procedures for the appointment of public guardians for mentally retarded persons; providing for powers and duties of public guardians.

H. F. No. 948, relating to state government; providing for affirmative action improvements; regulating job eligibility lists; providing for the title of state agency heads; giving the commissioner of health access to private or confidential data on individual state employees for purposes of epidemiologic studies; setting a mandatory age for certain employees and abolishing it for others; regulating hiring and personnel practices.

H. F. No. 1041, relating to adoption; requiring certain notifications to parents placing a child for adoption and to proposed adoptive parents; specifying that adoptive parents may not voluntarily terminate parental rights for any reason not available to birth parents.

H. F. No. 1266, relating to Hennepin county; providing bonding authority for library construction and betterment.

H. F. No. 1267, relating to insurance; regulating investments of domestic companies; defining terms; providing additional investment authority.

H. F. No. 1314, relating to courts; conforming fees for the filing of an unlawful detainer action in Hennepin county with other civil fees and unlawful detainer fees collected throughout the state; changing Hennepin county conciliation court filing and counterclaim fees.

H. F. No. 1420, relating to public safety; allowing bureau of criminal apprehension to permit amateur radio operators to use radio equipment capable of receiving police emergency radio frequency.

H. F. No. 1421, relating to insurance; regulating the formation and operation of risk retention groups; prescribing the powers and duties of the commissioner; defining terms; prescribing penalties.

H. F. No. 1495, relating to liquor; authorizing the city of Little Falls to issue a temporary on-sale intoxicating liquor license.

Sincerely,

RUDY PERPICH  
Governor

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE  
ST. PAUL 55155

May 21, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

I have the honor to inform you that the following enrolled Acts of the 1987 Session of the State Legislature have been received from the Office of the Governor and are deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State for preservation, pursuant to the State Constitution, Article IV, Section 23:

<i>S.F. No.</i>	<i>H.F. No.</i>	<i>Session Laws Chapter No.</i>	<i>Date Approved 1987</i>	<i>Date Filed 1987</i>
365		169	May 20	May 21
	102	170	May 20	May 21
	142	171	May 20	May 21
	240	172	May 20	May 21
	270	173	May 20	May 21
	332	174	May 20	May 21
	334	175	May 20	May 21
	350	176	May 20	May 21
	362	177	May 20	May 21
	432	178	May 20	May 21
	574	179	May 20	May 21
	687	180	May 20	May 21
	792	181	May 20	May 21
	799	182	May 20	May 21
	809	183	May 20	May 21
	909	184	May 20	May 21
	931	185	May 20	May 21
	948	186	May 20	May 21
	1041	187	May 20	May 21
	1266	188	May 20	May 21
	1267	189	May 20	May 21
	1314	190	May 20	May 21
	1420	191	May 20	May 21
	1421	192	May 20	May 21
	1495	193	May 20	May 21

Sincerely,

JOAN ANDERSON GROWE  
Secretary of State

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR  
SAINT PAUL 55155

May 21, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives  
The State of Minnesota

Dear Sir:

I have the honor of informing you that I have received, approved, signed and deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State the following House Files:

H. F. No. 147, relating to crimes; expanding the crime of witness tampering to include the act of intimidating a witness to make false statements.

H. F. No. 196, relating to public safety; manufactured homes; requiring manufactured home park owners to provide underground shelter for residents during severe weather; requiring a feasibility study.

H. F. No. 354, relating to state government; providing for a job class entitled chiropractor in the state civil service.

H. F. No. 642, relating to human services; prohibiting licensing of supportive living residences; requiring monitoring of facilities; providing for various levels of care for persons with mental illness; directing the commissioner of human services to review and alter rules relating to residential care facilities for persons with mental illness; requiring study of housing needs for persons with mental illness; prohibiting payment to newly-licensed facilities having more than four residents with mental illness.

H. F. No. 1071, relating to crimes; criminal sexual conduct; clarifying the definition of "mentally incapacitated"; providing that criminal sexual contact requires sexual or aggressive intent; expanding the definition of coercion.

H. F. No. 1120, relating to grain grading and testing; providing that state grades and test results may be the basis for market price.

H. F. No. 1515, relating to public offices; fixing resignation effective dates; prohibiting contingent resignations; permitting the submission and withdrawal of prospective resignations in certain circumstances; providing for appeals in statewide election contests.

H. F. No. 1563, relating to public safety; providing that local governing body may appoint local board of appeal for order issued under the state fire code; providing for notice; providing for smoke detector maintenance; providing penalties.

Sincerely,

RUDY PERPICH  
Governor

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE  
ST. PAUL 55155

May 22, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

I have the honor to inform you that the following enrolled Acts of the 1987 Session of the State Legislature have been received from the Office of the Governor and are deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State for preservation, pursuant to the State Constitution, Article IV, Section 23:

<i>S.F. No.</i>	<i>H.F. No.</i>	<i>Session Laws Chapter No.</i>	<i>Date Approved 1987</i>	<i>Date Filed 1987</i>
	147	194	May 21	May 22
	196	195	May 21	May 22
	354	196	May 21	May 22
	642	197	May 21	May 22
	1071	198	May 21	May 22
	1120	199	May 21	May 22
	1515	200	May 21	May 22
	1563	201	May 21	May 22
292		202	May 21	May 22
577		203	May 21	May 22

Sincerely,

JOAN ANDERSON GROWE  
Secretary of State

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR  
SAINT PAUL 55155

May 26, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives  
The State of Minnesota

Dear Sir:

I have the honor of informing you that I have received, approved, signed and deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State the following House Files:

H. F. No. 14, relating to unemployment compensation; limiting benefit charges to fire departments and emergency transportation services; regulating the receipt of benefits; providing that wages for volunteer firefighter or ambulance services not be deducted for benefit calculation purposes.

H. F. No. 88, relating to probate; changing and clarifying certain powers of trustees; redefining "augmented estate" for certain purposes.

H. F. No. 96, relating to the state high school league; requiring the league to arrange certain conference memberships; providing standards.

H. F. No. 151, relating to crime victims; permitting the crime victims reparation board to file a claim for reparations; altering the manner of determining reparations claims; requiring law enforcement agencies to aid the board; providing for the classification of various data; clarifying ambiguous language; providing penalties.

H. F. No. 200, relating to abuse and neglect reporting; providing a standard for the disclosure of a reporter's name under the child abuse reporting act and the vulnerable adults reporting act.

H. F. No. 230, relating to elections; authorizing combination of certain municipalities for election purposes; providing mail balloting.

H. F. No. 281, relating to elections; providing for experimental mail elections.

H. F. No. 283, relating to elections; requiring confidentiality of certain matters before the ethical practices board; raising certain

campaign contribution disclosure limits; changing the method of calculating certain campaign expenditure limits.

H. F. No. 308, relating to crimes; obscenity; prohibiting exhibition of obscene live performances to juveniles in a place of public accommodation; prohibiting the admission of a minor to an obscene exhibition even if minor does not pay for admission.

H. F. No. 345, relating to local government; providing for additional compensation for employees and members of municipal civil service boards; allowing certain cities to appropriate money for advertising.

H. F. No. 388, relating to crimes; providing for attachment of financial assets of persons charged with committing a felony; updating the wiretap law; prohibiting persons from defrauding insurers by concealing or removing property for the purpose of making a fraudulent insurance claim.

H. F. No. 444, relating to insurance; regulating funeral and burial expenses; allowing persons to select funeral or burial services and supplies of their choice.

H. F. No. 490, relating to elections; increasing the size of the board of education of special school district No. 1 of the city of Minneapolis to nine members; providing for six members to be elected by districts; requiring compliance with certain campaign disclosure provisions.

H. F. No. 526, relating to human services; authorizing the department of human services to enter into shared service agreements; appropriating money.

H. F. No. 542, relating to transportation; providing an alternative procedure to record town roads.

H. F. No. 556, relating to human services; establishing difficulty of care payments for children in foster care.

H. F. No. 561, relating to government data; providing for access to data by protection and advocacy systems.

H. F. No. 590, relating to crimes; sentencing; allowing the extension of a stay of execution in misdemeanor cases involving driving under the influence.

H. F. No. 624, relating to conciliation courts; providing for entry of judgment; providing for vacation of default judgment in certain circumstances; providing for time limitation and service by mail on

removal to county court; allowing a party to proceed without payment of a filing fee.

H. F. No. 638, relating to elections; requiring election judges to inform voters of certain laws; providing for selection of a party in certain primary elections; requiring parties to have different colored ballot book pages.

H. F. No. 643, relating to domestic abuse; prohibiting modification or vacation of certain orders for protection in a marriage dissolution proceeding; providing that certain actions are not violations of an order for protection; requiring written notice to respondents of penalties for violation of an order.

H. F. No. 654, relating to metropolitan government; providing for the composition of the metropolitan airports commission; requiring plans and reports on noise, capacity, and other matters at Minneapolis-St. Paul International Airport.

H. F. No. 663, relating to health; providing for disposition of the remains of human fetuses; providing a penalty.

H. F. No. 674, relating to crimes; dictating circumstances in which the court may stay execution of sentence following conviction for a second or subsequent offense relating to criminal sexual conduct; providing that information regarding a sexual assault victim is private.

H. F. No. 690, relating to traffic regulations; requiring a blood or urine test when there is probable cause to believe there is impairment by a controlled substance; requiring alternative test to be offered under certain conditions; providing for a study to determine the necessity of certain other testing.

H. F. No. 834, relating to natural resources; providing for the deposit of receipts from private forest management services into the forest management fund; appropriating money.

H. F. No. 889, relating to local government; providing notice conditions for town road contracts.

H. F. No. 1078, relating to natural resources; amending drainage law definitions; prescribing payment of attorney fees on certain drainage issues appealed by the commissioner; prescribing general



provisions for petitions; amending petition requirements; allowing drainage proceedings to be delayed; prescribing conditions for assessments against property within a municipality; prescribing extent of benefits and damages; requiring a benefits and damages statement and a property owner's report; providing drainage liens to be recorded against tracts of property; changing rates of interest to be paid during drainage proceedings; amending definition of repair; authorizing conditions for repair if design elevation is different than original construction elevation; providing easement for drainage authority to inspect drainage system; requiring permanent grass strips; apportioning repair costs; renumbering sections; providing penalties.

H. F. No. 1141, relating to the city of Champlin; permitting the city to use unexpended public improvement funds for a low-income special assessment grant program.

H. F. No. 1197, relating to statutes; revising the text of certain laws to remove redundant and obsolete language, to simplify grammar and syntax, and to improve the style of language without causing changes in the meaning of the laws.

H. F. No. 1207, relating to real property; altering certain redemption periods.

H. F. No. 1365, relating to liquor; authorizing the city of Little Canada to issue two additional on-sale licenses.

H. F. No. 1366, relating to occupations and professions; creating the Minnesota task force on interior designers and decorators and providing for its duties.

H. F. No. 1390, relating to utilities; providing for representation of small business by attorney general in certain proceedings relating to utility rates, service, and other matters.

H. F. No. 1475, relating to state government; civil service; providing opportunities for persons with disabilities.

Sincerely,

RUDY PERPICH  
Governor

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE  
 ST. PAUL 55155

May 26, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
 Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
 President of the Senate

I have the honor to inform you that the following enrolled Acts of the 1987 Session of the State Legislature have been received from the Office of the Governor and are deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State for preservation, pursuant to the State Constitution, Article IV, Section 23:

<i>S.F. No.</i>	<i>H.F. No.</i>	<i>Session Laws Chapter No.</i>	<i>Date Approved 1987</i>	<i>Date Filed 1987</i>
94		204	May 26	May 26
153		205	May 26	May 26
167		206	May 26	May 26
353		207	May 26	May 26
853		208	May 26	May 26
1048		209	May 26	May 26
	88	210	May 26	May 26
	200	211	May 26	May 26
	230	212	May 26	May 26
	281	213	May 26	May 26
	283	214	May 26	May 26
	308	215	May 26	May 26
	345	216	May 26	May 26
	388	217	May 26	May 26
	490	218	May 26	May 26
	542	219	May 26	May 26
	590	220	May 26	May 26
	624	221	May 26	May 26
	638	222	May 26	May 26
	654	223	May 26	May 26
	674	224	May 26	May 26
	690	225	May 26	May 26
	834	226	May 26	May 26
	889	227	May 26	May 26
	1141	228	May 26	May 26
	1197	229	May 26	May 26

1207	230	May 26	May 26
1366	231	May 26	May 26
1475	232	May 26	May 26
444	233	May 26	May 27
526	234	May 26	May 27
556	235	May 26	May 27
561	236	May 26	May 27
643	237	May 26	May 27
663	238	May 26	May 27
1078	239	May 26	May 27
1365	240	May 26	May 27
1390	241	May 26	May 27
14	242	May 26	May 27
96	243	May 26	May 27
151	244	May 26	May 27
168	245	May 26	May 27
785	246	May 26	May 27
911	247	May 26	May 27
927	248	May 26	May 27
1053	249	May 26	May 27
1345	250	May 26	May 27
1524	251	May 26	May 27

Sincerely,

JOAN ANDERSON GROWE  
Secretary of State

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR  
SAINT PAUL 55155

May 27, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives  
The State of Minnesota

Dear Sir:

I have the honor of informing you that I have received, approved, signed and deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State the following House Files:

H. F. No. 375, relating to corrections; clarifying the authority of the commissioner of corrections in licensing and supervising insti-

tutions and facilities; providing for restitution by inmates for destruction of state property; clarifying terminology; authorizing the commissioner to adopt rules relating to payment of restitution by inmates; authorizing the forfeiture of contraband money or property; clarifying provisions relating to county probation reimbursement; providing a penalty for assaults on correctional employees.

H. F. No. 554, relating to natural resources; changing certain provisions relating to state park permits; authorizing and assessing fees for state park permits for second vehicles; authorizing a state park permit exemption for Interstate Park under reciprocal agreement with Wisconsin.

H. F. No. 593, relating to crimes; requiring insurance companies to notify and release insurance policy information to certain law enforcement and prosecutorial authorities regarding motor vehicle thefts under investigation; prescribing higher penalties for major theft, motor vehicle theft, and repeat violations of the crime of unauthorized use of a motor vehicle; providing that orders of restitution may be entered in favor of corporate victims; allowing the court to amend or issue orders of restitution when the defendant is on probation or supervised release; extending the statute of limitations for certain major thefts to five years.

H. F. No. 813, relating to bicycles; requiring bicycles using a shoulder of a roadway to ride in the same direction as adjacent vehicular traffic; redefining the term roadway; defining the term shoulder; allowing designation of bikeways by resolution or ordinance; adopting additional definitions of bicycle terms.

H. F. No. 822, relating to commerce; requiring that credit card applications contain specific disclosures respecting conditions and costs; prescribing penalties; providing remedies.

H. F. No. 955, relating to port authority powers for the cities of Roseville and White Bear Lake.

H. F. No. 983, relating to education; adding post-secondary vocational technical representation to UFARS and ESV computer councils; providing for certain duties of the state board of vocational technical education and the state director of vocational technical education; providing for uniform statutory terminology.

H. F. No. 1026, relating to retirement; clarifying the responsibilities of the actuary retained by the legislative commission on

pensions and retirement; clarifying and revising various actuarial determinations and procedures; authorizing the retention of actuarial advisors by various retirement funds; specifying the contents and methods for supplemental and alternative actuarial valuations; establishing a separate fund for the correctional employees retirement fund.

H. F. No. 1083, relating to government liability; authorizing municipal insurers to settle tort claims; clarifying that instrumentalities of municipalities incorporated as nonprofit corporations may be included in the self-insurance pool.

H. F. No. 1274, relating to crimes; taxes; providing for collection from convicted person's tax refund of court-ordered restitution to crime victims; providing for priority of claims against refunds.

H. F. No. 1281, relating to local government; authorizing Lake county to issue seasonal on-sale liquor licenses; authorizing St. Louis county to set the compensation of certain board and commission members.

H. F. No. 1327, relating to elections; changing precinct caucus dates and procedures.

Sincerely,

RUDY PERPICH  
Governor

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR  
SAINT PAUL 55155

May 28, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives  
The State of Minnesota

Dear Sir:

I have the honor of informing you that I have received, approved, signed and deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State the following House Files:

H. F. No. 239, relating to elections; providing for school district elections to be conducted according to Minnesota election law; appropriating money.

H. F. No. 401, relating to environment; providing criminal penalties for violation of laws and rules relating to hazardous waste; providing for the distribution and expenditure of monetary penalties.

H. F. No. 529, relating to the financing of government in Minnesota; changing tax rates and bases; modifying the methods of administering, collecting, and enforcing taxes; changing the computation, administration, and payment of aids, credits, and refunds; imposing taxes; limiting taxing powers; transferring governmental powers and duties; allocating bonding authority; making entitlement allocations to the cities of Minneapolis and St. Paul; repealing income tax rules; providing for the conveyance of land in Becker county; making technical corrections and clarifications; imposing and increasing fees, interest, and penalties; appropriating money.

H. F. No. 532, relating to public safety; motorized bicycles; establishing standards for the safe operation of motorized bicycles; appropriating money.

H. F. No. 591, relating to human services; authorizing the commissioner to make direct payments to shelter facilities; allowing facilities providing shelter services to women and children to appeal the denial of general assistance payments.

H. F. No. 601, relating to natural resources; providing that money recovered by the state for forest fire fighting expenses be restored to the fund of origination; increasing the amount that may be paid for tips related to forest fire crimes; clarifying provisions relating to the burden of proof and evidence of negligence.

H. F. No. 841, relating to utilities; providing for prevention of unlawful meter bypass, tampering, and use; providing remedies.

H. F. No. 854, relating to judgments; clarifying the procedure and cost for filing foreign judgments; clarifying the procedure to be used in securing a judgment and execution.

H. F. No. 859, relating to the department of finance; clarifying and correcting miscellaneous provisions to improve the administration of the department and of state government; appropriating money.

H. F. No. 899, relating to education; establishing the Fond du Lac Higher Education Center; continuing the Fond du Lac Higher Education Task Force; requiring reports; appropriating money.

H. F. No. 990, relating to crimes; providing that persons convicted of a crime of violence may not ship, transport, possess, or receive a firearm for ten years following restoration of civil rights, the setting aside of a conviction, or a pardon.

H. F. No. 1030, relating to water pollution; providing for grants and loans for the construction and rehabilitation of wastewater treatment facilities and systems; authorizing rulemaking.

H. F. No. 1043, relating to metropolitan government; providing for qualifications of commission members, budget criteria, plans, and reports; clarifying purposes of regional transit board; requiring regional transit board to contract for route planning and scheduling services; requiring the regional transit board to adopt standards for competitive bidding after a public hearing; regulating participation in a transportation program; providing conditions for incurrence of debt for certain purposes; providing conditions for the use of federal funds; removing fare restrictions.

H. F. No. 1073, relating to occupations and professions; providing advertising restrictions for plumbers; providing for licensing of certain persons by the electrical board; imposing penalties.

H. F. No. 1119, relating to state lands; permitting the sale of certain land in St. Louis county.

H. F. No. 1170, relating to state government; prohibiting certain mandated leaves of absence for state employees.

H. F. No. 1200, relating to human rights; defining "employee" to include commission salespersons for certain purposes; clarifying certain provisions.

H. F. No. 1209, relating to public nuisances; defining a nuisance; providing for the enjoinder of nuisances.

H. F. No. 1213, relating to retirement; various public pension plans; implementing various administrative changes; making private certain membership data; conforming mandatory retirement provisions for public employees to the federal Age Discrimination in

Employment Amendments of 1986; clarifying the obligation of the state auditor to undertake periodic public pension plan audits; establishing combined service disability and survivor benefits.

H. F. No. 1219, relating to taxation; authorizing Scott county to impose a tax on admissions to major amusement facilities; providing for expenditure of the proceeds of the tax.

H. F. No. 1223, relating to legal newspapers; modifying certain requirements to qualify as a legal newspaper; removing special qualifications for newspapers in Morrison county.

H. F. No. 1252, relating to eminent domain; authorizing court having jurisdiction over an eminent domain proceeding to compel occupants of condemned real estate to deliver possession.

H. F. No. 1304, relating to insurance; regulating cancellations of insurance agency contracts.

H. F. No. 1326, relating to energy; authorizing loans to municipalities for energy conservation investments and authorizing repayment of those loans; authorizing issuance of bonds; appropriating money.

H. F. No. 1350, relating to jobs and training; establishing limits for rates under the child care sliding fee program.

Sincerely,

RUDY PERPICH  
Governor

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR  
SAINT PAUL 55155

May 29, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives  
The State of Minnesota

Dear Sir:

I have the honor of informing you that I have received, approved, signed and deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State the following House Files:

H. F. No. 3, relating to labor; changing the minimum wage.



H. F. No. 123, relating to probate; providing for an increased sum payable to a surviving spouse by affidavit; allowing nursing home care costs to be a claim of the same class as medical and hospital expenses.

H. F. No. 141, relating to liability; authorizing the elimination or limitation of a director's personal liability to a cooperative association or its members; exempting certain directors, members, and agents of nonprofit corporations from civil liability; exempting certain members of hospital district boards from certain civil liability.

H. F. No. 169, relating to lawful gambling; providing for representation of horsepersons contracting with a licensee; including payment of taxes as a lawful purpose; increasing the percentage of profits that may be used for necessary expenses; changing requirements for distributors; allowing the board to summarily suspend licenses under certain conditions; providing for a limit on the number of bingo occasions which an organization may conduct in a week, and the number of occasions which may occur on any site in a week; authorizing the board to adopt rules restricting the amount of rent charged by organizations; prohibiting local units of government from requiring organizations to make certain expenditures; making various technical changes.

H. F. No. 294, relating to intoxicating liquor; permitting certain transactions by brewers and wholesalers; authorizing counties to issue temporary on-sale licenses; authorizing cities to issue temporary off-sale licenses for the sale of vintage wine at auctions.

H. F. No. 384, relating to crimes; providing for prosecution of certain gross misdemeanor violations; increasing the maximum fine for petty misdemeanor violations; creating a gross misdemeanor crime of damage to property; creating the crimes of check forgery and offering a forged check; increasing the maximum bail for certain misdemeanors and gross misdemeanors; prescribing penalties.

H. F. No. 391, relating to crimes; increasing penalties for distributing controlled substances to a minor or employing a minor to distribute controlled substances; defining measurement and purity requirements of controlled substances for criminal and tax law purposes.

H. F. No. 706, relating to juveniles; clarifying certain recent changes to the juvenile court act; clarifying the hearing and records procedures of the juvenile court; providing for the enforcement of

juvenile court restitution orders; permitting administrative docketing of certain unpaid county reimbursements; clarifying certain crime victim notification and protection laws.

H. F. No. 913, relating to workers' compensation; providing a general administrative reform; providing for certain proceedings to be expedited; providing penalties.

H. F. No. 1210, relating to human services; regulating the licensure of programs for the care of children or of adults with certain disabilities; providing penalties; replacing the existing licensure law.

H. F. No. 1312, relating to peace officers; requiring licensure as a prerequisite to exercising the authority of a peace officer; prohibiting persons from misrepresenting themselves as peace officers or part-time peace officers; prescribing penalties.

H. F. No. 1374, relating to the office of the attorney general; removing the numerical limit on the number of assistant attorneys general; authorizing the attorney general to delegate contract review duties.

Sincerely,

RUDY PERPICH  
Governor

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE  
ST. PAUL 55155

June 2, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

I have the honor to inform you that the following enrolled Acts of the 1987 Session of the State Legislature have been received from the Office of the Governor and are deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State for preservation, pursuant to the State Constitution, Article IV, Section 23:

<i>S.F.</i> No.	<i>H.F.</i> No.	<i>Session Laws</i> Chapter No.	<i>Date Approved</i> 1987	<i>Date Filed</i> 1987
	375	252	May 27	May 28
	554	253	May 27	May 28
	593	254	May 27	May 28
	813	255	May 27	May 28
	822	256	May 27	May 28
	955	257	May 27	May 28
	983	258	May 27	May 28
	1026	259	May 27	May 28
	1083	260	May 27	May 28
	1274	261	May 27	May 28
	1281	262	May 27	May 28
	1327	263	May 27	May 28
1099		264	May 27	May 28
1230		265	May 27	May 28
	239	266	May 28	May 28
	401	267	May 28	May 28
	529	268	May 28	May 28
	532	269	May 28	May 28
	591	270	May 28	May 28
	601	271	May 28	May 28
	841	272	May 28	May 28
	854	273	May 28	May 28
	899	274	May 28	May 28
	859	275	May 28	May 28
	990	276	May 28	May 28
	1030	277	May 28	May 28
	1043	278	May 28	May 28
	1073	279	May 28	May 28
	1119	280	May 28	May 28
	1170	281	May 28	May 28
	1200	282	May 28	May 28
	1209	283	May 28	May 28
	1213	284	May 28	May 28
	1219	285	May 28	May 28
	1223	286	May 28	May 28
	1252	287	May 28	May 28
	1304	288	May 28	May 28
	1326	289	May 28	May 28
	1350	290	May 28	May 28
170		291	May 28	May 28
89		292	May 28	May 28
80		293	May 28	May 28
184		294	May 28	May 28
300		295	May 28	May 28
317		296	May 28	May 28

397	297	May 28	May 28
456	298	May 28	May 28
593	299	May 28	May 28
596	300	May 28	May 28
641	301	May 28	May 28
735	302	May 28	May 28
858	303	May 28	May 28
865	304	May 28	May 28
908	305	May 28	May 28
909	306	May 28	May 28
915	307	May 28	May 28
1029	308	May 28	May 28
1041	309	May 28	May 28
1152	310	May 28	May 28
1202	311	May 28	May 28
1203	312	May 28	May 28
1272	313	May 28	May 28
1437	314	May 28	May 28
1472	315	May 28	May 28
1479	316	May 28	May 28
830	317	May 28	May 28
69	318	May 29	May 29
131	319	May 29	May 29
326	320	May 29	May 29
465	321	May 29	May 29
587	322	May 29	May 29
905	323	May 29	May 29
3	324	May 29	May 29
123	325	May 29	May 29
141	326	May 29	May 29
169	327	May 29	May 29
294	328	May 29	May 29
384	329	May 29	May 29
391	330	May 29	May 29
706	331	May 29	May 29
913	332	May 29	May 29
1210	333	May 29	May 29
1312	334	May 29	May 29
1374	335	May 29	May 29
463	336	June 1	June 1
478	337	June 1	June 1

Sincerely,

JOAN ANDERSON GROWE  
Secretary of State

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR  
SAINT PAUL 55155

June 1, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives  
The State of Minnesota

Dear Sir:

I have the honor of informing you that I have received, approved, signed and deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State the following House Files:

H. F. No. 290, relating to occupations and professions; establishing an office of social work and mental health boards; establishing a board of social work; regulating and licensing social workers; establishing a board of marriage and family therapy; licensing and regulating marriage and family therapists; establishing a board of unlicensed mental health service providers; regulating unlicensed health service providers; providing penalties; appropriating money.

H. F. No. 291, relating to financial institutions; regulating incorporations and operations of banks; requiring prior written approval by the commissioner for certain lease arrangements; requiring certain securities to be deposited with the state treasurer; requiring approval of certain insider agreements; providing penalties against certain lenders; regulating transfer and closing of deposit accounts; regulating real estate holdings by a bank; providing for exclusions to certain usury limits; regulating acquisitions by bank holding companies; revising the definition of feeder livestock loans for bank lending limit purposes; authorizing the commissioner to borrow money to satisfy obligations of certain closed institutions; authorizing indirect investments in eligible securities for state banks; regulating bank or trust company investments; regulating claims against liquidated institutions; providing for the organization of credit unions; regulating interest and dividends paid on deposits; regulating industrial loan and thrifts; regulating interstate branch banking; providing for the submission of certain reports; modifying the maximum allowable interest rate on certain loans used to satisfy the balances owed on contracts for deed; regulating consumer credit transaction contracts; requiring the periodic examination of debt prorated companies; modifying the examination requirement for safe deposit companies and insurance premium finance companies; regulating motor vehicle installment sales; regulating bank applications; regulating electronic financial terminals and unauthorized use of financial transaction cards.

H. F. No. 508, relating to housing; providing for administration of the state's low-income housing credit; authorizing the Minnesota housing finance agency to participate in certain housing construction projects and in certain nonprofit corporations; authorizing the sale or rental of certain housing property; providing definitions; providing for the issuance of certain bonds and notes.

H. F. No. 534, relating to the collection and dissemination of data; classifying data; proposing classifications of data as private, nonpublic, and protected nonpublic; clarifying issues relating to the administration of data.

H. F. No. 794, relating to waste management; regulating disposal of wastes; providing for a solid waste management policy; providing for recycling policy and marketing; managing household hazardous wastes; regulating the sale and disposal of motor oil and lead acid batteries; providing for waste pesticide collection; appropriating money.

Sincerely,

RUDY PERPICH  
Governor

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR  
SAINT PAUL 55155

June 2, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives  
The State of Minnesota

Dear Sir:

I have the honor of informing you that I have received, approved, signed and deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State the following House Files:

H. F. No. 234, relating to employment; establishing unpaid leave of absences for new parents; setting conditions on return from leave; creating a cause of action.

H. F. No. 463, relating to occupations and professions; providing for the licensure of private detectives and protective agents; providing definitions; providing board powers and duties; specifying appli-

cation and administrative procedure; authorizing rulemaking; requiring payment of fees; providing penalties.

H. F. No. 523, relating to elections; changing certain voter registration procedures to increase voter participation; providing for a computerized central registration system, voter registration forms in state income tax forms and booklets, and a combined voter registration, driver's licensé, and identification card form; appropriating money.

H. F. No. 715, relating to unemployment compensation; regulating administration of unemployment compensation; providing for benefits and contribution rates.

H. F. No. 894, relating to human services; creating a new chapter establishing a single, unitary process for the determination of residence and financial responsibility for all human service programs.

H. F. No. 904, relating to human services; requiring notification to spouse of nursing home resident.

H. F. No. 916, relating to state government; amending, creating, and deleting various duties of the commissioner of administration; creating the productivity loan fund; providing definitions; requiring interest earned on the revolving fund for vocational rehabilitation of the blind to be credited to the fund; appropriating money.

H. F. No. 943, relating to the attorney general; creating a consumer education account; providing for its administration; appropriating money.

H. F. No. 949, relating to consumer protection; requiring registration for health, buying, and social referral clubs; providing bonding and alternative security requirements; regulating bond claims; appropriating money.

H. F. No. 1015, relating to motorboat and motor vehicle safety; providing for enforcement of sanctions for operation of snowmobiles, all-terrain vehicles, and motorboats while under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance; providing for revocation of privilege to operate snowmobile or all-terrain vehicle as sanction for implied consent violation.

H. F. No. 1054, relating to vocational rehabilitation; limiting grants to sheltered workshops; providing for use of community-based employment; regulating and defining vocational rehabilitation programs.

H. F. No. 1112, relating to human services; creating client advisory committees; defining the term "vendor of medical care" for medical assistance; authorizing the commissioner to examine records; providing for a study for a Minnesota institute of health; creating a commission on health plan regulatory reform; regulating public assistance liens; appropriating money.

H. F. No. 1127, relating to utilities; providing for the establishment of flexible gas utility rates for certain customers subject to effective competition; requiring the department of public service to conduct a study; appropriating money.

H. F. No. 1159, relating to retirement; modifying various statewide public safety pension plan provisions; modifying various nonstatewide public safety pension plan provisions; authorizing modifications in Minneapolis teacher retirement fund association benefit plan; authorizing various purchases of prior service credit; establishing an ambulance service personnel retirement plan; limiting the uses of public pension plan assets; authorizing various miscellaneous retirement benefit modifications; making various changes in the investment authority of the state board of investment; lowering service requirements for vesting; modifying workers' compensation benefit offsets.

H. F. No. 1351, relating to natural resources; authorizing the taking of elk and amending related laws; authorizing compensation for certain crop damage caused by elk; appropriating money.

H. F. No. 1417, relating to human services; providing for hospice care payments under medical assistance.

H. F. No. 1419, relating to human rights; requiring the Indian affairs council to develop certain programs; changing certain procedures in cases before the department of human rights.

H. F. No. 1621, relating to unemployment compensation; appropriating federal money received for unemployment compensation administration.



H. F. No. 1622, relating to courts; providing court of appeals and crime victim representation on the sentencing guidelines commission; providing that terms of commission members appointed by the governor are coterminous with the governor; changing the date on which the commission's report to the legislature is due; clarifying the membership on judicial appeal panels; permitting retired judges to solemnize marriages; clarifying judicial representation on the judicial standards board; authorizing the supreme court to adopt court rules; restricting mileage reimbursement for law clerks.

Sincerely,

RUDY PERPICH  
Governor

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR  
SAINT PAUL 55155

June 2, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives  
The State of Minnesota

Dear Sir:

I have the honor of informing you that I have received, approved, signed and deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State the following House Files:

H. F. No. 713, relating to Minnesota Statutes; correcting erroneous, ambiguous, omitted, and obsolete references and text; eliminating certain redundant, conflicting, and superseded provisions; providing instructions to the revisor; making miscellaneous corrections to statutes and other laws.

H. F. No. 1542, relating to unemployment compensation; making various technical and housekeeping changes; defining "wages"; regulating benefits and contributions; providing for the administration of the unemployment compensation law; providing penalties.

Sincerely,

RUDY PERPICH  
Governor

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR  
SAINT PAUL 55155

June 3, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives  
The State of Minnesota

Dear Sir:

I have the honor of informing you that I have received, approved, signed and deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State the following House Files:

H. F. No. 42, relating to employment; regulating drug and alcohol testing of employees and job applicants.

H. F. No. 777, relating to motor fuels; trade practices; extending the expiration of the ethanol development fund to the year 2000; appropriating money for promoting ethanol.

H. F. No. 606, relating to environment; establishing a petroleum tank release cleanup program; authorizing state action to prevent or correct health and environmental damage resulting from releases from petroleum storage tanks; establishing a petroleum tank release cleanup fund; establishing a petroleum tank release compensation board; authorizing reimbursement from the fund; requiring rulemaking; providing for administration by the pollution control agency and the department of commerce; requiring certification of tank installers; appropriating money.

H. F. No. 872, relating to hazardous waste facilities; providing for financial responsibility when an owner or operator is bankrupt.

H. F. No. 887, relating to environment; creating the clean water partnership program for the control of nonpoint source water pollution and providing for administration by the pollution control agency; requiring a state water quality assessment; authorizing technical and financial assistance to local governments; authorizing rulemaking; appropriating money.

Sincerely,

RUDY PERPICH  
Governor

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE  
ST. PAUL 55155

June 3, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

I have the honor to inform you that the following enrolled Acts of the 1987 Session of the State Legislature have been received from the Office of the Governor and are deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State for preservation, pursuant to the State Constitution, Article IV, Section 23:

<i>S.F.</i> No.	<i>H.F.</i> No.	<i>Session Laws</i> <i>Chapter No.</i>	<i>Date Approved</i> 1987	<i>Date Filed</i> 1987
		338	June 1	June 2
		339	June 1	June 2
		340	June 1	June 2
		341	June 1	June 2
		342	June 1	June 2
		343	June 1	June 2
		344	June 1	June 2
		345	June 1	June 2
		346	June 1	June 2
	290	347	June 1	June 2
	794	348	June 1	June 2
	291	349	June 1	June 2
	508	350	June 1	June 2
	534	351	June 1	June 2
		352	June 2	June 2
		353	June 2	June 2
		354	June 2	June 2
		355	June 2	June 2
		356	June 2	June 2
		357	June 2	June 2
		358	June 2	June 2
	234	359	June 2	June 2
	463	360	June 2	June 2
	523	361	June 2	June 2
	715	362	June 2	June 2

	894	363	June 2	June 2
	904	364	June 2	June 2
	916	365	June 2	June 2
	943	366	June 2	June 2
	949	367	June 2	June 2
	1015	368	June 2	June 2
	1054	369	June 2	June 2
	1112	370	June 2	June 2
	1127	371	June 2	June 2
	1159	372	June 2	June 2
	1351	373	June 2	June 2
	1417	374	June 2	June 2
	1419	375	June 2	June 2
	1621	376	June 2	June 2
	1622	377	June 2	June 2
51		378	June 2	June 2
862		379	June 2	June 2
1057		380	June 2	June 2
1114		381	June 2	June 2
1232		382	June 2	June 2
1280		383	June 2	June 2
	713	384	June 2	June 2
	1542	385	June 2	June 2
1		386	June 3	June 3
1261		387	June 3	June 3
	42	388	June 3	June 3
	606	389	June 3	June 3
	777	390	June 3	June 3
	872	391	June 3	June 3
	887	392	June 3	June 3

Sincerely,

JOAN ANDERSON GROWE  
Secretary of State

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR  
SAINT PAUL 55155

June 4, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives  
The State of Minnesota

Dear Sir:

I have the honor of informing you that I have received, approved, signed and deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State the following House Files:

H. F. No. 137, relating to criminal procedure; providing a procedure for ordering joint or separate trials for jointly charged defendants; permitting the prosecution to offer a rebuttal closing argument.

H. F. No. 1113, relating to state departments and agencies; abolishing the Minnesota humane society as a state agency and authorizing its formation as a state federation of county and district societies; providing for the powers and duties of county and district societies and for the prevention of cruelty to animals.

H. F. No. 303, relating to agriculture; regulating the functions of the rural finance authority; fixing conditions for certain land sales and foreclosures; providing programs for the agricultural economy; regulating agriculture related commerce; appropriating money.

H. F. No. 404, relating to railroads; providing for designation of exempt railroad grade crossings; requiring stop signs at railroad grade crossings.

H. F. No. 753, relating to education; providing aids for education and the distribution of tax revenues; providing aids to libraries; appropriations to the academies for the deaf and the blind, and the department of education; changing secondary pupil unit weighting; establishing general education revenue composed of basic compensatory education, training and experience, and sparsity revenue; combining certain categorical aids; increasing the community education formula; changing the capital expenditure formula; providing for special instruction and services for handicapped children from birth; establishing program improvement grants, education districts, and area learning centers; appropriating money.

H. F. No. 1283, relating to health; prohibiting smoking in day care centers and health care facilities; prohibiting promotional distribution of tobacco products.

Sincerely,

RUDY PERPICH  
Governor

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE  
 ST. PAUL 55155

June 5, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
 Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
 President of the Senate

I have the honor to inform you that the following enrolled Acts of the 1987 Session of the State Legislature have been received from the Office of the Governor and are deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State for preservation, pursuant to the State Constitution, Article IV, Section 23:

<i>S.F. No.</i>	<i>H.F. No.</i>	<i>Session Laws Chapter No.</i>	<i>Date Approved 1987</i>	<i>Date Filed 1987</i>
508		393	June 3	June 4
	1113	394	June 3	June 4
	137	395	June 3	June 4
	303	396	June 4	June 4
	404	397	June 4	June 4
	753	398	June 4	June 4
	1283	399	June 4	June 4

Sincerely,

JOAN ANDERSON GROWE  
 Secretary of State

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
 OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR  
 SAINT PAUL 55155

May 27, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
 Speaker of the House of Representatives  
 The State of Minnesota

Dear Sir:

I have the honor of informing you that I have received and deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State the following House Concurrent Resolution:

House Concurrent Resolution No. 8, A House concurrent resolution commemorating the life and work of John Mariucci.

Sincerely,

RUDY PERPICH  
Governor

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR  
SAINT PAUL 55155

June 2, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives  
The State of Minnesota

Dear Sir:

I have the honor of informing you that I have received and deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State the following House File:

H. F. No. 564, A resolution memorializing the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission; expressing the Legislature's opposition to the installation of additional hydropower generating facilities at the Falls of St. Anthony in Minneapolis, Minnesota.

Sincerely,

RUDY PERPICH  
Governor

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR  
SAINT PAUL 55155

June 11, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives  
The State of Minnesota

Dear Sir:

I have the honor of informing you that I have received, approved, signed and deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State the following House Files:

H. F. No. 919, relating to public administration; authorizing spending to acquire and to better public land and buildings and other public improvements of a capital nature with certain conditions; authorizing issuance of state and local bonds; authorizing levies; imposing taxes; appropriating money.

H. F. No. 735, relating to local government; removing a restriction on issuance of off-sale liquor licenses in Kanabec county; imposing the restriction in Carver and Red Lake counties; permitting the establishment of a fire protection district for the city of Moose Lake and surrounding territory.

Sincerely,

RUDY PERPICH  
Governor

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR  
SAINT PAUL 55155

June 12, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives  
The State of Minnesota

Dear Sir:

I have the honor of informing you that I have received, approved, signed and deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State the following House Files:

H. F. No. 1315, relating to the organization and operation of state government; appropriating money for the general legislative, judicial, and administrative expenses of state government; providing for



the transfer of certain money in the state treasury; fixing and limiting the amount of fees, penalties, and other costs to be collected in certain cases; creating, abolishing, modifying, and transferring agencies and functions; defining and amending terms; providing for settlement of claims; imposing certain duties, responsibilities, authority, and limitations on agencies and political subdivisions.

Sincerely,

RUDY PERPICH  
Governor

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE  
ST. PAUL 55155

June 16, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

I have the honor to inform you that the following enrolled Acts of the 1987 Session of the State Legislature have been received from the Office of the Governor and are deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State for preservation, pursuant to the State Constitution, Article IV, Section 23:

<i>S.F.</i> No.	<i>H.F.</i> No.	<i>Session Laws</i> <i>Chapter No.</i>	<i>Date Approved</i> 1987	<i>Date Filed</i> 1987
	919	400	June 11	June 11
1515		401	June 11	June 11
	735	402	June 11	June 11
	243	403	June 12	June 12
	1315	404	June 12	June 12
	House Concurrent Resolution No. 8			
	became Resolution No. 9			May 27
	564	Resolution No. 10		June 2

Sincerely,

JOAN ANDERSON GROWE  
Secretary of State

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE  
 ST. PAUL 55155

June 25, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
 Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
 President of the Senate

I have the honor to inform you that the following enrolled Act of the 1987 Session of the State Legislature has been received from the Office of the Governor and is deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State for preservation, pursuant to the State Constitution, Article IV, Section 23:

<i>S.F.</i> No.	<i>H.F.</i> No.	<i>Session Laws</i> <i>Chapter No.</i>	<i>Date Approved</i> 1987	<i>Date Filed</i> 1987
282		405	June 18	June 21

Sincerely,

JOAN ANDERSON GROWE  
 Secretary of State

**DISPOSITION OF BILLS UPON ADJOURNMENT**

REPORT PURSUANT TO HOUSE RULE NO. 9.4

Pursuant to House Rule No. 9.4, the following bills were returned to the standing committee last acting on the bill:

H. F. Nos. 613 and 1059 to the Committee on Agriculture.

H. F. Nos. 176, 363, 803, 835, 1087, 1122, 1335, 1465 and 1505 and S. F. Nos. 63, 682, 717, 1184, 1223 and 1369 to the Committee on Appropriations.

S. F. No. 1268 to the Committee on Commerce.

H. F. Nos. 227 and 645 and S. F. No. 235 to the Committee on Education.

S.F.No.322totheCommitteeonEnvironmentandNaturalResources.

H. F. Nos. 157, 756 and 1128 to the Committee on General Legislation, Veterans Affairs and Gaming.

H. F. Nos. 614 and 1425 to the Committee on Governmental Operations.

S. F. Nos. 236, 537 and 1018 to the Committee on Judiciary.

H. F. No. 649 and S. F. No. 1335 to the Committee on Labor-Management Relations.

H. F. No. 1260 to the Committee on Local and Urban Affairs.

H. F. No. 610 to the Committee on Metropolitan Affairs.

H. F. Nos. 189 and 1361 and S. F. Nos. 897 and 1191 to the Committee on Regulated Industries.

H. F. No. 944 to the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration.

REPORT PURSUANT TO JOINT RULE 3.02 (A)

Pursuant to Joint Rule 3.02 (a), H. F. Nos. 236, 596 and 1138 which were being considered by a Conference Committee at the time of adjournment were returned to the House and laid on the table. The Conference Committees were discharged.

REPORT PURSUANT TO JOINT RULE 3.02 (C)

Pursuant to Joint Rule 3.02 (c), the following line item veto was returned to the House by the Governor with his objections and laid on the table:

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR  
SAINT PAUL 55155

June 12, 1987

The Honorable Fred C. Norton  
Speaker of the House of Representatives  
The State of Minnesota

Dear Speaker Norton:

This letter is to advise you that I have today signed H. F. No. 243, the Health and Human Services Appropriations Bill. However,

pursuant to the powers vested in me by Article IV, Section 23 of the Minnesota Constitution, I have determined to line-item veto Section 157 of H. F. No. 243.

Section 157 appears on page 164, line 30 through page 166, line 11. It relates to the appropriation of oil overcharge funds.

Section 157 adds the requirement that the State of Minnesota obtain the U. S. Department of Energy's approval for the intended use of oil overcharge funds. The federal court decision which governs the use of the oil overcharge funds only requires that the State of Minnesota provide notice to the U. S. Department of Energy of the State's intent for the use of the funds. Under Section 157, the State of Minnesota would become the only State in the nation to give up its authority to the federal government to appropriate oil overcharge funds.

Further, Section 157 establishes the Legislative Advisory Commission as the body which would make the appropriation decision. This is inconsistent with the Minnesota Constitution and the interpretations of the Constitution by the State Supreme Court.

I believe that since the entire state was injured by the action of oil companies in overcharging citizens of the State of Minnesota, the entire State should benefit from the return of oil overcharge funds. This can be accomplished by developing programs and projects with broad application and long-term impact. Funds could be used effectively and in a manner consistent with the federal court order to improve energy efficiency, indoor comfort, and air quality in homes, apartments, schools, factories, and offices. This would allow all of the citizens of Minnesota to reduce their energy costs, while maintaining a sound indoor environment.

Pursuant to the requirement of Article IV, Section 23 of the Minnesota Constitution, an executed copy of this letter has been appended to the bill as filed with the Secretary of State.

Sincerely,

RUDY PERPICH  
Governor

#### CERTIFICATE

I certify that the Journal of the House for Monday, May 18, 1987, including subsequent proceedings, has been corrected and is hereby approved.

EDWARD A. BURDICK, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives



**JOURNAL**  
**OF THE**  
**HOUSE**  
**OF REPRESENTATIVES**

**SPECIAL SESSION**

**OF THE**

**LEGISLATURE**

**STATE OF MINNESOTA**

**1987**

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**RAMALEY PRINTING COMPANY**



## STATE OF MINNESOTA

## SPECIAL SESSION - 1987

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FIRST DAY

SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, JUNE 25, 1987

In obedience to the Proclamation of the Honorable Rudy Perpich, Governor of the State of Minnesota, summoning the two Houses of the Legislature to meet in Special Session, the members of the House of Representatives assembled in the Chamber of the House of Representatives at the Capitol in Saint Paul on Thursday, the twenty-fifth day of June 1987, at 2:00 p.m.

## PROCLAMATION FOR SPECIAL SESSION 1987

*Whereas*, Events have occurred which require an urgent re-examination of Minnesota laws regarding corporate acquisitions; and

*Whereas*, The people of Minnesota are best served by public policies which foster corporate responsibility to investors, employees and community; and

*Whereas*, A review of state laws regarding corporate acquisitions can be accomplished in a brief special session of the Minnesota Legislature; and

*Whereas*, Article IV, Section 12 of the Constitution of the State of Minnesota provides that a special session of the Legislature may be called on extraordinary occasions; and

*Whereas*, Elected leaders of the Legislature have agreed on an agenda and procedures to complete a special session in the shortest time possible;

*Now, Therefore*, I, Rudy Perpich, Governor of the State of Minnesota, do hereby summon you, members of the Legislature, to convene in Special Session on Thursday, June 25, 1987, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon in the Capitol in Saint Paul, Minnesota.

*In Witness Whereof*, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of Minnesota to be affixed at the State Capitol this twenty-fourth day of June in the year of our Lord one



thousand nine hundred and eighty-seven, and of the State the one hundred twenty-ninth.

JOAN ANDERSON GROWE  
Secretary of State

RUDY PERPICH  
Governor

At the hour of 2:00 p.m. and pursuant to the Proclamation of the Governor and pursuant to Minnesota Statutes 1986, Section 3.05, the Honorable Joan Anderson Growe, Secretary of State, called the House of Representatives to order.

Prayer was offered by the Reverend Delton Krueger, House Chaplain.

The Chief Clerk called the roll by legislative districts in numerical order and the following members answered to their names:

District 1A	Jim Tunheim
District 1B	Wally Sparby
District 2A	Bernie Lieder
District 2B	Edgar L. Olson
District 3A	Bob Neuenschwander
District 3B	Loren A. Solberg
District 4A	Bob Johnson
District 4B	Anthony G. (Tony) Kinkel
District 5A	Thomas Rukavina
District 5B	Lona Minne
District 6A	David P. Battaglia
District 6B	Joseph R. Begich
District 7A	Willard Munger
District 7B	
District 8A	Mary Murphy
District 8B	Ben Boo
District 9A	
District 9B	Marvin Dauner
District 10A	Dennis Poppenhagen
District 10B	Bob Anderson
District 11A	Chuck Brown
District 11B	Clair Nelson
District 12A	Don Richter
District 12B	Richard "Rick" Krueger
District 13A	Paul M. Thiede
District 13B	Stephen G. Wenzel
District 14A	Paul Anders Ogren
District 14B	
District 15A	Sylvester Uphus
District 15B	Alan Welle
District 16A	Bernie Omann
District 16B	Jeff Bertram
District 17A	Marcus Marsh
District 17B	Dave Gruenes

District 18A	Jerome "J. P." Peterson
District 18B	Jerry J. Bauerly
District 19A	Harold Lasley
District 19B	
District 20A	Glen H. Anderson
District 20B	Howard Miller
District 21A	Steve Dille
District 21B	Roger Cooper
District 22A	Bob McEachern
District 22B	Tony Onnen
District 23A	Terry Dempsey
District 23B	Allen Quist
District 24A	John Dorn
District 24B	Marcel "Sal" Frederick
District 25A	Robert E. Vanasek
District 25B	Peter Rodosovich
District 26A	Steven Sviggum
District 26B	Bob Waltman
District 27A	Norman DeBlicek
District 27B	Andy Steensma
District 28A	Ted Winter
District 28B	Katy Olson
District 29A	Gene Hugoson
District 29B	Henry J. Kalis
District 30A	Dean Hartle
District 30B	Jerry Schoenfeld
District 31A	Bob Haukoos
District 31B	Leo J. Reding
District 32A	Don L. Frerichs
District 32B	Elton R. Redalen
District 33A	Gil Gutknecht
District 33B	Dave Bishop
District 34A	Virgil J. Johnson
District 34B	Gene Pelowski, Jr.
District 35A	Gary Schafer
District 35B	K. J. McDonald
District 36A	Becky Kelso
District 36B	
District 37A	Eileen Tompkins
District 37B	Dennis Ozment
District 38A	Connie Morrison
District 38B	Art Seaberg
District 39A	Bert J. McKasy
District 39B	Robert P. Milbert
District 40A	Chris Tjornhom
District 40B	Phillip J. Riveness
District 41A	John Himle
District 41B	Kathleen Blatz
District 42A	Sidney Pauly
District 42B	Mary Forsythe
District 43A	John Burger
District 43B	Jerry Knickerbocker
District 44A	Sally Olsen

District 44B	Gloria Segal
District 45A	
District 45B	Jim Heap
District 46A	Ann H. Rest
District 46B	Lyndon R. Carlson
District 47A	Linda Scheid
District 47B	Phil Carruthers
District 48A	Dale A. Clausnitzer
District 48B	Bill Schreiber
District 49A	
District 49B	Joel Jacobs
District 50A	Ernest Larsen
District 50B	Joe Quinn
District 51A	Alice Johnson
District 51B	Wayne Simoneau
District 52A	Gordon O. Voss
District 52B	Dan Knuth
District 53A	Tony Bennett
District 53B	
District 54A	Don Valento
District 54B	Dick Kostohryz
District 55A	Douglas G. Swenson
District 55B	Harriet McPherson
District 56A	Len Price
District 56B	Pat Beard
District 57A	James I. Rice
District 57B	Richard H. Jefferson
District 58A	John J. Sarna
District 58B	
District 59A	
District 59B	Todd Otis
District 60A	Karen Clark
District 60B	Peter McLaughlin
District 61A	Lee Greenfield
District 61B	Wesley J. "Wes" Skoglund
District 62A	Ken Nelson
District 62B	Jean Wagenius
District 63A	John Rose
District 63B	Ann Wynia
District 64A	Kathleen Vellenga
District 64B	Howard Orenstein
District 65A	
District 65B	Sandy Pappas
District 66A	Tom Osthoff
District 66B	Rich O'Connor
District 67A	Randy C. Kelly
District 67B	Steve Trimble

123 members answered to the call by legislative district.

Jaros; Jensen; Kahn; Long; Nelson, D., and Shaver were excused.

Carlson, D., was excused until 2:45 p.m. Jennings and Stanius were excused until 3:30 p.m. Kludt was excused until 7:00 p.m.

The roll was called in alphabetical order and the following members were present:

Anderson, G.	Frerichs	Marsh	Ozment	Simoneau
Anderson, R.	Greenfield	McDonald	Pappas	Skoglund
Battaglia	Gruenes	McEachern	Pauly	Solberg
Bauerly	Gutknecht	McKasy	Pelowski	Sparby
Beard	Hartle	McLaughlin	Peterson	Steensma
Begich	Haukoos	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Bennett	Heap	Milbert	Price	Swenson
Bertram	Himle	Miller	Quinn	Thiede
Bishop	Hugoson	Minne	Quist	Tjornhom
Blatz	Jacobs	Morrison	Redalen	Tompkins
Boo	Jefferson	Munger	Reding	Trimble
Brown	Johnson, A.	Murphy	Rest	Tunheim
Burger	Johnson, R.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Uphus
Carlson, L.	Johnson, V.	Nelson, K.	Richter	Valento
Carruthers	Kalis	Neuenschwander	Riveness	Vanasek
Clark	Kelly	O'Connor	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Clausnitzer	Kelso	Ogren	Rose	Voss
Cooper	Kinkel	Olsen, S.	Rukavina	Wagenius
Dauner	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Sarna	Waltman
DeBlicek	Knuth	Olson, K.	Schafer	Welle
Dempsey	Kostohryz	Omann	Scheid	Wenzel
Dille	Krueger	Onnen	Schoenfeld	Winter
Dorn	Larsen	Orenstein	Schreiber	Wynia
Forsythe	Lasley	Osthoff	Seaberg	
Frederick	Lieder	Otis	Segal	

A quorum was present.

#### ELECTION OF OFFICERS

The Secretary of State announced the next order of business to be the election of Speaker due to the resignation from the Legislature of Fred C. Norton effective today.

The name of Robert E. Vanasek was placed in nomination by Wynia. The nomination was seconded by Anderson, G., and Nelson, K.

The name of Gerald Knickerbocker was placed in nomination by Schreiber. The nomination was seconded by Heap and Sviggum.

There being no further nominations, the Secretary of State declared the nominations closed.

The Clerk called the roll on the election of a Speaker.

The following members of the House voted for Vanasek:

Anderson, G.	Brown	DeBlicek	Johnson, R.	Kostohryz
Battaglia	Carlson, L.	Dorn	Kalis	Krueger
Bauerly	Carruthers	Greenfield	Kelly	Larsen
Beard	Clark	Jacobs	Kelso	Lasley
Begich	Cooper	Jefferson	Kinkel	Lieder
Bertram	Dauner	Johnson, A.	Knuth	McEachern

McLaughlin	Ogren	Price	Scheid	Tunheim
Milbert	Olson, E.	Quinn	Schoenfeld	Vanasek
Minne	Olson, K.	Reding	Segal	Vellenga
Munger	Orenstein	Rest	Simoneau	Voss
Murphy	Osthoff	Rice	Skoglund	Wagenius
Nelson, C.	Otis	Riveness	Solberg	Welle
Nelson, K.	Pappas	Rodosovich	Sparby	Wenzel
Neuenschwander	Pelowski	Rukavina	Steenasma	Winter
O'Connor	Peterson	Sarna	Trimble	Wynia

Vanasek received 75 votes.

The following members of the House voted for Knickerbocker:

Bennett	Frederick	Knickerbocker	Ozment	Sviggum
Bishop	Frerichs	Marsh	Pauly	Swenson
Blatz	Gruenes	McDonald	Poppenhagen	Thiede
Boo	Gutknecht	McKasy	Quist	Tjornhom
Burger	Hartle	McPherson	Redalen	Tompkins
Carlson, D.	Haukoos	Miller	Richter	Uphus
Clausnitzer	Heap	Morrison	Rose	Valento
Dempsey	Himle	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Waltman
Dille	Hugoson	Omann	Schreiber	
Forsythe	Johnson, V.	Onnen	Seaberg	

Knickerbocker received 48 votes.

Robert E. Vanasek, having received a majority of the votes cast, was declared duly elected Speaker of the House.

The arrival of the Honorable Robert J. Goggins, Judge of County Court, Scott County, was announced and he was escorted to the rostrum.

Krueger, Begich, Rodosovich, Milbert, Jefferson, Himle and Johnson, V., were appointed to escort the Speaker-elect to the rostrum.

#### OATH OF OFFICE

The oath of office was administered to Speaker-elect Robert E. Vanasek by the Honorable Judge of County Court Robert J. Goggins. The Speaker expressed his appreciation for the honor bestowed upon him.

Pursuant to Minnesota Statutes 1986, Section 3.073, the Speaker declared the House of Representatives organized for the 1987 Special Session.

Wynia moved that the Chief Clerk be and is hereby instructed to inform the Senate and the Governor by message that the House of Representatives is now duly organized pursuant to law for this Special Session. The motion prevailed.

## INTRODUCTION AND FIRST READING OF HOUSE BILLS

The following House Files were introduced:

Simoneau, Heap, Sarna, O'Connor and Kelly introduced:

H. F. No. 1, A bill for an act relating to shareholder protection and corporate take-overs; regulating the registration of take-over offers and limitations on offerors; expressly authorizing directors to consider the interests of a corporation's various constituencies; regulating acquisitions of shares; regulating the calling of special meetings of shareholders, control share acquisitions, and business combinations with interested shareholders; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 80B.01, subdivisions 6 and 9; 302A.011, subdivisions 37 to 39, 40, as amended, 41, and by adding subdivisions; 302A.251, by adding a subdivision; 302A.255, by adding a subdivision; 302A.433, subdivisions 1 and 2; 302A.553, subdivision 1, as amended, and by adding a subdivision; and 302A.671; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 302A; repealing Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 5, as amended.

The bill was read for the first time.

Wynia and Schreiber introduced:

H. F. No. 2, A bill for an act relating to the legislature; providing for succession of legislative officers; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 3.06.

The bill was read for the first time.

Lieder, Kalis and Rodosovich introduced:

H. F. No. 3, A bill for an act relating to capital improvements; authorizing payment of an arbitration award for a construction project at Rainy River community college; authorizing sale of state bonds; appropriating money.

The bill was read for the first time.

Trimble, Rukavina and Pappas introduced:

H. F. No. 4, A bill for an act relating to energy; requiring the legislative advisory commission to recommend allocation of oil overcharge money; appropriating oil overcharge money for low-

income energy conservation; amending Laws 1987, chapter 312, article 1, section 8, subdivision 2.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Economic Development and Housing.

Pelowski; Johnson, V.; Waltman and Anderson, G., introduced:

H. F. No. 5, A bill for an act relating to capital improvements; providing conditions for payment of a certain solid waste management project grant to Winona county.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Environment and Natural Resources.

Voss introduced:

H. F. No. 6, A bill for an act relating to taxation; making technical corrections and clarifying legislative intent; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 13.58; 268.161, subdivision 1, as amended; 270.69, subdivision 3; 273.123, subdivision 1, as amended; 273.124, subdivisions 8 and 11, as amended; 273.13, subdivision 23, as amended; 273.1315; 273.37, subdivision 2, as amended; 273.40; 275.07, subdivision 1, as amended; 275.081, subdivision 2, as added; 275.50, subdivision 2, as amended; 275.51, subdivision 3h, as amended; 276.04, as amended; 287.21, subdivision 1, as amended; 287.24; 290.01, subdivisions 19a and 19e, as added; 290.06, subdivision 21, as amended; 290.067, subdivision 2a, as added; 290.092, subdivision 5, as added; 290.191, subdivision 6, as added; 297A.25, subdivisions 3 and 11, as amended; 297A.44, subdivision 1, as amended; 298.01, subdivision 4, as added; 473F.02, subdivision 4, as amended; and 475.61, subdivision 3, as amended; Laws 1987, chapter 268, article 5, section 2; and article 6, section 29, subdivisions 2, 38, 53, and 54; and chapter 404, article 1, section 20.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Taxes.

H. F. No. 2 was reported to the House.

#### SUSPENSION OF RULES

Pursuant to Article IV, Section 19, of the Constitution of the state of Minnesota, Wynia moved that the rule therein be suspended and an urgency be declared so that H. F. No. 2 be given its second and third readings and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

Wynia moved that the Rules of the House be so far suspended that H. F. No. 2 be given its second and third readings and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 2 was read for the second time.

H. F. No. 2, A bill for an act relating to the legislature; providing for succession of legislative officers; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 3.06.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 122 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Frederick	Lieder	Otis	Simoneau
Anderson, R.	Frerichs	Marsh	Ozment	Skoglund
Battaglia	Greenfield	McDonald	Pappas	Solberg
Bauerly	Gruenes	McEachern	Pauly	Sparby
Beard	Gutknecht	McKasy	Pelowski	Steensma
Begich	Hartle	McLaughlin	Peterson	Sviggum
Bennett	Haukoos	McPherson	Poppenhagen	Swenson
Bertram	Heap	Milbert	Price	Thiede
Bishop	Himle	Miller	Quinn	Tjornhom
Blatz	Hugoson	Minne	Quist	Tompkins
Boo	Jacobs	Morrison	Redalen	Trimble
Brown	Jefferson	Munger	Reding	Tunheim
Burger	Johnson, A.	Murphy	Rest	Uphus
Carlson, D.	Johnson, R.	Nelson, C.	Rice	Valento
Carlson, L.	Johnson, V.	Nelson, K.	Richter	Vellenga
Carruthers	Kalis	Neuenschwander	Rodosovich	Voss
Clark	Kelly	O'Connor	Rose	Wagenius
Clausnitzer	Kelso	Ogren	Rukavina	Waltman
Cooper	Kinkel	Olsen, S.	Sarna	Wenzel
Dauner	Knickerbocker	Olson, E.	Schafer	Winter
DeBlicke	Knuth	Olson, K.	Scheid	Wynia
Dempsey	Kostohryz	Omann	Schoenfeld	Spk. Vanasek
Dille	Krueger	Onnen	Schreiber	
Dorn	Larsen	Orenstein	Seaberg	
Forsythe	Lasley	Osthoff	Segal	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

H. F. No. 1 was reported to the House.

#### SUSPENSION OF RULES

Pursuant to Article IV, Section 19, of the Constitution of the state of Minnesota, Wynia moved that the rule therein be suspended and an urgency be declared so that H. F. No. 1 be given its second and third readings and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.



Wynia moved that the Rules of the House be so far suspended that H. F. No. 1 be given its second and third readings and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1 was read for the second time.

Hartle was excused between the hours of 3:25 p.m. and 4:20 p.m.

#### CALL OF THE HOUSE

On the motion of Wynia and on the demand of 10 members, a call of the House was ordered. The following members answered to their names:

Anderson, G.	Gutknecht	McEachern	Pappas	Simoneau
Battaglia	Haukoos	McKasy	Pauly	Skoglund
Beard	Heap	McLaughlin	Pelowski	Solberg
Begich	Himle	McPherson	Peterson	Sparby
Bennett	Hugoson	Milbert	Poppenhagen	Stanius
Blatz	Jacobs	Miller	Price	Steensma
Boo	Jefferson	Minne	Quist	Sviggum
Brown	Jennings	Munger	Redalen	Swenson
Burger	Johnson, A.	Murphy	Reding	Thiede
Carlson, D.	Johnson, V.	Nelson, C.	Rest	Tjornhom
Carlson, L.	Kahis	Nelson, K.	Rice	Tompkins
Clark	Kelly	Neuenschwander	Richter	Trimble
Clausnitzer	Kelso	O'Connor	Riveness	Tunheim
Dauner	Kinkel	Ogren	Rodosovich	Uphus
DeBlieck	Knickerbocker	Olsen, S.	Rose	Valento
Dempsey	Knuth	Olson, E.	Rukavina	Vellenga
Dille	Kostohryz	Olson, K.	Sarna	Voss
Dorn	Krueger	Omann	Schafer	Wagenius
Forsythe	Larsen	Onnen	Scheid	Waltman
Frederick	Lasley	Orenstein	Schoenfeld	Welle
Frerichs	Lieder	Osthoff	Schreiber	Wenzel
Greenfield	Marsh	Otis	Seaberg	Winter
Gruenes	McDonald	Ozment	Segal	Wynia
				Spk. Vanasek

Wynia moved that further proceedings of the roll call be dispensed with and that the Sergeant at Arms be instructed to bring in the absentees. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

Himle moved to amend H. F. No. 1, as follows:

Pages 13 to 14, delete sections 22 and 23

Re-number the remaining sections and correct internal cross-references accordingly

Page 15, line 3, delete "July 31, 1989" and insert "May 31, 1988"

Page 15, delete lines 4 to 9

Page 27, line 5, after the semicolon, insert "or"

Page 27, delete lines 6 to 19

Page 27, line 20, delete "(4)" and insert "(3)"

Page 28, delete lines 6 to 14

Page 28, line 16, before "Laws" insert "Subdivision 1."

Page 28, after line 18, insert:

"Subd. 2. The amendments to Minnesota Statutes, sections 80B.01, subdivisions 6 and 9; 302A.011, subdivisions 37, 38, 39, 40, and 41; 302A.433, subdivisions 1 and 2; and 302A.671, made by this act are repealed June 1, 1988. Sections 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 23 and 24, subdivision 1, are repealed June 1, 1988."

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 15, delete everything after "2,"

Page 1, line 16, delete everything before the second "and"

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Himle amendment and the roll was called.

Wynia moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 23 yeas and 102 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bishop	Gutknecht	McDonald	Poppenhagen	Thiede
Blatz	Haukoos	McPherson	Schafer	Tjornhom
Burger	Himle	Miller	Schreiber	Valento
Clausnitzer	Hugoson	Onnen	Seaberg	
Dille	Knuth	Pauly	Sviggum	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, G.	Bennett	Carruthers	Dorn	Hartle
Anderson, R.	Bertram	Clark	Forsythe	Heap
Battaglia	Boo	Cooper	Frederick	Jacobs
Bauerly	Brown	Dauner	Frerichs	Jefferson
Beard	Carlson, D.	DeBlieck	Greenfield	Jennings
Begich	Carlson, L.	Dempsey	Gruenes	Johnson, A.

Johnson, R.	McLaughlin	Orenstein	Riveness	Trimble
Johnson, V.	Milbert	Osthoff	Rodosovich	Tunheim
Kalis	Minne	Otis	Rukavina	Uphus
Kelly	Morrison	Ozment	Sarna	Vellenga
Kelso	Munger	Pappas	Scheid	Voss
Kinkel	Murphy	Pelowski	Schoenfeld	Wagenius
Knickerbocker	Nelson, C.	Peterson	Segal	Waltman
Kostohryz	Nelson, K.	Price	Simoneau	Welle
Krueger	Neuenschwander	Quinn	Skoglund	Wenzel
Larsen	O'Connor	Quist	Solberg	Winter
Lasley	Ogren	Redalen	Sparby	Wynia
Lieder	Olsen, S.	Reding	Stanius	Spk. Vanasek
Marsh	Olson, E.	Rest	Steenasma	
McEachern	Olson, K.	Rice	Swenson	
McKasy	Omman	Richter	Tompkins	

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

Bishop moved to amend H. F. No. 1, as follows:

Page 11, line 16, after "consider" delete "the interests of the"

Page 11, delete lines 17 and 18

Page 11, line 19, delete "considerations, and"

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Bishop amendment and the roll was called.

Wynia moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 33 yeas and 91 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bishop	Forsythe	McDonald	Redalen	Thiede
Blatz	Frederick	McKasy	Richter	Tjornhom
Boo	Frerichs	McPherson	Schafer	Tompkins
Burger	Gutknecht	Miller	Schreiber	Valento
Clausnitzer	Haukoos	Ozment	Seaberg	Waltman
Dempsey	Himle	Pauly	Sviggum	
Dille	Hugoson	Poppenhagen	Swenson	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, G.	Carlson, D.	Gruenes	Kalis	Lasley
Anderson, R.	Carlson, L.	Hartle	Kelly	Lieder
Battaglia	Carruthers	Heap	Kelso	Marsh
Bauerly	Clark	Jacobs	Kinkel	McEachern
Beard	Cooper	Jefferson	Knickerbocker	McLaughlin
Begich	Dauner	Jennings	Knuth	Milbert
Bennett	DeBlick	Johnson, A.	Kostohryz	Minne
Bertram	Dorn	Johnson, R.	Krueger	Morrison
Brown	Greenfield	Johnson, V.	Larsen	Munger

Murphy	Onnen	Rest	Skoglund	Wagenius
Nelson, C.	Orenstein	Rice	Solberg	Welle
Nelson, K.	Osthoff	Riveness	Sparby	Wenzel
Neuenschwander	Otis	Rodosovich	Stanius	Winter
O'Connor	Pappas	Rukavina	Steensma	Wynia
Ogren	Pelowski	Sarna	Trimble	Spk. Vanasek
Olsen, S.	Peterson	Scheid	Tunheim	
Olson, E.	Price	Schoenfeld	Uphus	
Olson, K.	Quinn	Segal	Vellenga	
Omann	Quist	Simoneau	Voss	

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

Gutknecht moved to amend H. F. No. 1, as follows:

Pages 20 to 28, delete section 25

Renumber the sections accordingly

Correct the internal cross references

Amend the title accordingly

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Gutknecht amendment and the roll was called.

Wynia moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 16 yeas and 108 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bishop	Himle	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Burger	Hugoson	Quist	Thiede
Clausnitzer	McPherson	Schafer	Valento
Gutknecht	Miller	Schreiber	Waltman

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, G.	Clark	Heap	Krueger	Nelson, K.
Anderson, R.	Cooper	Jacobs	Larsen	Neuenschwander
Battaglia	Dauner	Jefferson	Lasley	O'Connor
Bauerly	DeBlicck	Jennings	Lieder	Ogren
Beard	Dempsey	Johnson, A.	Marsh	Olsen, S.
Begich	Dille	Johnson, R.	McEachern	Olson, E.
Bennett	Dorn	Johnson, V.	McKasy	Olson, K.
Bertram	Forsythe	Kalis	McLaughlin	Omann
Blatz	Frederick	Kelly	Milbert	Onnen
Boo	Frerichs	Kelso	Minne	Orenstein
Brown	Greenfield	Kinkel	Morrison	Osthoff
Carlson, D.	Gruenes	Knickerbocker	Munger	Otis
Carlson, L.	Hartle	Knuth	Murphy	Ozment
Carruthers	Haukoos	Kostohryz	Nelson, C.	Pappas

Pauly	Rice	Seaberg	Swenson	Wagenius
Pelowski	Richter	Segal	Tjornhom	Welle
Peterson	Riveness	Simoneau	Tompkins	Wenzel
Price	Rodosovich	Skoglund	Trimble	Winter
Quinn	Rukavina	Solberg	Tunheim	Wynia
Redalen	Sarna	Sparby	Uphus	Spk. Vanasek
Reding	Scheid	Stanius	Vellenga	
Rest	Schoenfeld	Steenasma	Voss	

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

Thiede moved to amend H. F. No. 1, as follows:

Page 28, line 21, after "18," insert "and"

Page 28, line 21, after "20" delete ", 21, and 24"

Page 28, line 23, delete everything after the first period

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Thiede amendment and the roll was called.

Wynia moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 22 yeas and 101 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bishop	Gutknecht	Onnen	Schafer	Voss
Blatz	Hugoson	Ozment	Sviggum	Waltman
Boo	McDonald	Poppenhagen	Thiede	
Burger	McPherson	Quist	Tjornhom	
Clausnitzer	Miller	Richter	Valento	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, G.	Dille	Kelso	Murphy	Price
Anderson, R.	Dorn	Kinkel	Nelson, C.	Quinn
Battaglia	Forsythe	Knickerbocker	Nelson, K.	Redalen
Bauerly	Frederick	Knuth	Neuenschwander	Reding
Beard	Frerichs	Kostohryz	O'Connor	Rest
Begich	Greenfield	Krueger	Ogren	Rice
Bennett	Gruenes	Larsen	Olsen, S.	Riveness
Bertram	Hartle	Lasley	Olsen, E.	Rodosovich
Brown	Heap	Lieder	Olsen, K.	Rukavina
Carlson, D.	Himle	Marsh	Omann	Sarna
Carlson, L.	Jacobs	McEachern	Orenstein	Scheid
Carruthers	Jefferson	McKasy	Osthoff	Schoenfeld
Clark	Johnson, A.	McLaughlin	Otis	Schreiber
Cooper	Johnson, R.	Milbert	Pappas	Seaberg
Dauner	Johnson, V.	Minne	Pauly	Segal
DeBlicck	Kalis	Morrison	Pelowski	Simoneau
Dempsey	Kelly	Munger	Peterson	Skoglund

Solberg	Swenson	Uphus	Wenzel
Sparby	Tompkins	Vellenga	Winter
Stanius	Trimble	Wagenius	Wynia
Steensma	Tunheim	Welle	Spk. Vanasek

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

H. F. No. 1, A bill for an act relating to shareholder protection and corporate take-overs; regulating the registration of take-over offers and limitations on offerors; expressly authorizing directors to consider the interests of a corporation's various constituencies; regulating acquisitions of shares; regulating the calling of special meetings of shareholders, control share acquisitions, and business combinations with interested shareholders; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 80B.01, subdivisions 6 and 9; 302A.011, subdivisions 37 to 39, 40, as amended, 41, and by adding subdivisions; 302A.251, by adding a subdivision; 302A.255, by adding a subdivision; 302A.433, subdivisions 1 and 2; 302A.553, subdivision 1, as amended, and by adding a subdivision; and 302A.671; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 302A; repealing Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 5, as amended.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called.

Wynia moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 120 yeas and 5 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Dempsey	Kelso	Nelson, K.	Redalen
Anderson, R.	Dille	Kinkel	Neuenschwander	Reding
Battaglia	Dorn	Knickerbocker	O'Connor	Rest
Bauerly	Forsythe	Knuth	Ogren	Rice
Beard	Frederick	Kostohryz	Olson, S.	Richter
Begich	Frerichs	Krueger	Olson, E.	Riveness
Bennett	Greenfield	Larsen	Olson, K.	Rodosovich
Bertram	Gruenes	Lasley	Omman	Rukavina
Bishop	Hartle	Lieder	Onnen	Sarna
Blatz	Haukoos	Marsh	Orenstein	Schafer
Boo	Heap	McDonald	Osthoff	Scheid
Brown	Himle	McEachern	Otis	Schoenfeld
Burger	Hugoson	McKasy	Ozment	Schreiber
Carlson, D.	Jacobs	McLaughlin	Pappas	Seaberg
Carlson, L.	Jefferson	McPherson	Pauly	Segal
Carruthers	Jennings	Milbert	Pelowski	Simoneau
Clark	Johnson, A.	Minne	Peterson	Skoglund
Clausnitzer	Johnson, R.	Morrison	Poppenhagen	Solberg
Cooper	Johnson, V.	Munger	Price	Sparby
Dauner	Kalis	Murphy	Quinn	Stanius
DeBlicke	Kelly	Nelson, C.	Quist	Steensma

Swenson  
Tjornhom  
Tompkins

Trimble  
Tunheim  
Uphus

Valento  
Vellenga  
Voss

Wagenius  
Welle  
Wenzel

Winter  
Wynia  
Spk. Vanasek

Those who voted in the negative were:

Gutknecht

Miller

Sviggum

Thiede

Waltman

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

H. F. No. 3 was reported to the House.

#### SUSPENSION OF RULES

Pursuant to Article IV, Section 19, of the Constitution of the state of Minnesota, Wynia moved that the rule therein be suspended and an urgency be declared so that H. F. No. 3 be given its second and third readings and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

Wynia moved that the Rules of the House be so far suspended that H. F. No. 3 be given its second and third readings and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 3 was read for the second time.

H. F. No. 3, A bill for an act relating to capital improvements; authorizing payment of an arbitration award for a construction project at Rainy River community college; authorizing sale of state bonds; appropriating money.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called.

Wynia moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 115 yeas and 5 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, R.  
Battaglia  
Bauerly  
Beard  
Begich  
Bennett  
Bertram

Bishop  
Blatz  
Boo  
Brown  
Burger  
Carlson, D.  
Carlson, L.

Carruthers  
Clark  
Clausnitzer  
Cooper  
Dauner  
DeBlick  
Dille

Dorn  
Forsythe  
Frederick  
Greenfield  
Gruenes  
Hartle  
Heap

Himle  
Hugoson  
Jacobs  
Jefferson  
Jennings  
Johnson, A.  
Johnson, R.

Johnson, V.	McLaughlin	Onnen	Rodosovich	Swenson
Kalis	McPherson	Orenstein	Rose	Tjornhom
Kelly	Milbert	Osthoff	Rukavina	Tompkins
Kelso	Miller	Otis	Sarna	Trimble
Kinkel	Minne	Ozment	Scheid	Tunheim
Knickerbocker	Munger	Pappas	Schoenfeld	Uphus
Knuth	Murphy	Pauly	Schreiber	Valento
Kostohryz	Nelson, C.	Pelowski	Seaberg	Vellenga
Krueger	Nelson, K.	Peterson	Segal	Voss
Larsen	Neuenschwander	Price	Simoneau	Wagenius
Lasley	O'Connor	Quinn	Skoglund	Waltman
Lieder	Ogren	Redalen	Solberg	Welle
Marsh	Olsen, S.	Reding	Sparby	Wenzel
McDonald	Olson, E.	Rest	Stanisus	Winter
McEachern	Olson, K.	Rice	Steensma	Wynia
McKasy	Omam	Riveness	Sviggum	Spk. Vanasek

Those who voted in the negative were:

Haukoos	Poppenhagen	Richter	Schafer	Thiede
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The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

Olson, E., was excused for the remainder of today's session.

### MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

The following messages were received from the Senate:

Mr. Speaker:

This is to notify you that the Senate is now duly organized for the 1987 Special Session, pursuant to the Minnesota Constitution and Minnesota Statutes.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned:

H. F. No. 2, A bill for an act relating to the legislature; providing for succession of legislative officers; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 3.06.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate



Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following Senate File, herewith transmitted:

S. F. No. 5.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Miller was excused for the remainder of today's session.

### FIRST READING OF SENATE BILLS

S. F. No. 5, A bill for an act relating to acts of the 1987 regular session; correcting erroneous, ambiguous, omitted, and obsolete references and text; eliminating certain redundant, conflicting, and superseded provisions; creating an exception to the nursing home moratorium for a facility operated on the Red Lake Indian Reservation; delaying the effective date for phasing out trunk highway funding of tourist information centers; exempting the children's trust fund advisory council from expiration; giving priority to certain applicants for funds; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 124.574, subdivision 3, as amended; 126.67, subdivision 2b, as added; 126.70, subdivision 2a, as added; 129B.041, subdivisions 1 and 3, as amended; 144A.071, subdivision 3, as amended; 161.52; 256.736, subdivision 16, as added; 268.91, subdivision 3b, as added; 275.125, subdivision 9, as amended; 299A.23, subdivision 2; and 299A.25, subdivision 3; Laws 1987, chapter 398, article 1, sections 14, subdivision 1; 23, subdivisions 2 and 3; and 26, subdivision 2; article 8, sections 18, subdivision 1; and 33, subdivision 1; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 299A.25, subdivision 6.

The bill was read for the first time.

S. F. No. 5 was reported to the House.

### SUSPENSION OF RULES

Pursuant to Article IV, Section 19, of the Constitution of the state of Minnesota, Wynia moved that the rule therein be suspended and an urgency be declared so that S. F. No. 5 be given its second and third readings and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

Wynia moved that the Rules of the House be so far suspended that S. F. No. 5 be given its second and third readings and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 5 was read for the second time.

McKasy offered an amendment to S. F. No. 5.

#### POINT OF ORDER

Rest raised a point of order pursuant to rule 3.9 that the McKasy amendment was not in order. The Speaker ruled the point of order well taken and the amendment out of order.

Gutknecht offered an amendment to S. F. No. 5.

#### POINT OF ORDER

Rest raised a point of order pursuant to rule 3.9 that the Gutknecht amendment was not in order. The Speaker ruled the point of order well taken and the amendment out of order.

Clausnitzer, Tjornhom, Hugoson, Tompkins and Swenson offered an amendment to S. F. No. 5.

#### POINT OF ORDER

Rest raised a point of order pursuant to rule 3.9 that the Clausnitzer et al amendment was not in order. The Speaker ruled the point of order well taken and the amendment out of order.

S. F. No. 5, A bill for an act relating to acts of the 1987 regular session; correcting erroneous, ambiguous, omitted, and obsolete references and text; eliminating certain redundant, conflicting, and superseded provisions; creating an exception to the nursing home moratorium for a facility operated on the Red Lake Indian Reservation; delaying the effective date for phasing out trunk highway funding of tourist information centers; exempting the children's trust fund advisory council from expiration; giving priority to certain applicants for funds; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 124.574, subdivision 3, as amended; 126.67, subdivision 2b, as added; 126.70, subdivision 2a, as added; 129B.041, subdivisions 1 and 3, as amended; 144A.071, subdivision 3, as amended; 161.52; 256.736, subdivision 16, as added; 268.91, subdivision 3b, as added; 275.125, subdivision 9, as amended;

299A.23, subdivision 2; and 299A.25, subdivision 3; Laws 1987, chapter 398, article 1, sections 14, subdivision 1; 23, subdivisions 2 and 3; and 26, subdivision 2; article 8, sections 18, subdivision 1; and 33, subdivision 1; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 299A.25, subdivision 6.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called.

Wynia moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 123 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Frederick	Lasley	Ozment	Skoglund
Anderson, R.	Frerichs	Lieder	Pappas	Solberg
Battaglia	Greenfield	Marsh	Pauly	Sparby
Bauerly	Gruenes	McDonald	Pelowski	Stanius
Beard	Gutknecht	McEachern	Peterson	Steensma
Begich	Hartle	McKasy	Poppenhagen	Sviggum
Bennett	Haukoos	McLaughlin	Price	Swenson
Bertram	Heap	McPherson	Quinn	Thiede
Bishop	Himle	Milbert	Redalen	Tjornhom
Blatz	Hugoson	Minne	Reding	Tompkins
Boo	Jacobs	Morrison	Rest	Trimble
Brown	Jefferson	Munger	Rice	Tunheim
Burger	Jennings	Murphy	Richter	Uphus
Carlson, D.	Johnson, A.	Nelson, C.	Riveness	Valento
Carlson, L.	Johnson, R.	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Carruthers	Johnson, V.	Neuenschwander	Rose	Voss
Clark	Kalis	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wagenius
Clausnitzer	Kelly	Ogren	Sarna	Waltman
Cooper	Kelso	Olsen, S.	Schafer	Welle
Dauner	Kinkel	Olson, K.	Scheid	Wenzel
DeBlick	Knickerbocker	Omann	Schoenfeld	Winter
Dempsey	Knuth	Onnen	Schreiber	Wynia
Dille	Kostohryz	Orenstein	Seaberg	Spk. Vanasek
Dorn	Krueger	Osthoff	Segal	
Forsythe	Larsen	Otis	Simoneau	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

There being no objection, the order of business reverted to Messages from the Senate.

**MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE**

The following message was received from the Senate:

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following Senate File, herewith transmitted:

S. F. No. 6.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

**FIRST READING OF SENATE BILLS**

S. F. No. 6, A bill for an act relating to capital improvements; providing conditions for payment of a certain solid waste management project grant to Winona county.

The bill was read for the first time.

S. F. No. 6 was reported to the House.

**SUSPENSION OF RULES**

Pursuant to Article IV, Section 19, of the Constitution of the state of Minnesota, Wynia moved that the rule therein be suspended and an urgency be declared so that S. F. No. 6 be given its second and third readings and be placed upon its final passage.

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Wynia motion and the roll was called.

Wynia moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 98 yeas and 21 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Beard	Bishop	Carlson, L.	Dauner
Anderson, R.	Begich	Brown	Carruthers	DeBlicck
Battaglia	Bennett	Burger	Clark	Dille
Bauerly	Bertram	Carlson, D.	Cooper	Dorn

Frerichs	Kinkel	Nelson, K.	Redalen	Swenson
Greenfield	Kludt	Neuenschwander	Reding	Tompkins
Gruenes	Knuth	O'Connor	Rest	Trimble
Gutknecht	Kostohryz	Ogren	Rice	Tunheim
Hartle	Krueger	Olsen, S.	Riveness	Uphus
Heap	Larsen	Olson, K.	Rodosovich	Vellenga
Himle	Lasley	Omann	Rukavina	Voss
Jacobs	Lieder	Onnen	Sarna	Wagenius
Jefferson	Marsh	Orenstein	Scheid	Waltman
Jennings	McDonald	Osthoff	Schoenfeld	Welle
Johnson, A.	McEachern	Otis	Segal	Wenzel
Johnson, R.	McLaughlin	Ozment	Skoglund	Winter
Johnson, V.	Milbert	Pelowski	Solberg	Wynia
Kalis	Minne	Peterson	Sparby	Spk. Vanasek
Kelly	Murphy	Price	Stanius	
Kelso	Nelson, C.	Quinn	Steensma	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Blatz	Frederick	Morrison	Schreiber	Valento
Boo	Haukoos	Pauly	Seaberg	
Clausnitzer	Hugoson	Poppenhagen	Sviggum	
Dempsey	Knickerbocker	Richter	Thiede	
Forsythe	McPherson	Schafer	Tjornhom	

The motion prevailed.

Wynia moved that the Rules of the House be so far suspended that S. F. No. 6 be given its second and third readings and be placed upon its final passage. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 6 was read for the second time.

S. F. No. 6, A bill for an act relating to capital improvements; providing conditions for payment of a certain solid waste management project grant to Winona county.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called.

Wynia moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 98 yeas and 21 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Bennett	Carlson, L.	Dille	Heap
Anderson, R.	Bertram	Carruthers	Dorn	Himle
Battaglia	Bishop	Clark	Frerichs	Jacobs
Bauerly	Brown	Cooper	Greenfield	Jefferson
Bead	Burger	Dauner	Gruenes	Johnson, A.
Begich	Carlson, D.	DeBlicke	Hartle	Johnson, R.

Johnson, V.	McKasy	Orenstein	Rukavina	Trimble
Kalis	McLaughlin	Osthoff	Sarna	Tunheim
Kelly	Milbert	Otis	Scheid	Uphus
Kelso	Minne	Ozment	Schoenfeld	Vellenga
Kinkel	Murphy	Pelowski	Seaberg	Voss
Kludt	Nelson, C.	Peterson	Segal	Wagenius
Knuth	Nelson, K.	Price	Skoglund	Waltman
Kostohryz	Neuenschwander	Quinn	Solberg	Welle
Krueger	O'Connor	Redalen	Sparby	Wenzel
Larsen	Ogren	Reding	Stanius	Winter
Lasley	Olsen, S.	Rest	Steensma	Wynia
Lieder	Olson, K.	Rice	Sviggum	Spk. Vanasek
Marsh	Omann	Riveness	Swenson	
McEachern	Onnen	Rodosovich	Tompkins	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Blatz	Haukoos	Morrison	Rose	Valento
Clausnitzer	Hugoson	Munger	Schafer	
Dempsey	Knickerbocker	Pauly	Schreiber	
Forsythe	McDonald	Poppenhagen	Thiede	
Frederick	McPherson	Richter	Tjornhom	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

There being no objection, the order of business reverted to Messages from the Senate.

## MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

The following messages were received from the Senate:

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned:

H. F. No. 1, A bill for an act relating to shareholder protection and corporate take-overs; regulating the registration of take-over offers and limitations on offerors; expressly authorizing directors to consider the interests of a corporation's various constituencies; regulating acquisitions of shares; regulating the calling of special meetings of shareholders, control share acquisitions, and business combinations with interested shareholders; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 80B.01, subdivisions 6 and 9; 302A.011, subdivisions 37 to 39, 40, as amended, 41, and by adding subdivisions; 302A.251, by adding a subdivision; 302A.255, by adding a subdivision; 302A.433, subdivisions 1 and 2; 302A.553, subdivision 1, as amended, and by adding a subdivision; and 302A.671; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 302A; repealing Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 5, as amended.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned:

H. F. No. 3, A bill for an act relating to capital improvements; authorizing payment of an arbitration award for a construction project at Rainy River community college; authorizing sale of state bonds; appropriating money.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following Senate File, herewith transmitted:

S. F. No. 4.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

### FIRST READING OF SENATE BILLS

S. F. No. 4, A bill for an act relating to energy; requiring the legislative advisory commission to recommend allocation of oil overcharge money; appropriating oil overcharge money for low-income energy conservation; amending Laws 1987, chapter 312, article 1, section 8, subdivision 2.

The bill was read for the first time.

S. F. No. 4 was reported to the House.

### SUSPENSION OF RULES

Pursuant to Article IV, Section 19, of the Constitution of the state of Minnesota, Wynia moved that the rule therein be suspended and an urgency be declared so that S. F. No. 4 be given its second and third readings and be placed upon its final passage.

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Wynia motion and the roll was called.

Wynia moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 79 yeas and 33 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, G.	Dorn	Larsen	Otis	Skoglund
Anderson, R.	Greenfield	Lasley	Pappas	Solberg
Battaglia	Gruenes	Lieder	Pelowski	Sparby
Bauerly	Jacobs	McEachern	Peterson	Steenasma
Beard	Jefferson	McLaughlin	Price	Swenson
Begich	Jennings	Milbert	Quinn	Trimble
Bertram	Johnson, A.	Minne	Reding	Tunheim
Bishop	Johnson, R.	Munger	Rest	Vellenga
Brown	Kalis	Murphy	Rice	Voss
Carlson, L.	Kelly	Nelson, C.	Riveness	Wagenius
Carruthers	Kelso	Nelson, K.	Rodosovich	Welle
Clark	Kinkel	O'Connor	Rukavina	Wenzel
Cooper	Kludt	Ogren	Sarna	Winter
Dauner	Knuth	Olson, K.	Scheid	Wynia
DeBlieck	Kostohryz	Onnen	Schoenfeld	Spk. Vanasek
Dille	Krueger	Orenstein	Segal	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bennett	Frerichs	McDonald	Poppenhagen	Svigum
Blatz	Gutknecht	McKasy	Redalen	Thiede
Burger	Hartle	McPherson	Richter	Uphus
Clausnitzer	Himle	Morrison	Schafer	Valento
Dempsey	Hugoson	Omann	Schreiber	Waltman
Forsythe	Knickerbocker	Osthoff	Seaberg	
Frederick	Marsh	Pauly	Stanius	

The motion did not prevail.

S. F. No. 4 was referred to the Committee on Economic Development and Housing.

## MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS

Wynia moved that the Chief Clerk be and he is hereby authorized to correct and approve the Journal of the House, 1987 Special Session, for today, Thursday, June 25, 1987, and that he be authorized to include in the Journal for today any subsequent proceedings and any appointments to legislative interim committees or commissions created by legislative action or by law. The motion prevailed.



Wynia moved that the Chief Clerk be and he is hereby instructed to inform the Senate and the Governor by message that the House of Representatives is about to adjourn this 1987 Special Session sine die. The motion prevailed.

Hartle introduced:

House Resolution No. 1, A House resolution congratulating Katherine Killen of Owatonna on being chosen Miss Minnesota 1987.

#### SUSPENSION OF RULES

Hartle moved that the rules be so far suspended that House Resolution No. 1 be now considered and be placed upon its adoption. The motion prevailed.

#### HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 1

A House resolution congratulating Katherine Killen of Owatonna on being chosen Miss Minnesota 1987.

*Whereas*, Katherine Killen of Owatonna won the title of Miss Owatonna in September 1986; and

*Whereas*, Katherine competed against 23 other contestants in the Miss Minnesota Pageant on June 20, 1987; and

*Whereas*, she was the preliminary winner in the Talent Contest and Swim Suit Competition; and

*Whereas*, Katherine Killen was chosen as Miss Minnesota for 1987; and

*Whereas*, she will represent Minnesota in the Miss America Pageant in September; *Now, Therefore*,

*Be It Resolved* by the House of Representatives of Minnesota that it congratulates Katherine Killen on being chosen Miss Minnesota 1987.

*Be It Further Resolved* that the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives is directed to prepare an enrolled copy of this resolution, to be authenticated by his signature and that of the Speaker, and that it be presented to Katherine Killen.

Hartle moved that House Resolution No. 1 be now adopted. The motion prevailed and House Resolution No. 1 was adopted.

**ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER**

The Speaker announced the appointment of Representative Ann Wynia as the Chair of the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration.

**MOTION TO ADJOURN SPECIAL SESSION SINE DIE**

Wynia moved that the House adjourn sine die for the 1987 Special Session. The motion prevailed and the Speaker declared the House stands adjourned sine die for the 1987 Special Session.

**EDWARD A. BURDICK, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives**

COMMUNICATIONS AND ANNOUNCEMENTS RECEIVED  
SUBSEQUENT TO ADJOURNMENT OF THE 1987 SPECIAL SESSION

**MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE**

The following message was received from the Senate:

Mr. Speaker:

This is to notify you that the Senate is about to adjourn the 1987 Special Session sine die.

PATRICK E. FLAHAVEN, Secretary of the Senate

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR  
SAINT PAUL 55155

June 25, 1987

The Honorable Robert E. Vanasek  
Speaker of the House of Representatives  
The State of Minnesota

Dear Sir:

I have the honor of informing you that I have received, approved, signed and deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State the following House Files:

Special Session H. F. No. 1, relating to shareholder protection and corporate take-overs; regulating the registration of take-over offers and limitations on offerors; expressly authorizing directors to consider the interests of a corporation's various constituencies; regulating acquisitions of shares; regulating the calling of special meetings of shareholders, control share acquisitions, and business combinations with interested shareholders.

Special Session H. F. No. 2, relating to the legislature; providing for succession of legislative officers.

Special Session H. F. No. 3, relating to capital improvements; authorizing payment of an arbitration award for a construction project at Rainy River community college; authorizing sale of state bonds; appropriating money.

Sincerely,

RUDY PERPICH  
Governor

STATE OF MINNESOTA  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE  
ST. PAUL 55155

June 26, 1987

The Honorable Robert E. Vanasek  
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes  
President of the Senate

I have the honor to inform you that the following enrolled Acts of the 1987 Special Session of the State Legislature have been received from the Office of the Governor and are deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State for preservation, pursuant to the State Constitution, Article IV, Section 23:

S.F. No.	H.F. No.	<i>Special</i>	<i>Date Approved</i>	<i>Date Filed</i>
		<i>Session Laws</i> <i>Chapter No.</i>	<i>1987</i>	<i>1987</i>
	1	1	June 25	June 25
	2	2	June 25	June 25
	3	3	June 25	June 25
5		4	June 25	June 25
6		5	June 25	June 25

Sincerely,

JOAN ANDERSON GROWE  
Secretary of State

CERTIFICATE

I certify that the 1987 Special Session Journal of the House for Thursday, June 25, 1987, including subsequent proceedings, has been corrected and is hereby approved.

EDWARD A. BURDICK, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

